

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

1-Algebraic-functions/1.2-Trinomial/1.2.2-Quartic-
trinomial/116-1.2.2.3-a

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3.218	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1841
3.219	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1849
3.220	$\int (d+ex^2)(9-x^4)^{5/2} dx$	1857
3.221	$\int (d+ex^2)(9-x^4)^{3/2} dx$	1866
3.222	$\int (d+ex^2)\sqrt{9-x^4} dx$	1873
3.223	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx$	1880
3.224	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9-x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1886
3.225	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9-x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1893
3.226	$\int (1+bx^2)(1-b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx$	1900
3.227	$\int (1+bx^2)(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	1910

3.228	$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx$	1919
3.229	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx$	1927
3.230	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1932
3.231	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1939
3.232	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	1947
3.233	$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx$	1956
3.234	$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	1966
3.235	$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx$	1975
3.236	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx$	1983
3.237	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1989
3.238	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1995
3.239	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	2003
3.240	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx$	2012
3.241	$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{5/2} dx$	2022
3.242	$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{3/2} dx$	2031
3.243	$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + cx^4} dx$	2039
3.244	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	2046
3.245	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2053
3.246	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2060
3.247	$\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{5/2} dx$	2068
3.248	$\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{3/2} dx$	2076
3.249	$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 + x^4} dx$	2083
3.250	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{9+x^4}} dx$	2090
3.251	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9+x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2096
3.252	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9+x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2103
3.253	$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx$	2110
3.254	$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	2118
3.255	$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx$	2125
3.256	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} dx$	2132
3.257	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2137
3.258	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2144
3.259	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	2151
3.260	$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	2158
3.261	$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx$	2165

3.262	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} dx$	2172
3.263	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2178
3.264	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2184
3.265	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	2191
3.266	$\int (1+bx^2)(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx$	2198
3.267	$\int (1+bx^2)(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	2204
3.268	$\int (1+bx^2)\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4} dx$	2210
3.269	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}} dx$	2215
3.270	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2220
3.271	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2225
3.272	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	2230
3.273	$\int (1-bx^2)(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	2235
3.274	$\int (1-bx^2)\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4} dx$	2241
3.275	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}} dx$	2246
3.276	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2252
3.277	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2257
3.278	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	2262
3.279	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx$	2267
3.280	$\int (1-bx^2)(-1-b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx$	2273
3.281	$\int (1-bx^2)(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	2281
3.282	$\int (1-bx^2)\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4} dx$	2288
3.283	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} dx$	2295
3.284	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2300
3.285	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2307
3.286	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	2314
3.287	$\int (1+bx^2)(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	2321
3.288	$\int (1+bx^2)\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4} dx$	2328
3.289	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} dx$	2335
3.290	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2341
3.291	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2347
3.292	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	2354
3.293	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx$	2361
3.294	$\int (d+ex^2)^4(a+cx^4) dx$	2370

3.295	$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4) dx$	2376
3.296	$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4) dx$	2382
3.297	$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4) dx$	2387
3.298	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{d+ex^2} dx$	2392
3.299	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	2398
3.300	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	2404
3.301	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^4} dx$	2411
3.302	$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4)^2 dx$	2418
3.303	$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2 dx$	2424
3.304	$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^2 dx$	2430
3.305	$\int (a + cx^4)^2 dx$	2435
3.306	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{d+ex^2} dx$	2440
3.307	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	2446
3.308	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	2453
3.309	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^4} dx$	2461
3.310	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^5} dx$	2471
3.311	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^4}{a+cx^4} dx$	2480
3.312	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{a+cx^4} dx$	2490
3.313	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{a+cx^4} dx$	2499
3.314	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{a+cx^4} dx$	2508
3.315	$\int \frac{1}{a+cx^4} dx$	2520
3.316	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+cx^4)} dx$	2529
3.317	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+cx^4)} dx$	2537
3.318	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	2545
3.319	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	2559
3.320	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	2573
3.321	$\int \frac{1}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	2584
3.322	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	2594
3.323	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	2603
3.324	$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4) dx$	2612
3.325	$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a - cx^4) dx$	2619
3.326	$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	2626
3.327	$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2632

3.328	$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2639
3.329	$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$	2646
3.330	$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$	2653
3.331	$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$	2661
3.332	$\int (d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a-cx^4)^2 dx$	2670
3.333	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a-cx^4)^2 dx$	2681
3.334	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	2691
3.335	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2699
3.336	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2707
3.337	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$	2716
3.338	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$	2724
3.339	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$	2735
3.340	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{13/2}} dx$	2746
3.341	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{a-cx^4} dx$	2757
3.342	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{a-cx^4} dx$	2769
3.343	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{a-cx^4} dx$	2780
3.344	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a-cx^4} dx$	2789
3.345	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)} dx$	2797
3.346	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)} dx$	2804
3.347	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)} dx$	2810
3.348	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a-cx^4)} dx$	2817
3.349	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2824
3.350	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2831
3.351	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2837
3.352	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2844
3.353	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2850
3.354	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2856
3.355	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2861
3.356	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2867

3.357	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2873
3.358	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2880
3.359	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2886
3.360	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2893
3.361	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2900
3.362	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2907
3.363	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2913
3.364	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2919
3.365	$\int (d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+cx^4) dx$	2925
3.366	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a+cx^4) dx$	2932
3.367	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	2939
3.368	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2945
3.369	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2952
3.370	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$	2959
3.371	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$	2966
3.372	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$	2974
3.373	$\int (d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+cx^4)^2 dx$	2983
3.374	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a+cx^4)^2 dx$	2994
3.375	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	3004
3.376	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3012
3.377	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3020
3.378	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$	3029
3.379	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$	3037
3.380	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$	3048
3.381	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{13/2}} dx$	3059
3.382	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{a+cx^4} dx$	3071
3.383	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{a+cx^4} dx$	3084
3.384	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{a+cx^4} dx$	3095
3.385	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+cx^4} dx$	3105
3.386	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)} dx$	3114

3.387	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+cx^4)} dx$	3122
3.388	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+cx^4)} dx$	3129
3.389	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3136
3.390	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3143
3.391	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3150
3.392	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3157
3.393	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3163
3.394	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3170
3.395	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3175
3.396	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3181
3.397	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3187
3.398	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3194
3.399	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3200
3.400	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3207
3.401	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3214
3.402	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3221
3.403	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3227
3.404	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3233
3.405	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3239
3.406	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3248
3.407	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3256
3.408	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3263
3.409	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3268
3.410	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3273
3.411	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3283
3.412	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^4\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3294
3.413	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3306
3.414	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3315
3.415	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3324
3.416	$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3332

3.417	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3338
3.418	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3348
3.419	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3355
3.420	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^4(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3363
3.421	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^4}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	3371
3.422	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	3380
3.423	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	3388
3.424	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	3395
3.425	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	3402
3.426	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	3408
3.427	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	3418
3.428	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{-a+cx^4}} dx$	3429
3.429	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{-a+cx^4}} dx$	3436
3.430	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{-a-cx^4}} dx$	3441
3.431	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{-a-cx^4}} dx$	3448
3.432	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4-5x^4}} dx$	3454
3.433	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4+5x^4}} dx$	3459
3.434	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4-dx^4}} dx$	3465
3.435	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4+dx^4}} dx$	3470
3.436	$\int (d+ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a-cx^4} dx$	3476
3.437	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2} \sqrt{a-cx^4} dx$	3481
3.438	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	3486
3.439	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3497
3.440	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3502
3.441	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$	3507
3.442	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$	3513
3.443	$\int (d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a-cx^4)^{3/2} dx$	3518
3.444	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a-cx^4)^{3/2} dx$	3523
3.445	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	3528
3.446	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3533
3.447	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3538
3.448	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$	3543

3.449	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$	3549
3.450	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$	3555
3.451	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3561
3.452	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3566
3.453	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3571
3.454	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3576
3.455	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3582
3.456	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3587
3.457	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3592
3.458	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3597
3.459	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3603
3.460	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3609
3.461	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3614
3.462	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3619
3.463	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3624
3.464	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3629
3.465	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3634
3.466	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3640
3.467	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3646
3.468	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3652
3.469	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3658
3.470	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3663
3.471	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3668
3.472	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3673
3.473	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$	3678
3.474	$\int (d+ex^2)^q (a+cx^4)^2 dx$	3683
3.475	$\int (d+ex^2)^q (a+cx^4) dx$	3691
3.476	$\int (d+ex^2)^q dx$	3697
3.477	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^q}{a+cx^4} dx$	3702
3.478	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^q}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3707

3.479	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^q}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx \dots\dots\dots$	3712
3.480	$\int (c+ex^2)^q (a+bx^4)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	3717
3.481	$\int (c+dx^2)^3 (a+bx^4)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	3722
3.482	$\int (c+dx^2)^2 (a+bx^4)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	3729
3.483	$\int (c+dx^2) (a+bx^4)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	3736
3.484	$\int (a+bx^4)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	3742
3.485	$\int \frac{(a+bx^4)^p}{c+dx^2} dx \dots\dots\dots$	3747
3.486	$\int \frac{(a+bx^4)^p}{(c+dx^2)^2} dx \dots\dots\dots$	3752
3.487	$\int (1-x^2)^3 (1+bx^4)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	3757
3.488	$\int (1-x^2)^2 (1+bx^4)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	3764
3.489	$\int (1-x^2) (1+bx^4)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	3770
3.490	$\int (1+bx^4)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	3775
3.491	$\int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{1-x^2} dx \dots\dots\dots$	3780
3.492	$\int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{(1-x^2)^2} dx \dots\dots\dots$	3785
3.493	$\int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{(1-x^2)^3} dx \dots\dots\dots$	3790
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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [493]. This is test number [116].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Mathematica	90.26 (445)	9.74 (48)
Maple	88.44 (436)	11.56 (57)
Fricas	81.54 (402)	18.46 (91)
Rubi	81.34 (401)	18.66 (92)
Sympy	47.06 (232)	52.94 (261)
Reduce	25.76 (127)	74.24 (366)
Giac	22.31 (110)	77.69 (383)
Mupad	16.23 (80)	83.77 (413)
Maxima	8.52 (42)	91.48 (451)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

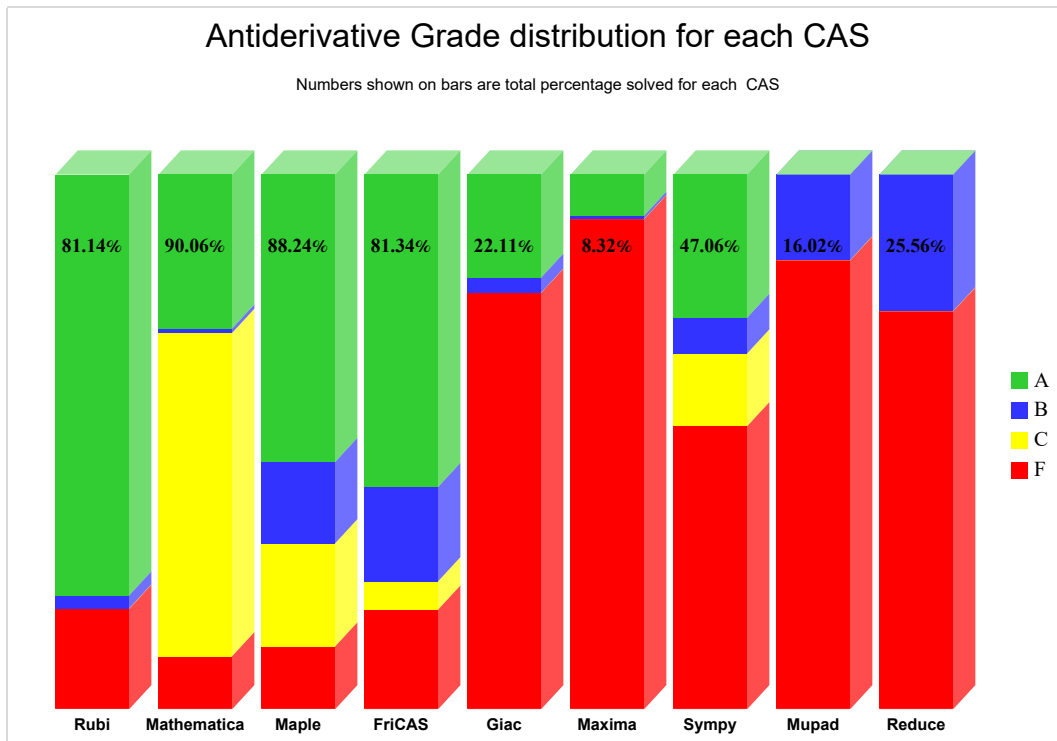
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

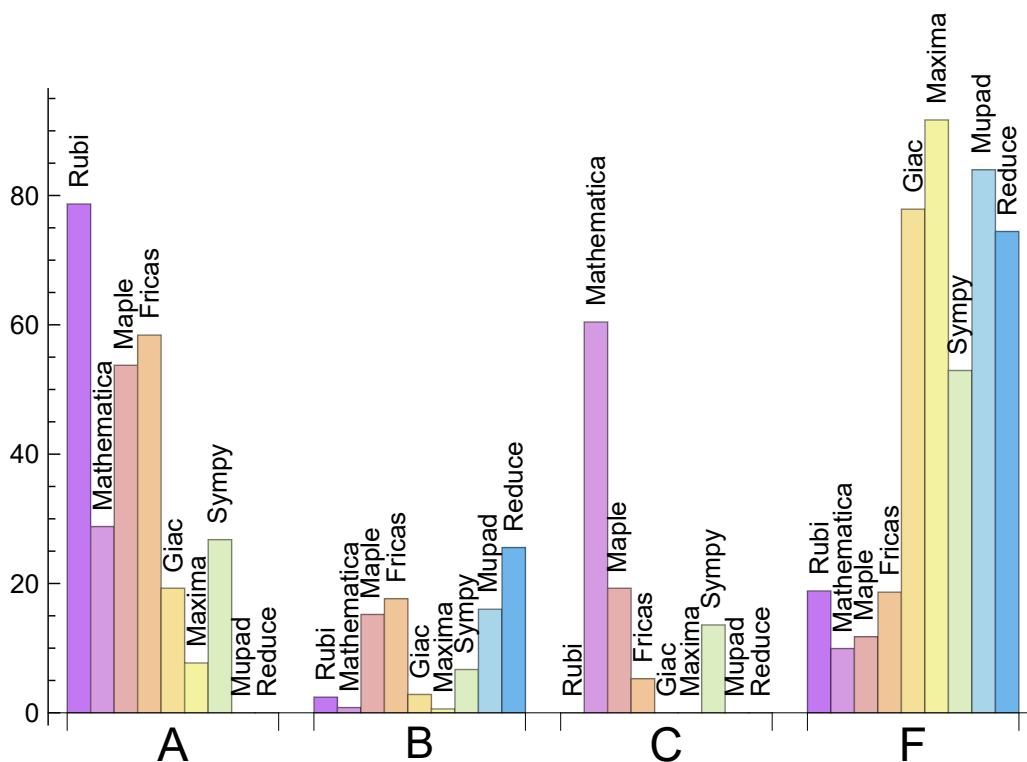
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	78.702	2.434	0.000	18.864
Fricas	58.418	17.647	5.274	18.661
Maple	53.753	15.213	19.270	11.765
Mathematica	28.803	0.811	60.446	9.939
Sympy	26.775	6.694	13.590	52.941
Giac	19.270	2.840	0.000	77.890
Maxima	7.708	0.609	0.000	91.684
Mupad	0.000	16.024	0.000	83.976
Reduce	0.000	25.558	0.000	74.442

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Mathematica	48	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	57	100.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	91	74.73	25.27	0.00
Rubi	92	100.00	0.00	0.00
Sympy	261	78.93	21.07	0.00
Reduce	366	100.00	0.00	0.00
Giac	383	89.03	9.14	1.83
Mupad	413	0.00	100.00	0.00
Maxima	451	86.92	0.00	13.08

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.08
Giac	0.16
Reduce	0.33
Rubi	0.61
Maple	1.34
Fricas	3.63
Sympy	4.50
Mathematica	5.22
Mupad	11.21

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Sympy	159.26	1.49	78.00	0.87
Giac	166.03	1.02	110.00	0.92
Maxima	170.43	1.39	141.50	1.23
Rubi	183.87	1.20	158.00	1.04
Mathematica	194.14	1.15	97.00	0.84
Maple	220.17	1.37	121.00	1.01
Reduce	296.85	2.36	165.00	1.37
Fricas	604.08	2.93	146.00	1.18
Mupad	1116.46	3.77	69.50	0.94

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

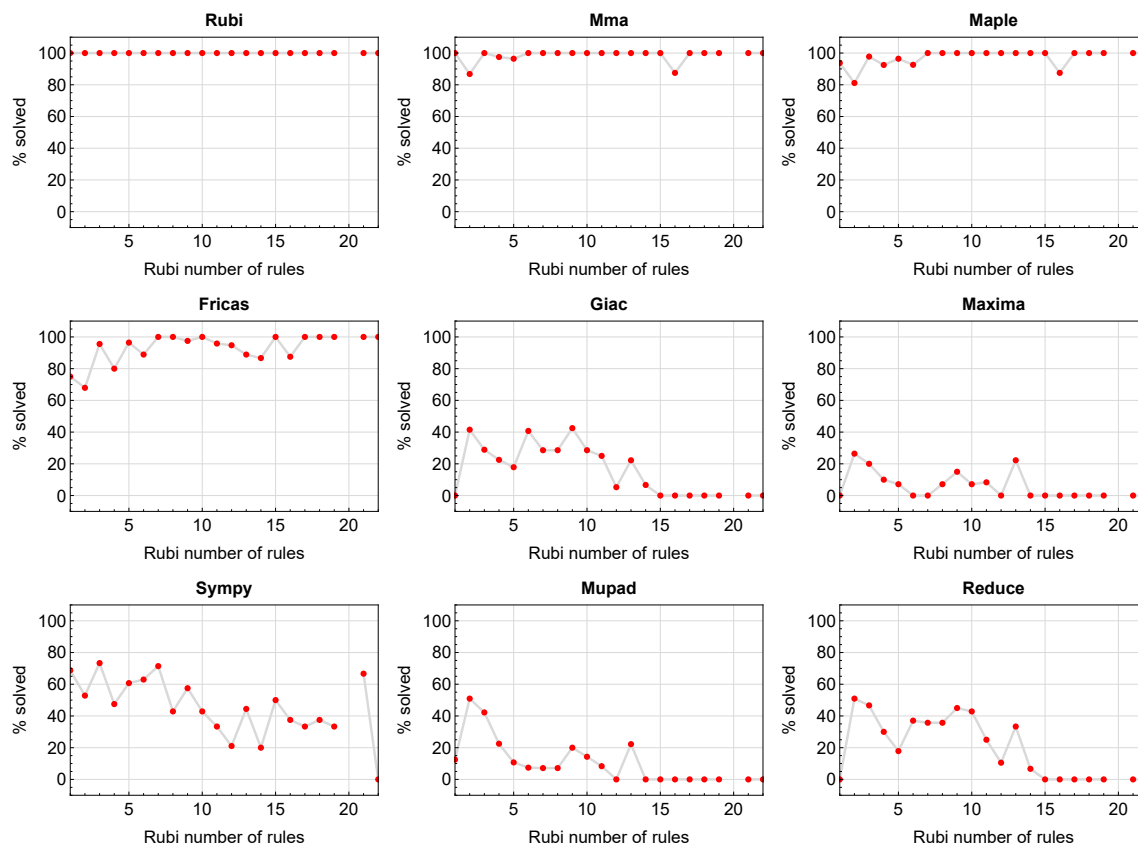


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

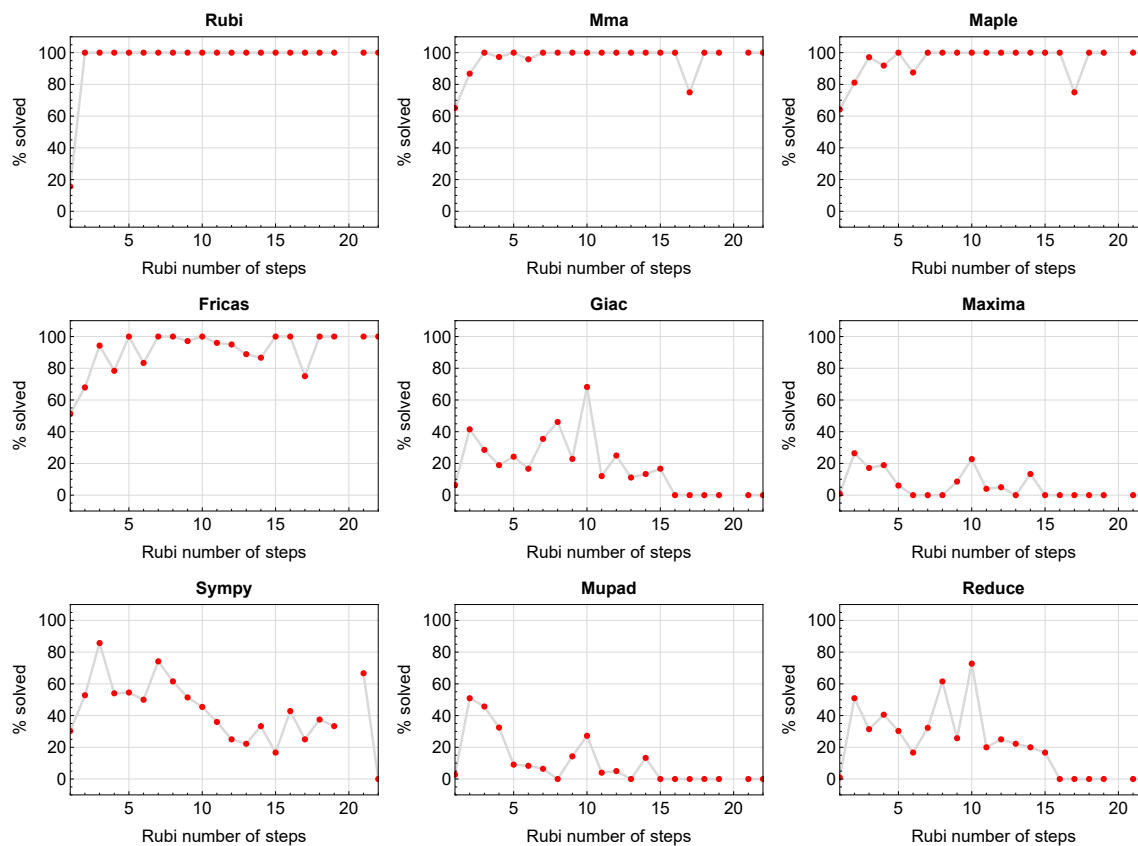


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved intergals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

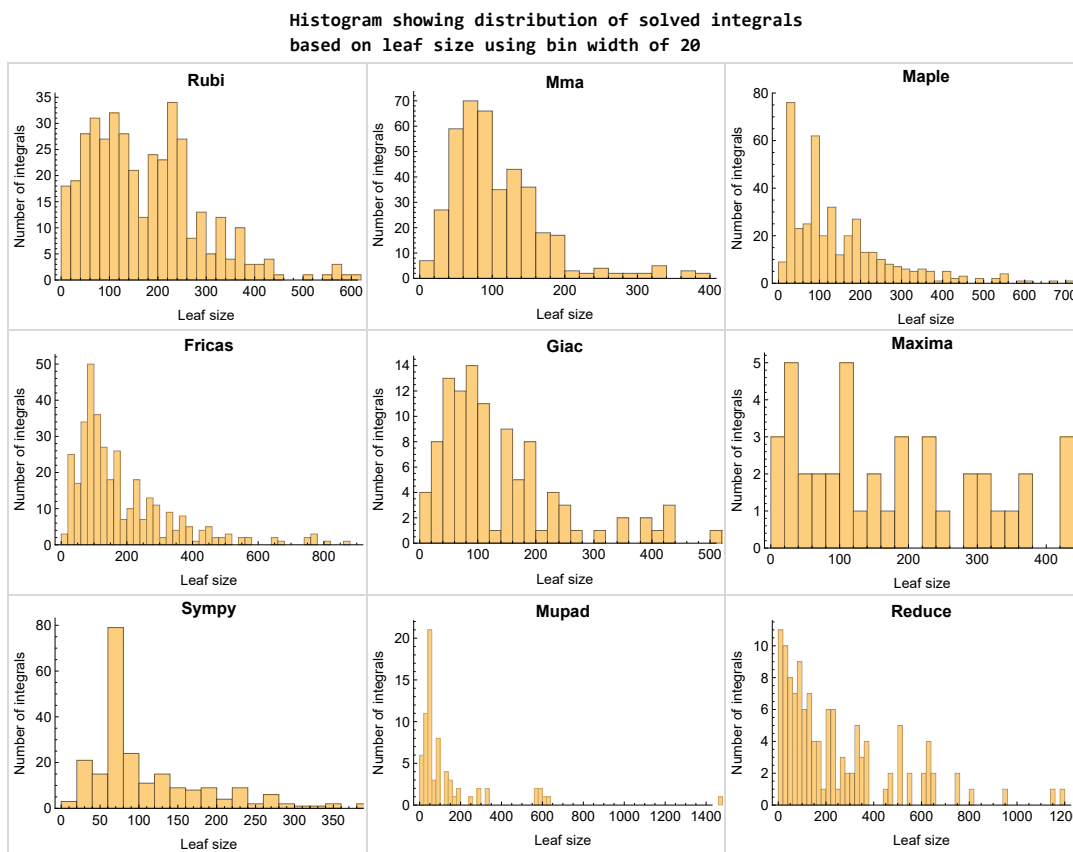


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

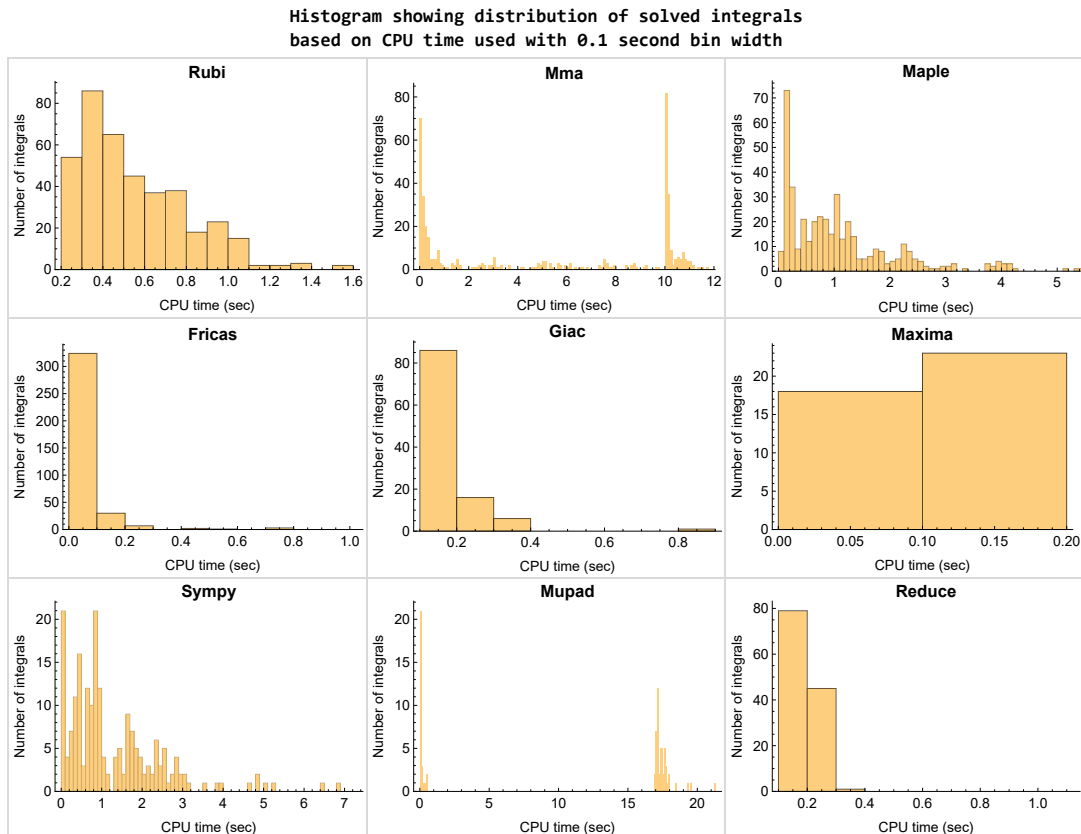


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

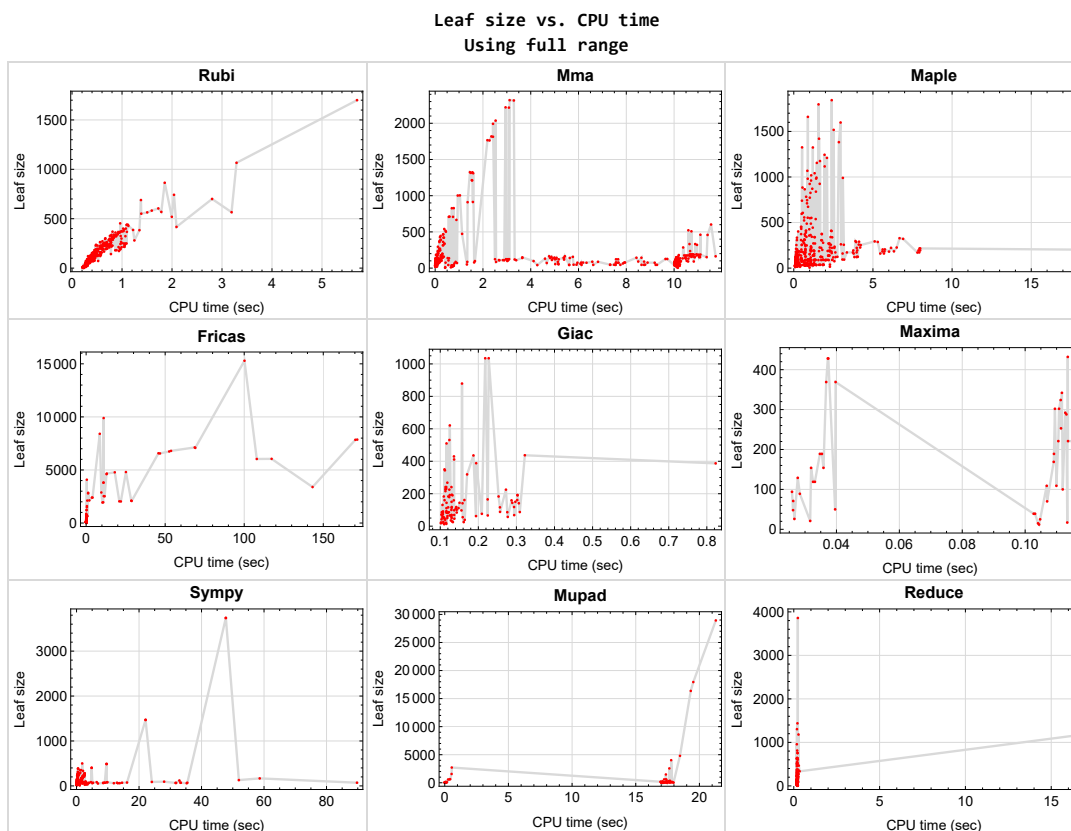


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{480}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {438}

Mathematica {51, 74, 101, 184, 427}

Maple {77, 128, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Reduce Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each `integrate` call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int', int(expr,x)), output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the `integrate` command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals.

These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand, the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

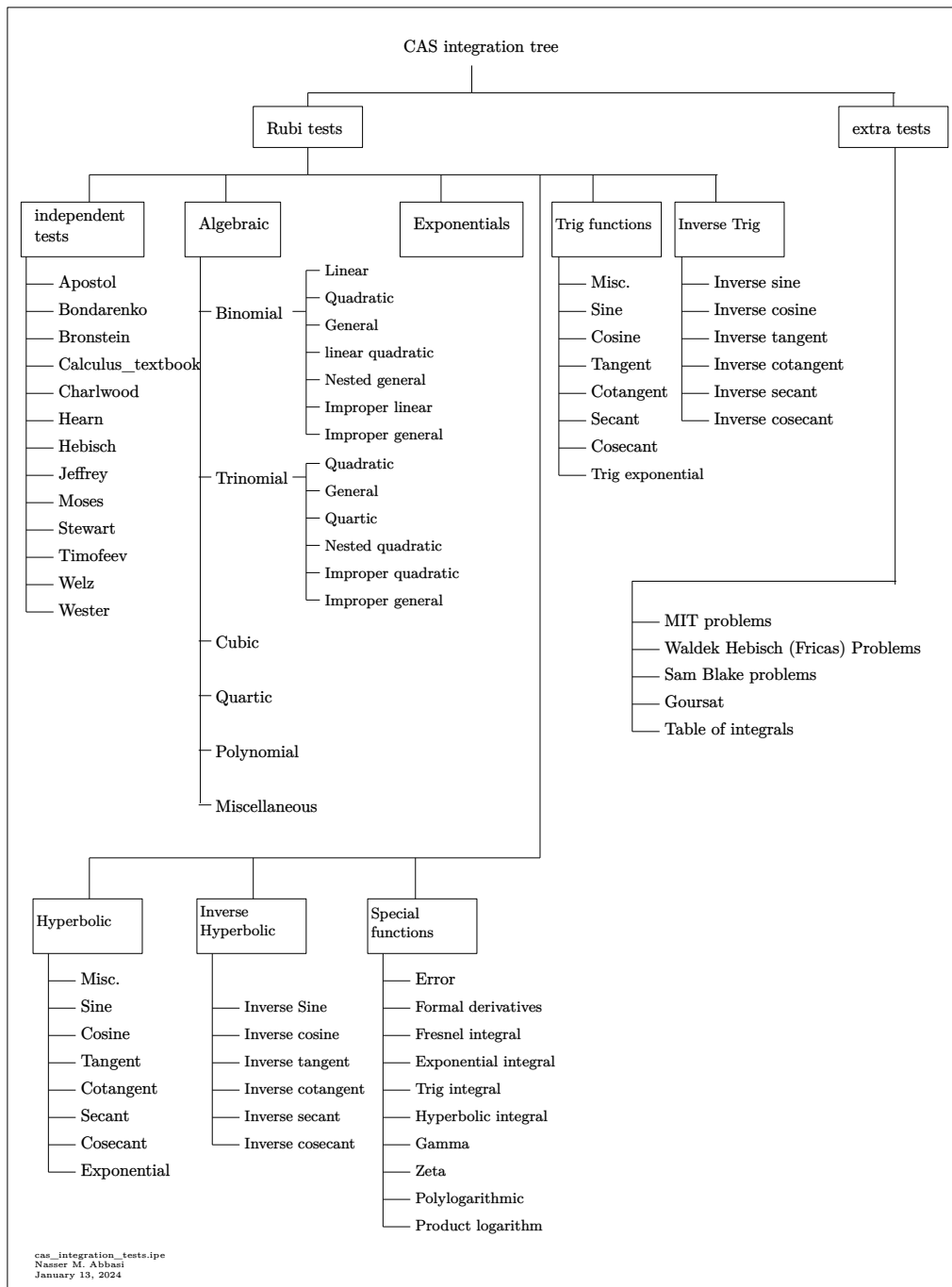
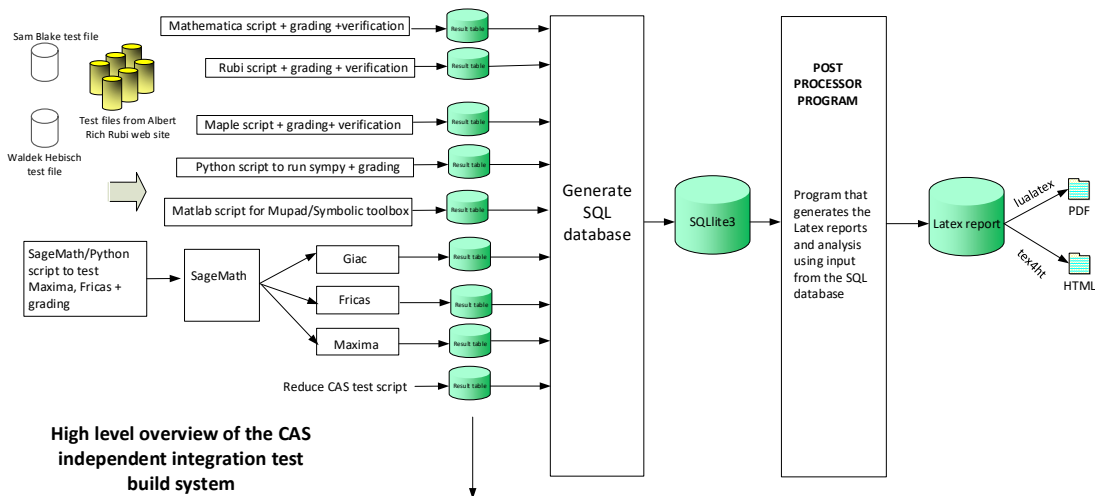


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi
January 13, 2024
Design note

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS	39
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2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi	39
Mma	40
Maple	41
Fricas	42
Maxima	43
Giac	44
Mupad	45
Sympy	46
Reduce	47

Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 79, 80, 84, 85, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 211, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 269, 275, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 438, 454, 474, 475, 476, 477, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493 }

B grade { 39, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 113, 210, 212, 341, 342, 420 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 10, 20, 36, 45, 63, 70, 86, 95, 114, 121, 266, 267, 268, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 276, 277, 278, 279, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 436, 437, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 478, 479 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mma

A grade { 2, 3, 6, 12, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 76, 78, 127, 129, 135, 136, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 432, 474, 475, 476, 481, 482, 483, 484, 487, 488, 489, 490 }

B grade { 149, 173, 174, 184 }

C grade { 1, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 77, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 128, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 150, 151, 152, 153, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 433, 434, 435 }

F normal fail { 183, 185, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468,

469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 477, 478, 479, 485, 486, 491, 492, 493 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maple

A grade { 3, 13, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 84, 85, 86, 87, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 148, 150, 151, 152, 153, 157, 158, 159, 160, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 193, 194, 196, 205, 206, 207, 208, 211, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 264, 265, 280, 281, 282, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 316, 317, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 428, 429, 487, 488, 489, 490 }

B grade { 2, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, 56, 58, 76, 78, 79, 80, 88, 114, 127, 134, 135, 136, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 149, 154, 155, 156, 161, 162, 163, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 209, 210, 212, 341, 342, 343, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 410, 411, 412, 418, 419, 420, 432, 434 }

C grade { 1, 4, 6, 11, 14, 16, 39, 75, 77, 81, 82, 83, 113, 126, 128, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 195, 197, 198, 199, 201, 202, 203, 204, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 256, 263, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 283, 290, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 318, 319, 320, 321, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 430, 431, 433, 435 }

F normal fail { 183, 184, 185, 200, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 491, 492, 493 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Fricas

A grade { 7, 8, 9, 10, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 175, 178, 187, 188, 194, 195, 205, 206, 208, 209, 210, 211, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 230, 233, 234, 235, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 280, 281, 282, 283, 287, 288, 289, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 405, 406, 407, 408, 413, 414, 415, 416, 421, 422, 423, 424, 428, 430 }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 26, 29, 30, 75, 79, 80, 126, 149, 173, 174, 176, 177, 179, 181, 201, 202, 203, 204, 207, 212, 229, 231, 232, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 279, 311, 312, 313, 314, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 322, 323, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 399, 400, 401, 402 }

C grade { 180, 186, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 196, 197, 198, 199, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 284, 285, 286, 290, 291, 292, 293, 315, 321 }

F normal fail { 182, 183, 184, 185, 200, 409, 417, 420, 425, 429, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493 }

F(-1) timeout fail { 348, 349, 356, 357, 363, 364, 389, 396, 397, 398, 403, 404, 410, 411, 412, 418, 419, 426, 427, 436, 445, 446, 458 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maxima

A grade { 148, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 208, 209, 210, 213, 294, 295, 296, 297, 302, 303, 304, 305, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 318, 319, 320, 321, 329, 330, 331, 339, 340, 370, 371, 372, 380, 381 }

B grade { 207, 211, 212 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 20, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 84, 85, 86, 87, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 8, 9, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 33, 38, 47, 58, 65, 72, 83, 88, 97, 108, 116, 123, 298, 299, 300, 301, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 316, 317, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379 }

Giac

A grade { 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 30, 130, 131, 132, 133, 137, 138, 139, 140, 142, 148, 149, 157, 158, 159, 160, 164, 165, 166, 201, 202, 205, 206, 208, 211, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 316, 319, 320, 321, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 349, 350, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 389, 390, 397 }
}

B grade { 27, 28, 29, 203, 204, 207, 212, 213, 315, 317, 318, 322, 323, 357 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 134, 135, 136, 141, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 161, 162, 163, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 343, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 385, 386, 387, 388, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404 }

F(-2) exception fail { 209, 210, 341, 342, 382, 383, 384 }

Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 37, 46, 57, 64, 71, 87, 96, 107, 115, 122, 148, 160, 167, 168, 182, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 329, 330, 331, 339, 340, 370, 371, 372, 380, 381, 408, 416, 476, 484, 490 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 477, 478, 479, 481, 482, 483, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 491, 492, 493 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Sympy

A grade { 7, 10, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23, 34, 35, 36, 37, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 54, 55, 56, 57, 63, 64, 70, 71, 79, 84, 85, 86, 87, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 104, 105, 106, 107, 114, 115, 121, 122, 128, 148, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 208, 209, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 227, 228, 230, 231, 232, 234, 235, 237, 238, 239, 240, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 294, 295, 296, 297, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 318, 319, 320, 321, 324, 325, 326, 327, 332, 333, 334, 365, 366, 367, 368, 373, 374, 375, 405, 406, 407, 408, 415, 416, 428 }

B grade { 1, 3, 4, 11, 14, 24, 25, 26, 75, 77, 80, 126, 206, 207, 210, 220, 226, 229, 233, 236, 298, 299, 300, 306, 307, 328, 329, 330, 331, 369, 370, 371, 372 }

C grade { 182, 186, 187, 188, 189, 191, 193, 194, 195, 196, 198, 200, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 421, 422, 423, 424, 430, 474, 475, 476, 481, 482, 483, 484, 487, 488, 489, 490 }

F normal fail { 2, 5, 6, 8, 9, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 48, 49, 50, 51, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73, 74, 76, 78, 81, 82, 83, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 98, 99, 100, 101, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 123, 124, 125, 127, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 184, 185, 190, 192, 197, 199, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 417, 418, 419, 425, 426, 427, 429, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 52, 53, 102, 103, 145, 146, 147, 164, 183, 316, 317, 322, 323, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 420, 449, 450, 464, 465, 466, 467, 477, 478, 479, 480, 485, 486, 491, 492, 493 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Reduce

A grade { }

B grade { 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 130, 131, 132, 137, 138, 139, 148, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 133, 134, 135, 136, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 149, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	4	4	36	27	0	34	61	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.00	9.00	6.75	0.00	8.50	15.25	0.00	5.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	10.019	0.723	0.000	0.081	0.651	0.000	0.236	0.000

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	4	4	4	70	0	34	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	17.50	0.00	8.50	0.00	0.00	5.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.220	10.158	1.087	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.240	0.000

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	4	4	4	5	0	41	10	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.25	0.00	10.25	2.50	0.00	6.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.207	0.416	0.995	0.000	0.076	1.020	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	47	38	0	65	71	0	27	0
N.S.	1	1.00	4.70	3.80	0.00	6.50	7.10	0.00	2.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	10.031	1.874	0.000	0.076	0.786	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	31	118	0	65	0	0	27	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.10	11.80	0.00	6.50	0.00	0.00	2.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	10.235	2.497	0.000	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	10	15	0	76	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.50	0.00	7.60	0.00	0.00	3.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.205	0.659	2.282	0.000	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	87	138	0	90	78	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.47	2.34	0.00	1.53	1.32	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	10.054	2.232	0.000	0.081	0.880	0.000	0.168	0.000

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	78	67	138	0	90	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.32	1.14	2.34	0.00	1.53	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	10.202	1.230	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	141	95	188	0	110	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.47	0.99	1.96	0.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	10.282	1.278	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	0	112	188	0	110	83	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.18	1.98	0.00	1.16	0.87	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	10.208	2.276	0.000	0.084	2.733	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	36	27	0	23	61	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.77	2.08	0.00	1.77	4.69	0.00	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	10.038	0.903	0.000	0.077	0.691	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	13	69	0	23	0	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	5.31	0.00	1.77	0.00	0.00	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	10.114	0.491	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	12	14	0	31	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.08	0.00	2.38	0.00	0.00	1.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.423	0.398	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	47	38	0	62	71	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.04	1.65	0.00	2.70	3.09	0.00	1.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	10.030	2.285	0.000	0.085	0.825	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	52	117	0	62	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.26	5.09	0.00	2.70	0.00	0.00	1.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	10.244	1.070	0.000	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	24	28	0	73	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	1.22	0.00	3.17	0.00	0.00	1.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.712	0.770	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	90	88	137	0	91	78	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.74	0.73	1.13	0.00	0.75	0.64	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	10.046	2.181	0.000	0.080	0.854	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	175	89	137	0	91	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.45	0.74	1.13	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	10.263	1.213	0.000	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	214	135	191	0	113	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.37	0.87	1.22	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.574	10.256	1.277	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	0	112	191	0	113	83	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.73	1.25	0.00	0.74	0.54	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	10.067	2.225	0.000	0.080	2.254	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	51	42	0	116	75	54	71	42
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.82	0.00	2.27	1.47	1.06	1.39	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.026	0.161	0.000	0.080	0.090	0.106	0.171	0.102

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	38	31	0	90	58	42	56	28
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.82	0.00	2.37	1.53	1.11	1.47	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.020	0.149	0.000	0.081	0.084	0.103	0.169	0.061

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	29	22	0	73	34	23	43	21
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.76	0.00	2.52	1.17	0.79	1.48	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.011	0.145	0.000	0.082	0.071	0.102	0.174	17.485

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	24	16	0	68	46	18	38	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.67	0.00	2.83	1.92	0.75	1.58	0.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.006	0.136	0.000	0.075	0.063	0.102	0.166	17.001

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	75	65	54	0	189	226	56	142	74
N.S.	1	1.04	0.90	0.75	0.00	2.62	3.14	0.78	1.97	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.041	0.282	0.000	0.089	0.206	0.109	0.162	17.174

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	101	76	64	0	278	257	66	244	96
N.S.	1	1.13	0.85	0.72	0.00	3.12	2.89	0.74	2.74	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.408	0.064	0.303	0.000	0.088	0.288	0.105	0.177	0.176

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	70	50	0	199	0	109	153	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.13	0.81	0.00	3.21	0.00	1.76	2.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.124	1.025	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.141	0.175	0.000

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	50	33	0	138	0	82	127	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.32	0.87	0.00	3.63	0.00	2.16	3.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	0.083	0.837	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.120	0.180	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	69	47	0	209	0	101	327	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.13	0.77	0.00	3.43	0.00	1.66	5.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.132	0.848	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.143	0.182	0.000

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	88	80	69	0	279	0	113	542	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.00	0.86	0.00	3.49	0.00	1.41	6.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.178	0.611	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.130	0.184	0.000

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	234	71	124	0	92	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.58	0.48	0.84	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.718	10.045	4.000	0.000	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	234	134	124	0	92	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.55	0.89	0.82	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.711	10.360	1.711	0.000	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	234	134	124	0	92	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.55	0.89	0.82	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.739	10.180	2.754	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	306	143	194	0	148	184	0	159	0
N.S.	1	1.49	0.70	0.95	0.00	0.72	0.90	0.00	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.801	8.424	7.879	0.000	0.079	1.759	0.000	0.198	0.000

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	277	122	183	0	137	133	0	135	0
N.S.	1	1.56	0.69	1.03	0.00	0.77	0.75	0.00	0.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.752	7.570	5.599	0.000	0.085	1.379	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	0	87	172	0	126	85	0	111	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.56	1.10	0.00	0.81	0.54	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	6.817	3.735	0.000	0.082	1.032	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	86	82	0	54	39	0	52	46
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.98	0.00	0.64	0.46	0.00	0.62	0.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	5.135	0.940	0.000	0.079	0.463	0.000	0.186	17.139

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	175	89	137	0	91	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.45	0.74	1.13	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	0.042	1.290	0.000	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	C	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	233	100	121	0	85	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	3.28	1.41	1.70	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.700	10.528	1.793	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	253	172	222	0	166	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.32	0.90	1.16	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.685	10.679	2.408	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	287	187	256	0	225	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	1.28	0.83	1.14	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.767	10.823	3.160	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	257	331	152	290	0	280	0	0	69	0
N.S.	1	1.29	0.59	1.13	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.859	11.087	4.122	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.226	0.000

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	239	374	135	216	0	169	279	0	207	0
N.S.	1	1.56	0.56	0.90	0.00	0.71	1.17	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.987	10.160	7.943	0.000	0.081	2.591	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	341	126	205	0	158	180	0	183	0
N.S.	1	1.61	0.59	0.97	0.00	0.75	0.85	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.901	9.714	5.613	0.000	0.084	1.814	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	0	90	194	0	147	180	0	159	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.47	1.02	0.00	0.77	0.95	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	8.744	3.760	0.000	0.088	1.757	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	113	58	96	0	70	41	0	76	46
N.S.	1	1.05	0.54	0.89	0.00	0.65	0.38	0.00	0.70	0.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	6.081	0.950	0.000	0.078	0.501	0.000	0.199	17.417

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	243	88	172	0	126	85	0	111	0
N.S.	1	1.56	0.56	1.10	0.00	0.81	0.54	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.665	6.577	3.354	0.000	0.079	1.808	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	209	142	160	0	112	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.45	0.99	1.11	0.00	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.584	10.480	3.780	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	201	131	181	0	145	0	0	140	0
N.S.	1	1.35	0.88	1.21	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.590	10.598	2.385	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	138	91	93	0	83	0	0	383	0
N.S.	1	1.48	0.98	1.00	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	4.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	10.824	3.178	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	221	286	187	253	0	225	0	0	1023	0
N.S.	1	1.29	0.85	1.14	0.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	4.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.793	11.104	4.227	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.247	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	254	320	152	287	0	280	0	0	871	0
N.S.	1	1.26	0.60	1.13	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	3.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.852	11.362	5.306	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.254	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	359	163	321	0	336	0	0	1311	0
N.S.	1	1.25	0.57	1.12	0.00	1.17	0.00	0.00	4.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.935	11.739	6.905	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.000	0.289	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	243	141	171	0	124	172	0	111	0
N.S.	1	1.44	0.83	1.01	0.00	0.73	1.02	0.00	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.677	10.102	7.809	0.000	0.087	1.838	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	209	121	160	0	111	122	0	60	0
N.S.	1	1.45	0.84	1.11	0.00	0.77	0.85	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.594	10.079	5.464	0.000	0.084	1.424	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	87	138	0	90	78	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.47	2.34	0.00	1.53	1.32	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	0.015	2.252	0.000	0.081	0.927	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	66	60	0	23	37	0	30	46
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.02	0.00	0.39	0.63	0.00	0.51	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	10.041	0.741	0.000	0.078	0.420	0.000	0.171	17.513

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	141	95	188	0	110	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.47	0.99	1.96	0.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.081	1.285	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	248	172	222	0	170	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.30	0.90	1.16	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.678	10.791	1.730	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	292	187	256	0	225	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.30	0.83	1.14	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.777	10.782	2.342	0.000	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	201	112	184	0	144	0	0	141	0
N.S.	1	1.37	0.76	1.25	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.572	10.096	6.327	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	234	71	124	0	92	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.58	0.48	0.84	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.716	0.016	4.045	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	0	112	191	0	113	83	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.73	1.25	0.00	0.74	0.54	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.021	2.300	0.000	0.082	2.329	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	64	90	0	73	39	0	40	46
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	1.03	0.00	0.84	0.45	0.00	0.46	0.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	7.860	0.762	0.000	0.077	0.483	0.000	0.164	17.275

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	192	292	172	270	0	224	0	0	67	0
N.S.	1	1.52	0.90	1.41	0.00	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.779	10.479	1.341	0.000	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	225	326	187	304	0	238	0	0	80	0
N.S.	1	1.45	0.83	1.35	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.873	10.703	1.780	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	258	364	153	338	0	338	0	0	89	0
N.S.	1	1.41	0.59	1.31	0.00	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.926	10.847	2.426	0.000	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.225	0.000

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	253	155	226	0	167	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.37	0.84	1.22	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.683	10.169	6.501	0.000	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	248	146	226	0	171	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.31	0.77	1.19	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.664	10.106	4.194	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	0	147	271	0	226	83	0	69	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.77	1.43	0.00	1.19	0.44	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	10.087	2.253	0.000	0.078	6.452	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	119	90	127	0	107	39	0	52	46
N.S.	1	1.07	0.81	1.14	0.00	0.96	0.35	0.00	0.47	0.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	10.035	0.759	0.000	0.073	0.528	0.000	0.168	17.929

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	226	361	163	339	0	330	0	0	91	0
N.S.	1	1.60	0.72	1.50	0.00	1.46	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.949	10.758	1.328	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	259	400	174	373	0	391	0	0	92	0
N.S.	1	1.54	0.67	1.44	0.00	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.076	10.950	1.770	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.232	0.000

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	292	439	185	407	0	440	0	0	92	0
N.S.	1	1.50	0.63	1.39	0.00	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.116	11.035	2.387	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.246	0.000

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	4	4	36	27	0	34	61	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.00	9.00	6.75	0.00	8.50	15.25	0.00	5.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.003	0.687	0.000	0.070	0.694	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	34	38	88	0	31	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.19	2.75	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	10.135	0.888	0.000	0.072	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	C	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	126	58	63	0	29	53	0	16	0
N.S.	1	5.04	2.32	2.52	0.00	1.16	2.12	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	10.046	0.867	0.000	0.069	0.655	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	121	36	93	0	32	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	2.42	0.72	1.86	0.00	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	10.109	1.036	0.000	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.175	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	86	158	0	102	70	0	58	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.59	2.93	0.00	1.89	1.30	0.00	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.357	10.055	1.298	0.000	0.085	0.891	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	85	165	0	119	76	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.63	3.17	0.00	2.29	1.46	0.00	1.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	10.046	2.395	0.000	0.112	0.873	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	C	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	233	71	121	0	85	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	3.24	0.99	1.68	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.758	10.071	3.968	0.000	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	C	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	233	100	121	0	85	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	3.19	1.37	1.66	0.00	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.716	0.264	1.704	0.000	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	C	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	233	100	121	0	85	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	3.24	1.39	1.68	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.750	10.242	2.645	0.000	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	306	143	194	0	148	184	0	159	0
N.S.	1	1.49	0.70	0.95	0.00	0.72	0.90	0.00	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.834	8.634	7.982	0.000	0.079	1.732	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	277	122	183	0	136	133	0	135	0
N.S.	1	1.56	0.69	1.03	0.00	0.76	0.75	0.00	0.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.766	7.657	5.727	0.000	0.073	1.461	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	0	88	172	0	126	85	0	111	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.56	1.10	0.00	0.81	0.54	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.014	3.969	0.000	0.076	1.035	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	86	82	0	54	39	0	52	46
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.98	0.00	0.64	0.46	0.00	0.62	0.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.158	0.870	0.000	0.069	0.451	0.000	0.176	0.002

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	78	67	138	0	90	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.32	1.14	2.34	0.00	1.53	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.045	1.215	0.000	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	234	134	124	0	92	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.58	0.91	0.84	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.723	0.104	1.699	0.000	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	253	175	226	0	167	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.31	0.91	1.17	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.679	10.579	2.278	0.000	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	227	287	190	261	0	228	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	1.26	0.84	1.15	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.778	10.779	2.976	0.000	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.265	0.000

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	261	331	151	296	0	281	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.27	0.58	1.13	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.871	10.869	3.896	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.272	0.000

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	239	374	135	216	0	169	279	0	207	0
N.S.	1	1.56	0.56	0.90	0.00	0.71	1.17	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.031	10.159	7.985	0.000	0.078	2.567	0.000	0.290	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	341	126	205	0	159	180	0	183	0
N.S.	1	1.61	0.59	0.97	0.00	0.75	0.85	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.913	9.641	5.754	0.000	0.077	1.790	0.000	0.283	0.000

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	0	91	194	0	147	180	0	159	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.48	1.02	0.00	0.77	0.95	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	8.500	4.009	0.000	0.076	1.763	0.000	0.268	0.000

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	113	58	96	0	70	41	0	76	46
N.S.	1	1.05	0.54	0.89	0.00	0.65	0.38	0.00	0.70	0.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.004	0.885	0.000	0.073	0.489	0.000	0.244	0.002

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	243	87	172	0	126	85	0	111	0
N.S.	1	1.56	0.56	1.10	0.00	0.81	0.54	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.667	0.018	2.626	0.000	0.074	2.116	0.000	0.266	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	209	142	160	0	111	0	0	60	0
N.S.	1	1.45	0.99	1.11	0.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.589	10.466	3.083	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.245	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	201	130	184	0	144	0	0	141	0
N.S.	1	1.34	0.87	1.23	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.567	10.489	2.272	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.266	0.000

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	138	91	94	0	83	0	0	383	0
N.S.	1	1.47	0.97	1.00	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	4.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	10.587	3.072	0.000	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.299	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	286	190	258	0	228	0	0	1012	0
N.S.	1	1.28	0.85	1.15	0.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	4.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.755	10.933	4.102	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.245	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	258	320	151	293	0	281	0	0	871	0
N.S.	1	1.24	0.59	1.14	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	3.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.845	11.047	5.108	0.000	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.247	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	292	359	161	328	0	338	0	0	1299	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.55	1.12	0.00	1.16	0.00	0.00	4.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.948	11.064	6.680	0.000	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.252	0.000

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	243	141	172	0	124	172	0	111	0
N.S.	1	1.44	0.83	1.02	0.00	0.73	1.02	0.00	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.677	10.104	7.925	0.000	0.078	1.944	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	209	121	160	0	112	122	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.45	0.84	1.11	0.00	0.78	0.85	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.590	10.079	5.694	0.000	0.077	1.480	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	90	88	137	0	91	78	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.74	0.73	1.13	0.00	0.75	0.64	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.439	0.016	2.171	0.000	0.073	0.920	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	66	60	0	23	37	0	30	46
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.02	0.00	0.39	0.63	0.00	0.51	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.027	0.688	0.000	0.068	0.422	0.000	0.194	0.002

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	214	135	191	0	113	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.37	0.87	1.22	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.587	0.109	1.232	0.000	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	248	174	226	0	171	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.28	0.90	1.17	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.683	10.513	1.633	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	227	292	190	261	0	228	0	0	69	0
N.S.	1	1.29	0.84	1.15	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.753	10.711	2.250	0.000	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	235	129	203	0	164	0	0	274	0
N.S.	1	1.37	0.75	1.18	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	1.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.656	10.120	17.716	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.225	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	201	111	181	0	145	0	0	140	0
N.S.	1	1.36	0.75	1.22	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.586	10.089	6.016	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	C	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	233	71	121	0	85	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	3.28	1.00	1.70	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.732	0.019	3.829	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	0	112	188	0	110	83	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.18	1.98	0.00	1.16	0.87	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.025	2.138	0.000	0.077	2.715	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	64	90	0	73	39	0	40	46
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	1.03	0.00	0.84	0.45	0.00	0.46	0.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.012	0.716	0.000	0.077	0.483	0.000	0.178	0.002

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	287	175	271	0	226	0	0	69	0
N.S.	1	1.49	0.91	1.40	0.00	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.816	10.422	1.236	0.000	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	227	327	190	306	0	239	0	0	80	0
N.S.	1	1.44	0.84	1.35	0.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.835	10.656	1.737	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	261	361	155	341	0	336	0	0	91	0
N.S.	1	1.38	0.59	1.31	0.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.932	10.726	2.326	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	253	155	222	0	166	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.36	0.83	1.19	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.698	10.155	6.142	0.000	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	248	172	222	0	170	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.30	0.90	1.16	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.693	0.280	3.976	0.000	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	0	147	270	0	224	83	0	67	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.77	1.41	0.00	1.17	0.43	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	10.091	2.189	0.000	0.082	4.616	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	119	90	127	0	107	39	0	52	46
N.S.	1	1.07	0.81	1.14	0.00	0.96	0.35	0.00	0.47	0.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.368	0.027	0.726	0.000	0.077	0.506	0.000	0.174	0.002

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	227	366	163	340	0	335	0	0	91	0
N.S.	1	1.61	0.72	1.50	0.00	1.48	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.950	10.663	1.302	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	261	400	235	375	0	391	0	0	92	0
N.S.	1	1.53	0.90	1.44	0.00	1.50	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.023	10.669	1.769	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	295	439	185	410	0	445	0	0	91	0
N.S.	1	1.49	0.63	1.39	0.00	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.095	10.967	2.358	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	36	27	0	23	61	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.77	2.08	0.00	1.77	4.69	0.00	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.003	0.889	0.000	0.074	0.707	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	43	45	88	0	42	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.13	1.18	2.32	0.00	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	10.204	1.556	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	72	58	63	0	21	51	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.36	1.09	1.19	0.00	0.40	0.96	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	10.047	1.076	0.000	0.066	0.670	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	56	52	93	0	44	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	0.73	0.68	1.21	0.00	0.57	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	10.150	1.855	0.000	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	173	119	138	0	298	0	83	93	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.61	0.70	0.00	1.52	0.00	0.42	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.476	3.327	0.208	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.116	0.167	0.000

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	141	108	117	0	276	0	69	73	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.69	0.75	0.00	1.77	0.00	0.44	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	2.891	0.197	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.130	0.178	0.000

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	111	97	96	0	254	0	55	53	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.84	0.83	0.00	2.19	0.00	0.47	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.357	1.665	0.192	0.000	0.079	0.000	0.159	0.172	0.000

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	88	86	73	0	225	0	43	33	0
N.S.	1	1.13	1.10	0.94	0.00	2.88	0.00	0.55	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	1.345	0.187	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.112	0.186	0.000

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	104	122	180	0	279	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.30	1.91	0.00	2.97	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	2.505	0.426	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	112	110	308	0	294	0	0	242	0
N.S.	1	1.20	1.18	3.31	0.00	3.16	0.00	0.00	2.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	2.837	0.459	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	149	123	452	0	366	0	0	452	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.96	3.53	0.00	2.86	0.00	0.00	3.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.415	3.098	0.458	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.231	0.000

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	276	228	141	180	0	341	0	111	133	0
N.S.	1	0.83	0.51	0.65	0.00	1.24	0.00	0.40	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.570	5.081	0.246	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.148	0.175	0.000

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	236	196	130	159	0	319	0	97	113	0
N.S.	1	0.83	0.55	0.67	0.00	1.35	0.00	0.41	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.503	4.599	0.200	0.000	0.142	0.000	0.156	0.178	0.000

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	164	119	138	0	297	0	83	93	0
N.S.	1	0.84	0.61	0.70	0.00	1.52	0.00	0.42	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.433	3.015	0.198	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.107	0.183	0.000

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	134	108	117	0	275	0	69	143	0
N.S.	1	0.86	0.69	0.75	0.00	1.76	0.00	0.44	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	2.688	0.197	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.137	0.261	0.000

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	111	97	96	0	253	0	0	113	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.86	0.85	0.00	2.24	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	4.119	0.198	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.243	0.000

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	128	163	204	0	401	0	165	289	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.24	1.56	0.00	3.06	0.00	1.26	2.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.450	4.770	0.481	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.224	0.291	0.000

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	130	156	373	0	442	0	0	442	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.27	3.03	0.00	3.59	0.00	0.00	3.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.464	4.864	0.464	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.333	0.000

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	146	122	452	0	360	0	0	451	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.98	3.62	0.00	2.88	0.00	0.00	3.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	5.013	0.471	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.274	0.000

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	183	134	596	0	432	0	0	587	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.84	3.72	0.00	2.70	0.00	0.00	3.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.454	4.918	0.498	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.295	0.000

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	217	145	740	0	498	0	0	854	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.74	3.79	0.00	2.55	0.00	0.00	4.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.586	4.991	0.515	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.326	0.000

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	230	254	139	884	0	564	0	0	1011	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.60	3.84	0.00	2.45	0.00	0.00	4.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.659	5.394	0.549	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.000	0.324	0.000

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	33	16	15	25	15	25	21	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.57	0.76	0.71	1.19	0.71	1.19	1.00	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.033	0.225	0.104	0.067	0.070	0.133	0.172	0.034

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F	B	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	70	40	0	120	0	25	21	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.33	1.90	0.00	5.71	0.00	1.19	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	0.913	0.168	0.000	0.075	0.000	0.162	200.018	0.000

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	150	109	117	0	275	0	0	73	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.70	0.75	0.00	1.76	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.449	3.391	0.221	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	118	98	96	0	253	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.84	0.83	0.00	2.18	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	3.018	0.204	0.000	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	88	86	75	0	225	0	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.13	1.10	0.96	0.00	2.88	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	2.549	0.200	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	65	50	54	0	123	0	0	15	0
N.S.	1	1.59	1.22	1.32	0.00	3.00	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	1.328	0.184	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	78	78	249	0	153	0	0	81	0
N.S.	1	1.44	1.44	4.61	0.00	2.83	0.00	0.00	1.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.318	1.632	0.814	0.000	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.237	0.000

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	112	111	488	0	298	0	0	208	0
N.S.	1	1.20	1.19	5.25	0.00	3.20	0.00	0.00	2.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	2.669	0.820	0.000	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.239	0.000

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	149	123	711	0	366	0	0	345	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.96	5.55	0.00	2.86	0.00	0.00	2.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.447	3.051	0.835	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	140	143	96	0	296	0	62	137	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.93	0.63	0.00	1.93	0.00	0.41	0.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.445	5.380	0.249	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.119	0.201	0.000

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	108	127	83	0	267	0	46	114	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.13	0.74	0.00	2.38	0.00	0.41	1.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	5.053	0.236	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.137	0.214	0.000

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	81	112	72	0	243	0	35	90	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.49	0.96	0.00	3.24	0.00	0.47	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	4.887	0.217	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.128	0.191	0.000

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	42	37	0	43	0	14	39	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.27	1.12	0.00	1.30	0.00	0.42	1.18	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	4.275	0.203	0.000	0.071	0.000	0.116	0.207	17.969

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	101	108	343	0	272	0	0	327	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.14	3.61	0.00	2.86	0.00	0.00	3.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	3.055	0.800	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	138	123	1068	0	368	0	0	373	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.94	8.15	0.00	2.81	0.00	0.00	2.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	2.964	0.858	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.226	0.000

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	175	140	981	0	398	0	0	755	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.84	5.87	0.00	2.38	0.00	0.00	4.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.518	4.811	0.881	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	173	155	141	0	394	0	76	212	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.81	0.74	0.00	2.06	0.00	0.40	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.511	5.763	0.289	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.209	0.217	0.000

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	139	140	128	0	367	0	62	189	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.93	0.85	0.00	2.45	0.00	0.41	1.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	5.634	0.274	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.194	0.199	0.000

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	110	117	107	0	324	0	39	151	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.97	0.00	2.95	0.00	0.35	1.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	5.394	0.226	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.164	0.210	0.000

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	87	54	47	0	71	0	0	83	86
N.S.	1	1.24	0.77	0.67	0.00	1.01	0.00	0.00	1.19	1.23
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	5.162	0.222	0.000	0.069	0.000	0.000	0.196	17.330

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	79	55	48	0	74	0	0	84	89
N.S.	1	1.08	0.75	0.66	0.00	1.01	0.00	0.00	1.15	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	5.027	0.205	0.000	0.069	0.000	0.000	0.208	17.373

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	128	121	606	0	372	0	0	542	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.92	4.63	0.00	2.84	0.00	0.00	4.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	5.170	0.569	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	165	140	745	0	356	0	0	755	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.84	4.46	0.00	2.13	0.00	0.00	4.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.482	3.647	0.842	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	203	202	148	1660	0	504	0	0	604	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	8.18	0.00	2.48	0.00	0.00	2.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.562	3.650	0.891	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.235	0.000

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	239	239	164	1325	0	568	0	0	1181	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	5.54	0.00	2.38	0.00	0.00	4.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.637	5.429	0.524	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.274	0.000

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F	B	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	2	2	32	29	0	28	0	0	2	0
N.S.	1	1.00	16.00	14.50	0.00	14.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.231	0.781	0.103	0.000	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F	B	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	2	2	42	29	0	81	0	0	9	0
N.S.	1	1.00	21.00	14.50	0.00	40.50	0.00	0.00	4.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.771	0.102	0.000	0.072	0.000	0.000	0.238	0.000

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	46	32	39	0	28	0	0	5	0
N.S.	1	2.00	1.39	1.70	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.757	0.116	0.000	0.067	0.000	0.000	0.222	0.000

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	44	38	37	0	73	0	0	4	0
N.S.	1	1.76	1.52	1.48	0.00	2.92	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.760	0.105	0.000	0.065	0.000	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	40	34	33	0	65	0	0	9	0
N.S.	1	1.90	1.62	1.57	0.00	3.10	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.696	0.109	0.000	0.069	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	46	23	39	0	19	0	0	5	0
N.S.	1	2.00	1.00	1.70	0.00	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.723	0.112	0.000	0.066	0.000	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	30	38	25	0	73	0	0	9	0
N.S.	1	1.43	1.81	1.19	0.00	3.48	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.686	0.107	0.000	0.066	0.000	0.000	0.219	0.000

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	C	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	34	23	29	0	75	0	0	11	0
N.S.	1	1.48	1.00	1.26	0.00	3.26	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.730	0.441	0.000	0.069	0.000	0.000	0.219	0.000

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	72	71	59	0	137	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.60	1.58	1.31	0.00	3.04	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.522	4.671	0.185	0.000	0.069	0.000	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	C	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	22	24	0	0	26	0	93	34
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00	4.23	1.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	0.081	0.146	0.000	0.000	2.629	0.000	0.187	17.102

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	177	0	0	0	0	0	551	0
N.S.	1	1.00	4.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.238	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	551	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.198	0.000

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	40	31	0	46	58	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.67	0.52	0.00	0.77	0.97	0.00	0.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	10.035	0.431	0.000	0.074	0.640	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	49	40	0	77	68	0	57	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.55	0.45	0.00	0.87	0.76	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.318	10.030	0.903	0.000	0.079	0.811	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	88	153	0	95	75	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	1.46	0.00	0.90	0.71	0.00	0.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	10.052	1.009	0.000	0.074	0.885	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	40	31	0	46	58	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.67	0.52	0.00	0.77	0.97	0.00	0.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	0.001	0.370	0.000	0.078	0.654	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	24	51	0	56	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.34	0.73	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	10.147	0.866	0.000	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	62	34	0	48	61	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.54	0.00	0.76	0.97	0.00	0.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	10.044	0.568	0.000	0.073	0.686	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	74	44	52	0	77	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.59	0.70	0.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	10.145	1.046	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	100	40	31	0	28	58	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.40	0.31	0.00	0.28	0.58	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	10.032	0.296	0.000	0.080	0.635	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	150	49	40	0	77	68	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.33	0.27	0.00	0.51	0.45	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.411	10.027	0.688	0.000	0.074	0.797	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	182	87	153	0	96	75	0	64	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.48	0.84	0.00	0.53	0.41	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.450	10.059	0.997	0.000	0.081	0.869	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	100	40	31	0	28	58	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.40	0.31	0.00	0.28	0.58	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.001	0.275	0.000	0.079	0.640	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	24	51	0	32	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.34	0.73	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	10.098	0.362	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	62	34	0	31	63	0	39	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.58	0.32	0.00	0.29	0.59	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	10.039	0.402	0.000	0.063	0.693	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	74	44	107	0	75	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.59	1.45	0.00	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.426	10.098	0.440	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	152	90	0	0	0	56	0	69	0
N.S.	1	1.35	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.451	10.181	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.910	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	230	183	34	221	767	109	241	239	599
N.S.	1	1.28	1.02	0.19	1.23	4.26	0.61	1.34	1.33	3.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.739	0.088	0.105	0.111	0.080	0.331	0.116	0.185	17.225

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	230	184	35	221	767	110	241	239	603
N.S.	1	1.27	1.02	0.19	1.22	4.24	0.61	1.33	1.32	3.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.668	0.054	0.101	0.116	0.087	0.341	0.129	0.187	17.353

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	95	36	109	755	110	230	101	579
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.42	1.28	8.88	1.29	2.71	1.19	6.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.033	0.102	0.110	0.085	0.339	0.116	0.199	17.405

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	95	37	109	755	110	228	101	579
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.44	1.28	8.88	1.29	2.68	1.19	6.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.026	0.100	0.107	0.086	0.340	0.113	0.192	0.260

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	33	35	39	33	41	52	31	29
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.88	0.98	0.82	1.02	1.30	0.78	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.018	0.103	0.103	0.064	0.052	0.108	0.188	0.094

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	51	44	40	39	42	49	40	33	21
N.S.	1	1.89	1.63	1.48	1.44	1.56	1.81	1.48	1.22	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.016	0.095	0.103	0.062	0.046	0.113	0.184	17.165

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	32	13	25	29	32	29	23	12
N.S.	1	1.00	2.00	0.81	1.56	1.81	2.00	1.81	1.44	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.018	0.093	0.105	0.064	0.041	0.131	0.180	0.108

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	16	13	12	12	15	12	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.81	0.75	0.75	0.94	0.75	0.75	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.007	0.092	0.104	0.059	0.044	0.110	0.185	17.122

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	60	204	100	148	138	0	67	57
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	2.72	1.33	1.97	1.84	0.00	0.89	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.025	0.200	0.112	0.095	0.175	0.000	0.192	17.667

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	B	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	106	91	204	70	151	131	0	54	43
N.S.	1	2.08	1.78	4.00	1.37	2.96	2.57	0.00	1.06	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.026	0.209	0.107	0.092	0.180	0.000	0.178	17.672

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	60	83	302	137	87	92	69	57
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	1.11	4.03	1.83	1.16	1.23	0.92	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.040	0.129	0.111	0.069	0.093	0.116	0.185	17.144

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	B	B	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	90	75	75	302	140	80	100	50	41
N.S.	1	2.09	1.74	1.74	7.02	3.26	1.86	2.33	1.16	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.025	0.119	0.109	0.066	0.094	0.129	0.185	0.095

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	25	18	17	17	22	19	17	9
N.S.	1	1.00	1.92	1.38	1.31	1.31	1.69	1.46	1.31	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.010	0.112	0.113	0.069	0.068	0.108	0.182	0.042

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	225	80	224	0	162	272	0	164	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.37	1.04	0.00	0.75	1.26	0.00	0.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.801	10.054	1.111	0.000	0.077	2.553	0.000	0.251	0.000

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	192	78	200	0	135	177	0	122	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.42	1.08	0.00	0.73	0.95	0.00	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.678	10.047	1.092	0.000	0.077	1.687	0.000	0.224	0.000

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	159	77	182	0	109	85	0	84	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.49	1.15	0.00	0.69	0.54	0.00	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.575	7.917	1.076	0.000	0.071	1.000	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	123	77	154	0	91	82	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.63	1.25	0.00	0.74	0.67	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.490	10.046	0.698	0.000	0.071	0.853	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	158	100	199	0	120	82	0	72	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.64	1.28	0.00	0.77	0.53	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.577	10.066	0.723	0.000	0.074	2.977	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	199	125	245	0	192	82	0	96	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.66	1.30	0.00	1.02	0.44	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.689	10.130	0.725	0.000	0.081	9.889	0.000	0.236	0.000

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	135	45	34	0	96	231	0	128	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.36	0.27	0.00	0.77	1.85	0.00	1.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.578	8.741	1.273	0.000	0.078	2.124	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	104	45	34	0	85	153	0	100	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.45	0.34	0.00	0.86	1.55	0.00	1.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.455	7.324	1.232	0.000	0.078	1.460	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	44	33	0	72	75	0	72	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.60	0.45	0.00	0.99	1.03	0.00	0.99	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	5.608	1.217	0.000	0.077	0.846	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	49	34	0	56	68	0	46	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.26	0.87	0.00	1.44	1.74	0.00	1.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	10.025	0.763	0.000	0.074	0.721	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	68	63	34	0	80	68	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.50	0.00	1.18	1.00	0.00	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	10.040	1.422	0.000	0.075	2.249	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	101	70	34	0	122	68	0	66	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.73	0.35	0.00	1.27	0.71	0.00	0.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.452	10.124	1.418	0.000	0.074	3.133	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	226	45	36	0	125	236	0	166	0
N.S.	1	1.88	0.38	0.30	0.00	1.04	1.97	0.00	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.707	9.284	1.682	0.000	0.074	2.506	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	160	45	36	0	110	155	0	128	0
N.S.	1	1.72	0.48	0.39	0.00	1.18	1.67	0.00	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.558	7.528	1.646	0.000	0.084	1.663	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	101	45	36	0	93	73	0	90	0
N.S.	1	1.53	0.68	0.55	0.00	1.41	1.11	0.00	1.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	6.616	1.589	0.000	0.076	0.968	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	45	36	0	71	70	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.81	2.25	0.00	4.44	4.38	0.00	1.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	10.031	0.951	0.000	0.068	0.810	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	68	64	36	0	81	70	0	39	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.03	0.58	0.00	1.31	1.13	0.00	0.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	10.045	1.023	0.000	0.071	2.070	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	127	73	36	0	165	70	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.38	0.79	0.39	0.00	1.79	0.76	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	10.086	0.951	0.000	0.072	5.281	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	193	81	36	0	246	70	0	71	0
N.S.	1	1.62	0.68	0.30	0.00	2.07	0.59	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.626	10.095	0.932	0.000	0.076	12.944	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	226	45	36	0	126	236	0	166	0
N.S.	1	1.88	0.38	0.30	0.00	1.05	1.97	0.00	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.706	9.230	1.862	0.000	0.078	2.466	0.000	0.219	0.000

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	160	45	36	0	109	155	0	128	0
N.S.	1	1.72	0.48	0.39	0.00	1.17	1.67	0.00	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.566	7.751	1.882	0.000	0.074	1.662	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	101	45	36	0	94	73	0	90	0
N.S.	1	1.53	0.68	0.55	0.00	1.42	1.11	0.00	1.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	6.128	1.824	0.000	0.066	0.961	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	45	36	0	69	70	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.29	1.03	0.00	1.97	2.00	0.00	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	10.031	1.184	0.000	0.064	0.832	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	48	64	36	0	77	70	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.36	0.77	0.00	1.64	1.49	0.00	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	10.039	1.174	0.000	0.075	2.339	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	134	73	36	0	166	70	0	53	0
N.S.	1	1.44	0.78	0.39	0.00	1.78	0.75	0.00	0.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	10.073	1.158	0.000	0.072	3.996	0.000	0.219	0.000

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	186	81	36	0	239	70	0	72	0
N.S.	1	1.55	0.68	0.30	0.00	1.99	0.58	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.605	10.074	1.171	0.000	0.079	14.560	0.000	0.243	0.000

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	259	90	36	0	326	70	0	85	0
N.S.	1	1.76	0.61	0.24	0.00	2.22	0.48	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.782	10.137	1.230	0.000	0.076	35.459	0.000	0.234	0.000

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	319	327	80	238	0	160	262	0	154	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.25	0.75	0.00	0.50	0.82	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.758	10.051	1.084	0.000	0.072	2.456	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	290	295	78	214	0	134	170	0	114	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.27	0.74	0.00	0.46	0.59	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.661	10.043	1.073	0.000	0.070	1.624	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	261	263	77	196	0	107	82	0	78	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.30	0.75	0.00	0.41	0.31	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.560	7.947	1.048	0.000	0.072	0.918	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	227	228	77	169	0	89	78	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.34	0.74	0.00	0.39	0.34	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.475	10.044	0.683	0.000	0.069	0.817	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	262	262	99	212	0	119	78	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.38	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.30	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.568	10.064	0.735	0.000	0.073	2.375	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	292	302	122	256	0	195	78	0	92	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.42	0.88	0.00	0.67	0.27	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.667	10.117	0.717	0.000	0.081	9.673	0.000	0.239	0.000

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	223	45	34	0	94	221	0	112	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.21	0.16	0.00	0.45	1.05	0.00	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.624	8.638	1.090	0.000	0.073	1.920	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	194	45	34	0	82	146	0	88	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.24	0.18	0.00	0.44	0.78	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.530	7.554	0.991	0.000	0.072	1.321	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	165	44	33	0	70	71	0	64	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.27	0.20	0.00	0.43	0.44	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	5.609	1.016	0.000	0.077	0.784	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	134	49	34	0	54	65	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.37	0.26	0.00	0.41	0.49	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.382	10.024	0.629	0.000	0.076	0.659	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	159	61	34	0	76	65	0	50	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.39	0.22	0.00	0.48	0.41	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	10.037	1.198	0.000	0.072	1.678	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	191	68	34	0	120	65	0	60	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.37	0.18	0.00	0.65	0.35	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.527	10.079	1.143	0.000	0.169	2.827	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	249	47	38	0	127	226	0	158	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.20	0.16	0.00	0.53	0.95	0.00	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.650	8.785	1.359	0.000	0.075	2.315	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	218	47	38	0	111	148	0	122	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.22	0.18	0.00	0.52	0.70	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.569	7.488	1.317	0.000	0.077	1.540	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	186	47	38	0	95	70	0	86	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.25	0.20	0.00	0.51	0.38	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.478	5.917	1.332	0.000	0.068	0.899	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 256	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	47	38	0	73	66	0	55	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.53	0.43	0.00	0.82	0.74	0.00	0.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	10.026	0.855	0.000	0.068	0.775	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 257	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	183	65	38	0	108	66	0	71	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.35	0.20	0.00	0.58	0.35	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.481	10.044	0.898	0.000	0.069	2.340	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 258	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	218	74	38	0	162	66	0	87	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.35	0.18	0.00	0.76	0.31	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.574	10.080	0.875	0.000	0.070	8.513	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 259	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	249	83	38	0	210	66	0	103	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.35	0.16	0.00	0.88	0.28	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.625	10.091	0.855	0.000	0.074	31.680	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 260	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	218	47	38	0	111	148	0	122	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.22	0.18	0.00	0.52	0.70	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.553	7.322	1.118	0.000	0.067	1.567	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 261	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	187	47	38	0	95	70	0	86	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.25	0.20	0.00	0.51	0.38	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.480	5.793	1.123	0.000	0.073	0.927	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 262	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	152	47	38	0	73	66	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.31	0.25	0.00	0.48	0.43	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	10.028	0.683	0.000	0.065	0.778	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 263	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	65	38	0	105	66	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.55	0.32	0.00	0.88	0.55	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	10.033	0.710	0.000	0.071	2.349	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 264	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	216	74	38	0	162	66	0	86	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.35	0.18	0.00	0.77	0.31	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.566	10.072	0.671	0.000	0.071	8.547	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 265	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	248	83	38	0	210	66	0	102	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.35	0.16	0.00	0.89	0.28	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.643	10.080	0.661	0.000	0.070	31.862	0.000	0.231	0.000

Problem 266	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	0	74	88	0	106	206	0	158	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.43	0.51	0.00	0.62	1.20	0.00	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	9.188	2.000	0.000	0.077	2.467	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 267	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	0	74	88	0	91	134	0	122	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.51	0.61	0.00	0.63	0.92	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	7.674	1.734	0.000	0.066	1.703	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 268	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	0	74	88	0	74	63	0	86	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.62	0.74	0.00	0.62	0.53	0.00	0.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	5.954	1.992	0.000	0.067	0.955	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 269	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	74	88	0	56	61	0	22	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.72	2.05	0.00	1.30	1.42	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	10.031	0.980	0.000	0.067	0.803	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 270	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	0	90	88	0	83	60	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.78	0.76	0.00	0.72	0.52	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	10.041	1.001	0.000	0.072	1.924	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 271	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	0	98	88	0	169	61	0	53	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.68	0.61	0.00	1.17	0.42	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	10.069	1.035	0.000	0.076	5.074	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 272	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	0	106	88	0	249	60	0	70	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.62	0.52	0.00	1.46	0.35	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	10.088	0.999	0.000	0.075	13.222	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 273	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	0	74	88	0	90	134	0	122	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.51	0.61	0.00	0.62	0.92	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	7.653	2.023	0.000	0.068	1.680	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 274	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	0	74	88	0	75	63	0	86	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.62	0.74	0.00	0.63	0.53	0.00	0.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	6.334	2.205	0.000	0.068	0.972	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 275	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	63	74	88	0	53	60	0	24	0
N.S.	1	0.71	0.83	0.99	0.00	0.60	0.67	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	10.106	1.266	0.000	0.067	0.819	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 276	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	0	90	88	0	81	60	0	39	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.23	1.21	0.00	1.11	0.82	0.00	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	10.037	1.299	0.000	0.069	1.677	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 277	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	0	98	88	0	169	60	0	54	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.68	0.61	0.00	1.17	0.41	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	10.056	1.264	0.000	0.075	3.819	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 278	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	C	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	0	106	88	0	247	60	0	71	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.62	0.51	0.00	1.44	0.35	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	10.068	1.282	0.000	0.081	11.938	0.000	0.242	0.000

Problem 279	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	C	F	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	0	114	88	0	329	60	0	86	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.58	0.45	0.00	1.67	0.30	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	10.109	1.328	0.000	0.077	35.263	0.000	0.255	0.000

Problem 280	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	254	76	90	0	138	236	0	161	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.31	0.37	0.00	0.57	0.97	0.00	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.683	8.889	2.427	0.000	0.068	2.556	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 281	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	222	76	90	0	122	155	0	125	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.35	0.41	0.00	0.56	0.71	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.573	7.568	2.154	0.000	0.062	1.685	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 282	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	189	76	90	0	106	73	0	89	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.40	0.47	0.00	0.56	0.38	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.489	6.190	2.431	0.000	0.063	0.994	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 283	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	76	90	0	87	70	0	58	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	1.00	0.00	0.97	0.78	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	10.042	1.374	0.000	0.064	0.829	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 284	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	187	91	90	0	115	70	0	73	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.48	0.47	0.00	0.61	0.37	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.487	10.049	1.365	0.000	0.063	2.888	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 285	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	222	99	90	0	168	70	0	90	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.46	0.41	0.00	0.77	0.32	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.574	10.054	1.339	0.000	0.070	9.015	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 286	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	254	107	90	0	215	70	0	105	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.44	0.37	0.00	0.88	0.29	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.656	10.086	1.328	0.000	0.070	33.281	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 287	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	222	76	90	0	121	156	0	125	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.35	0.41	0.00	0.56	0.72	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.585	7.571	1.849	0.000	0.061	1.722	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 288	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	190	76	90	0	105	73	0	89	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.40	0.47	0.00	0.55	0.38	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.489	6.112	2.072	0.000	0.064	0.982	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 289	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	156	76	90	0	84	71	0	57	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.49	0.58	0.00	0.54	0.46	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	10.034	1.028	0.000	0.063	0.847	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 290	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	123	91	90	0	111	70	0	72	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.75	0.74	0.00	0.91	0.57	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	10.028	1.064	0.000	0.067	2.946	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 291	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	220	99	90	0	167	71	0	89	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.46	0.42	0.00	0.77	0.33	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.576	10.041	1.056	0.000	0.065	9.043	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 292	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	243	253	107	90	0	216	70	0	104	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.44	0.37	0.00	0.89	0.29	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.657	10.048	1.038	0.000	0.073	33.346	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 293	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	285	115	90	0	263	71	0	121	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.43	0.33	0.00	0.97	0.26	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.731	10.070	1.076	0.000	0.068	89.756	0.000	0.236	0.000

Problem 294	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	106	106	96	94	94	110	98	101	95
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.91	0.89	0.89	1.04	0.92	0.95	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	0.016	0.103	0.026	0.057	0.026	0.137	0.179	0.049

Problem 295	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	79	72	71	71	78	73	77	71
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.91	0.90	0.90	0.99	0.92	0.97	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.012	0.100	0.026	0.055	0.023	0.107	0.173	0.033

Problem 296	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	56	56	49	48	48	56	50	53	49
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.86	0.86	1.00	0.89	0.95	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	0.009	0.100	0.026	0.060	0.020	0.111	0.179	0.025

Problem 297	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	32	27	26	26	29	26	29	26
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.84	0.81	0.81	0.91	0.81	0.91	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.002	0.059	0.027	0.060	0.017	0.108	0.180	0.044

Problem 298	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	55	47	0	131	104	50	70	45
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.85	0.00	2.38	1.89	0.91	1.27	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.026	0.115	0.000	0.071	0.150	0.130	0.181	17.015

Problem 299	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	85	78	70	0	222	138	72	139	68
N.S.	1	1.15	1.05	0.95	0.00	3.00	1.86	0.97	1.88	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.038	0.116	0.000	0.073	0.231	0.103	0.181	17.013

Problem 300	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	106	92	92	0	306	219	86	221	97
N.S.	1	1.14	0.99	0.99	0.00	3.29	2.35	0.92	2.38	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.045	0.113	0.000	0.081	0.357	0.104	0.179	17.019

Problem 301	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	131	113	113	0	424	204	111	312	129
N.S.	1	1.07	0.92	0.92	0.00	3.45	1.66	0.90	2.54	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	0.055	0.124	0.000	0.074	0.459	0.116	0.190	17.022

Problem 302	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	133	133	128	129	129	144	131	135	127
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.96	0.97	0.97	1.08	0.98	1.02	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	0.016	0.112	0.028	0.056	0.027	0.106	0.175	0.061

Problem 303	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	97	97	90	89	89	104	91	94	89
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.93	0.92	0.92	1.07	0.94	0.97	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	0.014	0.111	0.028	0.059	0.024	0.107	0.180	0.052

Problem 304	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	60	51	50	50	60	50	53	50
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.85	0.83	0.83	1.00	0.83	0.88	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.002	0.100	0.040	0.056	0.021	0.118	0.179	0.026

Problem 305	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	25	22	21	21	22	21	24	21
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.84	0.84	0.88	0.84	0.96	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	0.001	0.067	0.032	0.053	0.017	0.115	0.176	0.030

Problem 306	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	97	104	0	268	236	118	155	141
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	2.48	2.19	1.09	1.44	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.052	0.141	0.000	0.078	0.238	0.130	0.182	16.954

Problem 307	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	142	134	129	0	394	314	144	263	183
N.S.	1	1.08	1.02	0.98	0.00	3.01	2.40	1.10	2.01	1.40
time (sec)	N/A	0.778	0.079	0.125	0.000	0.072	0.427	0.151	0.173	16.944

Problem 308	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	173	154	152	0	516	257	160	377	164
N.S.	1	1.12	0.99	0.98	0.00	3.33	1.66	1.03	2.43	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.938	0.080	0.134	0.000	0.076	0.750	0.111	0.180	0.098

Problem 309	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	212	174	179	0	662	292	183	504	199
N.S.	1	1.13	0.93	0.96	0.00	3.54	1.56	0.98	2.70	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.991	0.095	0.133	0.000	0.078	1.198	0.109	0.185	17.094

Problem 310	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	226	250	200	212	0	806	335	216	631	240
N.S.	1	1.11	0.88	0.94	0.00	3.57	1.48	0.96	2.79	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	1.038	0.127	0.146	0.000	0.076	2.063	0.114	0.180	17.104

Problem 311	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	353	437	444	118	432	2878	500	510	812	4022
N.S.	1	1.24	1.26	0.33	1.22	8.15	1.42	1.44	2.30	11.39
time (sec)	N/A	1.094	0.228	0.115	0.114	9.624	1.811	0.116	0.199	17.782

Problem 312	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	278	370	360	80	342	2133	350	411	624	2712
N.S.	1	1.33	1.29	0.29	1.23	7.67	1.26	1.48	2.24	9.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.999	0.180	0.108	0.112	2.039	1.143	0.136	0.179	0.552

Problem 313	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	297	269	56	288	1480	238	319	452	1479
N.S.	1	1.35	1.22	0.25	1.31	6.73	1.08	1.45	2.05	6.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.753	0.174	0.109	0.113	0.463	0.719	0.171	0.182	17.367

Problem 314	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	230	183	34	221	767	109	241	239	599
N.S.	1	1.28	1.02	0.19	1.23	4.26	0.61	1.34	1.33	3.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.713	0.036	0.099	0.114	0.085	0.335	0.114	0.188	0.362

Problem 315	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	C	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	200	134	27	169	112	20	179	112	33
N.S.	1	1.49	1.00	0.20	1.26	0.84	0.15	1.34	0.84	0.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.609	0.014	0.090	0.109	0.069	0.071	0.124	0.180	0.086

Problem 316	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	257	336	234	253	0	4084	0	344	330	4802
N.S.	1	1.31	0.91	0.98	0.00	15.89	0.00	1.34	1.28	18.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.787	0.106	0.165	0.000	0.442	0.000	0.112	0.191	18.473

Problem 317	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	336	453	362	307	0	8409	0	531	1155	16369
N.S.	1	1.35	1.08	0.91	0.00	25.03	0.00	1.58	3.44	48.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.963	0.330	0.198	0.000	8.634	0.000	0.124	16.342	19.321

Problem 318	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	268	323	371	119	292	2116	352	430	1304	2560
N.S.	1	1.21	1.38	0.44	1.09	7.90	1.31	1.60	4.87	9.55
time (sec)	N/A	1.068	0.176	0.112	0.113	0.730	1.428	0.136	0.186	17.638

Problem 319	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	249	325	295	97	324	1596	275	350	957	1565
N.S.	1	1.31	1.18	0.39	1.30	6.41	1.10	1.41	3.84	6.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.973	0.117	0.112	0.111	0.505	0.922	0.111	0.178	0.537

Problem 320	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	264	267	67	253	873	136	268	610	637
N.S.	1	1.28	1.29	0.32	1.22	4.22	0.66	1.29	2.95	3.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.778	0.201	0.105	0.111	0.086	0.455	0.119	0.194	0.431

Problem 321	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	C	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	225	183	46	189	183	39	194	305	58
N.S.	1	1.49	1.21	0.30	1.25	1.21	0.26	1.28	2.02	0.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.658	0.083	0.096	0.109	0.066	0.138	0.130	0.177	17.069

Problem 322	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	371	689	429	334	0	9892	0	621	1438	17945
N.S.	1	1.86	1.16	0.90	0.00	26.66	0.00	1.67	3.88	48.37
time (sec)	N/A	1.378	0.202	0.201	0.000	11.082	0.000	0.125	0.214	19.520

Problem 323	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	492	864	540	402	0	15292	0	879	3860	28923
N.S.	1	1.76	1.10	0.82	0.00	31.08	0.00	1.79	7.85	58.79
time (sec)	N/A	1.854	0.380	0.277	0.000	100.166	0.000	0.157	0.237	21.289

Problem 324	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	139	118	102	0	236	170	116	167	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.81	0.70	0.00	1.62	1.16	0.79	1.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.409	0.164	0.174	0.000	0.093	0.377	0.121	0.179	0.000

Problem 325	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	117	93	80	0	188	121	88	127	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.82	0.70	0.00	1.65	1.06	0.77	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	0.118	0.147	0.000	0.083	0.303	0.117	0.186	0.000

Problem 326	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	93	74	62	0	146	100	66	91	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.87	0.73	0.00	1.72	1.18	0.78	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.078	0.137	0.000	0.076	0.264	0.125	0.178	0.000

Problem 327	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	79	77	73	0	201	94	68	165	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.99	0.94	0.00	2.58	1.21	0.87	2.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	0.113	0.157	0.000	0.081	2.885	0.129	0.194	0.000

Problem 328	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	98	84	88	0	273	403	84	223	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.98	1.02	0.00	3.17	4.69	0.98	2.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.148	0.189	0.000	0.092	4.829	0.143	0.207	0.000

Problem 329	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	91	52	49	119	81	488	58	209	96
N.S.	1	0.99	0.57	0.53	1.29	0.88	5.30	0.63	2.27	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.114	0.123	0.033	0.079	9.555	0.129	0.263	17.137

Problem 330	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	117	74	64	154	112	1469	86	288	126
N.S.	1	0.93	0.59	0.51	1.22	0.89	11.66	0.68	2.29	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	0.136	0.141	0.032	0.095	22.087	0.123	0.241	17.116

Problem 331	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	147	95	83	189	146	3738	118	367	157
N.S.	1	0.92	0.59	0.52	1.18	0.91	23.36	0.74	2.29	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.161	0.143	0.035	0.114	47.777	0.142	0.266	17.854

Problem 332	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	245	197	174	0	428	389	225	335	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.73	0.64	0.00	1.59	1.44	0.83	1.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.774	0.302	0.214	0.000	0.232	0.497	0.124	0.342	0.000

Problem 333	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	221	223	163	141	0	354	280	183	270	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.74	0.64	0.00	1.60	1.27	0.83	1.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.738	0.241	0.201	0.000	0.138	0.417	0.121	0.281	0.000

Problem 334	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	198	138	113	0	282	192	144	209	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.79	0.65	0.00	1.62	1.10	0.83	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.707	0.524	0.190	0.000	0.107	0.406	0.116	0.245	0.000

Problem 335	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	181	131	132	0	369	0	150	357	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.82	0.83	0.00	2.32	0.00	0.94	2.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.890	0.218	0.207	0.000	0.112	0.000	0.130	0.244	0.000

Problem 336	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	191	146	147	0	478	0	161	466	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.85	0.85	0.00	2.78	0.00	0.94	2.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.968	0.263	0.331	0.000	0.124	0.000	0.163	0.293	0.000

Problem 337	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	198	139	138	0	459	0	159	505	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.75	0.74	0.00	2.47	0.00	0.85	2.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.960	0.273	0.222	0.000	0.128	0.000	0.135	0.213	0.000

Problem 338	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	235	157	183	0	557	0	192	641	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.75	0.87	0.00	2.65	0.00	0.91	3.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.057	0.360	0.315	0.000	0.194	0.000	0.125	0.202	0.000

Problem 339	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	216	109	100	369	167	0	141	513	287
N.S.	1	0.94	0.47	0.43	1.60	0.72	0.00	0.61	2.22	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	1.038	0.248	0.189	0.037	0.173	0.000	0.158	0.212	17.602

Problem 340	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	280	249	142	130	428	217	0	190	636	332
N.S.	1	0.89	0.51	0.46	1.53	0.78	0.00	0.68	2.27	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	1.073	0.293	0.191	0.037	0.251	0.000	0.132	0.214	17.669

Problem 341	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	232	582	465	357	0	6742	0	0	114	0
N.S.	1	2.51	2.00	1.54	0.00	29.06	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.595	0.328	0.974	0.000	52.554	0.000	0.000	0.342	0.000

Problem 342	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	428	389	295	0	4605	0	0	82	0
N.S.	1	2.15	1.95	1.48	0.00	23.14	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.127	0.238	0.581	0.000	12.904	0.000	0.000	0.299	0.000

Problem 343	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	310	241	257	0	2793	0	0	50	0
N.S.	1	1.82	1.42	1.51	0.00	16.43	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.834	0.167	0.513	0.000	1.233	0.000	0.000	0.335	0.000

Problem 344	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	239	211	137	0	487	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.65	1.46	0.94	0.00	3.36	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.609	0.126	0.460	0.000	0.187	0.000	0.000	0.261	0.000

Problem 345	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	135	132	102	0	1225	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.76	0.00	9.07	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.088	0.488	0.000	0.282	0.000	0.000	0.266	0.000

Problem 346	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	227	247	253	0	3813	0	0	60	0
N.S.	1	1.27	1.38	1.41	0.00	21.30	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.807	0.213	0.500	0.000	11.028	0.000	0.000	0.293	0.000

Problem 347	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	367	339	315	0	6571	0	0	100	0
N.S.	1	1.65	1.53	1.42	0.00	29.60	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.097	0.387	0.665	0.000	45.745	0.000	0.000	37.226	0.000

Problem 348	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	293	564	473	408	0	0	0	0	140	0
N.S.	1	1.92	1.61	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.505	1.128	0.768	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.546	0.000

Problem 349	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	327	0	1004	426	0	0	0	436	196	0
N.S.	1	0.00	3.07	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.33	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	1.036	0.978	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.187	51.609	0.000

Problem 350	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	B	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	285	0	828	389	0	7084	0	388	154	0
N.S.	1	0.00	2.91	1.36	0.00	24.86	0.00	1.36	0.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.777	0.763	0.000	69.077	0.000	0.194	3.949	0.000

Problem 351	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	233	0	711	310	0	1935	0	0	112	0
N.S.	1	0.00	3.05	1.33	0.00	8.30	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.602	0.694	0.000	10.333	0.000	0.000	3.213	0.000

Problem 352	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	0	516	176	0	641	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	0.00	2.93	1.00	0.00	3.64	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.433	0.566	0.000	0.736	0.000	0.000	1.502	0.000

Problem 353	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	0	421	179	0	2399	0	0	31	0
N.S.	1	0.00	2.02	0.86	0.00	11.53	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.367	0.527	0.000	4.055	0.000	0.000	0.573	0.000

Problem 354	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	221	0	317	294	0	4804	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.43	1.33	0.00	21.74	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.341	0.589	0.000	25.175	0.000	0.000	0.325	0.000

Problem 355	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	280	0	708	370	0	7859	0	0	98	0
N.S.	1	0.00	2.53	1.32	0.00	28.07	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.747	0.690	0.000	171.476	0.000	0.000	15.663	0.000

Problem 356	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	341	0	913	488	0	0	0	0	163	0
N.S.	1	0.00	2.68	1.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	1.578	1.079	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	167.398	0.000

Problem 357	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	420	0	2319	538	0	0	0	1035	22	0
N.S.	1	0.00	5.52	1.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.46	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	3.116	1.384	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.218	200.033	0.000

Problem 358	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	356	0	2220	444	0	3392	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	0.00	6.24	1.25	0.00	9.53	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	2.946	1.198	0.000	143.234	0.000	0.000	200.026	0.000

Problem 359	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	266	0	1818	363	0	2082	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	0.00	6.83	1.36	0.00	7.83	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	2.354	1.060	0.000	28.791	0.000	0.000	200.031	0.000

Problem 360	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	292	0	1766	344	0	2034	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	0.00	6.05	1.18	0.00	6.97	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	2.188	1.138	0.000	21.976	0.000	0.000	200.027	0.000

Problem 361	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	249	0	1315	274	0	2526	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	0.00	5.28	1.10	0.00	10.14	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	1.493	0.643	0.000	11.700	0.000	0.000	200.027	0.000

Problem 362	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	292	0	1324	355	0	6046	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	0.00	4.53	1.22	0.00	20.71	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	1.455	0.721	0.000	117.338	0.000	0.000	200.026	0.000

Problem 363	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	319	0	1214	411	0	0	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	0.00	3.81	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	1.534	0.772	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.031	0.000

Problem 364	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	396	0	2037	548	0	0	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	0.00	5.14	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	2.531	1.023	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.027	0.000

Problem 365	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	139	118	102	0	236	170	116	167	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.82	0.71	0.00	1.64	1.18	0.81	1.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.155	0.154	0.000	0.101	0.346	0.257	0.246	0.000

Problem 366	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	117	93	80	0	188	121	88	127	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.82	0.71	0.00	1.66	1.07	0.78	1.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.123	0.149	0.000	0.097	0.297	0.257	0.232	0.000

Problem 367	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	93	82	62	0	146	100	66	91	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.96	0.73	0.00	1.72	1.18	0.78	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.357	0.192	0.137	0.000	0.086	0.258	0.225	0.257	0.000

Problem 368	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	79	75	72	0	201	94	68	165	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.97	0.94	0.00	2.61	1.22	0.88	2.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.132	0.149	0.000	0.089	2.895	0.294	0.195	0.000

Problem 369	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	98	86	88	0	277	403	87	223	0
N.S.	1	1.17	1.02	1.05	0.00	3.30	4.80	1.04	2.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.154	0.174	0.000	0.097	4.830	0.309	0.169	0.000

Problem 370	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	52	49	119	80	488	57	209	96
N.S.	1	1.00	0.57	0.54	1.31	0.88	5.36	0.63	2.30	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.108	0.123	0.033	0.096	9.667	0.277	0.174	17.412

Problem 371	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	117	74	64	154	112	1469	86	288	127
N.S.	1	0.94	0.60	0.52	1.24	0.90	11.85	0.69	2.32	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.139	0.130	0.036	0.096	22.093	0.276	0.171	17.373

Problem 372	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	147	94	83	189	146	3738	118	367	158
N.S.	1	0.93	0.59	0.53	1.20	0.92	23.66	0.75	2.32	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.160	0.145	0.035	0.126	47.787	0.294	0.196	17.508

Problem 373	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	245	197	173	0	428	382	225	335	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.73	0.64	0.00	1.59	1.41	0.83	1.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.752	0.301	0.233	0.000	0.230	0.471	0.273	0.250	0.000

Problem 374	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	221	223	163	141	0	354	269	183	270	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.74	0.64	0.00	1.60	1.22	0.83	1.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.729	0.238	0.211	0.000	0.152	0.380	0.253	0.224	0.000

Problem 375	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	198	130	113	0	282	192	144	209	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.75	0.65	0.00	1.62	1.10	0.83	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.687	0.163	0.201	0.000	0.109	0.379	0.289	0.177	0.000

Problem 376	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	180	131	131	0	369	0	150	357	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.83	0.83	0.00	2.34	0.00	0.95	2.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.865	0.220	0.244	0.000	0.111	0.000	0.297	0.174	0.000

Problem 377	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	190	146	147	0	478	0	161	466	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.85	0.86	0.00	2.80	0.00	0.94	2.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.960	0.256	0.355	0.000	0.131	0.000	0.302	0.191	0.000

Problem 378	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	197	139	138	0	459	0	159	505	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.75	0.75	0.00	2.48	0.00	0.86	2.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.960	0.283	0.239	0.000	0.142	0.000	0.287	0.180	0.000

Problem 379	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	234	158	183	0	557	0	192	641	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.76	0.88	0.00	2.68	0.00	0.92	3.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.052	0.337	0.327	0.000	0.191	0.000	0.303	0.185	0.000

Problem 380	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	228	215	109	100	369	167	0	141	513	285
N.S.	1	0.94	0.48	0.44	1.62	0.73	0.00	0.62	2.25	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	1.051	0.249	0.178	0.040	0.174	0.000	0.306	0.192	17.434

Problem 381	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	278	249	142	130	428	217	0	190	636	330
N.S.	1	0.90	0.51	0.47	1.54	0.78	0.00	0.68	2.29	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	1.090	0.310	0.192	0.037	0.257	0.000	0.303	0.200	17.701

Problem 382	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	555	742	466	990	0	6799	0	0	110	0
N.S.	1	1.34	0.84	1.78	0.00	12.25	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.040	0.339	3.100	0.000	53.718	0.000	0.000	0.352	0.000

Problem 383	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	474	551	391	826	0	4661	0	0	79	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.82	1.74	0.00	9.83	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.385	0.229	1.053	0.000	13.096	0.000	0.000	0.284	0.000

Problem 384	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	442	390	241	783	0	2849	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.55	1.77	0.00	6.45	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.041	0.158	0.782	0.000	1.298	0.000	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 385	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	263	211	551	0	503	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.74	1.92	0.00	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.696	0.118	1.112	0.000	0.212	0.000	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 386	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	370	151	132	673	0	1217	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	0.41	0.36	1.82	0.00	3.29	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	0.086	0.900	0.000	0.286	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 387	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	399	244	246	773	0	3803	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	0.61	0.62	1.94	0.00	9.53	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.968	0.194	1.013	0.000	10.930	0.000	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 388	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	494	384	335	924	0	6557	0	0	98	0
N.S.	1	0.78	0.68	1.87	0.00	13.27	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.348	0.386	1.004	0.000	46.717	0.000	0.000	35.860	0.000

Problem 389	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	627	0	1002	1175	0	0	0	437	196	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.60	1.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.70	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.945	1.655	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.322	53.719	0.000

Problem 390	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	B	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	573	0	827	1155	0	7122	0	387	154	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.44	2.02	0.00	12.43	0.00	0.68	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.699	1.457	0.000	68.677	0.000	0.823	4.050	0.000

Problem 391	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	473	0	708	871	0	1951	0	0	112	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.50	1.84	0.00	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.571	1.168	0.000	10.824	0.000	0.000	3.523	0.000

Problem 392	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	317	0	502	553	0	647	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.58	1.74	0.00	2.04	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.450	0.880	0.000	0.747	0.000	0.000	2.167	0.000

Problem 393	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	395	0	420	839	0	2397	0	0	31	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.06	2.12	0.00	6.07	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.348	1.398	0.000	3.656	0.000	0.000	0.862	0.000

Problem 394	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	464	0	314	1041	0	4777	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.68	2.24	0.00	10.30	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.322	1.316	0.000	18.116	0.000	0.000	0.383	0.000

Problem 395	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	504	0	666	1116	0	7841	0	0	98	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.32	2.21	0.00	15.56	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.889	1.950	0.000	170.297	0.000	0.000	16.802	0.000

Problem 396	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	630	0	910	1382	0	0	0	0	163	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.44	2.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	1.358	2.849	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	170.883	0.000

Problem 397	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	748	0	2315	1517	0	0	0	1035	21	0
N.S.	1	0.00	3.09	2.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.38	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	3.294	2.520	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.227	200.029	0.000

Problem 398	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	632	0	2216	1244	0	0	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	0.00	3.51	1.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	3.086	1.943	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.032	0.000

Problem 399	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	505	0	1814	993	0	2105	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	0.00	3.59	1.97	0.00	4.17	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	2.419	1.434	0.000	28.541	0.000	0.000	200.029	0.000

Problem 400	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	512	0	1763	982	0	2045	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	0.00	3.44	1.92	0.00	3.99	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	2.274	1.413	0.000	21.003	0.000	0.000	200.035	0.000

Problem 401	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	435	0	1310	925	0	2534	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	0.00	3.01	2.13	0.00	5.83	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	1.592	1.638	0.000	11.136	0.000	0.000	200.031	0.000

Problem 402	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	512	0	1323	1210	0	6035	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	0.00	2.58	2.36	0.00	11.79	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	1.560	2.095	0.000	107.948	0.000	0.000	200.025	0.000

Problem 403	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	596	0	1211	1843	0	0	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	0.00	2.03	3.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	1.549	2.396	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.032	0.000

Problem 404	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	668	0	1993	1598	0	0	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	0.00	2.98	2.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	2.421	2.956	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.027	0.000

Problem 405	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	213	213	141	222	0	167	180	0	159	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.66	1.04	0.00	0.78	0.85	0.00	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.930	10.135	2.559	0.000	0.085	1.827	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 406	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	167	121	186	0	115	129	0	106	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.75	1.15	0.00	0.71	0.80	0.00	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.641	10.075	1.592	0.000	0.100	1.397	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 407	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	123	77	154	0	91	82	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.63	1.25	0.00	0.74	0.67	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.514	0.011	0.681	0.000	0.100	0.848	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 408	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	72	64	0	26	37	0	22	38
N.S.	1	1.00	1.36	1.21	0.00	0.49	0.70	0.00	0.42	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	10.031	0.290	0.000	0.078	0.402	0.000	0.164	17.192

Problem 409	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	91	97	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.26	1.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	10.160	0.467	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 410	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	299	280	508	523	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.70	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.247	10.725	0.651	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 411	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	425	417	321	961	0	0	0	0	86	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.76	2.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.090	10.958	1.090	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.500	0.000

Problem 412	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	563	566	458	1420	0	0	0	0	110	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.81	2.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.191	11.401	1.594	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.651	0.000

Problem 413	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	226	252	143	278	0	271	0	0	391	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.63	1.23	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	1.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.998	10.112	1.854	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.241	0.000

Problem 414	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	209	126	233	0	171	0	0	277	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.71	1.31	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	1.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.747	10.078	1.082	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 415	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	158	100	199	0	120	82	0	72	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.64	1.28	0.00	0.77	0.53	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.596	0.016	0.743	0.000	0.091	3.094	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 416	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	56	90	0	66	37	0	32	38
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	1.17	0.00	0.86	0.48	0.00	0.42	0.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	5.153	0.302	0.000	0.087	0.463	0.000	0.169	17.175

Problem 417	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	278	266	285	431	0	0	0	0	60	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.03	1.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.981	10.381	0.472	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.438	0.000

Problem 418	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	420	604	332	865	0	0	0	0	101	0
N.S.	1	1.44	0.79	2.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.726	10.645	0.691	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.604	0.000

Problem 419	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	562	1066	461	1324	0	0	0	0	142	0
N.S.	1	1.90	0.82	2.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.291	11.101	1.205	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.876	0.000

Problem 420	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	B	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	713	1700	602	1797	0	0	0	0	183	0
N.S.	1	2.38	0.84	2.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	5.701	11.548	1.563	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.229	0.000

Problem 421	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	386	386	180	286	0	204	214	0	223	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.47	0.74	0.00	0.53	0.55	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.221	10.197	3.940	0.000	0.083	2.166	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 422	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	329	322	140	235	0	166	173	0	148	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.43	0.71	0.00	0.50	0.53	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.885	10.102	2.575	0.000	0.076	1.674	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 423	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	272	120	200	0	114	124	0	99	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.45	0.76	0.00	0.43	0.47	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.608	10.068	1.801	0.000	0.078	1.304	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 424	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	227	228	77	169	0	89	78	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.34	0.74	0.00	0.39	0.34	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.509	0.009	0.677	0.000	0.076	0.793	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 425	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	336	360	95	107	0	0	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.28	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.869	10.147	0.487	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 426	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	581	569	522	556	0	0	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.786	10.597	0.661	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 427	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	729	700	332	1018	0	0	0	0	83	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.46	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.802	10.884	1.099	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.775	0.000

Problem 428	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	125	78	160	0	87	73	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.62	1.28	0.00	0.70	0.58	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.493	10.037	0.711	0.000	0.077	0.858	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 429	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	92	99	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.26	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	10.168	0.486	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 430	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	236	80	175	0	97	83	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.34	0.74	0.00	0.41	0.35	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.480	10.038	0.746	0.000	0.070	0.812	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 431	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	345	369	98	110	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.28	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.810	10.151	0.471	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 432	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	40	79	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.318	10.135	0.587	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 433	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	299	338	50	86	0	0	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.17	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.832	10.110	0.718	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 434	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	59	78	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.48	1.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	10.136	0.487	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 435	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	300	318	65	86	0	0	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.22	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.794	10.122	0.484	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.175	0.000

Problem 436	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	567	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	261	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.626	0.000

Problem 437	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	499	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	177	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.429	0.000

Problem 438	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	458	519	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.996	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 439	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	490	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.451	0.000

Problem 440	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	382	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.710	0.000

Problem 441	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	506	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1641	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.198	0.000

Problem 442	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	623	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	73	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.925	0.000

Problem 443	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	716	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	559	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.100	0.000

Problem 444	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	634	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	441	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.815	0.000

Problem 445	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	580	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	327	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.680	0.000

Problem 446	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	597	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	719	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.148	0.000

Problem 447	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	598	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	111	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.402	0.000

Problem 448	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	639	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.315	0.000

Problem 449	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	580	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.788	0.000

Problem 450	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	714	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	31.604	0.000

Problem 451	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	518	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.671	0.000

Problem 452	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	465	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.300	0.000

Problem 453	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	268	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 454	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	134	0	0	0	0	0	0	46	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.549	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 455	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	337	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.235	0.000

Problem 456	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	464	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	94	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.273	0.000

Problem 457	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	570	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	118	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.069	0.000

Problem 458	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	627	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1062	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.644	0.000

Problem 459	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	538	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	828	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.083	0.000

Problem 460	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	369	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	353	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.376	0.000

Problem 461	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	137	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.307	0.000

Problem 462	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	390	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.048	0.000

Problem 463	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	464	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	109	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.176	0.000

Problem 464	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	584	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	150	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.453	0.000

Problem 465	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	719	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	21.640	0.000

Problem 466	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	531	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	13.774	0.000

Problem 467	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	404	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.108	0.000

Problem 468	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	411	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.751	0.000

Problem 469	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	438	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.713	0.000

Problem 470	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	525	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	94	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.776	0.000

Problem 471	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	657	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	152	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	10.812	0.000

Problem 472	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	793	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	210	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	170.021	0.000

Problem 473	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.249	0.000

Problem 474	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	321	299	106	0	0	0	88	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.989	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.000	24.095	0.000	0.238	0.000

Problem 475	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	134	75	0	0	0	53	0	929	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00	6.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.430	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.845	0.000	0.225	0.000

Problem 476	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	44	0	0	0	22	0	94	41
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	2.14	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.026	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.009	0.000	0.205	17.775

Problem 477	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	136	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.458	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 478	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	351	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.320	0.000

Problem 479	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	553	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.346	0.000

Problem 480	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	21	19	21	21	0	21	1249	21
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.00	1.11	1.11	0.00	1.11	65.74	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.148	0.085	0.072	0.099	0.000	0.224	0.292	17.256

Problem 481	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	218	136	0	0	0	167	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.788	0.579	0.000	0.000	0.000	58.616	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 482	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	158	106	0	0	0	119	0	1509	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00	10.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.558	0.558	0.000	0.000	0.000	32.908	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 483	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	96	75	0	0	0	75	0	535	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.78	0.00	5.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.435	0.000	0.000	0.000	16.156	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 484	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	44	0	0	0	34	0	94	41
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00	2.14	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.056	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.515	0.000	0.190	17.132

Problem 485	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	123	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.483	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 486	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	189	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.628	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.261	0.000

Problem 487	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	122	86	75	0	0	129	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.73	0.64	0.00	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.566	0.856	2.564	0.000	0.000	51.945	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 488	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	94	65	56	0	0	94	0	1320	0
N.S.	1	1.19	0.82	0.71	0.00	0.00	1.19	0.00	16.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.807	1.280	0.000	0.000	28.031	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 489	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	42	37	0	0	61	0	484	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	1.45	0.00	11.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.288	0.550	0.651	0.000	0.000	13.809	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 490	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	C	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	18	17	0	0	29	0	90	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	1.61	0.00	5.00	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.048	0.229	0.000	0.000	3.083	0.000	0.181	0.076

Problem 491	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 492	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.450	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 493	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	101	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.464	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.230	0.000

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [321] had the largest ratio of [1]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
2	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
3	A	1	1	1.00	21	0.048
4	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
5	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
6	A	1	1	1.00	28	0.036
7	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
8	A	3	3	1.32	27	0.111
9	A	6	6	1.47	26	0.231
10	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
11	A	5	5	1.00	19	0.263
12	A	5	5	1.00	19	0.263
13	A	4	4	1.00	21	0.190
14	A	5	5	1.00	25	0.200
15	A	5	5	1.00	26	0.192
16	A	4	4	1.00	28	0.143
17	A	6	6	0.74	25	0.240
18	A	7	7	1.45	26	0.269
19	A	9	9	1.37	27	0.333
20	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
21	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
23	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
24	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
25	A	7	7	1.04	24	0.292
26	A	9	9	1.13	24	0.375
27	A	7	6	1.00	26	0.231
28	A	4	3	1.00	26	0.115
29	A	5	4	1.00	26	0.154
30	A	9	8	1.10	26	0.308
31	A	11	11	1.58	26	0.423
32	A	11	11	1.55	27	0.407
33	A	11	11	1.55	34	0.324
34	A	15	15	1.49	26	0.577
35	A	14	14	1.56	26	0.538
36	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
37	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
38	A	7	7	1.45	26	0.269
39	B	12	12	3.28	26	0.462
40	A	12	12	1.32	26	0.462
41	A	14	14	1.28	26	0.538
42	A	17	17	1.29	26	0.654
43	A	21	21	1.56	26	0.808
44	A	18	18	1.61	26	0.692
45	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
46	A	4	4	1.05	16	0.250
47	A	12	12	1.56	26	0.462
48	A	9	9	1.45	26	0.346
49	A	10	10	1.35	26	0.385
50	A	6	6	1.48	26	0.231
51	A	14	14	1.29	26	0.538
52	A	16	16	1.26	26	0.615
53	A	18	18	1.25	26	0.692

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	12	12	1.44	26	0.462
55	A	9	9	1.45	26	0.346
56	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
57	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
58	A	6	6	1.47	26	0.231
59	A	12	12	1.30	26	0.462
60	A	14	14	1.30	26	0.538
61	A	9	9	1.37	26	0.346
62	A	11	11	1.58	26	0.423
63	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
64	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
65	A	14	14	1.52	26	0.538
66	A	16	16	1.45	26	0.615
67	A	18	18	1.41	26	0.692
68	A	11	11	1.37	26	0.423
69	A	11	11	1.31	26	0.423
70	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
71	A	4	4	1.07	16	0.250
72	A	18	18	1.60	26	0.692
73	A	19	19	1.54	26	0.731
74	A	22	22	1.50	26	0.846
75	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
76	A	4	4	1.06	19	0.211
77	B	3	3	5.04	15	0.200
78	B	1	1	2.42	17	0.059
79	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
80	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
81	B	12	12	3.24	27	0.444
82	B	12	12	3.19	26	0.462
83	B	12	12	3.24	34	0.353
84	A	16	16	1.49	27	0.593
85	A	14	14	1.56	27	0.519

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
87	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
88	A	3	3	1.32	27	0.111
89	A	11	11	1.58	27	0.407
90	A	11	11	1.31	27	0.407
91	A	13	13	1.26	27	0.481
92	A	15	15	1.27	27	0.556
93	A	19	19	1.56	27	0.704
94	A	17	17	1.61	27	0.630
95	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
96	A	4	4	1.05	16	0.250
97	A	11	11	1.56	27	0.407
98	A	9	9	1.45	27	0.333
99	A	9	9	1.34	27	0.333
100	A	7	7	1.47	27	0.259
101	A	14	14	1.28	27	0.519
102	A	16	16	1.24	27	0.593
103	A	18	18	1.23	27	0.667
104	A	11	11	1.44	27	0.407
105	A	9	9	1.45	27	0.333
106	A	6	6	0.74	25	0.240
107	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
108	A	9	9	1.37	27	0.333
109	A	11	11	1.28	27	0.407
110	A	13	13	1.29	27	0.481
111	A	12	12	1.37	27	0.444
112	A	10	10	1.36	27	0.370
113	B	12	12	3.28	27	0.444
114	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
115	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
116	A	14	14	1.49	27	0.519
117	A	16	16	1.44	27	0.593

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	A	17	17	1.38	27	0.630
119	A	12	12	1.36	27	0.444
120	A	12	12	1.30	27	0.444
121	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
122	A	4	4	1.07	16	0.250
123	A	18	18	1.61	27	0.667
124	A	19	19	1.53	27	0.704
125	A	21	21	1.49	27	0.778
126	A	5	5	1.00	19	0.263
127	A	6	6	1.13	21	0.286
128	A	1	1	1.36	17	0.059
129	A	1	1	0.73	19	0.053
130	A	12	11	0.88	28	0.393
131	A	9	8	0.90	28	0.286
132	A	6	5	0.96	28	0.179
133	A	5	4	1.13	28	0.143
134	A	7	6	1.11	28	0.214
135	A	5	4	1.20	28	0.143
136	A	6	5	1.16	28	0.179
137	A	15	14	0.83	28	0.500
138	A	13	12	0.83	28	0.429
139	A	10	9	0.84	28	0.321
140	A	7	6	0.86	28	0.214
141	A	6	5	0.98	28	0.179
142	A	9	8	0.98	28	0.286
143	A	9	8	1.06	28	0.286
144	A	6	5	1.17	28	0.179
145	A	7	6	1.14	28	0.214
146	A	14	13	1.11	28	0.464
147	A	15	14	1.10	28	0.500
148	A	2	2	1.00	9	0.222
149	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
150	A	11	10	0.96	28	0.357
151	A	8	7	1.02	28	0.250
152	A	5	4	1.13	28	0.143
153	A	4	3	1.59	28	0.107
154	A	4	3	1.44	28	0.107
155	A	5	4	1.20	28	0.143
156	A	9	8	1.16	28	0.286
157	A	10	9	0.92	29	0.310
158	A	8	7	0.96	29	0.241
159	A	5	4	1.08	29	0.138
160	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
161	A	5	4	1.06	29	0.138
162	A	8	7	1.05	29	0.241
163	A	10	9	1.05	29	0.310
164	A	12	11	0.91	29	0.379
165	A	10	9	0.93	29	0.310
166	A	7	6	1.00	29	0.207
167	A	3	3	1.24	29	0.103
168	A	3	3	1.08	29	0.103
169	A	9	8	0.98	29	0.276
170	A	11	10	0.99	29	0.345
171	A	13	12	1.00	29	0.414
172	A	14	13	1.00	29	0.448
173	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
174	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
175	A	4	3	2.00	21	0.143
176	A	4	3	1.76	23	0.130
177	A	4	3	1.90	19	0.158
178	A	4	3	2.00	21	0.143
179	A	2	2	1.43	19	0.105
180	A	2	2	1.48	21	0.095
181	A	2	2	1.60	31	0.065

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
182	A	1	1	1.00	11	0.091
183	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
184	A	1	1	1.00	22	0.045
185	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
186	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
187	A	1	1	1.00	24	0.042
188	A	1	1	1.00	24	0.042
189	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
190	A	5	4	1.00	19	0.211
191	A	1	1	1.00	19	0.053
192	A	5	4	1.00	21	0.190
193	A	3	3	1.00	15	0.200
194	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
195	A	4	4	1.00	23	0.174
196	A	3	3	1.00	15	0.200
197	A	5	4	1.00	17	0.235
198	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
199	A	5	4	1.00	19	0.211
200	A	6	6	1.35	19	0.316
201	A	10	9	1.28	17	0.529
202	A	10	9	1.27	18	0.500
203	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
204	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
205	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
206	A	3	3	1.89	17	0.176
207	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
208	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
209	A	4	3	1.00	27	0.111
210	B	4	4	2.08	28	0.143
211	A	4	3	1.00	21	0.143
212	B	4	4	2.09	22	0.182
213	A	3	3	1.00	15	0.200

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
214	A	13	13	1.04	20	0.650
215	A	11	11	1.03	20	0.550
216	A	9	9	1.01	20	0.450
217	A	7	7	1.00	20	0.350
218	A	9	9	1.01	20	0.450
219	A	11	11	1.06	20	0.550
220	A	11	11	1.08	19	0.579
221	A	9	9	1.05	19	0.474
222	A	7	7	1.00	19	0.368
223	A	5	5	1.00	19	0.263
224	A	7	7	1.00	19	0.368
225	A	9	9	1.05	19	0.474
226	A	18	18	1.88	22	0.818
227	A	14	14	1.72	22	0.636
228	A	9	9	1.53	22	0.409
229	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
230	A	7	7	1.10	22	0.318
231	A	12	12	1.38	22	0.545
232	A	16	16	1.62	22	0.727
233	A	18	18	1.88	23	0.783
234	A	13	13	1.72	23	0.565
235	A	10	10	1.53	23	0.435
236	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
237	A	5	5	1.02	23	0.217
238	A	12	12	1.44	23	0.522
239	A	16	16	1.55	23	0.696
240	A	21	21	1.76	23	0.913
241	A	10	10	1.03	19	0.526
242	A	8	8	1.02	19	0.421
243	A	6	6	1.01	19	0.316
244	A	4	4	1.00	19	0.211
245	A	6	6	1.00	19	0.316

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
246	A	8	8	1.03	19	0.421
247	A	10	10	1.06	17	0.588
248	A	8	8	1.04	17	0.471
249	A	6	6	1.01	17	0.353
250	A	4	4	1.02	17	0.235
251	A	6	6	1.01	17	0.353
252	A	8	8	1.04	17	0.471
253	A	9	9	1.05	22	0.409
254	A	7	7	1.03	22	0.318
255	A	5	5	1.00	22	0.227
256	A	1	1	1.00	22	0.045
257	A	5	5	0.98	22	0.227
258	A	7	7	1.03	22	0.318
259	A	9	9	1.05	22	0.409
260	A	7	7	1.03	21	0.333
261	A	5	5	1.01	21	0.238
262	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
263	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
264	A	7	7	1.02	21	0.333
265	A	9	9	1.05	21	0.429
266	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
267	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
268	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
269	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
270	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
271	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
272	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
273	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
274	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
275	A	6	6	0.71	22	0.273
276	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
277	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
278	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
279	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
280	A	9	9	1.04	23	0.391
281	A	7	7	1.02	23	0.304
282	A	5	5	0.99	23	0.217
283	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043
284	A	5	5	0.98	23	0.217
285	A	7	7	1.02	23	0.304
286	A	9	9	1.04	23	0.391
287	A	7	7	1.02	22	0.318
288	A	5	5	1.00	22	0.227
289	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
290	A	3	3	1.01	22	0.136
291	A	7	7	1.02	22	0.318
292	A	9	9	1.04	22	0.409
293	A	11	11	1.06	22	0.500
294	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
295	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
296	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
297	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
298	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
299	A	5	5	1.15	17	0.294
300	A	6	6	1.14	17	0.353
301	A	7	7	1.07	17	0.412
302	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
303	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
304	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
305	A	2	2	1.00	9	0.222
306	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
307	A	4	4	1.08	19	0.211
308	A	6	6	1.12	19	0.316

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
309	A	10	10	1.13	19	0.526
310	A	9	9	1.11	19	0.474
311	A	2	2	1.24	19	0.105
312	A	2	2	1.33	19	0.105
313	A	2	2	1.35	19	0.105
314	A	10	9	1.28	17	0.529
315	A	9	8	1.49	9	0.889
316	A	2	2	1.31	19	0.105
317	A	2	2	1.35	19	0.105
318	A	14	13	1.21	19	0.684
319	A	14	13	1.31	19	0.684
320	A	12	11	1.28	17	0.647
321	A	10	9	1.49	9	1.000
322	A	2	2	1.86	19	0.105
323	A	2	2	1.76	19	0.105
324	A	7	6	0.95	20	0.300
325	A	7	6	1.03	20	0.300
326	A	5	4	1.09	20	0.200
327	A	7	6	1.01	20	0.300
328	A	7	6	1.14	20	0.300
329	A	3	3	0.99	20	0.150
330	A	4	4	0.93	20	0.200
331	A	5	5	0.92	20	0.250
332	A	11	10	0.91	22	0.455
333	A	10	9	1.01	22	0.409
334	A	8	7	1.14	22	0.318
335	A	8	7	1.14	22	0.318
336	A	10	9	1.11	22	0.409
337	A	10	9	1.06	22	0.409
338	A	12	11	1.12	22	0.500
339	A	9	9	0.94	22	0.409
340	A	9	9	0.89	22	0.409

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
341	B	15	14	2.51	22	0.636
342	B	13	12	2.15	22	0.545
343	A	11	10	1.82	22	0.455
344	A	9	8	1.65	22	0.364
345	A	6	5	1.00	22	0.227
346	A	4	4	1.27	22	0.182
347	A	5	5	1.65	22	0.227
348	A	6	6	1.92	22	0.273
349	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
350	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
351	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
352	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
353	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
354	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
355	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
356	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
357	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
358	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
359	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
360	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
361	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
362	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
363	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
364	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
365	A	7	6	0.97	19	0.316
366	A	7	6	1.04	19	0.316
367	A	5	4	1.09	19	0.211
368	A	6	5	1.03	19	0.263
369	A	8	7	1.17	19	0.368
370	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
371	A	4	4	0.94	19	0.211
372	A	5	5	0.93	19	0.263
373	A	11	10	0.91	21	0.476
374	A	10	9	1.01	21	0.429
375	A	8	7	1.14	21	0.333
376	A	8	7	1.14	21	0.333
377	A	10	9	1.11	21	0.429
378	A	10	9	1.06	21	0.429
379	A	12	11	1.12	21	0.524
380	A	11	11	0.94	21	0.524
381	A	10	10	0.90	21	0.476
382	A	15	14	1.34	21	0.667
383	A	13	12	1.16	21	0.571
384	A	11	10	0.88	21	0.476
385	A	9	8	0.92	21	0.381
386	A	6	5	0.41	21	0.238
387	A	4	4	0.61	21	0.190
388	A	5	5	0.78	21	0.238
389	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
390	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
391	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
392	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
393	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
394	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
395	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
396	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
397	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
398	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
399	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
400	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
401	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
402	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
403	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
404	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
405	A	11	11	1.00	22	0.500
406	A	9	9	1.03	22	0.409
407	A	7	7	1.00	20	0.350
408	A	2	2	1.00	12	0.167
409	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
410	A	12	12	0.94	22	0.545
411	A	13	13	0.98	22	0.591
412	A	14	14	1.01	22	0.636
413	A	11	11	1.12	22	0.500
414	A	10	10	1.17	22	0.455
415	A	9	9	1.01	20	0.450
416	A	3	3	1.00	12	0.250
417	A	14	14	0.96	22	0.636
418	A	2	2	1.44	22	0.091
419	A	2	2	1.90	22	0.091
420	B	2	2	2.38	22	0.091
421	A	8	8	1.00	21	0.381
422	A	7	7	0.98	21	0.333
423	A	5	5	1.03	21	0.238
424	A	4	4	1.00	19	0.211
425	A	4	4	1.07	21	0.190
426	A	9	9	0.98	21	0.429
427	A	11	11	0.96	21	0.524
428	A	7	7	1.00	21	0.333
429	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
430	A	4	4	1.00	22	0.182
431	A	4	4	1.07	24	0.167
432	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
433	A	4	4	1.13	21	0.190

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
434	A	1	1	1.00	22	0.045
435	A	4	4	1.06	21	0.190
436	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
437	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
438	A	17	16	1.13	24	0.667
439	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
440	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
441	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
442	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
443	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
444	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
445	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
446	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
447	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
448	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
449	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
450	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
451	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
452	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
453	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
454	A	6	5	0.98	24	0.208
455	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
456	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
457	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
458	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
459	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
460	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
461	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
462	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
463	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
464	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
465	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
466	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
467	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
468	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
469	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
470	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
471	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
472	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
473	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
474	A	6	6	0.93	19	0.316
475	A	4	4	0.94	17	0.235
476	A	2	2	1.00	9	0.222
477	A	4	4	1.00	19	0.211
478	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
479	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
480	N/A	1	0	1.00	19	0.000
481	A	3	3	1.15	19	0.158
482	A	4	4	1.11	19	0.211
483	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
484	A	2	2	1.00	9	0.222
485	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
486	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
487	A	3	3	1.03	19	0.158
488	A	4	4	1.19	19	0.211
489	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
490	A	1	1	1.00	9	0.111
491	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
492	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
493	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

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3.4	$\int \frac{1+e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}} dx$	219
3.5	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}}{1-e^2x^2} dx$	224
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3.7	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	234
3.8	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{d-ex^2} dx$	240
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3.10	$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	253
3.11	$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$	258
3.12	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1+x^2} dx$	264
3.13	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx$	270
3.14	$\int \frac{1-e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}} dx$	275
3.15	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}}{1+e^2x^2} dx$	281
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3.18	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{d+ex^2} dx$	299
3.19	$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	306
3.20	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	314
3.21	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^4}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$	319
3.22	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$	325

3.23	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$	331
3.24	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$	336
3.25	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx$	341
3.26	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx$	348
3.27	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$	356
3.28	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$	362
3.29	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx$	367
3.30	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx$	373
3.31	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	381
3.32	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{(d-ex^2)^2} dx$	389
3.33	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	397
3.34	$\int (d+ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$	406
3.35	$\int (d+ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$	416
3.36	$\int (d+ex^2) \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$	426
3.37	$\int \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$	431
3.38	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{d+ex^2} dx$	437
3.39	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	444
3.40	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	453
3.41	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{(d+ex^2)^4} dx$	462
3.42	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{(d+ex^2)^5} dx$	472
3.43	$\int (d+ex^2)^3 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	484
3.44	$\int (d+ex^2)^2 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	495
3.45	$\int (d+ex^2) (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	506
3.46	$\int (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	512
3.47	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{d+ex^2} dx$	518
3.48	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	527
3.49	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	535
3.50	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^4} dx$	543
3.51	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^5} dx$	549
3.52	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^6} dx$	559
3.53	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^7} dx$	570

3.54	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	583
3.55	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	592
3.56	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	600
3.57	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	606
3.58	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	611
3.59	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	618
3.60	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	627
3.61	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	638
3.62	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	645
3.63	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	653
3.64	$\int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	658
3.65	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	663
3.66	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	673
3.67	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	684
3.68	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	700
3.69	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	709
3.70	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	718
3.71	$\int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	723
3.72	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	729
3.73	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	742
3.74	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	756
3.75	$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$	784
3.76	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$	789
3.77	$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$	794
3.78	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$	800
3.79	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a+cx^4}} dx$	805
3.80	$\int \frac{1+\sqrt{\frac{c}{a}x^2}}{\sqrt{-a+cx^4}} dx$	811
3.81	$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	817
3.82	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	826
3.83	$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	835
3.84	$\int (d-ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$	844

3.85	$\int (d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$	854
3.86	$\int (d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$	864
3.87	$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$	869
3.88	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{d - ex^2} dx$	875
3.89	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx$	881
3.90	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx$	889
3.91	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx$	898
3.92	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx$	908
3.93	$\int (d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	919
3.94	$\int (d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	930
3.95	$\int (d - ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	940
3.96	$\int (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	946
3.97	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{d - ex^2} dx$	952
3.98	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx$	961
3.99	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx$	968
3.100	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx$	976
3.101	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx$	983
3.102	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^6} dx$	993
3.103	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^7} dx$	1004
3.104	$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$	1017
3.105	$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$	1026
3.106	$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$	1034
3.107	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$	1041
3.108	$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$	1046
3.109	$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$	1054
3.110	$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$	1063
3.111	$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^4}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1074
3.112	$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1083
3.113	$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1091
3.114	$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1100
3.115	$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1105

3.116	$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1110
3.117	$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1120
3.118	$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1131
3.119	$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1144
3.120	$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1153
3.121	$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1162
3.122	$\int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1167
3.123	$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1173
3.124	$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1187
3.125	$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1201
3.126	$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$	1222
3.127	$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$	1228
3.128	$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$	1234
3.129	$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$	1239
3.130	$\int (d+ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$	1244
3.131	$\int (d+ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$	1252
3.132	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$	1260
3.133	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1267
3.134	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1273
3.135	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1280
3.136	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1286
3.137	$\int (d+ex^2)^{5/2} (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	1293
3.138	$\int (d+ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	1302
3.139	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2} (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	1311
3.140	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1319
3.141	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1326
3.142	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1332
3.143	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1340
3.144	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$	1348
3.145	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$	1355
3.146	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{13/2}} dx$	1363

3.147	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{15/2}} dx$	1373
3.148	$\int \sqrt{1 + x^2} dx$	1384
3.149	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$	1389
3.150	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	1394
3.151	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	1402
3.152	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	1409
3.153	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	1415
3.154	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	1421
3.155	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	1427
3.156	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$	1434
3.157	$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1442
3.158	$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1450
3.159	$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1457
3.160	$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1463
3.161	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1468
3.162	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1474
3.163	$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1482
3.164	$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{13/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1491
3.165	$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{11/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1499
3.166	$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1507
3.167	$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1514
3.168	$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1519
3.169	$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1524
3.170	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1532
3.171	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1541
3.172	$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1551
3.173	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$	1562
3.174	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$	1567
3.175	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$	1572

3.176	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$	1577
3.177	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$	1582
3.178	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$	1587
3.179	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$	1592
3.180	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$	1597
3.181	$\int \frac{-\sqrt{-1+x^2}+\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$	1602
3.182	$\int \left(\frac{3}{2} - 3x^2\right)^p dx$	1607
3.183	$\int (2 + 4x^2)^{-p} (3 - 12x^4)^p dx$	1612
3.184	$\int (2 - ex^2)^p (2 + ex^2)^{p+q} dx$	1617
3.185	$\int (2 + ex^2)^q (4 - e^2x^4)^p dx$	1622
3.186	$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$	1627
3.187	$\int \frac{1-e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1+e^4x^4}} dx$	1632
3.188	$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}} dx$	1637
3.189	$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$	1642
3.190	$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$	1647
3.191	$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx$	1653
3.192	$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx$	1658
3.193	$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$	1664
3.194	$\int \frac{1+e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1+e^4x^4}} dx$	1670
3.195	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}} dx$	1676
3.196	$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$	1682
3.197	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$	1688
3.198	$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx$	1694
3.199	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx$	1700
3.200	$\int \frac{A+Cx^4}{(a+bx^2)^{5/4}} dx$	1706
3.201	$\int \frac{c+dx^2}{a+bx^4} dx$	1713
3.202	$\int \frac{c-dx^2}{a+bx^4} dx$	1725
3.203	$\int \frac{c+dx^2}{a-bx^4} dx$	1737
3.204	$\int \frac{c-dx^2}{a-bx^4} dx$	1745
3.205	$\int \frac{2+3x^2}{4+9x^4} dx$	1753
3.206	$\int \frac{2-3x^2}{4+9x^4} dx$	1759
3.207	$\int \frac{2+3x^2}{4-9x^4} dx$	1765
3.208	$\int \frac{2-3x^2}{4-9x^4} dx$	1770
3.209	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b+bx^2}}{a+bx^4} dx$	1775

3.210	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b-bx^2}}{a+bx^4} dx$	1781
3.211	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{d^2+e^2x^4} dx$	1788
3.212	$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{d^2+e^2x^4} dx$	1795
3.213	$\int \frac{5+2x^2}{-1+x^4} dx$	1802
3.214	$\int (d+ex^2)(a-cx^4)^{5/2} dx$	1807
3.215	$\int (d+ex^2)(a-cx^4)^{3/2} dx$	1817
3.216	$\int (d+ex^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4} dx$	1826
3.217	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	1834
3.218	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1841
3.219	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1849
3.220	$\int (d+ex^2)(9-x^4)^{5/2} dx$	1857
3.221	$\int (d+ex^2)(9-x^4)^{3/2} dx$	1866
3.222	$\int (d+ex^2)\sqrt{9-x^4} dx$	1873
3.223	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx$	1880
3.224	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9-x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1886
3.225	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9-x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1893
3.226	$\int (1+bx^2)(1-b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx$	1900
3.227	$\int (1+bx^2)(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	1910
3.228	$\int (1+bx^2)\sqrt{1-b^2x^4} dx$	1919
3.229	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx$	1927
3.230	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1932
3.231	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1939
3.232	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	1947
3.233	$\int (1-bx^2)(1-b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx$	1956
3.234	$\int (1-bx^2)(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	1966
3.235	$\int (1-bx^2)\sqrt{1-b^2x^4} dx$	1975
3.236	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx$	1983
3.237	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	1989
3.238	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	1995
3.239	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	2003
3.240	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx$	2012
3.241	$\int (d+ex^2)(a+cx^4)^{5/2} dx$	2022
3.242	$\int (d+ex^2)(a+cx^4)^{3/2} dx$	2031
3.243	$\int (d+ex^2)\sqrt{a+cx^4} dx$	2039

3.244	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	2046
3.245	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2053
3.246	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2060
3.247	$\int (d+ex^2)(9+x^4)^{5/2} dx$	2068
3.248	$\int (d+ex^2)(9+x^4)^{3/2} dx$	2076
3.249	$\int (d+ex^2)\sqrt{9+x^4} dx$	2083
3.250	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{9+x^4}} dx$	2090
3.251	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9+x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2096
3.252	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9+x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2103
3.253	$\int (1-bx^2)(1+b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx$	2110
3.254	$\int (1-bx^2)(1+b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	2118
3.255	$\int (1-bx^2)\sqrt{1+b^2x^4} dx$	2125
3.256	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} dx$	2132
3.257	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2137
3.258	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2144
3.259	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	2151
3.260	$\int (1+bx^2)(1+b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	2158
3.261	$\int (1+bx^2)\sqrt{1+b^2x^4} dx$	2165
3.262	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} dx$	2172
3.263	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2178
3.264	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2184
3.265	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	2191
3.266	$\int (1+bx^2)(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx$	2198
3.267	$\int (1+bx^2)(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	2204
3.268	$\int (1+bx^2)\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4} dx$	2210
3.269	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}} dx$	2215
3.270	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2220
3.271	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2225
3.272	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	2230
3.273	$\int (1-bx^2)(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	2235
3.274	$\int (1-bx^2)\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4} dx$	2241
3.275	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}} dx$	2246
3.276	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2252

3.277	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2257
3.278	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	2262
3.279	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx$	2267
3.280	$\int (1-bx^2)(-1-b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx$	2273
3.281	$\int (1-bx^2)(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	2281
3.282	$\int (1-bx^2)\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4} dx$	2288
3.283	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} dx$	2295
3.284	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2300
3.285	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2307
3.286	$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	2314
3.287	$\int (1+bx^2)(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$	2321
3.288	$\int (1+bx^2)\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4} dx$	2328
3.289	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} dx$	2335
3.290	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$	2341
3.291	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$	2347
3.292	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$	2354
3.293	$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx$	2361
3.294	$\int (d+ex^2)^4(a+cx^4) dx$	2370
3.295	$\int (d+ex^2)^3(a+cx^4) dx$	2376
3.296	$\int (d+ex^2)^2(a+cx^4) dx$	2382
3.297	$\int (d+ex^2)(a+cx^4) dx$	2387
3.298	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{d+ex^2} dx$	2392
3.299	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	2398
3.300	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	2404
3.301	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^4} dx$	2411
3.302	$\int (d+ex^2)^3(a+cx^4)^2 dx$	2418
3.303	$\int (d+ex^2)^2(a+cx^4)^2 dx$	2424
3.304	$\int (d+ex^2)(a+cx^4)^2 dx$	2430
3.305	$\int (a+cx^4)^2 dx$	2435
3.306	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{d+ex^2} dx$	2440
3.307	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	2446
3.308	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	2453
3.309	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^4} dx$	2461

3.310	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^5} dx$	2471
3.311	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^4}{a+cx^4} dx$	2480
3.312	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{a+cx^4} dx$	2490
3.313	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{a+cx^4} dx$	2499
3.314	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{a+cx^4} dx$	2508
3.315	$\int \frac{1}{a+cx^4} dx$	2520
3.316	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+cx^4)} dx$	2529
3.317	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+cx^4)} dx$	2537
3.318	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	2545
3.319	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	2559
3.320	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	2573
3.321	$\int \frac{1}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	2584
3.322	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	2594
3.323	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	2603
3.324	$\int (d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a-cx^4) dx$	2612
3.325	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a-cx^4) dx$	2619
3.326	$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	2626
3.327	$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2632
3.328	$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2639
3.329	$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$	2646
3.330	$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$	2653
3.331	$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$	2661
3.332	$\int (d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a-cx^4)^2 dx$	2670
3.333	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a-cx^4)^2 dx$	2681
3.334	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	2691
3.335	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2699
3.336	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2707
3.337	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$	2716
3.338	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$	2724
3.339	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$	2735
3.340	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{13/2}} dx$	2746

3.341	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{a-cx^4} dx$	2757
3.342	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{a-cx^4} dx$	2769
3.343	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{a-cx^4} dx$	2780
3.344	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a-cx^4} dx$	2789
3.345	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)} dx$	2797
3.346	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)} dx$	2804
3.347	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)} dx$	2810
3.348	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a-cx^4)} dx$	2817
3.349	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2824
3.350	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2831
3.351	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2837
3.352	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2844
3.353	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2850
3.354	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2856
3.355	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2861
3.356	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx$	2867
3.357	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2873
3.358	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2880
3.359	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2886
3.360	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2893
3.361	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2900
3.362	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2907
3.363	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2913
3.364	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^3} dx$	2919
3.365	$\int (d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+cx^4) dx$	2925
3.366	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a+cx^4) dx$	2932
3.367	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	2939
3.368	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2945
3.369	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2952
3.370	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$	2959

3.371	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$	2966
3.372	$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$	2974
3.373	$\int (d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+cx^4)^2 dx$	2983
3.374	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a+cx^4)^2 dx$	2994
3.375	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	3004
3.376	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3012
3.377	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3020
3.378	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$	3029
3.379	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$	3037
3.380	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$	3048
3.381	$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{13/2}} dx$	3059
3.382	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{a+cx^4} dx$	3071
3.383	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{a+cx^4} dx$	3084
3.384	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{a+cx^4} dx$	3095
3.385	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+cx^4} dx$	3105
3.386	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)} dx$	3114
3.387	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+cx^4)} dx$	3122
3.388	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+cx^4)} dx$	3129
3.389	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3136
3.390	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3143
3.391	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3150
3.392	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3157
3.393	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3163
3.394	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3170
3.395	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3175
3.396	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3181
3.397	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3187
3.398	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3194
3.399	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3200

3.400	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3207
3.401	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3214
3.402	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3221
3.403	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3227
3.404	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3233
3.405	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3239
3.406	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3248
3.407	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3256
3.408	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3263
3.409	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3268
3.410	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3273
3.411	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3283
3.412	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^4\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3294
3.413	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3306
3.414	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3315
3.415	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3324
3.416	$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3332
3.417	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3338
3.418	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3348
3.419	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3355
3.420	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^4(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3363
3.421	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^4}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	3371
3.422	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	3380
3.423	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	3388
3.424	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	3395
3.425	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	3402
3.426	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	3408
3.427	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$	3418
3.428	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{-a+cx^4}} dx$	3429
3.429	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{-a+cx^4}} dx$	3436
3.430	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{-a-cx^4}} dx$	3441

3.431	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{-a-cx^4}} dx$	3448
3.432	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4-5x^4}} dx$	3454
3.433	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4+5x^4}} dx$	3459
3.434	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4-dx^4}} dx$	3465
3.435	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4+dx^4}} dx$	3470
3.436	$\int (d+ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a-cx^4} dx$	3476
3.437	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2} \sqrt{a-cx^4} dx$	3481
3.438	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	3486
3.439	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3497
3.440	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3502
3.441	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$	3507
3.442	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$	3513
3.443	$\int (d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a-cx^4)^{3/2} dx$	3518
3.444	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a-cx^4)^{3/2} dx$	3523
3.445	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	3528
3.446	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3533
3.447	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3538
3.448	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$	3543
3.449	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$	3549
3.450	$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$	3555
3.451	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3561
3.452	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3566
3.453	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3571
3.454	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3576
3.455	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3582
3.456	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3587
3.457	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$	3592
3.458	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3597
3.459	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3603
3.460	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3609

3.461	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3614
3.462	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3619
3.463	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3624
3.464	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$	3629
3.465	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3634
3.466	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3640
3.467	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3646
3.468	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3652
3.469	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3658
3.470	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3663
3.471	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3668
3.472	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$	3673
3.473	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$	3678
3.474	$\int (d+ex^2)^q (a+cx^4)^2 dx$	3683
3.475	$\int (d+ex^2)^q (a+cx^4) dx$	3691
3.476	$\int (d+ex^2)^q dx$	3697
3.477	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^q}{a+cx^4} dx$	3702
3.478	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^q}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$	3707
3.479	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^q}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$	3712
3.480	$\int (c+ex^2)^q (a+bx^4)^p dx$	3717
3.481	$\int (c+dx^2)^3 (a+bx^4)^p dx$	3722
3.482	$\int (c+dx^2)^2 (a+bx^4)^p dx$	3729
3.483	$\int (c+dx^2) (a+bx^4)^p dx$	3736
3.484	$\int (a+bx^4)^p dx$	3742
3.485	$\int \frac{(a+bx^4)^p}{c+dx^2} dx$	3747
3.486	$\int \frac{(a+bx^4)^p}{(c+dx^2)^2} dx$	3752
3.487	$\int (1-x^2)^3 (1+bx^4)^p dx$	3757
3.488	$\int (1-x^2)^2 (1+bx^4)^p dx$	3764
3.489	$\int (1-x^2) (1+bx^4)^p dx$	3770
3.490	$\int (1+bx^4)^p dx$	3775
3.491	$\int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{1-x^2} dx$	3780
3.492	$\int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{(1-x^2)^2} dx$	3785
3.493	$\int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{(1-x^2)^3} dx$	3790

3.1 $\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	204
Mathematica [C] (verified)	204
Rubi [A] (verified)	205
Maple [C] (verified)	206
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	206
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	207
Maxima [F]	207
Giac [F]	208
Mupad [F(-1)]	208
Reduce [F]	208

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 4

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = E(\arcsin(x)|-1)$$

output `EllipticE(x,I)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.00

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, x^4\right) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, x^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x^2)/Sqrt[1 - x^4],x]`

output

$$x \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, x^4] + (x^3 \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, x^4])/3$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1388, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{1 - x^4}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\ & E(\arcsin(x)|-1) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(1 + x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^4], x]$$

output

$$\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[x], -1]$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 1388

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.75

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], x^4\right)}{3} + x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], x^4\right)$	27
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x, i)}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x, i))}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$	70
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x, i)}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x, i))}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$	70

input

```
int((x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*x^3*hypergeom([1/2, 3/4], [7/4], x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], [5/4], x^4)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 34 vs. $2(3) = 6$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.50

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \frac{-i x E(\arcsin(\frac{1}{x}) | -1) + 2i x F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{x}) | -1) - \sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x}$$

input

```
integrate((x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(-I*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/x), -1) + 2*I*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/x), -1) - sq
rt(-x^4 + 1))/x
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(2) = 4$.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.25

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \frac{x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \middle| x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((x**2+1)/(-x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

input `int((x^2 + 1)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^2 + 1)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x^2-1} dx \right)$$

input `int((x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int(sqrt(- x**4 + 1)/(x**2 - 1),x)`

3.2 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1-x^2} dx$

Optimal result	209
Mathematica [A] (verified)	209
Rubi [A] (verified)	210
Maple [B] (verified)	211
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	211
Sympy [F]	212
Maxima [F]	212
Giac [F]	212
Mupad [F(-1)]	213
Reduce [F]	213

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 4

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1-x^2} dx = E(\arcsin(x)|-1)$$

output `EllipticE(x,I)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1-x^2} dx = E(\arcsin(x)|-1)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - x^4]/(1 - x^2),x]`

output `EllipticE[ArcSin[x], -1]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1388, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1-x^2} dx$$

↓ 1388

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

↓ 327

$$E(\arcsin(x)|-1)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - x^4]/(1 - x^2),x]`

output `EllipticE[ArcSin[x], -1]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^ (p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^ (q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. $2(4) = 8$.

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.50

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x,i))}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$	70
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x,i))}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$	70

input `int((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(-x^2+1)^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x,I)-(-x^2+1)^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x,I)-EllipticE(x,I))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 34 vs. $2(3) = 6$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1-x^2} dx = \frac{-i x E(\arcsin(\frac{1}{x}) | -1) + 2i x F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{x}) | -1) - \sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(-I*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/x), -1) + 2*I*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/x), -1) - sqrt(-x^4 + 1))/x`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1-x^2} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{x^2-1} dx$$

input `integrate((-x**4+1)**(1/2)/(-x**2+1),x)`

output `-Integral(sqrt(1 - x**4)/(x**2 - 1), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1-x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x^2-1} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(sqrt(-x^4 + 1)/(x^2 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1-x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x^2-1} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-sqrt(-x^4 + 1)/(x^2 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1-x^2} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{x^2-1} dx$$

input `int(-(1 - x^4)^(1/2)/(x^2 - 1),x)`output `-int((1 - x^4)^(1/2)/(x^2 - 1), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1-x^2} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x^2-1} dx \right)$$

input `int((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x)`output `- int(sqrt(- x**4 + 1)/(x**2 - 1),x)`

3.3 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	214
Mathematica [A] (verified)	214
Rubi [A] (verified)	215
Maple [A] (verified)	215
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	216
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	216
Maxima [F]	217
Giac [F]	217
Mupad [F(-1)]	217
Reduce [F]	218

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 4

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = E(\arcsin(x)|-1)$$

output `EllipticE(x,I)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = E(\arcsin(x)|-1)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 + x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^2],x]`

output `EllipticE[ArcSin[x], -1]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.048$, Rules used = {327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx$$

↓ 327

$$E(\arcsin(x)|-1)$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[1 + x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^2],x]
```

output

```
EllipticE[ArcSin[x], -1]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result	size
default	$\text{EllipticE}(x, i)$	5
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x,i)}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x,i) - \text{EllipticE}(x,i))}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x^2+1} \sqrt{-x^2+1}}$	96

input `int((x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `EllipticE(x,I)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 41 vs. $2(3) = 6$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{-i x E(\arcsin(\frac{1}{x}) | -1) + 2i x F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{x}) | -1) - \sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(-I*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/x), -1) + 2*I*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/x), -1) - sqrt(x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1))/x`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 10 vs. $2(2) = 4$.

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} E(\arcsin(x)|-1) & \text{for } x > -1 \wedge x < 1 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((x**2+1)**(1/2)/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((elliptic_e(asin(x), -1), (x > -1) & (x < 1)))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

input `int((x^2 + 1)^(1/2)/(1 - x^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((x^2 + 1)^(1/2)/(1 - x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1}}{x^2-1} dx \right)$$

input `int((x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int((sqrt(-x**2 + 1)*sqrt(x**2 + 1))/(x**2 - 1),x)`

3.4 $\int \frac{1+e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	219
Mathematica [C] (verified)	219
Rubi [A] (verified)	220
Maple [C] (verified)	221
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	221
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	222
Maxima [F]	222
Giac [F]	223
Mupad [F(-1)]	223
Reduce [F]	223

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{1+e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}} dx = \frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e}$$

output `EllipticE(e*x,I)/e`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.70

$$\int \frac{1+e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, e^4x^4\right) + \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, e^4x^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + e^2*x^2)/Sqrt[1 - e^4*x^4], x]`

output

```
x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, e^4*x^4] + (e^2*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, e^4*x^4])/3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1388, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{e^2 x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx$$

↓ 1388

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2}} dx$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e}$$

input

```
Int[(1 + e^2*x^2)/Sqrt[1 - e^4*x^4], x]
```

output

```
EllipticE[ArcSin[e*x], -1]/e
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1388

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.80

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{e^2 x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], e^4 x^4\right)}{3} + x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], e^4 x^4\right)$	38
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{e^2}, i)}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{e^2}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{e^2}, i))}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}}$	118
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{e^2}, i)}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{e^2}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{e^2}, i))}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}}$	118

input

```
int((e^2*x^2+1)/(-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*e^2*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],e^4*x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],e^4*x^4)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs. $2(9) = 18$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.50

$$\int \frac{1 + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1} e^3 - \sqrt{-e^4} \left((e^2 + 1) x F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{ex}\right) \mid -1\right) - x E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{ex}\right) \mid -1\right) \right)}{e^5 x}$$

input

```
integrate((e^2*x^2+1)/(-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `-(sqrt(-e4*x4 + 1)*e3 - sqrt(-e4)*((e2 + 1)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(e*x)), -1) - x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(e*x)), -1)))/(e5*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 71 vs. $2(5) = 10$.

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.10

$$\int \frac{1 + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx = \frac{e^2 x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \right) e^4 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \right) e^4 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e**2*x**2+1)/(-e**4*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `e**2*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**4*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**4*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{e^2 x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((e2*x2+1)/(-e4*x4+1)(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e2*x2 + 1)/sqrt(-e4*x4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{e^2 x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((e^2*x^2+1)/(-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e^2*x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-e^4*x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{e^2 x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx$$

input `int((e^2*x^2 + 1)/(1 - e^4*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e^2*x^2 + 1)/(1 - e^4*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}}{e^2 x^2 - 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((e^2*x^2+1)/(-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int(sqrt(- e**4*x**4 + 1)/(e**2*x**2 - 1),x)`

3.5 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}}{1-e^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	224
Mathematica [C] (verified)	224
Rubi [A] (verified)	225
Maple [B] (verified)	226
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	226
Sympy [F]	227
Maxima [F]	227
Giac [F]	227
Mupad [F(-1)]	228
Reduce [F]	228

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}}{1-e^2x^2} dx = \frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e}$$

output `EllipticE(e*x,I)/e`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}}{1-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{iE(i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-e^2}x)|-1)}{\sqrt{-e^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - e^4*x^4]/(1 - e^2*x^2),x]`

output `((-I)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-e^2]*x], -1])/Sqrt[-e^2]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1388, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}}{1 - e^2 x^2} dx$$

↓ 1388

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2}} dx$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - e^4*x^4]/(1 - e^2*x^2),x]`

output `EllipticE[ArcSin[e*x], -1]/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^ (p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^ (q_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 117 vs. $2(10) = 20$.

Time = 2.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.80

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+1} \sqrt{e^2x^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{e^2}, i)}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+1} \sqrt{e^2x^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{e^2}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{e^2}, i))}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4x^4+1}}$	118
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+1} \sqrt{e^2x^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{e^2}, i)}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+1} \sqrt{e^2x^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{e^2}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{e^2}, i))}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4x^4+1}}$	118

input `int((-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+1), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(e^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e^2)^(1/2), I)-1/(e^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e^2)^(1/2), I)-EllipticE(x*(e^2)^(1/2), I))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs. $2(9) = 18$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}}{1-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-e^4x^4+1}e^3 - \sqrt{-e^4}((e^2+1)xF(\arcsin(\frac{1}{ex})|-1) - xE(\arcsin(\frac{1}{ex})|-1))}{e^5x}$$

input `integrate((-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+1), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(sqrt(-e^4*x^4+1)*e^3 - sqrt(-e^4)*((e^2+1)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(e*x)), -1) - x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(e*x)), -1)))/(e^5*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}}{1 - e^2 x^2} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}}{e^2 x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**4*x**4+1)**(1/2)/(-e**2*x**2+1),x)`

output `-Integral(sqrt(-e**4*x**4 + 1)/(e**2*x**2 - 1), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}}{1 - e^2 x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}}{e^2 x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(sqrt(-e^4*x^4 + 1)/(e^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}}{1 - e^2 x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}}{e^2 x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-sqrt(-e^4*x^4 + 1)/(e^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}}{1 - e^2 x^2} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}}{e^2 x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `int(-(1 - e^4*x^4)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2 - 1),x)`output `-int((1 - e^4*x^4)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2 - 1), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}}{1 - e^2 x^2} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}}{e^2 x^2 - 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+1),x)`output `- int(sqrt(- e**4*x**4 + 1)/(e**2*x**2 - 1),x)`

3.6 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	229
Mathematica [A] (verified)	229
Rubi [A] (verified)	230
Maple [C] (verified)	230
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	231
Sympy [F]	231
Maxima [F]	232
Giac [F]	232
Mupad [F(-1)]	232
Reduce [F]	233

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e}$$

output `EllipticE(e*x,I)/e`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 + e^2*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - e^2*x^2],x]`

output `EllipticE[ArcSin[e*x], -1]/e`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.036$, Rules used = {327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - e^2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 + e^2*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - e^2*x^2],x]`

output `EllipticE[ArcSin[e*x], -1]/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\text{EllipticE}(x \operatorname{csgn}(e), i) \operatorname{csgn}(e)}{e}$	15
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^4x^4+1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+1} \sqrt{e^2x^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{e^2}, i)}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+1} \sqrt{e^2x^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{e^2}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{e^2}, i))}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4x^4+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{e^2x^2+1} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+1}}$	154

input `int((e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `EllipticE(x*csgn(e)*e,I)*csgn(e)/e`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs. $2(9) = 18$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+1}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+1}e^3 - \sqrt{-e^4}\left((e^2+1)xF\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{ex}\right) \mid -1\right) - xE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{ex}\right) \mid -1\right)\right)}{e^5x}$$

input `integrate((e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + 1)*e^3 - sqrt(-e^4)*((e^2 + 1)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(e*x)), -1) - x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(e*x)), -1)))/(e^5*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+1}}{\sqrt{-(ex-1)(ex+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e**2*x**2+1)**(1/2)/(-e**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(e**2*x**2 + 1)/sqrt(-(e*x - 1)*(e*x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+1}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+1}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int((e^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2)/(1 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2)/(1 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+1} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+1}}{e^2x^2-1} dx \right)$$

input `int((e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int((sqrt(e**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(- e**2*x**2 + 1))/(e**2*x**2 - 1),x)`

3.7 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	234
Mathematica [C] (verified)	234
Rubi [A] (verified)	235
Maple [B] (verified)	236
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	237
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	237
Maxima [F]	238
Giac [F]	238
Mupad [F(-1)]	238
Reduce [F]	239

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

```
output d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) + ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) \right)}{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

```
input Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/(3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1390$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 1389$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 327$$

$$\frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]
```

output

```
(d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/ (Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1389 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/Sqrt[a] Int[Sqrt[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/Sqrt[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1390 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. $2(47) = 94$.

Time = 2.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	138
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	138

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2}dx\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \sqrt{-e^2}(d + e)x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}e}{e^2x}$$

```
input integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -(sqrt(-e^2)*d*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - sqrt(-e^2)
)*(d + e)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4
+ d^2)*e)/(e^2*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

```
input integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(
4*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_
polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d*gamma(7/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d - e*x**2),x)`

3.8 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	240
Mathematica [C] (verified)	240
Rubi [A] (verified)	241
Maple [B] (verified)	242
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	243
Sympy [F]	243
Maxima [F(-2)]	244
Giac [F]	244
Mupad [F(-1)]	244
Reduce [F]	245

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - ex^2} dx = \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output `d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),1)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - ex^2} dx = \frac{ie \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\left(-\frac{e}{d}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d - e*x^2),x]`

output

```
(I*e*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/((-
(e/d))^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1396, 329, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - ex^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{329} \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{(d - ex^2)(d + ex^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} (d - ex^2)(d + ex^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d - e*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(d^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqr
t[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*(d - e*x^2)*(d + e*x^2))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. $2(47) = 94$.

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}$	138
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}$	138

input $\text{int}((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - ex^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2} dx \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \sqrt{-e^2}(d + e)x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} e}{e^2 x}$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-(sqrt(-e^2)*d*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - sqrt(-e^2)*(d + e)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*e)/(e^2*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - ex^2} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{-d + ex^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(-e*x**2+d),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(-d + e*x**2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - e x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - e x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e x^2 - d} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 - d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - e x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - e x^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d - e*x^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d - e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - ex^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d - e*x**2),x)`

3.9 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	246
Mathematica [C] (verified)	246
Rubi [A] (verified)	247
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Sympy [F]	250
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Reduce [F]	252

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{2d^2(d+ex^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(e*x^2+d)+1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*Ellipti
cE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(d-ex^2) - id\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(d - e*x^2) - I*d*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(2*d^2*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 25, 27, 329, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{e\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{2d^2e} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{329}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(2*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))) / Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1
+ b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b
*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 187 vs. $2(78) = 156$.

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

method	result
default	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/d^2*x/e/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)+1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}ex + (e^2x^2 + de)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + ((de - e^2)x^2 + d^2 - de)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}))}{2(d^2e^2x^2 + d^3e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*e*x + (e^2*x^2 + d*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + ((d*e - e^2)*x^2 + d^2 - d*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1))/(d^2*e^2*x^2 + d^3*e)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^3x^6 - de^2x^4 + d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**3 + d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 - e**3*x**6),
x)`

3.10 $\int \frac{d-ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	253
Mathematica [C] (verified)	253
Rubi [F]	254
Maple [B] (verified)	254
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	255
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	256
Maxima [F]	256
Giac [F]	256
Mupad [F(-1)]	257
Reduce [F]	257

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(d-ex^2)}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(-e*x^2+d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),1)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3dx + 3dx\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) - 2ex^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)}{6d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(3dx + 3dx\sqrt{1 - (e^{2x^4})/d^2})\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^{2x^4})/d^2] - 2e^{3x^4}\sqrt{1 - (e^{2x^4})/d^2}\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, (e^{2x^4})/d^2]}{(6d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^{2x^4}})}$$
Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$\text{\$Aborted}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x_Symbol] \text{ :> U nintegrable}[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, p, q\}, x]$$
Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 187 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{(x^2+\frac{d}{e})(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i))}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) - e\left(\frac{x^3}{2d^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i))}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right)$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/d^2*x/e/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)+1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}ex + (e^2x^2 + de)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + ((de - e^2)x^2 + d^2 - de)}{2(d^2e^2x^2 + d^3e)}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*e*x + (e^2*x^2 + d*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + ((d*e - e^2)*x^2 + d^2 - d*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1))/(d^2*e^2*x^2 + d^3*e)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^2\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^3\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`output `x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d**2*gamma(5/4)) - e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d**3*gamma(7/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{ex^2 - d}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate((e*x^2 - d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{ex^2 - d}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(-(e*x^2 - d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`output `int((d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^3x^6 - de^2x^4 + d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**3 + d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 - e**3*x**6), x)`

3.11 $\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	258
Mathematica [C] (verified)	258
Rubi [A] (verified)	259
Maple [C] (verified)	260
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	261
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	261
Maxima [F]	262
Giac [F]	262
Mupad [F(-1)]	262
Reduce [F]	263

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = -E(\arcsin(x)|-1) + 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), -1)$$

output `-EllipticE(x,I)+2*EllipticF(x,I)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, x^4\right) - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, x^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - x^2)/Sqrt[1 - x^4],x]`

output

$$x \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, x^4] - (x^3 \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, x^4])/3$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {1388, 326, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1388 \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 326 \\ & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 284 \\ & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 327 \\ & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx - E(\arcsin(x)|-1) \\ & \quad \downarrow 762 \\ & 2 \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), -1) - E(\arcsin(x)|-1) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(1-x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1-x^4], x]$$

output

$$-\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[x], -1] + 2 \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[x], -1]$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 284 $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2]^{(p_+)}((c_+) + (d_+)(x_+)^2)^{(q_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))

rule 326 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_+) + (d_+)(x_+)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/d \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)/d \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && NegQ[b/a]

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_+) + (d_+)(x_+)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 1388 $\text{Int}[(u_+)((a_+) + (c_+)(x_+)^{n2_+})^{(p_+)}((d_+) + (e_+)(x_+)^{n_+})^{(q_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{x^3 \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], x^4\right)}{3} + x \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], x^4\right)$	27
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}(\text{EllipticF}(x,i)-\text{EllipticE}(x,i))}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}\text{EllipticF}(x,i)}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$	69
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}(\text{EllipticF}(x,i)-\text{EllipticE}(x,i))}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}\text{EllipticF}(x,i)}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$	69

input `int((-x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],x^4)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 23 vs. $2(11) = 22$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \frac{i x E(\arcsin(\frac{1}{x}) | -1) + \sqrt{-x^4 + 1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(I*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/x), -1) + sqrt(-x^4 + 1))/x`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(7) = 14$.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.69

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = -\frac{x^3 \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4 \Gamma(\frac{7}{4})} + \frac{x \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4 \Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}$$

input `integrate((-x**2+1)/(-x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = -\int \frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

input `int(-(x^2 - 1)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `-int((x^2 - 1)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `int((-x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(-x**4+1)/(x**2+1),x)`

3.12 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1+x^2} dx$

Optimal result	264
Mathematica [A] (verified)	264
Rubi [A] (verified)	265
Maple [B] (verified)	266
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	267
Sympy [F]	267
Maxima [F]	268
Giac [F]	268
Mupad [F(-1)]	268
Reduce [F]	269

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1+x^2} dx = -E(\arcsin(x)|-1) + 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), -1)$$

output `-EllipticE(x,I)+2*EllipticF(x,I)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1+x^2} dx = -E(\arcsin(x)|-1) + 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), -1)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - x^4]/(1 + x^2),x]`

output `-EllipticE[ArcSin[x], -1] + 2*EllipticF[ArcSin[x], -1]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {1388, 326, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{x^2+1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{326} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{284} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx - E(\arcsin(x)|-1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), -1) - E(\arcsin(x)|-1)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - x^4]/(1 + x^2),x]`

output `-EllipticE[ArcSin[x], -1] + 2*EllipticF[ArcSin[x], -1]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 284 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a \cdot c + b \cdot d \cdot x^4)^p, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))

rule 326 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/d \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c - a \cdot d)/d \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && NegQ[b/a]

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c/(a \cdot d))], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b/a, 4])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4] \cdot x], -1], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 1388 $\text{Int}[(u_ \cdot)((a_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}((d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u \cdot (d + e \cdot x^n)^p \cdot (a/d + (c/e) \cdot x^n)^q, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 68 vs. $2(13) = 26$.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.31

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x,i) - \text{EllipticE}(x,i))}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x,i)}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$	69
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x,i) - \text{EllipticE}(x,i))}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x,i)}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$	69

input `int((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(-x^2+1)^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x,I)-EllipticE(x,I))
+(-x^2+1)^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x,I)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 23 vs. $2(11) = 22$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{i x E(\arcsin(\frac{1}{x}) | -1) + \sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(I*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/x), -1) + sqrt(-x^4 + 1))/x`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1+x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(x-1)(x+1)(x^2+1)}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `integrate((-x**4+1)**(1/2)/(x**2+1),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(x - 1)*(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1))/(x**2 + 1), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1+x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-x^4 + 1)/(x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1+x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-x^4 + 1)/(x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1+x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `int((1 - x^4)^(1/2)/(x^2 + 1),x)`

output `int((1 - x^4)^(1/2)/(x^2 + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1+x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `int((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x)`

output `int(sqrt(-x**4+1)/(x**2+1),x)`

3.13 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	270
Mathematica [C] (verified)	270
Rubi [A] (verified)	271
Maple [A] (verified)	272
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	273
Sympy [F]	273
Maxima [F]	273
Giac [F]	274
Mupad [F(-1)]	274
Reduce [F]	274

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = -E(\arcsin(x)|-1) + 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), -1)$$

output `-EllipticE(x,I)+2*EllipticF(x,I)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = -iE(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(x)|-1)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - x^2]/Sqrt[1 + x^2],x]`

output `(-I)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[x], -1]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {326, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{326} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{284} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx - E(\arcsin(x)|-1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), -1) - E(\arcsin(x)|-1)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - x^2]/Sqrt[1 + x^2], x]`

output `-EllipticE[ArcSin[x], -1] + 2*EllipticF[ArcSin[x], -1]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 326 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[b/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x^2]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
default	$- \text{EllipticE}(x, i) + 2 \text{EllipticF}(x, i)$	14
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x, i))}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x, i)}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x^2+1} \sqrt{-x^2+1}}$	95

input `int((-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-EllipticE(x, I)+2*EllipticF(x, I)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs. $2(11) = 22$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \frac{i x E(\arcsin(\frac{1}{x}) | -1) + \sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(I*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/x), -1) + sqrt(x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1))/x`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(x-1)(x+1)}}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x**2+1)**(1/2)/(x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(x - 1)*(x + 1))/sqrt(x**2 + 1), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/sqrt(x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/sqrt(x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx$$

input `int((1 - x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2 + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((1 - x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `int((-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(-x**2 + 1)*sqrt(x**2 + 1))/(x**2 + 1),x)`

3.14 $\int \frac{1-e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	275
Mathematica [C] (verified)	275
Rubi [A] (verified)	276
Maple [C] (verified)	278
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	278
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	279
Maxima [F]	279
Giac [F]	280
Mupad [F(-1)]	280
Reduce [F]	280

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{1-e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}} dx = -\frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e} + \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(ex), -1)}{e}$$

output `-EllipticE(e*x,I)/e+2*EllipticF(e*x,I)/e`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{1-e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, e^4x^4\right) - \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, e^4x^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - e^2*x^2)/Sqrt[1 - e^4*x^4], x]`

output

```
x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, e^4*x^4] - (e^2*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, e^4*x^4])/3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1388, 326, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{326} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2} \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{284} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx - \frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(ex), -1)}{e} - \frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(1 - e^2*x^2)/Sqrt[1 - e^4*x^4], x]
```

output $-(\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[e*x], -1])/e + (2*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[e*x], -1])/e$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 284 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]))$

rule 326 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/d \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)/d \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1388 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)}))^{(p_)}*((d_ + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)}))^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p + q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0]))$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{e^2 x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], e^4 x^4\right)}{3} + x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], e^4 x^4\right)$	38
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{e^2}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{e^2}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{e^2}, i\right)}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}}$	117
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{e^2}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{e^2}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{e^2}, i\right)}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}}$	117

input `int((-e^2*x^2+1)/(-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*e^2*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],e^4*x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],e^4*x^4)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 62 vs. 2(21) = 42.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1} e^3 + \sqrt{-e^4} \left((e^2 - 1) x F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{e x}\right) \mid -1\right) + x E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{e x}\right) \mid -1\right) \right)}{e^5 x}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+1)/(-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(sqrt(-e^4*x^4 + 1)*e^3 + sqrt(-e^4)*((e^2 - 1)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(e*x))), -1) + x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(e*x))), -1))/(e^5*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 71 vs. $2(14) = 28$.

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx = -\frac{e^2 x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \right) e^4 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \right) e^4 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+1)/(-e**4*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-e**2*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**4*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/ (4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**4*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{e^2 x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+1)/(-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e^2*x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-e^4*x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{e^2 x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+1)/(-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(e^2*x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-e^4*x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{e^2 x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx$$

input `int(-(e^2*x^2 - 1)/(1 - e^4*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `-int((e^2*x^2 - 1)/(1 - e^4*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}}{e^2 x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+1)/(-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(- e**4*x**4 + 1)/(e**2*x**2 + 1),x)`

3.15 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}}{1+e^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	281
Mathematica [C] (verified)	281
Rubi [A] (verified)	282
Maple [B] (verified)	283
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	284
Sympy [F]	284
Maxima [F]	285
Giac [F]	285
Mupad [F(-1)]	285
Reduce [F]	286

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}}{1+e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e} + \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(ex), -1)}{e}$$

output `-EllipticE(e*x,I)/e+2*EllipticF(e*x,I)/e`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}}{1+e^2x^2} dx = \frac{i(E(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-e^2}x)|-1) - 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-e^2}x), -1))}{\sqrt{-e^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - e^4*x^4]/(1 + e^2*x^2), x]`

output `(I*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-e^2]*x], -1] - 2*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-e^2]*x], -1]))/Sqrt[-e^2]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1388, 326, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}}{e^2 x^2 + 1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{326} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2} \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{284} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}} dx - \frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(ex), -1)}{e} - \frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - e^4*x^4]/(1 + e^2*x^2),x]`

output `-(EllipticE[ArcSin[e*x], -1]/e) + (2*EllipticF[ArcSin[e*x], -1])/e`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 284 $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2]^{(p_+)}((c_+) + (d_+)(x_+)^2)^{(q_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]))$

rule 326 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_+) + (d_+)(x_+)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/d \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)/d \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_+) + (d_+)(x_+)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1388 $\text{Int}[(u_+)((a_+) + (c_+)(x_+)^{n2_+})^{(p_+)}((d_+) + (e_+)(x_+)^{n_+})^{(q_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0]))$

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 116 vs. $2(23) = 46$.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.09

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+1} \sqrt{e^2x^2+1} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{e^2}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{e^2}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+1} \sqrt{e^2x^2+1} \text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{e^2}, i\right)}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4x^4+1}}$	117
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+1} \sqrt{e^2x^2+1} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{e^2}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{e^2}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+1} \sqrt{e^2x^2+1} \text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{e^2}, i\right)}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4x^4+1}}$	117

input `int((-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(e^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e^2)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e^2)^(1/2),I))+1/(e^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e^2)^(1/2),I)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 62 vs. $2(21) = 42$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}}{1 + e^2 x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1} e^3 + \sqrt{-e^4} \left((e^2 - 1) x F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{ex}\right) \mid -1\right) + x E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{ex}\right) \mid -1\right) \right)}{e^5 x}$$

input `integrate((-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(sqrt(-e^4*x^4 + 1)*e^3 + sqrt(-e^4)*((e^2 - 1)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(e*x))), -1) + x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(e*x))), -1))/(e^5*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}}{1 + e^2 x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(ex - 1)(ex + 1)(e^2 x^2 + 1)}}{e^2 x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**4*x**4+1)**(1/2)/(e**2*x**2+1),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(e*x - 1)*(e*x + 1)*(e**2*x**2 + 1))/(e**2*x**2 + 1), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}}{1 + e^2 x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}}{e^2 x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^4*x^4 + 1)/(e^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}}{1 + e^2 x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}}{e^2 x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^4*x^4 + 1)/(e^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}}{1 + e^2 x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}}{e^2 x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((1 - e^4*x^4)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2 + 1),x)`

output `int((1 - e^4*x^4)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^4 x^4}}{1 + e^2 x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}}{e^2 x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((-e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2+1),x)`

output `int(sqrt(-e**4*x**4 + 1)/(e**2*x**2 + 1),x)`

3.16 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1+e^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	287
Mathematica [A] (verified)	287
Rubi [A] (verified)	288
Maple [C] (verified)	289
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	290
Sympy [F]	290
Maxima [F]	290
Giac [F]	291
Mupad [F(-1)]	291
Reduce [F]	291

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1+e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e} + \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(ex), -1)}{e}$$

output `-EllipticE(e*x,I)/e+2*EllipticF(e*x,I)/e`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1+e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{E(\arcsin(\sqrt{-e^2}x)|-1)}{\sqrt{-e^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - e^2*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + e^2*x^2],x]`

output `EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[-e^2]*x], -1]/Sqrt[-e^2]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {326, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{e^2x^2+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{326} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}\sqrt{e^2x^2+1}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{284} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-e^4x^4}} dx - \frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(ex), -1)}{e} - \frac{E(\arcsin(ex)|-1)}{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - e^2*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + e^2*x^2],x]`

output `-(EllipticE[ArcSin[e*x], -1]/e) + (2*EllipticF[ArcSin[e*x], -1])/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 326 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[b/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x^2]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(x \operatorname{csgn}(e), i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x \operatorname{csgn}(e), i)}{e} \operatorname{csgn}(e)$	28
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x \sqrt{e^2}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x \sqrt{e^2}, i))}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x \sqrt{e^2}, i)}{\sqrt{e^2} \sqrt{-e^4 x^4 + 1}} \right)}{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + 1}}$	153

input `int((-e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(2*EllipticF(x*csgn(e)*e,I)-EllipticE(x*csgn(e)*e,I))*csgn(e)/e`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 73 vs. $2(21) = 42$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{1 + e^2 x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + 1} e^3 + \sqrt{-e^4} ((e^2 - 1) x F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{ex}) | -1) + x E(\arcsin(\frac{1}{ex}) | -1))}{e^5 x}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + 1)*e^3 + sqrt(-e^4)*((e^2 - 1)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(e*x)), -1) + x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(e*x)), -1)))/(e^5*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{1 + e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(ex - 1)(ex + 1)}}{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+1)**(1/2)/(e**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(e*x - 1)*(e*x + 1))/sqrt(e**2*x**2 + 1), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{1 + e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + 1)/sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{1 + e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + 1)/sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{1 + e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `int((1 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((1 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{1 + e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + 1}}{e^2 x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(e**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(- e**2*x**2 + 1))/(e**2*x**2 + 1),x)`

3.17 $\int \frac{d-ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	292
Mathematica [C] (verified)	292
Rubi [A] (verified)	293
Maple [A] (verified)	295
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	296
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	296
Maxima [F]	297
Giac [F]	297
Mupad [F(-1)]	297
Reduce [F]	298

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),1)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2*d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),1)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\left(3dx \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) - ex^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d - e*x^2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/(3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {1390, 1389, 326, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1390} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1389} \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}}{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{326} \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{284} \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 327 \\
 \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 762 \\
 \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{d}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]`

output `(d*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(-(Sqrt[d]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/Sqrt[e]) + (2*Sqrt[d]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/Sqrt[e])/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 326 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[b/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x^2]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1389 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/Sqrt[a] Int[Sqrt[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/Sqrt[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1390 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	137
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	137

input `int((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2}dx\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \sqrt{-e^2}(d - e)x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}e}{e^2x}$$

```
input integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output (sqrt(-e^2)*d*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - sqrt(-e^2)
*(d - e)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 +
d^2)*e)/(e^2*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

```
input integrate((-e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(
4*gamma(5/4)) - e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_
polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d*gamma(7/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{ex^2 - d}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e*x^2 - d)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{ex^2 - d}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(e*x^2 - d)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d + e*x**2),x)`

3.18 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	299
Mathematica [C] (verified)	299
Rubi [A] (verified)	300
Maple [A] (verified)	302
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	303
Sympy [F]	303
Maxima [F(-2)]	304
Giac [F]	304
Mupad [F(-1)]	304
Reduce [F]	305

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx = -\frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{2d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
-d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2*d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{id \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \left(E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x\right) \middle| -1\right) - 2 \text{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x\right), -1\right) \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `(I*d*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - 2*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.269$, Rules used = {1396, 326, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + e x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{d - e x^2}}{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{326} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - e x^2}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{289} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2d \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} - \int \frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - e x^2}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{329} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2d \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} - \frac{d \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e x^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e x^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 327 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 765 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 762 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-((d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (2*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 326 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[b/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x^2]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1
+ b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b
*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])
) * EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^ (p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^ (q_.), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	137
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	137

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-e^2} dx \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \sqrt{-e^2}(d - e)x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} e}{e^2 x}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(sqrt(-e^2)*d*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - sqrt(-e^2)*(d - e)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*e)/(e^2*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))/(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{e x^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + e x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e x^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d + e*x**2),x)`

3.19 $\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	307
Maple [A] (verified)	311
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	311
Sympy [F]	312
Maxima [F(-2)]	312
Giac [F]	312
Mupad [F(-1)]	313
Reduce [F]	313

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{2d^2(d-ex^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)-1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(d + ex^2) + id\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\operatorname{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right) \mid -1\right) - 2id\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\operatorname{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right)\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(d + e*x^2) + I*d*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - (2*I)*d*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(2*d^2*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 326, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{316}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{326} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{289} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{329} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{327} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{765} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{762}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right) - d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `Int[1/((d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d^2*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) + (-((d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (2*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 326 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/d \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)/d \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \&\& !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p + q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/2*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/d^2*x/e/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}ex + (e^2x^2-de)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - ((de+e^2)x^2-d^2-de)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1)}{2(d^2e^2x^2-d^3e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/2*(\sqrt{-e^2*x^4+d^2}*e*x + (e^2*x^2-d*e)*\sqrt{e/d}*\operatorname{elliptic}_e(\arcsin(x*\sqrt{e/d}),-1) - ((d*e+e^2)*x^2-d^2-d*e)*\sqrt{e/d}*\operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(x*\sqrt{e/d}),-1))/(d^2*e^2*x^2-d^3*e)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{1}{-d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + ex^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(-d*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + e*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 - d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 - d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} (d - ex^2)} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d - e*x^2)), x)`output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d - e*x^2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^3 x^6 - d e^2 x^4 - d^2 e x^2 + d^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**3 - d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6), x)`

3.20 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	314
Mathematica [C] (verified)	315
Rubi [F]	315
Maple [A] (verified)	316
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	316
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	317
Maxima [F]	317
Giac [F]	318
Mupad [F(-1)]	318
Reduce [F]	318

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

```
output 1/2*x*(e*x^2+d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3dx + 3dx\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) + 2ex^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)}{6d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(3*d*x + 3*d*x*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + 2*e*x^3*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(6*d^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
elliptic	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{(x^2-\frac{d}{e})(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) + e\left(\frac{x^3}{2d^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/d^2*x/e/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+1/2/d/(e/d)^(
1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*
(e/d)^(1/2),I)+1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2
*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}ex + (e^2x^2 - de)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - ((de + e^2)x^2 - d^2 - de)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}))}{2(d^2e^2x^2 - d^3e)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*e*x + (e^2*x^2 - d*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - ((d*e + e^2)*x^2 - d^2 - d*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1))/(d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^2\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^3\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d**2*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d**3*gamma(7/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^3x^6 - de^2x^4 - d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**3 - d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6), x)`

3.21

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^4}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	319
Mathematica [A] (verified)	319
Rubi [A] (verified)	320
Maple [A] (verified)	321
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	321
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	322
Maxima [F(-2)]	322
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	323
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	323
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	323

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^4}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = -7d^2x - \frac{4}{3}dex^3 - \frac{e^2x^5}{5} + \frac{8d^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
-7*d^2*x-4/3*d*e*x^3-1/5*e^2*x^5+8*d^(5/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^4}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = -7d^2x - \frac{4}{3}dex^3 - \frac{e^2x^5}{5} + \frac{8d^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^4/(d^2 - e^2*x^4),x]
```

output

```
-7*d^2*x - (4*d*e*x^3)/3 - (e^2*x^5)/5 + (8*d^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/Sqrt[e]
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1388, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

↓ 1388

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{d - ex^2} dx$$

↓ 300

$$\int \left(\frac{8d^3}{d - ex^2} - 7d^2 - 4dex^2 - e^2x^4 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{8d^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - 7d^2x - \frac{4}{3}dex^3 - \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^4/(d^2 - e^2*x^4),x]`

output `-7*d^2*x - (4*d*e*x^3)/3 - (e^2*x^5)/5 + (8*d^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/Sqrt[e]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 300 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]`

rule 1388

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{e^2 x^5}{5} - \frac{4de x^3}{3} - 7d^2 x + \frac{8d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}}$	42
risch	$-\frac{e^2 x^5}{5} - \frac{4de x^3}{3} - 7d^2 x - \frac{4\sqrt{de} d^2 \ln(\sqrt{de} x - d)}{e} + \frac{4\sqrt{de} d^2 \ln(-\sqrt{de} x - d)}{e}$	74

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/5*e^2*x^5-4/3*d*e*x^3-7*d^2*x+8*d^3/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctanh(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2)
)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \left[-\frac{1}{5} e^2 x^5 - \frac{4}{3} dex^3 + 4d^2 \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} \log \left(\frac{ex^2 + 2ex\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} + d}{ex^2 - d} \right) - 7d^2 x, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{1}{5} e^2 x^5 - \frac{4}{3} dex^3 - 8d^2 \sqrt{-\frac{d}{e}} \arctan \left(\frac{ex\sqrt{-\frac{d}{e}}}{d} \right) - 7d^2 x \right]$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/5*e^2*x^5 - 4/3*d*e*x^3 + 4*d^2*sqrt(d/e)*log((e*x^2 + 2*e*x*sqrt(d/e)
+ d)/(e*x^2 - d)) - 7*d^2*x, -1/5*e^2*x^5 - 4/3*d*e*x^3 - 8*d^2*sqrt(-d/e)
)*arctan(e*x*sqrt(-d/e)/d) - 7*d^2*x]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = -7d^2x - \frac{4dex^3}{3} - \frac{e^2x^5}{5} - 4\sqrt{\frac{d^5}{e}} \log\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d^5}{e}}}{d^2}\right) + 4\sqrt{\frac{d^5}{e}} \log\left(x + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d^5}{e}}}{d^2}\right)$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**4/(-e**2*x**4+d**2),x)
```

output

```
-7*d**2*x - 4*d*e*x**3/3 - e**2*x**5/5 - 4*sqrt(d**5/e)*log(x - sqrt(d**5/
e)/d**2) + 4*sqrt(d**5/e)*log(x + sqrt(d**5/e)/d**2)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = -\frac{8d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{-de}}\right)}{\sqrt{-de}} - \frac{3e^7x^5 + 20de^6x^3 + 105d^2e^5x}{15e^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-8*d^3*arctan(e*x/sqrt(-d*e))/sqrt(-d*e) - 1/15*(3*e^7*x^5 + 20*d*e^6*x^3 + 105*d^2*e^5*x)/e^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = -7d^2x - \frac{e^2x^5}{5} - \frac{4dex^3}{3} - \frac{d^{5/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} 8i$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^4/(d^2 - e^2*x^4),x)`output `- 7*d^2*x - (e^2*x^5)/5 - (d^(5/2)*atan((e^(1/2)*x)/d^(1/2))*8i)/e^(1/2) - (4*d*e*x^3)/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{60\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\log\left(-\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} - ex\right)d^2 - 60\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\log\left(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} - ex\right)d^2 - 105d^2ex - 20de^2x^3 - 3e^3x^5}{15e}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x)`

output

```
(60*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*log( - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x)*d**2 - 60*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)
)*log(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x)*d**2 - 105*d**2*e*x - 20*d*e**2*x**3 - 3*e**3
*x**5)/(15*e)
```

$$3.22 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	325
Mathematica [A] (verified)	325
Rubi [A] (verified)	326
Maple [A] (verified)	327
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	327
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	328
Maxima [F(-2)]	328
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	329
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	329
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	329

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = -3dx - \frac{ex^3}{3} + \frac{4d^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

output `-3*d*x-1/3*e*x^3+4*d^(3/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = -3dx - \frac{ex^3}{3} + \frac{4d^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4),x]`

output `-3*d*x - (e*x^3)/3 + (4*d^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/Sqrt[e]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1388, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

↓ 1388

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{d - ex^2} dx$$

↓ 300

$$\int \left(\frac{4d^2}{d - ex^2} - 3d - ex^2 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4d^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - 3dx - \frac{ex^3}{3}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4),x]`

output `-3*d*x - (e*x^3)/3 + (4*d^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/Sqrt[e]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 300

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int
[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]
```

rule 1388

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{ex^3}{3} - 3dx + \frac{4d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}}$	31
risch	$-\frac{ex^3}{3} - 3dx + \frac{2\sqrt{de} d \ln(\sqrt{de}x+d)}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{de} d \ln(-\sqrt{de}x+d)}{e}$	55

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3*e*x^3-3*d*x+4*d^2/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctanh(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \left[-\frac{1}{3} ex^3 + 2d\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} \log\left(\frac{ex^2 + 2ex\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} + d}{ex^2 - d}\right) - 3dx, -\frac{1}{3} ex^3 \right. \\ \left. - 4d\sqrt{-\frac{d}{e}} \arctan\left(\frac{ex\sqrt{-\frac{d}{e}}}{d}\right) - 3dx \right]$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output `[-1/3*e*x^3 + 2*d*sqrt(d/e)*log((e*x^2 + 2*e*x*sqrt(d/e) + d)/(e*x^2 - d)) - 3*d*x, -1/3*e*x^3 - 4*d*sqrt(-d/e)*arctan(e*x*sqrt(-d/e)/d) - 3*d*x]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = -3dx - \frac{ex^3}{3} - 2\sqrt{\frac{d^3}{e}} \log\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d^3}{e}}}{d}\right) + 2\sqrt{\frac{d^3}{e}} \log\left(x + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d^3}{e}}}{d}\right)$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**3/(-e**2*x**4+d**2),x)`

output `-3*d*x - e*x**3/3 - 2*sqrt(d**3/e)*log(x - sqrt(d**3/e)/d) + 2*sqrt(d**3/e)*log(x + sqrt(d**3/e)/d)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = -\frac{4d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{-de}}\right)}{\sqrt{-de}} - \frac{e^4x^3 + 9de^3x}{3e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-4*d^2*arctan(e*x/sqrt(-d*e))/sqrt(-d*e) - 1/3*(e^4*x^3 + 9*d*e^3*x)/e^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{4d^{3/2} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{ex^3}{3} - 3dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4),x)`output `(4*d^(3/2)*atanh((e^(1/2)*x)/d^(1/2)))/e^(1/2) - (e*x^3)/3 - 3*d*x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\log(-\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} - ex)d - 6\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} - ex)d - 9dex - e^2x^3}{3e}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x)`

output
$$\frac{(6\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\log(-\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}-ex)d - 6\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}-ex)d - 9d^2ex - e^2x^3)}{3e}$$

3.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	331
Mathematica [A] (verified)	331
Rubi [A] (verified)	332
Maple [A] (verified)	333
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	333
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	334
Maxima [F(-2)]	334
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	335
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	335
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	335

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = -x + \frac{2\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

output `-x+2*d^(1/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = -x + \frac{2\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4),x]`

output `-x + (2*sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(sqrt[e]*x)/sqrt[d]])/sqrt[e]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1388, 299, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

↓ 1388

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d - ex^2} dx$$

↓ 299

$$2d \int \frac{1}{d - ex^2} dx - x$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - x$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4),x]
```

output

```
-x + (2*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/Sqrt[e]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
default	$-x + \frac{2d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}}$	22
risch	$-x - \frac{\sqrt{de} \ln(\sqrt{de}x - d)}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{de} \ln(-\sqrt{de}x - d)}{e}$	49

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-x+2*d/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctanh(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \left[\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} \log \left(\frac{ex^2 + 2ex\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} + d}{ex^2 - d} \right) - x, -2\sqrt{-\frac{d}{e}} \arctan \left(\frac{ex\sqrt{-\frac{d}{e}}}{d} \right) - x \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[sqrt(d/e)*log((e*x^2 + 2*e*x*sqrt(d/e) + d)/(e*x^2 - d)) - x, -2*sqrt(-d/e)*arctan(e*x*sqrt(-d/e)/d) - x]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = -x - \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} \log \left(x - \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} \right) + \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} \log \left(x + \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2),x)`

output `-x - sqrt(d/e)*log(x - sqrt(d/e)) + sqrt(d/e)*log(x + sqrt(d/e))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = -\frac{2d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{-de}}\right)}{\sqrt{-de}} - x$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*d*arctan(e*x/sqrt(-d*e))/sqrt(-d*e) - x`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - x$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4),x)`output `(2*d^(1/2)*atanh((e^(1/2)*x)/d^(1/2)))/e^(1/2) - x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \log(-\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} - ex) - \sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \log(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} - ex) - ex}{e}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x)`output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*log(-sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x) - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x) - e*x)/e`

3.24 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	336
Mathematica [A] (verified)	336
Rubi [A] (verified)	337
Maple [A] (verified)	338
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	338
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	338
Maxima [F(-2)]	339
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	339
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	340
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	340

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

output `arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4), x]`

output `ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1388, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

↓ 1388

$$\int \frac{1}{d - ex^2} dx$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4),x]`

output `ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^ (p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}}$	16
risch	$\frac{\ln(ex+\sqrt{de})}{2\sqrt{de}} - \frac{\ln(-ex+\sqrt{de})}{2\sqrt{de}}$	37

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctanh(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \left[\frac{\sqrt{de} \log\left(\frac{ex^2 + 2\sqrt{de}x + d}{ex^2 - d}\right)}{2de}, -\frac{\sqrt{-de} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-de}x}{d}\right)}{de} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*sqrt(d*e)*log((e*x^2 + 2*sqrt(d*e)*x + d)/(e*x^2 - d))/(d*e), -sqrt(-d*e)*arctan(sqrt(-d*e)*x/d)/(d*e)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 46 vs. 2(22) = 44.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{de}} \log\left(-d\sqrt{\frac{1}{de}} + x\right)}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{de}} \log\left(d\sqrt{\frac{1}{de}} + x\right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2),x)`

output `-sqrt(1/(d*e))*log(-d*sqrt(1/(d*e)) + x)/2 + sqrt(1/(d*e))*log(d*sqrt(1/(d*e)) + x)/2`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{-de}}\right)}{\sqrt{-de}}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-arctan(e*x/sqrt(-d*e))/sqrt(-d*e)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4),x)`output `atanh((e^(1/2)*x)/d^(1/2))/(d^(1/2)*e^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \left(\log(-\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} - ex) - \log(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} - ex) \right)}{2de}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x)`output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*(log(-sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x) - log(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x)))/(2*d*e)`

3.25 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx$

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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	346
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	346
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	347

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx = \frac{x}{4d^2(d+ex^2)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}}$$

output `1/4*x/d^2/(e*x^2+d)+1/2*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)+1/4*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{d+ex^2} + \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}}{4d^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)),x]`

output `((Sqrt[d]*x)/(d + e*x^2) + (2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/Sqrt[e] + ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]/Sqrt[e])/(4*d^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {1388, 316, 25, 27, 397, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{x}{4d^2(d+ex^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{e(3d-ex^2)}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)} dx}{4d^2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{e(3d-ex^2)}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)} dx}{4d^2e} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d+ex^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3d-ex^2}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)} dx}{4d^2} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d+ex^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{d-ex^2} dx + 2 \int \frac{1}{ex^2+d} dx}{4d^2} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d+ex^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{d-ex^2} dx + \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}}{4d^2} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d+ex^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}}{4d^2} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d+ex^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[1/((d + e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)),x]$

output $x/(4*d^2*(d + e*x^2)) + ((2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d]])/(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]) + \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d]]/(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]))/(4*d^2)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 316 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*((c + d*x^2)^{q+1}/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& !(!\text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[q] \&\& \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 397 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)^2)/((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2))), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 1388

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x}{e x^2+d} + \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{e x}{\sqrt{d e}}\right)}{4 d^2 \sqrt{d e}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e x}{\sqrt{d e}}\right)}{4 d^2 \sqrt{d e}}$	54
risch	$\frac{x}{4 d^2 (e x^2+d)} - \frac{\ln(-e x-\sqrt{-d e})}{4 \sqrt{-d e} d^2} + \frac{\ln(e x-\sqrt{-d e})}{4 \sqrt{-d e} d^2} + \frac{\ln(e x+\sqrt{d e})}{8 \sqrt{d e} d^2} - \frac{\ln(-e x+\sqrt{d e})}{8 \sqrt{d e} d^2}$	107

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4/d^2*(x/(e*x^2+d)+2/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2)))+1/4/d^2/(d*e)^(
1/2)*arctanh(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2 dex + 4 (ex^2 + d)\sqrt{de} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dex}}{d}\right) + (ex^2 + d)\sqrt{de} \log\left(\frac{ex^2+2\sqrt{dex}+d}{ex^2-d}\right)}{8 (d^3e^2x^2 + d^4e)}, \frac{dex - (ex^2 + d)\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-dex}}{d}\right)}{8 (d^3e^2x^2 + d^4e)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(2*d*e*x + 4*(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d*e)*arctan(sqrt(d*e)*x/d) + (e*x^2 + d)
)*sqrt(d*e)*log((e*x^2 + 2*sqrt(d*e)*x + d)/(e*x^2 - d))/(d^3*e^2*x^2 + d
^4*e), 1/4*(d*e*x - (e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d*e)*arctan(sqrt(-d*e)*x/d) - (e*x^2
+ d)*sqrt(-d*e)*log((e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-d*e)*x - d)/(e*x^2 + d))/(d^3*e^2*x
^2 + d^4*e)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 226 vs. 2(63) = 126.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.14

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)} dx = \frac{x}{4d^3 + 4d^2ex^2} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{d^5e}} \log\left(-\frac{d^8e\left(\frac{1}{d^5e}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{10} - \frac{9d^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{d^5e}}}{10} + x\right)}{8}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{d^5e}} \log\left(\frac{d^8e\left(\frac{1}{d^5e}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{10} + \frac{9d^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{d^5e}}}{10} + x\right)}{8}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^5e}} \log\left(-\frac{4d^8e\left(-\frac{1}{d^5e}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5} - \frac{9d^3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^5e}}}{5} + x\right)}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^5e}} \log\left(\frac{4d^8e\left(-\frac{1}{d^5e}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5} + \frac{9d^3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^5e}}}{5} + x\right)}{4}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2), x)
```

output

```
x/(4*d**3 + 4*d**2*e*x**2) - sqrt(1/(d**5*e))*log(-d**8*e*(1/(d**5*e))**(3
/2)/10 - 9*d**3*sqrt(1/(d**5*e))/10 + x)/8 + sqrt(1/(d**5*e))*log(d**8*e*(
1/(d**5*e))**(3/2)/10 + 9*d**3*sqrt(1/(d**5*e))/10 + x)/8 - sqrt(-1/(d**5*
e))*log(-4*d**8*e*(-1/(d**5*e))**(3/2)/5 - 9*d**3*sqrt(-1/(d**5*e))/5 + x)
/4 + sqrt(-1/(d**5*e))*log(4*d**8*e*(-1/(d**5*e))**(3/2)/5 + 9*d**3*sqrt(-
1/(d**5*e))/5 + x)/4
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ded^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{-de}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ded^2}} + \frac{x}{4(ex^2 + d)d^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*arctan(e*x/sqrt(d*e))/(sqrt(d*e)*d^2) - 1/4*arctan(e*x/sqrt(-d*e))/(sqrt(-d*e)*d^2) + 1/4*x/((e*x^2 + d)*d^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)} dx = \frac{x}{4d^2(ex^2 + d)} + \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{d^5e}}{d^3}\right)\sqrt{d^5e}}{4d^5e} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-d^5e}}{d^3}\right)\sqrt{-d^5e}}{2d^5e}$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `x/(4*d^2*(d + e*x^2)) + (atanh((x*(d^5*e)^(1/2))/d^3)*(d^5*e)^(1/2))/(4*d^5*e) - (atanh((x*(-d^5*e)^(1/2))/d^3)*(-d^5*e)^(1/2))/(2*d^5*e)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) d + 4\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) ex^2 + \sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \log\left(-\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} - ex\right) d + \sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \log\left(-\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} - ex\right) ex^2}{8d^3e(e x^2 + d)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x)`

output `(4*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*d + 4*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*e*x**2 + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*log(-sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x)*d + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*log(-sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x)*e*x**2 - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x)*d - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x)*e*x**2 + 2*d*e*x)/(8*d**3*e*(d + e*x**2))`

3.26 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx$

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Maxima [F(-2)]	354
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	354
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	354
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	355

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx = \frac{x}{8d^2(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{5x}{16d^3(d+ex^2)} + \frac{7 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16d^{7/2}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8d^{7/2}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

$1/8*x/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^2+5/16*x/d^3/(e*x^2+d)+7/16*\arctan(e^{(1/2)*x/d^{(1/2)}})/d^{(7/2)}/e^{(1/2)}+1/8*\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{(1/2)*x/d^{(1/2)}})/d^{(7/2)}/e^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d}x(7d+5ex^2)}{(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{7 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} + \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{16d^{7/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)),x]`

output

$$\left((\text{Sqrt}[d] * x * (7*d + 5*e*x^2)) / (d + e*x^2)^2 + (7 * \text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e] * x) / \text{Sqrt}[d]]) / \text{Sqrt}[e] + (2 * \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e] * x) / \text{Sqrt}[d]]) / \text{Sqrt}[e] \right) / (16 * d^{(7/2)})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {1388, 316, 25, 27, 402, 27, 397, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^4)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1388 \\ & \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2) (d + ex^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 316 \\ & \frac{x}{8d^2 (d + ex^2)^2} - \int \frac{e(7d - 3ex^2)}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{e(7d - 3ex^2)}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^2} dx}{8d^2 e} + \frac{x}{8d^2 (d + ex^2)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{7d - 3ex^2}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^2} dx}{8d^2} + \frac{x}{8d^2 (d + ex^2)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 402 \\ & \frac{\frac{5x}{2d(d + ex^2)} - \int \frac{2de(9d - 5ex^2)}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)} dx}{8d^2} + \frac{x}{8d^2 (d + ex^2)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{9d-5ex^2}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)} dx}{8d^2} + \frac{5x}{2d(d+ex^2)} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d+ex^2)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{d-ex^2} dx + 7 \int \frac{1}{ex^2+d} dx}{8d^2} + \frac{5x}{2d(d+ex^2)} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d+ex^2)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{d-ex^2} dx + \frac{7 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}}{8d^2} + \frac{5x}{2d(d+ex^2)} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d+ex^2)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{\frac{7 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}}{8d^2} + \frac{5x}{2d(d+ex^2)} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d+ex^2)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)),x]`

output `x/(8*d^2*(d + e*x^2)^2) + ((5*x)/(2*d*(d + e*x^2)) + ((7*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]) + (2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]))/(2*d))/(8*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{-1}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 316 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[b \cdot c + 2 \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) + d \cdot b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 397 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x^2)) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2))), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \ \text{Int}[1 / (a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d \cdot e - c \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \ \text{Int}[1 / (c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{q_}) \cdot ((e_ + (f_ \cdot x^2)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + e^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1388 $\text{Int}[(u_ \cdot ((a_ + (c_ \cdot x^{n2_}))^{p_}) \cdot ((d_ + (e_ \cdot x^{n_}))^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u \cdot (d + e \cdot x^n)^{p+q} \cdot (a/d + (c/e) \cdot x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0]))$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\frac{5}{2}ex^3 + \frac{7}{2}dx}{(ex^2+d)^2} + \frac{7 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2\sqrt{de}}}{8d^3} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{8d^3\sqrt{de}}$	64
risch	$\frac{\frac{5e^3}{16d^3} + \frac{7x}{16d^2}}{(ex^2+d)^2} + \frac{\ln(ex+\sqrt{de})}{16\sqrt{de}d^3} - \frac{\ln(-ex+\sqrt{de})}{16\sqrt{de}d^3} - \frac{7 \ln(-ex-\sqrt{-de})}{32\sqrt{-de}d^3} + \frac{7 \ln(ex-\sqrt{-de})}{32\sqrt{-de}d^3}$	118

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{8d^3} \left(\frac{(5/2ex^3 + 7/2dx)/(ex^2+d)^2 + 7/2/(d\sqrt{e}) \arctan(ex/(d\sqrt{e}))}{(1/2)} \right) + \frac{1}{8d^3} \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(ex/(d\sqrt{e}))}{(1/2)}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[\frac{5de^2x^3 + 7d^2ex + 7(e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2)\sqrt{de} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{de}x}{d}\right) + (e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2)\sqrt{de} \log\left(\frac{ex^2 + 2\sqrt{de}x}{ex^2 - d}\right)}{16(d^4e^3x^4 + 2d^5e^2x^2 + d^6e)} \right]}{16(d^4e^3x^4 + 2d^5e^2x^2 + d^6e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{16} \left(\frac{5d^2e^2x^3 + 7d^2ex + 7(e^2x^4 + 2d^2ex^2 + d^2)\sqrt{de} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{de}x}{d}\right) + (e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2)\sqrt{de} \log\left(\frac{ex^2 + 2\sqrt{de}x + d}{ex^2 - d}\right)}{d^4e^3x^4 + 2d^5e^2x^2 + d^6e} \right), \frac{1}{32} \left(\frac{10d^2e^2x^3 + 14d^2ex - 4(e^2x^4 + 2d^2ex^2 + d^2)\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-de}x}{d}\right) - 7(e^2x^4 + 2d^2ex^2 + d^2)\sqrt{-de} \log\left(\frac{ex^2 - 2\sqrt{-de}x - d}{ex^2 + d}\right)}{d^4e^3x^4 + 2d^5e^2x^2 + d^6e} \right) \right]$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 257 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^4)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{d^7 e}} \log\left(-\frac{20d^{11}e\left(\frac{1}{d^7 e}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{371} - \frac{351d^4\sqrt{\frac{1}{d^7 e}}}{371} + x\right)}{16}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{d^7 e}} \log\left(\frac{20d^{11}e\left(\frac{1}{d^7 e}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{371} + \frac{351d^4\sqrt{\frac{1}{d^7 e}}}{371} + x\right)}{16}$$

$$- \frac{7\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^7 e}} \log\left(-\frac{245d^{11}e\left(-\frac{1}{d^7 e}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{106} - \frac{351d^4\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^7 e}}}{106} + x\right)}{32}$$

$$+ \frac{7\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^7 e}} \log\left(\frac{245d^{11}e\left(-\frac{1}{d^7 e}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{106} + \frac{351d^4\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^7 e}}}{106} + x\right)}{32}$$

$$- \frac{-7dx - 5ex^3}{16d^5 + 32d^4ex^2 + 16d^3e^2x^4}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2), x)`

output `-sqrt(1/(d**7*e))*log(-20*d**11*e*(1/(d**7*e))**(3/2)/371 - 351*d**4*sqrt(1/(d**7*e))/371 + x)/16 + sqrt(1/(d**7*e))*log(20*d**11*e*(1/(d**7*e))**(3/2)/371 + 351*d**4*sqrt(1/(d**7*e))/371 + x)/16 - 7*sqrt(-1/(d**7*e))*log(-245*d**11*e*(-1/(d**7*e))**(3/2)/106 - 351*d**4*sqrt(-1/(d**7*e))/106 + x)/32 + 7*sqrt(-1/(d**7*e))*log(245*d**11*e*(-1/(d**7*e))**(3/2)/106 + 351*d**4*sqrt(-1/(d**7*e))/106 + x)/32 - (-7*d*x - 5*e*x**3)/(16*d**5 + 32*d**4*e*x**2 + 16*d**3*e**2*x**4)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^4)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^4)} dx = \frac{7 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{16 \sqrt{de} d^3} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{-de}}\right)}{8 \sqrt{-de} d^3} + \frac{5 ex^3 + 7 dx}{16 (ex^2 + d)^2 d^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{7}{16} \arctan(e x / \sqrt{d e}) / (\sqrt{d e} d^3) - \frac{1}{8} \arctan(e x / \sqrt{-d e}) / (\sqrt{-d e} d^3) + \frac{1}{16} (5 e x^3 + 7 d x) / ((e x^2 + d)^2 d^3)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^4)} dx = \frac{\frac{7x}{16d^2} + \frac{5ex^3}{16d^3}}{d^2 + 2de x^2 + e^2 x^4} + \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{d^7 e}}{d^4}\right) \sqrt{d^7 e}}{8 d^7 e} - \frac{7 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-d^7 e}}{d^4}\right) \sqrt{-d^7 e}}{16 d^7 e}$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^2),x)`

output `((7*x)/(16*d^2) + (5*e*x^3)/(16*d^3))/(d^2 + e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2) + (atanh((x*(d^7*e)^(1/2))/d^4)*(d^7*e)^(1/2))/(8*d^7*e) - (7*atanh((x*(-d^7*e)^(1/2))/d^4)*(-d^7*e)^(1/2))/(16*d^7*e)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^4)} dx$$

$$= \frac{7\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) d^2 + 14\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) dex^2 + 7\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) e^2 x^4 + \sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \log\left(-\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} - \frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) + \sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \log\left(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} - \frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^4)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x)`

output `(7*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*d**2 + 14*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*d*e*x**2 + 7*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*log(-sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*log(-sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*log(-sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x)*e**2*x**4 - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x)*d**2 - 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x)*d*e*x**2 - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d) - e*x)*e**2*x**4 + 7*d**2*e*x + 5*d*e**2*x**3)/(16*d**4*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

$$3.27 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	356
Mathematica [A] (verified)	356
Rubi [A] (verified)	357
Maple [A] (verified)	359
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	359
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	360
Mupad [F(-1)]	361
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	361

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
-arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)
)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{d-ex^2+\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{2}d}\right) + \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d+ex^2})}{\sqrt{e}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[(d - e*x^2 + Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(Sqrt[2]*d)] + Lo
g[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/Sqrt[e]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {1388, 301, 224, 219, 291, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d - ex^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{301} \\
 & 2d \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & 2d \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx - \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2 + d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & 2d \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & 2d \int \frac{1}{d - \frac{2dex^2}{ex^2 + d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4),x]`

output $-\frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{e}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{e}}$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b \cdot x^2}] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2}) \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b \cdot x^2}] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$

rule 301 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}/((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/d \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] - \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c - a \cdot d)/d \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p-1)}/(c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Denominator}[p], 4] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[p, 2/3] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b \cdot c + 3 \cdot a \cdot d, 0]))$

rule 1388 $\text{Int}[(u_) \cdot ((a_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)} \cdot ((d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u \cdot (d + e \cdot x^n)^{(p+q)} \cdot (a/d + (c/e) \cdot x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0]))$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d} \sqrt{2}}{2 x \sqrt{e}}\right) - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d}}{x \sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$	50
default	Expression too large to display	1356

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $(2^{1/2} \operatorname{arctanh}(1/2 * (e x^2 + d)^{1/2} / x * 2^{1/2} / e^{1/2}) - \operatorname{arctanh}((e x^2 + d)^{1/2} / x / e^{1/2})) / e^{1/2}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{17 e^2 x^4 + 14 d e x^2 + d^2 + 4 \sqrt{2} (3 e^2 x^3 + d e x) \sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{e^2 x^4 - 2 d e x^2 + d^2} \sqrt{e}\right)}{4 e} + 2 \sqrt{e} \log(-2 e x^2 + 2 \sqrt{e x^2 + d}) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\sqrt{2} e \sqrt{-\frac{1}{e}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} (3 e x^2 + d) \sqrt{e x^2 + d} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{e}}}{4 (e x^3 + d x)}\right) - 2 \sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e x}}{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}}\right)}{2 e} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[1/4 * (\sqrt{2} * \sqrt{e}) * \log((17 * e^2 * x^4 + 14 * d * e * x^2 + d^2 + 4 * \sqrt{2}) * (3 * e^2 * x^3 + d * e * x) * \sqrt{e * x^2 + d} / \sqrt{e}) / (e^2 * x^4 - 2 * d * e * x^2 + d^2)) + 2 * \sqrt{e} * \log(-2 * e * x^2 + 2 * \sqrt{e * x^2 + d} * \sqrt{e} * x - d) / e, -1/2 * (\sqrt{2}) * e * \sqrt{-1/e} * \arctan(1/4 * \sqrt{2}) * (3 * e * x^2 + d) * \sqrt{e * x^2 + d} * \sqrt{-1/e} / (e * x^3 + d * x)) - 2 * \sqrt{-e} * \arctan(\sqrt{-e} * x / \sqrt{e * x^2 + d}) / e]$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{-d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2),x)`

output `-Integral(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(-d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{e^2x^4 - d^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(e^2*x^4 - d^2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}d \log \left(\frac{2(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^2 - 4\sqrt{2}|d| - 6d}{2(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^2 + 4\sqrt{2}|d| - 6d} \right)}{2\sqrt{e}|d|} + \frac{\log \left((\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^2 \right)}{2\sqrt{e}}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2*sqrt(2)*d*log(abs(2*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2 - 4*sqrt(2)*abs(d)
- 6*d)/abs(2*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2 + 4*sqrt(2)*abs(d) - 6*d))/(
sqrt(e)*abs(d)) + 1/2*log((sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2)/sqrt(e)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4),x)
```

output

```
int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(-\sqrt{2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) + \sqrt{2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) + \sqrt{2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) + \sqrt{2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \right)}{2e}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(e)*(-sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + s
qrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d)) + sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqr
t(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d)) + sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(
2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d)) - sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(
d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d)) - 2*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqr
t(e)*x)/sqrt(d))))/(2*e)
```

3.28 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	362
Mathematica [A] (verified)	362
Rubi [A] (verified)	363
Maple [A] (verified)	364
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	364
Sympy [F]	365
Maxima [F]	365
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	365
Mupad [F(-1)]	366
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	366

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{e}}$$

output `1/2*arctanh(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{d-ex^2+\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{2}d}\right)}{\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(d^2 - e^2*x^4), x]`

output `ArcTanh[(d - e*x^2 + Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(Sqrt[2]*d)]/(Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$, Rules used = {1388, 291, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$$

↓ 1388

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 291

$$\int \frac{1}{d-\frac{2dex^2}{d+ex^2}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(d^2 - e^2*x^4),x]`

output `ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]/(Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 1388

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d} \sqrt{2}}{2 x \sqrt{e}}\right)}{2 d \sqrt{e}}$
default	$e \left(\sqrt{\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{de}}{e}\right)^2 e + 2\sqrt{de} \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{de}}{e}\right) + 2d} + \frac{\sqrt{de} \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{de} + e\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{de}}{e}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} + \sqrt{\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{de}}{e}\right)^2 e + 2\sqrt{de} \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{de}}{e}\right) + 2d}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right) - \sqrt{d} \sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{2\left(\sqrt{de} - \sqrt{-de}\right)\left(\sqrt{de} + \sqrt{-de}\right)\sqrt{de}}{\dots}\right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2/d*2^(1/2)/e^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*2^(1/2)/e^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.63

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \log\left(\frac{17e^2x^4 + 14dex^2 + 4\sqrt{2}(3ex^3 + dx)\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{e+d^2}}{e^2x^4 - 2dex^2 + d^2}\right)}{8d\sqrt{e}}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(3ex^2+d)\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-e}}{4(e^2x^3+dex)}\right)}{4de} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*sqrt(2)*log((17*e^2*x^4 + 14*d*e*x^2 + 4*sqrt(2)*(3*e*x^3 + d*x)*sqrt
(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + d^2)/(e^2*x^4 - 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2))/(d*sqrt(e)), -1/4*
sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/4*sqrt(2)*(3*e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)
/(e^2*x^3 + d*e*x))/(d*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = - \int \frac{1}{-d\sqrt{d+ex^2} + ex^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(1/(-d*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + e*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{e^2x^4-d^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^2*x^4 - d^2), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs. $2(29) = 58$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \log \left(\frac{2(\sqrt{ex-\sqrt{ex^2+d}})^2 - 4\sqrt{2}|d|-6d}{2(\sqrt{ex-\sqrt{ex^2+d}})^2 + 4\sqrt{2}|d|-6d} \right)}{4\sqrt{e}|d|}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2}\log(\text{abs}(2*(\sqrt{e})*x - \sqrt{e*x^2 + d})^2 - 4*\sqrt{2}*\text{abs}(d) - 6*d)/\text{abs}(2*(\sqrt{e})*x - \sqrt{e*x^2 + d})^2 + 4*\sqrt{2}*\text{abs}(d) - 6*d))/(\sqrt{e}*\text{abs}(d))$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d^2-e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{2}\left(-\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) - \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)}{4de}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x)`

output $(\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{2}*(- \log((\sqrt{d + e*x**2}) - \sqrt{d})*\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e}*x)/\sqrt{d}) + \log((\sqrt{d + e*x**2}) - \sqrt{d})*\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e}*x)/\sqrt{d}) + \log((\sqrt{d + e*x**2}) + \sqrt{d})*\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e}*x)/\sqrt{d}) - \log((\sqrt{d + e*x**2}) + \sqrt{d})*\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e}*x)/\sqrt{d}))/ (4*d*e)$

3.29 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx$

Optimal result	367
Mathematica [A] (verified)	367
Rubi [A] (verified)	368
Maple [A] (verified)	369
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	370
Sympy [F]	370
Maxima [F]	371
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	371
Mupad [F(-1)]	371
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	372

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx = \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d^2\sqrt{e}}$$

output

$1/2*x/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/4*\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/2)}*e^{(1/2)}*x/(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}/d^2/e^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx = \frac{2x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{d-ex^2+\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{2d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}4d^2}$$

input

`Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)),x]`

output

$((2*x)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2] + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(d - e*x^2 + \operatorname{Sqrt}[e]*x*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*d)])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[e])/(4*d^2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1388, 296, 291, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{296} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{d-\frac{2dex^2}{ex^2+d}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2d} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d^2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)),x]`

output `x/(2*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]/(2*Sqrt[2]*d^2*Sqrt[e])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 296 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[(b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[2*(p + q + 2) + 1, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || !LtQ[q, -1]) && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d} \sqrt{2}}{2 x \sqrt{e}}\right) + \frac{x}{\sqrt{e x^2+d}}}{2 d^2}$
default	$-\frac{e \sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{4 d+2 \sqrt{d e}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{d e}}{e}\right)+2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{d e}}{e}\right)^2 e+2 \sqrt{d e}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{d e}}{e}\right)+2 d}}{x-\frac{\sqrt{d e}}{e}}\right)}{4\left(-\sqrt{d e}+\sqrt{-d e}\right)\left(\sqrt{d e}+\sqrt{-d e}\right) \sqrt{d e} \sqrt{d}} + \frac{e \sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{4 d-2 \sqrt{d e}\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{d e}}{e}\right)+2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{d e}}{e}\right)^2 e+2 \sqrt{d e}\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{d e}}{e}\right)+2 d}}{x+\frac{\sqrt{d e}}{e}}\right)}{4\left(-\sqrt{d e}+\sqrt{-d e}\right)\left(\sqrt{d e}+\sqrt{-d e}\right) \sqrt{d e} \sqrt{d}}$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2^{(1/2)} / e^{(1/2)} \cdot \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot (e \cdot x^2 + d)^{(1/2)} / x \cdot 2^{(1/2)} / e^{(1/2)} \right) + 1 / (e \cdot x^2 + d)^{(1/2)} \cdot x \right) / d^2$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 92 vs. $2(45) = 90$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.43

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx = \left[\frac{\sqrt{2}(ex^2+d)\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{17e^2x^4+14dex^2+4\sqrt{2}(3ex^3+dx)\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{e+d^2}}{e^2x^4-2dex^2+d^2}\right) + 8\sqrt{ex^2+d}ex}{16(d^2e^2x^2+d^3e)}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\sqrt{2}(ex^2+d)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(3ex^2+d)\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-e}}{4(e^2x^3+dex)}\right) - 4\sqrt{ex^2+d}ex}{8(d^2e^2x^2+d^3e)} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[1/16 \cdot (\sqrt{2} \cdot (e \cdot x^2 + d) \cdot \sqrt{e} \cdot \log((17 \cdot e^2 \cdot x^4 + 14 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot x^2 + 4 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot (3 \cdot e \cdot x^3 + d \cdot x) \cdot \sqrt{e \cdot x^2 + d} \cdot \sqrt{e + d^2}) / (e^2 \cdot x^4 - 2 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot x^2 + d^2)) + 8 \cdot \sqrt{e \cdot x^2 + d} \cdot e \cdot x) / (d^2 \cdot e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^3 \cdot e), -1/8 \cdot (\sqrt{2} \cdot (e \cdot x^2 + d) \cdot \sqrt{-e} \cdot \arctan(1/4 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot (3 \cdot e \cdot x^2 + d) \cdot \sqrt{e \cdot x^2 + d} \cdot \sqrt{-e}) / (e^2 \cdot x^3 + d \cdot e \cdot x)) - 4 \cdot \sqrt{e \cdot x^2 + d} \cdot e \cdot x) / (d^2 \cdot e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^3 \cdot e)]$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx = - \int \frac{1}{-d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2} + e^2x^4\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(-d**2*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + e**2*x**4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(e^2x^4-d^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((e^2*x^4 - d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 101 vs. $2(45) = 90$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \log \left(\frac{2(\sqrt{ex}-\sqrt{ex^2+d})^2 - 4\sqrt{2}|d|-6d}{2(\sqrt{ex}-\sqrt{ex^2+d})^2 + 4\sqrt{2}|d|-6d} \right)}{8d\sqrt{e}|d|} + \frac{x}{2\sqrt{ex^2+dd^2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*sqrt(2)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2 - 4*sqrt(2)*abs(d) - 6*d)/abs(2*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2 + 4*sqrt(2)*abs(d) - 6*d))/(d*sqrt(e)*abs(d)) + 1/2*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^4)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.36

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{ex^2+d}ex - \sqrt{e}\sqrt{2}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)d - \sqrt{e}\sqrt{2}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ex^2 + \sqrt{e}\sqrt{2}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2), x)`

output `(4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x - sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d - sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e*x**2 + sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d + sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e*x**2 + sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d + sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e*x**2 - sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d - sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e*x**2 + 4*sqrt(e)*d + 4*sqrt(e)*e*x**2)/(8*d**2*e*(d + e*x**2))`

3.30 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx = \frac{x}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{7x}{12d^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}d^3\sqrt{e}}$$

output `1/6*x/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+7/12*x/d^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/8*arctanh(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d^3/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx = \frac{\frac{2(9dx+7ex^3)}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{d-ex^2+\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{2d}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}}{24d^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)),x]`

output `((2*(9*d*x + 7*e*x^3))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2) + (3*Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[(d - e*x^2 + Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(Sqrt[2]*d)])/Sqrt[e])/ (24*d^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$, Rules used = {1388, 316, 25, 27, 402, 27, 291, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{x}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{e(5d-2ex^2)}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{e(5d-2ex^2)}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d-2ex^2}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\frac{7x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3d^2e}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{7x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{d - \frac{2dex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{7x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{e}} + \frac{7x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)),x]`

output `x/(6*d^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((7*x)/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e])/(6*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 316

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)
), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x
^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !
(!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2,
p, q, x]
```

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(
q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)
*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1388

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{14e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 + 3\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}\sqrt{2}}{2x\sqrt{e}}\right)(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 18\sqrt{e} dx}{24\sqrt{e}(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^3}$
default	$e \left(\frac{1}{2d\sqrt{\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{de}}{e}\right)^2 e + 2\sqrt{de}\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{de}}{e}\right) + 2d}} - \frac{\sqrt{de}\left(2e\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{de}}{e}\right) + 2\sqrt{de}\right)}{4d^2e\sqrt{\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{de}}{e}\right)^2 e + 2\sqrt{de}\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{de}}{e}\right) + 2d}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{4d + 2\sqrt{de}\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{de}}{e}\right) + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{de}}{e}\right)^2 e + 2\sqrt{de}\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{de}}{e}\right) + 2d}}{4d^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{4d^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)$

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/24*(14*e^(3/2)*x^3+3*2^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*2^(1/2)/e^(1/2))*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+18*e^(1/2)*d*x)/e^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/d^3
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 127 vs. 2(60) = 120.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.49

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx = \left[\frac{3\sqrt{2}(e^2x^4+2dex^2+d^2)\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{17e^2x^4+14dex^2+4\sqrt{2}(3ex^3+dx)\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{e+d^2}}{e^2x^4-2dex^2+d^2}\right)}{96(d^3e^3x^4+2d^4e^2x^2+d^5e)} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}(e^2x^4+2dex^2+d^2)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(3ex^2+d)\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-e}}{4(e^2x^3+dex)}\right) - 4(7e^2x^3+9dex)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{48(d^3e^3x^4+2d^4e^2x^2+d^5e)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/96*(3*sqrt(2)*(e^2*x^4+2*d*e*x^2+d^2)*sqrt(e)*log((17*e^2*x^4+14*d*e*x^2+4*sqrt(2)*(3*e*x^3+d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2+d)*sqrt(e)+d^2)/(e^2*x^4-2*d*e*x^2+d^2))+8*(7*e^2*x^3+9*d*e*x)*sqrt(e*x^2+d))/(d^3*e^3*x^4+2*d^4*e^2*x^2+d^5*e), -1/48*(3*sqrt(2)*(e^2*x^4+2*d*e*x^2+d^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/4*sqrt(2)*(3*e*x^2+d)*sqrt(e*x^2+d)*sqrt(-e)/(e^2*x^3+d*e*x))-4*(7*e^2*x^3+9*d*e*x)*sqrt(e*x^2+d))/(d^3*e^3*x^4+2*d^4*e^2*x^2+d^5*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(d^2-e^2x^4)} dx = - \int \frac{1}{-d^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}-d^2ex^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}+de^2x^4\sqrt{d+ex^2}+e^3x^6\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(1/(-d**3*sqrt(d + e*x**2) - d**2*e*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + d*e**
2*x**4*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + e**3*x**6*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(e^2x^4 - d^2)(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate(1/((e^2*x^4 - d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{7ex^2}{d^3} + \frac{9}{d^2} \right)}{12 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \log \left(\frac{2 (\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^2 - 4\sqrt{2}|d| - 6d}{2 (\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^2 + 4\sqrt{2}|d| - 6d} \right)}{16 d^2 \sqrt{e}|d|}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/12*x*(7*e*x^2/d^3 + 9/d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2) + 1/16*sqrt(2)*log(abs(2*(s
qrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2 - 4*sqrt(2)*abs(d) - 6*d)/abs(2*(sqrt(e)*x -
sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2 + 4*sqrt(2)*abs(d) - 6*d))/(d^2*sqrt(e)*abs(d))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2 x^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4) (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 542, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2 x^4)} dx = \frac{36\sqrt{ex^2 + d} dex + 28\sqrt{ex^2 + d} e^2 x^3 - 3\sqrt{e} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d} \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2 x^4)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2),x)`

output

```
(36*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x + 28*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**3 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d)))*d**2 - 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2 + 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2 + 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**2*x**4 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2 - 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**2*x**4 - 20*sqrt(e)*d**2 - 40*sqrt(e)*d*e*x**2 - 20*sqrt(e)*e**2*x**4)/(48*d**3*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

3.31 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
x*(e*x^2+d)/d/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-d^(1/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE
(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)
^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3dx + 2ex^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)}{3d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(3*d*x + 2*e*x^3*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(3*d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.423$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 27, 344, 836, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{314} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{344} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{836}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d \int \frac{ex^2+d}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} dx}}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 1390

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} dx}}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1389 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 & \hline
 & \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \\
 & \downarrow 327 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right) - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 & \hline
 & \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) - (e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]) - (d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])))/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 314 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_ } \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_ }, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} [(-x) \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp} [1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3) + d \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+1) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} [(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 344 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot)(x_)^{m_ } \cdot ((a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_ } \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_ }, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} [(a + b \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (a \cdot c + b \cdot d \cdot x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a \cdot c + b \cdot d \cdot x^4)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} [(1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b/a, 4])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4] \cdot x], -1], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} [\text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^4/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^4] \text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 836 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp} [-q^{(-1)} \text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp} [1/q \text{Int}[(1 + q \cdot x^2) / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^4], x], x]] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]

rule 1389 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} [d / \text{Sqrt}[a] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e \cdot (x^2/d)] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - e \cdot (x^2/d)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 1390

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt
[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ
[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
elliptic	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{ed\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d^2\left(\frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) + e^2\left(\frac{x}{2e^2\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2e^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/e/d*x/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+1/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*
x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/
2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ex^2 - d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - (ex^2 - d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}x}{dex^2 - d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((e*x^2 - d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - (e*x^2 - d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*x)/(d *e*x^2 - d^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**2/(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**3/2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^2x^4 - 2dex^2 + d^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)`

3.32
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx$$

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Reduce [F]	396

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d(d - ex^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(-e*x^2+d)-d^(1/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*Elliptic
E(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2
)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d(-d + ex^2)} + \frac{i\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}(E(i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x) \middle| -1) - \text{EllipticF}(i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x), -1))}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d - e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/(d*(-d + e*x^2))) + (I*Sqrt[1 - (e*x^2)/d]*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 27, 344, 836, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{314} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{344} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 836 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d \int \frac{ex^2+d}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 & \downarrow 765 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 & \downarrow 762 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 & \downarrow 1390 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1389 \\
 \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 327 \\
 \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d - e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) - (e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]) - (d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])))/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 314 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1)))}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)*\text{Simp}[c*(2*p + 3) + d*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 344 $\text{Int}[(e_*)(x_)^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^m*(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 836 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-q^{(-1)} \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 1389 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/Sqrt[a] Int[Sqrt[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/Sqrt[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1390 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{ed\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	124
elliptic	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{ed\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	124

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/e/d*x/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+1/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{(ex^2 - d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - (ex^2 - d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}x}{dex^2 - d^2}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((e*x^2 - d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - (e*x^2 - d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*x)/(d*e*x^2 - d^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}}{(-d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(-e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2)))/(-d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - e x^2)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d - e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d - e*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^2 x^4 - 2de x^2 + d^2} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)`

3.33 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

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Reduce [F]	405

Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{d(d-ex^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(-e*x^2+d)-d^(1/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*Elliptic
E(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2
)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{d(-d+ex^2)} + \frac{i\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}(E(i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x) \middle| -1) - \text{EllipticF}(i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x), -1))}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/((d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]`

output `-((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/(d*(-d + e*x^2))) + (I*Sqrt[1 - (e*x^2)/d]*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.324$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 27, 344, 836, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{314} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{344} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 836 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d \int \frac{ex^2+d}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 765 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 762 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 1390
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

1389

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/((d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) - (e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]) - (d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])))/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 314 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1)))}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)*\text{Simp}[c*(2*p + 3) + d*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 344 $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^m*(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 836 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-q^{(-1)} \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 1389 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/Sqrt[a] Int[Sqrt[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/Sqrt[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1390 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
elliptic	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{ed\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + 2d\left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-(-e^2x^2-d*e)/e/d*x/\left(\left(x^2-d/e\right)*\left(-e^2x^2-d*e\right)\right)^{(1/2)}+1/(e/d)^{(1/2)}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/\left(-e^2x^4+d^2\right)^{(1/2)}*\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x*\left(e/d\right)^{(1/2)},I\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x*\left(e/d\right)^{(1/2)},I\right)\right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{(ex^2 - d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - (ex^2 - d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}x}{dex^2 - d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((e*x^2 - d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - (e*x^2 - d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*x)/(d*e*x^2 - d^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{d}{-d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + ex^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx - \int \frac{ex^2}{-d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + ex^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `-Integral(d/(-d*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + e*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x) - Integral(e*x**2/(-d*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + e*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 - d)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(e*x^2 + d)/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 - d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} (d - ex^2)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d - e*x^2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d - e*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^2x^4 - 2dex^2 + d^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)`

3.34 $\int (d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	406
Mathematica [C] (verified)	407
Rubi [A] (verified)	407
Maple [A] (verified)	412
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	412
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	413
Maxima [F]	414
Giac [F]	414
Mupad [F(-1)]	414
Reduce [F]	415

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{2}{21}d^2x(5d + 7ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - \frac{3}{7}dx(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{9}ex^3(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} + \frac{4d^{11/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{8d^{11/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{21\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
2/21*d^2*x*(7*e*x^2+5*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-3/7*d*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)
-1/9*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+4/3*d^(11/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*Ellipti
cE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-8/21*d^(11/2)*(1-e^2*
x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 8.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} (-27d^3 - 7d^2ex^2 + 27de^2x^4 + 7e^3x^6) + 90d^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) \right)}{63\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(-27*d^3 - 7*d^2*e*x^2 + 27*d*e^2*x^4 + 7*e^3*x^6) + 90*d^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]) + 70*d^2*e*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]) / (63*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.577$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)^{7/2} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{318}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(-\frac{\int -10de\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}(2ex^2+d)dx}{9e} - \frac{1}{9}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \int \sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}(2ex^2+d)dx - \frac{1}{9}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(-\frac{\int -3de\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}(7ex^2+3d)dx}{7e} - \frac{2}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^5 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{3}{7}d \int \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}(7ex^2+3d)dx - \frac{2}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^5 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{3}{7}d \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{2de\sqrt{d-ex^2}(18ex^2+11d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx}{5e} - \frac{7}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{3}{7}d \left(\frac{2}{5}d \int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(18ex^2+11d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx - \frac{7}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{2}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{3}{7}d \left(\frac{2}{5}d \left(\int \frac{3de(7ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx + 6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{2}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{3}{7}d \left(\frac{2}{5}d \left(d \int \frac{7ex^2+5d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx + 6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{2}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

399

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9} d \left(\frac{3}{7} d \left(\frac{2}{5} d \left(d \left(7 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - 2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) + 6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5} x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

289

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9} d \left(\frac{3}{7} d \left(\frac{2}{5} d \left(d \left(7 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + 6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5} x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

329

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9} d \left(\frac{3}{7} d \left(\frac{2}{5} d \left(d \left(\frac{7d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + 6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5} x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9} d \left(\frac{3}{7} d \left(\frac{2}{5} d \left(d \left(\frac{7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + 6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5} x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

765

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9} d \left(\frac{3}{7} d \left(\frac{2}{5} d \left(d \left(\frac{7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + 6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5} x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

762

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9} d \left(\frac{3}{7} d \left(\frac{2}{5} d \left(d \left(\frac{7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + 6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5} x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/9*(x*(d - e*x^2)^{(3/2)}*(d + e*x^2)^{(5/2)}) + (10*d \\ & *((-2*x*(d - e*x^2)^{(3/2)}*(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)})/7 + (3*d*((-7*x*(d - e*x^2)^{(3/2)} \\ & * \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2])/5 + (2*d*(6*x*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2] + d*((\\ & 7*d^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d]], - \\ & 1])/(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) - (2*d^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x \\ & ^4)/d^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d]], -1])/(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x \\ & ^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]))))/5))/7))/9))/(\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) \end{aligned}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 289

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 318

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} \\ & [d*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp} \\ & [1/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b \\ & *c*(2*(p+q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p+2*q-1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q-1) + \\ & 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, \\ & d, 2, p, q, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 329

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$$

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 403 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(7e^3x^6+27de^2x^4+35d^2ex^2+3d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{63} + \frac{4d^4 \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{7d\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)}{21}$
elliptic	$\frac{e^3x^7\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{9} + \frac{3de^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{5d^2ex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{9} + \frac{d^3x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{21} + \frac{20d^5\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{21\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d^3 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right) + e^3 \left(\frac{x^7\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{9} - \frac{2d^2x^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{45e^2} - \frac{2d^5\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{45e^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/63*x*(7*e^3*x^6+27*d*e^2*x^4+35*d^2*e*x^2+3*d^3)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+4/21*d^4*(5*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-7*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{84 \sqrt{-e^2} d^5 x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 12(7d^5 + 5d^4e) \sqrt{-e^2} x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (7e^5x^8 - \dots)}{63e^2x}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/63*(84*sqrt(-e^2)*d^5*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) -
12*(7*d^5 + 5*d^4*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) -
(7*e^5*x^8 + 27*d*e^4*x^6 + 35*d^2*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 84*d^4*e)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^2*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \frac{d^4 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{3d^3 ex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{3d^2 e^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} + \frac{de^3 x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**3*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
d**4*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + 3*d**3*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(7/4)) + 3*d**2*e**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(9/4)) + d*e**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(11/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} (ex^2 + d)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} (ex^2 + d)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} (ex^2 + d)^3 dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^3 x}{21} + \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^2 e x^3}{9}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d e^2 x^5}{7} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} e^3 x^7}{9}$$

$$+ \frac{20 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^5}{21} + \frac{4 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^4 e}{3}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**3*x + 35*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**2*e*x**3 + 27*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*e**2*x**5 + 7*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e**3*x**7 + 60*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**5 + 84*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**4*e)/63`

3.35 $\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{2}{105}dx(20d + 21ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - \frac{1}{7}x(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} + \frac{4d^{9/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{5\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{4d^{9/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{105\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
2/105*d*x*(21*e*x^2+20*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/7*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+
4/5*d^(9/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-
e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-4/105*d^(9/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*
x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(-3(d^2 - e^2x^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} + 24d^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) + 14dex^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) \right)}{21\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + 24*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + 14*d*e*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/(21*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.538$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 403, 25, 27, 403, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)^{5/2} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 318$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(-\frac{\int -2de\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (7ex^2 + 4d) dx}{7e} - \frac{1}{7}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \int \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (7ex^2 + 4d) dx - \frac{1}{7}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 403 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(- \frac{\int - \frac{de\sqrt{d-ex^2}(41ex^2+27d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{5e} - \frac{7}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{\int \frac{de\sqrt{d-ex^2}(41ex^2+27d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{5e} - \frac{7}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{1}{5}d \int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(41ex^2+27d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{7}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 403 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(21ex^2+20d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3e} + \frac{41}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \int \frac{21ex^2+20d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{41}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 399 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(21 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) + \frac{41}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 289 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7} d \left(\frac{1}{5} d \left(\frac{2}{3} d \left(21 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{41}{3} x \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5} x (d-ex^2)^3 \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 329

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7} d \left(\frac{1}{5} d \left(\frac{2}{3} d \left(\frac{21d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{41}{3} x \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5} x (d-ex^2)^3 \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7} d \left(\frac{1}{5} d \left(\frac{2}{3} d \left(\frac{21d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{41}{3} x \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5} x (d-ex^2)^3 \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7} d \left(\frac{1}{5} d \left(\frac{2}{3} d \left(\frac{21d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{41}{3} x \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5} x (d-ex^2)^3 \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7} d \left(\frac{1}{5} d \left(\frac{2}{3} d \left(\frac{21d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{41}{3} x \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{7}{5} x (d-ex^2)^3 \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/7*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*d*
((-7*x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/5 + (d*((41*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt
[d + e*x^2])/3 + (2*d*((21*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[Arc
Sin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) -
(d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -
1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/3))/5))/7))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^
2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 289

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart
[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*
c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 318

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + S
imp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b
*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) +
1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && G
tQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c,
d, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])

rule 399 $\text{Int}(((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplifierSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))

rule 403 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^(2*n))^(FracPart[p])/((d + e*x^n)^(FracPart[p])*(a/d + c*(x^n/e)^(FracPart[p])) \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(15e^2x^4+42dex^2+25d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{105} + \frac{4d^3}{105} \left(\frac{20d\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{21d\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)$
elliptic	$\frac{e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{2dex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5} + \frac{5d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{21} + \frac{16d^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{21\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{4d^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{21\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right) + e^2 \left(\frac{x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} - \frac{2d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{21e^2} + \frac{2d^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{21e^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{4d^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{21e^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/105*x*(15*e^2*x^4+42*d*e*x^2+25*d^2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+4/105*d^3*(20*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-21*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{84 \sqrt{-e^2} d^4 x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 4(21 d^4 + 20 d^3 e) \sqrt{-e^2} x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (15 e^4 x^5 \sqrt{-e^2} x^4 + d^2 x^3 \sqrt{-e^2} x^4 + 2 d^2 x^2 \sqrt{-e^2} x^4 + 2 d x \sqrt{-e^2} x^4 + d^2 \sqrt{-e^2} x^4)}{105 e^2 x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/105*(84*sqrt(-e^2)*d^4*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1)
- 4*(21*d^4 + 20*d^3*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)
/x), -1) - (15*e^4*x^6 + 42*d*e^3*x^4 + 25*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 84*d^3*e)*sqrt(-e
^2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^2*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{d^3 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{d^2 e x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{d e^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
d**3*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d
**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + d**2*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e*
**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(7/4)) + d*e**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hy
per((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(9/4))
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} (ex^2 + d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} (ex^2 + d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} (ex^2 + d)^2 dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^2x}{21} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} de x^3}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} e^2x^5}{7} + \frac{16\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx\right) d^4}{21} + \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx\right) d^3e}{5}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(25*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**2*x + 42*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*e*x**3 + 15*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e**2*x**5 + 80*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**4 + 84*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**3*e)/105`

3.36 $\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	426
Mathematica [C] (verified)	427
Rubi [F]	427
Maple [A] (verified)	428
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	428
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	429
Maxima [F]	429
Giac [F]	430
Mupad [F(-1)]	430
Reduce [F]	430

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{1}{15}x(5d + 3ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + \frac{2d^{7/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{5\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{4d^{7/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/15*x*(3*e*x^2+5*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/5*d^(7/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)
)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+4/15*d^(7/2)
*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 6.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) + ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/(3*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1571$$

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1571 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(3ex^2+5d)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{15} + \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)}{15}$
elliptic	$\frac{ex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5} + \frac{dx\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right) + e \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15*x*(3*e*x^2+5*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/15*d^2*(5*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x
^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2)
,I)-3*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{-e^2}d^3x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 2(3d^3 + 5d^2e)\sqrt{-e^2}x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (3e^3x^4 + 5d^2e^2x^2)\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{15e^2x}$$

```
input integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/15*(6*sqrt(-e^2)*d^3*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) -
2*(3*d^3 + 5*d^2*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x),
-1) - (3*e^3*x^4 + 5*d*e^2*x^2 - 6*d^2*e)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^2*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{d^2x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{dex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
d**2*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d
**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + d*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*
x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(7/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 + d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} ex^3}{5} + \frac{2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx\right) d^3}{3} + \frac{2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx\right) d^2 e}{5}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(5*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*x + 3*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e*x**3 + 10*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**3 + 6*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**2*e)/15`

3.37 $\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx$

Optimal result	431
Mathematica [C] (verified)	431
Rubi [A] (verified)	432
Maple [A] (verified)	433
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	434
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	434
Maxima [F]	434
Giac [F]	435
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	435
Reduce [F]	435

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} + \frac{2d^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
1/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/3*d^(5/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \frac{d^2 x - e^2 x^5 + \frac{2ide\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x\right), -1\right)}{\left(-\frac{e}{d}\right)^{3/2}}}{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]
```


output

```
(d^2*x - e^2*x^5 + ((2*I)*d*e*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[
Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(-(e/d))^(3/2))/(3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {748, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 748$$

$$\frac{2}{3} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx + \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}$$

$$\downarrow 765$$

$$\frac{2d^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}$$

$$\downarrow 762$$

$$\frac{2d^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/3 + (2*d^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(3*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 748 $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^{(n_+)]^{(p_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^n)^p/(n*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[a*n*(p/(n*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || LtQ[Denominator[p + 1/n], Denominator[p]])

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	82
risch	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	82
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	82

input $\text{int}((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $\frac{1}{3}*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}+2/3*d^2/(e/d)^{(1/2)}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)}, I)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 d} \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) | -1) + \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} e x}{3e}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*(2*sqrt(-e^2)*d*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*e*x)/e`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \frac{dx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}; \frac{5}{4}; \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/4], 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2))/(1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2)^(1/2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x}{3} + \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^2}{3}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output $(\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4})x + 2 \int (\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}) / (d^2 - e^2 x^4)$
 $, x) d^2 / 3$

3.38 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	437
Mathematica [C] (verified)	437
Rubi [A] (verified)	438
Maple [A] (verified)	440
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	441
Sympy [F]	441
Maxima [F(-2)]	442
Giac [F]	442
Mupad [F(-1)]	442
Reduce [F]	443

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx = -\frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{2d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
-d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2*d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{id \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \left(E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x\right) \middle| -1\right) - 2 \text{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x\right), -1\right) \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `(I*d*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - 2*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.269$, Rules used = {1396, 326, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + e x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{d - e x^2}}{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{326} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - e x^2}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{289} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2d \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} - \int \frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - e x^2}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{329} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2d \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} - \frac{d \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e x^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e x^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 327 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 765 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 762 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-((d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (2*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 326 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[b/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x^2]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)(x_)^{(n2_.)})^{(p_)*((d_) + (e_.)(x_)^{(n)})^{(q_.)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e)^{\text{FracPart}[p]})) \ \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p + q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	137
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	137

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-e^2} dx \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \sqrt{-e^2}(d - e)x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} e}{e^2 x}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(sqrt(-e^2)*d*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - sqrt(-e^2)*(d - e)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*e)/(e^2*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))/(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{e x^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + e x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e x^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d + e*x**2),x)`

3.39 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d - ex^2}{d + ex^2}} (d + ex^2) E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output ((-e*x^2+d)/(e*x^2+d))^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2)/(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2),2^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{x - \frac{ex^3}{d} - \frac{i\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} (E(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x) | -1) - \operatorname{EllipticF}(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x), -1))}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]

output

```
(x - (e*x^3)/d - (I*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/Sqrt[-(e/d)]/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]
```

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.462$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 25, 27, 344, 836, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{314} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{e \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{344}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{836} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{d \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{765} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1390}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1389} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right) - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]) - (d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])))/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 314 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{p}[(\text{-x})*(\text{a} + \text{b*x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d*x}^2)^{\text{q}}/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)))], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b*x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d*x}^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(2*\text{p} + 3) + \text{d}*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 1) + 1)*\text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b*c} - \text{a*d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, \text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{x}], \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a*d}))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 344 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_.)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_)}*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a} + \text{b*x}^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}\text{*((c} + \text{d*x}^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}/(\text{a*c} + \text{b*d*x}^4)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e*x})^{\text{m}}*(\text{a*c} + \text{b*d*x}^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b*c} + \text{a*d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$
- rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]*\text{x}], -1], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(\text{x}^4/\text{a})]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b*x}^4] \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(\text{x}^4/\text{a})], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$

rule 836 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-q^{(-1)} \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/q \text{Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 1389 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d/\text{Sqrt}[a] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NegQ}[c/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1390 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NegQ}[c/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& !(\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_)+(c_)*(x_)^{n2_})^{(p_)*((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^{n_})^{(q_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{de\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	121
elliptic	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{de\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	121

input $\text{int}((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(e*x^2+d)^2, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/d*x/e/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)-1/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex^2 + d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - (ex^2 + d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}x}{dex^2 + d^2}$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - (e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*x)/(d*e*x^2 + d^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))/(d + e*x**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)`

3.40 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$

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Reduce [F]	461

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{3d(d + ex^2)^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{2d^2(d + ex^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
1/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^2+1/2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(e*x^2+d)+1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(5d^2 - 2dex^2 - 3e^2x^4) - 3id(d + ex^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E(\operatorname{iarcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x) | -1) + 2id(d + ex^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} F(\operatorname{iarcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x) | -1)}{6d^2 \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} (d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(5*d^2 - 2*d*e*x^2 - 3*e^2*x^4) - (3*I)*d*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] + (2*I)*d*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(6*d^2*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.462$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 25, 402, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 314$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{2d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 402 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(3ex^2 + d)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2d^2 e}}{3d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{\int \frac{de(3ex^2 + d)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2d^2 e} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{\int \frac{3ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 399 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx - 2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 289 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx - \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{2d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 329
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{3d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 327 \\
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 765 \\
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 762 \\
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output
$$\frac{(\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} * ((x * \sqrt{d - e x^2}) / (3 * d * (d + e x^2)^{3/2}) + ((3 * x * \sqrt{d - e x^2}) / (2 * d * \sqrt{d + e x^2}) + ((3 * d^{3/2} * \sqrt{1 - (e^2 * x^4) / d^2} * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(\sqrt{e} * x) / \sqrt{d}], -1]) / (\sqrt{e} * \sqrt{d - e x^2} * \sqrt{d + e x^2}) - (2 * d^{3/2} * \sqrt{1 - (e^2 * x^4) / d^2} * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\sqrt{e} * x) / \sqrt{d}], -1]) / (\sqrt{e} * \sqrt{d - e x^2} * \sqrt{d + e x^2}))) / (2 * d)) / (3 * d)) / (\sqrt{d - e x^2} * \sqrt{d + e x^2})}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25
$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) * (\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_) * (\text{Gx}_) \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$$

rule 289
$$\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2]^{\text{p}_} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]} * ((\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]} / (\text{a} * \text{c} + \text{b} * \text{d} * \text{x}^4)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} * \text{c} + \text{b} * \text{d} * \text{x}^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} + \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$$

rule 314
$$\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2]^{\text{p}_} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{q}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{-x}) * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1} * ((\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{q}} / (2 * \text{a} * (\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 * \text{a} * (\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{q} - 1} * \text{Simp}[\text{c} * (2 * \text{p} + 3) + \text{d} * (2 * (\text{p} + \text{q} + 1) + 1) * \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, \text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$$

rule 327
$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2} / \sqrt{(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{\text{a}} / (\sqrt{\text{c}} * \text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2])) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2] * \text{x}], \text{b} * (\text{c} / (\text{a} * \text{d}))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}*((c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_)+(f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_)+(c_)*(x_)^{n2_})^{(p_)}*((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^{n_})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3de^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{6d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3de^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{6d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{d^2 x \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^2 (x^2 + d/e)^2 + 1/2 (-e^2 x^2 + d e) / d^2 x / e} / \left((x^2 + d/e) (-e^2 x^2 + d e) \right)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{6} \frac{d}{d} \frac{1}{(e/d)^{1/2}} \frac{1 - e x^2/d}{(1/2)} \frac{1 + e x^2/d}{(1/2)} / \left(-e^2 x^4 + d^2 \right)^{1/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, I\right) - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{d} \frac{1}{(e/d)^{1/2}} \frac{1 - e x^2/d}{(1/2)} \frac{1 + e x^2/d}{(1/2)} / \left(-e^2 x^4 + d^2 \right)^{1/2} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, I\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, I\right) \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(e^3 x^4 + 2de^2 x^2 + d^2 e) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} E(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + ((de^2 - 3e^3)x^4 + d^3 - 3d^2 e + 2(d^2 e - 3de^2)x^2) \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{6(d^2 e^3 x^4 + 2d^3 e^2 x^2 + d^4 e)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{6} \frac{(3(e^3 x^4 + 2d e^2 x^2 + d^2 e) \sqrt{e/d}) \operatorname{elliptic}_e(\arcsin(x \sqrt{e/d}), -1) + ((d e^2 - 3e^3) x^4 + d^3 - 3d^2 e + 2(d^2 e - 3d e^2) x^2) \sqrt{e/d} \operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(x \sqrt{e/d}), -1) + \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} (3e^3 x^4 + 5d e^2 x^2)}{(d^2 e^3 x^4 + 2d^3 e^2 x^2 + d^4 e)}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))/(d + e*x**2)**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^3 x^6 + 3d e^2 x^4 + 3d^2 e x^2 + d^3} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)`

3.41
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	462
Mathematica [C] (verified)	463
Rubi [A] (verified)	463
Maple [A] (verified)	469
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	469
Sympy [F]	470
Maxima [F]	470
Giac [F]	471
Mupad [F(-1)]	471
Reduce [F]	471

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{5d(d + ex^2)^3} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{30d^2(d + ex^2)^2} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{5d^3(d + ex^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{5d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

$$- \frac{7\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{30d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
1/5*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^3+7/30*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(
e*x^2+d)^2+2/5*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/(e*x^2+d)+2/5*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1
/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-7/
30*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-
e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x (25d^3 + 6d^2 ex^2 - 19de^2 x^4 - 12e^3 x^6) - 12id(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x) | -1) + 7i}{30d^3 \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(25*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x^2 - 19*d*e^2*x^4 - 12*e^3*x^6) - (12*I)*d*(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] + (7*I)*d*(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(30*d^3*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.538$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 25, 402, 25, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 314$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{4d-3ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{4d-3ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 402 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(17d-7ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e}}{5d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{\int \frac{de(17d-7ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{\int \frac{17d-7ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 402
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{12x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2de(12ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e}}{6d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{\int \frac{12ex^2+5d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} + \frac{12x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 399 \\
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{12 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - 7d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} + \frac{12x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 289 \\
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{12 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{7d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{12x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 329
 \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{12d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{12x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

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$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{12d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{12x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

765

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{12d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{12x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

762

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{12d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{12x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(5*d*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((7*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(6*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((12*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + ((12*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (7*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/d)/(6*d))/(5*d))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 314 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(2*p + 3) + d*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])

rule 399 $\text{Int}(((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplifierSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))

rule 402 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^(2*n))^(FracPart[p])/((d + e*x^n)^(FracPart[p])*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^(FracPart[p])) \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5de^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{7x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{30e^2d^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{2(-e^2x^2+de)x}{5ed^3\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{6d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}}{6d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5de^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{7x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{30e^2d^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{2(-e^2x^2+de)x}{5ed^3\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{6d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}}{6d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{5}d^2x/e^3(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}/(x^2+d/e)^3 + \frac{7}{30}e^2/d^2x(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}/(x^2+d/e)^2 + \frac{2}{5}(-e^2x^2+de)/e/d^3x/((x^2+d/e)(-e^2x^2+de))^{1/2} + \frac{1}{6}d^2/(e/d)^{1/2}(1-ex^2/d)^{1/2}(1+ex^2/d)^{1/2}/(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2} * \operatorname{EllipticF}(x(e/d)^{1/2}, I) - \frac{2}{5}d^2/(e/d)^{1/2}(1-ex^2/d)^{1/2}(1+ex^2/d)^{1/2}/(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2} * (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x(e/d)^{1/2}, I) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x(e/d)^{1/2}, I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{12(e^4x^6 + 3de^3x^4 + 3d^2e^2x^2 + d^3e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + ((5de^3 - 12e^4)x^6 + 3(5d^2e^2 - 12de^3) + 30(d^3e^4x^6 + \dots))}{30(d^3e^4x^6 + \dots)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/30*(12*(e^4*x^6 + 3*d*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + d^3*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + ((5*d*e^3 - 12*e^4)*x^6 + 3*(5*d^2*e^2 - 12*d*e^3)*x^4 + 5*d^4 - 12*d^3*e + 3*(5*d^3*e - 12*d^2*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (12*e^3*x^5 + 31*d*e^2*x^3 + 25*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^3*e^4*x^6 + 3*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + d^6*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d)**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))/(d + e*x**2)**4, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^4, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^4,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^4 x^8 + 4d e^3 x^6 + 6d^2 e^2 x^4 + 4d^3 e x^2 + d^4} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^4,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**4 + 4*d**3*e*x**2 + 6*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 4*d*e**3*x**6 + e**4*x**8),x)`

3.42
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx$$

Optimal result	472
Mathematica [C] (verified)	473
Rubi [A] (verified)	473
Maple [A] (verified)	480
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	481
Sympy [F]	481
Maxima [F]	482
Giac [F]	482
Mupad [F(-1)]	482
Reduce [F]	483

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 257

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{7d(d + ex^2)^4} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{70d^2(d + ex^2)^3} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{210d^3(d + ex^2)^2} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{20d^4(d + ex^2)} + \frac{7\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{20d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} - \frac{41\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{210d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
1/7*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^4+11/70*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/
(e*x^2+d)^3+41/210*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/(e*x^2+d)^2+7/20*x*(-e^2*x^4
+d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/(e*x^2+d)+7/20*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d
^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-41/210*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2
)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{x(-d+ex^2)(355d^3+671d^2ex^2+523de^2x^4+147e^3x^6)}{(d+ex^2)^3} + \frac{ie\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}(147E(i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x))|-1)-82\operatorname{EllipticF}(i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x))}{(-\frac{e}{d})^{3/2}}}{420d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^5,x]`

output `(-((x*(-d + e*x^2)*(355*d^3 + 671*d^2*e*x^2 + 523*d*e^2*x^4 + 147*e^3*x^6))/(d + e*x^2)^3) + (I*e*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(147*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - 82*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/(-(e/d))^(3/2))/(420*d^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.654$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 25, 402, 25, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 314$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{6d-5ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{7d} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{6d-5ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{7d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(49d-33ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d^2e}}{7d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{\int \frac{de(49d-33ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d^2e} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{7d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{\int \frac{49d-33ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{7d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 402
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{2de(106d-41ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{\frac{\frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{10d}{7d}}{10d} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{106d-41ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{\frac{\frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{10d}{7d}}{10d} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(147ex^2+65d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\frac{\frac{147x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{10d}{7d}}{3d} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(147ex^2+65d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\frac{\frac{147x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{10d}{7d}}{3d} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 27
 \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{147ex^2+65d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3d} + \frac{147x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{147 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - 82d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3d} + \frac{147x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 289

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{147 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{82d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{3d} + \frac{147x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 329

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{147d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{82d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{147x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

327

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{147d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{82d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{147x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

765

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{147d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{82d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{147x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

762

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{147d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{82d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{2d} + \frac{147x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)} \right) \frac{1}{7d} \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^5,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(7*d*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((11*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(10*d*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((41*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((147*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + ((147*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (82*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d))/(3*d))/(10*d))/(7*d)))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 314 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x) \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q - 1)} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3) + d \cdot (2 \cdot (p + q + 1) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2 \cdot (x^4/a^2)] / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - b \cdot (x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b \cdot c + a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a \cdot b, 0])$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / (\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / b \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)} \cdot ((e_) + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q + 1)} / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + e \cdot 2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p + 1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (2 \cdot (p + q + 2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b/a, 4])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4] \cdot x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7de^4\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} + \frac{11x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{70d^2e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{41x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{210d^3e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{7(-e^2x^2+de)x}{20ed^4\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{13\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, I\right)}{84d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7de^4\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} + \frac{11x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{70d^2e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{41x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{210d^3e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{7(-e^2x^2+de)x}{20ed^4\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{13\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, I\right)}{84d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input

```
int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/7/d*x/e^4*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^4+11/70/d^2/e^3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2
)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^3+41/210/d^3/e^2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^2+7/20
*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/e/d^4*x/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)+13/84/d^3/(e/d)^(
1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*
(e/d)^(1/2),I)-7/20/d^3/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-
e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{147(e^5 x^8 + 4de^4 x^6 + 6d^2 e^3 x^4 + 4d^3 e^2 x^2 + d^4 e) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + ((65de^4 - 147e^5)x^8 + 4(65d^2e^3 - 147d^4e)x^6 + 65d^5 - 147d^4e + 6(65d^3e^2 - 147d^2e^3)x^4 + 4(65d^4e - 147d^3e^2)x^2) \sqrt{e/d} \operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(x\sqrt{e/d}), -1) + (147e^4 x^7 + 523d^3 e^3 x^5 + 671d^2 e^2 x^3 + 355d^3 e^2 x) \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(d^4 e^5 x^8 + 4d^5 e^4 x^6 + 6d^6 e^3 x^4 + 4d^7 e^2 x^2 + d^8 e)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/420*(147*(e^5*x^8 + 4*d*e^4*x^6 + 6*d^2*e^3*x^4 + 4*d^3*e^2*x^2 + d^4*e)
*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + ((65*d*e^4 - 147*e^5)*x^8
+ 4*(65*d^2*e^3 - 147*d*e^4)*x^6 + 65*d^5 - 147*d^4*e + 6*(65*d^3*e^2 - 1
47*d^2*e^3)*x^4 + 4*(65*d^4*e - 147*d^3*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arc
sin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (147*e^4*x^7 + 523*d*e^3*x^5 + 671*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 3
55*d^3*e^2*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^4*e^5*x^8 + 4*d^5*e^4*x^6 + 6*d^6*e^3
*x^4 + 4*d^7*e^2*x^2 + d^8*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d)**5,x)`

output

```
Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))/(d + e*x**2)**5, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^5} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^5,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^5, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^5 x^{10} + 5d e^4 x^8 + 10d^2 e^3 x^6 + 10d^3 e^2 x^4 + 5d^4 e x^2 + d^5} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^5,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 + 5*d**4*e*x**2 + 10*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 10*d**2*e**3*x**6 + 5*d*e**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10),x)`

3.43 $\int (d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 239

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{4}{715}d^4x(65d + 77ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + \frac{2}{429}d^2x(39d + 77ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{11}dx(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2} - \frac{1}{13}ex^3(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2} + \frac{56d^{15/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{65\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{96d^{15/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)}{715\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
4/715*d^4*x*(77*e*x^2+65*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/429*d^2*x*(77*e*x^2+39*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)-3/11*d*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2)-1/13*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2)+56/65*d^(15/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-96/715*d^(15/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left((39d + 11ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} - 182d^5 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) - 154d^4 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) \right)}{143\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/143*(x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((39*d + 11*e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^2*sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - 182*d^5*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - 154*d^4*e*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 21, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.808$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 403, 25, 27, 403, 27, 403, 25, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int (d - ex^2)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^{9/2} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 318$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(-\frac{\int -14de(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}(2ex^2+d)dx}{13e} - \frac{1}{13}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \int (d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}(2ex^2+d)dx - \frac{1}{13}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(-\frac{\int -de(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}(33ex^2+13d)dx}{11e} - \frac{2}{11}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{\int de(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}(33ex^2+13d)dx}{11e} - \frac{2}{11}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \int (d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}(33ex^2+13d)dx - \frac{2}{11}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \left(-\frac{\int -6de(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}(58ex^2+25d)dx}{9e} - \frac{11}{3}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{2}{11}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \int (d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}(58ex^2+25d)dx - \frac{11}{3}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2}{11}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{de(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(349ex^2+233d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx}{7e} - \frac{58}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{11}{3}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2}{11}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\int \frac{de(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(349ex^2+233d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{58}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{11}{3}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(349ex^2+233d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{58}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{11}{3}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\int \frac{6de\sqrt{d-ex^2}(213ex^2+136d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{349}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{58}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(213ex^2+136d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{349}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{58}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(\int \frac{3de(77ex^2+65d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + 71x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{349}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \int \frac{77ex^2+65d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + 71x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{349}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - 12d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) + 71x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{349}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 289

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{12d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + 71x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 329

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(\frac{77d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{12d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + 71x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(\frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{12d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + 71x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 765

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(\frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{12d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + 71x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 762

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{14}{13}d \left(\frac{1}{11}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(\frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{12d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + 71x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/13*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)) + (14*
d*((-2*x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/11 + (d*((-11*x*(d - e*x^2)^(
5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/3 + (2*d*((-58*x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2
])/7 + (d*((349*x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/5 + (6*d*(71*x*Sqrt[d
- e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + d*((77*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Ellipti
cE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x
^2]) - (12*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sq
rt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))))/5)/7)/3)/11))
/13))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 289

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart
[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*
c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 318

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + S
imp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b
*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) +
1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && G
tQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c,
d, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$

rule 399 $\text{Int}(((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 403 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^(2*n))^(FracPart[p])/((d + e*x^n)^(FracPart[p])*(a/d + c*(x^n/e)^(FracPart[p])) \ \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(-165e^5x^{10}-585de^4x^8-440d^2e^3x^6+780d^3e^2x^4+1529d^4ex^2+585d^5)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{2145} + \frac{8d^6 \left(\frac{65d\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)}{2145}$
elliptic	$-\frac{e^5x^{11}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{13} - \frac{3e^4dx^9\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{11} - \frac{8d^2e^3x^7\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{39} + \frac{4d^3e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{11} + \frac{139d^4ex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{195} + \dots$
default	$d^3 \left(-\frac{e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{3d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{4d^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right) + e^3 \left(-\frac{e^2x^{11}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{13} + \dots \right)$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2145*x*(-165*e^5*x^10-585*d*e^4*x^8-440*d^2*e^3*x^6+780*d^3*e^2*x^4+1529
*d^4*e*x^2+585*d^5)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+8/715*d^6*(65*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*
x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2
),I)-77*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(
1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1848 \sqrt{-e^2d^7} x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 24(77d^7 + 65d^6e)\sqrt{-e^2x} \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (165e^2d^7 - 139d^6e^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{2145e^2}$$

```
input integrate((e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2145*(1848*sqrt(-e^2)*d^7*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -
1) - 24*(77*d^7 + 65*d^6*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(
d/e)/x), -1) + (165*e^7*x^12 + 585*d*e^6*x^10 + 440*d^2*e^5*x^8 - 780*d^3*
e^4*x^6 - 1529*d^4*e^3*x^4 - 585*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 1848*d^6*e)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 +
d^2))/(e^2*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^6 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{3d^5 ex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{d^4 e^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{d^3 e^3 x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} - \frac{3d^2 e^4 x^9 \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \\ \frac{13}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{4}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{de^5 x^{11} \Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4} \\ \frac{15}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{15}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**3*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
d**6*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d
**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + 3*d**5*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,),
e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(7/4)) + d**4*e**2*x**5*gamma(5/
4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(9
/4)) - d**3*e**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), e**2*x**4*exp
_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(11/4)) - 3*d**2*e**4*x**9*gamma(9/4)*hyper((
-1/2, 9/4), (13/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(13/4)) - d
**5*x**11*gamma(11/4)*hyper((-1/2, 11/4), (15/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2
*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(15/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^3, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^3, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^3 dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^5 x}{11} + \frac{139\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^4 e x^3}{195} \\ &+ \frac{4\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^3 e^2 x^5}{11} - \frac{8\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^2 e^3 x^7}{39} - \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d e^4 x^9}{11} \\ &- \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} e^5 x^{11}}{13} + \frac{8 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^7}{11} + \frac{56 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^6 e}{65} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(585*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**5*x + 1529*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**4*e*x*
*3 + 780*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**3*e**2*x**5 - 440*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)
)*d**2*e**3*x**7 - 585*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*e**4*x**9 - 165*sqrt(d**2
- e**2*x**4)*e**5*x**11 + 1560*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**
4),x)*d**7 + 1848*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*
d**6*e)/2145`

3.44 $\int (d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	495
Mathematica [C] (verified)	496
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Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	503
Maxima [F]	503
Giac [F]	504
Mupad [F(-1)]	504
Reduce [F]	504

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{4d^3x(90d + 77ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{1155} + \frac{2}{693}dx(54d + 77ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{11}x(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2} + \frac{8d^{13/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{104d^{13/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{1155\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

```
output 4/1155*d^3*x*(77*e*x^2+90*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/693*d*x*(77*e*x^2+54*d)
*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)-1/11*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2)+8/15*d^(13/2)*(1-e^2*x^
4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1
04/1155*d^(13/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(
1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 9.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(-3(d^2 - e^2x^4)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} + 36d^4 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) + 22d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) \right)}{33\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + 36*d^4*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + 22*d^3*e*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/(33*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.692$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 403, 25, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int (d - ex^2)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^{7/2} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{318}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(-\frac{\int -2de(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}(11ex^2+6d)dx}{11e} - \frac{1}{11}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \int (d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}(11ex^2+6d)dx - \frac{1}{11}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(-\frac{\int -de(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}(131ex^2+65d)dx}{9e} - \frac{11}{9}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{11}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{\int de(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}(131ex^2+65d)dx}{9e} - \frac{11}{9}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{11}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \int (d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}(131ex^2+65d)dx - \frac{11}{9}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{11}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{2de(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(424ex^2+293d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx}{7e} - \frac{131}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{11}{9}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(424ex^2+293d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx - \frac{131}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{11}{9}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\int \frac{3de\sqrt{d-ex^2}(501ex^2+347d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{424}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{131}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(501ex^2+347d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{424}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{131}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(\int \frac{6de(77ex^2+90d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + 167x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{424}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(2d \int \frac{77ex^2+90d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + 167x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{424}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(2d \left(13d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) + 167x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{424}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 289

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(2d \left(\frac{13d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) + 167x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{424}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 329

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(2d \left(\frac{77d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{13d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + 167x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{424}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(2d \left(\frac{13d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) + 167x\sqrt{d - ex^2}$$

↓ 765

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(2d \left(\frac{13d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) + 167x\sqrt{d - ex^2}$$

↓ 762

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(2d \left(\frac{13d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right), -1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) + 167x\sqrt{d - ex^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/11*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (2*d*((-11*x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/9 + (d*((-131*x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/7 + (2*d*((424*x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/5 + (3*d*(167*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + 2*d*((77*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (13*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))))/5))/7))/9))/11))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 289 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \quad \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c*(2*(p+q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p+2*q-1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q-1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2])], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 403

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]
```

rule 762

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 765

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(-315e^4x^8 - 770de^3x^6 + 90d^2e^2x^4 + 1694d^3ex^2 + 1305d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{3465} + \frac{8d^5 \left(\frac{90d\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - 77d\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} \right)}{115}$
elliptic	$-\frac{e^4x^9\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{11} - \frac{2de^3x^7\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{9} + \frac{2d^2e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{77} + \frac{22d^3ex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{45} + \frac{29d^4x\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{77} + \frac{48d^6}{115}$
default	$d^2 \left(-\frac{e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{7} + \frac{3d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{7} + \frac{4d^4\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} \right) + e^2 \left(-\frac{e^2x^9\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{11} \right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3465*x*(-315*e^4*x^8-770*d*e^3*x^6+90*d^2*e^2*x^4+1694*d^3*e*x^2+1305*d^4)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+8/1155*d^5*(90*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-77*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1848 \sqrt{-e^2} d^6 x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 24 (77 d^6 + 90 d^5 e) \sqrt{-e^2} x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (315 e^6 x^{10} + 770 d e^5 x^8 - 90 d^2 e^4 x^6 - 1694 d^3 e^3 x^4 - 1305 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 1848 d^5 e) \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{3465 e^2 x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3465*(1848*sqrt(-e^2)*d^6*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - 24*(77*d^6 + 90*d^5*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + (315*e^6*x^10 + 770*d*e^5*x^8 - 90*d^2*e^4*x^6 - 1694*d^3*e^3*x^4 - 1305*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 1848*d^5*e)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^2*x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^5 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} \\ + \frac{d^4 e x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{d^2 e^3 x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} \\ - \frac{d e^4 x^9 \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \\ \frac{13}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`output `d**5*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + d**4*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(7/4)) - d**2*e**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(11/4)) - d*e**4*x**9*gamma(9/4)*hyper((-1/2, 9/4), (13/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(13/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^2 dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{29\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^4 x}{77} \\ &+ \frac{22\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^3 e x^3}{45} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^2 e^2 x^5}{77} - \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d e^3 x^7}{9} \\ &- \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} e^4 x^9}{11} + \frac{48 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^6}{77} + \frac{8 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^5 e}{15} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(1305*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**4*x + 1694*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**3*e*x
**3 + 90*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**2*e**2*x**5 - 770*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4
)*d*e**3*x**7 - 315*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e**4*x**9 + 2160*int(sqrt(d**2
- e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**6 + 1848*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)
*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**5*e)/3465
```

3.45 $\int (d + ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int (d + ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{105}d^2x(15d + 7ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + \frac{1}{63}x(9d + 7ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} + \frac{4d^{11/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{32d^{11/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{105\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
2/105*d^2*x*(7*e*x^2+15*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/63*x*(7*e*x^2+9*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+4/15*d^(11/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+32/105*d^(11/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 8.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int (d + ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(3d \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) + ex^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(d^2*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(3*d*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + e*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/(3*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int (d + ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(-35e^3x^6 - 45de^2x^4 + 77d^2ex^2 + 135d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{315} + \frac{4d^4 \left(\frac{15d\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - 7d\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} - \frac{7d\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{105\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} \right)}{105}$
elliptic	$-\frac{e^3x^7\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{9} - \frac{de^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{7} + \frac{11d^2ex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{45} + \frac{3d^3x\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{7} + \frac{4d^5\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}$
default	$d \left(-\frac{e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{7} + \frac{3d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{7} + \frac{4d^4\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} \right) + e \left(-\frac{e^2x^7\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{9} + \dots \right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/315*x*(-35*e^3*x^6-45*d*e^2*x^4+77*d^2*e*x^2+135*d^3)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+4/105*d^4*(15*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)-7*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (d + ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{84\sqrt{-e^2}d^5x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 12(7d^5 + 15d^4e)\sqrt{-e^2}x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (35e^5x^8 + \dots)}{315e^2x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/315*(84*sqrt(-e^2)*d^5*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - 12*(7*d^5 + 15*d^4*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + (35*e^5*x^8 + 45*d*e^4*x^6 - 77*d^2*e^3*x^4 - 135*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 84*d^4*e)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^2*x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (d + ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^4 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{d^3 e x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{d^2 e^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} - \frac{d e^3 x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `d**4*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + d**3*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(7/4)) - d**2*e**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(9/4)) - d*e**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(11/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^3x}{7} + \frac{11\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^2e x^3}{45} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d e^2x^5}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} e^3x^7}{9} + \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx\right) d^5}{7} + \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx\right) d^4e}{15}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(135*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**3*x + 77*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**2*e*x**3 - 45*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*e**2*x**5 - 35*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e**3*x**7 + 180*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**5 + 84*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**4*e)/315`

3.46 $\int (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	512
Mathematica [C] (verified)	512
Rubi [A] (verified)	513
Maple [A] (verified)	514
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	515
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	515
Maxima [F]	516
Giac [F]	516
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	516
Reduce [F]	517

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{7}d^2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + \frac{1}{7}x(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} + \frac{4d^{9/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{7\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
2/7*d^2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/7*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+4/7*d^(9/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 6.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(d^2*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2
])/Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {748, 748, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 748$$

$$\frac{6}{7} d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx + \frac{1}{7} x (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 748$$

$$\frac{6}{7} d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx + \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \right) + \frac{1}{7} x (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 765$$

$$\frac{6}{7} d^2 \left(\frac{2d^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \right) + \frac{1}{7} x (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 762$$

$$\frac{6}{7} d^2 \left(\frac{2d^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}} \right), -1 \right)}{3\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \right) + \frac{1}{7} x (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}$$

input

```
Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2})/7 + (6d^2((x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4})/3 + (2d^{5/2}\sqrt{1 - (e^2x^4)/d^2}\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\sqrt{e}x)/\sqrt{d}], -1])/(3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4})))}{7}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 748

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x((a + b \cdot x^n)^p / (n \cdot p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[a \cdot n \cdot (p / (n \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^n)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot p] \parallel \text{LtQ}[\text{Denominator}[p + 1/n], \text{Denominator}[p]])$$

rule 762

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\sqrt{a} \cdot \text{Rt}[-b/a, 4])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4] \cdot x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 765

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\sqrt{1 + b \cdot (x^4/a)} / \sqrt{a + b \cdot x^4} \text{Int}[1/\sqrt{1 + b \cdot (x^4/a)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$
Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x(-e^2x^4+3d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{4d^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	96
default	$-\frac{e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{3d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{4d^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	107
elliptic	$-\frac{e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{3d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{4d^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	107

input

$$\text{int}((-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

```
1/7*x*(-e^2*x^4+3*d^2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+4/7*d^4/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{4 \sqrt{-e^2 d^3} \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) | -1) - (e^3 x^5 - 3 d^2 e x) \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{7 e}$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/7*(4*sqrt(-e^2)*d^3*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - (e^3*x^5 - 3*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/e
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^3 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
d**3*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-3/2, 1/4), (5/4, ), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, 1/4], 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2))/(1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2)^(3/2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} d^2 x}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} e^2 x^5}{7} + \frac{4 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^4}{7}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**2*x - sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e**2*x**5 + 4*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**4)/7`

3.47 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	518
Mathematica [C] (verified)	519
Rubi [A] (verified)	519
Maple [A] (verified)	523
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	524
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	524
Maxima [F(-2)]	525
Giac [F]	525
Mupad [F(-1)]	525
Reduce [F]	526

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{1}{15} x (5d - 3ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} - \frac{2d^{7/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{5\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{16d^{7/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
1/15*x*(-3*e*x^2+5*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-2/5*d^(7/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+16/15*d^(7/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 6.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(3 dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2} \right) - ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2} \right) \right)}{3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/(3*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.462$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 403, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int (d - ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 318$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\int \frac{2de(3d - 4ex^2) \sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx - \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{d - ex^2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5}d \int \frac{(3d-4ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 403 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5}d \left(\frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(5d-3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3e} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5}d \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(5d-3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3e} + \frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \int \frac{5d-3ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 399 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \left(8d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) + \frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 289 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{8d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) + \frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 329 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{8d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 327 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5} d \left(\frac{1}{3} d \left(\frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{4}{3} x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5} d \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5} d \left(\frac{1}{3} d \left(\frac{8d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{4}{3} x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5} d \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5} d \left(\frac{1}{3} d \left(\frac{8d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{4}{3} x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5} d \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/5*(x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*d*((4*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/3 + (d*((-3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (8*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/3))/5))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 289 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (a \cdot c + b \cdot d \cdot x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[(a \cdot c + b \cdot d \cdot x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b \cdot c + a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 318 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} / (b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1)))], x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-2} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1) - a \cdot d) + d \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+2 \cdot q - 1) + 1) - a \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot (q-1) + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2 \cdot (p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2 \cdot (x^4/a^2)] / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - b \cdot (x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b \cdot c + a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(LtQ}[a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a \cdot b, 0])$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2) / (\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / b \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{!}((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ \|\ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \|\ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{!GtQ}[c, 0] \ \|\ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 403 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_}) \cdot ((e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+1) + 1)))], x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+1) + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f + b \cdot e \cdot 2 \cdot (p+q+1)) + (d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + f \cdot 2 \cdot q \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) + b \cdot d \cdot e \cdot 2 \cdot (p+q+1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2 \cdot (p+q+1) + 1, 0]$

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(-3ex^2+5d)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{15} + \frac{2d^2}{15} \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)$
default	$-\frac{ex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5} + \frac{dx\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{ex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5} + \frac{dx\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{15}x*(-3ex^2+5d)*(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}+2/15*d^2*(5*d/(e/d))^{(1/2)}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I)+3*d/(e/d)^{(1/2)}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{6 \sqrt{-e^2} d^3 x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} E(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) | -1) - 2(3d^3 - 5d^2 e) \sqrt{-e^2} x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right))}{15 e^2 x}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(6*sqrt(-e^2)*d^3*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - 2*(3*d^3 - 5*d^2*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - (3*e^3*x^4 - 5*d*e^2*x^2 - 6*d^2*e)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^2*x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{d^2 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{d e x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `d**2*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) - d*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} e x^3}{5}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^3}{3} - \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^2 e}{5}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `(5*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*x - 3*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e*x**3 + 10*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**3 - 6*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**2*e)/15`

3.48 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	527
Mathematica [C] (verified)	527
Rubi [A] (verified)	528
Maple [A] (verified)	531
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	532
Sympy [F]	532
Maxima [F]	533
Giac [F]	533
Mupad [F(-1)]	533
Reduce [F]	534

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} - \frac{2d^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{10d^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-2*d^(5/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+10/3*d^(5/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x (-d^2 + e^2 x^4) + 6id^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x) \middle| -1) - 10id^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}}{3\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(-d^2 + e^2*x^4) + (6*I)*d^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - (10*I)*d^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(3*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.346$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + e x^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{(d - e x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(2d - 3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{3e} - \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2}{3} d \int \frac{2d - 3ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx - \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{399} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2}{3} d \left(5d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 289 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 329 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 327 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 765 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 762 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{5d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} * (-1/3 * (x * \sqrt{d - e x^2}) * \sqrt{d + e x^2}) + (2 * d * ((-3 * d^{3/2} * \sqrt{1 - (e^2 x^4)/d^2} * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(\sqrt{e} x)/\sqrt{d}], -1]) / (\sqrt{e} * \sqrt{d - e x^2}) * \sqrt{d + e x^2}) + (5 * d^{3/2} * \sqrt{1 - (e^2 x^4)/d^2} * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\sqrt{e} x)/\sqrt{d}], -1]) / (\sqrt{e} * \sqrt{d - e x^2}) * \sqrt{d + e x^2}))) / 3) / (\sqrt{d - e x^2}) * \sqrt{d + e x^2}}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 289

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)} * ((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} * ((c + d x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (a c + b d x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(a c + b d x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b c + a d, 0] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 318

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)} * ((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d x * (a + b x^2)^{(p+1)} * ((c + d x^2)^{(q-1)} / (b * (2 * (p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b * (2 * (p+q) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b x^2)^p * (c + d x^2)^{(q-2)} * \text{Simp}[c * (b * c * (2 * (p+q) + 1) - a d) + d * (b * c * (2 * (p+2q-1) + 1) - a d * (2 * (q-1) + 1)) * x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b * c - a d, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[2 * (p+q) + 1, 0] \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[p, 1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2} / \sqrt{(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{a} / (\sqrt{c} * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] * x], b * (c / (a * d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 329

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2} / \sqrt{(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a * (\sqrt{1 - b^2 * (x^4/a^2)}) / (\sqrt{a + b x^2} * \sqrt{c + d x^2}) \text{ Int}[\sqrt{1 + b * (x^2/a)} / \sqrt{1 - b * (x^2/a)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b * c + a * d, 0] \&\& \text{!(LtQ}[a * c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a * b, 0])$$

```
rule 399 Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))))
```

```
rule 762 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 765 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4 Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1396 Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
default	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{4d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
risch	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d\left(\frac{2d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right)}{3}$
elliptic	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{4d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

```
input int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+4/3*d^2/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+2*d^2/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{6 \sqrt{-e^2} d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} E(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) | -1) - 2(3d^2 - 2de) \sqrt{-e^2} x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) | -1)}{3e^2 x}$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*(6*sqrt(-e^2)*d^2*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - 2*(3*d^2 - 2*d*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e^2*x^2 - 6*d*e))/(e^2*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2)/(d + e*x**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(e x^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{ex^2 + d} dx \right) d - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x^2}{ex^2 + d} dx \right) e$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d + e*x**2),x)*d - int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d + e*x**2),x)*e`

3.49 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	535
Mathematica [C] (verified)	535
Rubi [A] (verified)	536
Maple [A] (verified)	539
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	540
Sympy [F]	540
Maxima [F]	541
Giac [F]	541
Mupad [F(-1)]	541
Reduce [F]	542

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d + ex^2} + \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} - \frac{4d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)+3*d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-4*d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(d - ex^2) - 3id\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right) \middle| -1\right) + 4id\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(2*sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(d - e*x^2) - (3*I)*d*sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[
I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] + (4*I)*d*sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[
I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(sqrt[-(e/d)]*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.385$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{de(d - 3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{de} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{de(d - 3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{de} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \int \frac{d - 3ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 399 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(-4d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx + 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 289 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(-\frac{4d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 329 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{3d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 327 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(-\frac{4d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 765 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(-\frac{4d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 762 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(-\frac{4d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} * ((2 * x * \sqrt{d - e * x^2}) / \sqrt{d + e * x^2} + (3 * d^{(3/2)} * \text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2 * x^4) / d^2] * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[e] * x) / \text{Sqrt}[d]], -1]) / (\text{Sqrt}[e] * \text{Sqrt}[d - e * x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[d + e * x^2]) - (4 * d^{(3/2)} * \text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2 * x^4) / d^2] * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[e] * x) / \text{Sqrt}[d]], -1]) / (\text{Sqrt}[e] * \text{Sqrt}[d - e * x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[d + e * x^2]))) / (\text{Sqrt}[d - e * x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[d + e * x^2])$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) * (\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \text{ Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_) * (\text{Gx}_) /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]]$

rule 289 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2]^{\text{p}_} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]} * ((\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]} / (\text{a} * \text{c} + \text{b} * \text{d} * \text{x}^4)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}) \text{ Int}[(\text{a} * \text{c} + \text{b} * \text{d} * \text{x}^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} + \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$

rule 315 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2]^{\text{p}_} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{q}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a} * \text{d} - \text{c} * \text{b}) * \text{x} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1} * ((\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{q} - 1} / (2 * \text{a} * \text{b} * (\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[1 / (2 * \text{a} * \text{b} * (\text{p} + 1)) \text{ Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{q} - 2} * \text{Simp}[\text{c} * (\text{a} * \text{d} - \text{c} * \text{b} * (2 * \text{p} + 3)) + \text{d} * (\text{a} * \text{d} * (2 * (\text{q} - 1) + 1) - \text{b} * \text{c} * (2 * (\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1)) * \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}] / (\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}] * \text{Rt}[-\text{d} / \text{c}, 2])) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d} / \text{c}, 2] * \text{x}], \text{b} * (\text{c} / (\text{a} * \text{d}))], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{d} / \text{c}] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} * (\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{b}^2 * (\text{x}^4 / \text{a}^2)] / (\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2] * \text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2])) \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b} * (\text{x}^2 / \text{a})] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{b} * (\text{x}^2 / \text{a})], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} + \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \&\& \text{!(LtQ}[\text{a} * \text{c}, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{a} * \text{b}, 0])$

```
rule 399 Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))))
```

```
rule 762 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 765 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4 Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1396 Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
default	$\frac{2(-e^2x^2+de)x}{e\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{2(-e^2x^2+de)x}{e\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

```
input int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)*x/e/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)^(1/2)-d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-3*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(dx^3 + d^2x)\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - ((3de - e^2)x^3 + (3d^2 - de)x)\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right)}{e^3x^3 + de^2x}$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-(3*(d*e*x^3 + d^2*x)*sqrt(-e^2)*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - ((3*d*e - e^2)*x^3 + (3*d^2 - d*e)*x)*sqrt(-e^2)*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e^2*x^2 + 3*d*e))/(e^3*x^3 + d*e^2*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**3/2/(d + e*x**2)**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(e x^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x^4}{-e^3 x^6 - d e^2 x^4 + d^2 e x^2 + d^3} dx \right) d e^2 + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x^4}{-e^3 x^6 - d e^2 x^4 + d^2 e x^2 + d^3} dx \right)}{e x^2 + d}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output `(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x + 2*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**3 + d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 - e**3*x**6),x)*d*e**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**3 + d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 - e**3*x**6),x)*e**3*x**2)/(d + e*x**2)`

3.50 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{3(d + ex^2)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
2/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2+1/3*d^(1/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*E
llipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),1)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{2x(d - ex^2)}{d + ex^2} - \frac{i\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^4,x]
```


output

```
((2*x*(d - e*x^2))/(d + e*x^2) - (I*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/Sqrt[-(e/d)]/(3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 27, 289, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 315$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{3de} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 289$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{3\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 765$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{3\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - e x^2}\sqrt{d + e x^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - e x^2}}{3(d + e x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - e x^2}\sqrt{d + e x^2}}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((2*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(3*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	93
elliptic	$\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	93

input

```
int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3*x/e^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^2+1/3/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/
2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}ex + (e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1)}{3(e^3x^4 + 2de^2x^2 + d^2e)}$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `1/3*(2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*e*x + (e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(e/d)*eliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1))/(e^3*x^4 + 2*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2)/(d + e*x**2)**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^4,x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^4, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^4 x^8 - 2d e^3 x^6 + 2d^3 e x^2 + d^4} dx \right) d^4 + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^4 x^8 - 2d e^3 x^6 + 2d^3 e x^2 + d^4} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^4,x)`output `(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x + int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*d**4 + 2*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*d**3*e*x**2 + int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*d**2*e**2*x**4 + int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*d**2*e**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*d*e**3*x**2 + int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*e**4*x**4)/(2*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

3.51 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx$

Optimal result	549
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	550
Rubi [A] (verified)	550
Maple [A] (verified)	555
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	556
Sympy [F]	556
Maxima [F]	556
Giac [F]	557
Mupad [F(-1)]	557
Reduce [F]	557

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 221

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{5(d + ex^2)^3} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{15d(d + ex^2)^2} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{10d^2(d + ex^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{10\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
2/5*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^3+2/15*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^2+3/10*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(e*x^2+d)+3/10*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-2/15*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x (25d^3 - 3d^2 ex^2 - 13de^2 x^4 - 9e^3 x^6) - 9id(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x))}{30d^2 \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} (d + ex^2)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^5,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(25*d^3 - 3*d^2*e*x^2 - 13*d*e^2*x^4 - 9*e^3*x^6) - (9*I)*
d*(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x
], -1] + (4*I)*d*(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh
[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(30*d^2*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x
^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.538$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 315$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(3d - ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{5de} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{3d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2de(7d - 2ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{7d - 2ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{9x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(9ex^2 + 5d)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(9ex^2 + 5d)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{9ex^2 + 5d}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 399 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{9 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - 4d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 289 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{9 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{4d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{3d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 329 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{9d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx - \frac{4d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{3d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 327 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{9d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{3d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 765 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{9d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{3d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\frac{9d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \mid -1\right) - 4d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d}{3d}} + \frac{9x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{5(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^5,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((2*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(5*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((2*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((9*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + ((9*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (4*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d))/(3*d))/5)/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 315 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \cdot d - c \cdot b] \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-2} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (a \cdot d - c \cdot b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) + d \cdot (a \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot (q-1) + 1) - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2 \cdot (x^4/a^2)] / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - b \cdot (x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b \cdot c + a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a \cdot b, 0])$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2) / (\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / b \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)} \cdot ((e_) + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + e \cdot 2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b/a, 4])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4] \cdot x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
default	$\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{15de^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{3(-e^2x^2+de)x}{10d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{6d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}}{3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}}$
elliptic	$\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{15de^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{3(-e^2x^2+de)x}{10d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{6d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}}{3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}}$

input

```
int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/5*x/e^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^3+2/15/d*x/e^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
/(x^2+d/e)^2+3/10*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/d^2*x/e/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)
)+1/6/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-3/10/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^
2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e
/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \frac{9(e^4 x^6 + 3de^3 x^4 + 3d^2 e^2 x^2 + d^3 e) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} E(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + ((5de^3 - 9e^4)x^6 +$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/30*(9*(e^4*x^6 + 3*d*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + d^3*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + ((5*d*e^3 - 9*e^4)*x^6 + 3*(5*d^2*e^2 - 9*d*e^3)*x^4 + 5*d^4 - 9*d^3*e + 3*(5*d^3*e - 9*d^2*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (9*e^3*x^5 + 22*d*e^2*x^3 + 25*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^2*e^4*x^6 + 3*d^3*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + d^5*e)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**5,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2)/(d + e*x**2)**5, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^5} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^5,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^5, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^5,x)`

output

```
(5*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x + int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*
x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d**e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x
)*d**5 + 3*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*
x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d**e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)*d**4*e*x**2 + 3*i
nt(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**
2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d**e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)*d**3*e**2*x**4 + int(sqrt(d**
2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6
- 3*d**e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 9*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2
*x**4)*x**4)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 -
3*d**e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)*d**3*e**2 - 27*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)
*x**4)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d**e
**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 27*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*
x**4)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d**e
**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)*d**e**4*x**4 - 9*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)
/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d**e**4*x*
*8 - e**5*x**10),x)*e**5*x**6 + 18*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**5
+ 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d**e**4*x**8 - e
**5*x**10),x)*d**4*e + 54*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**5 + 3*d**4
*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d**e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10
),x)*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 54*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**5 + 3*d**4
```

3.52 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^6} dx$

Optimal result	559
Mathematica [C] (verified)	560
Rubi [A] (verified)	560
Maple [A] (verified)	566
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	567
Sympy [F(-1)]	567
Maxima [F]	568
Giac [F]	568
Mupad [F(-1)]	568
Reduce [F]	569

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 254

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^6} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{7(d + ex^2)^4} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{35d(d + ex^2)^3} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{70d^2(d + ex^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{10d^3(d + ex^2)} + \frac{3\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{10d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

$$- \frac{11\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{70d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
2/7*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^4+4/35*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^3+11/70*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^2+3/10*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/(e*x^2+d)+3/10*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-11/70*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^6} dx = \frac{-\frac{x(-d+ex^2)(60d^3+93d^2ex^2+74de^2x^4+21e^3x^6)}{(d+ex^2)^3} + \frac{ie\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}(21E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x))|-1)-11\operatorname{EllipticF}(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x))|-1)}{(-\frac{e}{d})^{3/2}}}{70d^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^6,x]
```

output

```
(-((x*(-d + e*x^2)*(60*d^3 + 93*d^2*e*x^2 + 74*d*e^2*x^4 + 21*e^3*x^6))/(d + e*x^2)^3) + (I*e*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(21*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - 11*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/(-(e/d)^(3/2))/(70*d^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.615$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^6} dx$$

↓ 1396

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 315

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(5d-3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{7de} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{5d-3ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{6de(7d-4ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d^2e} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{7d-4ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(31d-11ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(31d-11ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{31d-11ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2de(21ex^2+10d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{\int \frac{21ex^2+10d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 399 \\
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{21 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - 11d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 289
 \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{21 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{11d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 329

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{21d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx - \frac{11d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{11d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x}{7(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{21d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{11d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 765

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{21d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{11d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{6d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \right) + \frac{4x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

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$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{21d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{11d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{6d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \right) + \frac{4x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^6,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((2*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(7*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((4*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(5*d*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (3*((11*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(6*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((21*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + ((21*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (11*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/d)/(6*d)))/(5*d))/7)/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 289 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)^2)^{q_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(\text{a}*c + \text{b}*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a}*c + \text{b}*d*x^4)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b}*c + \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 315 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)^2)^{q_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a}*d - \text{c}*b)*x*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{p+1}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{q-1}/(2*\text{a}*b*(p+1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*b*(p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{p+1}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{q-2}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{a}*d - \text{c}*b*(2*p+3)) + \text{d}*(\text{a}*d*(2*(q-1)+1) - \text{b}*c*(2*(p+q)+1))*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, p, q, \text{x}]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{x}], \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*d))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a}*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{b}^2*(x^4/\text{a}^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2])) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(x^2/\text{a})]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{b}*(x^2/\text{a})], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b}*c + \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(LtQ}[\text{a}*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}*b, 0])$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_)*(x_)^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{f}/\text{b} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f)/\text{b} \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!(PosQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}]) \ \|\ (\text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \|\ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{!GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \|\ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, -\text{d}/\text{c}])))$

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
default	$\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7e^4\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} + \frac{4x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{35de^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{11x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{70e^2d^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{3(-e^2x^2+de)x}{10ed^3\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\right)}{7d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7e^4\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} + \frac{4x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{35de^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{11x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{70e^2d^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{3(-e^2x^2+de)x}{10ed^3\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\right)}{7d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{7} \frac{x/e^4 (-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{1/2}}{(x^2 + d/e)^4} + \frac{4}{35} \frac{d x/e^3 (-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{1/2}}{(x^2 + d/e)^3} + \frac{11}{70} \frac{1/d^2 x (-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{1/2}}{(x^2 + d/e)^2} + \frac{3}{10} \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d e)/e/d^3 x / ((x^2 + d/e) (-e^2 x^2 + d e))^{1/2}}{(x^2 + d/e)^2} + \frac{1}{7} \frac{1/d^2 / (e/d)^{1/2} * (1 - e x^2/d)^{1/2} * (1 + e x^2/d)^{1/2}}{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{1/2}} * \text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{1/2}, I) - \frac{3}{10} \frac{1/d^2 / (e/d)^{1/2} * (1 - e x^2/d)^{1/2} * (1 + e x^2/d)^{1/2}}{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{1/2}} * (\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{1/2}, I) - \text{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^{1/2}, I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + e x^2)^6} dx = \frac{21(e^5 x^8 + 4 d e^4 x^6 + 6 d^2 e^3 x^4 + 4 d^3 e^2 x^2 + d^4 e) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} E(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + ((10 d e^5 x^8 + 4 d^2 e^4 x^6 + 6 d^3 e^3 x^4 + 4 d^4 e^2 x^2 + d^5 e) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} F(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + (10 d e^5 x^8 + 4 d^2 e^4 x^6 + 6 d^3 e^3 x^4 + 4 d^4 e^2 x^2 + d^5 e) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} E(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1))}{(d + e x^2)^6}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{70} (21(e^5 x^8 + 4 d e^4 x^6 + 6 d^2 e^3 x^4 + 4 d^3 e^2 x^2 + d^4 e) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \text{elliptic}_e(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}), -1) + ((10 d e^5 x^8 + 4 d^2 e^4 x^6 + 6 d^3 e^3 x^4 + 4 d^4 e^2 x^2 + d^5 e) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \text{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}), -1) + (21 e^4 x^7 + 74 d e^3 x^5 + 93 d^2 e^2 x^3 + 60 d^3 e x) \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}) / (d^3 e^5 x^8 + 4 d^4 e^4 x^6 + 6 d^5 e^3 x^4 + 4 d^6 e^2 x^2 + d^7 e))$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + e x^2)^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**6,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^6} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^6} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^6} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^6} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^6,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^6, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x + 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^6 x^{12} - 4d e^5 x^{10} - 5d^2 e^4 x^8 + 5d^4 e^2 x^4 + 4d^5 e x^2 + d^6} dx \right) d^6 + 12 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^6 x^{12} - 4d e^5 x^{10} - 5d^2 e^4 x^8 + 5d^4 e^2 x^4 + 4d^5 e x^2 + d^6} dx \right) d^5 + 18 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^6 x^{12} - 4d e^5 x^{10} - 5d^2 e^4 x^8 + 5d^4 e^2 x^4 + 4d^5 e x^2 + d^6} dx \right) d^4 + 12 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^6 x^{12} - 4d e^5 x^{10} - 5d^2 e^4 x^8 + 5d^4 e^2 x^4 + 4d^5 e x^2 + d^6} dx \right) d^3 + 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^6 x^{12} - 4d e^5 x^{10} - 5d^2 e^4 x^8 + 5d^4 e^2 x^4 + 4d^5 e x^2 + d^6} dx \right) d^2 - \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^6 x^{12} - 4d e^5 x^{10} - 5d^2 e^4 x^8 + 5d^4 e^2 x^4 + 4d^5 e x^2 + d^6} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^6,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x + 3*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*d**6 + 12*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*d**5*e*x**2 + 18*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*d**4*e**2*x**4 + 12*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*d**3*e**3*x**6 + 3*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*d**2*e**4*x**8 - int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*d**4*e**2 - 4*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 6*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*d**2*e**4*x**4 - 4*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*d**2*e**4*x**4 - 4*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*d**2*e**4*x**4 - 4*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*e**6*x**8)/(4*(d**4 + 4*d**3*e*x**2 + 6*d**2*e**2*x**...
```

$$3.53 \quad \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^7} dx$$

Optimal result	570
Mathematica [C] (verified)	571
Rubi [A] (verified)	571
Maple [A] (verified)	579
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	580
Sympy [F(-1)]	580
Maxima [F]	581
Giac [F]	581
Mupad [F(-1)]	581
Reduce [F]	582

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 287

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^7} dx = & \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{9(d + ex^2)^5} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{21d(d + ex^2)^4} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{630d^2(d + ex^2)^3} \\ & + \frac{16x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{105d^3(d + ex^2)^2} + \frac{17x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{60d^4(d + ex^2)} + \frac{17\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{60d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} \\ & - \frac{16\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{105d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
2/9*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^5+2/21*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^4+73/630*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^3+16/105*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/(e*x^2+d)^2+17/60*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/(e*x^2+d)+17/60*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-16/105*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^7} dx = \frac{-\frac{x(-d+ex^2)(1095d^4+2416d^3ex^2+2864d^2e^2x^4+1620de^3x^6+357e^4x^8)}{(d+ex^2)^4} + \frac{3ie\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}(119E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{\frac{d-e^2x^4}{d^2}})) - 64E(119E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{\frac{d-e^2x^4}{d^2}})) - 64E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{\frac{d-e^2x^4}{d^2}})))}{1260d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}}{1260d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^7,x]
```

output

```
(-((x*(-d + e*x^2)*(1095*d^4 + 2416*d^3*e*x^2 + 2864*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 1620*d*e^3*x^6 + 357*e^4*x^8))/(d + e*x^2)^4) + ((3*I)*e*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(119*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - 64*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/(-(e/d))^(3/2))/(1260*d^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.692$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^7} dx$$

↓ 1396

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{11/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 315

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(7d-5ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{9de} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{9(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \int \frac{7d-5ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{9(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2de(43d-30ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{14d^2e} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{9(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{\int \frac{43d-30ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{7d} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{9(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\left(\frac{73x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3de(119d-73ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d^2e} \right) + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{9(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\left(\frac{3 \int \frac{119d-73ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{9(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402
\end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{32x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{6de(87d-32ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{9(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

27

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{87d-32ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{9(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

402

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{119x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(119ex^2+55d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e}}{d} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{9(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

25

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(119ex^2+55d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{119x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{9(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

27

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{119ex^2+55d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{119x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{9(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

399

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{119 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - 64d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{119x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{9(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

289

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{119 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{64d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{119x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 329

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{119d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx - \frac{64d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{119x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{119d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}} \right) \right) - 1}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{64d \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{119x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{32x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{10d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 765

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{119d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}} \right) \right) - 1}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{64d \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{119x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{32x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{10d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 762

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{119d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \mid -1\right) - \frac{64d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{2d} + \frac{119x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{1}{7d} \right) \right) \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^7,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((2*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(9*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)) + ((6*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(7*d*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((73*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(10*d*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (3*((32*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((119*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + ((119*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (64*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d))/d)/(10*d))/(7*d))/9)/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 315 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \cdot d - c \cdot b] \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q-1)} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q-2)} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (a \cdot d - c \cdot b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) + d \cdot (a \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot (q-1) + 1) - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2 \cdot (x^4/a^2)] / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - b \cdot (x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b \cdot c + a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a \cdot b, 0])$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2) / (\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / b \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)} \cdot ((e_) + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q+1)} / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + e \cdot 2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b/a, 4])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4] \cdot x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
default	$\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{9e^5\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^5} + \frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{21de^4\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} + \frac{73x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{630d^2e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{16x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{105d^3e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{17(-e^2x^2+de)x}{60e^4d^4\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{11\sqrt{1-e^2x^2+de}}{60e^4d^4\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}}$
elliptic	$\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{9e^5\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^5} + \frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{21de^4\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} + \frac{73x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{630d^2e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{16x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{105d^3e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{17(-e^2x^2+de)x}{60e^4d^4\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{11\sqrt{1-e^2x^2+de}}{60e^4d^4\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}}$

input

```
int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/9*x/e^5*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^5+2/21/d*x/e^4*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/
2)/(x^2+d/e)^4+73/630/d^2/e^3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^3+16/105/d^
3/e^2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^2+17/60*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/e/d^4*x/(x^
2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)^(1/2)+11/84/d^3/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*
x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-17/60/d^3/(e/
d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(Ellipti
cF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^7} dx = \frac{357(e^6 x^{10} + 5de^5 x^8 + 10d^2 e^4 x^6 + 10d^3 e^3 x^4 + 5d^4 e^2 x^2 + d^5 e) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} E(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}))}{(d + ex^2)^7}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/1260*(357*(e^6*x^10 + 5*d*e^5*x^8 + 10*d^2*e^4*x^6 + 10*d^3*e^3*x^4 + 5*d^4*e^2*x^2 + d^5*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + 3*((5*5*d*e^5 - 119*e^6)*x^10 + 5*(55*d^2*e^4 - 119*d*e^5)*x^8 + 10*(55*d^3*e^3 - 119*d^2*e^4)*x^6 + 55*d^6 - 119*d^5*e + 10*(55*d^4*e^2 - 119*d^3*e^3)*x^4 + 5*(55*d^5*e - 119*d^4*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (357*e^5*x^9 + 1620*d*e^4*x^7 + 2864*d^2*e^3*x^5 + 2416*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 1095*d^4*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^4*e^6*x^10 + 5*d^5*e^5*x^8 + 10*d^6*e^4*x^6 + 10*d^7*e^3*x^4 + 5*d^8*e^2*x^2 + d^9*e)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^7} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**7,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^7} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^7} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^7, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^7} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^7} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^7, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^7} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(e x^2 + d)^7} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^7,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^7, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^7,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x + 4*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**7 + 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 - e**7*x**14),x)*d**7 + 20*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**7 + 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 - e**7*x**14),x)*d**6*e*x**2 + 40*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**7 + 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 - e**7*x**14),x)*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 40*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**7 + 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 - e**7*x**14),x)*d**4*e**3*x**6 + 20*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**7 + 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 - e**7*x**14),x)*d**3*e**4*x**8 + 4*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**7 + 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 - e**7*x**14),x)*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 2*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**7 + 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 - e**7*x**14),x)*d**5*e**2 - 10*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**7 + 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 - e**7*x**14),x)*d**4*e**3*x**2 - 20*int((sqrt(d...
```

3.54 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	583
Mathematica [C] (verified)	584
Rubi [A] (verified)	584
Maple [A] (verified)	588
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	589
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	589
Maxima [F]	590
Giac [F]	590
Mupad [F(-1)]	591
Reduce [F]	591

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = -dx\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} - \frac{1}{5}ex^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} + \frac{18d^{7/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{5\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{8d^{7/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{5\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-d*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/5*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+18/5*d^(7/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-8/5*d^(7/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5d^3x - d^2ex^3 + 5de^2x^5 + e^3x^7 + 10d^3x\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) + 6d^2ex^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}{5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^3/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]`

output `(-5*d^3*x - d^2*e*x^3 + 5*d*e^2*x^5 + e^3*x^7 + 10*d^3*x*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + 6*d^2*e*x^3*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.462$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 403, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 318$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(-\frac{\int-\frac{6de\sqrt{ex^2+d}(2ex^2+d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}dx}{5e}-\frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{6}{5}d\int\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(2ex^2+d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}dx-\frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{6}{5}d\left(-\frac{\int-\frac{de(9ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx}{3e}-\frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)-\frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{6}{5}d\left(\frac{\int\frac{de(9ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx}{3e}-\frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)-\frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{6}{5}d\left(\frac{1}{3}d\int\frac{9ex^2+5d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx-\frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)-\frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{6}{5}d\left(\frac{1}{3}d\left(9\int\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}dx-4d\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx\right)-\frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)-\frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 289

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{6}{5}d\left(\frac{1}{3}d\left(9\int\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}dx-\frac{4d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)-\frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)-\frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 329

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{9d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{9d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x \right)$$

↓ 765

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{9d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x \right)$$

↓ 762

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{9d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{4d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^3/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-1/5*(x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (6*d*((-2*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/3 + (d*((9*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (4*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/3))/5)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 289 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \quad \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c*(2*(p+q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p+2*q-1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q-1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2])], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

```
rule 403 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 762 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 765 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4 Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1396 Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
risch	$-\frac{x(e x^2+5 d) \sqrt{-e^2 x^4+d^2}}{5} + \frac{2 d^2 \left(\frac{5 d \sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4+d^2}} - \frac{9 d \sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4+d^2}} \right)}{5}$
elliptic	$-\frac{e x^3 \sqrt{-e^2 x^4+d^2}}{5} - d x \sqrt{-e^2 x^4+d^2} + \frac{2 d^3 \sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4+d^2}} - \frac{18 d^3 \sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\right) - \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4+d^2}}$
default	$\frac{d^3 \sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4+d^2}} + e^3 \left(-\frac{x^3 \sqrt{-e^2 x^4+d^2}}{5 e^2} - \frac{3 d^3 \sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\right) \right)}{5 e^3 \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4+d^2}} \right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/5*x*(e*x^2+5*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/5*d^2*(5*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-9*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-\text{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{18\sqrt{-e^2}d^3x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right)|-1) - 2(9d^3+5d^2e)\sqrt{-e^2}x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right)|-1) + (e^3x^4+5d^2e)\sqrt{-e^2}x}{5e^2x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/5*(18*\text{sqrt}(-e^2)*d^3*x*\text{sqrt}(d/e)*\text{elliptic}_e(\arcsin(\text{sqrt}(d/e)/x), -1) - 2*(9*d^3 + 5*d^2*e)*\text{sqrt}(-e^2)*x*\text{sqrt}(d/e)*\text{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(\text{sqrt}(d/e)/x), -1) + (e^3*x^4 + 5*d*e^2*x^2 + 18*d^2*e)*\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^2*x)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{d^2x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{3dex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{3e^2x^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} + \frac{e^3x^7\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**3/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `d**2*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + 3*d*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(7/4)) + 3*e**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(9/4)) + e**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d*gamma(11/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^3/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^3/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = -\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} e x^3}{5} + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^3 + \frac{18 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^2 e}{5}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(- 5*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*x - sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e*x**3 + 10*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**3 + 18*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**2*e)/5`

3.55 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} + \frac{2d^{5/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{2d^{5/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

$$-1/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2*d^(5/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2), I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-2/3*d^(5/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2), I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{-d^2x + e^2x^5 + 4d^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) + 2dex^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)}{3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output `(-(d^2*x) + e^2*x^5 + 4*d^2*x*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + 2*d*e*x^3*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.346$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{2de(3ex^2+2d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3e} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \int \frac{3ex^2+2d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{399} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{289}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 329

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^2/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-1/3*(x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
+ (2*d*((3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/S
qrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1
- (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt
[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/3)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 289 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c*(2*(p+q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p+2*q-1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q-1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
risch	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - 3d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)}{3}$
elliptic	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{4d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$\frac{d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + e^2 \left(-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{3e^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right) - \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/3*d*(2*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)-3*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{-e^2d^2x}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 2(3d^2 + 2de)\sqrt{-e^2x}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{3e^2x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(6*sqrt(-e^2)*d^2*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - 2*(3*d^2 + 2*d*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e^2*x^2 + 6*d*e))/(e^2*x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{dx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{e^2x^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(7/4)) + e**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d*gamma(9/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-ex^2 + d} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-ex^2 + d} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d - e*x**2),x)*d + int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d - e*x**2),x)*e`

3.56 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	600
Mathematica [C] (verified)	600
Rubi [A] (verified)	601
Maple [B] (verified)	602
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	603
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	603
Maxima [F]	604
Giac [F]	604
Mupad [F(-1)]	604
Reduce [F]	605

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

output `d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),1)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) + ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) \right)}{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/(3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1390$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 1389$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 327$$

$$\frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]
```

output

```
(d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/ (Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1389 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/Sqrt[a] Int[Sqrt[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/Sqrt[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1390 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. $2(47) = 94$.

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	138
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	138

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2}dx\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \sqrt{-e^2}(d + e)x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}e}{e^2x}$$

```
input integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -(sqrt(-e^2)*d*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - sqrt(-e^2)
)*(d + e)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4
+ d^2)*e)/(e^2*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

```
input integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(
4*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_
polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d*gamma(7/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d - e*x**2),x)`

3.57 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	606
Mathematica [C] (verified)	606
Rubi [A] (verified)	607
Maple [A] (verified)	608
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	608
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	609
Maxima [F]	609
Giac [F]	610
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	610
Reduce [F]	610

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

$d^{(1/2)} * (1 - e^2 * x^4 / d^2)^{(1/2)} * \operatorname{EllipticF}(e^{(1/2)} * x / d^{(1/2)}, 1) / e^{(1/2)} / (-e^2 * x^4 + d^2)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = -\frac{i \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input

`Integrate[1/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]`

output

```
((-I)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 765$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 762$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input

```
Int[1/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])
)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}$	60
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}$	60

input `int(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*Ell
ipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} F(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1)}{e}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1)/e`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{5}{4}; \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `int(1/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x*(1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2))/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)`

3.58 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	611
Mathematica [C] (verified)	611
Rubi [A] (verified)	612
Maple [B] (verified)	614
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	615
Sympy [F]	615
Maxima [F(-2)]	615
Giac [F]	616
Mupad [F(-1)]	616
Reduce [F]	617

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{2d^2(d+ex^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(e*x^2+d)+1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*Ellipti
cE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(d-ex^2) - id\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(d - e*x^2) - I*d*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(2*d^2*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 25, 27, 329, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{e\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{2d^2e} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{329}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(2*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))) / Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1
+ b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b
*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 187 vs. $2(78) = 156$.

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

method	result
default	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/d^2*x/e/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)+1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}ex + (e^2x^2 + de)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + ((de - e^2)x^2 + d^2 - de)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}))}{2(d^2e^2x^2 + d^3e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*e*x + (e^2*x^2 + d*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + ((d*e - e^2)*x^2 + d^2 - d*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1))/(d^2*e^2*x^2 + d^3*e)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^3x^6 - de^2x^4 + d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**3 + d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 - e**3*x**6),
x)`

3.59 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	618
Mathematica [C] (verified)	619
Rubi [A] (verified)	619
Maple [A] (verified)	624
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	624
Sympy [F]	625
Maxima [F]	625
Giac [F]	625
Mupad [F(-1)]	626
Reduce [F]	626

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{2d^3(d+ex^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{6d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/6*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^2+1/2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/
(e*x^2+d)+1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)
/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/6*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*
x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x (4d^2 - dex^2 - 3e^2 x^4) - 3id(d + ex^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E(\operatorname{iarcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x) | -1) + id(d + ex^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}}{6d^3 \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} (d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(4*d^2 - d*e*x^2 - 3*e^2*x^4) - (3*I)*d*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] + I*d*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(6*d^3*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.462$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 25, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{316}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{e(5d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{\int \frac{e(5d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{\int \frac{5d-ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2de(3ex^2+2d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{\int \frac{3ex^2+2d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{3\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - d\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 289

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{329} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{327} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right) - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{765} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right) - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{762} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right) - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(6*d^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + ((3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) - (d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/d)/(6*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
 $a\sqrt{1 - b^2(x^4/a^2)}/(\sqrt{a + b x^2}\sqrt{c + d x^2})$ Int[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +
 Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplifierSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
 Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6e^2d^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{2ed^3\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6e^2d^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{2ed^3\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{e^2 d^2} x x (-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{(1/2)} / (x^2 + d/e)^2 + 1/2 * (-e^2 x^2 + d * e) / e / d^3 x / ((x^2 + d/e) * (-e^2 x^2 + d * e))^{(1/2)} + 1/3 / d^2 / (e/d)^{(1/2)} * (1 - e * x^2/d)^{(1/2)} * (1 + e * x^2/d)^{(1/2)} / (-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{(1/2)} * \operatorname{EllipticF}(x * (e/d)^{(1/2)}, I) - 1/2 / d^2 / (e/d)^{(1/2)} * (1 - e * x^2/d)^{(1/2)} * (1 + e * x^2/d)^{(1/2)} / (-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{(1/2)} * (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x * (e/d)^{(1/2)}, I) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x * (e/d)^{(1/2)}, I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(e^3x^4 + 2de^2x^2 + d^2e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + ((2de^2 - 3e^3)x^4 + 2d^3 - 3d^2e + 2(2d^2e - 3de^2))}{6(d^3e^3x^4 + 2d^4e^2x^2 + d^5e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{6} * (3 * (e^3 * x^4 + 2 * d * e^2 * x^2 + d^2 * e) * \operatorname{sqrt}(e/d) * \operatorname{elliptic}_e(\arcsin(x * \operatorname{sqrt}(e/d)), -1) + ((2 * d * e^2 - 3 * e^3) * x^4 + 2 * d^3 - 3 * d^2 * e + 2 * (2 * d^2 * e - 3 * d * e^2) * x^2) * \operatorname{sqrt}(e/d) * \operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(x * \operatorname{sqrt}(e/d)), -1) + \operatorname{sqrt}(-e^2 * x^4 + d^2) * (3 * e^2 * x^3 + 4 * d * e * x)) / (d^3 * e^3 * x^4 + 2 * d^4 * e^2 * x^2 + d^5 * e)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))*(d + e*x**2)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^4 x^8 - 2de^3 x^6 + 2d^3 e x^2 + d^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8), x)`

3.60 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	627
Mathematica [C] (verified)	628
Rubi [A] (verified)	628
Maple [A] (verified)	634
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	635
Sympy [F]	635
Maxima [F]	636
Giac [F]	636
Mupad [F(-1)]	636
Reduce [F]	637

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{10d^2(d+ex^2)^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{5d^3(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{20d^4(d+ex^2)} + \frac{9\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{20d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{5d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/10*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^3+1/5*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/(e*x^2+d)^2+9/20*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/(e*x^2+d)+9/20*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/5*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(15d^3 + 7d^2ex^2 - 13de^2x^4 - 9e^3x^6) - 9id(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x) | -1) + 4id(\dots)}{20d^4 \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(15*d^3 + 7*d^2*e*x^2 - 13*d*e^2*x^4 - 9*e^3*x^6) - (9*I)*
d*(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x
], -1] + (4*I)*d*(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh
[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(20*d^4*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x
^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.538$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{316}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d^2(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3e(3d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d^2e} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{3d-ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d^2(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2de(7d-2ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} \right)}{10d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d^2(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{7d-2ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d^2(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{9x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(9ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e}}{3d} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d^2(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 25
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(9ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d^2(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{9ex^2+5d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d^2(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 399 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{9 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - 4d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d^2(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 289 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{9 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{4d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d^2(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}
 \end{array}$$

329

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{9d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{2d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{10d^2(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

327

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{9d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{3d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{10d^2(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

765

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{9d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{4d \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{10d^2(d + ex^2)}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

762

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{9d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{4d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(10*d^2*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))) + (3*((2*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))) + ((9*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + ((9*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (4*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d))/(3*d)))/(10*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`
- rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`
- rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{10d^2e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5d^3e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{9(-e^2x^2+de)x}{20ed^4\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{4d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{9\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}}{4d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{10d^2e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5d^3e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{9(-e^2x^2+de)x}{20ed^4\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{4d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{9\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}}{4d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/10/d^2/e^3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^3+1/5/d^3/e^2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^2+9/20*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/e/d^4*x/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)+1/4/d^3/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-9/20/d^3/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{9(e^4x^6 + 3de^3x^4 + 3d^2e^2x^2 + d^3e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + ((5de^3 - 9e^4)x^6 + 3(5d^2e^2 - 9de^3)x^4)}{20(d^4e^4x^6 + 3d^5e^3x^4 + 3d^6e^2x^2 + d^7e)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/20*(9*(e^4*x^6 + 3*d*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + d^3*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + ((5*d*e^3 - 9*e^4)*x^6 + 3*(5*d^2*e^2 - 9*d*e^3)*x^4 + 5*d^4 - 9*d^3*e + 3*(5*d^3*e - 9*d^2*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (9*e^3*x^5 + 22*d*e^2*x^3 + 15*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^4*e^4*x^6 + 3*d^5*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^6*e^2*x^2 + d^7*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex^2)}(d+ex^2)(d+ex^2)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**3/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2))*(d + e*x**2))*(d + e*x**2)**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3), x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^5x^{10} - 3de^4x^8 - 2d^2e^3x^6 + 2d^3e^2x^4 + 3d^4ex^2 + d^5} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)`

3.61
$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	638
Mathematica [C] (verified)	638
Rubi [A] (verified)	639
Maple [A] (verified)	642
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	643
Sympy [F]	643
Maxima [F]	643
Giac [F]	644
Mupad [F(-1)]	644
Reduce [F]	644

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x(d+ex^2)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
2*x*(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-3*d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2*d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2dx - ex^3 - dx\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) + 2ex^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{Hy}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output $(2*d*x - e*x^3 - d*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + 2*e*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/ \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4]$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.346$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{de(3ex^2+d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{de} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \int \frac{3ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{399} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{289}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{329} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(-\frac{3d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{765} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((2*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/Sqrt[d - e*x^2] - (3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (2*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 289 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} * ((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 315 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)} * ((c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)} / (2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (2*a*b*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)} * (c + d*x^2)^{(q - 2)} * \text{Simp}[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1)) * x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)] / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2) / (\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] * \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q., x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
elliptic	$-\frac{2(-e^2x^2-de)x}{e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d^3\left(\frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) + e^3\left(\frac{x^3}{2e^2\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}}{2e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)*x/e/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)-d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+3*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(dx^3 - d^2x)\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) | -1) - ((3de + e^2)x^3 - (3d^2 + de)x)\sqrt{-e^2}}{e^3x^3 - de^2x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(3*(d*e*x^3 - d^2*x)*sqrt(-e^2)*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - ((3*d*e + e^2)*x^3 - (3*d^2 + d*e)*x)*sqrt(-e^2)*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e^2*x^2 - 3*d*e))/(e^3*x^3 - d*e^2*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**3/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**3/(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^3/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^3/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^4}{e^3x^6 - d e^2x^4 - d^2 e x^2 + d^3} dx \right) d e^2 - 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^4}{e^3x^6 - d e^2x^4 - d^2 e x^2 + d^3} dx \right) e^3}{-e x^2 + d}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x + 2*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**3 - d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*d*e**2 - 2*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**3 - d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*e**3*x**2)/(d - e*x**2)`

3.62 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	645
Mathematica [C] (verified)	645
Rubi [A] (verified)	646
Maple [A] (verified)	650
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	651
Sympy [F]	651
Maxima [F]	651
Giac [F]	652
Mupad [F(-1)]	652
Reduce [F]	652

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
x*(e*x^2+d)/d/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-d^(1/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE
(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)
^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3dx + 2ex^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)}{3d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(3*d*x + 2*e*x^3*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(3*d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.423$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 27, 344, 836, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{314} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{344} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{836}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d \int \frac{ex^2+d}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 765 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} dx}}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 762 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 1390 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} dx}}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1389 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 327 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right) - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) - (e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]) - (d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])))/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 314 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_ } \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_ }, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} [(-x) \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp} [1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3) + d \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+1) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} [(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 344 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot)(x_)^{m_ } \cdot ((a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_ } \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_ }, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} [(a + b \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (a \cdot c + b \cdot d \cdot x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a \cdot c + b \cdot d \cdot x^4)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} [(1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b/a, 4])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4] \cdot x], -1], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} [\text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^4/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^4 \text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 836 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp} [-q^{(-1)} \text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp} [1/q \text{Int}[(1 + q \cdot x^2) / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^4], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]

rule 1389 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} [d / \text{Sqrt}[a] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e \cdot (x^2/d)] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - e \cdot (x^2/d)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 1390

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt
[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ
[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
elliptic	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{ed\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d^2\left(\frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) + e^2\left(\frac{x}{2e^2\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2e^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/e/d*x/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+1/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*
x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/
2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ex^2 - d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - (ex^2 - d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}x}{dex^2 - d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((e*x^2 - d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - (e*x^2 - d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*x)/(d *e*x^2 - d^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**2/((-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^2x^4 - 2dex^2 + d^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)`

3.63 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	653
Mathematica [C] (verified)	654
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Maxima [F]	656
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Mupad [F(-1)]	657
Reduce [F]	657

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output `1/2*x*(e*x^2+d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3dx + 3dx\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) + 2ex^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)}{6d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(3*d*x + 3*d*x*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + 2*e*x^3*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(6*d^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
elliptic	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{(x^2-\frac{d}{e})(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) + e\left(\frac{x^3}{2d^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/d^2*x/e/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+1/2/d/(e/d)^(
1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*
(e/d)^(1/2),I)+1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2
*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}ex + (e^2x^2 - de)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - ((de + e^2)x^2 - d^2 - de)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}))}{2(d^2e^2x^2 - d^3e)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
-1/2*(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*e*x + (e^2*x^2 - d*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - ((d*e + e^2)*x^2 - d^2 - d*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1))/(d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^2\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^3\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d**2*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d**3*gamma(7/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^3x^6 - de^2x^4 - d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**3 - d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6), x)`

3.64 $\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	658
Mathematica [C] (verified)	658
Rubi [A] (verified)	659
Maple [A] (verified)	660
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	661
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	661
Maxima [F]	661
Giac [F]	662
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	662
Reduce [F]	662

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{2d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{2d^{3/2} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)
*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x + x \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(-3/2),x]
```

output $(x + x\sqrt{1 - (e^2x^4)/d^2})\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2x^4)/d^2]/(2d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {749, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 749

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{-3/2}, x]$

output $x/(2d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}) + (\sqrt{1 - (e^2x^4)/d^2})\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\sqrt{e}x)/\sqrt{d}], -1]/(2d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4})$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 749 $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^{(n_+)]^{(p_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1))/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	90
elliptic	$\frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	90

input `int(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}d^{-2}x/(-(x^4-d^2/e^2)*e^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2/d^2/(e/d)^{(1/2)}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)}, I)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}ex - (e^2x^4 - d^2)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1)}{2(d^2e^3x^4 - d^4e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*e*x - (e^2*x^4 - d^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1))/(d^2*e^3*x^4 - d^4*e)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^3\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`output `x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d**3*gamma(5/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(-3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(-3/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `(x*(1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2)^(3/2)*hypergeom([1/4, 3/2], 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2))/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^4 x^8 - 2d^2 e^2 x^4 + d^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**4 - 2*d**2*e**2*x**4 + e**4*x**8),x)`

3.65 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	663
Mathematica [C] (verified)	663
Rubi [A] (verified)	664
Maple [A] (verified)	669
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	670
Sympy [F]	670
Maxima [F(-2)]	671
Giac [F]	671
Mupad [F(-1)]	671
Reduce [F]	672

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 192

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(5d-3ex^2)}{12d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d+ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)-1}{4d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{6d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/12*x*(-3*e*x^2+5*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/6*x/d^2/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/4*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/6*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(7d^2+2dex^2-3e^2x^4)-3id(d+ex^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E(i\text{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x))}{12d^4\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}(d+ex^2)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(7*d^2 + 2*d*e*x^2 - 3*e^2*x^4) - (3*I)*d*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - (2*I)*d*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]) / (12*d^4*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.538$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(3ex^2 + d)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{2de(ex^2+4d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+4d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(3ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e}}{3d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{\int \frac{de(3ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{3d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{\int \frac{3ex^2+5d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{3d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{399} \\ \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\ \hline \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{289} \\ \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\ \hline \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{329} \\ \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\ \hline \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{327} \\ \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{2d\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\ \hline \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \end{array}$$

↓ 765

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{2d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{3d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)}$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

↓ 762

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{3d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)}$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(x/(2*d^2*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-1/3*(x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + ((3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (2*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d))/(3*d))/(2*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`
- rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`
- rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^q_., x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{12d^3e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{3(-e^2x^2+de)x}{8ed^4\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{8d^4e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{12d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{12d^3e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{3(-e^2x^2+de)x}{8ed^4\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{8d^4e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{12d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/12/d^3/e^2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^2+3/8*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/e/d^4*x
/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)-1/8*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/d^4*x/e/((x^2-d/e)*(-
e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+5/12/d^3/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/
2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-1/4/d^3/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-
e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(
1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(e^4x^6 + de^3x^4 - d^2e^2x^2 - d^3e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + ((5de^3 - 3e^4d^2)x^4 - 5d^4 + 3d^3e - (5d^3e - 3d^2e^2)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\text{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}), -1) + (3e^3x^5 - 2d^2e^2x^3 - 7d^2e^2x)\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{(d^4e^4x^6 + d^5e^3x^4 - d^6e^2x^2 - d^7e)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*(e^4*x^6 + d*e^3*x^4 - d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(a
rcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + ((5*d*e^3 - 3*e^4)*x^6 + (5*d^2*e^2 - 3*d*e^3)*x
^4 - 5*d^4 + 3*d^3*e - (5*d^3*e - 3*d^2*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arc
sin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (3*e^3*x^5 - 2*d^2*e^2*x^3 - 7*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^
4 + d^2))/(d^4*e^4*x^6 + d^5*e^3*x^4 - d^6*e^2*x^2 - d^7*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d+ex^2)(d+ex^2))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex^2)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**3/2*(d + e*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^5x^{10} + de^4x^8 - 2d^2e^3x^6 - 2d^3e^2x^4 + d^4ex^2 + d^5} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 + d**4*e*x**2 - 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 + d*e**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10),x)`

3.66 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	673
Mathematica [C] (verified)	674
Rubi [A] (verified)	674
Maple [A] (verified)	681
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	681
Sympy [F]	682
Maxima [F]	682
Giac [F]	682
Mupad [F(-1)]	683
Reduce [F]	683

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 225

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(20d-21ex^2)}{60d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d+ex^2)^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{7x}{30d^3(d+ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{7\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{20d^{7/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{60d^{7/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/60*x*(-21*e*x^2+20*d)/d^5/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/10*x/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+7/30*x/d^3/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+7/20*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(7/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/60*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(7/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(40d^3 + 33d^2ex^2 - 22de^2x^4 - 21e^3x^6) - 21id(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}{60d^5 \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(40*d^3 + 33*d^2*e*x^2 - 22*d*e^2*x^4 - 21*e^3*x^6) - (21*I)*d*(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] + I*d*(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(60*d^5*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.615$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{316}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(5ex^2+d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{5ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{2de(6ex^2+7d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d^2e} - \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{6ex^2+7d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{de(41d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{\frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{6d^2e} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 25
 \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(41d - ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{6d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{41d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{6d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{21x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{2de(21ex^2 + 20d)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{6d}}{5d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{6d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{\int \frac{21ex^2 + 20d}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{6d} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{6d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}}{5d} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{21 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 289

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{21 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6d} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^5} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 329

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{21d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6d} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^5} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{21d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)-1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}dx}{6d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{5d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) + \dots$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

765

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{21d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)-1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}dx}{6d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{5d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) + \dots$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

762

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{21d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)-1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right),-1\right)}{6d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{5d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) + \dots$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]*(x/(2*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^{(5/2)})) + ((-2*x*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2])/(5*d*(d + e*x^2)^{(5/2)})) + ((x*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2])/(6*d*(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)})) + ((21*x*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2])/(d*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2])) + \\ & ((21*d^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d]], -1])/(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) - (d^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d]], -1])/(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]))/d)/(6*d))/(5*d)/(2*d^2)))/\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4] \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25
$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$$

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 289
$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \quad \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 316
$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q + 1)}/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{ , } x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] \text{ , } x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{!(IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$$

rule 327
$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))] \text{ , } x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])

rule 399 $\text{Int}(((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))

rule 402 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^(2*n))^(FracPart[p])/((d + e*x^n)^(FracPart[p])*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^(FracPart[p])) \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{20d^3e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{17x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{120e^2d^4\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{33(-e^2x^2+de)x}{80ed^5\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{16ed^5\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}}{3d^4\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{20d^3e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{17x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{120e^2d^4\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{33(-e^2x^2+de)x}{80ed^5\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{16ed^5\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}}{3d^4\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}}$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{20d^3x/e^3(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}/(x^2+d/e)^3+17/120/e^2/d^4*x*(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}/(x^2+d/e)^2+33/80*(-e^2x^2+d*e)/e/d^5*x/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2x^2+d*e))^{1/2}-1/16*(-e^2x^2-d*e)/e/d^5*x/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2x^2-d*e))^{1/2}+1/3/d^4/(e/d)^{1/2}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{1/2}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{1/2}/(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}}*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^{1/2},I)-7/20/d^4/(e/d)^{1/2}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{1/2}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{1/2}/(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^{1/2},I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^{1/2},I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{21(e^5x^8+2de^4x^6-2d^3e^2x^2-d^4e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}})|-1)+((20de^4-21e^5)x^8+2(20d^2e^3-21d^2e^4)x^6-20d^5+21d^4e-2(20d^4e-21d^3e^2)x^2)\sqrt{e/d}*elliptic_f(\arcsin(x\sqrt{e/d}),-1)+(21e^4x^7+22d^2e^3x^5-33d^2e^2x^3-40d^3e*x)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2})/(d^5e^5x^8+2d^6e^4x^6-2d^8e^2x^2-d^9e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{60}(21*(e^5*x^8+2*d*e^4*x^6-2*d^3*e^2*x^2-d^4*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)),-1)+((20*d*e^4-21*e^5)*x^8+2*(20*d^2*e^3-21*d^2*e^4)*x^6-20*d^5+21*d^4*e-2*(20*d^4*e-21*d^3*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)),-1)+(21*e^4*x^7+22*d^2*e^3*x^5-33*d^2*e^2*x^3-40*d^3*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4+d^2))/(d^5*e^5*x^8+2*d^6*e^4*x^6-2*d^8*e^2*x^2-d^9*e)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{\frac{3}{2}} (d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2)*(d + e*x**2)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^6 x^{12} + 2d e^5 x^{10} - d^2 e^4 x^8 - 4d^3 e^3 x^6 - d^4 e^2 x^4 + 2d^5 e x^2 + d^6} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**6 + 2*d**5*e*x**2 - d**4*e**2*x**4 - 4*d**3*e**3*x**6 - d**2*e**4*x**8 + 2*d*e**5*x**10 + e**6*x**12), x)`

3.67 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	684
Mathematica [C] (verified)	685
Rubi [A] (verified)	685
Maple [A] (verified)	696
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	697
Sympy [F]	697
Maxima [F]	698
Giac [F]	698
Mupad [F(-1)]	698
Reduce [F]	699

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 258

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3x(5d-7ex^2)}{56d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d+ex^2)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{x}{7d^3(d+ex^2)^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{x}{4d^4(d+ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{8d^{9/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{28d^{9/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
3/56*x*(-7*e*x^2+5*d)/d^6/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/14*x/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/7*x/d^3/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/4*x/d^4/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+3/8*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(9/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-3/28*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(9/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{41d^4x+60d^3ex^3-4d^2e^2x^5-48de^3x^7-21e^4x^9}{(d+ex^2)^3} + \frac{3ie\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \left(7E\left(\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right)\middle| -1\right) - 2\operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right), -1\right]\right)}{56d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(-\frac{e}{d}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((41*d^4*x + 60*d^3*e*x^3 - 4*d^2*e^2*x^5 - 48*d*e^3*x^7 - 21*e^4*x^9)/(d + e*x^2)^3 + ((3*I)*e*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(7*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - 2*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/(-(e/d))^(3/2))/(56*d^6*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.692$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{316}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(7ex^2+d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{7ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{10de(3ex^2+2d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{14d^2e} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{3ex^2+2d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{7d} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{3de(ex^2+7d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d^2e} - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{ex^2 + 7d}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{10d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{7d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int - \frac{6de(6d - ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} \right)}{10d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{10d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{7d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{6d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{10d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{7d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{7x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(7ex^2 + 5d)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2d^2e}}{d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{10d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{7d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(7ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{7ex^2+5d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{7 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - 2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{1}{2d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 289

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{7 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{2d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{1}{2d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 329

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\frac{7d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d^2} \left(\frac{7d}{7d} - \frac{3x}{7d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{2d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{7d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right) - 2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{10d(d + ex^2)^5} \right) - \frac{7d}{2d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 765

$$\left(\frac{7d^{3/2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d} - \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{7d}{2d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 762

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`
- rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`
- rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{28d^3e^4\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} + \frac{5x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{56d^4e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{19x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{112d^5e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{13(-e^2x^2+de)x}{32e d^6\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{32e d^6\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{28d^3e^4\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} + \frac{5x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{56d^4e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{19x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{112d^5e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{13(-e^2x^2+de)x}{32e d^6\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{32e d^6\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}}$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/28/d^3*x/e^4*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^4+5/56/d^4/e^3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^3+19/112/d^5/e^2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^2+13/32*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/e/d^6*x/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)-1/32*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/e/d^6*x/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+15/56/d^5/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-3/8/d^5/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{21(e^6x^{10} + 3de^5x^8 + 2d^2e^4x^6 - 2d^3e^3x^4 - 3d^4e^2x^2 - d^5e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/56*(21*(e^6*x^10 + 3*d*e^5*x^8 + 2*d^2*e^4*x^6 - 2*d^3*e^3*x^4 - 3*d^4*e^2*x^2 - d^5*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + 3*((5*d*e^5 - 7*e^6)*x^10 + 3*(5*d^2*e^4 - 7*d*e^5)*x^8 + 2*(5*d^3*e^3 - 7*d^2*e^4)*x^6 - 5*d^6 + 7*d^5*e - 2*(5*d^4*e^2 - 7*d^3*e^3)*x^4 - 3*(5*d^5*e - 7*d^4*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (21*e^5*x^9 + 48*d*e^4*x^7 + 4*d^2*e^3*x^5 - 60*d^3*e^2*x^3 - 41*d^4*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^6*e^6*x^10 + 3*d^7*e^5*x^8 + 2*d^8*e^4*x^6 - 2*d^9*e^3*x^4 - 3*d^10*e^2*x^2 - d^11*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d+ex^2)(d+ex^2))^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**3/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**3/2)*(d + e*x**2)**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3), x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^7x^{14} + 3de^6x^{12} + d^2e^5x^{10} - 5d^3e^4x^8 - 5d^4e^3x^6 + d^5e^2x^4 + 3d^6ex^2 + d^7} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**7 + 3*d**6*e*x**2 + d**5*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 + d**2*e**5*x**10 + 3*d*e**6*x**12 + e**7*x**14),x)`

3.68 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	700
Mathematica [C] (verified)	700
Rubi [A] (verified)	701
Maple [A] (verified)	705
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	706
Sympy [F]	706
Maxima [F]	707
Giac [F]	707
Mupad [F(-1)]	707
Reduce [F]	708

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x(d+ex^2)}{3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(d+3ex^2)}{6d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
2/3*x*(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/6*x*(3*e*x^2+d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/3*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{dx(5d^2+2dex^2-e^2x^4)+dx(d^2-e^2x^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)}{6d^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output $(d*x*(5*d^2 + 2*d*e*x^2 - e^2*x^4) + d*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + 4*e*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(6*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.423$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 25, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 314$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{ex^2+2d}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+2d}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 402$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(d-3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{d-3ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{399} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{4d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx + \frac{3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{289} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{4d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx + \frac{3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{329} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{4d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{2d} - \frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{327}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{4d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx - 3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{2d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{3d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

765

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{4d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx - 3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{2d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{3d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

762

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{4d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right) - 3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{2d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{3d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(3*d*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) + ((-3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (4*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d))/(3*d))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`
- rule 314 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(2*p + 3) + d*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`
- rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3de^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{6d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d^3\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6d^2e^4\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^2} + \frac{5x}{12d^4\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{12d^4\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) + e^3\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6e^6\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^2} - \frac{1}{4e^2}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/3/d*x/e^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^2-1/2*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/d^2*x/e/((
x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+1/6/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^
2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/
2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(
e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(e^3x^4 - 2de^2x^2 + d^2e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - ((de^2 + 3e^3)x^4 + d^3 + 3d^2e - 2(d^2e + 3de^2)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}}{6(d^2e^3x^4 - 2d^3e^2x^2 + d^4e)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/6*(3*(e^3*x^4 - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt
(e/d)), -1) - ((d*e^2 + 3*e^3)*x^4 + d^3 + 3*d^2*e - 2*(d^2*e + 3*d*e^2)*x
^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(
3*e^2*x^3 - 5*d*e*x))/(d^2*e^3*x^4 - 2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + d^4*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**3/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x**2)**3/(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**5/2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^3/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^3/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 - 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**3 - 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 - e**3*x**6),x)`

3.69 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	709
Mathematica [C] (verified)	709
Rubi [A] (verified)	710
Maple [A] (verified)	714
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	715
Sympy [F]	715
Maxima [F]	716
Giac [F]	716
Mupad [F(-1)]	716
Reduce [F]	717

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(2d+3ex^2)}{6d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{6d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/3*x*(e*x^2+d)/d/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/6*x*(3*e*x^2+2*d)/d^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+5/6*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2d^3x - de^2x^5 + dx(d^2 - e^2x^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) + 2ex^5}{3d^3(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*d^3*x - d*e^2*x^5 + d*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + 2*e*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(3*d^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.423$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e^{(ex^2 + 5d)}}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2 + 5d}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(2d - 3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2d - 3ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 399 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{5d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 289 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 329 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx - \frac{3d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 327
 \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{5d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx - 3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

765

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{5d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx - 3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

762

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{5d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right) - 3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(6*d^2*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) + ((-3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (5*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/d)/(6*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 289 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 316 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\ \text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !(\ (\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

```
rule 402 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 762 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 765 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1396 Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6d^2e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{2ed^3\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d^2\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6d^2e^4\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^2} + \frac{5x}{12d^4\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{12d^4\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) + e^2\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6e^6\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^2} - \frac{1}{12e}\right)$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6/d^2*x/e^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^2-1/2*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/e/d^3*x/
((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+1/3/d^2/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+
e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+1/2/d^2/(e/
d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(Ellipti
cF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(e^3x^4 - 2de^2x^2 + d^2e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - ((2de^2 + 3e^3)x^4 + 2d^3 + 3d^2e - 2(2d^2e + 3de^2)x^2 + d^5e)}{6(d^3e^3x^4 - 2d^4e^2x^2 + d^5e)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/6*(3*(e^3*x^4 - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt
(e/d)), -1) - ((2*d*e^2 + 3*e^3)*x^4 + 2*d^3 + 3*d^2*e - 2*(2*d^2*e + 3*d*
e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 +
d^2)*(3*e^2*x^3 - 4*d*e*x))/(d^3*e^3*x^4 - 2*d^4*e^2*x^2 + d^5*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x**2)**2/(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**5/2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^4x^8 + 2de^3x^6 - 2d^3ex^2 + d^4} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**4 - 2*d**3*e*x**2 + 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)`

3.70 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	718
Mathematica [C] (verified)	718
Rubi [F]	719
Maple [A] (verified)	720
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	720
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	721
Maxima [F]	721
Giac [F]	722
Mupad [F(-1)]	722
Reduce [F]	722

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6d^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{12d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{4d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/6*x*(e*x^2+d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/12*x*(3*e*x^2+5*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/4*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/3*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{7d^3x - 5de^2x^5 + 5dx(d^2 - e^2x^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) + 4e}{12d^4(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(7*d^3*x - 5*d*e^2*x^5 + 5*d*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + 4*e*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(12*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2))`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{8ed^4\sqrt{(x^2+\frac{d}{e})(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{12e^2d^3(x^2-\frac{d}{e})^2} - \frac{3(-e^2x^2-de)x}{8d^4e\sqrt{(x^2-\frac{d}{e})(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)}{12d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6d^2e^4(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})^2} + \frac{5x}{12d^4\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)}{12d^4\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) + e\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6d^2e^4(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})^2} + \frac{1}{4d^4}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{8}*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/e/d^4*x/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)+1/12/e^2/d^3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^2-3/8*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/d^4*x/e/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+5/12/d^3/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+1/4/d^3/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-\text{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(e^4x^6-de^3x^4-d^2e^2x^2+d^3e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}})|-1)-((5de^3+3e^4)x^6-(5d^2e^2+3de^3)x^4+5d^3)}{12(d^4e^4x^6-d^5e^3x^4)}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/12*(3*(e^4*x^6 - d*e^3*x^4 - d^2*e^2*x^2 + d^3*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(
arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - ((5*d*e^3 + 3*e^4)*x^6 - (5*d^2*e^2 + 3*d*e^3)*
x^4 + 5*d^4 + 3*d^3*e - (5*d^3*e + 3*d^2*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(ar
csin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (3*e^3*x^5 + 2*d*e^2*x^3 - 7*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x
^4 + d^2))/(d^4*e^4*x^6 - d^5*e^3*x^4 - d^6*e^2*x^2 + d^7*e)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^5\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(
4*d**4*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/2), (7/4,), e**2*x**4
*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d**5*gamma(7/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^5x^{10} + de^4x^8 + 2d^2e^3x^6 - 2d^3e^2x^4 - d^4ex^2 + d^5} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 - d**4*e*x**2 - 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 + d*e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)`

3.71 $\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	723
Mathematica [C] (verified)	723
Rubi [A] (verified)	724
Maple [A] (verified)	725
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	726
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	726
Maxima [F]	727
Giac [F]	727
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	727
Reduce [F]	728

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x}{6d^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{5x}{12d^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{12d^{7/2} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/6*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+5/12*x/d^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+5/12*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(7/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{7d^2x - 5e^2x^5 + 5x(d^2 - e^2x^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)}{12d^4 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(-5/2),x]`

output `(7*d^2*x - 5*e^2*x^5 + 5*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(12*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {749, 749, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 749 \\
 & \frac{5 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 749 \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x}{2d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 765 \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{2d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{x}{2d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 762 \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{2d^{3/2} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{x}{2d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(-5/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{x/(6*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^{(3/2)}) + (5*(x/(2*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4]) + (\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d]], -1])/(2*d^{(3/2)})*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4])))/(6*d^2)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6d^2e^4\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^2} + \frac{5x}{12d^4\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{12d^4\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	127
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6d^2e^4\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^2} + \frac{5x}{12d^4\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{12d^4\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	127

input `int(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/6/d^2*x/e^4*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^4-d^2/e^2)^2+5/12/d^4*x/(-(x^4-d^2/e^2)*e^2)^(1/2)+5/12/d^4/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5(e^4 x^8 - 2d^2 e^2 x^4 + d^4) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} F(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - (5e^3 x^5 - 7d^2 e x) \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{12(d^4 e^5 x^8 - 2d^6 e^3 x^4 + d^8 e)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*(5*(e^4*x^8 - 2*d^2*e^2*x^4 + d^4)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - (5*e^3*x^5 - 7*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^4*e^5*x^8 - 2*d^6*e^3*x^4 + d^8*e)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d**5*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(-5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(-5/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)^{5/2} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}; \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(1/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x)`

output `(x*(1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2)^(5/2)*hypergeom([1/4, 5/2], 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2))/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^6 x^{12} + 3d^2 e^4 x^8 - 3d^4 e^2 x^4 + d^6} dx$$

input `int(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**6 - 3*d**4*e**2*x**4 + 3*d**2*e**4*x**8 - e**6*x**12),x)`

3.72 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	729
Mathematica [C] (verified)	730
Rubi [A] (verified)	730
Maple [A] (verified)	739
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	739
Sympy [F]	740
Maxima [F(-2)]	740
Giac [F]	741
Mupad [F(-1)]	741
Reduce [F]	741

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 226

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(9d-7ex^2)}{60d^4(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(15d-7ex^2)}{40d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{7\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{40d^{9/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{5d^{9/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/60*x*(-7*e*x^2+9*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/10*x/d^2/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/40*x*(-7*e*x^2+15*d)/d^6/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+7/40*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(9/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/5*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(9/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(75d^4+28d^3ex^2-80d^2e^2x^4-24de^3x^6+21e^4x^8)}{(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{3ie\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}(7E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x)|-1))}{120d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{(-\frac{e}{d})^{3/2}}{(-\frac{e}{d})^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((x*(75*d^4 + 28*d^3*e*x^2 - 80*d^2*e^2*x^4 - 24*d*e^3*x^6 + 21*e^4*x^8))/((d - e*x^2)*(d + e*x^2)^2) + ((3*I)*e*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(7*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] + 8*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/(-(e/d)^(3/2))/(120*d^6*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.692$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{316}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(7ex^2 + 5d)}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx}{6d^2 e} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{7ex^2 + 5d}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{2de(d - 30ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx}{2d^2 e} + \frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d - 30ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx}{d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{31x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{10d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3de(31ex^2 + 7d)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d^2 e}}{d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{31x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3\int \frac{31ex^2+7d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{31x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3\left(\int -\frac{6de(4ex^2+11d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{10d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{31x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3\left(\int \frac{4ex^2+11d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{10d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{31x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{de(7ex^2+15d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{10d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{31x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{de(7ex^2+15d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{10d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{31x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{7ex^2+15d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{10d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{31x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\left(8d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{10d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 289

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{31x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{8d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx \right) + 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{10d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 329

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{31x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{7d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{8d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{2d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{4x}{d} \right)}{d} \right) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{31x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{8d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{2d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{d} \right) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 765

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{31x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{6d^2} - \frac{\frac{8d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx + \frac{7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{10d} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

762

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{31x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{6d^2} - \frac{\frac{8d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right) + \frac{7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{2d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{10d} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(x/(6*d^2*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((6*x)/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((31*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(10*d*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) - (3*((-4*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((7*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + ((7*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (8*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/(2*d))/d)/(10*d))/d)/(6*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 289

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 316

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplifierSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q + 1)}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p + q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{40d^4e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{11x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{120d^5e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{53(-e^2x^2+de)x}{160ed^6\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{48e^2d^5\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{5(-e^2x^2-de)x}{32ed^6\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{40d^4e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{11x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{120d^5e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{53(-e^2x^2+de)x}{160ed^6\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{48e^2d^5\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{5(-e^2x^2-de)x}{32ed^6\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}}$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{40d^4e^3x}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(x^2+d/e)^3 + \frac{11}{120d^5e^2x}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(x^2+d/e)^2 + \frac{53}{160e}(-e^2x^2+d^2/e)/d^6x/\left((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2x^2+d^2/e)\right)^{(1/2)} + \frac{1}{48e^2d^5x}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-d/e)^2 - \frac{5}{32e}(-e^2x^2-d^2/e)/d^6x/\left((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2x^2-d^2/e)\right)^{(1/2)} + \frac{3}{8d^5}(e/d)^{(1/2)}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I) - \frac{7}{40d^5}(e/d)^{(1/2)}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{21(e^6x^{10} + de^5x^8 - 2d^2e^4x^6 - 2d^3e^3x^4 + d^4e^2x^2 + d^5e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}))}{(d+ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/120*(21*(e^6*x^10 + d*e^5*x^8 - 2*d^2*e^4*x^6 - 2*d^3*e^3*x^4 + d^4*e^2*
x^2 + d^5*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + 3*((15*d*e^5
- 7*e^6)*x^10 + (15*d^2*e^4 - 7*d*e^5)*x^8 - 2*(15*d^3*e^3 - 7*d^2*e^4)*x^
6 + 15*d^6 - 7*d^5*e - 2*(15*d^4*e^2 - 7*d^3*e^3)*x^4 + (15*d^5*e - 7*d^4*
e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (21*e^5*x^9 - 24
*d*e^4*x^7 - 80*d^2*e^3*x^5 + 28*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 75*d^4*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 +
d^2))/(d^6*e^6*x^10 + d^7*e^5*x^8 - 2*d^8*e^4*x^6 - 2*d^9*e^3*x^4 + d^10*
e^2*x^2 + d^11*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{5/2}(d + ex^2)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(5/2)*(d + e*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^7x^{14} - de^6x^{12} + 3d^2e^5x^{10} + 3d^3e^4x^8 - 3d^4e^3x^6 - 3d^5e^2x^4 + d^6e^2x^2 - d^7} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**7 + d**6*e*x**2 - 3*d**5*e**2*x**4 - 3*d**4*e**3*x**6 + 3*d**3*e**4*x**8 + 3*d**2*e**5*x**10 - d*e**6*x**12 - e**7*x**14),x)`

3.73 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	742
Mathematica [C] (verified)	743
Rubi [A] (verified)	743
Maple [A] (verified)	753
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	753
Sympy [F]	754
Maxima [F]	754
Giac [F]	755
Mupad [F(-1)]	755
Reduce [F]	755

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 259

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(54d-77ex^2)}{420d^5 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{14d^2 (d+ex^2)^2 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x}{70d^3 (d+ex^2) (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(90d-77ex^2)}{280d^7 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{11\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{40d^{11/2} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{13\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{280d^{11/2} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

```
output 1/420*x*(-77*e*x^2+54*d)/d^5/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/14*x/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+11/70*x/d^3/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/280*x*(-77*e*x^2+90*d)/d^7/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+11/40*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(11/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+13/280*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(11/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(570d^5 + 503d^4ex^2 - 662d^3e^2x^4 - 694d^2e^3x^6 + 192de^4x^8 + 231e^5x^{10})}{(d - ex^2)(d + ex^2)^3} + \frac{3ie\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} (77E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d}) | \frac{e}{d}))}{840d^7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((x*(570*d^5 + 503*d^4*e*x^2 - 662*d^3*e^2*x^4 - 694*d^2*e^3*x^6 + 192*d*e^4*x^8 + 231*e^5*x^10))/((d - e*x^2)*(d + e*x^2)^3) + ((3*I)*e*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(77*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] + 13*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/(-(e/d)^(3/2))/(840*d^7*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 19, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.731$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 316$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(9ex^2 + 5d)}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx}{6d^2 e} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{9ex^2 + 5d}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(2d - 49ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx}{2d^2 e} + \frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{2d - 49ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx}{d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\frac{51x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{14d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{de(255ex^2 + 23d)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx}{14d^2 e}}{d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{51x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{14d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{255ex^2+23d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{14d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{51x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{14d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{6de(116ex^2+77d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d^2e} - \frac{116x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{51x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{14d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{3\int \frac{116ex^2+77d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{116x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{51x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{14d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3de(13ex^2+167d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} - \frac{13x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} - \frac{116x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{\frac{d}{6d^2}} + \frac{1}{6d^2(d-ex^2)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{51x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{14d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{13ex^2+167d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{2d} - \frac{13x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} - \frac{116x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{\frac{d}{6d^2}} + \frac{1}{6d^2(d-ex^2)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{2de(77ex^2+90d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} - \frac{13x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} - \frac{116x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{14d} - \frac{\frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{51x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{14d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}}{d}}{6d^2} \right) +$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{\int \frac{77ex^2+90d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} + \frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{13x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} - \frac{116x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{14d} - \frac{\frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{51x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{14d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}}{d}}{6d^2} \right) +$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{51x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{14d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{13d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{2d} + \frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{13x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

289

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{51x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{14d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{13d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}d} + 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{2d} + \frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{13x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

329

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{77d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{13d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d} + \frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{\frac{5d}{2d}} + \frac{\frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{51x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{14d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}}{\frac{14d}{d}}}{6d^2} \right)$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{13d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{77x}{d}}{\frac{5d}{2d}} + \frac{\frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{51x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{14d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}}{\frac{14d}{d}}}{6d^2} \right)$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

↓ 765

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{13d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx + \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{2d} + \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{\frac{51x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{14d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}}{\frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}}}{\frac{5d}{14d}} - \frac{5d}{d} - \frac{14d}{6d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

762

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{13d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right) + \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{2d} + \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{\frac{51x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{14d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}}{\frac{7x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}}}{\frac{5d}{14d}} - \frac{5d}{d} - \frac{14d}{6d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]*(x/(6*d^2*(d - e*x^2)^{(3/2)}*(d + e*x^2)^{(7/2)})) + ((7*x)/(d*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^{(7/2)})) - ((51*x*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2])/((14*d*(d + e*x^2)^{(7/2)})) - ((-116*x*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2])/(5*d*(d + e*x^2)^{(5/2)})) + (3*((-13*x*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2])/(2*d*(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)})) + ((77*x*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2])/(d*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2])) + ((77*d^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d]], -1])/(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) + (13*d^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d]], -1])/(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]))/d)/(2*d)))/(5*d))/(14*d)/d/(6*d^2))/\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4] \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 289

$$\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 316

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} \\ & [(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1})/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d))}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)*((c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x] \\ &], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{!} \\ & (\text{!IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[q] \&\& \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$

rule 399 $\text{Int}(((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 402 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}((u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{56d^4e^4\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} + \frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{35d^5e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{439x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3360d^6e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{59(-e^2x^2+de)x}{160ed^7\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{96d^6e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{1}{32ed}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{56d^4e^4\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} + \frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{35d^5e^3\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{439x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3360d^6e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{59(-e^2x^2+de)x}{160ed^7\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{96d^6e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{1}{32ed}$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{56d^4x/e^4}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(x^2+d/e)^4 + \frac{2}{35d^5/e^3x}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(x^2+d/e)^3 + \frac{439}{3360d^6/e^2x}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(x^2+d/e)^2 + \frac{59}{160}(-e^2x^2+d*e)/e/d^7x/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2x^2+d*e))^{(1/2)} + \frac{1}{96d^6/e^2x}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-d/e)^2 - \frac{3}{32}(-e^2x^2-d*e)/e/d^7x/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2x^2-d*e))^{(1/2)} + \frac{9}{28d^6/(e/d)^{(1/2)}}(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I) - \frac{11}{40d^6/(e/d)^{(1/2)}}(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I) - EllipticE(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I))$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{231(e^7x^{12} + 2de^6x^{10} - d^2e^5x^8 - 4d^3e^4x^6 - d^4e^3x^4 + 2d^5e^2x^2 + d^6e)\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{(d+ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/840*(231*(e^7*x^12 + 2*d*e^6*x^10 - d^2*e^5*x^8 - 4*d^3*e^4*x^6 - d^4*e^3*x^4 + 2*d^5*e^2*x^2 + d^6*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + 3*((90*d*e^6 - 77*e^7)*x^12 + 2*(90*d^2*e^5 - 77*d*e^6)*x^10 - (90*d^3*e^4 - 77*d^2*e^5)*x^8 + 90*d^7 - 77*d^6*e - 4*(90*d^4*e^3 - 77*d^3*e^4)*x^6 - (90*d^5*e^2 - 77*d^4*e^3)*x^4 + 2*(90*d^6*e - 77*d^5*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (231*e^6*x^11 + 192*d*e^5*x^9 - 694*d^2*e^4*x^7 - 662*d^3*e^3*x^5 + 503*d^4*e^2*x^3 + 570*d^5*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^7*e^7*x^12 + 2*d^8*e^6*x^10 - d^9*e^5*x^8 - 4*d^10*e^4*x^6 - d^11*e^3*x^4 + 2*d^12*e^2*x^2 + d^13*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{5/2} (d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**5/2*(d + e*x**2)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^8x^{16} - 2de^7x^{14} + 2d^2e^6x^{12} + 6d^3e^5x^{10} - 6d^5e^3x^6 - 2d^6e^2x^4 + 2d^7e}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**8 + 2*d**7*e*x**2 - 2*d**6*e**2*x**4 - 6*d**5*e**3*x**6 + 6*d**3*e**5*x**10 + 2*d**2*e**6*x**12 - 2*d*e**7*x**14 - e**8*x**16),x)`

3.74
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	756
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	757
Rubi [A] (verified)	757
Maple [A] (verified)	780
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	781
Sympy [F]	781
Maxima [F]	782
Giac [F]	782
Mupad [F(-1)]	782
Reduce [F]	783

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 292

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(39d-77ex^2)}{360d^6 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{18d^2 (d+ex^2)^3 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(65d-77ex^2)}{9d^3 (d+ex^2)^2 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x}{60d^4 (d+ex^2) (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(65d-77ex^2)}{240d^8 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{77\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{240d^{13/2} \sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{20d^{13/2} \sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/360*x*(-77*e*x^2+39*d)/d^6/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/18*x/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/9*x/d^3/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+11/60*x/d^4/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/240*x*(-77*e*x^2+65*d)/d^8/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+77/240*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(13/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/20*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(13/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(525d^6+778d^5ex^2-399d^4e^2x^4-1236d^3e^3x^6-277d^2e^4x^8+498de^5x^{10}+231e^6x^{12})}{(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^4} + \frac{3ie\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x}{d^2}}}{720d^8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((x*(525*d^6 + 778*d^5*e*x^2 - 399*d^4*e^2*x^4 - 1236*d^3*e^3*x^6 - 277*d^2*e^4*x^8 + 498*d*e^5*x^10 + 231*e^6*x^12))/((d - e*x^2)*(d + e*x^2)^4) + ((3*I)*e*sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(77*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - 12*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/(-(e/d)^(3/2))/(720*d^8*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50, number of steps used = 22, number of rules used = 22, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.846$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(ex^2+d)^{11/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 316$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(11ex^2+5d)}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{11/2}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{11ex^2+5d}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{11/2}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{6de(d-24ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{11/2}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{d-24ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{11/2}} dx}{d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{25x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{18d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{7de(25ex^2+d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{18d^2e} \right)}{d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{25x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{18d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{7 \int \frac{25ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{18d} \right)}{d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{25x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{18d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{7 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{2de(60ex^2+19d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{14d^2e} - \frac{12x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{18d} \right)}{d}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{3}{18d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{60ex^2+19d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{7d} - \frac{12x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{d} \right)}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{3}{18d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{3de(41ex^2+77d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d^2e} - \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{12x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{d} \right)}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{d}{6d^2}}{\frac{3}{18d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{d}{18d}} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{41ex^2+77d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{7d} - \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{12x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right) + \frac{d}{6d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \frac{\frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{d}{6d^2}}{\frac{3 \left(\frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{6de(71d-6ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2} dx}{6d^2e}}{10d} \right) - \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{12x}{7d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{18d}} - \frac{d}{6d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{25x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{18d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{3}{7} \left(\frac{\int \frac{71d-6ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{10d} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{12x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx \\
 &= \frac{8x}{6d^2} + \frac{25x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{18d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3}{10d} \left(\frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(77ex^2+65d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^5} \right) \\
 &= \frac{8x}{6d^2} + \frac{25x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{18d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3}{10d} \left(\frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(77ex^2+65d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^5} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{d}{6d^2} \right) \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \\
 & \left(\frac{25x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{18d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{d}{18d} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(77ex^2+65d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} - \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{3 \frac{25x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{18d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{d}{18d}}{7d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{25x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{18d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{77ex^2+65d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} + \frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d}}{7d} - \frac{41x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{10d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{d}{6d^2}$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{25x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{18d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{3}{7} \left(\frac{77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - 12d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \right) \frac{10d}{7d} - \frac{18d}{6d^2} \frac{d}{d}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{12d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)} \right) \\
 & \frac{10d}{7d} \\
 & \frac{3}{7} \frac{25x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{18d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{18d}{18d} \\
 & \frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{d}{6d^2} \\
 & \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \\
 & \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 329

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2} = \frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{3}{7} \left(\frac{25x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{18d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{1}{18d} \right) + \frac{3}{7} \left(\frac{77d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{12d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{77x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{10d}{7d}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{d}{6d^2}$$

$$3 \frac{25x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{18d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{18d}{18d}$$

$$7 \left(\frac{77d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right) - 12d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{10d}{7d} \right)$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2} + \frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{25x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{18d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{1}{18d} \left(\frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right) - \frac{12d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d}} \right) \frac{10d}{7d}$$

↓ 762

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{8x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{25x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{18d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)-1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{12d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{2d} - \frac{10d}{7d} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(x/(6*d^2*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)) + ((8*x)/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)) - (3*((25*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(18*d*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)) - (7*((-12*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(7*d*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((-41*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(10*d*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (3*((6*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((77*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + ((77*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1]))/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (12*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1]))/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d)/d)/(10*d)/(7*d))/(18*d))/d)/(6*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_)+(c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[(a+c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d+e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d+e*x^n)^(p+q)*(a/d+(c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,n,p,q},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2+a*
e^2,0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q,1] && EqQ[n,2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 407, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{72d^4e^5\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^5} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{24e^4d^5\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} + \frac{121x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{1440e^3d^6\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{37x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{240d^7e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{721(-e^2x^2+de)x}{1920ed^8\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \dots$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{72d^4e^5\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^5} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{24e^4d^5\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} + \frac{121x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{1440e^3d^6\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{37x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{240d^7e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{721(-e^2x^2+de)x}{1920ed^8\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \dots$

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/72/d^4*x/e^5*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^5+1/24/e^4/d^5*x*(-e^2*x^4+d
^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^4+121/1440/e^3/d^6*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^3+
37/240/d^7/e^2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^2+721/1920*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/
e/d^8*x/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)+1/192/d^7/e^2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1
/2)/(x^2-d/e)^2-7/128*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/e/d^8*x/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1
/2)+13/48/d^7/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d
^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-77/240/d^7/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/
2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-Elli
pticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{231(e^8x^{14} + 3de^7x^{12} + d^2e^6x^{10} - 5d^3e^5x^8 - 5d^4e^4x^6 + d^5e^3x^4 + 3d^6e^2x^2 + d^7e)}{(d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/720*(231*(e^8*x^14 + 3*d*e^7*x^12 + d^2*e^6*x^10 - 5*d^3*e^5*x^8 - 5*d^4
*e^4*x^6 + d^5*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^6*e^2*x^2 + d^7*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsi
n(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + 3*((65*d*e^7 - 77*e^8)*x^14 + 3*(65*d^2*e^6 - 77*d*e
^7)*x^12 + (65*d^3*e^5 - 77*d^2*e^6)*x^10 - 5*(65*d^4*e^4 - 77*d^3*e^5)*x^
8 + 65*d^8 - 77*d^7*e - 5*(65*d^5*e^3 - 77*d^4*e^4)*x^6 + (65*d^6*e^2 - 77
*d^5*e^3)*x^4 + 3*(65*d^7*e - 77*d^6*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin
(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (231*e^7*x^13 + 498*d*e^6*x^11 - 277*d^2*e^5*x^9 - 12
36*d^3*e^4*x^7 - 399*d^4*e^3*x^5 + 778*d^5*e^2*x^3 + 525*d^6*e*x)*sqrt(-e^
2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^8*e^8*x^14 + 3*d^9*e^7*x^12 + d^10*e^6*x^10 - 5*d^11*e^5*
x^8 - 5*d^12*e^4*x^6 + d^13*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^14*e^2*x^2 + d^15*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{5/2} (d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/((-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(5/2)*(d + e*x**2)**3, x)`

output

```
Integral(1/((-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(5/2)*(d + e*x**2)**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3), x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^9x^{18} - 3de^8x^{16} + 8d^3e^6x^{12} + 6d^4e^5x^{10} - 6d^5e^4x^8 - 8d^6e^3x^6 + 3d^8e^2x^4 + d^9} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**9 + 3*d**8*e*x**2 - 8*d**6*e**3*x**6 - 6*d**5*e**4*x**8 + 6*d**4*e**5*x**10 + 8*d**3*e**6*x**12 - 3*d*e**8*x**16 - e**9*x**18),x)`

3.75 $\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	784
Mathematica [C] (verified)	784
Rubi [A] (verified)	785
Maple [C] (verified)	786
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	786
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	787
Maxima [F]	787
Giac [F]	788
Mupad [F(-1)]	788
Reduce [F]	788

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 4

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = E(\arcsin(x)|-1)$$

output `EllipticE(x,I)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.00

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, x^4 \right) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, x^4 \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x^2)/Sqrt[1 - x^4],x]`

output

```
x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, x^4] + (x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4,
7/4, x^4])/3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1388, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{1 - x^4}} dx$$

↓ 1388

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx$$

↓ 327

$$E(\arcsin(x)|-1)$$

input

```
Int[(1 + x^2)/Sqrt[1 - x^4],x]
```

output

```
EllipticE[ArcSin[x], -1]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1388

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.75

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], x^4\right)}{3} + x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], x^4\right)$	27
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x, i)}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x, i))}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$	70
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x, i)}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x, i))}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$	70

input

```
int((x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*x^3*hypergeom([1/2, 3/4], [7/4], x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], [5/4], x^4)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 34 vs. $2(3) = 6$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.50

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \frac{-i x E(\arcsin(\frac{1}{x}) | -1) + 2i x F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{x}) | -1) - \sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x}$$

input

```
integrate((x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(-I*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/x), -1) + 2*I*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/x), -1) - sq
rt(-x^4 + 1))/x
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(2) = 4$.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.25

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \frac{x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((x**2+1)/(-x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

input `int((x^2 + 1)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^2 + 1)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x^2-1} dx \right)$$

input `int((x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int(sqrt(- x**4 + 1)/(x**2 - 1),x)`

3.76 $\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	789
Mathematica [A] (verified)	789
Rubi [A] (verified)	790
Maple [B] (verified)	791
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	792
Sympy [F]	792
Maxima [F]	792
Giac [F]	793
Mupad [F(-1)]	793
Reduce [F]	793

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^4}}{2(1+x^2)} + \frac{1}{2}E(\arcsin(x)|-1)$$

output `x*(-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(2*x^2+2)+1/2*EllipticE(x,I)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \frac{x-x^3+\sqrt{1-x^4}E(\arcsin(x)|-1)}{2\sqrt{1-x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((1+x^2)*Sqrt[1-x^4]),x]`

output `(x-x^3+Sqrt[1-x^4]*EllipticE[ArcSin[x],-1])/(2*Sqrt[1-x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1388, 316, 25, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1)\sqrt{1 - x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}(x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{1 - x^2}}{2\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{1 - x^2}x}{2\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} E(\arcsin(x)|-1) + \frac{\sqrt{1 - x^2}x}{2\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x^2)*Sqrt[1 - x^4]),x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/(2*Sqrt[1 + x^2]) + EllipticE[ArcSin[x], -1]/2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs. $2(27) = 54$.

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{x(x^2-1)}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x,i))}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$	88
default	$\frac{(-x^2+1)x}{2\sqrt{(x^2+1)(-x^2+1)}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x,i))}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$	96
elliptic	$\frac{(-x^2+1)x}{2\sqrt{(x^2+1)(-x^2+1)}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x,i))}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$	96

input `int(1/(x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/2*x*(x^2-1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2)+1/2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x,I)-1/2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x,I)-EllipticE(x,I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \frac{(x^2+1)E(\arcsin(x) | -1) + \sqrt{-x^4+1}x}{2(x^2+1)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*((x^2 + 1)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x), -1) + sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*x)/(x^2 + 1)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-(x-1)(x+1)(x^2+1)(x^2+1)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(x**2+1)/(-x**4+1)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(sqrt(-(x - 1)*(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1))*(x**2 + 1)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}(x^2+1)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*(x^2 + 1)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}(x^2+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*(x^2 + 1)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2+1)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

input `int(1/((x^2 + 1)*(1 - x^4)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((x^2 + 1)*(1 - x^4)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x^6+x^4-x^2-1} dx \right)$$

input `int(1/(x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int(sqrt(- x**4 + 1)/(x**6 + x**4 - x**2 - 1),x)`

3.77 $\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	794
Mathematica [C] (verified)	794
Rubi [B] (verified)	795
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	796
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	797
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	797
Maxima [F]	798
Giac [F]	798
Mupad [F(-1)]	798
Reduce [F]	799

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}E(\arcsin(x)|-1)}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}}$$

output (-x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x,I)/(x^4-1)^(1/2)

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}(3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, x^4) + x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, x^4))}{3\sqrt{-1+x^4}}$$

input Integrate[(1 + x^2)/Sqrt[-1 + x^4], x]

output

```
(Sqrt[1 - x^4]*(3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, x^4] + x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, x^4]))/(3*Sqrt[-1 + x^4])
```

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 126 vs. $2(25) = 50$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1502, 763, 1499}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{x^4 - 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1502} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4 - 1}} dx - \int \frac{1 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 - 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{763} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2 - 1}\sqrt{x^2 + 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4 - 1}} - \int \frac{1 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 - 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1499} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2 - 1}\sqrt{x^2 + 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4 - 1}} - \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2 - 1}\sqrt{x^2 + 1} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4 - 1}} + \frac{x(x^2 + 1)}{\sqrt{x^4 - 1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(1 + x^2)/Sqrt[-1 + x^4], x]
```

output $(x*(1 + x^2))/\text{Sqrt}[-1 + x^4] - (\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + x^2]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[-1 + x^2]], 1/2])/ \text{Sqrt}[-1 + x^4] + (\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + x^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[-1 + x^2]], 1/2])/ \text{Sqrt}[-1 + x^4]$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 763 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[(-a)*b, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[-a + q*x^2]*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + q*x^2)/q]/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4])) * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[x/\text{Sqrt}[(a + q*x^2)/(2*q)]], 1/2], x] /; \text{IntegerQ}[q]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[b, 0]$

rule 1499 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[(-a)*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[e*x*((q + c*x^2)/(c*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4])), x] - \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[2]*e*q*\text{Sqrt}[-a + q*x^2]*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + q*x^2)/q]/(\text{Sqrt}[-a]*c*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4])) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[x/\text{Sqrt}[(a + q*x^2)/(2*q)]], 1/2], x] /; \text{EqQ}[c*d + e*q, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[q]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0]$

rule 1502 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[(-a)*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(c*d + e*q)/c \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[e/c \text{ Int}[(q - c*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; \text{NeQ}[c*d + e*q, 0]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{\sqrt{-\text{signum}(x^4-1)} x^3 \text{hypergeom}([\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}], [\frac{7}{4}], x^4)}{3\sqrt{\text{signum}(x^4-1)}} + \frac{\sqrt{-\text{signum}(x^4-1)} x \text{hypergeom}([\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}], [\frac{5}{4}], x^4)}{\sqrt{\text{signum}(x^4-1)}}$	63
default	$-\frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}\text{EllipticF}(ix,i)}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}(\text{EllipticF}(ix,i)-\text{EllipticE}(ix,i))}{\sqrt{x^4-1}}$	78
elliptic	$-\frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}\text{EllipticF}(ix,i)}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}(\text{EllipticF}(ix,i)-\text{EllipticE}(ix,i))}{\sqrt{x^4-1}}$	78

input `int((x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/signum(x^4-1)^(1/2)*(-signum(x^4-1))^(1/2)*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],x^4)+1/signum(x^4-1)^(1/2)*(-signum(x^4-1))^(1/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \frac{x E(\arcsin(\frac{1}{x}) | -1) - 2x F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{x}) | -1) + \sqrt{x^4-1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/x), -1) - 2*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/x), -1) + sqrt(x^4 - 1))/x`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 53 vs. 2(19) = 38.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = -\frac{ix^3 \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \right) x^4}{4\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})} - \frac{ix \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \right) x^4}{4\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}$$

input `integrate((x**2+1)/(x**4-1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-I*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4)/(4*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), x**4)/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 + 1)/sqrt(x^4 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 + 1)/sqrt(x^4 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `int((x^2 + 1)/(x^4 - 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^2 + 1)/(x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^4-1}}{x^2-1} dx$$

input `int((x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**4 - 1)/(x**2 - 1),x)`

3.78 $\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	800
Mathematica [A] (verified)	800
Rubi [B] (verified)	801
Maple [B] (verified)	802
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	802
Sympy [F]	803
Maxima [F]	803
Giac [F]	803
Mupad [F(-1)]	804
Reduce [F]	804

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{-1+x^4}}{2(1+x^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}E(\arcsin(x)|-1)}{2\sqrt{-1+x^4}}$$

output `-1/2*x*(x^4-1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)+1/2*(-x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x,I)/(x^4-1)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \frac{x-x^3+\sqrt{1-x^4}E(\arcsin(x)|-1)}{2\sqrt{-1+x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((1+x^2)*Sqrt[-1+x^4]),x]`

output `(x-x^3+Sqrt[1-x^4]*EllipticE[ArcSin[x],-1])/(2*Sqrt[-1+x^4])`

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 121 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$, Rules used = {1391}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1)\sqrt{x^4 - 1}} dx$$

↓ 1391

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}\sqrt{x^2 + 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^4 - 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}\sqrt{x^2 + 1} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^4 - 1}} + \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^4 - 1}}$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x^2)*Sqrt[-1 + x^4]),x]`

output `x/Sqrt[-1 + x^4] - (Sqrt[-1 + x^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*x)/Sqrt[-1 + x^2]], 1/2])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-1 + x^4]) + (Sqrt[-1 + x^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*x)/Sqrt[-1 + x^2]], 1/2])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-1 + x^4])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1391 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(d*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x] + (-Simp[(Sqrt[-1 + (e/d)*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (e/d)*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Rt[e/d, 2]*x)/Sqrt[-1 + (e/d)*x^2]], 1/2])/(Sqrt[2]*d*Rt[e/d, 2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x] + Simp[(Sqrt[-1 + (e/d)*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (e/d)*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Rt[e/d, 2]*x)/Sqrt[-1 + (e/d)*x^2]], 1/2])/(Sqrt[2]*d*Rt[e/d, 2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && PosQ[e/d]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 92 vs. $2(40) = 80$.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{x(x^2-1)}{2\sqrt{x^4-1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)}{2\sqrt{x^4-1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(ix,i))}{2\sqrt{x^4-1}}$	93
default	$-\frac{(x^2-1)x}{2\sqrt{(x^2-1)(x^2+1)}} - \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)}{2\sqrt{x^4-1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(ix,i))}{2\sqrt{x^4-1}}$	99
elliptic	$-\frac{(x^2-1)x}{2\sqrt{(x^2-1)(x^2+1)}} - \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)}{2\sqrt{x^4-1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(ix,i))}{2\sqrt{x^4-1}}$	99

input `int(1/(x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/2*x*(x^2-1)/(x^4-1)^{(1/2)}-1/2*I*(x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(-x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(x^4-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(I*x,I)-1/2*I*(x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(-x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(x^4-1)^{(1/2)}*(EllipticF(I*x,I)-EllipticE(I*x,I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \frac{(-ix^2-i)E(\arcsin(x) | -1) - \sqrt{x^4-1}x}{2(x^2+1)}$$

input `integrate(1/(x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/2*((-I*x^2 - I)*elliptic_e(\arcsin(x), -1) - \sqrt{x^4 - 1}*x)/(x^2 + 1)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(x-1)(x+1)(x^2+1)(x^2+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(x**2+1)/(x**4-1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt((x - 1)*(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1))*(x**2 + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4-1}(x^2+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^4 - 1)*(x^2 + 1)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4-1}(x^2+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^4 - 1)*(x^2 + 1)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2+1)\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `int(1/((x^2 + 1)*(x^4 - 1)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((x^2 + 1)*(x^4 - 1)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^4-1}}{x^6+x^4-x^2-1} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(x**4 - 1)/(x**6 + x**4 - x**2 - 1),x)`

3.79 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	805
Mathematica [C] (verified)	805
Rubi [A] (verified)	806
Maple [B] (verified)	807
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	808
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	808
Maxima [F]	809
Giac [F]	809
Mupad [F(-1)]	809
Reduce [F]	810

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{a^{3/4} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{-a + cx^4}}$$

output $a^{(3/4)}*(1-c*x^4/a)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(c^{(1/4)}*x/a^{(1/4)},I)/c^{(1/4)}/(c*x^4-a)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(3\sqrt{ax} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + \sqrt{cx^3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right) \right)}{3\sqrt{-a + cx^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)/Sqrt[-a + c*x^4],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*(3*Sqrt[a]*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a] + Sqrt[c]*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (c*x^4)/a]))/(3*Sqrt[-a + c*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1390}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1389}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}} dx}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{327}$$

$$\frac{a^{3/4} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{cx^4 - a}}$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)/Sqrt[-a + c*x^4], x]
```

output

```
(a^(3/4)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[-a + c*x^4])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 327 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1389 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/Sq
rt[a] Int[Sqrt[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/Sqrt[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1390 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt
[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ
[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 157 vs. 2(42) = 84.

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.93

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 - a}} + \frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 - a}}$
elliptic	$\frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c} x^2) \sqrt{-c(-c x^4 + a)} \sqrt{-(-c x^4 + a)} a \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c^2 x^4 - a c}} + a \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \right)}{\sqrt{c x^4 - a} \left(c x^2 \sqrt{-(-c x^4 + a)} a + a \sqrt{-c(-c x^4 + a)} \right)}$

```
input int((a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

$$\begin{aligned} & a^{1/2}/(-1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2})^{1/2}*(1+1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2}*x^2)^{1/2}*(1-1/a^{1/2} \\ & (1/2)*c^{1/2}*x^2)^{1/2}/(c*x^4-a)^{1/2}*EllipticF(x*(-1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2}))^{1/2} \\ & (1/2),I)+a^{1/2}/(-1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2})^{1/2}*(1+1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2}*x^2)^{1/2} \\ & *(1-1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2}*x^2)^{1/2}/(c*x^4-a)^{1/2}*(EllipticF(x*(-1/a^{1/2} \\ & *c^{1/2}))^{1/2},I)-EllipticE(x*(-1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2}))^{1/2},I) \end{aligned}$$
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 102 vs. 2(41) = 82.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{acx \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \left(acx\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}} + \sqrt{ac^{\frac{3}{2}}x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\right) \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{cx^4 - aa}\sqrt{\dots}}{acx}$$

input

```
integrate((a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$(a*c*x*(a/c)^{3/4}*elliptic_e(\arcsin((a/c)^{1/4}/x), -1) - (a*c*x*\sqrt{a/c} + \sqrt{a}*c^{3/2}*x*\sqrt{a/c})*(a/c)^{1/4}*elliptic_f(\arcsin((a/c)^{1/4}/x), -1) + \sqrt{c*x^4 - a}*a*\sqrt{c})/(a*c*x)$$
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = -\frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{i\sqrt{cx^3}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((a**(1/2)+c**(1/2)*x**2)/(c*x**4-a)**(1/2),x)
```

output `-I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), c*x**4/a)/(4*gamma(5/4)) - I*sqrt(c)*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*x**4/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx$$

input `integrate((a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(c)*x^2 + sqrt(a))/sqrt(c*x^4 - a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx$$

input `integrate((a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sqrt(c)*x^2 + sqrt(a))/sqrt(c*x^4 - a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx$$

input `int((a^(1/2) + c^(1/2)*x^2)/(c*x^4 - a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a^(1/2) + c^(1/2)*x^2)/(c*x^4 - a)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = -\sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) - \sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 - a} x^2}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right)$$

input `int((a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x)`

output `- (sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(-a + c*x**4)/(a - c*x**4),x) + sqrt(c)*int((sqrt(-a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x))`

3.80 $\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}x^2}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	811
Mathematica [C] (verified)	811
Rubi [A] (verified)	812
Maple [B] (verified)	813
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	814
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	814
Maxima [F]	815
Giac [F]	815
Mupad [F(-1)]	816
Reduce [F]	816

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}x^2}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt[4]{\frac{c}{a}}x\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{c}{a}}\sqrt{-a + cx^4}}$$

output (1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE((c/a)^(1/4)*x,I)/(c/a)^(1/4)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2)

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}x^2}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right) \right)}{3\sqrt{-a + cx^4}}$$

input Integrate[(1 + Sqrt[c/a]*x^2)/Sqrt[-a + c*x^4],x]

output $(\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*(3*x*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a] + \text{Sqrt}[c/a]*x^3*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (c*x^4)/a]))/(3*\text{Sqrt}[-a + c*x^4])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1390, 1388, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{c}{a} + 1}}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1390} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{c}{a}x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{c}{a}x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a\sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}}}} dx}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt[4]{\frac{c}{a}}x\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{c}{a}}\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(1 + \text{Sqrt}[c/a]*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[-a + c*x^4], x]$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(c/a)^{(1/4)}*x], -1])/((c/a)^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[-a + c*x^4])$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 327 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1388 Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

```
rule 1390 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt
[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ
[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs. 2(44) = 88.

Time = 2.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{a}}\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{a}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}},i\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}}\sqrt{cx^4-a}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{a}}\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{a}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}}\sqrt{cx^4-a}\sqrt{c}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\left(1+\sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}x^2\right)a\sqrt{-\frac{c(-cx^4+a)}{a}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{a}}\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{a}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^4-c}{a}}}\right)+\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{a}}\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{a}}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}},i\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}}\sqrt{cx^4-a}}}{cx^2\sqrt{cx^4-a}+a\sqrt{-\frac{c(-cx^4+a)}{a}}}$

```
input int((1+(c/a)^(1/2)*x^2)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/(-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*
c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),
I)+(c/a)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)/(-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2
)^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(EllipticF
(x*(-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)
)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 119 vs. 2(43) = 86.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}x^2}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{cx}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \left(ax\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} + cx\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\right)\sqrt{c}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{cx^4 - a}}{acx}$$

input

```
integrate((1+(c/a)^(1/2)*x^2)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(a*sqrt(c)*x*(a/c)^(3/4)*sqrt(c/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin((a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) -
(a*x*sqrt(a/c)*sqrt(c/a) + c*x*sqrt(a/c))*sqrt(c)*(a/c)^(1/4)*elliptic_f(
arcsin((a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + sqrt(c*x^4 - a)*a*sqrt(c/a)/(a*c*x)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs. 2(37) = 74.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}x^2}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = -\frac{ix^3 \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((1+(c/a)**(1/2)*x**2)/(c*x**4-a)**(1/2),x)`

output `-I*x**3*sqrt(c/a)*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*x**4/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), c*x**4/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}x^2}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} + 1}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+(c/a)^(1/2)*x^2)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2*sqrt(c/a) + 1)/sqrt(c*x^4 - a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}x^2}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} + 1}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+(c/a)^(1/2)*x^2)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2*sqrt(c/a) + 1)/sqrt(c*x^4 - a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}x^2}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} + 1}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(c/a)^(1/2) + 1)/(c*x^4 - a)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((x^2*(c/a)^(1/2) + 1)/(c*x^4 - a)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}x^2}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}x^2}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) a}{a}$$

input `int((1+(c/a)^(1/2)*x^2)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2), x)`

output `(- (sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*int((sqrt(- a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a - c*x**4), x) + int(sqrt(- a + c*x**4)/(a - c*x**4), x)*a))/a`

3.81 $\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	817
Mathematica [C] (verified)	817
Rubi [B] (verified)	818
Maple [C] (verified)	822
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	823
Sympy [F]	823
Maxima [F]	824
Giac [F]	824
Mupad [F(-1)]	824
Reduce [F]	825

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(d-ex^2) E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{\frac{d-ex^2}{d+ex^2}}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
(-e*x^2+d)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2)/(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2),2^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/
e^(1/2)/((-e*x^2+d)/(e*x^2+d))^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3dx - 2ex^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)}{3d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(3dx - 2e^3x^3\sqrt{1 - (e^2x^4)/d^2})\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, (e^2x^4)/d^2]}{(3d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4})}$$
Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs. $2(72) = 144$.

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 25, 27, 344, 836, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 314$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{e \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 344$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{836} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d \int \frac{ex^2+d}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{765} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1390}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 1389

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]) - (d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])))/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 314 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{p}[(-\text{x})*(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{q}}/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(2*\text{p} + 3) + \text{d}*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 1) + 1)*\text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, \text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{x}], \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*\text{d}))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 344 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_.)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_)}*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}/(\text{a}*\text{c} + \text{b}*\text{d}*\text{x}^4)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e}*\text{x})^{\text{m}}*(\text{a}*\text{c} + \text{b}*\text{d}*\text{x}^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b}*\text{c} + \text{a}*\text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$
- rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]*\text{x}], -1], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(\text{x}^4/\text{a})]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^4] \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(\text{x}^4/\text{a})], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$

rule 836 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-q^{(-1)} \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/q \text{Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 1389 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d/\text{Sqrt}[a] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NegQ}[c/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1390 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NegQ}[c/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& !(\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_)+(c_)*(x_)^{n2_})^{(p_)*((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^{n_})^{(q_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{de\sqrt{(x^2+\frac{d}{e})(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}(\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)-\text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i))}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d^2\left(\frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) + e^2\left(\frac{x}{2e^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)}{2e^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right)$

input $\text{int}((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/d*x/e/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)-1/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ex^2 + d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - (ex^2 + d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + \sqrt{-e^2}}{dex^2 + d^2}$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - (e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*x)/(d*e*x^2 + d^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-d + ex^2)^2}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((-d + e*x**2)**2/(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**3/2, x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 - d)^2}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 - d)^2/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 - d)^2}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 - d)^2/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)`

3.82 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	826
Mathematica [C] (verified)	826
Rubi [B] (verified)	827
Maple [C] (verified)	831
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	832
Sympy [F]	832
Maxima [F]	833
Giac [F]	833
Mupad [F(-1)]	833
Reduce [F]	834

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{\frac{d-ex^2}{d+ex^2}}(d + ex^2)}$$

output

$(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{(1/2)} * \text{EllipticE}(e^{(1/2)} x / d^{(1/2)} / (1 + e x^2 / d)^{(1/2)}, 2^{(1/2)}) / d^{(1/2)} / e^{(1/2)} / ((-e x^2 + d) / (e x^2 + d))^{(1/2)} / (e x^2 + d)$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{x - \frac{ex^3}{d} - \frac{i\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \left(E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x\right) \middle| -1\right) - \text{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x\right), -1\right) \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(x - (e*x^3)/d - (I*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/Sqrt[-(e/d)]/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs. $2(73) = 146$.

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.462$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 25, 27, 344, 836, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{314} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{e \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{344} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{e \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{d \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{836} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{e \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{d \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{d \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{e \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{765} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{e \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} \right)}{d \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{e \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}} \right), -1 \right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} \right)}{d \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1390 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 1389 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 327 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right) - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]) - (d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])))/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 314 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{p}[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*(c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(2*p + 3) + d*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, \text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{x}], \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*d))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 344 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_.)*(x_)^{(\text{m}_)}*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}/(\text{a}*c + \text{b}*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e}*x)^m*(\text{a}*c + \text{b}*d*x^4)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b}*c + \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$
- rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]*\text{x}], -1], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(x^4/\text{a})]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^4] \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(x^4/\text{a})], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$

```
rule 836 Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]},
Simp[-q^(-1) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] + Simp[1/q Int[(1 + q*x^2)/S
qrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

```
rule 1389 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/Sq
rt[a] Int[Sqrt[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/Sqrt[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1390 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt
[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ
[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 1396 Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{de\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	121
elliptic	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{de\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	121

```
input int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```
(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/d*x/e/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)-1/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex^2 + d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - (ex^2 + d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}x}{dex^2 + d^2}$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - (e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*x)/(d*e*x^2 + d^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))/(d + e*x**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)`

3.83
$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

Optimal result	835
Mathematica [C] (verified)	835
Rubi [B] (verified)	836
Maple [C] (verified)	840
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	841
Sympy [F]	841
Maxima [F(-2)]	842
Giac [F]	842
Mupad [F(-1)]	842
Reduce [F]	843

Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{(d - ex^2) E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{\frac{d-ex^2}{d+ex^2}}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

output (-e*x^2+d)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2)/(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2),2^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/((-e*x^2+d)/(e*x^2+d))^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{x - \frac{ex^3}{d} - \frac{i\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\left(E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right) \middle| -1\right) - \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right), -1\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input Integrate[(d - e*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]

output

```
(x - (e*x^3)/d - (I*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/Sqrt[-(e/d)]/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]
```

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 25, 27, 344, 836, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{314} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{e \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{344}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{836} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d \int \frac{ex^2+d}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{765} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1390}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

1389

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(d - e*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))
+ (e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin
[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]) - (d^(3/2)*Sqrt
[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(e^(3/2)*S
qrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])))/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2
*x^4]
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 314 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{p}[(\text{-x})*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}}/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)))], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(2*\text{p} + 3) + \text{d}*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 1) + 1)*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, \text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{x}], \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*d))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 344 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_.)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_)}*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}\text{*((c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}/(\text{a}*c + \text{b}*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e}*x)^{\text{m}}*(\text{a}*c + \text{b}*d*x^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b}*c + \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$
- rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]*\text{x}], -1], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(x^4/\text{a})]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^4] \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(x^4/\text{a})], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$

rule 836 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-q^{(-1)} \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/q \text{Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 1389 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d/\text{Sqrt}[a] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NegQ}[c/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1390 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NegQ}[c/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& !(\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_)+(c_)*(x_)^{n2_})^{(p_)*((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^{n_})^{(q_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{de\sqrt{(x^2+\frac{d}{e})(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}(\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)-\text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i))}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + 2d\left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{(x^2+\frac{d}{e})(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \dots\right)$

input $\text{int}((-e*x^2+d)/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/d*x/e/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)-1/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex^2 + d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - (ex^2 + d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}x}{dex^2 + d^2}$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - (e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*x)/(d*e*x^2 + d^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = - \int \left(-\frac{d}{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + ex^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right) dx$$

$$- \int \frac{ex^2}{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + ex^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x**2+d)/(e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(-d/(d*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + e*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x) - Integral(e*x**2/(d*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + e*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{ex^2 - d}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(e*x^2 - d)/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d + ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} (ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)/(e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)`

3.84 $\int (d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	844
Mathematica [C] (verified)	845
Rubi [A] (verified)	845
Maple [A] (verified)	850
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	851
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	851
Maxima [F]	852
Giac [F]	852
Mupad [F(-1)]	853
Reduce [F]	853

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{2}{21}d^2x(5d - 7ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - \frac{3}{7}dx(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{9}ex^3(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} - \frac{4d^{11/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{16d^{11/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{7\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
2/21*d^2*x*(-7*e*x^2+5*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-3/7*d*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)
)+1/9*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)-4/3*d^(11/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+16/7*d^(11/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 8.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} (-27d^3 + 7d^2ex^2 + 27de^2x^4 - 7e^3x^6) + 90d^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) \right)}{63\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(-27*d^3 + 7*d^2*e*x^2 + 27*d*e^2*x^4 - 7*e^3*x^6) + 90*d^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - 70*d^2*e*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/(63*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.593$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 403, 25, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int (d - ex^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 318$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int 10de(d-2ex^2)(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+ddx}}{9e} - \frac{1}{9}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \int (d-2ex^2)(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+ddx} - \frac{1}{9}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx}{7e} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx}{7e} + \frac{2}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx + \frac{2}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{\int \frac{6de(4d-3ex^2)\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx}{5e} + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \int \frac{(4d-3ex^2)\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(\int \frac{3de(5d-7ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \int \frac{5d-7ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(12d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) - x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 289

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(\frac{12d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) - x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 329

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(\frac{12d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(\frac{12d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(\frac{12d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{10}{9} d \left(\frac{1}{7} d \left(\frac{6}{5} d \left(d \left(\frac{12 d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{7 d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/9*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (10*d*((2*x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/7 + (d*((x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/5 + (6*d*(-(x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + d*((-7*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (12*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/5))/7))/9))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2])*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp
p[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + S
imp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b
c(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) +
1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && G
tQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c,
d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1
+ b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b
*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)
^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +
Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&
(PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))`

rule 403 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p +
q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c
+ d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) +
f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])
)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(-7e^3x^6+27de^2x^4-35d^2ex^2+3d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{63} + \frac{4d^4 \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{7d\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)}{21}$
elliptic	$-\frac{e^3x^7\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{9} + \frac{3de^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} - \frac{5d^2ex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{9} + \frac{d^3x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{21} + \frac{20d^5\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{21\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d^3 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right) - e^3 \left(\frac{x^7\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{9} - \frac{2d^2x^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{45e^2} - \frac{2d^5\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{21\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)$

input

```
int((-e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/63*x*(-7*e^3*x^6+27*d*e^2*x^4-35*d^2*e*x^2+3*d^3)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+
/21*d^4*(5*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2
)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)+7*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*
x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)-EllipticE(x*
(e/d)^(1/2), I)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{84 \sqrt{-e^2} d^5 x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 12(7d^5 - 5d^4e) \sqrt{-e^2} x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (7e^5x^8 - 27d^5x^6 + 35d^4ex^4 - 3d^3e^2x^2 - 84d^4e) \sqrt{-e^2} \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{63e^2x}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/63*(84*sqrt(-e^2)*d^5*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - 12*(7*d^5 - 5*d^4*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - (7*e^5*x^8 - 27*d*e^4*x^6 + 35*d^2*e^3*x^4 - 3*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 84*d^4*e)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^2*x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{d^4 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{3d^3 e x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{3d^2 e^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} - \frac{d e^3 x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)**3*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `d**4*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) - 3*d**3*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(7/4)) + 3*d**2*e**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(9/4)) - d*e**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(11/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int -\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 - d)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 - d)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int -\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 - d)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 - d)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} (d - ex^2)^3 dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d - e*x^2)^3,x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d - e*x^2)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx &= \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^3 x}{21} - \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^2 e x^3}{9} \\ &+ \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d e^2 x^5}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} e^3 x^7}{9} \\ &+ \frac{20 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^5}{21} - \frac{4 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^4 e}{3} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(3*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**3*x - 35*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**2*e*x**3 + 27*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*e**2*x**5 - 7*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e**3*x**7 + 60*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**5 - 84*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**4*e)/63`

3.85 $\int (d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	854
Mathematica [C] (verified)	855
Rubi [A] (verified)	855
Maple [A] (verified)	860
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	860
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	861
Maxima [F]	862
Giac [F]	862
Mupad [F(-1)]	862
Reduce [F]	863

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{2}{105} dx (20d - 21ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - \frac{1}{7} x (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} - \frac{4d^{9/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{5\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{164d^{9/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{105\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
2/105*d*x*(-21*e*x^2+20*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/7*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)
-4/5*d^(9/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/
(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+164/105*d^(9/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)
2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(-3(d^2 - e^2x^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} + 24d^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) - 14dex^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) \right)}{21\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + 24*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - 14*d*e*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/(21*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.519$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 403, 25, 27, 403, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int (d - ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 318$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int 2de(4d - 7ex^2) \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx}{7e} - \frac{1}{7} x (d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \int (4d - 7ex^2) \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx - \frac{1}{7}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 403 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{7}{5}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{de\sqrt{d-ex^2}(13d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{5e} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{\int \frac{de\sqrt{d-ex^2}(13d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{5e} + \frac{7}{5}x\sqrt{d + ex^2}(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{1}{5}d \int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(13d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{7}{5}x\sqrt{d + ex^2}(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 403 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(20d-21ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3e} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) + \frac{7}{5}x\sqrt{d + ex^2}(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \int \frac{20d-21ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) + \frac{7}{5}x\sqrt{d + ex^2}(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 399 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(41d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 21 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) + \frac{7}{5}x\sqrt{d + ex^2}(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 289 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{41d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - 21 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) + \frac{7}{5}x\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 329

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{41d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{21d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) + \frac{7}{5}x\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{41d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{21d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{41d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{21d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{41d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{21d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/7*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*d*
((7*x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/5 + (d*(-1/3*(x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*S
qrt[d + e*x^2]) + (2*d*((-21*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[Arc
Sin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) +
(41*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]
, -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/3))/5))/7))/(Sqrt[d - e
*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 289

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart
[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*
c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 318

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + S
imp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b
*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) +
1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && G
tQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c,
d, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$

rule 399 $\text{Int}(((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 403 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p + q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(15e^2x^4 - 42de^2x^2 + 25d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{105} + \frac{4d^3 \left(\frac{20d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)} + 21d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{e}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} \right)}{105}$
elliptic	$\frac{e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{7} - \frac{2dex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{5} + \frac{5d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{21} + \frac{16d^4\sqrt{1 - \frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{21\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} + \frac{4d^4\sqrt{1 - \frac{e}{d}}}{21e^2}$
default	$d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1 - \frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} \right) + e^2 \left(\frac{x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{7} - \frac{2d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{21e^2} + \frac{2d^4\sqrt{1 - \frac{e}{d}}}{21e^2} \right)$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{105}xx(15e^2x^4 - 42d^2ex^2 + 25d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} + \frac{4}{105}d^3 \left(\frac{20d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, I\right)} + 21d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{e}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, I\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, I\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{84\sqrt{-e^2}d^4x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 4(21d^4 - 20d^3e)\sqrt{-e^2}x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (15e^4x^6 - 15d^2e^2x^2)}{105e^2x}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/105*(84*sqrt(-e^2)*d^4*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) -
4*(21*d^4 - 20*d^3*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/
x), -1) + (15*e^4*x^6 - 42*d*e^3*x^4 + 25*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 84*d^3*e)*sqrt(-e^
2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^2*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{d^3x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{d^2ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{de^2x^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x**2+d)**2*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
d**3*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d
**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) - d**2*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e*
**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(7/4)) + d*e**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hy
per((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(9/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} (ex^2 - d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 - d)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} (ex^2 - d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 - d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} (d - ex^2)^2 dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d - e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d - e*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^2 x}{21} - \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} de x^3}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} e^2 x^5}{7} + \frac{16 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^4}{21} - \frac{4 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^3 e}{5}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(25*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**2*x - 42*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*e*x**3 + 15*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e**2*x**5 + 80*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**4 - 84*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**3*e)/105`

3.86 $\int (d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	864
Mathematica [C] (verified)	865
Rubi [F]	865
Maple [A] (verified)	866
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	866
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	867
Maxima [F]	867
Giac [F]	868
Mupad [F(-1)]	868
Reduce [F]	868

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int (d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{1}{15}x(5d - 3ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - \frac{2d^{7/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{5\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{16d^{7/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/15*x*(-3*e*x^2+5*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-2/5*d^(7/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+16/15*d^(7/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int (d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) - ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/(3*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1571$$

$$\int (d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(-3ex^2+5d)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{15} + \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)}{15}$
elliptic	$-\frac{ex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5} + \frac{dx\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right) - e \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)$

input

```
int((-e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/15*x*(-3*e*x^2+5*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/15*d^2*(5*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)+3*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{-e^2}d^3x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 2(3d^3 - 5d^2e)\sqrt{-e^2}x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (3e^3x^4 - 5d^2e^2)\sqrt{-e^2}x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{15e^2x}$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/15*(6*sqrt(-e^2)*d^3*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - 2
*(3*d^3 - 5*d^2*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x),
-1) - (3*e^3*x^4 - 5*d*e^2*x^2 - 6*d^2*e)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^2*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int (d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{d^2x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{dex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x**2+d)*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
d**2*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d
**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) - d*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*
x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(7/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int -\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 - d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 - d), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int -\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 - d) dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 - d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} (d - ex^2) dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d - e*x^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d - e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} ex^3}{5} + \frac{2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx\right) d^3}{3} - \frac{2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx\right) d^2 e}{5}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(5*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*x - 3*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e*x**3 + 10*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**3 - 6*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**2*e)/15`

3.87 $\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx$

Optimal result	869
Mathematica [C] (verified)	869
Rubi [A] (verified)	870
Maple [A] (verified)	871
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	872
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	872
Maxima [F]	872
Giac [F]	873
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	873
Reduce [F]	873

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} + \frac{2d^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
1/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/3*d^(5/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \frac{d^2 x - e^2 x^5 + \frac{2ide\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right), -1\right)}{\left(-\frac{e}{d}\right)^{3/2}}}{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]
```

output

```
(d^2*x - e^2*x^5 + ((2*I)*d*e*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[
Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(-(e/d))^(3/2))/(3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {748, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 748$$

$$\frac{2}{3} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx + \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}$$

$$\downarrow 765$$

$$\frac{2d^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}$$

$$\downarrow 762$$

$$\frac{2d^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/3 + (2*d^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(3*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 748 $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^{(n_+)]^{(p_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^n)^p/(n*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[a*n*(p/(n*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || LtQ[Denominator[p + 1/n], Denominator[p]])

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	82
risch	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	82
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	82

input $\text{int}((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)},x,\text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $\frac{1}{3}*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}+2/3*d^2/(e/d)^{(1/2)}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 d} \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) | -1) + \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} e x}{3e}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*(2*sqrt(-e^2)*d*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*e*x)/e`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \frac{dx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}; \frac{5}{4}; \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/4], 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2))/(1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2)^(1/2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x}{3} + \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^2}{3}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output $(\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4})x + 2 \int (\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}) / (d^2 - e^2 x^4)$
 $, x) d^2 / 3$

3.88 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	875
Mathematica [C] (verified)	875
Rubi [A] (verified)	876
Maple [B] (verified)	877
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	878
Sympy [F]	878
Maxima [F(-2)]	879
Giac [F]	879
Mupad [F(-1)]	879
Reduce [F]	880

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - ex^2} dx = \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output `d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),1)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - ex^2} dx = \frac{ie \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\left(-\frac{e}{d}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d - e*x^2),x]`

output

```
(I*e*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/((-
(e/d))^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1396, 329, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - ex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{329}$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{(d - ex^2)(d + ex^2)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{327}$$

$$\frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} (d - ex^2)(d + ex^2)}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d - e*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(d^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqr
t[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*(d - e*x^2)*(d + e*x^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. $2(47) = 94$.

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	138
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	138

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - ex^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2} dx \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \sqrt{-e^2}(d + e)x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} e}{e^2 x}$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-(sqrt(-e^2)*d*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - sqrt(-e^2)*(d + e)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*e)/(e^2*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - ex^2} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{-d + ex^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(-e*x**2+d),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(-d + e*x**2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - e x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - e x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e x^2 - d} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 - d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - e x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - e x^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d - e*x^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d - e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - ex^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d - e*x**2),x)`

3.89 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	881
Mathematica [C] (verified)	881
Rubi [A] (verified)	882
Maple [A] (verified)	886
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	887
Sympy [F]	887
Maxima [F]	887
Giac [F]	888
Mupad [F(-1)]	888
Reduce [F]	888

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
x*(e*x^2+d)/d/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-d^(1/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE
(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)
^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d(-d + ex^2)} + \frac{i\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}(E(i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x) \middle| -1) - \text{EllipticF}(i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x), -1))}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d - e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/(d*(-d + e*x^2))) + (I*Sqrt[1 - (e*x^2)/d]*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 27, 344, 836, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{314} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{344} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 836 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d \int \frac{ex^2+d}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 765 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 762 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 1390 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1389 \\
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \\
 \downarrow 327 \\
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d - e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) - (e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]) - (d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])))/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 314 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*(c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(2*p + 3) + d*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 344 $\text{Int}[(e_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^m*(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 836 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-q^{(-1)} \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 1389 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/Sqrt[a] Int[Sqrt[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/Sqrt[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1390 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p]*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{ed\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	124
elliptic	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{ed\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	124

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-(-e^2x^2-d*e)/e/d*x/\left(\left(x^2-d/e\right)*\left(-e^2x^2-d*e\right)\right)^{1/2}+1/\left(e/d\right)^{1/2}*\left(1-e*x^2/d\right)^{1/2}*\left(1+e*x^2/d\right)^{1/2}/\left(-e^2x^4+d^2\right)^{1/2}*\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x*\left(e/d\right)^{1/2},I\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x*\left(e/d\right)^{1/2},I\right)\right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{(ex^2 - d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - (ex^2 - d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}x}{dex^2 - d^2}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((e*x^2 - d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - (e*x^2 - d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*x)/(d*e*x^2 - d^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}}{(-d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(-e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))/(-d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - e x^2)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d - e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d - e*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^2 x^4 - 2de x^2 + d^2} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)`

3.90 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	889
Mathematica [C] (verified)	889
Rubi [A] (verified)	890
Maple [A] (verified)	894
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	895
Sympy [F]	895
Maxima [F]	896
Giac [F]	896
Mupad [F(-1)]	896
Reduce [F]	897

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 193

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{3d(d - ex^2)^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{2d^2(d - ex^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
1/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(-e*x^2+d)^2+1/2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)-1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/3*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(5d^2 + 2dex^2 - 3e^2x^4) + 3id(d - ex^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x) | -1) - 4id(d - ex^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}{6d^2 \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} (d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d - e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(5*d^2 + 2*d*e*x^2 - 3*e^2*x^4) + (3*I)*d*(d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - (4*I)*d*(d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]) / (6*d^2*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 25, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 314$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{ex^2+2d}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2 + 2d}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 402 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(d - 3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2d^2 e} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{d - 3ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 399 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{4d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 289 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{4d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 329 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{4d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}
\end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{4d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx - \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{2d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{3d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

765

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{4d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx - \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{2d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{3d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

762

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{4d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right) - \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{3d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d - e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(3*d*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) + ((-3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (4*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d))/(3*d))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 289 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{p}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}, (\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}] / (\text{a}*c + \text{b}*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}] \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a}*c + \text{b}*d*x^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b}*c + \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$
- rule 314 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{p}[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}, (\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}} / (2*a*(\text{p} + 1))], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2*a*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}, (\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)} * \text{Simp}[\text{c}*(2*\text{p} + 3) + \text{d}*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 1) + 1)*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, \text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}] / (\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}] * \text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2])) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{x}], \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*d))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a}*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{b}^2*(x^4/a^2)] / (\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2])) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{b}*(x^2/a)], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b}*c + \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(LtQ}[\text{a}*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}*b, 0])$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2] / (\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2] * \text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{f}/\text{b} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f) / \text{b} \quad \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!(PosQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}]) \ \|\ \text{(NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{(PosQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \|\ \text{(GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \|\ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, -\text{d}/\text{c}]))))$

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3de^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{6d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3de^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{6d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/3/d*x/e^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^2-1/2*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/d^2*x/e/((
x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+1/6/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^
2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/
2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(
e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(e^3 x^4 - 2de^2 x^2 + d^2 e) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} E(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - ((de^2 + 3e^3)x^4 + d^3 + 3d^2 e - 2(d^2 e + 3de^2)x^2)}{6(d^2 e^3 x^4 - 2d^3 e^2 x^2 + d^4 e)}$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/6*(3*(e^3*x^4 - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt
(e/d)), -1) - ((d*e^2 + 3*e^3)*x^4 + d^3 + 3*d^2*e - 2*(d^2*e + 3*d*e^2)*x
^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(
3*e^2*x^3 - 5*d*e*x))/(d^2*e^3*x^4 - 2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + d^4*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{-d^3 + 3d^2 ex^2 - 3de^2 x^4 + e^3 x^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(-e*x**2+d)**3,x)
```

output

```
-Integral(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(-d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 - 3*d*e**2*x**4 +
e**3*x**6), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d - e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d - e*x^2)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^3 x^6 + 3d e^2 x^4 - 3d^2 e x^2 + d^3} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**3 - 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 - e**3*x**6),x)`

3.91 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	898
Mathematica [C] (verified)	899
Rubi [A] (verified)	899
Maple [A] (verified)	905
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	905
Sympy [F]	906
Maxima [F]	906
Giac [F]	907
Mupad [F(-1)]	907
Reduce [F]	907

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 227

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{5d(d - ex^2)^3} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{30d^2(d - ex^2)^2} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{5d^3(d - ex^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{5d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{17\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{30d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
1/5*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(-e*x^2+d)^3+7/30*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/
(-e*x^2+d)^2+2/5*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/(-e*x^2+d)-2/5*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)
^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
+17/30*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)
)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(25d^3 - 6d^2ex^2 - 19de^2x^4 + 12e^3x^6) + 12id(d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x) | -1) - 17}{30d^3 \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} (d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d - e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(25*d^3 - 6*d^2*e*x^2 - 19*d*e^2*x^4 + 12*e^3*x^6) + (12*I)*d*(d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - (17*I)*d*(d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(30*d^3*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 25, 402, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 314$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3ex^2+4d}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3ex^2+4d}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{5d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(7ex^2+17d)}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{7ex^2+17d}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(5d-12ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{12x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{5d-12ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d} + \frac{12x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

399

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{17d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 12 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{6d} + \frac{12x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

289

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{17d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - 12 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{6d} + \frac{12x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

329

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{17d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{12d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{12x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

327

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{17d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx - \frac{12d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{12x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{5d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

765

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{17d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx - \frac{12d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{12x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{5d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

762

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{17d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right) - \frac{12d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{12x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{5d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

input

`Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d - e*x^2)^4,x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(5*d*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((7*x*
Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(6*d*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((12*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt
[d - e*x^2]) + ((-12*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqr
t[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (17*d^(
3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(
Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/d)/(6*d))/(5*d))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^
2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 289

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart
[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*
c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 314

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*
(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(2*p + 3) + d
*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q,
x]
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```


rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
 $a\sqrt{1 - b^2(x^4/a^2)}/(\sqrt{a + b x^2}\sqrt{c + d x^2})$ Int[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +
 Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
 Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
default	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5de^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{7x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{30d^2e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{2(-e^2x^2-de)x}{5ed^3\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{6d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}}{6d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5de^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{7x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{30d^2e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{2(-e^2x^2-de)x}{5ed^3\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{6d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}}{6d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/5/d*x/e^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^3+7/30/d^2*x/e^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^2-2/5*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/e/d^3*x/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+1/6/d^2/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+2/5/d^2/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{12(e^4x^6 - 3de^3x^4 + 3d^2e^2x^2 - d^3e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - ((5de^3 + 12e^4)x^6 - 3(5d^2e^2 + 12d^3e)x^4 + 30(d^3e^4x^6 - 3d^2e^2x^4 + d^3e))\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}}{30(d^3e^4x^6 - 3d^2e^2x^4 + d^3e)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/30*(12*(e^4*x^6 - 3*d*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - ((5*d*e^3 + 12*e^4)*x^6 - 3*(5*d^2*e^2 + 12*d*e^3)*x^4 - 5*d^4 - 12*d^3*e + 3*(5*d^3*e + 12*d^2*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (12*e^3*x^5 - 31*d*e^2*x^3 + 25*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^3*e^4*x^6 - 3*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^5*e^2*x^2 - d^6*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}}{(-d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(-e*x**2+d)**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))/(-d + e*x**2)**4, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 - d)^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)^4, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 - d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d - e*x^2)^4,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d - e*x^2)^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^4 x^8 - 4d e^3 x^6 + 6d^2 e^2 x^4 - 4d^3 e x^2 + d^4} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^4,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**4 - 4*d**3*e*x**2 + 6*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 4*d*e**3*x**6 + e**4*x**8),x)`

3.92 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx$

Optimal result	908
Mathematica [C] (verified)	909
Rubi [A] (verified)	909
Maple [A] (verified)	915
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	916
Sympy [F]	916
Maxima [F]	917
Giac [F]	917
Mupad [F(-1)]	917
Reduce [F]	918

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 261

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{7d(d - ex^2)^4} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{70d^2(d - ex^2)^3} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{210d^3(d - ex^2)^2} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{20d^4(d - ex^2)} - \frac{7\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{20d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{53\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{105d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
1/7*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(-e*x^2+d)^4+11/70*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)^3+41/210*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/(-e*x^2+d)^2+7/20*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/(-e*x^2+d)-7/20*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+53/105*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{x(d+ex^2)(-355d^3+671d^2ex^2-523de^2x^4+147e^3x^6)}{(d-ex^2)^3} + \frac{id\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}(147E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x)|-1)-212\operatorname{EllipticF}(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x)))}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}}}{420d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d - e*x^2)^5,x]`

output `((-(x*(d + e*x^2)*(-355*d^3 + 671*d^2*e*x^2 - 523*d*e^2*x^4 + 147*e^3*x^6))/(d - e*x^2)^3) + (I*d*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(147*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - 212*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/Sqrt[-(e/d)]/(420*d^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 25, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(d-ex^2)^{9/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 314$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5ex^2+6d}{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{7d} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{5ex^2+6d}{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{7d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(33ex^2+49d)}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{10d^2e} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{33ex^2+49d}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{10d} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(41ex^2+106d)}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27
\end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{41ex^2+106d}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3d} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\frac{11x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}}}{7d}$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(65d-147ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{147x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\frac{11x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}}}{7d}$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{65d-147ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{147x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\frac{11x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}}}{7d}$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{212d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 147 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{147x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\frac{11x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}}}{7d}$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 289

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{212d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{147 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{147x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{3d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{10d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}}{10d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{7d(d - ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

329

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{212d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{147d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{3d} + \frac{147x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{3d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{10d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}}{10d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{7d(d - ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

327

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\frac{212d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{147d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{147x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{3d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{10d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}}{10d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{7d(d - ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

765

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{212d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{147d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{147x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

762

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{212d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{147d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{147x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{41x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

```
input Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d - e*x^2)^5,x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(7*d*(d - e*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((11*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(10*d*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((41*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(3*d*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((147*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(2*d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) + ((-147*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (212*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d))/(3*d))/(10*d))/(7*d))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`
- rule 314 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(2*p + 3) + d*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`
- rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_ + (f_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] :> \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q + 1)}/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}\{p, -1\}$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}\{(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}\{a\}*\text{Rt}\{-b/a, 4\}))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}\{-b/a, 4\}*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}\{b/a\} \&\& \text{GtQ}\{a, 0\}$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}\{(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}\{1 + b*(x^4/a)\}/\text{Sqrt}\{a + b*x^4\} \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}\{1 + b*(x^4/a)\}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}\{b/a\} \&\& !\text{GtQ}\{a, 0\}$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)}))^{(p_)}*((d_ + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)}))^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] :> \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}\{p\}}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}\{p\}}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}\{p\}}) \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p + q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}\{n2, 2*n\} \&\& \text{EqQ}\{c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0\} \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}\{p\} \&\& !(\text{EqQ}\{q, 1\} \&\& \text{EqQ}\{n, 2\})$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7de^4\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} - \frac{11x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{70d^2e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{41x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{210e^2d^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{7(-e^2x^2-de)x}{20d^4e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{13\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \text{EllipticF}}{84d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7de^4\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} - \frac{11x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{70d^2e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{41x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{210e^2d^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{7(-e^2x^2-de)x}{20d^4e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{13\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \text{EllipticF}}{84d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input $\text{int}((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)} / (-e*x^2+d)^5, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
1/7/d*x/e^4*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^4-11/70/d^2/e^3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^3+41/210/e^2/d^3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^2-7/20*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/d^4*x/e/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+13/84/d^3/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+7/20/d^3/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx =$$

$$\frac{147(e^5 x^8 - 4de^4 x^6 + 6d^2 e^3 x^4 - 4d^3 e^2 x^2 + d^4 e) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} E(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - ((65de^4 + 147e^5)x^8 - 4(65d^2 e^3 + 147d^2 e^4)x^6 + 65d^5 + 147d^4 e + 6(65d^3 e^2 + 147d^2 e^3)x^4 - 4(65d^4 e + 147d^3 e^2)x^2) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}), -1) + (147e^4 x^7 - 523d^2 e^3 x^5 + 671d^2 e^2 x^3 - 355d^3 e x) \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(d^4 e^5 x^8 - 4d^5 e^4 x^6 + 6d^6 e^3 x^4 - 4d^7 e^2 x^2 + d^8 e)}$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/420*(147*(e^5*x^8 - 4*d*e^4*x^6 + 6*d^2*e^3*x^4 - 4*d^3*e^2*x^2 + d^4*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - ((65*d*e^4 + 147*e^5)*x^8 - 4*(65*d^2*e^3 + 147*d*e^4)*x^6 + 65*d^5 + 147*d^4*e + 6*(65*d^3*e^2 + 147*d^2*e^3)*x^4 - 4*(65*d^4*e + 147*d^3*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (147*e^4*x^7 - 523*d^2*e^3*x^5 + 671*d^2*e^2*x^3 - 355*d^3*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^4*e^5*x^8 - 4*d^5*e^4*x^6 + 6*d^6*e^3*x^4 - 4*d^7*e^2*x^2 + d^8*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{-d^5 + 5d^4 ex^2 - 10d^3 e^2 x^4 + 10d^2 e^3 x^6 - 5de^4 x^8 + e^5 x^{10}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(-e*x**2+d)**5,x)
```

output

```
-Integral(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(-d**5 + 5*d**4*e*x**2 - 10*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 10*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 5*d*e**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 - d)^5} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)^5, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 - d)^5} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(-sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)^5, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx$$

input

```
int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d - e*x^2)^5,x)
```

output

```
int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d - e*x^2)^5, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^5 x^{10} + 5d e^4 x^8 - 10d^2 e^3 x^6 + 10d^3 e^2 x^4 - 5d^4 e x^2 + d^5} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^5,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 - 5*d**4*e*x**2 + 10*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 10*d**2*e**3*x**6 + 5*d*e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)`

3.93 $\int (d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	919
Mathematica [C] (verified)	920
Rubi [A] (verified)	920
Maple [A] (verified)	925
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	926
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	927
Maxima [F]	928
Giac [F]	928
Mupad [F(-1)]	928
Reduce [F]	929

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 239

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{4}{715}d^4x(65d - 77ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

$$+ \frac{2}{429}d^2x(39d - 77ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{11}dx(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{13}ex^3(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2} - \frac{56d^{15/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{65\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{1136d^{15/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)}{715\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
4/715*d^4*x*(-77*e*x^2+65*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/429*d^2*x*(-77*e*x^2+39*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)-3/11*d*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2)+1/13*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2)-56/65*d^(15/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1136/715*d^(15/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left((39d - 11ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} - 182d^5 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) + 154d^4 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) \right)}{143\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/143*(x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((39*d - 11*e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^2*sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - 182*d^5*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + 154*d^4*e*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 19, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.704$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int (d - ex^2)^{9/2} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 318$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{2de(d-ex^2)^{9/2}(8ex^2+7d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{13e} - \frac{1}{13}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{11/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{9/2}(8ex^2+7d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{1}{13}x(d-ex^2)^{11/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\int \frac{3de(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(25ex^2+23d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{8}{11}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{9/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13}x(d-ex^2)^{11/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\frac{3}{11}d \int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(25ex^2+23d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{8}{11}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{9/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13}x(d-ex^2)^{11/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\frac{3}{11}d \left(\int \frac{14de(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(12ex^2+13d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{25}{9}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{7/2} \right) + \frac{8}{11}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{9/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\frac{3}{11}d \left(\frac{14}{9}d \int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(12ex^2+13d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{25}{9}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{7/2} \right) + \frac{8}{11}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{9/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\frac{3}{11}d \left(\frac{14}{9}d \left(\int \frac{de(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(41ex^2+79d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{12}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{25}{9}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{7/2} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\frac{3}{11}d \left(\frac{14}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(41ex^2+79d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{12}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{25}{9}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\frac{3}{11}d \left(\frac{14}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\int \frac{6de(59d-18ex^2)\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{41}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{12}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\frac{3}{11}d \left(\frac{14}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \int \frac{(59d-18ex^2)\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{41}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{12}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\frac{3}{11}d \left(\frac{14}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(\int \frac{3de(65d-77ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{41}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\frac{3}{11}d \left(\frac{14}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \int \frac{65d-77ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{41}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\frac{3}{11}d \left(\frac{14}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(142d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) - 6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{41}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 289

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\frac{3}{11}d \left(\frac{14}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(\frac{142d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) - 6x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 329

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\frac{3}{11}d \left(\frac{14}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(\frac{142d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{77d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) - 6x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\frac{3}{11}d \left(\frac{14}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(\frac{142d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) - 6x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)$$

↓ 765

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\frac{3}{11}d \left(\frac{14}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(\frac{142d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) - 6x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)$$

↓ 762

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{13}d \left(\frac{3}{11}d \left(\frac{14}{9}d \left(\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(d \left(\frac{142d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) - 6x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/13*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(11/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (2*d*((8*x*(d - e*x^2)^(9/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/11 + (3*d*((25*x*(d - e*x^2)^(7/2))*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/9 + (14*d*((12*x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/7 + (d*((41*x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/5 + (6*d*(-6*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + d*((-77*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (14*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/5)/7)/9)/11)/13)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 289 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)} / (b*(2*(p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c*(2*(p+q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p+2*q-1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q-1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)] / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2) / (\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

```
rule 403 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 762 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 765 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1396 Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(165e^5x^{10} - 585d^4e^4x^8 + 440d^2e^3x^6 + 780d^3e^2x^4 - 1529d^4ex^2 + 585d^5)\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{2145} + \frac{8d^6 \left(\frac{65d\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} \right)}{2145}$
elliptic	$\frac{e^5x^{11}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{13} - \frac{3e^4dx^9\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{11} + \frac{8d^2e^3x^7\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{39} + \frac{4d^3e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{11} - \frac{139d^4e^3x^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{195} + 3d^5$
default	$d^3 \left(-\frac{e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{7} + \frac{3d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{7} + \frac{4d^4\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} \right) - e^3 \left(-\frac{e^2x^{11}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{13} \right)$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2145*x*(165*e^5*x^10-585*d*e^4*x^8+440*d^2*e^3*x^6+780*d^3*e^2*x^4-1529*d^4*e*x^2+585*d^5)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+8/715*d^6*(65*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+77*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1848 \sqrt{-e^2d^7} x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 24(77d^7 - 65d^6e) \sqrt{-e^2} x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right)\right)}{-e^2x^4}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2145*(1848*sqrt(-e^2)*d^7*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - 24*(77*d^7 - 65*d^6*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + (165*e^7*x^12 - 585*d*e^6*x^10 + 440*d^2*e^5*x^8 + 780*d^3*e^4*x^6 - 1529*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 585*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 1848*d^6*e)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^2*x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = & \frac{d^6 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} \\
& - \frac{3d^5 ex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{d^4 e^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} \\
& + \frac{d^3 e^3 x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} - \frac{3d^2 e^4 x^9 \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \\ \frac{13}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{4}\right)} \\
& + \frac{de^5 x^{11} \Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4} \\ \frac{15}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{15}{4}\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)**3*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`output `d**6*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) - 3*d**5*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(7/4)) + d**4*e**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(9/4)) + d**3*e**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(11/4)) - 3*d**2*e**4*x**9*gamma(9/4)*hyper((-1/2, 9/4), (13/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(13/4)) + d**e**5*x**11*gamma(11/4)*hyper((-1/2, 11/4), (15/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(15/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int -(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 - d)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 - d)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int -(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 - d)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 - d)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} (d - ex^2)^3 dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^5 x}{11} - \frac{139\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^4 e x^3}{195} + \frac{4\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^3 e^2 x^5}{11} + \frac{8\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^2 e^3 x^7}{39} - \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d e^4 x^9}{11} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} e^5 x^{11}}{13} + \frac{8 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^7}{11} - \frac{56 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^6 e}{65}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(585*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**5*x - 1529*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**4*e*x*
*3 + 780*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**3*e**2*x**5 + 440*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)
)*d**2*e**3*x**7 - 585*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*e**4*x**9 + 165*sqrt(d**2
- e**2*x**4)*e**5*x**11 + 1560*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**
4),x)*d**7 - 1848*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*
d**6*e)/2145`

3.94 $\int (d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	930
Mathematica [C] (verified)	931
Rubi [A] (verified)	931
Maple [A] (verified)	936
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	937
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	937
Maxima [F]	938
Giac [F]	938
Mupad [F(-1)]	939
Reduce [F]	939

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 212

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{4d^3x(90d - 77ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{1155} \\ &+ \frac{2}{693}dx(54d - 77ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} \\ &- \frac{1}{11}x(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2} - \frac{8d^{13/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\ &+ \frac{1336d^{13/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{1155\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
4/1155*d^3*x*(-77*e*x^2+90*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/693*d*x*(-77*e*x^2+54
*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)-1/11*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2)-8/15*d^(13/2)*(1-e^2*
x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
+1336/1155*d^(13/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e
^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 9.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(-3(d^2 - e^2x^4)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} + 36d^4 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) - 22d^3 e x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right] \right)}{33\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + 36*d^4*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - 22*d^3*e*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/(33*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.630$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int (d - ex^2)^{7/2} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 318$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(-\int \frac{2de(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(7ex^2+6d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d} \cdot 11e} dx - \frac{1}{11}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{9/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(7ex^2+6d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{1}{11}x(d-ex^2)^{9/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\int \frac{de(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(51ex^2+47d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d} \cdot 9e} dx + \frac{7}{9}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{11}x(d-ex^2)^{9/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(51ex^2+47d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{7}{9}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{1}{11}x(d-ex^2)^{9/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\int \frac{2de(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(116ex^2+139d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d} \cdot 7e} dx + \frac{51}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{7}{9}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{7/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(116ex^2+139d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{51}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{7}{9}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{7/2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\int \frac{3de\sqrt{d-ex^2}(39ex^2+193d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d} \cdot 5e} dx + \frac{116}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{51}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(39ex^2+193d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{116}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{51}{7}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(\frac{\int \frac{6de(90d-77ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3e} + 13x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{116}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(2d \int \frac{90d-77ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + 13x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{116}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(2d \left(167d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) + 13x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{116}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 289

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(2d \left(\frac{167d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) + 13x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{116}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 329

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(2d \left(\frac{167d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{77d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + 13x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(2d \left(\frac{167d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + 13x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 765

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(2d \left(\frac{167d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right|-1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) + 13x\sqrt{d-ex^2} \right)$$

↓ 762

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{11}d \left(\frac{1}{9}d \left(\frac{2}{7}d \left(\frac{3}{5}d \left(2d \left(\frac{167d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right|-1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) + \dots$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/11*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(9/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (2*d*((7*x*(d - e*x^2)^(7/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/9 + (d*((51*x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/7 + (2*d*((116*x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/5 + (3*d*(13*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + 2*d*((-77*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (167*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/5))/7))/9))/11))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + S`
`imp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b`
`*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) +`
`1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && G`
`tQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c,`
`d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[`
`(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)`
`)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[`
`a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1`
`+ b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b`
`*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)`
`^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +`
`Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr`
`eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&`
`(PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))`

rule 403 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(`
`x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p +`
`q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c`
`+ d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) +`
`f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,`
`d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])`
`)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`
`&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(-315e^4x^8+770de^3x^6+90d^2e^2x^4-1694d^3ex^2+1305d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3465} + \frac{8d^5 \left(\frac{90d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) + 77d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)}{115}$
elliptic	$-\frac{e^4x^9\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{11} + \frac{2de^3x^7\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{9} + \frac{2d^2e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{77} - \frac{22d^3ex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{45} + \frac{29d^4x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{77} + \frac{48d^6}{11}$
default	$d^2 \left(-\frac{e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{3d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{4d^4\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right) + e^2 \left(-\frac{e^2x^9\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{11} \right)$

input

```
int((-e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3465*x*(-315*e^4*x^8+770*d*e^3*x^6+90*d^2*e^2*x^4-1694*d^3*e*x^2+1305*d^
4)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+8/1155*d^5*(90*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+
e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)+77*d/(e/d)^(
1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(
x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1848 \sqrt{-e^2d^6} x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 24(77d^6 - 90d^5e) \sqrt{-e^2} x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right)\right)}{e^2x^4}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3465*(1848*sqrt(-e^2)*d^6*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - 24*(77*d^6 - 90*d^5*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - (315*e^6*x^10 - 770*d*e^5*x^8 - 90*d^2*e^4*x^6 + 1694*d^3*e^3*x^4 - 1305*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 1848*d^5*e)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^2*x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^5 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{d^4 e x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{d^2 e^3 x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} - \frac{d e^4 x^9 \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \\ \frac{13}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)**2*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
d**5*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d
**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) - d**4*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e*
*2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(7/4)) + d**2*e**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)
*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(11
/4)) - d*e**4*x**9*gamma(9/4)*hyper((-1/2, 9/4), (13/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_po
lar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(13/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 - d)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 - d)^2, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 - d)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 - d)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} (d - ex^2)^2 dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2)^2,x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{29\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^4 x}{77} \\ &- \frac{22\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^3 e x^3}{45} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^2 e^2 x^5}{77} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d e^3 x^7}{9} \\ &- \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} e^4 x^9}{11} + \frac{48 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^6}{77} - \frac{8 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^5 e}{15} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(1305*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**4*x - 1694*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**3*e*x**3 + 90*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**2*e**2*x**5 + 770*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*e**3*x**7 - 315*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e**4*x**9 + 2160*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**6 - 1848*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**5*e)/3465`

3.95 $\int (d - ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	940
Mathematica [C] (verified)	941
Rubi [F]	941
Maple [A] (verified)	942
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	942
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	943
Maxima [F]	944
Giac [F]	944
Mupad [F(-1)]	944
Reduce [F]	945

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int (d - ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{105}d^2x(15d - 7ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + \frac{1}{63}x(9d - 7ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} - \frac{4d^{11/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{88d^{11/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{105\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
2/105*d^2*x*(-7*e*x^2+15*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/63*x*(-7*e*x^2+9*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)-4/15*d^(11/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+88/105*d^(11/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 8.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int (d - ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(3d \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) - ex^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d - e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(d^2*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(3*d*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - e*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/(3*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int (d - ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(35e^3x^6 - 45de^2x^4 - 77d^2ex^2 + 135d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{315} + \frac{4d^4 \left(\frac{15d\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} + \frac{7d\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} \right)}{105}$
elliptic	$\frac{e^3x^7\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{9} - \frac{de^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{7} - \frac{11d^2ex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{45} + \frac{3d^3x\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{7} + \frac{4d^5\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}$
default	$d \left(-\frac{e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{7} + \frac{3d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{7} + \frac{4d^4\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} \right) - e \left(-\frac{e^2x^7\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{9} + \dots \right)$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/315*x*(35*e^3*x^6-45*d*e^2*x^4-77*d^2*e*x^2+135*d^3)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+4/105*d^4*(15*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)+7*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (d - ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{84\sqrt{-e^2d^5x}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 12(7d^5 - 15d^4e)\sqrt{-e^2x}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right)}{315e^2x}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/315*(84*sqrt(-e^2)*d^5*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - 12*(7*d^5 - 15*d^4*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + (35*e^5*x^8 - 45*d*e^4*x^6 - 77*d^2*e^3*x^4 + 135*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 84*d^4*e)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^2*x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (d - ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^4 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{d^3 e x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{d^2 e^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} + \frac{d e^3 x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `d**4*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) - d**3*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(7/4)) - d**2*e**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(9/4)) + d*e**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(11/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int -(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex^2 - d) dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 - d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int -(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex^2 - d) dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 - d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} (d - ex^2) dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d - ex^2) (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^3 x}{7} - \frac{11\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d^2 e x^3}{45} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} d e^2 x^5}{7} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} e^3 x^7}{9} + \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx\right) d^5}{7} - \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx\right) d^4 e}{15}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(135*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**3*x - 77*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**2*e*x**3 - 45*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*e**2*x**5 + 35*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e**3*x**7 + 180*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**5 - 84*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**4*e)/315`

3.96 $\int (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	946
Mathematica [C] (verified)	946
Rubi [A] (verified)	947
Maple [A] (verified)	948
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	949
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	949
Maxima [F]	950
Giac [F]	950
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	950
Reduce [F]	951

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{7}d^2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + \frac{1}{7}x(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} + \frac{4d^{9/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{7\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
2/7*d^2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/7*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+4/7*d^(9/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(d^2*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2
])/Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {748, 748, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 748$$

$$\frac{6}{7} d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx + \frac{1}{7} x (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 748$$

$$\frac{6}{7} d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx + \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \right) + \frac{1}{7} x (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 765$$

$$\frac{6}{7} d^2 \left(\frac{2d^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \right) + \frac{1}{7} x (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 762$$

$$\frac{6}{7} d^2 \left(\frac{2d^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}} \right), -1 \right)}{3\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \right) + \frac{1}{7} x (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}$$

input

```
Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2})/7 + (6d^2((x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4})/3 + (2d^{5/2}\sqrt{1 - (e^2x^4)/d^2}\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\sqrt{e}x)/\sqrt{d}], -1])/(3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4})))}{7}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 748

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x((a + b \cdot x^n)^p / (n \cdot p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[a \cdot n \cdot (p / (n \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^n)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot p] \mid \mid \text{LtQ}[\text{Denominator}[p + 1/n], \text{Denominator}[p]])$$

rule 762

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\sqrt{a} \cdot \text{Rt}[-b/a, 4])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4] \cdot x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 765

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\sqrt{1 + b \cdot (x^4/a)} / \sqrt{a + b \cdot x^4} \text{Int}[1/\sqrt{1 + b \cdot (x^4/a)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$
Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x(-e^2x^4+3d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{4d^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	96
default	$-\frac{e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{3d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{4d^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	107
elliptic	$-\frac{e^2x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{3d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7} + \frac{4d^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	107

input

$$\text{int}((-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

```
1/7*x*(-e^2*x^4+3*d^2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+4/7*d^4/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{4 \sqrt{-e^2 d^3} \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) | -1) - (e^3 x^5 - 3 d^2 e x) \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{7 e}$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/7*(4*sqrt(-e^2)*d^3*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - (e^3*x^5 - 3*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/e
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^3 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
d**3*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-3/2, 1/4), (5/4, ), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, 1/4], 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2))/(1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2)^(3/2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} d^2 x}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} e^2 x^5}{7} + \frac{4 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^4}{7}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**2*x - sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e**2*x**5 + 4*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**4)/7`

3.97 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d - ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	952
Mathematica [C] (verified)	953
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d - ex^2} dx = \frac{1}{15} x (5d + 3ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} + \frac{2d^{7/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{5\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{4d^{7/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
1/15*x*(3*e*x^2+5*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/5*d^(7/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)
)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+4/15*d^(7/2)
*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d - ex^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2} \right) + ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/(3*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 403, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d - ex^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{2de\sqrt{d-ex^2}(4ex^2+3d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{5e} - \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5}d \int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(4ex^2+3d)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{1}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 403 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5}d \left(\int \frac{de(3ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \int \frac{3ex^2+5d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 399 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \left(2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) + \frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 289 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) + \frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 329 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 327 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 765 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5} d \left(\frac{1}{3} d \left(\frac{2d \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{4}{3} x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2}{5} d \left(\frac{1}{3} d \left(\frac{2d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{4}{3} x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

```
input Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2),x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/5*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (2*d*((4*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/3 + (d*((3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (2*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/3))/5))/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 289 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + S`
`imp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b`
`*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) +`
`1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && G`
`tQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c,`
`d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[`
`(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)`
`)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[`
`a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1`
`+ b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b`
`*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)`
`^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +`
`Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr`
`eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&`
`(PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))`

rule 403 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(`
`x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p +`
`q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c`
`+ d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) +`
`f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,`
`d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])`
`)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`
`&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(3ex^2+5d)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{15} + \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - 3d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)}{15}$
default	$\frac{ex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5} + \frac{dx\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{ex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5} + \frac{dx\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input

```
int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/15*x*(3*e*x^2+5*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/15*d^2*(5*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x
^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2)
,I)-3*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/
2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d - ex^2} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{-e^2}d^3x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 2(3d^3 + 5d^2e)\sqrt{-e^2}x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (3e^3x^4 + 5d^2e)\sqrt{-e^2}x\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{15e^2x}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15*(6*sqrt(-e^2)*d^3*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - 2*(3*d^3 + 5*d^2*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - (3*e^3*x^4 + 5*d*e^2*x^2 - 6*d^2*e)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^2*x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d - ex^2} dx = \frac{d^2 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{dex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(-e*x**2+d),x)`

output `d**2*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + d*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d - e x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d - e x^2} dx = \int -\frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{e x^2 - d} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 - d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d - e x^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d - e x^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{d - ex^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} e x^3}{5}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^3}{3} + \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^2 e}{5}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d),x)`

output `(5*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*x + 3*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e*x**3 + 10*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**3 + 6*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**2*e)/15`

3.98 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	961
Mathematica [C] (verified)	961
Rubi [A] (verified)	962
Maple [A] (verified)	965
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	966
Sympy [F]	966
Maxima [F]	966
Giac [F]	967
Mupad [F(-1)]	967
Reduce [F]	967

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{3} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} + \frac{2d^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} - \frac{2d^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2*d^(5/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-2/3*d^(5/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x (-d^2 + e^2 x^4) - 6id^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x\right) \middle| -1\right) + 2id^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{3\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(-d^2 + e^2*x^4) - (6*I)*d^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] + (2*I)*d^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1))/(3*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - e x^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{(e x^2 + d)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d - e x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{2de(3ex^2+2d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3e} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \int \frac{3ex^2+2d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{399} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 289 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 329 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 327 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 765 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 762 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/3*(x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (2*d*((3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/3)/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 289 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)} / (b*(2*(p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c*(2*(p+q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p+2*q-1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q-1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)] / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2) / (\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
default	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{4d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
risch	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d\left(\frac{2d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right)}{3}$
elliptic	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{4d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+4/3*d^2/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-2*d^2/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{6 \sqrt{-e^2 d^2 x} \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 2(3d^2 + 2de) \sqrt{-e^2 x} \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{3e^2 x}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(6*sqrt(-e^2)*d^2*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - 2*(3*d^2 + 2*d*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e^2*x^2 + 6*d*e))/(e^2*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{3/2}}{(-d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(-e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2)/(-d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 - d)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 - d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^2} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-ex^2 + d} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-ex^2 + d} dx \right) e$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d - e*x**2),x)*d + int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d - e*x**2),x)*e`

3.99 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	968
Mathematica [C] (verified)	968
Rubi [A] (verified)	969
Maple [A] (verified)	972
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	973
Sympy [F]	973
Maxima [F]	974
Giac [F]	974
Mupad [F(-1)]	974
Reduce [F]	975

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{d - ex^2} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)-3*d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2*d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(d + ex^2) + 3id\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right) \middle| -1\right) - 2id\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(2*sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(d + e*x^2) + (3*I)*d*sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - (2*I)*d*sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(sqrt[-(e/d)]*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{de(3ex^2+d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{de} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \int \frac{3ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{399} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{289}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{329} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(-\frac{3d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{765} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{2d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((2*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/Sqrt[d - e*x^2] - (3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (2*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 289 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} * ((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 315 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)} * ((c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)} / (2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)} * (c + d*x^2)^{(q - 2)} * \text{Simp}[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1)) * x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)] / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2) / (\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] * \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
default	$-\frac{2(-e^2x^2-de)x}{e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{2(-e^2x^2-de)x}{e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)*x/e/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)-d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+3*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(dx^3 - d^2x)\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) | -1) - ((3de + e^2)x^3 - (3d^2 + de)x)\sqrt{-e^2}}{e^3x^3 - de^2x}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(3*(d*e*x^3 - d^2*x)*sqrt(-e^2)*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - ((3*d*e + e^2)*x^3 - (3*d^2 + d*e)*x)*sqrt(-e^2)*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e^2*x^2 - 3*d*e))/(e^3*x^3 - d*e^2*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx = - \int \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{-d^3 + 3d^2 ex^2 - 3de^2 x^4 + e^3 x^6} dx - \int \left(- \frac{e^2 x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{-d^3 + 3d^2 ex^2 - 3de^2 x^4 + e^3 x^6} \right) dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(-e*x**2+d)**3,x)`

output `-Integral(d**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(-d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 - 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6), x) - Integral(-e**2*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(-d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 - 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 - d)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 - d)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x^4}{e^3 x^6 - d e^2 x^4 - d^2 e x^2 + d^3} dx \right) d e^2 - 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x^4}{e^3 x^6 - d e^2 x^4 - d^2 e x^2 + d^3} dx \right) e^3}{-e x^2 + d}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output `(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x + 2*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**3 - d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*d*e**2 - 2*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**3 - d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*e**3*x**2)/(d - e*x**2)`

3.100
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	976
Mathematica [C] (verified)	976
Rubi [A] (verified)	977
Maple [A] (verified)	979
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	980
Sympy [F]	980
Maxima [F]	981
Giac [F]	981
Mupad [F(-1)]	981
Reduce [F]	982

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{3(d - ex^2)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

$2/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^2+1/3*d^(1/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{\frac{2x(d+ex^2)}{d-ex^2} - \frac{i\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}}}{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input

$\operatorname{Integrate}[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^4,x]$

output

```
((2*x*(d + e*x^2))/(d - e*x^2) - (I*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/Sqrt[-(e/d)]/(3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 25, 27, 289, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 315$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{de}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3de} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3de} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 289$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx}{3\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 765 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{3\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{3(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow 762 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{3(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((2*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(3*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(3*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))),`
`x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*S`
`imp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))`
`*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -`
`1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])`
`)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`
`&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt`
`[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ`
`[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x`
`_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d`
`+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,`
`x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*`
`e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	94
elliptic	$\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	94

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{2}{3}x/e^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-d/e)^2+1/3/(e/d)^{(1/2)}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} ex + (e^2 x^4 - 2dex^2 + d^2)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1)}{3(e^3 x^4 - 2de^2 x^2 + d^2 e)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{3}*(2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^4 + d^2})*e*x + (e^2*x^4 - 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)*\sqrt{e/d}*elliptic_f(\arcsin(x*\sqrt{e/d}), -1)/(e^3*x^4 - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{3/2}}{(-d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(-e*x**2+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**3/2/(-d + e*x**2)**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 - d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 - d)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 - d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 - d)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^4,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^4 x^8 + 2d e^3 x^6 - 2d^3 e x^2 + d^4} dx \right) d^4 - 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^4 x^8 + 2d e^3 x^6 - 2d^3 e x^2 + d^4} dx \right)}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^4,x)`

output `(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x + int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**4 - 2*d**3*e*x**2 + 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*d**4 - 2*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**4 - 2*d**3*e*x**2 + 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*d**3*e*x**2 + int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**4 - 2*d**3*e*x**2 + 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*d**2*e**2*x**4 + int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**4 - 2*d**3*e*x**2 + 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*d**2*e**2 - 2*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**4 - 2*d**3*e*x**2 + 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*d*e**3*x**2 + int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**4 - 2*d**3*e*x**2 + 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*e**4*x**4)/(2*(d**2 - 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

3.101 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx$

Optimal result	983
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	984
Rubi [A] (verified)	984
Maple [A] (verified)	989
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	990
Sympy [F]	990
Maxima [F]	991
Giac [F]	991
Mupad [F(-1)]	991
Reduce [F]	992

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{5(d - ex^2)^3} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{15d(d - ex^2)^2} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{10d^2(d - ex^2)}$$

$$- \frac{3\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{10\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{7\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
2/5*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^3+2/15*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(-e*x^2+d)^2+3/10*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)-3/10*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+7/15*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(25d^3 + 3d^2ex^2 - 13de^2x^4 + 9e^3x^6) + 9id(d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x))}{30d^2 \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}(d - ex^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^5,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(25*d^3 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 - 13*d*e^2*x^4 + 9*e^3*x^6) + (9*I)*
d*(d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x
], -1] - (14*I)*d*(d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSin
h[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(30*d^2*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*
x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.519$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 25, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 315$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(ex^2+3d)}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{5de} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(ex^2+3d)}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{5de} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{ex^2+3d}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(2ex^2+7d)}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2ex^2+7d}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(5d-9ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{5d-9ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{399} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{14d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 9 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{289} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{14d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - 9 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{329} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{14d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - \frac{9d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{3d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{327} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{14d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - \frac{9d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{765} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{14d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx - \frac{9d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}
 \end{array}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\frac{14d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{9d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{2d} + \frac{9x \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d \sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{2x \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{3d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2}{5} \right)$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^5,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((2*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(5*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((2*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(3*d*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((9*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(2*d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) + ((-9*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (14*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d))/(3*d))/5)/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 315 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \cdot d - c \cdot b] \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q-1)} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q-2)} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (a \cdot d - c \cdot b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) + d \cdot (a \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot (q-1) + 1) - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2 \cdot (x^4/a^2)] / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - b \cdot (x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b \cdot c + a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a \cdot b, 0])$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2) / (\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / b \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)} \cdot ((e_) + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q+1)} / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + e \cdot 2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b/a, 4])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4] \cdot x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
default	$-\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{15de^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{3(-e^2x^2-de)x}{10d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{6d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}}{6d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{15de^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{3(-e^2x^2-de)x}{10d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{6d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}}}{6d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input

```
int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/5*x/e^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^3+2/15/d*x/e^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1
/2)/(x^2-d/e)^2-3/10*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/d^2*x/e/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/
2)+1/6/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1
/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+3/10/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x
^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(
e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx = \frac{9(e^4 x^6 - 3de^3 x^4 + 3d^2 e^2 x^2 - d^3 e) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} E(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - ((5de^3 + 9e^4)x^6 - 3(5d^2 e^2 + 9de^3)x^4 - 30(d^2 e^4 x^6 - 3d^3 e^3 x^4)) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}}{30(d^2 e^4 x^6 - 3d^3 e^3 x^4)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/30*(9*(e^4*x^6 - 3*d*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - ((5*d*e^3 + 9*e^4)*x^6 - 3*(5*d^2*e^2 + 9*d*e^3)*x^4 - 5*d^4 - 9*d^3*e + 3*(5*d^3*e + 9*d^2*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (9*e^3*x^5 - 22*d*e^2*x^3 + 25*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^2*e^4*x^6 - 3*d^3*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^4*e^2*x^2 - d^5*e)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx = - \int \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{-d^5 + 5d^4 ex^2 - 10d^3 e^2 x^4 + 10d^2 e^3 x^6 - 5de^4 x^8 + e^5 x^{10}} dx - \int \left(- \frac{e^2 x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{-d^5 + 5d^4 ex^2 - 10d^3 e^2 x^4 + 10d^2 e^3 x^6 - 5de^4 x^8 + e^5 x^{10}} \right) dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(-e*x**2+d)**5,x)`

output `-Integral(d**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(-d**5 + 5*d**4*e*x**2 - 10*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 10*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 5*d*e**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10), x) - Integral(-e**2*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(-d**5 + 5*d**4*e*x**2 - 10*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 10*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 5*d*e**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx = \int -\frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 - d)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 - d)^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx = \int -\frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 - d)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 - d)^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^5,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^5, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^5,x)`

output

```
(5*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x + int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 - 3*d**4*e*
x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10),x
)*d**5 - 3*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 - 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*
x**4 + 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10),x)*d**4*e*x**2 + 3*i
nt(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 - 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 2*d**
2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10),x)*d**3*e**2*x**4 - int(sqrt(d**
2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 - 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*e**3*x**6
- 3*d*e**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10),x)*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 9*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2
*x**4)*x**4)/(d**5 - 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 -
3*d*e**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10),x)*d**3*e**2 + 27*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)
*x**4)/(d**5 - 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e
**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10),x)*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 27*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*
x**4)/(d**5 - 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e
**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10),x)*d*e**4*x**4 + 9*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)
/(d**5 - 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x
**8 + e**5*x**10),x)*e**5*x**6 - 18*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**5
- 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x**8 + e
**5*x**10),x)*d**4*e + 54*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**5 - 3*d**4
*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10
),x)*d**3*e**2*x**2 - 54*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**5 - 3*d...
```

3.102
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^6} dx$$

Optimal result	993
Mathematica [C] (verified)	994
Rubi [A] (verified)	994
Maple [A] (verified)	1000
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1001
Sympy [F(-1)]	1001
Maxima [F]	1002
Giac [F]	1002
Mupad [F(-1)]	1002
Reduce [F]	1003

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 258

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^6} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{7(d - ex^2)^4} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{35d(d - ex^2)^3} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{70d^2(d - ex^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{10d^3(d - ex^2)} - \frac{3\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{10d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{31\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{70d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
2/7*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^4+4/35*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(-e*x^2+d)^3+11/70*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)^2+3/10*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/(-e*x^2+d)-3/10*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+31/70*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^6} dx = \frac{-\frac{x(d+ex^2)(-60d^3+93d^2ex^2-74de^2x^4+21e^3x^6)}{(d-ex^2)^3} + \frac{id\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}(21E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x)|-1)-31\operatorname{EllipticF}(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x)|-1))}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}}}{70d^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^6,x]
```

output

```
(-((x*(d + e*x^2)*(-60*d^3 + 93*d^2*e*x^2 - 74*d*e^2*x^4 + 21*e^3*x^6))/(d - e*x^2)^3) + (I*d*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(21*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - 31*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/Sqrt[-(e/d)])/(70*d^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.593$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 25, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^6} dx$$

↓ 1396

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 315

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(3ex^2+5d)}{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{7de} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(3ex^2+5d)}{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{7de} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{3ex^2+5d}{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{\int \frac{6de(4ex^2+7d)}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{10d^2e} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{4ex^2+7d}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(11ex^2+31d)}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{11ex^2 + 31d}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{6d} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{5d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{7(d - ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 402 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(10d - 21ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{5d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{7(d - ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{10d - 21ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} d} dx}{6d} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{5d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{7(d - ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 399 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{31d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx - 21 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{6d} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{5d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{7(d - ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 289
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{31d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx - 21 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} d} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{5d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{7(d - ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right)$$

$\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$
 \downarrow 329

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{31d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx - \frac{21d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} d} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{5d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x}{7(d - ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right)$$

$\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$
 \downarrow 327

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{31d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx - \frac{21d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}} \right) \right) - 1}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} d} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{4x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{5d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right)$$

$\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$
 \downarrow 765

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{31d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx - \frac{21d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \right) + \frac{4x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 762

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{31d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right) - \frac{21d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{21x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \right) + \frac{4x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^6,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((2*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(7*(d - e*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((4*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(5*d*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (3*((11*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(6*d*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((21*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) + ((-21*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (31*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/d)/(6*d)))/(5*d))/7)/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 289 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[p[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \quad \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 315 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[p[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*((c + d*x^2)^{q-1}/(2*a*b*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*b*(p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*(c + d*x^2)^{q-2}*\text{Simp}[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p+3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q-1)+1) - b*c*(2*(p+q)+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2])], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_+ + (b_-)(x_-)^2)^{(p_+)}((c_-) + (d_-)(x_-)^2)^{(q_+)}((e_-) + (f_-)(x_-)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b_*e - a_*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}((c + d*x^2)^{(q + 1)}/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}(c + d*x^2)^q * \text{Simp}[c*(b_*e - a_*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b_*e - a_*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_+ + (b_-)(x_-)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4])) * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_+ + (b_-)(x_-)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_-)((a_+ + (c_-)(x_-)^{n2_+})^{(p_+)}((d_-) + (e_-)(x_-)^{n_+})^{(q_+)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p + q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
default	$\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7e^4\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} - \frac{4x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{35de^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{11x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{70d^2e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{3(-e^2x^2-de)x}{10ed^3\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\right)}{7d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{7e^4\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} - \frac{4x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{35de^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{11x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{70d^2e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{3(-e^2x^2-de)x}{10ed^3\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\right)}{7d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input $\text{int}((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^6, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

$$\frac{2}{7} \frac{x}{e^4} (-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{1/2} / (x^2 - d/e)^4 - \frac{4}{35} \frac{d x}{e^3} (-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{1/2} / (x^2 - d/e)^3 + \frac{11}{70} \frac{d^2 x}{e^2} (-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{1/2} / (x^2 - d/e)^2 - \frac{3}{10} (-e^2 x^2 - d e) / e d^3 x / ((x^2 - d/e) (-e^2 x^2 - d e))^{1/2} + \frac{1}{7} \frac{d^2}{e d} (e/d)^{1/2} (1 - e x^2/d)^{1/2} (1 + e x^2/d)^{1/2} / (-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{1/2} * \text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{1/2}, I) + \frac{3}{10} \frac{d^2}{e d} (e/d)^{1/2} (1 - e x^2/d)^{1/2} (1 + e x^2/d)^{1/2} / (-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{1/2} * (\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{1/2}, I) - \text{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^{1/2}, I))$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - e x^2)^6} dx =$$

$$\frac{21(e^5 x^8 - 4 d e^4 x^6 + 6 d^2 e^3 x^4 - 4 d^3 e^2 x^2 + d^4 e) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} E(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - ((10 d e^4 + 21 e^5) x^8 - 4(10 d e^4 + 21 e^5) x^6 + 10 d^2 e^3 + 21 d e^4) x^6 + 10 d^5 + 21 d^4 e + 6(10 d^3 e^2 + 21 d^2 e^3) x^4 - 4(10 d^4 e + 21 d^3 e^2) x^2}{(d - e x^2)^6} \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}), -1) + (21 e^4 x^7 - 74 d e^3 x^5 + 93 d^2 e^2 x^3 - 60 d^3 e x) \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(d^3 e^5 x^8 - 4 d^4 e^4 x^6 + 6 d^5 e^3 x^4 - 4 d^6 e^2 x^2 + d^7 e)}$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/70*(21*(e^5*x^8 - 4*d*e^4*x^6 + 6*d^2*e^3*x^4 - 4*d^3*e^2*x^2 + d^4*e)*
sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - ((10*d*e^4 + 21*e^5)*x^8 -
4*(10*d^2*e^3 + 21*d*e^4)*x^6 + 10*d^5 + 21*d^4*e + 6*(10*d^3*e^2 + 21*d^
2*e^3)*x^4 - 4*(10*d^4*e + 21*d^3*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*
sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (21*e^4*x^7 - 74*d*e^3*x^5 + 93*d^2*e^2*x^3 - 60*d^3*e*x
)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^3*e^5*x^8 - 4*d^4*e^4*x^6 + 6*d^5*e^3*x^4 - 4*d
^6*e^2*x^2 + d^7*e)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - e x^2)^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(-e*x**2+d)**6,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^6} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 - d)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 - d)^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^6} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 - d)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 - d)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^6} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^6} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^6,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^6, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x + 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^6 x^{12} + 4d e^5 x^{10} - 5d^2 e^4 x^8 + 5d^4 e^2 x^4 - 4d^5 e x^2 + d^6} dx \right) d^6 - 12 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^6 x^{12} + 4d e^5 x^{10} - 5d^2 e^4 x^8 + 5d^4 e^2 x^4 - 4d^5 e x^2 + d^6} dx \right) d^5 - 18 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^6 x^{12} + 4d e^5 x^{10} - 5d^2 e^4 x^8 + 5d^4 e^2 x^4 - 4d^5 e x^2 + d^6} dx \right) d^4 - 12 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^6 x^{12} + 4d e^5 x^{10} - 5d^2 e^4 x^8 + 5d^4 e^2 x^4 - 4d^5 e x^2 + d^6} dx \right) d^3 + 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^6 x^{12} + 4d e^5 x^{10} - 5d^2 e^4 x^8 + 5d^4 e^2 x^4 - 4d^5 e x^2 + d^6} dx \right) d^2 + 4 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^6 x^{12} + 4d e^5 x^{10} - 5d^2 e^4 x^8 + 5d^4 e^2 x^4 - 4d^5 e x^2 + d^6} dx \right) d + 4 \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^6 x^{12} + 4d e^5 x^{10} - 5d^2 e^4 x^8 + 5d^4 e^2 x^4 - 4d^5 e x^2 + d^6} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^6,x)`

output `(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x + 3*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**6 - 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 + 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12), x)*d**6 - 12*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**6 - 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 + 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12), x)*d**5*e*x**2 + 18*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**6 - 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 + 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12), x)*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 12*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**6 - 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 + 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12), x)*d**3*e**3*x**6 + 3*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**6 - 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 + 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12), x)*d**2*e**4*x**8 - int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**6 - 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 + 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12), x)*d**4*e**2 + 4*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**6 - 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 + 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12), x)*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 6*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**6 - 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 + 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12), x)*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 4*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**6 - 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 + 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12), x)*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 4*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**6 - 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 + 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12), x)*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 4*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**6 - 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 + 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12), x)*e**6*x**8)/(4*(d**4 - 4*d**3*e*x**2 + 6*d**2*e**2*x**...`

$$3.103 \quad \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^7} dx$$

Optimal result	1004
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1005
Rubi [A] (verified)	1005
Maple [A] (verified)	1013
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1014
Sympy [F(-1)]	1014
Maxima [F]	1015
Giac [F]	1015
Mupad [F(-1)]	1015
Reduce [F]	1016

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 292

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^7} dx = & \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{9(d - ex^2)^5} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{21d(d - ex^2)^4} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{630d^2(d - ex^2)^3} \\ & + \frac{16x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{105d^3(d - ex^2)^2} + \frac{17x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{60d^4(d - ex^2)} - \frac{17\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{60d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} \\ & + \frac{29\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{70d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
2/9*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^5+2/21*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(-e*x^2+d)^4+73/630*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)^3+16/105*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/(-e*x^2+d)^2+17/60*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/(-e*x^2+d)-17/60*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+29/70*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^7} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)(1095d^4 - 2416d^3ex^2 + 2864d^2e^2x^4 - 1620de^3x^6 + 357e^4x^8)}{(d-ex^2)^4} + \frac{3id\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}(119E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}x})) - 174\operatorname{EllipticF}(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}x})), -1))}{1260d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^7, x]
```

output

```
((x*(d + e*x^2)*(1095*d^4 - 2416*d^3*e*x^2 + 2864*d^2*e^2*x^4 - 1620*d*e^3*x^6 + 357*e^4*x^8))/(d - e*x^2)^4 + ((3*I)*d*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(119*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - 174*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/Sqrt[-(e/d)]/(1260*d^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 25, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^{11/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{315}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9(d-ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(5ex^2+7d)}{(d-ex^2)^{9/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{9de} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(5ex^2+7d)}{(d-ex^2)^{9/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{9de} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9(d-ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \int \frac{5ex^2+7d}{(d-ex^2)^{9/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9(d-ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(30ex^2+43d)}{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{14d^2e} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9(d-ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{\int \frac{30ex^2+43d}{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{7d} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9(d-ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3de(73ex^2+119d)}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{10d^2e} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{6x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9(d-ex^2)^{9/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{73ex^2+119d}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9(d-ex^2)^{9/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{6de(32ex^2+87d)}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9(d-ex^2)^{9/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{32ex^2+87d}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9(d-ex^2)^{9/2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(55d-119ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{119x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9(d-ex^2)^{9/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

27

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{55d-119ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{119x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9(d-ex^2)^{9/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

399

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\left(174d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 119 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) + \frac{119x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{7d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9(d-ex^2)^{9/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

289

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{174d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx - 119 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{119x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{10d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{7d(d - ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 329

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{174d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx - \frac{119d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{119x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{10d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{7d(d - ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{174d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx - \frac{119d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}} \right) \right) - 1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{119d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}} \right) \right) - 1}{2d \sqrt{e\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}} + \frac{119x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{10d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 765

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{174d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx - \frac{119d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}} \right) \right) - 1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{119d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}} \right) \right) - 1}{2d \sqrt{e\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}} + \frac{119x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{73x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{10d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 762

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{174d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right) - \frac{119d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) \Big|_{-1}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{2d} - \frac{119d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) \Big|_{-1}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{119x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{32x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d} + \frac{1}{7d} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

```
input Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^7,x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((2*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(9*(d - e*x^2)^(9/2)) + ((6*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(7*d*(d - e*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((73*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(10*d*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (3*((32*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(d*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((119*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(2*d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) + ((-119*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (174*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d))/d)/(10*d))/(7*d))/9)/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 289 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p), x_Symbol] :> Simp[p[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p])] Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 315 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \cdot d - c \cdot b] \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q-1)} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q-2)} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (a \cdot d - c \cdot b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) + d \cdot (a \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot (q-1) + 1) - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2 \cdot (x^4/a^2)] / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - b \cdot (x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b \cdot c + a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a \cdot b, 0])$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2) / (\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / b \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)} \cdot ((e_) + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q+1)} / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + e \cdot 2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b/a, 4])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4] \cdot x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
default	$-\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{9e^5\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^5} + \frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{21de^4\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} - \frac{73x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{630d^2e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{16x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{105e^2d^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{17(-e^2x^2-de)x}{60d^4e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{11\sqrt{1}}{60d^4e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{9e^5\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^5} + \frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{21de^4\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} - \frac{73x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{630d^2e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{16x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{105e^2d^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{17(-e^2x^2-de)x}{60d^4e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{11\sqrt{1}}{60d^4e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}}$

input

```
int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/9*x/e^5*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^5+2/21/d*x/e^4*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1
/2)/(x^2-d/e)^4-73/630/d^2/e^3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^3+16/105/e
^2/d^3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^2-17/60*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/d^4*x/e/((x
^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+11/84/d^3/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e
*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+17/60/d^3/(e
/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(Ellipt
icF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^7} dx = \frac{357(e^6 x^{10} - 5de^5 x^8 + 10d^2 e^4 x^6 - 10d^3 e^3 x^4 + 5d^4 e^2 x^2 - d^5 e) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} E(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - 3((55de^5 +$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/1260*(357*(e^6*x^10 - 5*d*e^5*x^8 + 10*d^2*e^4*x^6 - 10*d^3*e^3*x^4 + 5
*d^4*e^2*x^2 - d^5*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - 3*((
55*d*e^5 + 119*e^6)*x^10 - 5*(55*d^2*e^4 + 119*d*e^5)*x^8 + 10*(55*d^3*e^3
+ 119*d^2*e^4)*x^6 - 55*d^6 - 119*d^5*e - 10*(55*d^4*e^2 + 119*d^3*e^3)*x
^4 + 5*(55*d^5*e + 119*d^4*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/
d)), -1) + (357*e^5*x^9 - 1620*d*e^4*x^7 + 2864*d^2*e^3*x^5 - 2416*d^3*e^2
*x^3 + 1095*d^4*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^4*e^6*x^10 - 5*d^5*e^5*x^8 +
10*d^6*e^4*x^6 - 10*d^7*e^3*x^4 + 5*d^8*e^2*x^2 - d^9*e)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^7} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(-e*x**2+d)**7,x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^7} dx = \int -\frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 - d)^7} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 - d)^7, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^7} dx = \int -\frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 - d)^7} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 - d)^7, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^7} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^7} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^7,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d - e*x^2)^7, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d - ex^2)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^7,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x + 4*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**7 - 5*d**6*e*
x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 + 9*d**2*e**
5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 + e**7*x**14),x)*d**7 - 20*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x
**4)/(d**7 - 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*
e**4*x**8 + 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 + e**7*x**14),x)*d**6*e*x**
2 + 40*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**7 - 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4
- 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 + 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**1
2 + e**7*x**14),x)*d**5*e**2*x**4 - 40*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**7 -
5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 + 9
*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 + e**7*x**14),x)*d**4*e**3*x**6 + 20*int
(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**7 - 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**4*
e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 + 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 + e**7*x
**14),x)*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 4*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**7 - 5*d**6*e*x*
*2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 + 9*d**2*e**5*
x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 + e**7*x**14),x)*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 2*int((sqrt(d**2
- e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**7 - 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**4*e**3
*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 + 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 + e**7*x**14
),x)*d**5*e**2 + 10*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**7 - 5*d**6*e*x**
2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 + 9*d**2*e**5*x
**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 + e**7*x**14),x)*d**4*e**3*x**2 - 20*int((sqrt(d...
```

3.104 $\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1017
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1018
Rubi [A] (verified)	1018
Maple [A] (verified)	1022
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1023
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1023
Maxima [F]	1024
Giac [F]	1024
Mupad [F(-1)]	1024
Reduce [F]	1025

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = -dx\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} + \frac{1}{5}ex^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} - \frac{18d^{7/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{5\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{28d^{7/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{5\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-d*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/5*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-18/5*d^(7/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+28/5*d^(7/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5d^3x + d^2ex^3 + 5de^2x^5 - e^3x^7 + 10d^3x\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) - 6d^2ex^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}{5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^3/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]
```

output

```
(-5*d^3*x + d^2*e*x^3 + 5*d*e^2*x^5 - e^3*x^7 + 10*d^3*x*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - 6*d^2*e*x^3*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 403, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 318$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\int\frac{6de(d-2ex^2)\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx-\frac{1}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{6}{5}d\int\frac{(d-2ex^2)\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx-\frac{1}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{6}{5}d\left(\int\frac{de(5d-9ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx-\frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)-\frac{1}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{6}{5}d\left(\frac{1}{3}d\int\frac{5d-9ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx-\frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)-\frac{1}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{6}{5}d\left(\frac{1}{3}d\left(14d\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx-9\int\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}dx\right)-\frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)-\frac{1}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 289

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{6}{5}d\left(\frac{1}{3}d\left(\frac{14d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}-9\int\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}dx\right)-\frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)-\frac{1}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 329

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{6}{5}d\left(\frac{1}{3}d\left(\frac{14d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}-\frac{9d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\int\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}}dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)-\frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)-\frac{1}{5}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{14d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{9d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{14d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{9d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{6}{5}d \left(\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{14d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{9d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^3/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-1/5*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (6*d*((-2*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/3 + (d*((-9*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (14*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/3)/5)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + S`
`imp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b`
`*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) +`
`1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && G`
`tQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c,`
`d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[`
`(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)`
`)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[`
`a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1`
`+ b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b`
`*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)`
`^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +`
`Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr`
`eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&`
`(PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))`

rule 403 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(`
`x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p +`
`q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c`
`+ d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) +`
`f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,`
`d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])`
`)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`
`&& GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 765 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1396 Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^ (p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^ (q_.), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
risch	$-\frac{x(-ex^2+5d)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5} + \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{9d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)}{5}$
elliptic	$\frac{ex^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5} - dx\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} + \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{18d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$\frac{d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - e^3 \left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5e^2} - \frac{3d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)\right)}{5e^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)$

```
input int((-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/5*x*(-e*x^2+5*d)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/5*d^2*(5*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2
/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I
)+9*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{18\sqrt{-e^2d^3x}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 2(9d^3 - 5d^2e)\sqrt{-e^2x}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (e^3x^4 - 5d^2e^2x)}{5e^2x}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*(18*sqrt(-e^2)*d^3*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - 2*(9*d^3 - 5*d^2*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + (e^3*x^4 - 5*d*e^2*x^2 + 18*d^2*e)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^2*x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{d^2x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{3dex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{3e^2x^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} - \frac{e^3x^7\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)**3/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `d**2*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) - 3*d*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(7/4)) + 3*e**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(9/4)) - e**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d*gamma(11/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 - d)^3}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e*x^2 - d)^3/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 - d)^3}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(e*x^2 - d)^3/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = -\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} ex^3}{5} + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^3 - \frac{18 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^2 e}{5}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 5*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*x + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e*x**3 + 10*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**3 - 18*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**2*e)/5`

3.105 $\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1026
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1026
Rubi [A] (verified)	1027
Maple [A] (verified)	1030
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1031
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1031
Maxima [F]	1032
Giac [F]	1032
Mupad [F(-1)]	1032
Reduce [F]	1033

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} - \frac{2d^{5/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{10d^{5/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-2*d^(5/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+10/3*d^(5/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{-d^2x + e^2x^5 + 4d^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) - 2dex^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)}{3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^2/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output `(-(d^2*x) + e^2*x^5 + 4*d^2*x*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - 2*d*e*x^3*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\int \frac{2de(2d - 3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \int \frac{2d - 3ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{399} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(5d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{289}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 329

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{5d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^2/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-1/3*(x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (2*d*((-3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (5*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/3)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 289 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)} * ((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} * ((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)} * ((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)} * ((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)} / (b*(2*(p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p * (c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)} * \text{Simp}[c*(b*c*(2*(p+q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p+2*q-1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q-1) + 1)) * x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] * x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)] / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)^2] / (\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2] * \text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_)+(c_)*(x_)^{n2_})^{p_}*((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^{n_})^{q_}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p + q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{!(EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
risch	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) + 3d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right)}{3}$
elliptic	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{4d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$\frac{d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + e^2 \left(-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{3e^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} \right) + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input $\text{int}((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $-1/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/3*d*(2*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)+3*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I)-\text{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^(1/2), I))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{-e^2d^2x}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 2(3d^2 - 2de)\sqrt{-e^2x}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{3e^2x}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(6*sqrt(-e^2)*d^2*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - 2*(3*d^2 - 2*d*e)*sqrt(-e^2)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e^2*x^2 - 6*d*e))/(e^2*x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{dx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2x^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) - e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(7/4)) + e**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d*gamma(9/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 - d)^2}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 - d)^2/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 - d)^2}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 - d)^2/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{ex^2 + d} dx \right) d - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{ex^2 + d} dx \right) e$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d + e*x**2),x)*d - int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d + e*x**2),x)*e`

3.106 $\int \frac{d-ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1034
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1034
Rubi [A] (verified)	1035
Maple [A] (verified)	1037
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1038
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1038
Maxima [F]	1039
Giac [F]	1039
Mupad [F(-1)]	1039
Reduce [F]	1040

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),1)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2*d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),1)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\left(3dx \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) - ex^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d - e*x^2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2]))/(3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {1390, 1389, 326, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1390} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1389} \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}}{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{326} \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{284} \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 327 \\
 \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 762 \\
 \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{d}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]`

output `(d*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(-(Sqrt[d]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/Sqrt[e]) + (2*Sqrt[d]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/Sqrt[e])/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 326 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[b/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x^2]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1389 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/Sqrt[a] Int[Sqrt[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/Sqrt[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1390 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	137
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	137

input `int((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2} dx \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \sqrt{-e^2}(d - e)x \sqrt{\frac{d}{e}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}e}{e^2x}$$

```
input integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output (sqrt(-e^2)*d*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - sqrt(-e^2)
*(d - e)*x*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 +
d^2)*e)/(e^2*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

```
input integrate((-e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(
4*gamma(5/4)) - e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_
polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d*gamma(7/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{ex^2 - d}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e*x^2 - d)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{ex^2 - d}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(e*x^2 - d)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d + e*x**2),x)`

3.107 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1041
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1041
Rubi [A] (verified)	1042
Maple [A] (verified)	1043
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1043
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1044
Maxima [F]	1044
Giac [F]	1045
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1045
Reduce [F]	1045

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output `d^(1/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),1)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = -\frac{i \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output

```
((-I)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 765$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 762$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input

```
Int[1/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])
)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}$	60
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}$	60

input `int(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*Ell
ipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} F(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1)}{e}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1)/e`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{5}{4}; \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `int(1/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x*(1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2))/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)`

3.108 $\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1046
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1046
Rubi [A] (verified)	1047
Maple [A] (verified)	1051
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1051
Sympy [F]	1052
Maxima [F(-2)]	1052
Giac [F]	1052
Mupad [F(-1)]	1053
Reduce [F]	1053

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{2d^2(d-ex^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)-1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(d + ex^2) + id\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\operatorname{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right) \mid -1\right) - 2id\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\operatorname{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right)\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(d + e*x^2) + I*d*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - (2*I)*d*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(2*d^2*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 326, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{316}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{326} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{289} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{329} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{327} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{765} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{762}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right) - d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input `Int[1/((d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d^2*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) + (-((d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (2*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 326 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/d \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)/d \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \&\& !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p + q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/2*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/d^2*x/e/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}ex + (e^2x^2-de)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}})|-1) - ((de+e^2)x^2-d^2-de)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}})|-1)}{2(d^2e^2x^2-d^3e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/2*(\sqrt{-e^2*x^4+d^2}*e*x + (e^2*x^2-d*e)*\sqrt{e/d}*\operatorname{elliptic}_e(\arcsin(x*\sqrt{e/d}),-1) - ((d*e+e^2)*x^2-d^2-d*e)*\sqrt{e/d}*\operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(x*\sqrt{e/d}),-1))/(d^2*e^2*x^2-d^3*e)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{1}{-d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + ex^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(-d*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + e*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 - d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 - d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} (d - ex^2)} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d - e*x^2)), x)`output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d - e*x^2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^3 x^6 - d e^2 x^4 - d^2 e x^2 + d^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**3 - d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6), x)`

3.109 $\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1054
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1055
Rubi [A] (verified)	1055
Maple [A] (verified)	1060
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1060
Sympy [F]	1061
Maxima [F]	1061
Giac [F]	1061
Mupad [F(-1)]	1062
Reduce [F]	1062

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 193

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{2d^3(d-ex^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{6d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/6*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)^2+1/2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/(-e*x^2+d)-1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+5/6*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(4d^2 + dex^2 - 3e^2x^4) + 3id(d - ex^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E(\operatorname{iarcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x) | -1) - 5id(d - ex^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}{6d^3 \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} (d - ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(4*d^2 + d*e*x^2 - 3*e^2*x^4) + (3*I)*d*(d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - (5*I)*d*(d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1))/(6*d^3*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 316$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e^{(ex^2+5d)}}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d^2 e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
\downarrow \mathbf{27} \\
\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+5d}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
\downarrow \mathbf{402} \\
\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(2d-3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2 e} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
\downarrow \mathbf{27} \\
\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2d-3ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
\downarrow \mathbf{399} \\
\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{5d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
\downarrow \mathbf{289} \\
\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx + \frac{3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
\downarrow \mathbf{329}
\end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{5d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

327

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{5d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

765

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{5d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

762

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{5d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

input `Int[1/((d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(6*d^2*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])) + ((-3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (5*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/d)/(6*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 289

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 316

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 329

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])
```

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6d^2e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{2ed^3\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6d^2e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{2ed^3\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{6d^2} \frac{x}{e^2} \frac{(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}}{(x^2-d/e)^{2-1/2}} \frac{(-e^2x^2-d^*e)/e}{d^3} \frac{x}{(x^2-d/e)*(-e^2x^2-d^*e)^{1/2}} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{d^2}{d^2} \frac{1}{(e/d)^{1/2}} \frac{(1-e*x^2/d)^{1/2}}{(1+e*x^2/d)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{1/2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{1/2}, I) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2}{d^2} \frac{1}{(e/d)^{1/2}} \frac{(1-e*x^2/d)^{1/2}}{(1+e*x^2/d)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{1/2}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{1/2}, I) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^{1/2}, I) \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{3(e^3x^4 - 2de^2x^2 + d^2e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - ((2de^2 + 3e^3)x^4 + 2d^3 + 3d^2e - 2(2d^2e + 3de^2)x^2)\sqrt{e/d}\operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(x\sqrt{e/d}), -1) + \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(3e^2x^3 - 4d^*e*x)}{6(d^3e^3x^4 - 2d^4e^2x^2 + d^5e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/6*(3*(e^3*x^4 - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)*\operatorname{sqrt}(e/d)*\operatorname{elliptic}_e(\arcsin(x*\operatorname{sqrt}(e/d)), -1) - ((2*d*e^2 + 3*e^3)*x^4 + 2*d^3 + 3*d^2*e - 2*(2*d^2*e + 3*d*e^2)*x^2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(e/d)*\operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(x*\operatorname{sqrt}(e/d)), -1) + \operatorname{sqrt}(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(3*e^2*x^3 - 4*d*e*x))/(d^3*e^3*x^4 - 2*d^4*e^2*x^2 + d^5*e)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}(-d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))*(-d + e*x**2)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 - d)^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 - d)^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} (d - ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2))*(d - e*x^2)^2), x)`output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2))*(d - e*x^2)^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^4 x^8 + 2d e^3 x^6 - 2d^3 e x^2 + d^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**4 - 2*d**3*e*x**2 + 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8), x)`

3.110 $\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1063
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1064
Rubi [A] (verified)	1064
Maple [A] (verified)	1070
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1071
Sympy [F]	1071
Maxima [F]	1072
Giac [F]	1072
Mupad [F(-1)]	1072
Reduce [F]	1073

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 227

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{5d^3(d-ex^2)^2} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{20d^4(d-ex^2)} - \frac{9\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{20d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{7\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{10d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/10*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)^3+1/5*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/(-e*x^2+d)^2+9/20*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/(-e*x^2+d)-9/20*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+7/10*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(15d^3 - 7d^2ex^2 - 13de^2x^4 + 9e^3x^6) + 9id(d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x) | -1) - 14id}{20d^4 \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} (d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d - e*x^2)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(15*d^3 - 7*d^2*e*x^2 - 13*d*e^2*x^4 + 9*e^3*x^6) + (9*I)*
d*(d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x
], -1] - (14*I)*d*(d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSin
h[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(20*d^4*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*
x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{316}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3e(ex^2+3d)}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{10d^2e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{ex^2+3d}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{10d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 402 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(2ex^2+7d)}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2ex^2+7d}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 402 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(5d-9ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{5d-9ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{399} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{14d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 9 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{289} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{14d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - 9 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{329}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{14d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{2d} - \frac{9d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{3d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{14d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{2d} - \frac{9d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{3d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 765

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{14d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{2d} - \frac{9d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{3d} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

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$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{10d^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{14d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right) - \frac{9d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{2d} - \frac{9d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{3d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{10d^2} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}$$

input `Int[1/((d - e*x^2)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(10*d^2*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (3*((2*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(3*d*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((9*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])) + ((-9*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (14*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d)/(3*d))/(10*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))`
`), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x`
`^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x`
`] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !`
`(!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2,`
`p, q, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[`
`(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)`
`)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[`
`a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1`
`+ b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b`
`*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)`
`^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +`
`Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr`
`eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&`
`(PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x`
`_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(`
`q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))`
`Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)`
`*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b`
`, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])`
`)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`
`&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
default	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{10d^2e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5e^2d^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{9(-e^2x^2-de)x}{20d^4e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{4d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{9\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}}{4d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{10d^2e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{5e^2d^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{9(-e^2x^2-de)x}{20d^4e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{4d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{9\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}}{4d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input

```
int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/10/d^2/e^3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^3+1/5/e^2/d^3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d
^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^2-9/20*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/d^4*x/e/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e
))^1/2+1/4/d^3/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4
+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)+9/20/d^3/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1
/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-Ell
ipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{9(e^4x^6 - 3de^3x^4 + 3d^2e^2x^2 - d^3e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - ((5de^3 + 9e^4)x^6 - 3(5d^2e^2 + 9de^3))}{20(d^4e^4x^6 - 3d^5e^3x^4 + 3d^6e^2x^2 - d^7e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/20*(9*(e^4*x^6 - 3*d*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - ((5*d*e^3 + 9*e^4)*x^6 - 3*(5*d^2*e^2 + 9*d*e^3)*x^4 - 5*d^4 - 9*d^3*e + 3*(5*d^3*e + 9*d^2*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (9*e^3*x^5 - 22*d*e^2*x^3 + 15*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^4*e^4*x^6 - 3*d^5*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^6*e^2*x^2 - d^7*e)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{-d^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + 3d^2ex^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - 3de^2x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + e^3x^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x**2+d)**3/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(-d**3*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + 3*d**2*e*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) - 3*d*e**2*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + e**3*x**6*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 - d)^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 - d)^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}(d - ex^2)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d - e*x^2)^3), x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d - e*x^2)^3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^5x^{10} - 3de^4x^8 + 2d^2e^3x^6 + 2d^3e^2x^4 - 3d^4ex^2 + d^5} dx$$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 - 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10),x)`

3.111 $\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1074
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1075
Rubi [A] (verified)	1075
Maple [A] (verified)	1079
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1080
Sympy [F]	1080
Maxima [F]	1081
Giac [F]	1081
Mupad [F(-1)]	1081
Reduce [F]	1082

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4dx(d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} + \frac{8d^{5/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{34d^{5/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
4*d*x*(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+8*d^(5/2)
*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-34/3*d^(5/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)
/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^4}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{13d^2x + 12dex^3 - e^2x^5 - 10d^2x\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) - 16}{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^4/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(13*d^2*x + 12*d*e*x^3 - e^2*x^5 - 10*d^2*x*sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - 16*d*e*x^3*sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 25, 27, 403, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^4}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{de(d - 7ex^2)\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{de} + \frac{2x(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{2x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{de(d-7ex^2)\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{de} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{2x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \int \frac{(d-7ex^2)\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \downarrow 403 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{2de(5d-12ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3e} + \frac{2x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{7}{3}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d-ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(-\frac{2}{3}d \int \frac{5d-12ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{2x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{7}{3}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d-ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \downarrow 399 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(-\frac{2}{3}d \left(17d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 12 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) + \frac{2x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{7}{3}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d-ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \downarrow 289 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(-\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{17d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - 12 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right) + \frac{2x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{7}{3}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d-ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \downarrow 329 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(-\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{17d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{12d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{2x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{7}{3}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d-ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(-\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{17d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx - \frac{12d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{2x(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{7}{3}x\sqrt{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(-\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{17d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx - \frac{12d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{2x(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{7}{3}x\sqrt{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(-\frac{2}{3}d \left(\frac{17d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{12d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{2x(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^4/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((2*x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + (7*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/3 - (2*d*((-12*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (17*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/3)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 289 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[p[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 315 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[p[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)})/(2*a*b*(p + 1))], x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*(c + d*x^2)^{(q - 2)}*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \&\& \text{!(LtQ}[a*c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])]$

rule 399 $\text{Int}(((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{!(PosQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \text{||} (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \text{||} (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& (\text{!GtQ}[c, 0] \text{||} \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))])]$

rule 403 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)}*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]$

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])
)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 17.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{4(-e^2x^2+de)dx}{e\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} - \frac{10d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{8d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
risch	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3} + \frac{2d\left(-\frac{11d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right)}{12d^2}$
default	$d^4\left(\frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) + e^4\left(\frac{d^2x}{2e^4\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3e^4} - \frac{5d^2}{3e^4}\right)$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
4*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)*d/e*x/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)+1/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-10/3*d^2/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-8*d^2/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^4}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{24(d^2ex^3 + d^3x)\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) | -1) - 2((12d^2e - 5de^2)x^3 + (12d^3 - 5d^2e)x)\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right)}{3(e^3x^3 + de^2x)}$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/3*(24*(d^2*e*x^3 + d^3*x)*sqrt(-e^2)*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - 2*((12*d^2*e - 5*d*e^2)*x^3 + (12*d^3 - 5*d^2*e)*x)*sqrt(-e^2)*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - (e^3*x^4 - 11*d*e^2*x^2 - 24*d^2*e)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(e^3*x^3 + d*e^2*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^4}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-d + ex^2)^4}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x**2+d)**4/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((-d + e*x**2)**4/(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**3/2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^4}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 - d)^4}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 - d)^4/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^4}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 - d)^4}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 - d)^4/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^4}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^4}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^4/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)^4/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^4}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx + \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} ex^3 - 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^3x^6 - de^2x^4 + d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx\right) d^4 - 3\left(\int \frac{1}{-e^3x^6 - de^2x^4 + d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx\right) d^4}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(6*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*x + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e*x**3 - 3*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**3 + d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 - e**3*x**6),x)*d**4 - 3*int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**3 + d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 - e**3*x**6),x)*d**3*e*x**2 + 17*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**3 + d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 - e**3*x**6),x)*d**2*e**2 + 17*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**3 + d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 - e**3*x**6),x)*d*e**3*x**2)/(3*(d + e*x**2))`

3.112 $\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1083
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1083
Rubi [A] (verified)	1084
Maple [A] (verified)	1087
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1088
Sympy [F]	1088
Maxima [F]	1089
Giac [F]	1089
Mupad [F(-1)]	1090
Reduce [F]	1090

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x(d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{4d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
2*x*(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+3*d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-4*d^(3/2)*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2dx+ex^3-dx\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2},\frac{5}{4},\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)-2ex^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{Hy}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output $(2*d*x + e*x^3 - d*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - 2*e*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/ \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4]$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{de(d - 3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{de} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{de(d - 3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{de} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \int \frac{d - 3ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 399 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(-4d\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx+3\int\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}dx+\frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \downarrow 289 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(-\frac{4d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}+3\int\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}dx+\frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \downarrow 329 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\int\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}-\frac{4d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}+\frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \downarrow 327 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(-\frac{4d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}+\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}+\frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \downarrow 765 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(-\frac{4d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}+\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}+\frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \downarrow 762 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(-\frac{4d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}+\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}+\frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} ((2x \sqrt{d - ex^2}) / \sqrt{d + ex^2} + (3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - (e^2 x^4)/d^2} \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(\sqrt{e}x)/\sqrt{d}], -1]) / (\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}) - (4d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - (e^2 x^4)/d^2} \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\sqrt{e}x)/\sqrt{d}], -1]) / (\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}))) / \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) * (\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_) * (\text{Gx}_) /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]]$$

rule 289

$$\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2]^{\text{p}_} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]} * ((\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]} / (\text{a} * \text{c} + \text{b} * \text{d} * \text{x}^4)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} * \text{c} + \text{b} * \text{d} * \text{x}^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} + \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$$

rule 315

$$\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2]^{\text{p}_} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{q}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a} * \text{d} - \text{c} * \text{b}) * \text{x} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1} * ((\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{q} - 1} / (2 * \text{a} * \text{b} * (\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[1 / (2 * \text{a} * \text{b} * (\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{q} - 2} * \text{Simp}[\text{c} * (\text{a} * \text{d} - \text{c} * \text{b} * (2 * \text{p} + 3)) + \text{d} * (\text{a} * \text{d} * (2 * (\text{q} - 1) + 1) - \text{b} * \text{c} * (2 * (\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1)) * \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2} / \sqrt{(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{\text{a}} / (\sqrt{\text{c}} * \text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2])) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2] * \text{x}], \text{b} * (\text{c} / (\text{a} * \text{d}))], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$$

rule 329

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2} / \sqrt{(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} * (\sqrt{1 - \text{b}^2 * (\text{x}^4 / \text{a}^2)}) / (\sqrt{\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2} * \sqrt{\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2}) \quad \text{Int}[\sqrt{1 + \text{b} * (\text{x}^2 / \text{a})} / \sqrt{1 - \text{b} * (\text{x}^2 / \text{a})}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} + \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \&\& \text{!(LtQ}[\text{a} * \text{c}, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{a} * \text{b}, 0])$$

```
rule 399 Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))))
```

```
rule 762 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 765 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4 Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1396 Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{2(-e^2x^2+de)x}{e\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d^3\left(\frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) - e^3\left(\frac{x^3}{2e^2\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right)$

```
input int((-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```
2*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)*x/e/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)^(1/2)-d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-3*d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(dx^3 + d^2x)\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}E(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) | -1) - ((3de - e^2)x^3 + (3d^2 - de)x)\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}F(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{e}}}{x}\right) | -1)}{e^3x^3 + de^2x}$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-(3*(d*e*x^3 + d^2*x)*sqrt(-e^2)*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) - ((3*d*e - e^2)*x^3 + (3*d^2 - d*e)*x)*sqrt(-e^2)*sqrt(d/e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(d/e)/x), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e^2*x^2 + 3*d*e))/(e^3*x^3 + d*e^2*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = - \int \left(-\frac{d^3}{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - e^2x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right) dx$$

$$- \int \frac{e^3x^6}{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - e^2x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$- \int \left(-\frac{3de^2x^4}{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - e^2x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right) dx$$

$$- \int \frac{3d^2ex^2}{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - e^2x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x**2+d)**3/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(-d**3/(d**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) - e**2*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x) - Integral(e**3*x**6/(d**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) - e**2*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x) - Integral(-3*d*e**2*x**4/(d**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) - e**2*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x) - Integral(3*d**2*e*x**2/(d**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) - e**2*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 - d)^3}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate((e*x^2 - d)^3/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 - d)^3}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(-(e*x^2 - d)^3/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`output `int((d - e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^4}{-e^3x^6 - d e^2x^4 + d^2 e x^2 + d^3} dx \right) d e^2 + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} x^4}{-e^3x^6 - d e^2x^4 + d^2 e x^2 + d^3} dx \right)}{e x^2 + d}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x)`output `(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x + 2*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**3 + d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 - e**3*x**6), x)*d*e**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**3 + d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 - e**3*x**6), x)*e**3*x**2)/(d + e*x**2)`

3.113 $\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1091
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1091
Rubi [B] (verified)	1092
Maple [C] (verified)	1096
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1097
Sympy [F]	1097
Maxima [F]	1098
Giac [F]	1098
Mupad [F(-1)]	1098
Reduce [F]	1099

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d-ex^2}{d+ex^2}}(d+ex^2) E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output ((-e*x^2+d)/(e*x^2+d))^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2)/(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2),2^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3dx - 2ex^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)}{3d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]

output

$$\frac{(3dx - 2e^3x^3\sqrt{1 - (e^2x^4)/d^2})\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, (e^2x^4)/d^2]}{(3d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4})}$$
Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 25, 27, 344, 836, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1396

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 314

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{e \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 344

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{836} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{e} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{765} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{e} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1390}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 1389

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]) - (d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])))/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 314 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{p}[(-\text{x})*(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{q}}/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(2*\text{p} + 3) + \text{d}*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 1) + 1)*\text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, \text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{x}], \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*\text{d}))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 344 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_.)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_)}*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}\text{*((c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}/(\text{a}*\text{c} + \text{b}*\text{d}*\text{x}^4)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e}*\text{x})^{\text{m}}*(\text{a}*\text{c} + \text{b}*\text{d}*\text{x}^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b}*\text{c} + \text{a}*\text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$
- rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]*\text{x}], -1], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(\text{x}^4/\text{a})]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^4] \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(\text{x}^4/\text{a})], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$

rule 836 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-q^{(-1)} \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/q \text{Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 1389 $\text{Int}[((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d/\text{Sqrt}[a] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NegQ}[c/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1390 $\text{Int}[((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NegQ}[c/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& !(\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_)+(c_)*(x_)^{n2_})^{(p_)*((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^{n_})^{(q_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{de\sqrt{(x^2+\frac{d}{e})(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}(\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)-\text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i))}{\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d^2\left(\frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) + e^2\left(\frac{x}{2e^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)}{2e^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right)$

input $\text{int}((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/d*x/e/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)-1/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ex^2 + d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - (ex^2 + d)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + \sqrt{-e^2}}{dex^2 + d^2}$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - (e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*x)/(d*e*x^2 + d^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-d + ex^2)^2}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((-d + e*x**2)**2/(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**3/2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 - d)^2}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 - d)^2/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 - d)^2}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 - d)^2/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)`

3.114 $\int \frac{d-ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1100
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1100
Rubi [F]	1101
Maple [B] (verified)	1101
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1102
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1103
Maxima [F]	1103
Giac [F]	1103
Mupad [F(-1)]	1104
Reduce [F]	1104

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(d-ex^2)}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(-e*x^2+d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),1)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3dx + 3dx\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) - 2ex^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)}{6d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(3dx + 3dx\sqrt{1 - (e^{2x^4})/d^2})\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^{2x^4})/d^2] - 2e^{3x^4}\sqrt{1 - (e^{2x^4})/d^2}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, (e^{2x^4})/d^2]}{(6d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^{2x^4}})}$$
Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]$$

output

\$Aborted

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x_Symbol] \text{ :> U nintegrable}[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, p, q\}, x]$$
Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 187 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 2.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{(x^2+\frac{d}{e})(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i))}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) - e\left(\frac{x^3}{2d^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i))}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right)$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/d^2*x/e/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)+1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}ex + (e^2x^2 + de)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + ((de - e^2)x^2 + d^2 - de)}{2(d^2e^2x^2 + d^3e)}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*e*x + (e^2*x^2 + d*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + ((d*e - e^2)*x^2 + d^2 - d*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1))/(d^2*e^2*x^2 + d^3*e)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^2\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^3\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`output `x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d**2*gamma(5/4)) - e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d**3*gamma(7/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{ex^2 - d}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate((e*x^2 - d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{ex^2 - d}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(-(e*x^2 - d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`output `int((d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^3x^6 - de^2x^4 + d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**3 + d**2*e*x**2 - d*e**2*x**4 - e**3*x**6), x)`

3.115 $\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1105
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1105
Rubi [A] (verified)	1106
Maple [A] (verified)	1107
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1108
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1108
Maxima [F]	1108
Giac [F]	1109
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1109
Reduce [F]	1109

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{2d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{2d^{3/2} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)
*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x + x \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(-3/2),x]
```

output $(x + x\sqrt{1 - (e^2x^4)/d^2})\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2x^4)/d^2]/(2d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {749, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 749

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{-3/2}, x]$

output $x/(2d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}) + (\sqrt{1 - (e^2x^4)/d^2})\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\sqrt{e}x)/\sqrt{d}], -1]/(2d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4})$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	90
elliptic	$\frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2})e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}, i\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	90

input `int(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}d^{-2}x/(-(x^4-d^2/e^2)*e^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2d^{-2}/(e/d)^{(1/2)}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}ex - (e^2x^4 - d^2)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1)}{2(d^2e^3x^4 - d^4e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*e*x - (e^2*x^4 - d^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1))/(d^2*e^3*x^4 - d^4*e)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^3\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`output `x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d**3*gamma(5/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(-3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(-3/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}; \frac{5}{4}; \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `(x*(1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2)^(3/2)*hypergeom([1/4, 3/2], 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2))/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^4 x^8 - 2d^2 e^2 x^4 + d^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**4 - 2*d**2*e**2*x**4 + e**4*x**8),x)`

3.116 $\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1110
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1110
Rubi [A] (verified)	1111
Maple [A] (verified)	1116
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1117
Sympy [F]	1117
Maxima [F(-2)]	1118
Giac [F]	1118
Mupad [F(-1)]	1118
Reduce [F]	1119

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 193

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{12d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)-1}{4d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right),-1\right)}{3d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/6*x/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/12*x*(3*e*x^2+5*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/4*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+2/3*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(7d^2-2dex^2-3e^2x^4)+3id(d-ex^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E(i\text{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x))}{12d^4\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}(d-ex^2)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d - e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(7*d^2 - 2*d*e*x^2 - 3*e^2*x^4) + (3*I)*d*(d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - (8*I)*d*(d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]) / (12*d^4*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.519$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1396 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 316 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(3ex^2 + 5d)}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3ex^2 + 5d}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 402
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(4ex^2+d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{4x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{4ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{4x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{de(5d-3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{4x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(5d-3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{4x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{5d-3ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{4x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 399
 \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{8d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{2d} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{4x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 289

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{4x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 329

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{3d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{d} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{4x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{2d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{d} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{4x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 765

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{8d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{4x}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d - ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 762

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{8d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{4x}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x}{6d^2} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

input `Int[1/((d - e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(x/(6*d^2*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + ((4*x)/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + ((-3*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + ((-3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (8*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d))/d)/(6*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 289 $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (a \cdot c + b \cdot d \cdot x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}] \text{Int}[(a \cdot c + b \cdot d \cdot x^4)^p, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]

rule 316 $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[b \cdot c + 2 \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) + d \cdot b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2 \cdot (x^4/a^2)] / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - b \cdot (x^2/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e + f \cdot x^2) / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / b \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot (e + f \cdot x^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + e \cdot 2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{!(EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

method	result
default	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{8ed^4\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{12e^2d^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{3(-e^2x^2-de)x}{8d^4e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{12d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
elliptic	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{8ed^4\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{12e^2d^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{3(-e^2x^2-de)x}{8d^4e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{12d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input $\text{int}(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output
$$\frac{1}{8}*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/e/d^4*x/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^{(1/2)}+1/12/e^2/d^3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-d/e)^2-3/8*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/d^4*x/e/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^{(1/2)}+5/12/d^3/(e/d)^{(1/2)}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)}, I)+1/4/d^3/(e/d)^{(1/2)}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)}, I)-\text{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)}, I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(e^4x^6 - de^3x^4 - d^2e^2x^2 + d^3e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - ((5de^3 + 3e^4)x^6 - (5d^2e^2 + 3de^3)x^4 + 5d^2e^2x^2 - d^3e)\sqrt{e/d}}{12(d^4e^4x^6 - d^5e^3x^4 - d^6e^2x^2 + d^7e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(3*(e^4*x^6 - d*e^3*x^4 - d^2*e^2*x^2 + d^3*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - ((5*d*e^3 + 3*e^4)*x^6 - (5*d^2*e^2 + 3*d*e^3)*x^4 + 5*d^2*e^2 + 3*d^3*e - (5*d^3*e + 3*d^2*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (3*e^3*x^5 + 2*d*e^2*x^3 - 7*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^4*e^4*x^6 - d^5*e^3*x^4 - d^6*e^2*x^2 + d^7*e)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\int \frac{1}{-d^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + d^2ex^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + de^2x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - e^3x^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(-d**3*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + d**2*e*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + d*e**2*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) - e**3*x**6*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex^2 - d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 - d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}(d - ex^2)} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^5x^{10} + de^4x^8 + 2d^2e^3x^6 - 2d^3e^2x^4 - d^4ex^2 + d^5} dx$$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 - d**4*e*x**2 - 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 + d*e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)`

$$3.117 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1120
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1121
Rubi [A] (verified)	1121
Maple [A] (verified)	1128
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1128
Sympy [F]	1129
Maxima [F]	1129
Giac [F]	1130
Mupad [F(-1)]	1130
Reduce [F]	1130

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 227

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\ &+ \frac{7x}{30d^3(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{x(20d+21ex^2)}{60d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\ &- \frac{7\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{20d^{7/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\ &+ \frac{41\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{60d^{7/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \end{aligned}$$

output $1/10*x/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}+7/30*x/d^3/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}+1/60*x*(21*e*x^2+20*d)/d^5/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}-7/20*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(e^{(1/2)*x/d^{(1/2)}, I)/d^{(7/2)}/e^{(1/2)}/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}+41/60*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(e^{(1/2)*x/d^{(1/2)}, I)/d^{(7/2)}/e^{(1/2)}/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(40d^3 - 33d^2ex^2 - 22de^2x^4 + 21e^3x^6) + 21id(d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x}{d^2}}}{60d^5 \sqrt{\dots}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d - e*x^2)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(40*d^3 - 33*d^2*e*x^2 - 22*d*e^2*x^4 + 21*e^3*x^6) + (21*I)*d*(d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - (41*I)*d*(d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(60*d^5*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.593$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{316}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(5ex^2+9d)}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{10d^2e} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{5ex^2+9d}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{10d^2} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(21ex^2+20d)}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{7x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{21ex^2+20d}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{7x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(d-41ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{41x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{7x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

25

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{41x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{de(d-41ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{7x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{10d^2} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{41x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d-41ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{7x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{10d^2} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{41x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{2de(20d-21ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d}}{3d} + \frac{7x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{10d^2} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{41x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{20d-21ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}d\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d}}{3d} + \frac{7x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{10d^2} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{41x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{41d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 21 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{7x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 289

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{41x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{41d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - 21 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{7x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 329

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{41x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{41d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - 21d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{3d} + \frac{7x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{41x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{41d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{21d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{7x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \frac{1}{10d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

765

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{41x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{41d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{21d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{7x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \frac{1}{10d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

762

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{41x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{21x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{41d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{21d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{7x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \frac{1}{10d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

input `Int[1/((d - e*x^2)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(x/(10*d^2*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + ((7*x)/(3*d*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + ((41*x)/(2*d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) - ((21*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) - ((-21*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (41*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/d)/(2*d)/(3*d)/(10*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 289

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p])/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]] Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 316

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1
+ b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b
*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)
^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +
Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&
(PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(
q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)
(p + 1) + d(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])
)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^q_.), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{16ed^5\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{20d^3e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{17x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{120d^4e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{33(-e^2x^2-de)x}{80ed^5\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}x^2}}{3d^4\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}}$
elliptic	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{16ed^5\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{20d^3e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{17x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{120d^4e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{33(-e^2x^2-de)x}{80ed^5\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{d}x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{e}{d}x^2}}{3d^4\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}}$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{16} \frac{(-e^2x^2+d)e}{e/d^5x} / ((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2x^2+d*e))^{(1/2)} - \frac{1}{20} \frac{d^3x}{e} / (-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)} / (x^2-d/e)^3 + \frac{17}{120} \frac{d^4}{e^2} \frac{x}{e} / (-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)} / (x^2-d/e)^2 - \frac{33}{80} \frac{(-e^2x^2-d)e}{e/d^5x} / ((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2x^2-d*e))^{(1/2)} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{d^4}{e} / (e/d)^{(1/2)} * (1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)} * (1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)} / (-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)} * \text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)}, I) + \frac{7}{20} \frac{d^4}{e} / (e/d)^{(1/2)} * (1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)} * (1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)} / (-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)} * (\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)}, I) - \text{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)}, I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{21(e^5x^8 - 2de^4x^6 + 2d^3e^2x^2 - d^4e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - ((20de^4 + 21e^5)x^8 - 2(20d^2e^3 + 21d^4e^5)x^6 + 2(20d^2e^3 + 21d^4e^5)x^4 - 2(20d^2e^3 + 21d^4e^5)x^2 + 2d^4e^5)}{60(d^5e^5)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/60*(21*(e^5*x^8 - 2*d*e^4*x^6 + 2*d^3*e^2*x^2 - d^4*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - ((20*d*e^4 + 21*e^5)*x^8 - 2*(20*d^2*e^3 + 21*d*e^4)*x^6 - 20*d^5 - 21*d^4*e + 2*(20*d^4*e + 21*d^3*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (21*e^4*x^7 - 22*d*e^3*x^5 - 33*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 40*d^3*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^5*e^5*x^8 - 2*d^6*e^4*x^6 + 2*d^8*e^2*x^2 - d^9*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d + ex^2) (d + ex^2))^{\frac{3}{2}} (-d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2)*(-d + e*x**2)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 - d)^2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 - d)^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} (d - ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2)^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^6x^{12} - 2de^5x^{10} - d^2e^4x^8 + 4d^3e^3x^6 - d^4e^2x^4 - 2d^5ex^2 + d^6} dx$$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**6 - 2*d**5*e*x**2 - d**4*e**2*x**4 + 4*d**3*e**3*x**6 - d**2*e**4*x**8 - 2*d*e**5*x**10 + e**6*x**12),x)`

3.118 $\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^3 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1131
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1132
Rubi [A] (verified)	1132
Maple [A] (verified)	1140
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1141
Sympy [F]	1141
Maxima [F]	1142
Giac [F]	1142
Mupad [F(-1)]	1142
Reduce [F]	1143

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 261

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^3 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{14d^2 (d-ex^2)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{x}{7d^3 (d-ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{x}{4d^4 (d-ex^2) \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{3x(5d+7ex^2)}{56d^6 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{8d^{9/2} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{9\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{14d^{9/2} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/14*x/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/7*x/d^3/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/4*x/d^4/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+3/56*x*(7*e*x^2+5*d)/d^6/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-3/8*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(9/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+9/14*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(9/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{4x(-41d^4 + 60d^3ex^2 + 4d^2e^2x^4 - 48de^3x^6 + 21e^4x^8)}{(d - ex^2)^3} + \frac{12id\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}(7E(i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x)))}{224d^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}}{224d^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d - e*x^2)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((-4*x*(-41*d^4 + 60*d^3*e*x^2 + 4*d^2*e^2*x^4 - 48*d*e^3*x^6 + 21*e^4*x^8))/((d - e*x^2)^3 + ((12*I)*d*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(7*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - 12*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/Sqrt[-(e/d)])/(224*d^6*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.630$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1396

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 316

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(7ex^2+13d)}{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{14d^2e} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{7ex^2+13d}{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{14d^2} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{10de(10ex^2+11d)}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{10d^2e} + \frac{2x}{d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{10ex^2+11d}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{2x}{d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{9de(7ex^2+5d)}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{7x}{2d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2x}{d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{7ex^2 + 5d}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{2d} + \frac{\frac{7x}{2d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{\frac{2x}{d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{14d^2} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d - ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{2de(d - 6ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{2d} + \frac{\frac{7x}{2d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{\frac{2x}{d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{14d^2} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d - ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{2d} - \frac{\int \frac{d - 6ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{\frac{7x}{2d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{14d^2} + \frac{\frac{2x}{d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{14d^2} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d - ex^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{de(5d-7ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e}}{2d} \right) + \frac{7x}{2d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{2x}{d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{2x}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{1}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{5d-7ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d}}{2d} \right) + \frac{7x}{2d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{2x}{d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{2x}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{1}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{12d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{2d}}{2d} \right) + \frac{7x}{2d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{2x}{d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{2x}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{1}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

289

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{12d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx \right)}{2d} + \frac{7x}{2d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{d(ex^2)}{d(d-ex^2)} \right) \frac{1}{14d^2}$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

329

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{12d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{2d} + \frac{7x}{2d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{d(ex^2)}{d(d-ex^2)} \right) \frac{1}{14d^2}$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

327

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{12d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - \frac{7d^{3/2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{2d} + \frac{7}{2d(d-ex^2)} \right) \frac{1}{14d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

765

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{12d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx - \frac{7d^{3/2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{2d} + \frac{7}{2d(d-ex^2)} \right) \frac{1}{14d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

762

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{6x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{12d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right) - 7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{d} - \frac{7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{2d} \right) \frac{1}{14d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

```
input Int[1/((d - e*x^2)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)),x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(x/(14*d^2*(d - e*x^2)^(7/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + ((2*x)/(d*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + ((7*x)/(2*d*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (3*((6*x)/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) - ((7*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) - ((-7*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (12*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d))/d)/(2*d))/d)/(14*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 289 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))`
`), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x`
`^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x`
`] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !`
`(!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2,`
`p, q, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[`
`(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)`
`)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[`
`a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1`
`+ b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b`
`*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)`
`^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +`
`Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr`
`eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&`
`(PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x`
`_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(`
`q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))`
`Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)`
`*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b`
`, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])`
`)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`
`&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^ (p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^ (q_.), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
default	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{32e d^6 \sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{28d^3e^4\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} - \frac{5x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{56d^4e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{19x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{112e^2d^5\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{13(-e^2x^2-de)x}{32e d^6 \sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}}$
elliptic	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{32e d^6 \sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{28d^3e^4\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} - \frac{5x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{56d^4e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{19x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{112e^2d^5\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{13(-e^2x^2-de)x}{32e d^6 \sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}}$

input

```
int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/32*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/e/d^6*x/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)+1/28/d^3*x/e^
4*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^4-5/56/d^4/e^3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^
2-d/e)^3+19/112/e^2/d^5*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2-d/e)^2-13/32*(-e^2*x^2
-d*e)/e/d^6*x/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^(1/2)+15/56/d^5/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*
x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2
),I)+3/8/d^5/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2
)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{21(e^6x^{10} - 3de^5x^8 + 2d^2e^4x^6 + 2d^3e^3x^4 - 3d^4e^2x^2 + d^5e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - 3((5de^5 + 7e^6)$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/56*(21*(e^6*x^10 - 3*d*e^5*x^8 + 2*d^2*e^4*x^6 + 2*d^3*e^3*x^4 - 3*d^4*
e^2*x^2 + d^5*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - 3*((5*d*e
^5 + 7*e^6)*x^10 - 3*(5*d^2*e^4 + 7*d*e^5)*x^8 + 2*(5*d^3*e^3 + 7*d^2*e^4)
*x^6 + 5*d^6 + 7*d^5*e + 2*(5*d^4*e^2 + 7*d^3*e^3)*x^4 - 3*(5*d^5*e + 7*d^
4*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (21*e^5*x^9 -
48*d*e^4*x^7 + 4*d^2*e^3*x^5 + 60*d^3*e^2*x^3 - 41*d^4*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4
+ d^2))/(d^6*e^6*x^10 - 3*d^7*e^5*x^8 + 2*d^8*e^4*x^6 + 2*d^9*e^3*x^4 - 3*
d^10*e^2*x^2 + d^11*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\int \frac{1}{-d^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + 3d^4ex^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - 2d^3e^2x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - 2d^2e^3x^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + 3de^4x^8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x**2+d)**3/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(1/(-d**5*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + 3*d**4*e*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2
*x**4) - 2*d**3*e**2*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6*sqrt(d
**2 - e**2*x**4) + 3*d*e**4*x**8*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) - e**5*x**10*sqrt(
d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 - d)^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 - d)^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} (d - ex^2)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2)^3),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2)^3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^7x^{14} + 3de^6x^{12} - d^2e^5x^{10} - 5d^3e^4x^8 + 5d^4e^3x^6 + d^5e^2x^4 - 3d^6ex^2}$$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**7 - 3*d**6*e*x**2 + d**5*e**2*x**4 + 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 - d**2*e**5*x**10 + 3*d*e**6*x**12 - e**7*x**14),x)`

3.119 $\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1144
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1144
Rubi [A] (verified)	1145
Maple [A] (verified)	1149
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1150
Sympy [F]	1150
Maxima [F]	1151
Giac [F]	1151
Mupad [F(-1)]	1152
Reduce [F]	1152

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x(d-ex^2)}{3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(d-3ex^2)}{6d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
2/3**(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/6**x*(-3*e*x^2+d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{dx(5d^2-2dex^2-e^2x^4)+dx(d^2-e^2x^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2}{d}\right)}{6d^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output $(d*x*(5*d^2 - 2*d*e*x^2 - e^2*x^4) + d*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2])*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - 4*e*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(6*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {1396, 314, 25, 402, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 314$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(dx^2 + d)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d(dx^2 + d)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 402$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(3ex^2+d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow \mathbf{25} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(3ex^2+d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow \mathbf{27} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3ex^2+d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow \mathbf{399} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - 2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow \mathbf{289} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow \mathbf{329} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx - \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 327 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)-1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}dx}{2d}}{3d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 765 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)-1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}dx}{2d}}{3d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 762 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)-1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right),-1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + ((3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (2*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d))/(3*d))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 289 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{p}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}, (\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}, (\text{a}*c + \text{b}*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}}]] \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a}*c + \text{b}*d*x^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b}*c + \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$
- rule 314 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{p}[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}, (\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}/(2*a*(\text{p} + 1))}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}, (\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)}, \text{Simp}[c*(2*p + 3) + d*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 1) + 1)*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, \text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{x}], \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*d))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a}*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{b}^2*(\text{x}^4/\text{a}^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2])) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(\text{x}^2/\text{a})]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{b}*(\text{x}^2/\text{a})], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b}*c + \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(LtQ}[\text{a}*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}*b, 0])$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{f}/\text{b} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f)/\text{b} \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!(PosQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}]) \ \|\ \text{(NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{(PosQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \|\ \text{(GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \|\ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, -\text{d}/\text{c}]))))$

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3de^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{2d^2e\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{6d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d^3\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6d^2e^4\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^2} + \frac{5x}{12d^4\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{12d^4\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) - e^3\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6e^6\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^2} - \frac{1}{4e^2}\right)$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/3/d*x/e^2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^2+1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/d^2*x/e/((
x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)+1/6/d/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^
2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-1/2/d/(e/d)^(1/
2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(
e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(e^3x^4 + 2de^2x^2 + d^2e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + ((de^2 - 3e^3)x^4 + d^3 - 3d^2e + 6(d^2e^3x^4 + 2d^3e^2x^2 + d^4e))\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}F(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1)}{6(d^2e^3x^4 + 2d^3e^2x^2 + d^4e)}$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*(3*(e^3*x^4 + 2*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(
e/d)), -1) + ((d*e^2 - 3*e^3)*x^4 + d^3 - 3*d^2*e + 2*(d^2*e - 3*d*e^2)*x^
2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(3
*e^2*x^3 + 5*d*e*x))/(d^2*e^3*x^4 + 2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + d^4*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = & \\ & - \int \left(\frac{d^3}{d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - 2d^2e^2x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + e^4x^8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right) dx \\ & - \int \frac{e^3x^6}{d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - 2d^2e^2x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + e^4x^8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx \\ & - \int \left(\frac{3de^2x^4}{d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - 2d^2e^2x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + e^4x^8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right) dx \\ & - \int \frac{3d^2ex^2}{d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - 2d^2e^2x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + e^4x^8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x**2+d)**3/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(-d**3/(d**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) - 2*d**2*e**2*x**4*sqrt(d**2
- e**2*x**4) + e**4*x**8*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x) - Integral(e**3*x**6/
(d**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) - 2*d**2*e**2*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + e
**4*x**8*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x) - Integral(-3*d*e**2*x**4/(d**4*sqrt(
d**2 - e**2*x**4) - 2*d**2*e**2*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + e**4*x**8*sq
rt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x) - Integral(3*d**2*e*x**2/(d**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*
x**4) - 2*d**2*e**2*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + e**4*x**8*sqrt(d**2 - e
**2*x**4)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 - d)^3}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate((e*x^2 - d)^3/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 - d)^3}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(-(e*x^2 - d)^3/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)
```


Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`output `int((d - e*x^2)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6), x)`

3.120
$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1153
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1153
Rubi [A] (verified)	1154
Maple [A] (verified)	1158
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1159
Sympy [F]	1159
Maxima [F]	1160
Giac [F]	1160
Mupad [F(-1)]	1160
Reduce [F]	1161

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(d-ex^2)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(2d-3ex^2)}{6d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{6d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/3*x*(-e*x^2+d)/d/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/6*x*(-3*e*x^2+2*d)/d^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/6*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(4d^2-dex^2-3e^2x^4)-3id(d+ex^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E(i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x) \middle| -1)}{6d^3\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}(d+ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} +$$

input `Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(4*d^2 - d*e*x^2 - 3*e^2*x^4) - (3*I)*d*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] + I*d*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1])/(6*d^3*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 25, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{6d^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{e(5d - ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(5d - ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{6d^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{5d-ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{402} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2de(3ex^2+2d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d^2}}{6d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{\int \frac{3ex^2+2d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{399} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{289} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{329} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{3d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{327}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right) - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{6d^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right) - \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{6d^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right) - \frac{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{3x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{6d^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(6*d^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + ((3*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/d)/(6*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 289 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`
- rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`
- rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6e^2d^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+de)x}{2ed^3\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{3d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d^2\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6d^2e^4\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^2} + \frac{5x}{12d^4\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{12d^4\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) + e^2\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6e^6\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^2} - \frac{1}{12e}\right)$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/6/e^2/d^2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^2+d/e)^2+1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/e/d^3*x/
((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^(1/2)+1/3/d^2/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+
e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-1/2/d^2/(e/
d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(Ellipti
cF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(e^3x^4 + 2de^2x^2 + d^2e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + ((2de^2 - 3e^3)x^4 + 2d^3 - 3d^2e)}{6(d^3e^3x^4 + 2d^2e^2x^2 + d^2e)}$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*(3*(e^3*x^4 + 2*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(
e/d)), -1) + ((2*d*e^2 - 3*e^3)*x^4 + 2*d^3 - 3*d^2*e + 2*(2*d^2*e - 3*d*e
^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d
^2)*(3*e^2*x^3 + 4*d*e*x))/(d^3*e^3*x^4 + 2*d^4*e^2*x^2 + d^5*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-d + ex^2)^2}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((-d + e*x**2)**2/(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))** (5/2), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 - d)^2}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 - d)^2/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 - d)^2}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 - d)^2/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^4x^8 - 2de^3x^6 + 2d^3ex^2 + d^4} dx$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)`

3.121 $\int \frac{d-ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1162
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1162
Rubi [F]	1163
Maple [A] (verified)	1164
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1164
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1165
Maxima [F]	1165
Giac [F]	1165
Mupad [F(-1)]	1166
Reduce [F]	1166

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(d-ex^2)}{6d^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5d-3ex^2)}{12d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{4d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{6d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/6*x*(-e*x^2+d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/12*x*(-3*e*x^2+5*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/4*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/6*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{7d^3x-5de^2x^5+5dx(d^2-e^2x^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) - 4e}{12d^4(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(7*d^3*x - 5*d*e^2*x^5 + 5*d*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2] - 4*e*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(12*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2))`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{12d^3e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{3(-e^2x^2+de)x}{8ed^4\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{(-e^2x^2-de)x}{8d^4e\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{12d^3\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6d^2e^4\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^2} + \frac{5x}{12d^4\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{12d^4\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}\right) - e\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6d^2e^4\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^2} + \frac{1}{4d^4}\right)$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{12}d^3/e^2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(x^2+d/e)^2+3/8*(-e^2*x^2+d*e)/e/d^4*x/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2*x^2+d*e))^{(1/2)}-1/8*(-e^2*x^2-d*e)/d^4*x/e/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2*x^2-d*e))^{(1/2)}+5/12/d^3/(e/d)^{(1/2)}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I)-1/4/d^3/(e/d)^{(1/2)}*(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(e^4x^6 + de^3x^4 - d^2e^2x^2 - d^3e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) + ((5de^3 - 3e^4)x^6 + (5d^2e^2 - 3d^3e)x^4 - 5d^4 + 3d^3e - (5d^3e - 3d^2e^2)x^2)\sqrt{e/d}\operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(x\sqrt{e/d}), -1) + (3e^3x^5 - 2d^2e^2x^3 - 7d^2e^2x)\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{(d^4e^4x^6 + d^5e^3x^4 - d^6e^2x^2 - d^7e)}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{12}*(3*(e^4*x^6 + d*e^3*x^4 - d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e)*\operatorname{sqrt}(e/d)*\operatorname{elliptic}_e(\arcsin(x*\operatorname{sqrt}(e/d)), -1) + ((5*d*e^3 - 3*e^4)*x^6 + (5*d^2*e^2 - 3*d^3*e)*x^4 - 5*d^4 + 3*d^3*e - (5*d^3*e - 3*d^2*e^2)*x^2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(e/d)*\operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(x*\operatorname{sqrt}(e/d)), -1) + (3*e^3*x^5 - 2*d^2*e^2*x^3 - 7*d^2*e^2*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^4*e^4*x^6 + d^5*e^3*x^4 - d^6*e^2*x^2 - d^7*e)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^5\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)`output `x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d**4*gamma(5/4)) - e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/2), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d**5*gamma(7/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int -\frac{ex^2 - d}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate((e*x^2 - d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int -\frac{ex^2 - d}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(-(e*x^2 - d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`output `int((d - e*x^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^5x^{10} + de^4x^8 - 2d^2e^3x^6 - 2d^3e^2x^4 + d^4ex^2 + d^5} dx$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**5 + d**4*e*x**2 - 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 + d*e**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10), x)`

3.122 $\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1167
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1167
Rubi [A] (verified)	1168
Maple [A] (verified)	1169
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1170
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1170
Maxima [F]	1171
Giac [F]	1171
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1171
Reduce [F]	1172

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x}{6d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{5x}{12d^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{12d^{7/2} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

output

`1/6*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+5/12*x/d^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+5/12*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(7/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{7d^2 x - 5e^2 x^5 + 5x(d^2 - e^2 x^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)}{12d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(-5/2),x]`

output `(7*d^2*x - 5*e^2*x^5 + 5*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2])/(12*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {749, 749, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 749 \\
 & \frac{5 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 749 \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x}{2d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 765 \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{2d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{x}{2d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 762 \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{2d^{3/2} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} + \frac{x}{2d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \right)}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(-5/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{x/(6*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^{3/2}) + (5*(x/(2*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4]) + (\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d]], -1])/(2*d^{3/2})*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4])))/(6*d^2)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6d^2e^4\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^2} + \frac{5x}{12d^4\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{12d^4\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	127
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{6d^2e^4\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^2} + \frac{5x}{12d^4\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)e^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}},i\right)}{12d^4\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	127

input `int(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/6/d^2*x/e^4*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(x^4-d^2/e^2)^2+5/12/d^4*x/(-(x^4-d^2/e^2)*e^2)^(1/2)+5/12/d^4/(e/d)^(1/2)*(1-e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^(1/2),I)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5(e^4 x^8 - 2d^2 e^2 x^4 + d^4) \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} F(\arcsin(x \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - (5e^3 x^5 - 7d^2 e x) \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{12(d^4 e^5 x^8 - 2d^6 e^3 x^4 + d^8 e)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*(5*(e^4*x^8 - 2*d^2*e^2*x^4 + d^4)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - (5*e^3*x^5 - 7*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^4*e^5*x^8 - 2*d^6*e^3*x^4 + d^8*e)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d**5*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(-5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(-5/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)^{5/2} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}; \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}\right)}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(1/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x)`

output `(x*(1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2)^(5/2)*hypergeom([1/4, 5/2], 5/4, (e^2*x^4)/d^2))/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^6 x^{12} + 3d^2 e^4 x^8 - 3d^4 e^2 x^4 + d^6} dx$$

input `int(1/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**6 - 3*d**4*e**2*x**4 + 3*d**2*e**4*x**8 - e**6*x**12),x)`

3.123 $\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1173
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1174
Rubi [A] (verified)	1174
Maple [A] (verified)	1183
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1183
Sympy [F]	1184
Maxima [F(-2)]	1184
Giac [F]	1185
Mupad [F(-1)]	1185
Reduce [F]	1186

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 227

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(9d+7ex^2)}{60d^4(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(15d+7ex^2)}{40d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{7\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{40d^{9/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{11\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{20d^{9/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/10*x/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/60*x*(7*e*x^2+9*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/40*x*(7*e*x^2+15*d)/d^6/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-7/40*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(9/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+11/20*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(9/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(75d^4 - 28d^3ex^2 - 80d^2e^2x^4 + 24de^3x^6 + 21e^4x^8)}{(d - ex^2)^2(d + ex^2)} + \frac{3id\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}(7E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x)|-1) - \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}})}{120d^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d - e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((x*(75*d^4 - 28*d^3*e*x^2 - 80*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 24*d*e^3*x^6 + 21*e^4*x^8))/((d - e*x^2)^2*(d + e*x^2)) + ((3*I)*d*sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(7*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - 22*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/sqrt[-(e/d)]/(120*d^6*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 316$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(7ex^2+9d)}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d^2e} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{7ex^2+9d}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d^2} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(40ex^2+19d)}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{8x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{40ex^2+19d}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{8x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{3de(7d-59ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{59x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{59x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{7d-59ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{2d}}{3d} + \frac{\frac{8x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{10d^2} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{59x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \left(\frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{6de(11ex^2+4d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} \right)}{3d} + \frac{\frac{8x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{10d^2} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{59x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \left(\frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{11ex^2+4d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d} + \frac{\frac{8x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{10d^2} + \frac{x}{10d^2(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{59x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{de(15d-7ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{2d}}{3d} + \frac{\frac{8x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{10d^2} + \frac{1}{10d} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{59x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{de(15d-7ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{2d}}{3d} + \frac{\frac{8x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{10d^2} + \frac{1}{10d^2(d} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{59x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{3 \left(\frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{15d-7ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{2d}}{3d}}{10d^2} + \frac{\frac{8x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{10d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{59x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{3 \left(\frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{22d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{2d} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{2d}}{3d}}{10d^2} + \frac{\frac{8x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{10d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 289

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{59x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{3 \left(\frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{22d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{2d} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{2d}}{3d}}{10d^2} + \frac{\frac{8x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{10d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 329

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{59x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d}{3d}}{\frac{22d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{2d}} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \frac{2d}{10d^2} + \dots$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{59x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d}{3d}}{\frac{22d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{2d}} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \frac{2d}{10d^2} + \dots$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

↓ 765

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{59x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{22d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{d} \right) \frac{2d}{3d} \frac{2d}{10d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

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$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{59x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{22d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right) - 7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{7d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{d} \right) \frac{2d}{3d} \frac{2d}{10d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

input

```
Int[1/((d - e*x^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(x/(10*d^2*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((8*x)/(3*d*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((59*x)/(2*d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (3*((11*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((-7*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + ((-7*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (22*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d))/d)/(2*d))/(3*d))/(10*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 289

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 316

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 329 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
 a*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) Int[Sqrt[1
 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b
 *c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)
 ^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +
 Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr
 eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&
 (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplifierSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x
 _)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(
 q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
 Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)
 (p + 1) + d(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
 , c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])
)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
 && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
 [a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
 [b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^q_.), x
 _Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
 + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
 x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
 e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{48d^5e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{5(-e^2x^2+de)x}{32ed^6\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{40d^4e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{11x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{120e^2d^5\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{53(-e^2x^2-de)x}{160ed^6\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{48d^5e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{5(-e^2x^2+de)x}{32ed^6\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{40d^4e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{11x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{120e^2d^5\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{53(-e^2x^2-de)x}{160ed^6\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}}$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{48d^5e^2}x(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}/(x^2+d/e)^2+5/32(-e^2x^2+d)e/e/d^6x/(x^2+d/e)(-e^2x^2+d)^{1/2}-1/40d^4/e^3x(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}/(x^2-d/e)^3+11/120e^2/d^5x(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}/(x^2-d/e)^2-53/160(-e^2x^2-d)e/e/d^6x/(x^2-d/e)(-e^2x^2-d)^{1/2}+3/8d^5/(e/d)^{1/2}(1-e*x^2/d)^{1/2}(1+e*x^2/d)^{1/2}/(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}*\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{1/2},I)+7/40d^5/(e/d)^{1/2}(1-e*x^2/d)^{1/2}(1+e*x^2/d)^{1/2}/(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}*(\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{1/2},I)-\text{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^{1/2},I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{21(e^6x^{10} - de^5x^8 - 2d^2e^4x^6 + 2d^3e^3x^4 + d^4e^2x^2 - d^5e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - 3((15de^5 + 7e^6)x^1$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/120*(21*(e^6*x^10 - d*e^5*x^8 - 2*d^2*e^4*x^6 + 2*d^3*e^3*x^4 + d^4*e^2*x^2 - d^5*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - 3*((15*d*e^5 + 7*e^6)*x^10 - (15*d^2*e^4 + 7*d*e^5)*x^8 - 2*(15*d^3*e^3 + 7*d^2*e^4)*x^6 - 15*d^6 - 7*d^5*e + 2*(15*d^4*e^2 + 7*d^3*e^3)*x^4 + (15*d^5*e + 7*d^4*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (21*e^5*x^9 + 24*d*e^4*x^7 - 80*d^2*e^3*x^5 - 28*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 75*d^4*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^6*e^6*x^10 - d^7*e^5*x^8 - 2*d^8*e^4*x^6 + 2*d^9*e^3*x^4 + d^10*e^2*x^2 - d^11*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\int \frac{1}{-d^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + d^4ex^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + 2d^3e^2x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - 2d^2e^3x^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - de^4x^8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x**2+d)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(1/(-d**5*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + d**4*e*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) - d*e**4*x**8*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + e**5*x**10*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}(ex^2 - d)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(-1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 - d)), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}(d - ex^2)} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d - e*x^2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d - e*x^2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^7x^{14} - de^6x^{12} - 3d^2e^5x^{10} + 3d^3e^4x^8 + 3d^4e^3x^6 - 3d^5e^2x^4 - d^6ex^2 + d^7} dx$$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**7 - d**6*e*x**2 - 3*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 3*d**4*e**3*x**6 + 3*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 3*d**2*e**5*x**10 - d*e**6*x**12 + e**7*x**14),x)`

3.124 $\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^2 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1187
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1188
Rubi [A] (verified)	1188
Maple [A] (verified)	1198
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1198
Sympy [F]	1199
Maxima [F]	1199
Giac [F]	1200
Mupad [F(-1)]	1200
Reduce [F]	1200

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 261

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^2 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x}{14d^2 (d-ex^2)^2 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x}{70d^3 (d-ex^2) (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(54d+77ex^2)}{420d^5 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(90d+77ex^2)}{280d^7 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{11\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{40d^{11/2} \sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{167\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{280d^{11/2} \sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/14*x/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+11/70*x/d^3/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/420*x*(77*e*x^2+54*d)/d^5/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/280*x*(77*e*x^2+90*d)/d^7/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-11/40*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(11/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+167/280*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(11/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x(570d^5 - 503d^4ex^2 - 662d^3e^2x^4 + 694d^2e^3x^6 + 192de^4x^8 - 231e^5x^{10}) + (231I)d*(d - e*x^2)^3*(d + e*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{EllipticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - (501*I)*d*(d - e*x^2)^3*(d + e*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-(e/d)]*x], -1]}{(840*d^7*\text{Sqrt}[-(e/d)]*(d - e*x^2)^3*(d + e*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4]}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d - e*x^2)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x*(570*d^5 - 503*d^4*e*x^2 - 662*d^3*e^2*x^4 + 694*d^2*e^3*x^6 + 192*d*e^4*x^8 - 231*e^5*x^10) + (231*I)*d*(d - e*x^2)^3*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - (501*I)*d*(d - e*x^2)^3*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1)]/(840*d^7*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(d - e*x^2)^3*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 19, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.704$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{316}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(9ex^2+13d)}{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{14d^2e} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{9ex^2+13d}{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{14d^2} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(77ex^2+54d)}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d^2e} + \frac{11x}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{77ex^2+54d}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{11x}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(655ex^2+193d)}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{131x}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{655ex^2 + 193d}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{6d} + \frac{\frac{131x}{6d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} + \frac{\frac{11x}{5d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}}{14d^2} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d - ex^2)^{7/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{6de(77d - 424ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{\frac{424x}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}}{6d} + \frac{\frac{131x}{6d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} + \frac{\frac{11x}{5d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}}{14d^2} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d - ex^2)^{7/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{424x}{d\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{77d - 424ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{d}}{6d} + \frac{\frac{131x}{6d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} + \frac{\frac{11x}{5d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}}{14d^2} + \frac{x}{14d^2(d - ex^2)^{7/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{424x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{167x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3de(167ex^2+13d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} \right)}{d}}{6d} + \frac{\frac{131x}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} + \frac{\frac{11x}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)}}{14d^2} \right)$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{424x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{167x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{167ex^2+13d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{2d} \right)}{d}}{6d} + \frac{\frac{131x}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} + \frac{\frac{11x}{5d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)}}{14d^2} \right)$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{424x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d}{6d}}{\frac{167x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2de(90d-77ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} - \frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{5d} + \frac{\frac{131x}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{14d^2} + \frac{1}{5d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{424x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d}{6d}}{\frac{167x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{90d-77ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d} - \frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{5d} + \frac{\frac{131x}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{14d^2} + \frac{1}{5d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{424x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{167d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{\frac{6d}{5d}} + \frac{\frac{131x}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}}{14d^2} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

289

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{424x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{167d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{\frac{6d}{5d}} + \frac{\frac{131x}{6d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}}{14d^2} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

329

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{424x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d}{6d} \left(\frac{167x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{167d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{77d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \right)$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

327

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{424x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d}{6d} \left(\frac{167x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{167d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{77d^{3/2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{77x}{d} \right) \right)$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

765

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{424x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{167x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{167d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{77x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

762

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{424x}{d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{167x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{167d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

input `Int[1/((d - e*x^2)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)), x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(x/(14*d^2*(d - e*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((11*x)/(5*d*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((131*x)/(6*d*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((424*x)/(d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (3*((167*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(2*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((-77*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + ((-77*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (167*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], -1])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/d)/(2*d)))/d)/(6*d))/(5*d))/(14*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 289

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]*((c + d*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^FracPart[p]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 316

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a*b, 0])$

rule 399 $\text{Int}(((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 402 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{56d^4e^4\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} - \frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{35d^5e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{439x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3360d^6e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{59(-e^2x^2-de)x}{160ed^7\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{96d^6e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{1}{32ed}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{56d^4e^4\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} - \frac{2x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{35d^5e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{439x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{3360d^6e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{59(-e^2x^2-de)x}{160ed^7\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2-de)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{96d^6e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{1}{32ed}$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{56d^4x/e^4}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-d/e)^4 - \frac{2}{35d^5/e^3x}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-d/e)^3 + \frac{439}{3360d^6/e^2x^2}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-d/e)^2 - \frac{59}{160}(-e^2x^2-d*e)/e/d^7x/((x^2-d/e)*(-e^2x^2-d*e))^{(1/2)} + \frac{1}{96d^6/e^2x^2}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(x^2+d/e)^2 + \frac{3}{32d^6/e^2x}(-e^2x^2+d*e)/e/d^7x/((x^2+d/e)*(-e^2x^2+d*e))^{(1/2)} + \frac{9}{28d^6/(e/d)^{(1/2)}}(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I) + \frac{11}{40d^6/(e/d)^{(1/2)}}(1-e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(EllipticF(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I) - EllipticE(x*(e/d)^{(1/2)},I))$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{231(e^7x^{12} - 2de^6x^{10} - d^2e^5x^8 + 4d^3e^4x^6 - d^4e^3x^4 - 2d^5e^2x^2 + d^6e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}) | -1) - 3((90$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/840*(231*(e^7*x^12 - 2*d*e^6*x^10 - d^2*e^5*x^8 + 4*d^3*e^4*x^6 - d^4*e^3*x^4 - 2*d^5*e^2*x^2 + d^6*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - 3*((90*d*e^6 + 77*e^7)*x^12 - 2*(90*d^2*e^5 + 77*d*e^6)*x^10 - (90*d^3*e^4 + 77*d^2*e^5)*x^8 + 90*d^7 + 77*d^6*e + 4*(90*d^4*e^3 + 77*d^3*e^4)*x^6 - (90*d^5*e^2 + 77*d^4*e^3)*x^4 - 2*(90*d^6*e + 77*d^5*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (231*e^6*x^11 - 192*d*e^5*x^9 - 694*d^2*e^4*x^7 + 662*d^3*e^3*x^5 + 503*d^4*e^2*x^3 - 570*d^5*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^7*e^7*x^12 - 2*d^8*e^6*x^10 - d^9*e^5*x^8 + 4*d^10*e^4*x^6 - d^11*e^3*x^4 - 2*d^12*e^2*x^2 + d^13*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{5/2} (-d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x**2+d)**2/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**5/2)*(-d + e*x**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2} (ex^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 - d)^2), x)
```


Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 - d)^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2} (d - ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d - e*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d - e*x^2)^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{-e^8x^{16} + 2de^7x^{14} + 2d^2e^6x^{12} - 6d^3e^5x^{10} + 6d^5e^3x^6 - 2d^6e^2x^4 - 2d^7e} dx$$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**8 - 2*d**7*e*x**2 - 2*d**6*e**2*x**4 + 6*d**5*e**3*x**6 - 6*d**3*e**5*x**10 + 2*d**2*e**6*x**12 + 2*d*e**7*x**14 - e**8*x**16),x)`

3.125 $\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^3 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1201
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1202
Rubi [A] (verified)	1202
Maple [A] (verified)	1218
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1218
Sympy [F]	1219
Maxima [F]	1219
Giac [F]	1220
Mupad [F(-1)]	1220
Reduce [F]	1220

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 295

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^3 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x}{18d^2 (d-ex^2)^3 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{9d^3 (d-ex^2)^2 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x}{60d^4 (d-ex^2) (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(39d+77ex^2)}{360d^6 (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(65d+77ex^2)}{240d^8 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{77\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{240d^{13/2} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{71\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{120d^{13/2} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

```
output 1/18*x/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/9*x/d^3/(-e*x^2+d)^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+11/60*x/d^4/(-e*x^2+d)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/360*x*(77*e*x^2+39*d)/d^6/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/240*x*(77*e*x^2+65*d)/d^8/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-77/240*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(13/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+71/120*(1-e^2*x^4/d^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2),I)/d^(13/2)/e^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(525d^6 - 778d^5ex^2 - 399d^4e^2x^4 + 1236d^3e^3x^6 - 277d^2e^4x^8 - 498de^5x^{10} + 231e^6x^{12})}{(d - ex^2)^4(d + ex^2)} + \frac{3id\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}}{720d^8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d - e*x^2)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((x*(525*d^6 - 778*d^5*e*x^2 - 399*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 1236*d^3*e^3*x^6 - 277*d^2*e^4*x^8 - 498*d*e^5*x^10 + 231*e^6*x^12))/((d - e*x^2)^4*(d + e*x^2)) + ((3*I)*d*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(77*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1] - 142*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -1]))/Sqrt[-(e/d)]/(720*d^8*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 21, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.778$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 399, 289, 329, 327, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1396

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{11/2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 316

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(11ex^2+17d)}{(d-ex^2)^{9/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{18d^2e} + \frac{x}{18d^2(d-ex^2)^{9/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{11ex^2+17d}{(d-ex^2)^{9/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{18d^2} + \frac{x}{18d^2(d-ex^2)^{9/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{42de(6ex^2+5d)}{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{14d^2e} + \frac{2x}{d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{18d^2(d-ex^2)^{9/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{6ex^2+5d}{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{2x}{d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{18d^2(d-ex^2)^{9/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(77ex^2+39d)}{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d^2e} + \frac{11x}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{d} + \frac{2x}{d(d-ex^2)^{7/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{18d^2(d-ex^2)^{9/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{77ex^2 + 39d}{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{10d} + \frac{11x}{10d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{d} + \frac{2x}{d(d - ex^2)^{7/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{18d^2(d - ex^2)^{9/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(290ex^2 + 59d)}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{58x}{3d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x}{10d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{d} + \frac{2x}{d(d - ex^2)^{7/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{290ex^2 + 59d}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{58x}{3d(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x}{10d(d - ex^2)^{5/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{d} + \frac{2x}{d(d - ex^2)^{7/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{3de(77d-349ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{349x}{3d \cdot 2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{58x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{d}{18d^2}$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{349x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{77d-349ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{2d}}{3d} + \frac{58x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{d}{18d^2}$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

↓ 402

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{349x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d}{3d} \left(\frac{71x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{6de(6d-71ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} \right) \right. \\
 & \left. + \frac{58x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{d}{18d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}$

$\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{349x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{6d-71ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{71x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3}{10d} + \frac{58x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11x}{10d(d-ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{d}{18d^2} \\
 & \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{349x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{de(65d-77ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} + \frac{71x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3}{10d} + \frac{58x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{10d}{18d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{349x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{65d-77ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} + \frac{71x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3}{10d} + \frac{58x}{3d(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{10d} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{18d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 399

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{142d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{71x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{349x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d}{3d} \\
 & \frac{3}{10d} + \frac{5}{3d(d-ex^2)^3} \\
 & \frac{d}{18d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{142d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{\frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d} + \frac{71x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}} \right) \\
 & \frac{\frac{349x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d}{3d}}{3} + \frac{10d}{3d(d-ex^2)} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{d} + \frac{d}{18d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{142d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{77d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{ex^2}{d}}} dx}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{71x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{349x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d}{3d} \\
 & \frac{3}{10d} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{18d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

$$\left(\frac{142d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx - \frac{77d^{3/2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{349x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d}{3d} - \frac{2d}{10d} - \frac{d}{18d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}$$

↓ 765

$$\left(\frac{142d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}} dx - \frac{77x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right) - 1}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{d} + \frac{349x}{2d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d}{3d} - \frac{10d}{18d^2} \right) \sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{349x}{2d\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{77x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{142d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{77d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^4}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d}{3d} - \frac{2d}{10d} - \frac{d}{18d^2}$$

input `Int[1/((d - e*x^2)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]*(x/(18*d^2*(d - e*x^2)^{(9/2)}*(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)})) \\ & + ((2*x)/(d*(d - e*x^2)^{(7/2)}*(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)})) + (3*((11*x)/(10*d \\ & *(d - e*x^2)^{(5/2)}*(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)})) + ((58*x)/(3*d*(d - e*x^2)^{(3/2)}*(d \\ & + e*x^2)^{(3/2)})) + ((349*x)/(2*d*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)})) - (3*((\\ & 71*x*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2])/(d*(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)})) + ((77*x*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2])/(2*d \\ & *\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2])) - ((-77*d^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin} \\ & [(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d]], -1])/(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2])) + (1 \\ & 42*d^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d]], \\ & -1])/(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]))/(2*d))/d)/(2*d))/(3*d))/(\\ & 10*d))/d)/(18*d^2))/\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4] \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \;/; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] \;/; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 289

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((c + d*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(a*c + b*d*x^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \quad \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x], x] \;/; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 316

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q + 1)}/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] \;/; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] \;/; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 329 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2*(x^4/a^2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])) \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && !(LtQ[a*c, 0] && GtQ[a*b, 0])

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{192d^7e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{7(-e^2x^2+de)x}{128ed^8\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{72d^4e^5\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^5} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{24d^5e^4\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} - \frac{121x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{1440d^6e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{37x}{240d^7e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{192d^7e^2\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{7(-e^2x^2+de)x}{128ed^8\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{d}{e}\right)(-e^2x^2+de)}} - \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{72d^4e^5\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^5} + \frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{24d^5e^4\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} - \frac{121x\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{1440d^6e^3\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{37x}{240d^7e^2\left(x^2-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2}$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{192d^7e^2}x(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}/(x^2+d/e)^2 + \frac{7}{128}(-e^2x^2+de)/e/d^8x/((x^2+d/e)(-e^2x^2+de))^{1/2} - \frac{1}{72d^4}x/e^5(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}/(x^2-d/e)^5 + \frac{1}{24d^5}e^4x(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}/(x^2-d/e)^4 - \frac{121}{1440d^6}e^3(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}/(x^2-d/e)^3 + \frac{37}{240d^7}e^2(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}/(x^2-d/e)^2 - \frac{721}{1920}(-e^2x^2-d/e)/e/d^8x/((x^2-d/e)(-e^2x^2-d/e))^{1/2} + \frac{13}{48d^7}(e/d)^{1/2}(1-e*x^2/d)^{1/2}(1+e*x^2/d)^{1/2}/(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2} * \text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{1/2}, I) + \frac{77}{240d^7}(e/d)^{1/2}(1-e*x^2/d)^{1/2}(1+e*x^2/d)^{1/2}/(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2} * (\text{EllipticF}(x*(e/d)^{1/2}, I) - \text{EllipticE}(x*(e/d)^{1/2}, I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 445, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{231(e^8x^{14} - 3de^7x^{12} + d^2e^6x^{10} + 5d^3e^5x^8 - 5d^4e^4x^6 - d^5e^3x^4 + 3d^6e^2x^2 - d^7e)\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}E(\arcsin(x\sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}))}{(d-ex^2)^3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/720*(231*(e^8*x^14 - 3*d*e^7*x^12 + d^2*e^6*x^10 + 5*d^3*e^5*x^8 - 5*d^4*e^4*x^6 - d^5*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^6*e^2*x^2 - d^7*e)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) - 3*((65*d*e^7 + 77*e^8)*x^14 - 3*(65*d^2*e^6 + 77*d*e^7)*x^12 + (65*d^3*e^5 + 77*d^2*e^6)*x^10 + 5*(65*d^4*e^4 + 77*d^3*e^5)*x^8 - 65*d^8 - 77*d^7*e - 5*(65*d^5*e^3 + 77*d^4*e^4)*x^6 - (65*d^6*e^2 + 77*d^5*e^3)*x^4 + 3*(65*d^7*e + 77*d^6*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*sqrt(e/d)), -1) + (231*e^7*x^13 - 498*d*e^6*x^11 - 277*d^2*e^5*x^9 + 1236*d^3*e^4*x^7 - 399*d^4*e^3*x^5 - 778*d^5*e^2*x^3 + 525*d^6*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d^8*e^8*x^14 - 3*d^9*e^7*x^12 + d^10*e^6*x^10 + 5*d^11*e^5*x^8 - 5*d^12*e^4*x^6 - d^13*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^14*e^2*x^2 - d^15*e)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\int \frac{1}{-d^7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + 3d^6ex^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - d^5e^2x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} - 5d^4e^3x^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} + 5d^3e^4x^8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x**2+d)**3/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(1/(-d**7*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + 3*d**6*e*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) - d**5*e**2*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) - 5*d**4*e**3*x**6*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + 5*d**3*e**4*x**8*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + d**2*e**5*x**10*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) - 3*d*e**6*x**12*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4) + e**7*x**14*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2} (ex^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `-integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 - d)^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2} (ex^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 - d)^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2} (d - ex^2)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d - e*x^2)^3), x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d - e*x^2)^3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^9x^{18} - 3de^8x^{16} + 8d^3e^6x^{12} - 6d^4e^5x^{10} - 6d^5e^4x^8 + 8d^6e^3x^6 - 3d^8ex^4}$$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2), x)`

output

```
int(sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)/(d**9 - 3*d**8*e*x**2 + 8*d**6*e**3*x**6 - 6*d*  
*5*e**4*x**8 - 6*d**4*e**5*x**10 + 8*d**3*e**6*x**12 - 3*d*e**8*x**16 + e*  
*9*x**18),x)
```

3.126 $\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1222
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1222
Rubi [A] (verified)	1223
Maple [C] (verified)	1224
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1225
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1225
Maxima [F]	1226
Giac [F]	1226
Mupad [F(-1)]	1226
Reduce [F]	1227

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = -E(\arcsin(x)|-1) + 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), -1)$$

output `-EllipticE(x,I)+2*EllipticF(x,I)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, x^4\right) - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, x^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - x^2)/Sqrt[1 - x^4],x]`

output

$$x \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, x^4] - (x^3 \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, x^4])/3$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {1388, 326, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1388 \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 326 \\ & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 284 \\ & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 327 \\ & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx - E(\arcsin(x)|-1) \\ & \quad \downarrow 762 \\ & 2 \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), -1) - E(\arcsin(x)|-1) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(1-x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1-x^4], x]$$

output

$$-\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[x], -1] + 2 \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[x], -1]$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 284 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a \cdot c + b \cdot d \cdot x^4)^p, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))

rule 326 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/d \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c - a \cdot d) / d \text{ Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && NegQ[b/a]

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b/a, 4])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4] \cdot x], -1], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 1388 $\text{Int}[(u_) \cdot ((a_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)} \cdot ((d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u \cdot (d + e \cdot x^n)^{(p+q)} \cdot (a/d + (c/e) \cdot x^n)^p, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{x^3 \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], x^4\right)}{3} + x \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], x^4\right)$	27
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x,i) - \text{EllipticE}(x,i))}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x,i)}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$	69
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x,i) - \text{EllipticE}(x,i))}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x,i)}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$	69

input `int((-x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],x^4)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 23 vs. $2(11) = 22$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \frac{i x E(\arcsin(\frac{1}{x}) | -1) + \sqrt{-x^4 + 1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(I*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/x), -1) + sqrt(-x^4 + 1))/x`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(7) = 14$.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.69

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = -\frac{x^3 \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4}; x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4 \Gamma(\frac{7}{4})} + \frac{x \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}; x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4 \Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}$$

input `integrate((-x**2+1)/(-x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = -\int \frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

input `int(-(x^2 - 1)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `-int((x^2 - 1)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `int((-x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(-x**4+1)/(x**2+1),x)`

3.127 $\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1228
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1228
Rubi [A] (verified)	1229
Maple [B] (verified)	1231
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1231
Sympy [F]	1232
Maxima [F]	1232
Giac [F]	1232
Mupad [F(-1)]	1233
Reduce [F]	1233

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^4}}{2(1-x^2)} - \frac{1}{2}E(\arcsin(x)|-1) + \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), -1)$$

output `x*(-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-2*x^2+2)-1/2*EllipticE(x,I)+EllipticF(x,I)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(-E(\arcsin(x)|-1) + \frac{x+x^3+2\sqrt{1-x^4}\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x),-1)}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((1-x^2)*Sqrt[1-x^4]),x]`

output `(-EllipticE[ArcSin[x], -1] + (x + x^3 + 2*Sqrt[1 - x^4]*EllipticF[ArcSin[x], -1])/Sqrt[1 - x^4])/2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {1388, 316, 326, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}x}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{326} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}x}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{284} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}x}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx - E(\arcsin(x)|-1) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}x}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} (2 \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), -1) - E(\arcsin(x)|-1)) + \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}x}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((1 - x^2)*Sqrt[1 - x^4]),x]`

output $(x\sqrt{1+x^2})/(2\sqrt{1-x^2}) + (-\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[x], -1] + 2\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[x], -1])/2$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 284 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot (x_)^2)^{p_}) \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot (x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a \cdot c + b \cdot d \cdot x^4)^p, x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x$ $\&\& \text{EqQ}[b \cdot c + a \cdot d, 0]$ $\&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \mid\mid (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0]))$

rule 316 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot (x_)^2)^{p_}) \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot (x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d))$, $x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[b \cdot c + 2 \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) + d \cdot b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x]$, $x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x$ $\&\& \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$ $\&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$ $\&\& (!(\text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[q] \&\& \text{LtQ}[q, -1]))$ $\&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 326 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot (x_)^2)] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot (x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/d \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c - a \cdot d) / d \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x$ $\&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c]$ $\&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot (x_)^2)] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot (x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))]$, $x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x$ $\&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c]$ $\&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0]$ $\&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot (x_)^4)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4] \cdot x], -1], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x$ $\&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$ $\&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1388

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs. $2(31) = 62$.

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(x^2+1)}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x,i))}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{(-x^2-1)x}{2\sqrt{(x^2-1)(-x^2-1)}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x,i))}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1}}$
default	$-\frac{-x^3+x^2-x+1}{4\sqrt{(1+x)(-x^3+x^2-x+1)}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x,i))}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1}} - \frac{-}{4\sqrt{x}}$

input

```
int(1/(-x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*x*(x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2)+1/2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2)
+1/2*EllipticF(x,I)+1/2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x,I)-EllipticE(x,I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(x^2-1)E(\arcsin(x) | -1) - 2(x^2-1)F(\arcsin(x) | -1) + \sqrt{-x^4+1}x}{2(x^2-1)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output `-1/2*((x^2 - 1)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x), -1) - 2*(x^2 - 1)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x), -1) + sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*x)/(x^2 - 1)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^4} - \sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-x**2+1)/(-x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(1 - x**4) - sqrt(1 - x**4)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}(x^2-1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/(sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*(x^2 - 1)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}(x^2-1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/(sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*(x^2 - 1)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{1}{(x^2-1)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

input `int(-1/((x^2 - 1)*(1 - x^4)^(1/2)),x)`output `-int(1/((x^2 - 1)*(1 - x^4)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}{x^6-x^4-x^2+1} dx$$

input `int(1/(-x^2+1)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(-x**4+1)/(x**6-x**4-x**2+1),x)`

3.128 $\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1234
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1234
Rubi [A] (verified)	1235
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1236
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1236
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1237
Maxima [F]	1237
Giac [F]	1237
Mupad [F(-1)]	1238
Reduce [F]	1238

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}E(\arcsin(x)|-1)}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-x^4} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), -1)}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}}$$

output -(-x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x,I)/(x^4-1)^(1/2)+2*(-x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x,I)/(x^4-1)^(1/2)

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}(-3x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, x^4) + x^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, x^4))}{3\sqrt{-1+x^4}}$$

input Integrate[(1 - x^2)/Sqrt[-1 + x^4],x]

output

```
-1/3*(Sqrt[1 - x^4]*(-3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, x^4] + x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, x^4]))/Sqrt[-1 + x^4]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$, Rules used = {1499}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

↓ 1499

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2-1}\sqrt{x^2+1}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} - \frac{x(x^2+1)}{\sqrt{x^4-1}}$$

input

```
Int[(1 - x^2)/Sqrt[-1 + x^4],x]
```

output

```
-((x*(1 + x^2))/Sqrt[-1 + x^4]) + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-1 + x^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*x)/Sqrt[-1 + x^2]], 1/2])/Sqrt[-1 + x^4]
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1499

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[e*x*((q + c*x^2)/(c*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])), x] - Simp[Sqrt[2]*e*q*Sqrt[-a + q*x^2]*(Sqrt[(a + q*x^2)/q]/(Sqrt[-a]*c*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[x/Sqrt[(a + q*x^2)/(2*q)]], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[c*d + e*q, 0] && IntegerQ[q] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\operatorname{signum}(x^4-1)} x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], x^4\right)}{3\sqrt{\operatorname{signum}(x^4-1)}} + \frac{\sqrt{-\operatorname{signum}(x^4-1)} x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], x^4\right)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{signum}(x^4-1)}}$	63
default	$\frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(ix,i))}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)}{\sqrt{x^4-1}}$	78
elliptic	$\frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(ix,i))}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)}{\sqrt{x^4-1}}$	78

input `int((-x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3/signum(x^4-1)^(1/2)*(-signum(x^4-1))^(1/2)*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],x^4)+1/signum(x^4-1)^(1/2)*(-signum(x^4-1))^(1/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = -\frac{x E(\arcsin(\frac{1}{x}) \mid -1) + \sqrt{x^4-1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/x), -1) + sqrt(x^4 - 1))/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \frac{ix^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \right. x^4}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \right. x^4}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-x**2+1)/(x**4-1)**(1/2),x)`output `I*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4)/(4*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), x**4)/(4*gamma(5/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate((x^2 - 1)/sqrt(x^4 - 1), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(-(x^2 - 1)/sqrt(x^4 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `int(-(x^2 - 1)/(x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`output `-int((x^2 - 1)/(x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4-1}}{x^2+1} dx \right)$$

input `int((-x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2), x)`output `- int(sqrt(x**4 - 1)/(x**2 + 1), x)`

3.129 $\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1239
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1239
Rubi [A] (verified)	1240
Maple [A] (verified)	1241
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1241
Sympy [F]	1242
Maxima [F]	1242
Giac [F]	1242
Mupad [F(-1)]	1243
Reduce [F]	1243

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{-1+x^4}}{2(1-x^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}E(\arcsin(x)|-1)}{2\sqrt{-1+x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), -1)}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/2*x*(x^4-1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)-1/2*(-x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x,I)/(x^4-1)^(1/2)+(-x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x,I)/(x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \frac{x + x^3 - \sqrt{1-x^4}E(\arcsin(x)|-1) + 2\sqrt{1-x^4} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), -1)}{2\sqrt{-1+x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((1-x^2)*Sqrt[-1+x^4]),x]
```


output $(x + x^3 - \text{Sqrt}[1 - x^4] * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[x], -1] + 2 * \text{Sqrt}[1 - x^4] * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[x], -1]) / (2 * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + x^4])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.053$, Rules used = {1392}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

↓ 1392

$$\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} - \frac{x E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2-1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}}$$

input $\text{Int}[1/((1 - x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + x^4]),x]$

output $x/\text{Sqrt}[-1 + x^4] - (x * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[2] * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + x^2])/\text{Sqrt}[-1 + x^4]], 1/2]) / (\text{Sqrt}[2] * \text{Sqrt}[x^2])$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1392 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x/(d*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]), x] - \text{Simp}[(x/(d*\text{Sqrt}[-2*a]*\text{Sqrt}[(-e/d)*x^2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[-2*a]*(\text{Sqrt}[-1 - (e/d)*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4])], 1/2], x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \& \ \& \ \text{NegQ}[e/d]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(x^2+1)}{2\sqrt{x^4-1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)}{2\sqrt{x^4-1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(ix,i))}{2\sqrt{x^4-1}}$
elliptic	$\frac{(x^2+1)x}{2\sqrt{(x^2-1)(x^2+1)}} - \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)}{2\sqrt{x^4-1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(ix,i))}{2\sqrt{x^4-1}}$
default	$\frac{x^3-x^2+x-1}{4\sqrt{(1+x)(x^3-x^2+x-1)}} - \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)}{2\sqrt{x^4-1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(ix,i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(ix,i))}{2\sqrt{x^4-1}} + \frac{x}{4\sqrt{x^4-1}}$

input `int(1/(-x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*x*(x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2)-1/2*I*(x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(I*x,I)+1/2*I*(x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(I*x,I)-EllipticE(I*x,I))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ix^2 - i)E(\arcsin(x) | -1) - 2(ix^2 - i)F(\arcsin(x) | -1) + \sqrt{x^4 - 1}x}{2(x^2 - 1)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*((I*x^2 - I)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x), -1) - 2*(I*x^2 - I)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x), -1) + sqrt(x^4 - 1)*x)/(x^2 - 1)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{x^4-1} - \sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-x**2+1)/(x**4-1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(x**4 - 1) - sqrt(x**4 - 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4-1}(x^2-1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/(sqrt(x^4 - 1)*(x^2 - 1)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4-1}(x^2-1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/(sqrt(x^4 - 1)*(x^2 - 1)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{1}{(x^2-1)\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `int(-1/((x^2 - 1)*(x^4 - 1)^(1/2)),x)`output `-int(1/((x^2 - 1)*(x^4 - 1)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4-1}}{x^6-x^4-x^2+1} dx \right)$$

input `int(1/(-x^2+1)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x)`output `- int(sqrt(x**4 - 1)/(x**6 - x**4 - x**2 + 1),x)`

3.130 $\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1244
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1244
Rubi [A] (verified)	1245
Maple [A] (verified)	1248
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1249
Sympy [F]	1250
Maxima [F]	1250
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1250
Mupad [F(-1)]	1251
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1251

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = -\frac{13d^3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{128\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{115d^2ex^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{192\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{23de^2x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{48\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{e^3x^7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{8\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{141d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{128\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
-13/128*d^3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+115/192*d^2*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+23/48*d*e^2*x^5*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/8*e^3*x^7*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+141/128*d^4*arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{1}{384} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}(-39d^3 + 230d^2ex^2 + 184de^2x^4 + 48e^3x^6)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{423id^4 \log\left(-2i\sqrt{ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]`

output `((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-39*d^3 + 230*d^2*e*x^2 + 184*d*e^2*x^4 + 48*e^3*x^6))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + ((423*I)*d^4*Log[(-2*I)*Sqrt[e]*x + (2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/Sqrt[e])/384`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.393$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 25, 27, 403, 25, 27, 299, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1396 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)^3 dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 318 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(-\frac{\int -de\sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d) (17ex^2 + 9d) dx}{8e} - \frac{1}{8}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int de\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)(17ex^2+9d)dx}{8e} - \frac{1}{8}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{8}d \int \sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)(17ex^2+9d)dx - \frac{1}{8}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 403 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{8}d \left(-\frac{\int -de\sqrt{d-ex^2}(139ex^2+71d)dx}{6e} - \frac{17}{6}x(d+ex^2)(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{8}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{\int de\sqrt{d-ex^2}(139ex^2+71d)dx}{6e} - \frac{17}{6}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{8}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{1}{6}d \int \sqrt{d-ex^2}(139ex^2+71d)dx - \frac{17}{6}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{8}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 299 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{423}{4}d \int \sqrt{d-ex^2}dx - \frac{139}{4}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{17}{6}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{8}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 211 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{423}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-ex^2} \right) - \frac{139}{4}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{17}{6}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{8}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \downarrow 224 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{423}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^2}{d-ex^2}+1}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-ex^2} \right) - \frac{139}{4}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{17}{6}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{8}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{8} d \left(\frac{1}{6} d \left(\frac{423}{4} d \left(\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d-ex^2} \right) - \frac{139}{4} x (d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{17}{6} x (d-ex^2)^{3/2} (d+ex^2) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/8*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (d*((-17*x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2))/6 + (d*((-139*x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (423*d*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/2 + (d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/4))/6))/8)/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot (x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot (x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1}) / (b \cdot (2p+3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2p+3)) / (b \cdot (2p+3)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]

rule 318 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot (x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot (x_)^2)^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1}) \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q-1}) / (b \cdot (2(p+q)+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b \cdot (2(p+q)+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q-2)} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (2(p+q)+1) - a \cdot d) + d \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (2(p+2q-1)+1) - a \cdot d \cdot (2(q-1)+1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p+q)+1, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]

rule 403 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot (x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot (x_)^2)^{(q_)} \cdot ((e_) + (f_ \cdot (x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1}) \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (b \cdot (2(p+q+1)+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b \cdot (2(p+q+1)+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q-1)} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f + b \cdot e \cdot 2(p+q+1)) + (d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + f \cdot 2 \cdot q \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) + b \cdot d \cdot e \cdot 2(p+q+1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p+q+1)+1, 0]

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_ \cdot ((a_) + (c_ \cdot (x_)^{(n2_)}))^{(p_)} \cdot ((d_) + (e_ \cdot (x_)^{(n_)}))^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c \cdot x^{(2 \cdot n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / ((d + e \cdot x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \cdot (a/d + c \cdot (x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[u \cdot (d + e \cdot x^n)^{(p+q)} \cdot (a/d + (c/e) \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(48e^{\frac{7}{2}}x^7\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d}+184de^{\frac{5}{2}}x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d}+230d^2e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d}-39\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d}\sqrt{e}d^3x+423\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d}}\right) \right)}{384\sqrt{e^2x^2+d}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d}\sqrt{e}}$
risch	$-\frac{x(-48e^3x^6-184de^2x^4-230d^2ex^2+39d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d}\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{e^2x^2+d}}\sqrt{e^2x^2+d}}{384\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{141d^4\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{e^2x^2+d}}\sqrt{e^2x^2+d}}{128\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{384}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}(48e^{7/2}x^7(-e^2x^2+d)^{1/2}+184de^{5/2}x^5(-e^2x^2+d)^{1/2}+230d^2e^{3/2}x^3(-e^2x^2+d)^{1/2}-39(-e^2x^2+d)^{1/2}e^{1/2}d^3x+423\arctan(e^{1/2}x/(-e^2x^2+d)^{1/2})d^4)/(e^2x^2+d)^{1/2}/(-e^2x^2+d)^{1/2}/e^{1/2}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \left[-\frac{423(d^4ex^2 + d^5)\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{2e^2x^4 + dex^2 - 2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-ex - d^2}}{e^2x^4 - d^2}\right) - 2(48e^4x^7 + 184de^3x^5 + 230d^2e^2x^3 - 39d^3ex)\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{768(e^2x^2 + de)} - \frac{423(d^4ex^2 + d^5)\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex}}{e^2x^4 - d^2}\right) - (48e^4x^7 + 184de^3x^5 + 230d^2e^2x^3 - 39d^3ex)\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{384(e^2x^2 + de)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-\frac{1}{768}(423(d^4e^2x^2 + d^5)\sqrt{-e}\log(-(2e^2x^4 + d^2e^2x^2 - 2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2})\sqrt{e^2x^2 + d})\sqrt{-e}x - d^2)/(e^2x^2 + d) - 2(48e^4x^7 + 184d^3e^3x^5 + 230d^2e^2x^3 - 39d^3e^2x)\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{768(e^2x^2 + de)}, -\frac{1}{384}(423(d^4e^2x^2 + d^5)\sqrt{e}\arctan(\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{e^2x^2 + d})\sqrt{e}x/(e^2x^4 - d^2)) - (48e^4x^7 + 184d^3e^3x^5 + 230d^2e^2x^3 - 39d^3e^2x)\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{384(e^2x^2 + de)} \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}(d + ex^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(5/2)*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))*(d + e*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = -\frac{141 d^4 \log(|-\sqrt{-e}x + \sqrt{-ex^2 + d}|)}{128 \sqrt{-e}} - \frac{1}{384} (39 d^3 - 2 (115 d^2 e + 4 (6 e^3 x^2 + 23 d e^2) x^2) x^2) \sqrt{-ex^2 + d} x$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-141/128*d^4*log(abs(-sqrt(-e)*x + sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)))/sqrt(-e) - 1/384*(39*d^3 - 2*(115*d^2*e + 4*(6*e^3*x^2 + 23*d*e^2)*x^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*x`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} (ex^2 + d)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{423\sqrt{e} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d^4 - 39\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d^3 ex + 230\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d^2 e^2 x^3 + 184\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d e^3 x^5 + 48\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} e^4 x^7}{384e}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `(423*sqrt(e)*asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**4 - 39*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d**3*e*x + 230*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d**2*e**2*x**3 + 184*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d*e**3*x**5 + 48*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*e**4*x**7)/(384*e)`

3.131 $\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1252
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1252
Rubi [A] (verified)	1253
Maple [A] (verified)	1256
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1256
Sympy [F]	1257
Maxima [F]	1257
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1258
Mupad [F(-1)]	1258
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1258

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{3d^2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{16\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{11dex^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{24\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{e^2x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{6\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{13d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{16\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
3/16*d^2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+11/24*d*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/6*e^2*x^5*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+13/16*d^3*arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{1}{48} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}(9d^2 + 22dex^2 + 8e^2x^4)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{39id^3 \log\left(-2i\sqrt{ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output `((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(9*d^2 + 22*d*e*x^2 + 8*e^2*x^4))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + ((39*I)*d^3*Log[(-2*I)*Sqrt[e]*x + (2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/Sqrt[e])/48`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 25, 27, 299, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1396 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)^2 dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 318 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(-\frac{\int -de\sqrt{d-ex^2}(11ex^2+7d)dx}{6e} - \frac{1}{6}x(d+ex^2)(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int de\sqrt{d-ex^2}(11ex^2+7d)dx}{6e} - \frac{1}{6}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{6}d \int \sqrt{d - ex^2}(11ex^2 + 7d) dx - \frac{1}{6}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2}(d + ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 299
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{39}{4}d \int \sqrt{d - ex^2} dx - \frac{11}{4}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d + ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{39}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) - \frac{11}{4}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d + ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{39}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^2}{d - ex^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) - \frac{11}{4}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d + ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{39}{4}d \left(\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) - \frac{11}{4}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d + ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/6*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)) + (d*((-11*x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (39*d*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/2 + (d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/4))/6)/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 211 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_ }, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (2 \cdot p + 1), x] + \text{Simp}[2 \cdot a \cdot (p / (2 \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])

rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x / \text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 299 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_ } \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]

rule 318 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_ } \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_ }), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} / (b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-2} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1) - a \cdot d) + d \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+2 \cdot q - 1) + 1) - a \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot (q-1) + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p+q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_) \cdot ((a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^{n2_ })^{p_ } \cdot ((d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_ })^{q_ }), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c \cdot x^{2 \cdot n})^p \cdot \text{FracPart}[p] / ((d + e \cdot x^n)^q \cdot (a/d + c \cdot (x^n/e)^p)) \text{Int}[u \cdot (d + e \cdot x^n)^{p+q} \cdot (a/d + (c/e) \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(8e^{\frac{5}{2}}x^5\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+22de^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+9\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}d^2x+39\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)d^3 \right)}{48\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}}$	117
risch	$\frac{x(8e^2x^4+22dex^2+9d^2)\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{48\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{13d^3\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{16\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	154

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{48}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(8e^{(5/2)}*x^5*(-ex^2+d)^{(1/2)}+22*d*e^{(3/2)}*x^3*(-ex^2+d)^{(1/2)}+9*(-ex^2+d)^{(1/2)}*e^{(1/2)}*d^2*x+39*\arctan(e^{(1/2)}*x/(-ex^2+d)^{(1/2)})*d^3)/(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/(-ex^2+d)^{(1/2)}/e^{(1/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \left[\frac{39(d^3ex^2 + d^4)\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{2e^2x^4+dex^2-2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex-d^2}}{ex^2+d}\right) - 2(8e^3x^5 + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{96(e^2x^2 + de)} - \frac{39(d^3ex^2 + d^4)\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}x}{e^2x^4-d^2}\right) - (8e^3x^5 + 22de^2x^3 + 9d^2ex)\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{48(e^2x^2 + de)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/96*(39*(d^3*e*x^2 + d^4)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(2*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)) - 2*(8*e^3*x^5 + 22*d*e^2*x^3 + 9*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e), -1/48*(39*(d^3*e*x^2 + d^4)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) - (8*e^3*x^5 + 22*d*e^2*x^3 + 9*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}(d + ex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = -\frac{13d^3 \log(|-\sqrt{-ex} + \sqrt{-ex^2 + d}|)}{16\sqrt{-e}} + \frac{1}{48} (2(4e^2x^2 + 11de)x^2 + 9d^2) \sqrt{-ex^2 + dx}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-13/16*d^3*log(abs(-sqrt(-e)*x + sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)))/sqrt(-e) + 1/48*(2*(4*e^2*x^2 + 11*d*e)*x^2 + 9*d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*x`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{39\sqrt{e} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d^3 + 9\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d^2 ex + 22\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d e^2 x^3 + 8\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d^2 e^2 x^5}{48e}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output

$$\frac{(39\sqrt{e}\operatorname{asin}(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}})d^3 + 9\sqrt{d - ex^2}d^2ex + 22\sqrt{d - ex^2}de^2x^3 + 8\sqrt{d - ex^2}e^3x^5)}{48e}$$

3.132 $\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1260
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1260
Rubi [A] (verified)	1261
Maple [A] (verified)	1263
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1263
Sympy [F]	1264
Maxima [F]	1264
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1265
Mupad [F(-1)]	1265
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1265

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{3dx\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{8\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{ex^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{5d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
3/8*d*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/4*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+5/8*d^2*arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(
1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{x(3d + 2ex^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{5id^2 \log\left(-2i\sqrt{ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output `((x*(3*d + 2*e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + ((5*I)*d^2*Log[(-2*I)*Sqrt[e]*x + (2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/Sqrt[e])/8`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {1396, 299, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d) dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{299} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{5}{4}d \int \sqrt{d - ex^2} dx - \frac{1}{4}x (d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{5}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4}x (d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{5}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{\frac{1}{ex^2}}{\frac{d - ex^2}{d - ex^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4}x (d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{5}{4} d \left(\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d-ex^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4} x (d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/4*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (5*d*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/2 + (d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/4)/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3)), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(2e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}dx+5\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)d^2 \right)}{8\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}}$	96
risch	$\frac{x(2ex^2+3d)\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{8\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{5d^2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{8\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	143

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(2*e^(3/2)*x^3*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+3*e^(1/2)*(-e*x^2
+d)^(1/2)*d*x+5*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-
e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{5(d^2ex^2+d^3)\sqrt{-e}\log\left(-\frac{2e^2x^4+dex^2-2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex-d^2}}{ex^2+d}\right)-2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}(2e^2x^3+3dex)\sqrt{e}}{16(e^2x^2+de)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{5(d^2ex^2+d^3)\sqrt{e}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex}}{e^2x^4-d^2}\right)-\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}(2e^2x^3+3dex)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{8(e^2x^2+de)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/16*(5*(d^2*e*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(2*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)) - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(2*e^2*x^3 + 3*d*e*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e), -1/8*(5*(d^2*e*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) - sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(2*e^2*x^3 + 3*d*e*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)} \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \frac{1}{8} (2ex^2 + 3d) \sqrt{-ex^2 + d} x - \frac{5d^2 \log(|-\sqrt{-ex} + \sqrt{-ex^2 + d}|)}{8\sqrt{-e}}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*(2*e*x^2 + 3*d)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*x - 5/8*d^2*log(abs(-sqrt(-e)*x + sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)))/sqrt(-e)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{e} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d^2 + 3\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} dex + 2\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} e^2 x^3}{8e}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output $(5\sqrt{e}\operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{e}x/\sqrt{d})d^{**2} + 3\sqrt{d - e*x**2}d*e*x + 2*\operatorname{sqr}t(d - e*x**2)*e**2*x**3)/(8*e)$

3.133 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1267
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1267
Rubi [A] (verified)	1268
Maple [A] (verified)	1269
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1270
Sympy [F]	1270
Maxima [F]	1271
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1271
Mupad [F(-1)]	1271
Reduce [F]	1272

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d*arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{id \log\left(-2i\sqrt{ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4})/(2\sqrt{d + ex^2}) + ((I/2)*d*\text{Log}[(-2*I)*\text{Sqrt}[e]*x + (2*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/ \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/\text{Sqrt}[e]}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1396, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \sqrt{d - ex^2} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^2}{d - ex^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2], x]$$

output
$$\frac{(\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} * ((x \sqrt{d - e x^2}) / 2 + (d \operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{e} x) / \sqrt{d - e x^2}])) / (2 \sqrt{e}))}{(\sqrt{d - e x^2} * \sqrt{d + e x^2})}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[x \cdot (a + b x^2)^p / (2p + 1), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[2a \cdot (p / (2p + 1)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])

rule 216
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1 / (\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] * \operatorname{Rt}[b, 2])) * \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2] * (x / \operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])

rule 224
$$\operatorname{Int}[1 / \sqrt{(a + (b \cdot x)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1 / (1 - b x^2), x], x, x / \sqrt{a + b x^2}] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 1396
$$\operatorname{Int}[(u \cdot (a + (c \cdot x)^{n2}))^p * ((d + (e \cdot x)^n)^q), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(a + c x^{2n})^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} / ((d + e x^n)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} * (a/d + c(x^n/e)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]})) \operatorname{Int}[u * (d + e x^n)^{p+q} * (a/d + (c/e) x^n)^p, x], x] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} \left(x \sqrt{-e x^2 + d} \sqrt{e} + d \operatorname{arctan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{-e x^2 + d}} \right) \right)}{2 \sqrt{e} x^2 + d \sqrt{-e x^2 + d} \sqrt{e}}$	73
risch	$\frac{x \sqrt{-e x^2 + d} \sqrt{\frac{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}{e x^2 + d}} \sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}} + \frac{d \operatorname{arctan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{-e x^2 + d}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}{e x^2 + d}} \sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{2 \sqrt{e} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}$	131

input
$$\operatorname{int}((-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{(1/2)} / (e x^2 + d)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method} = _RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output $\frac{1}{2} * (-e^{2*x^4+d^2})^{(1/2)} / (e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)} * (x * (-e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)} * e^{(1/2)} + d * \arctan(e^{(1/2)} * x / (-e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)})) / (-e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)} / e^{(1/2)}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} ex - (dex^2 + d^2) \sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{2e^2 x^4 + dex^2 - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-ex - d^2}}{ex^2 + d}\right)}{4(e^2 x^2 + de)}, \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right]$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[1/4 * (2 * \sqrt{-e^2 * x^4 + d^2}) * \sqrt{e * x^2 + d} * e * x - (d * e * x^2 + d^2) * \sqrt{-e} * \log(-2 * e^2 * x^4 + d * e * x^2 - 2 * \sqrt{-e^2 * x^4 + d^2}) * \sqrt{e * x^2 + d} * \sqrt{-e} * x - d^2) / (e * x^2 + d)) / (e^2 * x^2 + d * e), 1/2 * (\sqrt{-e^2 * x^4 + d^2}) * \sqrt{e * x^2 + d} * e * x - (d * e * x^2 + d^2) * \sqrt{e} * \arctan(\sqrt{-e^2 * x^4 + d^2}) * \sqrt{e * x^2 + d} * \sqrt{e} * x / (e^2 * x^4 - d^2)) / (e^2 * x^2 + d * e)]$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-ex^2 + dx} - \frac{d \log(|-\sqrt{-ex} + \sqrt{-ex^2 + d}|)}{2\sqrt{-e}}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*x - 1/2*d*log(abs(-sqrt(-e)*x + sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)))/sqrt(-e)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e x^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4))/(d + e*x**2),x)`

3.134 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1273
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1273
Rubi [A] (verified)	1274
Maple [B] (verified)	1276
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1277
Sympy [F]	1277
Maxima [F]	1278
Giac [F]	1278
Mupad [F(-1)]	1278
Reduce [F]	1279

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
-arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*arctan(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{i \log\left(-2i\sqrt{ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]])/(\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2])) - I*\text{Log}[(-2*I)*\text{Sqrt}[e]*x + (2*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/\text{Sqrt}[e]}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {1396, 301, 224, 216, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{ex^2 + d} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{301} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx - \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^2}{d - ex^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(2d \int \frac{1}{\frac{2dex^2}{d-ex^2} + d} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-(ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]]/Sqrt[e]) + (Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]]/Sqrt[e]))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 301 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/d Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (EqQ[p, 1/2] || EqQ[Denominator[p], 4] || (EqQ[p, 2/3] && EqQ[b*c + 3*a*d, 0]))`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 179 vs. $2(74) = 148$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(\sqrt{d} \sqrt{2} \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-\sqrt{-de}x+d)}{ex-\sqrt{-de}} \right) \sqrt{e}-\sqrt{d} \sqrt{2} \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+\sqrt{-de}x+d)}{ex+\sqrt{-de}} \right) \sqrt{e}+2\sqrt{-de} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-de}} \right)}{2\sqrt{e}x^2+d\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{-de}\sqrt{e}}$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(d^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2)))*e^(1/2)-d^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))*e^(1/2)+2*(-d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)))/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-d*e)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{\sqrt{2}e\sqrt{-\frac{1}{e}} \log\left(-\frac{3e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{e} - d^2}}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2}\right) - \sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{2e^2x^4 + dex^2 + d^2}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2}\right)}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex}}{e^2x^4 - d^2}\right) - \sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex}}{e^2x^4 - d^2}\right)}{e} \right]$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(sqrt(2)*e*sqrt(-1/e)*log(-(3*e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*e*x*sqrt(-1/e) - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)) - sqrt(-e)*log(-(2*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)))/e, -(sqrt(2)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) - sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)))/e]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + e x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^2 x^4 + 2 d e x^2 + d^2} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4))/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)`

$$3.135 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1280
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1280
Rubi [A] (verified)	1281
Maple [B] (verified)	1282
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1283
Sympy [F]	1284
Maxima [F]	1284
Giac [F]	1284
Mupad [F(-1)]	1285
Reduce [F]	1285

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{2d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+1/4*arctan(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*
(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d - ex^2} + \sqrt{2}(d + ex^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}\right) \right)}{4d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2] + Sqrt[2]*(d + e*x^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(4*d*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1396, 292, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{292}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)} dx + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d(d + ex^2)} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{291}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\frac{2dex^2}{d - ex^2} + d} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d(d + ex^2)} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{218}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d(d + ex^2)} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} * ((x \sqrt{d - e x^2}) / (2 d (d + e x^2)) + \text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{2} * \sqrt{e} x) / \sqrt{d - e x^2}] / (2 \sqrt{2} * d * \sqrt{e}))) / (\sqrt{d - e x^2} * \sqrt{d + e x^2})}{}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) * \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 291

$$\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a + (b \cdot x)^2}) * ((c + (d \cdot x)^2))), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) * x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b \cdot x^2}] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$$

rule 292

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{p} * ((c + (d \cdot x)^2)^{q}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x) * (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} * ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (2 * a * (p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c * (q / (a * (p + 1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} * (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 * (p + q + 1) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 1396

$$\text{Int}[(u \cdot (a + (c \cdot x)^{n2}))^p * ((d + (e \cdot x)^n)^q), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c \cdot x^{2n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / ((d + e \cdot x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} * (a/d + c \cdot (x^n/e)^{\text{FracPart}[p]})) \text{ Int}[u * (d + e \cdot x^n)^{p+q} * (a/d + (c/e) * x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 * n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$$
Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 307 vs. $2(73) = 146$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.31

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} e \left(-\sqrt{2} \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-e x^2 + d} - \sqrt{-de} x + d)}{ex - \sqrt{-de}} \right) \right) e x^2 \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{2} \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-e x^2 + d} + \sqrt{-de} x + d)}{ex + \sqrt{-de}} \right) e x^2 \sqrt{d} - \sqrt{2} \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-e x^2 + d} - \sqrt{-de} x + d)}{ex - \sqrt{-de}} \right) e x^2 \sqrt{d} - \sqrt{2} \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-e x^2 + d} + \sqrt{-de} x + d)}{ex + \sqrt{-de}} \right) e x^2 \sqrt{d}}{8d\sqrt{e x^2 + d}\sqrt{-e x^2 + d}(ex - \sqrt{-de})(ex + \sqrt{-de})}$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{8}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}e^{-(1/2)}\ln(2e^{(1/2)}d^{(1/2)}(-e^2x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-(-d^2e)^{(1/2)}x+d)/(e^2x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+2^{(1/2)}\ln(2e^{(1/2)}d^{(1/2)}(-e^2x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+(-d^2e)^{(1/2)}x+d)/(e^2x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+2^{(1/2)}\ln(2e^{(1/2)}d^{(1/2)}(-e^2x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-(-d^2e)^{(1/2)}x+d)/(e^2x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+2^{(1/2)}\ln(2e^{(1/2)}d^{(1/2)}(-e^2x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+(-d^2e)^{(1/2)}x+d)/(e^2x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+4(-d^2e)^{(1/2)}(-e^2x^2+d)^{(1/2)}x/d/(e^2x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/(e^2x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/(-d^2e)^{(1/2)}/(-d^2e)^{(1/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + dex} - \sqrt{2}(e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2)\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{3e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^2x^4 + d^2}\right)}{8(de^3x^4 + 2d^2e^2x^2 + d^3e)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{8}(4\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}e^2x^2 - \sqrt{2}(e^2x^4 + 2d^2e^2x^2 + d^3e)\sqrt{-e}\log(-\frac{3e^2x^4 + 2d^2e^2x^2 - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-e}x - d^2)}{(e^2x^4 + 2d^2e^2x^2 + d^3e)}), \frac{1}{4}(2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}e^2x^2 - \sqrt{2}(e^2x^4 + 2d^2e^2x^2 + d^3e)\sqrt{e}\arctan(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{e}x/(e^2x^4 - d^2)))/(d^3e^3x^4 + 2d^2e^2x^2 + d^3e) \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))/(d + e*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^4 x^8 - 2d e^3 x^6 + 2d^3 e x^2 + d^4} dx \right) d^4 + 4 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4}}{-e^4 x^8 - 2d e^3 x^6 + 2d^3 e x^2 + d^4} dx \right) d^4}{3d(e^2 x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2)}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)`output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4))/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8), x)*d**4 + 4*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4))/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8), x)*d**3*e*x**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4))/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8), x)*d**2*e**2*x**4)/(3*d*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

3.136 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1286
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1286
Rubi [A] (verified)	1287
Maple [B] (verified)	1289
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1290
Sympy [F]	1290
Maxima [F]	1291
Giac [F]	1291
Mupad [F(-1)]	1291
Reduce [F]	1292

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{4d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{5x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{16d^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{7 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}d^2\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
1/4*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+5/16*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d
^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+7/32*arctan(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4
+d^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d^2/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d - ex^2}(9d + 5ex^2) + 7\sqrt{2}(d + ex^2)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}\right) \right)}{32d^2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^4] * (2 * \text{Sqrt}[e] * x * \text{Sqrt}[d - e * x^2] * (9 * d + 5 * e * x^2) + 7 * \text{Sqrt}[2] * (d + e * x^2)^2 * \text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2] * \text{Sqrt}[e] * x) / \text{Sqrt}[d - e * x^2]])) / (32 * d^2 * \text{Sqrt}[e] * \text{Sqrt}[d - e * x^2] * (d + e * x^2)^{(5/2)})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {1396, 296, 292, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{296}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx}{8d} + \frac{x(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{8d^2(d + ex^2)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{292}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d(d + ex^2)} \right)}{8d} + \frac{x(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{8d^2(d + ex^2)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{291}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\frac{2dex^2}{d - ex^2} + d} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d(d + ex^2)} \right)}{8d} + \frac{x(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{8d^2(d + ex^2)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)}\right)}{8d} + \frac{x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{8d^2(d+ex^2)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*d^2*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (7*((x *Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(2*d*(d + e*x^2)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]]/(2*Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e])))/(8*d)))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 292 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(q/(a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left[-\frac{7\sqrt{2}(e^3 x^6 + 3de^2 x^4 + 3d^2 ex^2 + d^3)\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{3e^2 x^4 + 2dex^2 - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-e}}{e^2 x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2}\right)}{64(d^2 e^4 x^6 + 3d^3 e^3 x^4 + 3d^4 e^2 x^2 + d^5 e)} \right.}{\left. - \frac{7\sqrt{2}(e^3 x^6 + 3de^2 x^4 + 3d^2 ex^2 + d^3)\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{e}}{e^2 x^4 - d^2}\right) - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}(5e^2 x^3 + 9dex^2 + d)}{32(d^2 e^4 x^6 + 3d^3 e^3 x^4 + 3d^4 e^2 x^2 + d^5 e)} \right]}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/64*(7*sqrt(2)*(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(-e)*log(-3*e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)) - 4*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(5*e^2*x^3 + 9*d*e*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(d^2*e^4*x^6 + 3*d^3*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + d^5*e), -1/32*(7*sqrt(2)*(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(5*e^2*x^3 + 9*d*e*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d^2*e^4*x^6 + 3*d^3*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + d^5*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))/(d + e*x**2)**(7/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} ex^3 + 14 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{-e^5 x^{10} - 3d e^4 x^8 - 2d^2} \right)}{}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x)`

output `(5*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e*x**3 + 14*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)*d**5*e + 42*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 42*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)*d**3*e**3*x**4 + 14*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)*d**2*e**4*x**6)/(5*d**2*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6))`

3.137 $\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1293
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1294
Rubi [A] (verified)	1294
Maple [A] (verified)	1298
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1299
Sympy [F]	1299
Maxima [F]	1300
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1300
Mupad [F(-1)]	1300
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1301

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 276

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{185d^5x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{1024\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{403d^4ex^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{512\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{55d^3e^2x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{128\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{13d^2e^3x^7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{64\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{7de^4x^9\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{24\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{e^5x^{11}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{12\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{839d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{1024\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
185/1024*d^5*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+403/512*d^4*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+55/128*d^3*e^2*x^5*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-13/64*d^2*e^3*x^7*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-7/24*d*e^4*x^9*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/12*e^5*x^11*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+839/1024*d^6*arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}(555d^5 + 2418d^4ex^2 + 1320d^3e^2x^4 - 624d^2e^3x^6 - 896de^4x^8 - 256e^5x^{10})}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2517id^6 \log\left(\frac{-2i\sqrt{ex} + 2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

3072

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(555*d^5 + 2418*d^4*e*x^2 + 1320*d^3*e^2*x^4 - 624*d^2*e^3*x^6 - 896*d*e^4*x^8 - 256*e^5*x^10))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + ((2517*I)*d^6*Log[(-2*I)*Sqrt[e]*x + (2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/Sqrt[e])/3072`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 25, 27, 403, 27, 403, 25, 27, 299, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int (d - ex^2)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^4 dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 318$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(-\frac{\int -de(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^2 (25ex^2 + 13d) dx}{12e} - \frac{1}{12} x (d - ex^2)^{5/2} (d + ex^2)^3 \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int de(d-ex^2)^{3/2} (ex^2+d)^2 (25ex^2+13d) dx}{12e} - \frac{1}{12} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^3 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{12} d \int (d-ex^2)^{3/2} (ex^2+d)^2 (25ex^2+13d) dx - \frac{1}{12} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^3 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 403 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{12} d \left(-\frac{\int -5de(d-ex^2)^{3/2} (ex^2+d) (71ex^2+31d) dx}{10e} - \frac{5}{2} x (d+ex^2)^2 (d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{12} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^3 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{12} d \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int (d-ex^2)^{3/2} (ex^2+d) (71ex^2+31d) dx - \frac{5}{2} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^2 \right) - \frac{1}{12} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^3 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 403 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{12} d \left(\frac{1}{2} d \left(-\frac{\int -de(d-ex^2)^{3/2} (603ex^2+319d) dx}{8e} - \frac{71}{8} x (d+ex^2) (d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{5}{2} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^2 \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{12} d \left(\frac{1}{2} d \left(\frac{\int de(d-ex^2)^{3/2} (603ex^2+319d) dx}{8e} - \frac{71}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right) - \frac{5}{2} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^2 \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{12} d \left(\frac{1}{2} d \left(\frac{1}{8} d \int (d-ex^2)^{3/2} (603ex^2+319d) dx - \frac{71}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right) - \frac{5}{2} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^2 \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 299 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{12} d \left(\frac{1}{2} d \left(\frac{1}{8} d \left(\frac{839}{2} d \int (d-ex^2)^{3/2} dx - \frac{201}{2} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{71}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right) - \frac{5}{2} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^2 \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{12}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{839}{2}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{d - ex^2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{201}{2}x(d - ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{71}{8}x(d - ex^2)^{5/2} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{12}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{839}{2}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{201}{2}x(d - ex^2)^{5/2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{12}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{839}{2}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^2}{d - ex^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{201}{2}x(d - ex^2)^{5/2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{12}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{839}{2}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{2\sqrt{e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{201}{2}x(d - ex^2)^{5/2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/12*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3) + (d*((-5*x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2)/2 + (d*((-71*x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2))/8 + (d*((-201*x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2))/2 + (839*d*((x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/2 + (d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/4))/2))/8))/2))/12)/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 211 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{x}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}/(2*\text{p} + 1)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[2*\text{a}*(\text{p}/(2*\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} - 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*\text{p}] \ \|\ \text{IntegerQ}[6*\text{p}])$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ \|\ \text{GtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 299 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}*x*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}/(\text{b}*(2*\text{p} + 3))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{a}*d - \text{b}*c*(2*\text{p} + 3))/(\text{b}*(2*\text{p} + 3)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*\text{p} + 3, 0]$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}*x*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)}/(\text{b}*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{b}*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 2)}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{b}*c*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1) - \text{a}*d) + \text{d}*(\text{b}*c*(2*(\text{p} + 2*\text{q} - 1) + 1) - \text{a}*d*(2*(\text{q} - 1) + 1))*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IGtQ}[\text{p}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$

rule 403

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(-256e^{\frac{11}{2}}x^{11}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-896de^{\frac{9}{2}}x^9\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-624d^2e^{\frac{7}{2}}x^7\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+1320d^3e^{\frac{5}{2}}x^5\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+2418d^4e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-256e^{\frac{11}{2}}x^{11}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-896de^{\frac{9}{2}}x^9\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-624d^2e^{\frac{7}{2}}x^7\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+1320d^3e^{\frac{5}{2}}x^5\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+2418d^4e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3\sqrt{-ex^2+d} \right)}{3072\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}}$
risch	$\frac{x(-256e^5x^{10}-896de^4x^8-624d^2e^3x^6+1320d^3e^2x^4+2418d^4ex^2+555d^5)\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{3072\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{839d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)}{1024}$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3072*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(-256*e^(11/2)*x^11*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-896*d*e^(9/2)*x^9*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-624*d^2*e^(7/2)*x^7*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1320*d^3*e^(5/2)*x^5*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2418*d^4*e^(3/2)*x^3*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+555*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*d^5*x+2517*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*d^6)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \left[-\frac{2517(d^6ex^2 + d^7)\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{2e^2x^4 + dex^2 - 2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-ex - d^2}}{ex^2 + d}\right) + 2(256e^6x^{11} + 896d^5e^5x^9 + 624d^2e^4x^7 - 1320d^3e^3x^5 - 2418d^4e^2x^3 - 555d^5ex)}{6144(e^2x^4 + d^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/6144*(2517*(d^6*e*x^2 + d^7)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(2*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)) + 2*(256*e^6*x^11 + 896*d*e^5*x^9 + 624*d^2*e^4*x^7 - 1320*d^3*e^3*x^5 - 2418*d^4*e^2*x^3 - 555*d^5*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e), -1/3072*(2517*(d^6*e*x^2 + d^7)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) + (256*e^6*x^11 + 896*d*e^5*x^9 + 624*d^2*e^4*x^7 - 1320*d^3*e^3*x^5 - 2418*d^4*e^2*x^3 - 555*d^5*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-(-d + ex^2) (d + ex^2))^{\frac{3}{2}} (d + ex^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(5/2)*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2)*(d + e*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{839 d^6 \log(|-\sqrt{-ex} + \sqrt{-ex^2 + d}|)}{1024 \sqrt{-e}} + \frac{1}{3072} (555 d^5 + 2 (1209 d^4 e + 4 (165 d^3 e^2 - 2 (39 d^2 e^3 + 8 (2 e^5 x^2 + 7 d e^4) x^2) x^2) x^2) \sqrt{-ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-839/1024*d^6*log(abs(-sqrt(-e)*x + sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)))/sqrt(-e) + 1/3072*(555*d^5 + 2*(1209*d^4*e + 4*(165*d^3*e^2 - 2*(39*d^2*e^3 + 8*(2*e^5*x^2 + 7*d*e^4)*x^2)*x^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*x`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{5/2} (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2517\sqrt{e} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d^6 + 555\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d^5 ex + 2418\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d^4 e^2 x^3 + 1320\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d^3 e^3 x^5 - 624\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d^2 e^4 x^7 - 896\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d e^5 x^9 - 256\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} e^6 x^{11}}{3072e}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(2517*sqrt(e)*asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**6 + 555*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d**5*e*x + 2418*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d**4*e**2*x**3 + 1320*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d**3*e**3*x**5 - 624*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d**2*e**4*x**7 - 896*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d*e**5*x**9 - 256*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*e**6*x**11)/(3072*e)
```

3.138 $\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1302
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1303
Rubi [A] (verified)	1303
Maple [A] (verified)	1307
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1307
Sympy [F]	1308
Maxima [F]	1308
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1309
Mupad [F(-1)]	1309
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1309

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 236

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{91d^4x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{256\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{73d^3ex^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{128\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{9d^2e^2x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{160\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{19de^3x^7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{80\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{e^4x^9\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{10\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{165d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{256\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
91/256*d^4*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+73/128*d^3*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+9/160*d^2*e^2*x^5*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-19/80*d*e^3*x^7*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/10*e^4*x^9*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+165/256*d^5*arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}(455d^4 + 730d^3ex^2 + 72d^2e^2x^4 - 304de^3x^6 - 128e^4x^8)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{825id^5 \log\left(-2i\sqrt{ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

1280

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(455*d^4 + 730*d^3*e*x^2 + 72*d^2*e^2*x^4 - 304*d*e^3*x^6 - 128*e^4*x^8))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + ((825*I)*d^5*Log[(-2*I)*Sqrt[e]*x + (2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/Sqrt[e])/1280`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 25, 27, 403, 25, 27, 299, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 1396

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int (d - ex^2)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^3 dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 318

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(-\frac{\int -de(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d) (19ex^2 + 11d) dx}{10e} - \frac{1}{10}x(d + ex^2)^2 (d - ex^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int de(d-ex^2)^{3/2} (ex^2+d) (19ex^2+11d) dx}{10e} - \frac{1}{10} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{10} d \int (d-ex^2)^{3/2} (ex^2+d) (19ex^2+11d) dx - \frac{1}{10} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{10} d \left(-\frac{\int -de(d-ex^2)^{3/2} (183ex^2+107d) dx}{8e} - \frac{19}{8} x (d+ex^2) (d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{10} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 403$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{10} d \left(\frac{\int de(d-ex^2)^{3/2} (183ex^2+107d) dx}{8e} - \frac{19}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{10} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{10} d \left(\frac{\int de(d-ex^2)^{3/2} (183ex^2+107d) dx}{8e} - \frac{19}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{10} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{10} d \left(\frac{1}{8} d \int (d-ex^2)^{3/2} (183ex^2+107d) dx - \frac{19}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{10} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 299$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{10} d \left(\frac{1}{8} d \left(\frac{275}{2} d \int (d-ex^2)^{3/2} dx - \frac{61}{2} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{19}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{10} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 211$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{10} d \left(\frac{1}{8} d \left(\frac{275}{2} d \left(\frac{3}{4} d \int \sqrt{d-ex^2} dx + \frac{1}{4} x (d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{61}{2} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{19}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{10} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 211$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{10} d \left(\frac{1}{8} d \left(\frac{275}{2} d \left(\frac{3}{4} d \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d-ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{61}{2} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{19}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{10} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{10}d \left(\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{275}{2}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^2}{d-ex^2}+1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{61}{2}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{10}d \left(\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{275}{2}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{61}{2}x(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/10*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (d*((-19*x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2))/8 + (d*((-61*x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2))/2 + (2*75*d*((x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/2 + (d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e]))/4))/2))/8))/10))/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 299 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2 \cdot p + 3, 0]$

rule 318 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} / (b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-2} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1) - a \cdot d) + d \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+2 \cdot q - 1) + 1) - a \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot (q-1) + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2 \cdot (p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 403 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_} \cdot ((e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+1) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+1) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f + b \cdot e \cdot 2 \cdot (p+q+1)) + (d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + f \cdot 2 \cdot q \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) + b \cdot d \cdot e \cdot 2 \cdot (p+q+1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2 \cdot (p+q+1) + 1, 0]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_ \cdot ((a_ + (c_ \cdot x)^{n2_}))^{p_} \cdot ((d_ + (e_ \cdot x)^{n_}))^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c \cdot x^{(2 \cdot n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / ((d + e \cdot x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \cdot (a/d + c \cdot (x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[u \cdot (d + e \cdot x^n)^{p+q} \cdot (a/d + (c/e) \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(-128e^{\frac{9}{2}}x^9\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-304d^{\frac{7}{2}}x^7\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+72d^2e^{\frac{5}{2}}x^5\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+730d^3e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+455\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}d^4 \right)}{1280\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}}$
risch	$\frac{x(-128e^4x^8-304de^3x^6+72d^2e^2x^4+730d^3ex^2+455d^4)\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}{1280\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{165d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4}{ex^2+d}}}{256\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{1280}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}(-128e^{9/2}x^9(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}-304d^7e^{7/2}x^7(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}+72d^2e^{5/2}x^5(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}+730d^3e^{3/2}x^3(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}+455e^{1/2}(-ex^2+d)^{1/2})d^4x+825\arctan(e^{1/2}x/(-ex^2+d)^{1/2})d^5/(ex^2+d)^{1/2}/(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}/e^{1/2}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \left[-\frac{825(d^5ex^2 + d^6)\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{2e^2x^4+dex^2-2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex-d^2}}{ex^2+d}\right) + 2(128e^5x^9 + 304d^7e^{7/2}x^7 + 72d^2e^{5/2}x^5 + 730d^3e^{3/2}x^3 + 455e^{1/2}d^4)x}{2560(e^2x^2 + de)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/2560*(825*(d^5*e*x^2 + d^6)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(2*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)) + 2*(128*e^5*x^9 + 304*d*e^4*x^7 - 72*d^2*e^3*x^5 - 730*d^3*e^2*x^3 - 455*d^4*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e), -1/1280*(825*(d^5*e*x^2 + d^6)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) + (128*e^5*x^9 + 304*d*e^4*x^7 - 72*d^2*e^3*x^5 - 730*d^3*e^2*x^3 - 455*d^4*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-(d + ex^2) (d + ex^2))^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2)*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{165 d^5 \log(|-\sqrt{-ex} + \sqrt{-ex^2 + d}|)}{256 \sqrt{-e}} + \frac{1}{1280} (455 d^4 + 2 (365 d^3 e + 4 (9 d^2 e^2 - 2 (8 e^4 x^2 + 19 d e^3) x^2) x^2) \sqrt{-ex^2 + d} x$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-165/256*d^5*log(abs(-sqrt(-e)*x + sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)))/sqrt(-e) + 1/1280*(455*d^4 + 2*(365*d^3*e + 4*(9*d^2*e^2 - 2*(8*e^4*x^2 + 19*d*e^3)*x^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*x`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{825\sqrt{e} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d^5 + 455\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d^4 ex + 730\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d^3 e^2 x^3 + 72\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d^2 e^3 x^5}{1280e}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(825*sqrt(e)*asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**5 + 455*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d**4*e*x + 730*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d**3*e**2*x**3 + 72*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d**2*e**3*x**5 - 304*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d*e**4*x**7 - 128*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*e**5*x**9)/(1280*e)`

3.139 $\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1311
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1311
Rubi [A] (verified)	1312
Maple [A] (verified)	1315
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1316
Sympy [F]	1316
Maxima [F]	1317
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1317
Mupad [F(-1)]	1317
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1318

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{61d^3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{128\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{61d^2ex^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{192\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{7de^2x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{48\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{e^3x^7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{8\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{67d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{128\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
61/128*d^3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+61/192*d^2*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-7/48*d*e^2*x^5*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/8*e^3*x^7*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+67/128*d^4*arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{384} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}(183d^3 + 122d^2ex^2 - 56de^2x^4 - 48e^3x^6)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{201id^4 \log\left(-2i\sqrt{ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(183*d^3 + 122*d^2*e*x^2 - 56*d*e^2*x^4 - 48*e^3*x^6))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + ((201*I)*d^4*Log[(-2*I)*Sqrt[e]*x + (2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/Sqrt[e])/384`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.321$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 25, 27, 299, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int (d - ex^2)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^2 dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(-\frac{\int -de(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(13ex^2+9d)dx}{8e} - \frac{1}{8}x(d+ex^2)(d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int de(d-ex^2)^{3/2} (13ex^2+9d) dx}{8e} - \frac{1}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{8} d \int (d-ex^2)^{3/2} (13ex^2+9d) dx - \frac{1}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 299 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{8} d \left(\frac{67}{6} d \int (d-ex^2)^{3/2} dx - \frac{13}{6} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 211 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{8} d \left(\frac{67}{6} d \left(\frac{3}{4} d \int \sqrt{d-ex^2} dx + \frac{1}{4} x (d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{13}{6} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 211 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{8} d \left(\frac{67}{6} d \left(\frac{3}{4} d \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d-ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{13}{6} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{8} d \left(\frac{67}{6} d \left(\frac{3}{4} d \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^2}{d-ex^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d-ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{13}{6} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 216 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{8} d \left(\frac{67}{6} d \left(\frac{3}{4} d \left(\frac{d \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d-ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d-ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{13}{6} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{8} x (d-ex^2)^{5/2} (d+ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output $(\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} * (-1/8 * (x * (d - e * x^2))^{5/2} * (d + e * x^2)) + (d * ((-13 * x * (d - e * x^2))^{5/2}) / 6 + (67 * d * ((x * (d - e * x^2))^{3/2}) / 4 + (3 * d * ((x * \sqrt{d - e * x^2})) / 2 + (d * \text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{e} * x] / \sqrt{d - e * x^2}) / (2 * \sqrt{e})) / 4) / 6) / 8) / (\sqrt{d - e * x^2} * \sqrt{d + e * x^2})$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 211 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x * ((a + b * x^2)^p / (2 * p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[2 * a * (p / (2 * p + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b * x^2)^{p - 1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4 * p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[6 * p])$

rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 2] * \text{Rt}[b, 2])) * \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] * (x / \text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a / b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1 / \sqrt{(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (1 - b * x^2), x], x, x / \sqrt{a + b * x^2}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 299 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_} * ((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d * x * ((a + b * x^2)^{p + 1} / (b * (2 * p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a * d - b * c * (2 * p + 3)) / (b * (2 * p + 3)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b * x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b * c - a * d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2 * p + 3, 0]$

rule 318

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[d*x^(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + S
imp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b
*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) +
1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && G
tQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c,
d, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(-48e^{\frac{7}{2}}x^7\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-56de^{\frac{5}{2}}x^5\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+122d^2e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+183\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}d^3x+201\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right) \right)}{384\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}}$
risch	$\frac{x(-48e^3x^6-56de^2x^4+122d^2ex^2+183d^3)\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{384\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{67d^4\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{128\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/384*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(-48*e^(7/2)*x^7*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-56*d*e^(5/2)*
x^5*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+122*d^2*e^(3/2)*x^3*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+183*(-e*x^2+d)^(
1/2)*e^(1/2)*d^3*x+201*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*d^4)/(e*x^2+d)^(
1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \left[\frac{201(d^4ex^2 + d^5)\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{2e^2x^4+dex^2-2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex-d^2}}{ex^2+d}\right) + 2(48e^4x^7 + 56de^3x^5 - 122d^2e^2x^3 - 183d^3ex)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{768(e^2x^2 + de)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{201(d^4ex^2 + d^5)\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex}}{e^2x^4-d^2}\right) + (48e^4x^7 + 56de^3x^5 - 122d^2e^2x^3 - 183d^3ex)\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{384(e^2x^2 + de)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/768*(201*(d^4*e*x^2 + d^5)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(2*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)) + 2*(48*e^4*x^7 + 56*d*e^3*x^5 - 122*d^2*e^2*x^3 - 183*d^3*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e), -1/384*(201*(d^4*e*x^2 + d^5)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) + (48*e^4*x^7 + 56*d*e^3*x^5 - 122*d^2*e^2*x^3 - 183*d^3*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-(d+ex^2)(d+ex^2))^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((-(d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**3/2*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-e^2x^4+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ex^2+d} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{67d^4 \log(|-\sqrt{-ex} + \sqrt{-ex^2+d}|)}{128\sqrt{-e}} + \frac{1}{384} (183d^3 + 2(61d^2e - 4(6e^3x^2 + 7de^2)x^2)x^2)\sqrt{-ex^2+d}x$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-67/128*d^4*log(abs(-sqrt(-e)*x + sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)))/sqrt(-e) + 1/384*(183*d^3 + 2*(61*d^2*e - 4*(6*e^3*x^2 + 7*d*e^2)*x^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*x`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{201\sqrt{e} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d^4 + 183\sqrt{-ex^2+d} d^3 ex + 122\sqrt{-ex^2+d} d^2 e^2 x^3 - 56\sqrt{-ex^2+d} d e^3 x^5 - 48\sqrt{-ex^2+d} e^4 x^7}{384e}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(201*sqrt(e)*asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**4 + 183*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d**3*e*x + 122*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d**2*e**2*x**3 - 56*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d*e**3*x**5 - 48*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*e**4*x**7)/(384*e)
```

3.140 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1319
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1319
Rubi [A] (verified)	1320
Maple [A] (verified)	1322
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1323
Sympy [F]	1323
Maxima [F]	1324
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1324
Mupad [F(-1)]	1324
Reduce [F]	1325

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{9d^2 x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{16\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{dex^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{24\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{e^2 x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{6\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{7d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{16\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
9/16*d^2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/24*d*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/6*e^2*x^5*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+7/16*d^3*arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{1}{48} \left(\frac{x(27d^2 + 2dex^2 - 8e^2 x^4) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{21id^3 \log\left(-2i\sqrt{ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]
```

output

```
((x*(27*d^2 + 2*d*e*x^2 - 8*e^2*x^4)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + ((21*I)*d^3*Log[(-2*I)*Sqrt[e]*x + (2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/Sqrt[e])/48
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {1396, 299, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int (d - ex^2)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d) dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{299} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{7}{6} d \int (d - ex^2)^{3/2} dx - \frac{1}{6} x (d - ex^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{7}{6}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{d - ex^2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x(d - ex^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{7}{6}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x(d - ex^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{7}{6}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^2}{d - ex^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x(d - ex^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{7}{6}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x(d - ex^2)^{5/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/6*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (7*d*((x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/2 + (d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/4)/6))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 299 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(b*(2*p+3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(2*p+3))/(b*(2*p+3)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*p + 3, 0]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + c*(x^n/e)^{\text{FracPart}[p]})) \text{ Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(-8e^{\frac{5}{2}}x^5\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+2de^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+27\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}d^2x+21\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)d^3 \right)}{48\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}}$	117
risch	$\frac{x(-8e^2x^4+2dex^2+27d^2)\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{48\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{7d^3\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{16\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	154

input $\text{int}((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(3/2)}/(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/48*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-8*e^{(5/2)}*x^5*(-e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+2*d*e^{(3/2)}*x^3*(-e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+27*(-e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}*e^{(1/2)}*d^2*x+21*\arctan(e^{(1/2)}*x/(-e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)})*d^3)/(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/(-e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/e^{(1/2)}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \left[-\frac{21(d^3 ex^2 + d^4)\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{2e^2 x^4 + dex^2 - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-ex - d^2}}{ex^2 + d}\right) + 2(8e^3 x^5 - 2d^2 ex^3 - 27d^2 ex)\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{96(e^2 x^2 + de)} - \frac{21(d^3 ex^2 + d^4)\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex}}{e^2 x^4 - d^2}\right) + (8e^3 x^5 - 2de^2 x^3 - 27d^2 ex)\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{48(e^2 x^2 + de)} \right]$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/96*(21*(d^3*e*x^2 + d^4)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(2*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)) + 2*(8*e^3*x^5 - 2*d*e^2*x^3 - 27*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^2*x^2 + d*e), -1/48*(21*(d^3*e*x^2 + d^4)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) + (8*e^3*x^5 - 2*d*e^2*x^3 - 27*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^2*x^2 + d*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2)/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = -\frac{7 d^3 \log(|-\sqrt{-ex} + \sqrt{-ex^2 + d}|)}{16 \sqrt{-e}} - \frac{1}{48} (2 (4 e^2 x^2 - de) x^2 - 27 d^2) \sqrt{-ex^2 + dx}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-7/16*d^3*log(abs(-sqrt(-e)*x + sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)))/sqrt(-e) - 1/48*(2*(4*e^2*x^2 - d*e)*x^2 - 27*d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*x`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} dx}{24} - \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} ex^3}{6}$$

$$- \frac{17\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} x^2}{-e^2x^4+d^2} dx\right) d^2 e}{24} + \frac{19\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{-e^2x^4+d^2} dx\right) d^3}{24}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `(5*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*x - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e*x**3 - 17*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**2*e + 19*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4))/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**3)/24`

3.141 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1326
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1326
Rubi [A] (verified)	1327
Maple [A] (verified)	1329
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1329
Sympy [F]	1330
Maxima [F]	1330
Giac [F]	1330
Mupad [F(-1)]	1331
Reduce [F]	1331

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3dx\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{8\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{4(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{3d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e}}$$

output `3/8*d*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/4*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/8*d^2*arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{x(5d - 2ex^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{3id^2 \log\left(-2i\sqrt{ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
((x*(5*d - 2*e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + ((3*I)*d^2*Log[
(-2*I)*Sqrt[e]*x + (2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/Sqrt[e])/8
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {1396, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int (d - ex^2)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{3}{4} d \int \sqrt{d - ex^2} dx + \frac{1}{4} x (d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{3}{4} d \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{3}{4} d \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^2}{d - ex^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 216$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{3}{4} d \left(\frac{d \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d - ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/2 + (d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/4))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(-2e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+5\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}dx+3\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)d^2 \right)}{8\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}}$	96
risch	$\frac{x(-2ex^2+5d)\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{8\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{3d^2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{8\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	143

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{8}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}(-2e^{3/2}x^3(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}+5e^{1/2}(-ex^2+d)^{1/2})d^2x+3\arctan(e^{1/2}x/(-ex^2+d)^{1/2})d^2/(e*x^2+d)^{1/2}/(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}/e^{1/2}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(d^2ex^2 + d^3)\sqrt{-e}\log\left(-\frac{2e^2x^4+dex^2-2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex-d^2}}{ex^2+d}\right)}{16(e^2x^2 + de)} + 2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-\frac{1}{16}(3*(d^2*e*x^2 + d^3)*\sqrt{-e}*\log(-(2*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2 - 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^4 + d^2})*\sqrt{e*x^2 + d}*\sqrt{-e}*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)) + 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^4 + d^2}*(2*e^2*x^3 - 5*d*e*x)*\sqrt{e*x^2 + d})/(e^2*x^2 + d*e), -\frac{1}{8}(3*(d^2*e*x^2 + d^3)*\sqrt{e}*\arctan(\sqrt{-e^2*x^4 + d^2}*\sqrt{e*x^2 + d}*\sqrt{e}*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) + \sqrt{-e^2*x^4 + d^2}*(2*e^2*x^3 - 5*d*e*x)*\sqrt{e*x^2 + d})/(e^2*x^2 + d*e) \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2)/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x}{4} - \frac{7 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x^2}{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx \right) de}{4} + \frac{5 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d^2}{4}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`output `(- sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x - 7*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d*e + 5*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4))/(d**2 - e**2*x**4),x)*d**2)/4`

3.142
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1332
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1332
Rubi [A] (verified)	1333
Maple [A] (verified)	1336
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1337
Sympy [F]	1337
Maxima [F]	1338
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1338
Mupad [F(-1)]	1339
Reduce [F]	1339

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{5d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

output

$$-1/2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-5/2*d*\arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)+2*2^(1/2)*d*\arctan(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{5id \log\left(-2i\sqrt{ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$-1/2*(x*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2] + (2*\text{Sqrt}[2]*d*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]])/(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) - (((5*I)/2)*d*\text{Log}[(-2*I)*\text{Sqrt}[e]*x + (2*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/\text{Sqrt}[e]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 27, 398, 224, 216, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1396 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{ex^2 + d} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 318 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(3d - 5ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx}{2e} - \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{3d - 5ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx - \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 398 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{2} d \left(8d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx - 5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx \right) - \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d - ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 224 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{2}d \left(8d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)} dx - 5 \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^2}{d-ex^2}+1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 216 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{2}d \left(8d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)} dx - \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 291 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{2}d \left(8d \int \frac{1}{\frac{2dex^2}{d-ex^2}+d} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 218 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{4\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-1/2*(x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) + (d*((-5*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/Sqrt[e] + (4*Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/Sqrt[e]))/2)/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*}((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c*(2*(p+q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p+2*q-1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q-1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 398 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{Int}[1/((a + b*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(2 \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+\sqrt{-de}x+d)}{ex+\sqrt{-de}} \right) \sqrt{e}d^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{e}d^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{2} \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-\sqrt{-de}x+d)}{ex-\sqrt{-de}} \right) -\sqrt{-de}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}{2\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{-de}\sqrt{e}} \right) - \sqrt{-de}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}{2\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{-de}\sqrt{e}}$
risch	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \left(\frac{5d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} - \frac{d^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{2} \ln \left(\frac{4d-2\sqrt{-de}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-de}}{e}\right)+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-de}}{e}\right)^2e-d}}{x-\frac{\sqrt{-de}}{e}} \right)}{\sqrt{-de}} \right)$

input

```
int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^
2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))*e^(1/2)*d^(3/2)*2^(1/2)-2
*e^(1/2)*d^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(
1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2)))-(-d*e)^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x-5*(-
d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*d/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-d*e)^(
1/2)/e^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 401, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} ex - 4 \sqrt{2} (de^2 x^2 + d^2 e) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{e}} \log \left(-\frac{3e^2 x^4 + 2dex^2 + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{e^2 x^4 + d^2} \right)}{4} \right]$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*e*x - 4*sqrt(2)*(d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)*sqrt(-1/e)*log(-(3*e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*e*x*sqrt(-1/e) - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)) + 5*(d*e*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(2*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e), -1/2*(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*e*x - 5*(d*e*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) + 4*sqrt(2)*(d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2))/sqrt(e))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2)/(d + e*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}d^2 \log \left(\frac{2(\sqrt{-ex} - \sqrt{-ex^2 + d})^2 - 4\sqrt{2}|d| - 6d}{2(\sqrt{-ex} - \sqrt{-ex^2 + d})^2 + 4\sqrt{2}|d| - 6d} \right)}{\sqrt{-e}|d|} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-ex^2 + dx}$$

$$+ \frac{d \log \left((\sqrt{-ex} - \sqrt{-ex^2 + d})^2 \right)}{\sqrt{-e}} + \frac{d \log \left(|-\sqrt{-ex} + \sqrt{-ex^2 + d}| \right)}{2\sqrt{-e}}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(2)*d^2*log(abs(2*(sqrt(-e)*x - sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))^2 - 4*sqrt(2)*abs(d) - 6*d)/abs(2*(sqrt(-e)*x - sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))^2 + 4*sqrt(2)*abs(d) - 6*d)) / (sqrt(-e)*abs(d)) - 1/2*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*x + d*log((sqrt(-e)*x - sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))^2)/sqrt(-e) + 1/2*d*log(abs(-sqrt(-e)*x + sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)))/sqrt(-e)`

$$3.143 \quad \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1340
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1340
Rubi [A] (verified)	1341
Maple [B] (verified)	1344
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1344
Sympy [F]	1345
Maxima [F]	1345
Giac [F]	1346
Mupad [F(-1)]	1346
Reduce [F]	1346

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-
e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2)*arctan(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)
^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{i \log\left(-2i\sqrt{ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $(x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4})/(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)} - (\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]])/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) + (\text{I}*\text{Log}[(-2*\text{I})*\text{Sqrt}[e]*x + (2*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/(\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2])])/\text{Sqrt}[e]$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 27, 385, 224, 216, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de^2x^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx}{2de} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(e \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{385} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(e \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx}{e} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(e \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^2}{d-ex^2} + 1} \frac{d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)} dx}{e} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 216 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(e \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{e^{3/2}} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)} dx}{e} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 291 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(e \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{e^{3/2}} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\frac{2dex^2}{d-ex^2} + d} \frac{d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}}{e} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(e \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{e^{3/2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}e^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d+ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(d + e*x^2) + e*(ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]]/e^(3/2) - ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]]/(Sqrt[2]*e^(3/2)))))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2) \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$

rule 315 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - c \cdot b) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-2} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (a \cdot d - c \cdot b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) + d \cdot (a \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot (q-1) + 1) - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 385 $\text{Int}[(((e_ \cdot)(x_))^{m_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_}) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e^{2/b} \ \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m-2} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x], x] - \text{Simp}[a \cdot (e^{2/b}) \ \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m-2} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (a + b \cdot x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[2, m, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, -1, q, x]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_ \cdot)((a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^{n2_})^{p_} \cdot ((d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_})^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c \cdot x^{2 \cdot n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / ((d + e \cdot x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \cdot (a/d + c \cdot (x^n/e)^{\text{FracPart}[p]})) \ \text{Int}[u \cdot (d + e \cdot x^n)^{p+q} \cdot (a/d + (c/e) \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 372 vs. $2(99) = 198$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{e}\left(-\ln\left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-\sqrt{-dex+d})}{ex-\sqrt{-de}}\right)\sqrt{2}e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2\sqrt{d}+\ln\left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+\sqrt{-dex+d})}{ex+\sqrt{-de}}\right)\sqrt{2}e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2\sqrt{d}-\sqrt{e}}\right)}{1}$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/4*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*(-\ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2) \\ & -(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2))))*2^(1/2)*e^(3/2)*x^2*d^(1/2)+\ln(2* \\ & e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))* \\ & 2^(1/2)*e^(3/2)*x^2*d^(1/2)-e^(1/2)*d^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*\ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d \\ &)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2)))+\ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d \\ & ^{(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))*e^(1/2)*d^(3 \\ & /2)*2^(1/2)-4*\arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*e*x^2*(-d*e)^(1/2)-4*(-d* \\ & e)^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x-4*(-d*e)^(1/2)*\arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^ \\ & 2+d)^(1/2))*d)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2))/(e*x+(- \\ & d*e)^(1/2))/(-d*e)^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 442, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \left[\frac{4\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + dex} - \sqrt{2}(e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2)\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{3e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + 2\sqrt{2}}{e^2x}\right)}{4(e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2)^{3/2}} \right]$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(4*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*e*x - sqrt(2)*(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*
e*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(3*e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^
4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)) -
2*(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(2*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(
-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)))/(e^3*x^4 +
2*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e), 1/2*(2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*e*x + s
qrt(2)*(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 +
d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) - 2*(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 +
d^2)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x
^4 - d^2)))/(e^3*x^4 + 2*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(7/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**3/2/(d + e*x**2)**7/2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x + 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} x^4}{-e^4 x^8 - 2de^3 x^6 + 2d^3 e x^2 + d^4} dx \right) d^2 e^2 + 6 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}}{-e^4 x^8 - 2de^3 x^6 + 2d^3 e x^2 + d^4} dx \right) d^2 e^2$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*d**2*e**2 + 6*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*d*e**3*x**2 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**4)/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*e**4*x**4 + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4))/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*d**4 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4))/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*d**3*e*x**2 + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4))/(d**4 + 2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*d*e**3*x**6 - e**4*x**8),x)*d**2*e**2*x**4)/(3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

$$3.144 \quad \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1348
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1348
Rubi [A] (verified)	1349
Maple [B] (verified)	1351
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1351
Sympy [F]	1352
Maxima [F]	1352
Giac [F]	1353
Mupad [F(-1)]	1353
Reduce [F]	1353

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{2(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{8d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+1/8*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/16*arctan(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d - ex^2}(5d + ex^2) + 3\sqrt{2}(d + ex^2)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}\right) \right)}{16d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(5*d + e*x^2) + 3*Sqrt[2]
]*(d + e*x^2)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]]))/(16*d*Sqrt[e]
]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {1396, 292, 292, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{292} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx + \frac{x(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{292} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d(d + ex^2)} \right) + \frac{x(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\frac{2dex^2}{d - ex^2} + d} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{2d(d + ex^2)} \right) + \frac{x(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)} \right) + \frac{x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*d*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (3*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(2*d*(d + e*x^2)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]]/(2*Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e]))/4)/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 292 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(q/(a*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^(FracPart[p])/((d + e*x^n)^(FracPart[p])*(a/d + c*(x^n/e)^(FracPart[p])) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 451 vs. $2(99) = 198$.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}e^2 \left(3 \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+\sqrt{-dex+d})}{ex+\sqrt{-de}} \right) \sqrt{2}e^2x^4\sqrt{d}-3 \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-\sqrt{-dex+d})}{ex-\sqrt{-de}} \right) \sqrt{2}e^2x^4\sqrt{d}+6 \ln \left(\frac{2e}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/32*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*e^2/d*(3*\ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2) \\ &)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))) *2^(1/2)*e^2*x^4*d^(1/2)-3*\ln(2*e*(\\ & 2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2))) *2^(\\ & 1/2)*e^2*x^4*d^(1/2)+6*\ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/ \\ & 2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))) *2^(1/2)*d^(3/2)*e*x^2-6*\ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2) \\ &)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2))) *2^(1/2)*d^(3/2)*e \\ & *x^2+4*(-d*e)^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e*x^3+3*\ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x \\ & ^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))) *2^(1/2)*d^(5/2)-3*\ln(2*e \\ & *(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2))) *2 \\ & ^{(1/2)*d^(5/2)+20*d*(-d*e)^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*x)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e*x \\ & ^2+d)^(1/2)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2))^2/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))^2/(-d*e)^(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3\sqrt{2}(e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3)\sqrt{-e} \log \left(-\frac{3e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} \right)}{32(d^4x^6 + 3d^2e^3x^4 + 3d^3e^2x^2 + \dots)} \right]$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/32*(3*sqrt(2)*(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(-e)*log
(-(3*e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*
sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)) - 4*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e
^2*x^3 + 5*d*e*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(d*e^4*x^6 + 3*d^2*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^3*e^2*
x^2 + d^4*e), -1/16*(3*sqrt(2)*(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3)
*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e
^2*x^4 - d^2)) - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e^2*x^3 + 5*d*e*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)
)/(d*e^4*x^6 + 3*d^2*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^3*e^2*x^2 + d^4*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(9/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2)/(d + e*x**2)**(9/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(9/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(9/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} dx + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} e x^3 + 12 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{-e^5 x^{10} - 3de^4 x^8 - 2d^2} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x)`

output

```
(5*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*x + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e*x**3 + 12*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)*d**5*e + 36*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 36*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)*d**3*e**3*x**4 + 12*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**5 + 3*d**4*e*x**2 + 2*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*e**3*x**6 - 3*d*e**4*x**8 - e**5*x**10),x)*d**2*e**4*x**6)/(5*d*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6))
```

3.145 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1355
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1356
Rubi [A] (verified)	1356
Maple [B] (verified)	1359
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1359
Sympy [F(-1)]	1360
Maxima [F]	1360
Giac [F]	1361
Mupad [F(-1)]	1361
Reduce [F]	1361

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{3(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{8d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{19x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{96d^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{11 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}d^2\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
1/3*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)+1/8*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+19/96*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+11/64*arctan(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d^2/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(2\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{d - ex^2} (63d^2 + 50dex^2 + 19e^2 x^4) + 33\sqrt{2}(d + ex^2)^3 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) \right)}{192d^2 \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d - ex^2} (d + ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(63*d^2 + 50*d*e*x^2 + 19*e^2*x^4) + 33*Sqrt[2]*(d + e*x^2)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]]))/(192*d^2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {1396, 296, 292, 292, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^4} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{296} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{11 \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx}{12d} + \frac{x(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{12d^2 (d + ex^2)^3} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{292} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{(ex^2+d)^2} dx + \frac{x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} \right)}{12d} + \frac{x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}}{12d^2(d+ex^2)^3} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 292

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)} \right) + \frac{x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} \right)}{12d} + \frac{x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}}{12d^2(d+ex^2)^3} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\frac{2dex^2}{d-ex^2}+d} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)} \right) + \frac{x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} \right)}{12d} + \frac{x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}}{12d^2(d+ex^2)^3} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{e}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d(d+ex^2)} \right) + \frac{x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} \right)}{12d} + \frac{x(d-ex^2)^{5/2}}{12d^2(d+ex^2)^3} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2))/(12*d^2*(d + e*x^2)^3) + (11*(x*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*d*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (3*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(2*d*(d + e*x^2)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]]/(2*Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e]))/4)/(12*d))/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2))], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$

rule 292 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x) \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c \cdot (q / (a \cdot (p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot (p+q+1) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 296 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d))), x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c + 2 \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ !\text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_ \cdot)((a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^{n2_})^{p_} \cdot ((d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_})^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c \cdot x^{2 \cdot n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / ((d + e \cdot x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \cdot (a/d + c \cdot (x^n/e)^{\text{FracPart}[p]})) \ \text{Int}[u \cdot (d + e \cdot x^n)^{p+q} \cdot (a/d + (c/e) \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 595 vs. $2(128) = 256$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 596, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.72

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} e^3 \left(-33\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-\sqrt{-dex+d})}{ex-\sqrt{-de}}\right) e^3x^6\sqrt{d}+33\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+\sqrt{-dex+d})}{ex+\sqrt{-de}}\right) e^3x^6\sqrt{d}-99\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-\sqrt{-dex+d})}{ex-\sqrt{-de}}\right) e^3x^6\sqrt{d}+99\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+\sqrt{-dex+d})}{ex+\sqrt{-de}}\right) e^3x^6\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{384}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}e^3(-332^{1/2}\ln(2e(2^{1/2}d^{1/2}(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}-(-d^2e)^{1/2}x+d)/(ex-(-d^2e)^{1/2})))e^3x^6d^{1/2}+332^{1/2}\ln(2e(2^{1/2}d^{1/2}(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}+(-d^2e)^{1/2}x+d)/(ex+(-d^2e)^{1/2})))e^3x^6d^{1/2}-992^{1/2}\ln(2e(2^{1/2}d^{1/2}(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}-(-d^2e)^{1/2}x+d)/(ex-(-d^2e)^{1/2})))d^{3/2}e^2x^4+992^{1/2}\ln(2e(2^{1/2}d^{1/2}(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}+(-d^2e)^{1/2}x+d)/(ex+(-d^2e)^{1/2})))d^{3/2}e^2x^4+76e^2(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}(-d^2e)^{1/2}x^5-992^{1/2}\ln(2e(2^{1/2}d^{1/2}(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}-(-d^2e)^{1/2}x+d)/(ex-(-d^2e)^{1/2})))d^{5/2}e^2x^2+992^{1/2}\ln(2e(2^{1/2}d^{1/2}(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}+(-d^2e)^{1/2}x+d)/(ex+(-d^2e)^{1/2})))d^{5/2}e^2x^2+200e^2(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}d(-d^2e)^{1/2}x^3-332^{1/2}\ln(2e(2^{1/2}d^{1/2}(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}-(-d^2e)^{1/2}x+d)/(ex-(-d^2e)^{1/2})))d^{7/2}+332^{1/2}\ln(2e(2^{1/2}d^{1/2}(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}+(-d^2e)^{1/2}x+d)/(ex+(-d^2e)^{1/2})))d^{7/2}+252(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}d^2(-d^2e)^{1/2}x/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^{1/2}/(-ex^2+d)^{1/2}/(ex-(-d^2e)^{1/2})^3/(ex+(-d^2e)^{1/2})^3/(-d^2e)^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 432, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{33\sqrt{2}(e^4x^8 + 4de^3x^6 + 6d^2e^2x^4 + 4d^3ex^2 + d^4)\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{3e^2x^4+2dex^2-2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e}}{e^2x^4+2d}\right)}{384(d^2e^5x^8 + 4d^3e^4x^6 + 6d^2e^3x^4 + 4d^3ex^2 + d^4)} \right]$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/384*(33*sqrt(2)*(e^4*x^8 + 4*d*e^3*x^6 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 4*d^3*e*x^2 +
d^4)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(3*e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)
)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)) - 4*(19*e
^3*x^5 + 50*d*e^2*x^3 + 63*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)]/
(d^2*e^5*x^8 + 4*d^3*e^4*x^6 + 6*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 4*d^5*e^2*x^2 + d^6*e), -1/
192*(33*sqrt(2)*(e^4*x^8 + 4*d*e^3*x^6 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 4*d^3*e*x^2 + d^4
)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e
^2*x^4 - d^2)) - 2*(19*e^3*x^5 + 50*d*e^2*x^3 + 63*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4
+ d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)]/(d^2*e^5*x^8 + 4*d^3*e^4*x^6 + 6*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 4*d
^5*e^2*x^2 + d^6*e)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(11/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(11/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(11/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{13\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}d^2x + 7\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}dex^3 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x)`

output

```
(13*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**2*x + 7*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*e*x**3 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e**2*x**5 + 44*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*d**7*e + 176*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 264*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*d**5*e**3*x**4 + 176*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*d**4*e**4*x**6 + 44*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**6 + 4*d**5*e*x**2 + 5*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 5*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 4*d*e**5*x**10 - e**6*x**12),x)*d**3*e**5*x**8)/(13*d**2*(d**4 + 4*d**3*e*x**2 + 6*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 4*d*e**3*x**6 + e**4*x**8))
```

3.146 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1363
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1364
Rubi [A] (verified)	1364
Maple [B] (verified)	1368
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1369
Sympy [F(-1)]	1370
Maxima [F]	1370
Giac [F]	1371
Mupad [F(-1)]	1371
Reduce [F]	1371

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{4(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{5x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{48d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{17x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{128d^2(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{299x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{1536d^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{163 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{512\sqrt{2}d^3\sqrt{e}}$$

```
output 1/4*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)+5/48*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)+17/128*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+299/1536*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+163/1024*arctan(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d^3/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(2\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{d - ex^2} (1047d^3 + 1465d^2 ex^2 + 1101de^2 x^4 + 299e^3 x^6) + 489\sqrt{2} \right)}{3072d^3 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{d - ex^2} (d + ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(13/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(1047*d^3 + 1465*d^2*e*x^2 + 1101*d*e^2*x^4 + 299*e^3*x^6) + 489*Sqrt[2]*(d + e*x^2)^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]]))/(3072*d^3*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.464$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 27, 402, 25, 27, 402, 25, 27, 402, 27, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^5} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(3d - 2ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^4} dx}{8de} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{4(d + ex^2)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{3d-2ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^4} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4(d+ex^2)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 402 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{5x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{12d(d+ex^2)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{de(31d-20ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^3} dx}{12d^2e} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4(d+ex^2)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(31d-20ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^3} dx}{12d^2e} + \frac{5x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{12d(d+ex^2)^3} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4(d+ex^2)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{31d-20ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^3} dx}{12d} + \frac{5x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{12d(d+ex^2)^3} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4(d+ex^2)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 402 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{de(197d-102ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{8d^2e} + \frac{51x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{8d(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{5x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{12d(d+ex^2)^3} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4(d+ex^2)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(197d-102ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{8d^2e} + \frac{51x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{8d(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{5x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{12d(d+ex^2)^3} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4(d+ex^2)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 27
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{197d - 102ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^2} dx}{8d} + \frac{51x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{8d(d + ex^2)^2} \right) + \frac{5x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{12d(d + ex^2)^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{4(d + ex^2)^4} \right) \\
 \hline
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\frac{299x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{4d(d + ex^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{489d^2e}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx}{4d^2e}}{8d} + \frac{51x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{8d(d + ex^2)^2} \right) + \frac{5x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{12d(d + ex^2)^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{4(d + ex^2)^4} \right) \\
 \hline
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\frac{\frac{489}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)} dx + \frac{299x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{4d(d + ex^2)}}{8d} + \frac{51x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{8d(d + ex^2)^2}}{12d} + \frac{5x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{12d(d + ex^2)^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{4(d + ex^2)^4} \right) \right) \\
 \hline
 \downarrow 291 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\frac{\frac{489}{4} \int \frac{1}{\frac{2dex^2}{d - ex^2} + d} dx - \frac{x}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} + \frac{299x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{4d(d + ex^2)}}{8d} + \frac{51x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{8d(d + ex^2)^2}}{12d} + \frac{5x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{12d(d + ex^2)^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{4(d + ex^2)^4} \right) \right) \\
 \hline
 \downarrow 218 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\frac{\frac{489 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{299x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{4d(d + ex^2)}}{8d} + \frac{51x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{8d(d + ex^2)^2}}{12d} + \frac{5x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{12d(d + ex^2)^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{4(d + ex^2)^4} \right) \right) \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(13/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(4*(d + e*x^2)^4) + ((5*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(12*d*(d + e*x^2)^3) + ((51*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(8*d*(d + e*x^2)^2) + ((299*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(4*d*(d + e*x^2)) + (489*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(4*Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e]))/(8*d))/(12*d)/4)/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^(FracPart[p])/((d + e*x^n)^(FracPart[p])*(a/d + c*(x^n/e)^(FracPart[p])) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 739 vs. $2(157) = 314$.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 740, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} e^4 \left(489 \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-\sqrt{-de}x+d)}{ex-\sqrt{-de}} \right) \sqrt{2} e^4 x^8 \sqrt{d} - 489 \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+\sqrt{-de}x+d)}{ex+\sqrt{-de}} \right) \sqrt{2} e^4 x^8 \sqrt{d} + \dots \right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(13/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/6144*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3*e^4*(489*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2)))^2^(1/2)*e^4*x^8*d^(1/2)-489*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))^2^(1/2)*e^4*x^8*d^(1/2)+1956*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2)))^2^(1/2)*d^(3/2)*e^3*x^6-1956*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))^2^(1/2)*d^(3/2)*e^3*x^6-1196*(-d*e)^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^3*x^7+2934*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2)))^2^(1/2)*d^(5/2)*e^2*x^4-2934*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))^2^(1/2)*d^(5/2)*e^2*x^4-4404*d*e^2*(-d*e)^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*x^5+1956*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2)))^2^(1/2)*d^(7/2)*e*x^2-1956*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))^2^(1/2)*d^(7/2)*e*x^2-5860*d^2*e*(-d*e)^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*x^3+489*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2)))^2^(1/2)*d^(9/2)-489*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))^2^(1/2)*d^(9/2)-4188*d^3*(-d*e)^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*x)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2))^4/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))^4/(-d*e)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 498, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + e x^2)^{13/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{489 \sqrt{2}(e^5 x^{10} + 5 d e^4 x^8 + 10 d^2 e^3 x^6 + 10 d^3 e^2 x^4 + 5 d^4 e x^2 + d^5) \sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{3 e^2 x^4}{d + e x^2}\right)}{6144 (d^3 e^6 x^{10} + \dots)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/6144*(489*sqrt(2)*(e^5*x^10 + 5*d*e^4*x^8 + 10*d^2*e^3*x^6 + 10*d^3*e^2*x^4 + 5*d^4*e*x^2 + d^5)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(3*e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2))*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)) - 4*(299*e^4*x^7 + 1101*d*e^3*x^5 + 1465*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 1047*d^3*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(d^3*e^6*x^10 + 5*d^4*e^5*x^8 + 10*d^5*e^4*x^6 + 10*d^6*e^3*x^4 + 5*d^7*e^2*x^2 + d^8*e), -1/3072*(489*sqrt(2)*(e^5*x^10 + 5*d*e^4*x^8 + 10*d^2*e^3*x^6 + 10*d^3*e^2*x^4 + 5*d^4*e*x^2 + d^5)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) - 2*(299*e^4*x^7 + 1101*d*e^3*x^5 + 1465*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 1047*d^3*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(d^3*e^6*x^10 + 5*d^4*e^5*x^8 + 10*d^5*e^4*x^6 + 10*d^6*e^3*x^4 + 5*d^7*e^2*x^2 + d^8*e)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(13/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{13}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(13/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{13}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(13/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{13/2}} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(13/2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(13/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{423\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}d^3x + 335\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}d^2ex^3 + 180\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}d^2ex^3 + 180\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}d^2ex^3 + 180\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}d^2ex^3}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(13/2),x)`

output

```
(423*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**3*x + 335*sqrt(d + e*x**2)
*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**2*e*x**3 + 180*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**
2*x**4)*d**2*x**5 + 40*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e**3*x**7
+ 1956*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**7 + 5*d**6*
e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 9*d**2*
e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 - e**7*x**14),x)*d**9*e + 9780*int((sqrt(d + e
*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**7 + 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**
4 + 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**
12 - e**7*x**14),x)*d**8*e**2*x**2 + 19560*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2
- e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**7 + 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 5*d**4*e**3
*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 - e**7*x**14
),x)*d**7*e**3*x**4 + 19560*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x
**2)/(d**7 + 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*
e**4*x**8 - 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 - e**7*x**14),x)*d**6*e**4*
x**6 + 9780*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**7 + 5*d
**6*e*x**2 + 9*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 9*d*
**2*e**5*x**10 - 5*d*e**6*x**12 - e**7*x**14),x)*d**5*e**5*x**8 + 1956*int(
(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**7 + 5*d**6*e*x**2 + 9*d
**5*e**2*x**4 + 5*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 5*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 9*d**2*e**5*x**10 -
5*d*e**6*x**12 - e**7*x**14),x)*d**4*e**6*x**10)/(423*d**3*(d**5 + 5*d*...
```

3.147 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{15/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1373
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1374
Rubi [A] (verified)	1374
Maple [B] (verified)	1379
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1380
Sympy [F(-1)]	1381
Maxima [F]	1381
Giac [F]	1382
Mupad [F(-1)]	1382
Reduce [F]	1382

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 230

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{15/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{5(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{80d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{33x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{320d^2(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{327x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{2560d^3(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{1887x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}{10240d^4(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{609 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{2048\sqrt{2}d^4\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```

1/5*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2)+7/80*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d/
(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)+33/320*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)+327/2560
*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+1887/10240*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1
/2)/d^4/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+609/4096*arctan(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/
(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d^4/e^(1/2)
    
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{15/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{2(7195d^4 x + 14480d^3 ex^3 + 16302d^2 e^2 x^5 + 8856de^3 x^7 + 1887e^4 x^9)}{(d+ex^2)^5} + \frac{3045\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}} \right)}{20480d^4 \sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(15/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((2*(7195*d^4*x + 14480*d^3*e*x^3 + 16302*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 8856*d*e^3*x^7 + 1887*e^4*x^9))/(d + e*x^2)^5 + (3045*Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])))/(20480*d^4*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 402, 27, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{15/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^6} dx}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(4d - 3ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^5} dx}{10de} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5(d + ex^2)^5} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{4d - 3ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^5} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5(d + ex^2)^5} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 402 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{7x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{16d(d + ex^2)^4} - \frac{\int -\frac{3de(19d - 14ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^4} dx}{16d^2e} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5(d + ex^2)^5} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{19d - 14ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^4} dx}{16d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{16d(d + ex^2)^4} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5(d + ex^2)^5} \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 402 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{11x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{4d(d + ex^2)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{3de(65d - 44ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^3} dx}{12d^2e} \right)}{16d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{16d(d + ex^2)^4} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5(d + ex^2)^5} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{65d - 44ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}(ex^2 + d)^3} dx}{4d} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{4d(d + ex^2)^3} \right)}{16d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{16d(d + ex^2)^4} + \frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{5(d + ex^2)^5} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
\downarrow 402
\end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(411d-218ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{8d^2e} + \frac{109x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{8d(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d(d+ex^2)^3} \right)}{16d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{16d(d+ex^2)^4} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5(d+ex^2)^5} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

25

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(411d-218ex^2)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{8d^2e} + \frac{109x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{8d(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d(d+ex^2)^3} \right)}{16d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{16d(d+ex^2)^4} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5(d+ex^2)^5} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

27

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{411d-218ex^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{8d} + \frac{109x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{8d(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d(d+ex^2)^3} \right)}{16d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{16d(d+ex^2)^4} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5(d+ex^2)^5} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

402

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{629x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d(d+ex^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{1015d^2e}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)} dx}{4d^2e}}{8d} + \frac{109x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{8d(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d(d+ex^2)^3} \right)}{16d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{16d(d+ex^2)^4} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5(d+ex^2)^5} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{\frac{1015}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)} dx + \frac{629x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d(d+ex^2)}}{8d} + \frac{109x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{8d(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d(d+ex^2)^3} \right)}{16d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{16d(d+ex^2)^4} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5(d+ex^2)^5} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 291

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{\frac{1015}{4} \int \frac{1}{\frac{2dex^2}{d-ex^2} + d} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{629x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d(d+ex^2)}}{8d} + \frac{109x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{8d(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d(d+ex^2)^3} \right)}{16d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{16d(d+ex^2)^4} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5(d+ex^2)^5} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

↓ 218

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1015 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right) + 629x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{629x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d(d+ex^2)} + \frac{109x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{8d(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{11x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d(d+ex^2)^3} \right)}{16d} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{16d(d+ex^2)^4} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{5(d+ex^2)^5} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(15/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(5*(d + e*x^2)^5) + ((7*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(16*d*(d + e*x^2)^4) + (3*((11*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(4*d*(d + e*x^2)^3) + ((109*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(8*d*(d + e*x^2)^2) + ((629*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(4*d*(d + e*x^2)) + (1015*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(4*Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e]))/(8*d))/(4*d))/(16*d))/5)/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))),
x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*S
imp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))
*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -
1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(
q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)
(p + 1) + d(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^q_.), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 883 vs. $2(186) = 372$.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 884, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.84

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} e^5 \left(3045\sqrt{2} \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+\sqrt{-de}x+d)}{ex+\sqrt{-de}} \right) e^5x^{10}\sqrt{d}-3045\sqrt{2} \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-\sqrt{-de}x+d)}{ex-\sqrt{-de}} \right) e^5x^{10}\sqrt{d}}{\dots} \right)$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(15/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/40960*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*e^5/d^4*(3045*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)
*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))e^5*x^10*d^(1/2)-3
045*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*
x-(-d*e)^(1/2)))e^5*x^10*d^(1/2)+15225*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-
e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))d^(3/2)*e^4*x^8-15225
*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(
-d*e)^(1/2)))d^(3/2)*e^4*x^8+7548*e^4*(-d*e)^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*x^9+3
0450*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e
*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))d^(5/2)*e^3*x^6-30450*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-
e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2)))d^(5/2)*e^3*x^6+35424
*e^3*d*(-d*e)^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*x^7+30450*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(
1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))d^(7/2)*e^2*x^
4-30450*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)
/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2)))d^(7/2)*e^2*x^4+65208*e^2*d^2*(-d*e)^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)
^(1/2)*x^5+15225*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(
1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))d^(9/2)*e*x^2-15225*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*
d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2)))d^(9/2)*e*x
^2+57920*e*d^3*(-d*e)^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*x^3+3045*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1
/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))d^(11/2)
)-3045*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 564, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{15/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3045 \sqrt{2}(e^6 x^{12} + 6 d e^5 x^{10} + 15 d^2 e^4 x^8 + 20 d^3 e^3 x^6 + 15 d^4 e^2 x^4 + 6 d^5 e x^2 + d^6) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{40960 (d + ex^2)^{15/2}} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(15/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/40960*(3045*sqrt(2)*(e^6*x^12 + 6*d*e^5*x^10 + 15*d^2*e^4*x^8 + 20*d^3*
e^3*x^6 + 15*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 6*d^5*e*x^2 + d^6)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(3*e^2*x^4 +
2*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^
2)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)) - 4*(1887*e^5*x^9 + 8856*d*e^4*x^7 + 16302
*d^2*e^3*x^5 + 14480*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 7195*d^4*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt
(e*x^2 + d))/(d^4*e^7*x^12 + 6*d^5*e^6*x^10 + 15*d^6*e^5*x^8 + 20*d^7*e^4*
x^6 + 15*d^8*e^3*x^4 + 6*d^9*e^2*x^2 + d^10*e), -1/20480*(3045*sqrt(2)*(e^
6*x^12 + 6*d*e^5*x^10 + 15*d^2*e^4*x^8 + 20*d^3*e^3*x^6 + 15*d^4*e^2*x^4 +
6*d^5*e*x^2 + d^6)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2
+ d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) - 2*(1887*e^5*x^9 + 8856*d*e^4*x^7 + 1630
2*d^2*e^3*x^5 + 14480*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 7195*d^4*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqr
t(e*x^2 + d))/(d^4*e^7*x^12 + 6*d^5*e^6*x^10 + 15*d^6*e^5*x^8 + 20*d^7*e^4
*x^6 + 15*d^8*e^3*x^4 + 6*d^9*e^2*x^2 + d^10*e)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{15/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(15/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{15/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{15}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(15/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(15/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{15/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{15}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(15/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(15/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{15/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{15/2}} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(15/2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(15/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{15/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(15/2),x)`

output

```
(285*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**4*x + 275*sqrt(d + e*x**2)
*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d**3*e*x**3 + 206*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**
2*x**4)*d**2*e**2*x**5 + 88*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*d*e**3
*x**7 + 16*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*e**4*x**9 + 1740*int((s
qrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**8 + 6*d**7*e*x**2 + 14*d*
*6*e**2*x**4 + 14*d**5*e**3*x**6 - 14*d**3*e**5*x**10 - 14*d**2*e**6*x**12
- 6*d*e**7*x**14 - e**8*x**16),x)*d**11*e + 10440*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*s
qrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**8 + 6*d**7*e*x**2 + 14*d**6*e**2*x**4 + 14
*d**5*e**3*x**6 - 14*d**3*e**5*x**10 - 14*d**2*e**6*x**12 - 6*d*e**7*x**14
- e**8*x**16),x)*d**10*e**2*x**2 + 26100*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2
- e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**8 + 6*d**7*e*x**2 + 14*d**6*e**2*x**4 + 14*d**5*e**
3*x**6 - 14*d**3*e**5*x**10 - 14*d**2*e**6*x**12 - 6*d*e**7*x**14 - e**8*x
**16),x)*d**9*e**3*x**4 + 34800*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**
4)*x**2)/(d**8 + 6*d**7*e*x**2 + 14*d**6*e**2*x**4 + 14*d**5*e**3*x**6 - 1
4*d**3*e**5*x**10 - 14*d**2*e**6*x**12 - 6*d*e**7*x**14 - e**8*x**16),x)*d
**8*e**4*x**6 + 26100*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(
d**8 + 6*d**7*e*x**2 + 14*d**6*e**2*x**4 + 14*d**5*e**3*x**6 - 14*d**3*e**
5*x**10 - 14*d**2*e**6*x**12 - 6*d*e**7*x**14 - e**8*x**16),x)*d**7*e**5*x
**8 + 10440*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**8 + 6*d
**7*e*x**2 + 14*d**6*e**2*x**4 + 14*d**5*e**3*x**6 - 14*d**3*e**5*x**10...
```


3.148 $\int \sqrt{1+x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1384
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1384
Rubi [A] (verified)	1385
Maple [A] (verified)	1386
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1386
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1387
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1387
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1387
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1388
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1388

Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1+x^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}{2}$$

output `1/2*x*(x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsinh(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1+x^2} - \frac{1}{2} \log(-x + \sqrt{1+x^2})$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 + x^2],x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[1 + x^2])/2 - Log[-x + Sqrt[1 + x^2]]/2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x^2 + 1} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{211}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + 1} x$$

$$\downarrow \text{222}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + 1} x$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 + x^2], x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[1 + x^2])/2 + ArcSinh[x]/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{x^2+1}}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}{2}$	16
risch	$\frac{x\sqrt{x^2+1}}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}{2}$	16
trager	$\frac{x\sqrt{x^2+1}}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{x^2+1}+x)}{2}$	24
meijerg	$-\frac{-2\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{x^2+1}-2\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}{4\sqrt{\pi}}$	27
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{x^2+1}}{2} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}-x}{x}\right)}{4} + \frac{\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}+x}{x}\right)}{4}$	46

input `int((x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*x*(x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsinh(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x^2+1}x - \frac{1}{2} \log(-x + \sqrt{x^2+1})$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*sqrt(x^2 + 1)*x - 1/2*log(-x + sqrt(x^2 + 1))`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{x^2+1}}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(x)}{2}$$

input `integrate((x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`output `x*sqrt(x**2 + 1)/2 + asinh(x)/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x^2+1}x + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arsinh}(x)$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*sqrt(x^2 + 1)*x + 1/2*arcsinh(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x^2+1}x - \frac{1}{2} \log(-x + \sqrt{x^2+1})$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*sqrt(x^2 + 1)*x - 1/2*log(-x + sqrt(x^2 + 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(x)}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{x^2+1}}{2}$$

input `int((x^2 + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `asinh(x)/2 + (x*(x^2 + 1)^(1/2))/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}x}{2} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{x^2+1}+x)}{2}$$

input `int((x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(x**2 + 1)*x + log(sqrt(x**2 + 1) + x))/2`

3.149 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1389
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1389
Rubi [A] (verified)	1390
Maple [B] (verified)	1391
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1391
Sympy [F]	1392
Maxima [F]	1392
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1392
Mupad [F(-1)]	1393
Reduce [F]	1393

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1+x^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}{2}$$

output `1/2*x*(x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsinh(x)`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 70 vs. 2(21) = 42.

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{1-x^4}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \log(1-x^2) - \log(-x+x^3+\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{1-x^4}) \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - x^4]/Sqrt[1 - x^2],x]`

output `((x*Sqrt[1 - x^4])/Sqrt[1 - x^2] + Log[1 - x^2] - Log[-x + x^3 + Sqrt[1 - x^2]*Sqrt[1 - x^4]])/2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1386, 211, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

↓ 1386

$$\int \sqrt{x^2+1} dx$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x^2+1} x$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x^2+1} x$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - x^4]/Sqrt[1 - x^2],x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[1 + x^2])/2 + ArcSinh[x]/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 1386

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2/c)^q Int[u*(d - e*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[p + q, 0]
] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e^2, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 39 vs. $2(15) = 30$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1} (x\sqrt{x^2+1} + \operatorname{arcsinh}(x))}{2\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{x^2+1}}$	40
risch	$-\frac{x\sqrt{x^2+1} \sqrt{\frac{(-x^4+1)(-x^2+1)}{(x^2-1)^2}} (x^2-1)}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1} \sqrt{-x^2+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(x) \sqrt{\frac{(-x^4+1)(-x^2+1)}{(x^2-1)^2}} (x^2-1)}{2\sqrt{-x^4+1} \sqrt{-x^2+1}}$	110

input

```
int((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*(-x^4+1)^(1/2)*(x*(x^2+1)^(1/2)+arcsinh(x))/(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 120 vs. $2(15) = 30$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-x^4+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}x + (x^2-1) \log\left(\frac{x^3+\sqrt{-x^4+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}-x}{x^3-x}\right) - (x^2-1) \log\left(-\frac{x^3-\sqrt{-x^4+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}-x}{x^3-x}\right)}{4(x^2-1)}$$

input

```
integrate((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
-1/4*(2*sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*x + (x^2 - 1)*log((x^3 + sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - x)/(x^3 - x)) - (x^2 - 1)*log(-(x^3 - sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - x)/(x^3 - x)))/(x^2 - 1)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(x-1)(x+1)(x^2+1)}}{\sqrt{-(x-1)(x+1)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-x**4+1)**(1/2)/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(-(x - 1)*(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1))/sqrt(-(x - 1)*(x + 1)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(-x^4 + 1)/sqrt(-x^2 + 1), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x^2+1}x - \frac{1}{2} \log(-x + \sqrt{x^2+1})$$

input

```
integrate((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output `1/2*sqrt(x^2 + 1)*x - 1/2*log(-x + sqrt(x^2 + 1))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

input `int((1 - x^4)^(1/2)/(1 - x^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((1 - x^4)^(1/2)/(1 - x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}} dx$$

input `int((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2), x)`

3.150 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1394
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1394
Rubi [A] (verified)	1395
Maple [A] (verified)	1398
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1399
Sympy [F]	1399
Maxima [F]	1400
Giac [F]	1400
Mupad [F(-1)]	1400
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1401

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{47d^2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{16\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{23dex^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{24\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{e^2x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{6\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{63d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{16\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
-47/16*d^2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-23/24*d*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/6*e^2*x^5*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+63/16*d^3*arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}(141d^2x+46dex^3+8e^2x^5)}{48\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{63id^3 \log\left(-2i\sqrt{ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{16\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output
$$-1/48*(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(141*d^2*x + 46*d*e*x^3 + 8*e^2*x^5))/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2] + (((63*I)/16)*d^3*\text{Log}[(-2*I)*\text{Sqrt}[e]*x + (2*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/\text{Sqrt}[e]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 25, 27, 403, 25, 27, 299, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

↓ 1396

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^3}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 318

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{de(ex^2+d)(15ex^2+7d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{6e} - \frac{1}{6}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(ex^2+d)(15ex^2+7d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{6e} - \frac{1}{6}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{1}{6}d \int \frac{(ex^2+d)(15ex^2+7d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{1}{6}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{1}{6}d \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{de(103ex^2+43d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{4e} - \frac{15}{4}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{6}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(103ex^2+43d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{4e} - \frac{15}{4}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{6}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{1}{4}d \int \frac{103ex^2+43d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{15}{4}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{6}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 299

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{1}{4}d \left(\frac{189}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{103}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) - \frac{15}{4}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{6}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{1}{4}d \left(\frac{189}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^2}{d-ex^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{103}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) - \frac{15}{4}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{6}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{1}{4}d \left(\frac{189d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} - \frac{103}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right) - \frac{15}{4}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2) \right) - \frac{1}{6}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

Int[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]

output $(\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} (-1/6 (x \sqrt{d - ex^2} (d + ex^2)^2) + (d * ((-15 * x \sqrt{d - ex^2} (d + ex^2))/4 + (d * ((-103 * x \sqrt{d - ex^2}))/2 + (189 * d * \text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{e} * x)/\sqrt{d - ex^2}]]) / (2 * \sqrt{e}))) / 4) / 6) / \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 299 $\text{Int}[((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(b*(2*p+3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(2*p+3))/(b*(2*p+3)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*p+3, 0]$

rule 318 $\text{Int}[((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*((c + d*x^2)^{q-1}/(b*(2*(p+q)+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q)+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{q-2}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c*(2*(p+q)+1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p+2*q-1)+1) - a*d*(2*(q-1)+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q)+1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 403

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(-8e^{\frac{5}{2}}x^5\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-46de^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-141\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}d^2x+189\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)d^3 \right)}{48\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}}$	117
risch	$-\frac{x(8e^2x^4+46dex^2+141d^2)\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{48\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{63d^3\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{16\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	154

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/48*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(-8*e^(5/2)*x^5*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-46*d*e^(3/2)*x^3*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-141*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*d^2*x+189*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*d^3)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \left[-\frac{189(d^3ex^2 + d^4)\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{2e^2x^4 + dex^2 - 2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-ex - d^2}}{ex^2 + d}\right) + 2(8e^3x^5 + 46d^2ex^3 + 141d^2ex)\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{96(e^2x^2 + de)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{189(d^3ex^2 + d^4)\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex}}{e^2x^4 - d^2}\right) + (8e^3x^5 + 46de^2x^3 + 141d^2ex)\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{48(e^2x^2 + de)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/96*(189*(d^3*e*x^2 + d^4)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(2*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)) + 2*(8*e^3*x^5 + 46*d*e^2*x^3 + 141*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e), -1/48*(189*(d^3*e*x^2 + d^4)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) + (8*e^3*x^5 + 46*d*e^2*x^3 + 141*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(7/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**(7/2)/sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{189\sqrt{e} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d^3 - 141\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d^2 ex - 46\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} d e^2 x^3 - 8\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} e^3 x^5}{48e}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(189*sqrt(e)*asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**3 - 141*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d**2*e*x - 46*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d*e**2*x**3 - 8*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*e**3*x**5)/(48*e)`

$$3.151 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$$

Optimal result	1402
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1402
Rubi [A] (verified)	1403
Maple [A] (verified)	1405
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1406
Sympy [F]	1406
Maxima [F]	1407
Giac [F]	1407
Mupad [F(-1)]	1407
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1408

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{11dx\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{8\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{ex^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{4\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{19d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
-11/8*d*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/4*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+19/8*d^2*arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{(11dx+2ex^3)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{8\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{19id^2 \log\left(-2i\sqrt{ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]
```

output

```
-1/8*((11*d*x + 2*e*x^3)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + (((19*I)/8)
)*d^2*Log[(-2*I)*Sqrt[e]*x + (2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]/Sqr
t[e]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1396, 318, 25, 27, 299, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^2}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{de(9ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{4e} - \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(9ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{4e} - \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{1}{4}d \int \frac{9ex^2+5d}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx - \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2) \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{299}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{4}d\left(\frac{19}{2}d\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}dx - \frac{9}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\right) - \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)\right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{4}d\left(\frac{19}{2}d\int\frac{1}{\frac{ex^2}{d - ex^2} + 1}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} - \frac{9}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\right) - \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)\right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{4}d\left(\frac{19d\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} - \frac{9}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}\right) - \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)\right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-1/4*(x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)) + (d*((-9*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/2 + (19*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/4))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(-2e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3\sqrt{-ex^2+d} - 11\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ex^2+d} dx + 19 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right) d^2 \right)}{8\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}}$	96
risch	$-\frac{x(2ex^2+11d)\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{8\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{19d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{8\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	143

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(-2*e^(3/2)*x^3*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-11*e^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*d*x+19*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \left[-\frac{19(d^2ex^2 + d^3)\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{2e^2x^4 + dex^2 - 2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-ex - d^2}}{ex^2 + d}\right) + 2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}}{16(e^2x^2 + de)} - \frac{19(d^2ex^2 + d^3)\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex}}{e^2x^4 - d^2}\right) + \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(2e^2x^3 + 11dex)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{8(e^2x^2 + de)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/16*(19*(d^2*e*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(2*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 + d)) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(2*e^2*x^3 + 11*d*e*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e), -1/8*(19*(d^2*e*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(2*e^2*x^3 + 11*d*e*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(e^2*x^2 + d*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**(5/2)/sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{19\sqrt{e} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d^2 - 11\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} dex - 2\sqrt{-ex^2 + d} e^2x^3}{8e}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(19*sqrt(e)*asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2 - 11*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d*e*x - 2*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*e**2*x**3)/(8*e)`

3.152 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1409
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1409
Rubi [A] (verified)	1410
Maple [A] (verified)	1411
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1412
Sympy [F]	1412
Maxima [F]	1413
Giac [F]	1413
Mupad [F(-1)]	1413
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1414

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}}$$

output `-1/2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+3/2*d*arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{3id \log\left(-2i\sqrt{ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]`

output

$$-1/2*(x*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/ \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2] + (((3*I)/2)*d*\text{Log}[(-2*I)*\text{Sqrt}[e]*x + (2*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/ \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/ \text{Sqrt}[e]$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1396, 299, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

↓ 1396

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 299

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^2}{d - ex^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}} - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]$$

```
output (Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-1/2*(x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]) + (3*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 224 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 299 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 1396 Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(-x\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}+3d\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}}$	75
risch	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{3d\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{-e^2x^4+d^2}{ex^2+d}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}$	131

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1/2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(-x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+3*d*\arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2))}{(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \left[\frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}ex + 3(dx^2+d^2)\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{2e^2x^4+dex^2-2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{ex^2+d}\right)}{4(e^2x^2+de)} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}ex + 3(dx^2+d^2)\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex}}{e^2x^4-d^2}\right)}{2(e^2x^2+de)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[-1/4*(2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^4+d^2})*\sqrt{e*x^2+d}*e*x + 3*(d*e*x^2+d^2)*\sqrt{-e}*\log(-(2*e^2*x^4+d*e*x^2-2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^4+d^2})*\sqrt{e*x^2+d}*\sqrt{-e}*x-d^2)/(e*x^2+d))/(e^2*x^2+d*e), -1/2*(\sqrt{-e^2*x^4+d^2})*\sqrt{e*x^2+d}*e*x + 3*(d*e*x^2+d^2)*\sqrt{e}*\arctan(\sqrt{-e^2*x^4+d^2}*\sqrt{e*x^2+d}*\sqrt{e}*x/(e^2*x^4-d^2))/(e^2*x^2+d*e)]$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex^2)(d+ex^2)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**(3/2)/sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{e} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d - \sqrt{-ex^2 + d} ex}{2e}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(e)*asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d - sqrt(d - e*x**2)*e*x)/(2*e)`

3.153 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1415
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1415
Rubi [A] (verified)	1416
Maple [A] (verified)	1417
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1418
Sympy [F]	1418
Maxima [F]	1419
Giac [F]	1419
Mupad [F(-1)]	1419
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1420

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

output `arctan(e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{i \log\left(-2i\sqrt{ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4], x]`

output `(I*Log[(-2*I)*Sqrt[e]*x + (2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/Sqrt[e]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$, Rules used = {1396, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^2}{d-ex^2}+1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 216$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 216

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 224

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}}\right)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}}$	54

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \left[-\frac{\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{2e^2x^4+dex^2-2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex-d^2}}{ex^2+d}\right)}{2e}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex}}{e^2x^4-d^2}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*sqrt(-e)*log(-(2*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 + d))/e, -arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2))/sqrt(e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex^2)(d+ex^2)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d)))/e`

3.154 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1421
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1421
Rubi [A] (verified)	1422
Maple [B] (verified)	1423
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1424
Sympy [F]	1424
Maxima [F]	1425
Giac [F]	1425
Mupad [F(-1)]	1425
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1426

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{e}}$$

output `1/2*arctan(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$, Rules used = {1396, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)} dx}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \int \frac{1}{\frac{2dex^2}{d-ex^2}+d} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{3e^2x^4+2dex^2-2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-ex-d^2}}{e^2x^4+2dex^2+d^2}\right)}{4de}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex}}{e^2x^4-d^2}\right)}{2d\sqrt{e}} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(3*e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2))/(d*e), -1/2*sqrt(2)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2))/(d*sqrt(e))]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex^2)(d+ex^2)}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{2} \left(2 \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\tan \left(\frac{\operatorname{asin} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{2}+1} \right) - \log \left(-\sqrt{2}i + \tan \left(\frac{\operatorname{asin} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2} \right) + i \right) i + \log \left(\sqrt{2}i + \tan \left(\frac{\operatorname{asin} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2} \right) \right) \right)}{4de}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*(2*atan(tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2)/(sqrt(2) + 1)) - log(-sqrt(2)*i + tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2) + i)*i + log(sqrt(2)*i + tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2) - i)*i))/(4*d*e)`

3.155 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1427
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1427
Rubi [A] (verified)	1428
Maple [B] (verified)	1429
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1430
Sympy [F]	1431
Maxima [F]	1431
Giac [F]	1432
Mupad [F(-1)]	1432
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1432

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{4d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{3\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}d^2\sqrt{e}}$$

output `1/4*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/8*arctan(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d^2/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\left(2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}+3\sqrt{2}(d+ex^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)\right)}{8d^2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d+e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2-e^2*x^4]),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2] + 3*Sqrt[2]*(d + e*x^2)*
ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]]))/(8*d^2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^
2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1396, 296, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{296} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)} dx}{4d} + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{4d^2 (d + ex^2)} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{2dex^2}{d - ex^2} + d} \frac{d - x}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}}{4d} + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{4d^2 (d + ex^2)} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}d^2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{4d^2 (d + ex^2)} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]
```

output
$$\frac{(\sqrt{d - e x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2} ((x \sqrt{d - e x^2}) / (4 d^2 (d + e x^2)) + (3 \operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{e} x) / \sqrt{d - e x^2}]) / (4 \sqrt{2} d^2 \sqrt{e})) / \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(\operatorname{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \operatorname{ArcTan}[x/\operatorname{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 291
$$\operatorname{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a + (b \cdot x)^2} * ((c + (d \cdot x)^2))), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(c - (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b x^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$$

rule 296
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{p} * ((c + (d \cdot x)^2)^{q}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-b) x * (a + b x^2)^{p+1} * ((c + d x^2)^{q+1}) / (2 a * (p+1) * (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(b \cdot c + 2 * (p+1) * (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) / (2 a * (p+1) * (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b x^2)^{p+1} * (c + d x^2)^q, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[2 * (p+q+2) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ !\operatorname{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 1396
$$\operatorname{Int}[(u \cdot (a + (c \cdot x)^{n2}))^{p} * ((d + (e \cdot x)^n)^{q}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(a + c x^{2n})^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} / ((d + e x^n)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} * (a/d + c (x^n/e)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]})) \operatorname{Int}[u * (d + e x^n)^{p+q} * (a/d + (c/e) x^n)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[n2, 2 * n] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\operatorname{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[n, 2])$$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 487 vs. $2(73) = 146$.

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.25

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} e^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(3 \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-\sqrt{-dex+d})}{ex-\sqrt{-de}} \right) \sqrt{2} e^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{d} - 3 \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+\sqrt{-dex+d})}{ex+\sqrt{-de}} \right) \sqrt{2} e^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{d} + 3 \sqrt{d} \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*e^(5/2)*(3*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2))))*2^(1/2)*e^(3/2)*x^2*d^(1/2)-3*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))))*2^(1/2)*e^(3/2)*x^2*d^(1/2)+3*e^(1/2)*d^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2))))-3*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))))*e^(1/2)*d^(3/2)*2^(1/2)+4*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*e*x^2*(-d*e)^(1/2)-4*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/((e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*e*x^2*(-d*e)^(1/2)-4*(-d*e)^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x+4*(-d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*d-4*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/((e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*d*(-d*e)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/((-d*e)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2))^2/((d*e)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2))^2/(-d*e)^(1/2)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2))/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \left[\frac{4\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}ex - 3\sqrt{2}(e^2x^4+2dex^2+d^2)\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{3e^2x^4+d^2}{16(d^2e^3x^4+2d^3e^2x^2+d^4e)}\right)}{16(d^2e^3x^4+2d^3e^2x^2+d^4e)} \right]$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(4*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*e*x - 3*sqrt(2)*(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(3*e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)))/(d^2*e^3*x^4 + 2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + d^4*e), 1/8*(2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*e*x - 3*sqrt(2)*(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)))/(d^2*e^3*x^4 + 2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + d^4*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2)}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)
```


Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{e} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\tan \left(\frac{\operatorname{asin} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{2}+1} \right)}{d} + 6\sqrt{e} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\tan \left(\frac{\operatorname{asin} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{2}+1} \right)}{e x^2}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*atan(tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2)/(sqrt(2) + 1))*d
+ 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*atan(tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2)/(sqrt(2) + 1))*e
*x**2 + 4*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*e*x - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(2)*i + tan(
asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2) + i)*d*i - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(2)*i
+ tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2) + i)*e*i*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log(
sqrt(2)*i + tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2) - i)*d*i + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*
log(sqrt(2)*i + tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2) - i)*e*i*x**2)/(16*d**2*e
*(d + e*x**2))
```

3.156 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1434
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1434
Rubi [A] (verified)	1435
Maple [B] (verified)	1438
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1439
Sympy [F]	1439
Maxima [F]	1440
Giac [F]	1440
Mupad [F(-1)]	1440
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1441

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{8d^2(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{32d^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{19 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}d^3\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
1/8*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+9/32*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
/d^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+19/64*arctan(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*
x^4+d^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d^3/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4} \left(2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}(13d+9ex^2) + 19\sqrt{2}(d+ex^2)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right) \right)}{64d^3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(13*d + 9*e*x^2) + 19*Sqrt[2]*(d + e*x^2)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]]))/(64*d^3*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 25, 27, 402, 27, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 316$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{8d^2(d + ex^2)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{e(7d - 2ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx}{8d^2 e} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(7d - 2ex^2)}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx}{8d^2 e} + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{8d^2(d + ex^2)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{7d - 2ex^2}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx}{8d^2} + \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{8d^2(d + ex^2)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 402$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{9x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d(d+ex^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{19d^2e}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)} dx}{4d^2e}}{8d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{8d^2(d+ex^2)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{19}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(ex^2+d)} dx + \frac{9x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d(d+ex^2)}}{8d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{8d^2(d+ex^2)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{19}{4} \int \frac{1}{\frac{2dex^2}{d-ex^2} + d} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d(d+ex^2)}}{8d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{8d^2(d+ex^2)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{19 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d(d+ex^2)}}{8d^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{8d^2(d+ex^2)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(8*d^2*(d + e*x^2)^2) + ((9*x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]))/(4*d*(d + e*x^2)) + (19*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d - e*x^2]])/(4*Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e]))/(8*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{c} - (\text{b}*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d})*\text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d}, 0]$
- rule 316 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{q}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{b}_)*\text{x}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{q} + 1}/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)*(b*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d}))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)*(b*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d})) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{q}*\text{Simp}[\text{b}*\text{c} + 2*(\text{p} + 1)*(b*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d}) + \text{d}*\text{b}*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 2) + 1)*\text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{q}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{q}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 402 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{q}_}*((\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{b}*\text{e} - \text{a}*\text{f})*\text{x}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{q} + 1}/(\text{a}^2*(b*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d})*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{a}^2*(b*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d})*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{q}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{b}*\text{e} - \text{a}*\text{f}) + \text{e}^2*(b*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d})*(\text{p} + 1) + \text{d}*(\text{b}*\text{e} - \text{a}*\text{f})*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 2) + 1)*\text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1]$
- rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(\text{u}_.)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(\text{x}_)^{\text{n}2_})^{\text{p}_}*((\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(\text{x}_)^{\text{n}_})^{\text{q}_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a} + \text{c}*\text{x}^{2*\text{n}})^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]} / ((\text{d} + \text{e}*\text{x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}*(\text{a}/\text{d} + \text{c}*(\text{x}^{\text{n}}/\text{e}))^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}) \quad \text{Int}[\text{u}*(\text{d} + \text{e}*\text{x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{p} + \text{q}}*(\text{a}/\text{d} + (\text{c}/\text{e})*\text{x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{n}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{n}2, 2*\text{n}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{c}*\text{d}^2 + \text{a}*\text{e}^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ \&\& \ \text{!(EqQ}[\text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{n}, 2])$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 710 vs. $2(102) = 204$.

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 711, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.55

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} e^{\frac{9}{2}} \left(19\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}-\sqrt{-de}x+d)}{ex-\sqrt{-de}}\right) e^{\frac{5}{2}}x^4\sqrt{d}-19\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}+\sqrt{-de}x+d)}{ex+\sqrt{-de}}\right) e^{\frac{5}{2}}x^4\sqrt{d}+3 \right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/16*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*e^(9/2)*(19*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2)))*e^(5/2)*x^4*d^(1/2)-19*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))*e^(5/2)*x^4*d^(1/2)+38*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2)))*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)*x^2-38*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)*x^2+16*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*e^2*x^4*(-d*e)^(1/2)-16*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/((e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*e^2*x^4*(-d*e)^(1/2)-36*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^(3/2)*(-d*e)^(1/2)*x^3+19*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2)))*d^(5/2)*e^(1/2)-19*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))*d^(5/2)*e^(1/2)+32*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*d*e*x^2*(-d*e)^(1/2)-32*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/((e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*d*e*x^2*(-d*e)^(1/2)-52*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*d*e^(1/2)*(-d*e)^(1/2)*x+16*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*d^2*(-d*e)^(1/2)-16*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/((e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*d^2*(-d*e)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/((d*e)^(1/2)-(-d*e)^(1/2))^3/((d*e)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2))^3/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2))^2/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))^2/(-d*e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \left[-\frac{19\sqrt{2}(e^3x^6+3de^2x^4+3d^2ex^2+d^3)\sqrt{-e} \log\left(-\frac{3e^2x^4+2dex^2-2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{e^2x^4+d^2}\right)}{128(d^3e^4x^6+3d^4e^3x^4+3d^5e^2x^2+d^6e)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{19\sqrt{2}(e^3x^6+3de^2x^4+3d^2ex^2+d^3)\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex}}{e^2x^4-d^2}\right) - 2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}(9e^2x^3+13dex^2+13d^2ex+d^3)}{64(d^3e^4x^6+3d^4e^3x^4+3d^5e^2x^2+d^6e)} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/128*(19*sqrt(2)*(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(-e)*log(-(3*e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))*sqrt(-e)*x - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)) - 4*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(9*e^2*x^3 + 13*d*e*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d^3*e^4*x^6 + 3*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + d^6*e), -1/64*(19*sqrt(2)*(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(e)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(9*e^2*x^3 + 13*d*e*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d^3*e^4*x^6 + 3*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + d^6*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex^2)}(d+ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x**2))*(d + e*x**2))*(d + e*x**2)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}} dx = \frac{38\sqrt{e}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}+1}\right)}{d^2} + 76\sqrt{e}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}+1}\right)}{d}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(38*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*atan(tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2)/(sqrt(2) + 1))*d
**2 + 76*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*atan(tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2)/(sqrt(2) +
1))*d*e*x**2 + 38*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*atan(tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2)/(s
qrt(2) + 1))*e**2*x**4 + 52*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*d*e*x + 36*sqrt(d - e*x**2)*e
**2*x**3 - 19*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log(-sqrt(2)*i + tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt
(d))/2) + i)*d**2*i - 38*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log(-sqrt(2)*i + tan(asin((sqrt
(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2) + i)*d*e*i*x**2 - 19*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log(-sqrt(2)*i +
tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2) + i)*e**2*i*x**4 + 19*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*lo
g(sqrt(2)*i + tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2) - i)*d**2*i + 38*sqrt(e)*sq
rt(2)*log(sqrt(2)*i + tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2) - i)*d*e*i*x**2 + 1
9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(2)*i + tan(asin((sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))/2) - i)*e*
*2*i*x**4)/(128*d**3*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

3.157 $\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1442
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1442
Rubi [A] (verified)	1443
Maple [A] (verified)	1446
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1446
Sympy [F]	1447
Maxima [F]	1447
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1448
Mupad [F(-1)]	1448
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1448

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8d^2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{19dx\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{8\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{ex^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{4\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{75d^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e}}$$

output `8*d^2*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+19/8*d*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/4*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-75/8*d^2*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{x(83d^2+17dex^2-2e^2x^4)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)} + \frac{75d^2\log(-d+ex^2)}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{75d^2\log(dex-e^2x^4)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^(9/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{((x*(83*d^2 + 17*d*e*x^2 - 2*e^2*x^4)*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2] + (75*d^2*\text{Log}[-d + e*x^2])/\text{Sqrt}[e] - (75*d^2*\text{Log}[d*e*x - e^2*x^3 + \text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4]])/\text{Sqrt}[e])/8}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 25, 27, 403, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 315$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{de(d - 9ex^2)(d - ex^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{de} + \frac{2x(d - ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2x(d - ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{de(d - 9ex^2)(d - ex^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{de} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2x(d - ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \int \frac{(d - 9ex^2)(d - ex^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 403$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{5de(d-13ex^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{4e} + \frac{2x(d-ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{1}{4}x(d - 9ex^2)\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(-\frac{5}{4}d \int \frac{d-13ex^2}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{2x(d-ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{1}{4}x(d - 9ex^2)\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

299

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(-\frac{5}{4}d \left(\frac{15}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{13}{2}x\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) + \frac{2x(d-ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{1}{4}x(d - 9ex^2)\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

224

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(-\frac{5}{4}d \left(\frac{15}{2}d \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{13}{2}x\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) + \frac{2x(d-ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{1}{4}x(d - 9ex^2)\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

219

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(-\frac{5}{4}d \left(\frac{15d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} - \frac{13}{2}x\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) + \frac{2x(d-ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{1}{4}x(d - 9ex^2)\sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^(9/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((2*x*(d - e*x^2)^2)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + (x*(d - 9*e*x^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/4 - (5*d*((-13*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/2 + (15*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/4)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 299 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}*x*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}/(\text{b}*(2*\text{p} + 3))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{a}*d - \text{b}*c*(2*\text{p} + 3))/(\text{b}*(2*\text{p} + 3)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*\text{p} + 3, 0]$
- rule 315 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a}*d - \text{c}*b)*x*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)}/(2*\text{a}*b*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*b*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 2)}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{a}*d - \text{c}*b*(2*\text{p} + 3)) + \text{d}*(\text{a}*d*(2*(\text{q} - 1) + 1) - \text{b}*c*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1))*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 403 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_.)*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{q}_.)*(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_.)*(x_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{f}*x*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}}/(\text{b}*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 1) + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{b}*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 1) + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f + \text{b}*e*2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 1)) + (\text{d}*(\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f) + \text{f}*2*\text{q}*(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d) + \text{b}*d*e*2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 1))*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 1) + 1, 0]$

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(2e^{\frac{5}{2}}x^5 - 17de^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 + 75 \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})d^2\sqrt{ex^2+d} - 83d^2x\sqrt{e} \right)}{8\sqrt{-ex^2+d}(ex^2+d)\sqrt{e}}$
risch	$-\frac{x(-2ex^2+19d)\sqrt{ex^2+d} \sqrt{\frac{(-ex^2+d)(-e^2x^4+d^2)}{(ex^2-d)^2}}(ex^2-d)}{8\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \left(\frac{8d^2x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{75d^2 \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{8\sqrt{e}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{(-ex^2+d)(-e^2x^4+d^2)}{(ex^2-d)^2}}$

input

```
int((-e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(2*e^(5/2)*x^5-17*d*e^(3/2)*x^3+75*ln(x*e^(1/2)+
(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*d^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-83*d^2*x*e^(1/2))/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(e
*x^2+d)/e^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{75(d^2e^2x^4 - d^4)\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{2e^2x^4 - dex^2 + 2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex-d^2}}{ex^2-d}\right) + 2(2e^3x^5 - 17de^2)}{16(e^3x^4 - d^2e)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(75*(d^2*e^2*x^4 - d^4)*sqrt(e)*log((2*e^2*x^4 - d*e*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)) + 2*(2*e^3*x^5 - 17*d*e^2*x^3 - 83*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(e^3*x^4 - d^2*e), -1/8*(75*(d^2*e^2*x^4 - d^4)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) - (2*e^3*x^5 - 17*d*e^2*x^3 - 83*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(e^3*x^4 - d^2*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x**2+d)**(9/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((d - e*x**2)**(9/2)/((-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**3/2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-ex^2 + d)^{9/2}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{75 d^2 \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{8 \sqrt{e}} - \frac{((2e^2x^2 - 17de)x^2 - 83d^2)x}{8 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `75/8*d^2*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/sqrt(e) - 1/8*((2*e^2*x^2 - 17*d*e)*x^2 - 83*d^2)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^(9/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)^(9/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{83\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^2ex + 17\sqrt{ex^2 + d}de^2x^3 - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}e^3x^5 - 75\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8e(ex^2 + d)}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(83*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*e*x + 17*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e**2*x**3 - 2*sqrt(d
+ e*x**2)*e**3*x**5 - 75*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(
d))*d**3 - 75*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2*e*x
**2 + 69*sqrt(e)*d**3 + 69*sqrt(e)*d**2*e*x**2)/(8*e*(d + e*x**2))
```

3.158 $\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1450
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1450
Rubi [A] (verified)	1451
Maple [A] (verified)	1453
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1454
Sympy [F]	1454
Maxima [F]	1455
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1455
Mupad [F(-1)]	1455
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1456

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4dx\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{2\sqrt{d-ex^2}} - \frac{7d\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
4*d*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-7/2*d*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x(9d+ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)} + \frac{7d\log(-d+ex^2)}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{7d\log(dex-e^2x^3+\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2})}{\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((x*(9*d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)) + (7*d*Log[-d + e*x^2])/Sqrt[e] - (7*d*Log[d*e*x - e^2*x^3 + Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]])/Sqrt[e])/2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.241$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 25, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 315$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{de(d - 5ex^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{de} + \frac{2x(d - ex^2)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2x(d - ex^2)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{de(d - 5ex^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{de} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2x(d - ex^2)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \int \frac{d - 5ex^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 299$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(-\frac{7}{2}d\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx+\frac{5}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(-\frac{7}{2}d\int\frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}+\frac{5}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(-\frac{7d\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}}+\frac{5}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((2*x*(d - e*x^2))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + (5*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/2 - (7*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e]))) / Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(-e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3+7\ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{e}x^2+d) \right) d\sqrt{e}x^2+d-9\sqrt{e}dx}{2\sqrt{-ex^2+d}(ex^2+d)\sqrt{e}}$	83
risch	$-\frac{x\sqrt{ex^2+d} \sqrt{\frac{(-ex^2+d)(-e^2x^4+d^2)}{(ex^2-d)^2}}(ex^2-d)}{2\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \left(\frac{4dx}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{7d\ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{e}x^2+d)}{2\sqrt{e}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{(-ex^2+d)(-e^2x^4+d^2)}{(ex^2-d)^2}}(ex^2-d)$	18

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^(3/2)*x^3+7*ln(x*e^(1/2)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*d*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-9*e^(1/2)*d*x)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)/e^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{7(de^2x^4 - d^3)\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{2e^2x^4 - dex^2 + 2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{-ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex - d^2}}{ex^2 - d}\right) - 2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(e^2x^4 - d^2)}{4(e^3x^4 - d^2e)} \right]$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(7*(d*e^2*x^4 - d^3)*sqrt(e)*log((2*e^2*x^4 - d*e*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)) - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e^2*x^3 + 9*d*e*x)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(e^3*x^4 - d^2*e), -1/2*(7*(d*e^2*x^4 - d^3)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) + sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e^2*x^3 + 9*d*e*x)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(e^3*x^4 - d^2*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)**(7/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d - e*x**2)**(7/2)/(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**3/2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ex^2 + 9d)x}{2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} + \frac{7d \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{2\sqrt{e}}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(e*x^2 + 9*d)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d) + 7/2*d*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/sqrt(e)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{36\sqrt{ex^2 + d} dex + 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d} e^2x^3 - 28\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d^2 - 28\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d^2}{8e(ex^2 + d)}$$

input

```
int((-e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(36*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x + 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**3 - 28*sqrt(e)*log
((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2 - 28*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e
*x**2) - sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e*x**2 + 33*sqrt(e)*d**2 + 33*sqrt(e)*d*e*x
**2)/(8*e*(d + e*x**2))
```

$$3.159 \quad \int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1457
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1457
Rubi [A] (verified)	1458
Maple [A] (verified)	1459
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1460
Sympy [F]	1460
Maxima [F]	1461
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1461
Mupad [F(-1)]	1461
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1462

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
2*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-arctanh(e^(1/2)*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)} + \frac{\log(-d+ex^2)}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\log(dex-e^2x^3+\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4})}{\sqrt{e}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)) + Log[-d + e*x^2]/
Sqrt[e] - Log[d*e*x - e^2*x^3 + Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]]/Sqrt[e]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1396, 298, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{d - ex^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 298$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2 + d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Int[(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output $(\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} ((2x)/\sqrt{d + ex^2} - \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{e}x)/\sqrt{d + ex^2}])/\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4})$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2](x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(1 - bx^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + bx^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 298 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{p_}((c_ + (d_)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(- (b*c - a*d)) * x * ((a + bx^2)^{p+1} / (2*a*b*(p+1))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[(a*d - b*c * (2*p + 3)) / (2*a*b*(p+1)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + bx^2)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& (\operatorname{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ \operatorname{ILtQ}[1/2 + p, 0])$

rule 1396 $\operatorname{Int}[(u_)((a_ + (c_)(x_)^{n2_})^{p_}((d_ + (e_)(x_)^{n_})^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(a + c*x^{2*n})^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} / ((d + e*x^n)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} * (a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}) \operatorname{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{p+q} * (a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\operatorname{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(-\ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})\sqrt{ex^2+d} + 2x\sqrt{e})\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}(ex^2+d)\sqrt{e}}$	72

input $\operatorname{int}((-ex^2+d)^{(5/2)} / (-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(3/2)}, x, \operatorname{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $(-\ln(xe^{1/2} + (e^2x^2 + d)^{1/2}) * (e^2x^2 + d)^{1/2} + 2xe^{1/2}) * (-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{1/2} / (-e^2x^2 + d)^{1/2} / (e^2x^2 + d) / e^{1/2}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{4\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{-ex^2 + d}ex - (e^2x^4 - d^2)\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{2e^2x^4 - dex^2 + 2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{-ex^2 + d}}{ex^2 - d}\right)}{2(e^3x^4 - d^2e)} \right]$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[-1/2*(4*\sqrt{-e^2*x^4 + d^2}*\sqrt{-e*x^2 + d}*e*x - (e^2*x^4 - d^2)*\sqrt{e}*\log((2*e^2*x^4 - d*e*x^2 + 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^4 + d^2}*\sqrt{-e*x^2 + d}*\sqrt{e})*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)))/(e^3*x^4 - d^2*e), -(2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^4 + d^2}*\sqrt{-e*x^2 + d}*e*x + (e^2*x^4 - d^2)*\sqrt{-e}*\arctan(\sqrt{-e^2*x^4 + d^2}*\sqrt{-e*x^2 + d}*\sqrt{-e}*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)))/(e^3*x^4 - d^2*e)]$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d - e*x**2)**(5/2)/((-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**3/2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} + \frac{\log(|-\sqrt{e}x + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d) + log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/sqrt(e)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ex - \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d - \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ex^2 + 2\sqrt{e}d + 2\sqrt{e}x}{e(ex^2 + d)}$$

input

```
int((-e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x - sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d - sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e*x**2 + 2*sqrt(e)*d + 2*sqrt(e)*e*x**2)/(e*(d + e*x**2))
```

$$3.160 \quad \int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1463
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1463
Rubi [A] (verified)	1464
Maple [A] (verified)	1465
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1465
Sympy [F]	1465
Maxima [F]	1466
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1466
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1466
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1467

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output `x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d^2+dex^2)}$$

input `Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d^2 + d*e*x^2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1396, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 208$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(ex^2+d)x(-ex^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	37
orering	$\frac{(ex^2+d)x(-ex^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	37
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}x}{\sqrt{-ex^2+d}(ex^2+d)d}$	39

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(e*x^2+d)/d*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{-ex^2 + d}}{de^2x^4 - d^3}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*x/(d*e^2*x^4 - d^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d - e*x**2)**(3/2)/((-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + dd}}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{d - ex^2}}{d \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `(x*(d - e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ex + \sqrt{e}d + \sqrt{e}ex^2}{de(ex^2 + d)}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x + sqrt(e)*d + sqrt(e)*e*x**2)/(d*e*(d + e*x**2))`

3.161 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1468
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1468
Rubi [A] (verified)	1469
Maple [B] (verified)	1470
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1471
Sympy [F]	1472
Maxima [F]	1472
Giac [F]	1472
Mupad [F(-1)]	1473
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1473

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d^2\sqrt{e}}$$

output

$1/2*x*(-e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}+1/4*\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/2)}*e^{(1/2)})*x*(-e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/d^2/e^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\left(2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2} + \sqrt{2}(d+ex^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)\right)}{4d^2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[Sqrt[d - e*x^2]/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + Sqrt[2]*(d + e*x^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]))/(4*d^2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d - e*x^2])*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1396, 296, 291, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{296}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2d} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{291}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{d - \frac{2dex^2}{ex^2 + d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}}{2d} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{221}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d^2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{x}{2d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[d - e*x^2]/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} (x / (2d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2})) + \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{e} x) / \sqrt{d + ex^2}]) / (2 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{e})}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 221

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_.) (x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(\operatorname{Rt}[-a/b, 2] / a) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[x / \operatorname{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 291

$$\operatorname{Int}[1 / (\sqrt{(a_ + (b_.) (x_)^2} ((c_ + (d_.) (x_)^2))), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1 / (c - (b*c - a*d) x^2), x], x, x / \sqrt{a + b x^2}] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$$

rule 296

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_.) (x_)^2)^{p_} ((c_ + (d_.) (x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-b) x (a + b x^2)^{p+1} (c + d x^2)^{q+1} / (2 a (p+1) (b*c - a*d)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(b*c + 2(p+1)(b*c - a*d)) / (2 a (p+1) (b*c - a*d)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b x^2)^{p+1} (c + d x^2)^q, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[2(p+q+2) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ !\operatorname{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 1396

$$\operatorname{Int}[(u_.) ((a_ + (c_.) (x_)^{n2_})^{p_}) ((d_ + (e_.) (x_)^{n_})^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(a + c x^{2n})^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} / ((d + e x^n)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} (a/d + c (x^n/e)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]})) \operatorname{Int}[u (d + e x^n)^{p+q} (a/d + (c/e) x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[n2, 2n] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\operatorname{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[n, 2])$$
Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 342 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} e^2 \left(\ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e x^2+d}+\sqrt{de}x+d)}{ex-\sqrt{de}} \right) \sqrt{2} de x^2 - \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e x^2+d}-\sqrt{de}x+d)}{ex+\sqrt{de}} \right) \sqrt{2} de x^2 + 4\sqrt{de} \sqrt{-\frac{(ex+\sqrt{-de}}{4\sqrt{-e x^2+d}\sqrt{e x^2+d}}(-\sqrt{de}+\sqrt{-de})(\sqrt{de}+\sqrt{-de})} \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*e^2*(ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2))))*2^(1/2)*d*e*x^2-ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))))*2^(1/2)*d*e*x^2+4*(d*e)^(1/2)*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*x+ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2))))*2^(1/2)*d^2-ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))))*2^(1/2)*d^2/((-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-d*e)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2))/((d*e)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2))/(d*e)^(1/2)/d^(3/2)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2))/(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{4\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{-ex^2 + dex} - \sqrt{2}(e^2x^4 - d^2)\sqrt{e} \log \left(-\frac{3e^2x^4 - 2dex^2 - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{-ex^2 + dex}}{e^2x^4 - 2dex^2} \right)}{8(d^2e^3x^4 - d^4e)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{-ex^2 + dex} - \sqrt{2}(e^2x^4 - d^2)\sqrt{-e} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{-ex^2 + dex}}{e^2x^4 - d^2} \right)}{4(d^2e^3x^4 - d^4e)} \right]$$

```
input integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/8*(4*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*e*x - sqrt(2)*(e^2*x^4 - d^2)*sqrt(e)*log(-3*e^2*x^4 - 2*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 - 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)))/(d^2*e^3*x^4 - d^4*e), -1/4*(2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*e*x - sqrt(2)*(e^2*x^4 - d^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)))/(d^2*e^3*x^4 - d^4*e)]
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d - e*x**2)/(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))** (3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-ex^2 + d}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-ex^2 + d}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`output `int((d - e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ex - \sqrt{e}\sqrt{2}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d}\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)d - \sqrt{e}\sqrt{2}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d}\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x)`output `(4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x - sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d - sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e*x**2 + sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d + sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e*x**2 + sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d + sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e*x**2 - sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d - sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e*x**2 + 4*sqrt(e)*d + 4*sqrt(e)*e*x**2)/(8*d**2*e*(d + e*x**2))`

3.162 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1474
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1474
Rubi [A] (verified)	1475
Maple [B] (verified)	1477
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1478
Sympy [F]	1479
Maxima [F]	1479
Giac [F]	1480
Mupad [F(-1)]	1480
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1480

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{4d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{8d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{5\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}d^3\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
1/4*x/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/8*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+5/16*arctanh(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d^3/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\left(-2\sqrt{ex}(-3d+ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}+5\sqrt{2}(d^2-e^2x^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)\right)}{16d^3\sqrt{e}(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-2*Sqrt[e]*x*(-3*d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + 5*Sqrt
[2]*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]))/(16*d^3
*Sqrt[e]*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.241$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 291, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(2ex^2 + 3d)}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{4d^2 e} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2ex^2 + 3d}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{4d^2} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{x}{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{5d^2 e}{(d - ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{4d^2}}{4d^2} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d - ex^2)\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{5}{2} \int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{4d^2} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 291 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{5}{2} \int \frac{1}{d-\frac{2dex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{4d^2} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) + \frac{x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{4d^2} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(x/(4*d^2*(d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (x/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (5*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e]))/(4*d^2)))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 316

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x
^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !
(!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2,
p, q, x]
```

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(
q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)
*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1067 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1068, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.15

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1068

input

```
int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/4*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*e^(11/2)*(-5*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*
x^2+d)^(1/2)+(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2)))e^(7/2)*x^6*d^(1/2)+5*2^(
1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(d*e)^(
1/2)))e^(7/2)*x^6*d^(1/2)-5*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/
2)+(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2)))d^(3/2)*e^(5/2)*x^4+5*2^(1/2)*ln(2*
e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(d*e)^(1/2)))d^(
3/2)*e^(5/2)*x^4-8*ln((e^(1/2)*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))
^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2))*e^3*x^6*(d*e)^(1/2)+8*ln(((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+e*x
)/e^(1/2))*e^3*x^6*(d*e)^(1/2)+4*e^(5/2)*x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(d*e)^(1/2)-8
*e^(5/2)*x^5*(d*e)^(1/2)*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
+5*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(
d*e)^(1/2)))d^(5/2)*e^(3/2)*x^2-5*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+
d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(d*e)^(1/2)))d^(5/2)*e^(3/2)*x^2-8*ln((e^(
1/2)*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2))*d*e^2
*x^4*(d*e)^(1/2)+8*ln(((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2))*d*e^2*x^4*(d*
e)^(1/2)+8*d*e^(3/2)*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(d*e)^(1/2)+5*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(
1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2)))d^(7/2)*e
^(1/2)-5*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/
(e*x+(d*e)^(1/2)))d^(7/2)*e^(1/2)+8*ln((e^(1/2)*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-
e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2))*d^2*e*x^2*(d*e)^(1/2)-8*ln(((e*x...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{5\sqrt{2}(e^3 x^6 - de^2 x^4 - d^2 ex^2 + d^3)\sqrt{e} \log\left(-\frac{3e^2 x^4 - 2dex^2 - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{-e^2 x^4 - 2dex^2 + d^2}}{e^2 x^4 - 2dex^2 + d^2}\right)}{32(d^3 e^4 x^6 - d^4 e^3 x^4 - d^5 e^2 x^2 + d^6)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/32*(5*sqrt(2)*(e^3*x^6 - d*e^2*x^4 - d^2*e*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(e)*log(-(3*e^2*x^4 - 2*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 - 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)) - 4*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e^2*x^3 - 3*d*e*x)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(d^3*e^4*x^6 - d^4*e^3*x^4 - d^5*e^2*x^2 + d^6*e), 1/16*(5*sqrt(2)*(e^3*x^6 - d*e^2*x^4 - d^2*e*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e^2*x^3 - 3*d*e*x)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(d^3*e^4*x^6 - d^4*e^3*x^4 - d^5*e^2*x^2 + d^6*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d + ex^2) (d + ex^2))^{3/2} \sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2)*sqrt(d - e*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{-ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)), x)
```


Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{12\sqrt{ex^2 + d} dex - 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d} e^2x^3 - 5\sqrt{e} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d} \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{1}$$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(12*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**3 - 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2 + 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**2*x**4 + 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2 - 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**2*x**4 + 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2 - 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**2*x**4 - 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2 + 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**2*x**4 - 12*sqrt(e)*d**2 + 12*sqrt(e)*e**2*x**4)/(32*d**3*e*(d**2 - e**2*x**4))
```

3.163 $\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1482
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1482
Rubi [A] (verified)	1483
Maple [B] (verified)	1486
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1487
Sympy [F]	1488
Maxima [F]	1488
Giac [F]	1489
Mupad [F(-1)]	1489
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1489

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{11x}{32d^3\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{5x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{64d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{39\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}d^4\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
1/8*x/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+11/32*x/d^3/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-5/64*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+39/128*arctanh(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/d^4/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\left(-2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}(-25d^2+12dex^2+5e^2x^4)+39\sqrt{2}(d-ex^2)\right)}{128d^4\sqrt{e}(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(-2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-25*d^2 + 12*d*e*x^2 +
5*e^2*x^4) + 39*Sqrt[2]*(d - e*x^2)^2*(d + e*x^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e
]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]))/(128*d^4*Sqrt[e]*(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/
2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 291, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(4ex^2 + 7d)}{(d - ex^2)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{8d^2 e} + \frac{x}{8d^2 (d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{4ex^2 + 7d}{(d - ex^2)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{8d^2} + \frac{x}{8d^2 (d - ex^2)^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(22ex^2+17d)}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{4d^2e} + \frac{11x}{4d(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{22ex^2+17d}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{4d} + \frac{11x}{4d(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{39d^2e}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d^2e} - \frac{5x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{11x}{4d(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{39}{2} \int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{5x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{4d} + \frac{11x}{4d(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 291 \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{39}{2} \int \frac{1}{d - \frac{2dex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{5x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{4d} + \frac{11x}{4d(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow 221
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{39 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - \frac{5x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{11x}{4d(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[1/((d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(x/(8*d^2*(d - e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + ((11*x)/(4*d*(d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + ((-5*x)/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (39*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e]))/(4*d))/(8*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^(FracPart[p])/((d + e*x^n)^(FracPart[p])*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^(FracPart[p])) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 980 vs. $2(135) = 270$.

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 981, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.87

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} e^{\frac{15}{2}} \left(39\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e x^2+d}+\sqrt{de}x+d)}{ex-\sqrt{de}}\right) e^{\frac{9}{2}}x^8\sqrt{d}-39\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e x^2+d}-\sqrt{de}x+d)}{ex+\sqrt{de}}\right) e^{\frac{9}{2}}x^8\sqrt{d}-48 \ln\left(\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\right) \right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/16*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*e^(15/2)*(39*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*
x^2+d)^(1/2)+(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2))))*e^(9/2)*x^8*d^(1/2)-39*2^
(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(d*e)^(
1/2))))*e^(9/2)*x^8*d^(1/2)-48*ln(((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2))*e
^4*x^8*(d*e)^(1/2)+48*ln((e^(1/2)*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2
))))^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2))*e^4*x^8*(d*e)^(1/2)-52*e^(7/2)*x^7*(d*e)^(1/2)*(e*
x^2+d)^(1/2)+32*e^(7/2)*x^7*(d*e)^(1/2)*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e
)^(1/2))))^(1/2)-78*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(d*e)^(
1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2))))*d^(5/2)*e^(5/2)*x^4+78*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2
)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))))*d^(5/2)*e^(5
/2)*x^4-36*d*e^(5/2)*x^5*(d*e)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-32*d*e^(5/2)*(d*e)^(1
/2)*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*x^5+96*ln(((e*x^2+d)
^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2))*d^2*e^2*x^4*(d*e)^(1/2)-96*ln((e^(1/2)*(-e*x
+(-d*e)^(1/2)))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2))*d^2*e^2*x^4*(d*e
)^(1/2)+84*d^2*e^(3/2)*x^3*(d*e)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-32*d^2*e^(3/2)*(d*e
)^(1/2)*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*x^3+39*2^(1/2)*l
n(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2))))
*d^(9/2)*e^(1/2)-39*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(
1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))))*d^(9/2)*e^(1/2)+68*d^3*x*e^(1/2)*(d*e)^(1/2)
*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+32*d^3*(d*e)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{39\sqrt{2}(e^4x^8 - 2de^3x^6 + 2d^3ex^2 - d^4)\sqrt{e} \log\left(-\frac{3e^2x^4 - 2dex^2 - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 - 2dex^2 - d^2}}{e^2x^4 - 2dex^2 - d^2}\right)}{256(d^4e^5x^8 - 2d^3ex^2 - d^4)\sqrt{e}} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
[1/256*(39*sqrt(2)*(e^4*x^8 - 2*d*e^3*x^6 + 2*d^3*e*x^2 - d^4)*sqrt(e)*log
(-(3*e^2*x^4 - 2*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)
*sqrt(e)*x - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 - 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)) + 4*(5*e^3*x^5 + 12*d*e^2*x
^3 - 25*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(d^4*e^5*x^8 - 2*d
^5*e^4*x^6 + 2*d^7*e^2*x^2 - d^8*e), 1/128*(39*sqrt(2)*(e^4*x^8 - 2*d*e^3*
x^6 + 2*d^3*e*x^2 - d^4)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt
(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) + 2*(5*e^3*x^5 + 12*d*e^2*x^3 - 2
5*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(d^4*e^5*x^8 - 2*d^5*e^4
*x^6 + 2*d^7*e^2*x^2 - d^8*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d + ex^2) (d + ex^2))^{3/2} (d - ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**(3/2)*(d - e*x**2)**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{3/2} (-ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(-e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(3/2)*(-e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2} (d - ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 755, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(1100*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*e*x - 528*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e**2*x**3 - 220*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**3*x**5 - 429*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**3 + 429*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2*e*x**2 + 429*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e**2*x**4 - 429*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**3*x**6 + 429*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**3 - 429*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2*e*x**2 - 429*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e**2*x**4 + 429*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**3*x**6 + 429*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**3 - 429*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2*e*x**2 - 429*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e**2*x**4 + 429*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**3*x**6 - 429*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**3 + 429*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d...
```

3.164 $\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{13/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1491
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1491
Rubi [A] (verified)	1492
Maple [A] (verified)	1495
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1496
Sympy [F(-1)]	1496
Maxima [F]	1497
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1497
Mupad [F(-1)]	1497
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1498

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{13/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{16d^3x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{64d^2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{27dx\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{8\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{ex^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{4\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{163d^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
16/3*d^3*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)-64/3*d^2*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-27/8*d*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/4*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+163/8*d^2*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{13/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{24} \left(-\frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}(465d^3+668d^2ex^2+69de^2x^4-6e^3x^6)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{489d^2 \log(-d+ex^2)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^(13/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-((x*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(465*d^3 + 668*d^2*e*x^2 + 69*d*e^2*x^4 - 6*e^3*x^6))/(\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^2)) - (489*d^2*\text{Log}[-d + e*x^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + (489*d^2*\text{Log}[d*e*x - e^2*x^3 + \text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4])))/(\text{Sqrt}[e])/24$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.379$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 27, 401, 25, 27, 403, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{13/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^4}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(d - ex^2)^2(11ex^2 + d)}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{3de} + \frac{2x(d - ex^2)^3}{3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2(11ex^2 + d)}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2x(d - ex^2)^3}{3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{401} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{de(11d - 51ex^2)(d - ex^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{de} - \frac{10x(d - ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{2x(d - ex^2)^3}{3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\int\frac{de(11d-51ex^2)(d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx-\frac{10x(d-ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)^3}{3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \quad \downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\int\frac{(11d-51ex^2)(d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx-\frac{10x(d-ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)^3}{3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \quad \downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\int\frac{de(55d-379ex^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx-\frac{10x(d-ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}-\frac{1}{4}x(11d-51ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)^3}{3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \quad \downarrow 403$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{1}{4}d\int\frac{55d-379ex^2}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx-\frac{10x(d-ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}-\frac{1}{4}x(11d-51ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)^3}{3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \quad \downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{1}{4}d\left(\frac{489}{2}d\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx-\frac{379}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)-\frac{10x(d-ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}-\frac{1}{4}x(11d-51ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)^3}{3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \quad \downarrow 299$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{1}{4}d\left(\frac{489}{2}d\int\frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}-\frac{379}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)-\frac{10x(d-ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}-\frac{1}{4}x(11d-51ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)^3}{3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \quad \downarrow 224$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{1}{4}d\left(\frac{489d\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}}-\frac{379}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)-\frac{10x(d-ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}-\frac{1}{4}x(11d-51ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right)+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)^3}{3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \quad \downarrow 219$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^(13/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((2*x*(d - e*x^2)^3)/(3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((-10*x*(d - e*x^2)^2)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - (x*(11*d - 51*e*x^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/4 + (d*((-379*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/2 + (489*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/4)/3)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p*(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 401

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*b*2*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*2*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e*2*(p + 1) + b*e - a*f) + d*(b*e*2*(p + 1) + (b*e - a*f)*(2*q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 403

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(6x^7e^{\frac{7}{2}} - 69e^{\frac{5}{2}}dx^5 + 489 \ln(x\sqrt{e+\sqrt{ex^2+d}})d^2ex^2\sqrt{ex^2+d} - 668e^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2x^3 + 489 \ln(x\sqrt{e+\sqrt{ex^2+d}})d^3\sqrt{ex^2+d} - 465 \right)}{24\sqrt{-ex^2+d}(ex^2+d)^2\sqrt{e}}$
risch	$\frac{x(-2ex^2+27d)\sqrt{ex^2+d} \sqrt{\frac{(-ex^2+d)(-e^2x^4+d^2)}{(ex^2-d)^2}}(ex^2-d)}{8\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \left(\frac{163d^2 \ln(x\sqrt{e+\sqrt{ex^2+d}})}{8\sqrt{e}} + \frac{4d^3 \sqrt{\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{-de}}{e}\right)^2} e+2\sqrt{-de} \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{-de}}{e}\right)^2}{3e\sqrt{-de} \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{-de}}{e}\right)^2} \right)$

input

```
int((-e*x^2+d)^(13/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

$$\frac{1}{24}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{1/2}(6x^7e^{7/2}-69e^{5/2}dx^5+489\ln(xe^{1/2}+(e^2x^2+d)^{1/2}))d^2e^2x^2(e^2x^2+d)^{1/2}-668e^{3/2}d^2x^3+489\ln(xe^{1/2}+(e^2x^2+d)^{1/2}))d^3(e^2x^2+d)^{1/2}-465e^{1/2}d^3x)/(-e^2x^2+d)^{1/2}/(e^2x^2+d)^2/e^{1/2}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{13/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{489(d^2e^3x^6 + d^3e^2x^4 - d^4ex^2 - d^5)\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{2e^2x^4 - dex^2 - 2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex-d^2}}{ex^2-d}\right)}{48(e^4x^6 + de^3x^4 - d^2e^2x^2 - d^3e)}$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(13/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(489*(d^2*e^3*x^6 + d^3*e^2*x^4 - d^4*e*x^2 - d^5)*sqrt(e)*log((2*e^2*x^4 - d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)) - 2*(6*e^4*x^7 - 69*d*e^3*x^5 - 668*d^2*e^2*x^3 - 465*d^3*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(e^4*x^6 + d*e^3*x^4 - d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e), 1/24*(489*(d^2*e^3*x^6 + d^3*e^2*x^4 - d^4*e*x^2 - d^5)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) - (6*e^4*x^7 - 69*d*e^3*x^5 - 668*d^2*e^2*x^3 - 465*d^3*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(e^4*x^6 + d*e^3*x^4 - d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{13/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x**2+d)**(13/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{13/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-ex^2 + d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(13/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e*x^2 + d)^(13/2)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{13/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{8} (2ex^2 - 27d) \sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \frac{163d^2 \log(|-\sqrt{e}x + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{8\sqrt{e}} - \frac{16(4d^2ex^2 + 3d^3)x}{3(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(13/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(2*e*x^2 - 27*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x - 163/8*d^2*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/sqrt(e) - 16/3*(4*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*d^3)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{13/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{13/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^(13/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)^(13/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{13/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3720\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^3ex - 5344\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^2e^2x^3 - 552\sqrt{ex^2 + d}de^3x^5 + 48\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^4e^4x^7 + 3912\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)d^4 + 7824\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)d^3e^2x^2 + 3912\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)d^2e^2x^4 + 111\sqrt{e}d^4 + 222\sqrt{e}d^3e^2x^2 + 111\sqrt{e}d^2e^2x^4}{(192e(d^2 + 2de^2x^2 + e^2x^4))}$$

input

```
int((-e*x^2+d)^(13/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 3720*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**3*e*x - 5344*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*e**2*x**3
- 552*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e**3*x**5 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**4*x**7 + 3912*
sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**4 + 7824*sqrt(e)*lo
g((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 3912*sqrt(e)*log((
sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 111*sqrt(e)*d**4 +
222*sqrt(e)*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 111*sqrt(e)*d**2*e**2*x**4)/(192*e*(d**2 + 2*d*
e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

3.165 $\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{11/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1499
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1499
Rubi [A] (verified)	1500
Maple [A] (verified)	1503
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1503
Sympy [F]	1504
Maxima [F]	1504
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1505
Mupad [F(-1)]	1505
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1505

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{11/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8d^2x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{20dx\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} - \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{2\sqrt{d-ex^2}} + \frac{11d\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
8/3*d^2*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)-20/3*d*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)-1/2*x*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+11/2*d*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{11/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}(27d^2+46dex^2+3e^2x^4)}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{33d \log(-d+ex^2)}{\sqrt{e}} + \frac{33d \log(dex-e^2x^4)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^(11/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{-((x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4})*(27*d^2 + 46*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4))/(\sqrt{d - e*x^2}*(d + e*x^2)^2) - (33*d*\text{Log}[-d + e*x^2])/\sqrt{e} + (33*d*\text{Log}[d*e*x - e^2*x^3 + \sqrt{e}*\sqrt{d - e*x^2}*\sqrt{d^2 - e^2*x^4}])/\sqrt{e}}{6}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 27, 401, 25, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{11/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^3}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 315$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(d - ex^2)(7ex^2 + d)}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{3de} + \frac{2x(d - ex^2)^2}{3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)(7ex^2 + d)}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2x(d - ex^2)^2}{3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 401$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{de(7d - 19ex^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{de} - \frac{6x(d - ex^2)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{2x(d - ex^2)^2}{3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\int\frac{de(7d-19ex^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx-\frac{6x(d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)^2}{3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\int\frac{7d-19ex^2}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx-\frac{6x(d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)^2}{3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 299 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{33}{2}d\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx-\frac{19}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}-\frac{6x(d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)^2}{3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{33}{2}d\int\frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}-\frac{19}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}-\frac{6x(d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)^2}{3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{33d\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}}-\frac{19}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}-\frac{6x(d-ex^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)^2}{3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d - e*x^2)^(11/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((2*x*(d - e*x^2)^2)/(3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))
) + ((-6*x*(d - e*x^2))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - (19*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/2 + (33*d
*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e]))/3)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4
]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 299 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}*x*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}/(\text{b}*(2*\text{p} + 3))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{a}*d - \text{b}*c*(2*\text{p} + 3))/(\text{b}*(2*\text{p} + 3)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*\text{p} + 3, 0]$
- rule 315 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a}*d - \text{c}*b)*x*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)}/(2*\text{a}*b*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*b*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 2)}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{a}*d - \text{c}*b*(2*\text{p} + 3)) + \text{d}*(\text{a}*d*(2*(\text{q} - 1) + 1) - \text{b}*c*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1))*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 401 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{q}_.)*((\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_.)*(x_)^2)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f))*x*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}}/(\text{a}*b*2*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{a}*b*2*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{b}*e*2*(\text{p} + 1) + \text{b}*e - \text{a}*f) + \text{d}*(\text{b}*e*2*(\text{p} + 1) + (\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f)*(2*\text{q} + 1))*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 0]$

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(-3e^{\frac{5}{2}}x^5+33\ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d}) \right) de x^2\sqrt{ex^2+d}-46de^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3+33\ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d}) d^2\sqrt{ex^2+d}-27d^2x\sqrt{e}}{6\sqrt{-ex^2+d}(ex^2+d)^2\sqrt{e}}$
risch	$\frac{x\sqrt{ex^2+d} \sqrt{\frac{(-ex^2+d)(-e^2x^4+d^2)}{(ex^2-d)^2}} (ex^2-d)}{2\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}} - \left(\frac{11d\ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-de}}{e}\right)^2e+2\sqrt{-de}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-de}}{e}\right)}}{3e\sqrt{-de}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-de}}{e}\right)^2} - 10d\sqrt{\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-de}}{e}\right)^2e+2\sqrt{-de}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-de}}{e}\right)} \right)$

input

```
int((-e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(-3*e^(5/2)*x^5+33*ln(x*e^(1/2)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*
d*e*x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-46*d*e^(3/2)*x^3+33*ln(x*e^(1/2)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*
d^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-27*d^2*x*e^(1/2))/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2/e^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{11/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{33 (de^3x^6 + d^2e^2x^4 - d^3ex^2 - d^4)\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{2e^2x^4 - dex^2 - 2\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex-d^2}}{ex^2-d}\right) +}{12(e^4x^6 + de^3x^4 - d^2e^2x^2 - d^3ex - d^4)}$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
[1/12*(33*(d*e^3*x^6 + d^2*e^2*x^4 - d^3*e*x^2 - d^4)*sqrt(e)*log((2*e^2*x^4 - d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)) + 2*(3*e^3*x^5 + 46*d*e^2*x^3 + 27*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(e^4*x^6 + d*e^3*x^4 - d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e), 1/6*(33*(d*e^3*x^6 + d^2*e^2*x^4 - d^3*e*x^2 - d^4)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) + (3*e^3*x^5 + 46*d*e^2*x^3 + 27*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(e^4*x^6 + d*e^3*x^4 - d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{11/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x**2+d)**(11/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((d - e*x**2)**(11/2)/(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**5/2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{11/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{11/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \frac{11d \log(|-\sqrt{e}x + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{2\sqrt{e}} - \frac{4(5dex^2 + 3d^2)x}{3(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x - 11/2*d*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/sqrt(e) - 4/3*(5*d*e*x^2 + 3*d^2)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{11/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{11/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^(11/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x)`output `int((d - e*x^2)^(11/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{11/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-54\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^2ex - 92\sqrt{ex^2 + d}de^2x^3 - 6\sqrt{ex^2 + d}e^3x^5 + 66\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 54*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*e*x - 92*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e**2*x**3 - 6*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**3*x**5 + 66*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**3 + 132*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2*e*x**2 + 66*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e**2*x**4 - 15*sqrt(e)*d**3 - 30*sqrt(e)*d**2*e*x**2 - 15*sqrt(e)*d*e**2*x**4)/(12*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

3.166 $\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1507
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1507
Rubi [A] (verified)	1508
Maple [A] (verified)	1510
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1510
Sympy [F]	1511
Maxima [F]	1511
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1512
Mupad [F(-1)]	1512
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1512

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4dx(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{4x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

output `4/3*d*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)-4/3*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+arctanh(e^(1/2)*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4ex^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{3\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{\log(-d+ex^2)}{\sqrt{e}} + \frac{\log(dex-e^2x^3+\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4})}{\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^(9/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-4e^3x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4})/(3\sqrt{d - ex^2}(d + ex^2)^2) - \text{Log}[-d + ex^2]/\sqrt{e} + \text{Log}[dex - e^2x^3 + \sqrt{e}\sqrt{d - ex^2}]\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}{\sqrt{e}}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.207$, Rules used = {1396, 315, 27, 298, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{315}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\int \frac{de(3ex^2 + d)}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2x(d - ex^2)}{3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3ex^2 + d}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2x(d - ex^2)}{3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{298}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx - \frac{2x}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right) + \frac{2x(d - ex^2)}{3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{224}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3\int\frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}-\frac{2x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)}{3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}-\frac{2x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)+\frac{2x(d-ex^2)}{3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^(9/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((2*x*(d - e*x^2))/(3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((-2*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + (3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/Sqrt[e])/3))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 298 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))),`
`x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*S`
`imp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))`
`*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -`
`1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x`
`_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d`
`+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,`
`x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*`
`e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} \left(3 \ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d}) e x^2 \sqrt{ex^2+d} - 4e^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 + 3 \ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d}) d \sqrt{ex^2+d} \right)}{3\sqrt{-ex^2+d} (ex^2+d)^2 \sqrt{e}}$	107

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(3*ln(x*e^(1/2)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*e*x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(`
`1/2)-4*e^(3/2)*x^3+3*ln(x*e^(1/2)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*d*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/(-e`
`*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2/e^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{8 \sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2} \sqrt{-ex^2 + d} e^2 x^3 + 3 (e^3 x^6 + de^2 x^4 - d^2 ex^2 - d^3) \sqrt{e} \log \left(\frac{2e^2 x^4 - dex^2}{6 (e^4 x^6 + de^3 x^4 - d^2 e^2 x^2 - d^3 e)} \right)}{6 (e^4 x^6 + de^3 x^4 - d^2 e^2 x^2 - d^3 e)} \right]$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(8*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*e^2*x^3 + 3*(e^3*x^6 + d*e^2*x^4 - d^2*e*x^2 - d^3)*sqrt(e)*log((2*e^2*x^4 - d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d^2)/(e*x^2 - d)))/(e^4*x^6 + d*e^3*x^4 - d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e), 1/3*(4*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*e^2*x^3 + 3*(e^3*x^6 + d*e^2*x^4 - d^2*e*x^2 - d^3)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)))/(e^4*x^6 + d*e^3*x^4 - d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)**(9/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((d - e*x**2)**(9/2)/(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**5/2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-ex^2 + d)^{9/2}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4ex^3}{3(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} - \frac{\log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-4/3*e*x^3/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2) - log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/sqrt(e)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^(9/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`output `int((d - e*x^2)^(9/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{9/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}e^2x^3 + 3\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d^2 + 6\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) dex^2 + 3\sqrt{e}}{3e(e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2)}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2), x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**3 + 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2 + 6*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**2*x**4 - 4*sqrt(e)*d**2 - 8*sqrt(e)*d*e*x**2 - 4*sqrt(e)*e**2*x**4)/(3*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

$$3.167 \quad \int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1514
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1514
Rubi [A] (verified)	1515
Maple [A] (verified)	1516
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1517
Sympy [F]	1517
Maxima [F]	1517
Giac [F]	1518
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1518
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1518

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
2/3*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+1/3*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(3d+ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{3d\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(3*d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/(3*d*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1396, 292, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{d - ex^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 292$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{x(d - ex^2)}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 208$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2x}{3d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x(d - ex^2)}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((x*(d - e*x^2))/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))) / Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 292 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(q/(a*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^q_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(ex^2+d)x(ex^2+3d)(-ex^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3d(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	47
orering	$\frac{(ex^2+d)x(ex^2+3d)(-ex^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3d(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	47
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}x(ex^2+3d)}{3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}d(ex^2+d)^2}$	49

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(e*x^2+d)*x*(e*x^2+3*d)*(-e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/d/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(ex^3 + 3dx)\sqrt{-ex^2 + d}}{3(de^3x^6 + d^2e^2x^4 - d^3ex^2 - d^4)}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(e*x^3 + 3*d*x)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)/(d*e^3*x^6 + d^2*e^2*x^4 - d^3*e*x^2 - d^4)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)**(7/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)`output `Integral((d - e*x**2)**(7/2)/(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**5/2, x)`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((-e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{e^3} + \frac{x^3\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3de^2} \right)}{x^6 - \frac{d^3}{e^3} + \frac{dx^4}{e} - \frac{d^2x^2}{e^2}}$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x)`

output `-((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*((x*(d - e*x^2)^(1/2))/e^3 + (x^3*(d - e*x^2)^(1/2))/(3*d*e^2)))/(x^6 - d^3/e^3 + (d*x^4)/e - (d^2*x^2)/e^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex^2 + d} dex + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} e^2 x^3 - 3\sqrt{e} d^2 - 6\sqrt{e} dex^2 - 3\sqrt{e} e^2 x^4}{3de(e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2)}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**3 - 3*sqrt(e)*d**2 - 6*sqrt(e)*d*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(e)*e**2*x**4)/(3*d*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

$$3.168 \quad \int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1519
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1519
Rubi [A] (verified)	1520
Maple [A] (verified)	1521
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1522
Sympy [F]	1522
Maxima [F]	1522
Giac [F]	1523
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1523
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1523

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{3d(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{3d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/3*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/d/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+2/3*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(3d+2ex^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}{3d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(3*d + 2*e*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4])/(3*d^2*Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^2)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1396, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 209$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x}{3d(dx^2+e)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 208$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{2x}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{3d(dx^2+e)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(x/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*d^2 *Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 208 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x/(a \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]), x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 209 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x) \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot p + 3) / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p + 3/2, 0]$

rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_ \cdot)(a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^{n2_})^{p_} \cdot ((d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_})^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c \cdot x^{2 \cdot n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / ((d + e \cdot x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \cdot (a/d + c \cdot (x^n/e)^{\text{FracPart}[p]})) \text{ Int}[u \cdot (d + e \cdot x^n)^{p+q} \cdot (a/d + (c/e) \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(ex^2+d)x(2ex^2+3d)(-ex^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3d^2(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	48
orering	$\frac{(ex^2+d)x(2ex^2+3d)(-ex^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3d^2(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	48
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}x(2ex^2+3d)}{3\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}(ex^2+d)^2d^2}$	50

input $\text{int}((-e \cdot x^2 + d)^{5/2} / (-e^2 \cdot x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}, x, \text{method} = _RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/3 \cdot (e \cdot x^2 + d) \cdot x \cdot (2 \cdot e \cdot x^2 + 3 \cdot d) \cdot (-e \cdot x^2 + d)^{5/2} / d^2 / (-e^2 \cdot x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}(2ex^3 + 3dx)\sqrt{-ex^2 + d}}{3(d^2e^3x^6 + d^3e^2x^4 - d^4ex^2 - d^5)}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(2*e*x^3 + 3*d*x)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)/(d^2*e^3*x^6 + d^3*e^2*x^4 - d^4*e*x^2 - d^5)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)`output `Integral((d - e*x**2)**(5/2)/((-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**5/2, x)`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((-e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{de^3} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{3d^2e^2} \right)}{x^6 - \frac{d^3}{e^3} + \frac{dx^4}{e} - \frac{d^2x^2}{e^2}}$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x)`

output `-((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(1/2)*((x*(d - e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d*e^3) + (2*x^3*(d - e*x^2)^(1/2))/(3*d^2*e^2)))/(x^6 - d^3/e^3 + (d*x^4)/e - (d^2*x^2)/e^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{5/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}dex + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}e^2x^3 - 2\sqrt{e}d^2 - 4\sqrt{e}dex^2 - 2\sqrt{e}e^2x^4}{3d^2e(e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2)}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**3 - 2*sqrt(e)*d**2 - 4*sqrt(e)*d*e*x**2 - 2*sqrt(e)*e**2*x**4)/(3*d**2*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

3.169
$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1524
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1524
Rubi [A] (verified)	1525
Maple [B] (verified)	1528
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1528
Sympy [F]	1529
Maxima [F]	1529
Giac [F]	1530
Mupad [F(-1)]	1530
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1530

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{6d^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{12d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}d^3\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
1/6*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+7/12*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+1/8*arctanh(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d^3/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\left(2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}(9d+7ex^2)+3\sqrt{2}(d+ex^2)^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)\right)}{24d^3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(2*\text{Sqrt}[e]*x*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]*(9*d + 7*e*x^2) + 3*\text{Sqrt}[2]*(d + e*x^2)^2*\text{ArcTan}[\frac{\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*x}{\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]}]))}{(24*d^3*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d - e*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^{(5/2)})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.276$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 25, 27, 402, 27, 291, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 316$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{x}{6d^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{e(5d - 2ex^2)}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(5d - 2ex^2)}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{5d - 2ex^2}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{7x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int - \frac{3d^2e}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d^2}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{7x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 291 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{d - \frac{2dex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{7x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6d^2} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{7x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{6d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(x/(6*d^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((7*x)/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e]))/(6*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{c} - (\text{b}*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d})*\text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d}, 0]$
- rule 316 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{b}_)*\text{x}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)}/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{q}}*\text{Simp}[\text{b}*\text{c} + 2*(\text{p} + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + \text{d}*\text{b}*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 2) + 1)*\text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{q}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{q}, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 402 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{q}_.)*((\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_.)*(x_)^2)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{b}*\text{e} - \text{a}*\text{f})*\text{x}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)}/(\text{a}^2*(\text{b}*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d})*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{a}^2*(\text{b}*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d})*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{q}}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{b}*\text{e} - \text{a}*\text{f}) + \text{e}^2*(\text{b}*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d})*(\text{p} + 1) + \text{d}*(\text{b}*\text{e} - \text{a}*\text{f})*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 2) + 1)*\text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1]$
- rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(\text{u}_.)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^{(\text{n}2_.)})^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^{(\text{n}_)})^{(\text{q}_.)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a} + \text{c}*\text{x}^{(2*\text{n})})^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]} / ((\text{d} + \text{e}*\text{x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}*(\text{a}/\text{d} + \text{c}*(\text{x}^{\text{n}}/\text{e}))^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}) \quad \text{Int}[\text{u}*(\text{d} + \text{e}*\text{x}^{\text{n}})^{(\text{p} + \text{q})}*(\text{a}/\text{d} + (\text{c}/\text{e})*\text{x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{n}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{n}2, 2*\text{n}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{c}*\text{d}^2 + \text{a}*\text{e}^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ \&\& \ \text{!(EqQ}[\text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{n}, 2])$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 605 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 606, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.63

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2} e^2 \left(3 \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e^2x^2+d}+\sqrt{de}x+d)}{ex-\sqrt{de}} \right) \sqrt{2} de x^2 \sqrt{e^2x^2+d} \sqrt{-\frac{(ex+\sqrt{-de})(-ex+\sqrt{-de})}{e}} - 3 \ln \left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e^2x^2+d}-\sqrt{de}x-d)}{ex+\sqrt{de}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{24}(-e^2x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}e^2/d^{(5/2)}*(3*\ln(2*e*(2^{(1/2)}*d^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+(d*e)^{(1/2)*x+d}/(e*x-(d*e)^{(1/2)})))^2^{(1/2)}*d*e*x^2*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)} \\ & *(-e*x+(-d*e)^{(1/2)})/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}-3*\ln(2*e*(2^{(1/2)}*d^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-(d*e)^{(1/2)*x+d}/(e*x+(d*e)^{(1/2)})))^2^{(1/2)}*d*e*x^2*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)} \\ & *(-e*x+(-d*e)^{(1/2)})/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+16*e*x^3*(d*e)^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}*d^{(1/2)}+12*e*x^3*(d*e)^{(1/2)}*d^{(1/2)}*(-e*x+(-d*e)^{(1/2)})/e \\ & *(-e*x+(-d*e)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+3*\ln(2*e*(2^{(1/2)}*d^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+(d*e)^{(1/2)*x+d}/(e*x-(d*e)^{(1/2)})))^2^{(1/2)}*d^2*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)} \\ & *(-e*x+(-d*e)^{(1/2)})/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}-3*\ln(2*e*(2^{(1/2)}*d^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-(d*e)^{(1/2)*x+d}/(e*x+(d*e)^{(1/2)})))^2^{(1/2)}*d^2*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)} \\ & *(-e*x+(-d*e)^{(1/2)})/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+24*d^{(3/2)}*x*(d*e)^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)} \\ & +12*d^{(3/2)}*x*(d*e)^{(1/2)}*(-e*x+(-d*e)^{(1/2)})/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/(-e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/(e*x^2+d)/((d*e)^{(1/2)}-(-d*e)^{(1/2)}) \\ & /((d*e)^{(1/2)}+(-d*e)^{(1/2)})/(d*e)^{(1/2)}/(e*x-(-d*e)^{(1/2)})/(-e*x+(-d*e)^{(1/2)})/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/(e*x+(-d*e)^{(1/2)}) \end{aligned}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left[3\sqrt{2}(e^3x^6 + de^2x^4 - d^2ex^2 - d^3)\sqrt{e} \log \left(-\frac{3e^2x^4 - 2dex^2 - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}\sqrt{-ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex-d}}{e^2x^4 - 2dex^2 + d^2} \right) \right]}{48(d^3e^4x^6 + d^4e^3x^4 - d^5e^2x^2 - d^6e)}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/48*(3*sqrt(2)*(e^3*x^6 + d*e^2*x^4 - d^2*e*x^2 - d^3)*sqrt(e)*log(-(3*e^2*x^4 - 2*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 - 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)) - 4*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(7*e^2*x^3 + 9*d*e*x)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(d^3*e^4*x^6 + d^4*e^3*x^4 - d^5*e^2*x^2 - d^6*e), 1/24*(3*sqrt(2)*(e^3*x^6 + d*e^2*x^4 - d^2*e*x^2 - d^3)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*(7*e^2*x^3 + 9*d*e*x)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(d^3*e^4*x^6 + d^4*e^3*x^4 - d^5*e^2*x^2 - d^6*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((d - e*x**2)**(3/2)/(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**5/2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 542, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.14

$$\int \frac{(d - ex^2)^{3/2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{36\sqrt{ex^2 + d} dex + 28\sqrt{ex^2 + d} e^2x^3 - 3\sqrt{e} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{d+\sqrt{e}x}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d^2 - 6\sqrt{e} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{d+\sqrt{e}x}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d^2 - 6\sqrt{e} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{d+\sqrt{e}x}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d^2 - 6\sqrt{e} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{d+\sqrt{e}x}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) d^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(36*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x + 28*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**3 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d)))*d**2 - 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2 + 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2 + 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**2*x**4 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2 - 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**2*x**4 - 20*sqrt(e)*d**2 - 40*sqrt(e)*d*e*x**2 - 20*sqrt(e)*e**2*x**4)/(48*d**3*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

3.170 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1532
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1532
Rubi [A] (verified)	1533
Maple [B] (verified)	1536
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1537
Sympy [F]	1538
Maxima [F]	1538
Giac [F]	1539
Mupad [F(-1)]	1539
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1539

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{4d^2(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{24d^3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{17x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{48d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{7\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}d^4\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
1/4*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^2/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)-1/24*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/d^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+17/48*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+7/32*arctanh(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d^4/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\left(2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}(27d^2+2dex^2-17e^2x^4)+21\sqrt{2}(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^2\right)}{96d^4\sqrt{e}(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d - e*x^2]/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(27*d^2 + 2*d*e*x^2 - 17
*e^2*x^4) + 21*Sqrt[2]*(d - e*x^2)*(d + e*x^2)^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*
x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]))/(96*d^4*Sqrt[e]*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.345$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 25, 27, 402, 27, 291, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 316$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(4ex^2 + 3d)}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{4d^2 e} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d - ex^2)(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{4ex^2 + 3d}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{4d^2} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d - ex^2)(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 402$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{de(2ex^2+19d)}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} - \frac{x}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow \text{25} \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(2ex^2+19d)}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} - \frac{x}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2ex^2+19d}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d} - \frac{x}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow \text{402} \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{17x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{21d^2e}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6d} - \frac{x}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{4d^2} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 \sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{21}{2} \int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{17x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{x}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{4d^2} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \\
 \downarrow \text{291}
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{21}{2} \int \frac{1}{d - \frac{2dex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{17x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6d} - \frac{x}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{21 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) + \frac{17x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6d} - \frac{x}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{4d^2(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d - e*x^2]/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(x/(4*d^2*(d - e*x^2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-1/6*x/(d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((17*x)/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (21*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e]))/(6*d))/(4*d^2)))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
, x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x
^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !
(!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2,
p, q, x]`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(
q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)
(p + 1) + d(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 744 vs. $2(135) = 270$.

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 745, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.46

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^4+d^2}e^6\left(-21\sqrt{2}\ln\left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{de}x+d)}{ex-\sqrt{de}}\right)\right)}{d^3e^3x^6+21\sqrt{2}\ln\left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{de}x+d)}{ex+\sqrt{de}}\right)}d^3e^3x^6-21\sqrt{2}\ln\left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{de}x+d)}{ex-\sqrt{de}}\right)}{d^3e^3x^6+21\sqrt{2}\ln\left(\frac{2e(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{de}x+d)}{ex+\sqrt{de}}\right)}$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/24*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*e^6/d^(3/2)*(-21*2^(1/2)*\ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2) \\ & *(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2))) *d*e^3*x^6+21*2^(1/2)* \\ & \ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(d*e)^(1/2)) \\ &) *d*e^3*x^6-21*2^(1/2)*\ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(d*e)^(1/2) \\ & *x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2))) *d^2*e^2*x^4+21*2^(1/2)*\ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e \\ & *x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))) *d^2*e^2*x^4-80*e^2*x^5*d \\ & ^{(1/2)}*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(d*e)^(1/2)+12*e^ \\ & 2*x^5*d^(1/2)*(d*e)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+21*2^(1/2)*\ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2) \\ & *(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2))) *d^3*e*x^2-21*2^(1/2) \\ &) * \ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(d*e)^(1/2) \\ &)) *d^3*e*x^2-16*d^(3/2)*e*x^3*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))) \\ & ^{(1/2)}*(d*e)^(1/2)+24*d^(3/2)*e*x^3*(d*e)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+21*2^(1/2) \\ & * \ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2) \\ &)) *d^4-21*2^(1/2)* \ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d) \\ & / (e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))) *d^4+96*d^(5/2)*x*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))) \\ & ^{(1/2)}*(d*e)^(1/2)+12*d^(5/2)*x*(d*e)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e*x^2 \\ & +d)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(- (d*e)^(1/2)+(-d*e)^(1/2))^3/((d*e)^(1/2)+(-d*e) \\ & ^{(1/2}))^3/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2))/(e*x+(d*e)^(1/2))/(e*x-(-d*e)^(1/2))^2/(e*x+(- \\ & -d*e)^(1/2))^2/(d*e)^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{21\sqrt{2}(e^4x^8 - 2d^2e^2x^4 + d^4)\sqrt{e} \log\left(-\frac{3e^2x^4 - 2dex^2 - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^4 + d^2}\sqrt{-ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex - d^2}}{e^2x^4 - 2dex^2 + d^2}\right) -}{192(d^4e^5x^8 - 2d^6e^3x^4 + d^8)} \right]$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/192*(21*sqrt(2)*(e^4*x^8 - 2*d^2*e^2*x^4 + d^4)*sqrt(e)*log(-(3*e^2*x^4
- 2*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x -
d^2)/(e^2*x^4 - 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)) - 4*(17*e^3*x^5 - 2*d*e^2*x^3 - 27*d^2*
e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(d^4*e^5*x^8 - 2*d^6*e^3*x^4 +
d^8*e), 1/96*(21*sqrt(2)*(e^4*x^8 - 2*d^2*e^2*x^4 + d^4)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(
sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2))
- 2*(17*e^3*x^5 - 2*d*e^2*x^3 - 27*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x
^2 + d))/(d^4*e^5*x^8 - 2*d^6*e^3*x^4 + d^8*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(d - e*x**2)/(-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**5/2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-ex^2 + d}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-ex^2 + d}}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)/(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d - e x^2}}{(d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 755, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.52

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(108*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*e*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e**2*x**3 - 68*sqrt(
d + e*x**2)*e**3*x**5 - 21*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)
*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**3 - 21*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sq
rt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2*e*x*
*2 + 21*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d)
+ sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e**2*x**4 + 21*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**
2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**3*x**6 + 21*sqrt(e)
)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/s
qrt(d))*d**3 + 21*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2)
+ sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2*e*x**2 - 21*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt
(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e**2*x**4
- 21*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) +
sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**3*x**6 + 21*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) +
sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**3 + 21*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)
*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d
**2*e*x**2 - 21*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) -
sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e**2*x**4 - 21*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d
+ e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**3*x**6 - 2
1*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt
(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**3 - 21*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(...
```

3.171 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1541
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1541
Rubi [A] (verified)	1542
Maple [B] (verified)	1546
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1547
Sympy [F]	1548
Maxima [F]	1548
Giac [F]	1549
Mupad [F(-1)]	1549
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1549

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 203

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x}{8d^2\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{13x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{32d^3(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{37x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{192d^4(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{53x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{384d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{67\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{128\sqrt{2}d^5\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
1/8*x/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+13/32*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^3/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)-37/192*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/d^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+53/384*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^5/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+67/256*arctanh(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d^5/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}\left(2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}(183d^3-61d^2ex^2-127de^2x^4+53e^3x^6)+20d^4\right)}{768d^5\sqrt{e}(d-ex^2)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4} * (2 * \sqrt{e} * x * \sqrt{d + e x^2} * (183 d^3 - 61 d^2 e x^2 - 127 d e^2 x^4 + 53 e^3 x^6) + 201 * \sqrt{2} * (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^2 * \text{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{2} * \sqrt{e} * x}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}}]))}{(768 d^5 * \sqrt{e} * (d - e x^2)^{(5/2)} * (d + e x^2)^{(5/2)})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.414$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 402, 27, 291, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1396$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^3 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 316$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(6ex^2 + 7d)}{(d - ex^2)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{8d^2 e} + \frac{x}{8d^2 (d - ex^2)^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{6ex^2 + 7d}{(d - ex^2)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{8d^2} + \frac{x}{8d^2 (d - ex^2)^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^4}}$$

$$\downarrow 402$$

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(52ex^2+15d)}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{4d^2e} + \frac{13x}{4d(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{52ex^2+15d}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{4d} + \frac{13x}{4d(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{de(74ex^2+127d)}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} - \frac{37x}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{13x}{4d(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(74ex^2+127d)}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} - \frac{37x}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{13x}{4d(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{74ex^2+127d}{(d-ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d} - \frac{37x}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{13x}{4d(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{201d^2e}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2} - \frac{53x}{6d} - \frac{2d^2e}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{37x}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{13x}{4d(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{201}{2} \int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{53x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6d} - \frac{37x}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{13x}{4d(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 291

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{201}{2} \int \frac{1}{d - \frac{2dex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{53x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6d} - \frac{37x}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{13x}{4d(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 221

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{201 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) + \frac{53x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{37x}{6d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{4d} + \frac{13x}{4d(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{8d^2(d-ex^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(x/(8*d^2*(d - e*x^2)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((13*x)/(4*d*(d - e*x^2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((-37*x)/(6*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((53*x)/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (201*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e]))/(6*d))/(4*d))/(8*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 316

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x
^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !
(!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2,
p, q, x]
```

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(
q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)
*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1396

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x
_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d
+ c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*
e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1659 vs. $2(165) = 330$.

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1660, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.18

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1660

input

```
int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/48*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*e^(19/2)*(252*d^4*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(d*e)^(1/2)*
e^(1/2)-288*ln(((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2))*d*e^4*x^8*(d*e)^(1/2)
)+288*ln((e^(1/2)*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+e*x)/e
^(1/2))*d*e^4*x^8*(d*e)^(1/2)+576*ln(((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2)
)*d^2*e^3*x^6*(d*e)^(1/2)-576*ln((e^(1/2)*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))/e*(-e*x+(-d
*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2))*d^2*e^3*x^6*(d*e)^(1/2)+576*ln(((e*x^2+d)^(
1/2)*e^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2))*d^3*e^2*x^4*(d*e)^(1/2)-576*ln((e^(1/2)*(-(e*x
+(-d*e)^(1/2)))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2))*d^3*e^2*x^4*(d*e
)^(1/2)-288*ln(((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2))*d^4*e*x^2*(d*e)^(1/2)
)+288*ln((e^(1/2)*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+e*x)/e
^(1/2))*d^4*e*x^2*(d*e)^(1/2)+201*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d
)^(1/2)+(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2)))*d^(3/2)*e^(9/2)*x^8-201*2^(1/2)
)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(d*e)^(1/2
))))*d^(3/2)*e^(9/2)*x^8-402*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
)+(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2)))*d^(5/2)*e^(7/2)*x^6+64*(d*e)^(1/2)*d
*e^(7/2)*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*x^7-896*d^2*e^(
5/2)*(d*e)^(1/2)*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*x^5-64*
d^3*e^(3/2)*(d*e)^(1/2)*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*
x^3+402*2^(1/2)*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(
e*x+(d*e)^(1/2)))*d^(5/2)*e^(7/2)*x^6-204*e^(9/2)*x^9*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 504, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (d^2 - e^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{201 \sqrt{2} (e^5 x^{10} - de^4 x^8 - 2d^2 e^3 x^6 + 2d^3 e^2 x^4 + d^4 ex^2 - d^5) \sqrt{e} \log \left(-\frac{3e^2}{1536 (d^5 e^6 x^2 + \dots)} \right)}{1536 (d^5 e^6 x^2 + \dots)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/1536*(201*sqrt(2)*(e^5*x^10 - d*e^4*x^8 - 2*d^2*e^3*x^6 + 2*d^3*e^2*x^4
+ d^4*e*x^2 - d^5)*sqrt(e)*log(-(3*e^2*x^4 - 2*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-
e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 - 2*d*e*x^2 + d^
2)) - 4*(53*e^4*x^7 - 127*d*e^3*x^5 - 61*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 183*d^3*e*x)*sqrt(-
e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(d^5*e^6*x^10 - d^6*e^5*x^8 - 2*d^7*e^4*x
^6 + 2*d^8*e^3*x^4 + d^9*e^2*x^2 - d^10*e), 1/768*(201*sqrt(2)*(e^5*x^10 -
d*e^4*x^8 - 2*d^2*e^3*x^6 + 2*d^3*e^2*x^4 + d^4*e*x^2 - d^5)*sqrt(-e)*arc
tan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^
2)) - 2*(53*e^4*x^7 - 127*d*e^3*x^5 - 61*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 183*d^3*e*x)*sqrt(-
e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(d^5*e^6*x^10 - d^6*e^5*x^8 - 2*d^7*e^4*x
^6 + 2*d^8*e^3*x^4 + d^9*e^2*x^2 - d^10*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d + ex^2) (d + ex^2))^{5/2} \sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**5/2)*sqrt(d - e*x**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{-ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{-ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2} \sqrt{d - ex^2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d - e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d - e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 604, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - ex^2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(2196*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**3*e*x - 732*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*e**2*x**3 - 15
24*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e**3*x**5 + 636*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**4*x**7 - 603*sq
rt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x
)/sqrt(d))*d**4 + 1206*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sq
rt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 603*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*
log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e*
**4*x**8 + 603*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sq
rt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**4 - 1206*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x*
*2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 603
*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(
e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**4*x**8 + 603*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqr
t(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**4 - 1206*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*l
og((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**
2*e**2*x**4 + 603*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2)
- sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**4*x**8 - 603*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(
d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**4 + 1206*
sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e
)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 603*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) +
sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**4*x**8 - 1172*sqrt(e)*
d**4 + 2344*sqrt(e)*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 1172*sqrt(e)*e**4*x**8)/(4608*d**5...
```

3.172 $\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1551
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1552
Rubi [A] (verified)	1552
Maple [B] (verified)	1558
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1559
Sympy [F]	1559
Maxima [F]	1560
Giac [F]	1560
Mupad [F(-1)]	1560
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1561

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 239

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x}{12d^2(d-ex^2)^{3/2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{19x}{96d^3\sqrt{d-ex^2}(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{61x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{128d^4(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{71x(d-ex^2)^{3/2}}{256d^5(d^2-e^2x^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{9x\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{512d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}} + \frac{275\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d-ex^2}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^4}}\right)}{512\sqrt{2}d^6\sqrt{e}}$$

```
output 1/12*x/d^2/(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+19/96*x/d^3/(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)+61/128*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^4/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)-71/256*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/d^5/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(3/2)-9/512*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^6/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+275/1024*arctanh(2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x*(-e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d^6/e^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4} \left(2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d + ex^2}(711d^4 - 436d^3ex^2 - 546d^2e^2x^4 + 372de^3x^6) - 3072d^6\sqrt{e}(d - ex^2)^{7/2} \right)}{3072d^6\sqrt{e}(d - ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]*(2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(711*d^4 - 436*d^3*e*x^2 - 546*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 372*d*e^3*x^6 + 27*e^4*x^8) + 825*Sqrt[2]*(d - e*x^2)^3*(d + e*x^2)^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]))/(3072*d^6*Sqrt[e]*(d - e*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.448$, Rules used = {1396, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 291, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1396

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^4 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 316

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(8ex^2 + 11d)}{(d - ex^2)^3 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{12d^2e} + \frac{x}{12d^2(d - ex^2)^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{8ex^2 + 11d}{(d - ex^2)^3 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{12d^2} + \frac{x}{12d^2(d - ex^2)^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3de(38ex^2 + 23d)}{(d - ex^2)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{8d^2e} + \frac{19x}{8d(d - ex^2)^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{12d^2(d - ex^2)^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{38ex^2 + 23d}{(d - ex^2)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{8d} + \frac{19x}{8d(d - ex^2)^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{12d^2(d - ex^2)^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(244ex^2 + 31d)}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{4d^2e} + \frac{61x}{4d(d - ex^2)(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{8d} + \frac{19x}{8d(d - ex^2)^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{12d^2(d - ex^2)^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{244ex^2 + 31d}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx}{4d} + \frac{61x}{4d(d - ex^2)(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{8d} + \frac{19x}{8d(d - ex^2)^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{12d^2(d - ex^2)^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{3de(142ex^2 + 133d)}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{6d^2e} - \frac{71x}{2d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{61x}{4d(d - ex^2)(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{8d} + \frac{19x}{8d(d - ex^2)^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{12d^2(d - ex^2)^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{142ex^2 + 133d}{(d - ex^2)(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{2d} - \frac{71x}{2d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{61x}{4d(d - ex^2)(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{8d} + \frac{19x}{8d(d - ex^2)^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{12d^2(d - ex^2)^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{275d^2e}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{9x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{71x}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{61x}{4d(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{4d} + \frac{19x}{8d(d-ex^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{19x}{12d^2} \right) + \frac{19x}{12d^2}$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{275}{2} \int \frac{1}{(d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{9x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{71x}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{61x}{4d(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{4d} + \frac{19x}{8d(d-ex^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{19x}{12d^2} \right) + \frac{19x}{12d^2}$$

$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$

↓ 291

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{\frac{275}{2} \int \frac{1}{d - \frac{2dex^2}{ex^2+d}} d - \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{9x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{2d} - \frac{71x}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{61x}{4d(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{4d} + \frac{19x}{8d(d-ex^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{19x}{8d(d-ex^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{19x}{12d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

221

$$\sqrt{d - ex^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{\frac{275 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{e}} - \frac{9x}{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{71x}{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{61x}{4d(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{4d} + \frac{19x}{8d(d-ex^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{19x}{8d(d-ex^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{19x}{12d^2}$$

$$\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^4}$$

input `Int[1/((d - e*x^2)^(3/2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - e*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(x/(12*d^2*(d - e*x^2)^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((19*x)/(8*d*(d - e*x^2)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (3*((61*x)/(4*d*(d - e*x^2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((-71*x)/(2*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((-9*x)/(2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (275*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[e]))/(2*d))/(4*d))/(8*d)/(12*d^2))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) * \text{ArcTanh}[x / \text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] * ((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$
- rule 316 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} * ((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) * x * (a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)} * ((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)} / (2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)} * (c + d*x^2)^q * \text{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 402 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} * ((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)} * ((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f) * x * (a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)} * ((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)} / (a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)} * (c + d*x^2)^q * \text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d) * (p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f) * (2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 1396 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)} * ((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / ((d + e*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} * (a/d + c*(x^n/e))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)} * (a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1324 vs. $2(195) = 390$.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1325, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.54

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1325

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/96*(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*e^(23/2)*(960*ln(((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+e*x)/
e^(1/2))*e^6*x^12*(d*e)^(1/2)-960*ln((e^(1/2)*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))/e*(-e*x
+(-d*e)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2))*e^6*x^12*(d*e)^(1/2)+825*ln(2*e*(2^(1/
2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)*d^(
13/2)*e^(1/2)-825*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)
/(e*x+(d*e)^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)*d^(13/2)*e^(1/2)+1132*e^(11/2)*x^11*(d*e)^(1/2
)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1024*e^(11/2)*x^11*(d*e)^(1/2)*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))/e*(-
e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1152*d^5*(d*e)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))
)/e*(-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x+2475*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/
2)+(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(9/2)*x^8-2475*ln
(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(d*e)^(1/2)))*
2^(1/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(9/2)*x^8-2475*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(
d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)*d^(9/2)*e^(5/2)*x^4+2475*ln(2*e
*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(d*e)^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x+(d*e)^(1/2)))*2^(1
/2)*d^(9/2)*e^(5/2)*x^4-2880*ln((e^(1/2)*(-(e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2)))/e*(-e*x+(-d*
e)^(1/2))^(1/2)+e*x)/e^(1/2))*d^4*e^2*x^4*(d*e)^(1/2)+700*d*e^(9/2)*x^9*(
d*e)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-3000*d^2*e^(7/2)*x^7*(d*e)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2
)-1880*d^3*e^(5/2)*x^5*(d*e)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2380*d^4*e^(3/2)*x^3*(d
*e)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-825*ln(2*e*(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(d*e)
^(1/2)*x+d)/(e*x-(d*e)^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)*e^(13/2)*x^12*d^(1/2)+825*ln(2*...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 568, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{825\sqrt{2}(e^6x^{12} - 2de^5x^{10} - d^2e^4x^8 + 4d^3e^3x^6 - d^4e^2x^4 - 2d^5ex^2 + d^6)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/6144*(825*sqrt(2)*(e^6*x^12 - 2*d*e^5*x^10 - d^2*e^4*x^8 + 4*d^3*e^3*x^6 - d^4*e^2*x^4 - 2*d^5*e*x^2 + d^6)*sqrt(e)*log(-(3*e^2*x^4 - 2*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d^2)/(e^2*x^4 - 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)) + 4*(27*e^5*x^9 + 372*d*e^4*x^7 - 546*d^2*e^3*x^5 - 436*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 711*d^4*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(d^6*e^7*x^12 - 2*d^7*e^6*x^10 - d^8*e^5*x^8 + 4*d^9*e^4*x^6 - d^10*e^3*x^4 - 2*d^11*e^2*x^2 + d^12*e), 1/3072*(825*sqrt(2)*(e^6*x^12 - 2*d*e^5*x^10 - d^2*e^4*x^8 + 4*d^3*e^3*x^6 - d^4*e^2*x^4 - 2*d^5*e*x^2 + d^6)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*x/(e^2*x^4 - d^2)) + 2*(27*e^5*x^9 + 372*d*e^4*x^7 - 546*d^2*e^3*x^5 - 436*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 711*d^4*e*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^4 + d^2)*sqrt(-e*x^2 + d))/(d^6*e^7*x^12 - 2*d^7*e^6*x^10 - d^8*e^5*x^8 + 4*d^9*e^4*x^6 - d^10*e^3*x^4 - 2*d^11*e^2*x^2 + d^12*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d + ex^2)(d + ex^2))^{5/2} (d - ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-e**2*x**4+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
Integral(1/((-(-d + e*x**2)*(d + e*x**2))**5/2*(d - e*x**2)**3/2), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} (-ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2)*(-e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^4 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} (-ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^4 + d^2)^(5/2)*(-e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2} (d - ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(d - e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1181, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - ex^2)^{3/2} (d^2 - e^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(-e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-e^2*x^4+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(2844*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**4*e*x - 1744*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**3*e**2*x**3 - 2
184*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*e**3*x**5 + 1488*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e**4*x**7 +
108*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**5*x**9 - 825*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2)
- sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**5 + 825*sqrt(e)*sqrt
(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d)
)*d**4*e*x**2 + 1650*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(
2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 1650*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*l
og((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**
2*e**3*x**6 - 825*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2)
- sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d*e**4*x**8 + 825*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqr
t(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**5*x**10
+ 825*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) +
sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**5 - 825*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sq
rt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**4*e*x**2 - 1650*sqrt(e)*s
qrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt
(d))*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 1650*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)
*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*d**2*e**3*x**6 + 825*sqrt(e)*sqrt
(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d)
)*d*e**4*x**8 - 825*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2)
+ sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*e**5*x**10 + 825*sqrt(e)*sqrt(2)*log(...
```

3.173 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1562
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1562
Rubi [A] (verified)	1563
Maple [B] (verified)	1564
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1564
Sympy [F]	1564
Maxima [F]	1565
Giac [F]	1565
Mupad [F(-1)]	1565
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1566

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 2

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \arcsin(x)$$

output `arcsin(x)`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 32 vs. 2(2) = 4.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = -\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{1+x^2}\sqrt{1-x^4}}{-1+x^4}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 + x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^4], x]`

output `-ArcTan[(x*Sqrt[1 + x^2]*Sqrt[1 - x^4])/(-1 + x^4)]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1386, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - x^4}} dx$$

↓ 1386

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx$$

↓ 223

$$\arcsin(x)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 + x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^4],x]`

output `ArcSin[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 1386 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-e^2/c)^q Int[u*(d - e*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[p + q, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e^2, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 28 vs. $2(2) = 4$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.50

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1} \arcsin(x)}{\sqrt{x^2+1} \sqrt{-x^2+1}}$	29

input `int((x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 28 vs. $2(2) = 4$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = -\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}x}{x^4-1}\right)$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-arctan(sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*sqrt(x^2 + 1)*x/(x^4 - 1))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{-(x-1)(x+1)(x^2+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((x**2+1)**(1/2)/(-x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x**2 + 1)/sqrt(-(x - 1)*(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

input `int((x^2 + 1)^(1/2)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^2 + 1)^(1/2)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \operatorname{asin}(x)$$

input `int((x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `asin(x)`

3.174 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1567
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1567
Rubi [A] (verified)	1568
Maple [B] (verified)	1569
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1569
Sympy [F]	1570
Maxima [F]	1570
Giac [F]	1570
Mupad [F(-1)]	1571
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1571

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 2

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \operatorname{arcsinh}(x)$$

output `arcsinh(x)`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 42 vs. 2(2) = 4.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \log(1-x^2) - \log(-x+x^3+\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{1-x^4})$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^4], x]`

output `Log[1 - x^2] - Log[-x + x^3 + Sqrt[1 - x^2]*Sqrt[1 - x^4]]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1386, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

↓ 1386

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx$$

↓ 222

$$\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^4],x]`

output `ArcSinh[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 1386 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-e^2/c)^q Int[u*(d - e*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[p + q, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e^2, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 28 vs. $2(2) = 4$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.50

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2+1}}$	29

input `int((-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(-x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsinh(x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 81 vs. $2(2) = 4$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 40.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{x^3 + \sqrt{-x^4+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1} - x}{x^3 - x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log \left(-\frac{x^3 - \sqrt{-x^4+1}\sqrt{-x^2+1} - x}{x^3 - x} \right)$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*log((x^3 + sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - x)/(x^3 - x)) + 1/2*log(-(x^3 - sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - x)/(x^3 - x))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(x-1)(x+1)}}{\sqrt{-(x-1)(x+1)(x^2+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x**2+1)**(1/2)/(-x**4+1)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(x - 1)*(x + 1))/sqrt(-(x - 1)*(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

input `int((1 - x^2)^(1/2)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2), x)`output `int((1 - x^2)^(1/2)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \log(\sqrt{x^2+1} + x)$$

input `int((-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2), x)`output `log(sqrt(x**2 + 1) + x)`

3.175 $\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1572
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1572
Rubi [A] (verified)	1573
Maple [A] (verified)	1574
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1574
Sympy [F]	1575
Maxima [F]	1575
Giac [F]	1575
Mupad [F(-1)]	1576
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1576

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}}\right)$$

output `arctan(x*(x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = -\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-1+x^2}\sqrt{1-x^4}}{-1+x^4}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[-1 + x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^4], x]`

output `-ArcTan[(x*Sqrt[-1 + x^2]*Sqrt[1 - x^4])/(-1 + x^4)]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1396, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}\sqrt{x^2-1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}\sqrt{x^2-1} \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^2}{-x^2-1}+1} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}\sqrt{x^2-1} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-x^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[-1 + x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^4], x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 - x^2]*Sqrt[-1 + x^2]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[-1 - x^2]])/Sqrt[1 - x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2-1} \sqrt{-x^2-1}}$	39

input `int((x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(x^2-1)^(1/2)*(-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-x^2-1)^(1/2)*arctan(x/(-x^2-1)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = -\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1}\sqrt{x^2-1}x}{x^4-1}\right)$$

input `integrate((x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-arctan(sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*sqrt(x^2 - 1)*x/(x^4 - 1))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(x-1)(x+1)}}{\sqrt{-(x-1)(x+1)(x^2+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((x**2-1)**(1/2)/(-x**4+1)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((x - 1)*(x + 1))/sqrt(-(x - 1)*(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

input `int((x^2 - 1)^(1/2)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2), x)`output `int((x^2 - 1)^(1/2)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = -\operatorname{asinh}(x) i$$

input `int((x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2), x)`output `- asinh(x)*i`

3.176 $\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1577
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1577
Rubi [A] (verified)	1578
Maple [A] (verified)	1579
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1579
Sympy [F]	1580
Maxima [F]	1580
Giac [F]	1580
Mupad [F(-1)]	1581
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1581

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}}\right)$$

output `arctanh(x*(-x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \log(1+x^2) - \log\left(x + x^3 + \sqrt{-1-x^2}\sqrt{1-x^4}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[-1 - x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^4],x]`

output `Log[1 + x^2] - Log[x + x^3 + Sqrt[-1 - x^2]*Sqrt[1 - x^4]]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1396, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}\sqrt{x^2-1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}\sqrt{x^2-1} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{x^2}{x^2-1}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}\sqrt{x^2-1} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-x^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[-1 - x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 - x^2]*Sqrt[-1 + x^2]*ArcTanh[x/Sqrt[-1 + x^2]])/Sqrt[1 - x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-x^4+1} \ln(x+\sqrt{x^2-1})}{\sqrt{-x^2-1} \sqrt{x^2-1}}$	37

input `int((-x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(-x^2-1)^(1/2)*(-x^4+1)^(1/2)/(x^2-1)^(1/2)*ln(x+(x^2-1)^(1/2))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 73 vs. 2(21) = 42.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{x^3 + \sqrt{-x^4+1}\sqrt{-x^2-1} + x}{x^3 + x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log \left(-\frac{x^3 - \sqrt{-x^4+1}\sqrt{-x^2-1} + x}{x^3 + x} \right)$$

input `integrate((-x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*log((x^3 + sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*sqrt(-x^2 - 1) + x)/(x^3 + x)) + 1/2*log(-(x^3 - sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*sqrt(-x^2 - 1) + x)/(x^3 + x))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}{\sqrt{-(x-1)(x+1)(x^2+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x**2-1)**(1/2)/(-x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-x**2 - 1)/sqrt(-(x - 1)*(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}{\sqrt{-x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

input `int((- x^2 - 1)^(1/2)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2), x)`output `int((- x^2 - 1)^(1/2)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \operatorname{asin}(x) i$$

input `int((-x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2), x)`output `asin(x)*i`

3.177 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1582
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1582
Rubi [A] (verified)	1583
Maple [A] (verified)	1584
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1584
Sympy [F]	1585
Maxima [F]	1585
Giac [F]	1585
Mupad [F(-1)]	1586
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1586

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}}\right)$$

output `arctanh(x*(x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = -\log(1+x^2) + \log\left(x + x^3 + \sqrt{1+x^2}\sqrt{-1+x^4}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 + x^2]/Sqrt[-1 + x^4], x]`

output `-Log[1 + x^2] + Log[x + x^3 + Sqrt[1 + x^2]*Sqrt[-1 + x^4]]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1396, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}\sqrt{x^2+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}\sqrt{x^2+1} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{x^2}{x^2-1}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}\sqrt{x^2+1} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4-1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 + x^2]/Sqrt[-1 + x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + x^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^2]*ArcTanh[x/Sqrt[-1 + x^2]])/Sqrt[-1 + x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x^4-1} \ln(x+\sqrt{x^2-1})}{\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2-1}}$	33

input `int((x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(x^2+1)^(1/2)*(x^4-1)^(1/2)/(x^2-1)^(1/2)*ln(x+(x^2-1)^(1/2))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{x^3 + \sqrt{x^4-1}\sqrt{x^2+1} + x}{x^3 + x} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(-\frac{x^3 - \sqrt{x^4-1}\sqrt{x^2+1} + x}{x^3 + x} \right)$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/2*\log((x^3 + \sqrt{x^4 - 1}*\sqrt{x^2 + 1})/(x^3 + x)) - 1/2*\log(-(x^3 - \sqrt{x^4 - 1}*\sqrt{x^2 + 1})/(x^3 + x))$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{(x-1)(x+1)(x^2+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((x**2+1)**(1/2)/(x**4-1)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x**2 + 1)/sqrt((x - 1)*(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 + 1)/sqrt(x^4 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 + 1)/sqrt(x^4 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `int((x^2 + 1)^(1/2)/(x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`output `int((x^2 + 1)^(1/2)/(x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \log(\sqrt{x^2-1} + x)$$

input `int((x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2), x)`output `log(sqrt(x**2 - 1) + x)`

$$3.178 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$$

Optimal result	1587
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1587
Rubi [A] (verified)	1588
Maple [A] (verified)	1589
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1589
Sympy [F]	1590
Maxima [F]	1590
Giac [F]	1590
Mupad [F(-1)]	1591
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1591

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \arctan \left(\frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} \right)$$

output `arctan(x*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \arctan \left(\frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - x^2]/Sqrt[-1 + x^4], x]`

output `ArcTan[(x*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/Sqrt[-1 + x^4]]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1396, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1396} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}\sqrt{1-x^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}\sqrt{1-x^2} \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^2}{-x^2-1}+1} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}\sqrt{1-x^2} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4-1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - x^2]/Sqrt[-1 + x^4], x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 - x^2]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[-1 - x^2]])/Sqrt[-1 + x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x^4-1} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}\right)}{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \sqrt{-x^2-1}}$	39

input `int((-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(-x^2+1)^(1/2)*(x^4-1)^(1/2)/(-x^2-1)^(1/2)*arctan(x/(-x^2-1)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}x}{\sqrt{x^4-1}}\right)$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `arctan(sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*x/sqrt(x^4 - 1))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(x-1)(x+1)}}{\sqrt{(x-1)(x+1)(x^2+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x**2+1)**(1/2)/(x**4-1)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(x - 1)*(x + 1))/sqrt((x - 1)*(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/sqrt(x^4 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/sqrt(x^4 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `int((1 - x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`output `int((1 - x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = -\operatorname{asinh}(x) i$$

input `int((-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2), x)`output `- asinh(x)*i`

3.179 $\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1592
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1592
Rubi [A] (verified)	1593
Maple [A] (verified)	1594
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1594
Sympy [F]	1595
Maxima [F]	1595
Giac [F]	1595
Mupad [F(-1)]	1596
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1596

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}}\right)$$

output `arctanh(x*(x^2-1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = -\log(1-x^2) + \log\left(-x+x^3+\sqrt{-1+x^2}\sqrt{-1+x^4}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[-1+x^2]/Sqrt[-1+x^4],x]`

output `-Log[1-x^2]+Log[-x+x^3+Sqrt[-1+x^2]*Sqrt[-1+x^4]]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1396, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1396}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}\sqrt{x^2+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx}{\sqrt{x^4-1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{222}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}\sqrt{x^2+1}\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}{\sqrt{x^4-1}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[-1 + x^2]/Sqrt[-1 + x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + x^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^2]*ArcSinh[x])/Sqrt[-1 + x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^ (p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^ (q_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x^4-1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}{\sqrt{x^2-1} \sqrt{x^2+1}}$	25

input `int((x^2-1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(x^2-1)^(1/2)*(x^4-1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsinh(x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 73 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.48

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{x^3 + \sqrt{x^4-1}\sqrt{x^2-1} - x}{x^3 - x} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(-\frac{x^3 - \sqrt{x^4-1}\sqrt{x^2-1} - x}{x^3 - x} \right)$$

input `integrate((x^2-1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*log((x^3 + sqrt(x^4 - 1)*sqrt(x^2 - 1) - x)/(x^3 - x)) - 1/2*log(-(x^3 - sqrt(x^4 - 1)*sqrt(x^2 - 1) - x)/(x^3 - x))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(x-1)(x+1)}}{\sqrt{(x-1)(x+1)(x^2+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((x**2-1)**(1/2)/(x**4-1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((x - 1)*(x + 1))/sqrt((x - 1)*(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2-1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - 1)/sqrt(x^4 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2-1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - 1)/sqrt(x^4 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `int((x^2 - 1)^(1/2)/(x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`output `int((x^2 - 1)^(1/2)/(x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \log(\sqrt{x^2+1} + x)$$

input `int((x^2-1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2), x)`output `log(sqrt(x**2 + 1) + x)`

$$3.180 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$$

Optimal result	1597
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1597
Rubi [A] (verified)	1598
Maple [A] (verified)	1599
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1599
Sympy [F]	1600
Maxima [F]	1600
Giac [F]	1600
Mupad [F(-1)]	1601
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1601

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}}\right)$$

output

```
arctan(x*(-x^2-1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[-1 - x^2]/Sqrt[-1 + x^4], x]
```

output

```
ArcTan[(x*Sqrt[-1 - x^2])/Sqrt[-1 + x^4]]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1396, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

↓ 1396

$$\frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}\sqrt{1-x^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{x^4-1}}$$

↓ 223

$$\frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}\sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin(x)}{\sqrt{x^4-1}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[-1 - x^2]/Sqrt[-1 + x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 - x^2]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]*ArcSin[x])/Sqrt[-1 + x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 1396 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x^n)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + c*(x^n/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x^4-1} \arcsin(x)}{\sqrt{-x^2-1} \sqrt{-x^2+1}}$	29

input `int((-x^2-1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(-x^2-1)^(1/2)*(x^4-1)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(x)`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \frac{1}{2}i \log \left(\frac{ix^3 + \sqrt{x^4-1}\sqrt{-x^2-1} + ix}{x^3+x} \right) - \frac{1}{2}i \log \left(\frac{-ix^3 + \sqrt{x^4-1}\sqrt{-x^2-1} - ix}{x^3+x} \right)$$

input `integrate((-x^2-1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*I*log((I*x^3 + sqrt(x^4 - 1)*sqrt(-x^2 - 1) + I*x)/(x^3 + x)) - 1/2*I*log((-I*x^3 + sqrt(x^4 - 1)*sqrt(-x^2 - 1) - I*x)/(x^3 + x))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}{\sqrt{(x-1)(x+1)(x^2+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x**2-1)**(1/2)/(x**4-1)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-x**2 - 1)/sqrt((x - 1)*(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2-1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-x^2 - 1)/sqrt(x^4 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2-1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-x^2 - 1)/sqrt(x^4 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2-1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `int((- x^2 - 1)^(1/2)/(x^4 - 1)^(1/2),x)`output `int((- x^2 - 1)^(1/2)/(x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1-x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \log(\sqrt{x^2-1} + x) i$$

input `int((-x^2-1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x)`output `log(sqrt(x**2 - 1) + x)*i`

3.181 $\int \frac{-\sqrt{-1+x^2}+\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1602
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1602
Rubi [A] (verified)	1603
Maple [A] (verified)	1604
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1604
Sympy [F]	1605
Maxima [F]	1605
Giac [F]	1606
Mupad [F(-1)]	1606
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1606

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{-\sqrt{-1+x^2}+\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = -\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}}\right) + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}}\right)$$

output

```
-arctanh(x*(x^2-1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2))+arctanh(x*(x^2+1)^(1/2)/(x^4-1)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{-\sqrt{-1+x^2}+\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \log(1-x^2) - \log(1+x^2) - \log\left(-x+x^3+\sqrt{-1+x^2}\sqrt{-1+x^4}\right) + \log\left(x+x^3+\sqrt{1+x^2}\sqrt{-1+x^4}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(-Sqrt[-1 + x^2] + Sqrt[1 + x^2])/Sqrt[-1 + x^4], x]
```

output

```
Log[1 - x^2] - Log[1 + x^2] - Log[-x + x^3 + Sqrt[-1 + x^2]*Sqrt[-1 + x^4]
] + Log[x + x^3 + Sqrt[1 + x^2]*Sqrt[-1 + x^4]]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1} - \sqrt{x^2-1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

↓ 7293

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}\sqrt{x^2+1}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}\sqrt{x^2+1}\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}{\sqrt{x^4-1}}$$

input

```
Int[(-Sqrt[-1 + x^2] + Sqrt[1 + x^2])/Sqrt[-1 + x^4],x]
```

output

```
-((Sqrt[-1 + x^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^2]*ArcSinh[x])/Sqrt[-1 + x^4]) + (Sqrt[-1 + x
^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^2]*ArcTanh[x/Sqrt[-1 + x^2]])/Sqrt[-1 + x^4]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x^4-1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}{\sqrt{x^2-1}\sqrt{x^2+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{x^4-1} \ln(x+\sqrt{x^2-1})}{\sqrt{x^2+1}\sqrt{x^2-1}}$	59

input `int((-x^2-1)^(1/2)+(x^2+1)^(1/2))/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/(x^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(x^4-1)^{(1/2)}/(x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)+1/(x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(x^4-1)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\ln(x+(x^2-1)^{(1/2)})$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. 2(37) = 74.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int \frac{-\sqrt{-1+x^2} + \sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{x^3 + \sqrt{x^4-1}\sqrt{x^2+1} + x}{x^3 + x} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(-\frac{x^3 - \sqrt{x^4-1}\sqrt{x^2+1} + x}{x^3 + x} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{x^3 + \sqrt{x^4-1}\sqrt{x^2-1} - x}{x^3 - x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log \left(-\frac{x^3 - \sqrt{x^4-1}\sqrt{x^2-1} - x}{x^3 - x} \right)$$

input `integrate((-x^2-1)^(1/2)+(x^2+1)^(1/2))/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*log((x^3 + sqrt(x^4 - 1)*sqrt(x^2 + 1) + x)/(x^3 + x)) - 1/2*log(-(x^3 - sqrt(x^4 - 1)*sqrt(x^2 + 1) + x)/(x^3 + x)) - 1/2*log((x^3 + sqrt(x^4 - 1)*sqrt(x^2 - 1) - x)/(x^3 - x)) + 1/2*log(-(x^3 - sqrt(x^4 - 1)*sqrt(x^2 - 1) - x)/(x^3 - x))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{-\sqrt{-1+x^2} + \sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{-\sqrt{x^2-1} + \sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{(x-1)(x+1)(x^2+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x**2-1)**(1/2)+(x**2+1)**(1/2))/(x**4-1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((-sqrt(x**2 - 1) + sqrt(x**2 + 1))/sqrt((x - 1)*(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{-\sqrt{-1+x^2} + \sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1} - \sqrt{x^2-1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2-1)^(1/2)+(x^2+1)^(1/2))/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(x^2 + 1) - sqrt(x^2 - 1))/sqrt(x^4 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{-\sqrt{-1+x^2} + \sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1} - \sqrt{x^2-1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2-1)^(1/2)+(x^2+1)^(1/2))/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac"`

output `integrate((sqrt(x^2 + 1) - sqrt(x^2 - 1))/sqrt(x^4 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{-\sqrt{-1+x^2} + \sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{x^2-1} - \sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

input `int(-((x^2 - 1)^(1/2) - (x^2 + 1)^(1/2))/(x^4 - 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(-((x^2 - 1)^(1/2) - (x^2 + 1)^(1/2))/(x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{-\sqrt{-1+x^2} + \sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}} dx = \log(\sqrt{x^2-1} + x) - \log(\sqrt{x^2+1} + x)$$

input `int((-x^2-1)^(1/2)+(x^2+1)^(1/2))/(x^4-1)^(1/2),x)`

output `log(sqrt(x**2 - 1) + x) - log(sqrt(x**2 + 1) + x)`

3.182 $\int \left(\frac{3}{2} - 3x^2\right)^p dx$

Optimal result	1607
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1607
Rubi [A] (verified)	1608
Maple [A] (verified)	1608
Fricas [F]	1609
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1609
Maxima [F]	1610
Giac [F]	1610
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1610
Reduce [F]	1611

Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \left(\frac{3}{2} - 3x^2\right)^p dx = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^p x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, 2x^2\right)$$

output $(3/2)^p x \operatorname{hypergeom}([1/2, -p], [3/2], 2x^2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \left(\frac{3}{2} - 3x^2\right)^p dx = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^p x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, 2x^2\right)$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(3/2 - 3*x^2)^p, x]$

output $(3/2)^p x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -p, 3/2, 2*x^2]$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{3}{2} - 3x^2\right)^p dx$$

↓ 237

$$\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^p x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, 2x^2\right)$$

input `Int[(3/2 - 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(3/2)^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, 2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result	size
meijerg	$3^p 2^{-p} x \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, -p\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], 2x^2\right)$	24

input `int((3/2-3*x^2)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3^p*2^(-p)*x*hypergeom([1/2,-p],[3/2],2*x^2)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{3}{2} - 3x^2 \right)^p dx = \int \left(-3x^2 + \frac{3}{2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((3/2-3*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-3*x^2 + 3/2)^p, x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \left(\frac{3}{2} - 3x^2 \right)^p dx = 2^{-p} 3^p x {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{3}{2} \right) 2x^2 e^{2i\pi}$$

input `integrate((3/2-3*x**2)**p,x)`

output `3**p*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), 2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/2**p`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{3}{2} - 3x^2 \right)^p dx = \int \left(-3x^2 + \frac{3}{2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((3/2-3*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-3*x^2 + 3/2)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{3}{2} - 3x^2 \right)^p dx = \int \left(-3x^2 + \frac{3}{2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((3/2-3*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-3*x^2 + 3/2)^p, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \left(\frac{3}{2} - 3x^2 \right)^p dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{3}{2} - 3x^2 \right)^p {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p; \frac{3}{2}; 2x^2\right)}{(1 - 2x^2)^p}$$

input `int((3/2 - 3*x^2)^p,x)`

output `(x*(3/2 - 3*x^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], 3/2, 2*x^2))/(1 - 2*x^2)^p`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{3}{2} - 3x^2\right)^p dx = \frac{(-6x^2 + 3)^p x - 4 \left(\int \frac{(-6x^2 + 3)^p}{4px^2 + 2x^2 - 2p - 1} dx\right) p^2 - 2 \left(\int \frac{(-6x^2 + 3)^p}{4px^2 + 2x^2 - 2p - 1} dx\right) p}{2^p (2p + 1)}$$

input `int((3/2-3*x^2)^p,x)`

output `((- 6*x**2 + 3)**p*x - 4*int((- 6*x**2 + 3)**p/(4*p*x**2 - 2*p + 2*x**2 - 1),x)*p**2 - 2*int((- 6*x**2 + 3)**p/(4*p*x**2 - 2*p + 2*x**2 - 1),x)*p)/(2**p*(2*p + 1))`

3.183 $\int (2 + 4x^2)^{-p} (3 - 12x^4)^p dx$

Optimal result	1612
Mathematica [F]	1612
Rubi [A] (verified)	1613
Maple [F]	1614
Fricas [F]	1614
Sympy [F(-1)]	1614
Maxima [F]	1615
Giac [F]	1615
Mupad [F(-1)]	1615
Reduce [F]	1616

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int (2 + 4x^2)^{-p} (3 - 12x^4)^p dx = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^p x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, 2x^2\right)$$

output

```
(3/2)^p*x*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], 2*x^2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (2 + 4x^2)^{-p} (3 - 12x^4)^p dx = \int (2 + 4x^2)^{-p} (3 - 12x^4)^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(3 - 12*x^4)^p/(2 + 4*x^2)^p, x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(3 - 12*x^4)^p/(2 + 4*x^2)^p, x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1386, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (4x^2 + 2)^{-p} (3 - 12x^4)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1386}$$

$$\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^{-p} \int (2 - 4x^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{237}$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^p x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, 2x^2\right)$$

input `Int[(3 - 12*x^4)^p/(2 + 4*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(3/2)^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, 2*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1386 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-e^2/c)^q Int[u*(d - e*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[p + q, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e^2, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (-12x^4 + 3)^p (4x^2 + 2)^{-p} dx$$

input `int((-12*x^4+3)^p/((4*x^2+2)^p),x)`

output `int((-12*x^4+3)^p/((4*x^2+2)^p),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (2 + 4x^2)^{-p} (3 - 12x^4)^p dx = \int \frac{(-12x^4 + 3)^p}{(4x^2 + 2)^p} dx$$

input `integrate((-12*x^4+3)^p/((4*x^2+2)^p),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-12*x^4 + 3)^p/(4*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (2 + 4x^2)^{-p} (3 - 12x^4)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-12*x**4+3)**p/((4*x**2+2)**p),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (2 + 4x^2)^{-p} (3 - 12x^4)^p dx = \int \frac{(-12x^4 + 3)^p}{(4x^2 + 2)^p} dx$$

input `integrate((-12*x^4+3)^p/((4*x^2+2)^p),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-12*x^4 + 3)^p/(4*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (2 + 4x^2)^{-p} (3 - 12x^4)^p dx = \int \frac{(-12x^4 + 3)^p}{(4x^2 + 2)^p} dx$$

input `integrate((-12*x^4+3)^p/((4*x^2+2)^p),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-12*x^4 + 3)^p/(4*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (2 + 4x^2)^{-p} (3 - 12x^4)^p dx = \int \frac{(3 - 12x^4)^p}{(4x^2 + 2)^p} dx$$

input `int((3 - 12*x^4)^p/(4*x^2 + 2)^p,x)`

output `int((3 - 12*x^4)^p/(4*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (2 + 4x^2)^{-p} (3 - 12x^4)^p dx = \int \frac{(-12x^4 + 3)^p}{(4x^2 + 2)^p} dx$$

input `int((-12*x^4+3)^p/((4*x^2+2)^p),x)`

output `int((- 12*x**4 + 3)**p/(4*x**2 + 2)**p,x)`

3.184 $\int (2 - ex^2)^p (2 + ex^2)^{p+q} dx$

Optimal result	1617
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1617
Rubi [A] (verified)	1618
Maple [F]	1619
Fricas [F]	1619
Sympy [F]	1619
Maxima [F]	1620
Giac [F]	1620
Mupad [F(-1)]	1620
Reduce [F]	1621

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int (2 - ex^2)^p (2 + ex^2)^{p+q} dx = 2^{2p+q} x \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p - q, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{ex^2}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{2} \right)$$

output

$2^{2p+q} x \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p - q, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} e x^2, \frac{1}{2} e x^2 \right)$

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 177 vs. 2(42) = 84.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.21

$$\int (2 - ex^2)^p (2 + ex^2)^{p+q} dx$$

$$= \frac{3x(2 - ex^2)^p (2 + ex^2)^{p+q} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p - q, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{ex^2}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{2} \right)}{3 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p - q, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{ex^2}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{2} \right) + ex^2 \left(-p \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - p, -p - q, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{ex^2}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{2} \right) + (p + q) A \right)}$$

input

$\operatorname{Integrate}[(2 - e*x^2)^p*(2 + e*x^2)^(p + q), x]$

output

```
(3*x*(2 - e*x^2)^p*(2 + e*x^2)^(p + q)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -p - q, 3/2, (e*x
^2)/2, -1/2*(e*x^2)]/(3*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -p - q, 3/2, (e*x^2)/2, -1/2*(e
*x^2)] + e*x^2*(-(p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - p, -p - q, 5/2, (e*x^2)/2, -1/2*(e*x
^2)]) + (p + q)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 1 - p - q, 5/2, (e*x^2)/2, -1/2*(e*x^2)]
))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$, Rules used = {333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (2 - ex^2)^p (ex^2 + 2)^{p+q} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{333}$$

$$x^{2p+q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p - q, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{ex^2}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{2}\right)$$

input

```
Int[(2 - e*x^2)^p*(2 + e*x^2)^(p + q),x]
```

output

```
2^(2*p + q)*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -p - q, 3/2, (e*x^2)/2, -1/2*(e*x^2)]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a,
0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (-ex^2 + 2)^p (ex^2 + 2)^{p+q} dx$$

input `int((-e*x^2+2)^p*(e*x^2+2)^(p+q),x)`

output `int((-e*x^2+2)^p*(e*x^2+2)^(p+q),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (2 - ex^2)^p (2 + ex^2)^{p+q} dx = \int (ex^2 + 2)^{p+q} (-ex^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+2)^p*(e*x^2+2)^(p+q),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + 2)^(p + q)*(-e*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (2 - ex^2)^p (2 + ex^2)^{p+q} dx = \int (-ex^2 + 2)^p (ex^2 + 2)^{p+q} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+2)**p*(e*x**2+2)**(p+q),x)`

output `Integral((-e*x**2 + 2)**p*(e*x**2 + 2)**(p + q), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (2 - ex^2)^p (2 + ex^2)^{p+q} dx = \int (ex^2 + 2)^{p+q} (-ex^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+2)^p*(e*x^2+2)^(p+q),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + 2)^(p + q)*(-e*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (2 - ex^2)^p (2 + ex^2)^{p+q} dx = \int (ex^2 + 2)^{p+q} (-ex^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+2)^p*(e*x^2+2)^(p+q),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + 2)^(p + q)*(-e*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (2 - ex^2)^p (2 + ex^2)^{p+q} dx = \int (2 - ex^2)^p (ex^2 + 2)^{p+q} dx$$

input `int((2 - e*x^2)^p*(e*x^2 + 2)^(p + q),x)`

output `int((2 - e*x^2)^p*(e*x^2 + 2)^(p + q), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (2 - ex^2)^p (2 + ex^2)^{p+q} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex^2 + 2)^{p+q} (-ex^2 + 2)^p x + 16 \left(\int \frac{(ex^2+2)^{p+q} (-ex^2+2)^p x^2}{4e^2 p x^4 + 2e^2 q x^4 + e^2 x^4 - 16p - 8q - 4} dx \right) epq + 8 \left(\int \frac{(ex^2+2)^{p+q} (-ex^2+2)^p x^2}{4e^2 p x^4 + 2e^2 q x^4 + e^2 x^4 - 16p - 8q - 4} dx \right)}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+2)^p*(e*x^2+2)^(p+q),x)`

output `((e*x**2 + 2)**(p + q)*(- e*x**2 + 2)**p*x + 16*int(((e*x**2 + 2)**(p + q))*(- e*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(4*e**2*p*x**4 + 2*e**2*q*x**4 + e**2*x**4 - 16*p - 8*q - 4),x)*e*p*q + 8*int(((e*x**2 + 2)**(p + q))*(- e*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(4*e**2*p*x**4 + 2*e**2*q*x**4 + e**2*x**4 - 16*p - 8*q - 4),x)*e*q**2 + 4*int(((e*x**2 + 2)**(p + q))*(- e*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(4*e**2*p*x**4 + 2*e**2*q*x**4 + e**2*x**4 - 16*p - 8*q - 4),x)*e*q - 64*int(((e*x**2 + 2)**(p + q))*(- e*x**2 + 2)**p)/(4*e**2*p*x**4 + 2*e**2*q*x**4 + e**2*x**4 - 16*p - 8*q - 4),x)*p**2 - 64*int(((e*x**2 + 2)**(p + q))*(- e*x**2 + 2)**p)/(4*e**2*p*x**4 + 2*e**2*q*x**4 + e**2*x**4 - 16*p - 8*q - 4),x)*p*q - 16*int(((e*x**2 + 2)**(p + q))*(- e*x**2 + 2)**p)/(4*e**2*p*x**4 + 2*e**2*q*x**4 + e**2*x**4 - 16*p - 8*q - 4),x)*p - 16*int(((e*x**2 + 2)**(p + q))*(- e*x**2 + 2)**p)/(4*e**2*p*x**4 + 2*e**2*q*x**4 + e**2*x**4 - 16*p - 8*q - 4),x)*q**2 - 8*int(((e*x**2 + 2)**(p + q))*(- e*x**2 + 2)**p)/(4*e**2*p*x**4 + 2*e**2*q*x**4 + e**2*x**4 - 16*p - 8*q - 4),x)*q)/(4*p + 2*q + 1)`

3.185 $\int (2 + ex^2)^q (4 - e^2x^4)^p dx$

Optimal result	1622
Mathematica [F]	1622
Rubi [A] (verified)	1623
Maple [F]	1624
Fricas [F]	1624
Sympy [F]	1624
Maxima [F]	1625
Giac [F]	1625
Mupad [F(-1)]	1625
Reduce [F]	1626

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int (2 + ex^2)^q (4 - e^2x^4)^p dx = 2^{2p+q} x \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p - q, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{ex^2}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{2} \right)$$

output $2^{(2*p+q)*x} \operatorname{AppellF1}(1/2, -p-q, -p, 3/2, -1/2*e*x^2, 1/2*e*x^2)$

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (2 + ex^2)^q (4 - e^2x^4)^p dx = \int (2 + ex^2)^q (4 - e^2x^4)^p dx$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(2 + e*x^2)^q*(4 - e^2*x^4)^p, x]$

output $\operatorname{Integrate}[(2 + e*x^2)^q*(4 - e^2*x^4)^p, x]$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1388, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (4 - e^2 x^4)^p (ex^2 + 2)^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 1388$$

$$\int (2 - ex^2)^p (ex^2 + 2)^{p+q} dx$$

$$\downarrow 333$$

$$x^{2p+q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p - q, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{ex^2}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{2}\right)$$

input `Int[(2 + e*x^2)^q*(4 - e^2*x^4)^p,x]`

output `2^(2*p + q)*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -p - q, 3/2, (e*x^2)/2, -1/2*(e*x^2)]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex^2 + 2)^q (-e^2x^4 + 4)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+2)^q*(-e^2*x^4+4)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+2)^q*(-e^2*x^4+4)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (2 + ex^2)^q (4 - e^2x^4)^p dx = \int (-e^2x^4 + 4)^p (ex^2 + 2)^q dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+2)^q*(-e^2*x^4+4)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^4 + 4)^p*(e*x^2 + 2)^q, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (2 + ex^2)^q (4 - e^2x^4)^p dx = \int (-(ex^2 - 2)(ex^2 + 2))^p (ex^2 + 2)^q dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+2)**q*(-e**2*x**4+4)**p,x)`

output `Integral((-e*x**2 - 2)*(e*x**2 + 2)**p*(e*x**2 + 2)**q, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (2 + ex^2)^q (4 - e^2x^4)^p dx = \int (-e^2x^4 + 4)^p (ex^2 + 2)^q dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+2)^q*(-e^2*x^4+4)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + 4)^p*(e*x^2 + 2)^q, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (2 + ex^2)^q (4 - e^2x^4)^p dx = \int (-e^2x^4 + 4)^p (ex^2 + 2)^q dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+2)^q*(-e^2*x^4+4)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^4 + 4)^p*(e*x^2 + 2)^q, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (2 + ex^2)^q (4 - e^2x^4)^p dx = \int (4 - e^2x^4)^p (ex^2 + 2)^q dx$$

input `int((4 - e^2*x^4)^p*(e*x^2 + 2)^q,x)`

output `int((4 - e^2*x^4)^p*(e*x^2 + 2)^q, x)`

3.186 $\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1627
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1627
Rubi [A] (verified)	1628
Maple [C] (verified)	1629
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1629
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1630
Maxima [F]	1630
Giac [F]	1630
Mupad [F(-1)]	1631
Reduce [F]	1631

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{1+x^4}}{1+x^2} + \frac{(1+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+x^4}{(1+x^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan(x)\left|\frac{1}{2}\right.\right)}{\sqrt{1+x^4}}$$

output

```
-x*(x^4+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)+(x^2+1)*((x^4+1)/(x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -x^4\right) - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -x^4\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 - x^2)/Sqrt[1 + x^4],x]
```

output $x \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -x^4] - (x^3 \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -x^4])/3$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$, Rules used = {1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{(x^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4+1}{(x^2+1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(x) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} - \frac{x\sqrt{x^4+1}}{x^2+1}$$

input `Int[(1 - x^2)/Sqrt[1 + x^4], x]`

output `-((x*Sqrt[1 + x^4])/(1 + x^2)) + ((1 + x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + x^4)/(1 + x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[x], 1/2])/Sqrt[1 + x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
meijerg	$-\frac{x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -x^4\right)}{3} + x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -x^4\right)$
default	$-\frac{i\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\sqrt{ix^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\sqrt{ix^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{i\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\sqrt{ix^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\sqrt{ix^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}}$

input `int((-x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],-x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],-x^4)`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \frac{-i\sqrt{ix}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{i}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + 2i\sqrt{ix}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{i}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \sqrt{x^4+1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(-I*sqrt(I)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(I)/x), -1) + 2*I*sqrt(I)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(I)/x), -1) - sqrt(x^4 + 1))/x`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = -\frac{x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-x**2+1)/(x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((x^2 - 1)/sqrt(x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(x^2 - 1)/sqrt(x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - x^2}{\sqrt{1 + x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `int(-(x^2 - 1)/(x^4 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

output `-int((x^2 - 1)/(x^4 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - x^2}{\sqrt{1 + x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}}{x^4 + 1} dx - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 1} x^2}{x^4 + 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((-x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**4 + 1)/(x**4 + 1), x) - int((sqrt(x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(x**4 + 1), x)`

3.187 $\int \frac{1-e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1+e^4x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1632
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1632
Rubi [A] (verified)	1633
Maple [C] (verified)	1634
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1634
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1635
Maxima [F]	1635
Giac [F]	1635
Mupad [F(-1)]	1636
Reduce [F]	1636

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{1 - e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4x^4}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{1 + e^4x^4}}{1 + e^2x^2} + \frac{(1 + e^2x^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+e^4x^4}{(1+e^2x^2)^2}} E(2 \arctan(ex) \mid \frac{1}{2})}{e\sqrt{1 + e^4x^4}}$$

output `-x*(e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2+1)+(e^2*x^2+1)*((e^4*x^4+1)/(e^2*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(e*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/e/(e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{1 - e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4x^4}} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -e^4x^4 \right) - \frac{1}{3} e^2x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -e^4x^4 \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - e^2*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + e^4*x^4], x]`

output $x \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(e^4 x^4)] - (e^2 x^3 \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(e^4 x^4)]) / 3$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{(e^2 x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{e^4 x^4 + 1}{(e^2 x^2 + 1)^2}} E(2 \arctan(ex) \mid \frac{1}{2})}{e \sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}} - \frac{x \sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}}{e^2 x^2 + 1}$$

input `Int[(1 - e^2*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + e^4*x^4], x]`

output $-\left(\frac{x \sqrt{1 + e^4 x^4}}{1 + e^2 x^2}\right) + \left(\frac{(1 + e^2 x^2) \sqrt{(1 + e^4 x^4)}}{(1 + e^2 x^2)^2} \text{EllipticE}[2 \text{ArcTan}[e x], 1/2]\right) / (e \sqrt{1 + e^4 x^4})$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{e^2 x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -e^4 x^4\right)}{3} + x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -e^4 x^4\right)$	40
default	$-\frac{i\sqrt{-ie^2x^2+1}\sqrt{ie^2x^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{ie^2}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{ie^2}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{ie^2}\sqrt{e^4x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ie^2x^2+1}\sqrt{ie^2x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{ie^2}, i\right)}{\sqrt{ie^2}\sqrt{e^4x^4+1}}$	138
elliptic	$-\frac{i\sqrt{-ie^2x^2+1}\sqrt{ie^2x^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{ie^2}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{ie^2}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{ie^2}\sqrt{e^4x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ie^2x^2+1}\sqrt{ie^2x^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{ie^2}, i\right)}{\sqrt{ie^2}\sqrt{e^4x^4+1}}$	138

input `int((-e^2*x^2+1)/(e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*e^2*x^3*hypergeom([1/2, 3/4], [7/4], -e^4*x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], [5/4], -e^4*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4 x^4}} dx = \frac{e^2 x \left(-\frac{1}{e^4}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{e^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (e^4 + e^2)x \left(-\frac{1}{e^4}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{e^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}}{e^2 x}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+1)/(e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(e^2*x*(-1/e^4)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-1/e^4)^(1/4)/x), -1) - (e^4 + e^2)*x*(-1/e^4)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-1/e^4)^(1/4)/x), -1) + sqrt(e^4*x^4 + 1))/(e^2*x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4 x^4}} dx = -\frac{e^2 x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, e^4 x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, e^4 x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+1)/(e**4*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-e**2*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**4*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**4*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4 x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{e^2 x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+1)/(e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e^2*x^2 - 1)/sqrt(e^4*x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4 x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{e^2 x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+1)/(e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(e^2*x^2 - 1)/sqrt(e^4*x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4 x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{e^2 x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `int(-(e^2*x^2 - 1)/(e^4*x^4 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

output `-int((e^2*x^2 - 1)/(e^4*x^4 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}}{e^4 x^4 + 1} dx - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1} x^2}{e^4 x^4 + 1} dx \right) e^2$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+1)/(e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(sqrt(e**4*x**4 + 1)/(e**4*x**4 + 1), x) - int((sqrt(e**4*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(e**4*x**4 + 1), x)*e**2`

3.188 $\int \frac{d-ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1637
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1637
Rubi [A] (verified)	1638
Maple [C] (verified)	1639
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1639
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1640
Maxima [F]	1640
Giac [F]	1640
Mupad [F(-1)]	1641
Reduce [F]	1641

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}}{d+ex^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d}(d+ex^2)\sqrt{\frac{d^2+e^2x^4}{(d+ex^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}}$$

output `-x*(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)+d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)*((e^2*x^4+d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))),1/2*2^(1/2))/e^(1/2)/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}}\left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right) - ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d - e*x^2)/Sqrt[d^2 + e^2*x^4],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[1 + (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -((e^2*x^4)/d^2)] - e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -((e^2*x^4)/d^2)]))/(3*Sqrt[d^2 + e^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{\sqrt{d}(d + ex^2) \sqrt{\frac{d^2 + e^2x^4}{(d + ex^2)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} - \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}}{d + ex^2}$$

input

```
Int[(d - e*x^2)/Sqrt[d^2 + e^2*x^4], x]
```

output

```
-((x*Sqrt[d^2 + e^2*x^4])/(d + e*x^2)) + (Sqrt[d]*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[(d^2 + e^2*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], 1/2])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d^2 + e^2*x^4])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}}\sqrt{e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{id\sqrt{1-\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}}\sqrt{e^2x^4+d^2}}$	153
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}}\sqrt{e^2x^4+d^2}} - \frac{id\sqrt{1-\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}}\sqrt{e^2x^4+d^2}}$	153

input `int((-e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{d/(I*e/d)^{(1/2)}*(1-I*e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+I*e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(x*(I*e/d)^{(1/2)},I)-I*d/(I*e/d)^{(1/2)}*(1-I*e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}*(1+I*e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(EllipticF(x*(I*e/d)^{(1/2)},I)-EllipticE(x*(I*e/d)^{(1/2)},I))}{dex}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{dex\left(-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (de + e^2)x\left(-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{e^2x^4 + d^2}}{dex}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-(d*e*x*(-d^2/e^2)^{(3/4)}*elliptic_e(\arcsin((-d^2/e^2)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) - (d*e + e^2)*x*(-d^2/e^2)^{(3/4)}*elliptic_f(\arcsin((-d^2/e^2)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) + \sqrt{e^2*x^4 + d^2}*d)/(d*e*x)$$

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4 e^{i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4 e^{i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)/(e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/d**2)/(4*gamma(5/4)) - e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{ex^2 - d}{\sqrt{e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e*x^2 - d)/sqrt(e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{ex^2 - d}{\sqrt{e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(e*x^2 - d)/sqrt(e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)/(d^2 + e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d - e*x^2)/(d^2 + e^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) e$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 + e**2*x**4)/(d**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*d - int((sqrt(d**2 + e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*e`

3.189 $\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1642
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1642
Rubi [A] (verified)	1643
Maple [C] (verified)	1644
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1644
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1645
Maxima [F]	1645
Giac [F]	1645
Mupad [F(-1)]	1646
Reduce [F]	1646

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{1+x^4}}{1+x^2} + \frac{(1+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+x^4}{(1+x^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan(x)\left|\frac{1}{2}\right.\right)}{\sqrt{1+x^4}}$$

output

```
-x*(x^4+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)+(x^2+1)*((x^4+1)/(x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -x^4\right) - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -x^4\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 - x^2)/Sqrt[1 + x^4],x]
```

output $x \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -x^4] - (x^3 \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -x^4])/3$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$, Rules used = {1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{(x^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4+1}{(x^2+1)^2}} E(2 \arctan(x) | \frac{1}{2})}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} - \frac{x\sqrt{x^4+1}}{x^2+1}$$

input `Int[(1 - x^2)/Sqrt[1 + x^4], x]`

output `-((x*Sqrt[1 + x^4])/(1 + x^2)) + ((1 + x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + x^4)/(1 + x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[x], 1/2])/Sqrt[1 + x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
meijerg	$-\frac{x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -x^4\right)}{3} + x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -x^4\right)$
default	$-\frac{i\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\sqrt{ix^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\sqrt{ix^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{i\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\sqrt{ix^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\sqrt{ix^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}}$

input `int((-x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],-x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],-x^4)`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \frac{-i\sqrt{ix}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{i}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + 2i\sqrt{ix}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{i}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \sqrt{x^4+1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(-I*sqrt(I)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(I)/x), -1) + 2*I*sqrt(I)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(I)/x), -1) - sqrt(x^4 + 1))/x`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = -\frac{x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-x**2+1)/(x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((x^2 - 1)/sqrt(x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(x^2 - 1)/sqrt(x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - x^2}{\sqrt{1 + x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `int(-(x^2 - 1)/(x^4 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

output `-int((x^2 - 1)/(x^4 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - x^2}{\sqrt{1 + x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}}{x^4 + 1} dx - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 1} x^2}{x^4 + 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((-x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**4 + 1)/(x**4 + 1), x) - int((sqrt(x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(x**4 + 1), x)`

3.190 $\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1647
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1647
Rubi [A] (verified)	1648
Maple [C] (verified)	1649
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1650
Sympy [F]	1650
Maxima [F]	1651
Giac [F]	1651
Mupad [F(-1)]	1651
Reduce [F]	1652

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2x}}{\sqrt{1+x^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(1+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+x^4}{(1+x^2)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{1+x^4}}$$

output

```
1/4*arctanh(2^(1/2)*x/(x^4+1)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)+1/4*(x^2+1)*((x^4+1)/(x^2+1))^2^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(x),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = -\sqrt[4]{-1} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(i, i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt[4]{-1}x\right), -1\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((1-x^2)*Sqrt[1+x^4]),x]
```

output

```
-((-1)^(1/4)*EllipticPi[I, I*ArcSinh[(-1)^(1/4)*x], -1])
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1535, 761, 2213, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1535} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2+1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{761} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2+1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx + \frac{(x^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4+1}{(x^2+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{x^4+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2213} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{2x^2}{x^4+1}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} + \frac{(x^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4+1}{(x^2+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{x^4+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{(x^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4+1}{(x^2+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{x^4+1}} + \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{x^4+1}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((1 - x^2)*Sqrt[1 + x^4]),x]`

output `ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*x)/Sqrt[1 + x^4]]/(2*Sqrt[2]) + ((1 + x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + x^4)/(1 + x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[x], 1/2])/(4*Sqrt[1 + x^4])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 761 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 1535 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_+) + (e_+)(x_+)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (c_+)(x_+)^4]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(2*d) \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d) \ \text{Int}[(d - e*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0]$

rule 2213 $\text{Int}[(A_+) + (B_+)(x_+)^2)/(((d_+) + (e_+)(x_+)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (c_+)(x_+)^4]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(d + 2*a*e*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, A, B\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[B*d + A*e, 0]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\sqrt{ix^2+1}\text{EllipticPi}\left((-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}x,-i,-\sqrt{-i}(-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4+1}}$	51
elliptic	$-\frac{(-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\sqrt{ix^2+1}\text{EllipticPi}\left((-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}x,-i,-\sqrt{-i}(-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4+1}}$	51

input $\text{int}(1/(-x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^{(1/2)},x,\text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
-(-1)^(3/4)*(1-I*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi((-1)^(1/4)*x,-I,(-I)^(1/2)/(-1)^(1/4))
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = -\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{i}F(\arcsin(\sqrt{i}x) | -1) + \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{2}\log\left(\frac{x^4 + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^4+1}x + 2x^2 + 1}{x^4 - 2x^2 + 1}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*I*sqrt(I)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(I)*x), -1) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*log((x^4 + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(x^4 + 1)*x + 2*x^2 + 1)/(x^4 - 2*x^2 + 1))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = -\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{x^4+1} - \sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-x**2+1)/(x**4+1)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(x**4 + 1) - sqrt(x**4 + 1)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}(x^2-1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/(sqrt(x^4 + 1)*(x^2 - 1)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}(x^2-1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/(sqrt(x^4 + 1)*(x^2 - 1)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = -\int \frac{1}{(x^2-1)\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

input `int(-1/((x^2 - 1)*(x^4 + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-int(1/((x^2 - 1)*(x^4 + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{2}\log(x^2-1)}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\log(-\sqrt{x^4+1}\sqrt{2}-2x)}{4} + \frac{\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4+1}}{x^4+1} dx\right)}{2}$$

input `int(1/(-x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- sqrt(2)*log(x**2 - 1) + sqrt(2)*log(- sqrt(x**4 + 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x) + 2*int(sqrt(x**4 + 1)/(x**4 + 1),x))/4`

3.191 $\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1653
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1653
Rubi [A] (verified)	1654
Maple [C] (verified)	1655
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1655
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1656
Maxima [F]	1656
Giac [F]	1656
Mupad [F(-1)]	1657
Reduce [F]	1657

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{-1-x^4}}{1+x^2} + \frac{(1+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+x^4}{(1+x^2)^2}}E(2\arctan(x)|\frac{1}{2})}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}}$$

output

```
x*(-x^4-1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)+(x^2+1)*((x^4+1)/(x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/(-x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1+x^4}(-3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -x^4) + x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -x^4))}{3\sqrt{-1-x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 - x^2)/Sqrt[-1 - x^4], x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(Sqrt[1 + x^4]*(-3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -x^4] + x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -x^4]))/Sqrt[-1 - x^4]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.053$, Rules used = {1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-x^4-1}} dx$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{(x^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4+1}{(x^2+1)^2}} E(2 \arctan(x) | \frac{1}{2})}{\sqrt{-x^4-1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^4-1} x}{x^2+1}$$

input

```
Int[(1 - x^2)/Sqrt[-1 - x^4], x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[-1 - x^4])/(1 + x^2) + ((1 + x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + x^4)/(1 + x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[x], 1/2])/Sqrt[-1 - x^4]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result
meijerg	$-ix \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -x^4\right) + \frac{ix^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -x^4\right)}{3}$
default	$\frac{i\sqrt{ix^2+1}\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)x, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)x, i\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{-x^4-1}} + \frac{\sqrt{ix^2+1}\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)x, i\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{-x^4-1}}$
elliptic	$\frac{i\sqrt{ix^2+1}\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)x, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)x, i\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{-x^4-1}} + \frac{\sqrt{ix^2+1}\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)x, i\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{-x^4-1}}$

input `int((-x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-I*x*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], [5/4], -x^4)+1/3*I*x^3*hypergeom([1/2, 3/4], [7/4], -x^4)`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{i}x E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{i}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 2\sqrt{i}x F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{i}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \sqrt{-x^4-1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(sqrt(I)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(I)/x), -1) - 2*sqrt(I)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(I)/x), -1) - sqrt(-x^4 - 1))/x`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \frac{ix^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \right) x^4 e^{i\pi}}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \right) x^4 e^{i\pi}}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-x**2+1)/(-x**4-1)**(1/2),x)`

output `I*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{-x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-x^4 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{-x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-x^4 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - x^2}{\sqrt{-1 - x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}} dx$$

input `int(-(x^2 - 1)/(- x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`

output `-int((x^2 - 1)/(- x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - x^2}{\sqrt{-1 - x^4}} dx = i \left(- \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}}{x^4 + 1} dx \right) + \int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 1} x^2}{x^4 + 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((-x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2), x)`

output `i*(- int(sqrt(x**4 + 1)/(x**4 + 1), x) + int((sqrt(x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(x**4 + 1), x))`

3.192 $\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1658
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1658
Rubi [A] (verified)	1659
Maple [C] (verified)	1660
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1661
Sympy [F]	1661
Maxima [F]	1662
Giac [F]	1662
Mupad [F(-1)]	1662
Reduce [F]	1663

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2x}}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(1+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+x^4}{(1+x^2)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{-1-x^4}}$$

output

```
1/4*arctan(2^(1/2)*x/(-x^4-1)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)+1/4*(x^2+1)*((x^4+1)/(x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(x),1/2*2^(1/2))/(-x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1}\sqrt{1+x^4} \operatorname{EllipticPi}(i, i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt[4]{-1}x), -1)}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((1-x^2)*Sqrt[-1-x^4]),x]
```

output

```
-((( -1)^(1/4)*Sqrt[1 + x^4]*EllipticPi[I, I*ArcSinh[(-1)^(1/4)*x], -1])/Sqrt[-1 - x^4]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {1535, 761, 2213, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-x^4-1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1535$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^4-1}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2+1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-x^4-1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 761$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2+1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-x^4-1}} dx + \frac{(x^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4+1}{(x^2+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{-x^4-1}}$$

$$\downarrow 2213$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\frac{2x^2}{-x^4-1} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{-x^4-1}} + \frac{(x^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4+1}{(x^2+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{-x^4-1}}$$

$$\downarrow 216$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{-x^4-1}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(x^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4+1}{(x^2+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{-x^4-1}}$$

input

```
Int[1/((1 - x^2)*Sqrt[-1 - x^4]),x]
```

output

```
ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*x)/Sqrt[-1 - x^4]]/(2*Sqrt[2]) + ((1 + x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + x^4)/(1 + x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[x], 1/2])/(4*Sqrt[-1 - x^4])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*ArcTan[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])

rule 761 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

rule 1535 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_+) + (e_+)(x_+)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (c_+)(x_+)^4]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(2*d) \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d) \text{Int}[(d - e*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0]

rule 2213 $\text{Int}[(A_+) + (B_+)(x_+)^2)/(((d_+) + (e_+)(x_+)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (c_+)(x_+)^4]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(d + 2*a*e*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[B*d + A*e, 0]

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{ix^2+1} \sqrt{-ix^2+1} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{-i}x, i, \frac{(-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\sqrt{-i}}\right)}{\sqrt{-i} \sqrt{-x^4-1}}$	52
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{ix^2+1} \sqrt{-ix^2+1} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{-i}x, i, \frac{(-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\sqrt{-i}}\right)}{\sqrt{-i} \sqrt{-x^4-1}}$	52

input $\text{int}(1/(-x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output `1/(-I)^(1/2)*(1+I*x^2)^(1/2)*(1-I*x^2)^(1/2)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi((-I)^(1/2)*x,I,(-1)^(1/4)/(-I)^(1/2))`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{i}F(\arcsin(\sqrt{i}x) | -1) - \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{2}}\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{2}x + \sqrt{-x^4-1}}}{x^2-1}\right) + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{2}}\log\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{2}x - \sqrt{-x^4-1}}}{x^2-1}\right)$$

input `integrate(1/(-x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(I)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(I)*x), -1) - 1/4*sqrt(-1/2)*log((2*sqrt(-1/2)*x + sqrt(-x^4 - 1))/(x^2 - 1)) + 1/4*sqrt(-1/2)*log(-(2*sqrt(-1/2)*x - sqrt(-x^4 - 1))/(x^2 - 1))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = -\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-x^4-1} - \sqrt{-x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-x**2+1)/(-x**4-1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(-x**4 - 1) - sqrt(-x**4 - 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^4-1}(x^2-1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/(sqrt(-x^4 - 1)*(x^2 - 1)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^4-1}(x^2-1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/(sqrt(-x^4 - 1)*(x^2 - 1)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = -\int \frac{1}{(x^2-1)\sqrt{-x^4-1}} dx$$

input `int(-1/((x^2 - 1)*(- x^4 - 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-int(1/((x^2 - 1)*(- x^4 - 1)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{i\left(-\sqrt{2}\log(x^2-1) + \sqrt{2}\log(\sqrt{x^4+1}\sqrt{2}-2x) - 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4+1}}{x^4+1} dx\right)\right)}{4}$$

input `int(1/(-x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(i*(- sqrt(2)*log(x**2 - 1) + sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(x**4 + 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x) - 2*int(sqrt(x**4 + 1)/(x**4 + 1),x)))/4`

3.193 $\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1664
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1664
Rubi [A] (verified)	1665
Maple [A] (verified)	1666
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1667
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1667
Maxima [F]	1668
Giac [F]	1668
Mupad [F(-1)]	1668
Reduce [F]	1669

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1+x^4}}{1+x^2} - \frac{(1+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+x^4}{(1+x^2)^2}} E(2 \arctan(x) | \frac{1}{2})}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} + \frac{(1+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+x^4}{(1+x^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2})}{\sqrt{1+x^4}}$$

output

```
x*(x^4+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)-(x^2+1)*((x^4+1)/(x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+1)^(1/2)+(x^2+1)*((x^4+1)/(x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(x),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -x^4\right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -x^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x^2)/Sqrt[1 + x^4],x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -x^4] + (x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -x^4])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1512 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} dx - \int \frac{1 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 761 \\
 & \frac{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} - \int \frac{1 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1510 \\
 & \frac{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} - \frac{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(x) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 1} x}{x^2 + 1}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + x^2)/Sqrt[1 + x^4],x]`

output

```
(x*Sqrt[1 + x^4])/(1 + x^2) - ((1 + x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + x^4)/(1 + x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[x], 1/2])/Sqrt[1 + x^4] + ((1 + x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + x^4)/(1 + x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[x], 1/2])/Sqrt[1 + x^4]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 761

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :=> With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :=> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :=> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -x^4\right)}{3} + x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -x^4\right)$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-ix^2+1} \sqrt{ix^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{-ix^2+1} \sqrt{ix^2+1} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-ix^2+1} \sqrt{ix^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{-ix^2+1} \sqrt{ix^2+1} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}}$

input

```
int((x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `1/3*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],-x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],-x^4)`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \frac{i\sqrt{x}E(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{i}}{x})|-1) + \sqrt{x^4+1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(I*sqrt(I)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(I)/x), -1) + sqrt(x^4 + 1))/x`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \frac{x^3\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \right) x^4 e^{i\pi}}{4\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})} + \frac{x\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \right) x^4 e^{i\pi}}{4\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}$$

input `integrate((x**2+1)/(x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 + 1)/sqrt(x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 + 1)/sqrt(x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

input `int((x^2 + 1)/(x^4 + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^2 + 1)/(x^4 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^4+1}}{x^4+1} dx + \int \frac{\sqrt{x^4+1} x^2}{x^4+1} dx$$

input `int((x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**4 + 1)/(x**4 + 1),x) + int((sqrt(x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(x**4 + 1),x)`

3.194 $\int \frac{1+e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1+e^4x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1670
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1670
Rubi [A] (verified)	1671
Maple [A] (verified)	1672
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1673
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1673
Maxima [F]	1674
Giac [F]	1674
Mupad [F(-1)]	1674
Reduce [F]	1675

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{1 + e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1 + e^4x^4}}{1 + e^2x^2} - \frac{(1 + e^2x^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+e^4x^4}{(1+e^2x^2)^2}} E(2 \arctan(ex) \mid \frac{1}{2})}{e\sqrt{1 + e^4x^4}} + \frac{(1 + e^2x^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+e^4x^4}{(1+e^2x^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}(2 \arctan(ex), \frac{1}{2})}{e\sqrt{1 + e^4x^4}}$$

output

```
x*(e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^2+1)-(e^2*x^2+1)*((e^4*x^4+1)/(e^2*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(e*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/e/(e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)+(e^2*x^2+1)*((e^4*x^4+1)/(e^2*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(e*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/e/(e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{1 + e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4x^4}} dx = x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -e^4x^4\right) + \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -e^4x^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + e^2*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + e^4*x^4], x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(e^4*x^4)] + (e^2*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(e^4*x^4)])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{e^2 x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1512} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}} dx - \int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{761} \\
 & \frac{(e^2 x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{e^4 x^4 + 1}{(e^2 x^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(ex), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{e \sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}} - \int \frac{1 - e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1510} \\
 & \frac{(e^2 x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{e^4 x^4 + 1}{(e^2 x^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(ex), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{e \sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}} - \\
 & \frac{(e^2 x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{e^4 x^4 + 1}{(e^2 x^2 + 1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(ex) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{e \sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}} + \frac{x \sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}}{e^2 x^2 + 1}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + e^2*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + e^4*x^4], x]`

output $(x\sqrt{1 + e^4x^4})/(1 + e^2x^2) - ((1 + e^2x^2)\sqrt{(1 + e^4x^4)/(1 + e^2x^2)^2})\text{EllipticE}[2\text{ArcTan}[e^2x], 1/2]/(e\sqrt{1 + e^4x^4}) + ((1 + e^2x^2)\sqrt{(1 + e^4x^4)/(1 + e^2x^2)^2})\text{EllipticF}[2\text{ArcTan}[e^2x], 1/2]/(e\sqrt{1 + e^4x^4})$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 761 $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_ + (b_)(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2x^2)(\sqrt{(a + bx^4)/(a(1 + q^2x^2)^2})]/(2q\sqrt{a + bx^4}))\text{EllipticF}[2\text{ArcTan}[qx], 1/2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 1510 $\text{Int}(((d_ + (e_)(x_)^2)/\sqrt{(a_ + (c_)(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(-d)x(\sqrt{a + cx^4}/(a(1 + q^2x^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[d(1 + q^2x^2)(\sqrt{(a + cx^4)/(a(1 + q^2x^2)^2})]/(q\sqrt{a + cx^4}))\text{EllipticE}[2\text{ArcTan}[qx], 1/2], x] /; \text{EqQ}[e + dq^2, 0] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 1512 $\text{Int}(((d_ + (e_)(x_)^2)/\sqrt{(a_ + (c_)(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(e + dq)/q \ \text{Int}[1/\sqrt{a + cx^4}, x], x] - \text{Simp}[e/q \ \text{Int}[(1 - qx^2)/\sqrt{a + cx^4}, x], x] /; \text{NeQ}[e + dq, 0] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{e^2x^3 \text{hypergeom}(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -e^4x^4)}{3} + x \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -e^4x^4\right)$	40
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-ie^2x^2+1} \sqrt{ie^2x^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ie^2}, i)}{\sqrt{ie^2} \sqrt{e^4x^4+1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{-ie^2x^2+1} \sqrt{ie^2x^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ie^2}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ie^2}, i))}{\sqrt{ie^2} \sqrt{e^4x^4+1}}$	138
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-ie^2x^2+1} \sqrt{ie^2x^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ie^2}, i)}{\sqrt{ie^2} \sqrt{e^4x^4+1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{-ie^2x^2+1} \sqrt{ie^2x^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ie^2}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ie^2}, i))}{\sqrt{ie^2} \sqrt{e^4x^4+1}}$	138

input $\text{int}((e^2x^2+1)/(e^4x^4+1)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/3*e^2*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],-e^4*x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],-e^4*x^4)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{1 + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4 x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2 x \left(-\frac{1}{e^4}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{e^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (e^4 - e^2) x \left(-\frac{1}{e^4}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{e^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}}{e^2 x}$$

input `integrate((e^2*x^2+1)/(e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $(e^2*x*(-1/e^4)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(\arcsin((-1/e^4)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (e^4 - e^2)*x*(-1/e^4)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(\arcsin((-1/e^4)^(1/4)/x), -1) + \text{sqrt}(e^4*x^4 + 1))/(e^2*x)$

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{1 + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4 x^4}} dx = \frac{e^2 x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{7}{4} \mid e^4 x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{5}{4} \mid e^4 x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e**2*x**2+1)/(e**4*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output $e**2*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**4*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**4*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))$

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{e^2 x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((e^2*x^2+1)/(e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e^2*x^2 + 1)/sqrt(e^4*x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{e^2 x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((e^2*x^2+1)/(e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e^2*x^2 + 1)/sqrt(e^4*x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{e^2 x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `int((e^2*x^2 + 1)/(e^4*x^4 + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e^2*x^2 + 1)/(e^4*x^4 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 + e^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1}}{e^4 x^4 + 1} dx + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{e^4 x^4 + 1} x^2}{e^4 x^4 + 1} dx \right) e^2$$

input `int((e^2*x^2+1)/(e^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(e**4*x**4 + 1)/(e**4*x**4 + 1),x) + int((sqrt(e**4*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(e**4*x**4 + 1),x)*e**2`

3.195 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1676
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1677
Rubi [A] (verified)	1677
Maple [C] (verified)	1679
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1679
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1680
Maxima [F]	1680
Giac [F]	1681
Mupad [F(-1)]	1681
Reduce [F]	1681

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 182

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}}{d+ex^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d}(d+ex^2)\sqrt{\frac{d^2+e^2x^4}{(d+ex^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{d}(d+ex^2)\sqrt{\frac{d^2+e^2x^4}{(d+ex^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}}$$

output `x*(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)-d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)*((e^2*x^4+d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))),1/2*2^(1/2))/e^(1/2)/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)*((e^2*x^4+d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2)),1/2*2^(1/2))/e^(1/2)/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2))`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{e^2x^4}{d^2}} \left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) + ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{e^2x^4}{d^2} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[d^2 + e^2*x^4], x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + (e^2*x^4)/d^2]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -((e^2*x^4)/d^2)] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -((e^2*x^4)/d^2)]))/(3*Sqrt[d^2 + e^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1512$$

$$2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx - d \int \frac{d - ex^2}{d\sqrt{e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx - \int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 761$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d}(d+ex^2)\sqrt{\frac{d^2+e^2x^4}{(d+ex^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}} - \int \frac{d-ex^2}{\sqrt{e^2x^4+d^2}}dx$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{\sqrt{d}(d+ex^2)\sqrt{\frac{d^2+e^2x^4}{(d+ex^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}(d+ex^2)\sqrt{\frac{d^2+e^2x^4}{(d+ex^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2+e^2x^4}}{d+ex^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[d^2 + e^2*x^4], x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[d^2 + e^2*x^4])/(d + e*x^2) - (Sqrt[d]*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[(d^2 + e^2*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], 1/2])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d^2 + e^2*x^4]) + (Sqrt[d]*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[(d^2 + e^2*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], 1/2])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d^2 + e^2*x^4])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}}\sqrt{e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{id\sqrt{1-\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}}\sqrt{e^2x^4+d^2}}$	153
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}}\sqrt{e^2x^4+d^2}} + \frac{id\sqrt{1-\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\sqrt{1+\frac{ie x^2}{d}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{ie}{d}}\sqrt{e^2x^4+d^2}}$	153

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
d/(I*e/d)^(1/2)*(1-I*e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+I*e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)
)*EllipticF(x*(I*e/d)^(1/2),I)+I*d/(I*e/d)^(1/2)*(1-I*e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*(1+I*
e*x^2/d)^(1/2)/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(I*e/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE
(x*(I*e/d)^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{dex\left(-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (de - e^2)x\left(-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{e^2x^4 + d^2}d}{dex}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
(d*e*x*(-d^2/e^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-d^2/e^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) - (d*e
- e^2)*x*(-d^2/e^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-d^2/e^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) + sqr
t(e^2*x^4 + d^2)*d)/(d*e*x)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4 e^{i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{e^2x^4 e^{i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{4d\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)/(e**2*x**4+d**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/d**2)/(4*
gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), e**2*x**4*exp_po
lar(I*pi)/d**2)/(4*d*gamma(7/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{e^2x^4 + d^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(e^2*x^4 + d^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(d^2 + e^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(d^2 + e^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + e^2x^4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^4 + d^2}}{e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^4 + d^2} x^2}{e^2x^4 + d^2} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d**2 + e**2*x**4)/(d**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*d + int((sqrt(d**2 + e**2*x**4)*x**2)/(d**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*e`

3.196 $\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1682
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1682
Rubi [A] (verified)	1683
Maple [A] (verified)	1684
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1685
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1685
Maxima [F]	1686
Giac [F]	1686
Mupad [F(-1)]	1686
Reduce [F]	1687

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1+x^4}}{1+x^2} - \frac{(1+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+x^4}{(1+x^2)^2}} E(2 \arctan(x) | \frac{1}{2})}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} + \frac{(1+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+x^4}{(1+x^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2})}{\sqrt{1+x^4}}$$

output

```
x*(x^4+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)-(x^2+1)*((x^4+1)/(x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*
arctan(x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+1)^(1/2)+(x^2+1)*((x^4+1)/(x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*In
verseJacobiAM(2*arctan(x),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -x^4\right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -x^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x^2)/Sqrt[1 + x^4],x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -x^4] + (x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -x^4])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1512 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} dx - \int \frac{1 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 761 \\
 & \frac{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} - \int \frac{1 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1510 \\
 & \frac{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} - \frac{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(x) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 1} x}{x^2 + 1}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + x^2)/Sqrt[1 + x^4],x]`

output

```
(x*Sqrt[1 + x^4])/(1 + x^2) - ((1 + x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + x^4)/(1 + x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[x], 1/2])/Sqrt[1 + x^4] + ((1 + x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + x^4)/(1 + x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[x], 1/2])/Sqrt[1 + x^4]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 761

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :=> With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :=> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :=> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -x^4\right)}{3} + x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -x^4\right)$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-ix^2+1} \sqrt{ix^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{-ix^2+1} \sqrt{ix^2+1} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-ix^2+1} \sqrt{ix^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{-ix^2+1} \sqrt{ix^2+1} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right), i\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{x^4+1}}$

input

```
int((x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `1/3*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],-x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],-x^4)`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \frac{i\sqrt{x}E(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{i}}{x})|-1) + \sqrt{x^4+1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(I*sqrt(I)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(I)/x), -1) + sqrt(x^4 + 1))/x`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \frac{x^3\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \right) x^4 e^{i\pi}}{4\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})} + \frac{x\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \right) x^4 e^{i\pi}}{4\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}$$

input `integrate((x**2+1)/(x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 + 1)/sqrt(x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 + 1)/sqrt(x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

input `int((x^2 + 1)/(x^4 + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^2 + 1)/(x^4 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^4+1}}{x^4+1} dx + \int \frac{\sqrt{x^4+1} x^2}{x^4+1} dx$$

input `int((x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**4 + 1)/(x**4 + 1),x) + int((sqrt(x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(x**4 + 1),x)`

$$3.197 \quad \int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$$

Optimal result	1688
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1688
Rubi [A] (verified)	1689
Maple [C] (verified)	1690
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1691
Sympy [F]	1691
Maxima [F]	1692
Giac [F]	1692
Mupad [F(-1)]	1692
Reduce [F]	1693

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{1+x^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(1+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+x^4}{(1+x^2)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{1+x^4}}$$

output

```
1/4*arctan(2^(1/2)*x/(x^4+1)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)+1/4*(x^2+1)*((x^4+1)/(x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(x),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = -\sqrt[4]{-1} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-i, i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt[4]{-1}x), -1\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((1+x^2)*Sqrt[1+x^4]),x]
```

output

```
-((-1)^(1/4)*EllipticPi[-I, I*ArcSinh[(-1)^(1/4)*x], -1])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$, Rules used = {1535, 761, 2213, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1)\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1535$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - x^2}{(x^2 + 1)\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 761$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - x^2}{(x^2 + 1)\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{x^4 + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 2213$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\frac{2x^2}{x^4 + 1} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}} + \frac{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{x^4 + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 216$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{x^4 + 1}}$$

input

```
Int[1/((1 + x^2)*Sqrt[1 + x^4]),x]
```

output

```
ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*x)/Sqrt[1 + x^4]]/(2*Sqrt[2]) + ((1 + x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + x^4)/
(1 + x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[x], 1/2])/(4*Sqrt[1 + x^4])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 216

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 761

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(
1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*
EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 1535

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
1/(2*d) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[1/(2*d) Int[(d - e*x^2)/((
d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2
+ a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 2213

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := Simp[A Subst[Int[1/(d + 2*a*e*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + c*x^
4]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[B*d
+ A*e, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\sqrt{ix^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left((-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}x,i,-\sqrt{-i}(-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4+1}}$	51
elliptic	$-\frac{(-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\sqrt{ix^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left((-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}x,i,-\sqrt{-i}(-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4+1}}$	51

input

```
int(1/(x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-(-1)^(3/4)*(1-I*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi((-1)^(1/4)*x,I,(-I)^(1/2)/(-1)^(1/4))
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{x^4+1}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}i \sqrt{i} F(\arcsin(\sqrt{i}x) | -1)$$

input

```
integrate(1/(x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/4*sqrt(2)*arctan(sqrt(2)*x/sqrt(x^4 + 1)) - 1/2*I*sqrt(I)*elliptic_f(arc  
sin(sqrt(I)*x), -1)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2+1)\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(x**2+1)/(x**4+1)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((x**2 + 1)*sqrt(x**4 + 1)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}(x^2+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^4 + 1)*(x^2 + 1)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}(x^2+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^4 + 1)*(x^2 + 1)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2+1)\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/((x^2 + 1)*(x^4 + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((x^2 + 1)*(x^4 + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^4+1}}{x^6+x^4+x^2+1} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2+1)/(x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**4 + 1)/(x**6 + x**4 + x**2 + 1),x)`

3.198 $\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1694
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1694
Rubi [A] (verified)	1695
Maple [C] (verified)	1696
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1697
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1697
Maxima [F]	1698
Giac [F]	1698
Mupad [F(-1)]	1698
Reduce [F]	1699

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{-1-x^4}}{1+x^2} - \frac{(1+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+x^4}{(1+x^2)^2}} E(2\arctan(x) \mid \frac{1}{2})}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} + \frac{(1+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+x^4}{(1+x^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}(2\arctan(x), \frac{1}{2})}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}}$$

output

```
-x*(-x^4-1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)-(x^2+1)*((x^4+1)/(x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(
2*arctan(x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/(-x^4-1)^(1/2)+(x^2+1)*((x^4+1)/(x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)
*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(x),1/2*2^(1/2))/(-x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1+x^4} (3x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -x^4) + x^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -x^4))}{3\sqrt{-1-x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x^2)/Sqrt[-1 - x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x^4]*(3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -x^4] + x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -x^4]))/(3*Sqrt[-1 - x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1512$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}} dx - \int \frac{1 - x^2}{\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 761$$

$$\frac{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}} - \int \frac{1 - x^2}{\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1510$$

$$\frac{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}} - \frac{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(x) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 - 1} x}{x^2 + 1}$$

input `Int[(1 + x^2)/Sqrt[-1 - x^4],x]`

output $-\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-1-x^4}}{1+x^2}\right) - \left(\frac{(1+x^2)\sqrt{(1+x^4)/(1+x^2)^2} \operatorname{EllipticE}[2\operatorname{ArcTan}[x], 1/2]}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} + \frac{(1+x^2)\sqrt{(1+x^4)/(1+x^2)^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}[2\operatorname{ArcTan}[x], 1/2]}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}}\right)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 761 $\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{q = \operatorname{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[(1 + q^2x^2)(\sqrt{(a + bx^4)/(a(1 + q^2x^2)^2})/(2q\sqrt{a + bx^4})) * \operatorname{EllipticF}[2\operatorname{ArcTan}[qx], 1/2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 1510 $\operatorname{Int}[(d_+) + (e_+)(x_+)^2/\sqrt{(a_+) + (c_+)(x_+)^4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{q = \operatorname{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[(-d) * x * (\sqrt{(a + cx^4)/(a(1 + q^2x^2))}), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[d * (1 + q^2x^2)(\sqrt{(a + cx^4)/(a(1 + q^2x^2)^2})/(q\sqrt{a + cx^4})) * \operatorname{EllipticE}[2\operatorname{ArcTan}[qx], 1/2], x] /; \operatorname{EqQ}[e + dq^2, 0] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 1512 $\operatorname{Int}[(d_+) + (e_+)(x_+)^2/\sqrt{(a_+) + (c_+)(x_+)^4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{q = \operatorname{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[(e + dq)/q \operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{a + cx^4}, x], x] - \operatorname{Simp}[e/q \operatorname{Int}[(1 - qx^2)/\sqrt{a + cx^4}, x], x] /; \operatorname{NeQ}[e + dq, 0] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[c/a]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result
meijerg	$-ix \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -x^4\right) - \frac{ix^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -x^4\right)}{3}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{ix^2+1} \sqrt{-ix^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)x, i\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{-x^4-1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{ix^2+1} \sqrt{-ix^2+1} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)x, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)x, i\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{-x^4-1}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{ix^2+1} \sqrt{-ix^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)x, i\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{-x^4-1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{ix^2+1} \sqrt{-ix^2+1} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)x, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)x, i\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{-x^4-1}}$

input `int((x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-I*x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],-x^4)-1/3*I*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],-x^4)`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{i}E(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{i}}{x}\right) | -1) - \sqrt{-x^4-1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(sqrt(I)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(I)/x), -1) - sqrt(-x^4 - 1))/x`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = -\frac{ix^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \middle| x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((x**2+1)/(-x**4-1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-I*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{-x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-x^4 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{-x^4-1}} dx$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-x^4 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{-x^4-1}} dx$$

input `int((x^2 + 1)/(- x^4 - 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^2 + 1)/(- x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = -i \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4+1}}{x^4+1} dx + \int \frac{\sqrt{x^4+1}x^2}{x^4+1} dx \right)$$

input `int((x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x)`

output `- i*(int(sqrt(x**4 + 1)/(x**4 + 1),x) + int((sqrt(x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(x**4 + 1),x))`

3.199 $\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1700
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1700
Rubi [A] (verified)	1701
Maple [C] (verified)	1702
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1703
Sympy [F]	1703
Maxima [F]	1704
Giac [F]	1704
Mupad [F(-1)]	1704
Reduce [F]	1705

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(1+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+x^4}{(1+x^2)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{-1-x^4}}$$

```
output 1/4*arctanh(2^(1/2)*x/(-x^4-1)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)+1/4*(x^2+1)*((x^4+1)/(x^2+1)
^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(x),1/2*2^(1/2))/(-x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1}\sqrt{1+x^4} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-i, i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt[4]{-1}x\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{-1-x^4}}$$

```
input Integrate[1/((1+x^2)*Sqrt[-1-x^4]),x]
```

output

```
-(((-1)^(1/4)*Sqrt[1 + x^4]*EllipticPi[-I, I*ArcSinh[(-1)^(1/4)*x], -1])/Sqrt[-1 - x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1535, 761, 2213, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1)\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1535$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - x^2}{(x^2 + 1)\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 761$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - x^2}{(x^2 + 1)\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}} dx + \frac{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 2213$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{2x^2}{-x^4 - 1}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}} + \frac{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}} + \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{-x^4 - 1}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

input

```
Int[1/((1 + x^2)*Sqrt[-1 - x^4]),x]
```

output

```
ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*x)/Sqrt[-1 - x^4]]/(2*Sqrt[2]) + ((1 + x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + x^4)/(1 + x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[x], 1/2])/(4*Sqrt[-1 - x^4])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 761 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(
1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*
EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

```
rule 1535 Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
1/(2*d) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[1/(2*d) Int[(d - e*x^2)/((
d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2
+ a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0]
```

```
rule 2213 Int[((A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := Simp[A Subst[Int[1/(d + 2*a*e*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + c*x^
4]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[B*d
+ A*e, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result	size
default	$\frac{i\sqrt{-i}\sqrt{ix^2+1}\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{-i}x,-i,\frac{(-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\sqrt{-i}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-x^4-1}} + \frac{\sqrt{ix^2+1}\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{-i}x,-i,\frac{(-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\sqrt{-i}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-i}\sqrt{-x^4-1}}$	107
elliptic	$\frac{i\sqrt{-i}\sqrt{ix^2+1}\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{-i}x,-i,\frac{(-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\sqrt{-i}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-x^4-1}} + \frac{\sqrt{ix^2+1}\sqrt{-ix^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{-i}x,-i,\frac{(-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\sqrt{-i}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-i}\sqrt{-x^4-1}}$	107

```
input int(1/(x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*I*(-I)^(1/2)*(1+I*x^2)^(1/2)*(1-I*x^2)^(1/2)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi
((-I)^(1/2)*x,-I,(-1)^(1/4)/(-I)^(1/2))+1/2/(-I)^(1/2)*(1+I*x^2)^(1/2)*(1-
I*x^2)^(1/2)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi((-I)^(1/2)*x,-I,(-1)^(1/4)/(-I)^(1/
2))
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{i} F(\arcsin(\sqrt{i}x) \mid -1) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{-x^4-1}}{x^2+1}\right) - \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{2} \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{-x^4-1}}{x^2+1}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(1/(x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*sqrt(I)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(I)*x), -1) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*log((sqrt(2)*
x + sqrt(-x^4 - 1))/(x^2 + 1)) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*log(-(sqrt(2)*x - sqrt(-x^4 -
1))/(x^2 + 1))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2+1)\sqrt{-x^4-1}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(x**2+1)/(-x**4-1)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((x**2 + 1)*sqrt(-x**4 - 1)), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^4-1}(x^2+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-x^4 - 1)*(x^2 + 1)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^4-1}(x^2+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-x^4 - 1)*(x^2 + 1)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2+1)\sqrt{-x^4-1}} dx$$

input `int(1/((x^2 + 1)*(- x^4 - 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((x^2 + 1)*(- x^4 - 1)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{-1-x^4}} dx = -\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4+1}}{x^6+x^4+x^2+1} dx\right) i$$

input `int(1/(x^2+1)/(-x^4-1)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int(sqrt(x**4 + 1)/(x**6 + x**4 + x**2 + 1),x)*i`

3.200 $\int \frac{A+Cx^4}{(a+bx^2)^{5/4}} dx$

Optimal result	1706
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1706
Rubi [A] (verified)	1707
Maple [F]	1710
Fricas [F]	1710
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1710
Maxima [F]	1711
Giac [F]	1711
Mupad [F(-1)]	1711
Reduce [F]	1712

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{A + Cx^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/4}} dx = -\frac{14aCx}{5b^2\sqrt[4]{a + bx^2}} + \frac{2Cx(a + bx^2)^{3/4}}{5b^2} + \frac{2(5Ab^2 + 12a^2C)\sqrt[4]{1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\middle|2\right)}{5\sqrt{ab^{5/2}}\sqrt[4]{a + bx^2}}$$

output

```
-14/5*a*C*x/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/4)+2/5*C*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/4)/b^2+2/5*(5*A*b^2+12*C*a^2)*(1+b*x^2/a)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))),2^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Cx^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/4}} dx = \frac{x\left(10Ab^2 + 2aC(6a + bx^2) - (5Ab^2 + 12a^2C)\sqrt[4]{1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)\right)}{5ab^2\sqrt[4]{a + bx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*x^4)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/4),x]`

output `(x*(10*A*b^2 + 2*a*C*(6*a + b*x^2) - (5*A*b^2 + 12*a^2*C)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]))/(5*a*b^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1/4))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {1472, 27, 299, 227, 225, 212}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Cx^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1472} \\
 & \frac{2x\left(\frac{a^2C}{b^2} + A\right)}{a^4\sqrt{a + bx^2}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{b\left(\frac{2Ca^2}{b^2} + A\right) - aCx^2}{2b^4\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2x\left(\frac{a^2C}{b^2} + A\right)}{a^4\sqrt{a + bx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{b\left(\frac{2Ca^2}{b^2} + A\right) - aCx^2}{\sqrt[4]{bx^2 + a}} dx}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{299} \\
 & \frac{2x\left(\frac{a^2C}{b^2} + A\right)}{a^4\sqrt{a + bx^2}} - \frac{(12a^2C + 5Ab^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{bx^2 + a}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2aCx(a + bx^2)^{3/4}}{5b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{227}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2x\left(\frac{a^2C}{b^2} + A\right)}{a\sqrt[4]{a+bx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1}(12a^2C+5Ab^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1}} dx}{5b\sqrt[4]{a+bx^2}} - \frac{2aCx(a+bx^2)^{3/4}}{5b}$$

↓ 225

$$\frac{2x\left(\frac{a^2C}{b^2} + A\right)}{a\sqrt[4]{a+bx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1}(12a^2C+5Ab^2) \left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1}} - \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{5/4}} dx \right)}{5b\sqrt[4]{a+bx^2}} - \frac{2aCx(a+bx^2)^{3/4}}{5b}$$

↓ 212

$$\frac{2x\left(\frac{a^2C}{b^2} + A\right)}{a\sqrt[4]{a+bx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1}(12a^2C+5Ab^2) \left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{5b\sqrt[4]{a+bx^2}} - \frac{2aCx(a+bx^2)^{3/4}}{5b}$$

input `Int[(A + C*x^4)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/4),x]`

output `(2*(A + (a^2*C)/b^2)*x)/(a*(a + b*x^2)^(1/4)) - ((-2*a*C*x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/4))/(5*b) + ((5*A*b^2 + 12*a^2*C)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^(1/4)*((2*x)/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^(1/4) - (2*sqrt[a]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*x)/sqrt[a]]/2, 2])/sqrt[b]))/(5*b*(a + b*x^2)^(1/4)))/(a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 212 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-5/4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(a^{5/4})\text{Rt}[b/a, 2]) * \text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$
- rule 225 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1/4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*(x/(a + b*x^2)^{1/4}), x] - \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x^2)^{5/4}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$
- rule 227 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1/4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^{1/4}/(a + b*x^2)^{1/4} \text{ Int}[1/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^{1/4}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a]$
- rule 299 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(b*(2*p+3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(2*p+3))/(b*(2*p+3)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*p+3, 0]$
- rule 1472 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^4)^{(p_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]\}, \text{Simp}[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^{(q+1})/(2*d*(q+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d*(q+1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{(q+1)} * \text{ExpandToSum}[2*d*(q+1)*Qx + R*(2*q+3), x], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{Cx^4 + A}{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{4}}} dx$$

input `int((C*x^4+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/4),x)`

output `int((C*x^4+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Cx^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{Cx^4 + A}{(bx^2 + a)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((C*x^4+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*x^4 + A)*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/4)/(b^2*x^4 + 2*a*b*x^2 + a^2), x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{A + Cx^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/4}} dx = \frac{Ax {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{a^{5/4}} + \frac{Cx^5 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{5a^{5/4}}$$

input `integrate((C*x**4+A)/(b*x**2+a)**(5/4),x)`

output `A*x*hyper((1/2, 5/4), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/a**(5/4) + C*x**5*hyper((5/4, 5/2), (7/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(5*a**(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Cx^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{Cx^4 + A}{(bx^2 + a)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((C*x^4+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*x^4 + A)/(b*x^2 + a)^(5/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Cx^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{Cx^4 + A}{(bx^2 + a)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((C*x^4+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*x^4 + A)/(b*x^2 + a)^(5/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Cx^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{Cx^4 + A}{(bx^2 + a)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*x^4)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/4),x)`

output `int((A + C*x^4)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Cx^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{x^4}{(bx^2 + a)^{1/4} a + (bx^2 + a)^{1/4} bx^2} dx \right) c$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{1}{(bx^2 + a)^{1/4} a + (bx^2 + a)^{1/4} bx^2} dx \right) a$$

input `int((C*x^4+A)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/4),x)`

output `int(x**4/((a + b*x**2)**(1/4)*a + (a + b*x**2)**(1/4)*b*x**2),x)*c + int(1/((a + b*x**2)**(1/4)*a + (a + b*x**2)**(1/4)*b*x**2),x)*a`

3.201 $\int \frac{c+dx^2}{a+bx^4} dx$

Optimal result	1713
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1714
Rubi [A] (verified)	1714
Maple [C] (verified)	1718
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1719
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1720
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1721
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1722
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1723
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1724

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \frac{c+dx^2}{a+bx^4} dx = -\frac{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}b^{3/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}b^{3/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}b^{3/4}}$$

output

```
1/4*(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/b^(3/4)+1/4*(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/b^(3/4)+1/4*(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x/(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/b^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{c + dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) + 2(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) - (\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \left(\log\left(\sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b} x\right) - \log\left(\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b} x\right)\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}b^{3/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^2)/(a + b*x^4),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] + 2*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] - (Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*(Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[b]*x^2] - Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[b]*x^2]))/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*b^(3/4))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.529$, Rules used = {1482, 27, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1482$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx^2})}{bx^4 + a} dx}{2b} + \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{bx^2} + \sqrt{a})}{bx^4 + a} dx}{2b}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx^2}}{bx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2} + \sqrt{a}}{bx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1476 \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}} dx}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 + \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}} dx}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx^2}}{bx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{b}} \\
& \downarrow 1082 \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx^2}}{bx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{b}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)^2 - 1} d\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b}x + 1}{\sqrt{a}}\right)^2 - 1} d\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b}x + 1}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} \\
& \downarrow 217 \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx^2}}{bx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b}x + 1}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} \\
& \downarrow 1479 \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} - 2 \sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2} \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}x}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b}x + \sqrt[4]{a}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2} \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}x}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b}x + 1}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} \\
& \downarrow 25
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} - 2 \sqrt[4]{b} x}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left(x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x + \sqrt[4]{a} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left(x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d \right)} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{\downarrow 27} \\
& \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} - 2 \sqrt[4]{b} x}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}} dx}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x + \sqrt[4]{a}}{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}} dx}{2 \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d \right)} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{\downarrow 1103} \\
& \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d \right) \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d \right) \left(\frac{\log\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b} x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} x^2\right)}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b} x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} x^2\right)}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right)} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x]`

output

```
(((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)*(-ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))) + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] - d)*(-1/2*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[b]*x^2]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)) + Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[b]*x^2]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))))/(2*Sqrt[b])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 217

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1082

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1103

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

rule 1476

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[d*e]
```

rule 1479

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]
```

rule 1482

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d*q + a*e)/(2*a*c) Int[(q + c*x^2)/(a + c*x^4), x], x] + Simp[(d*q - a*e)/(2*a*c) Int[(q - c*x^2)/(a + c*x^4), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[(-a)*c]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(-Z^4+b+a)} \frac{(-R^{2d+c}) \ln(x-R)}{-R^3}}{4b}$
default	$\frac{c\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{x^2-\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)-1\right)}{8a} + \frac{d\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2-\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{x^2+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)+1\right)}{8b}$

input

```
int((d*x^2+c)/(b*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4/b*sum((-R^2*d+c)/_R^3*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(-Z^4*b+a))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 767 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 767, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.26

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{c + dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = & -\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}} \log \left(-(b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x \right. \\
 & + \left. \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + ab^2c^3 - a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}} \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}} \log \left(-(b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x \right. \\
 & - \left. \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + ab^2c^3 - a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}} \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}} \log \left(-(b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x \right. \\
 & + \left. \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - ab^2c^3 + a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}} \right) \\
 & - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}} \log \left(-(b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x \right. \\
 & - \left. \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - ab^2c^3 + a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x^2+c)/(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
-1/4*sqrt(-(a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b))*log(-(b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*x + (a^3*b^2*d*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + a*b^2*c^3 - a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt(-(a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b))) + 1/4*sqrt(-(a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b))*log(-(b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*x - (a^3*b^2*d*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + a*b^2*c^3 - a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt(-(a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b))) + 1/4*sqrt((a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b))*log(-(b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*x + (a^3*b^2*d*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - a*b^2*c^3 + a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt((a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b))) - 1/4*sqrt((a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b))*log(-(b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*x - (a^3*b^2*d*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - a*b^2*c^3 + a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt((a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b)))
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{c + dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(256t^4 a^3 b^3 + 64t^2 a^2 b^2 cd + a^2 d^4 + 2abc^2 d^2 + b^2 c^4, \left(t \mapsto t \log \left(x + \frac{64t^3 a^3 b^2 d + 12ta^2 bcd^2 - 4}{a^2 d^4 - b^2 c^4} \right) \right) \right)$$

input

```
integrate((d*x**2+c)/(b*x**4+a),x)
```

output

```
RootSum(256*_t**4*a**3*b**3 + 64*_t**2*a**2*b**2*c*d + a**2*d**4 + 2*a*b*c**2*d**2 + b**2*c**4, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (64*_t**3*a**3*b**2*d + 12*_t*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 4*_t*a*b**2*c**3)/(a**2*d**4 - b**2*c**4))))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{c + dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{2a^{\frac{1}{4}}b^{\frac{1}{4}}})}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{2a^{\frac{1}{4}}b^{\frac{1}{4}}})}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \log\left(\sqrt{bx^2} + \sqrt{2a^{\frac{1}{4}}b^{\frac{1}{4}}x} + \sqrt{a}\right)}{8a^{\frac{3}{4}}b^{\frac{3}{4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \log\left(\sqrt{bx^2} - \sqrt{2a^{\frac{1}{4}}b^{\frac{1}{4}}x} + \sqrt{a}\right)}{8a^{\frac{3}{4}}b^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)/(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(b)*c + sqrt(a)*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b)))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b))*sqrt(b)) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(b)*c + sqrt(a)*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b)))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b))*sqrt(b)) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(b)*c - sqrt(a)*d)*log(sqrt(b)*x^2 + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*b^(3/4)) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(b)*c - sqrt(a)*d)*log(sqrt(b)*x^2 - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*b^(3/4))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{c + dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ab^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} b^2 c + (ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} d \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x + \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{4 ab^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ab^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} b^2 c + (ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} d \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x - \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{4 ab^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ab^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} b^2 c - (ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} d \right) \log \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \right)}{8 ab^3}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ab^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} b^2 c - (ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} d \right) \log \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \right)}{8 ab^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)/(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt(2)*((a*b^3)^(1/4)*b^2*c + (a*b^3)^(3/4)*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(a/b)^(1/4))/(a/b)^(1/4))/(a*b^3) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*((a*b^3)^(1/4)*b^2*c + (a*b^3)^(3/4)*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(a/b)^(1/4))/(a/b)^(1/4))/(a*b^3) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*((a*b^3)^(1/4)*b^2*c - (a*b^3)^(3/4)*d)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(a/b)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/b))/(a*b^3) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*((a*b^3)^(1/4)*b^2*c - (a*b^3)^(3/4)*d)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(a/b)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/b))/(a*b^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 599, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

$$\int \frac{c + dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = -2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{8b^3 c^2 x \sqrt{\frac{d^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{16a^2 b^3} - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{16a^3 b^2} - \frac{cd}{8ab}}}{2b^2 c^2 d - 2abd^3 + \frac{2bc^3 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{a^2} - \frac{2cd^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{bc^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3} - ad^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3} + 2a^2 b^2 cd}{16a^3 b^3}}$$

$$- \frac{8ab^2 d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{d^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{16a^2 b^3} - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{16a^3 b^2} - \frac{cd}{8ab}}}{2b^2 c^2 d - 2abd^3 + \frac{2bc^3 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{a^2} - \frac{2cd^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{a}} \left(\frac{8b^3 c^2 x \sqrt{\frac{c^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{16a^3 b^2} - \frac{cd}{8ab} - \frac{d^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{16a^2 b^3}}}{2b^2 c^2 d - 2abd^3 - \frac{2bc^3 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{a^2} + \frac{2cd^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{ad^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3} - bc^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3} + 2a^2 b^2 cd}{16a^3 b^3}}$$

input `int((c + d*x^2)/(a + b*x^4),x)`

output

$$- 2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{8b^3 c^2 x \left(\frac{d^2 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2}}{16a^2 b^3} - \frac{c^2 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2}}{16a^3 b^2} - \frac{cd}{8ab} \right)^{1/2}}{2b^2 c^2 d - 2abd^3 + \frac{2bc^3 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2}}{a^2} - \frac{2cd^2 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{bc^2 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2} - ad^2 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2} + 2a^2 b^2 cd}{16a^3 b^3}}$$

$$- \frac{8ab^2 d^2 x \left(\frac{d^2 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2}}{16a^2 b^3} - \frac{c^2 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2}}{16a^3 b^2} - \frac{cd}{8ab} \right)^{1/2}}{2b^2 c^2 d - 2abd^3 + \frac{2bc^3 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2}}{a^2} - \frac{2cd^2 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2}}{a}} \left(\frac{8b^3 c^2 x \left(\frac{c^2 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2}}{16a^3 b^2} - \frac{cd}{8ab} - \frac{d^2 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2}}{16a^2 b^3} \right)^{1/2}}{2b^2 c^2 d - 2abd^3 - \frac{2bc^3 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2}}{a^2} + \frac{2cd^2 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{ad^2 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2} - bc^2 (-a^3 b^3)^{1/2} + 2a^2 b^2 cd}{16a^3 b^3}}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{c + dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(-2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{b}x}{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2}}\right) d - 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{b}x}{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2}}\right) c + 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{b}x}{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2}}\right) d + 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{b}x}{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2}}\right) c \right)}{8ab}$$

input `int((d*x^2+c)/(b*x^4+a),x)`output

```
(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*(- 2*sqrt(a)*atan((b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) -
2*sqrt(b)*x)/(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*d - 2*sqrt(b)*atan((b**(1/4)*a*
*(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(b)*x)/(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c + 2*sqrt(a)*a
tan((b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(b)*x)/(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))
*d + 2*sqrt(b)*atan((b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(b)*x)/(b**(1/4)*a*
*(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c + sqrt(a)*log(- b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a)
+ sqrt(b)*x**2)*d - sqrt(a)*log(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sq
rt(b)*x**2)*d - sqrt(b)*log(- b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqr
t(b)*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*log(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(b)
*x**2)*c)/(8*a*b)
```

3.202 $\int \frac{c-dx^2}{a+bx^4} dx$

Optimal result	1725
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1726
Rubi [A] (verified)	1726
Maple [C] (verified)	1730
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1731
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1732
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1733
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1734
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1735
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1736

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \frac{c-dx^2}{a+bx^4} dx = -\frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}b^{3/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(1+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}b^{3/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}b^{3/4}}$$

output

```
1/4*(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/b^(3/4)+1/4*(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/b^(3/4)+1/4*(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x/(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/b^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{(-2\sqrt{bc} + 2\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) + 2(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) - (\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}) \left(\log\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}b^{3/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c - d*x^2)/(a + b*x^4),x]
```

output

```
((-2*Sqrt[b]*c + 2*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] + 2*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] - (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*(Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[b]*x^2] - Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[b]*x^2]))/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*b^(3/4))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1482, 27, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1482$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx^2})}{bx^4 + a} dx}{2b} + \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{bx^2} + \sqrt{a})}{bx^4 + a} dx}{2b}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx^2}}{bx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2} + \sqrt{a}}{bx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1476 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}} dx}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}} dx}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx^2}}{bx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{b}} \\
 & \downarrow 1082 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx^2}}{bx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{b}} + \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)^2} d\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} \\
 & \downarrow 217 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx^2}}{bx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} \\
 & \downarrow 1479 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right) \left(-\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a} - 2\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{b}\left(x^2 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x + \sqrt[4]{a}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{b}\left(x^2 + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} \\
 & \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} - 2 \sqrt[4]{b} x}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left(x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x + \sqrt[4]{a} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left(x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d \right)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} - 2 \sqrt[4]{b} x}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}} dx}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x + \sqrt[4]{a}}{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}} dx}{2 \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d \right)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1103 \\
 & \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d \right) \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d \right) \left(\frac{\log\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b} x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} x^2\right)}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b} x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} x^2\right)}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad 2\sqrt{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c - d*x^2)/(a + b*x^4),x]`

output

```
(((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] - d)*(-ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))) + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)*(-1/2*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[b]*x^2]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)) + Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[b]*x^2]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))))/(2*Sqrt[b])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 217

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1082

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1103

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

rule 1476

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[d*e]
```

rule 1479

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[
-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x],
x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]
```

rule 1482

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[
a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d*q + a*e)/(2*a*c) Int[(q + c*x^2)/(a + c*x^4), x], x] +
Simp[(d*q - a*e)/(2*a*c) Int[(q - c*x^2)/(a + c*x^4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[(-
a)*c]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(-Z^4+b+a)} \frac{(-R^2 d+c) \ln(x-R)}{-R^3}}{4b}$
default	$\frac{c\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{x^2-\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}-1\right)\right)}{8a} - \frac{d\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2-\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{x^2+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}-1\right)\right)}{8a}$

input

```
int((-d*x^2+c)/(b*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4/b*sum((-R^2*d+c)/_R^3*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*b+a))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 767 vs. $2(122) = 244$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 767, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.24

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{c - dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = & -\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}} \log \left(-(b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x \right. \\
 & + \left. \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + ab^2c^3 - a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}} \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}} \log \left(-(b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x \right. \\
 & - \left. \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + ab^2c^3 - a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}} \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{-\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}} \log \left(-(b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x \right. \\
 & + \left. \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - ab^2c^3 + a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{-\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}} \right) \\
 & - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{-\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}} \log \left(-(b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x \right. \\
 & - \left. \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - ab^2c^3 + a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{-\frac{ab\sqrt{-\frac{b^2c^4 - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((-d*x^2+c)/(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/4*sqrt((a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b))*log(-(b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*x + (a^3*b^2*d*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + a*b^2*c^3 - a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt((a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b))) + 1/4*sqrt((a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b))*log(-(b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*x - (a^3*b^2*d*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + a*b^2*c^3 - a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt((a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b))) + 1/4*sqrt(-(a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b))*log(-(b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*x + (a^3*b^2*d*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - a*b^2*c^3 + a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt(-(a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b))) - 1/4*sqrt(-(a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b))*log(-(b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*x - (a^3*b^2*d*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - a*b^2*c^3 + a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt(-(a*b*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b)))
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx =$$

$$-\text{RootSum}\left(256t^4a^3b^3 - 64t^2a^2b^2cd + a^2d^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + b^2c^4, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(x + \frac{64t^3a^3b^2d - 12ta^2bcd^2}{a^2d^4 - b^2c^4}\right)\right)\right)$$

input

```
integrate((-d*x**2+c)/(b*x**4+a), x)
```

output

```
-RootSum(256*_t**4*a**3*b**3 - 64*_t**2*a**2*b**2*c*d + a**2*d**4 + 2*a*b*c**2*d**2 + b**2*c**4, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (64*_t**3*a**3*b**2*d - 12*_t*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 4*_t*a*b**2*c**3)/(a**2*d**4 - b**2*c**4))))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{2a^{1/4}b^{1/4}})}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{2a^{1/4}b^{1/4}})}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}) \log\left(\sqrt{bx^2} + \sqrt{2a^{1/4}b^{1/4}x} + \sqrt{a}\right)}{8a^{3/4}b^{3/4}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}) \log\left(\sqrt{bx^2} - \sqrt{2a^{1/4}b^{1/4}x} + \sqrt{a}\right)}{8a^{3/4}b^{3/4}}$$

input `integrate((-d*x^2+c)/(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(b)*c - sqrt(a)*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b)))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b))*sqrt(b)) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(b)*c - sqrt(a)*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b)))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b))*sqrt(b)) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(b)*c + sqrt(a)*d)*log(sqrt(b)*x^2 + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*b^(3/4)) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(b)*c + sqrt(a)*d)*log(sqrt(b)*x^2 - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*b^(3/4))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ab^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} b^2 c - (ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} d \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x + \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{4 ab^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ab^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} b^2 c - (ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} d \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x - \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{4 ab^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ab^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} b^2 c + (ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} d \right) \log \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \right)}{8 ab^3}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ab^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} b^2 c + (ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} d \right) \log \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \right)}{8 ab^3}$$

input `integrate((-d*x^2+c)/(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt(2)*((a*b^3)^(1/4)*b^2*c - (a*b^3)^(3/4)*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(a/b)^(1/4))/(a/b)^(1/4))/(a*b^3) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*((a*b^3)^(1/4)*b^2*c - (a*b^3)^(3/4)*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(a/b)^(1/4))/(a/b)^(1/4))/(a*b^3) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*((a*b^3)^(1/4)*b^2*c + (a*b^3)^(3/4)*d)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(a/b)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/b))/(a*b^3) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*((a*b^3)^(1/4)*b^2*c + (a*b^3)^(3/4)*d)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(a/b)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/b))/(a*b^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 603, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = 2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{8b^3 c^2 x \sqrt{\frac{cd}{8ab} - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{16a^3 b^2} + \frac{d^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{16a^2 b^3}}}{2b^2 c^2 d - 2ab d^3 - \frac{2bc^3 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{a^2} + \frac{2cd^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{ad^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3} - bc^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3} + 2a^2 b^2 cd}{16a^3 b^3}}$$

$$- \frac{8ab^2 d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{cd}{8ab} - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{16a^3 b^2} + \frac{d^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{16a^2 b^3}}}{2b^2 c^2 d - 2ab d^3 - \frac{2bc^3 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{a^2} + \frac{2cd^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{a}}$$

$$+ 2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{8b^3 c^2 x \sqrt{\frac{cd}{8ab} + \frac{c^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{16a^3 b^2} - \frac{d^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{16a^2 b^3}}}{2b^2 c^2 d - 2ab d^3 + \frac{2bc^3 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{a^2} - \frac{2cd^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{bc^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3} - ad^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3} + 2a^2 b^2 cd}{16a^3 b^3}}$$

$$- \frac{8ab^2 d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{cd}{8ab} + \frac{c^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{16a^3 b^2} - \frac{d^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{16a^2 b^3}}}{2b^2 c^2 d - 2ab d^3 + \frac{2bc^3 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{a^2} - \frac{2cd^2 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3}}{a}}$$

input `int((c - d*x^2)/(a + b*x^4),x)`

output

```
2*atanh((8*b^3*c^2*x*((c*d)/(8*a*b) - (c^2*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*b^2)
+ (d^2*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^2*b^3))^(1/2))/(2*b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*d^3 - (
2*b*c^3*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a^2 + (2*c*d^2*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a) - (8*a*b^2*d
^2*x*((c*d)/(8*a*b) - (c^2*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*b^2) + (d^2*(-a^3*b^3)
^(1/2))/(16*a^2*b^3))^(1/2))/(16*a^2*b^3))^(1/2))/(2*b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*d^3 - (2*b*c^3*(-a^3*b
^3)^(1/2))/a^2 + (2*c*d^2*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a))*((a*d^2*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) -
b*c^2*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b^2*c*d)/(16*a^3*b^3))^(1/2) + 2*atanh((8*b
^3*c^2*x*((c*d)/(8*a*b) + (c^2*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*b^2) - (d^2*(-a^3
*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^2*b^3))^(1/2))/(2*b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*d^3 + (2*b*c^3*(-a^
3*b^3)^(1/2))/a^2 - (2*c*d^2*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a) - (8*a*b^2*d^2*x*((c*d)/
(8*a*b) + (c^2*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*b^2) - (d^2*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16
*a^2*b^3))^(1/2))/(16*a^2*b^3))^(1/2))/(2*b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*d^3 + (2*b*c^3*(-a^
3*b^3)^(1/2))/a^2 - (2*c*d^2*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a))*((b*c^2*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - a*d^2*(-a^3*
b^3)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b^2*c*d)/(16*a^3*b^3))^(1/2)
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a + bx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{b}x}{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2}}\right) d - 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{b}x}{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2}}\right) c - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{b}x}{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2}}\right) d + 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{b}x}{b^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2}}\right) c \right)}{(8ab)}$$

input `int((-d*x^2+c)/(b*x^4+a),x)`output

```
(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(a)*atan((b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(b)*x)/(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*d - 2*sqrt(b)*atan((b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(b)*x)/(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c - 2*sqrt(a)*atan((b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(b)*x)/(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*d + 2*sqrt(b)*atan((b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(b)*x)/(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c - sqrt(a)*log(- b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(b)*x**2)*d + sqrt(a)*log(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(b)*x**2)*d - sqrt(b)*log(- b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(b)*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*log(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(b)*x**2)*c)/(8*a*b)
```

3.203 $\int \frac{c+dx^2}{a-bx^4} dx$

Optimal result	1737
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1737
Rubi [A] (verified)	1738
Maple [C] (verified)	1739
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1740
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1741
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1742
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1742
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1743
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1744

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{c + dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx = \frac{\left(c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\left(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}b^{3/4}}$$

output

$1/2*(c-a^{(1/2)*d/b^{(1/2)})*\arctan(b^{(1/4)*x/a^{(1/4)})/a^{(3/4)}/b^{(1/4)}+1/2*(b^{(1/2)*c+a^{(1/2)*d)*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/4)*x/a^{(1/4)})/a^{(3/4)}/b^{(3/4)}}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{c + dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx = \frac{2\left(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) - \left(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}\right) \left(\log\left(\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{b}x\right) - \log\left(\sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{b}x\right)\right)}{4a^{3/4}b^{3/4}}$$

input

`Integrate[(c + d*x^2)/(a - b*x^4),x]`

output

$$(2*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(b^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}] - (\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)*(\text{Log}[a^{(1/4)} - b^{(1/4)}*x] - \text{Log}[a^{(1/4)} + b^{(1/4)}*x]))/(4*a^{(3/4)}*b^{(3/4)})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1481, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1481$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} - bx^2} dx - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d \right) \int \frac{1}{-bx^2 - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} - bx^2} dx + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ab^3/4}}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ab^3/4}} + \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ab^3/4}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c + d*x^2)/(a - b*x^4), x]$$

output

$$(((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c)/\text{Sqrt}[a] - d)*\text{ArcTan}[(b^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}])/(2*a^{(1/4)}*b^{(3/4)}) + (((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + d)*\text{ArcTanh}[(b^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}])/(2*a^{(1/4)}*b^{(3/4)})$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]

rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]

rule 1481 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + c*(d/(2*q))) Int[1/(-q + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - c*(d/(2*q))) Int[1/(q + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[(-a)*c]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^4 b-a)} \frac{(-R^{2d+c}) \ln(x-R)}{-R^3}}{4b}$	36
default	$\frac{c\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x-\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right) + 2 \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right) \right)}{4a} - \frac{d \left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right) - \ln\left(\frac{x+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x-\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right) \right)}{4b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$	104

```
input int((d*x^2+c)/(-b*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4/b*sum((-R^2*d+c)/_R^3*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*b-a))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 755 vs. $2(57) = 114$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 755, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.88

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{c + dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx &= \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4+2abc^2d^2+a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}} \log \left(-(b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x \right. \\
 &+ \left. \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - ab^2c^3 - a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4+2abc^2d^2+a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}} \right) \\
 &- \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4+2abc^2d^2+a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}} \log \left(-(b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x \right. \\
 &- \left. \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - ab^2c^3 - a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4+2abc^2d^2+a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}} \right) \\
 &- \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{-\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4+2abc^2d^2+a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}} \log \left(-(b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x \right. \\
 &+ \left. \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + ab^2c^3 + a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{-\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4+2abc^2d^2+a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}} \right) \\
 &+ \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{-\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4+2abc^2d^2+a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}} \log \left(-(b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x \right. \\
 &- \left. \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + ab^2c^3 + a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{-\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4+2abc^2d^2+a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x^2+c)/(-b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/4*sqrt((a*b*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d)
/(a*b))*log(-(b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*x + (a^3*b^2*d*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*
d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - a*b^2*c^3 - a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt((a*b*sqrt((b^2*c
^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b))) - 1/4*sqrt((a*b*
sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b))*log(-(
b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*x - (a^3*b^2*d*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)
/(a^3*b^3)) - a*b^2*c^3 - a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt((a*b*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2
*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b))) - 1/4*sqrt(-(a*b*sqrt((b^2*c^4
+ 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b))*log(-(b^2*c^4 - a^2
*d^4)*x + (a^3*b^2*d*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) +
a*b^2*c^3 + a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt(-(a*b*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d
^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b))) + 1/4*sqrt(-(a*b*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2
*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b))*log(-(b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*x - (a
^3*b^2*d*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + a*b^2*c^3 +
a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt(-(a*b*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3
)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b)))

```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{c + dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx =$$

$$- \text{RootSum} \left(256t^4 a^3 b^3 - 64t^2 a^2 b^2 cd - a^2 d^4 + 2abc^2 d^2 - b^2 c^4, \left(t \mapsto t \log \left(x + \frac{-64t^3 a^3 b^2 d + 12ta^2 bcd}{a^2 d^4 - b^2 c^4} \right) \right) \right)$$

input

```
integrate((d*x**2+c)/(-b*x**4+a), x)
```

output

```

-RootSum(256*_t**4*a**3*b**3 - 64*_t**2*a**2*b**2*c*d - a**2*d**4 + 2*a*b*
c**2*d**2 - b**2*c**4, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (-64*_t**3*a**3*b**2*d + 12*_
t*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 4*_t*a*b**2*c**3)/(a**2*d**4 - b**2*c**4))))

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{c + dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}}}{\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b}}}$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)/(-b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(b)*c - sqrt(a)*d)*arctan(sqrt(b)*x/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b)))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b))*sqrt(b)) - 1/4*(sqrt(b)*c + sqrt(a)*d)*log((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b)))/(sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b))))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b))*sqrt(b))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs. 2(57) = 114.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{c + dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}(b^2c + \sqrt{-abbd}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x + \sqrt{2}\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{4(-ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(b^2c - \sqrt{-abbd}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x - \sqrt{2}\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{4(-ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(b^2c - \sqrt{-abbd}) \log\left(x^2 + \sqrt{2}x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{8(-ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(b^2c - \sqrt{-abbd}) \log\left(x^2 - \sqrt{2}x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{8(-ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)/(-b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/4*sqrt(2)*(b^2*c + sqrt(-a*b)*b*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(-a/b)^(1/4))/(-a/b)^(1/4))/(-a*b^3)^(3/4) - 1/4*sqrt(2)*(b^2*c - sqrt(-a*b)*b*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(-a/b)^(1/4))/(-a/b)^(1/4))/(-a*b^3)^(3/4) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*(b^2*c - sqrt(-a*b)*b*d)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(-a/b)^(1/4) + sqrt(-a/b))/(-a*b^3)^(3/4) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*(b^2*c - sqrt(-a*b)*b*d)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(-a/b)^(1/4) + sqrt(-a/b))/(-a*b^3)^(3/4)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 579, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.81

$$\int \frac{c + dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx = 2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{8b^3c^2x \sqrt{\frac{cd}{8ab} - \frac{c^2\sqrt{a^3b^3}}{16a^3b^2} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{a^3b^3}}{16a^2b^3}}}{2b^2c^2d + 2abd^3 - \frac{2bc^3\sqrt{a^3b^3}}{a^2} - \frac{2cd^2\sqrt{a^3b^3}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{ad^2\sqrt{a^3b^3} + bc^2\sqrt{a^3b^3} - 2a^2b^2cd}{16a^3b^3}}$$

$$+ 2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{8b^3c^2x \sqrt{\frac{cd}{8ab} + \frac{c^2\sqrt{a^3b^3}}{16a^3b^2} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{a^3b^3}}{16a^2b^3}}}{2b^2c^2d + 2abd^3 + \frac{2bc^3\sqrt{a^3b^3}}{a^2} + \frac{2cd^2\sqrt{a^3b^3}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{ad^2\sqrt{a^3b^3} + bc^2\sqrt{a^3b^3} + 2a^2b^2cd}{16a^3b^3}}$$

input

```
int((c + d*x^2)/(a - b*x^4),x)
```


output

```

2*atanh((8*b^3*c^2*x*((c*d)/(8*a*b) - (c^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*b^2) -
(d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^2*b^3))^(1/2))/(2*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a*b*d^3 - (2*
b*c^3*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a^2 - (2*c*d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a) + (8*a*b^2*d^2*x
*((c*d)/(8*a*b) - (c^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*b^2) - (d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2)
))/(16*a^2*b^3)^(1/2))/(2*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a*b*d^3 - (2*b*c^3*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2)
))/a^2 - (2*c*d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a)*(-(a*d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + b*c^2*(a
^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d)/(16*a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + 2*atanh((8*b^3*c^2*x*
((c*d)/(8*a*b) + (c^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*b^2) + (d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2)
))/(16*a^2*b^3)^(1/2))/(2*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a*b*d^3 + (2*b*c^3*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2)
))/a^2 + (2*c*d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a) + (8*a*b^2*d^2*x*((c*d)/(8*a*b) + (c
^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*b^2) + (d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^2*b^3)^(1/2)
))/(2*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a*b*d^3 + (2*b*c^3*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a^2 + (2*c*d^2*(a
^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a)*((a*d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + b*c^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*
b^2*c*d)/(16*a^3*b^3)^(1/2)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{c + dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}x}{b^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right) d + 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}x}{b^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right) c - \sqrt{a} \log\left(a^{\frac{1}{4}} - b^{\frac{1}{4}}x\right) d + \sqrt{a} \log\left(a^{\frac{1}{4}} + b^{\frac{1}{4}}x\right) d - \sqrt{b} \log\left(a^{\frac{1}{4}} - b^{\frac{1}{4}}x\right) d + \sqrt{b} \log\left(a^{\frac{1}{4}} + b^{\frac{1}{4}}x\right) d}{4b^{\frac{3}{4}}a^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

input

```
int((d*x^2+c)/(-b*x^4+a),x)
```

output

```

(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*( - 2*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(b)*x)/(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)))*d +
2*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(b)*x)/(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)))*c - sqrt(a)*log(a**(1/4)
- b**(1/4)*x)*d + sqrt(a)*log(a**(1/4) + b**(1/4)*x)*d - sqrt(b)*log(a**(1
/4) - b**(1/4)*x)*c + sqrt(b)*log(a**(1/4) + b**(1/4)*x)*c))/(4*a*b)

```

3.204 $\int \frac{c-dx^2}{a-bx^4} dx$

Optimal result	1745
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1745
Rubi [A] (verified)	1746
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}b^{3/4}} + \frac{\left(c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{b}}$$

output

```
1/2*(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)*arctan(b^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))/a^(3/4)/b^(3/4)+1/2*(c
-a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2))*arctanh(b^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))/a^(3/4)/b^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx = \frac{2(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) - (\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \left(\log\left(\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{b}x\right) - \log\left(\sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{b}x\right)\right)}{4a^{3/4}b^{3/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c - d*x^2)/(a - b*x^4),x]
```

output

$$(2*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(b^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}] - (\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)*(\text{Log}[a^{(1/4)} - b^{(1/4)}*x] - \text{Log}[a^{(1/4)} + b^{(1/4)}*x]))/(4*a^{(3/4)}*b^{(3/4)})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1481, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1481$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} - bx^2} dx - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d \right) \int \frac{1}{-bx^2 - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} - bx^2} dx + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ab^3/4}}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ab^3/4}} + \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ab^3/4}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c - d*x^2)/(a - b*x^4), x]$$

output

$$(((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + d)*\text{ArcTan}[(b^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}])/(2*a^{(1/4)}*b^{(3/4)}) + (((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c)/\text{Sqrt}[a] - d)*\text{ArcTanh}[(b^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}])/(2*a^{(1/4)}*b^{(3/4)})$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

- rule 1481 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^2)/((a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^4), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-a] \cdot c, 2\}, \text{Simp}[(e/2 + c \cdot (d/(2 \cdot q)) \ \text{Int}[1/(-q + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e/2 - c \cdot (d/(2 \cdot q)) \ \text{Int}[1/(q + c \cdot x^2), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c \cdot d^2 - a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[(-a) \cdot c]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^4b-a)} \frac{(-R^{2d+c}) \ln(x-R)}{-R^3}}{4b}$	37
default	$\frac{c \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \left(\ln \left(\frac{x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right) \right)}{4a} + \frac{d \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right) - \ln \left(\frac{x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right) \right)}{4b \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$	104

input `int((-d*x^2+c)/(-b*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4/b*sum((-_R^2*d+c)/_R^3*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*b-a))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 755 vs. $2(57) = 114$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 755, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.88

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{-\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}} \log\left(- (b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x\right)$$

$$+ \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - ab^2c^3 - a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{-\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}}$$

$$- \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{-\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}} \log\left(- (b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x\right)$$

$$- \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - ab^2c^3 - a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{-\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + 2cd}{ab}}$$

$$- \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}} \log\left(- (b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x\right)$$

$$+ \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + ab^2c^3 + a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}} \log\left(- (b^2c^4 - a^2d^4)x\right)$$

$$- \left(a^3b^2d\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} + ab^2c^3 + a^2bcd^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4}{a^3b^3}} - 2cd}{ab}}$$

input `integrate((-d*x^2+c)/(-b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/4*sqrt(-(a*b*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d
)/(a*b))*log(-(b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*x + (a^3*b^2*d*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2
*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - a*b^2*c^3 - a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt(-(a*b*sqrt((b^2
*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b))) - 1/4*sqrt(-(a
*b*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b))*log
(-(b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*x - (a^3*b^2*d*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d
^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - a*b^2*c^3 - a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt(-(a*b*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b
*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b))) - 1/4*sqrt((a*b*sqrt((b^2*
c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b))*log(-(b^2*c^4 -
a^2*d^4)*x + (a^3*b^2*d*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)
) + a*b^2*c^3 + a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt((a*b*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2
*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b))) + 1/4*sqrt((a*b*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^
2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b))*log(-(b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*x - (
a^3*b^2*d*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3)) + a*b^2*c^3
+ a^2*b*c*d^2)*sqrt((a*b*sqrt((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^3
)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b)))

```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(256t^4 a^3 b^3 + 64t^2 a^2 b^2 cd - a^2 d^4 + 2abc^2 d^2 - b^2 c^4, \left(t \mapsto t \log \left(x + \frac{-64t^3 a^3 b^2 d - 12ta^2 bcd^2 -}{a^2 d^4 - b^2 c^4} \right) \right) \right)$$

input

```
integrate((-d*x**2+c)/(-b*x**4+a),x)
```

output

```

RootSum(256*_t**4*a**3*b**3 + 64*_t**2*a**2*b**2*c*d - a**2*d**4 + 2*a*b*c
**2*d**2 - b**2*c**4, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (-64*_t**3*a**3*b**2*d - 12*_t
*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 4*_t*a*b**2*c**3)/(a**2*d**4 - b**2*c**4))))

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}}}{\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b}}}$$

input `integrate((-d*x^2+c)/(-b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(b)*c + sqrt(a)*d)*arctan(sqrt(b)*x/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b)))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b))*sqrt(b)) - 1/4*(sqrt(b)*c - sqrt(a)*d)*log((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b)))/(sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b))))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b))*sqrt(b))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 228 vs. 2(57) = 114.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}(b^2c - \sqrt{-abbd}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x + \sqrt{2}\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{4(-ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(b^2c + \sqrt{-abbd}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x - \sqrt{2}\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{4(-ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(b^2c + \sqrt{-abbd}) \log\left(x^2 + \sqrt{2}x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{8(-ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(b^2c + \sqrt{-abbd}) \log\left(x^2 - \sqrt{2}x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{8(-ab^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

input `integrate((-d*x^2+c)/(-b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/4*sqrt(2)*(b^2*c - sqrt(-a*b)*b*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(-a/b)^(1/4))/(-a/b)^(1/4))/(-a*b^3)^(3/4) - 1/4*sqrt(2)*(b^2*c + sqrt(-a*b)*b*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(-a/b)^(1/4))/(-a/b)^(1/4))/(-a*b^3)^(3/4) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*(b^2*c + sqrt(-a*b)*b*d)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(-a/b)^(1/4) + sqrt(-a/b))/(-a*b^3)^(3/4) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*(b^2*c + sqrt(-a*b)*b*d)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(-a/b)^(1/4) + sqrt(-a/b))/(-a*b^3)^(3/4)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 579, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.81

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx = -2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{8b^3 c^2 x \sqrt{-\frac{cd}{8ab} - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{16a^3 b^2} - \frac{d^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{16a^2 b^3}}{2b^2 c^2 d + 2ab d^3 + \frac{2bc^3 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{a^2} + \frac{2cd^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{ad^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3} + bc^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3} + 2a^2 b^2 cd}{16a^3 b^3}}$$

$$+ \frac{8ab^2 d^2 x \sqrt{-\frac{cd}{8ab} - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{16a^3 b^2} - \frac{d^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{16a^2 b^3}}{2b^2 c^2 d + 2ab d^3 + \frac{2bc^3 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{a^2} + \frac{2cd^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{ad^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3} + bc^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3} + 2a^2 b^2 cd}{16a^3 b^3}}$$

$$- 2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{8b^3 c^2 x \sqrt{\frac{c^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{16a^3 b^2} - \frac{cd}{8ab} + \frac{d^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{16a^2 b^3}}{2b^2 c^2 d + 2ab d^3 - \frac{2bc^3 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{a^2} - \frac{2cd^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{ad^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3} + bc^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3} - 2a^2 b^2 cd}{16a^3 b^3}}$$

$$+ \frac{8ab^2 d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{c^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{16a^3 b^2} - \frac{cd}{8ab} + \frac{d^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{16a^2 b^3}}{2b^2 c^2 d + 2ab d^3 - \frac{2bc^3 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{a^2} - \frac{2cd^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{ad^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3} + bc^2 \sqrt{a^3 b^3} - 2a^2 b^2 cd}{16a^3 b^3}}$$

input

```
int((c - d*x^2)/(a - b*x^4),x)
```


output

```

- 2*atanh((8*b^3*c^2*x*(- (c*d)/(8*a*b) - (c^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*b^
2) - (d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^2*b^3))^(1/2))/(2*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a*b*d^3 +
(2*b*c^3*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a^2 + (2*c*d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a) + (8*a*b^2*d
^2*x*(- (c*d)/(8*a*b) - (c^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*b^2) - (d^2*(a^3*b^3
)^(1/2))/(16*a^2*b^3))^(1/2))/(2*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a*b*d^3 + (2*b*c^3*(a^3*b^3
)^(1/2))/a^2 + (2*c*d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a))*(-(a*d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + b*
c^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b^2*c*d)/(16*a^3*b^3))^(1/2) - 2*atanh((8*b^3*
c^2*x*((c^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*b^2) - (c*d)/(8*a*b) + (d^2*(a^3*b^3)
^(1/2))/(16*a^2*b^3))^(1/2))/(2*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a*b*d^3 - (2*b*c^3*(a^3*b^3)
^(1/2))/a^2 - (2*c*d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a) + (8*a*b^2*d^2*x*((c^2*(a^3*b^3
)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*b^2) - (c*d)/(8*a*b) + (d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^2*b^3)
)^(1/2))/(2*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a*b*d^3 - (2*b*c^3*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a^2 - (2*c*d
^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/a))*((a*d^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + b*c^2*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2) -
2*a^2*b^2*c*d)/(16*a^3*b^3))^(1/2)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{c - dx^2}{a - bx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}x}{b^{1/4}a^{1/4}}\right) d + 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}x}{b^{1/4}a^{1/4}}\right) c + \sqrt{a} \log\left(a^{1/4} - b^{1/4}x\right) d - \sqrt{a} \log\left(a^{1/4} + b^{1/4}x\right) d - \sqrt{b} \log\left(a^{1/4} - b^{1/4}x\right) d + \sqrt{b} \log\left(a^{1/4} + b^{1/4}x\right) d}{4b^{3/4}a^{3/4}}$$

input

```
int((-d*x^2+c)/(-b*x^4+a),x)
```

output

```

(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*(2*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(b)*x)/(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)))*d + 2*
sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(b)*x)/(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)))*c + sqrt(a)*log(a**(1/4) - b
**(1/4)*x)*d - sqrt(a)*log(a**(1/4) + b**(1/4)*x)*d - sqrt(b)*log(a**(1/4)
- b**(1/4)*x)*c + sqrt(b)*log(a**(1/4) + b**(1/4)*x)*c))/(4*a*b)

```

3.205 $\int \frac{2+3x^2}{4+9x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1753
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1753
Rubi [A] (verified)	1754
Maple [A] (verified)	1755
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1756
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1756
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1756
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1757
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1757
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1758

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{2+3x^2}{4+9x^4} dx = -\frac{\arctan(1-\sqrt{3}x)}{2\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\arctan(1+\sqrt{3}x)}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

output `1/6*arctan(-1+x*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)+1/6*arctan(1+x*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{2+3x^2}{4+9x^4} dx = \frac{-\arctan(1-\sqrt{3}x) + \arctan(1+\sqrt{3}x)}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Integrate[(2 + 3*x^2)/(4 + 9*x^4),x]`

output `(-ArcTan[1 - Sqrt[3]*x] + ArcTan[1 + Sqrt[3]*x])/(2*Sqrt[3])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1476, 1082, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{3x^2 + 2}{9x^4 + 4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1476} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2}{3}} dx + \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{1}{x^2 + \frac{2x}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2}{3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1082} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{-(1-\sqrt{3}x)^2-1} d(1-\sqrt{3}x)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{-(\sqrt{3}x+1)^2-1} d(\sqrt{3}x+1)}{2\sqrt{3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{3}x+1)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\arctan(1-\sqrt{3}x)}{2\sqrt{3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(2 + 3*x^2)/(4 + 9*x^4),x]`

output `-1/2*ArcTan[1 - Sqrt[3]*x]/Sqrt[3] + ArcTan[1 + Sqrt[3]*x]/(2*Sqrt[3])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] & & (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1082

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*S
implify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b
)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]) /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1476

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[
2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[
e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x]
&& EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[d*e]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{3x^3\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3}x}{4}\right)}{6}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{2} + \frac{2}{3}}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{2} + \frac{2}{3}}}{3}}\right) + 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{2} + 1}{2}\right) + 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{2} - 1}{2}\right) \right)}{48} + \frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{2} + \frac{2}{3}}{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{2} + \frac{2}{3}}}{3}}\right) + 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \right)}{48}$
meijerg	$\frac{\sqrt{6} \left(-\frac{x\sqrt{2} \ln\left(1 - \sqrt{3}\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + 3\sqrt{\frac{x^4}{2}}\right)}{2\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{x\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2 - \sqrt{3}\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{x\sqrt{2} \ln\left(1 + \sqrt{3}\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + 3\sqrt{\frac{x^4}{2}}\right)}{2\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{x\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2 + \sqrt{3}\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{24}$

input

```
int((3*x^2+2)/(9*x^4+4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*3^(1/2)*x)+1/6*3^(1/2)*arctan(3/4*x^3*3^(1/2)+1/2*3
^(1/2)*x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x^2}{4 + 9x^4} dx = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3} (3x^3 + 2x) \right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} x \right)$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)/(9*x^4+4),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/4*sqrt(3)*(3*x^3 + 2*x)) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(3)*x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x^2}{4 + 9x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3} \cdot \left(2 \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2} \right) + 2 \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}x^3}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2} \right) \right)}{12}$$

input `integrate((3*x**2+2)/(9*x**4+4),x)`output `sqrt(3)*(2*atan(sqrt(3)*x/2) + 2*atan(3*sqrt(3)*x**3/4 + sqrt(3)*x/2))/12`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x^2}{4 + 9x^4} dx = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (3x + \sqrt{3}) \right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (3x - \sqrt{3}) \right)$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)/(9*x^4+4),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(3*x + sqrt(3))) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(3*x - sqrt(3)))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{2+3x^2}{4+9x^4} dx = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{9}{8} \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{4}{9} \right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(2x + \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{4}{9} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{9}{8} \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{4}{9} \right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(2x - \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{4}{9} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)/(9*x^4+4),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(9/8*sqrt(2)*(4/9)^(3/4)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(4/9)^(1/4))) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(9/8*sqrt(2)*(4/9)^(3/4)*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(4/9)^(1/4)))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{2+3x^2}{4+9x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}x^3}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2} \right) + \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2} \right) \right)}{6}$$

input `int((3*x^2 + 2)/(9*x^4 + 4),x)`output `(3^(1/2)*(atan((3^(1/2)*x)/2 + (3*3^(1/2)*x^3)/4) + atan((3^(1/2)*x)/2)))/6`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x^2}{4 + 9x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}-3x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}+3x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \right)}{6}$$

input `int((3*x^2+2)/(9*x^4+4),x)`

output `(sqrt(3)*(-atan((sqrt(3)-3*x)/sqrt(3))+atan((sqrt(3)+3*x)/sqrt(3)))/6`

3.206 $\int \frac{2-3x^2}{4+9x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1759
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1759
Rubi [A] (verified)	1760
Maple [A] (verified)	1761
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1762
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1762
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1762
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1763
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1763
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1764

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{2-3x^2}{4+9x^4} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x}{2+3x^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

output `1/6*arctanh(2*3^(1/2)*x/(3*x^2+2))*3^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{2-3x^2}{4+9x^4} dx = \frac{-\log(-2+2\sqrt{3}x-3x^2) + \log(2+2\sqrt{3}x+3x^2)}{4\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Integrate[(2 - 3*x^2)/(4 + 9*x^4), x]`

output `(-Log[-2 + 2*Sqrt[3]*x - 3*x^2] + Log[2 + 2*Sqrt[3]*x + 3*x^2])/(4*Sqrt[3])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {1479, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{2 - 3x^2}{9x^4 + 4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1479} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{2(\sqrt{3}-3x)}{3x^2-2\sqrt{3}x+2} dx}{4\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}x+1)}{3x^2+2\sqrt{3}x+2} dx}{4\sqrt{3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{3}-3x}{3x^2-2\sqrt{3}x+2} dx}{2\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{3}x+1}{3x^2+2\sqrt{3}x+2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1103} \\
 & \frac{\log(3x^2+2\sqrt{3}x+2)}{4\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\log(3x^2-2\sqrt{3}x+2)}{4\sqrt{3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(2 - 3*x^2)/(4 + 9*x^4), x]`

output `-1/4*Log[2 - 2*Sqrt[3]*x + 3*x^2]/Sqrt[3] + Log[2 + 2*Sqrt[3]*x + 3*x^2]/(4*Sqrt[3])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1479 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{3} \ln(2\sqrt{3}x+3x^2+2)}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \ln(-2\sqrt{3}x+3x^2+2)}{12}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{2} + \frac{2}{3}}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{2} + \frac{2}{3}}}\right) + 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{2} + 1}{2}\right) + 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{2} - 1}{2}\right) \right)}{48} - \frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{2} + \frac{2}{3}}{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{2} + \frac{2}{3}}}\right) + 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \right)}{48}$
meijerg	$\sqrt{6} \left(-\frac{x\sqrt{2} \ln\left(1 - \sqrt{3}\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{3\sqrt{x^4}}{2}\right)}{2\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{x\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2 - \sqrt{3}\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{x\sqrt{2} \ln\left(1 + \sqrt{3}\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{3\sqrt{x^4}}{2}\right)}{2\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{x\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2 + \sqrt{3}\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)$

input `int((-3*x^2+2)/(9*x^4+4), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*3^(1/2)*ln(2*3^(1/2)*x+3*x^2+2)-1/12*3^(1/2)*ln(-2*3^(1/2)*x+3*x^2+2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{2 - 3x^2}{4 + 9x^4} dx = \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{3} \log \left(\frac{9x^4 + 24x^2 + 4\sqrt{3}(3x^3 + 2x) + 4}{9x^4 + 4} \right)$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)/(9*x^4+4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*sqrt(3)*log((9*x^4 + 24*x^2 + 4*sqrt(3)*(3*x^3 + 2*x) + 4)/(9*x^4 + 4))`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 49 vs. 2(22) = 44.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{2 - 3x^2}{4 + 9x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3} \log \left(x^2 - \frac{2\sqrt{3}x}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \right)}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \log \left(x^2 + \frac{2\sqrt{3}x}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \right)}{12}$$

input `integrate((-3*x**2+2)/(9*x**4+4),x)`

output `-sqrt(3)*log(x**2 - 2*sqrt(3)*x/3 + 2/3)/12 + sqrt(3)*log(x**2 + 2*sqrt(3)*x/3 + 2/3)/12`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{2 - 3x^2}{4 + 9x^4} dx = \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{3} \log \left(3x^2 + 2\sqrt{3}x + 2 \right) - \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{3} \log \left(3x^2 - 2\sqrt{3}x + 2 \right)$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)/(9*x^4+4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/12*\sqrt{3}*\log(3*x^2 + 2*\sqrt{3}*x + 2) - 1/12*\sqrt{3}*\log(3*x^2 - 2*\sqrt{3}*x + 2)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{2 - 3x^2}{4 + 9x^4} dx = \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{3} \log \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{4}{9} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x + \frac{2}{3} \right) - \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{3} \log \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{4}{9} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x + \frac{2}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)/(9*x^4+4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/12*\sqrt{3}*\log(x^2 + \sqrt{2}*(4/9)^{(1/4)}*x + 2/3) - 1/12*\sqrt{3}*\log(x^2 - \sqrt{2}*(4/9)^{(1/4)}*x + 2/3)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{2 - 3x^2}{4 + 9x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x}{3x^2+2} \right)}{6}$$

input `int(-(3*x^2 - 2)/(9*x^4 + 4),x)`

output $(3^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{atanh}((2*3^{(1/2)}*x)/(3*x^2 + 2)))/6$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{2 - 3x^2}{4 + 9x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3} (-\log(-2\sqrt{3}x + 3x^2 + 2) + \log(2\sqrt{3}x + 3x^2 + 2))}{12}$$

input

```
int((-3*x^2+2)/(9*x^4+4),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(3)*(- log(- 2*sqrt(3)*x + 3*x**2 + 2) + log(2*sqrt(3)*x + 3*x**2 + 2)))/12
```

3.207 $\int \frac{2+3x^2}{4-9x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1765
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1765
Rubi [A] (verified)	1766
Maple [A] (verified)	1767
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1767
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1768
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1768
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1768
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1769
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1769

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{2+3x^2}{4-9x^4} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{6}}$$

output `1/6*arctanh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*6^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{2+3x^2}{4-9x^4} dx = \frac{-\log(\sqrt{6}-3x) + \log(\sqrt{6}+3x)}{2\sqrt{6}}$$

input `Integrate[(2 + 3*x^2)/(4 - 9*x^4), x]`

output `(-Log[Sqrt[6] - 3*x] + Log[Sqrt[6] + 3*x])/(2*Sqrt[6])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1386, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{3x^2 + 2}{4 - 9x^4} dx$$

↓ 1386

$$\int \frac{1}{2 - 3x^2} dx$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{6}}$$

input `Int[(2 + 3*x^2)/(4 - 9*x^4),x]`

output `ArcTanh[Sqrt[3/2]*x]/Sqrt[6]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))* ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1386 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2/c)^q Int[u*(d - e*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[p + q, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e^2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
default	$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{6}}{2}\right)\sqrt{6}}{6}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{6} \ln(3x+\sqrt{6})}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{6} \ln(3x-\sqrt{6})}{12}$
meijerg	$-\frac{\sqrt{6} x \left(\ln\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2}\right) - \ln\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2}\right) - 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2}\right) \right)}{24(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{6} x^3 \left(\ln\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2}\right) - \ln\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2}\right) - 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2}\right) \right)}{24(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$

input `int((3*x^2+2)/(-9*x^4+4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/6*arctanh(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*6^(1/2)`**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 29 vs. 2(12) = 24.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x^2}{4 - 9x^4} dx = \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{6} \log \left(\frac{3x^2 + 2\sqrt{6}x + 2}{3x^2 - 2} \right)$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)/(-9*x^4+4),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/12*sqrt(6)*log((3*x^2 + 2*sqrt(6)*x + 2)/(3*x^2 - 2))`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 32 vs. $2(15) = 30$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x^2}{4 - 9x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{6} \log\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}\right)}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{6} \log\left(x + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}\right)}{12}$$

input `integrate((3*x**2+2)/(-9*x**4+4),x)`

output `-sqrt(6)*log(x - sqrt(6)/3)/12 + sqrt(6)*log(x + sqrt(6)/3)/12`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 25 vs. $2(12) = 24$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x^2}{4 - 9x^4} dx = -\frac{1}{12} \sqrt{6} \log\left(\frac{3x - \sqrt{6}}{3x + \sqrt{6}}\right)$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)/(-9*x^4+4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/12*sqrt(6)*log((3*x - sqrt(6))/(3*x + sqrt(6)))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 29 vs. $2(12) = 24$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x^2}{4 - 9x^4} dx = \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{6} \log\left(\left|x + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{6}\right|\right) - \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{6} \log\left(\left|x - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{6}\right|\right)$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)/(-9*x^4+4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/12*\sqrt{6}*\log(\text{abs}(x + 1/3*\sqrt{6})) - 1/12*\sqrt{6}*\log(\text{abs}(x - 1/3*\sqrt{6}))$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x^2}{4 - 9x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{6} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{6}$$

input `int(-(3*x^2 + 2)/(9*x^4 - 4),x)`

output $(6^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{atanh}((6^{(1/2)}*x)/2))/6$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x^2}{4 - 9x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{6} (-\log(-\sqrt{6} + 3x) + \log(\sqrt{6} + 3x))}{12}$$

input `int((3*x^2+2)/(-9*x^4+4),x)`

output $(\sqrt{6}*(-\log(-\sqrt{6} + 3*x) + \log(\sqrt{6} + 3*x)))/12$

3.208 $\int \frac{2-3x^2}{4-9x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1770
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1770
Rubi [A] (verified)	1771
Maple [A] (verified)	1772
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1772
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1773
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1773
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1773
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1774
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1774

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{2-3x^2}{4-9x^4} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{6}}$$

output `1/6*arctan(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*6^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{2-3x^2}{4-9x^4} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{6}}$$

input `Integrate[(2 - 3*x^2)/(4 - 9*x^4),x]`

output `ArcTan[Sqrt[3/2]*x]/Sqrt[6]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1386, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{2 - 3x^2}{4 - 9x^4} dx$$

↓ 1386

$$\int \frac{1}{3x^2 + 2} dx$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{\sqrt{6}}$$

input `Int[(2 - 3*x^2)/(4 - 9*x^4),x]`

output `ArcTan[Sqrt[3/2]*x]/Sqrt[6]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1386 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2/c)^q Int[u*(d - e*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[p + q, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e^2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
default	$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{6}}{2}\right)\sqrt{6}}{6}$
risch	$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{6}}{2}\right)\sqrt{6}}{6}$
meijerg	$-\frac{\sqrt{6}x\left(\ln\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2}\right)-\ln\left(1+\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2}\right)-2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2}\right)\right)}{24(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{\sqrt{6}x^3\left(\ln\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2}\right)-\ln\left(1+\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2}\right)-2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2}\right)\right)}{24(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$

input `int((-3*x^2+2)/(-9*x^4+4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/6*arctan(1/2*x*6^(1/2))*6^(1/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{2-3x^2}{4-9x^4} dx = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{6} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6}x\right)$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)/(-9*x^4+4),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*sqrt(6)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{2 - 3x^2}{4 - 9x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{6}$$

input `integrate((-3*x**2+2)/(-9*x**4+4),x)`output `sqrt(6)*atan(sqrt(6)*x/2)/6`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{2 - 3x^2}{4 - 9x^4} dx = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{6} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6}x\right)$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)/(-9*x^4+4),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*sqrt(6)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{2 - 3x^2}{4 - 9x^4} dx = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{6} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6}x\right)$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)/(-9*x^4+4),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*sqrt(6)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(6)*x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{2 - 3x^2}{4 - 9x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}\right)}{6}$$

input `int((3*x^2 - 2)/(9*x^4 - 4),x)`

output `(6^(1/2)*atan((6^(1/2)*x)/2))/6`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{2 - 3x^2}{4 - 9x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{3x}{\sqrt{6}}\right)}{6}$$

input `int((-3*x^2+2)/(-9*x^4+4),x)`

output `(sqrt(6)*atan((3*x)/sqrt(6)))/6`

3.209 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b+bx^2}}{a+bx^4} dx$

Optimal result	1775
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1775
Rubi [A] (verified)	1776
Maple [B] (verified)	1777
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1778
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1778
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1779
Giac [F(-2)]	1779
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1780
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1780

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b+bx^2}}{a+bx^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt[4]{b} \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}}$$

output $\frac{1}{2}b^{(1/4)}*\arctan(-1+2^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/4)}*x/a^{(1/4)})*2^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/4)}+1/2*b^{(1/4)}*\arctan(1+2^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/4)}*x/a^{(1/4)})*2^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/4)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b+bx^2}}{a+bx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{b}\left(-\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) + \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] + b*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x]`

output $(b^{(1/4)}*(-ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*b^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}] + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*b^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}]))/(Sqrt[2]*a^{(1/4)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1476, 1082, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + bx^2}{a + bx^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1476} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1082} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} \int \frac{1}{-\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)^2 - 1} d\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} \int \frac{1}{-\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1\right)^2 - 1} d\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] + b*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x]`

output `-((b^(1/4)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4))) + (b^(1/4)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1} \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot \text{Simplify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /;$ $\text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1476 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)^2)/(a_ + (c_ \cdot x)^4), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[2 \cdot (d/e), 2]\}, \text{Simp}[e/(2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[d/e + q \cdot x + x^2, x], x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[d/e - q \cdot x + x^2, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d \cdot e]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 203 vs. $2(51) = 102$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.72

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{b} \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{x^2 + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}} \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + 1 \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} - 1 \right) \right)}{8\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{x^2 + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}} \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + 1 \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} - 1 \right) \right)}{8\sqrt{a}}$

input $\text{int}((a^{(1/2)} \cdot b^{(1/2)} + b \cdot x^2)/(b \cdot x^4 + a), x, \text{method} = _RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/8/a^{(1/2)} \cdot b^{(1/2)} \cdot (a/b)^{(1/4)} \cdot 2^{(1/2)} \cdot (\ln((x^2 + (a/b)^{(1/4)} \cdot x \cdot 2^{(1/2)} + (a/b)^{(1/2)})/(x^2 - (a/b)^{(1/4)} \cdot x \cdot 2^{(1/2)} + (a/b)^{(1/2)})) + 2 \cdot \arctan(2^{(1/2)}/(a/b)^{(1/4)} \cdot x + 1) + 2 \cdot \arctan(2^{(1/2)}/(a/b)^{(1/4)} \cdot x - 1)) + 1/8/(a/b)^{(1/4)} \cdot 2^{(1/2)} \cdot (\ln((x^2 - (a/b)^{(1/4)} \cdot x \cdot 2^{(1/2)} + (a/b)^{(1/2)})/(x^2 + (a/b)^{(1/4)} \cdot x \cdot 2^{(1/2)} + (a/b)^{(1/2)})) + 2 \cdot \arctan(2^{(1/2)}/(a/b)^{(1/4)} \cdot x + 1) + 2 \cdot \arctan(2^{(1/2)}/(a/b)^{(1/4)} \cdot x - 1))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + bx^2}{a + bx^4} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} \log \left(\frac{bx^4 - 4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^2 + 4\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^3 - ax)\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} + a}{bx^4 + a} \right), \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} \arctan \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} x \right) \right.$$

$$\left. + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^3 + ax)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{a} \right) \right]$$

input `integrate((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+b*x^2)/(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(-sqrt(b)/sqrt(a))*log((b*x^4 - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(b)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(1/2)*(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b)*x^3 - a*x)*sqrt(-sqrt(b)/sqrt(a)) + a)/(b*x^4 + a)), sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(sqrt(b)/sqrt(a))*arctan(sqrt(1/2)*x*sqrt(sqrt(b)/sqrt(a))) + sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(sqrt(b)/sqrt(a))*arctan(sqrt(1/2)*(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b)*x^3 + a*x)*sqrt(sqrt(b)/sqrt(a))/a)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + bx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} \log \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} + x^2 \right)}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} + x^2 \right)}{4}$$

input `integrate((a**(1/2)*b**(1/2)+b*x**2)/(b*x**4+a),x)`

output

```
-sqrt(2)*sqrt(-sqrt(b)/sqrt(a))*log(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-sqrt(b)/sqrt(a)))/sqrt(b) - sqrt(a)/sqrt(b) + x**2)/4 + sqrt(2)*sqrt(-sqrt(b)/sqrt(a))*log(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-sqrt(b)/sqrt(a)))/sqrt(b) - sqrt(a)/sqrt(b) + x**2)/4
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + bx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{2a^{\frac{1}{4}}b^{\frac{1}{4}}})}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{2a^{\frac{1}{4}}b^{\frac{1}{4}}})}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+b*x^2)/(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b)))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b)) + 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b)))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b))
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + bx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+b*x^2)/(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + bx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{1/4} \left(2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}b^{1/4}x}{2a^{1/4}}\right) + 2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}b^{3/4}x^3}{2a^{3/4}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{1/4}x}{2a^{1/4}}\right) \right)}{4a^{1/4}}$$

input

```
int((b*x^2 + a^(1/2)*b^(1/2))/(a + b*x^4),x)
```

output

```
(2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*(2*atan((2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*x)/(2*a^(1/4))) + 2*atan((2^(1/2)
)*b^(3/4)*x^3)/(2*a^(3/4)) + (2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*x)/(2*a^(1/4))))/(4*a^(1/4)
)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + bx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = \frac{b^{1/4}\sqrt{2} \left(-\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{b}x}{b^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}}\right) + \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{b}x}{b^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}}\right) \right)}{2a^{1/4}}$$

input

```
int((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+b*x^2)/(b*x^4+a),x)
```

output

```
(b**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*( - atan((b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(b)
*x)/(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2))) + atan((b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqr
t(b)*x)/(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2))))/(2*a)
```

3.210 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}-bx^2}{a+bx^4} dx$

Optimal result	1781
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1781
Rubi [B] (verified)	1782
Maple [B] (verified)	1783
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1784
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1785
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1785
Giac [F(-2)]	1786
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1786
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1786

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}-bx^2}{a+bx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{bx}}{\sqrt{a+\sqrt{bx^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}}$$

output 1/2*b^(1/4)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x/(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(1/4)

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}-bx^2}{a+bx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{b}\left(-\log\left(-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{bx}-\sqrt{bx^2}\right)+\log\left(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{bx}+\sqrt{bx^2}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}}$$

input Integrate[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] - b*x^2)/(a + b*x^4),x]

output

$$\frac{(b^{1/4} * (-\text{Log}[-\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[2] * a^{1/4} * b^{1/4} * x - \text{Sqrt}[b] * x^2] + \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[2] * a^{1/4} * b^{1/4} * x + \text{Sqrt}[b] * x^2]))}{(2 * \text{Sqrt}[2] * a^{1/4})}$$

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 106 vs. $2(51) = 102$.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} - bx^2}{a + bx^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1479$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt[4]{b} \int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{b}\left(x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} \int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x+\sqrt[4]{a}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{b}\left(x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{b} \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{b}x}{\sqrt[4]{b}\left(x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x+\sqrt[4]{a}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{b}\left(x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{b}x}{x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x+\sqrt[4]{a}}{x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}} dx}{2\sqrt[4]{a}}$$

$$\downarrow 1103$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{b} \log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} \log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] - b*x^2)/(a + b*x^4),x]`

output `-1/2*(b^(1/4)*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[b]*x^2])/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)) + (b^(1/4)*Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[b]*x^2])/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1479 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 203 vs. 2(36) = 72.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.00

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{b} \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{x^2 + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}} \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + 1 \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} - 1 \right) \right)}{8\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{x^2 + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}} \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + 1 \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} - 1 \right) \right)}{8\sqrt{a}}$

input `int((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-b*x^2)/(b*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{8}a^{1/2}b^{1/2}\left(\frac{(a/b)^{1/4}x^2\left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2+(a/b)^{1/4}x^2+(a/b)^{1/2}}{x^2-(a/b)^{1/4}x^2+(a/b)^{1/2}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{2^{1/2}}{(a/b)^{1/4}x+1}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{2^{1/2}}{(a/b)^{1/4}x-1}\right)-1/8(a/b)^{1/4}x^2\left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2-(a/b)^{1/4}x^2+(a/b)^{1/2}}{x^2+(a/b)^{1/4}x^2+(a/b)^{1/2}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{2^{1/2}}{(a/b)^{1/4}x+1}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{2^{1/2}}{(a/b)^{1/4}x-1}\right)\right)}{bx^4+a}\right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 79 vs. $2(36) = 72$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} - bx^2}{a + bx^4} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} \log \left(\frac{bx^4 + 4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^2 + 4\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^3 + ax)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} + a}{bx^4 + a} \right), \right.$$

$$\left. - \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} \arctan \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} x \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} \right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^3 - ax)\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{a} \right) \right]$$

input `integrate((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-b*x^2)/(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{b}/\sqrt{a}}\log\left(\frac{bx^4 + 4\sqrt{1/2}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^3 + ax)\sqrt{\sqrt{b}/\sqrt{a}} + a}{bx^4 + a}\right), -\sqrt{1/2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b}/\sqrt{a}}\arctan\left(\sqrt{1/2}x\sqrt{-\sqrt{b}/\sqrt{a}}\right) + \sqrt{1/2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b}/\sqrt{a}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{1/2}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^3 - ax)\sqrt{-\sqrt{b}/\sqrt{a}}}{a}\right) \right]$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} - bx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}}\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} + x^2\right)}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} + x^2\right)}{4}$$

input `integrate((a**(1/2)*b**(1/2)-b*x**2)/(b*x**4+a),x)`

output `-sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(b)/sqrt(a))*log(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(sqrt(b)/sqrt(a))/
sqrt(b) + sqrt(a)/sqrt(b) + x**2)/4 + sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(b)/sqrt(a))*log(
sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(sqrt(b)/sqrt(a))/sqrt(b) + sqrt(a)/sqrt(b) + x**2)/
4`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} - bx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{\frac{1}{4}}\log\left(\sqrt{bx^2} + \sqrt{2}a^{\frac{1}{4}}b^{\frac{1}{4}}x + \sqrt{a}\right)}{4a^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{\frac{1}{4}}\log\left(\sqrt{bx^2} - \sqrt{2}a^{\frac{1}{4}}b^{\frac{1}{4}}x + \sqrt{a}\right)}{4a^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

input `integrate((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-b*x^2)/(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*sqrt(2)*b^(1/4)*log(sqrt(b)*x^2 + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/
a^(1/4) - 1/4*sqrt(2)*b^(1/4)*log(sqrt(b)*x^2 - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x
+ sqrt(a))/a^(1/4)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} - bx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-b*x^2)/(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} - bx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} b^{1/4} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} a^{1/4} b^{11/4} x}{2\sqrt{a} b^{5/2} + 2b^3 x^2}\right)}{2 a^{1/4}}$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - a^(1/2)*b^(1/2))/(a + b*x^4),x)`

output `(2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*atanh((2*2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(11/4)*x)/(2*a^(1/2)*b^(5/2) +
2*b^3*x^2)))/(2*a^(1/4))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} - bx^2}{a + bx^4} dx = \frac{b^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2} \left(-\log\left(-b^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}x^2\right) + \log\left(b^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}x^2\right) \right)}{4a^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

input `int((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-b*x^2)/(b*x^4+a),x)`

output `(b**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(- log(- b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(b)*x**2) + log(b**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(b)*x**2)))/(4*a)`

3.211 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{d^2+e^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1788
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1788
Rubi [A] (verified)	1789
Maple [A] (verified)	1790
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1791
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1791
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1792
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1793
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1793
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1794

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{\arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

output `1/2*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+1/2*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx = \frac{-\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) + \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(d^2 + e^2*x^4),x]`

output `(-ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1476, 1082, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1476} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}x + d}{\sqrt{e}}} dx}{2e} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}x + d}{\sqrt{e}}} dx}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1082} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{-\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)^2 - 1} d\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{-\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}} + 1\right)^2 - 1} d\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(d^2 + e^2*x^4),x]`

output `-(ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])) + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1} \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] & (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot \text{Simplify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /;$ RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]

rule 1476 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)^2)/((a_ + (c_ \cdot x)^4), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[2 \cdot (d/e), 2]\}, \text{Simp}[e/(2 \cdot c) \text{ Int}[1/\text{Simp}[d/e + q \cdot x + x^2, x], x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2 \cdot c) \text{ Int}[1/\text{Simp}[d/e - q \cdot x + x^2, x], x], x]] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c \cdot d^2 - a \cdot e^2, 0] && PosQ[d \cdot e]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{2} \ln(e x^2 \sqrt{-de} - dex \sqrt{2-d\sqrt{-de}})}{4\sqrt{-de}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \ln(e x^2 \sqrt{-de} + dex \sqrt{2-d\sqrt{-de}})}{4\sqrt{-de}}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{x^2 + \left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}}}{x^2 - \left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}}} \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + 1 \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} - 1 \right) \right)}{8d} + \sqrt{2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{x^2 - \left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}}}{x^2 + \left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}}} \right) \right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/4 \cdot 2^{(1/2)} / (-d \cdot e)^{(1/2)} \cdot \ln(e \cdot x^2 \cdot (-d \cdot e)^{(1/2)} - d \cdot e \cdot x^2 \cdot (1/2) - d \cdot (-d \cdot e)^{(1/2)}) + 1/4 \cdot 2^{(1/2)} / (-d \cdot e)^{(1/2)} \cdot \ln(e \cdot x^2 \cdot (-d \cdot e)^{(1/2)} + d \cdot e \cdot x^2 \cdot (1/2) - d \cdot (-d \cdot e)^{(1/2)})$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-de} \log\left(\frac{e^2x^4 - 4dex^2 - 2\sqrt{2}(ex^3 - dx)\sqrt{-de} + d^2}{e^2x^4 + d^2}\right)}{4de}, \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{de} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dex}}{2d}\right) + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{de} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(ex^3 + dx)}{2d^2}\right)}{2de} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[-1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*e)*log((e^2*x^4 - 4*d*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*(e*x^3 - d*x)*sqrt(-d*e) + d^2)/(e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d*e), 1/2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*e)*x/d) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(e*x^3 + d*x)*sqrt(d*e)/d^2))/(d*e)]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{de}} \log\left(-\sqrt{2}dx\sqrt{-\frac{1}{de}} - \frac{d}{e} + x^2\right)}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{de}} \log\left(\sqrt{2}dx\sqrt{-\frac{1}{de}} - \frac{d}{e} + x^2\right)}{4}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(e**2*x**4+d**2),x)`output `-sqrt(2)*sqrt(-1/(d*e))*log(-sqrt(2)*d*x*sqrt(-1/(d*e)) - d/e + x**2)/4 + sqrt(2)*sqrt(-1/(d*e))*log(sqrt(2)*d*x*sqrt(-1/(d*e)) - d/e + x**2)/4`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 302 vs. $2(51) = 102$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.03

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(e + \sqrt{e^2}) \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{e^2}x + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-d\sqrt{e^2}}}{2\sqrt{e^2}x + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-d\sqrt{e^2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e^2}\sqrt{-d\sqrt{e^2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(e + \sqrt{e^2}) \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{e^2}x - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-d\sqrt{e^2}}}{2\sqrt{e^2}x - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-d\sqrt{e^2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e^2}\sqrt{-d\sqrt{e^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(e - \sqrt{e^2}) \log\left(\sqrt{e^2}x^2 + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}x + d\right)}{8\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(e - \sqrt{e^2}) \log\left(\sqrt{e^2}x^2 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}x + d\right)}{8\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/8*sqrt(2)*(e + sqrt(e^2))*log((2*sqrt(e^2)*x + sqrt(2)*sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(1/4) - sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*sqrt(e^2)))/(2*sqrt(e^2)*x + sqrt(2)*sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(1/4) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*sqrt(e^2))))/(sqrt(e^2)*sqrt(-d*sqrt(e^2))) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*(e + sqrt(e^2))*log((2*sqrt(e^2)*x - sqrt(2)*sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(1/4) - sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*sqrt(e^2)))/(2*sqrt(e^2)*x - sqrt(2)*sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(1/4) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*sqrt(e^2))))/(sqrt(e^2)*sqrt(-d*sqrt(e^2))) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*(e - sqrt(e^2))*log(sqrt(e^2)*x^2 + sqrt(2)*sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(1/4)*x + d)/(sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(3/4)) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*(e - sqrt(e^2))*log(sqrt(e^2)*x^2 - sqrt(2)*sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(1/4)*x + d)/(sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(3/4))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-de} \log\left(x^2 + \sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}}\right)}{4de} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-de} \log\left(x^2 - \sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}}\right)}{4de}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*e)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(d^2/e^2)^(1/4) + sqrt(d^2/e^2))/(d*e) - 1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*e)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(d^2/e^2)^(1/4) + sqrt(d^2/e^2))/(d*e)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{2\sqrt{d}}\right) + 2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}e^{3/2}x^3}{2d^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}}{2\sqrt{d}}\right) \right)}{4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(d^2 + e^2*x^4),x)`

output `(2^(1/2)*(2*atan((2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x)/(2*d^(1/2))) + 2*atan((2^(1/2)*e^(3/2)*x^3)/(2*d^(3/2)) + (2^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x)/(2*d^(1/2))))/(4*d^(1/2)*e^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{2} \left(-\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{2} - 2ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{2}}\right) + \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{2} + 2ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{2}}\right) \right)}{2de}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2),x)`output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(2)*(- atan((sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) - 2*e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(2))) + atan((sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + 2*e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(2))))/(2*d*e)`

3.212 $\int \frac{d-ex^2}{d^2+e^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1795
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1795
Rubi [B] (verified)	1796
Maple [B] (verified)	1797
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1798
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1798
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1799
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1800
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1800
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1801

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{d^2+e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex}}{d+ex^2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
1/2*arctanh(2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d))*2^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{d-ex^2}{d^2+e^2x^4} dx = \frac{-\log\left(-d+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex}-ex^2\right)+\log\left(d+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex}+ex^2\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - e*x^2)/(d^2 + e^2*x^4),x]
```

output

```
(-Log[-d + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*x - e*x^2] + Log[d + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*x + e*x^2])/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])
```

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs. $2(43) = 86$.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d - ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1479 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}-2\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{e}\left(x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx}+\frac{d}{e}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}+\sqrt{d})}{\sqrt{e}\left(x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx}+\frac{d}{e}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}-2\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{e}\left(x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx}+\frac{d}{e}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}+\sqrt{d})}{\sqrt{e}\left(x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx}+\frac{d}{e}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}-2\sqrt{ex}}{x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx}+\frac{d}{e}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{de}} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{de}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ex}+\sqrt{d}}{x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx}+\frac{d}{e}}}{2\sqrt{de}} dx}{2\sqrt{de}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1103 \\
 & \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex}+d+ex^2\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex}+d+ex^2\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x^2)/(d^2 + e^2*x^4),x]`

output `-1/2*Log[d - Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*x + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]) + Log[d + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*x + e*x^2]/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1479 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 74 vs. 2(32) = 64.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{dex\sqrt{2}+ex^2\sqrt{de}+d\sqrt{de}}{4\sqrt{de}}\right)}{4\sqrt{de}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{-dex\sqrt{2}+ex^2\sqrt{de}+d\sqrt{de}}{4\sqrt{de}}\right)}{4\sqrt{de}}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2 + \left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}}}{x^2 - \left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}}}\right) + 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + 1\right) + 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} - 1\right) \right)}{8d} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2 - \left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}}}{x^2 + \left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}}}\right) \right)}{8d}$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*2^(1/2)/(d*e)^(1/2)*ln(d*e*x^2^(1/2)+e*x^2*(d*e)^(1/2)+d*(d*e)^(1/2))-1/4*2^(1/2)/(d*e)^(1/2)*ln(-d*e*x^2^(1/2)+e*x^2*(d*e)^(1/2)+d*(d*e)^(1/2))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 71 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx = \left[\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{de} \log\left(\frac{e^2x^4 + 4dex^2 + 2\sqrt{2}(ex^3 + dx)\sqrt{de + d^2}}{e^2x^4 + d^2}\right)}{4de}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-de} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-dex}}{2d}\right) - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-de} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(ex^3 - dx)\sqrt{-de}}{2d^2}\right)}{2de} \right]$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*e)*log((e^2*x^4 + 4*d*e*x^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*(e*x^3 + d*x)*sqrt(d*e) + d^2)/(e^2*x^4 + d^2))/(d*e), -1/2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*e)*x/d) - sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(e*x^3 - d*x)*sqrt(-d*e)/d^2))/(d*e)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{de}} \log\left(-\sqrt{2}dx\sqrt{\frac{1}{de} + \frac{d}{e} + x^2}\right)}{4} \\ + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{de}} \log\left(\sqrt{2}dx\sqrt{\frac{1}{de} + \frac{d}{e} + x^2}\right)}{4}$$

input `integrate((-e*x**2+d)/(e**2*x**4+d**2),x)`

output `-sqrt(2)*sqrt(1/(d*e))*log(-sqrt(2)*d*x*sqrt(1/(d*e)) + d/e + x**2)/4 + sqrt(2)*sqrt(1/(d*e))*log(sqrt(2)*d*x*sqrt(1/(d*e)) + d/e + x**2)/4`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 302 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.02

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}(e - \sqrt{e^2}) \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{e^2}x + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-d\sqrt{e^2}}}{2\sqrt{e^2}x + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-d\sqrt{e^2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e^2}\sqrt{-d\sqrt{e^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(e - \sqrt{e^2}) \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{e^2}x - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-d\sqrt{e^2}}}{2\sqrt{e^2}x - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-d\sqrt{e^2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e^2}\sqrt{-d\sqrt{e^2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(e + \sqrt{e^2}) \log\left(\sqrt{e^2}x^2 + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}x + d\right)}{8\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(e + \sqrt{e^2}) \log\left(\sqrt{e^2}x^2 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}x + d\right)}{8\sqrt{d}(e^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

input

```
integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/8*sqrt(2)*(e - sqrt(e^2))*log((2*sqrt(e^2)*x + sqrt(2)*sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(1/4) - sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*sqrt(e^2)))/(2*sqrt(e^2)*x + sqrt(2)*sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(1/4) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*sqrt(e^2))))/(sqrt(e^2)*sqrt(-d*sqrt(e^2))) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*(e - sqrt(e^2))*log((2*sqrt(e^2)*x - sqrt(2)*sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(1/4) - sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*sqrt(e^2)))/(2*sqrt(e^2)*x - sqrt(2)*sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(1/4) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*sqrt(e^2))))/(sqrt(e^2)*sqrt(-d*sqrt(e^2))) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*(e + sqrt(e^2))*log(sqrt(e^2)*x^2 + sqrt(2)*sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(1/4)*x + d)/(sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(3/4)) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*(e + sqrt(e^2))*log(sqrt(e^2)*x^2 - sqrt(2)*sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(1/4)*x + d)/(sqrt(d)*(e^2)^(3/4))
```


Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-de} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x + \sqrt{2}\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{2de} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-de} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x - \sqrt{2}\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{2de}$$

input `integrate((-e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(d^2/e^2)^(1/4)))/(d^2/e^2)^(1/4))/(d*e) + 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(d^2/e^2)^(1/4)))/(d^2/e^2)^(1/4))/(d*e)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}e^{7/2}x}{2e^4x^2 + 2de^3}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

input `int((d - e*x^2)/(d^2 + e^2*x^4),x)`

output `(2^(1/2)*atanh((2*2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*e^(7/2)*x)/(2*d*e^3 + 2*e^4*x^2)))/(2*d^(1/2)*e^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{d - ex^2}{d^2 + e^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}\left(-\log\left(-\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}x + d + ex^2\right) + \log\left(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}x + d + ex^2\right)\right)}{4de}$$

input `int((-e*x^2+d)/(e^2*x^4+d^2),x)`output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(2)*(-log(-sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(2)*x + d + e*x**2) + log(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(2)*x + d + e*x**2)))/(4*d*e)`

3.213 $\int \frac{5+2x^2}{-1+x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1802
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1802
Rubi [A] (verified)	1803
Maple [A] (verified)	1804
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1804
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1805
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1805
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1805
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1806
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1806

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int \frac{5+2x^2}{-1+x^4} dx = -\frac{3 \arctan(x)}{2} - \frac{7 \operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{2}$$

output

```
-3/2*arctan(x)-7/2*arctanh(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{5+2x^2}{-1+x^4} dx = -\frac{3 \arctan(x)}{2} + \frac{7}{4} \log(1-x) - \frac{7}{4} \log(1+x)$$

input

```
Integrate[(5 + 2*x^2)/(-1 + x^4),x]
```

output

```
(-3*ArcTan[x])/2 + (7*Log[1 - x])/4 - (7*Log[1 + x])/4
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1481, 216, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{2x^2 + 5}{x^4 - 1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1481$$

$$\frac{7}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - 1} dx - \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 216$$

$$\frac{7}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - 1} dx - \frac{3 \arctan(x)}{2}$$

$$\downarrow 220$$

$$-\frac{3 \arctan(x)}{2} - \frac{7 \operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{2}$$

input `Int[(5 + 2*x^2)/(-1 + x^4), x]`

output `(-3*ArcTan[x])/2 - (7*ArcTanh[x])/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1481

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[
(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + c*(d/(2*q))) Int[1/(-q + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(
e/2 - c*(d/(2*q))) Int[1/(q + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] &
& NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[(-a)*c]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
default	$\frac{7 \ln(x-1)}{4} - \frac{7 \ln(1+x)}{4} - \frac{3 \arctan(x)}{2}$
risch	$\frac{7 \ln(x-1)}{4} - \frac{7 \ln(1+x)}{4} - \frac{3 \arctan(x)}{2}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{7 \ln(x-1)}{4} + \frac{3i \ln(x-i)}{4} - \frac{3i \ln(x+i)}{4} - \frac{7 \ln(1+x)}{4}$
meijerg	$\frac{5x \left(\ln \left(1 - (x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right) - \ln \left(1 + (x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right) - 2 \arctan \left((x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right) \right)}{4(x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{x^3 \left(\ln \left(1 - (x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right) - \ln \left(1 + (x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right) + 2 \arctan \left((x^4)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right) \right)}{2(x^4)^{\frac{3}{4}}}$

input

```
int((2*x^2+5)/(x^4-1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
7/4*ln(x-1)-7/4*ln(1+x)-3/2*arctan(x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{5 + 2x^2}{-1 + x^4} dx = -\frac{3}{2} \arctan(x) - \frac{7}{4} \log(x + 1) + \frac{7}{4} \log(x - 1)$$

input

```
integrate((2*x^2+5)/(x^4-1),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-3/2*arctan(x) - 7/4*log(x + 1) + 7/4*log(x - 1)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{5 + 2x^2}{-1 + x^4} dx = \frac{7 \log(x - 1)}{4} - \frac{7 \log(x + 1)}{4} - \frac{3 \operatorname{atan}(x)}{2}$$

input `integrate((2*x**2+5)/(x**4-1),x)`

output `7*log(x - 1)/4 - 7*log(x + 1)/4 - 3*atan(x)/2`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{5 + 2x^2}{-1 + x^4} dx = -\frac{3}{2} \arctan(x) - \frac{7}{4} \log(x + 1) + \frac{7}{4} \log(x - 1)$$

input `integrate((2*x^2+5)/(x^4-1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3/2*arctan(x) - 7/4*log(x + 1) + 7/4*log(x - 1)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 19 vs. 2(9) = 18.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{5 + 2x^2}{-1 + x^4} dx = -\frac{3}{2} \arctan(x) - \frac{7}{4} \log(|x + 1|) + \frac{7}{4} \log(|x - 1|)$$

input `integrate((2*x^2+5)/(x^4-1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3/2*arctan(x) - 7/4*log(abs(x + 1)) + 7/4*log(abs(x - 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{5 + 2x^2}{-1 + x^4} dx = -\frac{3 \operatorname{atan}(x)}{2} - \frac{7 \operatorname{atanh}(x)}{2}$$

input `int((2*x^2 + 5)/(x^4 - 1),x)`

output `- (3*atan(x))/2 - (7*atanh(x))/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{5 + 2x^2}{-1 + x^4} dx = -\frac{3 \operatorname{atan}(x)}{2} + \frac{7 \log(x - 1)}{4} - \frac{7 \log(x + 1)}{4}$$

input `int((2*x^2+5)/(x^4-1),x)`

output `(- 6*atan(x) + 7*log(x - 1) - 7*log(x + 1))/4`

3.214 $\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1807
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1808
Rubi [A] (verified)	1808
Maple [A] (verified)	1812
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1813
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1814
Maxima [F]	1815
Giac [F]	1815
Mupad [F(-1)]	1815
Reduce [F]	1816

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{4a^2x(195d + 77ex^2) \sqrt{a - cx^4}}{3003} + \frac{10ax(117d + 77ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{9009} + \frac{1}{143}x(13d + 11ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{5/2} + \frac{8a^{15/4}e\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{39c^{3/4}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{8a^{13/4}\left(195d - \frac{77\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{3003\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

output

```
4/3003*a^2*x*(77*e*x^2+195*d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+10/9009*a*x*(77*e*x^2+117*d)
)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)+1/143*x*(11*e*x^2+13*d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2)+8/39*a^(15/4)*
e*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(3/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
)+8/3003*a^(13/4)*(195*d-77*a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF
(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(1/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a - cx^4} \left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a} \right) + ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a} \right) \right)}{3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*(a - c*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(a^2*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 1/4, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 3/4, 7/4, (c*x^4)/a]))/(3*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.650$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a - cx^4)^{5/2} (d + ex^2) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\ & \frac{5}{143} \int 2a(11ex^2 + 13d) (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{143} x(a - cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{10}{143} a \int (11ex^2 + 13d) (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{143} x(a - cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{1}{21} \int 2a(77ex^2 + 117d) \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx + \frac{1}{63}x(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143}x(a - cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{2}{21}a \int (77ex^2 + 117d) \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx + \frac{1}{63}x(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143}x(a - cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1491 \\
& \frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{1}{15} \int \frac{6a(77ex^2 + 195d)}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a - cx^4}(195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143}x(a - cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \int \frac{77ex^2 + 195d}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a - cx^4}(195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143}x(a - cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1513 \\
& \frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\left(195d - \frac{77\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{77\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a - cx^4}(195d + 77ex^2) \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143}x(a - cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\left(195d - \frac{77\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{77e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a - cx^4}(195d + 77ex^2) \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143}x(a - cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 765
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(195d - \frac{77\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx + \frac{77e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a - cx^4}(195d + 77ex^2) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{143}x(a - cx^4)^{5/2}(13d + 11ex^2)$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{77e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(195d - \frac{77\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), -1 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a - cx^4}(195d + 77ex^2) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{143}x(a - cx^4)^{5/2}(13d + 11ex^2)$$

↓ 1390

$$\frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{77e\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(195d - \frac{77\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), -1 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a - cx^4}(195d + 77ex^2) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{143}x(a - cx^4)^{5/2}(13d + 11ex^2)$$

↓ 1389

$$\frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{77\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(195d - \frac{77\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), -1 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a - cx^4}(195d + 77ex^2) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{143}x(a - cx^4)^{5/2}(13d + 11ex^2)$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{77a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right) \right) - 1}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(195d - \frac{77\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), -1 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a - cx^4}(195d + 77ex^2) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{143}x(a - cx^4)^{5/2}(13d + 11ex^2)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*(a - c*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*(13*d + 11*e*x^2)*(a - c*x^4)^(5/2))/143 + (10*a*((x*(117*d + 77*e*x^2) * (a - c*x^4)^(3/2))/63 + (2*a*((x*(195*d + 77*e*x^2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])/5 + (2*a*((77*a^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x]/a^(1/4)], -1)]/(c^(3/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + (a^(1/4)*(195*d - (77*Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x]/a^(1/4)], -1)]/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])))/5))/21))/143`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1389 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/Sqrt[a] Int[Sqrt[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/Sqrt[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1390 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1491 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1513 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-c/a, 2]}, Simp[(d*q - e)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[e/q Int[(1 + q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NegQ[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(693c^2e^{10}+819c^2dx^8-2156acex^6-2808acd^2x^4+2387a^2e^2x^2+4329a^2d)\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{9009} + \frac{8a^3 \left(\frac{195d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}} \text{EllipticF} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}$
default	$d \left(\frac{c^2x^9\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{11} - \frac{24acx^5\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{77} + \frac{37a^2x\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{77} + \frac{40a^3\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{77\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}} \text{EllipticF} \left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}}, i \right) \right) + e \left(\dots \right)$
elliptic	$\frac{ec^2x^{11}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{13} + \frac{c^2dx^9\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{11} - \frac{28acex^7\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{117} - \frac{24acd^2x^5\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{77} + \frac{31a^2ex^3\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{117} + \frac{37a^2dx\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{77}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/9009*x*(693*c^2*e*x^10+819*c^2*d*x^8-2156*a*c*e*x^6-2808*a*c*d*x^4+2387*
a^2*e*x^2+4329*a^2*d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+8/3003*a^3*(195*d/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2
))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(
-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-77*e*a^(1/2)/(1/a
^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)
*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2
),I)-EllipticE(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{5/2} dx =$$

$$1848 a^3 \sqrt{-c} e x \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 24 (195 a^2 c d + 77 a^3 e) \sqrt{-c} x \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right)$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/9009*(1848*a^3*sqrt(-c)*e*x*(a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((a/c)^(1/4)/x
), -1) - 24*(195*a^2*c*d + 77*a^3*e)*sqrt(-c)*x*(a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arc
sin((a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) - (693*c^3*e*x^12 + 819*c^3*d*x^10 - 2156*a*c^2*e*
x^8 - 2808*a*c^2*d*x^6 + 2387*a^2*c*e*x^4 + 4329*a^2*c*d*x^2 - 1848*a^3*e)
*sqrt(-c*x^4 + a))/(c*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{a^{5/2} dx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} \\
&+ \frac{a^{5/2} ex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{a^{3/2} cdx^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} \\
&- \frac{a^{3/2} cex^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{ac^2} dx^9 \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \\ \frac{13}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{4}\right)} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt{ac^2} ex^{11} \Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4} \\ \frac{15}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{15}{4}\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(-c*x**4+a)**(5/2),x)`output `a**(5/2)*d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + a**(5/2)*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(7/4)) - a**(3/2)*c*d*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(2*gamma(9/4)) - a**(3/2)*c*e*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(2*gamma(11/4)) + sqrt(a)*c**2*d*x**9*gamma(9/4)*hyper((-1/2, 9/4), (13/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(13/4)) + sqrt(a)*c**2*e*x**11*gamma(11/4)*hyper((-1/2, 11/4), (15/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(15/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (-cx^4 + a)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (-cx^4 + a)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (a - cx^4)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((a - c*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)(a - cx^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{37\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}a^2dx}{77} + \frac{31\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}a^2ex^3}{117}$$

$$- \frac{24\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}acd x^5}{77} - \frac{28\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}ace x^7}{117} + \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}c^2dx^9}{11}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}c^2ex^{11}}{13} + \frac{40\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-cx^4 + a} dx\right)a^3d}{77} + \frac{8\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}x^2}{-cx^4 + a} dx\right)a^3e}{39}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `(4329*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a**2*d*x + 2387*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a**2*e*x**3 - 2808*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*c*d*x**5 - 2156*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*c*e*x**7 + 819*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c**2*d*x**9 + 693*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c**2*e*x**11 + 4680*int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a - c*x**4),x)*a**3*d + 1848*int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)*a**3*e)/9009`

3.215 $\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1817
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1818
Rubi [A] (verified)	1818
Maple [A] (verified)	1822
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1823
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1823
Maxima [F]	1824
Giac [F]	1824
Mupad [F(-1)]	1825
Reduce [F]	1825

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{105}ax(15d + 7ex^2) \sqrt{a - cx^4} + \frac{1}{63}x(9d + 7ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{3/2} + \frac{4a^{11/4}e\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{15c^{3/4}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{4a^{9/4}\left(15d - \frac{7\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{105\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

output

```
2/105*a*x*(7*e*x^2+15*d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/63*x*(7*e*x^2+9*d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)+4/15*a^(11/4)*e*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(3/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+4/105*a^(9/4)*(15*d-7*a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(1/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a - cx^4} \left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a} \right) + ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, (c*x^4)/a]))/(3*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.550$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a - cx^4)^{3/2} (d + ex^2) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\ & \frac{1}{21} \int 2a(7ex^2 + 9d) \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{2}{21} a \int (7ex^2 + 9d) \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{1}{15} \int \frac{6a(7ex^2 + 15d)}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a - cx^4}(15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a - cx^4)^{3/2}(9d + 7ex^2)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5} \int \frac{7ex^2 + 15d}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a - cx^4}(15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a - cx^4)^{3/2}(9d + 7ex^2)$$

↓ 1513

$$\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\left(15d - \frac{7\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{7\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a - cx^4}(15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a - cx^4)^{3/2}(9d + 7ex^2)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\left(15d - \frac{7\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{7e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a - cx^4}(15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a - cx^4)^{3/2}(9d + 7ex^2)$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(15d - \frac{7\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx + \frac{7e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a - cx^4}(15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a - cx^4)^{3/2}(9d + 7ex^2) \right)$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{7e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(15d - \frac{7\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a - cx^4}(15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a - cx^4)^{3/2}(9d + 7ex^2)$$

↓ 1390

$$\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{7e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(15d - \frac{7\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a} \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a-cx^4)^{3/2}(9d+7ex^2)$$

↓ 1389

$$\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{7\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(15d - \frac{7\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a} \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a-cx^4)^{3/2}(9d+7ex^2)$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{7a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(15d - \frac{7\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a} \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a-cx^4)^{3/2}(9d+7ex^2)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(9*d + 7*e*x^2)*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2))/63 + (2*a*((x*(15*d + 7*e*x^2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])/5 + (2*a*((7*a^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x]/a^(1/4)], -1)]/(c^(3/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + (a^(1/4)*(15*d - (7*Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x]/a^(1/4)], -1)]/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])))/5))/21`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 1389 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d/\text{Sqrt}[a] \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 1390 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] \text{ Int}[(d + e*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$
- rule 1491 $\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^2)*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) \text{ Int}[\text{Simp}[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1513

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[-c/a, 2]}, Simp[(d*q - e)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[e/q
  Int[(1 + q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && Neg
  Q[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(-35ce x^6 - 45cd x^4 + 77ae x^2 + 135ad)\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{315} + \frac{4a^2 \left(\frac{15d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}} - 7e\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\right)}{105}$
default	$d \left(-\frac{cx^5\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{7} + \frac{3ax\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{7} + \frac{4a^2\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}} \right) + e \left(-\frac{cx^7\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{9} + 11\frac{ax^5\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{45} \right)$
elliptic	$-\frac{ce x^7\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{9} - \frac{cd x^5\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{7} + \frac{11ae x^3\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{45} + \frac{3adx\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{7} + \frac{4a^2 d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/315*x*(-35*c*e*x^6-45*c*d*x^4+77*a*e*x^2+135*a*d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+4/105
*a^2*(15*d/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/
a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)
)^(1/2),I)-7*e*a^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)
^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(EllipticF
(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{84 a^2 \sqrt{-cex} \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 12 (15 acd + 7 a^2 e) \sqrt{-cx} \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (35 a^2 d^2 + 84 a^2 e^2) \sqrt{-cx} \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{315 cx}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/315*(84*a^2*sqrt(-c)*e*x*(a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) - 12*(15*a*c*d + 7*a^2*e)*sqrt(-c)*x*(a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (35*c^2*e*x^8 + 45*c^2*d*x^6 - 77*a*c*e*x^4 - 135*a*c*d*x^2 + 84*a^2*e)*sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/(c*x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}} dx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}} ex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{ac} dx^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{ac} ex^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
a**(3/2)*d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + a**(3/2)*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(7/4)) - sqrt(a)*c*d*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(9/4)) - sqrt(a)*c*e*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(11/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (a - cx^4)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2),x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex^2) (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{3\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} dx}{7} \\ &+ \frac{11\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} a e x^3}{45} - \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} c d x^5}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} c e x^7}{9} \\ &+ \frac{4 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) a^2 d}{7} + \frac{4 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} x^2}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) a^2 e}{15} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`output `(135*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*d*x + 77*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*e*x**3 - 45*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c*d*x**5 - 35*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c*e*x**7 + 180*int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a - c*x**4),x)*a**2*d + 84*int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)*a**2*e)/315`

3.216 $\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	1826
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1827
Rubi [A] (verified)	1827
Maple [A] (verified)	1830
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1831
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1831
Maxima [F]	1832
Giac [F]	1832
Mupad [F(-1)]	1833
Reduce [F]	1833

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{15}x(5d + 3ex^2) \sqrt{a - cx^4} + \frac{2a^{7/4}e\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{5c^{3/4}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^{5/4}\left(5d - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{15^4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/15*x*(3*e*x^2+5*d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+2/5*a^(7/4)*e*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*Elli
pticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(3/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+2/15*a^(5/4)*(5*d-3*a^
(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(1/4)/
(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4} \left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a} \right) + ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a - c*x^4]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (c*x^4)/a]))/(3*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1491$$

$$\frac{1}{15} \int \frac{2a(3ex^2 + 5d)}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{a - cx^4} (5d + 3ex^2)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2}{15} a \int \frac{3ex^2 + 5d}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{a - cx^4} (5d + 3ex^2)$$

$$\downarrow 1513$$

$$\frac{2}{15}a \left(\left(5d - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx + \frac{3\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{15}x\sqrt{a-cx^4}(5d+3ex^2)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{15}a \left(\left(5d - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx + \frac{3e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{15}x\sqrt{a-cx^4}(5d+3ex^2)$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{2}{15}a \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(5d - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{3e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{15}x\sqrt{a-cx^4}(5d+3ex^2)$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{2}{15}a \left(\frac{3e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(5d - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), -1 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right) + \frac{1}{15}x\sqrt{a-cx^4}(5d+3ex^2)$$

↓ 1390

$$\frac{2}{15}a \left(\frac{3e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(5d - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), -1 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right) + \frac{1}{15}x\sqrt{a-cx^4}(5d+3ex^2)$$

↓ 1389

$$\frac{2}{15}a \left(\frac{3\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(5d - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), -1 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right) + \frac{1}{15}x\sqrt{a-cx^4}(5d+3ex^2)$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2}{15}a \left(\frac{3a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\left(5d-\frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right) + \frac{1}{15}x\sqrt{a-cx^4}(5d+3ex^2)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]`

output `(x*(5*d + 3*e*x^2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])/15 + (2*a*((3*a^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(3/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + (a^(1/4)*(5*d - (3*Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]))/15`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

- rule 1389 $\text{Int}[\text{((d_)} + \text{(e_)}*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[\text{(a_)} + \text{(c_)}*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{:> Simp}[\text{d}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{e}*(x^2/\text{d})]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{e}*(x^2/\text{d})], x], x] \text{/; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{c*d}^2 + \text{a*e}^2, 0] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{c/a}] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 1390 $\text{Int}[\text{((d_)} + \text{(e_)}*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[\text{(a_)} + \text{(c_)}*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{:> Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{c}*(x^4/\text{a})]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c*x}^4] \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e*x}^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{c}*(x^4/\text{a})], x], x] \text{/; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{c*d}^2 + \text{a*e}^2, 0] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{c/a}] \&\& \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \&\& \text{!(LtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0])]$
- rule 1491 $\text{Int}[\text{((d_)} + \text{(e_)}*(x_)^2)*(\text{(a_)} + \text{(c_)}*(x_)^4)^{\text{(p_)}}, x_Symbol] \text{:> Simp}[\text{x}*(\text{d}*(4*\text{p} + 3) + \text{e}*(4*\text{p} + 1)*\text{x}^2)*(\text{a} + \text{c*x}^4)^{\text{p}}/((4*\text{p} + 1)*(4*\text{p} + 3)), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(\text{p}/((4*\text{p} + 1)*(4*\text{p} + 3))) \text{Int}[\text{Simp}[2*\text{a*d}*(4*\text{p} + 3) + (2*\text{a*e}*(4*\text{p} + 1))*\text{x}^2, x]*(\text{a} + \text{c*x}^4)^{\text{p} - 1}, x], x] \text{/; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{c*d}^2 + \text{a*e}^2, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[\text{p}] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*\text{p}]$
- rule 1513 $\text{Int}[\text{((d_)} + \text{(e_)}*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[\text{(a_)} + \text{(c_)}*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{:> With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-\text{c/a}, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{d*q} - \text{e})/\text{q} \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c*x}^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[\text{e}/\text{q} \text{Int}[(1 + \text{q*x}^2)/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c*x}^4], x], x]] \text{/; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{c/a}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{c*d}^2 + \text{a*e}^2, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(3ex^2+5d)\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{15} + \frac{2a \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}} - \frac{3e\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}\sqrt{c}} \right)}{15}$
elliptic	$\frac{ex^3\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{5} + \frac{dx\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{3} + \frac{2ad\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}} - \frac{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}e\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}$
default	$d \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{3} + \frac{2a\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}} \right) + e \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{5} - \frac{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}} \right)$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(a)*d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + sqrt(a)*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{a - cx^4} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} dx}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} ex^3}{5} + \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) ad}{3} + \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} x^2}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) ae}{5}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2), x)`output `(5*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*d*x + 3*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*e*x**3 + 10*int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a - c*x**4), x)*a*d + 6*int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a - c*x**4), x)*a*e)/15`

3.217 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1834
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1834
Rubi [A] (verified)	1835
Maple [A] (verified)	1837
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1838
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1838
Maxima [F]	1839
Giac [F]	1839
Mupad [F(-1)]	1839
Reduce [F]	1840

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \frac{a^{3/4} e \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4} \sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
a^(3/4)*e*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(3/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+a^(1/4)*(d-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(1/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(3dx \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + ex^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[a - c*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (c*x^4)/a]))/(3*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1513} \\
 & \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{765} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1390}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

↓ 1389

$$\frac{\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]`

output `(a^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1]) / (c^(3/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + (a^(1/4)*(d - (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1]) / (c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1389 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d/\text{Sqrt}[a] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1390 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(LtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])]$

rule 1513 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(d*q - e)/q \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/q \ \text{Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}} - \frac{e\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}\sqrt{c}}$
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}} - \frac{e\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}\sqrt{c}}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{d/(1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}})^{(1/2)*(1-1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}}*x^2)^{(1/2)*(1+1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}}*x^2)^{(1/2)}}/(-c*x^4+a)^{(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}})^{(1/2)},I)-e*a^{(1/2)/(1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}})^{(1/2)*(1-1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}}*x^2)^{(1/2)*(1+1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}}*x^2)^{(1/2)}}/(-c*x^4+a)^{(1/2)/c^{(1/2)}*(EllipticF(x*(1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}})^{(1/2)},I)-EllipticE(x*(1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}})^{(1/2)},I))}{acx}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{-ce}x\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (cd + ae)\sqrt{-cx}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{-cx^4 + aae}}{acx}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-(a*\sqrt{-c}*e*x*(a/c)^{(3/4)}*elliptic_e(\arcsin((a/c)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) - (c*d + a*e)*\sqrt{-c}*x*(a/c)^{(3/4)}*elliptic_f(\arcsin((a/c)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) + \sqrt{-c*x^4 + a}*a*e)/(a*c*x)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \frac{dx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} x^2}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a - c*x**4),x)*d + int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)*e`

3.218 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1841
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1842
Rubi [A] (verified)	1842
Maple [A] (verified)	1845
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1846
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1846
Maxima [F]	1847
Giac [F]	1847
Mupad [F(-1)]	1847
Reduce [F]	1848

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ac^3}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{2a^{3/4}c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(e*x^2+d)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/2*e*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(1/4)/c^(3/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(3/4)/c^(3/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3dx + 3dx\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + 2ex^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)}{6a\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(3*d*x + 3*d*x*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a] + 2*e*x^3*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, (c*x^4)/a])/(6*a*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\ & \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4}} - \frac{\int -\frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{2a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{2a} + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1513} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 765 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 762 \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1390 \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1389 \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+1}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 327 \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output
$$\frac{(x*(d + e*x^2))/(2*a*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) + (-((a^{(3/4)}*e*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}], -1])/(c^{(3/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4])) + (a^{(1/4)}*(d + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)/\text{Sqrt}[c])* \text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}], -1])/(c^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]))/(2*a)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25
$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 327
$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 762
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 765
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 1389
$$\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d/\text{Sqrt}[a] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 1390
$$\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$$

rule 1493

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x
)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)
) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]
```

rule 1513

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[-c/a, 2]}, Simp[(d*q - e)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[e/q
Int[(1 + q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && Neg
Q[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{2c\left(\frac{ex^3}{4ac} + \frac{dx}{4ac}\right)}{\sqrt{-(x^4 - \frac{a}{c})c}} + \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2a\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} + \frac{e\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}\sqrt{c}}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x}{2a\sqrt{-(x^4 - \frac{a}{c})c}} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2a\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}\right) + e\left(\frac{x^3}{2a\sqrt{-(x^4 - \frac{a}{c})c}} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}\sqrt{c}}\right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*c*(1/4/a*e/c*x^3+1/4*d/a/c*x)/(-x^4-1/c*a)*c^(1/2)+1/2*d/a/(1/a^(1/2)*
c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(
1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2), I)+1/2/a^(1/2)
*e/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*
c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)
))^(1/2), I)-EllipticE(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2), I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(cex^4 - ae)\sqrt{a}\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{3/4} E(\arcsin\left(x\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{1/4}\right) \mid -1) - ((cd + ce)x^4 - ad - ae)\sqrt{a}\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{3/4} F(\arcsin\left(x\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{1/4}\right) \mid -1)}{2(ac^2x^4 - a^2c)}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*((c*e*x^4 - a*e)*sqrt(a)*(c/a)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*(c/a)^(1/4)), -1) - ((c*d + c*e)*x^4 - a*d - a*e)*sqrt(a)*(c/a)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*(c/a)^(1/4)), -1) + (c*e*x^3 + c*d*x)*sqrt(-c*x^4 + a))/(a*c^2*x^4 - a^2*c)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{dx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4a^{3/2}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4a^{3/2}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*a**3/2*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*a**3/2*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} x^2}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d + int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*e`

3.219 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1849
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1850
Rubi [A] (verified)	1850
Maple [A] (verified)	1854
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1854
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1855
Maxima [F]	1855
Giac [F]	1856
Mupad [F(-1)]	1856
Reduce [F]	1856

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{12a^2\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$- \frac{e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{4a^{5/4}c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(5\sqrt{cd}+3\sqrt{ae})\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{12a^{7/4}c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/6*x*(e*x^2+d)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)+1/12*x*(3*e*x^2+5*d)/a^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/4*e*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(5/4)/c^(3/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/12*(5*c^(1/2)*d+3*a^(1/2)*e)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(7/4)/c^(3/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{dx(7a - 5cx^4) + 5dx(a - cx^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + 4ex^3(a - cx^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}}{12a^2 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(d*x*(7*a - 5*c*x^4) + 5*d*x*(a - c*x^4)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a] + 4*e*x^3*(a - c*x^4)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, (c*x^4)/a])/(12*a^2*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.550$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1493, 25, 1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\ & \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{6a(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3ex^2 + 5d}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx}{6a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{3ex^2 + 5d}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx}{6a} + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{6a(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{\int \frac{5d-3ex^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d-3ex^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{2a} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1513 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+5d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - \frac{3\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+5d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - \frac{3e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 765 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+5d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx - \frac{3e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 762 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+5d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right), -1\right) - \frac{3e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1390 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+5d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right), -1\right) - \frac{3e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{6a}{x(d+ex^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1389
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+5d\right)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),-1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\int\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \\
& \frac{6a}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+5d\right)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),-1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{3a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \\
& \frac{6a}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x^2))/(6*a*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)) + ((x*(5*d + 3*e*x^2))/(2*a*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + ((-3*a^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(3/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + (a^(1/4)*(5*d + (3*Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]))/(2*a))/(6*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1389 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d/\text{Sqrt}[a] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1390 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(LtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])]$

rule 1493 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^{(p + 1)}/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(4*a*(p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[\text{Simp}[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1513 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(d*q - e)/q \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/q \ \text{Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\left(\frac{e x^3}{6 a c^2} + \frac{d x}{6 a c^2}\right) \sqrt{-c x^4+a}}{\left(x^4-\frac{a}{c}\right)^2} + \frac{2 c\left(\frac{e x^3}{8 a^2 c} + \frac{5 d x}{24 a^2 c}\right)}{\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{a}{c}\right) c}} + \frac{5 d \sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{12 a^2 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}} \sqrt{-c x^4+a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}}, i\right) + \frac{e \sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{4 a^2 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}} \sqrt{-c x^4+a}}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x \sqrt{-c x^4+a}}{6 a c^2\left(x^4-\frac{a}{c}\right)^2} + \frac{5 x}{12 a^2 \sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{a}{c}\right) c}} + \frac{5 \sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{12 a^2 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}} \sqrt{-c x^4+a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}}, i\right)\right) + e\left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{-c x^4+a}}{6 a c^2\left(x^4-\frac{a}{c}\right)^2} + \frac{1}{4 a^2 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{a}} \sqrt{-c x^4+a}}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{e}{a} \frac{c^2 x^3 + 1}{6} \frac{d}{a} \frac{c^2 x}{c^2} (-c x^4 + a)^{1/2} / (x^4 - 1/c a)^{2+2} c^* \left(\frac{1}{8} \frac{e}{a} \frac{c^2 x^3 + 5}{24} \frac{d}{a^2} \frac{c^2 x}{c^2} / (-c x^4 + a)^{1/2} + 5/12 \frac{d}{a^2} / (1/a^{1/2})^* c^{(1/2)}\right)^{1/2} \right. \\ & \left. \frac{1}{2} * (1 - 1/a^{1/2})^* c^{(1/2)} x^2)^{1/2} * (1 + 1/a^{1/2})^* c^{(1/2)} x^2)^{1/2} / (-c x^4 + a)^{1/2} * \operatorname{EllipticF}(x * (1/a^{1/2})^* c^{(1/2)})^{1/2}, I) + 1/4 / a^{(3/2)} * e / \right. \\ & \left. (1/a^{1/2})^* c^{(1/2)}\right)^{1/2} * (1 - 1/a^{1/2})^* c^{(1/2)} x^2)^{1/2} * (1 + 1/a^{1/2})^* c^{(1/2)} x^2)^{1/2} / (-c x^4 + a)^{1/2} / c^{(1/2)} * (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x * (1/a^{1/2})^* c^{(1/2)})^{1/2}, I) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x * (1/a^{1/2})^* c^{(1/2)})^{1/2}, I) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{(a - c x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(c^2 e x^8 - 2 a c e x^4 + a^2 e) \sqrt{a} \left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{3/4} E\left(\arcsin\left(x \left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{1/4}\right) \mid -1\right) - ((5 c^2 d + 3 c^2 e) x^8 - 2(5 a c d + 3 a c e) x^4 + 5 a^2 d)}{12(a^2 c^3 x^8 - 2 a^3 c x^4 + a^4)}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/12*(3*(c^2*e*x^8 - 2*a*c*e*x^4 + a^2*e)*sqrt(a)*(c/a)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(
arcsin(x*(c/a)^(1/4)), -1) - ((5*c^2*d + 3*c^2*e)*x^8 - 2*(5*a*c*d + 3*a*c
*e)*x^4 + 5*a^2*d + 3*a^2*e)*sqrt(a)*(c/a)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*(c/a)
^(1/4)), -1) + (3*c^2*e*x^7 + 5*c^2*d*x^5 - 5*a*c*e*x^3 - 7*a*c*d*x)*sqrt(
-c*x^4 + a))/(a^2*c^3*x^8 - 2*a^3*c^2*x^4 + a^4*c)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{dx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4a^{5/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4a^{5/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-c*x**4+a)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*a*
*(5/2)*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/2), (7/4,), c*x**4*ex
p_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*a**(5/2)*gamma(7/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-cx^4 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2), x)
```


Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-cx^4 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-c^3x^{12} + 3ac^2x^8 - 3a^2cx^4 + a^3} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}x^2}{-c^3x^{12} + 3ac^2x^8 - 3a^2cx^4 + a^3} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**3 - 3*a**2*c*x**4 + 3*a*c**2*x**8 - c**3*x**12),x)*d + int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a**3 - 3*a**2*c*x**4 + 3*a*c**2*x**8 - c**3*x**12),x)*e`

3.220 $\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1857
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1858
Rubi [A] (verified)	1858
Maple [C] (verified)	1861
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1862
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1863
Maxima [F]	1864
Giac [F]	1864
Mupad [F(-1)]	1864
Reduce [F]	1865

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{108x(195d + 77ex^2) \sqrt{9 - x^4}}{1001} + \frac{10x(117d + 77ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{3/2}}{1001} + \frac{1}{143}x(13d + 11ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{5/2} + \frac{1944}{13}\sqrt{3}eE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| -1\right) + \frac{1944\sqrt{3}(65d - 77e) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right), -1\right)}{1001}$$

output

```
108/1001*x*(77*e*x^2+195*d)*(-x^4+9)^(1/2)+10/1001*x*(77*e*x^2+117*d)*(-x^4+9)^(3/2)+1/143*x*(11*e*x^2+13*d)*(-x^4+9)^(5/2)+1944/13*3^(1/2)*e*EllipticE(1/3*x*3^(1/2),I)+1944/1001*3^(1/2)*(65*d-77*e)*EllipticF(1/3*x*3^(1/2),I)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 8.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{5/2} dx = 243dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9} \right) + 81ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*(9 - x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `243*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 1/4, 5/4, x^4/9] + 81*e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 3/4, 7/4, x^4/9]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.579$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1495, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (9 - x^4)^{5/2} (d + ex^2) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\ & \frac{5}{143} \int 18(11ex^2 + 13d) (9 - x^4)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{143} x(9 - x^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{90}{143} \int (11ex^2 + 13d) (9 - x^4)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{143} x(9 - x^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{1}{21} \int 18(77ex^2 + 117d) \sqrt{9-x^4} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(9-x^4)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143} x(9-x^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{6}{7} \int (77ex^2 + 117d) \sqrt{9-x^4} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(9-x^4)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143} x(9-x^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1491 \\
& \frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{1}{15} \int \frac{54(77ex^2 + 195d)}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{9-x^4} (195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(9-x^4)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143} x(9-x^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \int \frac{77ex^2 + 195d}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{9-x^4} (195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(9-x^4)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143} x(9-x^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1495 \\
& \frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \int \frac{77ex^2 + 195d}{\sqrt{3-x^2}\sqrt{x^2+3}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{9-x^4} (195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(9-x^4)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143} x(9-x^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 399 \\
& \frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(3(65d - 77e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-x^2}\sqrt{x^2+3}} dx + 77e \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+3}}{\sqrt{3-x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{9-x^4} (195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(9-x^4)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143} x(9-x^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 284 \\
& \frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(3(65d - 77e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx + 77e \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+3}}{\sqrt{3-x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{9-x^4} (195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(9-x^4)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143} x(9-x^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2)
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(3(65d - 77e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx + 77\sqrt{3}eE \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \middle| -1 \right) \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{9-x^4}(195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{143}x(9-x^4)^{5/2}(13d + 11ex^2) \right)$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(\sqrt{3}(65d - 77e) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right), -1 \right) + 77\sqrt{3}eE \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \middle| -1 \right) \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{9-x^4}(195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{143}x(9-x^4)^{5/2}(13d + 11ex^2) \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*(9 - x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*(13*d + 11*e*x^2)*(9 - x^4)^(5/2))/143 + (90*((x*(117*d + 77*e*x^2)*(9 - x^4)^(3/2))/63 + (6*((x*(195*d + 77*e*x^2)*Sqrt[9 - x^4])/5 + (18*(77*Sqrt[3]*e*EllipticE[ArcSin[x/Sqrt[3]], -1] + Sqrt[3]*(65*d - 77*e)*EllipticF[ArcSin[x/Sqrt[3]], -1]))/5))/7))/143`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 399 Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))))
```

```
rule 762 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1491 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 1495 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[-c] Int[(d + e*x^2)/(Sqrt[q + c*x^2]*Sqrt[q - c*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

method	result
meijerg	$81e x^3 \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9}\right]\right) + 243dx \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9}\right]\right)$
risch	$-\frac{x(77ex^{10}+91dx^8-2156ex^6-2808dx^4+21483ex^2+38961d)(x^4-9)}{1001\sqrt{-x^4+9}} + \frac{3240d\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{77\sqrt{-x^4+9}} - 6$
default	$d\left(\frac{x^9\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{11} - \frac{216x^5\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{77} + \frac{2997x\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{77} + \frac{3240\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{77\sqrt{-x^4+9}}\right) + e\left(\frac{x^{11}\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{13} + 6$
elliptic	$\frac{ex^{11}\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{13} + \frac{dx^9\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{11} - \frac{28ex^7\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{13} - \frac{216dx^5\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{77} + \frac{279ex^3\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{13} + \frac{2997dx\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{77} + \frac{3240d\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{77\sqrt{-x^4+9}} - 6$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(-x^4+9)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `81*e*x^3*hypergeom([-5/2,3/4],[7/4],1/9*x^4)+243*d*x*hypergeom([-5/2,1/4],[5/4],1/9*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{-449064i \sqrt{3} ex E(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{x}) | -1) + 1944i \sqrt{3} (65d + 231e) x F(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{x}) | -1) + (77e - 1001d)x^2}{1001x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-x^4+9)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/1001*(-449064*I*sqrt(3)*e*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(3)/x), -1) + 1944*I*sqrt(3)*(65*d + 231*e)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(3)/x), -1) + (77*e*x^12 + 91*d*x^10 - 2156*e*x^8 - 2808*d*x^6 + 21483*e*x^4 + 38961*d*x^2 - 149688*e)*sqrt(-x^4 + 9))/x`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs. $2(114) = 228$.

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int (d + ex^2)(9 - x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{3dx^9\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \\ \frac{13}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{4}\right)} \\ - \frac{27dx^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} + \frac{243dx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} \\ + \frac{3ex^{11}\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4} \\ \frac{15}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{15}{4}\right)} - \frac{27ex^7\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} \\ + \frac{243ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(-x**4+9)**(5/2),x)`

output `3*d*x**9*gamma(9/4)*hyper((-1/2, 9/4), (13/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(13/4)) - 27*d*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/(2*gamma(9/4)) + 243*d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + 3*e*x**11*gamma(11/4)*hyper((-1/2, 11/4), (15/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(15/4)) - 27*e*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/(2*gamma(11/4)) + 243*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (-x^4 + 9)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-x^4+9)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-x^4 + 9)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (-x^4 + 9)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-x^4+9)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-x^4 + 9)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (9 - x^4)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((9 - x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((9 - x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} dx^9}{11} - \frac{216\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} dx^5}{77}$$

$$+ \frac{2997\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} dx}{77} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} ex^{11}}{13} - \frac{28\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} ex^7}{13}$$

$$+ \frac{279\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} ex^3}{13} - \frac{29160 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}}{x^4 - 9} dx \right) d}{77} - \frac{1944 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} x^2}{x^4 - 9} dx \right) e}{13}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(-x^4+9)^(5/2),x)`

output `(91*sqrt(-x**4+9)*d*x**9 - 2808*sqrt(-x**4+9)*d*x**5 + 38961*sqrt(-x**4+9)*d*x + 77*sqrt(-x**4+9)*e*x**11 - 2156*sqrt(-x**4+9)*e*x**7 + 21483*sqrt(-x**4+9)*e*x**3 - 379080*int(sqrt(-x**4+9)/(x**4-9),x)*d - 149688*int((sqrt(-x**4+9)*x**2)/(x**4-9),x)*e)/1001`

3.221 $\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1866
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1866
Rubi [A] (verified)	1867
Maple [C] (verified)	1870
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1870
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1871
Maxima [F]	1871
Giac [F]	1872
Mupad [F(-1)]	1872
Reduce [F]	1872

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{6}{35}x(15d + 7ex^2) \sqrt{9 - x^4} + \frac{1}{63}x(9d + 7ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{3/2} + \frac{108}{5}\sqrt{3}eE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| -1\right) + \frac{108}{35}\sqrt{3}(5d - 7e) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right), -1\right)$$

output

```
6/35*x*(7*e*x^2+15*d)*(-x^4+9)^(1/2)+1/63*x*(7*e*x^2+9*d)*(-x^4+9)^(3/2)+108/5*3^(1/2)*e*EllipticE(1/3*x*3^(1/2),I)+108/35*3^(1/2)*(5*d-7*e)*EllipticF(1/3*x*3^(1/2),I)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{3/2} dx = 27dx \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9}\right) + 9ex^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*(9 - x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `27*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, x^4/9] + 9*e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, x^4/9]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1495, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (9 - x^4)^{3/2} (d + ex^2) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\
 & \frac{1}{21} \int 18(7ex^2 + 9d) \sqrt{9 - x^4} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(9 - x^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{6}{7} \int (7ex^2 + 9d) \sqrt{9 - x^4} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(9 - x^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\
 & \frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{1}{15} \int \frac{54(7ex^2 + 15d)}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{9 - x^4} (15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(9 - x^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \int \frac{7ex^2 + 15d}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{9 - x^4} (15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(9 - x^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1495 \\
 & \frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \int \frac{7ex^2 + 15d}{\sqrt{3 - x^2} \sqrt{x^2 + 3}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{9 - x^4} (15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(9 - x^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 399
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(3(5d - 7e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-x^2}\sqrt{x^2+3}} dx + 7e \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+3}}{\sqrt{3-x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{9-x^4} (15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x (9-x^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2)$$

↓ 284

$$\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(3(5d - 7e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx + 7e \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+3}}{\sqrt{3-x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{9-x^4} (15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x (9-x^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2)$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(3(5d - 7e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx + 7\sqrt{3}eE \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \middle| -1 \right) \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{9-x^4} (15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x (9-x^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2)$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(\sqrt{3}(5d - 7e) \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right), -1 \right) + 7\sqrt{3}eE \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \middle| -1 \right) \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{9-x^4} (15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x (9-x^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*(9 - x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(9*d + 7*e*x^2)*(9 - x^4)^(3/2))/63 + (6*((x*(15*d + 7*e*x^2)*Sqrt[9 - x^4])/5 + (18*(7*Sqrt[3]*e*EllipticE[ArcSin[x/Sqrt[3]], -1] + Sqrt[3]*(5*d - 7*e)*EllipticF[ArcSin[x/Sqrt[3]], -1]))/5))/7`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 284 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]))$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$
- rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 1491 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) \text{ Int}[\text{Simp}[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$
- rule 1495 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[(-a)*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[-c] \text{ Int}[(d + e*x^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[q + c*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[q - c*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[c, 0]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

method	result
meijerg	$9e x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], \frac{x^4}{9}\right) + 27dx \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], \frac{x^4}{9}\right)$
risch	$\frac{x(35ex^6+45dx^4-693ex^2-1215d)(x^4-9)}{315\sqrt{-x^4+9}} + \frac{36d\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{7\sqrt{-x^4+9}} - \frac{36e\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{5\sqrt{-x^4+9}}$
default	$d\left(-\frac{x^5\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{7} + \frac{27x\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{7} + \frac{36\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{7\sqrt{-x^4+9}}\right) + e\left(-\frac{x^7\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{9} + \frac{11x^3\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{5}\right)$
elliptic	$-\frac{ex^7\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{9} - \frac{dx^5\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{7} + \frac{11ex^3\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{5} + \frac{27dx\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{7} + \frac{36d\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{7\sqrt{-x^4+9}} - \frac{36e\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{5\sqrt{-x^4+9}}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(-x^4+9)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `9*e*x^3*hypergeom([-3/2,3/4],[7/4],1/9*x^4)+27*d*x*hypergeom([-3/2,1/4],[5/4],1/9*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{-20412i\sqrt{3}exE(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{x}\right) | -1) + 972i\sqrt{3}(5d + 21e)xF(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{x}\right) | -1) - (35ex^8 + 45dx^6 - 693ex^4 - 1215d^2x^2 + 6804e)\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}}{315x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-x^4+9)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/315*(-20412*I*sqrt(3)*e*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(3)/x), -1) + 972*I*sqrt(3)*(5*d + 21*e)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(3)/x), -1) - (35*e*x^8 + 45*d*x^6 - 693*e*x^4 - 1215*d*x^2 + 6804*e)*sqrt(-x^4 + 9))/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{3dx^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} \\ + \frac{27dx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{3ex^7\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} \\ + \frac{27ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(-x**4+9)**(3/2),x)`output `-3*d*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/
(4*gamma(9/4)) + 27*d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/
(4*gamma(5/4)) - 3*e*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/
(4*gamma(11/4)) + 27*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/
(4*gamma(7/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-x^4 + 9)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-x^4+9)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((-x^4 + 9)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-x^4 + 9)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-x^4+9)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-x^4 + 9)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (9 - x^4)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((9 - x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((9 - x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex^2) (9 - x^4)^{3/2} dx = & -\frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} dx^5}{7} + \frac{27\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} dx}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} ex^7}{9} \\ & + \frac{11\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} ex^3}{5} - \frac{324\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}}{x^4 - 9} dx\right) d}{7} - \frac{108\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} x^2}{x^4 - 9} dx\right) e}{5} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(-x^4+9)^(3/2),x)`

output `(- 45*sqrt(- x**4 + 9)*d*x**5 + 1215*sqrt(- x**4 + 9)*d*x - 35*sqrt(- x**4 + 9)*e*x**7 + 693*sqrt(- x**4 + 9)*e*x**3 - 14580*int(sqrt(- x**4 + 9)/(x**4 - 9),x)*d - 6804*int((sqrt(- x**4 + 9)*x**2)/(x**4 - 9),x)*e)/315`

3.222 $\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 - x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1873
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1873
Rubi [A] (verified)	1874
Maple [C] (verified)	1876
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1877
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1877
Maxima [F]	1878
Giac [F]	1878
Mupad [F(-1)]	1878
Reduce [F]	1879

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 - x^4} dx = \frac{1}{15}x(5d + 3ex^2) \sqrt{9 - x^4} + \frac{18}{5}\sqrt{3}eE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| -1\right) + \frac{2}{5}\sqrt{3}(5d - 9e)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right), -1\right)$$

output

```
1/15*x*(3*e*x^2+5*d)*(-x^4+9)^(1/2)+18/5*3^(1/2)*e*EllipticE(1/3*x*3^(1/2),I)+2/5*3^(1/2)*(5*d-9*e)*EllipticF(1/3*x*3^(1/2),I)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 - x^4} dx = 3dx \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9}\right) + ex^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[9 - x^4], x]
```

output

```
3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, x^4/9] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, x^4/9]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1495, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{9-x^4}(d+ex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1491$$

$$\frac{1}{15} \int \frac{18(3ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{9-x^4} (5d+3ex^2)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{6}{5} \int \frac{3ex^2+5d}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{9-x^4} (5d+3ex^2)$$

$$\downarrow 1495$$

$$\frac{6}{5} \int \frac{3ex^2+5d}{\sqrt{3-x^2}\sqrt{x^2+3}} dx + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{9-x^4} (5d+3ex^2)$$

$$\downarrow 399$$

$$\frac{6}{5} \left((5d-9e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-x^2}\sqrt{x^2+3}} dx + 3e \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+3}}{\sqrt{3-x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{9-x^4} (5d+3ex^2)$$

$$\downarrow 284$$

$$\frac{6}{5} \left((5d-9e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx + 3e \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+3}}{\sqrt{3-x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{9-x^4} (5d+3ex^2)$$

$$\downarrow 327$$

$$\frac{6}{5} \left((5d-9e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx + 3\sqrt{3}eE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\middle| -1\right) \right) + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{9-x^4} (5d+3ex^2)$$

$$\frac{6}{5} \left(\frac{(5d - 9e) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + 3\sqrt{3}eE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| -1\right) \right) + \frac{1}{15}x\sqrt{9-x^4}(5d+3ex^2)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[9 - x^4],x]`

output `(x*(5*d + 3*e*x^2)*Sqrt[9 - x^4])/15 + (6*(3*Sqrt[3]*e*EllipticE[ArcSin[x/Sqrt[3]], -1] + ((5*d - 9*e)*EllipticF[ArcSin[x/Sqrt[3]], -1])/Sqrt[3]))/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1491 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1495 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[-c] Int[(d + e*x^2)/(Sqrt[q + c*x^2]*Sqrt[q - c*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result
meijerg	$e x^3 \text{hypergeom} \left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \right], \left[\frac{7}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9} \right] \right) + 3dx \text{hypergeom} \left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \right], \left[\frac{5}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9} \right] \right)$
risch	$-\frac{x(3ex^2+5d)(x^4-9)}{15\sqrt{-x^4+9}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{3\sqrt{-x^4+9}} - \frac{6e\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right) - \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-x^4+9}}$
elliptic	$\frac{ex^3\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{5} + \frac{dx\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{3} + \frac{2d\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{3\sqrt{-x^4+9}} - \frac{6e\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right) - \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-x^4+9}}$
default	$d \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{3\sqrt{-x^4+9}} \right) + e \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-x^4+9}}{5} - \frac{6\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right) - \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-x^4+9}} \right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(-x^4+9)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `e*x^3*hypergeom([-1/2,3/4],[7/4],1/9*x^4)+3*d*x*hypergeom([-1/2,1/4],[5/4],1/9*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 - x^4} dx = \frac{-162i \sqrt{3} ex E(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{x}) | -1) + 6i \sqrt{3} (5d + 27e) x F(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{x}) | -1) + (3ex^4 + 5dx^2 - 54e) \sqrt{9 - x^4}}{15x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-x^4+9)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/15*(-162*I*sqrt(3)*e*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(3)/x), -1) + 6*I*sqrt(3)*(5*d + 27*e)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(3)/x), -1) + (3*e*x^4 + 5*d*x^2 - 54*e)*sqrt(-x^4 + 9))/x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 - x^4} dx = \frac{3dx \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})} + \frac{3ex^3 \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(-x**4+9)**(1/2),x)`output `3*d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + 3*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 - x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-x^4 + 9}(ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-x^4+9)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-x^4 + 9)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 - x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-x^4 + 9}(ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(-x^4+9)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-x^4 + 9)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 - x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{9 - x^4} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((9 - x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((9 - x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 - x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} dx}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} e x^3}{5} - 6 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}}{x^4 - 9} dx \right) d - \frac{18 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} x^2}{x^4 - 9} dx \right) e}{5}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(-x^4+9)^(1/2),x)`

output `(5*sqrt(-x**4+9)*d*x + 3*sqrt(-x**4+9)*e*x**3 - 90*int(sqrt(-x**4+9)/(x**4-9),x)*d - 54*int((sqrt(-x**4+9)*x**2)/(x**4-9),x)*e)/15`

3.223 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1880
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1880
Rubi [A] (verified)	1881
Maple [C] (verified)	1883
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1883
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1884
Maxima [F]	1884
Giac [F]	1884
Mupad [F(-1)]	1885
Reduce [F]	1885

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx = \sqrt{3}eE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\middle| -1\right) + \frac{(d-3e)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{3}}$$

output `3^(1/2)*e*EllipticE(1/3*x*3^(1/2),I)+1/3*(d-3*e)*EllipticF(1/3*x*3^(1/2),I)*3^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx = \frac{1}{3}dx \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9}\right) + \frac{1}{9}ex^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[9 - x^4],x]`

output

```
(d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, x^4/9])/3 + (e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1
[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, x^4/9])/9
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {1495, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1495} \\
 & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{3 - x^2}\sqrt{x^2 + 3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{399} \\
 & (d - 3e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - x^2}\sqrt{x^2 + 3}} dx + e \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 3}}{\sqrt{3 - x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{284} \\
 & (d - 3e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx + e \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 3}}{\sqrt{3 - x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & (d - 3e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx + \sqrt{3}eE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| -1\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{(d - 3e) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{3}eE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| -1\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[9 - x^4], x]
```

output $\text{Sqrt}[3]*e*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[x/\text{Sqrt}[3]], -1] + ((d - 3*e)*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[x/\text{Sqrt}[3]], -1])/\text{Sqrt}[3]$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 284 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2]]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 1495 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[(-a)*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[-c] \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[q + c*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[q - c*x^2]), x], x]] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{e x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], \frac{x^4}{9}\right)}{9} + \frac{d x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], \frac{x^4}{9}\right)}{3}$	34
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{9\sqrt{-x^4+9}} - \frac{e\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-x^4+9}}$	98
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{9\sqrt{-x^4+9}} - \frac{e\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-x^4+9}}$	98

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/9*e*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],1/9*x^4)+1/3*d*x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],1/9*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-9i\sqrt{3}exE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + i\sqrt{3}(d+9e)xF\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 3\sqrt{-x^4+9}e}{3x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(-9*I*sqrt(3)*e*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(3)/x), -1) + I*sqrt(3)*(d + 9*e)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(3)/x), -1) - 3*sqrt(-x^4 + 9)*e)/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx = \frac{dx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9}\right)}{12\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9}\right)}{12\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-x**4+9)**(1/2),x)`output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/(12*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/(12*gamma(7/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-x^4 + 9), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-x^4 + 9), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(9 - x^4)^(1/2),x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)/(9 - x^4)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}}{x^4 - 9} dx \right) d - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} x^2}{x^4 - 9} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(1/2),x)`output `- (int(sqrt(- x**4 + 9)/(x**4 - 9),x)*d + int((sqrt(- x**4 + 9)*x**2)/(x**4 - 9),x)*e)`

3.224 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9-x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1886
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1886
Rubi [A] (verified)	1887
Maple [C] (verified)	1889
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1890
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1890
Maxima [F]	1891
Giac [F]	1891
Mupad [F(-1)]	1891
Reduce [F]	1892

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9-x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9-x^4}} - \frac{eE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{6\sqrt{3}} + \frac{(d+3e)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right), -1\right)}{18\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
1/18*x*(e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(1/2)-1/18*3^(1/2)*e*EllipticE(1/3*x*3^(1/2),I)+
1/54*(d+3*e)*EllipticF(1/3*x*3^(1/2),I)*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9-x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{162}x\left(\frac{9d}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} + 3d\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9}\right) + 2ex^2\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9}\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(9 - x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*((9*d)/Sqrt[9 - x^4] + 3*d*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, x^4/9] + 2*e*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, x^4/9]))/162`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1495, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 - x^4)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\
 & \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9 - x^4}} - \frac{1}{18} \int -\frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{18} \int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9 - x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1495} \\
 & \frac{1}{18} \int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{3 - x^2}\sqrt{x^2 + 3}} dx + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9 - x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{399} \\
 & \frac{1}{18} \left((d + 3e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - x^2}\sqrt{x^2 + 3}} dx - e \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 3}}{\sqrt{3 - x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9 - x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{284} \\
 & \frac{1}{18} \left((d + 3e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx - e \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 3}}{\sqrt{3 - x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9 - x^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{18} \left((d + 3e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx - \sqrt{3} e E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \middle| -1 \right) \right) + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9 - x^4}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{1}{18} \left(\frac{(d + 3e) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right), -1 \right)}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{3} e E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \middle| -1 \right) \right) + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9 - x^4}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(9 - x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x^2))/(18*sqrt[9 - x^4]) + (-(sqrt[3]*e*EllipticE[ArcSin[x/sqrt[3]], -1]) + ((d + 3*e)*EllipticF[ArcSin[x/sqrt[3]], -1])/sqrt[3])/18`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(sqrt[a]/(sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(sqrt[a + b*x^2]*sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && (!(PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1493 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1495 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[-c] Int[(d + e*x^2)/(Sqrt[q + c*x^2]*Sqrt[q - c*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{e x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], \frac{x^4}{9}\right)}{81} + \frac{d x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], \frac{x^4}{9}\right)}{27}$
risch	$\frac{x(e x^2+d)}{18\sqrt{-x^4+9}} + \frac{e\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)\right)}{54\sqrt{-x^4+9}} + \frac{d\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{162\sqrt{-x^4+9}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\frac{1}{18}e x^3 + \frac{1}{18}d x}{\sqrt{-x^4+9}} + \frac{e\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)\right)}{54\sqrt{-x^4+9}} + \frac{d\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{162\sqrt{-x^4+9}}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x}{18\sqrt{-x^4+9}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{162\sqrt{-x^4+9}}\right) + e\left(\frac{x^3}{18\sqrt{-x^4+9}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2+9}\sqrt{3x^2+9}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)\right)}{54\sqrt{-x^4+9}}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/81*e*x^3*hypergeom([3/4, 3/2], [7/4], 1/9*x^4)+1/27*d*x*hypergeom([1/4, 3/2], [5/4], 1/9*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 - x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3}(ex^4 - 9e)E(\arcsin(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}x) | -1) - \sqrt{3}((d + e)x^4 - 9d - 9e)F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}x) | -1) + 3(ex^3 + dx^2)}{54(x^4 - 9)}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/54*(sqrt(3)*(e*x^4 - 9*e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/3*sqrt(3)*x), -1) - sqrt(3)*((d + e)*x^4 - 9*d - 9*e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/3*sqrt(3)*x), -1) + 3*(e*x^3 + d*x)*sqrt(-x^4 + 9))/(x^4 - 9)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 - x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{dx\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9}\right)}{108\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9}\right)}{108\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-x**4+9)**(3/2),x)`

output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/(108*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/(108*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 - x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-x^4 + 9)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-x^4 + 9)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 - x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-x^4 + 9)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-x^4 + 9)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 - x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(9 - x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(9 - x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(9 - x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 - x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}}{x^8 - 18x^4 + 81} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} x^2}{x^8 - 18x^4 + 81} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(-x**4+9)/(x**8-18*x**4+81),x)*d + int((sqrt(-x**4+9)*x**2)/(x**8-18*x**4+81),x)*e`

3.225 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9-x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1893
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1893
Rubi [A] (verified)	1894
Maple [C] (verified)	1897
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1897
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1898
Maxima [F]	1898
Giac [F]	1898
Mupad [F(-1)]	1899
Reduce [F]	1899

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9-x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{54(9-x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{972\sqrt{9-x^4}} - \frac{eE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{108\sqrt{3}} + \frac{(5d+9e)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right), -1\right)}{972\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
1/54*x*(e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(3/2)+1/972*x*(3*e*x^2+5*d)/(-x^4+9)^(1/2)-1/324
*3^(1/2)*e*EllipticE(1/3*x*3^(1/2),I)+1/2916*(5*d+9*e)*EllipticF(1/3*x*3^(
1/2),I)*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9-x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x\left(\frac{3d(63-5x^4)}{(9-x^4)^{3/2}} + 5d \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9}\right) + 4ex^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{x^4}{9}\right)\right)}{2916}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(9 - x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*((3*d*(63 - 5*x^4))/(9 - x^4)^(3/2) + 5*d*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, x^4/9] + 4*e*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, x^4/9]))/2916`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1493, 25, 1495, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 - x^4)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1493 \\
 & \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{54(9 - x^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{54} \int -\frac{3ex^2 + 5d}{(9 - x^4)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{1}{54} \int \frac{3ex^2 + 5d}{(9 - x^4)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{54(9 - x^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1493 \\
 & \frac{1}{54} \left(\frac{x(5d + 3ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9 - x^4}} - \frac{1}{18} \int -\frac{5d - 3ex^2}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx \right) + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{54(9 - x^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{1}{54} \left(\frac{1}{18} \int \frac{5d - 3ex^2}{\sqrt{9 - x^4}} dx + \frac{x(5d + 3ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9 - x^4}} \right) + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{54(9 - x^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1495 \\
 & \frac{1}{54} \left(\frac{1}{18} \int \frac{5d - 3ex^2}{\sqrt{3 - x^2}\sqrt{x^2 + 3}} dx + \frac{x(5d + 3ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9 - x^4}} \right) + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{54(9 - x^4)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 399 \\
& \frac{1}{54} \left(\frac{1}{18} \left((5d+9e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-x^2}\sqrt{x^2+3}} dx - 3e \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+3}}{\sqrt{3-x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9-x^4}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{54(9-x^4)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 284 \\
& \frac{1}{54} \left(\frac{1}{18} \left((5d+9e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx - 3e \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+3}}{\sqrt{3-x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9-x^4}} \right) + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{54(9-x^4)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 327 \\
& \frac{1}{54} \left(\frac{1}{18} \left((5d+9e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x^4}} dx - 3\sqrt{3}eE \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \middle| -1 \right) \right) + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9-x^4}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{54(9-x^4)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 762 \\
& \frac{1}{54} \left(\frac{1}{18} \left(\frac{(5d+9e) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right), -1 \right)}{\sqrt{3}} - 3\sqrt{3}eE \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \middle| -1 \right) \right) + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9-x^4}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{54(9-x^4)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(9 - x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x^2))/(54*(9 - x^4)^(3/2)) + ((x*(5*d + 3*e*x^2))/(18*sqrt[9 - x^4]) + (-3*sqrt[3]*e*EllipticE[ArcSin[x/Sqrt[3]], -1] + ((5*d + 9*e)*EllipticF[ArcSin[x/Sqrt[3]], -1])/sqrt[3])/18)/54`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 284 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]))$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$
- rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 1493 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2]*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^{(p+1)}/(4*a*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(4*a*(p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Simp}[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$
- rule 1495 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[(-a)*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[-c] \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[q + c*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[q - c*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[c, 0]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{e x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], \frac{x^4}{9}\right)}{729} + \frac{d x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], \frac{x^4}{9}\right)}{243}$
risch	$\frac{x(3e x^6 + 5d x^4 - 45e x^2 - 63d)}{972(x^4 - 9)\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}} + \frac{5d\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2 + 9}\sqrt{3x^2 + 9} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{8748\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}} + \frac{e\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2 + 9}\sqrt{3x^2 + 9} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right) - E\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}\right)\right)}{972\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\left(\frac{1}{54}e x^3 + \frac{1}{54}d x\right)\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}}{(x^4 - 9)^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{324}e x^3 + \frac{5}{972}d x}{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}} + \frac{5d\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2 + 9}\sqrt{3x^2 + 9} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{8748\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}} + \frac{e\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2 + 9}\sqrt{3x^2 + 9} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right) - E\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}\right)\right)}{972\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}}$
default	$d \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}}{54(x^4 - 9)^2} + \frac{5x}{972\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}} + \frac{5\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2 + 9}\sqrt{3x^2 + 9} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right)}{8748\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}} \right) + e \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}}{54(x^4 - 9)^2} + \frac{x^3}{324\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-3x^2 + 9}\sqrt{3x^2 + 9} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}, i\right) - E\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{3}\right)\right)}{972\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}} \right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/729*e*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,5/2],[7/4],1/9*x^4)+1/243*d*x*hypergeom([1/4,5/2],[5/4],1/9*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 - x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{3}(ex^8 - 18ex^4 + 81e)E(\arcsin(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}x) | -1) - \sqrt{3}((5d + 3e)x^8 - 18(5d + 3e)x^4 + 405d + 243e)}{2916(x^8 - 18x^4 + 81)}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2916*(3*sqrt(3)*(e*x^8 - 18*e*x^4 + 81*e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/3*sqrt(3)*x), -1) - sqrt(3)*((5*d + 3*e)*x^8 - 18*(5*d + 3*e)*x^4 + 405*d + 243*e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/3*sqrt(3)*x), -1) + 3*(3*e*x^7 + 5*d*x^5 - 45*e*x^3 - 63*d*x)*sqrt(-x^4 + 9))/(x^8 - 18*x^4 + 81)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 - x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{dx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9}\right)}{972 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{9}\right)}{972 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-x**4+9)**(5/2),x)`output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/(972*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/2), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/9)/(972*gamma(7/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 - x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-x^4 + 9)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-x^4 + 9)^(5/2), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 - x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-x^4 + 9)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-x^4 + 9)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 - x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(9 - x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(9 - x^4)^(5/2),x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)/(9 - x^4)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 - x^4)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9}}{x^{12} - 27x^8 + 243x^4 - 729} dx\right) d - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^4 + 9} x^2}{x^{12} - 27x^8 + 243x^4 - 729} dx\right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-x^4+9)^(5/2),x)`output `- (int(sqrt(- x**4 + 9)/(x**12 - 27*x**8 + 243*x**4 - 729),x)*d + int((s
qrt(- x**4 + 9)*x**2)/(x**12 - 27*x**8 + 243*x**4 - 729),x)*e)`

3.226 $\int (1 + bx^2)(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1900
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1900
Rubi [A] (verified)	1901
Maple [C] (verified)	1906
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1906
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1907
Maxima [F]	1908
Giac [F]	1908
Mupad [F(-1)]	1908
Reduce [F]	1909

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int (1 + bx^2)(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{4x(195 + 77bx^2)\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}}{3003} + \frac{10x(117 + 77bx^2)(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}}{9009} + \frac{1}{143}x(13 + 11bx^2)(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} + \frac{8E\left(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1\right)}{39\sqrt{b}} + \frac{944 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1\right)}{3003\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
4/3003*x*(77*b*x^2+195)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+10/9009*x*(77*b*x^2+117)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)+1/143*x*(11*b*x^2+13)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2)+8/39*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)+944/3003*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 9.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int (1 + bx^2)(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right) + \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 1/4, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + (b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 3/4, 7/4, b^2*x^4])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.818$, Rules used = {1388, 318, 27, 403, 25, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (bx^2 + 1) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1388 \\
 & \int (1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{7/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 318 \\
 & -\frac{\int -2b(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2} (12bx^2 + 7) dx}{13b} - \frac{1}{13}x(bx^2 + 1)^{5/2} (1 - bx^2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2}{13} \int (1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2} (12bx^2 + 7) dx - \frac{1}{13}x(1 - bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 403 \\
 & \frac{2}{13} \left(-\frac{\int -b(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1} (161bx^2 + 89) dx}{11b} - \frac{12}{11}x(bx^2 + 1)^{3/2} (1 - bx^2)^{7/2} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{13}x(1 - bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{\int b(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} (161bx^2+89) dx}{11b} - \frac{12}{11} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{5/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \int (1-bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} (161bx^2+89) dx - \frac{12}{11} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{5/2}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{2b(1-bx^2)^{5/2} (642bx^2+481)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{9b} - \frac{161}{9} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{12}{11} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{5/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \int \frac{(1-bx^2)^{5/2} (642bx^2+481)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx - \frac{161}{9} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{12}{11} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{5/2}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{\int \frac{5b(1-bx^2)^{3/2} (739bx^2+545)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{7b} + \frac{642}{7} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{161}{9} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{12}{11} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{5/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \int \frac{(1-bx^2)^{3/2} (739bx^2+545)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{642}{7} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{161}{9} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{12}{11} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{5/2}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\int \frac{6b\sqrt{1-bx^2}(408bx^2+331)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{739}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{642}{7} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{5/2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(408bx^2+331)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{739}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{642}{7} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{5/2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(\int \frac{3b(77bx^2+195)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + 136x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{739}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{642}{7} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{5/2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(\int \frac{77bx^2+195}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + 136x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{739}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{642}{7} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{5/2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(118 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx + 136x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{739}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{642}{7} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{5/2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 284

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(118 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx + 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx + 136x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{739}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{642}{7} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2+1)^{5/2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(118 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx + \frac{77E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} + 136x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{739}{5}x\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \frac{1}{13}x(1-bx^2)^{7/2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(\frac{118 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{77E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} + 136x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{739}{5}x\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \frac{1}{13}x(1-bx^2)^{7/2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/13*(x*(1 - b*x^2)^(7/2)*(1 + b*x^2)^(5/2)) + (2*((-12*x*(1 - b*x^2)^(7/2)*(1 + b*x^2)^(3/2))/11 + ((-161*x*(1 - b*x^2)^(7/2)*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])/9 + (2*((642*x*(1 - b*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])/7 + (5*((739*x*(1 - b*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])/5 + (6*(136*x*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2] + (77*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b] + (118*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b]))/5))/7))/9)/11))/13`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + S`
`imp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b`
`*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) +`
`1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && G`
`tQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c,`
`d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[`
`(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)`
`)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)`
`^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +`
`Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr`
`eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&`
`(PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))`

rule 403 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(`
`x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p +`
`q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c`
`+ d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) +`
`f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,`
`d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])`
`)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`
`&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.),`
`x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,`
`c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer`
`Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right) + \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
risch	$-\frac{x(693x^{10}b^5+819b^4x^8-2156b^3x^6-2808b^2x^4+2387bx^2+4329)(b^2x^4-1)}{9009\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}} + \frac{40\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)}{77\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}} - \frac{8\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{77\sqrt{b}}$
elliptic	$\frac{b^5x^{11}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{13} + \frac{b^4x^9\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{11} - \frac{28b^3x^7\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{117} - \frac{24b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{77} + \frac{31bx^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{117} + \frac{37x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{77} + \frac{40\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)}{77\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}} + b\left(\frac{b^4x^{11}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{13} - \frac{24b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{77} + \frac{37x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{77} + \frac{40\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)}{77\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}\right) + b\left(\frac{b^4x^{11}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{13} - \frac{24b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{77} + \frac{37x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{77} + \frac{40\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)}{77\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}\right)$
default	$\frac{b^4x^9\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{11} - \frac{24b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{77} + \frac{37x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{77} + \frac{40\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)}{77\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}} + b\left(\frac{b^4x^{11}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{13} - \frac{24b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{77} + \frac{37x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{77} + \frac{40\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)}{77\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}\right) + b\left(\frac{b^4x^{11}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{13} - \frac{24b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{77} + \frac{37x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{77} + \frac{40\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)}{77\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}\right)$

input `int((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([-5/2, 1/4], [5/4], b^2*x^4)+1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([-5/2, 3/4], [7/4], b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{24\sqrt{-b^2}(195b+77)x F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{1848\sqrt{-b^2}xE(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{(693b^7x^{12} + 819b^6x^{10} - 2156b^5x^8 - 2808b^4x^6 + 2387b^3x^4 + 4329b^2x^2 - 1848b)\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{9009b^2x}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9009*(24*sqrt(-b^2)*(195*b + 77)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) - 1848*sqrt(-b^2)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) + (693*b^7*x^12 + 819*b^6*x^10 - 2156*b^5*x^8 - 2808*b^4*x^6 + 2387*b^3*x^4 + 4329*b^2*x^2 - 1848*b)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1))/(b^2*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 236 vs. $2(107) = 214$.

Time = 2.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{b^5 x^{11} \Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4} \middle| \frac{15}{4} \middle| b^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{15}{4}\right)} + \frac{b^4 x^9 \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \middle| \frac{13}{4} \middle| b^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{4}\right)} - \frac{b^3 x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \middle| \frac{11}{4} \middle| b^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} - \frac{b^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{9}{4} \middle| b^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} + \frac{bx^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \middle| b^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| b^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+1)*(-b**2*x**4+1)**(5/2),x)`

output `b**5*x**11*gamma(11/4)*hyper((-1/2, 11/4), (15/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(15/4)) + b**4*x**9*gamma(9/4)*hyper((-1/2, 9/4), (13/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(13/4)) - b**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(2*gamma(11/4)) - b**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(2*gamma(9/4)) + b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `int((1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 + 1),x)`

output `int((1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2)(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b^5 x^{11}}{13} + \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b^4 x^9}{11} - \frac{28\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b^3 x^7}{117} - \frac{24\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b^2 x^5}{77} + \frac{31\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b x^3}{117} + \frac{37\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} x}{77} - \frac{40 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx \right)}{77} - \frac{8 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx \right) b}{39}$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2),x)`

output `(693*sqrt(-b**2*x**4+1)*b**5*x**11+819*sqrt(-b**2*x**4+1)*b**4*x**9-2156*sqrt(-b**2*x**4+1)*b**3*x**7-2808*sqrt(-b**2*x**4+1)*b**2*x**5+2387*sqrt(-b**2*x**4+1)*b*x**3+4329*sqrt(-b**2*x**4+1)*x-4680*int(sqrt(-b**2*x**4+1)/(b**2*x**4-1),x)-1848*int((sqrt(-b**2*x**4+1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4-1),x)*b)/9009`

3.227 $\int (1 + bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1910
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1911
Rubi [A] (verified)	1911
Maple [C] (verified)	1915
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1916
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1916
Maxima [F]	1917
Giac [F]	1917
Mupad [F(-1)]	1918
Reduce [F]	1918

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{105}x(15 + 7bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} + \frac{1}{63}x(9 + 7bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} + \frac{4E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1)}{15\sqrt{b}} + \frac{32 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{105\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
2/105*x*(7*b*x^2+15)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+1/63*x*(7*b*x^2+9)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)+4/15*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)+32/105*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4 \right) + \frac{1}{3} bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4 \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + (b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, b^2*x^4])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.636$, Rules used = {1388, 318, 27, 403, 25, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (bx^2 + 1) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\ & \int (1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\ & -\frac{\int -2b(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1}(8bx^2 + 5) dx}{9b} - \frac{1}{9}x(bx^2 + 1)^{3/2} (1 - bx^2)^{5/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{2}{9} \int (1 - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1}(8bx^2 + 5) dx - \frac{1}{9}x(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 403 \\ \frac{2}{9} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{b(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(59bx^2+43)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{7b} - \frac{8}{7}x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 25 \\ \frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{\int \frac{b(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(59bx^2+43)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{7b} - \frac{8}{7}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 27 \\ \frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(59bx^2+43)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx - \frac{8}{7}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \\ \frac{1}{9}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 403 \\ \frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{\int \frac{6b\sqrt{1-bx^2}(33bx^2+26)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{5b} + \frac{59}{5}x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{8}{7}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \\ \frac{1}{9}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 27 \\ \frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(33bx^2+26)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{59}{5}x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{8}{7}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \\ \frac{1}{9}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 403 \\ \frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3b(7bx^2+15)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{3b} + 11x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{59}{5}x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{8}{7}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \\ \frac{1}{9}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2} \end{array}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(\int \frac{7bx^2 + 15}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + 11x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{59}{5}x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{8}{7}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right)$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx + 11x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{59}{5}x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{8}{7}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right)$$

↓ 284

$$\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx + 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx + 11x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{59}{5}x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{8}{7}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx + \frac{7E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} + 11x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{59}{5}x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{8}{7}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right)$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(\frac{8 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{7E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} + 11x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{59}{5}x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{8}{7}x(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right)$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `-1/9*(x*(1 - b*x^2)^(5/2)*(1 + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*((-8*x*(1 - b*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])/7 + ((59*x*(1 - b*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])/5 + (6*(11*x*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2] + (7*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1)]/Sqrt[b] + (8*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1)]/Sqrt[b]))/5)/7)/9`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 403

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]
```

rule 762

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1388

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right) + \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
risch	$\frac{x(35b^3x^6 + 45b^2x^4 - 77bx^2 - 135)(b^2x^4 - 1)}{315\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}} + \frac{4\sqrt{-bx^2 + 1}\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)}{7\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}} - \frac{4\sqrt{-bx^2 + 1}\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)\right)}{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{b^3x^7\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{9} - \frac{b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{7} + \frac{11bx^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{45} + \frac{3x\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{7} + \frac{4\sqrt{-bx^2 + 1}\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)}{7\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}$
default	$-\frac{b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{7} + \frac{3x\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{7} + \frac{4\sqrt{-bx^2 + 1}\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)}{7\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}} + b\left(-\frac{b^2x^7\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{9} + \frac{11x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{45}\right)$

input

```
int((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x*hypergeom([-3/2,1/4],[5/4],b^2*x^4)+1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([-3/2,3/4],[7/4],b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{12\sqrt{-b^2}(15b+7)x F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{84\sqrt{-b^2}xE(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{(35b^5x^8 + 45b^4x^6 - 77b^3x^4 - 135b^2x^2 + 84b)\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{315b^2x}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/315*(12*sqrt(-b^2)*(15*b + 7)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) - 84*sqrt(-b^2)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) - (35*b^5*x^8 + 45*b^4*x^6 - 77*b^3*x^4 - 135*b^2*x^2 + 84*b)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1))/(b^2*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{b^3x^7\Gamma(\frac{7}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \middle| \frac{11}{4}; b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{11}{4})} - \frac{b^2x^5\Gamma(\frac{5}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{9}{4}; b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{9}{4})} + \frac{bx^3\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4}; b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})} + \frac{x\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \frac{5}{4}; b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+1)*(-b**2*x**4+1)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
-b**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*
pi))/(4*gamma(11/4)) - b**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), b**
2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(9/4)) + b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2,
3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*h
yper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `int((1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1),x)`output `int((1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b^3 x^7}{9} - \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b^2 x^5}{7} + \frac{11\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b x^3}{45} + \frac{3\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} x}{7} - \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx\right)}{7} - \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx\right) b}{15}$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x)`output `(- 35*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**3*x**7 - 45*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**2*x**5 + 77*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*b*x**3 + 135*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*x - 180*int(sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x) - 84*int((sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x)*b)/315`

3.228 $\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1919
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1919
Rubi [A] (verified)	1920
Maple [C] (verified)	1923
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1924
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1924
Maxima [F]	1925
Giac [F]	1925
Mupad [F(-1)]	1925
Reduce [F]	1926

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx = \frac{1}{15}x(5 + 3bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} + \frac{2E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1)}{5\sqrt{b}} + \frac{4 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{15\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
1/15*x*(3*b*x^2+5)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+2/5*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)+4/15*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 6.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right) + \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4],x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + (b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, b^2*x^4])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {1388, 318, 27, 403, 27, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1388 \\
 & \int \sqrt{1 - bx^2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 318 \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{2b\sqrt{1-bx^2}(4bx^2+3)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{5b} - \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(4bx^2+3)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx - \frac{1}{5}x(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 403 \\
 & \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{b(3bx^2+5)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{3b} + \frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3bx^2+5}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 399
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx \right) + \frac{4}{3} x \sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{1}{5} x (1-bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1}$$

↓ 284

$$\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx + 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx \right) + \frac{4}{3} x \sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{1}{5} x (1-bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx + \frac{3E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{4}{3} x \sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{1}{5} x (1-bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{3E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{4}{3} x \sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{1}{5} x (1-bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4], x]`

output `-1/5*(x*(1 - b*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]) + (2*((4*x*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])/3 + ((3*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b] + (2*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b])/3))/5`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 284 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]))$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)*((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1))/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1))}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c*(2*(p+q) + 1) - a*d] + d*(b*c*(2*(p+2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q-1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$
- rule 403 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p+q+1) + 1))}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q+1) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p+q+1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p+q+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q+1) + 1, 0]$

rule 762

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])
)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
&& GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1388

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^ (p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^ (q_.),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right) + \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
risch	$-\frac{x(3b x^2+5)(b^2 x^4-1)}{15\sqrt{-b^2 x^4+1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-b x^2+1}\sqrt{b x^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b} x, i)}{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2 x^4+1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{-b x^2+1}\sqrt{b x^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b} x, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sqrt{b} x, i))}{5\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2 x^4+1}}$
elliptic	$\frac{b x^3 \sqrt{-b^2 x^4+1}}{5} + \frac{x \sqrt{-b^2 x^4+1}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-b x^2+1}\sqrt{b x^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b} x, i)}{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2 x^4+1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{-b x^2+1}\sqrt{b x^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b} x, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sqrt{b} x, i))}{5\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2 x^4+1}}$
default	$\frac{x \sqrt{-b^2 x^4+1}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-b x^2+1}\sqrt{b x^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b} x, i)}{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2 x^4+1}} + b \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{-b^2 x^4+1}}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{-b x^2+1}\sqrt{b x^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b} x, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sqrt{b} x, i))}{5b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{-b^2 x^4+1}} \right)$

input

```
int((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/4], [5/4], b^2*x^4)+1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([-1/2, 3/4], [7/4],
b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{-b^2}(5b+3)x F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{6\sqrt{-b^2}xE(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{(3b^3x^4 + 5b^2x^2 - 6b)\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{15b^2x}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/15*(2*sqrt(-b^2)*(5*b + 3)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) - 6*sqrt(-b^2)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) + (3*b^3*x^4 + 5*b^2*x^2 - 6*b)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1))/(b^2*x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{bx^3\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})} + \frac{x\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+1)*(-b**2*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`output `b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `int((1 - b^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 + 1),x)`

output `int((1 - b^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b x^3}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} x}{3} - \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx \right)}{3} - \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx \right) b}{5}$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(-b**2*x**4+1)*b*x**3+5*sqrt(-b**2*x**4+1)*x-10*int(sqrt(-b**2*x**4+1)/(b**2*x**4-1),x)-6*int((sqrt(-b**2*x**4+1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4-1),x)*b)/15`

$$3.229 \quad \int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx$$

Optimal result	1927
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1927
Rubi [A] (verified)	1928
Maple [C] (verified)	1929
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1929
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1930
Maxima [F]	1930
Giac [F]	1931
Mupad [F(-1)]	1931
Reduce [F]	1931

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{bx}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right) + \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4], x]
```


output

$$x \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2 x^4\right] + (b x^3 \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2 x^4\right]) / 3$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1388, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{1 - b^2 x^4}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\ & \frac{E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{bx}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(1 + b x^2) / \text{Sqrt}[1 - b^2 x^4], x]$$

output

$$\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[b] x], -1] / \text{Sqrt}[b]$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_) (x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_) (x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] x], b(c/(a \cdot d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 1388

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right)}{3} + x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right)$	36
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-b x^2+1} \sqrt{b x^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{b} x, i\right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{-b^2 x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-b x^2+1} \sqrt{b x^2+1} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{b} x, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{b} x, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{-b^2 x^4+1}}$	100
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-b x^2+1} \sqrt{b x^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{b} x, i\right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{-b^2 x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-b x^2+1} \sqrt{b x^2+1} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{b} x, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{b} x, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{-b^2 x^4+1}}$	100

input

```
int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],b^2*x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 71 vs. $2(11) = 22$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.44

$$\int \frac{1 + b x^2}{\sqrt{1 - b^2 x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-b^2(b+1)x} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}\right) \mid -1\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{-b^2 x} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}\right) \mid -1\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{-b^2 x^4 + 1} b}{b^2 x}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(sqrt(-b^2)*(b + 1)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) - sqrt
(-b^2)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) - sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1
)*b)/(b^2*x)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 70 vs. $2(12) = 24$.

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.38

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \middle| b^2x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| b^2x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(
4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar
(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{bx^2 - 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int(sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b*x**2 - 1),x)`

3.230 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1932
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1932
Rubi [A] (verified)	1933
Maple [C] (verified)	1935
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1936
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1936
Maxima [F]	1937
Giac [F]	1937
Mupad [F(-1)]	1937
Reduce [F]	1938

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(1+bx^2)}{2\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} - \frac{E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}),-1)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)-1/2*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)+EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{6}x \left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} + 3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4 \right) + 2bx^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4 \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(3/Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4] + 3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + 2*b*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/6`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {1388, 316, 27, 326, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{2b} + \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{326} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{284} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 327 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx - \frac{E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}} \\ & \downarrow 762 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])/(2*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2]) + (-EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1]/Sqrt[b]) + (2*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b])/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 326 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
b/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x^2]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[
1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &&
PosQ[d/c] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])
)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^ (p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^ (q_.),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right) + \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
elliptic	$-\frac{(-b^2 x^2 - b)x}{2b\sqrt{(x^2 - \frac{1}{b})(-b^2 x^2 - b)}} + \frac{\sqrt{-b x^2 + 1} \sqrt{b x^2 + 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b} x, i)}{2\sqrt{b} \sqrt{-b^2 x^4 + 1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-b x^2 + 1} \sqrt{b x^2 + 1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b} x, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sqrt{b} x, i))}{2\sqrt{b} \sqrt{-b^2 x^4 + 1}}$
default	$\frac{x}{2\sqrt{-(x^4 - \frac{1}{b^2})b^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-b x^2 + 1} \sqrt{b x^2 + 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b} x, i)}{2\sqrt{b} \sqrt{-b^2 x^4 + 1}} + b \left(\frac{x^3}{2\sqrt{-(x^4 - \frac{1}{b^2})b^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-b x^2 + 1} \sqrt{b x^2 + 1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b} x, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sqrt{b} x, i))}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-b^2 x^4 + 1}} \right)$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([1/4,3/2],[5/4],b^2*x^4)+1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,3/2],[7/4],b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}bx + (b^2x^2 - b)\sqrt{b}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1) - ((b^2 + b)x^2 - b - 1)\sqrt{b}F(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1)}{2(b^2x^2 - b)}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1)*b*x + (b^2*x^2 - b)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) - ((b^2 + b)*x^2 - b - 1)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1))/(b^2*x^2 - b)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^3x^6 - b^2x^4 - bx^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(-b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**3*x**6 - b**2*x**4 - b*x**2 + 1),x)`

3.231 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1939
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1939
Rubi [A] (verified)	1940
Maple [C] (verified)	1944
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1944
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1945
Maxima [F]	1945
Giac [F]	1945
Mupad [F(-1)]	1946
Reduce [F]	1946

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(1 + bx^2)}{6(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5 + 3bx^2)}{12\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} - \frac{E\left(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1\right)}{4\sqrt{b}} + \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
1/6*x*(b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)+1/12*x*(3*b*x^2+5)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)-1/4*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)+2/3*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{12}x \left(\frac{7 - 5b^2x^4}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + 5 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right) + 4bx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x*((7 - 5*b^2*x^4)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2) + 5*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + 4*b*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.545$, Rules used = {1388, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1388 \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 316 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(3bx^2+5)}{(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} dx}{6b} + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{3bx^2 + 5}{(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{x}{6(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 402 \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2b(4bx^2+1)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} dx}{2b} + \frac{4x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left(\int \frac{4bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{4x}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{b(5-3bx^2)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{2b} - \frac{3x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} + \frac{4x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{\int \frac{b(5-3bx^2)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{2b} - \frac{3x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} + \frac{4x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{5-3bx^2}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx - \frac{3x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} + \frac{4x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx \right) - \frac{3x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} + \frac{4x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx \right) - \frac{3x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} + \frac{4x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}}$$

↓ 284

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx - \frac{3E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - \frac{3x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} + \frac{4x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}}$$

↓ 327

↓ 762

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{8 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{3E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - \frac{3x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} + \frac{4x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `x/(6*(1 - b*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]) + ((4*x)/(Sqrt[1 - b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]) - (3*x*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2])/(2*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]) + ((-3*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1)]/Sqrt[b] + (8*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1)]/Sqrt[b])/2)/6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1388 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0]))$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right) + \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{6b^4\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{5x}{12\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{b}x, i\right)}{12\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}} + b\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{6b^4\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{x^3}{4\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \dots\right)$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{12b^2\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)^2} - \frac{3(-b^2x^2-b)x}{8b\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)(-b^2x^2-b)}} + \frac{(-b^2x^2+b)x}{8b\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)(-b^2x^2+b)}} + \frac{5\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{b}x, i\right)}{12\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2+1}}{\dots}$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([1/4, 5/2], [5/4], b^2*x^4)+1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([3/4, 5/2], [7/4], b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 165 vs. $2(70) = 140$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(b^4x^6 - b^3x^4 - b^2x^2 + b)\sqrt{b}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{b}x) | -1) - ((3b^4 + 5b^3)x^6 - (3b^3 + 5b^2)x^4 - (3b^2 + 5b)x^2 - 3b)}{12(b^4x^6 - b^3x^4 - b^2x^2 + b)}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(3*(b^4*x^6 - b^3*x^4 - b^2*x^2 + b)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) - ((3*b^4 + 5*b^3)*x^6 - (3*b^3 + 5*b^2)*x^4 - (3*b^2 + 5*b)*x^2 + 3*b + 5)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) + (3*b^3*x^5 + 2*b^2*x^3 - 7*b*x)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1))/(b^4*x^6 - b^3*x^4 - b^2*x^2 + b)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4+1)**(5/2), x)`output `b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^5x^{10} - b^4x^8 - 2b^3x^6 + 2b^2x^4 + bx^2 - 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x)`output `- int(sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**5*x**10 - b**4*x**8 - 2*b**3*x**6 + 2*b**2*x**4 + b*x**2 - 1), x)`

3.232 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1947
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1947
Rubi [A] (verified)	1948
Maple [C] (verified)	1952
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1953
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1953
Maxima [F]	1954
Giac [F]	1954
Mupad [F(-1)]	1954
Reduce [F]	1955

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x(1 + bx^2)}{10(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} + \frac{x(9 + 7bx^2)}{60(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(15 + 7bx^2)}{40\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} - \frac{7E\left(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1\right)}{40\sqrt{b}} + \frac{11 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1\right)}{20\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
1/10*x*(b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2)+1/60*x*(7*b*x^2+9)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)+
1/40*x*(7*b*x^2+15)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)-7/40*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)
+11/20*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1}{120}x \left(\frac{75 - 108b^2x^4 + 45b^4x^8}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} + 45 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right) + 40bx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2), x]`

output `(x*((75 - 108*b^2*x^4 + 45*b^4*x^8)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2) + 45*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + 40*b*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 7/2, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/120`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.727$, Rules used = {1388, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1388 \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(1 - bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 316 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(7bx^2 + 9)}{(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{5/2}} dx}{10b} + \frac{x}{10(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{10} \int \frac{7bx^2 + 9}{(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{x}{10(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 402 \\
 & \frac{1}{10} \left(\int \frac{2b(40bx^2 + 19)}{(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{8x}{3(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{10(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{40bx^2 + 19}{(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{8x}{3(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x}{10(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{3b(7-59bx^2)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} dx}{2b} + \frac{59x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{8x}{3(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{59x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{7-59bx^2}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} dx \right) + \frac{8x}{3(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{59x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{11x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{6b(11bx^2+4)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} dx}{6b} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{8x}{3(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{59x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{11x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} - \int \frac{11bx^2+4}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} dx \right) \right) \right) + \frac{8x}{3(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{59x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{b(15-7bx^2)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{2b} + \frac{7x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{8x}{3(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{59x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{b(15-7bx^2)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{2b} + \frac{7x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{8x}{3(1-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{59x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{15-7bx^2}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{7x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{8x}{3(1-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{59x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(7 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx - 22 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{7x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 284

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{59x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(7 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx - 22 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{7x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{59x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{7E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} - 22 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{7x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{59x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{7E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{22 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{7x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}}$$

$$\frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2), x]`

output `x/(10*(1 - b*x^2)^(5/2)*(1 + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((8*x)/(3*(1 - b*x^2)^(3/2)*(1 + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((59*x)/(2*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2]*(1 + b*x^2)^(3/2)) - (3*((1*x*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2])/(1 + b*x^2)^(3/2) + (7*x*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2])/(2*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])) + ((7*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b] - (22*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b])/2))/2)/3)/10`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`


```
rule 399 Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))))
```

```
rule 402 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 762 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1388 Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right) + \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
default	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{10b^6\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^3} + \frac{3x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{20b^4\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{3x}{8\sqrt{-\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{bx}, i\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}} + b\left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{10b^6\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^3} + \dots\right)$
elliptic	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{40b^3\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)^3} + \frac{11x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{120b^2\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)^2} - \frac{53(-b^2x^2-b)x}{160b\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)(-b^2x^2-b)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{48b^2\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)^2} + \frac{5(-b^2x^2+b)x}{32b\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)(-b^2x^2+b)}} + \frac{3\sqrt{-bx^2+1}}{\dots}$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([1/4,7/2],[5/4],b^2*x^4)+1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,7/2],[7/4],b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 246 vs. 2(93) = 186.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{21(b^6x^{10} - b^5x^8 - 2b^4x^6 + 2b^3x^4 + b^2x^2 - b)\sqrt{b}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{b}x) | -1) - 3((7b^6 + 15b^5)x^{10} - (7b^5 + 15b^4)x^8 - 2(7b^4 + 15b^3)x^6 + 2(7b^3 + 15b^2)x^4 + (7b^2 + 15b)x^2 - 7b - 15)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(\sqrt{b}x), -1) + (21b^5x^9 + 24b^4x^7 - 80b^3x^5 - 28b^2x^3 + 75b)x\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{4\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/120*(21*(b^6*x^10 - b^5*x^8 - 2*b^4*x^6 + 2*b^3*x^4 + b^2*x^2 - b)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) - 3*((7*b^6 + 15*b^5)*x^10 - (7*b^5 + 15*b^4)*x^8 - 2*(7*b^4 + 15*b^3)*x^6 + 2*(7*b^3 + 15*b^2)*x^4 + (7*b^2 + 15*b)*x^2 - 7*b - 15)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) + (21*b^5*x^9 + 24*b^4*x^7 - 80*b^3*x^5 - 28*b^2*x^3 + 75*b*x)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1))/(b^6*x^10 - b^5*x^8 - 2*b^4*x^6 + 2*b^3*x^4 + b^2*x^2 - b)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{bx^3\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})} + \frac{x\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4+1)**(7/2),x)`

output

```
b***3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 7/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(
4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 7/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar
(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(7/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(7/2), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((b*x^2 + 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2),x)
```

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^7x^{14} - b^6x^{12} - 3b^5x^{10} + 3b^4x^8 + 3b^3x^6 - 3b^2x^4 - bx^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2), x)`

output `int(sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**7*x**14 - b**6*x**12 - 3*b**5*x**10 + 3*b**4*x**8 + 3*b**3*x**6 - 3*b**2*x**4 - b*x**2 + 1), x)`

3.233 $\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1956
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1956
Rubi [A] (verified)	1957
Maple [C] (verified)	1962
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1962
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1963
Maxima [F]	1964
Giac [F]	1964
Mupad [F(-1)]	1964
Reduce [F]	1965

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{4x(195 - 77bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}}{3003} + \frac{10x(117 - 77bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}}{9009} + \frac{1}{143} x(13 - 11bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} - \frac{8E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1)}{39\sqrt{b}} + \frac{2176 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{3003\sqrt{b}}$$

output `4/3003*x*(-77*b*x^2+195)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+10/9009*x*(-77*b*x^2+117)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)+1/143*x*(-11*b*x^2+13)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2)-8/39*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)+2176/3003*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 9.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right) - \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 1/4, 5/4, b^2*x^4] - (b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 3/4, 7/4, b^2*x^4])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$, Rules used = {1388, 318, 27, 403, 25, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \int (1 - bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\
 & -\frac{\int -2b(1 - bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1} (10bx^2 + 7) dx}{13b} - \frac{1}{13} x (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2} (1 - bx^2)^{9/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2}{13} \int (1 - bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1} (10bx^2 + 7) dx - \frac{1}{13} x (1 - bx^2)^{9/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{403} \\
 & \frac{2}{13} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{b(1 - bx^2)^{7/2} (107bx^2 + 87)}{\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}} dx}{11b} - \frac{10}{11} x \sqrt{bx^2 + 1} (1 - bx^2)^{9/2} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{13} x (1 - bx^2)^{9/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{\int \frac{b(1-bx^2)^{7/2}(107bx^2+87)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{11b} - \frac{10}{11} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \int \frac{(1-bx^2)^{7/2}(107bx^2+87)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx - \frac{10}{11} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2b(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(411bx^2+338)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{9b} + \frac{107}{9} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{10}{11} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \int \frac{(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(411bx^2+338)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{107}{9} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{10}{11} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{\int \frac{5b(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(431bx^2+391)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{7b} + \frac{411}{7} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{107}{9} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{10}{11} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \int \frac{(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(431bx^2+391)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{411}{7} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{107}{9} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{7/2} \right) - \frac{10}{11} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\int \frac{6b\sqrt{1-bx^2}(177bx^2+254)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{431}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{411}{7} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(177bx^2+254)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{431}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{411}{7} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(\int \frac{3b(195-77bx^2)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + 59x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{431}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{411}{7} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(\int \frac{195-77bx^2}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + 59x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{431}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{411}{7} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(272 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx - 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx + 59x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{431}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{411}{7} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 284

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(272 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx - 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx + 59x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{431}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{411}{7} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{1}{13} x(1-bx^2)^{9/2} (bx^2+1)^{3/2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(272 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx - \frac{77E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} + 59x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{431}{5}x\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{13}x(1-bx^2)^{9/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{2}{13} \left(\frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(\frac{272 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{77E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} + 59x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{431}{5}x\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{13}x(1-bx^2)^{9/2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/13*(x*(1 - b*x^2)^(9/2)*(1 + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*((-10*x*(1 - b*x^2)^(9/2)*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])/11 + ((107*x*(1 - b*x^2)^(7/2)*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])/9 + (2*((411*x*(1 - b*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])/7 + (5*((431*x*(1 - b*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])/5 + (6*(59*x*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2] - (77*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b] + (272*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b]))/5)/7)/9)/11))/13`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 318 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)}/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q - 2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 403 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}((e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1388 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}((d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p + q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0]))$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right) - \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
risch	$\frac{x(693x^{10}b^5 - 819b^4x^8 - 2156b^3x^6 + 2808b^2x^4 + 2387bx^2 - 4329)(b^2x^4 - 1)}{9009\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}} + \frac{40\sqrt{-bx^2 + 1}\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b}x, i)}{77\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}} + \frac{8\sqrt{-bx^2 + 1}}{77}$
elliptic	$-\frac{b^5x^{11}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{13} + \frac{b^4x^9\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{11} + \frac{28b^3x^7\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{117} - \frac{24b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{77} - \frac{31b^3x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{117} + \frac{37x\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{77}$
default	$-b\left(\frac{b^4x^{11}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{13} - \frac{28b^2x^7\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{117} + \frac{31x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{117} - \frac{8\sqrt{-bx^2 + 1}\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b}x, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sqrt{b}x, i)\right)}{39b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}\right)$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([-5/2,1/4],[5/4],b^2*x^4)-1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([-5/2,3/4],[7/4],b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{24\sqrt{-b^2}(195b - 77)x\operatorname{F}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}\right) \mid -1\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1848\sqrt{-b^2}xE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}\right) \mid -1\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{(693b^7x^{12} - 819b^6x^{10} - 2156b^5x^8 + 2808b^4x^6 + 2387b^3x^4 - 4329b^2x^2 - 1848b)\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{9009b^2x}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9009*(24*sqrt(-b^2)*(195*b - 77)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) + 1848*sqrt(-b^2)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) - (693*b^7*x^12 - 819*b^6*x^10 - 2156*b^5*x^8 + 2808*b^4*x^6 + 2387*b^3*x^4 - 4329*b^2*x^2 - 1848*b)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1))/(b^2*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 236 vs. $2(107) = 214$.

Time = 2.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{b^5x^{11}\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4} \\ \frac{15}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{15}{4}\right)} \\ + \frac{b^4x^9\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \\ \frac{13}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{4}\right)} + \frac{b^3x^7\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} \\ - \frac{b^2x^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} \\ - \frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)*(-b**2*x**4+1)**(5/2),x)`

output `-b**5*x**11*gamma(11/4)*hyper((-1/2, 11/4), (15/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(15/4)) + b**4*x**9*gamma(9/4)*hyper((-1/2, 9/4), (13/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(13/4)) + b**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(2*gamma(11/4)) - b**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(2*gamma(9/4)) - b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int -(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int -(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = - \int (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `int(-(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 - 1),x)`

output `-int((1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b^5 x^{11}}{13} + \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b^4 x^9}{11}$$

$$+ \frac{28\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b^3 x^7}{117} - \frac{24\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b^2 x^5}{77} - \frac{31\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b x^3}{117}$$

$$+ \frac{37\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} x}{77} - \frac{40\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx\right)}{77} + \frac{8\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx\right) b}{39}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2),x)`

output `(- 693*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**5*x**11 + 819*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**4*x**9 + 2156*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**3*x**7 - 2808*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**2*x**5 - 2387*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*b*x**3 + 4329*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*x - 4680*int(sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x) + 1848*int(sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x)*b)/9009`

3.234 $\int (1 - bx^2)(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1966
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1967
Rubi [A] (verified)	1967
Maple [C] (verified)	1971
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1972
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1972
Maxima [F]	1973
Giac [F]	1973
Mupad [F(-1)]	1974
Reduce [F]	1974

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int (1 - bx^2)(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{105}x(15 - 7bx^2)\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} + \frac{1}{63}x(9 - 7bx^2)(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} - \frac{4E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1)}{15\sqrt{b}} + \frac{88 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{105\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
2/105*x*(-7*b*x^2+15)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+1/63*x*(-7*b*x^2+9)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)-4/15*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)+88/105*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4 \right) - \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4 \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, b^2*x^4] - (b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, b^2*x^4])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$, Rules used = {1388, 318, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 403, 27, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\ & \int (1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\ & -\frac{\int -\frac{2b(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(6bx^2+5)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{9b} - \frac{1}{9}x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{7/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{9} \int \frac{(1-bx^2)^{5/2} (6bx^2+5)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx - \frac{1}{9} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{\int \frac{b(1-bx^2)^{3/2} (31bx^2+29)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{7b} + \frac{6}{7} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(1-bx^2)^{3/2} (31bx^2+29)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{6}{7} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{\int \frac{6b\sqrt{1-bx^2} (12bx^2+19)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{5b} + \frac{31}{5} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{6}{7} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-bx^2} (12bx^2+19)}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{31}{5} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{6}{7} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3b(15-7bx^2)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{3b} + 4x \sqrt{1-bx^2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{31}{5} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{6}{7} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(\int \frac{15-7bx^2}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + 4x \sqrt{1-bx^2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{31}{5} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{6}{7} x \sqrt{bx^2+1} (1-bx^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{9} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(22 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx - 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx + 4x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{31}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^3 \right) + \frac{1}{9} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \right)$$

↓ 284

$$\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(22 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx - 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx + 4x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{31}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{6}{7} \right) + \frac{1}{9} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(22 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx - \frac{7E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} + 4x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{31}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^3 \right) + \frac{1}{9} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \right)$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{6}{5} \left(\frac{22 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{7E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} + 4x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) + \frac{31}{5} x\sqrt{bx^2+1}(1-bx^2)^3 \right) + \frac{1}{9} x(1-bx^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^2+1} \right)$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `-1/9*(x*(1 - b*x^2)^(7/2)*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]) + (2*((6*x*(1 - b*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])/7 + ((31*x*(1 - b*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])/5 + (6*(4*x*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2] - (7*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1)]/Sqrt[b] + (22*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1)]/Sqrt[b]))/5)/7)/9`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 284 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]))$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)*((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1))/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1))}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c*(2*(p+q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p+2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q-1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 399 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$
- rule 403 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p+q+1) + 1))}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q+1) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p+q+1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p+q+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q+1) + 1, 0]$

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])
)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^ (p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right) - \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
risch	$-\frac{x(35b^3x^6 - 45b^2x^4 - 77bx^2 + 135)(b^2x^4 - 1)}{315\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}} + \frac{4\sqrt{-bx^2 + 1}\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)}{7\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}} + \frac{4\sqrt{-bx^2 + 1}\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)\right)}{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}$
elliptic	$\frac{b^3x^7\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{9} - \frac{b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{7} - \frac{11bx^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{45} + \frac{3x\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{7} + \frac{4\sqrt{-bx^2 + 1}\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)}{7\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}} + \frac{4\sqrt{-bx^2 + 1}\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)\right)}{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}$
default	$-b\left(-\frac{b^2x^7\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{9} + \frac{11x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{45} - \frac{4\sqrt{-bx^2 + 1}\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sqrt{bx}, i)\right)}{15b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}\right) - \frac{b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{7}$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([-3/2,1/4],[5/4],b^2*x^4)-1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([-3/2,3/4],[7/4],
b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{12\sqrt{-b^2}(15b-7)x F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{84\sqrt{-b^2}xE(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{(35b^5x^8 - 45b^4x^6 - 77b^3x^4 + 135b^2x^2 + 84b)\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{315b^2x}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/315*(12*sqrt(-b^2)*(15*b - 7)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) + 84*sqrt(-b^2)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) + (35*b^5*x^8 - 45*b^4*x^6 - 77*b^3*x^4 + 135*b^2*x^2 + 84*b)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1))/(b^2*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{b^3x^7\Gamma(\frac{7}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \middle| \frac{11}{4}; b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{11}{4})} - \frac{b^2x^5\Gamma(\frac{5}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{9}{4}; b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{9}{4})} - \frac{bx^3\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4}; b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})} + \frac{x\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \frac{5}{4}; b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)*(-b**2*x**4+1)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
b**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(11/4)) - b**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(9/4)) - b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int -(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate((-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int -(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(-(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = - \int (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `int(-(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1),x)`

output `-int((1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b^3 x^7}{9} - \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b^2 x^5}{7} - \frac{11\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b x^3}{45} + \frac{3\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} x}{7} - \frac{4 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx \right)}{7} + \frac{4 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx \right) b}{15}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x)`

output `(35*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**3*x**7 - 45*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**2*x**5 - 77*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*b*x**3 + 135*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*x - 180*int(sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x) + 84*int((sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x)*b)/315`

3.235 $\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1975
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1975
Rubi [A] (verified)	1976
Maple [C] (verified)	1979
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1980
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1980
Maxima [F]	1981
Giac [F]	1981
Mupad [F(-1)]	1981
Reduce [F]	1982

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx = \frac{1}{15}x(5 - 3bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} - \frac{2E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1)}{5\sqrt{b}} + \frac{16 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{15\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
1/15*x*(-3*b*x^2+5)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)-2/5*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)+
16/15*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 6.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right) - \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4],x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, b^2*x^4] - (b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, b^2*x^4])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$, Rules used = {1388, 318, 27, 403, 25, 27, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \int (1 - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2b(3-4bx^2)\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx}{5b} - \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{(3-4bx^2)\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx - \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{403} \\
 & \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} - \frac{\int -\frac{b(5-3bx^2)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{3b} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{b(5-3bx^2)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{3b} + \frac{4}{3}x\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{5 - 3bx^2}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1}} dx + \frac{4}{3} x \sqrt{1 - bx^2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1} \right) - \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{1 - bx^2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2} \\
& \downarrow 399 \\
& \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2}} dx \right) + \frac{4}{3} x \sqrt{1 - bx^2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{1 - bx^2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2} \\
& \downarrow 284 \\
& \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - b^2 x^4}} dx - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2}} dx \right) + \frac{4}{3} x \sqrt{1 - bx^2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{1 - bx^2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2} \\
& \downarrow 327 \\
& \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - b^2 x^4}} dx - \frac{3E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{4}{3} x \sqrt{1 - bx^2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{1 - bx^2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2} \\
& \downarrow 762 \\
& \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{8 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{3E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{4}{3} x \sqrt{1 - bx^2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{1 - bx^2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4],x]`

output `-1/5*(x*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2]*(1 + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*((4*x*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])/3 + ((-3*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b] + (8*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b])/3)/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 403 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right) - \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
risch	$\frac{x(3bx^2-5)(b^2x^4-1)}{15\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)}{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sqrt{bx}, i))}{5\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{bx^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{5} + \frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i)}{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sqrt{bx}, i))}{5\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}$
default	$-b\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{bx}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sqrt{bx}, i))}{5b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}\right) + \frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{3\sqrt{b}}$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/4], [5/4], b^2*x^4)-1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([-1/2, 3/4], [7/4], b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{-b^2}(5b-3)xF(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{6\sqrt{-b^2}xE(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{(3b^3x^4 - 5b^2x^2 - 6b)\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{15b^2x}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/15*(2*sqrt(-b^2)*(5*b - 3)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) + 6*sqrt(-b^2)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) - (3*b^3*x^4 - 5*b^2*x^2 - 6*b)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1)/(b^2*x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx = -\frac{bx^3\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})}$$

$$+ \frac{x\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)*(-b**2*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`output `-b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx = \int -\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx = \int -\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx = - \int \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `int(-(1 - b^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 - 1),x)`

output `-int((1 - b^2*x^4)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} b x^3}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} x}{3} - \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx \right)}{3} + \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx \right) b}{5}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 3*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*b*x**3 + 5*sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*x - 10*int(sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x) + 6*int((sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x)*b)/15`

3.236 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1983
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1983
Rubi [A] (verified)	1984
Maple [C] (verified)	1986
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1986
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1987
Maxima [F]	1987
Giac [F]	1988
Mupad [F(-1)]	1988
Reduce [F]	1988

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{E\left(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

output `-EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)+2*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right) - \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4], x]`

output

```
x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] - (b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, b^2*x^4])/3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1388, 326, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - bx^2}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{326} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{284} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx - \frac{E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1)}{\sqrt{b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1)}{\sqrt{b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(1 - b*x^2)/Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4], x]
```

output $-(\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[b]*x], -1]/\text{Sqrt}[b]) + (2*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[b]*x], -1])/\text{Sqrt}[b]$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 284 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]))$

rule 326 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/d \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)/d \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^4)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1388 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)}))^{(p_)}*((d_ + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)}))^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p + q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0]))$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{bx^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{3} + x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)$	36
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{bx}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{bx}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{bx}, i\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}$	99
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{bx}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{bx}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{bx}, i\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}$	99

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([1/2, 3/4], [7/4], b^2*x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], [5/4], b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. 2(25) = 50.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-b^2(b-1)x}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}b}{b^2x}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(sqrt(-b^2)*(b - 1)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) + sqrt(-b^2)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) + sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1)*b)/(b^2*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 70 vs. $2(27) = 54$.

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{bx^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(-b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b*x**2 + 1),x)`

$$3.237 \quad \int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1989
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1989
Rubi [A] (verified)	1990
Maple [C] (verified)	1992
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1992
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1993
Maxima [F]	1993
Giac [F]	1993
Mupad [F(-1)]	1994
Reduce [F]	1994

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{2\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} + \frac{E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{b}x\right)\middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

output `1/2*x*(-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+1/2*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{6}x \left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} + 3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4 \right) - 2bx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4 \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output

```
(x*(3/Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4] + 3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] - 2*
b*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/6
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1388, 316, 25, 27, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2} (bx^2 + 1)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{1 - bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}} - \frac{\int -\frac{b\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx}{2b} + \frac{x\sqrt{1 - bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2}} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{1 - bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & \frac{E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{bx}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{x\sqrt{1 - bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(1 - b*x^2)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output $(x\sqrt{1 - bx^2})/(2\sqrt{1 + bx^2}) + \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{b}x], -1] / (2\sqrt{b})$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 316 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q + 1)})/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1388 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^{n2_}))^{(p_)}*((d_ + (e_)*(x_)^{n_}))^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p + q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0]))$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right) - \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
elliptic	$\frac{(-b^2 x^2 + b)x}{2b\sqrt{(x^2 + \frac{1}{b})(-b^2 x^2 + b)}} + \frac{\sqrt{-b x^2 + 1} \sqrt{b x^2 + 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b} x, i)}{2\sqrt{b} \sqrt{-b^2 x^4 + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-b x^2 + 1} \sqrt{b x^2 + 1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b} x, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sqrt{b} x, i))}{2\sqrt{b} \sqrt{-b^2 x^4 + 1}}$
default	$-b \left(\frac{x^3}{2\sqrt{-(x^4 - \frac{1}{b^2})b^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-b x^2 + 1} \sqrt{b x^2 + 1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b} x, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sqrt{b} x, i))}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-b^2 x^4 + 1}} \right) + \frac{x}{2\sqrt{-(x^4 - \frac{1}{b^2})b^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-b x^2 + 1}}{2\sqrt{b} \sqrt{-b^2 x^4 + 1}}$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([1/4,3/2],[5/4],b^2*x^4)-1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,3/2],[7/4],b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 77 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2 x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-b^2 x^4 + 1} b x + (b^2 x^2 + b) \sqrt{b} E(\arcsin(\sqrt{b} x) | -1) - ((b^2 - b)x^2 + b - 1) \sqrt{b} F(\arcsin(\sqrt{b} x) | -1)}{2(b^2 x^2 + b)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1)*b*x + (b^2*x^2 + b)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) - ((b^2 - b)*x^2 + b - 1)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1))/(b^2*x^2 + b)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4+1)**(3/2), x)`output `-b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = - \int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^3x^6 + b^2x^4 - bx^2 - 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2), x)`output `- int(sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**3*x**6 + b**2*x**4 - b*x**2 - 1), x)`

3.238 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1995
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1995
Rubi [A] (verified)	1996
Maple [C] (verified)	2000
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2000
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2001
Maxima [F]	2001
Giac [F]	2001
Mupad [F(-1)]	2002
Reduce [F]	2002

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{6(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5-3bx^2)}{12\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{4\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}),-1)}{6\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
1/6*x*(-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)+1/12*x*(-3*b*x^2+5)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
+1/4*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)+1/6*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{12}x \left(\frac{7-5b^2x^4}{(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} \right.$$

$$\left. + 5 \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4 \right) - 4bx^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4 \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x*((7 - 5*b^2*x^4)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2) + 5*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] - 4*b*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$, Rules used = {1388, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1388 \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 316 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(3bx^2+1)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} dx}{2b} + \frac{x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{3bx^2+1}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 402 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{2b(bx^2+4)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} dx}{6b} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{3(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{bx^2+4}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{3(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} - \frac{\int -\frac{b(3bx^2+5)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{2b} \right) - \frac{x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{3(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int \frac{b(3bx^2+5)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{2b} + \frac{3x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) - \frac{x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{3(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{3bx^2+5}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{3x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) - \frac{x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{3(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

↓ 399

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx \right) + \frac{3x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) - \frac{x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{3(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 284

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx + 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx \right) + \frac{3x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) - \frac{x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{3(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx + \frac{3E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{3x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) - \frac{x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{3(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{3E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{3x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) - \frac{x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{3(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `x/(2*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2]*(1 + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-1/3*(x*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2])/(1 + b*x^2)^(3/2) + ((3*x*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2])/(2*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]) + ((3*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b] + (2*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b]))/2)/3)/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 399 $\text{Int}(((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2])), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 402 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1388 $\text{Int}((u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n)})^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p+q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0]))$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right) - \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
default	$-b \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{-b^2 x^4 + 1}}{6b^4 \left(x^4 - \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{x^3}{4\sqrt{-\left(x^4 - \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-b x^2 + 1} \sqrt{b x^2 + 1} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b} x, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sqrt{b} x, i)\right)}{4b^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-b^2 x^4 + 1}} \right) + \frac{x \sqrt{-b^2 x^4 + 1}}{6b^4 \left(x^4 - \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2}$
elliptic	$\frac{x \sqrt{-b^2 x^4 + 1}}{12b^2 \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{b}\right)^2} + \frac{3(-b^2 x^2 + b)x}{8b \sqrt{\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{b}\right)(-b^2 x^2 + b)}} - \frac{(-b^2 x^2 - b)x}{8b \sqrt{\left(x^2 - \frac{1}{b}\right)(-b^2 x^2 - b)}} + \frac{5\sqrt{-b x^2 + 1} \sqrt{b x^2 + 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b} x, i)}{12\sqrt{b} \sqrt{-b^2 x^4 + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-b x^2 + 1}}{12(b^4 x^6 - 5b^3 x^4 + 3b^2 x^2 - b)}$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([1/4,5/2],[5/4],b^2*x^4)-1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,5/2],[7/4],b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 166 vs. $2(70) = 140$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(b^4 x^6 + b^3 x^4 - b^2 x^2 - b)\sqrt{b}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{b}x) | -1) - ((3b^4 - 5b^3)x^6 + (3b^3 - 5b^2)x^4 - (3b^2 - 5b)x^2 - 3b + 5)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(\sqrt{b}x), -1) + (3b^3 x^5 - 2b^2 x^3 - 7b^2 x)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{elliptic}_e(\arcsin(\sqrt{b}x), -1)}{12(b^4 x^6 - 5b^3 x^4 + 3b^2 x^2 - b)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(3*(b^4*x^6 + b^3*x^4 - b^2*x^2 - b)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) - ((3*b^4 - 5*b^3)*x^6 + (3*b^3 - 5*b^2)*x^4 - (3*b^2 - 5*b)*x^2 - 3*b + 5)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) + (3*b^3*x^5 - 2*b^2*x^3 - 7*b*x)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1))/(b^4*x^6 + b^3*x^4 - b^2*x^2 - b)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4+1)**(5/2), x)`output `-b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = - \int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^5x^{10} + b^4x^8 - 2b^3x^6 - 2b^2x^4 + bx^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(-b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**5*x**10 + b**4*x**8 - 2*b**3*x**6 - 2*b**2*x**4 + b*x**2 + 1), x)`

3.239 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2003
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2003
Rubi [A] (verified)	2004
Maple [C] (verified)	2008
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2009
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2009
Maxima [F]	2010
Giac [F]	2010
Mupad [F(-1)]	2010
Reduce [F]	2011

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} + \frac{x(9-7bx^2)}{60(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(15-7bx^2)}{40\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{7E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{40\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}),-1)}{5\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
1/10*x*(-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2)+1/60*x*(-7*b*x^2+9)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)
)+1/40*x*(-7*b*x^2+15)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+7/40*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1
/2)+1/5*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1}{120}x \left(\frac{75-108b^2x^4+45b^4x^8}{(1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$+ 45 \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4 \right) - 40bx^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4 \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2), x]`

output `(x*((75 - 108*b^2*x^4 + 45*b^4*x^8)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2) + 45*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] - 40*b*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 7/2, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/120`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.696$, Rules used = {1388, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1388 \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 316 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(7bx^2 + 5)}{(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{7/2}} dx}{6b} + \frac{x}{6(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{7bx^2 + 5}{(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{7/2}} dx + \frac{x}{6(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 402 \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{2b(1 - 30bx^2)}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2} (bx^2 + 1)^{7/2}} dx}{2b} + \frac{6x}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2} (bx^2 + 1)^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{6x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} - \int \frac{1-30bx^2}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} dx \right) + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3b(31bx^2+7)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} dx}{10b} - \frac{31x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{10} \int \frac{31bx^2+7}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} dx - \frac{31x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{10} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{6b(4bx^2+11)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} dx}{6b} - \frac{4x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{31x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{10} \left(\int \frac{4bx^2+11}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{4x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{31x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{10} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{b(7bx^2+15)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{2b} + \frac{7x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} - \frac{4x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{31x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{10} \left(\frac{\int \frac{b(7bx^2+15)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{2b} + \frac{7x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} - \frac{4x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{31x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{7bx^2+15}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{7x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} - \frac{4x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{31x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx \right) + \frac{7x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} - \frac{4x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{31x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 284

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx + 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx \right) + \frac{7x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} - \frac{4x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{31x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx + \frac{7E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{7x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} - \frac{4x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{31x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{8 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{7E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{7x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} - \frac{4x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{31x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} + \frac{6x}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{6(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2), x]`

output `x/(6*(1 - b*x^2)^(3/2)*(1 + b*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((6*x)/(Sqrt[1 - b*x^2]*(1 + b*x^2)^(5/2)) - (31*x*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2])/(10*(1 + b*x^2)^(5/2)) + (3*((-4*x*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2])/(1 + b*x^2)^(3/2) + (7*x*Sqrt[1 - b*x^2])/(2*Sqrt[1 + b*x^2])) + ((7*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b] + (8*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b])/2))/10)/6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`


```
rule 399 Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))))
```

```
rule 402 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 762 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1388 Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right) - \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{48b^2(x^2-\frac{1}{b})^2} - \frac{5(-b^2x^2-b)x}{32b\sqrt{(x^2-\frac{1}{b})(-b^2x^2-b)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{40b^3(x^2+\frac{1}{b})^3} + \frac{11x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{120b^2(x^2+\frac{1}{b})^2} + \frac{53(-b^2x^2+b)x}{160b\sqrt{(x^2+\frac{1}{b})(-b^2x^2+b)}} + \frac{3\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{8b^2}$
default	$-b \left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{10b^6(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2})^3} + \frac{7x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{60b^4(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2})^2} + \frac{7x^3}{40\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2})b^2}} + \frac{7\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{b}x, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sqrt{b}x, i))}{40b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}} \right)$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([1/4,7/2],[5/4],b^2*x^4)-1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,7/2],[7/4],b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 239 vs. 2(93) = 186.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{21(b^6x^{10} + b^5x^8 - 2b^4x^6 - 2b^3x^4 + b^2x^2 + b)\sqrt{b}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1) - 3((7b^6 -$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/120*(21*(b^6*x^10 + b^5*x^8 - 2*b^4*x^6 - 2*b^3*x^4 + b^2*x^2 + b)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) - 3*((7*b^6 - 15*b^5)*x^10 + (7*b^5 - 15*b^4)*x^8 - 2*(7*b^4 - 15*b^3)*x^6 - 2*(7*b^3 - 15*b^2)*x^4 + (7*b^2 - 15*b)*x^2 + 7*b - 15)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) + (21*b^5*x^9 - 24*b^4*x^7 - 80*b^3*x^5 + 28*b^2*x^3 + 75*b*x)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1))/(b^6*x^10 + b^5*x^8 - 2*b^4*x^6 - 2*b^3*x^4 + b^2*x^2 + b)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \mid \frac{7}{4} \mid b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \mid \frac{5}{4} \mid b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4+1)**(7/2),x)`

output

```
-b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 7/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/
(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 7/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_pola
r(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(7/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(7/2), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = - \int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2),x)
```

output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^7x^{14} + b^6x^{12} - 3b^5x^{10} - 3b^4x^8 + 3b^3x^6 + 3b^2x^4 - bx^2 - 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2), x)`

output `- int(sqrt(- b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**7*x**14 + b**6*x**12 - 3*b**5*x**10 - 3*b**4*x**8 + 3*b**3*x**6 + 3*b**2*x**4 - b*x**2 - 1), x)`

3.240 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2012
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2012
Rubi [A] (verified)	2013
Maple [C] (verified)	2018
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2019
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2019
Maxima [F]	2020
Giac [F]	2020
Mupad [F(-1)]	2020
Reduce [F]	2021

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{14(1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} + \frac{x(13-11bx^2)}{140(1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} + \frac{x(117-77bx^2)}{840(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(195-77bx^2)}{560\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} + \frac{11E(\arcsin(\sqrt{b}x) | -1)}{80\sqrt{b}} + \frac{59 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{b}x), -1)}{280\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
1/14*x*(-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2)+1/140*x*(-11*b*x^2+13)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2)+1/840*x*(-77*b*x^2+117)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)+1/560*x*(-77*b*x^2+195)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+11/80*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)+59/280*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1-b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(-\frac{3(-365+793b^2x^4-663b^4x^8+195b^6x^{12})}{(1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} + 585 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right) - 560bx \right)}{1680}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(9/2), x]`

output `(x*((-3*(-365 + 793*b^2*x^4 - 663*b^4*x^8 + 195*b^6*x^12))/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2) + 585*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] - 560*b*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 9/2, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/1680`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 21, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.913$, Rules used = {1388, 316, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1388 \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(1 - bx^2)^{7/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 316 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(11bx^2 + 9)}{(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{9/2}} dx}{10b} + \frac{x}{10(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{10} \int \frac{11bx^2 + 9}{(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{9/2}} dx + \frac{x}{10(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 402 \\
 & \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2b(90bx^2 + 17)}{(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{9/2}} dx}{6b} + \frac{10x}{3(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{10(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{90bx^2 + 17}{(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{9/2}} dx + \frac{10x}{3(1 - bx^2)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{7/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x}{10(1 - bx^2)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{b(73-749bx^2)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{9/2}} dx}{2b} + \frac{107x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{10x}{3(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{107x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{b(73-749bx^2)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{9/2}} dx}{2b} \right) + \frac{10x}{3(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{107x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{73-749bx^2}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{9/2}} dx \right) + \frac{10x}{3(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{10b(20-411bx^2)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} dx}{14b} - \frac{411x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{7(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{107x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{10x}{3(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{5}{7} \int \frac{20-411bx^2}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} dx - \frac{411x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{7(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{107x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{10x}{3(1-bx^2)^{3/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 402
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{431x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3b(431bx^2+77)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} dx}{10b} \right) - \frac{411x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{7(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{107x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{431x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} - \frac{3}{10} \int \frac{431bx^2+77}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} dx \right) - \frac{411x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{7(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{107x}{2\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{431x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} - \frac{3}{10} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{6b(59bx^2+136)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} dx}{6b} - \frac{59x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) \right) - \frac{411x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{7(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{431x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} - \frac{3}{10} \left(\int \frac{59bx^2+136}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{59x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) \right) - \frac{411x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{7(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{431x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} - \frac{3}{10} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{b(77bx^2+195)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{2b} + \frac{77x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} - \frac{59x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) \right) - \frac{411x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{7(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{431x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} - \frac{3}{10} \left(\frac{\int \frac{b(77bx^2+195)}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx}{2b} + \frac{77x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} - \frac{59x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) \right) - \frac{411x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{7(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{431x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} - \frac{3}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{77bx^2+195}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + \frac{77x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} - \frac{59x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{(bx^2+1)^{3/2}} \right) \right) - \frac{411x}{7(bx^2+1)} \right) \right) \right) \frac{1}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{431x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} - \frac{3}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(118 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx + 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx \right) \right) + \frac{77x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \frac{1}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 284

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{431x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} - \frac{3}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(118 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx + 77 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-bx^2}} dx \right) \right) + \frac{77x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} - \frac{59x}{(bx^2+1)} \right) \right) \right) \right) \frac{1}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{431x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} - \frac{3}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(118 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx + \frac{77E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right) + \frac{77x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \frac{1}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{431x\sqrt{1-bx^2}}{10(bx^2+1)^{5/2}} - \frac{3}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{118 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{77E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \frac{1}{10(1-bx^2)^{5/2}(bx^2+1)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(1 - b*x^2)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(9/2), x]
```

output

```
x/(10*(1 - b*x^2)^(5/2)*(1 + b*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((10*x)/(3*(1 - b*x^2)^(3/2)*
(1 + b*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((107*x)/(2*sqrt[1 - b*x^2]*(1 + b*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((-4
11*x*sqrt[1 - b*x^2])/(7*(1 + b*x^2)^(7/2)) - (5*((431*x*sqrt[1 - b*x^2])/
(10*(1 + b*x^2)^(5/2)) - (3*((-59*x*sqrt[1 - b*x^2])/(1 + b*x^2)^(3/2) + (
77*x*sqrt[1 - b*x^2])/(2*sqrt[1 + b*x^2]) + ((77*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*
x], -1])/sqrt[b] + (118*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/sqrt[b])/2)/10
)/7)/2)/3)/10
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 284

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := I
nt[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 316

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x
^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !
(!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2,
p, q, x]
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 399 Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))))
```

```
rule 402 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 762 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1388 Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{9}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right) - \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{9}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
elliptic	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{160b^3(x^2-\frac{1}{b})^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{30b^2(x^2-\frac{1}{b})^2} - \frac{27(-b^2x^2-b)x}{160b\sqrt{(x^2-\frac{1}{b})(-b^2x^2-b)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{112b^4(x^2+\frac{1}{b})^4} + \frac{39x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{1120b^3(x^2+\frac{1}{b})^3} + \frac{157x\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{1680b^2(x^2+\frac{1}{b})^2}$
default	$-b \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{14b^8(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2})^4} - \frac{11x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{140b^6(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2})^3} + \frac{11x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4+1}}{120b^4(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2})^2} + \frac{11x^3}{80\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2})b^2}} + \frac{11\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\sqrt{bx^2+1} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\dots}\right) \right)}{80b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{-b^2x^4}} \right)$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([1/4,9/2],[5/4],b^2*x^4)-1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,9/2],[7/4],b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 326 vs. $2(116) = 232$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{231(b^8x^{14} + b^7x^{12} - 3b^6x^{10} - 3b^5x^8 + 3b^4x^6 + 3b^3x^4 - b^2x^2 - b)\sqrt{b}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}))}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/1680*(231*(b^8*x^14 + b^7*x^12 - 3*b^6*x^10 - 3*b^5*x^8 + 3*b^4*x^6 + 3*b^3*x^4 - b^2*x^2 - b)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) - 3*((77*b^8 - 195*b^7)*x^14 + (77*b^7 - 195*b^6)*x^12 - 3*(77*b^6 - 195*b^5)*x^10 - 3*(77*b^5 - 195*b^4)*x^8 + 3*(77*b^4 - 195*b^3)*x^6 + 3*(77*b^3 - 195*b^2)*x^4 - (77*b^2 - 195*b)*x^2 - 77*b + 195)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) + (231*b^7*x^13 - 354*b^6*x^11 - 1201*b^5*x^9 + 788*b^4*x^7 + 1921*b^3*x^5 - 458*b^2*x^3 - 1095*b*x)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 + 1))/(b^8*x^14 + b^7*x^12 - 3*b^6*x^10 - 3*b^5*x^8 + 3*b^4*x^6 + 3*b^3*x^4 - b^2*x^2 - b)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 35.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{9}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{9}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| b^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4+1)**(9/2),x)`

output

```
-b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 9/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/
(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 9/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_pola
r(2*I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(9/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(-b^2*x^4 + 1)^(9/2), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = - \int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(9/2),x)
```

output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(1 - b^2*x^4)^(9/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^9x^{18} + b^8x^{16} - 4b^7x^{14} - 4b^6x^{12} + 6b^5x^{10} + 6b^4x^8 - 4b^3x^6 - 4b^2x^4 + bx^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4+1)^(9/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(-b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**9*x**18 + b**8*x**16 - 4*b**7*x**14 - 4*b**6*x**12 + 6*b**5*x**10 + 6*b**4*x**8 - 4*b**3*x**6 - 4*b**2*x**4 + b*x**2 + 1),x)`

3.241 $\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2022
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2023
Rubi [A] (verified)	2023
Maple [C] (verified)	2026
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2027
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2028
Maxima [F]	2029
Giac [F]	2029
Mupad [F(-1)]	2030
Reduce [F]	2030

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 319

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{8a^3 ex \sqrt{a + cx^4}}{39\sqrt{c} (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})} + \frac{4a^2 x(195d + 77ex^2) \sqrt{a + cx^4}}{3003}$$

$$+ \frac{10ax(117d + 77ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{3/2}}{9009} + \frac{1}{143} x(13d + 11ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{5/2}$$

$$- \frac{8a^{13/4} e (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{39c^{3/4} \sqrt{a + cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{4a^{11/4} (195\sqrt{cd} + 77\sqrt{ae}) (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{3003c^{3/4} \sqrt{a + cx^4}}$$

output

```
8/39*a^3*e*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)+4/3003*a^2*x*(7
7*e*x^2+195*d)*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+10/9009*a*x*(77*e*x^2+117*d)*(c*x^4+a)^(3/2
)+1/143*x*(11*e*x^2+13*d)*(c*x^4+a)^(5/2)-8/39*a^(13/4)*e*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)
*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2))^2^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(
1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/c^(3/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+4/3003*a^(11/4)*(195
*c^(1/2)*d+77*a^(1/2)*e)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)
*x^2))^2^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/c^(
3/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + cx^4} \left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a} \right) + ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(a^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 1/4, 5/4, -((c*x^4)/a)] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 3/4, 7/4, -((c*x^4)/a)])/(3*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + cx^4)^{5/2} (d + ex^2) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\ & \frac{5}{143} \int 2a(11ex^2 + 13d) (cx^4 + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{143} x(a + cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{10}{143} a \int (11ex^2 + 13d) (cx^4 + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{143} x(a + cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{1}{21} \int 2a(77ex^2 + 117d) \sqrt{cx^4 + a} dx + \frac{1}{63}x(a + cx^4)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143}x(a + cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{2}{21}a \int (77ex^2 + 117d) \sqrt{cx^4 + a} dx + \frac{1}{63}x(a + cx^4)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143}x(a + cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1491 \\
& \frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{1}{15} \int \frac{6a(77ex^2 + 195d)}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a + cx^4}(195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a + cx^4)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143}x(a + cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \int \frac{77ex^2 + 195d}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a + cx^4}(195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a + cx^4)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143}x(a + cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1512 \\
& \frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\left(\frac{77\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 195d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx - \frac{77\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a + cx^4}(195d + 77ex^2) \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143}x(a + cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{10}{143}a \left(\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\left(\frac{77\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 195d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx - \frac{77e \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a + cx^4}(195d + 77ex^2) \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143}x(a + cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 761
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{10}{143} a \left(\frac{2}{21} a \left(\frac{2}{5} a \left(\frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \left(\frac{77\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 195d \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{77e \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \frac{1}{143} x (a + cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \downarrow 1510 \right. \right. \right.$$

$$\frac{10}{143} a \left(\frac{2}{21} a \left(\frac{2}{5} a \left(\frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \left(\frac{77\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 195d \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{77e \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx})}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \frac{1}{143} x (a + cx^4)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \right. \right. \right.$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (x*(13*d + 11*e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)^(5/2))/143 + (10*a*((x*(117*d + 77*e*x^2)
*(a + c*x^4)^(3/2))/63 + (2*a*((x*(195*d + 77*e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/5 +
(2*a*((-77*e*(-((x*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)) + (a^(1/4)*(S
qrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*Elliptic
E[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2)]/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])))/Sqrt[c]
+ ((195*d + (77*Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x
^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/
2])/(2*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])))/5)/21))/143
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1491 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1512 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(693c^2ex^{10}+819c^2dx^8+2156acex^6+2808acd x^4+2387a^2ex^2+4329a^2d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{9009} + \frac{8a^3 \left(\frac{195d\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} \right)}{9009}$
default	$d \left(\frac{c^2x^9\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{11} + \frac{24acx^5\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{77} + \frac{37a^2x\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{77} + \frac{40a^3\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)}{77\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} \right) + e \left(\frac{c^2x^{11}\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{13} + \frac{c^2dx^9\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{11} + \frac{28acex^7\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{117} + \frac{24acd x^5\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{77} + \frac{31a^2ex^3\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{117} + \frac{37a^2dx\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{77} + \dots \right)$
elliptic	$\frac{e c^2 x^{11} \sqrt{c x^4+a}}{13} + \frac{c^2 d x^9 \sqrt{c x^4+a}}{11} + \frac{28 a c e x^7 \sqrt{c x^4+a}}{117} + \frac{24 a c d x^5 \sqrt{c x^4+a}}{77} + \frac{31 a^2 e x^3 \sqrt{c x^4+a}}{117} + \frac{37 a^2 d x \sqrt{c x^4+a}}{77} + \dots$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/9009*x*(693*c^2*e*x^10+819*c^2*d*x^8+2156*a*c*e*x^6+2808*a*c*d*x^4+2387*
a^2*e*x^2+4329*a^2*d)*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+8/3003*a^3*(195*d/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)
)^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c
*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+77*I*e*a^(1/2)/(I/a
^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)
*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)
,I)-EllipticE(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1848 a^3 \sqrt{cex} \left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{3/4} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{1/4}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + 24 (195 a^2 cd - 77 a^3 e) \sqrt{cx} \left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{3/4} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{1/4}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right)}{9009}$$

```
input integrate((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/9009*(1848*a^3*sqrt(c)*e*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + 24*(195*a^2*c*d - 77*a^3*e)*sqrt(c)*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (693*c^3*e*x^12 + 819*c^3*d*x^10 + 2156*a*c^2*e*x^8 + 2808*a*c^2*d*x^6 + 2387*a^2*c*e*x^4 + 4329*a^2*c*d*x^2 + 1848*a^3*e)*sqrt(c*x^4 + a))/(c*x)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^{5/2} dx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{5/2} ex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{a^{3/2} cdx^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{3/2} cex^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{ac^2} dx^9 \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{ac^2} ex^{11} \Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{15}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)*(c*x**4+a)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
a**(5/2)*d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/
a)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + a**(5/2)*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,),
c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(7/4)) + a**(3/2)*c*d*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hy
per((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*gamma(9/4)) + a**(3/
2)*c*e*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/
a)/(2*gamma(11/4)) + sqrt(a)*c**2*d*x**9*gamma(9/4)*hyper((-1/2, 9/4), (13
/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(13/4)) + sqrt(a)*c**2*e*x**11*gam
ma(11/4)*hyper((-1/2, 11/4), (15/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(1
5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x^4 + a)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x^4 + a)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (cx^4 + a)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2),x)`output `int((a + c*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{37\sqrt{cx^4 + a} a^2 dx}{77} + \frac{31\sqrt{cx^4 + a} a^2 e x^3}{117} \\ &+ \frac{24\sqrt{cx^4 + a} a c d x^5}{77} + \frac{28\sqrt{cx^4 + a} a c e x^7}{117} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} c^2 d x^9}{11} \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} c^2 e x^{11}}{13} + \frac{40 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) a^3 d}{77} + \frac{8 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} x^2}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) a^3 e}{39} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`output `(4329*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*a**2*d*x + 2387*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*a**2*e*x**3 + 2808*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*a*c*d*x**5 + 2156*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*a*c*e*x**7 + 819*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*c**2*d*x**9 + 693*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*c**2*e*x**11 + 4680*int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a + c*x**4),x)*a**3*d + 1848*int((sqrt(a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)*a**3*e)/9009`

3.242 $\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2031
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2032
Rubi [A] (verified)	2032
Maple [C] (verified)	2035
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2036
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2036
Maxima [F]	2037
Giac [F]	2037
Mupad [F(-1)]	2038
Reduce [F]	2038

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 290

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{4a^2ex\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{15\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})} + \frac{2}{105}ax(15d + 7ex^2)\sqrt{a + cx^4}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{63}x(9d + 7ex^2)(a + cx^4)^{3/2} - \frac{4a^{9/4}e(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{15c^{3/4}\sqrt{a + cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^{7/4}(15\sqrt{cd} + 7\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{105c^{3/4}\sqrt{a + cx^4}}$$

output

```
4/15*a^2*e*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)+2/105*a*x*(7*e*x^2+15*d)*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/63*x*(7*e*x^2+9*d)*(c*x^4+a)^(3/2)-4/15*a^(9/4)*e*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/c^(3/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+2/105*a^(7/4)*(15*c^(1/2)*d+7*a^(1/2)*e)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/c^(3/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a + cx^4} \left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a} \right) + ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, -((c*x^4)/a)] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, -((c*x^4)/a)]))/(3*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + cx^4)^{3/2} (d + ex^2) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\ & \frac{1}{21} \int 2a(7ex^2 + 9d) \sqrt{cx^4 + adx} + \frac{1}{63} x(a + cx^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{2}{21} a \int (7ex^2 + 9d) \sqrt{cx^4 + adx} + \frac{1}{63} x(a + cx^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{1}{15} \int \frac{6a(7ex^2 + 15d)}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a + cx^4}(15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a + cx^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5} \int \frac{7ex^2 + 15d}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a + cx^4}(15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a + cx^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2)$$

↓ 1512

$$\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\left(\frac{7\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 15d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx - \frac{7\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a + cx^4}(15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a + cx^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\left(\frac{7\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 15d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx - \frac{7e \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a + cx^4}(15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a + cx^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2)$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \left(\frac{7\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 15d \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right) - \frac{7e \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2^4 \sqrt{a} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a + cx^4}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a + cx^4}(15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a + cx^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2)$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{2}{21}a \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \left(\frac{7\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 15d \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right) - \frac{7e \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2^4 \sqrt{a} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a + cx^4}}}{2^4 \sqrt{a} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a + cx^4}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{a + cx^4}(15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63}x(a + cx^4)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(9*d + 7*e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)^(3/2))/63 + (2*a*((x*(15*d + 7*e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/5 + (2*a*((-7*e*(-(x*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)) + (a^(1/4)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])))/Sqrt[c] + ((15*d + (7*Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))/5)/21`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1491 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(35ce^6 + 45cdx^4 + 77ae^2x^2 + 135ad)\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{315} + \frac{4a^2 \left(\frac{15d\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} + \frac{7ie\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{105} \right)}{105}$
default	$d \left(\frac{cx^5\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{7} + \frac{3ax\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{7} + \frac{4a^2\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} \right) + e \left(\frac{cx^7\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{9} + \frac{11ax^3\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{45} \right)$
elliptic	$\frac{ce^7\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{9} + \frac{cdx^5\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{7} + \frac{11ae^3\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{45} + \frac{3adx\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{7} + \frac{4a^2d\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}}$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/315*x*(35*c*e*x^6+45*c*d*x^4+77*a*e*x^2+135*a*d)*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+4/105*a
^2*(15*d/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a
^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(
1/2),I)+7*I*e*a^(1/2)/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)
^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x
*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{84 a^2 \sqrt{c} e x \left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + 12 (15 a c d - 7 a^2 e) \sqrt{c} x \left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right)}{315 c x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/315*(84*a^2*sqrt(c)*e*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + 12*(15*a*c*d - 7*a^2*e)*sqrt(c)*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (35*c^2*e*x^8 + 45*c^2*d*x^6 + 77*a*c*e*x^4 + 135*a*c*d*x^2 + 84*a^2*e)*sqrt(c*x^4 + a)/(c*x)`**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}} dx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}} ex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{ac} dx^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{ac} ex^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
a**(3/2)*d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/
a)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + a**(3/2)*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,),
c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(7/4)) + sqrt(a)*c*d*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyp
er((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(9/4)) + sqrt(a)
*c*e*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)
/(4*gamma(11/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^4 + a)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2),x)`output `int((a + c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{cx^4 + a} adx}{7} + \frac{11\sqrt{cx^4 + a} aex^3}{45}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} cdx^5}{7} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} cex^7}{9} + \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{cx^4 + a} dx\right) a^2 d}{7} + \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} x^2}{cx^4 + a} dx\right) a^2 e}{15}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`output `(135*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*a*d*x + 77*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*a*e*x**3 + 45*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*c*d*x**5 + 35*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*c*e*x**7 + 180*int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a + c*x**4),x)*a**2*d + 84*int((sqrt(a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)*a**2*e)/315`

3.243 $\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	2039
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2040
Rubi [A] (verified)	2040
Maple [C] (verified)	2043
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2043
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2044
Maxima [F]	2044
Giac [F]	2045
Mupad [F(-1)]	2045
Reduce [F]	2045

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 261

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2aex\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{5\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})} + \frac{1}{15}x(5d + 3ex^2) \sqrt{a + cx^4}$$

$$- \frac{2a^{5/4}e(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{5c^{3/4}\sqrt{a + cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{3/4}(5\sqrt{cd} + 3\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{15c^{3/4}\sqrt{a + cx^4}}$$

output

```
2/5*a*e*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)+1/15*x*(3*e*x^2+5*d)*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-2/5*a^(5/4)*e*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/c^(3/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/15*a^(3/4)*(5*c^(1/2)*d+3*a^(1/2)*e)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/c^(3/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^4} \left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a} \right) + ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, -((c*x^4)/a)] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -((c*x^4)/a)]))/(3*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + cx^4} (d + ex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1491$$

$$\frac{1}{15} \int \frac{2a(3ex^2 + 5d)}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{a + cx^4} (5d + 3ex^2)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2}{15} a \int \frac{3ex^2 + 5d}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{a + cx^4} (5d + 3ex^2)$$

$$\downarrow 1512$$

$$\frac{2}{15}a \left(\left(\frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 5d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx - \frac{3\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{15}x\sqrt{a + cx^4}(5d + 3ex^2)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{15}a \left(\left(\frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 5d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx - \frac{3e \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{15}x\sqrt{a + cx^4}(5d + 3ex^2)$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{2}{15}a \left(\frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 5d \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right) - \frac{3e \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a + cx^4}} \right) + \frac{1}{15}x\sqrt{a + cx^4}(5d + 3ex^2)$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{2}{15}a \left(\frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 5d \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right) - \frac{3e \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})^2}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a + cx^4}} \right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a + cx^4}}}{\frac{1}{15}x\sqrt{a + cx^4}(5d + 3ex^2)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4],x]`

output `(x*(5*d + 3*e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/15 + (2*a*((-3*e*(-((x*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)) + (a^(1/4)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])))/Sqrt[c] + ((5*d + (3*Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])))/15`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1491 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1512 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(3ex^2+5d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{15} + \frac{2a \left(\frac{5d\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} + \frac{3ie\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)-E\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}\sqrt{c}} \right)}{15}$
elliptic	$\frac{ex^3\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{5} + \frac{dx\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{3} + \frac{2ad\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} + \frac{2ia^{\frac{3}{2}}e\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)-E\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}\sqrt{c}}$
default	$d \left(\frac{x\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{3} + \frac{2a\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} \right) + e \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{5} + \frac{2ia^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)-E\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}\sqrt{c}} \right)$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15*x*(3*e*x^2+5*d)*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+2/15*a*(5*d/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)
*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)
^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+3*I*e*a^(1/2)/(I/a^(1/2)*c
^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1
/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-Elli
pticE(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6a\sqrt{c}ex\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right)\mid -1\right) + 2(5cd - 3ae)\sqrt{c}x\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right)\mid -1\right) + (3cex^4}{15cx}$$

```
input integrate((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/15*(6*a*sqrt(c)*e*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1)
+ 2*(5*c*d - 3*a*e)*sqrt(c)*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/
x), -1) + (3*c*e*x^4 + 5*c*d*x^2 + 6*a*e)*sqrt(c*x^4 + a)/(c*x)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + cx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} dx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{a} ex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)*(c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
sqrt(a)*d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a
)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + sqrt(a)*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*
x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(7/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^4 + a} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^4 + a} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^4 + a} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + cx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} dx}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} ex^3}{5} + \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) ad}{3} + \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} x^2}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) ae}{5}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `(5*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*d*x + 3*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*e*x**3 + 10*int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a + c*x**4),x)*a*d + 6*int((sqrt(a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)*a*e)/15`

3.244 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	2046
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2047
Rubi [A] (verified)	2047
Maple [C] (verified)	2049
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2050
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2050
Maxima [F]	2051
Giac [F]	2051
Mupad [F(-1)]	2051
Reduce [F]	2052

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 227

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{ex\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ac^3}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

output

```
e*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)-a^(1/4)*e*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/c^(3/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(1/4)/c^(3/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a} \right) + ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{a + cx^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -((c*x^4)/a)] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -((c*x^4)/a)])/(3*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1512$$

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 761 \\
 & \frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2^{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{a} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \downarrow 1510 \\
 & \frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2^{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{a} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x]`

output `-((e*(-((x*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)) + (a^(1/4)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])))/Sqrt[c]) + ((d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
  (1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
  llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
  }, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
  Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
  , d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} + \frac{ie\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}\sqrt{c}}$
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} + \frac{ie\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}\sqrt{c}}$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
d/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c
^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)
+I*e*a^(1/2)/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+
I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/
2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{c}ex\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (cd - ae)\sqrt{cx}\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{cx^4 + aae}}{acx}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(a*sqrt(c)*e*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (c*d - a*e)*sqrt(c)*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + sqrt(c*x^4 + a)*a*e)/(a*c*x)`**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{dx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(c*x^4 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} x^2}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a + c*x**4),x)*d + int((sqrt(a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)*e`

3.245 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2053
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2054
Rubi [A] (verified)	2054
Maple [C] (verified)	2057
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2057
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2058
Maxima [F]	2058
Giac [F]	2058
Mupad [F(-1)]	2059
Reduce [F]	2059

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 262

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{2a\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})} + \frac{e(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2a^{3/4}c^{3/4}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{4a^{5/4}c^{3/4}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(e*x^2+d)/a/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/2*e*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a/c^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)+1/2*e*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/c^(3/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/4*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(5/4)/c^(3/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3dx + 3dx\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + 2ex^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a}\right)}{6a\sqrt{a + cx^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(3*d*x + 3*d*x*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -((c*x^4)/a)] + 2*e*x^3*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, -((c*x^4)/a)])/(6*a*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\ & \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a + cx^4}} - \frac{\int -\frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{2a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{2a} + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a + cx^4}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1512} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a+cx^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx + \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a+cx^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 761 \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a+cx^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1510 \\
 & \frac{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} + \frac{e \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a+cx^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x^2))/(2*a*sqrt[a + c*x^4]) + ((e*(-((x*sqrt[a + c*x^4])/(sqrt[a] + sqrt[c]*x^2)) + (a^(1/4)*(sqrt[a] + sqrt[c]*x^2)*sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(sqrt[a] + sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2)]/(c^(1/4)*sqrt[a + c*x^4])))/sqrt[c] + ((d - (sqrt[a]*e)/sqrt[c])*(sqrt[a] + sqrt[c]*x^2)*sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(sqrt[a] + sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2)]/(2*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*sqrt[a + c*x^4]))/(2*a)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 761 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + \text{q}^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^4)/(\text{a}*(1 + \text{q}^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*\text{q}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^4]))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{q}*x], 1/2], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}]$
- rule 1493 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2]*((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4)^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^{\text{p} + 1}/(4*a*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(4*a*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Simp}[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, \text{x}]*(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4)^{\text{p} + 1}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$
- rule 1510 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{c}/\text{a}, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(-d)*x*(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4]/(\text{a}*(1 + \text{q}^2*x^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[d*(1 + \text{q}^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4)/(\text{a}*(1 + \text{q}^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4]))*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{q}*x], 1/2], \text{x}] \text{ ; EqQ}[\text{e} + \text{d}*q^2, 0] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}]$
- rule 1512 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{c}/\text{a}, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{e} + \text{d}*q)/q \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4], \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{e}/q \quad \text{Int}[(1 - \text{q}*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; NeQ}[\text{e} + \text{d}*q, 0] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
elliptic	$-\frac{2c\left(-\frac{e x^3}{4ac} - \frac{dx}{4ac}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{a}{c}\right)c}} + \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2a\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} - \frac{ie\sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - E\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4 + a}\sqrt{c}}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x}{2a\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{a}{c}\right)c}} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2a\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}\right) + e\left(\frac{x^3}{2a\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{a}{c}\right)c}} - \frac{i\sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - E\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4 + a}\sqrt{c}}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2*c*(-1/4/a*e/c*x^3-1/4*d/a/c*x)/((x^4+1/c*a)*c)^(1/2)+1/2*d/a/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-1/2*I/a^(1/2)*e/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ce x^4 + ae)\sqrt{a}\left(-\frac{c}{a}\right)^{3/4} E\left(\arcsin\left(x\left(-\frac{c}{a}\right)^{1/4}\right) \mid -1\right) - ((cd + ce)x^4 + ad + ae)\sqrt{a}\left(-\frac{c}{a}\right)^{3/4}}{2(ac^2x^4 + a^2c)}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/2*((c*e*x^4 + a*e)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*(-c/a)^(3/4)*\operatorname{elliptic}_e(\arcsin(x*(-c/a)^(1/4)), -1) - ((c*d + c*e)*x^4 + a*d + a*e)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*(-c/a)^(3/4)*\operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(x*(-c/a)^(1/4)), -1) + (c*e*x^3 + c*d*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^4 + a))/(a*c^2*x^4 + a^2*c)$$

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{dx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*a**(3/2)*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*a**(3/2)*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(cx^4 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}x^2}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8), x)*d + int((sqrt(a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8), x)*e`

3.246 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2060
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2061
Rubi [A] (verified)	2061
Maple [C] (verified)	2064
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2065
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2065
Maxima [F]	2066
Giac [F]	2066
Mupad [F(-1)]	2066
Reduce [F]	2067

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 292

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6a(a+cx^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{12a^2\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{4a^2\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})}$$

$$+ \frac{e(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{4a^{7/4}c^{3/4}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(5\sqrt{cd}-3\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{24a^{9/4}c^{3/4}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/6*x*(e*x^2+d)/a/(c*x^4+a)^(3/2)+1/12*x*(3*e*x^2+5*d)/a^2/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
-1/4*e*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a^2/c^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)+1/4*e*(a^(1/2)+
c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arc
tan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(7/4)/c^(3/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/24*
(5*c^(1/2)*d-3*a^(1/2)*e)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)
)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a
^(9/4)/c^(3/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{dx(7a + 5cx^4) + 5dx(a + cx^4) \sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + 4ex^3}{12a^2 (a + cx^4)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(d*x*(7*a + 5*c*x^4) + 5*d*x*(a + c*x^4)*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -((c*x^4)/a)] + 4*e*x^3*(a + c*x^4)*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, -((c*x^4)/a)]/(12*a^2*(a + c*x^4)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1493, 25, 1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\ & \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{6a(a + cx^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3ex^2 + 5d}{(cx^4 + a)^{3/2}} dx}{6a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{3ex^2 + 5d}{(cx^4 + a)^{3/2}} dx}{6a} + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{6a(a + cx^4)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{\int \frac{5d-3ex^2}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6a(a+cx^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d-3ex^2}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{2a} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a+cx^4}} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6a(a+cx^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1512 \\
 & \frac{(5d - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx + \frac{3\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{6a} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a+cx^4}} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6a(a+cx^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(5d - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx + \frac{3e \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{6a} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a+cx^4}} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{6a(a+cx^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 761 \\
 & \frac{3e \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} (5d - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2a \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a+cx^4}} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a+cx^4}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{6a}{x(d+ex^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{6a}{6a(a+cx^4)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1510 \\
 & \frac{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} (5d - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2a \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a+cx^4}} + \frac{3e \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}} \right)}{2a \sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \frac{6a}{x(d+ex^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{6a}{6a(a+cx^4)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output

```
(x*(d + e*x^2))/(6*a*(a + c*x^4)^(3/2)) + ((x*(5*d + 3*e*x^2))/(2*a*Sqrt[a
+ c*x^4]) + ((3*e*(-((x*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)) + (a^(1
/4)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*El
lipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])))/S
qrt[c] + ((5*d - (3*Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a +
c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)],
1/2])/(2*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))/(2*a))/(6*a)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 761

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(
1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*
EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 1493

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x
)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)
) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]
```

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(
1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```


rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\left(\frac{e x^3}{6 a c^2} + \frac{d x}{6 a c^2}\right) \sqrt{c x^4+a}}{\left(x^4+\frac{a}{c}\right)^2} - \frac{2 c\left(-\frac{e x^3}{8 a^2 c}-\frac{5 d x}{24 a^2 c}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^4+\frac{a}{c}\right) c}} + \frac{5 d \sqrt{1-\frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{12 a^2 \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}} \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{c x^4+a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \frac{i e \sqrt{1-\frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}$
default	$d \left(\frac{x \sqrt{c x^4+a}}{6 a c^2 \left(x^4+\frac{a}{c}\right)^2} + \frac{5 x}{12 a^2 \sqrt{\left(x^4+\frac{a}{c}\right) c}} + \frac{5 \sqrt{1-\frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{12 a^2 \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}} \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{c x^4+a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) \right) + e \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{c x^4+a}}{6 a c^2 \left(x^4+\frac{a}{c}\right)^2} + \frac{1}{4 a^2 \sqrt{\left(x^4+\frac{a}{c}\right) c}} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(1/6/a*e/c^2*x^3+1/6*d/a/c^2*x)*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(x^4+1/c*a)^2-2*c*(-1/8/a^
2/c*e*x^3-5/24/a^2/c*d*x)/((x^4+1/c*a)*c)^(1/2)+5/12*d/a^2/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1
/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)
/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-1/4*I/a^(3/2)*e/
(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(
1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(
1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(c^2ex^8 + 2acex^4 + a^2e)\sqrt{a}\left(-\frac{c}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E(\arcsin\left(x\left(-\frac{c}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right) \mid -1) - ((5c^2d + 3c^2e)x^8 +$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(3*(c^2*e*x^8 + 2*a*c*e*x^4 + a^2*e)*sqrt(a)*(-c/a)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*(-c/a)^(1/4)), -1) - ((5*c^2*d + 3*c^2*e)*x^8 + 2*(5*a*c*d + 3*a*c*e)*x^4 + 5*a^2*d + 3*a^2*e)*sqrt(a)*(-c/a)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*(-c/a)^(1/4)), -1) + (3*c^2*e*x^7 + 5*c^2*d*x^5 + 5*a*c*e*x^3 + 7*a*c*d*x)*sqrt(c*x^4 + a)/(a^2*c^3*x^8 + 2*a^3*c^2*x^4 + a^4*c)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{dx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4a^{\frac{5}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4a^{\frac{5}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(c*x**4+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*a** (5/2)*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/2), (7/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*a** (5/2)*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(cx^4 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(c*x^4 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(cx^4 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(c*x^4 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(cx^4 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{c^3x^{12} + 3ac^2x^8 + 3a^2cx^4 + a^3} dx \right) d$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}x^2}{c^3x^{12} + 3ac^2x^8 + 3a^2cx^4 + a^3} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*c*x**4 + 3*a*c**2*x**8 + c**3*x**12),x)*d + int((sqrt(a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*c*x**4 + 3*a*c**2*x**8 + c**3*x**12),x)*e`

3.247 $\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2068
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2069
Rubi [A] (verified)	2069
Maple [A] (verified)	2072
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2073
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2073
Maxima [F]	2074
Giac [F]	2074
Mupad [F(-1)]	2075
Reduce [F]	2075

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 211

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{1944ex\sqrt{9+x^4}}{13(3+x^2)} + \frac{108x(195d+77ex^2)\sqrt{9+x^4}}{1001} \\ &+ \frac{10x(117d+77ex^2)(9+x^4)^{3/2}}{1001} + \frac{1}{143}x(13d+11ex^2)(9+x^4)^{5/2} \\ &- \frac{1944\sqrt{3}e(3+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{9+x^4}{(3+x^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{13\sqrt{9+x^4}} \\ &+ \frac{972\sqrt{3}(65d+77e)(3+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{9+x^4}{(3+x^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{1001\sqrt{9+x^4}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1944*e*x*(x^4+9)^(1/2)/(13*x^2+39)+108/1001*x*(77*e*x^2+195*d)*(x^4+9)^(1/2)+10/1001*x*(77*e*x^2+117*d)*(x^4+9)^(3/2)+1/143*x*(11*e*x^2+13*d)*(x^4+9)^(5/2)-1944/13*3^(1/2)*e*(x^2+3)*((x^4+9)/(x^2+3)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/3*x*3^(1/2))),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+9)^(1/2)+972/1001*3^(1/2)*(65*d+77*e)*(x^2+3)*((x^4+9)/(x^2+3)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/3*x*3^(1/2)),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+9)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 8.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{5/2} dx = 243dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{x^4}{9} \right) \\ + 81ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{x^4}{9} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*(9 + x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `243*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 1/4, 5/4, -1/9*x^4] + 81*e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 3/4, 7/4, -1/9*x^4]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.588$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x^4 + 9)^{5/2} (d + ex^2) dx \\ \downarrow 1491 \\ \frac{5}{143} \int 18(11ex^2 + 13d) (x^4 + 9)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{143} x(x^4 + 9)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\ \downarrow 27 \\ \frac{90}{143} \int (11ex^2 + 13d) (x^4 + 9)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{143} x(x^4 + 9)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\ \downarrow 1491$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{1}{21} \int 18(77ex^2 + 117d) \sqrt{x^4 + 9} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143} x(x^4 + 9)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{6}{7} \int (77ex^2 + 117d) \sqrt{x^4 + 9} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143} x(x^4 + 9)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1491 \\
& \frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{1}{15} \int \frac{54(77ex^2 + 195d)}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9} (195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143} x(x^4 + 9)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \int \frac{77ex^2 + 195d}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9} (195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143} x(x^4 + 9)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1512 \\
& \frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(3(65d + 77e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx - 231e \int \frac{3 - x^2}{3\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9} (195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143} x(x^4 + 9)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(3(65d + 77e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx - 77e \int \frac{3 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9} (195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143} x(x^4 + 9)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 761 \\
& \frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}(x^2 + 3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 9}{(x^2 + 3)^2}} (65d + 77e) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} - 77e \int \frac{3 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9} (195d + 77ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (117d + 77ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{143} x(x^4 + 9)^{5/2} (13d + 11ex^2)
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{90}{143} \left(\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}(x^2+3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4+9}{(x^2+3)^2}} (65d+77e) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{x^4+9}} - 77e \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}(x^2+3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4+9}{(x^2+3)^2}} E\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4+9}} \right)}{\frac{1}{143} x(x^4+9)^{5/2} (13d+11ex^2)} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*(9 + x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*(13*d + 11*e*x^2)*(9 + x^4)^(5/2))/143 + (90*((x*(117*d + 77*e*x^2)*(9 + x^4)^(3/2))/63 + (6*((x*(195*d + 77*e*x^2)*Sqrt[9 + x^4])/5 + (18*(-77*e*(-((x*Sqrt[9 + x^4])/(3 + x^2)) + (Sqrt[3]*(3 + x^2)*Sqrt[(9 + x^4)/(3 + x^2)]^2)*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[3]], 1/2])/Sqrt[9 + x^4]) + (Sqrt[3]*(65*d + 77*e)*(3 + x^2)*Sqrt[(9 + x^4)/(3 + x^2)]^2)*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[3]], 1/2])/(2*Sqrt[9 + x^4])))/5)/7)/143`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1491 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
  (1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
  llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
  }, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
  Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
  , d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

method	result
meijerg	$81e x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -\frac{x^4}{9}\right) + 243dx \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -\frac{x^4}{9}\right)$
risch	$\frac{x(77ex^{10}+91dx^8+2156ex^6+2808dx^4+21483ex^2+38961d)\sqrt{x^4+9}}{1001} + \frac{3240d\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{77\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x^9\sqrt{x^4+9}}{11} + \frac{216x^5\sqrt{x^4+9}}{77} + \frac{2997x\sqrt{x^4+9}}{77} + \frac{3240\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{77\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}}\right) + e\left(\frac{x^{11}\sqrt{x^4+9}}{13}\right)$
elliptic	$\frac{ex^{11}\sqrt{x^4+9}}{13} + \frac{dx^9\sqrt{x^4+9}}{11} + \frac{28ex^7\sqrt{x^4+9}}{13} + \frac{216dx^5\sqrt{x^4+9}}{77} + \frac{279ex^3\sqrt{x^4+9}}{13} + \frac{2997dx\sqrt{x^4+9}}{77} + \frac{3240d\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{77\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}}$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)*(x^4+9)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
81*e*x^3*hypergeom([-5/2,3/4],[7/4],[-1/9*x^4])+243*d*x*hypergeom([-5/2,1/4],
,[5/4],[-1/9*x^4])
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{449064i \sqrt{3i} ex E(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{3i}}{x}) | -1) + 1944i \sqrt{3i} (65d - 231e) x F(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{3i}}{x}) | -1) + (77e^2 x^{12} + 91d x^{10} + 2156e x^8 + 2808d x^6 + 21483e x^4 + 38961d x^2 + 149688e) \sqrt{x^4 + 9}}{1001 x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(x^4+9)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/1001*(449064*I*sqrt(3*I)*e*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(3*I)/x), -1) + 1944*I*sqrt(3*I)*(65*d - 231*e)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(3*I)/x), -1) + (77*e*x^12 + 91*d*x^10 + 2156*e*x^8 + 2808*d*x^6 + 21483*e*x^4 + 38961*d*x^2 + 149688*e)*sqrt(x^4 + 9))/x`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{3dx^9 \Gamma(\frac{9}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{13}{4})} + \frac{27dx^5 \Gamma(\frac{5}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9}\right)}{2\Gamma(\frac{9}{4})} + \frac{243dx \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})} + \frac{3ex^{11} \Gamma(\frac{11}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{15}{4})} + \frac{27ex^7 \Gamma(\frac{7}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9}\right)}{2\Gamma(\frac{11}{4})} + \frac{243ex^3 \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(x**4+9)**(5/2),x)`

output `3*d*x**9*gamma(9/4)*hyper((-1/2, 9/4), (13/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(13/4)) + 27*d*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(2*gamma(9/4)) + 243*d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + 3*e*x**11*gamma(11/4)*hyper((-1/2, 11/4), (15/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(15/4)) + 27*e*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(2*gamma(11/4)) + 243*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (x^4 + 9)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(x^4+9)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^4 + 9)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (x^4 + 9)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(x^4+9)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^4 + 9)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (x^4 + 9)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((x^4 + 9)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`output `int((x^4 + 9)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9} dx^9}{11} + \frac{216\sqrt{x^4 + 9} dx^5}{77} \\ &+ \frac{2997\sqrt{x^4 + 9} dx}{77} + \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9} ex^{11}}{13} + \frac{28\sqrt{x^4 + 9} ex^7}{13} \\ &+ \frac{279\sqrt{x^4 + 9} ex^3}{13} + \frac{29160 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}}{x^4 + 9} dx \right) d}{77} + \frac{1944 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9} x^2}{x^4 + 9} dx \right) e}{13} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(x^4+9)^(5/2), x)`output `(91*sqrt(x**4 + 9)*d*x**9 + 2808*sqrt(x**4 + 9)*d*x**5 + 38961*sqrt(x**4 + 9)*d*x + 77*sqrt(x**4 + 9)*e*x**11 + 2156*sqrt(x**4 + 9)*e*x**7 + 21483*sqrt(x**4 + 9)*e*x**3 + 379080*int(sqrt(x**4 + 9)/(x**4 + 9), x)*d + 149688*int((sqrt(x**4 + 9)*x**2)/(x**4 + 9), x)*e)/1001`

3.248 $\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2076
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2077
Rubi [A] (verified)	2077
Maple [A] (verified)	2080
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2080
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2081
Maxima [F]	2081
Giac [F]	2082
Mupad [F(-1)]	2082
Reduce [F]	2082

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{108ex\sqrt{9 + x^4}}{5(3 + x^2)} + \frac{6}{35}x(15d + 7ex^2)\sqrt{9 + x^4}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{63}x(9d + 7ex^2)(9 + x^4)^{3/2} - \frac{108\sqrt{3}e(3 + x^2)\sqrt{\frac{9+x^4}{(3+x^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{5\sqrt{9 + x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{54\sqrt{3}(5d + 7e)(3 + x^2)\sqrt{\frac{9+x^4}{(3+x^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{35\sqrt{9 + x^4}}$$

output

```
108*e*x*(x^4+9)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+15)+6/35*x*(7*e*x^2+15*d)*(x^4+9)^(1/2)+1/63*
x*(7*e*x^2+9*d)*(x^4+9)^(3/2)-108/5*3^(1/2)*e*(x^2+3)*((x^4+9)/(x^2+3)^2)^(
1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/3*x*3^(1/2))),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+9)^(1/2)+54
/35*3^(1/2)*(5*d+7*e)*(x^2+3)*((x^4+9)/(x^2+3)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*
arctan(1/3*x*3^(1/2)),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+9)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{3/2} dx = 27dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{x^4}{9} \right) \\ + 9ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{x^4}{9} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*(9 + x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `27*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, -1/9*x^4] + 9*e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, -1/9*x^4]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.471$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (d + ex^2) dx \\ \downarrow 1491 \\ \frac{1}{21} \int 18(7ex^2 + 9d) \sqrt{x^4 + 9} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2) \\ \downarrow 27 \\ \frac{6}{7} \int (7ex^2 + 9d) \sqrt{x^4 + 9} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2) \\ \downarrow 1491 \\ \frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{1}{15} \int \frac{54(7ex^2 + 15d)}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9} (15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \int \frac{7ex^2 + 15d}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9} (15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x (x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2) \\
& \downarrow 1512 \\
& \frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(3(5d + 7e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx - 21e \int \frac{3 - x^2}{3\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9} (15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{63} x (x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(3(5d + 7e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx - 7e \int \frac{3 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9} (15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{63} x (x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2) \\
& \downarrow 761 \\
& \frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}(x^2 + 3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 9}{(x^2 + 3)^2}} (5d + 7e) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} - 7e \int \frac{3 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9} (15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{63} x (x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2) \\
& \downarrow 1510 \\
& \frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{18}{5} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}(x^2 + 3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 9}{(x^2 + 3)^2}} (5d + 7e) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} - 7e \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}(x^2 + 3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 9}{(x^2 + 3)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9} (15d + 7ex^2) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{63} x (x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (9d + 7ex^2)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*(9 + x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(9*d + 7*e*x^2)*(9 + x^4)^(3/2))/63 + (6*((x*(15*d + 7*e*x^2)*Sqrt[9 + x^4])/5 + (18*(-7*e*(-((x*Sqrt[9 + x^4])/(3 + x^2)) + (Sqrt[3]*(3 + x^2)*Sqrt[(9 + x^4)/(3 + x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[3]], 1/2])/Sqrt[9 + x^4]) + (Sqrt[3]*(5*d + 7*e)*(3 + x^2)*Sqrt[(9 + x^4)/(3 + x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[3]], 1/2])/(2*Sqrt[9 + x^4])))/5))/7`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 1491 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1512 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

method	result
meijerg	$9e x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -\frac{x^4}{9}\right) + 27dx \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -\frac{x^4}{9}\right)$
risch	$\frac{x(35ex^6+45dx^4+693ex^2+1215d)\sqrt{x^4+9}}{315} + \frac{36d\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{7\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}} + \frac{36ie\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}}{7\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x^5\sqrt{x^4+9}}{7} + \frac{27x\sqrt{x^4+9}}{7} + \frac{36\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{7\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}}\right) + e\left(\frac{x^7\sqrt{x^4+9}}{9} + \frac{11x^3\sqrt{x^4+9}}{5} + \frac{36ie\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}}{7\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}}\right)$
elliptic	$\frac{ex^7\sqrt{x^4+9}}{9} + \frac{dx^5\sqrt{x^4+9}}{7} + \frac{11ex^3\sqrt{x^4+9}}{5} + \frac{27dx\sqrt{x^4+9}}{7} + \frac{36d\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{7\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}} + \frac{36ie\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}}{7\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(x^4+9)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `9*e*x^3*hypergeom([-3/2,3/4],[7/4],-1/9*x^4)+27*d*x*hypergeom([-3/2,1/4],[5/4],-1/9*x^4)`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{20412i\sqrt{3i}e x E(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{3i}}{x}) | -1) + 972i\sqrt{3i}(5d - 21e)x F(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{3i}}{x}) | -1) + (35ex^8 + 45d x^6 + 693ex^4 + 1215d x^2 + 6804e)\sqrt{x^4 + 9}}{315x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(x^4+9)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/315*(20412*I*sqrt(3*I)*e*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(3*I)/x), -1) + 972*I*sqrt(3*I)*(5*d - 21*e)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(3*I)/x), -1) + (35*e*x^8 + 45*d*x^6 + 693*e*x^4 + 1215*d*x^2 + 6804*e)*sqrt(x^4 + 9))/x`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3dx^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} \\ + \frac{27dx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{3ex^7\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} \\ + \frac{27ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(x**4+9)**(3/2),x)`

output `3*d*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(9/4)) + 27*d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + 3*e*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(11/4)) + 27*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^4 + 9)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(x^4+9)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^4 + 9)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(x^4+9)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^4 + 9)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^4 + 9)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((x^4 + 9)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((x^4 + 9)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex^2) (9 + x^4)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9} dx^5}{7} + \frac{27\sqrt{x^4 + 9} dx}{7} + \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9} ex^7}{9} \\ &+ \frac{11\sqrt{x^4 + 9} ex^3}{5} + \frac{324 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}}{x^4 + 9} dx \right) d}{7} + \frac{108 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9} x^2}{x^4 + 9} dx \right) e}{5} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(x^4+9)^(3/2),x)`

output `(45*sqrt(x**4 + 9)*d*x**5 + 1215*sqrt(x**4 + 9)*d*x + 35*sqrt(x**4 + 9)*e*x**7 + 693*sqrt(x**4 + 9)*e*x**3 + 14580*int(sqrt(x**4 + 9)/(x**4 + 9),x)*d + 6804*int((sqrt(x**4 + 9)*x**2)/(x**4 + 9),x)*e)/315`

3.249 $\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 + x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2083
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2084
Rubi [A] (verified)	2084
Maple [A] (verified)	2086
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2087
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2087
Maxima [F]	2088
Giac [F]	2088
Mupad [F(-1)]	2088
Reduce [F]	2089

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 163

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 + x^4} dx \\ &= \frac{18ex\sqrt{9 + x^4}}{5(3 + x^2)} + \frac{1}{15}x(5d + 3ex^2) \sqrt{9 + x^4} \\ &\quad - \frac{18\sqrt{3}e(3 + x^2) \sqrt{\frac{9+x^4}{(3+x^2)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{5\sqrt{9 + x^4}} \\ &\quad + \frac{\sqrt{3}(5d + 9e)(3 + x^2) \sqrt{\frac{9+x^4}{(3+x^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{5\sqrt{9 + x^4}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
18*e*x*(x^4+9)^(1/2)/(5*x^2+15)+1/15*x*(3*e*x^2+5*d)*(x^4+9)^(1/2)-18/5*3^(1/2)*e*(x^2+3)*((x^4+9)/(x^2+3)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/3*x*3^(1/2))),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+9)^(1/2)+1/5*3^(1/2)*(5*d+9*e)*(x^2+3)*((x^4+9)/(x^2+3)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/3*x*3^(1/2)),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+9)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 + x^4} dx = 3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{x^4}{9} \right) + ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{x^4}{9} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[9 + x^4], x]`

output `3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, -1/9*x^4] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -1/9*x^4]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{x^4 + 9}(d + ex^2) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1491} \\ & \frac{1}{15} \int \frac{18(3ex^2 + 5d)}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9}(5d + 3ex^2) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{6}{5} \int \frac{3ex^2 + 5d}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9}(5d + 3ex^2) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1512} \\ & \frac{6}{5} \left((5d + 9e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx - 9e \int \frac{3 - x^2}{3\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9}(5d + 3ex^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{6}{5} \left((5d + 9e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx - 3e \int \frac{3 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9} (5d + 3ex^2) \\
& \downarrow 761 \\
& \frac{6}{5} \left(\frac{(x^2 + 3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 9}{(x^2 + 3)^2}} (5d + 9e) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} - 3e \int \frac{3 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9} (5d + 3ex^2) \\
& \downarrow 1510 \\
& \frac{6}{5} \left(\frac{(x^2 + 3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 9}{(x^2 + 3)^2}} (5d + 9e) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} - 3e \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}(x^2 + 3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 9}{(x^2 + 3)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \middle| \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{x^4 + 9} (5d + 3ex^2)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[9 + x^4],x]`

output `(x*(5*d + 3*e*x^2)*Sqrt[9 + x^4])/15 + (6*(-3*e*(-(x*Sqrt[9 + x^4])/(3 + x^2)) + (Sqrt[3]*(3 + x^2)*Sqrt[(9 + x^4)/(3 + x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[3]], 1/2])/Sqrt[9 + x^4]) + ((5*d + 9*e)*(3 + x^2)*Sqrt[(9 + x^4)/(3 + x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[3]], 1/2])/(2*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[9 + x^4]))/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1491 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1512 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

method	result
meijerg	$e x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -\frac{x^4}{9}\right) + 3dx \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -\frac{x^4}{9}\right)$
risch	$\frac{x(3ex^2+5d)\sqrt{x^4+9}}{15} + \frac{2d\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{3\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}} + \frac{6ie\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)\right)}{5\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}}$
elliptic	$\frac{ex^3\sqrt{x^4+9}}{5} + \frac{dx\sqrt{x^4+9}}{3} + \frac{2d\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{3\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}} + \frac{6ie\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)\right)}{5\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x\sqrt{x^4+9}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{3\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}}\right) + e\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{x^4+9}}{5} + \frac{6i\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)\right)}{5\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(x^4+9)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `e*x^3*hypergeom([-1/2,3/4],[7/4],-1/9*x^4)+3*d*x*hypergeom([-1/2,1/4],[5/4],-1/9*x^4)`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 + x^4} dx = \frac{162i \sqrt{3i} ex E(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{3i}}{x}) | -1) + 6i \sqrt{3i} (5d - 27e)x F(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{3i}}{x}) | -1) + (3ex^4 + 5dx^2 + 54e)\sqrt{x}}{15x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(x^4+9)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(162*I*sqrt(3*I)*e*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(3*I)/x), -1) + 6*I*sqrt(3*I)*(5*d - 27*e)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(3*I)/x), -1) + (3*e*x^4 + 5*d*x^2 + 54*e)*sqrt(x^4 + 9))/x`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 + x^4} dx = \frac{3dx \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}}{\frac{5}{4}} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})} + \frac{3ex^3 \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}}{\frac{7}{4}} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9}\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(x**4+9)**(1/2),x)`

output `3*d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + 3*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(4*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 + x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{x^4 + 9}(ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(x^4+9)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^4 + 9)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 + x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{x^4 + 9}(ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(x^4+9)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^4 + 9)*(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 + x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{x^4 + 9}(ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((x^4 + 9)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((x^4 + 9)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{9 + x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9} dx}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9} e x^3}{5} + 6 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}}{x^4 + 9} dx \right) d + \frac{18 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9} x^2}{x^4 + 9} dx \right) e}{5}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(x^4+9)^(1/2),x)`

output `(5*sqrt(x**4 + 9)*d*x + 3*sqrt(x**4 + 9)*e*x**3 + 90*int(sqrt(x**4 + 9)/(x**4 + 9),x)*d + 54*int((sqrt(x**4 + 9)*x**2)/(x**4 + 9),x)*e)/15`

3.250 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{9+x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	2090
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2090
Rubi [A] (verified)	2091
Maple [A] (verified)	2093
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2093
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2094
Maxima [F]	2094
Giac [F]	2094
Mupad [F(-1)]	2095
Reduce [F]	2095

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{9+x^4}} dx = \frac{ex\sqrt{9+x^4}}{3+x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}e(3+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{9+x^4}{(3+x^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{9+x^4}} + \frac{(d+3e)(3+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{9+x^4}{(3+x^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{9+x^4}}$$

output

```
e*x*(x^4+9)^(1/2)/(x^2+3)-3^(1/2)*e*(x^2+3)*((x^4+9)/(x^2+3)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/3*x*3^(1/2))),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+9)^(1/2)+1/6*(d+3*e)*(x^2+3)*((x^4+9)/(x^2+3)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/3*x*3^(1/2)),1/2*2^(1/2))*3^(1/2)/(x^4+9)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{9+x^4}} dx = \frac{1}{3} dx \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{x^4}{9}\right) + \frac{1}{9} ex^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{x^4}{9}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[9 + x^4],x]`

output `(d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -1/9*x^4])/3 + (e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -1/9*x^4])/9`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$, Rules used = {1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1512 \\
 & (d + 3e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx - 3e \int \frac{3 - x^2}{3\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & (d + 3e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx - e \int \frac{3 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 761 \\
 & \frac{(x^2 + 3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 9}{(x^2 + 3)^2}} (d + 3e) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} - e \int \frac{3 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1510 \\
 & \frac{(x^2 + 3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 9}{(x^2 + 3)^2}} (d + 3e) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} - \\
 & e \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}(x^2 + 3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 9}{(x^2 + 3)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} - \frac{x\sqrt{x^4 + 9}}{x^2 + 3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[9 + x^4],x]`

output `-(e*(-((x*Sqrt[9 + x^4])/(3 + x^2)) + (Sqrt[3]*(3 + x^2)*Sqrt[(9 + x^4)/(3 + x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[3]], 1/2])/Sqrt[9 + x^4])) + ((d + 3*e)*(3 + x^2)*Sqrt[(9 + x^4)/(3 + x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[3]], 1/2])/(2*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[9 + x^4])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :=> With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :=> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1512 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :=> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.26

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{e x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -\frac{x^4}{9}\right)}{9} + \frac{d x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -\frac{x^4}{9}\right)}{3}$
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{9\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}} + \frac{ie\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\right)\right)}{3\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}}$
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{9\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}} + \frac{ie\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\right)\right)}{3\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/9*e*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],-1/9*x^4)+1/3*d*x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],-1/9*x^4)`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{9 + x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{9i\sqrt{3i}exE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3i}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + i\sqrt{3i}(d-9e)xF\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3i}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + 3\sqrt{x^4+9}e}{3x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(9*I*sqrt(3*I)*e*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(3*I)/x), -1) + I*sqrt(3*I)*(d - 9*e)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(3*I)/x), -1) + 3*sqrt(x^4 + 9)*e)/x`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{9 + x^4}} dx = \frac{dx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9}\right)}{12\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9}\right)}{12\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(x**4+9)**(1/2),x)`

output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(12*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(12*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{9 + x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(x^4 + 9), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{9 + x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(x^4 + 9), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{9 + x^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(x^4 + 9)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(x^4 + 9)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{9 + x^4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}}{x^4 + 9} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9} x^2}{x^4 + 9} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**4 + 9)/(x**4 + 9), x)*d + int((sqrt(x**4 + 9)*x**2)/(x**4 + 9), x)*e`

3.251 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9+x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2096
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2097
Rubi [A] (verified)	2097
Maple [A] (verified)	2099
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2100
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2100
Maxima [F]	2101
Giac [F]	2101
Mupad [F(-1)]	2101
Reduce [F]	2102

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9+x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{18\sqrt{9+x^4}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{9+x^4}}{18(3+x^2)} + \frac{e(3+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{9+x^4}{(3+x^2)^2}} E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{6\sqrt{3}\sqrt{9+x^4}} + \frac{(d-3e)(3+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{9+x^4}{(3+x^2)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{36\sqrt{3}\sqrt{9+x^4}}$$

output

```
1/18*x*(e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(1/2)-e*x*(x^4+9)^(1/2)/(18*x^2+54)+1/18*3^(1/2)*
e*(x^2+3)*((x^4+9)/(x^2+3)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/3*x*3^(1/2)))
,1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+9)^(1/2)+1/108*(d-3*e)*(x^2+3)*((x^4+9)/(x^2+3)^2)^(1/2
)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/3*x*3^(1/2)),1/2*2^(1/2))*3^(1/2)/(x^4+9)^(1/
2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 + x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{162} x \left(\frac{9d}{\sqrt{9 + x^4}} + 3d \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{x^4}{9} \right) \right. \\ \left. + 2ex^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{x^4}{9} \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(9 + x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*((9*d)/Sqrt[9 + x^4] + 3*d*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -1/9*x^4] + 2*e*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, -1/9*x^4]))/162`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(x^4 + 9)^{3/2}} dx \\ \downarrow 1493 \\ \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{18\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} - \frac{1}{18} \int -\frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \\ \downarrow 25 \\ \frac{1}{18} \int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{18\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} \\ \downarrow 1512$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{18} \left((d-3e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4+9}} dx + 3e \int \frac{3-x^2}{3\sqrt{x^4+9}} dx \right) + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{18\sqrt{x^4+9}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{18} \left((d-3e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4+9}} dx + e \int \frac{3-x^2}{\sqrt{x^4+9}} dx \right) + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{18\sqrt{x^4+9}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 761 \\
& \frac{1}{18} \left(e \int \frac{3-x^2}{\sqrt{x^4+9}} dx + \frac{(x^2+3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4+9}{(x^2+3)^2}} (d-3e) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^4+9}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{18\sqrt{x^4+9}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1510 \\
& \frac{1}{18} \left(\frac{(x^2+3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4+9}{(x^2+3)^2}} (d-3e) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^4+9}} + e \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}(x^2+3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4+9}{(x^2+3)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \middle| \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{x^4+9}} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{18\sqrt{x^4+9}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(9 + x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x^2))/(18*sqrt[9 + x^4]) + (e*(-((x*sqrt[9 + x^4])/(3 + x^2)) + (sqrt[3]*(3 + x^2)*sqrt[(9 + x^4)/(3 + x^2)^2]*ellipticE[2*ArcTan[x/sqrt[3]], 1/2])/sqrt[9 + x^4]) + ((d - 3*e)*(3 + x^2)*sqrt[(9 + x^4)/(3 + x^2)^2]*ellipticF[2*ArcTan[x/sqrt[3]], 1/2])/(2*sqrt[3]*sqrt[9 + x^4]))/18`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1493 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1512 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{e x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -\frac{x^4}{9}\right)}{81} + \frac{d x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -\frac{x^4}{9}\right)}{27}$
risch	$\frac{x(e x^2+d)}{18\sqrt{x^4+9}} - \frac{i e \sqrt{-3 i x^2+9} \sqrt{3 i x^2+9} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i \sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i \sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)\right)}{54\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i \sqrt{6}}{6}\right) \sqrt{x^4+9}} + \frac{d \sqrt{-3 i x^2+9} \sqrt{3 i x^2+9} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i \sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{162\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i \sqrt{6}}{6}\right)}$
elliptic	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{1}{36} e x^3-\frac{1}{36} d x\right)}{\sqrt{x^4+9}} - \frac{i e \sqrt{-3 i x^2+9} \sqrt{3 i x^2+9} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i \sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i \sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)\right)}{54\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i \sqrt{6}}{6}\right) \sqrt{x^4+9}} + \frac{d \sqrt{-3 i x^2+9} \sqrt{3 i x^2+9} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i \sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{162\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i \sqrt{6}}{6}\right)}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x}{18\sqrt{x^4+9}} + \frac{\sqrt{-3 i x^2+9} \sqrt{3 i x^2+9} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i \sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{162\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i \sqrt{6}}{6}\right) \sqrt{x^4+9}}\right) + e\left(\frac{x^3}{18\sqrt{x^4+9}} - \frac{i \sqrt{-3 i x^2+9} \sqrt{3 i x^2+9} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i \sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i \sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)\right)}{54\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i \sqrt{6}}{6}\right) \sqrt{x^4+9}}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/81*e*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,3/2],[7/4],-1/9*x^4)+1/27*d*x*hypergeom([1/4,3/2],[5/4],-1/9*x^4)`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 + x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}i(ie x^4 + 9ie)E(\arcsin(\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}ix) | -1) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}i(-i(d + e)x^4 - 9id - 9ie)F(\arcsin(\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}ix) | -1)}{18(x^4 + 9)}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/18*(sqrt(1/3*I)*(I*e*x^4 + 9*I*e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(1/3*I)*x), -1) + sqrt(1/3*I)*(-I*(d + e)*x^4 - 9*I*d - 9*I*e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(1/3*I)*x), -1) + (e*x^3 + d*x)*sqrt(x^4 + 9))/(x^4 + 9)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 + x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{dx\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9}\right)}{108\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9}\right)}{108\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(x**4+9)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(108*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(108*gamma(7/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 + x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(x^4 + 9)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(x^4 + 9)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 + x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(x^4 + 9)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(x^4 + 9)^(3/2), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 + x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(x^4 + 9)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((d + e*x^2)/(x^4 + 9)^(3/2),x)
```

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(x^4 + 9)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 + x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}}{x^8 + 18x^4 + 81} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9} x^2}{x^8 + 18x^4 + 81} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**4 + 9)/(x**8 + 18*x**4 + 81),x)*d + int((sqrt(x**4 + 9)*x**2)/(x**8 + 18*x**4 + 81),x)*e`

3.252 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9+x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2103
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2104
Rubi [A] (verified)	2104
Maple [A] (verified)	2107
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2107
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2108
Maxima [F]	2108
Giac [F]	2109
Mupad [F(-1)]	2109
Reduce [F]	2109

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(9+x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{54(9+x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5d+3ex^2)}{972\sqrt{9+x^4}}$$

$$- \frac{ex\sqrt{9+x^4}}{324(3+x^2)} + \frac{e(3+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{9+x^4}{(3+x^2)^2}} E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{108\sqrt{3}\sqrt{9+x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(5d-9e)(3+x^2)\sqrt{\frac{9+x^4}{(3+x^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{1944\sqrt{3}\sqrt{9+x^4}}$$

output

```
1/54*x*(e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(3/2)+1/972*x*(3*e*x^2+5*d)/(x^4+9)^(1/2)-e*x*(x^4+9)^(1/2)/(324*x^2+972)+1/324*3^(1/2)*e*(x^2+3)*((x^4+9)/(x^2+3)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(1/3*x*3^(1/2))),1/2*2^(1/2))/(x^4+9)^(1/2)+1/5832*(5*d-9*e)*(x^2+3)*((x^4+9)/(x^2+3)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/3*x*3^(1/2)),1/2*2^(1/2))*3^(1/2)/(x^4+9)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 + x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{3d(63+5x^4)}{(9+x^4)^{3/2}} + 5d \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{x^4}{9} \right) + 4ex^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{x^4}{9} \right) \right)}{2916}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(9 + x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*((3*d*(63 + 5*x^4))/(9 + x^4)^(3/2) + 5*d*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -1/9*x^4] + 4*e*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, -1/9*x^4]))/2916`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.471$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1493, 25, 1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{(x^4 + 9)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\ & \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{54(x^4 + 9)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{54} \int -\frac{3ex^2 + 5d}{(x^4 + 9)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{1}{54} \int \frac{3ex^2 + 5d}{(x^4 + 9)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{54(x^4 + 9)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\ & \frac{1}{54} \left(\frac{x(5d + 3ex^2)}{18\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} - \frac{1}{18} \int -\frac{5d - 3ex^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \right) + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{54(x^4 + 9)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{54} \left(\frac{1}{18} \int \frac{5d - 3ex^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx + \frac{x(5d + 3ex^2)}{18\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} \right) + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{54(x^4 + 9)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1512 \\
& \frac{1}{54} \left(\frac{1}{18} \left((5d - 9e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx + 9e \int \frac{3 - x^2}{3\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \right) + \frac{x(5d + 3ex^2)}{18\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} \right) + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{54(x^4 + 9)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{54} \left(\frac{1}{18} \left((5d - 9e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx + 3e \int \frac{3 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx \right) + \frac{x(5d + 3ex^2)}{18\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} \right) + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{54(x^4 + 9)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 761 \\
& \frac{1}{54} \left(\frac{1}{18} \left(3e \int \frac{3 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} dx + \frac{(x^2 + 3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 9}{(x^2 + 3)^2}} (5d - 9e) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} \right) + \frac{x(5d + 3ex^2)}{18\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{54(x^4 + 9)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1510 \\
& \frac{1}{54} \left(\frac{1}{18} \left(\frac{(x^2 + 3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 9}{(x^2 + 3)^2}} (5d - 9e) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} + 3e \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}(x^2 + 3) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 + 9}{(x^2 + 3)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}} \right) \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{54(x^4 + 9)^{3/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(9 + x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x^2))/(54*(9 + x^4)^(3/2)) + ((x*(5*d + 3*e*x^2))/(18*Sqrt[9 + x^4]) + (3*e*(-((x*Sqrt[9 + x^4])/(3 + x^2)) + (Sqrt[3]*(3 + x^2)*Sqrt[(9 + x^4)/(3 + x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[3]], 1/2])/Sqrt[9 + x^4]) + ((5*d - 9*e)*(3 + x^2)*Sqrt[(9 + x^4)/(3 + x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[3]], 1/2])/(2*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[9 + x^4]))/18)/54`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 761 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + \text{q}^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^4)/(\text{a}*(1 + \text{q}^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*\text{q}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^4]))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{q}*x], 1/2], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}]$
- rule 1493 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2]*((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4)^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^{\text{p} + 1}/(4*a*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(4*a*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Simp}[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, \text{x}]*(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4)^{\text{p} + 1}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$
- rule 1510 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{c}/\text{a}, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(-d)*x*(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4]/(\text{a}*(1 + \text{q}^2*x^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[d*(1 + \text{q}^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4)/(\text{a}*(1 + \text{q}^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4]))*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{q}*x], 1/2], \text{x}] \text{ ; EqQ}[\text{e} + \text{d}*q^2, 0] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}]$
- rule 1512 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{c}/\text{a}, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{e} + \text{d}*q)/q \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4], \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{e}/q \quad \text{Int}[(1 - \text{q}*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; NeQ}[\text{e} + \text{d}*q, 0] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{e x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -\frac{x^4}{9}\right)}{729} + \frac{d x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -\frac{x^4}{9}\right)}{243}$
risch	$\frac{x(3e x^6 + 5d x^4 + 45e x^2 + 63d)}{972(x^4 + 9)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{5d\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{8748\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}} - \frac{ie\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)\right)}{972\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)}$
elliptic	$\frac{\frac{1}{54}e x^3 + \frac{1}{54}dx}{(x^4+9)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2\left(-\frac{1}{648}e x^3 - \frac{5}{1944}dx\right)}{\sqrt{x^4+9}} + \frac{5d\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{8748\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}} - \frac{ie\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)\right)}{972\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x}{54(x^4+9)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{5x}{972\sqrt{x^4+9}} + \frac{5\sqrt{-3ix^2+9}\sqrt{3ix^2+9} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right), i\right)}{8748\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+i\sqrt{6}}{6}\right)\sqrt{x^4+9}}\right) + e\left(\frac{x^3}{54(x^4+9)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{x^3}{324\sqrt{x^4+9}} - \frac{i}{972}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/729*e*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,5/2],[7/4],-1/9*x^4)+1/243*d*x*hypergeom([1/4,5/2],[5/4],-1/9*x^4)`**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 + x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}i}(-ie x^8 - 18ie x^4 - 81ie)E(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}ix}\right) | -1) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}i}(-i(5d + 3e)x^8 - 18i(5d + 3e)x^4 - 40i)}{972(x^8 + 18x^4 + 81)}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/972*(3*sqrt(1/3*I)*(-I*e*x^8 - 18*I*e*x^4 - 81*I*e)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(1/3*I)*x), -1) - sqrt(1/3*I)*(-I*(5*d + 3*e)*x^8 - 18*I*(5*d + 3*e)*x^4 - 405*I*d - 243*I*e)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(1/3*I)*x), -1) - (3*e*x^7 + 5*d*x^5 + 45*e*x^3 + 63*d*x)*sqrt(x^4 + 9))/(x^8 + 18*x^4 + 81)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 + x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{dx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9}\right)}{972\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{x^4 e^{i\pi}}{9}\right)}{972\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)/(x**4+9)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(972*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/2), (7/4,), x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/9)/(972*gamma(7/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 + x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(x^4 + 9)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(x^4 + 9)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 + x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(x^4 + 9)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(x^4 + 9)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 + x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(x^4 + 9)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(x^4 + 9)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(x^4 + 9)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(9 + x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9}}{x^{12} + 27x^8 + 243x^4 + 729} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 9} x^2}{x^{12} + 27x^8 + 243x^4 + 729} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(x^4+9)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**4 + 9)/(x**12 + 27*x**8 + 243*x**4 + 729),x)*d + int((sqrt(x**4 + 9)*x**2)/(x**12 + 27*x**8 + 243*x**4 + 729),x)*e`

3.253 $\int (1 - bx^2)(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2110
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2111
Rubi [A] (verified)	2111
Maple [A] (verified)	2114
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2115
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2115
Maxima [F]	2116
Giac [F]	2116
Mupad [F(-1)]	2117
Reduce [F]	2117

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int (1 - bx^2)(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{4x(195 - 77bx^2)\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}{3003} - \frac{8x\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}{39(1 + bx^2)} + \frac{10x(117 - 77bx^2)(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}}{9009} + \frac{1}{143}x(13 - 11bx^2)(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} + \frac{8(1 + bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx})\mid\frac{1}{2}\right)}{39\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}} + \frac{472(1 + bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{3003\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
4/3003*x*(-77*b*x^2+195)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)-8*x*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(39*b*x^2+39)+10/9009*x*(-77*b*x^2+117)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)+1/143*x*(-11*b*x^2+13)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2)+8/39*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+472/3003*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 8.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) - \frac{1}{3} bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 1/4, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] - (b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (1 - bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\ & \frac{5}{143} \int 2(13 - 11bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{143} x(13 - 11bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{10}{143} \int (13 - 11bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{143} x(13 - 11bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{10}{143} \left(\frac{1}{21} \int 2(117 - 77bx^2) \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(117 - 77bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{143} x(13 - 11bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{10}{143} \left(\frac{2}{21} \int (117 - 77bx^2) \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(117 - 77bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{143} x(13 - 11bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}$$

↓ 1491

$$\frac{10}{143} \left(\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{1}{15} \int \frac{6(195 - 77bx^2)}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (195 - 77bx^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(117 - 77bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{143} x(13 - 11bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{10}{143} \left(\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{2}{5} \int \frac{195 - 77bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (195 - 77bx^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(117 - 77bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{143} x(13 - 11bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}$$

↓ 1512

$$\frac{10}{143} \left(\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(118 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + 77 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (195 - 77bx^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(117 - 77bx^2) \right) + \frac{1}{143} x(13 - 11bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{10}{143} \left(\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(77 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{59(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (195 - 77bx^2) \right) + \frac{1}{143} x(13 - 11bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2} \right)$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{10}{143} \left(\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{59(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} \right) + 77 \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{143} x(13 - 11bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x*(13 - 11*b*x^2)*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2))/143 + (10*((x*(117 - 77*b*x^2)*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2))/63 + (2*((x*(195 - 77*b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])/5 + (2*(77*(-(x*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2)) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2]))/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])) + (59*(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])))/5)/21)/143`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1491 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
  (1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
  llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
  }, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
  Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
  , d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right) - \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
risch	$-\frac{x(693x^{10}b^5 - 819b^4x^8 + 2156b^3x^6 - 2808b^2x^4 + 2387bx^2 - 4329)\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{9009} + \frac{40\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)}{77\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - \frac{8i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)}{77\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{b^5x^{11}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{13} + \frac{b^4x^9\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{11} - \frac{28b^3x^7\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{117} + \frac{24b^2x^5\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{77} - \frac{31b^3x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{117} + \frac{37x\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{77} + \frac{40\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)}{77\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - \frac{8i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)}{77\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}$
default	$-b\left(\frac{b^4x^{11}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{13} + \frac{28b^2x^7\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{117} + \frac{31x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{117} + \frac{8i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)\right)}{39\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}b}\right)$

input

```
int((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x*hypergeom([-5/2, 1/4], [5/4], -b^2*x^4) - 1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([-5/2, 3/4], [7/4], -b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{1848 bx \left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 24(195b^2 + 77b)x \left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (693b^2x^4 - 4329bx^2 + 1848)\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{9009bx}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/9009*(1848*b*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) - 24*(195*b^2 + 77*b)*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (693*b^2*x^4 - 819*b^5*x^10 + 2156*b^4*x^8 - 2808*b^3*x^6 + 2387*b^2*x^4 - 4329*b*x^2 + 1848)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1)/(b*x)`**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{b^5 x^{11} \Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4} \mid \frac{15}{4} \mid b^2 x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{15}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{b^4 x^9 \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \mid \frac{13}{4} \mid b^2 x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{4}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{b^3 x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \mid \frac{11}{4} \mid b^2 x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} + \frac{b^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \mid \frac{9}{4} \mid b^2 x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{bx^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{7}{4} \mid b^2 x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \mid \frac{5}{4} \mid b^2 x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)*(b**2*x**4+1)**(5/2),x)`

output `-b**5*x**11*gamma(11/4)*hyper((-1/2, 11/4), (15/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(15/4)) + b**4*x**9*gamma(9/4)*hyper((-1/2, 9/4), (13/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(13/4)) - b**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(2*gamma(11/4)) + b**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(2*gamma(9/4)) - b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int -(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int -(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = - \int (b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `int(-(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

output `-int((b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = & -\frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^5 x^{11}}{13} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^4 x^9}{11} \\ & - \frac{28\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^3 x^7}{117} + \frac{24\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^2 x^5}{77} - \frac{31\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b x^3}{117} \\ & + \frac{37\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x}{77} + \frac{40\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx\right)}{77} - \frac{8\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx\right) b}{39} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x)`

output `(- 693*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**5*x**11 + 819*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**4*x**9
- 2156*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**3*x**7 + 2808*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**2*x**5
- 2387*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b*x**3 + 4329*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x + 4680*int
(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 + 1), x) - 1848*int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**
*2)/(b**2*x**4 + 1), x)*b)/9009`

3.254 $\int (1 - bx^2)(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2118
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2119
Rubi [A] (verified)	2119
Maple [A] (verified)	2122
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2122
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2123
Maxima [F]	2123
Giac [F]	2124
Mupad [F(-1)]	2124
Reduce [F]	2124

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 212

$$\begin{aligned} \int (1 - bx^2)(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{2}{105}x(15 - 7bx^2)\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} - \frac{4x\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}{15(1 + bx^2)} \\ &+ \frac{1}{63}x(9 - 7bx^2)(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} + \frac{4(1 + bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\sqrt{bx}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}} \\ &+ \frac{16(1 + bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\sqrt{bx}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
2/105*x*(-7*b*x^2+15)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)-4*x*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(15*b*x^2+15)
)+1/63*x*(-7*b*x^2+9)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)+4/15*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2
+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*
x^4+1)^(1/2)+16/105*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacob
iAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) - \frac{1}{3} bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] - (b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (1 - bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\ & \frac{1}{21} \int 2(9 - 7bx^2) \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(9 - 7bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{2}{21} \int (9 - 7bx^2) \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(9 - 7bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\ & \frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{1}{15} \int \frac{6(15 - 7bx^2)}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (15 - 7bx^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(9 - 7bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{2}{5} \int \frac{15 - 7bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (15 - 7bx^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x (9 - 7bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}$$

↓ 1512

$$\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + 7 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (15 - 7bx^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x (9 - 7bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(7 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{4(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (15 - 7bx^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x (9 - 7bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{4(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} + 7 \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (15 - 7bx^2) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x (9 - 7bx^2) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}$$

input

```
Int[(1 - b*x^2)*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*(9 - 7*b*x^2)*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2))/63 + (2*((x*(15 - 7*b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 +
b^2*x^4])/5 + (2*(7*(-((x*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2)) + ((1 + b*x^2)*S
qrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)]^2)*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2]))/(Sqr
t[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])) + (4*(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)]^2
]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])))/5)/2
1
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 1491 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1512 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right) - \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
risch	$-\frac{x(35b^3x^6 - 45b^2x^4 + 77bx^2 - 135)\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{315} + \frac{4\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)}{7\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - \frac{4i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)\right)}{15\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{b^3x^7\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{9} + \frac{b^2x^5\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{7} - \frac{11bx^3\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{45} + \frac{3x\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{7} + \frac{4\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)}{7\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - \frac{4i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)\right)}{15\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}$
default	$-b\left(\frac{b^2x^7\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{9} + \frac{11x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{45} + \frac{4i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)\right)}{15\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}\right) + \frac{b^2x^5\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{7}$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([-3/2, 1/4], [5/4], -b^2*x^4)-1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([-3/2, 3/4], [7/4], -b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{84bx\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 12(15b^2 + 7b)x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (35b^4x^8 - 45b^3x^6 + 77b^2x^4 - 135bx^2 + 84)\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{315bx}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/315*(84*b*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) - 12*(15*b^2 + 7*b)*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (35*b^4*x^8 - 45*b^3*x^6 + 77*b^2*x^4 - 135*b*x^2 + 84)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1)/(b*x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{b^3x^7\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} \\ + \frac{b^2x^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} \\ - \frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)*(b**2*x**4+1)**(3/2), x)`

output `-b**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)) / (4*gamma(11/4)) + b**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)) / (4*gamma(9/4)) - b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)) / (4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)) / (4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int -(b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int -(b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = - \int (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `int(-(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1),x)`

output `-int((b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^3 x^7}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^2 x^5}{7} - \frac{11\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b x^3}{45} + \frac{3\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x}{7} + \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx\right)}{7} - \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx\right) b}{15}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x)`

output `(- 35*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**3*x**7 + 45*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**2*x**5 - 77*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b*x**3 + 135*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x + 180*int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x) - 84*int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b)/315`

3.255 $\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2125
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2126
Rubi [A] (verified)	2126
Maple [A] (verified)	2128
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2129
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2129
Maxima [F]	2130
Giac [F]	2130
Mupad [F(-1)]	2130
Reduce [F]	2131

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx = \frac{1}{15}x(5 - 3bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} - \frac{2x\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}{5(1 + bx^2)} + \frac{2(1 + bx^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{5\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}} + \frac{2(1 + bx^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/15*x*(-3*b*x^2+5)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)-2*x*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(5*b*x^2+5)+2/5*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+2/15*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) - \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4], x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] - (b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1491} \\ & \frac{1}{15} \int \frac{2(5 - 3bx^2)}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (5 - 3bx^2) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{2}{15} \int \frac{5 - 3bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (5 - 3bx^2) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1512} \\ & \frac{2}{15} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (5 - 3bx^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{15} \left(3 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} \right) + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (5 - 3bx^2)$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{2}{15} \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} + 3 \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} - \frac{x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (5 - 3bx^2)}{15} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1510

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4], x]`

output `(x*(5 - 3*b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])/15 + (2*(3*(-((x*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2)) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])))/15`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`


```
rule 1491 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(
d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] +
Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p +
1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c
*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 1510 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

```
rule 1512 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right) - \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
risch	$-\frac{x(3bx^2-5)\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{15} + \frac{2\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)}{3\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - \frac{2i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib},i)\right)}{5\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{bx^3\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{5} + \frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)}{3\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - \frac{2i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib},i)\right)}{5\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}$
default	$-b\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{5} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib},i)\right)}{5\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}b}\right) + \frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib},i)\right)}{3\sqrt{ib}}$

```
input int((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output x*hypergeom([-1/2,1/4],[5/4],-b^2*x^4)-1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([-1/2,3/4],[7/4],-b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx = \frac{6bx\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 2(5b^2 + 3b)x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (3b^2x^4 - 1)\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}{15bx}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15*(6*b*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) - 2*(5*b^2 + 3*b)*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (3*b^2*x^4 - 5*b*x^2 + 6)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1)/(b*x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx = -\frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{7}{4} \mid b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \mid \frac{5}{4} \mid b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)*(b**2*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx = \int -\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx = \int -\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx = - \int \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `int(-(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 - 1),x)`

output `-int((b^2*x^4 + 1)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b x^3}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x}{3} + \frac{2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{b^2x^4+1} dx\right)}{3} - \frac{2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}x^2}{b^2x^4+1} dx\right) b}{5}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 3*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b*x**3 + 5*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x + 10*int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x) - 6*int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b)/15`

3.256 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	2132
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2132
Rubi [A] (verified)	2133
Maple [C] (verified)	2134
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2134
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2135
Maxima [F]	2135
Giac [F]	2135
Mupad [F(-1)]	2136
Reduce [F]	2136

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}{1+b^2x^2} + \frac{(1+b^2x^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+b^2x^2)^2}} E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-x*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+1)+(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*E
llipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4\right) - \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4],x]
```

output $x \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2 x^4)] - (b x^3 \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(b^2 x^4)]) / 3$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$, Rules used = {1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2 x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}} - \frac{x \sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{bx^2 + 1}$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4], x]`

output `-((x*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2)) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{bx^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{3} + x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)$	38
default	$-\frac{i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib},i)\right)}{\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)}{\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}$	120
elliptic	$-\frac{i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib},i)\right)}{\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)}{\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}$	120

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],-b^2*x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],-b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{bx\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (b^2+b)x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{bx}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(b*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) - (b^2 + b)*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) + sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1))/(b*x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4+1)**(1/2), x)`

output `-b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 + 1), x) - int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 + 1), x)*b`

3.257 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2137
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2138
Rubi [A] (verified)	2138
Maple [A] (verified)	2140
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2141
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2141
Maxima [F]	2142
Giac [F]	2142
Mupad [F(-1)]	2142
Reduce [F]	2143

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{2\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} + \frac{x\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}{2(1+bx^2)} - \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} + \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+x*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^2+2)-1/2*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)), 1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+1/2*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x), 1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{6}x \left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}} + 3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) - 2bx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*(3/Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4] + 3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] - 2*b*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/6`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\ & \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1512} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}} dx - \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{2\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2 x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}} - \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{2\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2 x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}} - \frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2 x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}} + \frac{x\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{bx^2 + 1} \right) + \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{2\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*(1 - b*x^2))/(2*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]) + ((x*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2) - ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]))/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1493

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x
)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)
) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]
```

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right) - \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
elliptic	$-\frac{2b^2\left(\frac{x^3}{4b} - \frac{x}{4b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)}{2\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)\right)}{2\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}$
default	$-b\left(\frac{x^3}{2\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)\right)}{2\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}b}\right) + \frac{x}{2\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}}{\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}$

input

```
int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x*hypergeom([1/4, 3/2], [5/4], -b^2*x^4) - 1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([3/4, 3/2], [7/4],
-b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(b^3x^4 + b)(-b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} E(\arcsin((-b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}x) | -1) - ((b^3 - b^2)x^4 + b - 1)(-b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} F(\arcsin((-b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}x) | -1) + \dots}{2(b^4x^4 + b^2)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*((b^3*x^4 + b)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) - ((b^3 - b^2)*x^4 + b - 1)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) + (b^3*x^3 - b^2*x)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1))/(b^4*x^4 + b^2)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `-b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = - \int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2),x)`

output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^4x^8 + 2b^2x^4 + 1} dx - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^4x^8 + 2b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**4*x**8 + 2*b**2*x**4 + 1),x) - int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**4*x**8 + 2*b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b`

3.258 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2144
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2145
Rubi [A] (verified)	2145
Maple [A] (verified)	2148
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2148
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2149
Maxima [F]	2149
Giac [F]	2149
Mupad [F(-1)]	2150
Reduce [F]	2150

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{6(1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5-3bx^2)}{12\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{x\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}{4(1+bx^2)} - \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/6*x*(-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)+1/12*x*(-3*b*x^2+5)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+
*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(4*b*x^2+4)-1/4*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*
EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+
1/3*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(
b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{12}x \left(\frac{7 + 5b^2x^4}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} \right. \\ \left. + 5 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) - 4bx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x*((7 + 5*b^2*x^4)/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2) + 5*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] - 4*b*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1493, 25, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} dx \\ \downarrow 1493 \\ \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{6(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{5 - 3bx^2}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} dx \\ \downarrow 25 \\ \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{5 - 3bx^2}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{6(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} \\ \downarrow 1493$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{x(5-3bx^2)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{3bx^2+5}{\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{6(b^2x^4+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{3bx^2+5}{\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} dx + \frac{x(5-3bx^2)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} \right) + \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{6(b^2x^4+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1512} \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} dx - 3 \int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(5-3bx^2)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} \right) + \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{6(b^2x^4+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{761} \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{4(bx^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - 3 \int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(5-3bx^2)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{6(b^2x^4+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1510} \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{4(bx^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - 3 \left(\frac{(bx^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. + \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{6(b^2x^4+1)^{3/2}} \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x*(1 - b*x^2))/(6*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2)) + ((x*(5 - 3*b*x^2))/(2*sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]) + (-3*(-((x*sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]))/(1 + b*x^2)) + ((1 + b*x^2)*sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])) + (4*(1 + b*x^2)*sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]))/2)/6`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2]]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 1493 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2]]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1512 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right) - \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
elliptic	$\frac{\left(-\frac{x^3}{6b^3} + \frac{x}{6b^4}\right)\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} - \frac{2b^2\left(\frac{x^3}{8b} - \frac{5x}{24b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{ib}, i\right)}{12\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{ib}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{ib}, i\right)\right)}{4\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}$
default	$-b\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{6b^4\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{x^3}{4\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{ib}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{ib}, i\right)\right)}{4\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}b}\right) + \frac{x\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{6b^4\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)}$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([1/4,5/2],[5/4],-b^2*x^4)-1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,5/2],[7/4],-b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(b^5 x^8 + 2b^3 x^4 + b)(-b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} E(\arcsin\left(\left(-b^2\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x\right) \mid -1) - ((3b^5 - 5b^4)x^8 + 2(3b^3 - 5b^2)x^4 + 3b - 5)(-b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} \operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin\left(\left(-b^2\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x\right), -1) + (3b^5 x^7 - 5b^4 x^5 + 5b^3 x^3 - 7b^2 x) \sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{12(b^6 x^8 + 2b^4 x^4 + b^2)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(3*(b^5*x^8 + 2*b^3*x^4 + b)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) - ((3*b^5 - 5*b^4)*x^8 + 2*(3*b^3 - 5*b^2)*x^4 + 3*b - 5)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) + (3*b^5*x^7 - 5*b^4*x^5 + 5*b^3*x^3 - 7*b^2*x)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1)/(b^6*x^8 + 2*b^4*x^4 + b^2)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4+1)**(5/2), x)`

output `-b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = - \int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2), x)`

output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^6x^{12} + 3b^4x^8 + 3b^2x^4 + 1} dx - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^6x^{12} + 3b^4x^8 + 3b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**6*x**12 + 3*b**4*x**8 + 3*b**2*x**4 + 1), x) - int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**6*x**12 + 3*b**4*x**8 + 3*b**2*x**4 + 1), x)*b`

3.259 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2151
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2152
Rubi [A] (verified)	2152
Maple [A] (verified)	2155
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2155
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2156
Maxima [F]	2156
Giac [F]	2157
Mupad [F(-1)]	2157
Reduce [F]	2157

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} + \frac{x(9-7bx^2)}{60(1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(15-7bx^2)}{40\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{7x\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}{40(1+bx^2)} - \frac{7(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{40\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{11(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{40\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/10*x*(-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2)+1/60*x*(-7*b*x^2+9)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)+
1/40*x*(-7*b*x^2+15)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+7*x*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(40*b*x^2+40)
-7/40*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(
1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+11/40*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+
1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(
1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1}{120} x \left(\frac{3(25 + 36b^2x^4 + 15b^4x^8)}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} \right) + 45 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) - 40bx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(7/2), x]`

output `(x*((3*(25 + 36*b^2*x^4 + 15*b^4*x^8))/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2) + 45*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] - 40*b*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 7/2, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/120`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1493, 27, 1493, 25, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\ & \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{10(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{10} \int -\frac{9 - 7bx^2}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{1}{10} \int \frac{9 - 7bx^2}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{10(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1493 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{x(9-7bx^2)}{6(b^2x^4+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{3(15-7bx^2)}{(b^2x^4+1)^{3/2}} dx \right) + \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(b^2x^4+1)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{15-7bx^2}{(b^2x^4+1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{x(9-7bx^2)}{6(b^2x^4+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(b^2x^4+1)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1493 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x(15-7bx^2)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{7bx^2+15}{\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(9-7bx^2)}{6(b^2x^4+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(b^2x^4+1)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{7bx^2+15}{\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} dx + \frac{x(15-7bx^2)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} \right) + \frac{x(9-7bx^2)}{6(b^2x^4+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(b^2x^4+1)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1512 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(22 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} dx - 7 \int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(15-7bx^2)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} \right) + \frac{x(9-7bx^2)}{6(b^2x^4+1)^{3/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(b^2x^4+1)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 761 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{11(bx^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - 7 \int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(15-7bx^2)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} \right) + \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(b^2x^4+1)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 1510 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{11(bx^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - 7 \left(\frac{(bx^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} \right) \right) + \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(b^2x^4+1)^{5/2}} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(7/2),x]`

output `(x*(1 - b*x^2))/(10*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2)) + ((x*(9 - 7*b*x^2))/(6*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2)) + ((x*(15 - 7*b*x^2))/(2*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]) + (-7*(-((x*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]))/(1 + b*x^2)) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])) + (11*(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]))/2)/2)/10`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1493 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right) - \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
elliptic	$\frac{\left(-\frac{x^3}{10b^5} + \frac{x}{10b^6}\right)\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^3} + \frac{\left(-\frac{7x^3}{60b^3} + \frac{3x}{20b^4}\right)\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} - \frac{2b^2\left(\frac{7x^3}{80b} - \frac{3x}{16b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)}{8\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}} + \dots$
default	$-b\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{10b^6\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^3} + \frac{7x^3\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{60b^4\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{7x^3}{40\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{7i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)\right)}{40\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}\right)$

input

```
int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x*hypergeom([1/4,7/2],[5/4],-b^2*x^4)-1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,7/2],[7/4],
-b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2 x^4)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{21(b^7 x^{12} + 3b^5 x^8 + 3b^3 x^4 + b)(-b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} E(\arcsin\left((-b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} x\right) | -1) - 3((7b^7 - 15b^6)x^{12} + 3(7b^5 - 15b^4) \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/120*(21*(b^7*x^12 + 3*b^5*x^8 + 3*b^3*x^4 + b)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(
arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) - 3*((7*b^7 - 15*b^6)*x^12 + 3*(7*b^5 - 15*b^4
)*x^8 + 3*(7*b^3 - 15*b^2)*x^4 + 7*b - 15)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin(
(-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) + (21*b^7*x^11 - 45*b^6*x^9 + 56*b^5*x^7 - 108*b^4*x^
5 + 47*b^3*x^3 - 75*b^2*x)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1)/(b^8*x^12 + 3*b^6*x^8 + 3*b^
4*x^4 + b^2)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 31.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4+1)**(7/2),x)
```

output

```
-b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 7/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4
*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 7/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(
I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(7/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = - \int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(7/2),x)`

output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^8x^{16} + 4b^6x^{12} + 6b^4x^8 + 4b^2x^4 + 1} dx - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^8x^{16} + 4b^6x^{12} + 6b^4x^8 + 4b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**8*x**16 + 4*b**6*x**12 + 6*b**4*x**8 + 4*b**2*x**4 + 1),x) - int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**8*x**16 + 4*b**6*x**12 + 6*b**4*x**8 + 4*b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b`

3.260 $\int (1 + bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2158
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2159
Rubi [A] (verified)	2159
Maple [A] (verified)	2162
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2162
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2163
Maxima [F]	2163
Giac [F]	2164
Mupad [F(-1)]	2164
Reduce [F]	2164

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{4x\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}{15(1 + bx^2)} + \frac{2}{105}x(15 + 7bx^2)\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{63}x(9 + 7bx^2)(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} - \frac{4(1 + bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\sqrt{bx}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{44(1 + bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\sqrt{bx}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
4*x*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(15*b*x^2+15)+2/105*x*(7*b*x^2+15)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
+1/63*x*(7*b*x^2+9)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)-4/15*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)
)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^
4+1)^(1/2)+44/105*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiA
M(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) + \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + (b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (bx^2 + 1) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\ & \frac{1}{21} \int 2(7bx^2 + 9) \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(7bx^2 + 9) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{2}{21} \int (7bx^2 + 9) \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(7bx^2 + 9) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\ & \frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{1}{15} \int \frac{6(7bx^2 + 15)}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (7bx^2 + 15) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x(7bx^2 + 9) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{2}{5} \int \frac{7bx^2 + 15}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (7bx^2 + 15) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x (7bx^2 + 9) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}$$

↓ 1512

$$\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(22 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx - 7 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (7bx^2 + 15) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x (7bx^2 + 9) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{11(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} - 7 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (7bx^2 + 15) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x (7bx^2 + 9) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{11(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} - 7 \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{5} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (7bx^2 + 15) \right) + \frac{1}{63} x (7bx^2 + 9) (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}$$

input

```
Int[(1 + b*x^2)*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*(9 + 7*b*x^2)*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2))/63 + (2*((x*(15 + 7*b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])/5 + (2*(-7*(-((x*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2)) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2]))/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])) + (11*(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])))/5)/21
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 1491 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1512 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right) + \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
risch	$\frac{x(35b^3x^6+45b^2x^4+77bx^2+135)\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{315} + \frac{4\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)}{7\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} + \frac{4i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)}{15\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}$
elliptic	$\frac{b^3x^7\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{9} + \frac{b^2x^5\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{7} + \frac{11bx^3\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{45} + \frac{3x\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{7} + \frac{4\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)}{7\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} + \frac{4i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)}{15\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}$
default	$\frac{b^2x^5\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{7} + \frac{3x\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{7} + \frac{4\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)}{7\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} + b\left(\frac{b^2x^7\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{9} + \frac{11x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{45} + \frac{4i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)}{15\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}\right)$

input `int((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([-3/2,1/4],[5/4],-b^2*x^4)+1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([-3/2,3/4],[7/4],-b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{84bx\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + 12(15b^2 - 7b)x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right)}{315bx}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/315*(84*b*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) + 12*(15*b^2 - 7*b)*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (35*b^4*x^8 + 45*b^3*x^6 + 77*b^2*x^4 + 135*b*x^2 + 84)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1)/(b*x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{b^3 x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2 x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} \\ + \frac{b^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2 x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} \\ + \frac{bx^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2 x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2 x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+1)*(b**2*x**4+1)**(3/2), x)`

output `b**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(11/4)) + b**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(9/4)) + b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `int((b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1),x)`

output `int((b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int (1 + bx^2) (1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^3 x^7}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^2 x^5}{7} \\ &+ \frac{11\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b x^3}{45} + \frac{3\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x}{7} + \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx\right)}{7} + \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx\right) b}{15} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x)`

output `(35*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**3*x**7 + 45*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**2*x**5 + 77*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b*x**3 + 135*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x + 180*int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x) + 84*int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b)/315`

3.261 $\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2165
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2166
Rubi [A] (verified)	2166
Maple [A] (verified)	2168
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2169
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2169
Maxima [F]	2170
Giac [F]	2170
Mupad [F(-1)]	2170
Reduce [F]	2171

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}{5(1 + bx^2)} + \frac{1}{15}x(5 + 3bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} - \frac{2(1 + bx^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{5\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}} + \frac{8(1 + bx^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
2*x*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(5*b*x^2+5)+1/15*x*(3*b*x^2+5)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)-2/5
*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*
x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+8/15*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*
x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(
b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) + \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4], x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + (b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\ & \frac{1}{15} \int \frac{2(3bx^2 + 5)}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (3bx^2 + 5) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{2}{15} \int \frac{3bx^2 + 5}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (3bx^2 + 5) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1512 \\ & \frac{2}{15} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx - 3 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} (3bx^2 + 5) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 761 \\
 & \frac{2}{15} \left(\frac{4(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - 3 \int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} dx \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{b^2x^4+1} (3bx^2+5) \\
 & \downarrow 1510 \\
 & \frac{2}{15} \left(\frac{4(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - 3 \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - x \right) \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{b^2x^4+1} (3bx^2+5)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4], x]`

output `(x*(5 + 3*b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])/15 + (2*(-3*(-((x*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2)) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])) + (4*(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])))/15`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`


```
rule 1491 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(
d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] +
Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p +
1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c
*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 1510 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

```
rule 1512 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right) + \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
risch	$\frac{x(3bx^2+5)\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{15} + \frac{2\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)}{3\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib},i))}{5\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}$
elliptic	$\frac{bx^3\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{5} + \frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)}{3\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib},i))}{5\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}$
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)}{3\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} + b\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{5} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib},i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib},i))}{5\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}\right)$

```
input int((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output x*hypergeom([-1/2,1/4],[5/4],-b^2*x^4)+1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([-1/2,3/4],[7/4],-b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6bx \left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + 2(5b^2 - 3b)x \left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (3b^2x^4 + 5b^2x^2 + 6)\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}{15bx}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/15*(6*b*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) + 2*(5*b^2 - 3*b)*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (3*b^2*x^4 + 5*b*x^2 + 6)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1)/(b*x)`**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx = \frac{bx^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}}{\frac{7}{4}} \mid b^2x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}}{\frac{5}{4}} \mid b^2x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+1)*(b**2*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`output `b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}(bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}(bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}(bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `int((b^2*x^4 + 1)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 + 1),x)`

output `int((b^2*x^4 + 1)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b x^3}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x}{3} + \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right)}{3} + \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b}{5}$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b*x**3 + 5*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x + 10*int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x) + 6*int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b)/15`

3.262 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	2172
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2172
Rubi [A] (verified)	2173
Maple [A] (verified)	2174
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2175
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2175
Maxima [F]	2176
Giac [F]	2176
Mupad [F(-1)]	2176
Reduce [F]	2177

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}{1+bx^2} - \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} + \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
x*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+1)-(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} dx = x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4\right) + \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4],x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + (b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1512 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx - \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 761 \\
 & \frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} - \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1510 \\
 & \frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} - \\
 & \frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} + \frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{bx^2 + 1}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4],x]`

output

```
(x*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]/(1 + b*x^2) - ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 761

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right)}{3} + x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right)$	38
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-i b x^2+1} \sqrt{i b x^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x \sqrt{i b}, i)}{\sqrt{i b} \sqrt{b^2 x^4+1}} + \frac{i \sqrt{-i b x^2+1} \sqrt{i b x^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x \sqrt{i b}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x \sqrt{i b}, i))}{\sqrt{i b} \sqrt{b^2 x^4+1}}$	120
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{-i b x^2+1} \sqrt{i b x^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x \sqrt{i b}, i)}{\sqrt{i b} \sqrt{b^2 x^4+1}} + \frac{i \sqrt{-i b x^2+1} \sqrt{i b x^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x \sqrt{i b}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x \sqrt{i b}, i))}{\sqrt{i b} \sqrt{b^2 x^4+1}}$	120

input

```
int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],-b^2*x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],-b^2*x^4)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{bx\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (b^2-b)x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}{bx}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $(b*x*(-1/b^2)^{(3/4)}*elliptic_e(\arcsin((-1/b^2)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) + (b^2 - b)*x*(-1/b^2)^{(3/4)}*elliptic_f(\arcsin((-1/b^2)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) + \sqrt{b^2*x^4 + 1})/(b*x)$

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{7}{4} \mid b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{5}{4} \mid b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output $b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))$

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x) + int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b`

3.263 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2178
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2178
Rubi [A] (verified)	2179
Maple [C] (verified)	2180
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2181
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2181
Maxima [F]	2182
Giac [F]	2182
Mupad [F(-1)]	2182
Reduce [F]	2183

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(1+bx^2)}{2\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} - \frac{x\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}{2(1+bx^2)} + \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx})\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)-x*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^2+2)+1/2*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{6}x\left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}} + 3\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4\right) + 2bx^2\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*(3/Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4] + 3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + 2*b*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/6`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1493$$

$$\frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 1510$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} - \frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{bx^2 + 1} \right) + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*(1 + b*x^2))/(2*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]) + (-((x*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2)) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]))/2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 1493 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right) + \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
elliptic	$-\frac{2b^2\left(-\frac{x^3}{4b} - \frac{x}{4b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)}{2\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)\right)}{2\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}$
default	$\frac{x}{2\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)}{2\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}} + b\left(\frac{x^3}{2\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{ib}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{ib}, i)\right)}{2\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2x^4+1}}\right)$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([1/4, 3/2], [5/4], -b^2*x^4)+1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([3/4, 3/2], [7/4], -b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(b^3x^4 + b)(-b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} E(\arcsin((-b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}x) \mid -1) - ((b^3 + b^2)x^4 + b + 1)(-b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} F(\arcsin((-b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}x) \mid -1)}{2(b^4x^4 + b^2)}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*((b^3*x^4 + b)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) - ((b^3 + b^2)*x^4 + b + 1)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) + (b^3*x^3 + b^2*x)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1))/(b^4*x^4 + b^2)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \mid \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \mid \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^4x^8 + 2b^2x^4 + 1} dx + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^4x^8 + 2b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**4*x**8 + 2*b**2*x**4 + 1),x) + int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**4*x**8 + 2*b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b`

3.264 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2184
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2185
Rubi [A] (verified)	2185
Maple [A] (verified)	2188
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2188
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2189
Maxima [F]	2189
Giac [F]	2189
Mupad [F(-1)]	2190
Reduce [F]	2190

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(1+bx^2)}{6(1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5+3bx^2)}{12\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}$$

$$- \frac{x\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}{4(1+bx^2)} + \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{12\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/6*x*(b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)+1/12*x*(3*b*x^2+5)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)-x*(
b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(4*b*x^2+4)+1/4*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)
*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
+1/12*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b
^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{12}x \left(\frac{7 + 5b^2x^4}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} \right) + 5 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) + 4bx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x*((7 + 5*b^2*x^4)/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2) + 5*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + 4*b*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1493, 25, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1493 \\ & \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{6(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{3bx^2 + 5}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{3bx^2 + 5}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{6(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1493 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{x(3bx^2 + 5)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{5 - 3bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{6(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{5 - 3bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{x(3bx^2 + 5)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} \right) + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{6(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1512 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(3bx^2 + 5)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} \right) + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{6(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 761 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(3 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} \right) + \frac{x(3bx^2 + 5)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{6(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1510 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} + 3 \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{6(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x*(1 + b*x^2))/(6*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2)) + ((x*(5 + 3*b*x^2))/(2*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]) + (3*(-((x*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2)) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]))) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]))/2)/6`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 1493 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1512 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right) + \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
elliptic	$\frac{\left(\frac{x^3}{6b^3} + \frac{x}{6b^4}\right) \sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} - \frac{2b^2 \left(-\frac{x^3}{8b} - \frac{5x}{24b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right) b^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \sqrt{ibx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{ib}, i\right)}{12\sqrt{ib} \sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \sqrt{ibx^2+1} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{ib}, i\right)\right)}{4\sqrt{ib} \sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}$
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{6b^4 \left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{5x}{12\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right) b^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \sqrt{ibx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{ib}, i\right)}{12\sqrt{ib} \sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}} + b \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{6b^4 \left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{x^3}{4\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right) b^2}} - \dots \right)$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `x*hypergeom([1/4, 5/2], [5/4], -b^2*x^4)+1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([3/4, 5/2], [7/4], -b^2*x^4)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2 x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(b^5 x^8 + 2b^3 x^4 + b)(-b^2)^{3/4} E(\arcsin((-b^2)^{1/4} x) \mid -1) - ((3b^5 + 5b^4)x^8 + 2(3b^3 + 5b^2)x^4 + 3b + 5)(-b^2)^{3/4} \operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin((-b^2)^{1/4} x), -1) + (3b^5 x^7 + 5b^4 x^5 + 5b^3 x^3 + 7b^2 x) \sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{12(b^6 x^8 + 2b^4 x^4 + b^2)}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/12*(3*(b^5*x^8 + 2*b^3*x^4 + b)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) - ((3*b^5 + 5*b^4)*x^8 + 2*(3*b^3 + 5*b^2)*x^4 + 3*b + 5)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) + (3*b^5*x^7 + 5*b^4*x^5 + 5*b^3*x^3 + 7*b^2*x)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1)/(b^6*x^8 + 2*b^4*x^4 + b^2)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4+1)**(5/2), x)`

output `b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^6x^{12} + 3b^4x^8 + 3b^2x^4 + 1} dx$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^6x^{12} + 3b^4x^8 + 3b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**6*x**12 + 3*b**4*x**8 + 3*b**2*x**4 + 1), x) +
int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**6*x**12 + 3*b**4*x**8 + 3*b**2*x**4 + 1), x)*b`

3.265 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2191
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2192
Rubi [A] (verified)	2192
Maple [A] (verified)	2195
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2195
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2196
Maxima [F]	2196
Giac [F]	2197
Mupad [F(-1)]	2197
Reduce [F]	2197

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x(1 + bx^2)}{10(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} + \frac{x(9 + 7bx^2)}{60(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(15 + 7bx^2)}{40\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}$$

$$- \frac{7x\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}{40(1 + bx^2)} + \frac{7(1 + bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt{bx}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{40\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(1 + bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt{bx}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{10\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/10*x*(b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2)+1/60*x*(7*b*x^2+9)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)+1/40*x*(7*b*x^2+15)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)-7*x*(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(40*b*x^2+40)+7/40*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+1/10*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1}{120} x \left(\frac{3(25 + 36b^2x^4 + 15b^4x^8)}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} \right) + 45 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) + 40bx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(7/2), x]`

output `(x*((3*(25 + 36*b^2*x^4 + 15*b^4*x^8))/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2) + 45*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + 40*b*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 7/2, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/120`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1493, 27, 1493, 25, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\ & \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{10} \int -\frac{7bx^2 + 9}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{1}{10} \int \frac{7bx^2 + 9}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1493 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{x(7bx^2 + 9)}{6(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{3(7bx^2 + 15)}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} dx \right) + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{7bx^2 + 15}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{x(7bx^2 + 9)}{6(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1493 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x(7bx^2 + 15)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{15 - 7bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(7bx^2 + 9)}{6(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{15 - 7bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{x(7bx^2 + 15)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} \right) + \frac{x(7bx^2 + 9)}{6(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1512 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + 7 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(7bx^2 + 15)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} \right) + \frac{x(7bx^2 + 9)}{6(b^2x^4 + 1)^{3/2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 761 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(7 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} dx + \frac{4(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} \right) + \frac{x(7bx^2 + 15)}{2\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} \right) + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 1510 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{4(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} + 7 \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}} \right) \right) + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(b^2x^4 + 1)^{5/2}} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)/(1 + b^2*x^4)^(7/2), x]`

output `(x*(1 + b*x^2))/(10*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2)) + ((x*(9 + 7*b*x^2))/(6*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2)) + ((x*(15 + 7*b*x^2))/(2*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]) + (7*(-((x*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]))/(1 + b*x^2)) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])) + (4*(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]))/2)/2)/10`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1493 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

method	result
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right) + \frac{b x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2 x^4\right)}{3}$
elliptic	$\frac{\left(\frac{x^3}{10b^5} + \frac{x}{10b^6}\right)\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^3} + \frac{\left(\frac{7x^3}{60b^3} + \frac{3x}{20b^4}\right)\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} - \frac{2b^2\left(-\frac{7x^3}{80b} - \frac{3x}{16b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{ib}, i\right)}{8\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}} - \frac{7i}{8\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}$
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{10b^6\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^3} + \frac{3x\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{20b^4\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{3x}{8\sqrt{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{ib}, i\right)}{8\sqrt{ib}\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}} + b\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{b^2 x^4 + 1}}{10b^6\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^3} + \frac{x}{10b^6}\right)$

input

```
int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x*hypergeom([1/4, 7/2], [5/4], -b^2*x^4)+1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([3/4, 7/2], [7/4],
-b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2 x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{21(b^7 x^{12} + 3b^5 x^8 + 3b^3 x^4 + b)(-b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} E(\arcsin\left((-b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} x\right) \mid -1) - 3((7b^7 + 15b^6) \dots)}{...}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/120*(21*(b^7*x^12 + 3*b^5*x^8 + 3*b^3*x^4 + b)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) - 3*((7*b^7 + 15*b^6)*x^12 + 3*(7*b^5 + 15*b^4)*x^8 + 3*(7*b^3 + 15*b^2)*x^4 + 7*b + 15)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) + (21*b^7*x^11 + 45*b^6*x^9 + 56*b^5*x^7 + 108*b^4*x^5 + 47*b^3*x^3 + 75*b^2*x)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 + 1))/(b^8*x^12 + 3*b^6*x^8 + 3*b^4*x^4 + b^2)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 31.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{bx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4+1)**(7/2), x)
```

output

```
b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 7/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 7/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(7/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 + 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 + 1)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^8x^{16} + 4b^6x^{12} + 6b^4x^8 + 4b^2x^4 + 1} dx$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^8x^{16} + 4b^6x^{12} + 6b^4x^8 + 4b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**8*x**16 + 4*b**6*x**12 + 6*b**4*x**8 + 4*b**2*x**4 + 1),x) + int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**8*x**16 + 4*b**6*x**12 + 6*b**4*x**8 + 4*b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b`

3.266 $\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2198
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2199
Rubi [F]	2199
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2200
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2200
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2201
Maxima [F]	2202
Giac [F]	2202
Mupad [F(-1)]	2202
Reduce [F]	2203

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{4x(195 + 77bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}}{3003} - \frac{10x(117 + 77bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}}{9009} + \frac{1}{143} x(13 + 11bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} - \frac{8\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1)}{39\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} - \frac{944\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{3003\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
4/3003*x*(77*b*x^2+195)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-10/9009*x*(77*b*x^2+117)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)+1/143*x*(11*b*x^2+13)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2)-8/39*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-944/3003*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 9.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} (3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4) + bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4))}{3\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)*(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4]*(3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 1/4, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 3/4, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/(3*Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4])`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (bx^2 + 1) (b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int (bx^2 + 1) (b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} dx$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)*(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{5}{2}} x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{\left(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{b \text{ signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{3\left(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{x(693x^{10}b^5+819b^4x^8-2156b^3x^6-2808b^2x^4+2387bx^2+4329)\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{9009} - \frac{40\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)}{77\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{8\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{77}$
elliptic	$\frac{b^5x^{11}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{13} + \frac{b^4x^9\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{11} - \frac{28b^3x^7\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{117} - \frac{24b^2x^5\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{77} + \frac{31bx^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{117} + \frac{37x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{77} - \frac{40\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{77}$
default	$\frac{b^4x^9\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{11} - \frac{24b^2x^5\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{77} + \frac{37x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{77} - \frac{40\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)}{77\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + b\left(\frac{b^4x^{11}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{13} - \frac{28b^3x^7\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{117} - \frac{24b^2x^5\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{77} + \frac{31bx^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{117} + \frac{37x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{77} - \frac{40\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{77}\right)$

input `int((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2)/(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(5/2)*x*hypergeom([-5/2,1/4],[5/4],b^2*x^4)+1/3*b*signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2)/(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(5/2)*x^3*hypergeom([-5/2,3/4],[7/4],b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{24(195b+77)x F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{(693b^6x^{12} + 819b^5x^{10} - 2156b^4x^8 - 2808b^3x^6 + 2387b^2x^4 + 4329bx^2 + 4329)}{9009bx}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/9009*(24*(195*b + 77)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) +
(693*b^6*x^12 + 819*b^5*x^10 - 2156*b^4*x^8 - 2808*b^3*x^6 + 2387*b^2*x^4
+ 4329*b*x^2 - 1848)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1) - 1848*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(sqrt(
b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b))/(b*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{ib^5x^{11}\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4} \middle| \frac{15}{4}; b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{15}{4}\right)} + \frac{ib^4x^9\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \middle| \frac{13}{4}; b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{4}\right)} - \frac{ib^3x^7\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \middle| \frac{11}{4}; b^2x^4\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} - \frac{ib^2x^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{9}{4}; b^2x^4\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} + \frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4}; b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \frac{5}{4}; b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+1)*(b**2*x**4-1)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
I*b**5*x**11*gamma(11/4)*hyper((-1/2, 11/4), (15/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(
15/4)) + I*b**4*x**9*gamma(9/4)*hyper((-1/2, 9/4), (13/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*
gamma(13/4)) - I*b**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), b**2*x**
4)/(2*gamma(11/4)) - I*b**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), b**
2*x**4)/(2*gamma(9/4)) + I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b*
**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(7/4)) + I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x
**4)/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int (b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `int((b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 + 1),x)`

output `int((b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} b^5 x^{11}}{13} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} b^4 x^9}{11} - \frac{28\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} b^3 x^7}{117} - \frac{24\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} b^2 x^5}{77} + \frac{31\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} b x^3}{117} + \frac{37\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} x}{77} - \frac{40 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx \right)}{77} - \frac{8 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx \right) b}{39}$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x)`

output `(693*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*b**5*x**11 + 819*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*b**4*x**9 - 2156*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*b**3*x**7 - 2808*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*b**2*x**5 + 2387*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*b*x**3 + 4329*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*x - 4680*int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x) - 1848*int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x)*b)/9009`

3.267 $\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2204
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2205
Rubi [F]	2205
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2206
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2206
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2207
Maxima [F]	2208
Giac [F]	2208
Mupad [F(-1)]	2208
Reduce [F]	2209

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{2}{105}x(15 + 7bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} + \frac{1}{63}x(9 + 7bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} + \frac{4\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1)}{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} + \frac{32\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-2/105*x*(7*b*x^2+15)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+1/63*x*(7*b*x^2+9)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)+4/15*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+32/105*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} (3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4) + bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4))}{3\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)*(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `-1/3*(Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4]*(3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (bx^2 + 1) (b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int (bx^2 + 1) (b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} dx$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)*(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{3}{2}} x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{\left(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{b \text{ signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{3\left(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{x(35b^3x^6+45b^2x^4-77bx^2-135)\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{315} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)}{7\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)}{15\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$
elliptic	$\frac{b^3x^7\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{9} + \frac{b^2x^5\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{7} - \frac{11bx^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{45} - \frac{3x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{7} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)}{7\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)}{15\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$
default	$\frac{b^2x^5\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{7} - \frac{3x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{7} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)}{7\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + b\left(\frac{b^2x^7\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{9} - \frac{11x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{45} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)}{15\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}\right)$

input `int((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)/(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(3/2)*x*hypergeom([-3/2,1/4],[5/4],b^2*x^4)+1/3*b*signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)/(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(3/2)*x^3*hypergeom([-3/2,3/4],[7/4],b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{12(15b+7)x F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{(35b^4x^8 + 45b^3x^6 - 77b^2x^4 - 135bx^2 + 84)\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{315bx} - \frac{84xE(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/315*(12*(15*b + 7)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) - (3
5*b^4*x^8 + 45*b^3*x^6 - 77*b^2*x^4 - 135*b*x^2 + 84)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1) -
84*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b))/(b*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{ib^3x^7\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4 \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} \\ + \frac{ib^2x^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4 \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} \\ - \frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4 \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4 \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+1)*(b**2*x**4-1)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
I*b**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(11/
4)) + I*b**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma
(9/4)) - I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma
(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(5
/4))
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `int((b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1),x)`

output `int((b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} b^3 x^7}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} b^2 x^5}{7} - \frac{11\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} b x^3}{45} - \frac{3\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} x}{7} + \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx\right)}{7} + \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx\right) b}{15}$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x)`

output `(35*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*b**3*x**7 + 45*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*b**2*x**5 - 77*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*b*x**3 - 135*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*x + 180*int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x) + 84*int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x)*b)/315`

3.268 $\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2210
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2211
Rubi [F]	2211
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2212
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2212
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2213
Maxima [F]	2213
Giac [F]	2214
Mupad [F(-1)]	2214
Reduce [F]	2214

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx = \frac{1}{15}x(5 + 3bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1)}{5\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} - \frac{4\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/15*x*(3*b*x^2+5)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-2/5*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-4/15*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} (3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4) + bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4))}{3\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4], x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4]*(3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/(3*Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4])`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1571$$

$$\int (bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} dx$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4], x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\sqrt{\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)} x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{\sqrt{-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)}} + \frac{b\sqrt{\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)} x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{3\sqrt{-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)}}$
risch	$\frac{x(3bx^2+5)\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{15} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i)}{3\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b}, i))}{5\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$
elliptic	$\frac{bx^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{5} + \frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i)}{3\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b}, i))}{5\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i)}{3\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + b\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b}, i))}{5\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}b}\right)$

input

```
int((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(1/2)*x*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/4],
[5/4], b^2*x^4)+1/3*b*signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(1/2)*x^
3*hypergeom([-1/2, 3/4], [7/4], b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(5b+3)x F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{(3b^2x^4 + 5bx^2 - 6)\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{15bx} - \frac{6xE(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/15*(2*(5*b + 3)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) + (3*b^2
*x^4 + 5*b*x^2 - 6)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1) - 6*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x
)), -1)/sqrt(b))/(b*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx = \frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+1)*(b**2*x**4-1)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(7/4)) +
I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}(bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}(bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}(bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `int((b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 + 1),x)`

output `int((b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} b x^3}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} x}{3} - \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx \right)}{3} - \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx \right) b}{5}$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*b*x**3 + 5*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*x - 10*int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x) - 6*int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x)*b)/15`

3.269 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	2215
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2215
Rubi [A] (verified)	2216
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2217
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2218
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2218
Maxima [F]	2218
Giac [F]	2219
Mupad [F(-1)]	2219
Reduce [F]	2219

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{bx}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}}$$

output $(-b^2x^4+1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(b^{(1/2)}*x,I)/b^{(1/2)}/(b^2x^4-1)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} (3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right) + bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right))}{3\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(1 + b*x^2)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + b^2*x^4], x]$

output

```
(Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4]*(3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + b*x^3*
Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/(3*Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1390, 1388, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1390} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{bx}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(1 + b*x^2)/Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 + b^
2*x^4])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1388

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```

rule 1390

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt
[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ
[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{b\sqrt{-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)}x^3 \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right) + \sqrt{-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)}x \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{3\sqrt{\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)}\sqrt{\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)}}$	88
default	$\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i)}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1}(\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b}, i))}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$	107
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i)}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1}(\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b}, i))}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$	107

input

```
int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*b/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(1/2)*x^3*hypergeom([1/
2, 3/4], [7/4], b^2*x^4)+1/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(1/2)
*x*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], [5/4], b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{(b+1)xF(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{x E(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((b + 1)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) - x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) - sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1))/(b*x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{ibx^3\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \middle| b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})} - \frac{ix\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4-1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{bx^2 - 1} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)/(b*x**2 - 1), x)`

3.270 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2220
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2220
Rubi [F]	2221
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2222
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2222
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2223
Maxima [F]	2223
Giac [F]	2224
Mupad [F(-1)]	2224
Reduce [F]	2224

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{x(1 + bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/2*x*(b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+1/2*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(3 + 3\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4) + 2bx^2\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4))}{6\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/6*(x*(3 + 3*Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + 2*b*x^2*Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)/(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{3}{2}}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right) + b(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{(b^2x^2+b)x}{2b\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)(b^2x^2+b)}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i)}{2\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b}, i))}{2\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$
default	$-\frac{x}{2\sqrt{\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i)}{2\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + b \left(-\frac{x^3}{2\sqrt{\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b}, i))}{2\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} \right)$

input

```
int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(3/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4, 3/2], [5/4], b^2*x^4)+1/3*b/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(3/2)*x^3*hypergeom([3/4, 3/2], [7/4], b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}bx - (-ib^2x^2+ib)\sqrt{b}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1) - (i(b^2+b)x^2-ib-i)\sqrt{b}F(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{2(b^2x^2-b)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*(sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1)*b*x - (-I*b^2*x^2 + I*b)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_e(arcsin
(sqrt(b)*x), -1) - (I*(b^2 + b)*x^2 - I*b - I)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_f(arcsin(s
qrt(b)*x), -1))/(b^2*x^2 - b)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4-1)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(7/4)) +
I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2), x)
```


Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{b^3x^6 - b^2x^4 - bx^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)/(b**3*x**6 - b**2*x**4 - b*x**2 + 1),x)`

3.271 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2225
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2225
Rubi [F]	2226
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2227
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2227
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2228
Maxima [F]	2228
Giac [F]	2229
Mupad [F(-1)]	2229
Reduce [F]	2229

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{x(1+bx^2)}{6(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5+3bx^2)}{12\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}E\left(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1\right)}{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/6*x*(b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)+1/12*x*(3*b*x^2+5)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-1/4*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+2/3*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x\left(-7+5b^2x^4-5(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right)-4bx^2(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}\right)}{12(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x*(-7 + 5*b^2*x^4 - 5*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] - 4*b*x^2*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/(12*(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2))`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)/(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{5}{2}}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{b(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{5}{2}}x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{3 \operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{6b^4\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{5x}{12\sqrt{\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i)}{12\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + b \left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{6b^4\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{x^3}{4\sqrt{\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} \right)$
elliptic	$-\frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{12b^2\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)^2} + \frac{3(b^2x^2+b)x}{8b\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)(b^2x^2+b)}} - \frac{(b^2x^2-b)x}{8b\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)(b^2x^2-b)}} + \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i)}{12\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{4\sqrt{\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}}$

input

```
int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(5/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4, 5/2],
[5/4], b^2*x^4)+1/3*b/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(5/2)*x
^3*hypergeom([3/4, 5/2], [7/4], b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(-ib^4x^6 + ib^3x^4 + ib^2x^2 - ib)\sqrt{b}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1) - (-i(3b^4 + 5b^3)x^6 + i(3b^3 + 5b^2)x^4 + i(3b^2 + 5b)x^2 - ib^2)\sqrt{b}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1)}{12(b^4x^6 - b^3x^4 - b^2x^2 - bx + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/12*(3*(-I*b^4*x^6 + I*b^3*x^4 + I*b^2*x^2 - I*b)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_e(arc
sin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) - (-I*(3*b^4 + 5*b^3)*x^6 + I*(3*b^3 + 5*b^2)*x^4 + I*
(3*b^2 + 5*b)*x^2 - 3*I*b - 5*I)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1)
- (3*b^3*x^5 + 2*b^2*x^3 - 7*b*x)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1))/(b^4*x^6 - b^3*x^4 -
b^2*x^2 + b)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \right) b^2x^4}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \right) b^2x^4}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4-1)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
-I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(7/4)) -
I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{b^5x^{10} - b^4x^8 - 2b^3x^6 + 2b^2x^4 + bx^2 - 1} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)/(b**5*x**10 - b**4*x**8 - 2*b**3*x**6 + 2*b**2*x**4 + b*x**2 - 1),x)`

3.272 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2230
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2230
Rubi [F]	2231
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2232
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2232
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2233
Maxima [F]	2233
Giac [F]	2234
Mupad [F(-1)]	2234
Reduce [F]	2234

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{x(1 + bx^2)}{10(-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} + \frac{x(9 + 7bx^2)}{60(-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{x(15 + 7bx^2)}{40\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{7\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{bx}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{40\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} - \frac{11\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{bx}\right), -1\right)}{20\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/10*x*(b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2)+1/60*x*(7*b*x^2+9)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)-1/40*x*(7*b*x^2+15)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+7/40*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-11/20*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x\left(75 - 108b^2x^4 + 45b^4x^8 + 45(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right) + 40bx^2(1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}\text{Hyp}}{120(-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(7/2), x]`

output `-1/120*(x*(75 - 108*b^2*x^4 + 45*b^4*x^8 + 45*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + 40*b*x^2*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 7/2, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2)`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)/(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(7/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{7}{2}}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right) + b(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{7}{2}}x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{3 \operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{40b^3\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)^3} + \frac{11x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{120b^2\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)^2} - \frac{53(b^2x^2+b)x}{160b\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)(b^2x^2+b)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{48b^2\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)^2} + \frac{5(b^2x^2-b)x}{32b\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)(b^2x^2-b)}} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1}}{8}$
default	$-\frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{10b^6\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^3} + \frac{3x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{20b^4\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} - \frac{3x}{8\sqrt{\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-b}, i\right)}{8\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + b \left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{10b^6\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)} \right)$

input

```
int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(7/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4, 7/2], [5/4], b^2*x^4)+1/3*b/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(7/2)*x^3*hypergeom([3/4, 7/2], [7/4], b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{21(ib^6x^{10} - ib^5x^8 - 2ib^4x^6 + 2ib^3x^4 + ib^2x^2 - ib)\sqrt{b}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1) + 3(-i(7b^6 + 15b^5)x^{10} + \dots)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/120*(21*(I*b^6*x^10 - I*b^5*x^8 - 2*I*b^4*x^6 + 2*I*b^3*x^4 + I*b^2*x^2
- I*b)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) + 3*(-I*(7*b^6 + 15*b^5)
*x^10 + I*(7*b^5 + 15*b^4)*x^8 + 2*I*(7*b^4 + 15*b^3)*x^6 - 2*I*(7*b^3 + 1
5*b^2)*x^4 - I*(7*b^2 + 15*b)*x^2 + 7*I*b + 15*I)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_f(arcsi
n(sqrt(b)*x), -1) + (21*b^5*x^9 + 24*b^4*x^7 - 80*b^3*x^5 - 28*b^2*x^3 + 7
5*b*x)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1))/(b^6*x^10 - b^5*x^8 - 2*b^4*x^6 + 2*b^3*x^4 + b^
2*x^2 - b)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4-1)**(7/2), x)
```

output

```
I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 7/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(7/4)) +
I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 7/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{b^7x^{14} - b^6x^{12} - 3b^5x^{10} + 3b^4x^8 + 3b^3x^6 - 3b^2x^4 - bx^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)/(b**7*x**14 - b**6*x**12 - 3*b**5*x**10 + 3*b**4*x**8 + 3*b**3*x**6 - 3*b**2*x**4 - b*x**2 + 1),x)`

3.273 $\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2235
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2236
Rubi [F]	2236
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2237
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2237
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2238
Maxima [F]	2238
Giac [F]	2239
Mupad [F(-1)]	2239
Reduce [F]	2239

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{2}{105}x(15 - 7bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} + \frac{1}{63}x(9 - 7bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} - \frac{4\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1)}{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} + \frac{88\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-2/105*x*(-7*b*x^2+15)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+1/63*x*(-7*b*x^2+9)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)-4/15*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+88/105*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} (-3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4) + bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4))}{3\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)*(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4]*(-3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/(3*Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4])`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} dx$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)*(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 2.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{3}{2}} x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right) - b \text{ signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{3}{2}} 3(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{x(35b^3x^6-45b^2x^4-77bx^2+135)\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{315} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i)}{7\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b}, i))}{15\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{b^3x^7\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{9} + \frac{b^2x^5\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{7} + \frac{11bx^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{45} - \frac{3x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{7} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i)}{7\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b}, i))}{15\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$
default	$-b\left(\frac{b^2x^7\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{9} - \frac{11x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{45} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b}, i))}{15\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}\right) + \frac{b^2x^5\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{7}$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)/(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(3/2)*x*hypergeom([-3/2, 1/4], [5/4], b^2*x^4)-1/3*b*signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)/(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(3/2)*x^3*hypergeom([-3/2, 3/4], [7/4], b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{12(15b-7)x F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{(35b^4x^8 - 45b^3x^6 - 77b^2x^4 + 135bx^2 + 84)\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{315bx} + \frac{84xE(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/315*(12*(15*b - 7)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) + (3
5*b^4*x^8 - 45*b^3*x^6 - 77*b^2*x^4 + 135*b*x^2 + 84)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1) +
84*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b))/(b*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{ib^3x^7\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4 \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} + \frac{ib^2x^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4 \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4 \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4 \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x**2+1)*(b**2*x**4-1)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
-I*b**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(11
/4)) + I*b**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gam
ma(9/4)) + I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*ga
mma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(
5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int -(b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `-integrate((b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int -(b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = - \int (b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `int(-(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1),x)`

output `-int((b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int (1 - bx^2) (-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = & -\frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} b^3 x^7}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} b^2 x^5}{7} \\ & + \frac{11\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} b x^3}{45} - \frac{3\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} x}{7} + \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx\right)}{7} - \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx\right) b}{15} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 35*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*b**3*x**7 + 45*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*b**2*x**5 +  
77*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*b*x**3 - 135*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*x + 180*int(sqrt(b  
**2*x**4 - 1)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x) - 84*int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*x**2)/(b**2  
*x**4 - 1),x)*b)/315
```

3.274 $\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2241
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2242
Rubi [F]	2242
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2243
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2243
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2244
Maxima [F]	2244
Giac [F]	2245
Mupad [F(-1)]	2245
Reduce [F]	2245

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx = \frac{1}{15}x(5 - 3bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} + \frac{2\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{5\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} - \frac{16\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/15*x*(-3*b*x^2+5)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+2/5*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-16/15*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 6.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} \left(-3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4 \right) + bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4 \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)*Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4], x]`

output `-1/3*(Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4]*(-3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} dx$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)*Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4], x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 2.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\sqrt{\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)} x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right) - b\sqrt{\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)} x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{\sqrt{-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)} - 3\sqrt{-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)}}$
risch	$-\frac{x(3bx^2-5)\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{15} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i)}{3\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b}, i))}{5\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{bx^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{5} + \frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i)}{3\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b}, i))}{5\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$
default	$-b\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b}, i))}{5\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}b}\right) + \frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1}}{3\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b}}$

input

```
int((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(1/2)*x*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/4],
[5/4], b^2*x^4)-1/3*b*signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(1/2)*x^
3*hypergeom([-1/2, 3/4], [7/4], b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(5b-3)x F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - (3b^2x^4 - 5bx^2 - 6)\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1} + \frac{6xE(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

15 bx

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/15*(2*(5*b - 3)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) - (3*b^2
*x^4 - 5*b*x^2 - 6)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1) + 6*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x
)), -1)/sqrt(b))/(b*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int (1-bx^2) \sqrt{-1+b^2x^4} dx = -\frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4 \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4 \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x**2+1)*(b**2*x**4-1)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
-I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(7/4))
+ I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1-bx^2) \sqrt{-1+b^2x^4} dx = \int -\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}(bx^2-1) dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate(sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx = \int -\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx = - \int \sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `int(-(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 - 1),x)`

output `-int((b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}bx^3}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}x}{3} - \frac{2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx\right)}{3} + \frac{2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}x^2}{b^2x^4 - 1} dx\right)b}{5}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 3*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*b*x**3 + 5*sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*x - 10*int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x) + 6*int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 - 1),x)*b)/15`

3.275 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	2246
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2246
Rubi [A] (verified)	2247
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2249
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2250
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2250
Maxima [F]	2250
Giac [F]	2251
Mupad [F(-1)]	2251
Reduce [F]	2251

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4} E\left(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-b^2x^4} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}}$$

output

$$-\left(-b^2x^4+1\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(b^{\frac{1}{2}}x, I\right) / b^{\frac{1}{2}} / \left(b^2x^4-1\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2 \left(-b^2x^4+1\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(b^{\frac{1}{2}}x, I\right) / b^{\frac{1}{2}} / \left(b^2x^4-1\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4} \left(-3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right) + bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4],x]`

output `-1/3*(Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4]*(-3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1390, 1388, 326, 284, 327, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1390} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - bx^2}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{326} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2} \sqrt{bx^2 + 1}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{284} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - b^2x^4}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - bx^2}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}} dx - \frac{E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4} \left(\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}), -1)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx})|-1)}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)/Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4], x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4]*(-EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1]/Sqrt[b]) + (2*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[b]*x], -1])/Sqrt[b])/Sqrt[-1 + b^2*x^4]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 284 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 326 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[b/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x^2]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

rule 1390 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt
[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ
[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{b\sqrt{-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1)}x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{3\sqrt{\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1)}} + \frac{\sqrt{-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1)}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1)}}$	88
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b},i))}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$	108
elliptic	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b},i))}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$	108

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*b/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(1/2)*x^3*hypergeom([
/2,3/4],[7/4],b^2*x^4)+1/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(1/2
)x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{(b-1)x F(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{x E(\arcsin(\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx}}) | -1)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{bx}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((b - 1)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) + x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/(sqrt(b)*x)), -1)/sqrt(b) + sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1))/(b*x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{ibx^3\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})} - \frac{ix\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4-1)**(1/2),x)`

output `I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} dx = -\int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 + b^2x^4}} dx = -\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{bx^2 + 1} dx\right)$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)/(b*x**2 + 1),x)`

3.276 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2252
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2252
Rubi [F]	2253
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2253
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2254
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2255
Maxima [F]	2255
Giac [F]	2255
Mupad [F(-1)]	2256
Reduce [F]	2256

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{x(1-bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{bx}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}}$$

output

$-1/2*x*(-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-1/2*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(-3-3\sqrt{1-b^2x^4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right) + 2bx^2\sqrt{1-b^2x^4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right))}{6\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}}$$

input

`Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output

```
(x*(-3 - 3*Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + 2
*b*x^2*Sqrt[1 - b^2*x^4]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/(6*Sq
rt[-1 + b^2*x^4])
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[(1 - b*x^2)/(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{3}{2}}x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{3 \text{ signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
elliptic	$\frac{(b^2x^2-b)x}{2b\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)(b^2x^2-b)}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)}{2\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b},i))}{2\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$
default	$-b \left(-\frac{x^3}{2\sqrt{\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b},i))}{2\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}b} \right) - \frac{x}{2\sqrt{\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1}}{2\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}$

```
input int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(3/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4,3/2],
,[5/4],b^2*x^4)-1/3*b/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(3/2)*x
^3*hypergeom([3/4,3/2],[7/4],b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}bx + (ib^2x^2 + ib)\sqrt{b}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) | -1) + (-i(b^2 - b)x^2 - ib + i)\sqrt{b}}{2(b^2x^2 + b)}$$

```
input integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/2*(sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1)*b*x + (I*b^2*x^2 + I*b)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_e(arcsin(
sqrt(b)*x), -1) + (-I*(b^2 - b)*x^2 - I*b + I)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_f(arcsin(
sqrt(b)*x), -1))/(b^2*x^2 + b)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4-1)**(3/2), x)`output `-I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(7/4)) + I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(5/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = - \int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2), x)`output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{b^3x^6 + b^2x^4 - bx^2 - 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2), x)`output `- int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)/(b**3*x**6 + b**2*x**4 - b*x**2 - 1), x)`

3.277 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2257
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2257
Rubi [F]	2258
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2259
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2259
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2260
Maxima [F]	2260
Giac [F]	2261
Mupad [F(-1)]	2261
Reduce [F]	2261

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{x(1-bx^2)}{6(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5-3bx^2)}{12\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{bx}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{bx}\right), -1\right)}{6\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/6*x*(-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)+1/12*x*(-3*b*x^2+5)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+
1/4*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+1/
6*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x\left(-7+5b^2x^4-5(1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right)+4bx^2(1-b^2x^4)\right)}{12(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x*(-7 + 5*b^2*x^4 - 5*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + 4*b*x^2*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/(12*(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2))`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)/(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{5}{2}}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right) - b(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{5}{2}}x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{12b^2\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)^2} - \frac{3(b^2x^2-b)x}{8b\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)(b^2x^2-b)}} + \frac{(b^2x^2+b)x}{8b\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)(b^2x^2+b)}} + \frac{5\sqrt{b}x^2+1\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)}{12\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{6b^4\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)}$
default	$-b\left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{6b^4\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{x^3}{4\sqrt{\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b},i)\right)}{4\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}b}\right) - \frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{6b^4\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)}$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(5/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4,5/2], [5/4],b^2*x^4)-1/3*b/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(5/2)*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,5/2], [7/4],b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(ib^4x^6 + ib^3x^4 - ib^2x^2 - ib)\sqrt{b}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1) - (i(3b^4 - 5b^3)x^6 + i(3b^3 - 5b^2)x^4 - i(3b^2 - 5b)x^2 - 5i)}{12(b^4x^6 + b^3x^4 - b^2x^2 - 5b)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/12*(3*(I*b^4*x^6 + I*b^3*x^4 - I*b^2*x^2 - I*b)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) - (I*(3*b^4 - 5*b^3)*x^6 + I*(3*b^3 - 5*b^2)*x^4 - I*(3*b^2 - 5*b)*x^2 - 3*I*b + 5*I)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) + (3*b^3*x^5 - 2*b^2*x^3 - 7*b*x)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1))/(b^4*x^6 + b^3*x^4 - b^2*x^2 - b)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4-1)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2),x)`

output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{b^5x^{10} + b^4x^8 - 2b^3x^6 - 2b^2x^4 + bx^2 + 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x)`

output `- int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)/(b**5*x**10 + b**4*x**8 - 2*b**3*x**6 - 2*b**2*x**4 + b*x**2 + 1),x)`

3.278 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2262
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2262
Rubi [F]	2263
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2264
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2264
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2265
Maxima [F]	2265
Giac [F]	2266
Mupad [F(-1)]	2266
Reduce [F]	2266

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}} + \frac{x(9-7bx^2)}{60(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{x(15-7bx^2)}{40\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}}$$

$$-\frac{7\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{bx}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{40\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{bx}\right), -1\right)}{5\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/10*x*(-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2)+1/60*x*(-7*b*x^2+9)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)
-1/40*x*(-7*b*x^2+15)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-7/40*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(
b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-1/5*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(b^(
1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x\left(-75+108b^2x^4-45b^4x^8-45(1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2},\frac{5}{4},b^2x^4\right)+\right)}{120(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(7/2),x]`

output `(x*(-75 + 108*b^2*x^4 - 45*b^4*x^8 - 45*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + 40*b*x^2*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 7/2, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/(120*(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2))`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)/(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(7/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{7}{2}}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right) - b(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{7}{2}}x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{48b^2\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)^2} - \frac{5(b^2x^2+b)x}{32b\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)(b^2x^2+b)}} + \frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{40b^3\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)^3} + \frac{11x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{120b^2\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)^2} + \frac{53(b^2x^2-b)x}{160b\sqrt{\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)(b^2x^2-b)}} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx}}{8\sqrt{-b}}$
default	$-b \left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{10b^6\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^3} + \frac{7x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{60b^4\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} - \frac{7x^3}{40\sqrt{\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{7\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b},i)-\operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-b}))}{40\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}b} \right)$

input

```
int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(7/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4,7/2]
,[5/4],b^2*x^4)-1/3*b/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(7/2)*x
^3*hypergeom([3/4,7/2],[7/4],b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{21(-ib^6x^{10} - ib^5x^8 + 2ib^4x^6 + 2ib^3x^4 - ib^2x^2 - ib)\sqrt{b}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1) + 3(i(7b^6 - 15b^5)x^{10} + \dots)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/120*(21*(-I*b^6*x^10 - I*b^5*x^8 + 2*I*b^4*x^6 + 2*I*b^3*x^4 - I*b^2*x^2 - I*b)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) + 3*(I*(7*b^6 - 15*b^5)*x^10 + I*(7*b^5 - 15*b^4)*x^8 - 2*I*(7*b^4 - 15*b^3)*x^6 - 2*I*(7*b^3 - 15*b^2)*x^4 + I*(7*b^2 - 15*b)*x^2 + 7*I*b - 15*I)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) - (21*b^5*x^9 - 24*b^4*x^7 - 80*b^3*x^5 + 28*b^2*x^3 + 75*b*x)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1))/(b^6*x^10 + b^5*x^8 - 2*b^4*x^6 - 2*b^3*x^4 + b^2*x^2 + b)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \middle| b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4-1)**(7/2), x)
```

output

```
-I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 7/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(7/4)) + I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 7/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = -\int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2),x)`

output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = -\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{b^7x^{14} + b^6x^{12} - 3b^5x^{10} - 3b^4x^8 + 3b^3x^6 + 3b^2x^4 - bx^2 - 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2),x)`

output `-int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)/(b**7*x**14 + b**6*x**12 - 3*b**5*x**10 - 3*b**4*x**8 + 3*b**3*x**6 + 3*b**2*x**4 - b*x**2 - 1),x)`

3.279 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2267
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2268
Rubi [F]	2268
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2269
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2269
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2270
Maxima [F]	2270
Giac [F]	2271
Mupad [F(-1)]	2271
Reduce [F]	2271

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1+b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{x(1-bx^2)}{14(-1+b^2x^4)^{7/2}} + \frac{x(13-11bx^2)}{140(-1+b^2x^4)^{5/2}}$$

$$-\frac{x(117-77bx^2)}{840(-1+b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(195-77bx^2)}{560\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}} + \frac{11\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{bx}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{80\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{59\sqrt{1-b^2x^4}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{bx}\right), -1\right)}{280\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1+b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/14*x*(-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2)+1/140*x*(-11*b*x^2+13)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2)-1/840*x*(-77*b*x^2+117)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)+1/560*x*(-77*b*x^2+195)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+11/80*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+59/280*(-b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(b^(1/2)*x,I)/b^(1/2)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(-1095 + 2379b^2x^4 - 1989b^4x^8 + 585b^6x^{12} - 585(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4 \right] + 560bx^2(1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4 \right] \right)}{1680(-1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(9/2), x]`

output `(x*(-1095 + 2379*b^2*x^4 - 1989*b^4*x^8 + 585*b^6*x^12 - 585*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, b^2*x^4] + 560*b*x^2*(1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 9/2, 7/4, b^2*x^4]))/(1680*(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(7/2))`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)/(-1 + b^2*x^4)^(9/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{9}{2}} x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{9}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{b(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4-1))^{\frac{9}{2}} x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{9}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], b^2x^4\right)}{3 \text{ signum}(b^2x^4-1)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
elliptic	$\frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{160b^3\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{30b^2\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)^2} + \frac{27(b^2x^2+b)x}{160b\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{1}{b}\right)(b^2x^2+b)}} - \frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{112b^4\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)^4} - \frac{39x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{1120b^3\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)^3} - \frac{157x\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{1680b^2\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)^2} - \frac{1}{1680b\left(x^2+\frac{1}{b}\right)}$
default	$-b \left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{14b^8\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^4} + \frac{11x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{140b^6\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^3} - \frac{11x^3\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}}{120b^4\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{11x^3}{80\sqrt{\left(x^4-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)}b^2} - \frac{11\sqrt{bx^2+1}\sqrt{-bx^2+1} \text{ (EllipticF}(x, \sqrt{b} \mid -1))}{80\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{b^2x^4-1}} \right)$

input

```
int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(9/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(9/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4,9/2],
[5/4],b^2*x^4)-1/3*b/signum(b^2*x^4-1)^(9/2)*(-signum(b^2*x^4-1))^(9/2)*x
^3*hypergeom([3/4,9/2],[7/4],b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 329 vs. 2(158) = 316.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{231(ib^8x^{14} + ib^7x^{12} - 3ib^6x^{10} - 3ib^5x^8 + 3ib^4x^6 + 3ib^3x^4 - ib^2x^2 - ib)\sqrt{b}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx}) \mid -1) + 3}{-}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/1680*(231*(I*b^8*x^14 + I*b^7*x^12 - 3*I*b^6*x^10 - 3*I*b^5*x^8 + 3*I*b^4*x^6 + 3*I*b^3*x^4 - I*b^2*x^2 - I*b)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) + 3*(-I*(77*b^8 - 195*b^7)*x^14 - I*(77*b^7 - 195*b^6)*x^12 + 3*I*(77*b^6 - 195*b^5)*x^10 + 3*I*(77*b^5 - 195*b^4)*x^8 - 3*I*(77*b^4 - 195*b^3)*x^6 - 3*I*(77*b^3 - 195*b^2)*x^4 + I*(77*b^2 - 195*b)*x^2 + 77*I*b - 195*I)*sqrt(b)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(b)*x), -1) + (231*b^7*x^13 - 354*b^6*x^11 - 1201*b^5*x^9 + 788*b^4*x^7 + 1921*b^3*x^5 - 458*b^2*x^3 - 1095*b*x)*sqrt(b^2*x^4 - 1))/(b^8*x^14 + b^7*x^12 - 3*b^6*x^10 - 3*b^5*x^8 + 3*b^4*x^6 + 3*b^3*x^4 - b^2*x^2 - b)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 35.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{9}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{9}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(b**2*x**4-1)**(9/2),x)`

output `I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 9/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 9/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4)/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(9/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(9/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = - \int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{(b^2x^4 - 1)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(9/2), x)`

output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(b^2*x^4 - 1)^(9/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 + b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 - 1}}{b^9x^{18} + b^8x^{16} - 4b^7x^{14} - 4b^6x^{12} + 6b^5x^{10} + 6b^4x^8 - 4b^3x^6 - 4b^2x^4 + bx^2 + 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(b^2*x^4-1)^(9/2),x)`

output

```
- int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 - 1)/(b**9*x**18 + b**8*x**16 - 4*b**7*x**14 - 4*b**6*x**12 + 6*b**5*x**10 + 6*b**4*x**8 - 4*b**3*x**6 - 4*b**2*x**4 + b*x**2 + 1),x)
```

3.280 $\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2273
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2274
Rubi [A] (verified)	2274
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2277
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2277
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2278
Maxima [F]	2279
Giac [F]	2279
Mupad [F(-1)]	2280
Reduce [F]	2280

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{4x(195 - 77bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}{3003} - \frac{8x\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}{39(1 + bx^2)} - \frac{10x(117 - 77bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}}{9009} + \frac{1}{143}x(13 - 11bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} - \frac{8(1 + bx^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{39\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} - \frac{472(1 + bx^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{3003\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
4/3003*x*(-77*b*x^2+195)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-8*x*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(39*b*x^2+39)-10/9009*x*(-77*b*x^2+117)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)+1/143*x*(-11*b*x^2+13)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2)-8/39*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-472/3003*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 8.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} (-3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4) + bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4))}{3\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)*(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/3*(Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]*(-3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 1/4, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (1 - bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\ & \frac{5}{143} \int -2(13 - 11bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{143} x(13 - 11bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{143} x(13 - 11bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} - \frac{10}{143} \int (13 - 11bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{143}x(13 - 11bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} - \\
 \frac{10}{143} & \left(\frac{1}{21} \int -2(117 - 77bx^2) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} dx + \frac{1}{63}x(117 - 77bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{143}x(13 - 11bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} - \\
 \frac{10}{143} & \left(\frac{1}{63}x(117 - 77bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21} \int (117 - 77bx^2) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1491} \\
 & \frac{1}{143}x(13 - 11bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} - \\
 \frac{10}{143} & \left(\frac{1}{63}x(117 - 77bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{1}{15} \int -\frac{6(195 - 77bx^2)}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}(195 - 77bx^2) \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{143}x(13 - 11bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} - \\
 \frac{10}{143} & \left(\frac{1}{63}x(117 - 77bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{1}{5}x(195 - 77bx^2) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{195 - 77bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1512} \\
 & \frac{1}{143}x(13 - 11bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} - \\
 \frac{10}{143} & \left(\frac{1}{63}x(117 - 77bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{1}{5}x(195 - 77bx^2) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \frac{2}{5} \left(118 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx + 77 \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{761} \\
 & \frac{1}{143}x(13 - 11bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} - \\
 \frac{10}{143} & \left(\frac{1}{63}x(117 - 77bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{1}{5}x(195 - 77bx^2) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \frac{2}{5} \left(77 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx + \frac{59}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b}} \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1510} \\
 & \frac{1}{143}x(13 - 11bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} - \\
 \frac{10}{143} & \left(\frac{1}{63}x(117 - 77bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{1}{5}x(195 - 77bx^2) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{59(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \text{Ellip} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b}} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)*(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x*(13 - 11*b*x^2)*(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2))/143 - (10*((x*(117 - 77*b*x^2)*(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2))/63 - (2*((x*(195 - 77*b*x^2)*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/5 - (2*(77*((x*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])) + (59*(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])))/5)/21)/143`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1491 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{5}{2}}x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{b(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{5}{2}}x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{3 \text{ signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{x(693x^{10}b^5 - 819b^4x^8 + 2156b^3x^6 - 2808b^2x^4 + 2387bx^2 - 4329)(b^2x^4+1)}{9009\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{40\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{77\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{8i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{39\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{b^5x^{11}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{13} + \frac{b^4x^9\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{11} - \frac{28b^3x^7\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{117} + \frac{24b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{77} - \frac{31bx^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{117} + \frac{37x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{77}$
default	$-b\left(\frac{b^4x^{11}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{13} + \frac{28b^2x^7\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{117} + \frac{31x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{117} + \frac{8i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}(\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i))}{39\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}\right)$

input

```
int((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(5/2)/signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2)*x*hypergeom([-5/2, 1/4],
[5/4], -b^2*x^4)-1/3*b*(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(5/2)/signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2)*x
^3*hypergeom([-5/2, 3/4], [7/4], -b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{24\sqrt{-b^2}(195b + 77)x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{3/4} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{1/4}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 1848\sqrt{-b^2}x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{3/4} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{1/4}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right)}{39\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/9009*(24*sqrt(-b^2)*(195*b + 77)*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-1/
b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) - 1848*sqrt(-b^2)*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-
1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) - (693*b^6*x^12 - 819*b^5*x^10 + 2156*b^4*x^8 - 2808*
b^3*x^6 + 2387*b^2*x^4 - 4329*b*x^2 + 1848)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1))/(b*x)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{ib^5x^{11}\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4} \middle| \frac{15}{4}; b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{15}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{ib^4x^9\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \middle| \frac{13}{4}; b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{4}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{ib^3x^7\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \middle| \frac{11}{4}; b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} + \frac{ib^2x^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{9}{4}; b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4}; b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \frac{5}{4}; b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x**2+1)*(-b**2*x**4-1)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
-I*b**5*x**11*gamma(11/4)*hyper((-1/2, 11/4), (15/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(15/4)) + I*b**4*x**9*gamma(9/4)*hyper((-1/2, 9/4), (13/4, ), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(13/4)) - I*b**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(2*gamma(11/4)) + I*b**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(2*gamma(9/4)) - I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int -(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate((-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \int -(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(-(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)
```


Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = - \int (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `int((- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

output `-int((- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2} dx = \frac{i \left(-693\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^5x^{11} + 819\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^4x^9 - 2156\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^3x^7 + 2808\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^2x^5 - 2387\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b x^3 + 4329\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x + 4680 \int \sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} / (b^2x^4 + 1), x - 1848 \int (\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} * x^2) / (b^2x^4 + 1), x * b \right)}{9009}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2), x)`

output `(i*(- 693*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**5*x**11 + 819*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**4*x**9 - 2156*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**3*x**7 + 2808*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**2*x**5 - 2387*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b*x**3 + 4329*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x + 4680*int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 + 1), x) - 1848*int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 + 1), x)*b))/9009`

3.281 $\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2281
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2282
Rubi [A] (verified)	2282
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2285
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2285
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2286
Maxima [F]	2286
Giac [F]	2287
Mupad [F(-1)]	2287
Reduce [F]	2287

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{2}{105}x(15 - 7bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} + \frac{4x\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}{15(1 + bx^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{63}x(9 - 7bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} + \frac{4(1 + bx^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{16(1 + bx^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-2/105*x*(-7*b*x^2+15)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+4*x*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(15*b*x^2
+15)+1/63*x*(-7*b*x^2+9)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)+4/15*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b
*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-
b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+16/105*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*Inverse
JacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} (-3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4) + bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4))}{3\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)*(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]*(-3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/(3*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (1 - bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\ & \frac{1}{21} \int -2(9 - 7bx^2) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(9 - 7bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{63} x(9 - 7bx^2) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21} \int (9 - 7bx^2) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{63}x(9-7bx^2)(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21}\left(\frac{1}{15}\int -\frac{6(15-7bx^2)}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}dx + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}(15-7bx^2)\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{63}x(9-7bx^2)(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21}\left(\frac{1}{5}x(15-7bx^2)\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1} - \frac{2}{5}\int \frac{15-7bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}dx\right)$$

↓ 1512

$$\frac{1}{63}x(9-7bx^2)(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21}\left(\frac{1}{5}x(15-7bx^2)\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1} - \frac{2}{5}\left(8\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}dx + 7\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}dx\right)\right)$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{1}{63}x(9-7bx^2)(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21}\left(\frac{1}{5}x(15-7bx^2)\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1} - \frac{2}{5}\left(7\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}dx + \frac{4(bx^2+1)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}\right)\right)$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{1}{63}x(9-7bx^2)(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21}\left(\frac{1}{5}x(15-7bx^2)\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1} - \frac{2}{5}\left(\frac{4(bx^2+1)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + 7\left(\frac{(bx^2+1)\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{15-7bx^2}\right)\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)*(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*(9 - 7*b*x^2)*(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2))/63 - (2*((x*(15 - 7*b*x^2)*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/5 - (2*(7*((x*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2]))/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])) + (4*(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])))/5)/21`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2]]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 1491 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2]]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1512 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{3\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{x(35b^3x^6-45b^2x^4+77bx^2-135)(b^2x^4+1)}{315\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{4\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{7\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{4i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{15\sqrt{-ib}}$
elliptic	$\frac{b^3x^7\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{9} - \frac{b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{7} + \frac{11bx^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{45} - \frac{3x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{7} + \frac{4\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{7\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} +$
default	$-b\left(-\frac{b^2x^7\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{9} - \frac{11x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{45} - \frac{4i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{15\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}\right) - b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}/\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right) - \frac{1}{3}b(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}/\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{315bx}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{12\sqrt{-b^2}(15b+7)x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 84\sqrt{-b^2}x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{315bx}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$-\frac{1}{315}*(12*\sqrt{-b^2}*(15*b + 7)*x*(-1/b^2)^{(3/4)}*\operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin((-1/b^2)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) - 84*\sqrt{-b^2}x*(-1/b^2)^{(3/4)}*\operatorname{elliptic}_e(\arcsin((-1/b^2)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) - (35*b^4*x^8 - 45*b^3*x^6 + 77*b^2*x^4 - 135*b*x^2 + 84)*\sqrt{-b^2*x^4 - 1})/(b*x)$$

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{ib^3x^7\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \\ \frac{11}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} - \frac{ib^2x^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} + \frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)*(-b**2*x**4-1)**(3/2),x)`

output `I*b**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(11/4)) - I*b**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(9/4)) + I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int -(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int -(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = - \int (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} (bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `int(-(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1),x)`

output `-int((- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{i \left(35\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^3x^7 - 45\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^2x^5 + 77\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} bx^3 - 135\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x - 180 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b} \right) \right)}{315}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x)`

output `(i*(35*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**3*x**7 - 45*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**2*x**5 + 77*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b*x**3 - 135*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x - 180*int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x) + 84*int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b))/315`

3.282 $\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2288
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2289
Rubi [A] (verified)	2289
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2291
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2292
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2292
Maxima [F]	2293
Giac [F]	2293
Mupad [F(-1)]	2293
Reduce [F]	2294

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx = \frac{1}{15}x(5 - 3bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} - \frac{2x\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}{5(1 + bx^2)} - \frac{2(1 + bx^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{5\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} - \frac{2(1 + bx^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/15*x*(-3*b*x^2+5)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-2*x*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(5*b*x^2+5)-
2/5*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)
/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-2/15*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)
/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)
/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 6.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} \left(-3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) + bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4],x]`

output `-1/3*(Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]*(-3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\ & \frac{1}{15} \int -\frac{2(5 - 3bx^2)}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} (5 - 3bx^2) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{15} x (5 - 3bx^2) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \frac{2}{15} \int \frac{5 - 3bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1512 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{15}x(5 - 3bx^2) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \frac{2}{15} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{761} \\
& \frac{1}{15}x(5 - 3bx^2) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \\
& \frac{2}{15} \left(3 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx + \frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1510} \\
& \frac{1}{15}x(5 - 3bx^2) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \\
& \frac{2}{15} \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} + 3 \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} + \dots \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4], x]`

output `(x*(5 - 3*b*x^2)*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/15 - (2*(3*((x*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])))/15`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

```
rule 1491 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(
d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] +
Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p +
1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c
*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 1510 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(
1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

```
rule 1512 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\sqrt{-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)} x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{\sqrt{\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)}} - \frac{b\sqrt{-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)} x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{3\sqrt{\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)}}$
risch	$\frac{x(3bx^2-5)(b^2x^4+1)}{15\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{3\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{2i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i))}{5\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{bx^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{5} + \frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{3\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{2i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i))}{5\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$
default	$-b\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{5} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i))}{5\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}b}\right) + \frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i))}{5\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$

```
input int((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(1/2)/signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*x*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/4],
[5/4], -b^2*x^4)-1/3*b*(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(1/2)/signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*x
^3*hypergeom([-1/2, 3/4], [7/4], -b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{-b^2}(5b + 3)x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - 6\sqrt{-b^2}x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (3b^2x^4 - 5bx^2 + 6)\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}}{15bx}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(2*sqrt(-b^2)*(5*b + 3)*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) - 6*sqrt(-b^2)*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) - (3*b^2*x^4 - 5*b*x^2 + 6)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1))/(b*x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx = -\frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi} \right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)*(-b**2*x**4-1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx = \int -\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx = \int -\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx = - \int \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}(bx^2 - 1) dx$$

input `int(-(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 - 1),x)`

output `-int((- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 - 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 - bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{i \left(-3\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b x^3 + 5\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x + 10 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) - 6 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b \right)}{15}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(i*(-3*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b*x**3 + 5*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x + 10*int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x) - 6*int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b))/15`

3.283 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	2295
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2295
Rubi [A] (verified)	2296
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2297
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2297
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2298
Maxima [F]	2298
Giac [F]	2298
Mupad [F(-1)]	2299
Reduce [F]	2299

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}{1+bx^2} + \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}$$

output `x*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+1)+(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}(-3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4\right) + bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4\right))}{3\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4], x]`

output

```
-1/3*(Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]*(-3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)]
+ b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$, Rules used = {1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}}{bx^2 + 1}$$

input

```
Int[(1 - b*x^2)/Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4], x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 +
b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]
)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{b\sqrt{\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)}x^3 \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{3\sqrt{-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)}x \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{\sqrt{-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)}}$	90
default	$\frac{i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}(\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib},i)-\text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib},i))}{\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib},i)}{\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$	122
elliptic	$\frac{i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}(\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib},i)-\text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib},i))}{\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib},i)}{\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$	122

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{-1/3*b/(-\text{signum}(b^2*x^4+1))^{(1/2)}*\text{signum}(b^2*x^4+1)^{(1/2)}*x^3*\text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2*x^4\right)+1/(-\text{signum}(b^2*x^4+1))^{(1/2)}*\text{signum}(b^2*x^4+1)^{(1/2)}*x*\text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2*x^4\right)}{bx}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-b^2}(b+1)x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \sqrt{-b^2}x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - \sqrt{-b^2}}{bx}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-(\text{sqrt}(-b^2)*(b+1)*x*(-1/b^2)^{(3/4)}*\text{elliptic}_f(\arcsin((-1/b^2)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) - \text{sqrt}(-b^2)*x*(-1/b^2)^{(3/4)}*\text{elliptic}_e(\arcsin((-1/b^2)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) - \text{sqrt}(-b^2*x^4 - 1))/(b*x)}{bx}$$

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4-1)**(1/2), x)`

output `I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} dx = - \int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`

output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} dx = i \left(- \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2), x)`

output `i*(- int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 + 1), x) + int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 + 1), x)*b)`

3.284 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2300
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2301
Rubi [A] (verified)	2301
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2303
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2304
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2304
Maxima [F]	2305
Giac [F]	2305
Mupad [F(-1)]	2305
Reduce [F]	2306

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{x(1-bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}{2(1+bx^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx})\mid\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}$$

$$- \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/2*x*(-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+x*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^2+2)+1/2*
(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x
)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-1/2*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x
^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-
b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(-3 - 3\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4) + 2bx^2\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4))}{6\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*(-3 - 3*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + 2*b*x^2*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/(6*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx - \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx - \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1512} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx - 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \right) - \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 761$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx - \frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) - \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 1510$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} + \frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right)$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `-1/2*(x*(1 - b*x^2))/Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4] + ((x*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]) - ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]))/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1493 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
  (1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
  llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
  }, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
  Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
  , d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b \text{ signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{3(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
elliptic	$\frac{2b^2\left(\frac{x^3}{4b} - \frac{x}{4b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{-\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{2\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i))}{2\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$
default	$-b \left(-\frac{x^3}{2\sqrt{-\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i))}{2\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} \right) - \frac{x}{2\sqrt{-\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{i}}{2\sqrt{-ib}}$

input

```
int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(3/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4, 3/2],
, [5/4], -b^2*x^4)-1/3*b/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(3/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)*
x^3*hypergeom([3/4, 3/2], [7/4], -b^2*x^4)
```


Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(-i b^3 x^4 - i b)(-b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} E(\arcsin((-b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} x) | -1) + (i(b^3 - b^2)x^4 + i b - i)(-b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{2(b^4 x^4 + b^2)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*((-I*b^3*x^4 - I*b)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) + (I*(b^3 - b^2)*x^4 + I*b - I)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) - (b^3*x^3 - b^2*x)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1)/(b^4*x^4 + b^2)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4-1)**(3/2),x)`

output `-I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = - \int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2),x)`

output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = i \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^4x^8 + 2b^2x^4 + 1} dx - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^4x^8 + 2b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x)`

output `i*(int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**4*x**8 + 2*b**2*x**4 + 1),x) - int((sqrt(b*
*2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**4*x**8 + 2*b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b)`

3.285 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2307
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2308
Rubi [A] (verified)	2308
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2311
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2311
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2312
Maxima [F]	2312
Giac [F]	2313
Mupad [F(-1)]	2313
Reduce [F]	2313

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{x(1-bx^2)}{6(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5-3bx^2)}{12\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} - \frac{x\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}{4(1+bx^2)} - \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx})\mid\frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} + \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/6*x*(-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)+1/12*x*(-3*b*x^2+5)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
)-x*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(4*b*x^2+4)-1/4*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+1/3*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(7 + 5b^2x^4 + 5(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) - 4bx^2(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) \right)}{12(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/12*(x*(7 + 5*b^2*x^4 + 5*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] - 4*b*x^2*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1493, 25, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\ & \frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{5 - 3bx^2}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{5 - 3bx^2}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1493 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{x(5-3bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{3bx^2+5}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} dx \right) - \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{6(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{3bx^2+5}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} dx + \frac{x(5-3bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} \right) - \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{6(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1512 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} dx - 3 \int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(5-3bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} \right) - \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{6(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 761 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{4(bx^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} - 3 \int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(5-3bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{6(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1510 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{4(bx^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} - 3 \left(\frac{(bx^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} \right) \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{6(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/6*(x*(1 - b*x^2))/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2) + ((x*(5 - 3*b*x^2))/(2*sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]) + (-3*((x*sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2) + ((1 + b*x^2)*sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*ellipticE[2*ArcTan[sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])) + (4*(1 + b*x^2)*sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*ellipticF[2*ArcTan[sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]))/2)/6`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 1493 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1512 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{5}{2}} x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{\left(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{b \text{ signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{3\left(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\left(\frac{x^3}{6b^3} - \frac{x}{6b^4}\right) \sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{2b^2\left(-\frac{x^3}{8b} + \frac{5x}{24b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{-\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{12\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{4\sqrt{-ib}}$
default	$-b \left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{6b^4\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{x^3}{4\sqrt{-\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \left(\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)\right)}{4\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}b} \right) - \frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{6b^4}$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(5/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4,5/2], [5/4], -b^2*x^4)-1/3*b/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(5/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2)*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,5/2], [7/4], -b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(-ib^5x^8 - 2ib^3x^4 - ib)(-b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} E(\arcsin\left(\left(-b^2\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x\right) | -1) - (-i(3b^5 - 5b^4)x^8 - 2i(3b^3 - 5b^2)x^4 - 3ib)}{12(b^6x^8 + 2b^4x^4 - 1)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/12*(3*(-I*b^5*x^8 - 2*I*b^3*x^4 - I*b)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) - (-I*(3*b^5 - 5*b^4)*x^8 - 2*I*(3*b^3 - 5*b^2)*x^4 - 3*I*b + 5*I)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) - (3*b^5*x^7 - 5*b^4*x^5 + 5*b^3*x^3 - 7*b^2*x)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1))/(b^6*x^8 + 2*b^4*x^4 + b^2)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \middle| b^2x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| b^2x^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4-1)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = - \int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2),x)`

output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = i \left(- \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^6x^{12} + 3b^4x^8 + 3b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) \right. \\ \left. + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^6x^{12} + 3b^4x^8 + 3b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x)`

output `i*(- int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**6*x**12 + 3*b**4*x**8 + 3*b**2*x**4 + 1),x) + int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**6*x**12 + 3*b**4*x**8 + 3*b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b)`

3.286 $\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2314
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2315
Rubi [A] (verified)	2315
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2318
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2318
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2319
Maxima [F]	2319
Giac [F]	2320
Mupad [F(-1)]	2320
Reduce [F]	2320

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int \frac{1-bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(-1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} + \frac{x(9-7bx^2)}{60(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{x(15-7bx^2)}{40\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} + \frac{7x\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}{40(1+bx^2)} + \frac{7(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{b}x)\mid\frac{1}{2}\right)}{40\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} - \frac{11(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{b}x),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{40\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/10*x*(-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2)+1/60*x*(-7*b*x^2+9)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)-1/40*x*(-7*b*x^2+15)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+7*x*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(40*b*x^2+40)+7/40*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-11/40*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(-75 - 108b^2x^4 - 45b^4x^8 - 45(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) \right)}{120(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 - b*x^2)/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*(-75 - 108*b^2*x^4 - 45*b^4*x^8 - 45*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2)*Hypergeometric
2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + 40*b*x^2*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2)*Hypergeometr
ic2F1[3/4, 7/2, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/(120*(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1493, 27, 1493, 25, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\ & \frac{1}{10} \int -\frac{9 - 7bx^2}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx - \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -\frac{1}{10} \int \frac{9 - 7bx^2}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx - \frac{x(1 - bx^2)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{x(9-7bx^2)}{6(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{3(15-7bx^2)}{(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2}} dx \right) - \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(-b^2x^4-1)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{15-7bx^2}{(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{x(9-7bx^2)}{6(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(-b^2x^4-1)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1493 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{7bx^2+15}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} dx - \frac{x(15-7bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} \right) + \frac{x(9-7bx^2)}{6(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(-b^2x^4-1)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{7bx^2+15}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} dx - \frac{x(15-7bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} \right) + \frac{x(9-7bx^2)}{6(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(-b^2x^4-1)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1512 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(7 \int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} dx - 22 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} dx \right) - \frac{x(15-7bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} \right) + \frac{x(9-7bx^2)}{6(-b^2x^4-1)^{3/2}} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(-b^2x^4-1)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 761 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(7 \int \frac{1-bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} dx - \frac{11(bx^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} \right) - \frac{x(15-7bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(-b^2x^4-1)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1510 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(7 \left(\frac{(bx^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{bx^2+1} \right) - \frac{11(bx^2+1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{x(1-bx^2)}{10(-b^2x^4-1)^{5/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 - b*x^2)/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2), x]`

output `-1/10*(x*(1 - b*x^2))/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2) + ((x*(9 - 7*b*x^2))/(6*(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2)) + (-1/2*(x*(15 - 7*b*x^2))/Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4] + (7*((x*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)]^2)*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2]))/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])) - (11*(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)]^2)*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2))/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]))/2)/2)/10`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1493 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{7}{2}} x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{b \text{ signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{7}{2}} x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{3(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\left(-\frac{x^3}{10b^5} + \frac{x}{10b^6}\right)\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^3} + \frac{\left(-\frac{7x^3}{60b^3} + \frac{3x}{20b^4}\right)\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{2b^2\left(\frac{7x^3}{80b} - \frac{3x}{16b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{-\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{8\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$
default	$-b \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{10b^6\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^3} + \frac{7x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{60b^4\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} - \frac{7x^3}{40\sqrt{-\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{7i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i))}{40\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}b} \right)$

input

```
int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(7/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4, 7/2],
[5/4], -b^2*x^4)-1/3*b/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(7/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2)*
x^3*hypergeom([3/4, 7/2], [7/4], -b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$21(i b^7 x^{12} + 3i b^5 x^8 + 3i b^3 x^4 + i b)(-b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} E(\arcsin\left((-b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} x\right) | -1) + 3(-i(7b^7 - 15b^6)x^{12} - 3i(7b^5$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/120*(21*(I*b^7*x^12 + 3*I*b^5*x^8 + 3*I*b^3*x^4 + I*b)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) + 3*(-I*(7*b^7 - 15*b^6)*x^12 - 3*I*(7*b^5 - 15*b^4)*x^8 - 3*I*(7*b^3 - 15*b^2)*x^4 - 7*I*b + 15*I)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) + (21*b^7*x^11 - 45*b^6*x^9 + 56*b^5*x^7 - 108*b^4*x^5 + 47*b^3*x^3 - 75*b^2*x)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1))/(b^8*x^12 + 3*b^6*x^8 + 3*b^4*x^4 + b^2)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 33.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4-1)**(7/2),x)`

output `-I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 7/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 7/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((b*x^2 - 1)/(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int -\frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = - \int \frac{bx^2 - 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^2 - 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2),x)`

output `-int((b*x^2 - 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 - bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = i \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^8x^{16} + 4b^6x^{12} + 6b^4x^8 + 4b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right. \\ \left. - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^8x^{16} + 4b^6x^{12} + 6b^4x^8 + 4b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((-b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2),x)`

output `i*(int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**8*x**16 + 4*b**6*x**12 + 6*b**4*x**8 + 4*b**2*x**4 + 1),x) - int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**8*x**16 + 4*b**6*x**12 + 6*b**4*x**8 + 4*b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b)`

3.287 $\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2321
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2322
Rubi [A] (verified)	2322
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2325
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2325
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2326
Maxima [F]	2326
Giac [F]	2327
Mupad [F(-1)]	2327
Reduce [F]	2327

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{4x\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}{15(1 + bx^2)} - \frac{2}{105}x(15 + 7bx^2)\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{63}x(9 + 7bx^2)(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} - \frac{4(1 + bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx})\mid\frac{1}{2}\right)}{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{44(1 + bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-4*x*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(15*b*x^2+15)-2/105*x*(7*b*x^2+15)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+1/63*x*(7*b*x^2+9)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)-4/15*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+44/105*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} (3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4) + bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4))}{3\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)*(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `-1/3*(Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]*(3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/4, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1491, 27, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (bx^2 + 1) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \\ & \frac{1}{21} \int -2(7bx^2 + 9) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} dx + \frac{1}{63} x(7bx^2 + 9) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{63} x(7bx^2 + 9) (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21} \int (7bx^2 + 9) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1491 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{63}x(7bx^2 + 9)(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{1}{15} \int -\frac{6(7bx^2 + 15)}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}(7bx^2 + 15) \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{63}x(7bx^2 + 9)(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{1}{5}x(7bx^2 + 15)\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{7bx^2 + 15}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \right)$$

↓ 1512

$$\frac{1}{63}x(7bx^2 + 9)(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{1}{5}x(7bx^2 + 15)\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \frac{2}{5} \left(22 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx - 7 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \right) \right)$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{1}{63}x(7bx^2 + 9)(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{1}{5}x(7bx^2 + 15)\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{11(bx^2 + 1)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} - 7 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{1}{63}x(7bx^2 + 9)(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{21} \left(\frac{1}{5}x(7bx^2 + 15)\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{11(bx^2 + 1)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} - 7 \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1)\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)*(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*(9 + 7*b*x^2)*(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2))/63 - (2*((x*(15 + 7*b*x^2)*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/5 - (2*(-7*((x*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])) + (11*(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])))/5)/21`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2]]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1491 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] + Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p + 1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2]]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1512 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{b(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{3 \operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{x(35b^3x^6+45b^2x^4+77bx^2+135)(b^2x^4+1)}{315\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{4\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{7\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{4i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{15\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$
elliptic	$-\frac{b^3x^7\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{9} - \frac{b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{7} - \frac{11bx^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{45} - \frac{3x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{7} + \frac{4\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{7\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$
default	$-\frac{b^2x^5\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{7} - \frac{3x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{7} + \frac{4\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{7\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + b\left(-\frac{b^2x^7\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{9} - \frac{11x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{45}\right)$

input `int((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}/\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right) + 1/3*b*(-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}/\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{315bx}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{12\sqrt{-b^2}(15b-7)x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + 84\sqrt{-b^2}x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \dots}{315bx}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/315*(12*\sqrt{-b^2}*(15*b - 7)*x*(-1/b^2)^{(3/4)}*\operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin((-1/b^2)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) + 84*\sqrt{-b^2}x*(-1/b^2)^{(3/4)}*\operatorname{elliptic}_e(\arcsin((-1/b^2)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) + (35*b^4*x^8 + 45*b^3*x^6 + 77*b^2*x^4 + 135*b*x^2 + 84)*\sqrt{-b^2*x^4 - 1}/(b*x)$$

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{ib^3x^7\Gamma(\frac{7}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \middle| \frac{11}{4} \right) b^2x^4 e^{i\pi}}{4\Gamma(\frac{11}{4})} - \frac{ib^2x^5\Gamma(\frac{5}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{9}{4} \right) b^2x^4 e^{i\pi}}{4\Gamma(\frac{9}{4})} - \frac{ibx^3\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \right) b^2x^4 e^{i\pi}}{4\Gamma(\frac{7}{4})} - \frac{ix\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \right) b^2x^4 e^{i\pi}}{4\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+1)*(-b**2*x**4-1)**(3/2), x)`

output `-I*b**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((-1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(11/4)) - I*b**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((-1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(9/4)) - I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `int((- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1),x)`

output `int((- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{i \left(-35\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^3x^7 - 45\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b^2x^5 - 77\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} b x^3 - 135\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x - 180 \int (-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2} dx \right)}{315}$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x)`

output `(i*(- 35*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**3*x**7 - 45*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b**2*x**5 - 77*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b*x**3 - 135*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x - 180*int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x) - 84*int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b))/315`

3.288 $\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2328
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2329
Rubi [A] (verified)	2329
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2331
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2332
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2332
Maxima [F]	2333
Giac [F]	2333
Mupad [F(-1)]	2333
Reduce [F]	2334

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}{5(1 + bx^2)} + \frac{1}{15}x(5 + 3bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} + \frac{2(1 + bx^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{b}x) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{5\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} - \frac{8(1 + bx^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{b}x), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
2*x*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(5*b*x^2+5)+1/15*x*(3*b*x^2+5)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+2/5*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-8/15*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 6.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} (3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4) + bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4))}{3\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4], x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]*(3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/(3*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1491, 27, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1491$$

$$\frac{1}{15} \int -\frac{2(3bx^2 + 5)}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx + \frac{1}{15} x \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} (3bx^2 + 5)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{15} x (3bx^2 + 5) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \frac{2}{15} \int \frac{3bx^2 + 5}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1512$$

$$\frac{1}{15} x (3bx^2 + 5) \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \frac{2}{15} \left(8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx - 3 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 761 \\ & \frac{1}{15}x(3bx^2 + 5)\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \\ & \frac{2}{15} \left(\frac{4(bx^2 + 1)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} - 3 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1510 \\ & \frac{1}{15}x(3bx^2 + 5)\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} - \\ & \frac{2}{15} \left(\frac{4(bx^2 + 1)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} - 3 \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4+1}{(bx^2+1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} + x \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4], x]`

output `(x*(5 + 3*b*x^2)*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/15 - (2*(-3*((x*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])) + (4*(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])))/15`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

```
rule 1491 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(
d*(4*p + 3) + e*(4*p + 1)*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))), x] +
Simp[2*(p/((4*p + 1)*(4*p + 3))) Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p + 3) + (2*a*e*(4*p +
1))*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c
*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 1510 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

```
rule 1512 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\sqrt{-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)} x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{\sqrt{\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)}} + \frac{b\sqrt{-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)} x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{3\sqrt{\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)}}$
risch	$-\frac{x(3bx^2+5)(b^2x^4+1)}{15\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{3\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i))}{5\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$
elliptic	$\frac{bx^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{5} + \frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{3\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i))}{5\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{3\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + b\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{5} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i))}{5\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}\right)$

```
input int((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(1/2)/signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*x*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/4],
[5/4], -b^2*x^4)+1/3*b*(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(1/2)/signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*x
^3*hypergeom([-1/2, 3/4], [7/4], -b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{-b^2}(5b - 3)x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + 6\sqrt{-b^2}x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (3b^2x^2 + 6)}{15bx}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(2*sqrt(-b^2)*(5*b - 3)*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) + 6*sqrt(-b^2)*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (3*b^2*x^4 + 5*b*x^2 + 6)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1))/(b*x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx = \frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+1)*(-b**2*x**4-1)**(1/2),x)`

output `I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1} (bx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `int((- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 + 1),x)`

output `int((- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2)*(b*x^2 + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^2) \sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{i\left(3\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}bx^3 + 5\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}x + 10\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx\right) + 6\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}x^2}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx\right) b\right)}{15}$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(i*(3*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*b*x**3 + 5*sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x + 10*int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x) + 6*int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b))/15`

3.289 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	2335
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2335
Rubi [A] (verified)	2336
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2337
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2338
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2338
Maxima [F]	2339
Giac [F]	2339
Mupad [F(-1)]	2339
Reduce [F]	2340

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}{1+bx^2} - \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx})\mid\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} + \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-x*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+1)-(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*
EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
+(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)
)*x,1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1+b^2x^4}(3x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4\right) + bx^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4\right))}{3\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]*(3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/(3*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1512 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx - \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 761 \\
 & \frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} - \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1510 \\
 & \frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} - \\
 & \frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} - \frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}}{bx^2 + 1}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)/Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4],x]`

output

$$-\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}{(1+b^2x^2)} - \frac{(1+b^2x^2)\sqrt{(1+b^2x^4)/(1+b^2x^2)^2} \operatorname{EllipticE}[2\operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{b}x], 1/2]}{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4})} + \frac{(1+b^2x^2)\sqrt{(1+b^2x^4)/(1+b^2x^2)^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}[2\operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{b}x], 1/2]}{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4})}\right)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 761

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)(x_)^4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{q = \operatorname{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[(1+q^2x^2)(\sqrt{(a+b^2x^4)/(a(1+q^2x^2)^2})/(2q\sqrt{a+b^2x^4})) \operatorname{EllipticF}[2\operatorname{ArcTan}[qx], 1/2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 1510

$$\operatorname{Int}(((d_)+(e_)(x_)^2)/\sqrt{(a_)+(c_)(x_)^4}, x_Symbol) \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{q = \operatorname{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[(-d)x(\sqrt{a+c^2x^4}/(a(1+q^2x^2))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[d(1+q^2x^2)(\sqrt{a+c^2x^4}/(a(1+q^2x^2)^2))/(q\sqrt{a+c^2x^4})] \operatorname{EllipticE}[2\operatorname{ArcTan}[qx], 1/2], x] /; \operatorname{EqQ}[e+dq^2, 0] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[c/a]$$

rule 1512

$$\operatorname{Int}(((d_)+(e_)(x_)^2)/\sqrt{(a_)+(c_)(x_)^4}, x_Symbol) \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{q = \operatorname{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[(e+dq)/q \operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{a+c^2x^4}, x], x] - \operatorname{Simp}[e/q \operatorname{Int}[(1-qx^2)/\sqrt{a+c^2x^4}, x], x] /; \operatorname{NeQ}[e+dq, 0] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[c/a]$$

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{b\sqrt{\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1)}x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{3\sqrt{-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1)}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{\sqrt{-\operatorname{signum}(b^2x^4+1)}}$	90
default	$\frac{\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i))}{\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$	122
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i))}{\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$	122

input

$$\operatorname{int}((b^2x^2+1)/(-b^2x^4-1)^{(1/2)}, x, \operatorname{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

```
1/3*b/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(1/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,3/4],[7/4],-b^2*x^4)+1/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(1/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[5/4],-b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-b^2}(b-1)x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{-b^2}x\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{-b^2}}{bx}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-(sqrt(-b^2)*(b-1)*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x),-1) + sqrt(-b^2)*x*(-1/b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-1/b^2)^(1/4)/x),-1) + sqrt(-b^2*x^4-1))/(b*x)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} dx = -\frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{7}{4} \mid b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{5}{4} \mid b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4-1)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
-I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} dx = -i \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2),x)`

output `- i*(int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x) + int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b)`

3.290 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2341
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2341
Rubi [A] (verified)	2342
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2343
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2344
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2344
Maxima [F]	2345
Giac [F]	2345
Mupad [F(-1)]	2345
Reduce [F]	2346

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{x(1 + bx^2)}{2\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}} - \frac{x\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}{2(1 + bx^2)} - \frac{(1 + bx^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/2*x*(b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-x*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^2+2)-1/2*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(3 + 3\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4\right) + 2bx^2\sqrt{1 + b^2x^4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4\right))}{6\sqrt{-1 - b^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `-1/6*(x*(3 + 3*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + 2*b*x^2*Sqrt[1 + b^2*x^4]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1493$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 1510$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} - \frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}}{bx^2 + 1} \right) - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `-1/2*(x*(1 + b*x^2))/Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4] + (-((x*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2)) - ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]))/2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 1493 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2))/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{b \text{ signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{3(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
elliptic	$\frac{2b^2\left(-\frac{x^3}{4b} - \frac{x}{4b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{-\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{2\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i))}{2\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$
default	$-\frac{x}{2\sqrt{-\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i)}{2\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + b \left(-\frac{x^3}{2\sqrt{-\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib}, i))}{2\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} \right)$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(3/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4,3/2],
,[5/4],-b^2*x^4)+1/3*b/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(3/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)*
x^3*hypergeom([3/4,3/2],[7/4],-b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ib^3x^4 + ib)(-b^2)^{3/4} E(\arcsin((-b^2)^{1/4}x) | -1) + (-i(b^3 + b^2)x^4 - ib - i)(-b^2)^{3/4}}{2(b^4x^4 + b^2)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*((I*b^3*x^4 + I*b)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1)
+ (-I*(b^3 + b^2)*x^4 - I*b - I)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-b^2)^(1
/4)*x), -1) + (b^3*x^3 + b^2*x)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1)/(b^4*x^4 + b^2)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4-1)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(
4*gamma(7/4)) + I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_pol
ar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}} dx = i \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^4x^8 + 2b^2x^4 + 1} dx + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^4x^8 + 2b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2),x)`

output `i*(int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**4*x**8 + 2*b**2*x**4 + 1),x) + int((sqrt(b*
*2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**4*x**8 + 2*b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b)`

3.291 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2347
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2348
Rubi [A] (verified)	2348
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2351
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2351
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2352
Maxima [F]	2352
Giac [F]	2353
Mupad [F(-1)]	2353
Reduce [F]	2353

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{x(1+bx^2)}{6(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5+3bx^2)}{12\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{x\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}{4(1+bx^2)} + \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx})\mid\frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{12\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/6*x*(b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)+1/12*x*(3*b*x^2+5)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+
x*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(4*b*x^2+4)+1/4*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(
1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(
1/2)+1/12*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arc
tan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(7 + 5b^2x^4 + 5(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) + 4bx^2(1 + b^2x^4)^{3/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) \right)}{12(-1 - b^2x^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/12*(x*(7 + 5*b^2*x^4 + 5*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + 4*b*x^2*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(3/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1493, 25, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\ & \frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{3bx^2 + 5}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{3bx^2 + 5}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1493 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{x(3bx^2 + 5)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{5 - 3bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \right) - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{5 - 3bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx + \frac{x(3bx^2 + 5)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1512 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(3bx^2 + 5)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 761 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(3 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx + \frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) + \frac{x(3bx^2 + 5)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1510 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} + 3 \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \mid \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/6*(x*(1 + b*x^2))/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2) + ((x*(5 + 3*b*x^2))/(2*sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]) + (3*((x*sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2) + ((1 + b*x^2)*sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])) + ((1 + b*x^2)*sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]))/2)/6`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 1493 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1512 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{5}{2}} x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{\left(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{b \text{ signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{3\left(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\left(-\frac{x^3}{6b^3} - \frac{x}{6b^4}\right)\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{2b^2\left(\frac{x^3}{8b} + \frac{5x}{24b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{-\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib},i)}{12\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{-ib},i)}{4\sqrt{-ib}}$
default	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{6b^4\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{5x}{12\sqrt{-\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1}\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-ib},i)}{12\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + b\left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{6b^4\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{x^3}{4\sqrt{-\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}}\right)$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(5/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4,5/2],[5/4],-b^2*x^4)+1/3*b/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(5/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(5/2)*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,5/2],[7/4],-b^2*x^4)`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(ib^5x^8 + 2ib^3x^4 + ib)(-b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} E(\arcsin\left(\left(-b^2\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\right) \mid -1) - (i(3b^5 + 5b^4)x^8 + 2i(3b^3 + 5b^2)x^4 + 3ib)}{12(b^6x^8 + 2b^4x^4 + \dots)}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/12*(3*(I*b^5*x^8 + 2*I*b^3*x^4 + I*b)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) - (I*(3*b^5 + 5*b^4)*x^8 + 2*I*(3*b^3 + 5*b^2)*x^4 + 3*I*b + 5*I)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) + (3*b^5*x^7 + 5*b^4*x^5 + 5*b^3*x^3 + 7*b^2*x)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1))/(b^6*x^8 + 2*b^4*x^4 + b^2)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4-1)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
-I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 5/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}} dx = -i \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^6x^{12} + 3b^4x^8 + 3b^2x^4 + 1} dx + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}x^2}{b^6x^{12} + 3b^4x^8 + 3b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2),x)`

output `- i*(int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**6*x**12 + 3*b**4*x**8 + 3*b**2*x**4 + 1),x) + int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**6*x**12 + 3*b**4*x**8 + 3*b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b)`

3.292 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2354
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2355
Rubi [A] (verified)	2355
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2358
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2358
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2359
Maxima [F]	2359
Giac [F]	2360
Mupad [F(-1)]	2360
Reduce [F]	2360

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 243

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{x(1+bx^2)}{10(-1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} + \frac{x(9+7bx^2)}{60(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{x(15+7bx^2)}{40\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} - \frac{7x\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}{40(1+bx^2)} - \frac{7(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx})\mid\frac{1}{2}\right)}{40\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} - \frac{(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{10\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/10*x*(b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2)+1/60*x*(7*b*x^2+9)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)
-1/40*x*(7*b*x^2+15)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-7*x*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(40*b*x^2+4
0)-7/40*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b
^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)-1/10*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^
4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b
^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(75 + 108b^2x^4 + 45b^4x^8 + 45(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) + 40bx^2(1 + b^2x^4)^{5/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) \right)}{120(-1 - b^2x^4)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2), x]`

output `-1/120*(x*(75 + 108*b^2*x^4 + 45*b^4*x^8 + 45*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + 40*b*x^2*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(5/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 7/2, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)])/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1493, 27, 1493, 25, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\ & \frac{1}{10} \int -\frac{7bx^2 + 9}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -\frac{1}{10} \int \frac{7bx^2 + 9}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1493 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{x(7bx^2 + 9)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{3(7bx^2 + 15)}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx \right) - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{7bx^2 + 15}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{x(7bx^2 + 9)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1493 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{15 - 7bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx - \frac{x(7bx^2 + 15)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) + \frac{x(7bx^2 + 9)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{15 - 7bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx - \frac{x(7bx^2 + 15)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) + \frac{x(7bx^2 + 9)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1512 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx - 7 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \right) - \frac{x(7bx^2 + 15)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) + \frac{x(7bx^2 + 9)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 761 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-7 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx - \frac{4(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) - \frac{x(7bx^2 + 15)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 1510 \\
& \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{4(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} - 7 \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}) \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^2)/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2), x]`

output `-1/10*(x*(1 + b*x^2)/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2) + ((x*(9 + 7*b*x^2))/(6*(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2)) + (-1/2*(x*(15 + 7*b*x^2))/Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4] + (-7*((x*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]))/(1 + b*x^2) + ((1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)]^2)*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])) - (4*(1 + b*x^2)*Sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)]^2)*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]))/2)/2)/10`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1493 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{7}{2}} x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{\left(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{b \text{ signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{7}{2}} x^3 \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -b^2x^4\right)}{3\left(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\left(\frac{x^3}{10b^5} + \frac{x}{10b^6}\right)\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^3} + \frac{\left(\frac{7x^3}{60b^3} + \frac{3x}{20b^4}\right)\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} + \frac{2b^2\left(-\frac{7x^3}{80b} - \frac{3x}{16b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{-\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-ib}, i\right)}{8\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{10b^6\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^3} + \frac{3x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{20b^4\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} - \frac{3x}{8\sqrt{-\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)b^2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-ib}, i\right)}{8\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}} + b\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{10b^6\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^3}\right)$

input

```
int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(7/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4, 7/2],
[5/4], -b^2*x^4)+1/3*b/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(7/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(7/2)*
x^3*hypergeom([3/4, 7/2], [7/4], -b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$21(-ib^7x^{12} - 3ib^5x^8 - 3ib^3x^4 - ib)(-b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} E(\arcsin\left(\left(-b^2\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x\right) | -1) + 3(i(7b^7 + 15b^6)x^{12} + 3i(7b^5$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/120*(21*(-I*b^7*x^12 - 3*I*b^5*x^8 - 3*I*b^3*x^4 - I*b)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) + 3*(I*(7*b^7 + 15*b^6)*x^12 + 3*I*(7*b^5 + 15*b^4)*x^8 + 3*I*(7*b^3 + 15*b^2)*x^4 + 7*I*b + 15*I)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) - (21*b^7*x^11 + 45*b^6*x^9 + 56*b^5*x^7 + 108*b^4*x^5 + 47*b^3*x^3 + 75*b^2*x)*sqrt(-b^2*x^4 - 1))/(b^8*x^12 + 3*b^6*x^8 + 3*b^4*x^4 + b^2)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 33.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4-1)**(7/2),x)`

output `I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 7/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 7/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}} dx = i \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^8x^{16} + 4b^6x^{12} + 6b^4x^8 + 4b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right. \\ \left. + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^8x^{16} + 4b^6x^{12} + 6b^4x^8 + 4b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2),x)`

output `i*(int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**8*x**16 + 4*b**6*x**12 + 6*b**4*x**8 + 4*b**2*x**4 + 1),x) + int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**8*x**16 + 4*b**6*x**12 + 6*b**4*x**8 + 4*b**2*x**4 + 1),x)*b)`

3.293 $\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2361
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2362
Rubi [A] (verified)	2362
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2366
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2366
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2367
Maxima [F]	2367
Giac [F]	2368
Mupad [F(-1)]	2368
Reduce [F]	2368

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 270

$$\int \frac{1+bx^2}{(-1-b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{x(1+bx^2)}{14(-1-b^2x^4)^{7/2}} + \frac{x(13+11bx^2)}{140(-1-b^2x^4)^{5/2}} - \frac{x(117+77bx^2)}{840(-1-b^2x^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(195+77bx^2)}{560\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} + \frac{11x\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}{80(1+bx^2)} + \frac{11(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}E\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx})\mid\frac{1}{2}\right)}{80\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}} + \frac{59(1+bx^2)\sqrt{\frac{1+b^2x^4}{(1+bx^2)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan(\sqrt{bx}),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{560\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-1-b^2x^4}}$$

output

```
-1/14*x*(b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(7/2)+1/140*x*(11*b*x^2+13)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(5/2)-1/840*x*(77*b*x^2+117)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(3/2)+1/560*x*(77*b*x^2+195)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+11*x*(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)/(80*b*x^2+80)+11/80*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)+59/560*(b*x^2+1)*((b^2*x^4+1)/(b*x^2+1)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(b^(1/2)*x),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(1095 + 2379b^2x^4 + 1989b^4x^8 + 585b^6x^{12} + 585(1 + b^2x^4)^{7/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -b^2x^4 \right) + 56 \right)}{1680(-1 - b^2x^4)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 + b*x^2)/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(9/2), x]
```

output

```
-1/1680*(x*(1095 + 2379*b^2*x^4 + 1989*b^4*x^8 + 585*b^6*x^12 + 585*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(7/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -(b^2*x^4)] + 560*b*x^2*(1 + b^2*x^4)^(7/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 9/2, 7/4, -(b^2*x^4)]))/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1493, 25, 1493, 27, 1493, 25, 1512, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 1493

$$\frac{1}{14} \int -\frac{11bx^2 + 13}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{14(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{14} \int \frac{11bx^2 + 13}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} dx - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{14(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1493 \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{x(11bx^2 + 13)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{10} \int -\frac{77bx^2 + 117}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx \right) - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{14(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{1}{10} \int \frac{77bx^2 + 117}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{x(11bx^2 + 13)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{14(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1493 \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{3(77bx^2 + 195)}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{x(77bx^2 + 117)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x(11bx^2 + 13)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{14(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{77bx^2 + 195}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{x(77bx^2 + 117)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x(11bx^2 + 13)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{14(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1493 \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x(77bx^2 + 195)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{195 - 77bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \right) - \frac{x(77bx^2 + 117)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x(11bx^2 + 13)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{14(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{195 - 77bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx + \frac{x(77bx^2 + 195)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) - \frac{x(77bx^2 + 117)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x(11bx^2 + 13)}{10(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{5/2}} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{14(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1512
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(118 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx + 77 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx \right) + \frac{x(77bx^2 + 195)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) - \frac{x(77bx^2 + 117)}{6(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{14(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(77 \int \frac{1 - bx^2}{\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} dx + \frac{59(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{x(77bx^2 + 195)}{2\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{14(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{59(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right) \right) + 77 \left(\frac{(bx^2 + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^4 + 1}{(bx^2 + 1)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan(\sqrt{bx}), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-b^2x^4 - 1}} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{x(bx^2 + 1)}{14(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{7/2}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(1 + b*x^2)/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(9/2), x]
```

output

```
-1/14*(x*(1 + b*x^2))/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(7/2) + ((x*(13 + 11*b*x^2))/(10*(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(5/2)) + (-1/6*(x*(117 + 77*b*x^2))/(-1 - b^2*x^4)^(3/2) + (x*(195 + 77*b*x^2))/(2*sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]) + (77*((x*sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])/(1 + b*x^2) + ((1 + b*x^2)*sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4])) + (59*(1 + b*x^2)*sqrt[(1 + b^2*x^4)/(1 + b*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[Sqrt[b]*x], 1/2])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[-1 - b^2*x^4]))/2)/2)/10)/14
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 761 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + \text{q}^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^4)/(\text{a}*(1 + \text{q}^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*\text{q}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^4]))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{q}*x], 1/2], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}]$
- rule 1493 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2]*((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4)^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^{\text{p} + 1}/(4*a*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(4*a*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Simp}[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, \text{x}]*(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4)^{\text{p} + 1}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$
- rule 1510 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{c}/\text{a}, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(-d)*x*(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4]/(\text{a}*(1 + \text{q}^2*x^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[d*(1 + \text{q}^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4)/(\text{a}*(1 + \text{q}^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4]))*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{q}*x], 1/2], \text{x}] \text{ ; EqQ}[\text{e} + \text{d}*q^2, 0] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}]$
- rule 1512 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{c}/\text{a}, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{e} + \text{d}*q)/q \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4], \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{e}/q \quad \text{Int}[(1 - \text{q}*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; NeQ}[\text{e} + \text{d}*q, 0] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}]$

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{9}{2}} x \text{ hypergeom}([\frac{1}{4}, \frac{9}{2}], [\frac{5}{4}], -b^2x^4)}{(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{9}{2}}} + \frac{b \text{ signum}(b^2x^4+1)^{\frac{9}{2}} x^3 \text{ hypergeom}([\frac{3}{4}, \frac{9}{2}], [\frac{7}{4}], -b^2x^4)}{3(-\text{signum}(b^2x^4+1))^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
elliptic	$\frac{(-\frac{x^3}{14b^7} - \frac{x}{14b^8})\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2})^4} + \frac{(-\frac{11x^3}{140b^5} - \frac{13x}{140b^6})\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2})^3} + \frac{(-\frac{11x^3}{120b^3} - \frac{39x}{280b^4})\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2})^2} + \frac{2b^2(\frac{11x^3}{160b} + \frac{39x}{224b^2})}{\sqrt{-(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2})b^2}} + \frac{39\sqrt{ib}}{\dots}$
default	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{14b^8(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2})^4} - \frac{13x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{140b^6(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2})^3} - \frac{39x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}{280b^4(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2})^2} + \frac{39x}{112\sqrt{-(x^4 + \frac{1}{b^2})b^2}} + \frac{39\sqrt{ibx^2+1}\sqrt{-ibx^2+1} \text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1})}{112\sqrt{-ib}\sqrt{-b^2x^4-1}}$

```
input int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(9/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(9/2)*x*hypergeom([1/4,9/2], [5/4], -b^2*x^4)+1/3*b/(-signum(b^2*x^4+1))^(9/2)*signum(b^2*x^4+1)^(9/2)*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,9/2], [7/4], -b^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{231 (i b^9 x^{16} + 4i b^7 x^{12} + 6i b^5 x^8 + 4i b^3 x^4 + i b)(-b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} E(\arcsin((-b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} x) | -1) + 3(-i(77b^9 + 195b^8) \dots}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/1680*(231*(I*b^9*x^16 + 4*I*b^7*x^12 + 6*I*b^5*x^8 + 4*I*b^3*x^4 + I*b)
*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) + 3*(-I*(77*b^9 + 195
*b^8)*x^16 - 4*I*(77*b^7 + 195*b^6)*x^12 - 6*I*(77*b^5 + 195*b^4)*x^8 - 4*
I*(77*b^3 + 195*b^2)*x^4 - 77*I*b - 195*I)*(-b^2)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin(
(-b^2)^(1/4)*x), -1) + (231*b^9*x^15 + 585*b^8*x^13 + 847*b^7*x^11 + 1989*
b^6*x^9 + 1133*b^5*x^7 + 2379*b^4*x^5 + 637*b^3*x^3 + 1095*b^2*x)*sqrt(-b^
2*x^4 - 1))/(b^10*x^16 + 4*b^8*x^12 + 6*b^6*x^8 + 4*b^4*x^4 + b^2)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 89.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.26

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{ibx^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{9}{2} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{ix\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{9}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4}, b^2x^4e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+1)/(-b**2*x**4-1)**(9/2), x)
```

output

```
-I*b*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 9/2), (7/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/
(4*gamma(7/4)) - I*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 9/2), (5/4,), b**2*x**4*exp_po
lar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(9/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(9/2), x)
```


Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 1)/(-b^2*x^4 - 1)^(9/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{bx^2 + 1}{(-b^2x^4 - 1)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(9/2), x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 1)/(- b^2*x^4 - 1)^(9/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1 + bx^2}{(-1 - b^2x^4)^{9/2}} dx = -i \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1}}{b^{10}x^{20} + 5b^8x^{16} + 10b^6x^{12} + 10b^4x^8 + 5b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right. \\ \left. + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^{10}x^{20} + 5b^8x^{16} + 10b^6x^{12} + 10b^4x^8 + 5b^2x^4 + 1} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((b*x^2+1)/(-b^2*x^4-1)^(9/2), x)`

output

```
- i*(int(sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)/(b**10*x**20 + 5*b**8*x**16 + 10*b**6*x**12
+ 10*b**4*x**8 + 5*b**2*x**4 + 1),x) + int((sqrt(b**2*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**
10*x**20 + 5*b**8*x**16 + 10*b**6*x**12 + 10*b**4*x**8 + 5*b**2*x**4 + 1),
x)*b)
```

3.294 $\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + cx^4) dx$

Optimal result	2370
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2370
Rubi [A] (verified)	2371
Maple [A] (verified)	2372
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2372
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2373
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2373
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2374
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2374
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2375

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + cx^4) dx = ad^4x + \frac{4}{3}ad^3ex^3 + \frac{1}{5}d^2(cd^2 + 6ae^2)x^5 + \frac{4}{7}de(cd^2 + ae^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{9}e^2(6cd^2 + ae^2)x^9 + \frac{4}{11}cde^3x^{11} + \frac{1}{13}ce^4x^{13}$$

output

```
a*d^4*x+4/3*a*d^3*e*x^3+1/5*d^2*(6*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^5+4/7*d*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^7+1/9*e^2*(a*e^2+6*c*d^2)*x^9+4/11*c*d*e^3*x^11+1/13*c*e^4*x^13
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + cx^4) dx = ad^4x + \frac{4}{3}ad^3ex^3 + \frac{1}{5}d^2(cd^2 + 6ae^2)x^5 + \frac{4}{7}de(cd^2 + ae^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{9}e^2(6cd^2 + ae^2)x^9 + \frac{4}{11}cde^3x^{11} + \frac{1}{13}ce^4x^{13}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^4*(a + c*x^4),x]
```

output

$$a*d^4*x + (4*a*d^3*e*x^3)/3 + (d^2*(c*d^2 + 6*a*e^2)*x^5)/5 + (4*d*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^7)/7 + (e^2*(6*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^9)/9 + (4*c*d*e^3*x^11)/11 + (c*e^4*x^13)/13$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1468, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^4) (d + ex^2)^4 dx$$

↓ 1468

$$\int (e^2x^8(ae^2 + 6cd^2) + 4dex^6(ae^2 + cd^2) + d^2x^4(6ae^2 + cd^2) + ad^4 + 4ad^3ex^2 + 4cde^3x^{10} + ce^4x^{12}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{9}e^2x^9(ae^2 + 6cd^2) + \frac{4}{7}dex^7(ae^2 + cd^2) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x^5(6ae^2 + cd^2) + ad^4x + \frac{4}{3}ad^3ex^3 + \frac{4}{11}cde^3x^{11} + \frac{1}{13}ce^4x^{13}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^4*(a + c*x^4), x]$$

output

$$a*d^4*x + (4*a*d^3*e*x^3)/3 + (d^2*(c*d^2 + 6*a*e^2)*x^5)/5 + (4*d*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^7)/7 + (e^2*(6*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^9)/9 + (4*c*d*e^3*x^11)/11 + (c*e^4*x^13)/13$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1468

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
norman	$\frac{ce^4x^{13}}{13} + \frac{4cde^3x^{11}}{11} + \left(\frac{1}{9}e^4a + \frac{2}{3}cd^2e^2\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{4}{7}ade^3 + \frac{4}{7}cd^3e\right)x^7 + \left(\frac{6}{5}ad^2e^2 + \frac{1}{5}d^4c\right)x^5 + \frac{4ad^4c}{5}x^3 + \frac{4ad^4c}{5}x$
default	$\frac{ce^4x^{13}}{13} + \frac{4cde^3x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(e^4a+6cd^2e^2)x^9}{9} + \frac{(4ade^3+4cd^3e)x^7}{7} + \frac{(6ad^2e^2+d^4c)x^5}{5} + \frac{4ad^3ex^3}{3} + ad^4x$
gosper	$\frac{1}{13}ce^4x^{13} + \frac{4}{11}cde^3x^{11} + \frac{1}{9}x^9e^4a + \frac{2}{3}x^9cd^2e^2 + \frac{4}{7}x^7ade^3 + \frac{4}{7}x^7cd^3e + \frac{6}{5}x^5ad^2e^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5d^4c - \frac{4ad^4c}{5}x^3 - \frac{4ad^4c}{5}x$
risch	$\frac{1}{13}ce^4x^{13} + \frac{4}{11}cde^3x^{11} + \frac{1}{9}x^9e^4a + \frac{2}{3}x^9cd^2e^2 + \frac{4}{7}x^7ade^3 + \frac{4}{7}x^7cd^3e + \frac{6}{5}x^5ad^2e^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5d^4c - \frac{4ad^4c}{5}x^3 - \frac{4ad^4c}{5}x$
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{13}ce^4x^{13} + \frac{4}{11}cde^3x^{11} + \frac{1}{9}x^9e^4a + \frac{2}{3}x^9cd^2e^2 + \frac{4}{7}x^7ade^3 + \frac{4}{7}x^7cd^3e + \frac{6}{5}x^5ad^2e^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5d^4c - \frac{4ad^4c}{5}x^3 - \frac{4ad^4c}{5}x$
orering	$\frac{x(3465e^4cx^{12}+16380de^3cx^{10}+5005ae^4x^8+30030cd^2e^2x^8+25740ade^3x^6+25740cd^3ex^6+54054ad^2e^2x^4+9009cd^4x^4+645045d^4c)}{45045}$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^4*(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/13*c*e^4*x^13+4/11*c*d*e^3*x^11+(1/9*e^4*a+2/3*c*d^2*e^2)*x^9+(4/7*a*d*e^3+4/7*c*d^3*e)*x^7+(6/5*a*d^2*e^2+1/5*d^4*c)*x^5+4/3*a*d^3*e*x^3+a*d^4*x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{13} ce^4x^{13} + \frac{4}{11} cde^3x^{11} + \frac{1}{9} (6cd^2e^2 + ae^4)x^9 + \frac{4}{3} ad^3ex^3 + \frac{4}{7} (cd^3e + ade^3)x^7 + ad^4x + \frac{1}{5} (cd^4 + 6ad^2e^2)x^5$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^4*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/13*c*e^4*x^13 + 4/11*c*d*e^3*x^11 + 1/9*(6*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*x^9 + 4/3*a*d^3*e*x^3 + 4/7*(c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*x^7 + a*d^4*x + 1/5*(c*d^4 + 6*a*d^2*e^2)*x^5`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + cx^4) dx = ad^4x + \frac{4ad^3ex^3}{3} + \frac{4cde^3x^{11}}{11} + \frac{ce^4x^{13}}{13} + x^9 \left(\frac{ae^4}{9} + \frac{2cd^2e^2}{3} \right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{4ade^3}{7} + \frac{4cd^3e}{7} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{6ad^2e^2}{5} + \frac{cd^4}{5} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**4*(c*x**4+a),x)`

output `a*d**4*x + 4*a*d**3*e*x**3/3 + 4*c*d*e**3*x**11/11 + c*e**4*x**13/13 + x**9*(a*e**4/9 + 2*c*d**2*e**2/3) + x**7*(4*a*d*e**3/7 + 4*c*d**3*e/7) + x**5*(6*a*d**2*e**2/5 + c*d**4/5)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{13} ce^4x^{13} + \frac{4}{11} cde^3x^{11} + \frac{1}{9} (6cd^2e^2 + ae^4)x^9 + \frac{4}{3} ad^3ex^3 + \frac{4}{7} (cd^3e + ade^3)x^7 + ad^4x + \frac{1}{5} (cd^4 + 6ad^2e^2)x^5$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^4*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/13*c*e^4*x^13 + 4/11*c*d*e^3*x^11 + 1/9*(6*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*x^9 + 4/3*a*d^3*e*x^3 + 4/7*(c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*x^7 + a*d^4*x + 1/5*(c*d^4 + 6*a*d^2*e^2)*x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{13} ce^4 x^{13} + \frac{4}{11} cde^3 x^{11} + \frac{2}{3} cd^2 e^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{9} ae^4 x^9 + \frac{4}{7} cd^3 ex^7$$

$$+ \frac{4}{7} ade^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{5} cd^4 x^5 + \frac{6}{5} ad^2 e^2 x^5 + \frac{4}{3} ad^3 ex^3 + ad^4 x$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^4*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/13*c*e^4*x^13 + 4/11*c*d*e^3*x^11 + 2/3*c*d^2*e^2*x^9 + 1/9*a*e^4*x^9 + 4/7*c*d^3*e*x^7 + 4/7*a*d*e^3*x^7 + 1/5*c*d^4*x^5 + 6/5*a*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 4/3*a*d^3*e*x^3 + a*d^4*x`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + cx^4) dx = x^5 \left(\frac{cd^4}{5} + \frac{6ad^2e^2}{5} \right) + x^9 \left(\frac{2cd^2e^2}{3} + \frac{ae^4}{9} \right)$$

$$+ x^7 \left(\frac{4cd^3e}{7} + \frac{4ade^3}{7} \right) + \frac{ce^4x^{13}}{13}$$

$$+ ad^4x + \frac{4ad^3ex^3}{3} + \frac{4cde^3x^{11}}{11}$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^4,x)`output `x^5*((c*d^4)/5 + (6*a*d^2*e^2)/5) + x^9*((a*e^4)/9 + (2*c*d^2*e^2)/3) + x^7*((4*a*d*e^3)/7 + (4*c*d^3*e)/7) + (c*e^4*x^13)/13 + a*d^4*x + (4*a*d^3*e*x^3)/3 + (4*c*d*e^3*x^11)/11`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + cx^4) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(3465ce^4x^{12} + 16380cde^3x^{10} + 5005ae^4x^8 + 30030cd^2e^2x^8 + 25740ade^3x^6 + 25740cd^3ex^6 + 54054ad^4)}{45045}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^4*(c*x^4+a),x)`output `(x*(45045*a*d**4 + 60060*a*d**3*e*x**2 + 54054*a*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 25740*a*d*e**3*x**6 + 5005*a*e**4*x**8 + 9009*c*d**4*x**4 + 25740*c*d**3*e*x**6 + 30030*c*d**2*e**2*x**8 + 16380*c*d*e**3*x**10 + 3465*c*e**4*x**12))/45045`

3.295 $\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4) dx$

Optimal result	2376
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2376
Rubi [A] (verified)	2377
Maple [A] (verified)	2378
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2378
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2379
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2379
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2380
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2380
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2381

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4) dx = ad^3x + ad^2ex^3 + \frac{1}{5}d(cd^2 + 3ae^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{7}e(3cd^2 + ae^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{3}cde^2x^9 + \frac{1}{11}ce^3x^{11}$$

output

```
a*d^3*x+a*d^2*e*x^3+1/5*d*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^5+1/7*e*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x^7+1/3*c*d*e^2*x^9+1/11*c*e^3*x^11
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4) dx = ad^3x + ad^2ex^3 + \frac{1}{5}d(cd^2 + 3ae^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{7}e(3cd^2 + ae^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{3}cde^2x^9 + \frac{1}{11}ce^3x^{11}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^3*(a + c*x^4),x]
```

output

$$a*d^3*x + a*d^2*e*x^3 + (d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x^5)/5 + (e*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^7)/7 + (c*d*e^2*x^9)/3 + (c*e^3*x^11)/11$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1468, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^4) (d + ex^2)^3 dx$$

↓ 1468

$$\int (ex^6(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + dx^4(3ae^2 + cd^2) + ad^3 + 3ad^2ex^2 + 3cde^2x^8 + ce^3x^{10}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{7}ex^7(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + \frac{1}{5}dx^5(3ae^2 + cd^2) + ad^3x + ad^2ex^3 + \frac{1}{3}cde^2x^9 + \frac{1}{11}ce^3x^{11}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^3*(a + c*x^4),x]
```

output

$$a*d^3*x + a*d^2*e*x^3 + (d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x^5)/5 + (e*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^7)/7 + (c*d*e^2*x^9)/3 + (c*e^3*x^11)/11$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1468

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
default	$\frac{ce^3x^{11}}{11} + \frac{cde^2x^9}{3} + \frac{(ae^3+3cd^2e)x^7}{7} + \frac{(3de^2a+d^3c)x^5}{5} + ad^2ex^3 + ad^3x$	72
norman	$\frac{ce^3x^{11}}{11} + \frac{cde^2x^9}{3} + (\frac{1}{7}ae^3 + \frac{3}{7}cd^2e)x^7 + (\frac{3}{5}de^2a + \frac{1}{5}d^3c)x^5 + ad^2ex^3 + ad^3x$	72
gosper	$\frac{1}{11}ce^3x^{11} + \frac{1}{3}cde^2x^9 + \frac{1}{7}x^7ae^3 + \frac{3}{7}x^7cd^2e + \frac{3}{5}x^5de^2a + \frac{1}{5}x^5d^3c + ad^2ex^3 + ad^3x$	74
risch	$\frac{1}{11}ce^3x^{11} + \frac{1}{3}cde^2x^9 + \frac{1}{7}x^7ae^3 + \frac{3}{7}x^7cd^2e + \frac{3}{5}x^5de^2a + \frac{1}{5}x^5d^3c + ad^2ex^3 + ad^3x$	74
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{11}ce^3x^{11} + \frac{1}{3}cde^2x^9 + \frac{1}{7}x^7ae^3 + \frac{3}{7}x^7cd^2e + \frac{3}{5}x^5de^2a + \frac{1}{5}x^5d^3c + ad^2ex^3 + ad^3x$	74
orering	$\frac{x(105e^3cx^{10}+385d^2cx^8+165ae^3x^6+495cd^2ex^6+693ade^2x^4+231cd^3x^4+1155d^2eax^2+1155d^3a)}{1155}$	78

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3*(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/11*c*e^3*x^11+1/3*c*d*e^2*x^9+1/7*(a*e^3+3*c*d^2*e)*x^7+1/5*(3*a*d*e^2+c*d^3)*x^5+a*d^2*e*x^3+a*d^3*x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{11} ce^3x^{11} + \frac{1}{3} cde^2x^9 + \frac{1}{7} (3cd^2e + ae^3)x^7 + ad^2ex^3 + \frac{1}{5} (cd^3 + 3ade^2)x^5 + ad^3x$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/11*c*e^3*x^11 + 1/3*c*d*e^2*x^9 + 1/7*(3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x^7 + a*d^2*e*x^3 + 1/5*(c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*x^5 + a*d^3*x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4) dx = ad^3x + ad^2ex^3 + \frac{cde^2x^9}{3} + \frac{ce^3x^{11}}{11} + x^7 \left(\frac{ae^3}{7} + \frac{3cd^2e}{7} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{3ade^2}{5} + \frac{cd^3}{5} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**3*(c*x**4+a),x)`output `a*d**3*x + a*d**2*e*x**3 + c*d*e**2*x**9/3 + c*e**3*x**11/11 + x**7*(a*e**3/7 + 3*c*d**2*e/7) + x**5*(3*a*d*e**2/5 + c*d**3/5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{11} ce^3x^{11} + \frac{1}{3} cde^2x^9 + \frac{1}{7} (3cd^2e + ae^3)x^7 + ad^2ex^3 + \frac{1}{5} (cd^3 + 3ade^2)x^5 + ad^3x$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/11*c*e^3*x^11 + 1/3*c*d*e^2*x^9 + 1/7*(3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x^7 + a*d^2*e*x^3 + 1/5*(c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*x^5 + a*d^3*x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{11} ce^3 x^{11} + \frac{1}{3} cde^2 x^9 + \frac{3}{7} cd^2 ex^7 + \frac{1}{7} ae^3 x^7 \\ + \frac{1}{5} cd^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{5} ade^2 x^5 + ad^2 ex^3 + ad^3 x$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/11*c*e^3*x^11 + 1/3*c*d*e^2*x^9 + 3/7*c*d^2*e*x^7 + 1/7*a*e^3*x^7 + 1/5*c*d^3*x^5 + 3/5*a*d*e^2*x^5 + a*d^2*e*x^3 + a*d^3*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4) dx = x^5 \left(\frac{cd^3}{5} + \frac{3ade^2}{5} \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{3cd^2e}{7} + \frac{ae^3}{7} \right) \\ + \frac{ce^3 x^{11}}{11} + ad^3 x + ad^2 ex^3 + \frac{cde^2 x^9}{3}$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `x^5*((c*d^3)/5 + (3*a*d*e^2)/5) + x^7*((a*e^3)/7 + (3*c*d^2*e)/7) + (c*e^3*x^11)/11 + a*d^3*x + a*d^2*e*x^3 + (c*d*e^2*x^9)/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(105ce^3x^{10} + 385cde^2x^8 + 165ae^3x^6 + 495cd^2ex^6 + 693ade^2x^4 + 231cd^3x^4 + 1155ad^2ex^2 + 1155ad^3)}{1155}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3*(c*x^4+a),x)`output `(x*(1155*a*d**3 + 1155*a*d**2*e*x**2 + 693*a*d*e**2*x**4 + 165*a*e**3*x**6 + 231*c*d**3*x**4 + 495*c*d**2*e*x**6 + 385*c*d*e**2*x**8 + 105*c*e**3*x**10))/1155`

3.296 $\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4) dx$

Optimal result	2382
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2382
Rubi [A] (verified)	2383
Maple [A] (verified)	2384
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2384
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2385
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2385
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2385
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2386
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2386

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4) dx = ad^2x + \frac{2}{3}adex^3 + \frac{1}{5}(cd^2 + ae^2)x^5 + \frac{2}{7}cdex^7 + \frac{1}{9}ce^2x^9$$

output

```
a*d^2*x+2/3*a*d*e*x^3+1/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^5+2/7*c*d*e*x^7+1/9*c*e^2*x^9
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4) dx = ad^2x + \frac{2}{3}adex^3 + \frac{1}{5}(cd^2 + ae^2)x^5 + \frac{2}{7}cdex^7 + \frac{1}{9}ce^2x^9$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + c*x^4),x]
```

output

```
a*d^2*x + (2*a*d*e*x^3)/3 + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^5)/5 + (2*c*d*e*x^7)/7 + (c*e^2*x^9)/9
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1468, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^4) (d + ex^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1468$$

$$\int (x^4(ae^2 + cd^2) + ad^2 + 2adex^2 + 2cdex^6 + ce^2x^8) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5(ae^2 + cd^2) + ad^2x + \frac{2}{3}adex^3 + \frac{2}{7}cdex^7 + \frac{1}{9}ce^2x^9$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + c*x^4),x]`

output `a*d^2*x + (2*a*d*e*x^3)/3 + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^5)/5 + (2*c*d*e*x^7)/7 + (c*e^2*x^9)/9`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1468 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$a d^2 x + \frac{2ade x^3}{3} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)x^5}{5} + \frac{2cde x^7}{7} + \frac{ce^2 x^9}{9}$	49
norman	$\frac{ce^2 x^9}{9} + \frac{2cde x^7}{7} + \left(\frac{ae^2}{5} + \frac{cd^2}{5}\right) x^5 + \frac{2ade x^3}{3} + a d^2 x$	50
gospers	$\frac{1}{9} c e^2 x^9 + \frac{2}{7} c d e x^7 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 a e^2 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 c d^2 + \frac{2}{3} a d e x^3 + a d^2 x$	51
risch	$\frac{1}{9} c e^2 x^9 + \frac{2}{7} c d e x^7 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 a e^2 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 c d^2 + \frac{2}{3} a d e x^3 + a d^2 x$	51
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{9} c e^2 x^9 + \frac{2}{7} c d e x^7 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 a e^2 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 c d^2 + \frac{2}{3} a d e x^3 + a d^2 x$	51
orering	$\frac{x(35c e^2 x^8 + 90ecd x^6 + 63a e^2 x^4 + 63c d^2 x^4 + 210ade x^2 + 315a d^2)}{315}$	54

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a*d^2*x+2/3*a*d*e*x^3+1/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^5+2/7*c*d*e*x^7+1/9*c*e^2*x^9`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{9} ce^2 x^9 + \frac{2}{7} c d e x^7 + \frac{2}{3} a d e x^3 + \frac{1}{5} (cd^2 + ae^2) x^5 + ad^2 x$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/9*c*e^2*x^9 + 2/7*c*d*e*x^7 + 2/3*a*d*e*x^3 + 1/5*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^5 + a*d^2*x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4) dx = ad^2x + \frac{2adex^3}{3} + \frac{2cdex^7}{7} + \frac{ce^2x^9}{9} + x^5 \left(\frac{ae^2}{5} + \frac{cd^2}{5} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(c*x**4+a),x)`output `a*d**2*x + 2*a*d*e*x**3/3 + 2*c*d*e*x**7/7 + c*e**2*x**9/9 + x**5*(a*e**2/5 + c*d**2/5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{9} ce^2x^9 + \frac{2}{7} cdex^7 + \frac{2}{3} adex^3 + \frac{1}{5} (cd^2 + ae^2)x^5 + ad^2x$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*c*e^2*x^9 + 2/7*c*d*e*x^7 + 2/3*a*d*e*x^3 + 1/5*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^5 + a*d^2*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{9} ce^2x^9 + \frac{2}{7} cdex^7 + \frac{1}{5} cd^2x^5 + \frac{1}{5} ae^2x^5 + \frac{2}{3} adex^3 + ad^2x$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/9*c*e^2*x^9 + 2/7*c*d*e*x^7 + 1/5*c*d^2*x^5 + 1/5*a*e^2*x^5 + 2/3*a*d*e*x^3 + a*d^2*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4) dx = x^5 \left(\frac{cd^2}{5} + \frac{ae^2}{5} \right) + \frac{ce^2x^9}{9} + ad^2x + \frac{2adedx^3}{3} + \frac{2cdex^7}{7}$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`output `x^5*((a*e^2)/5 + (c*d^2)/5) + (c*e^2*x^9)/9 + a*d^2*x + (2*a*d*e*x^3)/3 + (2*c*d*e*x^7)/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{x(35ce^2x^8 + 90cde x^6 + 63ae^2x^4 + 63cd^2x^4 + 210ade x^2 + 315ad^2)}{315}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(c*x^4+a),x)`output `(x*(315*a*d**2 + 210*a*d*e*x**2 + 63*a*e**2*x**4 + 63*c*d**2*x**4 + 90*c*d*e*x**6 + 35*c*e**2*x**8))/315`

3.297 $\int (d + ex^2)(a + cx^4) dx$

Optimal result	2387
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2387
Rubi [A] (verified)	2388
Maple [A] (verified)	2389
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2389
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2390
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2390
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2390
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2391
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2391

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int (d + ex^2)(a + cx^4) dx = adx + \frac{1}{3}aex^3 + \frac{1}{5}cdx^5 + \frac{1}{7}cex^7$$

output `a*d*x+1/3*a*e*x^3+1/5*c*d*x^5+1/7*c*e*x^7`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex^2)(a + cx^4) dx = adx + \frac{1}{3}aex^3 + \frac{1}{5}cdx^5 + \frac{1}{7}cex^7$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4),x]`

output `a*d*x + (a*e*x^3)/3 + (c*d*x^5)/5 + (c*e*x^7)/7`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {1468, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^4) (d + ex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1468$$

$$\int (ad + aex^2 + cdx^4 + cex^6) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$adx + \frac{1}{3}aex^3 + \frac{1}{5}cdx^5 + \frac{1}{7}cex^7$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4),x]`

output `a*d*x + (a*e*x^3)/3 + (c*d*x^5)/5 + (c*e*x^7)/7`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1468 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
gospers	$adx + \frac{1}{3}ae x^3 + \frac{1}{5}cd x^5 + \frac{1}{7}ce x^7$	27
default	$adx + \frac{1}{3}ae x^3 + \frac{1}{5}cd x^5 + \frac{1}{7}ce x^7$	27
norman	$adx + \frac{1}{3}ae x^3 + \frac{1}{5}cd x^5 + \frac{1}{7}ce x^7$	27
risch	$adx + \frac{1}{3}ae x^3 + \frac{1}{5}cd x^5 + \frac{1}{7}ce x^7$	27
parallelrisc	$adx + \frac{1}{3}ae x^3 + \frac{1}{5}cd x^5 + \frac{1}{7}ce x^7$	27
orering	$\frac{x(15ce x^6 + 21cd x^4 + 35ae x^2 + 105ad)}{105}$	30

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a*d*x+1/3*a*e*x^3+1/5*c*d*x^5+1/7*c*e*x^7`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{7}cex^7 + \frac{1}{5}cdx^5 + \frac{1}{3}aex^3 + adx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/7*c*e*x^7 + 1/5*c*d*x^5 + 1/3*a*e*x^3 + a*d*x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4) dx = adx + \frac{aex^3}{3} + \frac{cdx^5}{5} + \frac{cex^7}{7}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(c*x**4+a),x)`output `a*d*x + a*e*x**3/3 + c*d*x**5/5 + c*e*x**7/7`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{7} cex^7 + \frac{1}{5} cdx^5 + \frac{1}{3} aex^3 + adx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*c*e*x^7 + 1/5*c*d*x^5 + 1/3*a*e*x^3 + a*d*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{7} cex^7 + \frac{1}{5} cdx^5 + \frac{1}{3} aex^3 + adx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/7*c*e*x^7 + 1/5*c*d*x^5 + 1/3*a*e*x^3 + a*d*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{ce x^7}{7} + \frac{cd x^5}{5} + \frac{ae x^3}{3} + a dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `a*d*x + (a*e*x^3)/3 + (c*d*x^5)/5 + (c*e*x^7)/7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{x(15ce x^6 + 21cd x^4 + 35ae x^2 + 105ad)}{105}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a),x)`

output `(x*(105*a*d + 35*a*e*x**2 + 21*c*d*x**4 + 15*c*e*x**6))/105`

3.298 $\int \frac{a+cx^4}{d+ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	2392
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2392
Rubi [A] (verified)	2393
Maple [A] (verified)	2394
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2394
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2395
Maxima [F(-2)]	2395
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2396
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2396
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2396

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{d + ex^2} dx = -\frac{cdx}{e^2} + \frac{cx^3}{3e} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-c*d*x/e^2+1/3*c*x^3/e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{d + ex^2} dx = -\frac{cdx}{e^2} + \frac{cx^3}{3e} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}e^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2),x]
```

output

```
-((c*d*x)/e^2) + (c*x^3)/(3*e) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*e^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1468, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{d + ex^2} dx$$

↓ 1468

$$\int \left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{e^2(d + ex^2)} - \frac{cd}{e^2} + \frac{cx^2}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}e^{5/2}} - \frac{cdx}{e^2} + \frac{cx^3}{3e}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `-((c*d*x)/e^2) + (c*x^3)/(3*e) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*e^(5/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1468 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{c(-\frac{1}{3}ex^3+dx)}{e^2} + \frac{(ae^2+cd^2)\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{de}}$	47
risch	$\frac{cx^3}{3e} - \frac{cdx}{e^2} - \frac{\ln(ex+\sqrt{-de})a}{2\sqrt{-de}} - \frac{\ln(ex+\sqrt{-de})cd^2}{2e^2\sqrt{-de}} + \frac{\ln(-ex+\sqrt{-de})a}{2\sqrt{-de}} + \frac{\ln(-ex+\sqrt{-de})cd^2}{2e^2\sqrt{-de}}$	113

input `int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-c/e^2*(-1/3*e*x^3+d*x)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2cde^2x^3 - 6cd^2ex - 3(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{-de} \log\left(\frac{ex^2 - 2\sqrt{-de}x - d}{ex^2 + d}\right)}{6de^3}, \frac{cde^2x^3 - 3cd^2ex + 3(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{de} \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{3de^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(2*c*d*e^2*x^3 - 6*c*d^2*e*x - 3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-d*e)*log((e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-d*e)*x - d)/(e*x^2 + d)))/(d*e^3), 1/3*(c*d*e^2*x^3 - 3*c*d^2*e*x + 3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(d*e)*arctan(sqrt(d*e)*x/d))/(d*e^3]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 104 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{d + ex^2} dx = -\frac{cdx}{e^2} + \frac{cx^3}{3e} - \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{de^5}}(ae^2 + cd^2) \log\left(-de^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{de^5}} + x\right)}{2} \\ + \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{de^5}}(ae^2 + cd^2) \log\left(de^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{de^5}} + x\right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `-c*d*x/e**2 + c*x**3/(3*e) - sqrt(-1/(d*e**5))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*log(-d*e*
*2*sqrt(-1/(d*e**5)) + x)/2 + sqrt(-1/(d*e**5))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*log(d*e*
*2*sqrt(-1/(d*e**5)) + x)/2`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{\sqrt{dee^2}} + \frac{ce^2x^3 - 3cdex}{3e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*arctan(e*x/sqrt(d*e))/(sqrt(d*e)*e^2) + 1/3*(c*e^2*x^3 - 3*c*d*e*x)/e^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{cx^3}{3e} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) (cd^2 + ae^2)}{\sqrt{d}e^{5/2}} - \frac{cdx}{e^2}$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2),x)`output `(c*x^3)/(3*e) + (atan((e^(1/2)*x)/d^(1/2))*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(d^(1/2)*e^(5/2)) - (c*d*x)/e^2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + cx^4}{d + ex^2} dx \\ &= \frac{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) ae^2 + 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) cd^2 - 3cd^2ex + cde^2x^3}{3de^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)
)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c*d**2 - 3*c*d**2*e*x + c*d*e**2*x**3)/(3*
d*e**3)
```

$$3.299 \quad \int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2398
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2398
Rubi [A] (verified)	2399
Maple [A] (verified)	2400
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2401
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2401
Maxima [F(-2)]	2402
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2402
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2403
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2403

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{cx}{e^2} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)x}{2d(d+ex^2)} - \frac{(3cd^2 - ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
c*x/e^2+1/2*(a+c*d^2/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)-1/2*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{cx}{e^2} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)x}{2de^2(d+ex^2)} - \frac{(3cd^2 - ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}e^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(c*x)/e^2 + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*d*e^2*(d + e*x^2)) - ((3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(2*d^(3/2)*e^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 27, 299, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1472 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{2d(d + ex^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2cdx^2 + \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)e}{e(ex^2 + d)} dx}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2cdx^2 + \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)e}{e(ex^2 + d)} dx}{2d} + \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{2d(d + ex^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2cdx^2 + \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)e}{ex^2 + d} dx}{2de} + \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{2d(d + ex^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{\frac{2cdx}{e} - \frac{(3cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{ex^2 + d} dx}{e}}{2de} + \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{2d(d + ex^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{\frac{2cdx}{e} - \frac{(3cd^2 - ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}^{3/2}}}{2de} + \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{2d(d + ex^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]
```


output $\frac{((a + (c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(2*d*(d + e*x^2)) + ((2*c*d*x)/e - ((3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*e^(3/2)))/(2*d*e)}$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]$

rule 27 $Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] \&\& !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]$

rule 218 $Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] \&\& PosQ[a/b]$

rule 299 $Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] \&\& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]$

rule 1472 $Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] \&\& NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& IGtQ[p, 0] \&\& LtQ[q, -1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
default	$\frac{cx}{e^2} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)x}{2d(e^2x^2 + d)} + \frac{(ae^2 - 3cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2d\sqrt{de}}$	70
risch	$\frac{cx}{e^2} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)x}{2de^2(e^2x^2 + d)} - \frac{\ln(ex + \sqrt{-de})a}{4\sqrt{-de}d} + \frac{3d\ln(ex + \sqrt{-de})c}{4e^2\sqrt{-de}} + \frac{\ln(-ex + \sqrt{-de})a}{4\sqrt{-de}d} - \frac{3d\ln(-ex + \sqrt{-de})c}{4e^2\sqrt{-de}}$	133

input `int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c*x/e^2+1/e^2*(1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d*x/(e*x^2+d)+1/2*(a*e^2-3*c*d^2)/d/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4cd^2e^2x^3 + (3cd^3 - ade^2 + (3cd^2e - ae^3)x^2)\sqrt{-de} \log\left(\frac{ex^2 - 2\sqrt{-de}x - d}{ex^2 + d}\right) + 2(3cd^3e + ade^3)x - 2cd^2e^2x}{4(d^2e^4x^2 + d^3e^3)}, \dots \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(4*c*d^2*e^2*x^3 + (3*c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (3*c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-d*e)*log((e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-d*e)*x - d)/(e*x^2 + d)) + 2*(3*c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*x)/(d^2*e^4*x^2 + d^3*e^3), 1/2*(2*c*d^2*e^2*x^3 - (3*c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (3*c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(d*e)*arctan(sqrt(d*e)*x/d) + (3*c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*x)/(d^2*e^4*x^2 + d^3*e^3)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 138 vs. 2(68) = 136.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{cx}{e^2} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)}{2d^2e^2 + 2de^3x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^3e^5}}(ae^2 - 3cd^2) \log\left(-d^2e^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^3e^5}} + x\right)}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^3e^5}}(ae^2 - 3cd^2) \log\left(d^2e^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^3e^5}} + x\right)}{4}$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `c*x/e**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(2*d**2*e**2 + 2*d*e**3*x**2) - sqrt(-1/(d*
*3*e**5))*(a*e**2 - 3*c*d**2)*log(-d**2*e**2*sqrt(-1/(d**3*e**5)) + x)/4 +
sqrt(-1/(d**3*e**5))*(a*e**2 - 3*c*d**2)*log(d**2*e**2*sqrt(-1/(d**3*e**5)
) + x)/4`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{cx}{e^2} - \frac{(3cd^2 - ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2\sqrt{dede^2}} + \frac{cd^2x + ae^2x}{2(ex^2 + d)de^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `c*x/e^2 - 1/2*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(e*x/sqrt(d*e))/(sqrt(d*e)*d*e^2) +
1/2*(c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x)/((e*x^2 + d)*d*e^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{cx}{e^2} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) (ae^2 - 3cd^2)}{2d^{3/2}e^{5/2}} + \frac{x(cd^2 + ae^2)}{2d(e^3x^2 + de^2)}$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`output `(c*x)/e^2 + (atan((e^(1/2)*x)/d^(1/2))*(a*e^2 - 3*c*d^2))/(2*d^(3/2)*e^(5/2)) + (x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(2*d*(d*e^2 + e^3*x^2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) ad e^2 + \sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a e^3 x^2 - 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) c d^3 - 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^2e^3(e x^2 + d)}$$

input `int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d*e**2 + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e**3*x**2 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c*d**3 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c*d**2*e*x**2 + a*d*e**3*x + 3*c*d**3*e*x + 2*c*d**2*e**2*x**3)/(2*d**2*e**3*(d + e*x**2))`

$$3.300 \quad \int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2404
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2404
Rubi [A] (verified)	2405
Maple [A] (verified)	2407
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2407
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2408
Maxima [F(-2)]	2409
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2409
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2409
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2410

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)x}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{\left(\frac{3a}{d^2} - \frac{5c}{e^2}\right)x}{8(d+ex^2)} + \frac{3(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8d^{5/2}e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/4*(a+c*d^2/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^2+(3*a/d^2-5*c/e^2)*x/(8*e*x^2+8*d)+3/8*(a
*e^2+c*d^2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{ae^2x(5d+3ex^2) - cd^2x(3d+5ex^2)}{8d^2e^2(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{3(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8d^{5/2}e^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(a*e^2*x*(5*d + 3*e*x^2) - c*d^2*x*(3*d + 5*e*x^2))/(8*d^2*e^2*(d + e*x^2)
^2) + (3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(8*d^(5/2)*e^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 25, 27, 298, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1472 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{4cdx^2 + \left(3a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)e}{e(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\frac{cd^2}{e} - 4cx^2d - 3ae}{e(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{4d} + \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{cd^2}{e} - 4cx^2d - 3ae}{e(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{cd^2}{e} - 4cx^2d - 3ae}{(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{4de} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 298 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} - \frac{x\left(\frac{5cd}{e} - \frac{3ae}{d}\right)}{2(d+ex^2)} - \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{ex^2+d} dx}{2de} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} - \frac{x\left(\frac{5cd}{e} - \frac{3ae}{d}\right)}{2(d+ex^2)} - \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}e^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((a + (c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(4*d*(d + e*x^2)^2) - (((5*c*d)/e - (3*a*e)/d)*x)/(2*(d + e*x^2)) - (3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(2*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2))/(4*d*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 298 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])`

rule 1472 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result	si
default	$\frac{\frac{(3ae^2-5cd^2)x^3}{8d^2e} + \frac{(5ae^2-3cd^2)x}{8de^2}}{(ex^2+d)^2} + \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{8d^2e^2\sqrt{de}}$	92
risch	$\frac{\frac{(3ae^2-5cd^2)x^3}{8d^2e} + \frac{(5ae^2-3cd^2)x}{8de^2}}{(ex^2+d)^2} - \frac{3 \ln(ex+\sqrt{-de})a}{16\sqrt{-de}d^2} - \frac{3 \ln(ex+\sqrt{-de})c}{16\sqrt{-de}e^2} + \frac{3 \ln(-ex+\sqrt{-de})a}{16\sqrt{-de}d^2} + \frac{3 \ln(-ex+\sqrt{-de})c}{16\sqrt{-de}e^2}$	11

input `int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{(1/8*(3*a*e^2-5*c*d^2)/d^2/e*x^3+1/8*(5*a*e^2-3*c*d^2)/d/e^2*x)/(e*x^2+d)^2+3/8*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d^2/e^2/(d*e)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(e*x/(d*e)^{(1/2)})$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2(5cd^3e^2 - 3ade^4)x^3 + 3(cd^4 + ad^2e^2 + (cd^2e^2 + ae^4)x^4 + 2(cd^3e + ade^3)x^2)\sqrt{-de} \log\left(\frac{ex^2-2\sqrt{-de}x}{ex^2+d}\right)}{16(d^3e^5x^4 + 2d^4e^4x^2 + d^5e^3)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(5cd^3e^2 - 3ade^4)x^3 - 3(cd^4 + ad^2e^2 + (cd^2e^2 + ae^4)x^4 + 2(cd^3e + ade^3)x^2)\sqrt{de} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{de}x}{d}\right) + (3)}{8(d^3e^5x^4 + 2d^4e^4x^2 + d^5e^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/16*(2*(5*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a*d*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(c*d^4 + a*d^2*e^2 + (c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-d*e)*log((e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-d*e)*x - d)/(e*x^2 + d)) + 2*(3*c*d^4*e - 5*a*d^2*e^3)*x)/(d^3*e^5*x^4 + 2*d^4*e^4*x^2 + d^5*e^3), -1/8*((5*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a*d*e^4)*x^3 - 3*(c*d^4 + a*d^2*e^2 + (c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(d*e)*arctan(sqrt(d*e)*x/d) + (3*c*d^4*e - 5*a*d^2*e^3)*x)/(d^3*e^5*x^4 + 2*d^4*e^4*x^2 + d^5*e^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^5e^5}}(ae^2 + cd^2) \log\left(-\frac{3d^3e^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^5e^5}}(ae^2 + cd^2)}{3ae^2 + 3cd^2} + x\right)}{16} + \frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^5e^5}}(ae^2 + cd^2) \log\left(\frac{3d^3e^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^5e^5}}(ae^2 + cd^2)}{3ae^2 + 3cd^2} + x\right)}{16} + \frac{x^3 \cdot (3ae^3 - 5cd^2e) + x(5ade^2 - 3cd^3)}{8d^4e^2 + 16d^3e^3x^2 + 8d^2e^4x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)
```

output

```
-3*sqrt(-1/(d**5*e**5))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*log(-3*d**3*e**2*sqrt(-1/(d**5*e**5))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(3*a*e**2 + 3*c*d**2) + x)/16 + 3*sqrt(-1/(d**5*e**5))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*log(3*d**3*e**2*sqrt(-1/(d**5*e**5))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(3*a*e**2 + 3*c*d**2) + x)/16 + (x**3*(3*a*e**3 - 5*c*d**2*e) + x*(5*a*d*e**2 - 3*c*d**3))/(8*d**4*e**2 + 16*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 8*d**2*e**4*x**4)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{8\sqrt{de}d^2e^2} - \frac{5cd^2ex^3 - 3ae^3x^3 + 3cd^3x - 5ade^2x}{8(ex^2 + d)^2d^2e^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/8*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*arctan(e*x/sqrt(d*e))/(sqrt(d*e)*d^2*e^2) - 1/8*(5*c*d^2*e*x^3 - 3*a*e^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^3*x - 5*a*d*e^2*x)/((e*x^2 + d)^2*d^2*e^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{x^3(3ae^2 - 5cd^2)}{8d^2e} + \frac{x(5ae^2 - 3cd^2)}{8de^2}}{d^2 + 2dex^2 + e^2x^4} + \frac{3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) (cd^2 + ae^2)}{8d^{5/2}e^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
((x^3*(3*a*e^2 - 5*c*d^2))/(8*d^2*e) + (x*(5*a*e^2 - 3*c*d^2))/(8*d*e^2))/
(d^2 + e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2) + (3*atan((e^(1/2)*x)/d^(1/2))*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)
)/(8*d^(5/2)*e^(5/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 e^2 + 6\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a d e^3 x^2 + 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a e^4 x^4 + 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 e^2}{8d^3}$$

input

```
int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
(3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d**2*e**2 + 6*sqrt(e)*s
qrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d*e**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*ata
n((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e**4*x**4 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqr
t(e)*sqrt(d)))*c*d**4 + 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c*
d**3*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c*d**2*e**2*
x**4 + 5*a*d**2*e**3*x + 3*a*d*e**4*x**3 - 3*c*d**4*e*x - 5*c*d**3*e**2*x*
*3)/(8*d**3*e**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

3.301 $\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	2411
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2411
Rubi [A] (verified)	2412
Maple [A] (verified)	2414
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2415
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2415
Maxima [F(-2)]	2416
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2416
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2417
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2417

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)x}{6d(d+ex^2)^3} + \frac{\left(\frac{5a}{d^2} - \frac{7c}{e^2}\right)x}{24(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{\left(\frac{5a}{d^2} + \frac{c}{e^2}\right)x}{16d(d+ex^2)} + \frac{(cd^2 + 5ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16d^{7/2}e^{5/2}}$$

output

1/6*(a+c*d^2/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^3+1/24*(5*a/d^2-7*c/e^2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^2+1/16*(5*a/d^2+c/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)+1/16*(5*a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/d^(7/2)/e^(5/2)

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{x(cd^2(-3d^2 - 8dex^2 + 3e^2x^4) + ae^2(33d^2 + 40dex^2 + 15e^2x^4))}{48d^3e^2(d+ex^2)^3} + \frac{(cd^2 + 5ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16d^{7/2}e^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `(x*(c*d^2*(-3*d^2 - 8*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4) + a*e^2*(33*d^2 + 40*d*e*x^2 + 15*e^2*x^4))/(48*d^3*e^2*(d + e*x^2)^3) + ((c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(16*d^(7/2)*e^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.412$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 25, 27, 298, 215, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1472 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{6d(d + ex^2)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{6cdx^2 + \left(5a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)e}{e(ex^2+d)^3} dx}{6d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\frac{cd^2}{e} - 6cx^2d - 5ae}{e(ex^2+d)^3} dx}{6d} + \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{6d(d + ex^2)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{6d(d + ex^2)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{cd^2}{e} - 6cx^2d - 5ae}{e(ex^2+d)^3} dx}{6d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{6d(d + ex^2)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{cd^2}{e} - 6cx^2d - 5ae}{(ex^2+d)^3} dx}{6de} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 298
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{6d(d+ex^2)^3} - \frac{\frac{x\left(\frac{7cd}{e} - \frac{5ae}{d}\right)}{4(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{5ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{6de}$$

↓ 215

$$\frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{6d(d+ex^2)^3} - \frac{\frac{x\left(\frac{7cd}{e} - \frac{5ae}{d}\right)}{4(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{5ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e}\right) \left(\int \frac{1}{ex^2+d} dx + \frac{x}{2d(d+ex^2)}\right)}{6de}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{6d(d+ex^2)^3} - \frac{\frac{x\left(\frac{7cd}{e} - \frac{5ae}{d}\right)}{4(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{5ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e}\right) \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{x}{2d(d+ex^2)}\right)}{6de}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^4, x]`

output `((a + (c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(6*d*(d + e*x^2)^3) - (((7*c*d)/e - (5*a*e)/d)*x)/(4*(d + e*x^2)^2) - (3*((c*d)/e + (5*a*e)/d)*(x/(2*d*(d + e*x^2)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]/(2*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[e])))/4)/(6*d*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 298

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])
```

rule 1472

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{(5ae^2+cd^2)x^5}{16d^3} + \frac{(5ae^2-cd^2)x^3}{6d^2e} + \frac{(11ae^2-cd^2)x}{16de^2}}{(e^2x^2+d)^3} + \frac{(5ae^2+cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{16d^3e^2\sqrt{de}}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{(5ae^2+cd^2)x^5}{16d^3} + \frac{(5ae^2-cd^2)x^3}{6d^2e} + \frac{(11ae^2-cd^2)x}{16de^2}}{(e^2x^2+d)^3} - \frac{5 \ln(ex+\sqrt{-de})a}{32\sqrt{-de}d^3} - \frac{\ln(ex+\sqrt{-de})c}{32\sqrt{-de}e^2d} + \frac{5 \ln(-ex+\sqrt{-de})a}{32\sqrt{-de}d^3} + \frac{\ln(-ex+\sqrt{-de})c}{32\sqrt{-de}e^2d}$

input

```
int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(1/16*(5*a*e^2+c*d^2)/d^3*x^5+1/6*(5*a*e^2-c*d^2)/d^2/e*x^3+1/16*(11*a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e^2*x)/(e*x^2+d)^3+1/16*(5*a*e^2+c*d^2)/d^3/e^2/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6(cd^3e^3 + 5ade^5)x^5 - 16(cd^4e^2 - 5ad^2e^4)x^3 - 3((cd^2e^3 + 5ae^5)x^6 + cd^5 + 5ad^3e^2 + 3(cd^3e^2 + 5ade^4)x^4 + 3((cd^2e^3 + 5ae^5)x^6 + cd^5 + 5ad^3e^2 + 3(cd^3e^2 + 5ade^4)x^4 + 3d^5e^5x^4 + 3d^6e^4x^2))}{96(d^4e^6x^6 + 3d^5e^5x^4 + 3d^6e^4x^2)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/96*(6*(c*d^3*e^3 + 5*a*d*e^5)*x^5 - 16*(c*d^4*e^2 - 5*a*d^2*e^4)*x^3 -
3*((c*d^2*e^3 + 5*a*e^5)*x^6 + c*d^5 + 5*a*d^3*e^2 + 3*(c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a*d*
e^4)*x^4 + 3*(c*d^4*e + 5*a*d^2*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-d*e)*log((e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-
d*e)*x - d)/(e*x^2 + d)) - 6*(c*d^5*e - 11*a*d^3*e^3)*x)/(d^4*e^6*x^6 + 3*
d^5*e^5*x^4 + 3*d^6*e^4*x^2 + d^7*e^3), 1/48*(3*(c*d^3*e^3 + 5*a*d*e^5)*x^
5 - 8*(c*d^4*e^2 - 5*a*d^2*e^4)*x^3 + 3*((c*d^2*e^3 + 5*a*e^5)*x^6 + c*d^5
+ 5*a*d^3*e^2 + 3*(c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a*d*e^4)*x^4 + 3*(c*d^4*e + 5*a*d^2*e^3)
*x^2)*sqrt(d*e)*arctan(sqrt(d*e)*x/d) - 3*(c*d^5*e - 11*a*d^3*e^3)*x)/(d^4
*e^6*x^6 + 3*d^5*e^5*x^4 + 3*d^6*e^4*x^2 + d^7*e^3)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^7e^5}} \cdot (5ae^2 + cd^2) \log\left(-d^4e^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^7e^5}} + x\right)}{32}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^7e^5}} \cdot (5ae^2 + cd^2) \log\left(d^4e^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^7e^5}} + x\right)}{32}$$

$$+ \frac{x^5 \cdot (15ae^4 + 3cd^2e^2) + x^3 \cdot (40ade^3 - 8cd^3e) + x(33ad^2e^2 - 3cd^4)}{48d^6e^2 + 144d^5e^3x^2 + 144d^4e^4x^4 + 48d^3e^5x^6}$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d)**4,x)`

output

```
-sqrt(-1/(d**7*e**5))*(5*a*e**2 + c*d**2)*log(-d**4*e**2*sqrt(-1/(d**7*e**5)) + x)/32 + sqrt(-1/(d**7*e**5))*(5*a*e**2 + c*d**2)*log(d**4*e**2*sqrt(-1/(d**7*e**5)) + x)/32 + (x**5*(15*a*e**4 + 3*c*d**2*e**2) + x**3*(40*a*d*e**3 - 8*c*d**3*e) + x*(33*a*d**2*e**2 - 3*c*d**4))/(48*d**6*e**2 + 144*d**5*e**3*x**2 + 144*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 48*d**3*e**5*x**6)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{(cd^2 + 5ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{16\sqrt{de}d^3e^2} + \frac{3cd^2e^2x^5 + 15ae^4x^5 - 8cd^3ex^3 + 40ade^3x^3 - 3cd^4x + 33ad^2e^2x}{48(ex^2 + d)^3d^3e^2}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/16*(c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*arctan(e*x/sqrt(d*e))/(sqrt(d*e)*d^3*e^2) + 1/48*(3*c*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 15*a*e^4*x^5 - 8*c*d^3*e*x^3 + 40*a*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*c*d^4*x + 33*a*d^2*e^2*x)/((e*x^2 + d)^3*d^3*e^2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{x^5 (cd^2 + 5ae^2)}{16d^3} + \frac{x^3 (5ae^2 - cd^2)}{6d^2 e} + \frac{x (11ae^2 - cd^2)}{16de^2}}{d^3 + 3d^2 ex^2 + 3de^2 x^4 + e^3 x^6} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) (cd^2 + 5ae^2)}{16d^{7/2} e^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^4,x)`output `((x^5*(5*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(16*d^3) + (x^3*(5*a*e^2 - c*d^2))/(6*d^2*e) + (x*(11*a*e^2 - c*d^2))/(16*d*e^2))/(d^3 + e^3*x^6 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*d*e^2*x^4) + (atan((e^(1/2)*x)/d^(1/2))*(5*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(16*d^(7/2)*e^(5/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)ad^3e^2 + 45\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)a^2d^2e^3x^2 + 45\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)ade^4x^4 + 15\sqrt{e}}{\dots}$$

input `int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^4,x)`output `(15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d**3*e**2 + 45*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 45*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d*e**4*x**4 + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e**5*x**6 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c*d**5 + 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c*d**4*e*x**2 + 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c*d**2*e**3*x**6 + 33*a*d**3*e**3*x + 40*a*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 15*a*d*e**5*x**5 - 3*c*d**5*e*x - 8*c*d**4*e**2*x**3 + 3*c*d**3*e**3*x**5)/(48*d**4*e**3*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6))`

3.302 $\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2418
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2418
Rubi [A] (verified)	2419
Maple [A] (verified)	2420
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2421
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2421
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2422
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2422
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2423
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2423

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4)^2 dx = a^2d^3x + a^2d^2ex^3 + \frac{1}{5}ad(2cd^2 + 3ae^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{7}ae(6cd^2 + ae^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{9}cd(cd^2 + 6ae^2)x^9 + \frac{1}{11}ce(3cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^{11} + \frac{3}{13}c^2de^2x^{13} + \frac{1}{15}c^2e^3x^{15}$$

output

```
a^2*d^3*x+a^2*d^2*e*x^3+1/5*a*d*(3*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x^5+1/7*a*e*(a*e^2+6*c*d^2)*x^7+1/9*c*d*(6*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^9+1/11*c*e*(2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x^11+3/13*c^2*d*e^2*x^13+1/15*c^2*e^3*x^15
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4)^2 dx = a^2d^3x + a^2d^2ex^3 + \frac{1}{5}ad(2cd^2 + 3ae^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{7}ae(6cd^2 + ae^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{9}cd(cd^2 + 6ae^2)x^9 + \frac{1}{11}ce(3cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^{11} + \frac{3}{13}c^2de^2x^{13} + \frac{1}{15}c^2e^3x^{15}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^3*(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output $a^2d^3x + a^2d^2ex^3 + (ad(2cd^2 + 3ae^2)x^5)/5 + (ae(6cd^2 + ae^2)x^7)/7 + (cd(c^2d^2 + 6ae^2)x^9)/9 + (ce(3cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^{11})/11 + (3c^2de^2x^{13})/13 + (c^2e^3x^{15})/15$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1468, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^4)^2 (d + ex^2)^3 dx$$

↓ 1468

$$\int (a^2d^3 + 3a^2d^2ex^2 + cex^{10}(2ae^2 + 3cd^2) + cdx^8(6ae^2 + cd^2) + aex^6(ae^2 + 6cd^2) + adx^4(3ae^2 + 2cd^2) + 3c^2de^2x^{13} + c^2e^3x^{15}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a^2d^3x + a^2d^2ex^3 + \frac{1}{11}cex^{11}(2ae^2 + 3cd^2) + \frac{1}{9}cdx^9(6ae^2 + cd^2) + \frac{1}{7}aex^7(ae^2 + 6cd^2) + \frac{1}{5}adx^5(3ae^2 + 2cd^2) + \frac{3}{13}c^2de^2x^{13} + \frac{1}{15}c^2e^3x^{15}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^3*(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output $a^2d^3x + a^2d^2ex^3 + (ad(2cd^2 + 3ae^2)x^5)/5 + (ae(6cd^2 + ae^2)x^7)/7 + (cd(c^2d^2 + 6ae^2)x^9)/9 + (ce(3cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^{11})/11 + (3c^2de^2x^{13})/13 + (c^2e^3x^{15})/15$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1468 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := I
nt[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
norman	$a^2 d^3 x + a^2 d^2 e x^3 + \left(\frac{3}{5} d e^2 a^2 + \frac{2}{5} d^3 a c\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{1}{7} e^3 a^2 + \frac{6}{7} d^2 e a c\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{2}{3} d e^2 a c + \frac{1}{9} d^3 c^2\right) x^9 + \dots$
default	$\frac{c^2 e^3 x^{15}}{15} + \frac{3 c^2 d e^2 x^{13}}{13} + \frac{(2 e^3 a c + 3 d^2 e c^2) x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(6 d e^2 a c + d^3 c^2) x^9}{9} + \frac{(e^3 a^2 + 6 d^2 e a c) x^7}{7} + \frac{(3 d e^2 a^2 + 2 d^3 a c) x^5}{5} + \dots$
gosper	$a^2 d^3 x + a^2 d^2 e x^3 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 d e^2 a^2 + \frac{2}{5} x^5 d^3 a c + \frac{1}{7} x^7 e^3 a^2 + \frac{6}{7} x^7 d^2 e a c + \frac{2}{3} x^9 d e^2 a c + \frac{1}{9} x^9 d^3 c^2 + \dots$
risch	$a^2 d^3 x + a^2 d^2 e x^3 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 d e^2 a^2 + \frac{2}{5} x^5 d^3 a c + \frac{1}{7} x^7 e^3 a^2 + \frac{6}{7} x^7 d^2 e a c + \frac{2}{3} x^9 d e^2 a c + \frac{1}{9} x^9 d^3 c^2 + \dots$
parallelrisch	$a^2 d^3 x + a^2 d^2 e x^3 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 d e^2 a^2 + \frac{2}{5} x^5 d^3 a c + \frac{1}{7} x^7 e^3 a^2 + \frac{6}{7} x^7 d^2 e a c + \frac{2}{3} x^9 d e^2 a c + \frac{1}{9} x^9 d^3 c^2 + \dots$
orering	$\frac{x(3003e^3c^2x^{14}+10395de^2c^2x^{12}+8190ace^3x^{10}+12285c^2d^2ex^{10}+30030acd^2e^2x^8+5005c^2d^3x^8+6435a^2e^3x^6+38610acd^2ex^6+45045a^2d^3x+a^2d^2ex^3+(3/5*d*e^2*a^2+2/5*d^3*a*c)*x^5+(1/7*e^3*a^2+6/7*d^2*e*a*c)*x^7+(2/3*d*e^2*a*c+1/9*d^3*c^2)*x^9+(2/11*e^3*a*c+3/11*d^2*e*c^2)*x^{11}+3/13*c^2*d*e^2*x^{13}+1/15*c^2*e^3*x^{15}}{45045}$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)^3*(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a^2*d^3*x+a^2*d^2*e*x^3+(3/5*d*e^2*a^2+2/5*d^3*a*c)*x^5+(1/7*e^3*a^2+6/7*d^2*e*a*c)*x^7+(2/3*d*e^2*a*c+1/9*d^3*c^2)*x^9+(2/11*e^3*a*c+3/11*d^2*e*c^2)*x^11+3/13*c^2*d*e^2*x^13+1/15*c^2*e^3*x^15
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{1}{15} c^2 e^3 x^{15} + \frac{3}{13} c^2 d e^2 x^{13} + \frac{1}{11} (3c^2 d^2 e + 2ace^3) x^{11} \\ + \frac{1}{9} (c^2 d^3 + 6acde^2) x^9 + a^2 d^2 e x^3 \\ + \frac{1}{7} (6acd^2 e + a^2 e^3) x^7 + a^2 d^3 x + \frac{1}{5} (2acd^3 + 3a^2 d e^2) x^5$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/15*c^2*e^3*x^15 + 3/13*c^2*d*e^2*x^13 + 1/11*(3*c^2*d^2*e + 2*a*c*e^3)*x^11 + 1/9*(c^2*d^3 + 6*a*c*d*e^2)*x^9 + a^2*d^2*e*x^3 + 1/7*(6*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*x^7 + a^2*d^3*x + 1/5*(2*a*c*d^3 + 3*a^2*d*e^2)*x^5`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4)^2 dx = a^2 d^3 x + a^2 d^2 e x^3 + \frac{3c^2 d e^2 x^{13}}{13} + \frac{c^2 e^3 x^{15}}{15} + x^{11} \\ \cdot \left(\frac{2ace^3}{11} + \frac{3c^2 d^2 e}{11} \right) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{2acde^2}{3} + \frac{c^2 d^3}{9} \right) \\ + x^7 \left(\frac{a^2 e^3}{7} + \frac{6acd^2 e}{7} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{3a^2 d e^2}{5} + \frac{2acd^3}{5} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**3*(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`output `a**2*d**3*x + a**2*d**2*e*x**3 + 3*c**2*d*e**2*x**13/13 + c**2*e**3*x**15/15 + x**11*(2*a*c*e**3/11 + 3*c**2*d**2*e/11) + x**9*(2*a*c*d*e**2/3 + c**2*d**3/9) + x**7*(a**2*e**3/7 + 6*a*c*d**2*e/7) + x**5*(3*a**2*d*e**2/5 + 2*a*c*d**3/5)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{1}{15} c^2 e^3 x^{15} + \frac{3}{13} c^2 d e^2 x^{13} + \frac{1}{11} (3c^2 d^2 e + 2ace^3) x^{11} \\ + \frac{1}{9} (c^2 d^3 + 6acde^2) x^9 + a^2 d^2 e x^3 \\ + \frac{1}{7} (6acd^2 e + a^2 e^3) x^7 + a^2 d^3 x + \frac{1}{5} (2acd^3 + 3a^2 d e^2) x^5$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/15*c^2*e^3*x^15 + 3/13*c^2*d*e^2*x^13 + 1/11*(3*c^2*d^2*e + 2*a*c*e^3)*x^11 + 1/9*(c^2*d^3 + 6*a*c*d*e^2)*x^9 + a^2*d^2*e*x^3 + 1/7*(6*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*x^7 + a^2*d^3*x + 1/5*(2*a*c*d^3 + 3*a^2*d*e^2)*x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{1}{15} c^2 e^3 x^{15} + \frac{3}{13} c^2 d e^2 x^{13} + \frac{3}{11} c^2 d^2 e x^{11} + \frac{2}{11} a c e^3 x^{11} \\ + \frac{1}{9} c^2 d^3 x^9 + \frac{2}{3} a c d e^2 x^9 + \frac{6}{7} a c d^2 e x^7 + \frac{1}{7} a^2 e^3 x^7 \\ + \frac{2}{5} a c d^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{5} a^2 d e^2 x^5 + a^2 d^2 e x^3 + a^2 d^3 x$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/15*c^2*e^3*x^15 + 3/13*c^2*d*e^2*x^13 + 3/11*c^2*d^2*e*x^11 + 2/11*a*c*e^3*x^11 + 1/9*c^2*d^3*x^9 + 2/3*a*c*d*e^2*x^9 + 6/7*a*c*d^2*e*x^7 + 1/7*a^2*e^3*x^7 + 2/5*a*c*d^3*x^5 + 3/5*a^2*d*e^2*x^5 + a^2*d^2*e*x^3 + a^2*d^3*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4)^2 dx = x^5 \left(\frac{3a^2 d e^2}{5} + \frac{2c a d^3}{5} \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{a^2 e^3}{7} + \frac{6c a d^2 e}{7} \right) \\ + x^9 \left(\frac{c^2 d^3}{9} + \frac{2a c d e^2}{3} \right) + x^{11} \left(\frac{3c^2 d^2 e}{11} + \frac{2a c e^3}{11} \right) \\ + a^2 d^3 x + \frac{c^2 e^3 x^{15}}{15} + a^2 d^2 e x^3 + \frac{3c^2 d e^2 x^{13}}{13}$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`output `x^5*((3*a^2*d*e^2)/5 + (2*a*c*d^3)/5) + x^7*((a^2*e^3)/7 + (6*a*c*d^2*e)/7) + x^9*((c^2*d^3)/9 + (2*a*c*d*e^2)/3) + x^11*((3*c^2*d^2*e)/11 + (2*a*c*e^3)/11) + a^2*d^3*x + (c^2*e^3*x^15)/15 + a^2*d^2*e*x^3 + (3*c^2*d*e^2*x^13)/13`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + cx^4)^2 dx \\ = \frac{x(3003c^2e^3x^{14} + 10395c^2de^2x^{12} + 8190ace^3x^{10} + 12285c^2d^2ex^{10} + 30030acd e^2x^8 + 5005c^2d^3x^8 + 6435a^2d^3x^6 + 18018a^2cde^2x^6 + 38610a^2c^2d^2ex^6 + 30030a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 8190a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 5005a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 12285a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 3003a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4)}{45045}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3*(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`output `(x*(45045*a**2*d**3 + 45045*a**2*d**2*e*x**2 + 27027*a**2*d*e**2*x**4 + 6435*a**2*e**3*x**6 + 18018*a*c*d**3*x**4 + 38610*a*c*d**2*e*x**6 + 30030*a*c*d*e**2*x**8 + 8190*a*c*e**3*x**10 + 5005*c**2*d**3*x**8 + 12285*c**2*d**2*e*x**10 + 10395*c**2*d*e**2*x**12 + 3003*c**2*e**3*x**14))/45045`

3.303 $\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2 dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	2425
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2 dx = a^2 d^2 x + \frac{2}{3} a^2 d e x^3 + \frac{1}{5} a (2 c d^2 + a e^2) x^5 + \frac{4}{7} a c d e x^7 + \frac{1}{9} c (c d^2 + 2 a e^2) x^9 + \frac{2}{11} c^2 d e x^{11} + \frac{1}{13} c^2 e^2 x^{13}$$

output

```
a^2*d^2*x+2/3*a^2*d*e*x^3+1/5*a*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x^5+4/7*a*c*d*e*x^7+1/9*c*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^9+2/11*c^2*d*e*x^11+1/13*c^2*e^2*x^13
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2 dx = a^2 d^2 x + \frac{2}{3} a^2 d e x^3 + \frac{1}{5} a (2 c d^2 + a e^2) x^5 + \frac{4}{7} a c d e x^7 + \frac{1}{9} c (c d^2 + 2 a e^2) x^9 + \frac{2}{11} c^2 d e x^{11} + \frac{1}{13} c^2 e^2 x^{13}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

$$a^2 d^2 x + (2 a^2 d e x^3) / 3 + (a (2 c d^2 + a e^2) x^5) / 5 + (4 a c d e x^7) / 7 + (c (c d^2 + 2 a e^2) x^9) / 9 + (2 c^2 d e x^{11}) / 11 + (c^2 e^2 x^{13}) / 13$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1468, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + c x^4)^2 (d + e x^2)^2 dx$$

↓ 1468

$$\int (a^2 d^2 + 2 a^2 d e x^2 + c x^8 (2 a e^2 + c d^2) + a x^4 (a e^2 + 2 c d^2) + 4 a c d e x^6 + 2 c^2 d e x^{10} + c^2 e^2 x^{12}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a^2 d^2 x + \frac{2}{3} a^2 d e x^3 + \frac{1}{9} c x^9 (2 a e^2 + c d^2) + \frac{1}{5} a x^5 (a e^2 + 2 c d^2) + \frac{4}{7} a c d e x^7 + \frac{2}{11} c^2 d e x^{11} + \frac{1}{13} c^2 e^2 x^{13}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

$$a^2 d^2 x + (2 a^2 d e x^3) / 3 + (a (2 c d^2 + a e^2) x^5) / 5 + (4 a c d e x^7) / 7 + (c (c d^2 + 2 a e^2) x^9) / 9 + (2 c^2 d e x^{11}) / 11 + (c^2 e^2 x^{13}) / 13$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1468 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := I
nt[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
default	$\frac{c^2e^2x^{13}}{13} + \frac{2c^2dex^{11}}{11} + \frac{(2e^2ac+d^2c^2)x^9}{9} + \frac{4acdex^7}{7} + \frac{(a^2e^2+2d^2ac)x^5}{5} + \frac{2a^2dex^3}{3} + a^2d^2x$
norman	$\frac{c^2e^2x^{13}}{13} + \frac{2c^2dex^{11}}{11} + (\frac{2}{9}e^2ac + \frac{1}{9}d^2c^2) x^9 + \frac{4acdex^7}{7} + (\frac{1}{5}a^2e^2 + \frac{2}{5}d^2ac) x^5 + \frac{2a^2dex^3}{3} + a^2d^2x$
gospers	$\frac{1}{13}c^2e^2x^{13} + \frac{2}{11}c^2dex^{11} + \frac{2}{9}x^9e^2ac + \frac{1}{9}x^9d^2c^2 + \frac{4}{7}acdex^7 + \frac{1}{5}x^5a^2e^2 + \frac{2}{5}x^5d^2ac + \frac{2}{3}a^2dex^3 + a^2d^2x$
risch	$\frac{1}{13}c^2e^2x^{13} + \frac{2}{11}c^2dex^{11} + \frac{2}{9}x^9e^2ac + \frac{1}{9}x^9d^2c^2 + \frac{4}{7}acdex^7 + \frac{1}{5}x^5a^2e^2 + \frac{2}{5}x^5d^2ac + \frac{2}{3}a^2dex^3 + a^2d^2x$
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{13}c^2e^2x^{13} + \frac{2}{11}c^2dex^{11} + \frac{2}{9}x^9e^2ac + \frac{1}{9}x^9d^2c^2 + \frac{4}{7}acdex^7 + \frac{1}{5}x^5a^2e^2 + \frac{2}{5}x^5d^2ac + \frac{2}{3}a^2dex^3 + a^2d^2x$
orering	$\frac{x(3465e^2c^2x^{12}+8190dec^2x^{10}+10010ace^2x^8+5005c^2d^2x^8+25740deacx^6+9009a^2e^2x^4+18018acd^2x^4+30030dea^2x^2+45045a^2d^2)}{45045}$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)^2*(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/13*c^2*e^2*x^13+2/11*c^2*d*e*x^11+1/9*(2*a*c*e^2+c^2*d^2)*x^9+4/7*a*c*d*
e*x^7+1/5*(a^2*e^2+2*a*c*d^2)*x^5+2/3*a^2*d*e*x^3+a^2*d^2*x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{1}{13} c^2e^2x^{13} + \frac{2}{11} c^2dex^{11} + \frac{4}{7} acdex^7 + \frac{1}{9} (c^2d^2 + 2ace^2)x^9 + \frac{2}{3} a^2dex^3 + \frac{1}{5} (2acd^2 + a^2e^2)x^5 + a^2d^2x$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/13*c^2*e^2*x^13 + 2/11*c^2*d*e*x^11 + 4/7*a*c*d*e*x^7 + 1/9*(c^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*e^2)*x^9 + 2/3*a^2*d*e*x^3 + 1/5*(2*a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*x^5 + a^2*d^2*x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2 dx = a^2 d^2 x + \frac{2a^2 dex^3}{3} + \frac{4acdex^7}{7} + \frac{2c^2 dex^{11}}{11} + \frac{c^2 e^2 x^{13}}{13} + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{2ace^2}{9} + \frac{c^2 d^2}{9} \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{a^2 e^2}{5} + \frac{2acd^2}{5} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`

output `a**2*d**2*x + 2*a**2*d*e*x**3/3 + 4*a*c*d*e*x**7/7 + 2*c**2*d*e*x**11/11 + c**2*e**2*x**13/13 + x**9*(2*a*c*e**2/9 + c**2*d**2/9) + x**5*(a**2*e**2/5 + 2*a*c*d**2/5)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{1}{13} c^2 e^2 x^{13} + \frac{2}{11} c^2 dex^{11} + \frac{4}{7} acdex^7 + \frac{1}{9} (c^2 d^2 + 2ace^2) x^9 + \frac{2}{3} a^2 dex^3 + \frac{1}{5} (2acd^2 + a^2 e^2) x^5 + a^2 d^2 x$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/13*c^2*e^2*x^13 + 2/11*c^2*d*e*x^11 + 4/7*a*c*d*e*x^7 + 1/9*(c^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*e^2)*x^9 + 2/3*a^2*d*e*x^3 + 1/5*(2*a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*x^5 + a^2*d^2*x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{1}{13} c^2 e^2 x^{13} + \frac{2}{11} c^2 d e x^{11} + \frac{1}{9} c^2 d^2 x^9 + \frac{2}{9} a c e^2 x^9$$

$$+ \frac{4}{7} a c d e x^7 + \frac{2}{5} a c d^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{5} a^2 e^2 x^5 + \frac{2}{3} a^2 d e x^3 + a^2 d^2 x$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/13*c^2*e^2*x^13 + 2/11*c^2*d*e*x^11 + 1/9*c^2*d^2*x^9 + 2/9*a*c*e^2*x^9 + 4/7*a*c*d*e*x^7 + 2/5*a*c*d^2*x^5 + 1/5*a^2*e^2*x^5 + 2/3*a^2*d*e*x^3 + a^2*d^2*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2 dx = x^5 \left(\frac{a^2 e^2}{5} + \frac{2 c a d^2}{5} \right) + x^9 \left(\frac{c^2 d^2}{9} + \frac{2 a c e^2}{9} \right) + a^2 d^2 x$$

$$+ \frac{c^2 e^2 x^{13}}{13} + \frac{2 a^2 d e x^3}{3} + \frac{2 c^2 d e x^{11}}{11} + \frac{4 a c d e x^7}{7}$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `x^5*((a^2*e^2)/5 + (2*a*c*d^2)/5) + x^9*((c^2*d^2)/9 + (2*a*c*e^2)/9) + a^2*d^2*x + (c^2*e^2*x^13)/13 + (2*a^2*d*e*x^3)/3 + (2*c^2*d*e*x^11)/11 + (4*a*c*d*e*x^7)/7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(3465c^2e^2x^{12} + 8190c^2dex^{10} + 10010ace^2x^8 + 5005c^2d^2x^8 + 25740acdex^6 + 9009a^2e^2x^4 + 18018acd^2x^4 + 3465c^2e^2x^2 + 18018acd^2x^2 + 3465c^2e^2x^2 + 18018acd^2x^2 + 3465c^2e^2x^2 + 18018acd^2x^2)}{45045}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`output `(x*(45045*a**2*d**2 + 30030*a**2*d*e*x**2 + 9009*a**2*e**2*x**4 + 18018*a*c*d**2*x**4 + 25740*a*c*d*e*x**6 + 10010*a*c*e**2*x**8 + 5005*c**2*d**2*x**8 + 8190*c**2*d*e*x**10 + 3465*c**2*e**2*x**12))/45045`

3.304 $\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2430
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2430
Rubi [A] (verified)	2431
Maple [A] (verified)	2432
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2432
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2433
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2433
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2433
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2434
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2434

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^2 dx = a^2 dx + \frac{1}{3} a^2 ex^3 + \frac{2}{5} acdx^5 + \frac{2}{7} acex^7 + \frac{1}{9} c^2 dx^9 + \frac{1}{11} c^2 ex^{11}$$

output

```
a^2*d*x+1/3*a^2*e*x^3+2/5*a*c*d*x^5+2/7*a*c*e*x^7+1/9*c^2*d*x^9+1/11*c^2*e*x^11
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^2 dx = a^2 dx + \frac{1}{3} a^2 ex^3 + \frac{2}{5} acdx^5 + \frac{2}{7} acex^7 + \frac{1}{9} c^2 dx^9 + \frac{1}{11} c^2 ex^{11}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```
a^2*d*x + (a^2*e*x^3)/3 + (2*a*c*d*x^5)/5 + (2*a*c*e*x^7)/7 + (c^2*d*x^9)/9 + (c^2*e*x^11)/11
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1468, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^4)^2 (d + ex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1468$$

$$\int (a^2d + a^2ex^2 + 2acdx^4 + 2acex^6 + c^2dx^8 + c^2ex^{10}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^2dx + \frac{1}{3}a^2ex^3 + \frac{2}{5}acdx^5 + \frac{2}{7}acex^7 + \frac{1}{9}c^2dx^9 + \frac{1}{11}c^2ex^{11}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output `a^2*d*x + (a^2*e*x^3)/3 + (2*a*c*d*x^5)/5 + (2*a*c*e*x^7)/7 + (c^2*d*x^9)/9 + (c^2*e*x^11)/11`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1468 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
gospers	$a^2 dx + \frac{1}{3}a^2 e x^3 + \frac{2}{5}acd x^5 + \frac{2}{7}ace x^7 + \frac{1}{9}c^2 dx^9 + \frac{1}{11}c^2 e x^{11}$	51
default	$a^2 dx + \frac{1}{3}a^2 e x^3 + \frac{2}{5}acd x^5 + \frac{2}{7}ace x^7 + \frac{1}{9}c^2 dx^9 + \frac{1}{11}c^2 e x^{11}$	51
norman	$a^2 dx + \frac{1}{3}a^2 e x^3 + \frac{2}{5}acd x^5 + \frac{2}{7}ace x^7 + \frac{1}{9}c^2 dx^9 + \frac{1}{11}c^2 e x^{11}$	51
risch	$a^2 dx + \frac{1}{3}a^2 e x^3 + \frac{2}{5}acd x^5 + \frac{2}{7}ace x^7 + \frac{1}{9}c^2 dx^9 + \frac{1}{11}c^2 e x^{11}$	51
parallelrisch	$a^2 dx + \frac{1}{3}a^2 e x^3 + \frac{2}{5}acd x^5 + \frac{2}{7}ace x^7 + \frac{1}{9}c^2 dx^9 + \frac{1}{11}c^2 e x^{11}$	51
orering	$\frac{x(315c^2ex^{10}+385d^2c^2x^8+990acex^6+1386acd^2x^4+1155a^2e^2x^2+3465a^2d)}{3465}$	54

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a^2*d*x+1/3*a^2*e*x^3+2/5*a*c*d*x^5+2/7*a*c*e*x^7+1/9*c^2*d*x^9+1/11*c^2*e*x^11`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{1}{11} c^2 ex^{11} + \frac{1}{9} c^2 dx^9 + \frac{2}{7} acex^7 + \frac{2}{5} acdx^5 + \frac{1}{3} a^2 ex^3 + a^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/11*c^2*e*x^11 + 1/9*c^2*d*x^9 + 2/7*a*c*e*x^7 + 2/5*a*c*d*x^5 + 1/3*a^2*e*x^3 + a^2*d*x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^2 dx = a^2 dx + \frac{a^2 ex^3}{3} + \frac{2acdx^5}{5} + \frac{2acex^7}{7} + \frac{c^2 dx^9}{9} + \frac{c^2 ex^{11}}{11}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`output `a**2*d*x + a**2*e*x**3/3 + 2*a*c*d*x**5/5 + 2*a*c*e*x**7/7 + c**2*d*x**9/9 + c**2*e*x**11/11`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{1}{11} c^2 ex^{11} + \frac{1}{9} c^2 dx^9 + \frac{2}{7} acex^7 + \frac{2}{5} acdx^5 + \frac{1}{3} a^2 ex^3 + a^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/11*c^2*e*x^11 + 1/9*c^2*d*x^9 + 2/7*a*c*e*x^7 + 2/5*a*c*d*x^5 + 1/3*a^2*e*x^3 + a^2*d*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{1}{11} c^2 ex^{11} + \frac{1}{9} c^2 dx^9 + \frac{2}{7} acex^7 + \frac{2}{5} acdx^5 + \frac{1}{3} a^2 ex^3 + a^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/11*c^2*e*x^11 + 1/9*c^2*d*x^9 + 2/7*a*c*e*x^7 + 2/5*a*c*d*x^5 + 1/3*a^2*e*x^3 + a^2*d*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{ea^2x^3}{3} + da^2x + \frac{2eacx^7}{7} + \frac{2dacx^5}{5} + \frac{ec^2x^{11}}{11} + \frac{dc^2x^9}{9}$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2),x)`output `(a^2*e*x^3)/3 + (c^2*d*x^9)/9 + (c^2*e*x^11)/11 + a^2*d*x + (2*a*c*d*x^5)/5 + (2*a*c*e*x^7)/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{x(315c^2ex^{10} + 385c^2dx^8 + 990acex^6 + 1386acd x^4 + 1155a^2ex^2 + 3465a^2d)}{3465}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`output `(x*(3465*a**2*d + 1155*a**2*e*x**2 + 1386*a*c*d*x**4 + 990*a*c*e*x**6 + 385*c**2*d*x**8 + 315*c**2*e*x**10))/3465`

3.305 $\int (a + cx^4)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2435
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2435
Rubi [A] (verified)	2436
Maple [A] (verified)	2437
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2437
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2438
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2438
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2438
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2439
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2439

Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int (a + cx^4)^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{2}{5}acx^5 + \frac{c^2x^9}{9}$$

output

```
a^2*x+2/5*a*c*x^5+1/9*c^2*x^9
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + cx^4)^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{2}{5}acx^5 + \frac{c^2x^9}{9}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```
a^2*x + (2*a*c*x^5)/5 + (c^2*x^9)/9
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {747, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^4)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 747$$

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^4 + c^2x^8) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^2x + \frac{2}{5}acx^5 + \frac{c^2x^9}{9}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output `a^2*x + (2*a*c*x^5)/5 + (c^2*x^9)/9`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 747 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
gospers	$a^2x + \frac{2}{5}acx^5 + \frac{1}{9}c^2x^9$	22
default	$a^2x + \frac{2}{5}acx^5 + \frac{1}{9}c^2x^9$	22
norman	$a^2x + \frac{2}{5}acx^5 + \frac{1}{9}c^2x^9$	22
risch	$a^2x + \frac{2}{5}acx^5 + \frac{1}{9}c^2x^9$	22
parallelrisch	$a^2x + \frac{2}{5}acx^5 + \frac{1}{9}c^2x^9$	22
orering	$\frac{x(5c^2x^8+18acx^4+45a^2)}{45}$	25

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a^2*x+2/5*a*c*x^5+1/9*c^2*x^9`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{1}{9}c^2x^9 + \frac{2}{5}acx^5 + a^2x$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/9*c^2*x^9 + 2/5*a*c*x^5 + a^2*x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + cx^4)^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{2acx^5}{5} + \frac{c^2x^9}{9}$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)**2,x)`output `a**2*x + 2*a*c*x**5/5 + c**2*x**9/9`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{1}{9}c^2x^9 + \frac{2}{5}acx^5 + a^2x$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*c^2*x^9 + 2/5*a*c*x^5 + a^2*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{1}{9}c^2x^9 + \frac{2}{5}acx^5 + a^2x$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/9*c^2*x^9 + 2/5*a*c*x^5 + a^2*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + cx^4)^2 dx = a^2 x + \frac{2acx^5}{5} + \frac{c^2 x^9}{9}$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^2,x)`

output `a^2*x + (c^2*x^9)/9 + (2*a*c*x^5)/5`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{x(5c^2x^8 + 18acx^4 + 45a^2)}{45}$$

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output `(x*(45*a**2 + 18*a*c*x**4 + 5*c**2*x**8))/45`

3.306 $\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{d+ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	2440
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2440
Rubi [A] (verified)	2441
Maple [A] (verified)	2442
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2442
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2443
Maxima [F(-2)]	2444
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2444
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2445
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2445

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{d + ex^2} dx = -\frac{cd(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x}{e^4} + \frac{c(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^3}{3e^3} - \frac{c^2dx^5}{5e^2} + \frac{c^2x^7}{7e} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-c*d*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/e^4+1/3*c*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^3/e^3-1/5*c^2*d*x^5/e^2+1/7*c^2*x^7/e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{cx(70ae^2(-3d + ex^2) + c(-105d^3 + 35d^2ex^2 - 21de^2x^4 + 15e^3x^6))}{105e^4} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(c*x*(70*a*e^2*(-3*d + e*x^2) + c*(-105*d^3 + 35*d^2*e*x^2 - 21*d*e^2*x^4 + 15*e^3*x^6)))/(105*e^4) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*e^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1468, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{d + ex^2} dx$$

↓ 1468

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4}{e^4(d + ex^2)} - \frac{cd(2ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{cx^2(2ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^3} - \frac{c^2dx^4}{e^2} + \frac{c^2x^6}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}e^{9/2}} - \frac{cdx(2ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{cx^3(2ae^2 + cd^2)}{3e^3} - \frac{c^2dx^5}{5e^2} + \frac{c^2x^7}{7e}$$

input

```
Int[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2),x]
```

output

```
-((c*d*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x)/e^4) + (c*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x^3)/(3*e^3) - (c^2*d*x^5)/(5*e^2) + (c^2*x^7)/(7*e) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*e^(9/2))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1468

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$-\frac{c\left(-\frac{cx^7e^3}{7} + \frac{dcx^5e^2}{5} - \frac{e(2ae^2+cd^2)x^3}{3} + xd(2ae^2+cd^2)\right)}{e^4} + \frac{(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{e^4\sqrt{de}}$
risch	$\frac{c^2x^7}{7e} - \frac{c^2dx^5}{5e^2} + \frac{2cax^3}{3e} + \frac{c^2d^2x^3}{3e^3} - \frac{2cadx}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^3x}{e^4} - \frac{\ln(ex+\sqrt{-de})a^2}{2\sqrt{-de}} - \frac{\ln(ex+\sqrt{-de})acd^2}{e^2\sqrt{-de}} - \frac{\ln(ex+\sqrt{-de})c^2d^4}{2e^4\sqrt{-de}}$

input

```
int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-c/e^4*(-1/7*c*x^7*e^3+1/5*d*c*x^5*e^2-1/3*e*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^3+x*d*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2))+(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/e^4/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{30c^2de^4x^7 - 42c^2d^2e^3x^5 + 70(c^2d^3e^2 + 2acde^4)x^3 - 105(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\sqrt{-de} \log\left(\frac{ex^2 - 2\sqrt{-de}}{ex^2 + d}\right)}{210de^5}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/210*(30*c^2*d*e^4*x^7 - 42*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^5 + 70*(c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*a*c*d*
e^4)*x^3 - 105*(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-d*e)*log((e*x^2 -
2*sqrt(-d*e)*x - d)/(e*x^2 + d)) - 210*(c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3)*x)/(d*
e^5), 1/105*(15*c^2*d*e^4*x^7 - 21*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^5 + 35*(c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*a
*c*d*e^4)*x^3 + 105*(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(d*e)*arctan(s
qrt(d*e)*x/d) - 105*(c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3)*x)/(d*e^5)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 236 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{d + ex^2} dx = -\frac{c^2 dx^5}{5e^2} + \frac{c^2 x^7}{7e} + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{2ac}{3e} + \frac{c^2 d^2}{3e^3} \right) + x \left(-\frac{2acd}{e^2} - \frac{c^2 d^3}{e^4} \right) \\ - \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{de^9}}(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 \log \left(-\frac{de^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{de^9}}(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{a^2 e^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4} + x \right)}{2} \\ + \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{de^9}}(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 \log \left(\frac{de^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{de^9}}(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{a^2 e^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4} + x \right)}{2}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d),x)
```

output

```
-c**2*d*x**5/(5*e**2) + c**2*x**7/(7*e) + x**3*(2*a*c/(3*e) + c**2*d**2/(3
*e**3)) + x*(-2*a*c*d/e**2 - c**2*d**3/e**4) - sqrt(-1/(d*e**9))*(a*e**2 +
c*d**2)**2*log(-d*e**4*sqrt(-1/(d*e**9))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(a**2*e**4
+ 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4) + x)/2 + sqrt(-1/(d*e**9))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2
)**2*log(d*e**4*sqrt(-1/(d*e**9))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*
d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4) + x)/2
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right) + \frac{15c^2e^6x^7 - 21c^2de^5x^5 + 35c^2d^2e^4x^3 + 70ace^6x^3 - 105c^2d^3e^3x - 210acde^5x}{105e^7}}{\sqrt{dee^4}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*arctan(e*x/sqrt(d*e))/(sqrt(d*e)*e^4) + 1/105*(15*c^2*e^6*x^7 - 21*c^2*d*e^5*x^5 + 35*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^3 + 70*a*c*e^6*x^3 - 105*c^2*d^3*e^3*x - 210*a*c*d*e^5*x)/e^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{d + ex^2} dx = x^3 \left(\frac{c^2 d^2}{3e^3} + \frac{2ac}{3e} \right) + \frac{c^2 x^7}{7e} - \frac{c^2 dx^5}{5e^2} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x(c d^2 + a e^2)^2}{\sqrt{d}(a^2 e^4 + 2ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}\right) (c d^2 + a e^2)^2}{\sqrt{d} e^{9/2}} - \frac{dx \left(\frac{c^2 d^2}{e^3} + \frac{2ac}{e} \right)}{e}$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2),x)`output `x^3*((c^2*d^2)/(3*e^3) + (2*a*c)/(3*e)) + (c^2*x^7)/(7*e) - (c^2*d*x^5)/(5*e^2) + (atan((e^(1/2)*x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2)/(d^(1/2)*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)))*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2)/(d^(1/2)*e^(9/2)) - (d*x*((c^2*d^2)/e^3 + (2*a*c)/e))/e`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{105\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)a^2e^4 + 210\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)ac d^2e^2 + 105\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)c^2d^4 - 210acd^2}{105de^5}$$

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d),x)`output `(105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*e**4 + 210*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c**2*d**4 - 210*a*c*d**2*e**3*x + 70*a*c*d**4*x**3 - 105*c**2*d**4*e*x + 35*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**3 - 21*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**5 + 15*c**2*d*e**4*x**7)/(105*d*e**5)`

3.307 $\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2446
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2446
Rubi [A] (verified)	2447
Maple [A] (verified)	2448
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2449
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2450
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2451
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2451
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2452

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{c(3cd^2 + 2ae^2)x}{e^4} - \frac{2c^2dx^3}{3e^3} + \frac{c^2x^5}{5e^2} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 x}{2de^4(d + ex^2)} - \frac{(7cd^2 - ae^2)(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}e^{9/2}}$$

```
output c*(2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x/e^4-2/3*c^2*d*x^3/e^3+1/5*c^2*x^5/e^2+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)-1/2*(-a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{c(3cd^2 + 2ae^2)x}{e^4} - \frac{2c^2dx^3}{3e^3} + \frac{c^2x^5}{5e^2} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 x}{2de^4(d + ex^2)} - \frac{(7c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}e^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output $(c*(3*c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x)/e^4 - (2*c^2*d*x^3)/(3*e^3) + (c^2*x^5)/(5*e^2) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*x)/(2*d*e^4*(d + e*x^2)) - ((7*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(2*d^(3/2)*e^(9/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 2341, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1472

$$\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{2de^4(d + ex^2)} - \int \frac{\frac{2c^2dx^6}{e} - \frac{2c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} + \frac{2cd(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + a^2 - \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^4}}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

↓ 25

$$\int \frac{\frac{2c^2dx^6}{e} - \frac{2c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} + \frac{2cd(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + a^2 - \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^4}}{2d} dx + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{2de^4(d + ex^2)}$$

↓ 2341

$$\int \left(\frac{2c^2dx^4}{e^2} - \frac{4c^2d^2x^2}{e^3} + \frac{2cd(3cd^2 + 2ae^2)}{e^4} + \frac{-7c^2d^4 - 6ace^2d^2 + a^2e^4}{e^4(ex^2 + d)} \right) dx + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{2de^4(d + ex^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(7cd^2 - ae^2)(ae^2 + cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}^{9/2}} + \frac{2cdx(2ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4} - \frac{4c^2d^2x^3}{3e^3} + \frac{2c^2dx^5}{5e^2} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{2de^4(d + ex^2)}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*x)/(2*d*e^4*(d + e*x^2)) + ((2*c*d*(3*c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x)/e^4 - (4*c^2*d^2*x^3)/(3*e^3) + (2*c^2*d*x^5)/(5*e^2) - ((7*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*e^(9/2)))/(2*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 1472 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2341 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Pq*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[p, -2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{c(\frac{1}{5}cx^5e^2 - \frac{2}{3}cdx^3e + 2xa e^2 + 3xc d^2)}{e^4} + \frac{(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)x}{2d(e x^2 + d)} + \frac{(a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - 7c^2d^4) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2d\sqrt{de}}$
risch	$\frac{c^2x^5}{5e^2} - \frac{2c^2dx^3}{3e^3} + \frac{2cxa}{e^2} + \frac{3c^2xd^2}{e^4} + \frac{(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)x}{2de^4(ex^2 + d)} - \frac{\ln(ex + \sqrt{-de})a^2}{4\sqrt{-de}d} + \frac{3d \ln(ex + \sqrt{-de})ac}{2e^2\sqrt{-de}} + \frac{7d^3 \ln(ex + \sqrt{-de})}{4e^4\sqrt{-de}}$

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c/e^4*(1/5*c*x^5*e^2-2/3*c*d*x^3*e+2*x*a*e^2+3*x*c*d^2)+1/e^4*(1/2*(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/d*x/(e*x^2+d)+1/2*(a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2-7*c^2*d^4)/d/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12c^2d^2e^4x^7 - 28c^2d^3e^3x^5 + 20(7c^2d^4e^2 + 6acd^2e^4)x^3 + 15(7c^2d^5 + 6acd^3e^2 - a^2de^4 + (7c^2d^4e + 6acd^2e^3 - a^2e^5)x^2)\sqrt{-d*e}\log((e*x^2 - 2*\sqrt{-d*e})*x - d)/(e*x^2 + d) + 30*(7*c^2*d^5*e + 6*a*c*d^3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5)*x)/(d^2*e^6*x^2 + d^3*e^5), 1/30*(6*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^7 - 14*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^5 + 10*(7*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4)*x^3 - 15*(7*c^2*d^5 + 6*a*c*d^3*e^2 - a^2*d*e^4 + (7*c^2*d^4*e + 6*a*c*d^2*e^3 - a^2*e^5)*x^2)*\sqrt{d*e}*arctan(\sqrt{d*e}*x/d) + 15*(7*c^2*d^5*e + 6*a*c*d^3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5)*x)/(d^2*e^6*x^2 + d^3*e^5)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/60*(12*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^7 - 28*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^5 + 20*(7*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4)*x^3 + 15*(7*c^2*d^5 + 6*a*c*d^3*e^2 - a^2*d*e^4 + (7*c^2*d^4*e + 6*a*c*d^2*e^3 - a^2*e^5)*x^2)*sqrt(-d*e)*log((e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-d*e)*x - d)/(e*x^2 + d)) + 30*(7*c^2*d^5*e + 6*a*c*d^3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5)*x)/(d^2*e^6*x^2 + d^3*e^5), 1/30*(6*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^7 - 14*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^5 + 10*(7*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4)*x^3 - 15*(7*c^2*d^5 + 6*a*c*d^3*e^2 - a^2*d*e^4 + (7*c^2*d^4*e + 6*a*c*d^2*e^3 - a^2*e^5)*x^2)*sqrt(d*e)*arctan(sqrt(d*e)*x/d) + 15*(7*c^2*d^5*e + 6*a*c*d^3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5)*x)/(d^2*e^6*x^2 + d^3*e^5)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 314 vs. $2(122) = 244$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2c^2 dx^3}{3e^3} + \frac{c^2 x^5}{5e^2} + x \left(\frac{2ac}{e^2} + \frac{3c^2 d^2}{e^4} \right) + \frac{x(a^2 e^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{2d^2 e^4 + 2de^5 x^2}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^3 e^9} (ae^2 - 7cd^2) (ae^2 + cd^2)} \log \left(-\frac{d^2 e^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^3 e^9} (ae^2 - 7cd^2) (ae^2 + cd^2)}}{a^2 e^4 - 6acd^2 e^2 - 7c^2 d^4} + x \right)}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^3 e^9} (ae^2 - 7cd^2) (ae^2 + cd^2)} \log \left(\frac{d^2 e^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^3 e^9} (ae^2 - 7cd^2) (ae^2 + cd^2)}}{a^2 e^4 - 6acd^2 e^2 - 7c^2 d^4} + x \right)}{4}$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output

```
-2*c**2*d*x**3/(3*e**3) + c**2*x**5/(5*e**2) + x*(2*a*c/e**2 + 3*c**2*d**2/e**4) + x*(a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4)/(2*d**2*e**4 + 2*d*e**5*x**2) - sqrt(-1/(d**3*e**9))*(a*e**2 - 7*c*d**2)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*log(-d**2*e**4*sqrt(-1/(d**3*e**9))*(a*e**2 - 7*c*d**2)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(a**2*e**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 7*c**2*d**4) + x)/4 + sqrt(-1/(d**3*e**9))*(a*e**2 - 7*c*d**2)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*log(d**2*e**4*sqrt(-1/(d**3*e**9))*(a*e**2 - 7*c*d**2)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(a**2*e**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 7*c**2*d**4) + x)/4
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(7c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2\sqrt{dede^4}} + \frac{c^2d^4x + 2acd^2e^2x + a^2e^4x}{2(ex^2 + d)de^4} + \frac{3c^2e^8x^5 - 10c^2de^7x^3 + 45c^2d^2e^6x + 30ace^8x}{15e^{10}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/2*(7*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*arctan(e*x/sqrt(d*e))/(sqrt(d*e
)*d*e^4) + 1/2*(c^2*d^4*x + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2*x + a^2*e^4*x)/((e*x^2 + d)*d*e^
4) + 1/15*(3*c^2*e^8*x^5 - 10*c^2*d*e^7*x^3 + 45*c^2*d^2*e^6*x + 30*a*c*e^
8*x)/e^10
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = x \left(\frac{3c^2d^2}{e^4} + \frac{2ac}{e^2} \right) + \frac{c^2x^5}{5e^2} - \frac{2c^2dx^3}{3e^3} + \frac{x(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{2d(e^5x^2 + de^4)} - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x(c d^2 + a e^2)(a e^2 - 7 c d^2)}{\sqrt{d}(-a^2 e^4 + 6 a c d^2 e^2 + 7 c^2 d^4)}\right) (c d^2 + a e^2) (a e^2 - 7 c d^2)}{2 d^{3/2} e^{9/2}}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)
```


3.308 $\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2453
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2453
Rubi [A] (verified)	2454
Maple [A] (verified)	2456
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2457
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2457
Maxima [F(-2)]	2458
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2458
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2459
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2459

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3c^2 dx}{e^4} + \frac{c^2 x^3}{3e^3} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 x}{4de^4 (d + ex^2)^2} - \frac{(13cd^2 - 3ae^2)(cd^2 + ae^2)x}{8d^2 e^4 (d + ex^2)} + \frac{(35c^2 d^4 + 6acd^2 e^2 + 3a^2 e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8d^{5/2} e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-3*c^2*d*x/e^4+1/3*c^2*x^3/e^3+1/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^2-1/8
*(-3*a*e^2+13*c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/d^2/e^4/(e*x^2+d)+1/8*(3*a^2*e^4+6*a*
c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{x(3a^2 e^4(5d + 3ex^2) - 6acd^2 e^2(3d + 5ex^2) - c^2 d^2(105d^3 + 175d^2 ex^2 + 56de^2 x^4 - 8e^3 x^6))}{24d^2 e^4 (d + ex^2)^2} + \frac{(35c^2 d^4 + 6acd^2 e^2 + 3a^2 e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8d^{5/2} e^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(x*(3*a^2*e^4*(5*d + 3*e*x^2) - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2*(3*d + 5*e*x^2) - c^2*d^2*(105*d^3 + 175*d^2*e*x^2 + 56*d*e^2*x^4 - 8*e^3*x^6)))/(24*d^2*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^2) + ((35*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(8*d^(5/2)*e^(9/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 2345, 25, 1467, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1472

$$\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{4de^4(d + ex^2)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{\frac{4c^2 dx^6}{e} - \frac{4c^2 d^2 x^4}{e^2} + \frac{4cd(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 3a^2 - \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2 d^4}{e^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx}{4d}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{\frac{4c^2 dx^6}{e} - \frac{4c^2 d^2 x^4}{e^2} + \frac{4cd(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 3a^2 - \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2 d^4}{e^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx}{4d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{4de^4(d + ex^2)^2}$$

↓ 2345

$$\frac{x\left(3a^2 - \frac{10acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{13c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{2d(d + ex^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{\frac{11c^2 d^4}{e^4} - \frac{16c^2 x^2 d^3}{e^3} + \frac{8c^2 x^4 d^2}{e^2} + \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + 3a^2}{ex^2 + d} dx}{4d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{4de^4(d + ex^2)^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{\frac{11c^2d^4}{e^4} - \frac{16c^2x^2d^3}{e^3} + \frac{8c^2x^4d^2}{e^2} + \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + 3a^2}{e^2 + d} dx + \frac{x(3a^2 - \frac{10acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{13c^2d^4}{e^4})}{2d(d+ex^2)}}{4d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{4de^4(d+ex^2)^2}$$

↓ 1467

$$\frac{\int \left(-\frac{24c^2d^3}{e^4} + \frac{8c^2x^2d^2}{e^3} + \frac{35c^2d^4 + 6ace^2d^2 + 3a^2e^4}{e^4(ex^2+d)} \right) dx + \frac{x(3a^2 - \frac{10acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{13c^2d^4}{e^4})}{2d(d+ex^2)}}{4d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{4de^4(d+ex^2)^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{(3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) - \frac{24c^2d^3x}{e^4} + \frac{8c^2d^2x^3}{3e^3}}{\sqrt{de}^{9/2}} + \frac{x(3a^2 - \frac{10acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{13c^2d^4}{e^4})}{2d(d+ex^2)}}{4d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{4de^4(d+ex^2)^2}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*x)/(4*d*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (((3*a^2 - (13*c^2*d^4)/e^4 - (10*a*c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(2*d*(d + e*x^2)) + ((-24*c^2*d^3*x)/e^4 + (8*c^2*d^2*x^3)/(3*e^3) + ((35*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*e^(9/2)))/(2*d))/(4*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 1467 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]`

rule 1472 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2345 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$-\frac{c^2(-\frac{1}{3}ex^3+3dx)}{e^4} + \frac{\frac{e(3a^2e^4-10acd^2e^2-13c^2d^4)x^3}{8d^2} + \frac{(5a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2-11c^2d^4)x}{8d}}{(ex^2+d)^2} + \frac{(3a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+35c^2d^4) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{8d^2\sqrt{de}}$
risch	$\frac{c^2x^3}{3e^3} - \frac{3c^2dx}{e^4} + \frac{\frac{e(3a^2e^4-10acd^2e^2-13c^2d^4)x^3}{8d^2} + \frac{(5a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2-11c^2d^4)x}{8d}}{e^4(ex^2+d)^2} - \frac{3\ln(ex+\sqrt{-de})a^2}{16\sqrt{-de}d^2} - \frac{3\ln(ex+\sqrt{-de})ac}{8e^2\sqrt{-de}}$

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-c^2/e^4*(-1/3*e*x^3+3*d*x)+1/e^4*((1/8*e*(3*a^2*e^4-10*a*c*d^2*e^2-13*c^2*d^4)/d^2*x^3+1/8*(5*a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2-11*c^2*d^4)/d*x)/(e*x^2+d)^2+1/8*(3*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)/d^2/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 516, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{16c^2d^3e^4x^7 - 112c^2d^4e^3x^5 - 2(175c^2d^5e^2 + 30acd^3e^4 - 9a^2de^6)x^3 - 3(35c^2d^6 + 6acd^4e^2 + 3a^2d^2e^4}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/48*(16*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^7 - 112*c^2*d^4*e^3*x^5 - 2*(175*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 30*
a*c*d^3*e^4 - 9*a^2*d*e^6)*x^3 - 3*(35*c^2*d^6 + 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*d^2
*e^4 + (35*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^2*e^6)*x^4 + 2*(35*c^2*d^5*e
+ 6*a*c*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*d*e^5)*x^2)*sqrt(-d*e)*log((e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-d*e)*x
- d)/(e*x^2 + d)) - 6*(35*c^2*d^6*e + 6*a*c*d^4*e^3 - 5*a^2*d^2*e^5)*x)/(
d^3*e^7*x^4 + 2*d^4*e^6*x^2 + d^5*e^5), 1/24*(8*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^7 - 56*c^2*d
^4*e^3*x^5 - (175*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 30*a*c*d^3*e^4 - 9*a^2*d*e^6)*x^3 + 3*(35*
c^2*d^6 + 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*d^2*e^4 + (35*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4
+ 3*a^2*e^6)*x^4 + 2*(35*c^2*d^5*e + 6*a*c*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*d*e^5)*x^2)*sqr
t(d*e)*arctan(sqrt(d*e)*x/d) - 3*(35*c^2*d^6*e + 6*a*c*d^4*e^3 - 5*a^2*d^2
*e^5)*x)/(d^3*e^7*x^4 + 2*d^4*e^6*x^2 + d^5*e^5)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3c^2dx}{e^4} + \frac{c^2x^3}{3e^3}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^5e^9}} \cdot (3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \log\left(-d^3e^4\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^5e^9}} + x\right)}{16}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^5e^9}} \cdot (3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \log\left(d^3e^4\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^5e^9}} + x\right)}{16}$$

$$+ \frac{x^3 \cdot (3a^2e^5 - 10acd^2e^3 - 13c^2d^4e) + x(5a^2de^4 - 6acd^3e^2 - 11c^2d^5)}{8d^4e^4 + 16d^3e^5x^2 + 8d^2e^6x^4}$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)`

output `-3*c**2*d*x/e**4 + c**2*x**3/(3*e**3) - sqrt(-1/(d**5*e**9))*(3*a**2*e**4 + 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 35*c**2*d**4)*log(-d**3*e**4*sqrt(-1/(d**5*e**9)) + x)/16 + sqrt(-1/(d**5*e**9))*(3*a**2*e**4 + 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 35*c**2*d**4)*log(d**3*e**4*sqrt(-1/(d**5*e**9)) + x)/16 + (x**3*(3*a**2*e**5 - 10*a*c*d**2*e**3 - 13*c**2*d**4*e) + x*(5*a**2*d*e**4 - 6*a*c*d**3*e**2 - 11*c**2*d**5))/(8*d**4*e**4 + 16*d**3*e**5*x**2 + 8*d**2*e**6*x**4)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx \\ &= \frac{(35c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ded^2e^4}} \\ & \quad - \frac{13c^2d^4ex^3 + 10acd^2e^3x^3 - 3a^2e^5x^3 + 11c^2d^5x + 6acd^3e^2x - 5a^2de^4x}{8(ex^2 + d)^2d^2e^4} \\ & \quad + \frac{c^2e^6x^3 - 9c^2de^5x}{3e^9} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{8}(35c^2d^4 + 6ac^2d^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right) / (\sqrt{d}e)^2 - \frac{1}{8}(13c^2d^4ex^3 + 10ac^2d^2e^3x^3 - 3a^2e^5x^3 + 11c^2d^5x + 6ac^2d^3e^2x - 5a^2de^4x) / ((e^2x^2 + d)^2d^2e^4) + \frac{1}{3}(c^2e^6x^3 - 9c^2de^5x) / e^9$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{c^2 x^3}{3e^3} - \frac{x^3(-3a^2e^5 + 10acd^2e^3 + 13c^2d^4e)}{8d^2} + \frac{x(-5a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 11c^2d^4)}{8d} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)(3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)}{8d^{5/2}e^{9/2}} - \frac{3c^2dx}{e^4}$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output
$$\frac{c^2x^3}{(3e^3)} - \frac{(x^3(13c^2d^4e - 3a^2e^5 + 10ac^2d^2e^3))/(8d^2) + (x(11c^2d^4 - 5a^2e^4 + 6ac^2d^2e^2))/(8d)}{(d^2e^4 + e^6x^4 + 2de^5x^2) + (\operatorname{atan}((e^{1/2})x)/d^{1/2})*(3a^2e^4 + 35c^2d^4 + 6ac^2d^2e^2))/(8d^{5/2}e^{9/2})} - \frac{(3c^2d*x)}{e^4}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{9\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)a^2d^2e^4 + 18\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)a^2de^5x^2 + 9\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)a^2e^6x^4 + 18\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}{\dots}$$

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output

```
(9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*d**2*e**4 + 18*sqrt(
e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*d*e**5*x**2 + 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt
(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*e**6*x**4 + 18*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan
((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*c*d**4*e**2 + 36*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(s
qrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 18*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(
e)*sqrt(d)))*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*
sqrt(d)))*c**2*d**6 + 210*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c*
*2*d**5*e*x**2 + 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c**2*d*
*4*e**2*x**4 + 15*a**2*d**2*e**5*x + 9*a**2*d*e**6*x**3 - 18*a*c*d**4*e**3
*x - 30*a*c*d**3*e**4*x**3 - 105*c**2*d**6*e*x - 175*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**3 -
56*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**5 + 8*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**7)/(24*d**3*e**5*(d**2 + 2*d
*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

3.309 $\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	2461
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2462
Rubi [A] (verified)	2462
Maple [A] (verified)	2466
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2466
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2467
Maxima [F(-2)]	2468
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2468
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2469
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2469

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{c^2x}{e^4} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 x}{6de^4 (d + ex^2)^3} - \frac{(19cd^2 - 5ae^2)(cd^2 + ae^2)x}{24d^2e^4 (d + ex^2)^2} + \frac{(29c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + 5a^2e^4)x}{16d^3e^4 (d + ex^2)} - \frac{(35c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - 5a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16d^{7/2}e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
c^2*x/e^4+1/6*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^3-1/24*(-5*a*e^2+19*c*d^2)
*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/d^2/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^2+1/16*(5*a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+29*c^2*
d^4)*x/d^3/e^4/(e*x^2+d)-1/16*(-5*a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*arctan
(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/d^(7/2)/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(-2acd^2e^2(3d^2 + 8dex^2 - 3e^2x^4) + a^2e^4(33d^2 + 40dex^2 + 15e^2x^4) + c^2d^3(105d^3 + 280d^2ex^2 + 231de^2x^4 + 48e^3x^6))}{48d^3e^4(d + ex^2)^3} - \frac{(35c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - 5a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16d^{7/2}e^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `(x*(-2*a*c*d^2*e^2*(3*d^2 + 8*d*e*x^2 - 3*e^2*x^4) + a^2*e^4*(33*d^2 + 40*d*e*x^2 + 15*e^2*x^4) + c^2*d^3*(105*d^3 + 280*d^2*e*x^2 + 231*d*e^2*x^4 + 48*e^3*x^6)))/(48*d^3*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^3) - ((35*c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(16*d^(7/2)*e^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 2345, 27, 1471, 25, 25, 27, 299, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1472$$

$$\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{6de^4(d + ex^2)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{6c^2dx^6}{e} - \frac{6c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} + \frac{6cd(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 5a^2 - \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^4} dx}{6d}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{6c^2 dx^6}{e} - \frac{6c^2 d^2 x^4}{e^2} + \frac{6cd(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 5a^2 - \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2 d^4}{e^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{6de^4 (d + ex^2)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2345 \\
& \frac{x\left(5a^2 - \frac{14acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{19c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{3\left(\frac{8c^2 d^2 x^4}{e^2} - \frac{16c^2 d^3 x^2}{e^3} + \frac{5c^2 d^4 + 2ace^2 d^2 + 5a^2 e^4}{e^4}\right)}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx}{4d}}{6d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{6de^4 (d + ex^2)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{5c^2 d^4}{e^4} - \frac{16c^2 x^2 d^3}{e^3} + \frac{8c^2 x^4 d^2}{e^2} + \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} + 5a^2}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx}{4d} + \frac{x\left(5a^2 - \frac{14acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{19c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{4d(d+ex^2)^2}}{6d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{6de^4 (d + ex^2)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1471 \\
& \frac{3 \left(\frac{x\left(5a^2 + \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{29c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{2d(d+ex^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{16c^2 x^2 d^3 + \left(-\frac{19c^2 d^4}{e^4} + \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} + 5a^2\right)e^3}{e^3(ex^2 + d)} dx}{2d} \right)}{4d}}{4d} + \frac{x\left(5a^2 - \frac{14acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{19c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{6d}{6de^4 (d + ex^2)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{19c^2 d^4}{e} - 16c^2 x^2 d^3 - 2aced^2 - 5a^2 e^3}{e^3(ex^2 + d)} dx}{2d} + \frac{x\left(5a^2 + \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{29c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{2d(d+ex^2)} \right)}{4d}}{4d} + \frac{x\left(5a^2 - \frac{14acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{19c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{6d}{6de^4 (d + ex^2)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{3 \left(\frac{x\left(5a^2 + \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{29c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{2d(d+ex^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{19c^2 d^4}{e} - 16c^2 x^2 d^3 - 2aced^2 - 5a^2 e^3}{e^3(ex^2 + d)} dx}{2d} \right)}{4d}}{4d} + \frac{x\left(5a^2 - \frac{14acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{19c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{6d}{6de^4 (d + ex^2)^3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{x \left(5a^2 + \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{29c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{2d(d+ex^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{19c^2d^4 - 16c^2x^2d^3 - 2aced^2 - 5a^2e^3}{ex^2+d} dx}{2de^3} \right)}{4d} + \frac{x \left(5a^2 - \frac{14acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{19c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} + \\
 & \frac{6d}{6de^4} \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{(d + ex^2)^3} \\
 & \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{x \left(5a^2 + \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{29c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{2d(d+ex^2)} - \frac{(-5a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{ex^2+d} dx - 16c^2d^3x}{e \cdot 2de^3} \right)}{4d} + \frac{x \left(5a^2 - \frac{14acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{19c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} + \\
 & \frac{6d}{6de^4} \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{(d + ex^2)^3} \\
 & \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{x \left(5a^2 + \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{29c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{2d(d+ex^2)} - \frac{(-5a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) - 16c^2d^3x}{\sqrt{de^3/2} \cdot 2de^3} \right)}{4d} + \frac{x \left(5a^2 - \frac{14acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{19c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} + \\
 & \frac{6d}{6de^4} \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{(d + ex^2)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*x)/(6*d*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^3) + (((5*a^2 - (19*c^2*d^4)/e^4 - (14*a*c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(4*d*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (3*((5*a^2 + (29*c^2*d^4)/e^4 + (2*a*c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(2*d*(d + e*x^2)) - ((-16*c^2*d^3*x)/e + ((35*c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*e^(3/2)))/(2*d*e^3))/(4*d))/(6*d)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 299 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}*x*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}/(\text{b}*(2*\text{p} + 3))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{a}*d - \text{b}*c*(2*\text{p} + 3))/(\text{b}*(2*\text{p} + 3)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*\text{p} + 3, 0]$
- rule 1471 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}*(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2 + (\text{c}_.)*(\text{x}_)^4)^{(\text{p}_.)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{Qx} = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{d} + \text{e}*x^2, \text{x}], \text{R} = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{d} + \text{e}*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}, 0]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{-R})*x*((\text{d} + \text{e}*x^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)}/(2*d*(q + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*x^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)}*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*d*(q + 1)*\text{Qx} + \text{R}*(2*q + 3), \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{c}*d^2 - \text{b}*d*\text{e} + \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{q}, -1]$
- rule 1472 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}*(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(\text{x}_)^4)^{(\text{p}_.)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{Qx} = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{d} + \text{e}*x^2, \text{x}], \text{R} = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{d} + \text{e}*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}, 0]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{-R})*x*((\text{d} + \text{e}*x^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)}/(2*d*(q + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*x^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)}*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*d*(q + 1)*\text{Qx} + \text{R}*(2*q + 3), \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{q}, -1]$

rule 2345

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$\frac{c^2 x}{e^4} + \frac{e^2(5a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + 29c^2d^4)x^5}{16d^3} + \frac{e(5a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 17c^2d^4)x^3}{(ex^2+d)^3} + \frac{(11a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 19c^2d^4)x}{16d} + \frac{(5a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - 35c^2d^4) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{16d^3\sqrt{de}}$
risch	$\frac{c^2 x}{e^4} + \frac{e^2(5a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + 29c^2d^4)x^5}{16d^3} + \frac{e(5a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 17c^2d^4)x^3}{e^4(ex^2+d)^3} + \frac{(11a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 19c^2d^4)x}{16d} - \frac{5 \ln(ex + \sqrt{-de})a^2}{32\sqrt{-de}d^3} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{ex + \sqrt{-de}}{d}\right)}{16d}$

input

```
int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
c^2*x/e^4+1/e^4*((1/16*e^2*(5*a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+29*c^2*d^4)/d^3*x^5+1/6*e*(5*a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+17*c^2*d^4)/d^2*x^3+1/16*(11*a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+19*c^2*d^4)/d*x)/(e*x^2+d)^3+1/16*(5*a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2-35*c^2*d^4)/d^3/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 662, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{96c^2d^4e^4x^7 + 6(77c^2d^5e^3 + 2acd^3e^5 + 5a^2de^7)x^5 + 16(35c^2d^6e^2 - 2acd^4e^4 + 5a^2d^2e^6)x^3 + 3(35c^2d^4e^2 - 2acd^2e^4 + 5a^2d^2e^6)x + 3(35c^2d^4e^2 - 2acd^2e^4 + 5a^2d^2e^6) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{16d^3\sqrt{de}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/96*(96*c^2*d^4*e^4*x^7 + 6*(77*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^5 + 5*a^2*d*e^7)*x^5 + 16*(35*c^2*d^6*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^4 + 5*a^2*d^2*e^6)*x^3 + 3*(35*c^2*d^7 - 2*a*c*d^5*e^2 - 5*a^2*d^3*e^4 + (35*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^5 - 5*a^2*e^7)*x^6 + 3*(35*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^4 - 5*a^2*d*e^6)*x^4 + 3*(35*c^2*d^6*e - 2*a*c*d^4*e^3 - 5*a^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2)*sqrt(-d*e)*log((e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-d*e)*x - d)/(e*x^2 + d)) + 6*(35*c^2*d^7*e - 2*a*c*d^5*e^3 + 11*a^2*d^3*e^5)*x)/(d^4*e^8*x^6 + 3*d^5*e^7*x^4 + 3*d^6*e^6*x^2 + d^7*e^5), 1/48*(48*c^2*d^4*e^4*x^7 + 3*(77*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^5 + 5*a^2*d*e^7)*x^5 + 8*(35*c^2*d^6*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^4 + 5*a^2*d^2*e^6)*x^3 - 3*(35*c^2*d^7 - 2*a*c*d^5*e^2 - 5*a^2*d^3*e^4 + (35*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^5 - 5*a^2*e^7)*x^6 + 3*(35*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^4 - 5*a^2*d*e^6)*x^4 + 3*(35*c^2*d^6*e - 2*a*c*d^4*e^3 - 5*a^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2)*sqrt(d*e)*arctan(sqrt(d*e)*x/d) + 3*(35*c^2*d^7*e - 2*a*c*d^5*e^3 + 11*a^2*d^3*e^5)*x)/(d^4*e^8*x^6 + 3*d^5*e^7*x^4 + 3*d^6*e^6*x^2 + d^7*e^5)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{c^2 x}{e^4} - \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^7 e^9}} \cdot (5a^2 e^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 - 35c^2 d^4) \log\left(-d^4 e^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^7 e^9}} + x\right)}{32} + \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^7 e^9}} \cdot (5a^2 e^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 - 35c^2 d^4) \log\left(d^4 e^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^7 e^9}} + x\right)}{32} + \frac{x^5 \cdot (15a^2 e^6 + 6acd^2 e^4 + 87c^2 d^4 e^2) + x^3 \cdot (40a^2 d e^5 - 16acd^3 e^3 + 136c^2 d^5 e) + x(33a^2 d^2 e^4 - 6acd^4 e^2 + 48d^6 e^4 + 144d^5 e^5 x^2 + 144d^4 e^6 x^4 + 48d^3 e^7 x^6)}{48d^6 e^4 + 144d^5 e^5 x^2 + 144d^4 e^6 x^4 + 48d^3 e^7 x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**4,x)
```

output

```
c**2*x/e**4 - sqrt(-1/(d**7*e**9))*(5*a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 35*c**2*d**4)*log(-d**4*e**4*sqrt(-1/(d**7*e**9)) + x)/32 + sqrt(-1/(d**7*e**9))*(5*a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 35*c**2*d**4)*log(d**4*e**4*sqrt(-1/(d**7*e**9)) + x)/32 + (x**5*(15*a**2*e**6 + 6*a*c*d**2*e**4 + 87*c**2*d**4*e**2) + x**3*(40*a**2*d*e**5 - 16*a*c*d**3*e**3 + 136*c**2*d**5*e) + x*(33*a**2*d**2*e**4 - 6*a*c*d**4*e**2 + 57*c**2*d**6))/(48*d**6*e**4 + 144*d**5*e**5*x**2 + 144*d**4*e**6*x**4 + 48*d**3*e**7*x**6)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^4} dx = \frac{c^2 x}{e^4} - \frac{(35 c^2 d^4 - 2 a c d^2 e^2 - 5 a^2 e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{16 \sqrt{de} d^3 e^4} + \frac{87 c^2 d^4 e^2 x^5 + 6 a c d^2 e^4 x^5 + 15 a^2 e^6 x^5 + 136 c^2 d^5 e x^3 - 16 a c d^3 e^3 x^3 + 40 a^2 d e^5 x^3 + 57 c^2 d^6 x - 6 a c d^4 e^2}{48 (ex^2 + d)^3 d^3 e^4}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `c^2*x/e^4 - 1/16*(35*c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*a^2*e^4)*arctan(ex/sqrt(d*e))/(sqrt(d*e)*d^3*e^4) + 1/48*(87*c^2*d^4*e^2*x^5 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4*x^5 + 15*a^2*e^6*x^5 + 136*c^2*d^5*e*x^3 - 16*a*c*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 40*a^2*d*e^5*x^3 + 57*c^2*d^6*x - 6*a*c*d^4*e^2*x + 33*a^2*d^2*e^4*x)/((e*x^2 + d)^3*d^3*e^4)`

output

```
(15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*d**3*e**4 + 45*sqrt
(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 45*sqrt(e)
*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*d*e**6*x**4 + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(
d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*e**7*x**6 + 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((
e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*c*d**5*e**2 + 18*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqr
t(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*c*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 18*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)
*sqrt(d)))*a*c*d**3*e**4*x**4 + 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt
(d)))*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**6 - 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)
))*c**2*d**7 - 315*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c**2*d**6
*e*x**2 - 315*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c**2*d**5*e**2
*x**4 - 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c**2*d**4*e**3*x
**6 + 33*a**2*d**3*e**5*x + 40*a**2*d**2*e**6*x**3 + 15*a**2*d*e**7*x**5 -
6*a*c*d**5*e**3*x - 16*a*c*d**4*e**4*x**3 + 6*a*c*d**3*e**5*x**5 + 105*c*
**2*d**7*e*x + 280*c**2*d**6*e**2*x**3 + 231*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**5 + 48*c**2*
d**4*e**4*x**7)/(48*d**4*e**5*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3
*x**6))
```

3.310 $\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^5} dx$

Optimal result	2471
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2472
Rubi [A] (verified)	2472
Maple [A] (verified)	2475
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2476
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2477
Maxima [F(-2)]	2477
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2478
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2478
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2479

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 226

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^5} dx = \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^2 x}{8de^4(d+ex^2)^4} - \frac{(25cd^2-7ae^2)(cd^2+ae^2)x}{48d^2e^4(d+ex^2)^3} + \frac{(163c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2+35a^2e^4)x}{192d^3e^4(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{(93c^2d^4-6acd^2e^2-35a^2e^4)x}{128d^4e^4(d+ex^2)} + \frac{(35c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2+35a^2e^4)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{128d^{9/2}e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^4-1/48*(-7*a*e^2+25*c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/d^2/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^3+1/192*(35*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+163*c^2*d^4)*x/d^3/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^2-1/128*(-35*a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+93*c^2*d^4)*x/d^4/e^4/(e*x^2+d)+1/128*(35*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/d^(9/2)/e^(9/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex}(-6acd^2e^2(3d^3+11d^2ex^2-11de^2x^4-3e^3x^6)+a^2e^4(279d^3+511d^2ex^2+385de^2x^4+105e^3x^6)-c^2d^4(105d^3+385d^2ex^2+511de^2x^4+279e^3x^6))}{(d+ex^2)^4} - \frac{384d^{9/2}e^{9/2}}{384d^{9/2}e^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^5,x]`

output `((Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*x*(-6*a*c*d^2*e^2*(3*d^3 + 11*d^2*e*x^2 - 11*d*e^2*x^4 - 3*e^3*x^6) + a^2*e^4*(279*d^3 + 511*d^2*e*x^2 + 385*d*e^2*x^4 + 105*e^3*x^6) - c^2*d^4*(105*d^3 + 385*d^2*e*x^2 + 511*d*e^2*x^4 + 279*e^3*x^6)))/(d + e*x^2)^4 + 3*(35*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 35*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(384*d^(9/2)*e^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 2345, 25, 1471, 27, 25, 298, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx$$

↓ 1472

$$\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{8de^4(d + ex^2)^4} - \int -\frac{\frac{8c^2dx^6}{e} - \frac{8c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} + \frac{8cd(cd^2+2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 7a^2 - \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^4}}{(ex^2+d)^4} dx$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{8c^2 dx^6 - 8c^2 d^2 x^4 + 8cd(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 7a^2 - \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2 d^4}{e^4} dx}{8d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{8de^4(d+ex^2)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2345} \\
& \frac{x\left(7a^2 - \frac{18acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{25c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{6d(d+ex^2)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{19c^2 d^4}{e^4} - \frac{96c^2 x^2 d^3}{e^3} + \frac{48c^2 x^4 d^2}{e^2} + \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + 35a^2 dx}{6d}}{8d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{8de^4(d+ex^2)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{19c^2 d^4}{e^4} - \frac{96c^2 x^2 d^3}{e^3} + \frac{48c^2 x^4 d^2}{e^2} + \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + 35a^2 dx}{6d} + \frac{x\left(7a^2 - \frac{18acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{25c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{6d(d+ex^2)^3}}{8d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{8de^4(d+ex^2)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1471} \\
& \frac{x\left(35a^2 + \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{163c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{3\left(64c^2 x^2 d^3 + \left(-\frac{29c^2 d^4}{e^4} + \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + 35a^2\right)e^3\right) dx}{e^3(e^2+d)^2}}{4d}}{6d} + \frac{x\left(7a^2 - \frac{18acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{25c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{6d(d+ex^2)^3}}{8d} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{8de^4(d+ex^2)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{3 \int -\frac{29c^2 d^4}{e^4} - 64c^2 x^2 d^3 - 6acd^2 - 35a^2 e^3 dx}{4de^3} + \frac{x\left(35a^2 + \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{163c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{4d(d+ex^2)^2}}{6d} + \frac{x\left(7a^2 - \frac{18acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{25c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{6d(d+ex^2)^3}}{8d} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{8de^4(d+ex^2)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{x\left(35a^2 + \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{163c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{3 \int \frac{29c^2 d^4}{e^4} - 64c^2 x^2 d^3 - 6acd^2 - 35a^2 e^3 dx}{4de^3}}{6d} + \frac{x\left(7a^2 - \frac{18acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{25c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{6d(d+ex^2)^3}}{8d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{8de^4(d+ex^2)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{298}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x \left(\frac{35a^2 + \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{163c^2d^4}{e^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} \right) - \frac{3 \left(\frac{x(-35a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + 93c^2d^4)}{2de(d+ex^2)} - \frac{(35a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{ex^2+d} dx}{2de} \right)}{4de^3}}{6d} + \frac{x \left(\frac{7a^2 - \frac{18acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{25c^2d^4}{e^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3} \right)}{6d(d+ex^2)^3} +$$

$$\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{8de^4(d+ex^2)^4}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{x \left(\frac{35a^2 + \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{163c^2d^4}{e^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} \right) - \frac{3 \left(\frac{x(-35a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + 93c^2d^4)}{2de(d+ex^2)} - \frac{(35a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} \right)}{4de^3}}{6d} + \frac{x \left(\frac{7a^2 - \frac{18acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{25c^2d^4}{e^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3} \right)}{6d(d+ex^2)^3} +$$

$$\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{8de^4(d+ex^2)^4}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^5,x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*x)/(8*d*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^4) + (((7*a^2 - (25*c^2*d^4)/e^4 - (18*a*c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(6*d*(d + e*x^2)^3) + (((35*a^2 + (163*c^2*d^4)/e^4 + (6*a*c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(4*d*(d + e*x^2)^2) - (3*((93*c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 35*a^2*e^4)*x)/(2*d*e*(d + e*x^2)) - ((35*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 35*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(2*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(4*d*e^3)/(6*d))/(8*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

```
rule 298 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])
```

```
rule 1471 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

```
rule 1472 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

```
rule 2345 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
default	$\frac{(35a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - 93c^2d^4)x^7}{128d^4e} + \frac{(385a^2e^4 + 66acd^2e^2 - 511c^2d^4)x^5}{384d^3e^2} + \frac{(511a^2e^4 - 66acd^2e^2 - 385c^2d^4)x^3}{384d^2e^3} + \frac{(93a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - 35c^2d^4)x}{128d^4e} + \dots$
risch	$\frac{(35a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - 93c^2d^4)x^7}{128d^4e} + \frac{(385a^2e^4 + 66acd^2e^2 - 511c^2d^4)x^5}{384d^3e^2} + \frac{(511a^2e^4 - 66acd^2e^2 - 385c^2d^4)x^3}{384d^2e^3} + \frac{(93a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - 35c^2d^4)x}{128d^4e} + \dots$

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(1/128*(35*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2-93*c^2*d^4)/d^4/e*x^7+1/384*(385*a^2*e^4+66*a*c*d^2*e^2-511*c^2*d^4)/d^3/e^2*x^5+1/384*(511*a^2*e^4-66*a*c*d^2*e^2-385*c^2*d^4)/d^2/e^3*x^3+1/128*(93*a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2-35*c^2*d^4)/d/e^4*x)/(e*x^2+d)^4+1/128*(35*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)/d^4/e^4/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 806, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/768*(6*(93*c^2*d^5*e^4 - 6*a*c*d^3*e^6 - 35*a^2*d*e^8)*x^7 + 2*(511*c^2*d^6*e^3 - 66*a*c*d^4*e^5 - 385*a^2*d^2*e^7)*x^5 + 2*(385*c^2*d^7*e^2 + 66*a*c*d^5*e^4 - 511*a^2*d^3*e^6)*x^3 + 3*(35*c^2*d^8 + 6*a*c*d^6*e^2 + 35*a^2*d^4*e^4 + (35*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^6 + 35*a^2*e^8)*x^8 + 4*(35*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 6*a*c*d^3*e^5 + 35*a^2*d*e^7)*x^6 + 6*(35*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^4*e^4 + 35*a^2*d^2*e^6)*x^4 + 4*(35*c^2*d^7*e + 6*a*c*d^5*e^3 + 35*a^2*d^3*e^5)*x^2)*sqrt(-d*e)*log((e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-d*e)*x - d)/(e*x^2 + d)) + 6*(35*c^2*d^8*e + 6*a*c*d^6*e^3 - 93*a^2*d^4*e^5)*x)/(d^5*e^9*x^8 + 4*d^6*e^8*x^6 + 6*d^7*e^7*x^4 + 4*d^8*e^6*x^2 + d^9*e^5), -1/384*(3*(93*c^2*d^5*e^4 - 6*a*c*d^3*e^6 - 35*a^2*d*e^8)*x^7 + (511*c^2*d^6*e^3 - 66*a*c*d^4*e^5 - 385*a^2*d^2*e^7)*x^5 + (385*c^2*d^7*e^2 + 66*a*c*d^5*e^4 - 511*a^2*d^3*e^6)*x^3 - 3*(35*c^2*d^8 + 6*a*c*d^6*e^2 + 35*a^2*d^4*e^4 + (35*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^6 + 35*a^2*e^8)*x^8 + 4*(35*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 6*a*c*d^3*e^5 + 35*a^2*d*e^7)*x^6 + 6*(35*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^4*e^4 + 35*a^2*d^2*e^6)*x^4 + 4*(35*c^2*d^7*e + 6*a*c*d^5*e^3 + 35*a^2*d^3*e^5)*x^2)*sqrt(d*e)*arctan(sqrt(d*e)*x/d) + 3*(35*c^2*d^8*e + 6*a*c*d^6*e^3 - 93*a^2*d^4*e^5)*x)/(d^5*e^9*x^8 + 4*d^6*e^8*x^6 + 6*d^7*e^7*x^4 + 4*d^8*e^6*x^2 + d^9*e^5)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^9 e^9}} \cdot (35a^2 e^4 + 6acd^2 e^2 + 35c^2 d^4) \log\left(-d^5 e^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^9 e^9}} + x\right)}{256}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^9 e^9}} \cdot (35a^2 e^4 + 6acd^2 e^2 + 35c^2 d^4) \log\left(d^5 e^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^9 e^9}} + x\right)}{256}$$

$$+ \frac{x^7 \cdot (105a^2 e^7 + 18acd^2 e^5 - 279c^2 d^4 e^3) + x^5 \cdot (385a^2 d e^6 + 66acd^3 e^4 - 511c^2 d^5 e^2) + x^3 \cdot (511a^2 d^2 e^5 - 66acd^3 e^3 - 385c^2 d^5 e) + x \cdot (105a^2 d^4 e^7 + 18acd^2 e^5 - 279c^2 d^4 e^3)}{384d^8 e^4 + 1536d^7 e^5 x^2 + 2304d^6 e^6 x^4 + 1536d^5 e^7 x^6 + 384d^4 e^8 x^8}$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**5,x)`output `-sqrt(-1/(d**9*e**9))*(35*a**2*e**4 + 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 35*c**2*d**4)*log(-d**5*e**4*sqrt(-1/(d**9*e**9)) + x)/256 + sqrt(-1/(d**9*e**9))*(35*a**2*e**4 + 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 35*c**2*d**4)*log(d**5*e**4*sqrt(-1/(d**9*e**9)) + x)/256 + (x**7*(105*a**2*e**7 + 18*a*c*d**2*e**5 - 279*c**2*d**4*e**3) + x**5*(385*a**2*d*e**6 + 66*a*c*d**3*e**4 - 511*c**2*d**5*e**2) + x**3*(511*a**2*d**2*e**5 - 66*a*c*d**4*e**3 - 385*c**2*d**6*e) + x*(279*a**2*d**3*e**4 - 18*a*c*d**5*e**2 - 105*c**2*d**7))/(384*d**8*e**4 + 1536*d**7*e**5*x**2 + 2304*d**6*e**6*x**4 + 1536*d**5*e**7*x**6 + 384*d**4*e**8*x**8)`**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \frac{(35c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 35a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{128\sqrt{ded^4e^4}} - \frac{279c^2d^4e^3x^7 - 18acd^2e^5x^7 - 105a^2e^7x^7 + 511c^2d^5e^2x^5 - 66acd^3e^4x^5 - 385a^2de^6x^5 + 385c^2d^6ex^3 + 384(ex^2 + d)^4d^4e^4}{384(ex^2 + d)^4d^4e^4}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/128*(35*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 35*a^2*e^4)*arctan(e*x/sqrt(d*e))/(sqrt(d*e)*d^4*e^4) - 1/384*(279*c^2*d^4*e^3*x^7 - 18*a*c*d^2*e^5*x^7 - 105*a^2*e^7*x^7 + 511*c^2*d^5*e^2*x^5 - 66*a*c*d^3*e^4*x^5 - 385*a^2*d*e^6*x^5 + 385*c^2*d^6*e*x^3 + 66*a*c*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 511*a^2*d^2*e^5*x^3 + 105*c^2*d^7*x + 18*a*c*d^5*e^2*x - 279*a^2*d^3*e^4*x)/((e*x^2 + d)^4*d^4*e^4)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) (35a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)}{128d^{9/2}e^{9/2}} - \frac{x(-93a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)}{128de^4} - \frac{x^7(35a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - 93c^2d^4)}{128d^4e} + \frac{x^3(-511a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 385c^2d^4)}{384d^2e^3} - \frac{x^5(385a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 384d^2e^2x^2 + 6d^2e^2x^4 + 4de^3x^6 + e^4x^8)}{384d^4 + 4d^3e^2x^2 + 6d^2e^2x^4 + 4de^3x^6 + e^4x^8}$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^5,x)`output `(atan((e^(1/2)*x)/d^(1/2))*(35*a^2*e^4 + 35*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(128*d^(9/2)*e^(9/2)) - ((x*(35*c^2*d^4 - 93*a^2*e^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(128*d^4*e) + (x^3*(385*c^2*d^4 - 511*a^2*e^4 + 66*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(384*d^2*e^3) - (x^5*(385*a^2*e^4 - 511*c^2*d^4 + 66*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(384*d^3*e^2))/(d^4 + e^4*x^8 + 4*d^3*e*x^2 + 4*d*e^3*x^6 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^4)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 631, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^5,x)`

output

```
(105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*d**4*e**4 + 420*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 + 630*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*d**2*e**6*x**4 + 420*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*d*e**7*x**6 + 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*e**8*x**8 + 18*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*c*d**6*e**2 + 72*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*c*d**5*e**3*x**2 + 108*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*c*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 72*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*c*d**3*e**5*x**6 + 18*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*c*d**2*e**6*x**8 + 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c**2*d**8 + 420*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c**2*d**7*e*x**2 + 630*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c**2*d**6*e**2*x**4 + 420*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**6 + 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**8 + 279*a**2*d**4*e**5*x + 511*a**2*d**3*e**6*x**3 + 385*a**2*d**2*e**7*x**5 + 105*a**2*d*e**8*x**7 - 18*a*c*d**6*e**3*x - 66*a*c*d**5*e**4*x**3 + 66*a*c*d**4*e**5*x**5 + 18*a*c*d**3*e**6*x**7 - 105*c**2*d**8*e*x - 385*c**2*d**7*e**2*x**3 - 511*c**2*d**6*e**3*x**5 - 279*c**2*d**5*e**4*x**7)/(384*d**5*e**5*(d**4 + 4*d**3*e*x**2 + 6*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 4*d*e**3*x**6 + e**4*x**8))
```


3.311 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^4}{a+cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	2480
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2481
Rubi [A] (verified)	2482
Maple [C] (verified)	2483
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2484
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2485
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2485
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2486
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2487
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2488

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 353

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^4}{a+cx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2(6cd^2 - ae^2)x}{c^2} + \frac{4de^3x^3}{3c} + \frac{e^4x^5}{5c}$$

$$- \frac{(c^2d^4 + 4\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2e^2 - 4a^{3/2}\sqrt{cde}^3 + a^2e^4) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{9/4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(c^2d^4 + 4\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2e^2 - 4a^{3/2}\sqrt{cde}^3 + a^2e^4) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{9/4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(c^2d^4 - 4\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2e^2 + 4a^{3/2}\sqrt{cde}^3 + a^2e^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a+\sqrt{cx^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{9/4}}$$

output

```
e^2*(-a*e^2+6*c*d^2)*x/c^2+4/3*d*e^3*x^3/c+1/5*e^4*x^5/c+1/4*(c^2*d^4+4*a^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*d^3*e-6*a*c*d^2*e^2-4*a^(3/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e^3+a^2*e^4)*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(9/4)+1/4*(c^2*d^4+4*a^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*d^3*e-6*a*c*d^2*e^2-4*a^(3/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e^3+a^2*e^4)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(9/4)+1/4*(c^2*d^4-4*a^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*d^3*e-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+4*a^(3/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e^3+a^2*e^4)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(9/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 444, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-120a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{ce^2}(-6cd^2 + ae^2)x + 160a^{3/4}c^{5/4}de^3x^3 + 24a^{3/4}c^{5/4}e^4x^5 - 30\sqrt{2}(c^2d^4 + 4\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2)}{c^{9/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^4/(a + c*x^4), x]
```

output

```
(-120*a^(3/4)*c^(1/4)*e^2*(-6*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + 160*a^(3/4)*c^(5/4)*d*e^3*x^3 + 24*a^(3/4)*c^(5/4)*e^4*x^5 - 30*Sqrt[2]*(c^2*d^4 + 4*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)*d^3*e - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]*d*e^3 + a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] + 30*Sqrt[2]*(c^2*d^4 + 4*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)*d^3*e - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]*d*e^3 + a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] - 15*Sqrt[2]*(c^2*d^4 - 4*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)*d^3*e - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]*d*e^3 + a^2*e^4)*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2] + 15*Sqrt[2]*(c^2*d^4 - 4*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)*d^3*e - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]*d*e^3 + a^2*e^4)*Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(120*a^(3/4)*c^(9/4))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 437, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{a + cx^4} dx$$

↓ 1485

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2e^4 + 4cdex^2(cd^2 - ae^2) - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4}{c^2(a + cx^4)} + \frac{e^2(6cd^2 - ae^2)}{c^2} + \frac{4de^3x^2}{c} + \frac{e^4x^4}{c} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) (a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + 4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}(cd^2 - ae^2) + c^2d^4)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{9/4}} +$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1\right) (a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + 4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}(cd^2 - ae^2) + c^2d^4)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{9/4}} -$$

$$\frac{(a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - 4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}(cd^2 - ae^2) + c^2d^4) \log(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{9/4}} +$$

$$\frac{(a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - 4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}(cd^2 - ae^2) + c^2d^4) \log(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{9/4}} +$$

$$\frac{e^2x(6cd^2 - ae^2)}{c^2} + \frac{4de^3x^3}{3c} + \frac{e^4x^5}{5c}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^4/(a + c*x^4),x]
```

output

```
(e^2*(6*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x)/c^2 + (4*d*e^3*x^3)/(3*c) + (e^4*x^5)/(5*c) - ((
c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*c^(9/4)) + ((
c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*c^(9/4)) - ((
c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)
)*c^(9/4)) + ((c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*(
c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(4
*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*c^(9/4))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1485

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := Int[Expa
ndIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] &&
NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[q]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

method	result
risch	$\frac{e^4 x^5}{5c} + \frac{4de^3 x^3}{3c} - \frac{e^4 x a}{c^2} + \frac{6e^2 x d^2}{c} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(c-Z^4+a)} (4ecd(-ae^2+cd^2)R^2+a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2+c^2d^4) \ln(x-R)}{4c^3} - \frac{R^3}{4c^3}$ $\frac{(a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2+c^2d^4) \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2+\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}{x^2-\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}\right) + 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}+1}\right) + 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}-1}\right) \right)}{8a}$
default	$-\frac{e^2\left(-\frac{1}{5}cx^5e^2-\frac{4}{3}cdx^3e+xa^2e^2-6xc^2d^2\right)}{c^2} + \dots$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^4/(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/5*e^4*x^5/c+4/3*d*e^3*x^3/c-e^4/c^2*x*a+6*e^2/c*x*d^2+1/4/c^3*sum((4*e*c
*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*_R^2+a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/_R^3*ln(x-_R),_R=Ro
ot0f(_Z^4*c+a))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2878 vs. $2(278) = 556$.

Time = 9.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2878, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.15

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^4/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/60*(12*c*e^4*x^5 + 80*c*d*e^3*x^3 + 15*c^2*sqrt(-(8*c^3*d^7*e - 56*a*c^2
*d^5*e^3 + 56*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 - 8*a^3*d*e^7 + a*c^4*sqrt(-(c^8*d^16 - 56*a*c
^7*d^14*e^2 + 924*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^4 - 3976*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^6 + 6470*a^4*c^4*
d^8*e^8 - 3976*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 + 924*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^12 - 56*a^7*c*d^2*e^14
+ a^8*e^16)/(a^3*c^9)))/(a*c^4))*log((c^8*d^16 - 24*a*c^7*d^14*e^2 - 36*a
^2*c^6*d^12*e^4 + 88*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^6 + 198*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 + 88*a^5*c^3*d
^6*e^10 - 36*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^12 - 24*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 + a^8*e^16)*x + (a*c^8*d
^12 - 34*a^2*c^7*d^10*e^2 + 239*a^3*c^6*d^8*e^4 - 476*a^4*c^5*d^6*e^6 + 23
9*a^5*c^4*d^4*e^8 - 34*a^6*c^3*d^2*e^10 + a^7*c^2*e^12 + 4*(a^3*c^8*d^3*e
- a^4*c^7*d*e^3)*sqrt(-(c^8*d^16 - 56*a*c^7*d^14*e^2 + 924*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^
4 - 3976*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^6 + 6470*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 - 3976*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 +
924*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^12 - 56*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 + a^8*e^16)/(a^3*c^9)))*sqrt(-(8
*c^3*d^7*e - 56*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 56*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 - 8*a^3*d*e^7 + a*c^4*sq
rt(-(c^8*d^16 - 56*a*c^7*d^14*e^2 + 924*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^4 - 3976*a^3*c^5*d^1
0*e^6 + 6470*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 - 3976*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 + 924*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^1
2 - 56*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 + a^8*e^16)/(a^3*c^9)))/(a*c^4))) - 15*c^2*sqrt(-(8*
c^3*d^7*e - 56*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 56*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 - 8*a^3*d*e^7 + a*c^4*sq
rt(-(c^8*d^16 - 56*a*c^7*d^14*e^2 + 924*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^4 - 3976*a^3*c^5*d^1
0*e^6 + 6470*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 - 3976*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 + 924*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^12
- 56*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 + a^8*e^16)/(a^3*c^9)))/(a*c^4))*log((c^8*d^16 - 2...
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 500, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{a + cx^4} dx = x \left(-\frac{ae^4}{c^2} + \frac{6d^2e^2}{c} \right) + \text{RootSum} \left(256t^4a^3c^9 + t^2(-256a^5c^5de^7 + 1792a^4c^6d^3e^5 - 1792a^3c^7d^5e^3 + 256a^2c^8d^7e) + a^8e^{16} + 8a^7e^{14} + 8a^6e^{12} + 8a^5e^{10} + 8a^4e^8 + 8a^3e^6 + 8a^2e^4 + 8ae^2 + 8a \right) + \frac{4de^3x^3}{3c} + \frac{e^4x^5}{5c}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**4/(c*x**4+a),x)`

output

```
x*(-a**4/c**2 + 6*d**2*e**2/c) + RootSum(256*_t**4*a**3*c**9 + _t**2*(-256*a**5*c**5*d*e**7 + 1792*a**4*c**6*d**3*e**5 - 1792*a**3*c**7*d**5*e**3 + 256*a**2*c**8*d**7*e) + a**8*e**16 + 8*a**7*c*d**2*e**14 + 28*a**6*c**2*d**4*e**12 + 56*a**5*c**3*d**6*e**10 + 70*a**4*c**4*d**8*e**8 + 56*a**3*c**5*d**10*e**6 + 28*a**2*c**6*d**12*e**4 + 8*a*c**7*d**14*e**2 + c**8*d**16, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (256*_t**3*a**4*c**7*d*e**3 - 256*_t**3*a**3*c**8*d**3*e + 4*_t*a**7*c**2*e**12 - 264*_t*a**6*c**3*d**2*e**10 + 1980*_t*a**5*c**4*d**4*e**8 - 3696*_t*a**4*c**5*d**6*e**6 + 1980*_t*a**3*c**6*d**8*e**4 - 264*_t*a**2*c**7*d**10*e**2 + 4*_t*a*c**8*d**12)/(a**8*e**16 - 24*a**7*c*d**2*e**14 - 36*a**6*c**2*d**4*e**12 + 88*a**5*c**3*d**6*e**10 + 198*a**4*c**4*d**8*e**8 + 88*a**3*c**5*d**10*e**6 - 36*a**2*c**6*d**12*e**4 - 24*a*c**7*d**14*e**2 + c**8*d**16)))) + 4*d*e**3*x**3/(3*c) + e**4*x**5/(5*c)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 432, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{a + cx^4} dx = \frac{3ce^4x^5 + 20cde^3x^3 + 15(6cd^2e^2 - ae^4)x}{15c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\left(c^{\frac{5}{2}}d^4 + 4\sqrt{ac^2d^3e} - 6ac^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2e^2 - 4a^{\frac{3}{2}}cde^3 + a^2\sqrt{ce^4}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{2a}\frac{1}{4}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\left(c^{\frac{5}{2}}d^4 + 4\sqrt{ac^2d^3e} - 6ac^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2e^2 - 4a^{\frac{3}{2}}cde^3 + a^2\sqrt{ce^4}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^4/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/15*(3*c*e^4*x^5 + 20*c*d*e^3*x^3 + 15*(6*c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4)*x)/c^2 + 1/8 \\ & *(2*\sqrt{2}*(c^{5/2}*d^4 + 4*\sqrt{a}*c^2*d^3*e - 6*a*c^{3/2}*d^2*e^2 - 4*a \\ & ^{3/2}*c*d*e^3 + a^2*\sqrt{c}*e^4)*\arctan(1/2*\sqrt{2}*(2*\sqrt{c}*x + \sqrt{2} \\ &)*a^{1/4}*c^{1/4}))/\sqrt{\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c}})/(\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c}})*\sqrt{ \\ & \sqrt{c}} + 2*\sqrt{2}*(c^{5/2}*d^4 + 4*\sqrt{a}*c^2*d^3*e - 6*a*c^{3/2}*d^2*e \\ & ^2 - 4*a^{3/2}*c*d*e^3 + a^2*\sqrt{c}*e^4)*\arctan(1/2*\sqrt{2}*(2*\sqrt{c}*x \\ & - \sqrt{2})*a^{1/4}*c^{1/4}))/\sqrt{\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c}})/(\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c}})*\sqrt{ \\ & \sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{2}*(c^{5/2}*d^4 - 4*\sqrt{a}*c^2*d^3*e - 6*a*c^{3/2} \\ & *d^2*e^2 + 4*a^{3/2}*c*d*e^3 + a^2*\sqrt{c}*e^4)*\log(\sqrt{c}*x^2 + \sqrt{2})* \\ & a^{1/4}*c^{1/4}*x + \sqrt{a})/(a^{3/4}*c^{3/4}) - \sqrt{2}*(c^{5/2}*d^4 - 4* \\ & \sqrt{a}*c^2*d^3*e - 6*a*c^{3/2}*d^2*e^2 + 4*a^{3/2}*c*d*e^3 + a^2*\sqrt{c}* \\ & e^4)*\log(\sqrt{c}*x^2 - \sqrt{2})*a^{1/4}*c^{1/4}*x + \sqrt{a})/(a^{3/4}*c^{3/4} \\ &))/c^2 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 510, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^3 d^4 - 6 (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ac^2 d^2 e^2 + (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} a^2 ce^4 + 4 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} cd^3 e - 4 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} ade^3 \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x + \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right) \\ & = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^3 d^4 - 6 (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ac^2 d^2 e^2 + (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} a^2 ce^4 + 4 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} cd^3 e - 4 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} ade^3 \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x + \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{4 ac^4} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^3 d^4 - 6 (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ac^2 d^2 e^2 + (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} a^2 ce^4 + 4 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} cd^3 e - 4 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} ade^3 \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x - \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{4 ac^4} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^3 d^4 - 6 (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ac^2 d^2 e^2 + (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} a^2 ce^4 - 4 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} cd^3 e + 4 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} ade^3 \right) \log \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{8 ac^4} \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^3 d^4 - 6 (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ac^2 d^2 e^2 + (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} a^2 ce^4 - 4 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} cd^3 e + 4 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} ade^3 \right) \log \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{8 ac^4} \\ & + \frac{3 c^4 e^4 x^5 + 20 c^4 d e^3 x^3 + 90 c^4 d^2 e^2 x - 15 ac^3 e^4 x}{15 c^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^4/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/4*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^4 - 6*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c^
3)^(1/4)*a^2*c*e^4 + 4*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^3*e - 4*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*d*e^3)*ar
ctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(a*c^4) + 1/4*sq
rt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^4 - 6*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c^3)^(1/
4)*a^2*c*e^4 + 4*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^3*e - 4*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*d*e^3)*arctan(1
/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(a*c^4) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*
((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^4 - 6*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a^2
*c*e^4 - 4*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^3*e + 4*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*d*e^3)*log(x^2 + sqrt
(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(a*c^4) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^
4 - 6*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a^2*c*e^4 - 4*(a*c^3)^(3
/4)*c*d^3*e + 4*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*d*e^3)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + s
qrt(a/c))/(a*c^4) + 1/15*(3*c^4*e^4*x^5 + 20*c^4*d*e^3*x^3 + 90*c^4*d^2*e^
2*x - 15*a*c^3*e^4*x)/c^5

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4022, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.39

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x^2)^4/(a + c*x^4),x)
```


output

```
atan((((4*x*(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 28*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 28*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 70*
a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4))/c - (4*(4*a*c^6*d^4 + 4*a^3*c^4*e^4 - 24*a^2*c^5*d^2*e^2
)*(a^4*e^8*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2) + c^4*d^8*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2) - 8*a^2*c^8*d^7*e
+ 8*a^5*c^5*d*e^7 + 56*a^3*c^7*d^5*e^3 - 56*a^4*c^6*d^3*e^5 - 28*a*c^3*d^6
*e^2*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2) - 28*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2) + 70*a^2*c^2*d^4
*e^4*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*c^9)^(1/2))/c^3)*((a^4*e^8*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2)
) + c^4*d^8*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2) - 8*a^2*c^8*d^7*e + 8*a^5*c^5*d*e^7 + 56*a^3*
c^7*d^5*e^3 - 56*a^4*c^6*d^3*e^5 - 28*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2) - 28*
a^3*c*d^2*e^6*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2) + 70*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2))/(16*
a^3*c^9)^(1/2)*1i + ((4*x*(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 28*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 28*a^3*
c*d^2*e^6 + 70*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4))/c + (4*(4*a*c^6*d^4 + 4*a^3*c^4*e^4 - 24*
a^2*c^5*d^2*e^2)*(a^4*e^8*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2) + c^4*d^8*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2) - 8
*a^2*c^8*d^7*e + 8*a^5*c^5*d*e^7 + 56*a^3*c^7*d^5*e^3 - 56*a^4*c^6*d^3*e^5
- 28*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2) - 28*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2) +
70*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*c^9)^(1/2))/c^3)*((a^4*e^8*
(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2) + c^4*d^8*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2) - 8*a^2*c^8*d^7*e + 8*a^5*c^5*
d*e^7 + 56*a^3*c^7*d^5*e^3 - 56*a^4*c^6*d^3*e^5 - 28*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*(-a^3*c
^9)^(1/2) - 28*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*(-a^3*c^9)^(1/2) + 70*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*(-a^3*c
^9)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*c^9)^(1/2)*1i)/(((4*x*(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 28*a*c^3*d^
6*e^2 - 28*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 70*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4))/c - (4*(4*a*c^6*d^4 + 4...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 812, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^4/(c*x^4+a),x)
```

output

```
(120*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)
*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d*e**3 - 120*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)
)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)
)))*c**2*d**3*e - 30*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqr
t(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*e**4 + 180*c**(3/4)*
a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*
a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 30*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(
1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*d**
4 - 120*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt
(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d*e**3 + 120*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqr
t(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqr
t(2)))*c**2*d**3*e + 30*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*
sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*e**4 - 180*c**(3/
4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/
4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 30*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c
**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*
d**4 - 60*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*log(- c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + s
qrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*a*c*d*e**3 + 60*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*log(- c*
*(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*c**2*d**3*e + 60*c**(1
/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*log(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c...
```

3.312 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{a+cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	2490
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2491
Rubi [A] (verified)	2491
Maple [C] (verified)	2493
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2493
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2494
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2495
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2496
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2497
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2497

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 278

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{a+cx^4} dx = \frac{3de^2x}{c} + \frac{e^3x^3}{3c} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + \sqrt{ae}(3cd^2 - ae^2)) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{7/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd}(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + \sqrt{ae}(3cd^2 - ae^2)) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{7/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd}(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - \sqrt{ae}(3cd^2 - ae^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a+\sqrt{cx^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{7/4}}$$

output

```
3*d*e^2*x/c+1/3*e^3*x^3/c+1/4*(c^(1/2)*d*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)+a^(1/2)*e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(7/4)+1/4*(c^(1/2)*d*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)+a^(1/2)*e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(7/4)+1/4*(c^(1/2)*d*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)-a^(1/2)*e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(7/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{72a^{3/4}c^{3/4}de^2x + 8a^{3/4}c^{3/4}e^3x^3 + 6\sqrt{2}(-c^{3/2}d^3 - 3\sqrt{acd^2e} + 3a\sqrt{cde^2} + a^{3/2}e^3) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^3/(a + c*x^4),x]
```

output

```
(72*a^(3/4)*c^(3/4)*d*e^2*x + 8*a^(3/4)*c^(3/4)*e^3*x^3 + 6*Sqrt[2]*(-(c^(3/2)*d^3) - 3*Sqrt[a]*c*d^2*e + 3*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + a^(3/2)*e^3)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] + 6*Sqrt[2]*(c^(3/2)*d^3 + 3*Sqrt[a]*c*d^2*e - 3*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 - a^(3/2)*e^3)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]) - 3*Sqrt[2]*(c^(3/2)*d^3 - 3*Sqrt[a]*c*d^2*e - 3*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + a^(3/2)*e^3)*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2] + 3*Sqrt[2]*(c^(3/2)*d^3 - 3*Sqrt[a]*c*d^2*e - 3*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + a^(3/2)*e^3)*Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(24*a^(3/4)*c^(7/4))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1485$$

$$\int \left(\frac{ex^2(3cd^2 - ae^2) - 3ade^2 + cd^3}{c(a + cx^4)} + \frac{3de^2}{c} + \frac{e^3x^2}{c} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) (\sqrt{cd}(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + \sqrt{ae}(3cd^2 - ae^2))}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{7/4}} + \\
& \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1\right) (\sqrt{cd}(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + \sqrt{ae}(3cd^2 - ae^2))}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{7/4}} - \\
& \frac{(\sqrt{cd}(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - \sqrt{ae}(3cd^2 - ae^2)) \log(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{7/4}} + \\
& \frac{(\sqrt{cd}(cd^2 - 3ae^2) - \sqrt{ae}(3cd^2 - ae^2)) \log(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{7/4}} + \frac{3de^2x}{c} + \frac{e^3x^3}{3c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^3/(a + c*x^4), x]`

output `(3*d*e^2*x)/c + (e^3*x^3)/(3*c) - ((Sqrt[c]*d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) + Sqrt[a]*e*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2))*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*c^(7/4)) + ((Sqrt[c]*d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) + Sqrt[a]*e*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2))*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*c^(7/4)) - ((Sqrt[c]*d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) - Sqrt[a]*e*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*c^(7/4)) + ((Sqrt[c]*d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) - Sqrt[a]*e*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*c^(7/4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1485 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[q]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

method	result
risch	$\frac{e^3 x^3}{3c} + \frac{3d e^2 x}{c} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(c-Z^4+a)} \frac{(e^{(-a e^2+3c d^2)} R^2 - 3d e^2 a + d^3 c) \ln(x - R)}{-R^3}}{4c^2}$
default	$\frac{e^2(\frac{1}{3}e x^3 + 3dx)}{c} + \frac{(-3d e^2 a + d^3 c) \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{x^2 + \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}{x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}} \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + 1 \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} - 1 \right) \right)}{8a} + \frac{(-a e^3 + 3c d^2 e^2)}{c}$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*e^3*x^3/c+3*d*e^2*x/c+1/4/c^2*sum((e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*_R^2-3*d*e^2*a+d^3*c)/_R^3*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*c+a))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2133 vs. 2(217) = 434.

Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2133, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.67

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/12*(4*e^3*x^3 + 36*d*e^2*x - 3*c*sqrt(-(6*c^2*d^5*e - 20*a*c*d^3*e^3 + 6
*a^2*d*e^5 + a*c^3*sqrt(-(c^6*d^12 - 30*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 255*a^2*c^4*d^8*e
^4 - 452*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 255*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 30*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e
^12)/(a^3*c^7))))/(a*c^3))*log(-(c^6*d^12 - 12*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 27*a^2*c^4*
d^8*e^4 + 27*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 12*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - a^6*e^12)*x + (a*c^6*d^
9 - 18*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 60*a^3*c^4*d^5*e^4 - 46*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^6 + 3*a^5*c
^2*d*e^8 + (3*a^3*c^6*d^2*e - a^4*c^5*e^3)*sqrt(-(c^6*d^12 - 30*a*c^5*d^10
*e^2 + 255*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 452*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 255*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 3
0*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12)/(a^3*c^7)))*sqrt(-(6*c^2*d^5*e - 20*a*c*d^3*e
^3 + 6*a^2*d*e^5 + a*c^3*sqrt(-(c^6*d^12 - 30*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 255*a^2*c^4
*d^8*e^4 - 452*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 255*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 30*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 +
a^6*e^12)/(a^3*c^7)))/(a*c^3))) + 3*c*sqrt(-(6*c^2*d^5*e - 20*a*c*d^3*e^3
+ 6*a^2*d*e^5 + a*c^3*sqrt(-(c^6*d^12 - 30*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 255*a^2*c^4*d
^8*e^4 - 452*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 255*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 30*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a
^6*e^12)/(a^3*c^7)))/(a*c^3))*log(-(c^6*d^12 - 12*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 27*a^2*
c^4*d^8*e^4 + 27*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 12*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - a^6*e^12)*x - (a*c^
6*d^9 - 18*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 60*a^3*c^4*d^5*e^4 - 46*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^6 + 3*a
^5*c^2*d*e^8 + (3*a^3*c^6*d^2*e - a^4*c^5*e^3)*sqrt(-(c^6*d^12 - 30*a*c^5*
d^10*e^2 + 255*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 452*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 255*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8
- 30*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12)/(a^3*c^7)))*sqrt(-(6*c^2*d^5*e - 20*a*...

```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(256t^4 a^3 c^7 + t^2 \cdot (192a^4 c^4 d e^5 - 640a^3 c^5 d^3 e^3 + 192a^2 c^6 d^5 e) + a^6 e^{12} + 6a^5 c d^2 e^{10} + 15a^4 c^2 d^4 e^8 \right. \\ \left. + \frac{3de^2 x}{c} + \frac{e^3 x^3}{3c} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**3/(c*x**4+a), x)
```

output

```
RootSum(256*_t**4*a**3*c**7 + _t**2*(192*a**4*c**4*d**e**5 - 640*a**3*c**5*
d**3*e**3 + 192*a**2*c**6*d**5*e) + a**6*e**12 + 6*a**5*c*d**2*e**10 + 15*
a**4*c**2*d**4*e**8 + 20*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**6 + 15*a**2*c**4*d**8*e**4 + 6*
a*c**5*d**10*e**2 + c**6*d**12, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (-64*_t**3*a**4*c**5
*e**3 + 192*_t**3*a**3*c**6*d**2*e - 36*_t*a**5*c**2*d**e**8 + 336*_t*a**4*
c**3*d**3*e**6 - 504*_t*a**3*c**4*d**5*e**4 + 144*_t*a**2*c**5*d**7*e**2 -
4*_t*a*c**6*d**9)/(a**6*e**12 - 12*a**5*c*d**2*e**10 - 27*a**4*c**2*d**4*
e**8 + 27*a**2*c**4*d**8*e**4 + 12*a*c**5*d**10*e**2 - c**6*d**12)))) + 3*
d**e**2*x/c + e**3*x**3/(3*c)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{a + cx^4} dx = \frac{e^3 x^3 + 9de^2 x}{3c} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}(c^{\frac{3}{2}}d^3 + 3\sqrt{acd^2e} - 3a\sqrt{cde^2} - a^{\frac{3}{2}}e^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{2a}^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}})}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}(c^{\frac{3}{2}}d^3 + 3\sqrt{acd^2e} - 3a\sqrt{cde^2} - a^{\frac{3}{2}}e^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{2a}^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}})}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/3*(e^3*x^3 + 9*d*e^2*x)/c + 1/8*(2*sqrt(2)*(c^(3/2)*d^3 + 3*sqrt(a)*c*d^
2*e - 3*a*sqrt(c)*d*e^2 - a^(3/2)*e^3)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(c)*x + s
qrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c)))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(
c))*sqrt(c) + 2*sqrt(2)*(c^(3/2)*d^3 + 3*sqrt(a)*c*d^2*e - 3*a*sqrt(c)*d*
e^2 - a^(3/2)*e^3)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/
4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c)))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))*sqrt(c) + sqrt(
2)*(c^(3/2)*d^3 - 3*sqrt(a)*c*d^2*e - 3*a*sqrt(c)*d*e^2 + a^(3/2)*e^3)*log
(sqrt(c)*x^2 + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(3/4)) - sq
rt(2)*(c^(3/2)*d^3 - 3*sqrt(a)*c*d^2*e - 3*a*sqrt(c)*d*e^2 + a^(3/2)*e^3)*
log(sqrt(c)*x^2 - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(3/4))/
c
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{a + cx^4} dx = \frac{c^2 e^3 x^3 + 9 c^2 d e^2 x}{3 c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^3 d^3 - 3 (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ac^2 d e^2 + 3 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} c d^2 e - (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} a e^3 \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x + \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{4 ac^4}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^3 d^3 - 3 (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ac^2 d e^2 + 3 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} c d^2 e - (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} a e^3 \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x - \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{4 ac^4}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^3 d^3 - 3 (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ac^2 d e^2 - 3 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} c d^2 e + (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} a e^3 \right) \log \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}} \right)}{8 ac^4}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^3 d^3 - 3 (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ac^2 d e^2 - 3 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} c d^2 e + (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} a e^3 \right) \log \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}} \right)}{8 ac^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output

```

1/3*(c^2*e^3*x^3 + 9*c^2*d*e^2*x)/c^3 + 1/4*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^3
- 3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d*e^2 + 3*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^2*e - (a*c^3)^(3/4)*a
*e^3)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(a*c^4)
+ 1/4*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^3 - 3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d*e^2 + 3*(a
*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^2*e - (a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*e^3)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2)
)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(a*c^4) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^3 -
3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^2*e + (a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*e
^3)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(a*c^4) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*((a
*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^3 - 3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^2*
e + (a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*e^3)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(a*c
^4)

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2712, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.76

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^3/(a + c*x^4),x)`

output

```
(e^3*x^3)/(3*c) - atan((a^3*e^6*x*((e^6*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(16*c^7) + (5*d^3*e^3)/(4*c^2) - (3*d^5*e)/(8*a*c) - (3*a*d*e^5)/(8*c^3) - (d^6*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*c^4) - (15*d^2*e^4*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(16*a*c^6) + (15*d^4*e^2*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(16*a^2*c^5))^(1/2)*8i)/(6*c^2*d^8*e + (2*a^4*e^9)/c^2 + 120*a^2*d^4*e^5 - (36*a^3*d^2*e^7)/c - 92*a*c*d^6*e^3 + (2*d^9*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(a^2*c) + (120*d^5*e^4*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^3 - (92*a*d^3*e^6*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^4 + (6*a^2*d*e^8*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^5 - (36*d^7*e^2*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(a*c^2)) - (c^3*d^6*x*((e^6*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(16*c^7) + (5*d^3*e^3)/(4*c^2) - (3*d^5*e)/(8*a*c) - (3*a*d*e^5)/(8*c^3) - (d^6*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*c^4) - (15*d^2*e^4*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(16*a*c^6) + (15*d^4*e^2*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(16*a^2*c^5))^(1/2)*8i)/(6*c^2*d^8*e + (2*a^4*e^9)/c^2 + 120*a^2*d^4*e^5 - (36*a^3*d^2*e^7)/c - 92*a*c*d^6*e^3 + (2*d^9*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(a^2*c) + (120*d^5*e^4*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^3 - (92*a*d^3*e^6*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^4 + (6*a^2*d*e^8*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^5 - (36*d^7*e^2*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(a*c^2)) + (a*c^2*d^4*e^2*x*((e^6*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(16*c^7) + (5*d^3*e^3)/(4*c^2) - (3*d^5*e)/(8*a*c) - (3*a*d*e^5)/(8*c^3) - (d^6*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*c^4) - (15*d^2*e^4*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(16*a*c^6) + (15*d^4*e^2*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(16*a^2*c^5))^(1/2)*120i)/(6*c^2*d^8*e + (2*a^4*e^9)/c^2 + 120*a^2*d^4*e^5 - (36*a^3*d^2*e^7)/c - 92*a*c*d^6*e^3 + (2*d^9*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(a^2*c) + (120*d^5*e^4*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^3 - (92*a*d^3*e^6*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^4 + (6*a^2*d*e^8*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^5 - (36*d^7*e^2*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(a*c^2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 624, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a),x)`

output

```

(6*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x
)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a**e**3 - 18*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan(
(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2))*c*d
**2*e + 18*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*s
qrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2))*a*d*e**2 - 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt
(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt
(2))*c*d**3 - 6*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)
+ 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2))*a**e**3 + 18*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)
*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)
*sqrt(2))*c*d**2*e - 18*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)
*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2))*a*d*e**2 + 6*c**(3/4)
*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)
*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2))*c*d**3 - 3*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*log(- c**(1/4)*a
**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*a**e**3 + 9*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*s
qrt(2)*log(- c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*c*d**2
*e + 3*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*log(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a)
+ sqrt(c)*x**2)*a**e**3 - 9*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*log(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)
)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*c*d**2*e + 9*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(
2)*log(- c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*a*d*e**2 -
3*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(- c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(...

```

3.313 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{a+cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	2499
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2500
Rubi [A] (verified)	2500
Maple [C] (verified)	2502
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2502
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2503
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2504
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2505
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2505
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2506

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{a+cx^4} dx = \frac{e^2x}{c} - \frac{(cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de - ae^2) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{5/4}} + \frac{(cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de - ae^2) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{5/4}} + \frac{(cd^2 - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{5/4}}$$

output

```
e^2*x/c+1/4*(c*d^2+2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e-a*e^2)*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*
x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(5/4)+1/4*(c*d^2+2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e-a*e^2)
*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(5/4)+1/4*(c*d^2-2*
a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e-a*e^2)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x/(a^(1/2)+c^(1
/2)*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(5/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{8a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{ce^2x} - 2\sqrt{2}(cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) + 2\sqrt{2}(cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{8a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{ce^2x} - 2\sqrt{2}(cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) + 2\sqrt{2}(cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2/(a + c*x^4),x]
```

output

```
(8*a^(3/4)*c^(1/4)*e^2*x - 2*Sqrt[2]*(c*d^2 + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] + 2*Sqrt[2]*(c*d^2 + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] + Sqrt[2]*(-(c*d^2) + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + a*e^2)*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2] + Sqrt[2]*(c*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(8*a^(3/4)*c^(5/4))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1485$$

$$\int \left(\frac{-ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex^2}{c(a + cx^4)} + \frac{e^2}{c} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + cd^2)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{5/4}} + \\
& \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1\right)(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + cd^2)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{5/4}} - \\
& \frac{(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + cd^2)\log(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{5/4}} + \\
& \frac{(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + cd^2)\log(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{5/4}} + \frac{e^2x}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^2/(a + c*x^4), x]
```

output

```
(e^2*x)/c - ((c*d^2 + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*c^(5/4)) + ((c*d^2 + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*c^(5/4)) - ((c*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*c^(5/4)) + ((c*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*c^(5/4))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1485

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[q]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

method	result
risch	$\frac{e^2 x}{c} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(cZ^4+a)} \frac{(2R^2 c d e - a e^2 + c d^2) \ln(x - R)}{-R^3}}{4c^2}$
default	$\frac{e^2 x}{c} + \frac{(-a e^2 + c d^2) \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{x^2 + \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}{x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}} \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{-\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + 1 \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} - 1 \right) \right)}{8a} + \frac{e d \sqrt{2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}{x^2 + \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}} \right) \right)}{c}$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
e^2*x/c+1/4/c^2*sum((2*_R^2*c*d*e-a*e^2+c*d^2)/_R^3*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*c+a))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1480 vs. 2(161) = 322.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1480, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.73

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/4*(4*e^2*x + c*sqrt(-(4*c*d^3*e - 4*a*d*e^3 + a*c^2*sqrt(-(c^4*d^8 - 12*
a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 38*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 12*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)/(a^3*c^5)
)))/(a*c^2))*log((c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 10*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*
d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*x + (a*c^4*d^6 - 7*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 7*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4
- a^4*c*e^6 + 2*a^3*c^4*d*e*sqrt(-(c^4*d^8 - 12*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 38*a^2*c^2
*d^4*e^4 - 12*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)/(a^3*c^5)))*sqrt(-(4*c*d^3*e - 4*a*
d*e^3 + a*c^2*sqrt(-(c^4*d^8 - 12*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 38*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 12*
a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)/(a^3*c^5)))/(a*c^2))) - c*sqrt(-(4*c*d^3*e - 4*a*
d*e^3 + a*c^2*sqrt(-(c^4*d^8 - 12*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 38*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 12*
a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)/(a^3*c^5)))/(a*c^2))*log((c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e
^2 - 10*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*x - (a*c^4*d^6 - 7*a^
2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 7*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4 - a^4*c*e^6 + 2*a^3*c^4*d*e*sqrt(-(c^4*d
^8 - 12*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 38*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 12*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)/(
a^3*c^5)))*sqrt(-(4*c*d^3*e - 4*a*d*e^3 + a*c^2*sqrt(-(c^4*d^8 - 12*a*c^3*
d^6*e^2 + 38*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 12*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)/(a^3*c^5)))/(a*
c^2))) + c*sqrt(-(4*c*d^3*e - 4*a*d*e^3 - a*c^2*sqrt(-(c^4*d^8 - 12*a*c^3*
d^6*e^2 + 38*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 12*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)/(a^3*c^5)))/(a*
c^2))*log((c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 10*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^
6 + a^4*e^8)*x + (a*c^4*d^6 - 7*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 7*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4 - a^4*
c*e^6 - 2*a^3*c^4*d*e*sqrt(-(c^4*d^8 - 12*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 38*a^2*c^2*d^...

```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(256t^4 a^3 c^5 + t^2 (-128a^3 c^3 d e^3 + 128a^2 c^4 d^3 e) + a^4 e^8 + 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8 \right) + \frac{e^2 x}{c}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**2/(c*x**4+a), x)
```


output

```
RootSum(256*_t**4*a**3*c**5 + _t**2*(-128*a**3*c**3*d**e**3 + 128*a**2*c**4
*d**3*e) + a**4*e**8 + 4*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 + 4*a*c
**3*d**6*e**2 + c**4*d**8, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (-128*_t**3*a**3*c**4*d*e
- 4*_t*a**4*c*e**6 + 60*_t*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**4 - 60*_t*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**2
+ 4*_t*a*c**4*d**6)/(a**4*e**8 - 4*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 - 10*a**2*c**2*d**4*e
**4 - 4*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 + c**4*d**8)))) + e**2*x/c
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + cx^4} dx = \frac{e^2x}{c} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}(c^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2 + 2\sqrt{acde} - a\sqrt{ce^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{2a}^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}})}{2\sqrt{a\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}(c^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2 + 2\sqrt{acde} - a\sqrt{ce^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{2a}^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}})}{2\sqrt{a\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8c}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
e^2*x/c + 1/8*(2*sqrt(2)*(c^(3/2)*d^2 + 2*sqrt(a)*c*d*e - a*sqrt(c)*e^2)*a
rctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sq
r(c)))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))*sqrt(c)) + 2*sqrt(2)*(c^(3/2)*d^2 +
2*sqrt(a)*c*d*e - a*sqrt(c)*e^2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(2)
*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c)))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))*sq
rt(c)) + sqrt(2)*(c^(3/2)*d^2 - 2*sqrt(a)*c*d*e - a*sqrt(c)*e^2)*log(sqrt(
c)*x^2 + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(3/4)) - sqrt(2)*
(c^(3/2)*d^2 - 2*sqrt(a)*c*d*e - a*sqrt(c)*e^2)*log(sqrt(c)*x^2 - sqrt(2)*
a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(3/4))/c
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2 x}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d^2 - (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ace^2 + 2 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} de \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x + \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{4 ac^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d^2 - (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ace^2 + 2 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} de \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x - \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{4 ac^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d^2 - (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ace^2 - 2 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} de \right) \log \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}} \right)}{8 ac^3}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d^2 - (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ace^2 - 2 (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} de \right) \log \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}} \right)}{8 ac^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
e^2*x/c + 1/4*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d^2 - (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c*e^2 + 2*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(a*c^3) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d^2 - (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c*e^2 + 2*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(a*c^3) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d^2 - (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c*e^2 - 2*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*d*e)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(a*c^3) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d^2 - (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c*e^2 - 2*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*d*e)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(a*c^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1479, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.72

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(a + c*x^4),x)`

output

```
(e^2*x)/c - 2*atanh((8*c^3*d^4*x*((d*e^3)/(4*c^2) - (d^3*e)/(4*a*c) + (d^4
*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*c^3) + (e^4*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(16*a*c^5) - (3*d
^2*e^2*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(8*a^2*c^4))^(1/2))/(4*a^2*d*e^5 - (2*d^6*(-a^3*c
^5)^(1/2))/a^2 + 4*c^2*d^5*e + (2*a*e^6*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^3 - 24*a*c*d^3
*e^3 - (14*d^2*e^4*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2 + (14*d^4*e^2*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(
a*c)) + (8*a^2*c*e^4*x*((d*e^3)/(4*c^2) - (d^3*e)/(4*a*c) + (d^4*(-a^3*c^5
)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*c^3) + (e^4*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(16*a*c^5) - (3*d^2*e^2*(-a
^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(8*a^2*c^4))^(1/2))/(4*a^2*d*e^5 - (2*d^6*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))
/a^2 + 4*c^2*d^5*e + (2*a*e^6*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^3 - 24*a*c*d^3*e^3 - (14
*d^2*e^4*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2 + (14*d^4*e^2*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(a*c)) - (4
8*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*x*((d*e^3)/(4*c^2) - (d^3*e)/(4*a*c) + (d^4*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/
2))/(16*a^3*c^3) + (e^4*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(16*a*c^5) - (3*d^2*e^2*(-a^3*c^
5)^(1/2))/(8*a^2*c^4))^(1/2))/(4*a^2*d*e^5 - (2*d^6*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/a^2
+ 4*c^2*d^5*e + (2*a*e^6*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^3 - 24*a*c*d^3*e^3 - (14*d^2*
e^4*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2 + (14*d^4*e^2*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(a*c))*((a^2*e^
4*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2) + c^2*d^4*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2) - 4*a^2*c^4*d^3*e + 4*a^3*c^
3*d*e^3 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*c^5))^(1/2) - 2*atanh((8
*c^3*d^4*x*((d*e^3)/(4*c^2) - (d^3*e)/(4*a*c) - (d^4*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(16
*a^3*c^3) - (e^4*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(16*a*c^5) + (3*d^2*e^2*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2
))/((8*a^2*c^4))^(1/2)))/((2*d^6*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/a^2 + 4*a^2*d*e^5 + 4*...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a),x)
```

output

```
( - 4*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)
)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c*d*e + 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan
((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*
e**2 - 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqr
t(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**2 + 4*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*
atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2))
)*c*d*e - 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*
sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*e**2 + 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(
2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(
2)))*c*d**2 + 2*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*log( - c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)
*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*c*d*e - 2*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*log(c**(1
/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*c*d*e + c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)
*sqrt(2)*log( - c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*a*e*
*2 - c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log( - c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a)
) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*c*d**2 - c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)
*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*a*e**2 + c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*lo
g(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*c*d**2 + 8*a*c*e**
2*x)/(8*a*c**2)
```

3.314 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{a+cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	2508
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2509
Rubi [A] (verified)	2509
Maple [C] (verified)	2513
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2514
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2515
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2516
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2517
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2518
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2519

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{a+cx^4} dx = -\frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{3/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{3/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{3/4}}$$

output

```
1/4*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(3/4)+1/4*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(3/4)+1/4*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) + 2(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) - (\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) (\log(\sqrt{a + cx^4}) - \log(\sqrt{a}))}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{3/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] + 2*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] - (Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2] - Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2]))/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*c^(3/4))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.529$, Rules used = {1482, 27, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1482$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2})}{cx^4 + a} dx}{2c} + \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{a})}{cx^4 + a} dx}{2c}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{a}}{cx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1476 \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
& \downarrow 1082 \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}} + 1\right)^2} d\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
& \downarrow 217 \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
& \downarrow 1479 \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e\right) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a} - 2\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx} + \sqrt[4]{a}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
& \downarrow 25
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} - 2 \sqrt[4]{c} x}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left(x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} dx}{2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} (\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x + \sqrt[4]{a})}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left(x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} dx}{2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2 \sqrt{c}}{\left(\frac{\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e \right)} \\
 & \frac{2 \sqrt{c}}{2 \sqrt{c}} \quad \downarrow \quad 27 \\
 & \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} - 2 \sqrt[4]{c} x}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} dx}{2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x + \sqrt[4]{a}}{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} dx}{2 \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{c}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2 \sqrt{c}}{\left(\frac{\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e \right)} \\
 & \frac{2 \sqrt{c}}{2 \sqrt{c}} \quad \downarrow \quad 1103 \\
 & \left(\frac{\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e \right) \\
 & \frac{2 \sqrt{c}}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e \right) \left(\frac{\log \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c} x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c} x^2 \right)}{2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c} x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c} x^2 \right)}{2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} \\
 & \frac{2 \sqrt{c}}{2 \sqrt{c}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4),x]`

output

```
((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)*(-ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))) + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[c]) + (((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] - e)*(-1/2*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)) + Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))))/(2*Sqrt[c])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 217

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1082

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1103

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

rule 1476

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[d*e]
```

```
rule 1479 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]
```

```
rule 1482 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d*q + a*e)/(2*a*c) Int[(q + c*x^2)/(a + c*x^4), x], x] + Simp[(d*q - a*e)/(2*a*c) Int[(q - c*x^2)/(a + c*x^4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[(-a)*c]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(cZ^4+a)} \frac{(-R^2 e+d) \ln(x-R)}{-R^3}}{4c}$
default	$\frac{d\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2+\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}{x^2-\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}-1\right)\right)}{8a} + \frac{e\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2-\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}{x^2+\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}+1\right)\right)}{8a}$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4/c*sum((-R^2*e+d)/_R^3*ln(x-R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*c+a))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 767 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 767, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.26

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + cx^4} dx = & -\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{ac \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4}{a^3 c^3}} + 2de}{ac}} \log \left(-(c^2 d^4 - a^2 e^4)x \right. \\
 & + \left. \left(a^3 c^2 e \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4}{a^3 c^3}} + ac^2 d^3 - a^2 cde^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{ac \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4}{a^3 c^3}} + 2de}{ac}} \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{ac \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4}{a^3 c^3}} + 2de}{ac}} \log \left(-(c^2 d^4 - a^2 e^4)x \right. \\
 & - \left. \left(a^3 c^2 e \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4}{a^3 c^3}} + ac^2 d^3 - a^2 cde^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{ac \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4}{a^3 c^3}} + 2de}{ac}} \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{ac \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4}{a^3 c^3}} - 2de}{ac}} \log \left(-(c^2 d^4 - a^2 e^4)x \right. \\
 & + \left. \left(a^3 c^2 e \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4}{a^3 c^3}} - ac^2 d^3 + a^2 cde^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{ac \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4}{a^3 c^3}} - 2de}{ac}} \right) \\
 & - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{ac \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4}{a^3 c^3}} - 2de}{ac}} \log \left(-(c^2 d^4 - a^2 e^4)x \right. \\
 & - \left. \left(a^3 c^2 e \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4}{a^3 c^3}} - ac^2 d^3 + a^2 cde^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{ac \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4}{a^3 c^3}} - 2de}{ac}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/4*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(-(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) + 2*d
*e)/(a*c))*log(-(c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4)*x + (a^3*c^2*e*sqrt(-(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*
d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) + a*c^2*d^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(-
(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) + 2*d*e)/(a*c))) + 1/4*sqrt
(-(a*c*sqrt(-(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) + 2*d*e)/(a*c)
)*log(-(c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4)*x - (a^3*c^2*e*sqrt(-(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 +
a^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) + a*c^2*d^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(-(c^2*d^4
- 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) + 2*d*e)/(a*c))) + 1/4*sqrt((a*c*sq
r(-c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) - 2*d*e)/(a*c))*log(-(c^
2*d^4 - a^2*e^4)*x + (a^3*c^2*e*sqrt(-(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/
(a^3*c^3)) - a*c^2*d^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(-(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2
*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) - 2*d*e)/(a*c))) - 1/4*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(-(c^2*d^4
- 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) - 2*d*e)/(a*c))*log(-(c^2*d^4 - a^2
*e^4)*x - (a^3*c^2*e*sqrt(-(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3))
- a*c^2*d^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(-(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*
e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) - 2*d*e)/(a*c)))
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(256t^4 a^3 c^3 + 64t^2 a^2 c^2 d e + a^2 e^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4, \left(t \mapsto t \log \left(x + \frac{64t^3 a^3 c^2 e + 12ta^2 c d e^2 - 4}{a^2 e^4 - c^2 d^4} \right) \right) \right)$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)/(c*x**4+a),x)
```

output

```
RootSum(256*_t**4*a**3*c**3 + 64*_t**2*a**2*c**2*d*e + a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*d
**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (64*_t**3*a**3*c**2*e + 12*_t
a**2*c*d*e**2 - 4*_t*a*c**2*d**3)/(a**2*e**4 - c**2*d**4))))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + cx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{2a^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}})}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{2a^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}})}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) \log\left(\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{2a^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}}x + \sqrt{a}\right)}{8a^{\frac{3}{4}}c^{\frac{3}{4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) \log\left(\sqrt{cx^2} - \sqrt{2a^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}}x + \sqrt{a}\right)}{8a^{\frac{3}{4}}c^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(c)*d + sqrt(a)*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c)))/sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))*sqrt(c) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(c)*d + sqrt(a)*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c)))/sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))*sqrt(c) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(c)*d - sqrt(a)*e)*log(sqrt(c)*x^2 + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(3/4)) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(c)*d - sqrt(a)*e)*log(sqrt(c)*x^2 - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(3/4))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + cx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d + (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} e \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x + \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{4ac^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d + (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} e \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x - \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{4ac^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d - (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} e \right) \log \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}} \right)}{8ac^3}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2} \left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d - (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} e \right) \log \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}} \right)}{8ac^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d + (a*c^3)^(3/4)*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(a*c^3) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d + (a*c^3)^(3/4)*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(a*c^3) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d - (a*c^3)^(3/4)*e)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(a*c^3) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d - (a*c^3)^(3/4)*e)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(a*c^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 599, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + cx^4} dx = -2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{8c^3 d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{e^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{16a^2 c^3} - \frac{d^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{16a^3 c^2} - \frac{de}{8ac}}}{2c^2 d^2 e - 2ace^3 + \frac{2cd^3 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{a^2} - \frac{2de^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{cd^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3} - ae^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3} + 2a^2 c^2 de}{16a^3 c^3}}$$

$$- \frac{8a^2 c^2 e^2 x \sqrt{\frac{e^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{16a^2 c^3} - \frac{d^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{16a^3 c^2} - \frac{de}{8ac}}}{2c^2 d^2 e - 2ace^3 + \frac{2cd^3 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{a^2} - \frac{2de^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{cd^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3} - ae^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3} + 2a^2 c^2 de}{16a^3 c^3}}$$

$$- 2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{8c^3 d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{d^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{16a^3 c^2} - \frac{de}{8ac} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{16a^2 c^3}}}{2c^2 d^2 e - 2ace^3 - \frac{2cd^3 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{a^2} + \frac{2de^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{ae^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3} - cd^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3} + 2a^2 c^2 de}{16a^3 c^3}}$$

$$- \frac{8a^2 c^2 e^2 x \sqrt{\frac{d^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{16a^3 c^2} - \frac{de}{8ac} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{16a^2 c^3}}}{2c^2 d^2 e - 2ace^3 - \frac{2cd^3 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{a^2} + \frac{2de^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3}}{a}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{ae^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3} - cd^2 \sqrt{-a^3 c^3} + 2a^2 c^2 de}{16a^3 c^3}}$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4),x)`

output

```
- 2*atanh((8*c^3*d^2*x*((e^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^2*c^3) - (d^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*c^2) - (d*e)/(8*a*c))^(1/2))/(2*c^2*d^2*e - 2*a*c*e^3 + (2*c*d^3*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/a^2 - (2*d*e^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/a) - (8*a*c^2*e^2*x*((e^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^2*c^3) - (d^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*c^2) - (d*e)/(8*a*c))^(1/2))/(2*c^2*d^2*e - 2*a*c*e^3 + (2*c*d^3*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/a^2 - (2*d*e^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/a))*(-(c*d^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2) - a*e^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*c^2*d*e)/(16*a^3*c^3))^(1/2) - 2*atanh((8*c^3*d^2*x*((d^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*c^2) - (d*e)/(8*a*c) - (e^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^2*c^3))^(1/2))/(2*c^2*d^2*e - 2*a*c*e^3 - (2*c*d^3*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/a^2 + (2*d*e^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/a) - (8*a*c^2*e^2*x*((d^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^3*c^2) - (d*e)/(8*a*c) - (e^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^2*c^3))^(1/2))/(2*c^2*d^2*e - 2*a*c*e^3 - (2*c*d^3*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/a^2 + (2*d*e^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/a))*(-(a*e^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2) - c*d^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*c^2*d*e)/(16*a^3*c^3))^(1/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + cx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(-2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{c^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2}} \right) e - 2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{c^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2}} \right) d + 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{c^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2}} \right) e + 2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{c^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2}} \right) d + \sqrt{a} \log(-c^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c} x^2) e - \sqrt{a} \log(c^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c} x^2) e - \sqrt{c} \log(-c^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c} x^2) d + \sqrt{c} \log(c^{\frac{1}{4}} a^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c} x^2) d \right)}{(8ac)}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a),x)`output `(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*(-2*sqrt(a)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)-2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*e-2*sqrt(c)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)-2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*d+2*sqrt(a)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)+2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*e+2*sqrt(c)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)+2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*d+sqrt(a)*log(-c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x+sqrt(a)+sqrt(c)*x**2)*e-sqrt(a)*log(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x+sqrt(a)+sqrt(c)*x**2)*e-sqrt(c)*log(-c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x+sqrt(a)+sqrt(c)*x**2)*d+sqrt(c)*log(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x+sqrt(a)+sqrt(c)*x**2)*d)/(8*a*c)`

3.315 $\int \frac{1}{a+cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	2520
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2520
Rubi [A] (verified)	2521
Maple [C] (verified)	2524
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2524
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2525
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2526
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2526
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2527
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2527

Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{1}{a+cx^4} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{\arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a+\sqrt{cx^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{c}}$$

output

```
1/4*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(1/4)+1/4*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(1/4)+1/4*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a+cx^4} dx = \frac{-2 \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) + 2 \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) - \log(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{cx^2}) + \log(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{c}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^4)^(-1),x]
```

output

$$(-2*\text{ArcTan}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}] + 2*\text{ArcTan}[1 + (\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}] - \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a] - \text{Sqrt}[2]*a^{(1/4)}*c^{(1/4)}*x + \text{Sqrt}[c]*x^2] + \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[2]*a^{(1/4)}*c^{(1/4)}*x + \text{Sqrt}[c]*x^2])/(4*\text{Sqrt}[2]*a^{(3/4)}*c^{(1/4)})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.889$, Rules used = {755, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a + cx^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{755} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1476} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1082} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)^2 - 1} d\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1\right)^2 - 1} d\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1479}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt[4]{a}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt[4]{a}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{c}x}{x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt[4]{a}}{x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}dx}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1103} \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \\
 & \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{\quad}{2\sqrt{a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + c*x^4)^(-1),x]
```

output

```
(-(ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))) + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[a]) + (-1/2*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)) + Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[a])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 755 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^4)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{r} = \text{Numerator}[\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{s} = \text{Denominator}[\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{r}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{r} - \text{s}*x^2)/(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^4), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{r}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{r} + \text{s}*x^2)/(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^4), \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 0] \ || \ (\text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ \text{AtomQ}[\text{SplitProduct}[\text{SumBaseQ}, \text{a}]] \ \&\& \ \text{AtomQ}[\text{SplitProduct}[\text{SumBaseQ}, \text{b}]])$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[\text{a}*(\text{c}/\text{b}^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/\text{b} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{q} - \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, 1 + 2*\text{c}*(\text{x}/\text{b})], \text{x}] \text{ ; RationalQ}[\text{q}] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[\text{q}^2, 1] \ || \ \text{!RationalQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*\text{c}]) \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(\text{x}_)]/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x + \text{c}*x^2, \text{x}]]/\text{b}), \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*\text{c}*\text{d} - \text{b}*\text{e}, 0]$
- rule 1476 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]/((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(\text{x}_)^4), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[2*(\text{d}/\text{e}), 2]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{e}/(2*\text{c}) \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[\text{d}/\text{e} + \text{q}*x + \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{e}/(2*\text{c}) \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[\text{d}/\text{e} - \text{q}*x + \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{c}*\text{d}^2 - \text{a}*\text{e}^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{d}*\text{e}]$

rule 1479

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(cZ^4+a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-R^3}}{4c}$	27
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2+\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}{x^2-\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}\right) + 2\arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right) + 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right) \right)}{8a}$	102

input

```
int(1/(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4/c*sum(1/_R^3*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*c+a))
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{a + cx^4} dx &= \frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{a^3c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log \left(a \left(-\frac{1}{a^3c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + x \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{4} i \left(-\frac{1}{a^3c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log \left(i a \left(-\frac{1}{a^3c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + x \right) \\ &- \frac{1}{4} i \left(-\frac{1}{a^3c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log \left(-i a \left(-\frac{1}{a^3c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + x \right) \\ &- \frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{a^3c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log \left(-a \left(-\frac{1}{a^3c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + x \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(-1/(a^3*c))^(1/4)*log(a*(-1/(a^3*c))^(1/4) + x) + 1/4*I*(-1/(a^3*c))^(1/4)*log(I*a*(-1/(a^3*c))^(1/4) + x) - 1/4*I*(-1/(a^3*c))^(1/4)*log(-I*a*(-1/(a^3*c))^(1/4) + x) - 1/4*(-1/(a^3*c))^(1/4)*log(-a*(-1/(a^3*c))^(1/4) + x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{1}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{RootSum}(256t^4a^3c + 1, (t \mapsto t \log(4ta + x)))$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x**4+a),x)`

output `RootSum(256*_t**4*a**3*c + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(4*_t*a + x)))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{a + cx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{2}a^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}})}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{2}a^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}})}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \log\left(\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{2}a^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}x + \sqrt{a}\right)}{8a^{\frac{3}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \log\left(\sqrt{cx^2} - \sqrt{2}a^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}x + \sqrt{a}\right)}{8a^{\frac{3}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))/sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c)) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))/sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c)) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(c)*x^2 + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(1/4)) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(c)*x^2 - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(1/4))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 179 vs. 2(87) = 174.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{1}{a + cx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x + \sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{4ac}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x - \sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{4ac}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(x^2 + \sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\right)}{8ac}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(x^2 - \sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\right)}{8ac}$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a^3c}{x^4+a}\right)^{1/4}\arctan\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\frac{2x+\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a^3c}{x^4+a}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(\frac{a^3c}{x^4+a}\right)^{1/4}}\right)+\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a^3c}{x^4+a}\right)^{1/4}\arctan\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\frac{2x-\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a^3c}{x^4+a}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(\frac{a^3c}{x^4+a}\right)^{1/4}}\right)+\frac{1}{8}\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a^3c}{x^4+a}\right)^{1/4}\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{a^3c}{x^4+a}\right)^{1/4}+\sqrt{a/c}\right)+\frac{1}{8}\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a^3c}{x^4+a}\right)^{1/4}\log\left(x^2-\sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{a^3c}{x^4+a}\right)^{1/4}+\sqrt{a/c}\right)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

$$\int \frac{1}{a+cx^4} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{1/4}x}{(-a)^{1/4}}\right) + \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{c^{1/4}x}{(-a)^{1/4}}\right)}{2(-a)^{3/4}c^{1/4}}$$

input `int(1/(a + c*x^4),x)`

output
$$-\frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{1/4}x}{(-a)^{1/4}}\right) + \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{c^{1/4}x}{(-a)^{1/4}}\right)}{2(-a)^{3/4}c^{1/4}}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{a+cx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(-2\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}}\right) + 2\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}}\right) - \log\left(-c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c}x^2\right) + \log\left(c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c}x^2\right)\right)}{8c^{1/4}a^{3/4}}$$

input `int(1/(c*x^4+a),x)`

output

```
(c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*( - 2*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2))) + 2*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2))) - log( - c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2) + log(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)))/(8*a*c)
```

3.316 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+cx^4)} dx$

Optimal result	2529
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2530
Rubi [A] (verified)	2530
Maple [A] (verified)	2532
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2532
Sympy [F(-1)]	2533
Maxima [F(-2)]	2533
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2534
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2535
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2535

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 257

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+cx^4)} dx = \frac{e^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}(cd^2+ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(cd^2+ae^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(1+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(cd^2+ae^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(cd^2+ae^2)}$$

output

```
e^(3/2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)+1/4*c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)+1/4*c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)+1/4*c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + cx^4)} dx$$

$$= \frac{8a^{3/4}e^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d} \left((-2\sqrt{cd} + 2\sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) + 2(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{ae}}\right) \right)}{8a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{d}(cd)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)),x]`

output

```
(8*a^(3/4)*e^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d]*(-2*Sqrt[c]*d + 2*Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] + 2*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] - (Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*(Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2] - Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2]))/(8*a^(3/4)*Sqrt[d]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)(d + ex^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1485$$

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2}{(d + ex^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{c(d - ex^2)}{(a + cx^4)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) (\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1\right) (\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}) \log(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}) \log(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{e^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}(ae^2 + cd^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)),x]`

output `(e^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) - (c^(1/4) * (Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)])/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) + (c^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)])/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) - (c^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) + (c^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1485 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[q]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{(ae^2+cd^2)\sqrt{de}} + \frac{c \left(\frac{d\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2+\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\right)}{x^2-\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}\right) + 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right) + 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}-1\right) \right)}{8a} - \frac{e\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2-\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}}{x^2+\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}}\right) \right)}{ae^2+cd^2}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{-de} e \ln\left((-16a^2de^5-d^3ace^3-c^2d^5e)x+16(-de)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2e^3-4(-de)^{\frac{3}{2}}acd^2e-5ace^2\sqrt{-de}d^3-c^2d^5\sqrt{-de}\right)}{2d(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-de} e \ln\left((-16a^2de^5-d^3ace^3-c^2d^5e)x+16(-de)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2e^3-4(-de)^{\frac{3}{2}}acd^2e-5ace^2\sqrt{-de}d^3-c^2d^5\sqrt{-de}\right)}{2d(ae^2+cd^2)}$

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
e^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))+c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1/8*d*(1/c*a)^(1/4)/a*2^(1/2)*(ln((x^2+(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x*2^(1/2)+(1/c*a)^(1/2))/(x^2-(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x*2^(1/2)+(1/c*a)^(1/2)))+2*arctan(2^(1/2)/(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x+1)+2*arctan(2^(1/2)/(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x-1))-1/8*e/c/(1/c*a)^(1/4)*2^(1/2)*(ln((x^2-(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x*2^(1/2)+(1/c*a)^(1/2))/(x^2+(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x*2^(1/2)+(1/c*a)^(1/2)))+2*arctan(2^(1/2)/(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x+1)+2*arctan(2^(1/2)/(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x-1))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2030 vs. 2(190) = 380.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4084, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+cx^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + cx^4)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(c*x**4+a),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + cx^4)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+cx^4)} dx = \frac{e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{de}} + \frac{\left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}c^2d - (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}e\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x+\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{2\left(\sqrt{2}ac^3d^2 + \sqrt{2}a^2c^2e^2\right)} + \frac{\left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}c^2d - (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}e\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x-\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{2\left(\sqrt{2}ac^3d^2 + \sqrt{2}a^2c^2e^2\right)} + \frac{\left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}c^2d + (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}e\right) \log\left(x^2 + \sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\right)}{4\left(\sqrt{2}ac^3d^2 + \sqrt{2}a^2c^2e^2\right)} - \frac{\left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}c^2d + (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}e\right) \log\left(x^2 - \sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\right)}{4\left(\sqrt{2}ac^3d^2 + \sqrt{2}a^2c^2e^2\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `e^2*arctan(e*x/sqrt(d*e))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(d*e)) + 1/2*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d - (a*c^3)^(3/4)*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(sqrt(2)*a*c^3*d^2 + sqrt(2)*a^2*c^2*e^2) + 1/2*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d - (a*c^3)^(3/4)*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(sqrt(2)*a*c^3*d^2 + sqrt(2)*a^2*c^2*e^2) + 1/4*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d + (a*c^3)^(3/4)*e)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(sqrt(2)*a*c^3*d^2 + sqrt(2)*a^2*c^2*e^2) - 1/4*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d + (a*c^3)^(3/4)*e)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(sqrt(2)*a*c^3*d^2 + sqrt(2)*a^2*c^2*e^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4802, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + cx^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output

```
atan((((a*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - c*d^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*c*d*e)/(16*(a^5*e^4 + a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2)))^(1/2)*(4*c^6*d^3*e^3 - ((a*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - c*d^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*c*d*e)/(16*(a^5*e^4 + a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2)))^(1/2)*(256*a^4*c^4*e^8 + x*((a*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - c*d^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*c*d*e)/(16*(a^5*e^4 + a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2)))^(1/2)*(512*a^5*c^4*e^9 - 512*a^2*c^7*d^6*e^3 - 512*a^3*c^6*d^4*e^5 + 512*a^4*c^5*d^2*e^7) - 64*a*c^7*d^6*e^2 + 128*a^2*c^6*d^4*e^4 + 448*a^3*c^5*d^2*e^6) + x*(16*c^7*d^5*e^2 + 32*a*c^6*d^3*e^4 - 240*a^2*c^5*d*e^6))*((a*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - c*d^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*c*d*e)/(16*(a^5*e^4 + a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2)))^(1/2) + 20*a*c^5*d*e^5) - 6*c^5*e^5*x)*((a*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - c*d^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*c*d*e)/(16*(a^5*e^4 + a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2)))^(1/2)*1i - (((a*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - c*d^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*c*d*e)/(16*(a^5*e^4 + a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2)))^(1/2)*(4*c^6*d^3*e^3 - ((a*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - c*d^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*c*d*e)/(16*(a^5*e^4 + a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2)))^(1/2)*(256*a^4*c^4*e^8 - x*((a*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - c*d^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*c*d*e)/(16*(a^5*e^4 + a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2)))^(1/2)*(512*a^5*c^4*e^9 - 512*a^2*c^7*d^6*e^3 - 512*a^3*c^6*d^4*e^5 + 512*a^4*c^5*d^2*e^7) - 64*a*c^7*d^6*e^2 + 128*a^2*c^6*d^4*e^4 + 448*a^3*c^5*d^2*e^6) - x*(16*c^7*d^5*e^2 + 32*a*c^6*d^3*e^4 - 240*a^2*c^5*d*e^6))*((a*e^2*(-a^3*c...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + cx^4)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{3}{4}}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}\right) de - 2c^{\frac{3}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}\right) d^2 - 2c^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{3}{4}}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}\right) c}{}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a),x)`

output

```
(2*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*d*e - 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*d**2 - 2*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*d*e + 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*d**2 + 8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e - c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*log(-c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*d*e + c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*log(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*d*e - c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(-c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*d**2 + c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*d**2)/(8*a*d*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))
```

3.317 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+cx^4)} dx$

Optimal result	2537
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2538
Rubi [A] (verified)	2538
Maple [A] (verified)	2540
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2540
Sympy [F(-1)]	2541
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2541
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2543
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2543

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 336

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+cx^4)} dx = \frac{e^2x}{2d(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex^2)} + \frac{e^{3/2}(5cd^2+ae^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}(cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

$$- \frac{c^{3/4}(cd^2-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2)\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{c^{3/4}(cd^2-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2)\arctan\left(1+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{c^{3/4}(cd^2+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

output

```
1/2*e^2*x/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)+1/2*e^(3/2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2+1/4*c^(3/4)*(c*d^2-2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e-a*e^2)*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2+1/4*c^(3/4)*(c*d^2-2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e-a*e^2)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2+1/4*c^(3/4)*(c*d^2+2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e-a*e^2)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4e^2(cd^2 + ae^2)x}{d(d+ex^2)} + \frac{4e^{3/2}(5cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}(-cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} + ae^2) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{a^{3/4}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}(-cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde})}{a^{3/4}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + c*x^4)),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((4e^2(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(d*(d + e*x^2)) + (4e^{3/2}*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)* \\ & \text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d]])/d^{3/2} + (2*\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{3/4}*(-(c*d^2) + 2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*e + a*e^2)*\text{ArcTan}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{1/4}*x)/a^{1/4}])/a^{3/4} \\ & - (2*\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{3/4}*(-(c*d^2) + 2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*e + a*e^2)*\text{ArcTan}[1 + (\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{1/4}*x)/a^{1/4}])/a^{3/4} + (\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{3/4}*(-(c*d^2) - 2* \\ & \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*e + a*e^2)*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a] - \text{Sqrt}[2]*a^{1/4}*c^{1/4}*x + \text{Sqrt}[c]*x^2])/a^{3/4} + (\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{3/4}*(c*d^2 + 2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[2]*a^{1/4}*c^{1/4}*x + \text{Sqrt}[c]*x^2])/a^{3/4} \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 453, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1485$$

$$\int \left(\frac{2cde^2}{(d + ex^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \frac{e^2}{(d + ex^2)^2(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{c(-ae^2 + cd^2 - 2cdex^2)}{(a + cx^4)(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{c^{3/4} \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) (-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + cd^2)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \\
& \frac{c^{3/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1\right) (-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + cd^2)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} - \\
& \frac{c^{3/4}(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + cd^2) \log(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \\
& \frac{c^{3/4}(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + cd^2) \log(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \frac{2c\sqrt{de}^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \\
& \frac{e^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{e^2x}{2d(d + ex^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + c*x^4)),x]`

output $(e^2x)/(2d(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x^2)) + (2*c*\text{Sqrt}[d]*e^{(3/2)}*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d]])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2 + (e^{(3/2)}*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d]])/(2*d^{(3/2)}*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) - (c^{(3/4)}*(c*d^2 - 2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*\text{ArcTan}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[2]*a^{(3/4)}*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) + (c^{(3/4)}*(c*d^2 - 2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*\text{ArcTan}[1 + (\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[2]*a^{(3/4)}*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) - (c^{(3/4)}*(c*d^2 + 2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a] - \text{Sqrt}[2]*a^{(1/4)}*c^{(1/4)}*x + \text{Sqrt}[c]*x^2])/(4*\text{Sqrt}[2]*a^{(3/4)}*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) + (c^{(3/4)}*(c*d^2 + 2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[2]*a^{(1/4)}*c^{(1/4)}*x + \text{Sqrt}[c]*x^2])/(4*\text{Sqrt}[2]*a^{(3/4)}*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1485 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[q]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
default	$\frac{e^2 \left(\frac{(a e^2 + c d^2) x}{2d(e x^2 + d)} + \frac{(a e^2 + 5c d^2) \arctan\left(\frac{e x}{\sqrt{d e}}\right)}{2d\sqrt{d e}} \right)}{(a e^2 + c d^2)^2} - \frac{c \left(\frac{(a e^2 - c d^2) \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2 + \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\right)}{x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}\right) + 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + 1}\right) + 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - 1}\right) \right)}{8a}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `e^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d*x/(e*x^2+d)+1/2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/d/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2)))-c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/c*a)^(1/4)/a^2^(1/2)*(ln((x^2+(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x^2^(1/2)+(1/c*a)^(1/2))/(x^2-(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x^2^(1/2)+(1/c*a)^(1/2)))+2*arctan(2^(1/2)/(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x+1)+2*arctan(2^(1/2)/(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x-1))+1/4*e*d/(1/c*a)^(1/4)*2^(1/2)*(ln((x^2-(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x^2^(1/2)+(1/c*a)^(1/2))/(x^2+(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x^2^(1/2)+(1/c*a)^(1/2)))+2*arctan(2^(1/2)/(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x+1)+2*arctan(2^(1/2)/(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x-1)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4193 vs. 2(265) = 530.

Time = 8.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8409, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**2/(c*x**4+a),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 531 vs. 2(265) = 530.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 531, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+cx^4)} dx \\
 &= \frac{e^2x}{2(cd^3+ade^2)(ex^2+d)} \\
 &+ \frac{\left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}c^2d^2 - (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}ace^2 - 2(ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}de\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x+\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{2\left(\sqrt{2}ac^3d^4 + 2\sqrt{2}a^2c^2d^2e^2 + \sqrt{2}a^3ce^4\right)} \\
 &+ \frac{\left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}c^2d^2 - (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}ace^2 - 2(ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}de\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x-\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{2\left(\sqrt{2}ac^3d^4 + 2\sqrt{2}a^2c^2d^2e^2 + \sqrt{2}a^3ce^4\right)} \\
 &+ \frac{\left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}c^2d^2 - (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}ace^2 + 2(ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}de\right) \log\left(x^2 + \sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\right)}{4\left(\sqrt{2}ac^3d^4 + 2\sqrt{2}a^2c^2d^2e^2 + \sqrt{2}a^3ce^4\right)} \\
 &- \frac{\left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}c^2d^2 - (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}ace^2 + 2(ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}de\right) \log\left(x^2 - \sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\right)}{4\left(\sqrt{2}ac^3d^4 + 2\sqrt{2}a^2c^2d^2e^2 + \sqrt{2}a^3ce^4\right)} \\
 &+ \frac{(5cd^2e^2 + ae^4) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2(c^2d^5 + 2acd^3e^2 + a^2de^4)\sqrt{de}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/2*e^2*x/((c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*(e*x^2 + d)) + 1/2*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d^2 - (
a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c*e^2 - 2*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt
(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(sqrt(2)*a*c^3*d^4 + 2*sqrt(2)*a^2*c^2*d^2*e
^2 + sqrt(2)*a^3*c*e^4) + 1/2*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d^2 - (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c*e
^2 - 2*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(
a/c)^(1/4))/(sqrt(2)*a*c^3*d^4 + 2*sqrt(2)*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + sqrt(2)*a^3*c
*e^4) + 1/4*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d^2 - (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c*e^2 + 2*(a*c^3)^(3/
4)*d*e)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(sqrt(2)*a*c^3*d^4 +
2*sqrt(2)*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + sqrt(2)*a^3*c*e^4) - 1/4*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d
^2 - (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c*e^2 + 2*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*d*e)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)
^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(sqrt(2)*a*c^3*d^4 + 2*sqrt(2)*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + sqrt(
2)*a^3*c*e^4) + 1/2*(5*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*arctan(e*x/sqrt(d*e))/((c^2*d^5
+ 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(d*e))

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16369, normalized size of antiderivative = 48.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^2),x)`

output `(e^2*x)/(2*d*(d + e*x^2)*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)) - atan(((((((256*a^8*c^4*d*e^16 - 128*a*c^11*d^15*e^2 + 256*a^2*c^10*d^13*e^4 + 3456*a^3*c^9*d^11*e^6 + 8960*a^4*c^8*d^9*e^8 + 10880*a^5*c^7*d^7*e^10 + 6912*a^6*c^6*d^5*e^12 + 2176*a^7*c^5*d^3*e^14)/(2*(c^4*d^10 + a^4*d^2*e^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^8*e^2 + 4*a^3*c*d^4*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^4)) + (x*((a^2*e^4*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2) + c^2*d^4*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2) + 4*a^2*c^3*d^3*e - 4*a^3*c^2*d*e^3 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2)))/(16*(a^7*e^8 + a^3*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^6*c*d^2*e^6 + 4*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^4)))^(1/2)*(512*a^2*c^11*d^16*e^3 + 2560*a^3*c^10*d^14*e^5 + 4608*a^4*c^9*d^12*e^7 + 2560*a^5*c^8*d^10*e^9 - 2560*a^6*c^7*d^8*e^11 - 4608*a^7*c^6*d^6*e^13 - 2560*a^8*c^5*d^4*e^15 - 512*a^9*c^4*d^2*e^17)))/(c^4*d^10 + a^4*d^2*e^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^8*e^2 + 4*a^3*c*d^4*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^4))*((a^2*e^4*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2) + c^2*d^4*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2) + 4*a^2*c^3*d^3*e - 4*a^3*c^2*d*e^3 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/(16*(a^7*e^8 + a^3*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^6*c*d^2*e^6 + 4*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^4)))^(1/2) + (x*(32*a^6*c^5*d^14 - 48*a*c^10*d^11*e^4 - 16*c^11*d^13*e^2 + 1024*a^2*c^9*d^9*e^6 + 2208*a^3*c^8*d^7*e^8 + 1264*a^4*c^7*d^5*e^10 + 144*a^5*c^6*d^3*e^12))/(c^4*d^10 + a^4*d^2*e^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^8*e^2 + 4*a^3*c*d^4*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^4))*((a^2*e^4*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2) + c^2*d^4*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2) + 4*a^2*c^3*d^3*e - 4*a^3*c^2*d*e^3 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2))/(16*(a^7*e^8 + a^3*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^6*c*d^2*e^6 + 4*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a...`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1155, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a),x)`

output

```
(4*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**4*e + 4*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*d**3*e**2 + 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**5 - 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**4*e*x**2 - 4*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**4*e - 4*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**3*e**2*x**2 - 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*d**3*e**2 - 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**5 + 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**4*e*x**2 + 4*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2...
```

3.318 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2545
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2546
Rubi [A] (verified)	2546
Maple [C] (verified)	2552
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2553
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2554
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2554
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2555
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2556
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2557

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 268

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x\left(cd\left(d^2 - \frac{3ae^2}{c}\right) + e(3cd^2 - ae^2)x^2\right)}{4ac(a+cx^4)} - \frac{3(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}c^{7/4}} + \frac{3(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}c^{7/4}} + \frac{3(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})(cd^2 + ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}c^{7/4}}$$

output

```
1/4*x*(c*d*(d^2-3*a*e^2/c)+e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x^2)/a/c/(c*x^4+a)+3/16*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)/c^(7/4)+3/16*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)/c^(7/4)+3/16*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)/c^(7/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{8a^{3/4}c^{3/4}(ae^2x(3d+ex^2)-cd^2x(d+3ex^2))}{a+cx^4} - 6\sqrt{2}(c^{3/2}d^3 + \sqrt{acd^2e} + a\sqrt{cde^2} + a^{3/2}e^3) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^3/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```
((-8*a^(3/4)*c^(3/4)*(a*e^2*x*(3*d + e*x^2) - c*d^2*x*(d + 3*e*x^2)))/(a + c*x^4) - 6*Sqrt[2]*(c^(3/2)*d^3 + Sqrt[a]*c*d^2*e + a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + a^(3/2)*e^3)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] + 6*Sqrt[2]*(c^(3/2)*d^3 + Sqrt[a]*c*d^2*e + a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + a^(3/2)*e^3)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] + 3*Sqrt[2]*(-(c^(3/2)*d^3) + Sqrt[a]*c*d^2*e - a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + a^(3/2)*e^3)*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2] + 3*Sqrt[2]*(c^(3/2)*d^3 - Sqrt[a]*c*d^2*e + a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 - a^(3/2)*e^3)*Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(32*a^(7/4)*c^(7/4))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.684$, Rules used = {1519, 25, 2397, 27, 1482, 27, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1519$$

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{3cde^2x^4+3e(cd^2+ae^2)x^2+cd^3}{(cx^4+a)^2} dx}{c} - \frac{e^3x^3}{c(a+cx^4)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{3cde^2x^4 + 3e(cd^2 + ae^2)x^2 + cd^3}{(cx^4 + a)^2} dx - \frac{e^3x^3}{c(a + cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2 + cd^2) + d(cd^2 - 3ae^2))}{4a(a + cx^4)} - \frac{\int -\frac{3c(cd^2 + ae^2)(ex^2 + d)}{cx^4 + a} dx}{4ac} - \frac{e^3x^3}{c(a + cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2397} \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{cx^4 + a} dx}{4a} + \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2 + cd^2) + d(cd^2 - 3ae^2))}{4a(a + cx^4)} - \frac{e^3x^3}{c(a + cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2 + cd^2) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2})}{cx^4 + a} dx}{2c} + \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{a})}{cx^4 + a} dx}{2c} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2 + cd^2) + d(cd^2 - 3ae^2))}{4a(a + cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1482} \\
 & \frac{e^3x^3}{c(a + cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2 + cd^2) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{a}}{cx^4 + a} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2 + cd^2) + d(cd^2 - 3ae^2))}{4a(a + cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1476} \\
 & \frac{e^3x^3}{c(a + cx^4)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3(ae^2+cd^2) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx \right)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}-e \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2+cd^2)+d(cd^2-3ae^2))}{4a(a+cx^4)} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^3 x^3}{c(a+cx^4)} \quad c$$

↓ 1082

$$3(ae^2+cd^2) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}+1\right)^2} d\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}+1\right)^2} d\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}-e \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2+cd^2)+d(cd^2-3ae^2))}{4a(a+cx^4)} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^3 x^3}{c(a+cx^4)} \quad c$$

↓ 217

$$3(ae^2+cd^2) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}-e \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx + \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}+1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}}\right) - \arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e \right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2+cd^2)+d(cd^2-3ae^2))}{4a(a+cx^4)} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^3 x^3}{c(a+cx^4)} \quad c$$

↓ 1479

$$3(ae^2+cd^2) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e \right) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt[4]{a}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \right)$$

4a c

$$\frac{e^3x^3}{c(a+cx^4)}$$

↓ 25

$$3(ae^2+cd^2) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt[4]{a}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \right)$$

4a c

$$\frac{e^3x^3}{c(a+cx^4)}$$

↓ 27

$$3(ae^2+cd^2) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{c}x}{x^2-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt[4]{a}}{x^2+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}} dx}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e \right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) + x($$

$$\frac{e^3x^3}{c(a+cx^4)}$$

1103

$$3(ae^2+cd^2) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e \right)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e \right) \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right) - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) + x($$

$$\frac{e^3x^3}{c(a+cx^4)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^3/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output

```

-((e^3*x^3)/(c*(a + c*x^4))) + ((x*(d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) + 3*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^2))/(4*a*(a + c*x^4)) + (3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)*(-(ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))) + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))))/(2*Sqrt[c]) + (((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] - e)*(-1/2*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)) + Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))))/(2*Sqrt[c]))/(4*a))/c
    
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \text{ Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[\text{a}*(\text{c}/\text{b}^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/\text{b} \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{q} - \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, 1 + 2*\text{c}*(\text{x}/\text{b})], \text{x}] /; \text{RationalQ}[\text{q}] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[\text{q}^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*\text{c}])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x + \text{c}*x^2, \text{x}]]/\text{b}), \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*\text{c}*\text{d} - \text{b}*\text{e}, 0]$
- rule 1476 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)^2)/((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^4), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[2*(\text{d}/\text{e}), 2]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{e}/(2*\text{c}) \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[\text{d}/\text{e} + \text{q}*x + \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{e}/(2*\text{c}) \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[\text{d}/\text{e} - \text{q}*x + \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{c}*\text{d}^2 - \text{a}*\text{e}^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{d}*\text{e}]$
- rule 1479 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)^2)/((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^4), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[-2*(\text{d}/\text{e}), 2]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{e}/(2*\text{c}*\text{q}) \ \text{Int}[(\text{q} - 2*x)/\text{Simp}[\text{d}/\text{e} + \text{q}*x - \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{e}/(2*\text{c}*\text{q}) \ \text{Int}[(\text{q} + 2*x)/\text{Simp}[\text{d}/\text{e} - \text{q}*x - \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{c}*\text{d}^2 - \text{a}*\text{e}^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}*\text{e}]$

rule 1482

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[
a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d*q + a*e)/(2*a*c) Int[(q + c*x^2)/(a + c*x^4), x], x] +
Simp[(d*q - a*e)/(2*a*c) Int[(q - c*x^2)/(a + c*x^4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[(-
a)*c]
```

rule 1519

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[e^q*x^(2*q - 3)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(c*(4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c
*(4*p + 2*q + 1) Int[(a + c*x^4)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(d + e
x^2)^q - a*(2*q - 3)*e^q*x^(2*q - 4) - c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*e^q*x^(2*q), x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[q, 1]
```

rule 2397

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq,
x]}, Module[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[b^(Floor[(q - 1)/n] + 1)*Pq, a + b*x^n,
x], R = PolynomialRemainder[b^(Floor[(q - 1)/n] + 1)*Pq, a + b*x^n, x]}, S
imp[(-x)*R*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*b^(Floor[(q - 1)/n] + 1))), x]
+ Simp[1/(a*n*(p + 1)*b^(Floor[(q - 1)/n] + 1) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*
ExpandToSum[a*n*(p + 1)*Q + n*(p + 1)*R + D[x*R, x], x], x]] /; GeQ[q,
n] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{e(ae^2-3cd^2)x^3}{4ac} - \frac{d(3ae^2-cd^2)x}{4ac}}{cx^4+a} + \frac{3 \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(cZ^4+a)} \frac{(e(ae^2+cd^2)R^2+d(ae^2+cd^2)) \ln(x-R)}{-R^3} \right)}{16ac^2}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{e(ae^2-3cd^2)x^3}{4ac} - \frac{d(3ae^2-cd^2)x}{4ac}}{cx^4+a} + \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2) \left(\frac{d\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2+\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\right)}{x^2-\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}\right) + 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}+1}\right) + 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{8a}}{4ac}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(-1/4***(a*e^2-3*c*d^2)/a/c*x^3-1/4*d*(3*a*e^2-c*d^2)/a/c*x)/(c*x^4+a)+3/16/a/c^2*sum((e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*_R^2+d*(a*e^2+c*d^2))/_R^3*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*c+a))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2116 vs. $2(207) = 414$.

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2116, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.90

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*(4*(3*c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x^3 - 3*(a*c^2*x^4 + a^2*c)*sqrt(-(2*c^2*d^5*e + 4*a*c*d^3*e^3 + 2*a^2*d*e^5 + a^3*c^3*sqrt(-(c^6*d^12 + 2*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 2*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12))/(a^7*c^7)))/(a^3*c^3))*log(-27*(c^5*d^10 + 3*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*x + 27*(a^2*c^5*d^7 + a^3*c^4*d^5*e^2 - a^4*c^3*d^3*e^4 - a^5*c^2*d*e^6 + a^6*c^5*e*sqrt(-(c^6*d^12 + 2*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 2*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12))/(a^7*c^7)))*sqrt(-(2*c^2*d^5*e + 4*a*c*d^3*e^3 + 2*a^2*d*e^5 + a^3*c^3*sqrt(-(c^6*d^12 + 2*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 2*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12))/(a^7*c^7)))/(a^3*c^3))) + 3*(a*c^2*x^4 + a^2*c)*sqrt(-(2*c^2*d^5*e + 4*a*c*d^3*e^3 + 2*a^2*d*e^5 + a^3*c^3*sqrt(-(c^6*d^12 + 2*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 2*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12))/(a^7*c^7)))/(a^3*c^3))*log(-27*(c^5*d^10 + 3*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*x - 27*(a^2*c^5*d^7 + a^3*c^4*d^5*e^2 - a^4*c^3*d^3*e^4 - a^5*c^2*d*e^6 + a^6*c^5*e*sqrt(-(c^6*d^12 + 2*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 2*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12))/(a^7*c^7)))*sqrt(-(2*c^2*d^5*e + 4*a*c*d^3*e^3 + 2*a^2*d*e^5 + a^3*c^3*sqrt(-(c^6*d^12 + 2*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 2*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12))/(a^7*c^7)))/(a^3*c^3))`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(65536t^4 a^7 c^7 + t^2 \cdot (9216a^6 c^4 d e^5 + 18432a^5 c^5 d^3 e^3 + 9216a^4 c^6 d^5 e) + 81a^6 e^{12} + 486a^5 c d^2 e^{10} + \frac{x^3(-ae^3 + 3cd^2e) + x(-3ade^2 + cd^3)}{4a^2c + 4ac^2x^4} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**3/(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`

output

```
RootSum(65536*_t**4*a**7*c**7 + _t**2*(9216*a**6*c**4*d*e**5 + 18432*a**5*c**5*d**3*e**3 + 9216*a**4*c**6*d**5*e) + 81*a**6*e**12 + 486*a**5*c*d**2*e**10 + 1215*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**8 + 1620*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**6 + 1215*a**2*c**4*d**8*e**4 + 486*a*c**5*d**10*e**2 + 81*c**6*d**12, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (4096*_t**3*a**6*c**5*e + 432*_t*a**5*c**2*d*e**6 + 720*_t*a**4*c**3*d**3*e**4 + 144*_t*a**3*c**4*d**5*e**2 - 144*_t*a**2*c**5*d**7)/(27*a**5*e**10 + 81*a**4*c*d**2*e**8 + 54*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 - 54*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4 - 81*a*c**4*d**8*e**2 - 27*c**5*d**10)))) + (x**3*(-a*e**3 + 3*c*d**2*e) + x*(-3*a*d*e**2 + c*d**3))/(4*a**2*c + 4*a*c**2*x**4)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{(3cd^2e - ae^3)x^3 + (cd^3 - 3ade^2)x}{4(ac^2x^4 + a^2c)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(cd^2 + ae^2)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{2a}\frac{1}{4}c\frac{1}{4}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{2a}\frac{1}{4}c\frac{1}{4}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})}{32ac}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/4*((3*c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x^3 + (c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2)*x)/(a*c^2*x^4 + a^2*c)
+ 3/32*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(c)*d + sqrt(a)*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(
2)*(2*sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c)))/sqrt(a)
*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))*sqrt(c) + 2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(c)*d + sqrt(a)*e)*arctan
(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))
)/sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))*sqrt(c) + sqrt(2)*(sqrt(c)*d - sqrt(a)*e
)*log(sqrt(c)*x^2 + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(3/4))
- sqrt(2)*(sqrt(c)*d - sqrt(a)*e)*log(sqrt(c)*x^2 - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/
4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(3/4))/(a*c)

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 430 vs. 2(207) = 414.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 430, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{3cd^2ex^3 - ae^3x^3 + cd^3x - 3ade^2x}{4(cx^4 + a)ac}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{2}\left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}c^3d^3 + (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}ac^2de^2 + (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}cd^2e + (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}ae^3\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x + \sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{16a^2c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{2}\left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}c^3d^3 + (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}ac^2de^2 + (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}cd^2e + (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}ae^3\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x - \sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{16a^2c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{2}\left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}c^3d^3 + (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}ac^2de^2 - (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}cd^2e - (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}ae^3\right) \log\left(x^2 + \sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\right)}{32a^2c^4}$$

$$- \frac{3\sqrt{2}\left((ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}c^3d^3 + (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}ac^2de^2 - (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}cd^2e - (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}}ae^3\right) \log\left(x^2 - \sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\right)}{32a^2c^4}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/4*(3*c*d^2*e*x^3 - a*e^3*x^3 + c*d^3*x - 3*a*d*e^2*x)/((c*x^4 + a)*a*c)
+ 3/16*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^3 + (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d*e^2 + (a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^2*e + (a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*e^3)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2))*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(a^2*c^4) + 3/16*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^3 + (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d*e^2 + (a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^2*e + (a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*e^3)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2))*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(a^2*c^4) + 3/32*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^3 + (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d*e^2 - (a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^2*e - (a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*e^3)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(a^2*c^4) - 3/32*sqrt(2)*((a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^3 + (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d*e^2 - (a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^2*e - (a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*e^3)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(a^2*c^4)

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2560, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.55

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x^2)^3/(a + c*x^4)^2,x)
```

output

```

- ((d*x*(3*a*e^2 - c*d^2))/(4*a*c) + (e*x^3*(a*e^2 - 3*c*d^2))/(4*a*c))/(a
+ c*x^4) - 2*atanh((9*c^3*d^6*x*((9*e^6*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2)))/(256*a^4*c^7) -
(9*d^5*e)/(128*a^3*c) - (9*d^3*e^3)/(64*a^2*c^2) - (9*d^6*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2)
))/(256*a^7*c^4) - (9*d*e^5)/(128*a*c^3) + (9*d^2*e^4*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2))/(2
56*a^5*c^6) - (9*d^4*e^2*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2))/(256*a^6*c^5)^(1/2))/(2*((27*c
*d^6*e^3)/16 - (27*a^3*e^9)/(32*c^2) + (27*c^2*d^8*e)/(32*a) - (27*a^2*d^2
*e^7)/(16*c) + (27*d^9*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2))/(32*a^5*c) - (27*d*e^8*(-a^7*c^7)
^(1/2))/(32*a*c^5) - (27*d^3*e^6*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2))/(16*a^2*c^4) + (27*d^7*
e^2*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2))/(16*a^4*c^2))) + (9*a*e^6*x*((9*e^6*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2)
))/(256*a^4*c^7) - (9*d^5*e)/(128*a^3*c) - (9*d^3*e^3)/(64*a^2*c^2) - (9*d^
6*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2))/(256*a^7*c^4) - (9*d*e^5)/(128*a*c^3) + (9*d^2*e^4*(-a
^7*c^7)^(1/2))/(256*a^5*c^6) - (9*d^4*e^2*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2))/(256*a^6*c^5)
^(1/2))/(2*((27*a*e^9)/(32*c^2) + (27*d^2*e^7)/(16*c) - (27*c*d^6*e^3)/(16
*a^2) - (27*c^2*d^8*e)/(32*a^3) - (27*d^9*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2))/(32*a^7*c) + (
27*d*e^8*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2))/(32*a^3*c^5) + (27*d^3*e^6*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2))/(1
6*a^4*c^4) - (27*d^7*e^2*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2))/(16*a^6*c^2))) + (9*c*d^2*e^4*x
*((9*e^6*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2))/(256*a^4*c^7) - (9*d^5*e)/(128*a^3*c) - (9*d^3*
e^3)/(64*a^2*c^2) - (9*d^6*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2))/(256*a^7*c^4) - (9*d*e^5)/(12
8*a*c^3) + (9*d^2*e^4*(-a^7*c^7)^(1/2))/(256*a^5*c^6) - (9*d^4*e^2*(-a^7*c
^7)^(1/2))/(256*a^6*c^5)^(1/2))/(2*((27*a*e^9)/(32*c^2) + (27*d^2*e^7)...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1304, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.87

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 6*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)
*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*e**3 - 6*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*
atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2))
)*a*c*d**2*e - 6*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)
- 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*e**3*x**4 - 6*c**(1/4)*a*
*(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a*
*(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*d**2*e*x**4 - 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(
1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*d*e
**2 - 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt
(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**3 - 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)
*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)
))*a*c*d*e**2*x**4 - 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*s
qrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*d**3*x**4 + 6*c**(
1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(
1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*e**3 + 6*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(
1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**2
*e + 6*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)
*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*e**3*x**4 + 6*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqr
t(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqr
t(2)))*c**2*d**2*e*x**4 + 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a*...
```

3.319 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2559
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2560
Rubi [A] (verified)	2560
Maple [C] (verified)	2566
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2567
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2568
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2568
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2569
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2570
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2571

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 249

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} + 2dex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)} - \frac{(3cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de + ae^2) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}c^{5/4}} + \frac{(3cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de + ae^2) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}c^{5/4}} + \frac{(3cd^2 - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de + ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}c^{5/4}}$$

output

```
1/4*x*(d^2-a*e^2/c+2*d*e*x^2)/a/(c*x^4+a)+1/16*(3*c*d^2+2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*
d*e+a*e^2)*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)/c^(5/4)+1/
16*(3*c*d^2+2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+a*e^2)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4
))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)/c^(5/4)+1/16*(3*c*d^2-2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+a*e^2)*arct
anh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)/c^(5/
4)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{8a^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{c}(ae^2x - cd)(d + 2ex^2)}{a + cx^4} - 2\sqrt{2}(3cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} + ae^2) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) + 2\sqrt{2}(3cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} + ae^2) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{(a + cx^4)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output

```
((-8*a^(3/4)*c^(1/4)*(a*e^2*x - c*d*x*(d + 2*e*x^2)))/(a + c*x^4) - 2*Sqrt[2]*(3*c*d^2 + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + a*e^2)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] + 2*Sqrt[2]*(3*c*d^2 + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + a*e^2)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)] - Sqrt[2]*(3*c*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + a*e^2)*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2] + Sqrt[2]*(3*c*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + a*e^2)*Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(32*a^(7/4)*c^(5/4))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.684$, Rules used = {1519, 25, 1493, 27, 1482, 27, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1519$$

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{3cd^2 + 6cex^2d + ae^2}{(cx^4 + a)^2} dx}{3c} - \frac{e^2x}{3c(a + cx^4)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{3cd^2+6cex^2d+ae^2}{(cx^4+a)^2} dx}{3c} - \frac{e^2x}{3c(a+cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\
 & \frac{\frac{x(ae^2+3cd^2+6cdex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)}}{3c} - \frac{\int -\frac{3(3cd^2+2cex^2d+ae^2)}{4a} dx}{3c(a+cx^4)} - \frac{e^2x}{3c(a+cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3 \int \frac{3cd^2+2cex^2d+ae^2}{4a} dx}{3c} + \frac{x(ae^2+3cd^2+6cdex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)}}{3c} - \frac{e^2x}{3c(a+cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1482} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de+ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{c}x^2)}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de+ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{c}x^2+\sqrt{a})}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x(ae^2+3cd^2+6cdex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)} - \\
 & \quad \frac{3c}{e^2x} \\
 & \quad \frac{e^2x}{3c(a+cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de+ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{c}x^2}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de+ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2+\sqrt{a}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x(ae^2+3cd^2+6cdex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)} - \\
 & \quad \frac{3c}{e^2x} \\
 & \quad \frac{e^2x}{3c(a+cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1476} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de+ae^2+3cd^2) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{2\sqrt{c}}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{2\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de+ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{c}x^2}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x(ae^2+3cd^2+6cdex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)} - \\
 & \quad \frac{3c}{e^2x} \\
 & \quad \frac{e^2x}{3c(a+cx^4)}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1082

$$3 \left(\frac{(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+ae^2+3cd^2) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right)^2} d\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^2x}{3c(a+cx^4)}$$

↓ 217

$$3 \left(\frac{(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) (2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+ae^2+3cd^2)}{2\sqrt{a}} \right) + \frac{x(ae^2+3cd^2+6cdex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x}{3c(a+cx^4)}$$

↓ 1479

$$\left(\frac{(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de+ae^2+3cd^2)}{2\sqrt{a}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt[4]{a})}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) + \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \right)$$

$4a$ $3c$

$$\frac{e^2x}{3c(a+cx^4)}$$

↓ 25

$$\left(\frac{(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de+ae^2+3cd^2)}{2\sqrt{a}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt[4]{a})}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) + \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \right)$$

$4a$ $3c$

$$\frac{e^2x}{3c(a+cx^4)}$$

↓ 27

$$3 \left(\frac{(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2+3cd^2}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{c}x}{x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt[4]{a}}{x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} \right) (2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2+3cd^2)}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^2 x}{3c(a + cx^4)}$$

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$$3 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} \right) (2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2+3cd^2})}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2+3cd^2}) \left(\frac{\log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{c}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{c}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^2 x}{3c(a + cx^4)}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x^2)^2/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]
```

```
output -1/3*(e^2*x)/(c*(a + c*x^4)) + ((x*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 6*c*d*e*x^2))/(4*a*(a + c*x^4)) + (3*(((3*c*d^2 + 2*sqrt[a]*sqrt[c]*d*e + a*e^2)*(-ArcTan[1 - (sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))) + ArcTan[1 + (sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)))))/(2*sqrt[a]) + ((3*c*d^2 - 2*sqrt[a]*sqrt[c]*d*e + a*e^2)*(-1/2*Log[sqrt[a] - sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sqrt[c]*x^2]/(sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)) + Log[sqrt[a] + sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sqrt[c]*x^2]/(2*sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)))))/(2*sqrt[a]))/(4*a))/(3*c)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[\text{a}*(\text{c}/\text{b}^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/\text{b} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{q} - \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, 1 + 2*\text{c}*(\text{x}/\text{b})], \text{x}] \text{ ; RationalQ}[\text{q}] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[\text{q}^2, 1] \ || \ \text{!RationalQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*\text{c}]) \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)]/[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x + \text{c}*x^2, \text{x}]]/\text{b}), \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{2*c*d} - \text{b*e}, 0]$
- rule 1476 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)^2]/[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{2}*(\text{d}/\text{e}), 2]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{e}/(\text{2*c}) \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[\text{d}/\text{e} + \text{q}*x + \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{e}/(\text{2*c}) \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[\text{d}/\text{e} - \text{q}*x + \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{c*d}^2 - \text{a*e}^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{d*e}]$
- rule 1479 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)^2]/[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[-\text{2}*(\text{d}/\text{e}), 2]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{e}/(\text{2*c*q}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{q} - \text{2*x})/\text{Simp}[\text{d}/\text{e} + \text{q}*x - \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{e}/(\text{2*c*q}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{q} + \text{2*x})/\text{Simp}[\text{d}/\text{e} - \text{q}*x - \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{c*d}^2 - \text{a*e}^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d*e}]$

```
rule 1482 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[
a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d*q + a*e)/(2*a*c) Int[(q + c*x^2)/(a + c*x^4), x], x] +
Simp[(d*q - a*e)/(2*a*c) Int[(q - c*x^2)/(a + c*x^4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[(-
a)*c]
```

```
rule 1493 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x
)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)
) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]
```

```
rule 1519 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[e^q*x^(2*q - 3)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(c*(4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c
*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^4)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(d + e*
x^2)^q - a*(2*q - 3)*e^q*x^(2*q - 4) - c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*e^q*x^(2*q), x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[q, 1]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result
risch	$\frac{\frac{de x^3}{2a} - \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)x}{4ac}}{cx^4 + a} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(cZ^4+a)} \frac{(2deR^2 + \frac{ae^2+3cd^2}{c}) \ln(x-R)}{-R^3}}{16ac}$
default	$\frac{\frac{de x^3}{2a} - \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)x}{4ac}}{cx^4 + a} + \frac{(ae^2+3cd^2) \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{x^2 + \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}{x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}} \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + 1 \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} - 1 \right) \right)}{8a} + \frac{ed\sqrt{2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right) \right)}{4ac}$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(1/2*d*e/a*x^3-1/4*(a*e^2-c*d^2)/a/c*x)/(c*x^4+a)+1/16/a/c*sum((2*d*e*_R^2
+1/c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2))/_R^3*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*c+a))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1596 vs. $2(188) = 376$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1596, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.41

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/16*(8*c*d*e*x^3 + (a*c^2*x^4 + a^2*c)*sqrt(-(a^3*c^2*sqrt(-(81*c^4*d^8 +
36*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 22*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)/(a^7*c
^5)) + 12*c*d^3*e + 4*a*d*e^3)/(a^3*c^2))*log((81*c^4*d^8 + 108*a*c^3*d^6*
e^2 + 38*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 12*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*x + (2*a^6*c^4*d*e*
sqrt(-(81*c^4*d^8 + 36*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 22*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e
^6 + a^4*e^8)/(a^7*c^5)) + 27*a^2*c^4*d^6 + 15*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 5*a^4*c^2*
d^2*e^4 + a^5*c*e^6)*sqrt(-(a^3*c^2*sqrt(-(81*c^4*d^8 + 36*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 +
22*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)/(a^7*c^5)) + 12*c*d^3*e +
4*a*d*e^3)/(a^3*c^2))) - (a*c^2*x^4 + a^2*c)*sqrt(-(a^3*c^2*sqrt(-(81*c^4
*d^8 + 36*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 22*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)/
(a^7*c^5)) + 12*c*d^3*e + 4*a*d*e^3)/(a^3*c^2))*log((81*c^4*d^8 + 108*a*c
^3*d^6*e^2 + 38*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 12*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*x - (2*a^6*c
^4*d*e*sqrt(-(81*c^4*d^8 + 36*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 22*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*
d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)/(a^7*c^5)) + 27*a^2*c^4*d^6 + 15*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 5*a
^4*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^5*c*e^6)*sqrt(-(a^3*c^2*sqrt(-(81*c^4*d^8 + 36*a*c^3*d^6
*e^2 + 22*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)/(a^7*c^5)) + 12*c*d
^3*e + 4*a*d*e^3)/(a^3*c^2))) - (a*c^2*x^4 + a^2*c)*sqrt((a^3*c^2*sqrt(-(8
1*c^4*d^8 + 36*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 22*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*
e^8)/(a^7*c^5)) - 12*c*d^3*e - 4*a*d*e^3)/(a^3*c^2))*log((81*c^4*d^8 + 108
*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 38*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 12*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*x + (...
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(65536t^4 a^7 c^5 + t^2 \cdot (2048a^5 c^3 d e^3 + 6144a^4 c^4 d^3 e) + a^4 e^8 + 20a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 118a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 180ac^3 \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2cdex^3 + x(-ae^2 + cd^2)}{4a^2c + 4ac^2x^4} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2/(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`output `RootSum(65536*_t**4*a**7*c**5 + _t**2*(2048*a**5*c**3*d*e**3 + 6144*a**4*c**4*d**3*e) + a**4*e**8 + 20*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 + 118*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 + 180*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 81*c**4*d**8, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (-8192*_t**3*a**6*c**4*d*e + 16*_t*a**5*c*e**6 - 48*_t*a**4*c**2*d**2*e**4 - 144*_t*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**2 + 432*_t*a**2*c**4*d**6)/(a**4*e**8 + 12*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 + 38*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 + 108*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 81*c**4*d**8)))) + (2*c*d*e*x**3 + x*(-a*e**2 + c*d**2))/(4*a**2*c + 4*a*c**2*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{2cdex^3 + (cd^2 - ae^2)x}{4(ac^2x^4 + a^2c)}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{2}\left(3c^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2 + 2\sqrt{acde} + a\sqrt{ce^2}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{2}a^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\left(3c^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2 + 2\sqrt{acde} + a\sqrt{ce^2}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{2}a^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\phantom{2\sqrt{2}\left(3c^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2 + 2\sqrt{acde} + a\sqrt{ce^2}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{2}a^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\right)}}{32ac}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/4*(2*c*d*e*x^3 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x)/(a*c^2*x^4 + a^2*c) + 1/32*(2*sqrt(2)
)*(3*c^(3/2)*d^2 + 2*sqrt(a)*c*d*e + a*sqrt(c)*e^2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*
sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c)))/sqrt(a)*sqrt(
sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))*sqrt(c) + 2*sqrt(2)*(3*c^(3/2)*d^2 + 2*sqrt(a)*c*d*e + a
*sqrt(c)*e^2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))/s
qrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c)))/sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))*sqrt(c) + sqrt(2)*(3
*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 2*sqrt(a)*c*d*e + a*sqrt(c)*e^2)*log(sqrt(c)*x^2 + sqrt(2)*
a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(3/4)) - sqrt(2)*(3*c^(3/2)*d^2 -
2*sqrt(a)*c*d*e + a*sqrt(c)*e^2)*log(sqrt(c)*x^2 - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)
*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(3/4))/(a*c)

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx \\
&= \frac{2cdex^3 + cd^2x - ae^2x}{4(cx^4 + a)ac} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(3(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d^2 + (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ace^2 + 2(ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} de \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x + \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{16 a^2 c^3} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(3(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d^2 + (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ace^2 + 2(ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} de \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x - \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{16 a^2 c^3} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(3(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d^2 + (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ace^2 - 2(ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} de \right) \log \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}} \right)}{32 a^2 c^3} \\
&- \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(3(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d^2 + (ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} ace^2 - 2(ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} de \right) \log \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}} \right)}{32 a^2 c^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```

integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")

```

output

```

1/4*(2*c*d*e*x^3 + c*d^2*x - a*e^2*x)/((c*x^4 + a)*a*c) + 1/16*sqrt(2)*(3*
(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d^2 + (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c*e^2 + 2*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*d*e)*arcta
n(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(a^2*c^3) + 1/16*sq
rt(2)*(3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d^2 + (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c*e^2 + 2*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*d
*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(a^2*c^3)
+ 1/32*sqrt(2)*(3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d^2 + (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c*e^2 - 2*(a*c^3
)^(3/4)*d*e)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(a^2*c^3) - 1/32
*sqrt(2)*(3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d^2 + (a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c*e^2 - 2*(a*c^3)^(3/4
)*d*e)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(a^2*c^3)

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1565, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.29

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x^2)^2/(a + c*x^4)^2,x)
```

output

```

2*atanh((9*c^3*d^4*x*((9*d^4*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(256*a^7*c^3) - (3*d^3*e)/(
64*a^3*c) - (d*e^3)/(64*a^2*c^2) + (e^4*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(256*a^5*c^5) +
(d^2*e^2*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(128*a^6*c^4))^(1/2))/(2*((27*d^6*(-a^7*c^5)^(1
/2))/(32*a^5) - (c*d^3*e^3)/8 - (a*d*e^5)/16 - (9*c^2*d^5*e)/(16*a) + (e^6
*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(32*a^2*c^3) + (5*d^2*e^4*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(32*a^3*c^2
) + (15*d^4*e^2*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(32*a^4*c))) + (c*e^4*x*((9*d^4*(-a^7*c^
5)^(1/2))/(256*a^7*c^3) - (3*d^3*e)/(64*a^3*c) - (d*e^3)/(64*a^2*c^2) + (e
^4*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(256*a^5*c^5) + (d^2*e^2*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(128*a^6*c
^4))^(1/2))/(2*((27*d^6*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(32*a^7) - (d*e^5)/(16*a) - (c*d
^3*e^3)/(8*a^2) - (9*c^2*d^5*e)/(16*a^3) + (e^6*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(32*a^4*
c^3) + (5*d^2*e^4*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(32*a^5*c^2) + (15*d^4*e^2*(-a^7*c^5)
^(1/2))/(32*a^6*c))) + (c^2*d^2*e^2*x*((9*d^4*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(256*a^7*c
^3) - (3*d^3*e)/(64*a^3*c) - (d*e^3)/(64*a^2*c^2) + (e^4*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/
(256*a^5*c^5) + (d^2*e^2*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(128*a^6*c^4))^(1/2))/((27*d^6*
(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(32*a^6) - (d*e^5)/16 - (c*d^3*e^3)/(8*a) - (9*c^2*d^5*e
)/(16*a^2) + (e^6*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(32*a^3*c^3) + (5*d^2*e^4*(-a^7*c^5)^(
1/2))/(32*a^4*c^2) + (15*d^4*e^2*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(32*a^5*c)))*((a^2*e^4*
(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2) + 9*c^2*d^4*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2) - 12*a^4*c^4*d^3*e - 4*a^5*c
^3*d*e^3 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2*(-a^7*c^5)^(1/2))/(256*a^7*c^5))^(1/2) - 2*atanh(
(9*c^3*d^4*x*(- (d*e^3)/(64*a^2*c^2) - (3*d^3*e)/(64*a^3*c) - (9*d^4*(-...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 957, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.84

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 4*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d*e - 4*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*d*e*x**4 - 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*e**2 - 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**2 - 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*e**2*x**4 - 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d*e + 4*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*d*e*x**4 + 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*e**2 + 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**2 + 2*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*e**2*x**4 + 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*log( - c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*...
```

3.320 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2573
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2574
Rubi [A] (verified)	2574
Maple [C] (verified)	2578
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2579
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2580
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2580
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2581
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2582
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2583

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)} - \frac{(3\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}c^{3/4}} + \frac{(3\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}c^{3/4}} + \frac{(3\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}c^{3/4}}$$

output

```
1/4*x*(e*x^2+d)/a/(c*x^4+a)+1/16*(3*c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)/c^(3/4)+1/16*(3*c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)/c^(3/4)+1/16*(3*c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)/c^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{8ax(d+ex^2)}{a+cx^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}(3\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{c^{3/4}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}(3\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{c^{3/4}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(-3\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}+a^{3/4}e\right)}{32a^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`output `((8*a*x*(d + e*x^2))/(a + c*x^4) - (2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*(3*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/c^(3/4) + (2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*(3*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/c^(3/4) + (Sqrt[2]*(-3*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*d + a^(3/4)*e)*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/c^(3/4) + (Sqrt[2]*(3*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*d - a^(3/4)*e)*Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/c^(3/4))/(32*a^2)`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.647$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1482, 27, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1493$$

$$\frac{x(d + ex^2)}{4a(a + cx^4)} - \int \frac{-ex^2 + 3d}{cx^4 + a} dx$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{ex^2+3d}{cx^4+a} dx}{4a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1482 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}-e\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})}{cx^4+a} dx}{2c} + \frac{\left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})}{cx^4+a} dx}{2c}}{4a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}-e\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{c}}}{4a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1476 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}-e\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{c}}}{4a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1082 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{-\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)^2-1} d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{-\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}+1\right)^2-1} d\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}-e\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{c}}}{4a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 217 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}-e\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e\right)}{4a}}{4a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1479
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}-e\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt[4]{a}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) + \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{4a}{4a(a+cx^4)} \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)}$$

25

$$\frac{\left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}-e\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt[4]{a}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) + \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{4a}{4a(a+cx^4)} \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)}$$

27

$$\frac{\left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}-e\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{c}x}{x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt[4]{a}}{x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x+\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} \right) + \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{4a}{4a(a+cx^4)} \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)}$$

1103

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x+1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e\right) + \left(\frac{3\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}-e\right) \left(\frac{\log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}x+\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{4a}{4a(a+cx^4)} \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{4a(a+cx^4)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x^2))/(4*a*(a + c*x^4)) + (((3*Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)*(-(ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))) + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))))/(2*Sqrt[c]) + (((3*Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] - e)*(-1/2*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)) + Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))))/(2*Sqrt[c]))/(4*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1476 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[d*e]`

rule 1479 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]`

rule 1482 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d*q + a*e)/(2*a*c) Int[(q + c*x^2)/(a + c*x^4), x], x] + Simp[(d*q - a*e)/(2*a*c) Int[(q - c*x^2)/(a + c*x^4), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[(-a)*c]`

rule 1493 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result
risch	$\frac{\frac{e x^3}{4a} + \frac{d x}{4a}}{c x^4 + a} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(c Z^4 + a)} \frac{(-R^2 e + 3d) \ln(x - R)}{-R^3}}{16ac}$
default	$d \left(\frac{x}{4a(c x^4 + a)} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{x^2 + \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}{x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}} \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + 1 \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} - 1 \right) \right)}{32a^2} \right) + e \left(\frac{x^3}{4a(c x^4 + a)} \right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(1/4/a*e*x^3+1/4*d/a*x)/(c*x^4+a)+1/16/a/c*sum((_R^2*e+3*d)/_R^3*ln(x-_R),
_R=RootOf(_Z^4*c+a))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 873 vs. $2(146) = 292$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 873, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.22

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*(4*e*x^3 - (a*c*x^4 + a^2)*sqrt(-(a^3*c*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^4 - 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) + 6*d*e)/(a^3*c)))*log(-(81*c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4)*x + (a^6*c^2*e*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^4 - 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) + 27*a^2*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^3*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(-(a^3*c*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^4 - 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) + 6*d*e)/(a^3*c))) + (a*c*x^4 + a^2)*sqrt(-(a^3*c*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^4 - 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) + 6*d*e)/(a^3*c))*log(-(81*c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4)*x - (a^6*c^2*e*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^4 - 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) + 27*a^2*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^3*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(-(a^3*c*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^4 - 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) + 6*d*e)/(a^3*c))) + (a*c*x^4 + a^2)*sqrt((a^3*c*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^4 - 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) - 6*d*e)/(a^3*c))*log(-(81*c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4)*x + (a^6*c^2*e*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^4 - 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) - 27*a^2*c^2*d^3 + 3*a^3*c*d*e^2)*sqrt((a^3*c*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^4 - 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) - 6*d*e)/(a^3*c))) - (a*c*x^4 + a^2)*sqrt((a^3*c*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^4 - 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) - 6*d*e)/(a^3*c))*log(-(81*c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4)*x - (a^6*c^2*e*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^4 - 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) - 27*a^2*c^2*d^3 + 3*a^3*c*d*e^2)*sqrt((a^3*c*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^4 - 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) - 6*d*e)/(a^3*c))) + 4*d*x)/(a*c*x^4 + a^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(65536t^4 a^7 c^3 + 3072t^2 a^4 c^2 de + a^2 e^4 + 18acd^2 e^2 + 81c^2 d^4, \left(t \mapsto t \log \left(x + \frac{4096t^3 a^6 c^2 e + 144t^2 a^5 c^2 d + 144t a^4 c^2 d^2 + 144t^3 a^6 c^2 e + 144t^2 a^5 c^2 d + 144t a^4 c^2 d^2}{a^2 e^4} \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{dx + ex^3}{4a^2 + 4acx^4} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`output `RootSum(65536*_t**4*a**7*c**3 + 3072*_t**2*a**4*c**2*d*e + a**2*e**4 + 18*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 81*c**2*d**4, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (4096*_t**3*a**6*c**2*e + 144*_t**2*a**5*c**2*d + 144*_t*a**4*c**2*d**2 + 144*_t**3*a**6*c**2*e + 144*_t**2*a**5*c**2*d + 144*_t*a**4*c**2*d**2)/a**2/e**4))) + (d*x + e*x**3)/(4*a**2 + 4*a*c*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{ex^3 + dx}{4(acx^4 + a^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{2}(3\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{2}a^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}(3\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{2}a^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(3\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) \log(\sqrt{cx^2})}{32a a^{\frac{3}{4}}c^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/4*(e*x^3 + d*x)/(a*c*x^4 + a^2) + 1/32*(2*sqrt(2)*(3*sqrt(c)*d + sqrt(a)
*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)
)*sqrt(c)))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))*sqrt(c)) + 2*sqrt(2)*(3*sqrt(c)
*d + sqrt(a)*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))
/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c)))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))*sqrt(c)) + sqrt(2)*
(3*sqrt(c)*d - sqrt(a)*e)*log(sqrt(c)*x^2 + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sq
rt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(3/4)) - sqrt(2)*(3*sqrt(c)*d - sqrt(a)*e)*log(sqrt(c)*x
^2 - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(3/4))/a
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{ex^3 + dx}{4(cx^4 + a)a} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(3(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d + (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} e \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x + \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{16 a^2 c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(3(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d + (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} e \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2x - \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{16 a^2 c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(3(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d - (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} e \right) \log \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}} \right)}{32 a^2 c^3}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(3(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 d - (ac^3)^{\frac{3}{4}} e \right) \log \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2} x \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}} \right)}{32 a^2 c^3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/4*(e*x^3 + d*x)/((c*x^4 + a)*a) + 1/16*sqrt(2)*(3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d +
(a*c^3)^(3/4)*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4)
))/(a^2*c^3) + 1/16*sqrt(2)*(3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d + (a*c^3)^(3/4)*e)*arct
an(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(a^2*c^3) + 1/32*sq
rt(2)*(3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d - (a*c^3)^(3/4)*e)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)
^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(a^2*c^3) - 1/32*sqrt(2)*(3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^2*d - (a*c
^3)^(3/4)*e)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(a^2*c^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 637, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{ex^3}{4a} + \frac{dx}{4a} - 2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{c^2 e^2 x \sqrt{\frac{e^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{256 a^6 c^3} - \frac{9 d^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{256 a^7 c^2} - \frac{3 d e}{128 a^3 c}}}{2 \left(\frac{c e^3}{32 a} - \frac{9 c^2 d^2 e}{32 a^2} - \frac{27 c d^3 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{32 a^6} + \frac{3 d e^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{32 a^5} \right)} \right) - \frac{9 c^3 d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{e^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{256 a^6 c^3} - \frac{9 d^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{256 a^7 c^2} - \frac{3 d e}{128 a^3 c}}}{2 \left(\frac{c e^3}{32} - \frac{9 c^2 d^2 e}{32 a} - \frac{27 c d^3 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{32 a^5} + \frac{3 d e^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{32 a^4} \right)} \sqrt{-\frac{9 c d^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3} - a e^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3} + 6 a^4 c^2 d e}{256 a^7 c^3}} - 2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{c^2 e^2 x \sqrt{\frac{9 d^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{256 a^7 c^2} - \frac{3 d e}{128 a^3 c} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{256 a^6 c^3}}}{2 \left(\frac{c e^3}{32 a} - \frac{9 c^2 d^2 e}{32 a^2} + \frac{27 c d^3 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{32 a^6} - \frac{3 d e^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{32 a^5} \right)} \right) - \frac{9 c^3 d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{9 d^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{256 a^7 c^2} - \frac{3 d e}{128 a^3 c} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{256 a^6 c^3}}}{2 \left(\frac{c e^3}{32} - \frac{9 c^2 d^2 e}{32 a} + \frac{27 c d^3 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{32 a^5} - \frac{3 d e^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3}}{32 a^4} \right)} \sqrt{-\frac{a e^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3} - 9 c d^2 \sqrt{-a^7 c^3} + 6 a^4 c^2 d e}{256 a^7 c^3}}$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x)`

output

```
((e*x^3)/(4*a) + (d*x)/(4*a))/(a + c*x^4) - 2*atanh((c^2*e^2*x*((e^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(256*a^6*c^3) - (9*d^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(256*a^7*c^2) - (3*d*e)/(128*a^3*c))^(1/2))/(2*((c*e^3)/(32*a) - (9*c^2*d^2*e)/(32*a^2) - (27*c*d^3*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(32*a^6) + (3*d*e^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(32*a^5))) - (9*c^3*d^2*x*((e^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(256*a^6*c^3) - (9*d^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(256*a^7*c^2) - (3*d*e)/(128*a^3*c))^(1/2))/(2*((c*e^3)/32 - (9*c^2*d^2*e)/(32*a) - (27*c*d^3*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(32*a^5) + (3*d*e^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(32*a^4))))*(-(9*c*d^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2) - a*e^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2) + 6*a^4*c^2*d*e)/(256*a^7*c^3))^(1/2) - 2*atanh((c^2*e^2*x*((9*d^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(256*a^7*c^2) - (3*d*e)/(128*a^3*c) - (e^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(256*a^6*c^3))^(1/2))/(2*((c*e^3)/(32*a) - (9*c^2*d^2*e)/(32*a^2) + (27*c*d^3*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(32*a^6) - (3*d*e^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(32*a^5))) - (9*c^3*d^2*x*((9*d^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(256*a^7*c^2) - (3*d*e)/(128*a^3*c) - (e^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(256*a^6*c^3))^(1/2))/(2*((c*e^3)/32 - (9*c^2*d^2*e)/(32*a) + (27*c*d^3*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(32*a^5) - (3*d*e^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2))/(32*a^4))))*(-(a*e^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2) - 9*c*d^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2) + 6*a^4*c^2*d*e)/(256*a^7*c^3))^(1/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 610, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 2*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*e - 2*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c*e*x**4 - 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*d - 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c*d*x**4 + 2*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*e + 2*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c*e*x**4 + 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*d + 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c*d*x**4 + c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*log(-c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*a*e + c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*log(-c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*c*e*x**4 - c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*log(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*a*e - c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*log(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*c*e*x**4 - 3*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(-c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*a*d - 3*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(-c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*c*d*x**4 + 3*...
```


3.321 $\int \frac{1}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2584
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2585
Rubi [A] (verified)	2585
Maple [C] (verified)	2590
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2590
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2591
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2591
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2592
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2592
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2593

Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x}{4a(a+cx^4)} - \frac{3 \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a+\sqrt{cx^2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}\sqrt[4]{c}}$$

output

```
1/4*x/a/(c*x^4+a)+3/16*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)
)/c^(1/4)+3/16*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)/c^(1/4)
+3/16*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(
7/4)/c^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{8a^{3/4}x}{a+cx^4} - \frac{6\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{6\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2} \log\left(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx + \sqrt{cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{3\sqrt{2} \log\left(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx + \sqrt{cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}{32a^{7/4}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^4)^(-2), x]`

output $((8*a^{(3/4)}*x)/(a + c*x^4) - (6*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{ArcTan}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}])/c^{(1/4)} + (6*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{ArcTan}[1 + (\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}])/c^{(1/4)} - (3*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a] - \text{Sqrt}[2]*a^{(1/4)}*c^{(1/4)}*x + \text{Sqrt}[c]*x^2])/c^{(1/4)} + (3*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[2]*a^{(1/4)}*c^{(1/4)}*x + \text{Sqrt}[c]*x^2])/c^{(1/4)})/(32*a^{(7/4)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {749, 755, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 749$$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{cx^4 + a} dx}{4a} + \frac{x}{4a(a + cx^4)}$$

$$\downarrow 755$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x}{4a(a+cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1476 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x}{4a(a+cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1082 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)^2 - 1} d\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} + 1\right)^2 - 1} d\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x}{4a(a+cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 217 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{cx^4+a} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x}{4a(a+cx^4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1479
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} - 2 \sqrt[4]{c} x}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left(x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2} (\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x + \sqrt[4]{a})}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left(x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{4a}{x} \\ 4a(a + cx^4)$$

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$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} - 2 \sqrt[4]{c} x}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left(x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} (\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x + \sqrt[4]{a})}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left(x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{4a}{x} \\ 4a(a + cx^4)$$

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$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} - 2 \sqrt[4]{c} x}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x + \sqrt[4]{a}}{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{2 \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{c}} + \frac{\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x + 1}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} x}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{4a}{x} \\ 4a(a + cx^4)$$

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$$3 \left(\frac{\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}+1}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\frac{\log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right) + \frac{4a}{4a(a+cx^4)}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^4)^(-2),x]`

output `x/(4*a*(a + c*x^4)) + (3*((-(ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))) + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[a]) + (-1/2*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)) + Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[a]))/(4*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 755 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numerator[Rt[a/b, 2]], s = Denominator[Rt[a/b, 2]]}, Simp[1/(2*r) Int[(r - s*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*r) Int[(r + s*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && (GtQ[a/b, 0] || (PosQ[a/b] && AtomQ[SplitProduct[SumBaseQ, a]] && AtomQ[SplitProduct[SumBaseQ, b]]))`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1476 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[d*e]`

rule 1479 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x}{4a(cx^4+a)} + \frac{3 \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(cZ^4+a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-R^3} \right)}{16ac}$	46
default	$\frac{x}{4a(cx^4+a)} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{x^2 + \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}{x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}} \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + 1} \right) + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\left(\frac{a}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - 1} \right) \right)}{32a^2}$	118

input `int(1/(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*x/a/(c*x^4+a)+3/16/a/c*sum(1/_R^3*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*c+a))`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(acx^4+a^2)\left(-\frac{1}{a^7c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(a^2\left(-\frac{1}{a^7c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}+x\right) - 3(-iacx^4-ia^2)\left(-\frac{1}{a^7c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(ia^2\left(-\frac{1}{a^7c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}+x\right) - 3(iacx^4+ia^2)\left(-\frac{1}{a^7c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(-ia^2\left(-\frac{1}{a^7c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}+x\right) - 3(-iacx^4-ia^2)\left(-\frac{1}{a^7c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(-ia^2\left(-\frac{1}{a^7c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}+x\right) + 4x}{16(acx^4+a^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*(3*(a*c*x^4 + a^2)*(-1/(a^7*c))^(1/4)*log(a^2*(-1/(a^7*c))^(1/4) + x) - 3*(-I*a*c*x^4 - I*a^2)*(-1/(a^7*c))^(1/4)*log(I*a^2*(-1/(a^7*c))^(1/4) + x) - 3*(I*a*c*x^4 + I*a^2)*(-1/(a^7*c))^(1/4)*log(-I*a^2*(-1/(a^7*c))^(1/4) + x) - 3*(a*c*x^4 + a^2)*(-1/(a^7*c))^(1/4)*log(-a^2*(-1/(a^7*c))^(1/4) + x) + 4*x)/(a*c*x^4 + a^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.26

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x}{4a^2 + 4acx^4} + \text{RootSum} \left(65536t^4 a^7 c + 81, \left(t \mapsto t \log \left(\frac{16ta^2}{3} + x \right) \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`output `x/(4*a**2 + 4*a*c*x**4) + RootSum(65536*_t**4*a**7*c + 81, Lambda(_t, _t*log(16*_t*a**2/3 + x)))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x}{4(acx^4 + a^2)} + \frac{3}{32a} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{2} a^{\frac{1}{4}} c^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{2} a^{\frac{1}{4}} c^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \log \left(\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{2} a^{\frac{1}{4}} c^{\frac{1}{4}} x + \sqrt{a} \right)}{a^{\frac{3}{4}} c^{\frac{1}{4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \log \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{2} a^{\frac{1}{4}} c^{\frac{1}{4}} x + \sqrt{a} \right)}{a^{\frac{3}{4}} c^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*x/(a*c*x^4 + a^2) + 3/32*(2*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c)))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))) + 2*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4))/sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c)))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))) + sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(c)*x^2 + sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(1/4)) - sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(c)*x^2 - sqrt(2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + sqrt(a))/(a^(3/4)*c^(1/4))/a`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x}{4(cx^4 + a)a} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x + \sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{16a^2c}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{2}(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2x - \sqrt{2}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{16a^2c}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{2}(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(x^2 + \sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\right)}{32a^2c}$$

$$- \frac{3\sqrt{2}(ac^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(x^2 - \sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\right)}{32a^2c}$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*x/((c*x^4 + a)*a) + 3/16*sqrt(2)*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(a^2*c) + 3/16*sqrt(2)*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(a^2*c) + 3/32*sqrt(2)*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(a^2*c) - 3/32*sqrt(2)*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(a^2*c)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x}{4a(cx^4 + a)} + \frac{3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{1/4}x}{(-a)^{1/4}}\right)}{8(-a)^{7/4}c^{1/4}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{c^{1/4}x}{(-a)^{1/4}}\right)}{8(-a)^{7/4}c^{1/4}}$$

input `int(1/(a + c*x^4)^2,x)`

output

$$\frac{x}{4a(a + cx^4)} + \frac{3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{1/4}x}{(-a)^{1/4}}\right)}{8(-a)^{7/4}c^{1/4}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{c^{1/4}x}{(-a)^{1/4}}\right)}{8(-a)^{7/4}c^{1/4}}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6c^{\frac{3}{4}}a^{\frac{5}{4}}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}\right) - 6c^{\frac{7}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}\right) x^4 + 6c^{\frac{3}{4}}a^{\frac{5}{4}}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{\frac{1}{4}}a^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}\right) + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}(1/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(-6c^{3/4}a^{5/4}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}}\right) - 6c^{7/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}}\right) \right) a - 6c^{3/4}a^{5/4}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}}\right) c x^4 \\ & + 6c^{3/4}a^{5/4}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}}\right) a + 6c^{7/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{c}x}{c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}}\right) c x^4 \\ & - 3c^{3/4}a^{5/4}\sqrt{2}\log(-c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c}x^2) a - 3c^{7/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}\log(-c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c}x^2) c x^4 + 3c^{3/4}a^{5/4}\sqrt{2}\log(c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c}x^2) a \\ & + 3c^{7/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}\log(c^{1/4}a^{1/4}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c}x^2) c x^4 + 8a^2c^2x/(32a^2c(a + cx^4)) \end{aligned}$$

3.322 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2594
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2595
Rubi [A] (verified)	2596
Maple [A] (verified)	2597
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2598
Sympy [F(-1)]	2598
Maxima [F(-2)]	2599
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2599
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2600
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2601

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 371

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{4a(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^4)} + \frac{e^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}(cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{ae}(cd^2+5ae^2) - \sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+7ae^2)) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}(cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{ae}(cd^2+5ae^2) - \sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+7ae^2)) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}(cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{ae}(cd^2+5ae^2) + \sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+7ae^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a+\sqrt{cx^2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}(cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{4} c x (-e x^2 + d) / a / (a e^2 + c d^2) / (c x^4 + a) + e^{7/2} \arctan(e^{1/2} x / d^{1/2}) / d^{1/2} / (a e^2 + c d^2)^2 - 1/16 c^{1/4} (a^{1/2} e (5 a e^2 + c d^2) - c^{1/2} d (7 a e^2 + 3 c d^2)) \arctan(-1 + 2^{1/2} c^{1/4} x / a^{1/4}) * 2^{1/2} / a^{7/4} / (a e^2 + c d^2)^2 - 1/16 c^{1/4} (a^{1/2} e (5 a e^2 + c d^2) - c^{1/2} d (7 a e^2 + 3 c d^2)) \arctan(1 + 2^{1/2} c^{1/4} x / a^{1/4}) * 2^{1/2} / a^{7/4} / (a e^2 + c d^2)^2 + 1/16 c^{1/4} (a^{1/2} e (5 a e^2 + c d^2) + c^{1/2} d (7 a e^2 + 3 c d^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}(2^{1/2} a^{1/4} c^{1/4} x / (a^{1/2} + c^{1/2} x^2)) * 2^{1/2} / a^{7/4} / (a e^2 + c d^2)^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 429, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + e x^2)(a + c x^4)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{8c(cd^2 + ae^2)x(d - ex^2)}{a(a + cx^4)} + \frac{32e^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{C}(-3c^{3/2}d^3 + \sqrt{acd^2}e - 7a\sqrt{cde^2} + 5a^{3/2}e^3) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{a^{7/4}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{C}(-3c^{3/2}d^3 + \sqrt{acd^2}e - 7a\sqrt{cde^2} + 5a^{3/2}e^3) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{a^{7/4}}$$

input

Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)^2),x]

output

$$\frac{((8c(c d^2 + a e^2) x (d - e x^2)) / (a (a + c x^4)) + (32 e^{7/2} \operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{e} x / \sqrt{d}] / \sqrt{d} + (2 \sqrt{2} c^{1/4} (-3 c^{3/2} d^3 + \sqrt{a} c d^2 e - 7 a \sqrt{c} d e^2 + 5 a^{3/2} e^3) \operatorname{ArcTan}[1 - (\sqrt{2} c^{1/4} x) / a^{1/4}]) / a^{7/4} - (2 \sqrt{2} c^{1/4} (-3 c^{3/2} d^3 + \sqrt{a} c d^2 e - 7 a \sqrt{c} d e^2 + 5 a^{3/2} e^3) \operatorname{ArcTan}[1 + (\sqrt{2} c^{1/4} x) / a^{1/4}]) / a^{7/4} - (\sqrt{2} c^{1/4} (3 c^{3/2} d^3 + \sqrt{a} c d^2 e + 7 a \sqrt{c} d e^2 + 5 a^{3/2} e^3) \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{2} a^{1/4} c^{1/4} x + \sqrt{c} x^2]) / a^{7/4} + (\sqrt{2} c^{1/4} (3 c^{3/2} d^3 + \sqrt{a} c d^2 e + 7 a \sqrt{c} d e^2 + 5 a^{3/2} e^3) \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{2} a^{1/4} c^{1/4} x + \sqrt{c} x^2]) / a^{7/4})) / (32 (c d^2 + a e^2)^2)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 689, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1568, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^2 (d + ex^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1568} \\
 & \int \left(-\frac{ce^2(ex^2 - d)}{(a + cx^4)(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \frac{c(d - ex^2)}{(a + cx^4)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{e^4}{(d + ex^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt[4]{ce^2} \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) (\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4} (ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{ce^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1\right) (\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4} (ae^2 + cd^2)^2} - \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) (3\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4} (ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1\right) (3\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4} (ae^2 + cd^2)} - \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{ce^2} (\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}) \log(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4} (ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{ce^2} (\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}) \log(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4} (ae^2 + cd^2)^2} - \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} (\sqrt{ae} + 3\sqrt{cd}) \log(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{16\sqrt{2}a^{7/4} (ae^2 + cd^2)} + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} (\sqrt{ae} + 3\sqrt{cd}) \log(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{16\sqrt{2}a^{7/4} (ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{e^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d} (ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \\
 & \frac{cx(d - ex^2)}{4a(a + cx^4)(ae^2 + cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)^2),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (c*x*(d - e*x^2))/(4*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^4)) + (e^(7/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) - (c^(1/4)*e^2*(Sqrt[c]*d - \\ & Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) - (c^(1/4)*(3*Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c \\ & ^{(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(8*Sqrt[2]*a^(7/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) + (c^(1/4)*e^2*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a \\ & ^{(3/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) + (c^(1/4)*(3*Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)]/(8*Sqrt[2]*a^(7/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) - (c^(1/4) \\ & *e^2*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) - (c^(1/4)*(3*Sqrt[c]*d \\ & + Sqrt[a]*e)*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(16*Sqrt[2]*a^(7/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) + (c^(1/4)*e^2*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*Lo \\ & g[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) + (c^(1/4)*(3*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2] \\ & *a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/(16*Sqrt[2]*a^(7/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1568

$$\text{Int}[\text{((d_)} + \text{(e_)}*(x_)^2)^{\text{(q_)}*(\text{(a_)} + \text{(c_)}*(x_)^4)^{\text{(p_)}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[\text{(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x}], \text{x}] \text{/;} \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, p, q\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q]) \ || \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{/;} \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
default	$\frac{e^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^2\sqrt{de}} + c \left(\frac{-\frac{e(ae^2+cd^2)x^3}{4a} + \frac{d(ae^2+cd^2)x}{4a}}{cx^4+a} + \frac{(7de^2a+3d^3c)\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2+\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}{x^2-\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}}\right) + 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}+1}\right)}{8a} \right)}{c}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$e^4/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(d*e)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(e*x/(d*e)^{(1/2)})+c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*((-1/4*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a*x^3+1/4*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a*x)/(c*x^4+a)+1/4/a*(1/8*(7*a*d*e^2+3*c*d^3)*(1/c*a)^{(1/4)}/a*2^{(1/2)}*(\ln((x^2+(1/c*a)^{(1/4)}*x*2^{(1/2)}+(1/c*a)^{(1/2)}))/(x^2-(1/c*a)^{(1/4)}*x*2^{(1/2)}+(1/c*a)^{(1/2)}))+2*\arctan(2^{(1/2)}/(1/c*a)^{(1/4)}*x+1)+2*\arctan(2^{(1/2)}/(1/c*a)^{(1/4)}*x-1))+1/8*(-5*a*e^3-c*d^2*e)/c/(1/c*a)^{(1/4)}*2^{(1/2)}*(\ln((x^2-(1/c*a)^{(1/4)}*x*2^{(1/2)}+(1/c*a)^{(1/2)}))/(x^2+(1/c*a)^{(1/4)}*x*2^{(1/2)}+(1/c*a)^{(1/2)}))+2*\arctan(2^{(1/2)}/(1/c*a)^{(1/4)}*x+1)+2*\arctan(2^{(1/2)}/(1/c*a)^{(1/4)}*x-1)))$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4934 vs. $2(303) = 606$.

Time = 11.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9892, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.66

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 621 vs. 2(303) = 606.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 621, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
e^4*arctan(e*x/sqrt(d*e))/((c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(d*e))
+ 1/8*(3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^3 + 7*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d*e^2 - (a*c^3)^(3/
4)*c*d^2*e - 5*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*e^3)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(a/c
)^(1/4)))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(sqrt(2)*a^2*c^4*d^4 + 2*sqrt(2)*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^2 + s
qrt(2)*a^4*c^2*e^4) + 1/8*(3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^3 + 7*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2
*d*e^2 - (a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^2*e - 5*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*e^3)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)
*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4)))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(sqrt(2)*a^2*c^4*d^4 + 2*sqrt(2)
*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^2 + sqrt(2)*a^4*c^2*e^4) + 1/16*(3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^3 +
7*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d*e^2 + (a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^2*e + 5*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*e^
3)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(sqrt(2)*a^2*c^4*d^4 + 2*s
qrt(2)*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^2 + sqrt(2)*a^4*c^2*e^4) - 1/16*(3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*
d^3 + 7*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d*e^2 + (a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^2*e + 5*(a*c^3)^(3/4)
)*a*e^3)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(sqrt(2)*a^2*c^4*d^4
+ 2*sqrt(2)*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^2 + sqrt(2)*a^4*c^2*e^4) - 1/4*(c*e*x^3 - c*d*x
)/((c*x^4 + a)*(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17945, normalized size of antiderivative = 48.37

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)),x)
```

output

```
((c*d*x)/(4*a*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)) - (c*e*x^3)/(4*a*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)))/(a + c*x^4) - atan((((((65536*a^11*c^4*e^16 - 12288*a^4*c^11*d^14*e^2 - 57344*a^5*c^10*d^12*e^4 - 36864*a^6*c^9*d^10*e^6 + 245760*a^7*c^8*d^8*e^8 + 634880*a^8*c^7*d^6*e^10 + 663552*a^9*c^6*d^4*e^12 + 331776*a^10*c^5*d^2*e^14)/(256*(a^8*e^8 + a^4*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^7*c*d^2*e^6 + 4*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^4)) - (x*((9*c^3*d^6*(-a^7*c)^(1/2) - 25*a^3*e^6*(-a^7*c)^(1/2) + 6*a^4*c^3*d^5*e + 44*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 70*a^6*c*d*e^5 + 41*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*(-a^7*c)^(1/2) + 39*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*(-a^7*c)^(1/2)))/(256*(a^11*e^8 + a^7*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^10*c*d^2*e^6 + 4*a^8*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^9*c^2*d^4*e^4)))^(1/2)*(65536*a^13*c^4*e^17 - 65536*a^6*c^11*d^14*e^3 - 327680*a^7*c^10*d^12*e^5 - 589824*a^8*c^9*d^10*e^7 - 327680*a^9*c^8*d^8*e^9 + 327680*a^10*c^7*d^6*e^11 + 589824*a^11*c^6*d^4*e^13 + 327680*a^12*c^5*d^2*e^15))/(128*(a^8*e^8 + a^4*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^7*c*d^2*e^6 + 4*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^4)))*((9*c^3*d^6*(-a^7*c)^(1/2) - 25*a^3*e^6*(-a^7*c)^(1/2) + 6*a^4*c^3*d^5*e + 44*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 70*a^6*c*d*e^5 + 41*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*(-a^7*c)^(1/2) + 39*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*(-a^7*c)^(1/2)))/(256*(a^11*e^8 + a^7*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^10*c*d^2*e^6 + 4*a^8*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^9*c^2*d^4*e^4)))^(1/2) - (x*(1152*a^2*c^11*d^13*e^2 - 49024*a^8*c^5*d*e^14 + 7936*a^3*c^10*d^11*e^4 + 20352*a^4*c^9*d^9*e^6 + 8704*a^5*c^8*d^7*e^8 - 66688*a^6*c^7*d^5*e^10 - 110848*a^7*c^6*d^3*e^12))/(128*(a^8*e^8 + a^4*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^7*c*d^2*e^6 + 4*a^5*c^3*d^6*e...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1438, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(10*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*d**e**3 + 2*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**3*e + 10*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**e**3*x**4 + 2*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*d**3*e*x**4 - 14*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*d**2*e**2 - 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**4 - 14*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 6*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*d**4*x**4 - 10*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*d**e**3 - 2*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**3*e - 10*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**e**3*x**4 - 2*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*d**3*e*x**4 + 14*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)...
```

3.323 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2603
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2604
Rubi [A] (verified)	2605
Maple [A] (verified)	2607
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2607
Sympy [F(-1)]	2608
Maxima [F(-2)]	2608
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2609
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2610
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2610

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 492

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+cx^4)^2} dx = -\frac{e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)x}{2ad(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(d+ex^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{4a(cd^2 + ae^2)(d+ex^2)(a+cx^4)} + \frac{e^{7/2}(9cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}$$

$$- \frac{c^{3/4}(3c^2d^4 - 2\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}d^3e + 12acd^2e^2 - 18a^{3/2}\sqrt{cde}^3 - 7a^2e^4) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{c^{3/4}(3c^2d^4 - 2\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}d^3e + 12acd^2e^2 - 18a^{3/2}\sqrt{cde}^3 - 7a^2e^4) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{c^{3/4}(3c^2d^4 + 12acd^2e^2 - 7a^2e^4 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}(cd^2 + 9ae^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a+\sqrt{cx^2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/2*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/a/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)+1/4*c*x*(-e*x^2+d) \\
& /a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)+1/2*e^{(7/2)}*(a*e^2+9*c*d^2)*\arctan(e^{(1/2)}*x/d^{(1/2)})/d^{(3/2)}/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3+1/16*c^{(3/4)}*(3*c^2*d^4-2*a^{(1/2)} \\
& *c^{(3/2)}*d^3*e+12*a*c*d^2*e^2-18*a^{(3/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*d*e^3-7*a^2*e^4)*\arctan(- \\
& 1+2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/4)}*x/a^{(1/4)})*2^{(1/2)}/a^{(7/4)}/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3+1/16*c^{(3/4)}* \\
& (3*c^2*d^4-2*a^{(1/2)}*c^{(3/2)}*d^3*e+12*a*c*d^2*e^2-18*a^{(3/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*d*e^3 \\
& -7*a^2*e^4)*\arctan(1+2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/4)}*x/a^{(1/4)})*2^{(1/2)}/a^{(7/4)}/(a*e^2+c*d \\
& ^2)^3+1/16*c^{(3/4)}*(3*c^2*d^4+12*a*c*d^2*e^2-7*a^2*e^4+2*a^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*d \\
& *e*(9*a*e^2+c*d^2))*\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/4)}*c^{(1/4)}*x/(a^{(1/2)}+c^{(1/2)}*x^2 \\
&))*2^{(1/2)}/a^{(7/4)}/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3
\end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 540, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{16e^4(cd^2+ae^2)x}{d(d+ex^2)} + \frac{8c(cd^2+ae^2)x(-ae^2+cd(d-2ex^2))}{a(a+cx^4)} + \frac{16e^{7/2}(9cd^2+ae^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}(-3c^2d^4+2\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}d^3e-12acd^2e^2)}{a}
\end{aligned}$$

input

Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + c*x^4)^2), x]

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((16e^4*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(d*(d + e*x^2)) + (8*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x*(-(a* \\
& e^2) + c*d*(d - 2*e*x^2)))/(a*(a + c*x^4)) + (16*e^{(7/2)}*(9*c*d^2 + a*e^2) \\
& *ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/d^{(3/2)} + (2*Sqrt[2]*c^{(3/4)}*(-3*c^2*d^4 + 2 \\
& *Sqrt[a]*c^{(3/2)}*d^3*e - 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 18*a^{(3/2)}*Sqrt[c]*d*e^3 + 7*a^2 \\
& *e^4)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*c^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}])/a^{(7/4)} - (2*Sqrt[2]*c^{(3/4)} \\
&)*(-3*c^2*d^4 + 2*Sqrt[a]*c^{(3/2)}*d^3*e - 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 18*a^{(3/2)}*Sqrt \\
& [c]*d*e^3 + 7*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*c^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}])/a^{(7/4)} - \\
& (Sqrt[2]*c^{(3/4)}*(3*c^2*d^4 + 2*Sqrt[a]*c^{(3/2)}*d^3*e + 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 1 \\
& 8*a^{(3/2)}*Sqrt[c]*d*e^3 - 7*a^2*e^4)*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^{(1/4)}*c^{(1/4)} \\
& *x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/a^{(7/4)} + (Sqrt[2]*c^{(3/4)}*(3*c^2*d^4 + 2*Sqrt[a]*c^{(3/ \\
& 2)}*d^3*e + 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 18*a^{(3/2)}*Sqrt[c]*d*e^3 - 7*a^2*e^4)*Log[Sqrt \\
& [a] + Sqrt[2]*a^{(1/4)}*c^{(1/4)}*x + Sqrt[c]*x^2])/a^{(7/4)})/(32*(c*d^2 + a*e^ \\
& 2)^3)
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 864, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1568, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1568

$$\int \left(-\frac{ce^2(ae^2 - 3cd^2 + 4cdex^2)}{(a + cx^4)(ae^2 + cd^2)^3} + \frac{c(-ae^2 + cd^2 - 2cdex^2)}{(a + cx^4)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2} + \frac{4cde^4}{(d + ex^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)^3} + \frac{e^4}{(d + ex^2)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{xe^4}{2d(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (ex^2 + d)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) e^{7/2}}{2d^{3/2}(cd^2 + ae^2)^2} + \frac{4c\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) e^{7/2}}{(cd^2 + ae^2)^3} - \\ & \frac{c^{3/4}(3cd^2 - 4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced} - ae^2) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) e^2}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)^3} + \\ & \frac{c^{3/4}(3cd^2 - 4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced} - ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1\right) e^2}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)^3} - \\ & \frac{c^{3/4}(3cd^2 + 4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced} - ae^2) \log(\sqrt{cx^2} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a}) e^2}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)^3} + \\ & \frac{c^{3/4}(3cd^2 + 4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced} - ae^2) \log(\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a}) e^2}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)^3} - \\ & \frac{c^{3/4}(3cd^2 - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced} - 3ae^2) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)^2} + \\ & \frac{c^{3/4}(3cd^2 - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced} - 3ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)^2} - \\ & \frac{c^{3/4}(3cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced} - 3ae^2) \log(\sqrt{cx^2} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a})}{16\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)^2} + \\ & \frac{c^{3/4}(3cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced} - 3ae^2) \log(\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cx} + \sqrt{a})}{16\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)^2} + \frac{cx(cd^2 - 2cex^2d - ae^2)}{4a(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (cx^4 + a)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + c*x^4)^2),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (e^4 x)/(2 d (c d^2 + a e^2)^2 (d + e x^2)) + (c x (c d^2 - a e^2 - 2 c d e x^2))/(4 a (c d^2 + a e^2)^2 (a + c x^4)) + (4 c \sqrt{d} e^{7/2} \operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{e} x)/\sqrt{d}])/(c d^2 + a e^2)^3 + (e^{7/2} \operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{e} x)/\sqrt{d}])/(2 d^{3/2} (c d^2 + a e^2)^2) - (c^{3/4} e^2 (3 c d^2 - 4 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} d e - a e^2) \operatorname{ArcTan}[1 - (\sqrt{2} c^{1/4} x)/a^{1/4}])/(2 \sqrt{2} a^{3/4} (c d^2 + a e^2)^3) - (c^{3/4} (3 c d^2 - 2 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} d e - 3 a e^2) \operatorname{ArcTan}[1 - (\sqrt{2} c^{1/4} x)/a^{1/4}])/(8 \sqrt{2} a^{7/4} (c d^2 + a e^2)^2) + (c^{3/4} e^2 (3 c d^2 - 4 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} d e - a e^2) \operatorname{ArcTan}[1 + (\sqrt{2} c^{1/4} x)/a^{1/4}])/(2 \sqrt{2} a^{3/4} (c d^2 + a e^2)^3) + (c^{3/4} (3 c d^2 - 2 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} d e - 3 a e^2) \operatorname{ArcTan}[1 + (\sqrt{2} c^{1/4} x)/a^{1/4}])/(8 \sqrt{2} a^{7/4} (c d^2 + a e^2)^2) - (c^{3/4} e^2 (3 c d^2 + 4 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} d e - a e^2) \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{2} a^{1/4} c^{1/4} x + \sqrt{c} x^2])/(4 \sqrt{2} a^{3/4} (c d^2 + a e^2)^3) - (c^{3/4} (3 c d^2 + 2 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} d e - 3 a e^2) \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{2} a^{1/4} c^{1/4} x + \sqrt{c} x^2])/(16 \sqrt{2} a^{7/4} (c d^2 + a e^2)^2) + (c^{3/4} e^2 (3 c d^2 + 4 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} d e - a e^2) \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{2} a^{1/4} c^{1/4} x + \sqrt{c} x^2])/(4 \sqrt{2} a^{3/4} (c d^2 + a e^2)^3) + (c^{3/4} (3 c d^2 + 2 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} d e - 3 a e^2) \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{2} a^{1/4} c^{1/4} x + \sqrt{c} x^2])/(16 \sqrt{2} a^{7/4} (c d^2 + a e^2)^2) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1568 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && ((IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q]) || IGtQ[p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
default	$\frac{e^4 \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2)x}{2d(e^2x^2+d)} + \frac{(ae^2+9cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2d\sqrt{de}} \right)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^3} - \frac{c \left(\frac{ecd(ae^2+cd^2)x^3}{2a} + \frac{(a^2e^4-c^2d^4)x}{4a} + \frac{(7a^2e^4-12acd^2e^2-3c^2d^4)\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2+(1/c)a^{1/4}x+2^{1/2}+(1/c)a^{1/4}}{x^2-(1/c)a^{1/4}x+2^{1/2}+(1/c)a^{1/4}}\right) + 2\arctan\left(\frac{2^{1/2}}{(1/c)a^{1/4}x+1}\right) + 2\arctan\left(\frac{2^{1/2}}{(1/c)a^{1/4}x-1}\right) + 18ac^2de^3+2c^2d^3e\right)}{c^2x^4+a} \right)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^3}$
risch	Expression too large to display

```
input int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output e^4/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d*x/(e*x^2+d)+1/2*(a*e^2+9*c*d^2)/d/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2)))-c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*((1/2*e*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a*x^3+1/4*(a^2*e^4-c^2*d^4)/a*x)/(c*x^4+a)+1/4/a*(1/8*(7*a^2*e^4-12*a*c*d^2*e^2-3*c^2*d^4)*(1/c*a)^(1/4)/a*2^(1/2)*(ln((x^2+(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x*2^(1/2)+(1/c*a)^(1/2))/(x^2-(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x*2^(1/2)+(1/c*a)^(1/2))))+2*arctan(2^(1/2)/(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x+1)+2*arctan(2^(1/2)/(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x-1))+1/8*(18*a*c*d*e^3+2*c^2*d^3*e)/c/(1/c*a)^(1/4)*2^(1/2)*(ln((x^2-(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x*2^(1/2)+(1/c*a)^(1/2))/(x^2+(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x*2^(1/2)+(1/c*a)^(1/2))))+2*arctan(2^(1/2)/(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x+1)+2*arctan(2^(1/2)/(1/c*a)^(1/4)*x-1)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7634 vs. 2(412) = 824.

Time = 100.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15292, normalized size of antiderivative = 31.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**2/(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 879 vs. $2(412) = 824$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 879, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/8*(3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^4 + 12*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 7*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a^2*c*e^4 - 2*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^3*e - 18*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*d*e^3)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(sqrt(2)*a^2*c^4*d^6 + 3*sqrt(2)*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*sqrt(2)*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4 + sqrt(2)*a^5*c*e^6) + 1/8*(3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^4 + 12*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 7*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a^2*c*e^4 - 2*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^3*e - 18*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*d*e^3)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2)*(a/c)^(1/4))/(a/c)^(1/4))/(sqrt(2)*a^2*c^4*d^6 + 3*sqrt(2)*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*sqrt(2)*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4 + sqrt(2)*a^5*c*e^6) + 1/16*(3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^4 + 12*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 7*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a^2*c*e^4 + 2*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^3*e + 18*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*d*e^3)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(sqrt(2)*a^2*c^4*d^6 + 3*sqrt(2)*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*sqrt(2)*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4 + sqrt(2)*a^5*c*e^6) - 1/16*(3*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*c^3*d^4 + 12*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 7*(a*c^3)^(1/4)*a^2*c*e^4 + 2*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*c*d^3*e + 18*(a*c^3)^(3/4)*a*d*e^3)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*(a/c)^(1/4) + sqrt(a/c))/(sqrt(2)*a^2*c^4*d^6 + 3*sqrt(2)*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*sqrt(2)*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4 + sqrt(2)*a^5*c*e^6) + 1/2*(9*c*d^2*e^4 + a*e^6)*arctan(e*x/sqrt(d*e))/((c^3*d^7 + 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + a^3*d*e^6)*sqrt(d*e)) - 1/4*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^5 - 2*a*c*e^4*x^5 + c^2*d^3*e*x^3 + a*c*d*e^3*x^3 - c^2*d^4*x + a*c*d^2*e^2*x - 2*a^2*e^4*x)/((a*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + a^3*d*e^4)*(c*e*x^6 + c...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28923, normalized size of antiderivative = 58.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^2),x)`

output

```
((x*(2*a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - a*c*d^2*e^2))/(4*a*d*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)) - (c*e*x^3)/(4*a*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)) + (c*e^2*x^5*(a*e^2 - c*d^2))/(2*a*d*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(a*d + a*e*x^2 + c*d*x^4 + c*e*x^6) + atan((((3584*a^10*c^5*e^21 + 1152*a*c^14*d^18*e^3 + 13184*a^2*c^13*d^16*e^5 + 54912*a^3*c^12*d^14*e^7 + 296832*a^4*c^11*d^12*e^9 + 1282432*a^5*c^10*d^10*e^11 + 769152*a^6*c^9*d^8*e^13 - 1421440*a^7*c^8*d^6*e^15 - 1254784*a^8*c^7*d^4*e^17 - 89088*a^9*c^6*d^2*e^19)/(512*(a^4*c^8*d^18 + a^12*d^2*e^16 + 8*a^11*c*d^4*e^14 + 8*a^5*c^7*d^16*e^2 + 28*a^6*c^6*d^14*e^4 + 56*a^7*c^5*d^12*e^6 + 70*a^8*c^4*d^10*e^8 + 56*a^9*c^3*d^8*e^10 + 28*a^10*c^2*d^6*e^12)) - (((65536*a^15*c^4*d*e^24 - 24576*a^4*c^15*d^23*e^2 - 212992*a^5*c^14*d^21*e^4 - 352256*a^6*c^13*d^19*e^6 + 1966080*a^7*c^12*d^17*e^8 + 10960896*a^8*c^11*d^15*e^10 + 25460736*a^9*c^10*d^13*e^12 + 34750464*a^10*c^9*d^11*e^14 + 30081024*a^11*c^8*d^9*e^16 + 16588800*a^12*c^7*d^7*e^18 + 5554176*a^13*c^6*d^5*e^20 + 991232*a^14*c^5*d^3*e^22)/(512*(a^4*c^8*d^18 + a^12*d^2*e^16 + 8*a^11*c*d^4*e^14 + 8*a^5*c^7*d^16*e^2 + 28*a^6*c^6*d^14*e^4 + 56*a^7*c^5*d^12*e^6 + 70*a^8*c^4*d^10*e^8 + 56*a^9*c^3*d^8*e^10 + 28*a^10*c^2*d^6*e^12)) - (x*(-(49*a^4*e^8*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2) + 9*c^4*d^8*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2) - 12*a^4*c^5*d^7*e + 252*a^7*c^2*d*e^7 - 156*a^5*c^4*d^5*e^3 - 404*a^6*c^3*d^3*e^5 + 68*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2) - 492*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2) + 30*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*(-a^7*c^3)^(1/2)))/(25...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3860, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output

```
(36*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*
x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c*d**4*e**3 + 36*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sq
rt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sq
rt(2)))*a**2*c*d**3*e**4*x**2 + 4*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)
*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**2*d**6*
e + 4*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)
*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 36*c**(1/4)*a**(
3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(
1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**4 + 36*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((
c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*
*2*d**3*e**4*x**6 + 4*c**(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sq
rt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c**3*d**6*e*x**4 + 4*c**
(1/4)*a**(3/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**
(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**6 + 14*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)
)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)
))*a**3*d**3*e**4 + 14*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*s
qrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a**3*d**2*e**5*x**2 -
24*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)
)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c*d**5*e**2 - 24*c**(3/4)*a**(1/4)*sq
rt(2)*atan((c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/(c**(1/4)*a**(1/4)*...
```

3.324 $\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4) dx$

Optimal result	2612
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2612
Rubi [A] (verified)	2613
Maple [A] (verified)	2615
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2616
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2616
Maxima [F(-2)]	2617
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2617
Mupad [F(-1)]	2618
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2618

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4) dx = \frac{3}{128}d \left(16a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) x\sqrt{d + ex^2} + \frac{1}{64} \left(16a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} + \frac{cdx(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{16e^2} - \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{3d^2(cd^2 - 16ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{128e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
3/128*d*(16*a-c*d^2/e^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/64*(16*a-c*d^2/e^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+1/16*c*d*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/e^2-1/8*c*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/e-3/128*d^2*(-16*a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4) dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}(-3cd^3 - 80ade^2 + 2cd^2ex^2 - 32ae^3x^2 + 24cde^2x^4 + 16ce^3x^6)}{128e^2} - \frac{3(-cd^4 + 16ad^2e^2) \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d + ex^2})}{128e^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4),x]`

output `-1/128*(x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-3*c*d^3 - 80*a*d*e^2 + 2*c*d^2*e*x^2 - 32*a*e^3*x^2 + 24*c*d*e^2*x^4 + 16*c*e^3*x^6))/e^2 - (3*(-(c*d^4) + 16*a*d^2*e^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(128*e^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {1474, 299, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a - cx^4) (d + ex^2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1474 \\
 & \frac{\int (3cdx^2 + 8ae) (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} dx}{8e} - \frac{cx^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{\frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \frac{(cd^2-16ae^2) \int (ex^2+d)^{3/2} dx}{2e}}{8e} - \frac{cx^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{\frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \frac{(cd^2-16ae^2) \left(\frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{ex^2+d} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{2e}}{8e} - \frac{cx^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{\frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \frac{(cd^2-16ae^2) \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{2e}}{8e} - \frac{cx^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \frac{(cd^2-16ae^2) \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{2e}}{\frac{8e}{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \frac{(cd^2-16ae^2) \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{2e}}{\frac{8e}{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4),x]`

output `-1/8*(c*x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/e + ((c*d*x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/(2*e) - ((c*d^2 - 16*a*e^2)*((x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/2 + (d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/4))/(2*e))/(8*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x
*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2
*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]
```

rule 1474

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Si
mp[c^p*x^(4*p - 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(
e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(a + c
*x^4)^p - d*c^p*(4*p - 1)*x^(4*p - 2) - e*c^p*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*x^(4*p), x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]
&& !LtQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{5\left(\frac{3}{5}ad^2e^2 - \frac{3}{80}d^4c\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right) + \frac{5x\sqrt{ex^2+d} \left(d\left(-\frac{3c}{10}x^4 + a\right)e^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2x^2\left(-\frac{c}{2}x^4 + a\right)e^{\frac{7}{2}}}{5} + \frac{3d^2c\left(-\frac{2e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 + \sqrt{e}d\right)}{80} \right)}{8}}{e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{x(-16e^3cx^6 - 24cde^2x^4 + 32ae^3x^2 - 2cd^2ex^2 + 80de^2a + 3d^3c)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{128e^2} + \frac{3d^2(16ae^2 - cd^2) \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{128e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$a \left(\frac{x(ex^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2} + \frac{d \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2\sqrt{e}} \right)}{4} \right) - c \left(\frac{x^3(ex^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8e} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{x(ex^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{x(ex^2+d)}{4} \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```
5/8/e^(5/2)*((3/5*a*d^2*e^2-3/80*d^4*c)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))
+x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(d*(-3/10*c*x^4+a)*e^(5/2)+2/5*x^2*(-1/2*c*x^4+a)*e^(7/
2)+3/80*d^2*c*(-2/3*e^(3/2)*x^2+e^(1/2)*d))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4) dx = \left[-\frac{3(cd^4 - 16ad^2e^2)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex} - d) + 2(16ce^4x^7 + 24cde^3x^5 + 2(cd^4 - 16ad^2e^2)\sqrt{e})}{256e^3} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/256*(3*(c*d^4 - 16*a*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)
*sqrt(e)*x - d) + 2*(16*c*e^4*x^7 + 24*c*d*e^3*x^5 + 2*(c*d^2*e^2 - 16*a*e
^4)*x^3 - (3*c*d^3*e + 80*a*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/e^3, 1/128*(3*(c*d^
4 - 16*a*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) - (16*c*e^4*
x^7 + 24*c*d*e^3*x^5 + 2*(c*d^2*e^2 - 16*a*e^4)*x^3 - (3*c*d^3*e + 80*a*d*
e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/e^3]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4) dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(-\frac{3cdx^5}{16} - \frac{cex^7}{8} + \frac{x^3 \left(ae^2 - \frac{cd^2}{16} \right)}{4e} + \frac{x \left(2ade - \frac{3d \left(ae^2 - \frac{cd^2}{16} \right)}{4e} \right)}{2e} \right) + \left(ad^2 - \frac{d \left(2ade - \frac{3d \left(ae^2 - \frac{cd^2}{16} \right)}{4e} \right)}{2e} \right) \\ d^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(ax - \frac{cx^5}{5} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(-c*x**4+a),x)`

output `Piecewise((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*(-3*c*d*x**5/16 - c*e*x**7/8 + x**3*(a*e**2 - c*d**2/16)/(4*e) + x*(2*a*d*e - 3*d*(a*e**2 - c*d**2/16)/(4*e))/(2*e)) + (a*d**2 - d*(2*a*d*e - 3*d*(a*e**2 - c*d**2/16)/(4*e))/(2*e))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + 2*e*x)/sqrt(e), Ne(d, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(e*x**2), True)), Ne(e, 0)), (d**(3/2)*(a*x - c*x**5/5), True))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4) dx = -\frac{1}{128} \left(2 \left(4 (2 cex^2 + 3 cd)x^2 + \frac{cd^2e^5 - 16 ae^7}{e^6} \right) x^2 - \frac{3 cd^3e^4 + 80 ade^6}{e^6} \right) \sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \frac{3(cd^4 - 16ad^2e^2) \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{128 e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/128*(2*(4*(2*c*e*x^2 + 3*c*d)*x^2 + (c*d^2*e^5 - 16*a*e^7)/e^6)*x^2 - (
3*c*d^3*e^4 + 80*a*d*e^6)/e^6)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x + 3/128*(c*d^4 - 16*a*d^2
*e^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(5/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4) dx = \int (a - cx^4) (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int((a - c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a - c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4) dx = \frac{80\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ade^3x + 32\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^4x^3 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^3ex - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^2x^3 - 24\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^2x^3 - 24\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^2x^3}{1}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a),x)
```

output

```
(80*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**3*x + 32*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**4*x**3 + 3*sqrt
(d + e*x**2)*c*d**3*e*x - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*e**2*x**3 - 24*sqrt(d
+ e*x**2)*c*d*e**3*x**5 - 16*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*e**4*x**7 + 48*sqrt(e)*log
((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2*e**2 - 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt
(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c*d**4)/(128*e**3)
```

3.325 $\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a - cx^4) dx$

Optimal result	2619
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2619
Rubi [A] (verified)	2620
Maple [A] (verified)	2622
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2623
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2623
Maxima [F(-2)]	2624
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2624
Mupad [F(-1)]	2625
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2625

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a - cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{16} \left(8a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) x\sqrt{d + ex^2} + \frac{cdx(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{8e^2} - \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{d(cd^2 - 8ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{16e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/16*(8*a-c*d^2/e^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/8*c*d*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/e^2-1/6*c*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/e-1/16*d*(-8*a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a - cx^4) dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}(-3cd^2 - 24ae^2 + 2cde^2 + 8ce^2x^4)}{48e^2} + \frac{(cd^3 - 8ade^2) \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d + ex^2})}{16e^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4), x]
```

output

```
-1/48*(x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-3*c*d^2 - 24*a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x^2 + 8*c*e^2*x^4)
)/e^2 + ((c*d^3 - 8*a*d*e^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(16*e^(5
/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {1474, 27, 299, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a - cx^4) \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1474 \\
 & \frac{\int 3(cx^2 + 2ae) \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx}{6e} - \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int (cdx^2 + 2ae) \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx}{2e} - \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{\frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{(cd^2-8ae^2) \int \sqrt{ex^2+d} dx}{4e}}{2e} - \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{\frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{(cd^2-8ae^2) \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{4e}}{2e} - \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{\frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{(cd^2-8ae^2) \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{4e}}{2e} - \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{(cd^2-8ae^2) \left(\frac{d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{4e} - \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4),x]`

output `-1/6*(c*x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/e + ((c*d*x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*e) - ((c*d^2 - 8*a*e^2)*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/2 + (d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/(4*e))/(2*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 1474

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*x^(4*p - 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(a + c*x^4)^p - d*c^p*(4*p - 1)*x^(4*p - 2) - e*c^p*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*x^(4*p), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !LtQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d\left(ae^2 - \frac{cd^2}{8}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right) + x\sqrt{ex^2+d} \left(-\frac{cx^4}{3} + a \right) e^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{dc\left(-\frac{2e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 + \sqrt{e}d}{8}\right)}{8}}{2e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{x(-8cx^4e^2 - 2cdx^2e + 24ae^2 + 3cd^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{48e^2} + \frac{d(8ae^2 - cd^2) \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{16e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$a\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2} + \frac{d \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2\sqrt{e}}\right) - c\left(\frac{x^3(ex^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{x(ex^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2} + \frac{d \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2\sqrt{e}}\right)}{4e}\right)}{2e}\right)$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2/e^(5/2)*(d*(a*e^2-1/8*c*d^2)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))+x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*((-1/3*c*x^4+a)*e^(5/2)+1/8*d*c*(-2/3*e^(3/2)*x^2+e^(1/2)*d))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4) dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3(cd^3 - 8ade^2)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex-d}) + 2(8ce^3x^5 + 2cde^2x^3 - 3(cd^2e + 8ae^3)x)\sqrt{e}}{96e^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/96*(3*(c*d^3 - 8*a*d*e^2)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) + 2*(8*c*e^3*x^5 + 2*c*d*e^2*x^3 - 3*(c*d^2*e + 8*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/e^3, 1/48*(3*(c*d^3 - 8*a*d*e^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) - (8*c*e^3*x^5 + 2*c*d*e^2*x^3 - 3*(c*d^2*e + 8*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/e^3]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(-\frac{cdx^3}{24e} - \frac{cx^5}{6} + \frac{x(ae + \frac{cd^2}{8e})}{2e} \right) + \left(ad - \frac{d(ae + \frac{cd^2}{8e})}{2e} \right) \begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex^2+2ex})}{\sqrt{e}} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{ex^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ \sqrt{d} \left(ax - \frac{cx^5}{5} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(-c*x**4+a),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*(-c*d*x**3/(24*e) - c*x**5/6 + x*(a*e + c*d**2/(8*e))/(2*e)) + (a*d - d*(a*e + c*d**2/(8*e))/(2*e))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + 2*e*x)/sqrt(e), Ne(d, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(e*x**2), True)), Ne(e, 0)), (sqrt(d)*(a*x - c*x**5/5), True))
```


Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a - cx^4) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a - cx^4) dx = -\frac{1}{48} \left(2 \left(4cx^2 + \frac{cd}{e} \right) x^2 - \frac{3(cd^2e^2 + 8ae^4)}{e^4} \right) \sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \frac{(cd^3 - 8ade^2) \log(|-\sqrt{e}x + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{16e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/48*(2*(4*c*x^2 + c*d/e)*x^2 - 3*(c*d^2*e^2 + 8*a*e^4)/e^4)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x + 1/16*(c*d^3 - 8*a*d*e^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(5/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a - cx^4) dx = \int (a - cx^4) \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a - cx^4) dx$$

$$= \frac{24\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^3x + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2ex - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cde^2x^3 - 8\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ce^3x^5 + 24\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48e^3}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a),x)`output `(24*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**3*x + 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*e*x - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d*e**2*x**3 - 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*e**3*x**5 + 24*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e**2 - 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c*d**3)/(48*e**3)`

3.326 $\int \frac{a-cx^4}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2626
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2626
Rubi [A] (verified)	2627
Maple [A] (verified)	2628
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2629
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2629
Maxima [F(-2)]	2630
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2630
Mupad [F(-1)]	2631
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2631

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx = \frac{3cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e^2} - \frac{cx^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e} - \frac{(3cd^2-8ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
3/8*c*d*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^2-1/4*c*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e-1/8*(-8*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx = -\frac{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}(-3dx+2ex^3)}{8e^2} + \frac{(3cd^2-8ae^2)\log(-\sqrt{ex}+\sqrt{d+ex^2})}{8e^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - c*x^4)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]
```

output

```
-1/8*(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-3*d*x + 2*e*x^3))/e^2 + ((3*c*d^2 - 8*a*e^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(8*e^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1474, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a - cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1474 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3cdx^2 + 4ae}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{4e} - \frac{cx^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{\frac{3cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2e} - \frac{(3cd^2 - 8ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2e}}{4e} - \frac{cx^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{\frac{3cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2e} - \frac{(3cd^2 - 8ae^2) \int \frac{1 - \frac{ex^2}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2 + d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}}{2e}}{4e}}{4e} - \frac{cx^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\frac{3cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2e} - \frac{(3cd^2 - 8ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}}}{4e} - \frac{cx^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{4e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a - c*x^4)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(c*x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/e + ((3*c*d*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(2*e) - ((3*c*d^2 - 8*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*e^(3/2)))/(4*e)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 299 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*p + 3, 0]$

rule 1474 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^p*x^{(4*p - 1)}*((d + e*x^2)^{(q + 1)}/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^q*\text{ExpandToSum}[e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(a + c*x^4)^p - d*c^p*(4*p - 1)*x^{(4*p - 2)} - e*c^p*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*x^{(4*p)}, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[q, -1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{cx(-2ex^2+3d)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{8e^2} + \frac{(8ae^2-3cd^2)\ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d})}{8e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	62
default	$\frac{a\ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d})}{\sqrt{e}} - c\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{4e} - \frac{3d\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2e} - \frac{d\ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2e^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{4e}\right)$	88
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-2ce^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3\sqrt{ex^2+d}+3cdx\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ex^2+d}+8\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right)ae^2-3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right)cd^2}{8e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	88

input `int((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{8}c*x*(-2*e*x^2+3*d)/e^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/8*(8*a*e^2-3*c*d^2)/e^(5/2)*\ln(x*e^(1/2)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{(3cd^2 - 8ae^2)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex} - d) + 2(2ce^2x^3 - 3cdex)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{16e^3}, \frac{(3cd^2 - 8ae^2)}{16e^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[-1/16*((3*c*d^2 - 8*a*e^2)*\sqrt{e}*\log(-2*e*x^2 - 2*\sqrt{e*x^2 + d}*\sqrt{e}*x - d) + 2*(2*c*e^2*x^3 - 3*c*d*e*x)*\sqrt{e*x^2 + d})/e^3, 1/8*((3*c*d^2 - 8*a*e^2)*\sqrt{-e}*\arctan(\sqrt{-e}*x/\sqrt{e*x^2 + d}) - (2*c*e^2*x^3 - 3*c*d*e*x)*\sqrt{e*x^2 + d})/e^3]$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \left(a - \frac{3cd^2}{8e^2} \right) \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex^2}+2ex)}{\sqrt{e}} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{ex^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \sqrt{d + ex^2} \cdot \left(\frac{3cdx}{8e^2} - \frac{cx^3}{4e} \right) & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax - \frac{cx^5}{5}}{\sqrt{d}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise(((a - 3*c*d**2/(8*e**2))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + 2*e*x)/sqrt(e), Ne(d, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(e*x**2), True)) + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*(3*c*d*x/(8*e**2) - c*x**3/(4*e)), Ne(e, 0)), ((a*x - c*x**5/5)/sqrt(d), True))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \left(\frac{2cx^2}{e} - \frac{3cd}{e^2} \right) x + \frac{(3cd^2 - 8ae^2) \log(|-\sqrt{e}x + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{8e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/8*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(2*c*x^2/e - 3*c*d/e^2)*x + 1/8*(3*c*d^2 - 8*a*e^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(5/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a - cx^4}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cdex - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ce^2x^3 + 8\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ae^2 - 3\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)cd^2}{8e^3}$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d*e*x - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*e**2*x**3 + 8*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**2 - 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c*d**2)/(8*e**3)`

$$3.327 \quad \int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2632
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2632
Rubi [A] (verified)	2633
Maple [A] (verified)	2635
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2635
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2636
Maxima [F(-2)]	2636
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2637
Mupad [F(-1)]	2637
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2637

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)x}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{cx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2e^2} + \frac{3cd\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
(a-c*d^2/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/2*c*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^2+3/2*c*d*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-3cd^2x + 2ae^2x - cdex^3}{2de^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{3cd \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d+ex^2})}{2e^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(-3*c*d^2*x + 2*a*e^2*x - c*d*e*x^3)/(2*d*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (3*c*d*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*e^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1472 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{cd(d-ex^2)}{e^2\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{cd(d-ex^2)}{e^2\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} + \frac{x\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex^2}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{e^2} + \frac{x\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{c\left(\frac{3}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d + ex^2}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{x\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{c\left(\frac{3}{2}d \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{e^2+d}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d + ex^2}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{x\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{c\left(\frac{3d\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d + ex^2}\right)}{e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a - (c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (c*(-1/2*(x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (3*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e]))) / e^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 1472 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{cx\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2e^2} - \frac{cdx}{e^2\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{ax}{d\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{3cd\ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	73
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right)\sqrt{ex^2+d}cd^2e^2}{2} + xe^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(-\frac{1}{2}cdx^2e+ae^2-\frac{3}{2}cd^2\right)$ $\sqrt{ex^2+d}e^{\frac{9}{2}}d$	78
default	$\frac{ax}{d\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - C\left(\frac{x^3}{2e\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{3d\left(-\frac{x}{e\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{\ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d})}{e^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{2e}\right)$	80

input `int((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/2*c*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^2-1/e^2*c*d*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+a*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+3/2/e^(5/2)*c*d*ln(x*e^(1/2)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(cd^2ex^2 + cd^3)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex-d} - d) - 2(cde^2x^3 + (3cd^2e - 2ae^3)x)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{4(de^4x^2 + d^2e^3)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(cd^2ex^2 + cd^3)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}\right) + (cde^2x^3 + (3cd^2e - 2ae^3)x)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2(de^4x^2 + d^2e^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(3*(c*d^2*e*x^2 + c*d^3)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) - 2*(c*d*e^2*x^3 + (3*c*d^2*e - 2*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d*e^4*x^2 + d^2*e^3), -1/2*(3*(c*d^2*e*x^2 + c*d^3)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) + (c*d*e^2*x^3 + (3*c*d^2*e - 2*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d*e^4*x^2 + d^2*e^3)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{ax}{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} - c \left(\frac{3\sqrt{d}x}{2e^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} - \frac{3d \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2e^{5/2}} + \frac{x^3}{2\sqrt{de} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((-c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
a*x/(d**(3/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) - c*(3*sqrt(d)*x/(2*e**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) - 3*d*asinh(sqrt(e)*x/sqrt(d))/(2*e**(5/2)) + x**3/(2*sqrt(d)*e*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)))
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2}{e} + \frac{3cd^2e - 2ae^3}{de^3}\right)x}{2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - \frac{3cd \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{2e^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(c*x^2/e + (3*c*d^2*e - 2*a*e^3)/(d*e^3))*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d) - 3/2*c*d*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(5/2)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a - cx^4}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^3x - 12\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2ex - 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cde^2x^3 + 12\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8de}$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**3*x - 12*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*e*x - 4*sqrt(d +
e*x**2)*c*d*e**2*x**3 + 12*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sq
rt(d))*c*d**3 + 12*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c*d*
**2*e*x**2 + 8*sqrt(e)*a*d*e**2 + 8*sqrt(e)*a*e**3*x**2 - 9*sqrt(e)*c*d**3
- 9*sqrt(e)*c*d**2*e*x**2)/(8*d*e**3*(d + e*x**2))
```

3.328 $\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2639
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2639
Rubi [A] (verified)	2640
Maple [A] (verified)	2642
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2642
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2643
Maxima [F(-2)]	2644
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2644
Mupad [F(-1)]	2644
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2645

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)x}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{a}{d^2} + \frac{2c}{e^2}\right)x}{3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{e^{5/2}}$$

output `1/3*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3*(a/d^2+2*c/e^2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-c*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(3cd^3 + 3ade^2 + 4cd^2ex^2 + 2ae^3x^2)}{3d^2e^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{c \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d+ex^2})}{e^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*(3*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2 + 4*c*d^2*e*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x^2))/(3*d^2*e^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (c*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/e^(5/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 27, 298, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1472} \\
 & \frac{x\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\left(\frac{cd^2}{e^2} + 2a\right)e^{-3cdx^2}}{e(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\frac{cd^2}{e} - 3cx^2d + 2ae}{e(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\frac{cd^2}{e} - 3cx^2d + 2ae}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3de} + \frac{x\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{298} \\
 & \frac{2x\left(\frac{ae}{d} + \frac{2cd}{e}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{3cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{e} + \frac{x\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{2x\left(\frac{ae}{d} + \frac{2cd}{e}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{3cd \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{e} + \frac{x\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2x\left(\frac{ae}{d} + \frac{2cd}{e}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{3cd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{e^{3/2}} + \frac{x\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a - (c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*((2*c*d)/e + (a*e)/d)*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - (3*c*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/e^(3/2))/(3*d*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 298 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])`

rule 1472 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 403 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 4.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 403, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.69

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = a \left(\frac{3dx}{3d^{7/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 3d^{5/2} ex^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2ex^3}{3d^{7/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 3d^{5/2} ex^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right) \\ - c \left(\frac{3d^{39/2} e^{11} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{asinh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{3d^{39/2} e^{27/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 3d^{37/2} e^{29/2} x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{3d^{37/2} e^{12} x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{asinh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{3d^{39/2} e^{27/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 3d^{37/2} e^{29/2} x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right) \\ - \frac{3d^{19} e^{23/2} x}{3d^{39/2} e^{27/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 3d^{37/2} e^{29/2} x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \\ \left. - \frac{4d^{18} e^{25/2} x^3}{3d^{39/2} e^{27/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 3d^{37/2} e^{29/2} x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right)$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `a*(3*d*x/(3*d**(7/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3*d**(5/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 2*e*x**3/(3*d**(7/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3*d**(5/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d))) - c*(3*d**(39/2)*e**11*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)*asinh(sqrt(e)*x/sqrt(d))/(3*d**(39/2)*e**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3*d**(37/2)*e**(29/2)*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 3*d**(37/2)*e**12*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)*asinh(sqrt(e)*x/sqrt(d))/(3*d**(39/2)*e**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3*d**(37/2)*e**(29/2)*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) - 3*d**19*e**(23/2)*x/(3*d**(39/2)*e**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3*d**(37/2)*e**(29/2)*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) - 4*d**18*e**(25/2)*x**3/(3*d**(39/2)*e**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3*d**(37/2)*e**(29/2)*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{2(2cd^2e^2 + ae^4)x^2}{d^2e^3} + \frac{3(cd^3e + ade^3)}{d^2e^3} \right)}{3(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} + \frac{c \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{e^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*x*(2*(2*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*x^2/(d^2*e^3) + 3*(c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)/(d^2*e^3))/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2) + c*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(5/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a - cx^4}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ade^3x + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^4x^3 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^3ex + 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^2x^3 - 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^2x^3 - 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^2x^3 - 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^2x^3}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**3*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**4*x**3 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**3*e*x + 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*e**2*x**3 - 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c*d**4 - 6*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c*d**3*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(e)*a*d**2*e**2 - 4*sqrt(e)*a*d*e**3*x**2 - 2*sqrt(e)*a*e**4*x**4)/(3*d**2*e**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

3.329 $\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2646
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2646
Rubi [A] (verified)	2647
Maple [A] (verified)	2648
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2649
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2650
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2651
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2651
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2652
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2652

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)x}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{2a}{d^2} + \frac{3c}{e^2}\right)x}{15(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\left(\frac{8a}{d^2} - \frac{3c}{e^2}\right)x}{15d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{5}*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+2/15*(2*a/d^2+3*c/e^2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+1/15*(8*a/d^2-3*c/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{15ad^2x + 20adex^3 - 3cd^2x^5 + 8ae^2x^5}{15d^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x]$$

output

$$(15*a*d^2*x + 20*a*d*e*x^3 - 3*c*d^2*x^5 + 8*a*e^2*x^5)/(15*d^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {1470, 362, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 1470

$$\frac{\int \frac{x^2(4ae - cd)}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 362

$$\frac{\frac{x^3\left(\frac{4ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e}\right)}{5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{3cd}{e} - \frac{8ae}{d}\right) \int \frac{x^2}{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 242

$$\frac{\frac{x^3\left(\frac{4ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e}\right)}{5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{x^3\left(\frac{3cd}{e} - \frac{8ae}{d}\right)}{15d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(a*x)/(d*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (((c*d)/e + (4*a*e)/d)*x^3)/(5*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) - (((3*c*d)/e - (8*a*e)/d)*x^3)/(15*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 362 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ((!IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, -2*(p + 1)]))`

rule 1470 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/d), x] + Simp[1/d Int[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^q*(d*PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p - a^p, x^2, x] - e*a^p*(2*q + 3)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q + 1/2, 0] && LtQ[4*p + 2*q + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x(8ae^2x^4 - 3cd^2x^4 + 20ade x^2 + 15ad^2)}{15(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3}$
trager	$\frac{x(8ae^2x^4 - 3cd^2x^4 + 20ade x^2 + 15ad^2)}{15(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{x(8ae^2x^4 - 3cd^2x^4 + 20ade x^2 + 15ad^2)}{15(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3}$
orering	$\frac{x(8ae^2x^4 - 3cd^2x^4 + 20ade x^2 + 15ad^2)}{15(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3}$
default	$a \left(\frac{x}{5d(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^2 \sqrt{e x^2 + d}}}{d} \right) - c \left(-\frac{x^3}{2e(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{3d \left(-\frac{x}{4e(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{d \left(\frac{x}{5d(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)}{2e} \right)}{2e} \right)$

```
input int((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15*x*(8*a*e^2*x^4-3*c*d^2*x^4+20*a*d*e*x^2+15*a*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/d^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(20 adex^3 - (3cd^2 - 8ae^2)x^5 + 15ad^2x)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{15(d^3e^3x^6 + 3d^4e^2x^4 + 3d^5ex^2 + d^6)}$$

```
input integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/15*(20*a*d*e*x^3 - (3*c*d^2 - 8*a*e^2)*x^5 + 15*a*d^2*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d) / (d^3*e^3*x^6 + 3*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^5*e*x^2 + d^6)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 488 vs. $2(83) = 166$.

Time = 9.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.30

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = a \left(\frac{15d^5x}{15d^{17/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{15/2}ex^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{13/2}e^2x^4\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 15d^{11/2}e^3x^6\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right. \\ + \frac{35d^4ex^3}{15d^{17/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{15/2}ex^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{13/2}e^2x^4\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 15d^{11/2}e^3x^6\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \\ + \frac{28d^3e^2x^5}{15d^{17/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{15/2}ex^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{13/2}e^2x^4\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 15d^{11/2}e^3x^6\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \\ + \left. \frac{8d^2e^3x^7}{15d^{17/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{15/2}ex^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{13/2}e^2x^4\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 15d^{11/2}e^3x^6\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right) \\ - \frac{cx^5}{5d^{7/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 10d^{5/2}ex^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 5d^{3/2}e^2x^4\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}}$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d)**(7/2),x)`

output `a*(15*d**5*x/(15*d**(17/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 45*d**(15/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 45*d**(13/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 15*d**(11/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 35*d**4*e*x**3/(15*d**(17/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 45*d**(15/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 45*d**(13/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 15*d**(11/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 28*d**3*e**2*x**5/(15*d**(17/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 45*d**(15/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 45*d**(13/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 15*d**(11/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 8*d**2*e**3*x**7/(15*d**(17/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 45*d**(15/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 45*d**(13/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 15*d**(11/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) - c*x**5/(5*d**(7/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 10*d**(5/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 5*d**(3/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{cx^3}{2(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}e} + \frac{8ax}{15\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^3} + \frac{4ax}{15(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{ax}{5(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}d} - \frac{cx}{10(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}e^2} - \frac{cx}{5\sqrt{ex^2 + d}de^2} + \frac{3cdx}{10(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}e^2}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*c*x^3/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*e) + 8/15*a*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^3) + 4/15*a*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^2) + 1/5*a*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d) - 1/10*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*e^2) - 1/5*c*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d*e^2) + 3/10*c*d*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*e^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left(x^2 \left(\frac{20ae}{d^2} - \frac{(3cd^2e^2 - 8ae^4)x^2}{d^3e^2}\right) + \frac{15a}{d}\right)x}{15(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/15*(x^2*(20*a*e/d^2 - (3*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a*e^4)*x^2/(d^3*e^2)) + 15*a/d)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{6cd^3x(ex^2 + d) - 3cd^4x + 8ae^2x(ex^2 + d)^2 - 3cd^2x(ex^2 + d)^2 + 3ad^2e^2x + 4a^2d^2e^2x}{15d^3e^2(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x)`output `(6*c*d^3*x*(d + e*x^2) - 3*c*d^4*x + 8*a*e^2*x*(d + e*x^2)^2 - 3*c*d^2*x*(d + e*x^2)^2 + 3*a*d^2*e^2*x + 4*a*d*e^2*x*(d + e*x^2))/(15*d^3*e^2*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^2e^3x + 20\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ade^4x^3 + 8\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^5x^5 - 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^3x^3 + 8cd^2e^3x^3}{15d^3e^2(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x)`output `(15*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e**3*x + 20*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**4*x**3 + 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**5*x**5 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*e**3*x**3 - 8*sqrt(e)*a*d**3*e**2 - 24*sqrt(e)*a*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 24*sqrt(e)*a*d*e**4*x**4 - 8*sqrt(e)*a*e**5*x**6 - 3*sqrt(e)*c*d**5 - 9*sqrt(e)*c*d**4*e*x**2 - 9*sqrt(e)*c*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 3*sqrt(e)*c*d**2*e**3*x**6)/(15*d**3*e**3*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6))`

3.330 $\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2653
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2653
Rubi [A] (verified)	2654
Maple [A] (verified)	2656
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2657
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2657
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2658
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2659
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2659
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2660

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)x}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{3a}{d^2} + \frac{4c}{e^2}\right)x}{35(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{\left(\frac{8a}{d^2} - \frac{c}{e^2}\right)x}{35d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(cd^2 - 8ae^2)x}{35d^4e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

output `1/7*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)+2/35*(3*a/d^2+4*c/e^2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+1/35*(8*a/d^2-c/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)-2/35*(-8*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/d^4/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{35ad^3x + 70ad^2ex^3 - 7cd^3x^5 + 56ade^2x^5 - 2cd^2ex^7 + 16ae^3x^7}{35d^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2),x]`

output

$$(35*a*d^3*x + 70*a*d^2*e*x^3 - 7*c*d^3*x^5 + 56*a*d*e^2*x^5 - 2*c*d^2*e*x^7 + 16*a*e^3*x^7)/(35*d^4*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1470, 362, 245, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1470 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{x^2(6ae - cd x^2)}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 362 \\ & \frac{x^3 \left(\frac{6ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e} \right)}{7(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{3}{7} \left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{8ae}{d} \right) \int \frac{x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 245 \\ & \frac{x^3 \left(\frac{6ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e} \right)}{7(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{3}{7} \left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{8ae}{d} \right) \left(\frac{2e \int \frac{x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x^3}{3d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 242 \\ & \frac{x^3 \left(\frac{6ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e} \right)}{7(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{3}{7} \left(\frac{2ex^5}{15d^2(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x^3}{3d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{8ae}{d} \right) + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(ax)/(d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}) + (((c*d)/e + (6*a*e)/d)*x^3)/(7*(d+ex^2)^{7/2}) - (3*((c*d)/e - (8*a*e)/d)*(x^3/(3*d*(d+ex^2)^{5/2})) + (2*ex^5)/(15*d^2*(d+ex^2)^{5/2}))}{7}/d$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 242

$$\text{Int}[\{(c_.)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*c*(m+1))), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x \text{] \&\& EqQ}\{m+2*p+3, 0\} \text{ \&\& NeQ}\{m, -1\}$$

rule 245

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((m+2*(p+1)+1)/(a*(m+1))) \text{ Int}[x^{(m+2)}*(a+b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p\}, x \text{] \&\& ILtQ}\{\text{Simplify}\{(m+1)/2+p+1\}, 0\} \text{ \&\& NeQ}\{m, -1\}$$

rule 362

$$\text{Int}[\{(e_.)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(b*c-a*d)*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(2*a*b*e*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1)-b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(2*a*b*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^m*(a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x \text{] \&\& NeQ}\{b*c-a*d, 0\} \text{ \&\& LtQ}\{p, -1\} \text{ \&\& ((!IntegerQ}\{p+1/2\} \text{ \&\& NeQ}\{p, -5/4\}) \text{ || !RationalQ}\{m\} \text{ || (ILtQ}\{p+1/2, 0\} \text{ \&\& LeQ}\{-1, m, -2*(p+1)\}))}$$

rule 1470

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2\}^{(q_)}*((a_)+(c_)*(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*x*((d+ex^2)^{(q+1)}/d), x] + \text{Simp}[1/d \text{ Int}[x^2*(d+ex^2)^q*(d*PolynomialQuotient}\{(a+c*x^4)^p-a^p, x^2, x\} - e*a^p*(2*q+3)\}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x \text{] \&\& NeQ}\{c*d^2+a*e^2, 0\} \text{ \&\& IGtQ}\{p, 0\} \text{ \&\& ILtQ}\{q+1/2, 0\} \text{ \&\& LtQ}\{4*p+2*q+1, 0\}$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{x \left(\left(-\frac{c x^4}{5} + a \right) d^3 + 2x^2 e \left(-\frac{c x^4}{35} + a \right) d^2 + \frac{8ad e^2 x^4}{5} + \frac{16a e^3 x^6}{35} \right)}{(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} d^4}$
gospers	$\frac{x(16a e^3 x^6 - 2c d^2 e x^6 + 56ad e^2 x^4 - 7c d^3 x^4 + 70a d^2 e x^2 + 35a d^3)}{35(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} d^4}$
trager	$\frac{x(16a e^3 x^6 - 2c d^2 e x^6 + 56ad e^2 x^4 - 7c d^3 x^4 + 70a d^2 e x^2 + 35a d^3)}{35(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} d^4}$
orering	$\frac{x(16a e^3 x^6 - 2c d^2 e x^6 + 56ad e^2 x^4 - 7c d^3 x^4 + 70a d^2 e x^2 + 35a d^3)}{35(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} d^4}$
default	$a \left(\frac{x}{7d(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{6x}{35d(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{6 \left(\frac{4x}{15d(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^2 \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} \right)}{7d}}{d} \right) - c \left(-\frac{x^3}{4e(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{3d - \frac{x}{6e(e x^2 + d)}}{\dots} \right)$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
x/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)*((-1/5*c*x^4+a)*d^3+2*x^2*e*(-1/35*c*x^4+a)*d^2+8/5*a*d*
e^2*x^4+16/35*a*e^3*x^6)/d^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{(2(cd^2e - 8ae^3)x^7 - 70ad^2ex^3 + 7(cd^3 - 8ade^2)x^5 - 35ad^3x)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{35(d^4e^4x^8 + 4d^5e^3x^6 + 6d^6e^2x^4 + 4d^7ex^2 + d^8)}$$

input

```
integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/35*(2*(c*d^2*e - 8*a*e^3)*x^7 - 70*a*d^2*e*x^3 + 7*(c*d^3 - 8*a*d*e^2)*
x^5 - 35*a*d^3*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(d^4*e^4*x^8 + 4*d^5*e^3*x^6 + 6*d^6*e^2
*x^4 + 4*d^7*e*x^2 + d^8)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1469 vs. 2(119) = 238.

Time = 22.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1469, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.66

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((-c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d)**(9/2),x)
```

output

```

a*(35*d**14*x/(35*d**(37/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 210*d**(35/2)*e*x**2*sqrt
(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(33/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 700*d**(31/2
)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(29/2)*e**4*x**8*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d
) + 210*d**(27/2)*e**5*x**10*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 35*d**(25/2)*e**6*x**12*
sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 175*d**13*e*x**3/(35*d**(37/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) +
210*d**(35/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(33/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 +
e*x**2/d) + 700*d**(31/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(29/2)*e
**4*x**8*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 210*d**(27/2)*e**5*x**10*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) +
35*d**(25/2)*e**6*x**12*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 371*d**12*e**2*x**5/(35*d**
(37/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 210*d**(35/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*
d**(33/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 700*d**(31/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 +
e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(29/2)*e**4*x**8*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 210*d**(27/2)*e**
5*x**10*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 35*d**(25/2)*e**6*x**12*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) +
429*d**11*e**3*x**7/(35*d**(37/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 210*d**(35/2)*e*x
**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(33/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 700*
d**(31/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(29/2)*e**4*x**8*sqrt(1 + e
*x**2/d) + 210*d**(27/2)*e**5*x**10*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 35*d**(25/2)*e**6
*x**12*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 286*d**10*e**4*x**9/(35*d**(37/2)*sqrt(1 + e
*x**2/d) + 210*d**(35/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(33/2)*e**2*x
**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 700*d**(31/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525...

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx &= \frac{cx^3}{4(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}e} + \frac{16ax}{35\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^4} + \frac{8ax}{35(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}d^3} \\
&+ \frac{6ax}{35(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}d^2} + \frac{ax}{7(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}d} - \frac{3cx}{140(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}e^2} \\
&- \frac{2cx}{35\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^2e^2} - \frac{cx}{35(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}de^2} + \frac{3cdx}{28(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}e^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{4}cx^3/((e^{x^2} + d)^{7/2}e) + \frac{16}{35}ax/(\sqrt{e^{x^2} + d}d^4) + \frac{8}{35}ax/((e^{x^2} + d)^{3/2}d^3) + \frac{6}{35}ax/((e^{x^2} + d)^{5/2}d^2) + \frac{1}{7}ax/((e^{x^2} + d)^{7/2}d) - \frac{3}{140}cx/((e^{x^2} + d)^{5/2}e^2) - \frac{2}{35}cx/(\sqrt{e^{x^2} + d}d^2e^2) - \frac{1}{35}cx/((e^{x^2} + d)^{3/2}de^2) + \frac{3}{28}cdx/((e^{x^2} + d)^{7/2}e^2)$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{\left(\left(x^2\left(\frac{2(cd^2e^4 - 8ae^6)}{d^4e^3} + \frac{7(cd^3e^3 - 8ade^5)}{d^4e^3}\right) - \frac{70ae}{d^2}\right)x^2 - \frac{35a}{d}\right)x}{35(e^{x^2} + d)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-1/35*((x^2*(2*(c*d^2*e^4 - 8*a*e^6)*x^2/(d^4*e^3) + 7*(c*d^3*e^3 - 8*a*d*e^5)/(d^4*e^3)) - 70*a*e/d^2)*x^2 - 35*a/d)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{x\left(\frac{a}{7d} - \frac{cd}{7e^2}\right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} + \frac{x\left(\frac{c}{5e^2} + \frac{cd^2 + 6ae^2}{35d^2e^2}\right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} + \frac{x(8ae^2 - cd^2)}{35d^3e^2(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(16ae^2 - 2cd^2)}{35d^4e^2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}$$

input

```
int((a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2),x)
```

output

$$\frac{(x*(a/(7*d) - (c*d)/(7*e^2)))}{(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)} + \frac{(x*(c/(5*e^2) + (6*a*e^2 + c*d^2)/(35*d^2*e^2)))}{(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)} + \frac{(x*(8*a*e^2 - c*d^2))}{(35*d^3*e^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))} + \frac{(x*(16*a*e^2 - 2*c*d^2))}{(35*d^4*e^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2))}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{35\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^3e^3x + 70\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^2e^4x^3 + 56\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ade^5x^5 + 16\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^6x^7 - 7\sqrt{d + ex^2}cd^3e^3x^5 - 2\sqrt{d + ex^2}cd^2e^4x^7 - 16\sqrt{e}ad^4e^2 - 64\sqrt{e}ad^3e^3x^2 - 96\sqrt{e}ad^2e^4x^4 - 64\sqrt{e}ad^2e^5x^6 - 16\sqrt{e}ae^6x^8 + 2\sqrt{e}cd^6 + 8\sqrt{e}cd^5ex^2 + 12\sqrt{e}cd^4e^2x^4 + 8\sqrt{e}cd^3e^3x^6 + 2\sqrt{e}cd^2e^4x^8)}{(35d^4e^3(d^4 + 4d^3ex^2 + 6d^2e^2x^4 + 4de^3x^6 + e^4x^8))}$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x)`output `(35*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**3*e**3*x + 70*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 56*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**5*x**5 + 16*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**6*x**7 - 7*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**3*e**3*x**5 - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*e**4*x**7 - 16*sqrt(e)*a*d**4*e**2 - 64*sqrt(e)*a*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 96*sqrt(e)*a*d**2*e**4*x**4 - 64*sqrt(e)*a*d*e**5*x**6 - 16*sqrt(e)*a*e**6*x**8 + 2*sqrt(e)*c*d**6 + 8*sqrt(e)*c*d**5*e*x**2 + 12*sqrt(e)*c*d**4*e**2*x**4 + 8*sqrt(e)*c*d**3*e**3*x**6 + 2*sqrt(e)*c*d**2*e**4*x**8)/(35*d**4*e**3*(d**4 + 4*d**3*e*x**2 + 6*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 4*d*e**3*x**6 + e**4*x**8))`

3.331 $\int \frac{a-cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2661
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2661
Rubi [A] (verified)	2662
Maple [A] (verified)	2664
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2666
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2666
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2667
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2668
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2668
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2669

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) x}{9d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{4a}{d^2} + \frac{5c}{e^2}\right) x}{63(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{16a}{d^2} - \frac{c}{e^2}\right) x}{105d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4(cd^2 - 16ae^2) x}{315d^4e^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8(cd^2 - 16ae^2) x}{315d^5e^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

output `1/9*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)+2/63*(4*a/d^2+5*c/e^2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)+1/105*(16*a/d^2-c/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)-4/315*(-16*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/d^4/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)-8/315*(-16*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/d^5/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{-cd^2x^5(63d^2 + 36dex^2 + 8e^2x^4) + a(315d^4x + 840d^3ex^3 + 1008d^2e^2x^5 + 576de^3x^7 + \dots)}{315d^5(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2),x]`

output

$$(-(c*d^2*x^5*(63*d^2 + 36*d*e*x^2 + 8*e^2*x^4)) + a*(315*d^4*x + 840*d^3*e*x^3 + 1008*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 576*d*e^3*x^7 + 128*e^4*x^9))/(315*d^5*(d + e*x^2)^{(9/2)})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1470, 362, 245, 245, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$$

↓ 1470

$$\frac{\int \frac{x^2(8ae - cd)x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{11/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 362

$$\frac{\frac{x^3\left(\frac{8ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e}\right)}{9(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{16ae}{d}\right) \int \frac{x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 245

$$\frac{\frac{x^3\left(\frac{8ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e}\right)}{9(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{16ae}{d}\right) \left(\frac{4e \int \frac{x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x^3}{3d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 245

$$\frac{x^3 \left(\frac{8ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e} \right)}{9(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{16ae}{d} \right) \left(\frac{4e \left(\frac{2e \int \frac{x^6}{(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{x^5}{5d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{3d} + \frac{x^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{x^3 \left(\frac{8ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e} \right)}{9(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{16ae}{d} \right) \left(\frac{4e \left(\frac{2e \int \frac{x^6}{(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{x^5}{5d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{3d} + \frac{x^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{d} \right)}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{ax}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2),x]`

output `(a*x)/(d*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)) + (((c*d)/e + (8*a*e)/d)*x^3)/(9*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)) - (((c*d)/e - (16*a*e)/d)*(x^3/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)) + (4*e*(x^5/(5*d*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)) + (2*e*x^7)/(35*d^2*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2))))/(3*d))/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 245 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 362

```

Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*e
*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) I
nt[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && N
eQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) ||
!RationalQ[m] || (ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, -2*(p + 1)]))

```

rule 1470

```

Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Si
mp[a^p*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/d), x] + Simp[1/d Int[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^q*(d*
PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p - a^p, x^2, x] - e*a^p*(2*q + 3)), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q
+ 1/2, 0] && LtQ[4*p + 2*q + 1, 0]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\left(\left(-\frac{cx^4}{5} + a \right) d^4 + \frac{8x^2 \left(-\frac{3cx^4}{70} + a \right) e d^3}{3} + \frac{16x^4 \left(-\frac{cx^4}{126} + a \right) e^2 d^2}{5} + \frac{64ad e^3 x^6}{35} + \frac{128a e^4 x^8}{315} \right) x}{(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} d^5}$
gospers	$\frac{x(128ae^4x^8 - 8cd^2e^2x^8 + 576ade^3x^6 - 36cd^3ex^6 + 1008ad^2e^2x^4 - 63cd^4x^4 + 840ad^3ex^2 + 315d^4a)}{315(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}d^5}$
trager	$\frac{x(128ae^4x^8 - 8cd^2e^2x^8 + 576ade^3x^6 - 36cd^3ex^6 + 1008ad^2e^2x^4 - 63cd^4x^4 + 840ad^3ex^2 + 315d^4a)}{315(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}d^5}$
orering	$\frac{x(128ae^4x^8 - 8cd^2e^2x^8 + 576ade^3x^6 - 36cd^3ex^6 + 1008ad^2e^2x^4 - 63cd^4x^4 + 840ad^3ex^2 + 315d^4a)}{315(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}d^5}$
default	$a \left(\frac{x}{9d(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{8x}{63d(ex^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{8 \left(\frac{6x}{35d(ex^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{6 \left(\frac{4x}{15d(ex^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^2\sqrt{ex^2+d}} \right)}{7d} \right)}{9d}}{d} \right) - C - \frac{x^3}{6e(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((-1/5*c*x^4+a)*d^4+8/3*x^2*(-3/70*c*x^4+a)*e*d^3+16/5*x^4*(-1/126*c*x^4+a)*e^2*d^2+64/35*a*d*e^3*x^6+128/315*a*e^4*x^8)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/d^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{(8(cd^2e^2 - 16ae^4)x^9 - 840ad^3ex^3 + 36(cd^3e - 16ade^3)x^7 - 315ad^4x + 63(cd^4 - 16ad^2e^2)x^5)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{315(d^5e^5x^{10} + 5d^6e^4x^8 + 10d^7e^3x^6 + 10d^8e^2x^4 + 5d^9ex^2 + d^{10})}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/315*(8*(c*d^2*e^2 - 16*a*e^4)*x^9 - 840*a*d^3*e*x^3 + 36*(c*d^3*e - 16*a*d*e^3)*x^7 - 315*a*d^4*x + 63*(c*d^4 - 16*a*d^2*e^2)*x^5)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(d^5*e^5*x^10 + 5*d^6*e^4*x^8 + 10*d^7*e^3*x^6 + 10*d^8*e^2*x^4 + 5*d^9*e*x^2 + d^10)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3738 vs. 2(155) = 310.

Time = 47.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3738, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.36

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d)**(11/2),x)`

output

```

a*(315*d**30*x/(315*d**(71/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3150*d**(69/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 14175*d**(67/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 37800*d**(65/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 66150*d**(63/2)*e**4*x**8*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 79380*d**(61/2)*e**5*x**10*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 66150*d**(59/2)*e**6*x**12*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 37800*d**(57/2)*e**7*x**14*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 14175*d**(55/2)*e**8*x**16*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3150*d**(53/2)*e**9*x**18*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 315*d**(51/2)*e**10*x**20*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) ) + 2730*d**29*e*x**3/(315*d**(71/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3150*d**(69/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 14175*d**(67/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 37800*d**(65/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 66150*d**(63/2)*e**4*x**8*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 79380*d**(61/2)*e**5*x**10*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 66150*d**(59/2)*e**6*x**12*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 37800*d**(57/2)*e**7*x**14*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 14175*d**(55/2)*e**8*x**16*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3150*d**(53/2)*e**9*x**18*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 315*d**(51/2)*e**10*x**20*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 10773*d**28*e**2*x**5/(315*d**(71/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3150*d**(69/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 14175*d**(67/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 37800*d**(65/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 66150*d**(63/2)*e**4*x**8*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 79380*d**(61/2)*e**5*x**10*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 66150*d**(59/2)*e**6*x**12*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 37800*d**(57/2)*e**7*x**14*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 14175*d**(55/2)*e**8*x**16*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)...

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx &= \frac{cx^3}{6(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}e} + \frac{128ax}{315\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^5} + \frac{64ax}{315(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}d^4} \\
&+ \frac{16ax}{105(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}d^3} + \frac{8ax}{63(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}d^2} + \frac{ax}{9(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}d} - \frac{cx}{126(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}e^2} \\
&- \frac{8cx}{315\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^3e^2} - \frac{4cx}{315(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}d^2e^2} - \frac{cx}{105(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}de^2} + \frac{cdx}{18(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}e^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*c*x^3/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e) + 128/315*a*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^5) + 64/3
15*a*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^4) + 16/105*a*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d^3) + 8/63
*a*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*d^2) + 1/9*a*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*d) - 1/126*c*x/(
(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*e^2) - 8/315*c*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^3*e^2) - 4/315*c*x/(
(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^2*e^2) - 1/105*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d*e^2) + 1/18*c*
d*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\left(4x^2 \left(\frac{2(cd^2e^6 - 16ae^8)x^2}{d^5e^4} + \frac{9(cd^3e^5 - 16ade^7)}{d^5e^4} \right) + \frac{63(cd^4e^4 - 16ad^2e^6)}{d^5e^4} \right) x^2 - \frac{840ae}{d^2} \right) x^2 - \frac{315a}{d} \right) x}{315(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/315*((4*x^2*(2*(c*d^2*e^6 - 16*a*e^8)*x^2/(d^5*e^4) + 9*(c*d^3*e^5 - 1
6*a*d*e^7)/(d^5*e^4) + 63*(c*d^4*e^4 - 16*a*d^2*e^6)/(d^5*e^4))*x^2 - 840
*a*e/d^2)*x^2 - 315*a/d)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{a}{9d} - \frac{cd}{9e^2} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} + \frac{x \left(\frac{c}{7e^2} + \frac{cd^2 + 8ae^2}{63d^2e^2} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} + \frac{x(16ae^2 - cd^2)}{105d^3e^2(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} + \frac{x(64ae^2 - 4cd^2)}{315d^4e^2(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(128ae^2 - 8cd^2)}{315d^5e^2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}$$

input

```
int((a - c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2),x)
```

output

```
(x*(a/(9*d) - (c*d)/(9*e^2)))/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2) + (x*(c/(7*e^2) + (8*a*e^2
+ c*d^2)/(63*d^2*e^2)))/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2) + (x*(16*a*e^2 - c*d^2))/(105*d
^3*e^2*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (x*(64*a*e^2 - 4*c*d^2))/(315*d^4*e^2*(d + e*x
^2)^(3/2)) + (x*(128*a*e^2 - 8*c*d^2))/(315*d^5*e^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{a - cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{315\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^4e^3x + 840\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^3e^4x^3 + 1008\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^2e^5x^5 + 576\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^2e^6x^7 + 128\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^7x^9 - 63\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^4e^3x^5 - 36\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^3e^4x^7 - 8\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^5x^9 - 128\sqrt{e}ad^5e^2 - 640\sqrt{e}ad^4e^3x^2 - 1280\sqrt{e}ad^3e^4x^4 - 1280\sqrt{e}ad^2e^5x^6 - 640\sqrt{e}ad^2e^6x^8 - 128\sqrt{e}ae^7x^{10} + 8\sqrt{e}cd^7 + 40\sqrt{e}cd^6e^2x^2 + 80\sqrt{e}cd^5e^2x^4 + 80\sqrt{e}cd^4e^3x^6 + 40\sqrt{e}cd^3e^4x^8 + 8\sqrt{e}cd^2e^5x^{10}}{(315*d^5*e^3*(d^5 + 5*d^4*e*x^2 + 10*d^3*e^2*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^3*x^6 + 5*d*e^4*x^8 + e^5*x^{10}))}$$

input

```
int((-c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x)
```

output

```
(315*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**4*e**3*x + 840*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**3*e**4*x**
3 + 1008*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e**5*x**5 + 576*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**6
*x**7 + 128*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**7*x**9 - 63*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**4*e**3
*x**5 - 36*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**3*e**4*x**7 - 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*e
**5*x**9 - 128*sqrt(e)*a*d**5*e**2 - 640*sqrt(e)*a*d**4*e**3*x**2 - 1280*s
qrt(e)*a*d**3*e**4*x**4 - 1280*sqrt(e)*a*d**2*e**5*x**6 - 640*sqrt(e)*a*d*
e**6*x**8 - 128*sqrt(e)*a*e**7*x**10 + 8*sqrt(e)*c*d**7 + 40*sqrt(e)*c*d**
6*e*x**2 + 80*sqrt(e)*c*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 80*sqrt(e)*c*d**4*e**3*x**6 + 40*
sqrt(e)*c*d**3*e**4*x**8 + 8*sqrt(e)*c*d**2*e**5*x**10)/(315*d**5*e**3*(d
*5 + 5*d**4*e*x**2 + 10*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 10*d**2*e**3*x**6 + 5*d*e**4*x**8
+ e**5*x**10))
```

3.332 $\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2670
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2671
Rubi [A] (verified)	2671
Maple [A] (verified)	2675
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2677
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2678
Maxima [F(-2)]	2679
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2679
Mupad [F(-1)]	2680
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2680

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 270

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{d(7c^2d^4 - 48acd^2e^2 + 384a^2e^4) x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{1024e^4} + \frac{(7c^2d^4 - 48acd^2e^2 + 384a^2e^4) x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{1536e^4} - \frac{cd(7cd^2 - 48ae^2) x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{384e^4} + \frac{c(7cd^2 - 48ae^2) x^3(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{192e^3} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{120e^2} + \frac{c^2x^7(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{12e} + \frac{d^2(7c^2d^4 - 48acd^2e^2 + 384a^2e^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{1024e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/1024*d*(384*a^2*e^4-48*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^4+1/15
36*(384*a^2*e^4-48*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/e^4-1/384*c*d*
(-48*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/e^4+1/192*c*(-48*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*x^3*
(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/e^3-7/120*c^2*d*x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/e^2+1/12*c^2*x^7*(e*x^
2+d)^(5/2)/e+1/1024*d^2*(384*a^2*e^4-48*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(e^(
1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d + ex^2}(1920a^2e^4(5d + 2ex^2) - 240ace^2(-3d^3 + 2d^2ex^2 + 24de^2x^4 + 16e^3x^6) + c^2(-1$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(1920*a^2*e^4*(5*d + 2*e*x^2) - 240*a*c*e^2*(-3*d^3 + 2*d^2*e*x^2 + 24*d*e^2*x^4 + 16*e^3*x^6) + c^2*(-105*d^5 + 70*d^4*e*x^2 - 56*d^3*e^2*x^4 + 48*d^2*e^3*x^6 + 1664*d*e^4*x^8 + 1280*e^5*x^10)) - 15*(7*c^2*d^6 - 48*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 384*a^2*d^2*e^4)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(15360*e^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.455$, Rules used = {1474, 2346, 27, 1474, 27, 299, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - cx^4)^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1474$$

$$\frac{\int (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (-7c^2 dx^6 - 24acex^4 + 12a^2e) dx}{12e} + \frac{c^2 x^7 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{12e}$$

$$\downarrow 2346$$

$$\frac{\int 5(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (c(7cd^2 - 48ae^2)x^4 + 24a^2e^2) dx}{10e} - \frac{7c^2 dx^5 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{10e} + \frac{c^2 x^7 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{12e}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int (ex^2+d)^{3/2} (c(7cd^2-48ae^2)x^4+24a^2e^2) dx}{2e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{10e} + \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{12e} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1474 \\
 & \frac{\int 3(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (64a^2e^3-cd(7cd^2-48ae^2)x^2) dx}{8e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(7cd^2-48ae^2)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{10e} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{12e}{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \int (ex^2+d)^{3/2} (64a^2e^3-cd(7cd^2-48ae^2)x^2) dx}{8e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(7cd^2-48ae^2)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{10e} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{12e}{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{(384a^2e^4-48acd^2e^2+7c^2d^4) \int (ex^2+d)^{3/2} dx}{6e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(7cd^2-48ae^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(7cd^2-48ae^2)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{10e} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{12e}{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{(384a^2e^4-48acd^2e^2+7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{ex^2+dx} + \frac{1}{4}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{6e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(7cd^2-48ae^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(7cd^2-48ae^2)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{10e} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{12e}{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{(384a^2e^4-48acd^2e^2+7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{6e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(7cd^2-48ae^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(7cd^2-48ae^2)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{10e} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{12e}{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\left(\frac{(384a^2e^4 - 48acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{3}{4}d \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(7cd^2-48ae^2)}{6e} \right)}{\frac{8e}{2e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(7c^2d-48ae^2)}{8e}} + \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{12e}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left(\frac{(384a^2e^4 - 48acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{6e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(7cd^2-48ae^2)}{6e} \right)}{\frac{8e}{2e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(7c^2d-48ae^2)}{8e}} + \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{12e}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```
(c^2*x^7*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/(12*e) + ((-7*c^2*d*x^5*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/(10*e) + ((c*(7*c*d^2 - 48*a*e^2)*x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/(8*e) + (3*(-1/6*(c*d*(7*c*d^2 - 48*a*e^2)*x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/e + ((7*c^2*d^4 - 48*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 384*a^2*e^4)*((x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/2 + (d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/4))/(6*e)))/(8*e))/(2*e))/(12*e)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 211 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_ }, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (2 \cdot p + 1), x] + \text{Simp}[2 \cdot a \cdot (p / (2 \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x / \text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 299 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_ } \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]

rule 1474 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_ } \cdot (a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^4)^{p_ }, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^p \cdot x^{4 \cdot p - 1} \cdot (d + e \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (e \cdot (4 \cdot p + 2 \cdot q + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (e \cdot (4 \cdot p + 2 \cdot q + 1)) \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[e \cdot (4 \cdot p + 2 \cdot q + 1) \cdot (a + c \cdot x^4)^p - d \cdot c^p \cdot (4 \cdot p - 1) \cdot x^{4 \cdot p - 2} - e \cdot c^p \cdot (4 \cdot p + 2 \cdot q + 1) \cdot x^{4 \cdot p}], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !LtQ[q, -1]

rule 2346 $\text{Int}[(Pq_) \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_ }, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Expon}[Pq, x], e = \text{Coeff}[Pq, x, \text{Expon}[Pq, x]]\}, \text{Simp}[e \cdot x^{q-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (q + 2 \cdot p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b \cdot (q + 2 \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[b \cdot (q + 2 \cdot p + 1) \cdot Pq - a \cdot e \cdot (q - 1) \cdot x^{q-2} - b \cdot e \cdot (q + 2 \cdot p + 1) \cdot x^q], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
<p>pseudoelliptic</p> <p>risch</p>	$\frac{3d^2 \left(a^2 e^4 - \frac{1}{8} ac d^2 e^2 + \frac{7}{384} c^2 d^4 \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{x \sqrt{e}} \right) + \frac{5x \sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{2x^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} c^2 x^8 - ac x^4 + a^2 \right) e^{\frac{11}{2}}} + \left(\frac{13}{75} c^2 x^8 - \frac{3}{5} ac x^4 + a^2 \right) e^{\frac{9}{2}} + \dots}{e^{\frac{9}{2}}}$ $\frac{x(1280e^5c^2x^{10} + 1664dc^2e^4x^8 - 3840ace^5x^6 + 48c^2d^2e^3x^6 - 5760acd^2e^4x^4 - 56c^2d^3e^2x^4 + 3840a^2e^5x^2 - 480acd^2e^3x^2 + 70c^2d^3e^2x^2 - 15360e^4)}{15360e^4}$
<p>default</p>	$a^2 \left(\frac{x(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d \left(\frac{x \sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{2} + \frac{d \ln(x \sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e x^2 + d})}{2 \sqrt{e}} \right)}{4} \right) + c^2 \frac{x^7 (e x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12e} - \dots$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{5}{8}e^{9/2} \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}d^2(a^2e^4 - \frac{1}{8}ac*d^2e^2 + \frac{7}{384}c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(e*x^2+d)^{1/2}}{x/e^{1/2}}\right) + x \cdot (e*x^2+d)^{1/2} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{5}x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3}c^2x^8 - ac*x^4 + a^2 \right) \cdot e^{11/2} + \left(\frac{13}{75}c^2x^8 - \frac{3}{5}ac*x^4 + a^2 \right) \cdot e^{9/2} + \frac{3}{40}d \cdot \left(d \cdot \left(-\frac{7}{90}c*x^4 + a \right) \cdot e^{5/2} - \frac{2}{3}x^2 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{10}c*x^4 + a \right) \cdot e^{7/2} - \frac{7}{48}d^2 \cdot c \cdot \left(-\frac{2}{3}e^{3/2} \cdot x^2 + e^{1/2} \cdot d \right) \cdot c \right) \cdot d \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 428, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{15(7c^2d^6 - 48acd^4e^2 + 384a^2d^2e^4)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex-d}) + 2(1280c^2e^6x^{11} - 1664c^2de^5x^9 + 48(c^2d^2e^4 - 80ac*d^2e^4 - 80ac*d^2e^4 + 384a^2e^6)x^7 - 8(7c^2d^3e^3 + 720ac*d*e^5)x^5 + 10(7c^2d^4e^2 - 48ac*d^2e^4 + 384a^2e^6)x^3 - 15(7c^2d^5e - 48ac*d^3e^3 - 640a^2d*e^5)x)\sqrt{e^2+d}}{e^5} - \frac{15(7c^2d^6 - 48acd^4e^2 + 384a^2d^2e^4)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}\right) - (1280c^2e^6x^{11} + 1664c^2de^5x^9 + 48(c^2d^2e^4 - 80ac*d^2e^4 - 80ac*d^2e^4 + 384a^2e^6)x^7 - 8(7c^2d^3e^3 + 720ac*d*e^5)x^5 + 10(7c^2d^4e^2 - 48ac*d^2e^4 + 384a^2e^6)x^3 - 15(7c^2d^5e - 48ac*d^3e^3 - 640a^2d*e^5)x)\sqrt{e^2+d}}{e^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{30720} \cdot \left(15 \cdot (7c^2d^6 - 48ac*d^4e^2 + 384a^2d^2e^4) \cdot \sqrt{e} \cdot \log(-2e*x^2 - 2*\sqrt{e*x^2+d}*\sqrt{e}*x - d) + 2 \cdot (1280*c^2*e^6*x^{11} + 1664*c^2*d*e^5*x^9 + 48*(c^2*d^2*e^4 - 80*ac*d^2*e^4 - 80*ac*d^2*e^4 + 384*a^2*e^6)*x^7 - 8*(7*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 720*ac*d*e^5)*x^5 + 10*(7*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 48*ac*d^2*e^4 + 384*a^2*e^6)*x^3 - 15*(7*c^2*d^5*e - 48*ac*d^3*e^3 - 640*a^2*d*e^5)*x \right) \cdot \sqrt{e*x^2+d} \right] / e^5, - \frac{1}{15360} \cdot \left(15 \cdot (7c^2d^6 - 48ac*d^4e^2 + 384a^2d^2e^4) \cdot \sqrt{-e} \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e}*x/\sqrt{e*x^2+d}}{\sqrt{e*x^2+d}}\right) - (1280*c^2*e^6*x^{11} + 1664*c^2*d*e^5*x^9 + 48*(c^2*d^2*e^4 - 80*ac*d^2*e^4 - 80*ac*d^2*e^4 + 384*a^2*e^6)*x^7 - 8*(7*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 720*ac*d*e^5)*x^5 + 10*(7*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 48*ac*d^2*e^4 + 384*a^2*e^6)*x^3 - 15*(7*c^2*d^5*e - 48*ac*d^3*e^3 - 640*a^2*d*e^5)*x \right) \cdot \sqrt{e*x^2+d} \right] / e^5 \right]$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2 dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \cdot \left(\frac{13c^2dx^9}{120} + \frac{c^2ex^{11}}{12} + \frac{x^7(-2ace^2 + \frac{c^2d^2}{40})}{8e} + \frac{x^5(-4acde - \frac{7d(-2ace^2 + \frac{c^2d^2}{40})}{8e})}{6e} + \frac{x^3(a^2e^2 - 2acd^2 - \dots)}{\dots} \right) \\ d^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(a^2x - \frac{2acx^5}{5} + \frac{c^2x^9}{9} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(-c*x**4+a)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*(13*c**2*d*x**9/120 + c**2*e*x**11/12 + x**7*(-2*a*c*e**2 + c**2*d**2/40)/(8*e) + x**5*(-4*a*c*d*e - 7*d*(-2*a*c*e**2 + c**2*d**2/40)/(8*e))/(6*e) + x**3*(a**2*e**2 - 2*a*c*d**2 - 5*d*(-4*a*c*d*e - 7*d*(-2*a*c*e**2 + c**2*d**2/40)/(8*e))/(6*e))/(4*e) + x*(2*a**2*d*e - 3*d*(a**2*e**2 - 2*a*c*d**2 - 5*d*(-4*a*c*d*e - 7*d*(-2*a*c*e**2 + c**2*d**2/40)/(8*e))/(6*e))/(4*e))/(2*e) + (a**2*d**2 - d*(2*a**2*d*e - 3*d*(a**2*e**2 - 2*a*c*d**2 - 5*d*(-4*a*c*d*e - 7*d*(-2*a*c*e**2 + c**2*d**2/40)/(8*e))/(6*e))/(4*e))/(2*e))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + 2*e*x)/sqrt(e), Ne(d, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(e*x**2), True)), Ne(e, 0)), (d**(3/2)*(a**2*x - 2*a*c*x**5/5 + c**2*x**9/9), True))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{1}{15360} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8 (10 c^2 ex^2 + 13 c^2 d) x^2 + \frac{3(c^2 d^2 e^9 - 80 ace^{11})}{e^{10}} \right) x^2 - \frac{7 c^2 d^3 e^8 + 720 acde^{11}}{e^{10}} \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. - \frac{(7 c^2 d^6 - 48 acd^4 e^2 + 384 a^2 d^2 e^4) \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{1024 e^{\frac{9}{2}}} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/15360*(2*(4*(2*(8*(10*c^2*e*x^2 + 13*c^2*d)*x^2 + 3*(c^2*d^2*e^9 - 80*a*c*e^11)/e^10)*x^2 - (7*c^2*d^3*e^8 + 720*a*c*d*e^10)/e^10)*x^2 + 5*(7*c^2*d^4*e^7 - 48*a*c*d^2*e^9 + 384*a^2*e^11)/e^10)*x^2 - 15*(7*c^2*d^5*e^6 - 4*8*a*c*d^3*e^8 - 640*a^2*d*e^10)/e^10)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x - 1/1024*(7*c^2*d^6 - 48*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 384*a^2*d^2*e^4)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(9/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2 dx = \int (a - cx^4)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((a - c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{9600\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2de^5x + 3840\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^6x^3 + 720\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^3e^3x - 480\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^3e^3x}{15360e^5}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output `(9600*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d*e**5*x + 3840*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**6*x**3 + 720*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**3*e**3*x - 480*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**3*e**3*x - 5760*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**5 - 3840*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**7 - 105*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**5*e*x + 70*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**5*e*x**3 - 56*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**5*e*x**5 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**5*e*x**7 + 1664*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**5*x**9 + 1280*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**5*x**11 + 5760*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a**2*d**2*e**4 - 720*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*c*d**4*e**2 + 105*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**6)/(15360*e**5)`

3.333 $\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a - cx^4)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2681
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2682
Rubi [A] (verified)	2682
Maple [A] (verified)	2686
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2687
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2688
Maxima [F(-2)]	2688
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2689
Mupad [F(-1)]	2689
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2690

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 221

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a - cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{(7c^2d^4 - 32acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4)x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{256e^4} - \frac{cd(7cd^2 - 32ae^2)x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{128e^4} + \frac{c(7cd^2 - 32ae^2)x^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{96e^3} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{80e^2} + \frac{c^2x^7(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e} + \frac{d(7c^2d^4 - 32acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{256e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/256*(128*a^2*e^4-32*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^4-1/128*c
*d*(-32*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/e^4+1/96*c*(-32*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*x^
3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/e^3-7/80*c^2*d*x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/e^2+1/10*c^2*x^7*(e*x
^2+d)^(3/2)/e+1/256*d*(128*a^2*e^4-32*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(e^(1/
2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}(1920a^2e^4 - 160ace^2(-3d^2 + 2dex^2 + 8e^2x^4) + c^2(-105d^4 + 70d^3ex^2 - 56d^2e^2x^4 + 48de^3x^6 + 384e^4x^8)) - 15(7c^2d^5 - 32a*c*d^3*e^2 + 128a^2*d*e^4)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]]}{3840e^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(1920*a^2*e^4 - 160*a*c*e^2*(-3*d^2 + 2*d*e*x^2 + 8*e^2*x^4) + c^2*(-105*d^4 + 70*d^3*e*x^2 - 56*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 48*d*e^3*x^6 + 384*e^4*x^8)) - 15*(7*c^2*d^5 - 32*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 128*a^2*d*e^4)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]/(3840*e^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {1474, 2346, 27, 1474, 27, 299, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - cx^4)^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1474$$

$$\frac{\int \sqrt{ex^2 + d}(-7c^2dx^6 - 20acex^4 + 10a^2e) dx}{10e} + \frac{c^2x^7(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}$$

$$\downarrow 2346$$

$$\frac{\int 5\sqrt{ex^2 + d}(c(7cd^2 - 32ae^2)x^4 + 16a^2e^2) dx}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{8e} + \frac{c^2x^7(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{5 \int \sqrt{ex^2+d}(c(7cd^2-32ae^2)x^4+16a^2e^2)dx}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{8e} + \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}$$

↓ 1474

$$\frac{5 \left(\frac{\int 3\sqrt{ex^2+d}(32a^2e^3-cd(7cd^2-32ae^2)x^2)dx}{6e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(7cd^2-32ae^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{8e} + \frac{10e}{10e} \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{5 \left(\frac{\int \sqrt{ex^2+d}(32a^2e^3-cd(7cd^2-32ae^2)x^2)dx}{2e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(7cd^2-32ae^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{8e} + \frac{10e}{10e} \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}$$

↓ 299

$$\frac{5 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{128a^2e^4-32acd^2e^2+7c^2d^4}{4e} \int \sqrt{ex^2+d}dx - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(7cd^2-32ae^2)}{4e} \right) + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(7cd^2-32ae^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{8e} + \frac{10e}{10e} \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{5 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{128a^2e^4-32acd^2e^2+7c^2d^4}{4e} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(7cd^2-32ae^2)}{4e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(7cd^2-32ae^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{8e} + \frac{10e}{10e} \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}$$

↓ 224

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{(128a^2e^4 - 32acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{4e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(7cd^2-32ae^2)}{4e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(7cd^2-32ae^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5}{10e} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{(128a^2e^4 - 32acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{4e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(7cd^2-32ae^2)}{4e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(7cd^2-32ae^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5}{10e} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^2,x]`

output `(c^2*x^7*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(10*e) + ((-7*c^2*d*x^5*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*e) + (5*((c*(7*c*d^2 - 32*a*e^2)*x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(6*e) + (-1/4*(c*d*(7*c*d^2 - 32*a*e^2)*x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/e + ((7*c^2*d^4 - 32*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 128*a^2*e^4)*(x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/2 + (d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e]))/(4*e))/(2*e))/(8*e))/(10*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 299 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (2p+3)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2p+3)) / (b \cdot (2p+3)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2p+3, 0]$

rule 1474 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_} \cdot (a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^4)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^p \cdot x^{4p-1} \cdot (d + e \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (e \cdot (4p+2q+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(e \cdot (4p+2q+1)) \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[e \cdot (4p+2q+1) \cdot (a + c \cdot x^4)^p - d \cdot c^p \cdot (4p-1) \cdot x^{4p-2} - e \cdot c^p \cdot (4p+2q+1) \cdot x^{4p}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[q, -1]$

rule 2346 $\text{Int}[(Pq) \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Expon}[Pq, x], e = \text{Coeff}[Pq, x, \text{Expon}[Pq, x]]\}, \text{Simp}[e \cdot x^{q-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (q+2p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b \cdot (q+2p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[b \cdot (q+2p+1) \cdot Pq - a \cdot e \cdot (q-1) \cdot x^{q-2} - b \cdot e \cdot (q+2p+1) \cdot x^q], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PolyQ}[Pq, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$d(a^2e^4 - \frac{1}{4}ac d^2e^2 + \frac{7}{128}c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right) + x \left(\frac{d\left(-\frac{7c}{60}x^4+a\right)e^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{2x^2\left(-\frac{3c}{20}x^4+a\right)e^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3}}{\left(\frac{1}{5}c^2x^8 - \frac{2}{3}acx^4 + a^2\right)e^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{4}{2e^{\frac{9}{2}}}}$
risch	$\frac{x(384c^2e^4x^8 + 48dc^2e^3x^6 - 1280ace^4x^4 - 56c^2d^2e^2x^4 - 320acd e^3x^2 + 70c^2d^3e x^2 + 1920a^2e^4 + 480acd^2e^2 - 105c^2d^4)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{3840e^4}$
default	$a^2\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2} + \frac{d\ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2\sqrt{e}}\right) + c^2\left(\frac{x^7(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{10e} - \frac{7d}{8e}\frac{x^5(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8e} - \frac{5d}{6e}\frac{x^3(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6e} - \frac{d}{4e}\frac{x(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4e}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/2/e^(9/2)*(d*(a^2*e^4-1/4*a*c*d^2*e^2+7/128*c^2*d^4)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))+x*((1/5*c^2*x^8-2/3*a*c*x^4+a^2)*e^(9/2)+1/4*(d*(-7/60*c*x^4+a)*e^(5/2)-2/3*x^2*(-3/20*c*x^4+a)*e^(7/2)-7/32*d^2*c*(-2/3*e^(3/2)*x^2+e^(1/2)*d))*d*c)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{15(7c^2d^5 - 32acd^3e^2 + 128a^2de^4)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex-d}) + 2(384c^2e^5x^9 + 48c^2de^4x^7 - 8(7c^2d^2e^3 + 160acde^5)x^5 + 10(7c^2d^3e^2 - 32acde^4)x^3 - 15(7c^2d^4e - 32acde^3 - 128a^2e^5)x)\sqrt{e*x^2+d}}{e^5} - \frac{15(7c^2d^5 - 32acd^3e^2 + 128a^2de^4)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}\right) - (384c^2e^5x^9 + 48c^2de^4x^7 - 8(7c^2d^2e^3 + 160acde^5)x^5 + 10(7c^2d^3e^2 - 32acde^4)x^3 - 15(7c^2d^4e - 32acde^3 - 128a^2e^5)x)\sqrt{e*x^2+d}}{3840e^5}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/7680*(15*(7*c^2*d^5 - 32*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 128*a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) + 2*(384*c^2*e^5*x^9 + 48*c^2*d*e^4*x^7 - 8*(7*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 160*a*c*e^5)*x^5 + 10*(7*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 32*a*c*d*e^4)*x^3 - 15*(7*c^2*d^4*e - 32*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 128*a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/e^5, -1/3840*(15*(7*c^2*d^5 - 32*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 128*a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) - (384*c^2*e^5*x^9 + 48*c^2*d*e^4*x^7 - 8*(7*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 160*a*c*e^5)*x^5 + 10*(7*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 32*a*c*d*e^4)*x^3 - 15*(7*c^2*d^4*e - 32*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 128*a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/e^5]
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a - cx^4)^2 dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{c^2 dx^7}{80e} + \frac{c^2 x^9}{10} + \frac{x^5 \left(-2ace - \frac{7c^2 d^2}{80e} \right)}{6e} + \frac{x^3 \left(-2acd - \frac{5d \left(-2ace - \frac{7c^2 d^2}{80e} \right)}{6e} \right)}{4e} + \frac{x \left(a^2 e - \frac{3d \left(-2acd - \frac{5d \left(-2ace - \frac{7c^2 d^2}{80e} \right)}{6e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{2e} \right) \\ \sqrt{d} \left(a^2 x - \frac{2acx^5}{5} + \frac{c^2 x^9}{9} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(-c*x**4+a)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*(c**2*d*x**7/(80*e) + c**2*x**9/10 + x**5*(-2*a*c*e - 7*c**2*d**2/(80*e))/(6*e) + x**3*(-2*a*c*d - 5*d*(-2*a*c*e - 7*c**2*d**2/(80*e))/(6*e))/(4*e) + x*(a**2*e - 3*d*(-2*a*c*d - 5*d*(-2*a*c*e - 7*c**2*d**2/(80*e))/(6*e))/(4*e))/(2*e) + (a**2*d - d*(a**2*e - 3*d*(-2*a*c*d - 5*d*(-2*a*c*e - 7*c**2*d**2/(80*e))/(6*e))/(4*e))/(2*e))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + 2*e*x)/sqrt(e), Ne(d, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(e*x**2), True)), Ne(e, 0)), (sqrt(d)*(a**2*x - 2*a*c*x**5/5 + c**2*x**9/9), True))`**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a - cx^4)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3840} \left(2 \left(4 \left(6 \left(8c^2x^2 + \frac{c^2d}{e} \right) x^2 - \frac{7c^2d^2e^6 + 160ace^8}{e^8} \right) x^2 + \frac{5(7c^2d^3e^5 - 32acde^7)}{e^8} \right) x^2 - \frac{15(7c^2d^4e^4 - 32ac^2d^2e^6 - 128a^2e^8)}{e^8} \right) \sqrt{ex^2 + d} x - \frac{(7c^2d^5 - 32acd^3e^2 + 128a^2de^4) \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{256e^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/3840*(2*(4*(6*(8*c^2*x^2 + c^2*d/e)*x^2 - (7*c^2*d^2*e^6 + 160*a*c*e^8)/
e^8)*x^2 + 5*(7*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 32*a*c*d*e^7)/e^8)*x^2 - 15*(7*c^2*d^4*e^4 -
32*a*c*d^2*e^6 - 128*a^2*e^8)/e^8)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x - 1/256*(7*c^2*d^5 -
32*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 128*a^2*d*e^4)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^
(9/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^2 dx = \int (a-cx^4)^2 \sqrt{ex^2+d} dx$$

input

```
int((a - c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a - c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a - cx^4)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1920\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^5x + 480\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^2e^3x - 320\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^2e^4x^3 - 1280\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ace^5x^5 - 105\sqrt{d + ex^2}a^2e^5x + 70\sqrt{d + ex^2}c^2d^3e^5x^3 - 56\sqrt{d + ex^2}c^2d^2e^3x^5 + 48\sqrt{d + ex^2}c^2d^2e^4x^7 + 384\sqrt{d + ex^2}c^2e^5x^9 + 1920\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)a^2d^2e^4 - 480\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)a^2d^3e^3 + 105\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)c^2d^5}{3840e^5}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(1920*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**5*x + 480*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**3*x
- 320*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**4*x**3 - 1280*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*e**5*x*
*5 - 105*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**4*e*x + 70*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**3*e*
*2*x**3 - 56*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**5 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*
*2*d**2*e**4*x**7 + 384*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*e**5*x**9 + 1920*sqrt(e)*log((s
qrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a**2*d**4 - 480*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(
d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*c*d**3*e**2 + 105*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d
+ e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**5)/(3840*e**5)
```

3.334 $\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2691
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2692
Rubi [A] (verified)	2692
Maple [A] (verified)	2695
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2696
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2697
Mupad [F(-1)]	2698
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2698

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx = -\frac{cd(35cd^2-96ae^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{128e^4} + \frac{c(35cd^2-96ae^2)x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{192e^3}$$

$$- \frac{7c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{48e^2} + \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e}$$

$$+ \frac{(35c^2d^4-96acd^2e^2+128a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{128e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/128*c*d*(-96*a*e^2+35*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^4+1/192*c*(-96*a*e^2+35*c*d^2)*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^3-7/48*c^2*d*x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^2+1/8*c^2*x^7*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e+1/128*(128*a^2*e^4-96*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{cx\sqrt{d + ex^2}(-105cd^3 + 288ade^2 + 70cd^2ex^2 - 192ae^3x^2 - 56cde^2x^4 + 48ce^3x^6)}{384e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(35c^2d^4 - 96acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{-\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{64e^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^2/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `(c*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-105*c*d^3 + 288*a*d*e^2 + 70*c*d^2*e*x^2 - 192*a*e^3*x^2 - 56*c*d*e^2*x^4 + 48*c*e^3*x^6))/(384*e^4) + ((35*c^2*d^4 - 96*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 128*a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/(-Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/(64*e^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {1474, 2346, 1474, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1474$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{-7c^2dx^6 - 16acex^4 + 8a^2e}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{8e} + \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{8e}$$

$$\downarrow 2346$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{c(35cd^2-96ae^2)x^4+48a^2e^2}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e} + \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e}$$

↓ 1474

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(64a^2e^3-cd(35cd^2-96ae^2)x^2)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6e} + \frac{cx^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}(35cd^2-96ae^2)}{4e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e} + \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{64a^2e^3-cd(35cd^2-96ae^2)x^2}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6e} + \frac{cx^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}(35cd^2-96ae^2)}{4e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e} + \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e}$$

↓ 299

$$\frac{3 \left(\frac{(128a^2e^4-96acd^2e^2+35c^2d^4)}{2e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2}(35cd^2-96ae^2)}{2e} \right)}{4e} + \frac{cx^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}(35cd^2-96ae^2)}{4e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e} + \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{3 \left(\frac{(128a^2e^4-96acd^2e^2+35c^2d^4)}{2e} \int \frac{1-\frac{ex^2}{1-\frac{ex^2}{e^2+d}}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2}(35cd^2-96ae^2)}{2e} \right)}{4e} + \frac{cx^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}(35cd^2-96ae^2)}{4e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e} + \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{3 \left(\frac{(128a^2e^4-96acd^2e^2+35c^2d^4)}{2e^{3/2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - \frac{cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2}(35cd^2-96ae^2)}{2e} \right)}{4e} + \frac{cx^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}(35cd^2-96ae^2)}{4e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e} + \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e}$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)^2/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (c^2 x^7 \sqrt{d + e x^2}) / (8 e) + ((-7 c^2 d x^5 \sqrt{d + e x^2}) / (6 e) + \\ & ((c (35 c d^2 - 96 a e^2) x^3 \sqrt{d + e x^2}) / (4 e) + (3 (-1/2 (c d (35 c \\ & d^2 - 96 a e^2) x \sqrt{d + e x^2})) / e + ((35 c^2 d^4 - 96 a c d^2 e^2 + 12 \\ & 8 a^2 e^4) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{e} x) / \sqrt{d + e x^2}]) / (2 e^{3/2}))) / (4 e)) / (6 e \\ &)) / (8 e) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[F x, (b_*)(G x_) /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1 / (\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] (x / \operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \operatorname{||} \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\operatorname{Int}[1 / \sqrt{(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1 / (1 - b x^2), x], x, x / \sqrt{a + b x^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 299

$$\operatorname{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} * ((c_) + (d_.)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[d x * ((a + b x^2)^{(p+1}) / (b(2p+3))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[(a d - b c (2p+3)) / (b(2p+3)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b x^2)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[2p+3, 0]$$

rule 1474

$$\operatorname{Int}[((d_) + (e_.)(x_)^2)^{(q_)} * ((a_) + (c_.)(x_)^4)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[c^p x^{(4p-1)} * ((d + e x^2)^{(q+1}) / (e(4p+2q+1))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1 / (e(4p+2q+1)) \operatorname{Int}[(d + e x^2)^q * \operatorname{ExpandToSum}[e(4p+2q+1) * (a + c x^4)^p - d c^p * (4p-1) x^{(4p-2)} - e c^p * (4p+2q+1) x^{(4p)}, x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, q\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[c d^2 + a e^2, 0] \&\& \operatorname{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \operatorname{!LtQ}[q, -1]$$

rule 2346

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x],
e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(
q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToS
um[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(a^2e^4 - \frac{3}{4}ac d^2e^2 + \frac{35}{128}c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right) + \frac{3x\sqrt{ex^2+d} \left(d\left(-\frac{7c}{36}x^4+a\right)e^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{2x^2\left(-\frac{cx^4}{4}+a\right)e^{\frac{7}{2}} - 35d^2c\left(-\frac{2e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2+\sqrt{e}\right)}{96} \right)}{4}}{e^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{cx(48e^3cx^6 - 56de^2cx^4 - 192ae^3x^2 + 70cd^2ex^2 + 288de^2a - 105d^3c)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{384e^4} + \frac{(128a^2e^4 - 96acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{128e^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{\sqrt{e}} + c^2 \left(\frac{x^7\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{8e} - \frac{7d \left(\frac{x^5\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{6e} - \frac{5d \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{4e} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2e} - \frac{d \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2e^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{4e} \right)}{6e} \right)}{6e} \right)$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/e^(9/2)*((a^2*e^4-3/4*a*c*d^2*e^2+35/128*c^2*d^4)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))+3/4*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(d*(-7/36*c*x^4+a)*e^(5/2)-2/3*x^2*(-1/4*c*x^4+a)*e^(7/2)-35/96*d^2*c*(-2/3*e^(3/2)*x^2+e^(1/2)*d))*c)`

output

```
Piecewise(((a**2 + 3*d**2*(-2*a*c + 35*c**2*d**2/(48*e**2))/(8*e**2))*Piec
ewise((log(2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + 2*e*x)/sqrt(e), Ne(d, 0)), (x*log(
x)/sqrt(e*x**2), True)) + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*(-7*c**2*d*x**5/(48*e**2) + c**
2*x**7/(8*e) - 3*d*x*(-2*a*c + 35*c**2*d**2/(48*e**2))/(8*e**2) + x**3*(-2
*a*c + 35*c**2*d**2/(48*e**2))/(4*e)), Ne(e, 0)), ((a**2*x - 2*a*c*x**5/5
+ c**2*x**9/9)/sqrt(d), True))
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{384} \left(2 \left(4 \left(\frac{6c^2x^2}{e} - \frac{7c^2d}{e^2} \right) x^2 + \frac{35c^2d^2e^4 - 96ace^6}{e^7} \right) x^2 - \frac{3(35c^2d^3e^3 - 96acde^5)}{e^7} \right) \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \\ & \quad - \frac{(35c^2d^4 - 96acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4) \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{128e^{\frac{9}{2}}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/384*(2*(4*(6*c^2*x^2/e - 7*c^2*d/e^2)*x^2 + (35*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 96*a*c*e^6)/e^7)*x^2 - 3*(35*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 96*a*c*d*e^5)/e^7)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x - 1/128*(35*c^2*d^4 - 96*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 128*a^2*e^4)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(9/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
int((a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int((a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{288\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acde^3x - 192\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ace^4x^3 - 105\sqrt{ex^2 + d}c^2d^3ex + 70\sqrt{ex^2 + d}c^2d^2e^2x^3 - 56\sqrt{ex^2 + d}c^2d^2e^2x^3 - 56\sqrt{ex^2 + d}c^2d^2e^2x^3}{(384e^5)}$$

input

```
int((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
(288*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d*e**3*x - 192*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*e**4*x**3 - 105*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**3*e*x + 70*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**3 - 56*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d*e**3*x**5 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*e**4*x**7 + 384*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a**2*e**4 - 288*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 105*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**4)/(384*e**5)
```

3.335 $\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2699
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2699
Rubi [A] (verified)	2700
Maple [A] (verified)	2703
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2704
Sympy [F]	2704
Maxima [F(-2)]	2705
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2705
Mupad [F(-1)]	2706
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2706

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 x}{de^4 \sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{c(19cd^2 - 16ae^2) x \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{16e^4} - \frac{11c^2 dx^3 \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{24e^3} + \frac{c^2 x^5 \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e^2} - \frac{cd(35cd^2 - 48ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{16e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/16*c*(-16*a*e^2+19*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^4-11/24*c^2*d*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^3+1/6*c^2*x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^2-1/16*c*d*(-48*a*e^2+35*c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(48a^2e^4 - 48acde^2(3d+ex^2) + c^2d(105d^3 + 35d^2ex^2 - 14de^2x^4 + 8e^3x^6))}{48de^4 \sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{cd(35cd^2 - 48ae^2) \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d+ex^2})}{16e^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output $(x*(48*a^2*e^4 - 48*a*c*d*e^2*(3*d + e*x^2) + c^2*d*(105*d^3 + 35*d^2*e*x^2 - 14*d*e^2*x^4 + 8*e^3*x^6)))/(48*d*e^4*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) + (c*d*(35*c*d^2 - 48*a*e^2)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/(16*e^(9/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {1472, 2346, 1473, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1472

$$\frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{de^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{-\frac{c^2 dx^6}{e} + \frac{c^2 d^2 x^4}{e^2} - \frac{cd(cd^2 - 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + \frac{cd^2(cd^2 - 2ae^2)}{e^4}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d}$$

↓ 2346

$$\frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{de^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{11c^2 d^2 x^4}{e} + 6cd(2a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2})x^2 + \frac{6cd^2(cd^2 - 2ae^2)}{e^3}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{6e} - \frac{c^2 dx^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6e^2}$$

↓ 1473

$$\frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{de^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3cd\left(\left(\frac{19cd^2}{e} - 16ae\right)x^2 + 8d\left(2a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{6e} + \frac{11c^2 d^2 x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{4e^2} - \frac{c^2 dx^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6e^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{de^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\frac{11c^2d^2x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^2} - \frac{3cd \int \frac{\left(\frac{19cd^2}{e} - 16ae\right)x^2 + 8d\left(2a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{6e}}{d} - \frac{c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e^2}$$

↓ 299

$$\frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{de^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\frac{11c^2d^2x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^2} - \frac{3cd\left(\frac{1}{2}d\left(48a - \frac{35cd^2}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(16a - \frac{19cd^2}{e^2}\right)\right)}{6e}}{d} - \frac{c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e^2}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{de^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\frac{11c^2d^2x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^2} - \frac{3cd\left(\frac{1}{2}d\left(48a - \frac{35cd^2}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{e^2+d}} \frac{d}{4e} \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(16a - \frac{19cd^2}{e^2}\right)\right)}{6e}}{d} - \frac{c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{de^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\frac{11c^2d^2x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^2} - \frac{3cd\left(\frac{d\left(48a - \frac{35cd^2}{e^2}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(16a - \frac{19cd^2}{e^2}\right)\right)}{6e}}{4e}}{d} - \frac{c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e^2}$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*x)/(d*e^4*sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (-1/6*(c^2*d*x^5*sqrt[d + e*x^2])/e^2 + ((11*c^2*d^2*x^3*sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(4*e^2) - (3*c*d*(-1/2*((16*a - (19*c*d^2)/e^2)*x*sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (d*(48*a - (35*c*d^2)/e^2)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[e]*x)/sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*sqrt[e])))/(4*e))/(6*e))/d`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 299 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(b*(2*p+3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(2*p+3))/(b*(2*p+3)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*p+3, 0]$
- rule 1472 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^4)^{(p_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]\}, \text{Simp}[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^{(q+1})/(2*d*(q+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d*(q+1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{(q+1)}*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*d*(q+1)*Qx + R*(2*q+3), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]$
- rule 1473 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2 + (c_*)(x_)^4)^{(p_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^p*x^{(4*p-1)}*((d + e*x^2)^{(q+1})/(e*(4*p+2*q+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(e*(4*p+2*q+1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x^2)^q*\text{ExpandToSum}[e*(4*p+2*q+1)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - d*c^p*(4*p-1)*x^{(4*p-2)} - e*c^p*(4*p+2*q+1)*x^{(4*p)}, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[q, -1]$

rule 2346

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x],
e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(
q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToS
um[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{3d^2 \left(a e^2 - \frac{35c d^2}{48} \right) \sqrt{e x^2 + d} c \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{x \sqrt{e}} \right) + \left(-3d^2 \left(\frac{7c x^4}{72} + a \right) c e^{\frac{5}{2}} - \left(-\frac{c x^4}{6} + a \right) x^2 d c e^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{35e^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 d^3 x^2}{48} + \frac{35\sqrt{e} c^2 d^4}{16} \right)}{e^{\frac{9}{2}} \sqrt{e x^2 + d} d}$
risch	$-\frac{c x (-8c x^4 e^2 + 22cd x^2 e + 48a e^2 - 57cd^2) \sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{48e^4} - \frac{2cdxa}{e^2 \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} + \frac{c^2 d^3 x}{e^4 \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} + \frac{3cd \ln(x \sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e x^2 + d}) a}{e^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{35c^2 d^4}{16 e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{a^2 x}{d \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} + c^2 \left(\frac{x^7}{6e \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} - \frac{7d \left(\frac{x^5}{4e \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} - \frac{5d \left(\frac{x^3}{2e \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} - \frac{3d \left(-\frac{x}{e \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} + \frac{\ln(x \sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e x^2 + d})}{2e} \right)}{e^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{4e} \right)}{6e} \right) - 2c^2 \frac{d^4}{e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input

```
int((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/e^(9/2)*(3*d^2*(a*e^2-35/48*c*d^2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*c*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(
1/2)/x/e^(1/2))+(-3*d^2*(7/72*c*x^4+a)*c*e^(5/2)-(-1/6*c*x^4+a)*x^2*d*c*e^(
7/2)+35/48*e^(3/2)*c^2*d^3*x^2+35/16*e^(1/2)*c^2*d^4+e^(9/2)*a^2)*x)/(e*x
^2+d)^(1/2)/d
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(35c^2d^5 - 48acd^3e^2 + (35c^2d^4e - 48acd^2e^3)x^2)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{e}}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right]$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/96*(3*(35*c^2*d^5 - 48*a*c*d^3*e^2 + (35*c^2*d^4*e - 48*a*c*d^2*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) - 2*(8*c^2*d*e^4*x^7 - 14*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^5 + (35*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 48*a*c*d*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(35*c^2*d^4*e - 48*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 16*a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d*e^6*x^2 + d^2*e^5), 1/48*(3*(35*c^2*d^5 - 48*a*c*d^3*e^2 + (35*c^2*d^4*e - 48*a*c*d^2*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) + (8*c^2*d*e^4*x^7 - 14*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^5 + (35*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 48*a*c*d*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(35*c^2*d^4*e - 48*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 16*a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d*e^6*x^2 + d^2*e^5)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((-a + c*x**4)**2/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(2 \left(\frac{4c^2x^2}{e} - \frac{7c^2d}{e^2} \right) x^2 + \frac{35c^2d^3e^4 - 48acde^6}{de^7} \right) x^2 + \frac{3(35c^2d^4e^3 - 48acd^2e^5 + 16a^2e^7)}{de^7} \right) x}{48 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} + \frac{(35c^2d^3 - 48acde^2) \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{16e^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/48*((2*(4*c^2*x^2/e - 7*c^2*d/e^2)*x^2 + (35*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 48*a*c*d*e^6)/(d*e^7))*x^2 + 3*(35*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 48*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 16*a^2*e^7)/(d*e^7))*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d) + 1/16*(35*c^2*d^3 - 48*a*c*d*e^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(9/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{384\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^5x - 1152\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^2e^3x - 384\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acde^4x^3 + 840\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^5x^5 - 1152\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^2e^3x^3 - 384\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acde^4x^3 + 840\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^5x^5}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2), x)`output `(384*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**5*x - 1152*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**3*x - 384*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 840*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**4*e*x + 280*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**3 - 112*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**5 + 64*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**4*e*x**7 + 1152*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*c*d**3*e**2 + 1152*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 840*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**5 - 840*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**4*e*x**2 + 384*sqrt(e)*a**2*d*e**4 + 384*sqrt(e)*a**2*e**5*x**2 - 864*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**3*e**2 - 864*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 525*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**5 + 525*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**4*e*x**2)/(384*d*e**5*(d + e*x**2))`

3.336 $\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2707
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2707
Rubi [A] (verified)	2708
Maple [A] (verified)	2712
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2713
Sympy [F]	2713
Maxima [F(-2)]	2714
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2714
Mupad [F(-1)]	2715
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2715

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 x}{3de^4 (d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(5cd^2 + ae^2)x}{3d^2e^4\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{11c^2dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e^4} + \frac{c^2x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^3} + \frac{c(35cd^2 - 16ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8e^{9/2}}$$

output `1/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)-2/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x/d^2/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-11/8*c^2*d*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^4+1/4*c^2*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^3+1/8*c*(-16*a*e^2+35*c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(9/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(8a^2e^4(3d+2ex^2) + 16acd^2e^2(3d+4ex^2) - c^2d^2(105d^3 + 140d^2ex^2 + 21de^2x^4 - 6e^2d^2))}{24d^2e^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{c(35cd^2 - 16ae^2) \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d+ex^2})}{8e^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output $(x*(8*a^2*e^4*(3*d + 2*e*x^2) + 16*a*c*d^2*e^2*(3*d + 4*e*x^2) - c^2*d^2*(105*d^3 + 140*d^2*e*x^2 + 21*d*e^2*x^4 - 6*e^3*x^6)))/(24*d^2*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (c*(35*c*d^2 - 16*a*e^2)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/(8*e^(9/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 2345, 27, 1473, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1472

$$\frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{3de^4(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3c^2dx^6}{e} - \frac{3c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 2a^2 + \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^4} dx}{3d}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{3c^2dx^6}{e} - \frac{3c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 2a^2 + \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^4} dx}{3d} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{3de^4(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 2345

$$\frac{2x\left(a^2 + \frac{4acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{5c^2d^4}{e^4}\right)}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3\left(\frac{c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d^3x^2}{e^3} + \frac{cd^2(3cd^2 - 2ae^2)}{e^4}\right) dx}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{3d} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{3de^4(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{\frac{c^2 d^2 x^4}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2 d^3 x^2}{e^3} + \frac{cd^2(3cd^2 - 2ae^2)}{e^4}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{2x(a^2 + \frac{4acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{5c^2 d^4}{e^4})}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{3de^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1473} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{cd^2(4(3cd^2 - 2ae^2) - 11cde x^2)}{e^3 \sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{c^2 d^2 x^3 \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^3}}{d} + \frac{2x(a^2 + \frac{4acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{5c^2 d^4}{e^4})}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{3d} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{3de^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{cd^2 \int \frac{4(3cd^2 - 2ae^2) - 11cde x^2}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{c^2 d^2 x^3 \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^3}}{d} + \frac{2x(a^2 + \frac{4acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{5c^2 d^4}{e^4})}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{3d} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{3de^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{299} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}(35cd^2 - 16ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{11}{2} cdx \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{c^2 d^2 x^3 \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^3}}{d} + \frac{2x(a^2 + \frac{4acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{5c^2 d^4}{e^4})}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{3d} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{3de^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}(35cd^2 - 16ae^2) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{e^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{11}{2} cdx \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{c^2 d^2 x^3 \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^3}}{d} + \frac{2x(a^2 + \frac{4acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{5c^2 d^4}{e^4})}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{3d} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{3de^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2x\left(a^2 + \frac{4acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{5c^2d^4}{e^4}\right)}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{3\left(\frac{cd^2\left(\frac{(35cd^2-16ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - \frac{11}{2}cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{e}}\right)}{4e^4} + \frac{c^2d^2x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^3}\right)}{d} + \frac{3d}{3de^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*x)/(3*d*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*(a^2 - (5*c^2*d^4)/e^4 + (4*a*c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (3*((c^2*d^2*x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(4*e^3) + (c*d^2*((-11*c*d*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/2 + ((35*c*d^2 - 16*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/(4*e^4))/d)/(3*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x
*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2
*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]
```

rule 1472

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Wi
th[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[Polynom
ialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)
^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1
)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 1473

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*x^(4*p - 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[e*(4*p +
2*q + 1)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - d*c^p*(4*p - 1)*x^(4*p - 2) - e*c^p*(4*p +
2*q + 1)*x^(4*p), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 -
4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !LtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 2345

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuot
ient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x,
0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b
*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) In
t[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-2d^2 \left(a e^2 - \frac{35cd^2}{16} \right) (e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} c \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{x \sqrt{e}} \right) + \frac{2x \left(-\frac{105c^2 d^5 \sqrt{e}}{16} + e^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(-\frac{35e^2 d^4 x^2}{4} + 3ce \left(-\frac{7c x^4}{16} + a \right) d^3 + 4x^2 \left(\frac{3c x^4}{32} + a \right) \right) \right)}{e^{\frac{9}{2}} (e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2}$
default	$a^2 \left(\frac{x}{3d(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3d^2 \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} \right) + c^2 \left(\frac{x^7}{4e(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{7d \left(\frac{x^5}{2e(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{5d \left(-\frac{x^3}{3e(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{x}{e \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} + \frac{\ln \left(\frac{x - \sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{4e} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{c^2 x (-2e x^2 + 11d) \sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{8e^4} - \frac{c(16a e^2 - 35c d^2) \ln(x \sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e x^2 + d})}{\sqrt{e}} + \frac{2(a^2 e^4 - 2ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) \left(-\frac{\sqrt{\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{-de}}{e} \right)^2 e + 2\sqrt{-de}}}{3\sqrt{-de} \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{-de}}{e} \right)} \right)}{e}$

```
input int((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3/e^(9/2)*(-3*d^2*(a*e^2-35/16*c*d^2)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*c*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))+x*(-105/16*c^2*d^5*e^(1/2)+e^(3/2)*(-35/4*c^2*d^4*x^2+3*c*e*(-7/16*c*x^4+a)*d^3+4*x^2*(3/32*c*x^4+a)*c*e^2*d^2+3/2*e^3*a^2*d+e^4*x^2*a^2))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/d^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 478, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(35c^2d^6 - 16acd^4e^2 + (35c^2d^4e^2 - 16acd^2e^4)x^4 + 2(35c^2d^5e - 16acd^3e^3)x^2)\sqrt{e}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{3(35c^2d^6 - 16acd^4e^2 + (35c^2d^4e^2 - 16acd^2e^4)x^4 + 2(35c^2d^5e - 16acd^3e^3)x^2)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}\right)}{24(d^2e^7x^4)} \right]$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/48*(3*(35*c^2*d^6 - 16*a*c*d^4*e^2 + (35*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 16*a*c*d^2*e^4)
*x^4 + 2*(35*c^2*d^5*e - 16*a*c*d^3*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 + 2*sqrt
(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) - 2*(6*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^7 - 21*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^5 -
4*(35*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 16*a*c*d^2*e^4 - 4*a^2*e^6)*x^3 - 3*(35*c^2*d^5*e - 16
*a*c*d^3*e^3 - 8*a^2*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d^2*e^7*x^4 + 2*d^3*e^6*x
^2 + d^4*e^5), -1/24*(3*(35*c^2*d^6 - 16*a*c*d^4*e^2 + (35*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 1
6*a*c*d^2*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(35*c^2*d^5*e - 16*a*c*d^3*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-e)*arcta
n(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) - (6*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^7 - 21*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^5 -
4*(35*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 16*a*c*d^2*e^4 - 4*a^2*e^6)*x^3 - 3*(35*c^2*d^5*e - 16
*a*c*d^3*e^3 - 8*a^2*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d^2*e^7*x^4 + 2*d^3*e^6*x
^2 + d^4*e^5)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output

`Integral((-a + c*x**4)**2/(d + e*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(3 \left(\frac{2c^2x^2}{e} - \frac{7c^2d}{e^2} \right) x^2 - \frac{4(35c^2d^4e^4 - 16acd^2e^6 - 4a^2e^8)}{d^2e^7} \right) x^2 - \frac{3(35c^2d^5e^3 - 16acd^3e^5 - 8a^2de^7)}{d^2e^7} \right) x}{24(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{(35c^2d^2 - 16ace^2) \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{8e^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*((3*(2*c^2*x^2/e - 7*c^2*d/e^2)*x^2 - 4*(35*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 16*a*c*d^2*e^6 - 4*a^2*e^8)/(d^2*e^7))*x^2 - 3*(35*c^2*d^5*e^3 - 16*a*c*d^3*e^5 - 8*a^2*d*e^7)/(d^2*e^7))*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2) - 1/8*(35*c^2*d^2 - 16*a*c*e^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(9/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 466, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{192\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2de^5x + 128\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^6x^3 + 384\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ac d^3e^3x + 512\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^6x^3 + 384\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ac d^3e^3x + 512\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^6x^3}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)`

output

```
(192*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d*e**5*x + 128*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**6*x**3
+ 384*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**3*e**3*x + 512*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**
4*x**3 - 840*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**5*e*x - 1120*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d
**4*e**2*x**3 - 168*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**5 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x
**2)*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**7 - 384*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/
sqrt(d))*a*c*d**4*e**2 - 768*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sq
rt(d))*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 384*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)
/sqrt(d))*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 840*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)
*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**6 + 1680*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/s
qrt(d))*c**2*d**5*e*x**2 + 840*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/
sqrt(d))*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 128*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**2*e**4 - 256*sqrt(e)*a*
*2*d*e**5*x**2 - 128*sqrt(e)*a**2*e**6*x**4 + 175*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**6 + 350*
sqrt(e)*c**2*d**5*e*x**2 + 175*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**4)/(192*d**2*e**5
*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

3.337 $\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2716
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2716
Rubi [A] (verified)	2717
Maple [A] (verified)	2720
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2721
Sympy [F]	2721
Maxima [F(-2)]	2722
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2722
Mupad [F(-1)]	2723
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2723

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 x}{5de^4(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4(cd^2-ae^2)(4cd^2+ae^2)x}{15d^2e^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(29c^2d^4-3acd^2e^2+4a^2e^4)x}{15d^3e^4\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{c^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2e^4} - \frac{7c^2d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)-4/15*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+4*c*d^2)*x/d^2/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/15*(4*a^2*e^4-3*a*c*d^2*e^2+29*c^2*d^4)*x/d^3/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*c^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^4-7/2*c^2*d*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x(-12acd^2e^4x^4+2a^2e^4(15d^2+20dex^2+8e^2x^4)+c^2d^3(105d^3+245d^2ex^2+161de^2x^4))}{30d^3e^4(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{7c^2d \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d+ex^2})}{2e^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $(x*(-12*a*c*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 2*a^2*e^4*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x^2 + 8*e^2*x^4) + c^2*d^3*(105*d^3 + 245*d^2*e*x^2 + 161*d*e^2*x^4 + 15*e^3*x^6)))/(30*d^3*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (7*c^2*d*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/(2*e^(9/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 2345, 25, 1471, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1472 \\
 & \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5de^4(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5c^2dx^6}{e} - \frac{5c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} + \frac{5cd(cd^2 - 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 4a^2 + \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^4} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5c^2dx^6}{e} - \frac{5c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} + \frac{5cd(cd^2 - 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 4a^2 + \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^4} dx}{5d} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5de^4(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2345 \\
 & \frac{4x\left(a^2 + \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{4c^2d^4}{e^4}\right)}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{13c^2d^4}{e^4} - \frac{30c^2x^2d^3}{e^3} + \frac{15c^2x^4d^2}{e^2} - \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + 8a^2 dx}{3d} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5de^4(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{13c^2 d^4 - 30c^2 x^2 d^3 + 15c^2 \frac{3}{2} d^2 - \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + 8a^2}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{4x \left(a^2 + \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{4c^2 d^4}{e^4} \right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5de^4 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1471 \\
& \frac{2x \left(4a^2 - \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{29c^2 d^4}{e^4} \right) - \int \frac{15c^2 d^3 (3d - ex^2)}{e^4 \sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3d} + \frac{4x \left(a^2 + \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{4c^2 d^4}{e^4} \right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5de^4 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2x \left(4a^2 - \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{29c^2 d^4}{e^4} \right) - \frac{15c^2 d^2 \int \frac{3d - ex^2}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{e^4}}{3d} + \frac{4x \left(a^2 + \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{4c^2 d^4}{e^4} \right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5de^4 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 299 \\
& \frac{\frac{2x \left(4a^2 - \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{29c^2 d^4}{e^4} \right) - \frac{15c^2 d^2 \left(\frac{7}{2} d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{e^4}}{3d} + \frac{4x \left(a^2 + \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{4c^2 d^4}{e^4} \right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5de^4 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{\frac{2x \left(4a^2 - \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{29c^2 d^4}{e^4} \right) - \frac{15c^2 d^2 \left(\frac{7}{2} d \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{e^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{e^4}}{3d} + \frac{4x \left(a^2 + \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{4c^2 d^4}{e^4} \right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5de^4 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{\frac{2x \left(4a^2 - \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{29c^2 d^4}{e^4} \right) - \frac{15c^2 d^2 \left(\frac{7a \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{e}} - \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{e^4}}{3d} + \frac{4x \left(a^2 + \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{4c^2 d^4}{e^4} \right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5de^4 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*x)/(5*d*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^{(5/2)}) + ((4*(a^2 - (4*c^2*d^4) \\ & /e^4 + (3*a*c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)}) + ((2*(4*a^2 + (29*c^2* \\ & d^4)/e^4 - (3*a*c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(d*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) - (15*c^2*d^2*(-1/2*(x* \\ & \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) + (7*d*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[e])) \\ &)/e^4)/(3*d))/(5*d) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \&\& \text{!Ma} \\ \text{tchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \\ \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{Gt} \\ \text{Q}[a, 0] \text{ || LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), \text{x}], \\ \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 299

$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x \\ *((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(b*(2*p + 3))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2 \\ *p + 3)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - \\ a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[2*p + 3, 0]$$

rule 1471

$$\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, \\ \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{Qx} = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2 \\ , \text{x}], \text{R} = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x} \\ , 0]\}, \text{Simp}[(-\text{R})*x*(d + e*x^2)^{(q + 1)}/(2*d*(q + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d*(q \\ + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{(q + 1)*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*d*(q + 1)*\text{Qx} + \text{R}*(2*q + 3), \\ \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 \\ - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[q, -1]$$

rule 1472

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
  {Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[
  (a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] +
  Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 2345

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[
  Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0],
  g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*
  ((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*
  ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{7(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d}}{x \sqrt{e}}\right) c^2 d^4}{2} + x \left(a d^2 \left(-\frac{2 c x^4}{5} + a \right) e^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{4 e^{\frac{11}{2}} a^2 d x^2}{3} + \frac{8 e^{\frac{13}{2}} a^2 x^4}{15} + \frac{161 d^3 \left(\frac{15 x^6 e^{\frac{7}{2}}}{161} + e^{\frac{5}{2}} d x^4 + \frac{35 e^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2}{23} \right)}{30} \right) \frac{1}{e^{\frac{9}{2}} (e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3}$
default	$a^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^2 \sqrt{e x^2+d}}}{d} \right) + c^2 \left(\frac{x^7}{2e(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{7d \left(-\frac{x^5}{5e(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{x^3}{3e(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \dots}{2e} \right)}{2e} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/e^(9/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(-7/2*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/
e^(1/2))*c^2*d^4+x*(a*d^2*(-2/5*c*x^4+a)*e^(9/2)+4/3*e^(11/2)*a^2*d*x^2+8/
15*e^(13/2)*a^2*x^4+161/30*d^3*(15/161*x^6*e^(7/2)+e^(5/2)*d*x^4+35/23*e^(
3/2)*d^2*x^2+15/23*e^(1/2)*d^3)*c^2))/d^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \left[\frac{105(c^2d^4e^3x^6 + 3c^2d^5e^2x^4 + 3c^2d^6ex^2 + c^2d^7)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex - d})}{(d^3e^8x^6 + 3d^4e^7x^4 + 3d^5e^6x^2 + d^6e^5)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/60*(105*(c^2*d^4*e^3*x^6 + 3*c^2*d^5*e^2*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^6*e*x^2 + c^2*d^
7)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) + 2*(15*c^2*d^3
*e^4*x^7 + (161*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 12*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 16*a^2*e^7)*x^5 + 5*(49*c^2
*d^5*e^2 + 8*a^2*d*e^6)*x^3 + 15*(7*c^2*d^6*e + 2*a^2*d^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x
^2 + d))/(d^3*e^8*x^6 + 3*d^4*e^7*x^4 + 3*d^5*e^6*x^2 + d^6*e^5), 1/30*(10
5*(c^2*d^4*e^3*x^6 + 3*c^2*d^5*e^2*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^6*e*x^2 + c^2*d^7)*sqrt(-
e)*arctan(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) + (15*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^7 + (161*c^2*d^4
*e^3 - 12*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 16*a^2*e^7)*x^5 + 5*(49*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 8*a^2*d*e^6)
*x^3 + 15*(7*c^2*d^6*e + 2*a^2*d^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d^3*e^8*x^6 +
3*d^4*e^7*x^4 + 3*d^5*e^6*x^2 + d^6*e^5)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**(7/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((-a + c*x**4)**2/(d + e*x**2)**(7/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\left(\frac{15c^2x^2}{e} + \frac{161c^2d^4e^5 - 12acd^2e^7 + 16a^2e^9}{d^3e^7} \right) x^2 + \frac{5(49c^2d^5e^4 + 8a^2de^8)}{d^3e^7} \right) x^2 + \frac{15(7c^2d^6e^3 + 2a^2d^2e^7)}{d^3e^7} \right)}{30(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{7c^2d \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{2e^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/30*(((15*c^2*x^2/e + (161*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + 16*a^2*e^9)/(d^3*e^7))*x^2 + 5*(49*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 8*a^2*d*e^8)/(d^3*e^7))*x^2 + 15*(7*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 2*a^2*d^2*e^7)/(d^3*e^7))*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2) + 7/2*c^2*d*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(9/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.72

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{120\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2d^2e^5x + 160\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2de^6x^3 + 64\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^7x^5 - 48\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x)`output

```
(120*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**2*e**5*x + 160*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d*e**6*x**3 + 64*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**7*x**5 - 48*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**5 + 420*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**6*e*x + 980*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**3 + 644*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**5 + 60*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**7 - 420*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**7 - 1260*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**6*e*x**2 - 1260*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**4 - 420*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 64*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**3*e**4 - 192*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 - 192*sqrt(e)*a**2*d*e**6*x**4 - 64*sqrt(e)*a**2*e**7*x**6 - 48*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**5*e**2 - 144*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**4*e**3*x**2 - 144*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**3*e**4*x**4 - 48*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**6 - 203*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**7 - 609*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**6*e*x**2 - 609*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**4 - 203*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**6)/(120*d**3*e**5*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6))
```

3.338 $\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2724
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2725
Rubi [A] (verified)	2725
Maple [A] (verified)	2729
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2731
Sympy [F]	2731
Maxima [F(-2)]	2732
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2732
Mupad [F(-1)]	2733
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2733

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 x}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)(11cd^2+3ae^2)x}{35d^2e^4(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2(61c^2d^4-3acd^2e^2+12a^2e^4)x}{105d^3e^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4(44c^2d^4+3acd^2e^2-12a^2e^4)x}{105d^4e^4\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/7*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)-2/35*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(3*a*e^2+
11*c*d^2)*x/d^2/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+2/105*(12*a^2*e^4-3*a*c*d^2*e^2+61*c^2
*d^4)*x/d^3/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)-4/105*(-12*a^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^2+44*c^2*d^
4)*x/d^4/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+c^2*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(9/2
)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{x(6acd^2e^4x^4(7d + 2ex^2) - 3a^2e^4(35d^3 + 70d^2ex^2 + 56de^2x^4 + 16e^3x^6) + c^2d^4(105d^3 + 350d^2ex^2 + 406d^2e^2x^4 + 176e^3x^6))}{105d^4e^4(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{c^2 \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d + ex^2})}{e^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x]
```

output

```
-1/105*(x*(6*a*c*d^2*e^4*x^4*(7*d + 2*e*x^2) - 3*a^2*e^4*(35*d^3 + 70*d^2*e*x^2 + 56*d*e^2*x^4 + 16*e^3*x^6) + c^2*d^4*(105*d^3 + 350*d^2*e*x^2 + 406*d*e^2*x^4 + 176*e^3*x^6)))/(d^4*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)) - (c^2*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/e^(9/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 2345, 25, 1471, 25, 25, 27, 298, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 1472

$$\frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{7de^4(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\frac{7c^2dx^6}{e} - \frac{7c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} + \frac{7cd(cd^2 - 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 6a^2 + \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx}{7d}$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\frac{7c^2 dx^6}{e} - \frac{7c^2 d^2 x^4}{e^2} + \frac{7cd(cd^2 - 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 6a^2 + \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2 d^4}{e^4}}{(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{7d} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2345} \\
 & \frac{2x\left(3a^2 + \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\frac{17c^2 d^4}{e^4} - \frac{70c^2 x^2 d^3}{e^3} + \frac{35c^2 x^4 d^2}{e^2} - \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + 24a^2}{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{5d}}{7d} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\frac{17c^2 d^4}{e^4} - \frac{70c^2 x^2 d^3}{e^3} + \frac{35c^2 x^4 d^2}{e^2} - \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + 24a^2}{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{2x\left(3a^2 + \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{7d} + \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1471} \\
 & \frac{2x\left(12a^2 - \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{61c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{105c^2 x^2 d^3 + \left(-\frac{71c^2 d^4}{e^4} - \frac{12acd^2}{e^2} + 48a^2\right)e^3}{e^3(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d}}{5d} + \frac{2x\left(3a^2 + \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{5d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{7d}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\frac{71c^2 d^4}{e^4} - 105c^2 x^2 d^3 + 12accd^2 - 48a^2 e^3}{e^3(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2x\left(12a^2 - \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{61c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} + \frac{2x\left(3a^2 + \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{5d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{7d}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2x\left(12a^2 - \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{61c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{71c^2 d^4}{e^4} - 105c^2 x^2 d^3 + 12accd^2 - 48a^2 e^3}{e^3(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d}}{5d} + \frac{2x\left(3a^2 + \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2 d^4}{e^4}\right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{5d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{7d}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{2x \left(12a^2 - \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{61c^2d^4}{e^4} \right) \int \frac{71c^2d^4 - 105c^2x^2d^3 + 12aced^2 - 48a^2e^3}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{105c^2d^3}{3de^3} + \frac{2x \left(3a^2 + \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \\ & \frac{7d}{7de^4} \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 298 \\ & \frac{2x \left(12a^2 - \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{61c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4x \left(-12a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + 44c^2d^4 \right)}{de\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{105c^2d^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3de^3} + \frac{2x \left(3a^2 + \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \\ & \frac{7d}{7de^4} \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 224 \\ & \frac{2x \left(12a^2 - \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{61c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4x \left(-12a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + 44c^2d^4 \right)}{de\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{105c^2d^3 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{e^2} + d} \frac{d-x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3de^3} + \frac{2x \left(3a^2 + \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \\ & \frac{7d}{7de^4} \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 219 \\ & \frac{2x \left(12a^2 - \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{61c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4x \left(-12a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + 44c^2d^4 \right)}{de\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{105c^2d^3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{e^{3/2}} + \frac{2x \left(3a^2 + \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \\ & \frac{7d}{7de^4} \frac{x(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2),x]
```


output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*x)/(7*d*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^{(7/2)}) + ((2*(3*a^2 - (11*c^2*d \\ & ^4)/e^4 + (8*a*c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(5*d*(d + e*x^2)^{(5/2)}) + ((2*(12*a^2 + (61* \\ & c^2*d^4)/e^4 - (3*a*c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)}) - ((4*(44*c^2*d \\ & ^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 12*a^2*e^4)*x)/(d*e*sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (105*c^2*d^3*A \\ & rcTanh[(sqrt[e]*x)/sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/e^{(3/2)}/(3*d*e^3)/(5*d))/(7*d) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{ !Ma} \\ \text{tchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))* \\ \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{ NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \&\& (\text{Gt} \\ \text{Q}[\text{a}, 0] \text{ || LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b}*x^2), \text{x}], \\ \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{ !GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$$

rule 298

$$\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)^2, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{b} \\ * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d})) * \text{x} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} / (2 * \text{a} * \text{b} * (\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{a} * \text{d} - \text{b} * \text{c} * \\ (2 * \text{p} + 3)) / (2 * \text{a} * \text{b} * (\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \\ \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{ NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \text{ || ILtQ}[1/2 + \text{p}, 0])$$

rule 1471

$$\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}*(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2 + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^4)^{(\text{p}_)}, \\ \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{Qx} = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4)^p, \text{d} + \text{e}*x^2 \\ , \text{x}], \text{R} = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4)^p, \text{d} + \text{e}*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x} \\ , 0]\}, \text{Simp}[(-\text{R})*\text{x}*((\text{d} + \text{e}*x^2)^{(q + 1)})/(2*d*(q + 1))], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d*(q \\ + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*x^2)^{(q + 1)}*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*d*(q + 1)*\text{Qx} + \text{R}*(2*q + 3), \\ \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{ NeQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c, 0] \&\& \text{ NeQ}[\text{c}*d^2 \\ - \text{b}*d*e + \text{a}*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{ IGtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \&\& \text{ LtQ}[\text{q}, -1]$$

rule 1472

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
  {Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[
    (a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] +
  Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x], x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 2345

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[
  Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0],
  g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*
  ((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*
  ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$c^2 d^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d}}{x \sqrt{e}}\right) e^4 (e x^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{x e^{\frac{9}{2}} (48 a^2 e^7 x^6 - 12 a c d^2 e^5 x^6 - 176 c^2 d^4 e^3 x^6 + 168 a^2 d e^6 x^4 - 42 a c d^3 e^4 x^4 - 406 c^2 d^5 e^2 x^4 + 210 a^2 d^2 e^5 x^2 - 350 c^2 d^6 e x^2 + 105 a^2 d^3 e^4 - 105 c^2 d^7)}{105 (e x^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} e^{\frac{17}{2}} d^4}$
default	$a^2 \left(\frac{x}{7d(e x^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{6x}{35d(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{6 \left(\frac{4x}{15d(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^2 \sqrt{e x^2+d}} \right)}{7d}}{d} \right) + c^2 \left(-\frac{x^7}{7e(e x^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{-x^5}{5e(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$

input

```
int((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(c^2*d^4*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))*e^4*(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)+1/105*x*e^(9/2)*(48*a^2*e^7*x^6-12*a*c*d^2*e^5*x^6-176*c^2*d^4*e^3*x^6+168*a^2*d*e^6*x^4-42*a*c*d^3*e^4*x^4-406*c^2*d^5*e^2*x^4+210*a^2*d^2*e^5*x^2-350*c^2*d^6*e*x^2+105*a^2*d^3*e^4-105*c^2*d^7))/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/e^(17/2)/d^4
```


Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(2 \left(x^2 \left(\frac{2(44c^2d^4e^6 + 3acd^2e^8 - 12a^2e^{10})x^2}{d^4e^7} + \frac{7(29c^2d^5e^5 + 3acd^3e^7 - 12a^2de^9)}{d^4e^7}\right) + \frac{35(5c^2d^6e^4 - 3a^2d^2e^8)}{d^4e^7}\right)x^2 + \frac{105(c^2d^7e^3 - a^2d^3e^7)}{d^4e^7}\right)}{105(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} - \frac{c^2 \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{e^{9/2}}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/105*(2*(x^2*(2*(44*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^8 - 12*a^2*e^10)*x^2/(d^4*e^7) + 7*(29*c^2*d^5*e^5 + 3*a*c*d^3*e^7 - 12*a^2*d*e^9)/(d^4*e^7)) + 35*(5*c^2*d^6*e^4 - 3*a^2*d^2*e^8)/(d^4*e^7))*x^2 + 105*(c^2*d^7*e^3 - a^2*d^3*e^7)/(d^4*e^7))*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2) - c^2*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(9/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 641, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{56\sqrt{e}c^2d^8 - 42\sqrt{ex^2+d}acd^3e^5x^5 - 12\sqrt{ex^2+d}acd^2e^6x^7 + 420\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2), x)`

output

```
(105*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**3*e**5*x + 210*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**2*e*
*6*x**3 + 168*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d*e**7*x**5 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2
*e**8*x**7 - 42*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**3*e**5*x**5 - 12*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*
a*c*d**2*e**6*x**7 - 105*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**7*e*x - 350*sqrt(d + e*x
**2)*c**2*d**6*e**2*x**3 - 406*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**5 - 176*
sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**7 + 105*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) +
sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**8 + 420*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(
e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**7*e*x**2 + 630*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt
(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**6*e**2*x**4 + 420*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) +
sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**6 + 105*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2
) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**8 - 48*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**4*e**4 -
192*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 - 288*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**2*e**6*x**4 - 192*sq
rt(e)*a**2*d*e**7*x**6 - 48*sqrt(e)*a**2*e**8*x**8 + 12*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**6*e
**2 + 48*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**5*e**3*x**2 + 72*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 48*s
qrt(e)*a*c*d**3*e**5*x**6 + 12*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**2*e**6*x**8 + 56*sqrt(e)*c**
2*d**8 + 224*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**7*e*x**2 + 336*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**6*e**2*x**4 +
224*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**6 + 56*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**8)/(105*d**
4*e**5*(d**4 + 4*d**3*e*x**2 + 6*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 4*d*e**3*x**6 + e**4*x**
8))
```

3.339 $\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2735
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2736
Rubi [A] (verified)	2736
Maple [A] (verified)	2740
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2742
Sympy [F]	2742
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2743
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2744
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2744
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2745

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 x}{9de^4 (d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4(cd^2 - ae^2)(7cd^2 + 2ae^2)x}{63d^2e^4 (d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2(35c^2d^4 - acd^2e^2 + 8a^2e^4)x}{105d^3e^4 (d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4(35c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - 16a^2e^4)x}{315d^4e^4 (d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(35c^2d^4 - 16acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4)x}{315d^5e^4\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

output

```
1/9*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)-4/63*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(2*a*e^2+
7*c*d^2)*x/d^2/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)+2/105*(8*a^2*e^4-a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4
)*x/d^3/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)-4/315*(-16*a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*x
/d^4/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+1/315*(128*a^2*e^4-16*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*x/d
^5/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{35c^2d^4x^9 - 2acd^2x^5(63d^2 + 36dex^2 + 8e^2x^4) + a^2(315d^4x + 840d^3ex^3 + 1008d^2e^2x^5)}{315d^5(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{(35c^2d^4x^9 - 2ac^2d^2x^5(63d^2 + 36d*ex^2 + 8e^2x^4) + a^2(315d^4x + 840d^3*ex^3 + 1008d^2*e^2*x^5 + 576d*e^3*x^7 + 128*e^4*x^9))}{(315*d^5*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2))}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {1470, 2334, 27, 2090, 1587, 9, 27, 362, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1470 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{x^2(8a^2e - d(2acx^2 - c^2x^6))}{(ex^2+d)^{11/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2334 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{3x^4(16a^2e^2 - cd^2(2a - cx^4))}{(ex^2+d)^{11/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{x^4(16a^2e^2 - cd^2(2a - cx^4))}{(ex^2+d)^{11/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2090} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{x^4(c^2d^2x^4 - 2a(cd^2 - 8ae^2))}{(ex^2+d)^{11/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1587} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{x^3\left(\left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{e^2} + 8acd^2 - 64a^2e^2\right)x - 9c^2\frac{d^3x^3}{e}\right)}{(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{9d} - \frac{x^5\left(-16a^2e^2 + 2acd^2 - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^2}\right)}{9d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{9} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{x^4\left(e\left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{e^2} + 8acd^2 - 64a^2e^2\right) - 9c^2d^3x^2\right)}{e(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{9d} - \frac{x^5\left(-16a^2e^2 + 2acd^2 - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^2}\right)}{9d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{x^4\left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{e} - 9c^2x^2d^3 + 8aced^2 - 64a^2e^3\right)}{(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{9de} - \frac{x^5\left(-16a^2e^2 + 2acd^2 - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^2}\right)}{9d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{362} \\
 & \frac{2x^5\left(-32a^2e^4 + 4acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4\right)}{7de(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{(128a^2e^4 - 16acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \int \frac{x^4}{(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{7de} - \frac{x^5\left(-16a^2e^2 + 2acd^2 - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^2}\right)}{9d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{242}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{x^5 \left(-16a^2 e^2 + 2acd^2 - \frac{c^2 d^4}{e^2} \right)}{9d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\frac{2x^5 (-32a^2 e^4 + 4acd^2 e^2 + 7c^2 d^4)}{7de(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{x^5 (128a^2 e^4 - 16acd^2 e^2 + 35c^2 d^4)}{35d^2 e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{d} + \frac{8a^2 ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}}{\frac{d}{a^2 x}} + \frac{d}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2), x]`

output `(a^2*x)/(d*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)) + ((8*a^2*e*x^3)/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)) + (-1/9*((2*a*c*d^2 - (c^2*d^4)/e^2 - 16*a^2*e^2)*x^5)/(d*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)) - ((2*(7*c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 32*a^2*e^4)*x^5)/(7*d*e*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)) - ((35*c^2*d^4 - 16*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 128*a^2*e^4)*x^5)/(35*d^2*e*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)))/(9*d*e))/d/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_)*(Px_)^(p_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 242 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 362

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*e
*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) I
nt[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && N
eQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) ||
 !RationalQ[m] || (ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, -2*(p + 1)]))
```

rule 1470

```
Int[((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Si
mp[a^p*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/d), x] + Simp[1/d Int[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^q*(d*
PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p - a^p, x^2, x] - e*a^p*(2*q + 3)), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q
+ 1/2, 0] && LtQ[4*p + 2*q + 1, 0]
```

rule 1587

```
Int[((f._)*(x_))^(m._)*((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^4)^(p_
.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x]
, R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[
(-R)*(f*x)^(m + 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*f*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[f/(2*d*
(q + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*x*
Qx + R*(m + 2*q + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p,
0] && LtQ[q, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2090

```
Int[(u_)^(p._)*((f._)*(x_))^(m._)*(z_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[z, x]^q*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{f, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[z, x] && BinomialQ[u, x] && !(BinomialMatchQ[z, x] && BinomialMatchQ[u
, x])
```

rule 2334

```
Int[(Pq_)*(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{A = Coef
f[Pq, x, 0], Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq - Coeff[Pq, x, 0], x^2, x]}, Simp[A*
x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[
x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*(m + 1)*Q - A*b*(m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x^2] && IntegerQ[m/2] && ILtQ[(m + 1)/2 + p,
0] && LtQ[m + Expon[Pq, x] + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$x \frac{\left(\frac{1}{9}c^2x^8 - \frac{2}{5}acx^4 + a^2 \right)d^4 + \frac{8x^2 \left(-\frac{3c}{35}x^4 + a \right)ae d^3}{3} + \frac{16 \left(-\frac{c}{63}x^4 + a \right)x^4 a e^2 d^2}{5} + \frac{64a^2 d e^3 x^6}{35} + \frac{128a^2 e^4 x^8}{315}}{(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} d^5}$
gospers	$\frac{x(128a^2e^4x^8 - 16acd^2e^2x^8 + 35c^2d^4x^8 + 576a^2de^3x^6 - 72acd^3ex^6 + 1008a^2d^2e^2x^4 - 126acd^4x^4 + 840a^2ex^2d^3 + 315a^2d^4)}{315(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} d^5}$
trager	$\frac{x(128a^2e^4x^8 - 16acd^2e^2x^8 + 35c^2d^4x^8 + 576a^2de^3x^6 - 72acd^3ex^6 + 1008a^2d^2e^2x^4 - 126acd^4x^4 + 840a^2ex^2d^3 + 315a^2d^4)}{315(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} d^5}$
orering	$\frac{x(128a^2e^4x^8 - 16acd^2e^2x^8 + 35c^2d^4x^8 + 576a^2de^3x^6 - 72acd^3ex^6 + 1008a^2d^2e^2x^4 - 126acd^4x^4 + 840a^2ex^2d^3 + 315a^2d^4)}{315(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} d^5}$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $x/(e*x^2+d)^{(9/2)}*((1/9*c^2*x^8-2/5*a*c*x^4+a^2)*d^4+8/3*x^2*(-3/35*c*x^4+a)*a*e*d^3+16/5*(-1/63*c*x^4+a)*x^4*a*e^2*d^2+64/35*a^2*d*e^3*x^6+128/315*a^2*e^4*x^8)/d^5$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{((35c^2d^4 - 16acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4)x^9 + 840a^2d^3ex^3 - 72(acd^3e - 8a^2de^3)x^7 + 315a^2d^2e^2x^5 - 126(a^2d^2e^2 - 8a^2d^2e^2)x^3 + 315a^2d^2e^2x - 126(a^2d^2e^2 - 8a^2d^2e^2)x + 315a^2d^2e^2)}{315(d^5e^5x^{10} + 5d^6e^4x^8 + 10d^7e^3x^6 + 10d^8e^2x^4 + 5d^9e^1x^2 + d^{10})}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/315*((35*c^2*d^4 - 16*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 128*a^2*e^4)*x^9 + 840*a^2*d^3*e*x^3 - 72*(a*c*d^3*e - 8*a^2*d*e^3)*x^7 + 315*a^2*d^2*e^2*x^5 - 126*(a*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^3 + 315*a^2*d^2*e^2*x - 126*(a^2*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x + 315*a^2*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(d^5*e^5*x^{10} + 5*d^6*e^4*x^8 + 10*d^7*e^3*x^6 + 10*d^8*e^2*x^4 + 5*d^9*e^1*x^2 + d^{10})$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**(11/2),x)`

output `Integral((-a + c*x**4)**2/(d + e*x**2)**(11/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{c^2 x^7}{2(ex^2 + d)^{9/2} e} - \frac{7c^2 dx^5}{8(ex^2 + d)^{9/2} e^2}$$

$$- \frac{35c^2 d^2 x^3}{48(ex^2 + d)^{9/2} e^3} + \frac{acx^3}{3(ex^2 + d)^{9/2} e} + \frac{128a^2 x}{315\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^5} + \frac{64a^2 x}{315(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{16a^2 x}{105(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}d^3} + \frac{8a^2 x}{63(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}d^2} + \frac{a^2 x}{9(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}d} + \frac{c^2 x}{18(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{c^2 x}{9\sqrt{ex^2 + d}de^4} + \frac{c^2 dx}{24(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{5c^2 d^2 x}{144(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}e^4}$$

$$- \frac{35c^2 d^3 x}{144(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}e^4} - \frac{acx}{63(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}e^2} - \frac{16acx}{315\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^3e^2}$$

$$- \frac{8acx}{315(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}d^2e^2} - \frac{2acx}{105(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}de^2} + \frac{acdx}{9(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}e^2}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*c^2*x^7/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e) - 7/8*c^2*d*x^5/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e^2)
- 35/48*c^2*d^2*x^3/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e^3) + 1/3*a*c*x^3/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e)
+ 128/315*a^2*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^5) + 64/315*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^4)
+ 16/105*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d^3) + 8/63*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*d^2)
+ 1/9*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*d) + 1/18*c^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*e^4)
+ 1/9*c^2*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d*e^4) + 1/24*c^2*d*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*e^4)
+ 5/144*c^2*d^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*e^4) - 35/144*c^2*d^3*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e^4)
- 1/63*a*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*e^2) - 16/315*a*c*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^3*e^2)
- 8/315*a*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^2*e^2) - 2/105*a*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d*e^2)
+ 1/9*a*c*d*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e^2)
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(x^2 \left(\frac{(35c^2d^4e^4 - 16acd^2e^6 + 128a^2e^8)x^2}{d^5e^4} - \frac{72(acd^3e^5 - 8a^2de^7)}{d^5e^4} \right) - \frac{126(acd^4e^4 - 8a^2d^2e^6)}{d^5e^4} \right) x^2 + 84 \right)}{315(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/315*((x^2*((35*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 16*a*c*d^2*e^6 + 128*a^2*e^8)*x^2/(d^5*e^4)
) - 72*(a*c*d^3*e^5 - 8*a^2*d*e^7)/(d^5*e^4)) - 126*(a*c*d^4*e^4 - 8*a^2*d
^2*e^6)/(d^5*e^4))*x^2 + 840*a^2*e/d^2)*x^2 + 315*a^2/d)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(9/
2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{a^2}{9d} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{c^2d}{9e^2} - \frac{2ac}{9d} \right)}{e^2} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} + \frac{x \left(\frac{8a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4}{63d^2e^4} - \frac{d \left(\frac{2c^2d}{7e^3} - \frac{c(2ae^2 - cd^2)}{7de^3} \right)}{e} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} - \frac{x \left(\frac{c^2}{3e^4} + \frac{-64a^2e^4 + 8acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4}{315d^4e^4} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} + \frac{x \left(\frac{3c^2d}{5e^4} + \frac{16a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4}{105d^3e^4} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} + \frac{x(128a^2e^4 - 16acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)}{315d^5e^4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2),x)`

output

```
(x*(a^2/(9*d) + (d^2*((c^2*d)/(9*e^2) - (2*a*c)/(9*d)))/e^2))/(d + e*x^2)^
(9/2) + (x*((8*a^2*e^4 - c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(63*d^2*e^4) - (d*((2*c^
2*d)/(7*e^3) - (c*(2*a*e^2 - c*d^2))/(7*d*e^3)))/e))/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2) - (
x*(c^2/(3*e^4) + (35*c^2*d^4 - 64*a^2*e^4 + 8*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(315*d^4*e^4)))/
(d + e*x^2)^(3/2) + (x*((3*c^2*d)/(5*e^4) + (16*a^2*e^4 + 7*c^2*d^4 - 2*a
*c*d^2*e^2)/(105*d^3*e^4)))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2) + (x*(128*a^2*e^4 + 35*c^2*d
^4 - 16*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(315*d^5*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{-126\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^4e^5x^5 - 72\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^3e^6x^7 - 16\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^2e^7x^9 + 80\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^4e^8x^{11}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}$$

input

```
int((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x)
```

output

```
(315*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**4*e**5*x + 840*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**3*e
**6*x**3 + 1008*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**2*e**7*x**5 + 576*sqrt(d + e*x**2)
*a**2*d**e**8*x**7 + 128*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**9*x**9 - 126*sqrt(d + e*x
**2)*a*c*d**4*e**5*x**5 - 72*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**3*e**6*x**7 - 16*sqrt
(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**7*x**9 + 35*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**4*e**5*x**9
- 128*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**5*e**4 - 640*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**4*e**5*x**2 - 1280*sqrt
(e)*a**2*d**3*e**6*x**4 - 1280*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**2*e**7*x**6 - 640*sqrt(e)*a
**2*d**e**8*x**8 - 128*sqrt(e)*a**2*e**9*x**10 + 16*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**7*e**2 +
80*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**6*e**3*x**2 + 160*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**5*e**4*x**4 + 160*sqrt
(e)*a*c*d**4*e**5*x**6 + 80*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**3*e**6*x**8 + 16*sqrt(e)*a*c*d
**2*e**7*x**10 + 35*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**9 + 175*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**8*e*x**2 + 350*
sqrt(e)*c**2*d**7*e**2*x**4 + 350*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**6*e**3*x**6 + 175*sqrt(e
)*c**2*d**5*e**4*x**8 + 35*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**4*e**5*x**10)/(315*d**5*e**5*(d
**5 + 5*d**4*e*x**2 + 10*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 10*d**2*e**3*x**6 + 5*d*e**4*x**
8 + e**5*x**10))
```

3.340 $\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{13/2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 280

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 x}{11de^4 (d+ex^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(17cd^2 + 5ae^2)x}{99d^2e^4 (d+ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(161c^2d^4 - 3acd^2e^2 + 40a^2e^4)x}{693d^3e^4 (d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{4(70c^2d^4 + 3acd^2e^2 - 40a^2e^4)x}{1155d^4e^4 (d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(35c^2d^4 - 48acd^2e^2 + 640a^2e^4)x}{3465d^5e^4 (d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(35c^2d^4 - 48acd^2e^2 + 640a^2e^4)x}{3465d^6e^4 \sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

output

```
1/11*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2)-2/99*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(5*a*e^2+17*c*d^2)*x/d^2/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)+2/693*(40*a^2*e^4-3*a*c*d^2*e^2+161*c^2*d^4)*x/d^3/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)-4/1155*(-40*a^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^2+70*c^2*d^4)*x/d^4/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+1/3465*(640*a^2*e^4-48*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*x/d^5/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3465*(640*a^2*e^4-48*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*x/d^6/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{35c^2d^4x^9(11d + 2ex^2) - 6acd^2x^5(231d^3 + 198d^2ex^2 + 88de^2x^4 + 16e^3x^6) + 5a^2(693d^5x + 2310d^4ex^3 + 3696d^3e^2x^5 + 3168d^2e^3x^7 + 1408de^4x^9 + 256e^5x^{11})}{3465d^6(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(13/2), x]`

output `(35*c^2*d^4*x^9*(11*d + 2*e*x^2) - 6*a*c*d^2*x^5*(231*d^3 + 198*d^2*e*x^2 + 88*d*e^2*x^4 + 16*e^3*x^6) + 5*a^2*(693*d^5*x + 2310*d^4*e*x^3 + 3696*d^3*e^2*x^5 + 3168*d^2*e^3*x^7 + 1408*d*e^4*x^9 + 256*e^5*x^11))/(3465*d^6*(d + e*x^2)^(11/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {1470, 2334, 2090, 1587, 9, 27, 362, 245, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1470 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{x^2(10a^2e - d(2acx^2 - c^2x^6))}{(ex^2 + d)^{13/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2334 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{x^4(80a^2e^2 - 3cd^2(2a - cx^4))}{(ex^2 + d)^{13/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{10a^2ex^3}{3d(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2090 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{x^4(3c^2d^2x^4 - 2a(3cd^2 - 40ae^2))}{(ex^2+d)^{13/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{10a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}$$

↓ 1587

$$\frac{\int \frac{3x^3\left(\left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{e^2} + 12acd^2 - 160a^2e^2\right)x - \frac{11c^2d^3x^3}{e}\right) dx}{(ex^2+d)^{11/2}}}{11d} - \frac{x^5\left(-80a^2e^2 + 6acd^2 - \frac{3c^2d^4}{e^2}\right)}{11d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{10a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{d^2x}{a^2x d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}$$

↓ 9

$$\frac{\int \frac{3x^4\left(e\left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{e^2} + 12acd^2 - 160a^2e^2\right) - 11c^2d^3x^2\right) dx}{e(ex^2+d)^{11/2}}}{11d} - \frac{x^5\left(-80a^2e^2 + 6acd^2 - \frac{3c^2d^4}{e^2}\right)}{11d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{10a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{d^2x}{a^2x d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{x^4\left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{e} - 11c^2x^2d^3 + 12aced^2 - 160a^2e^3\right) dx}{(ex^2+d)^{11/2}}}{11de} - \frac{x^5\left(-80a^2e^2 + 6acd^2 - \frac{3c^2d^4}{e^2}\right)}{11d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{10a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}$$

↓ 362

$$\frac{3 \left(\frac{4x^5(-40a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + 4c^2d^4)}{9de(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{(640a^2e^4 - 48acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \int \frac{x^4}{(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{9de} \right)}{11de} - \frac{x^5\left(-80a^2e^2 + 6acd^2 - \frac{3c^2d^4}{e^2}\right)}{11d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{10a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{d^2x}{a^2x d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}$$

↓ 245

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\left(\frac{4x^5(-40a^2e^4+3acd^2e^2+4c^2d^4)}{9de(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{(640a^2e^4-48acd^2e^2+35c^2d^4) \left(\frac{2e \int \frac{x^6}{(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{x^5}{5d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{9de} \right)}{11de} \\
 & - \frac{x^5 \left(-80a^2e^2+6acd^2 - \frac{3c^2d^4}{e^2} \right)}{11d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{1}{3d(d+ex^2)} \\
 & \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{242} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{x^5 \left(-80a^2e^2+6acd^2 - \frac{3c^2d^4}{e^2} \right)}{11d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{4x^5(-40a^2e^4+3acd^2e^2+4c^2d^4)}{9de(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{2ex^7}{35d^2(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{x^5}{5d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) (640a^2e^4-48acd^2e^2+35c^2d^4)}{9de} \right)}{11de} \right)}{3d} \\
 & + \frac{10a}{3d(d+ex^2)} \\
 & \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(13/2),x]`

output `(a^2*x)/(d*(d + e*x^2)^(11/2)) + ((10*a^2*e*x^3)/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(11/2)) + (-1/11*((6*a*c*d^2 - (3*c^2*d^4)/e^2 - 80*a^2*e^2)*x^5)/(d*(d + e*x^2)^(11/2)) - (3*((4*(4*c^2*d^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 40*a^2*e^4)*x^5)/(9*d*e*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)) - ((35*c^2*d^4 - 48*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 640*a^2*e^4)*(x^5/(5*d*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)) + (2*e*x^7)/(35*d^2*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2))))/(9*d*e)))/(11*d*e)))/(3*d))/d`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 9 `Int[(u_)*(Px_)^(p_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 242 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 245 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 362 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ((!IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, -2*(p + 1)]))`
- rule 1470 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/d), x] + Simp[1/d Int[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^q*(d*PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p - a^p, x^2, x] - e*a^p*(2*q + 3)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q + 1/2, 0] && LtQ[4*p + 2*q + 1, 0]`

rule 1587

```
Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*(f*x)^(m + 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*f*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[f/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*x*Qx + R*(m + 2*q + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2090

```
Int[(u_)^(p_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*(z_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*ExpandToSum[z, x]^q*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{f, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[z, x] && BinomialQ[u, x] && !(BinomialMatchQ[z, x] && BinomialMatchQ[u, x])
```

rule 2334

```
Int[(Pq)*(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{A = Coeff[Pq, x, 0], Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq - Coeff[Pq, x, 0], x^2, x]}, Simp[A*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*(m + 1)*Q - A*b*(m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x^2] && IntegerQ[m/2] && ILtQ[(m + 1)/2 + p, 0] && LtQ[m + Expon[Pq, x] + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{x \left(\left(\frac{1}{9}c^2x^8 - \frac{2}{5}acx^4 + a^2 \right) d^5 + \frac{10x^2 \left(\frac{1}{165}c^2x^8 - \frac{18}{175}acx^4 + a^2 \right) e d^4}{3} + \frac{16x^4 a e^2 \left(-\frac{c x^4}{35} + a \right) d^3}{3} + \frac{32x^6 a \left(-\frac{c x^4}{165} + a \right) e^3 d^2}{7} + \frac{128a^2 d e^4 x^4}{63} \right)}{(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} d^6}$
gospers	$\frac{x(1280a^2e^5x^{10} - 96acd^2e^3x^{10} + 70c^2d^4ex^{10} + 7040a^2de^4x^8 - 528acd^3e^2x^8 + 385c^2d^5x^8 + 15840a^2d^2e^3x^6 - 1188acd^4ex^6 + 3465(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} d^6)}{3465(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} d^6}$
trager	$\frac{x(1280a^2e^5x^{10} - 96acd^2e^3x^{10} + 70c^2d^4ex^{10} + 7040a^2de^4x^8 - 528acd^3e^2x^8 + 385c^2d^5x^8 + 15840a^2d^2e^3x^6 - 1188acd^4ex^6 + 3465(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} d^6)}{3465(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} d^6}$
orering	$\frac{x(1280a^2e^5x^{10} - 96acd^2e^3x^{10} + 70c^2d^4ex^{10} + 7040a^2de^4x^8 - 528acd^3e^2x^8 + 385c^2d^5x^8 + 15840a^2d^2e^3x^6 - 1188acd^4ex^6 + 3465(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} d^6)}{3465(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} d^6}$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(13/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2)*((1/9*c^2*x^8-2/5*a*c*x^4+a^2)*d^5+10/3*x^2*(1/165*c^2*x^8-18/175*a*c*x^4+a^2)*e*d^4+16/3*x^4*a*e^2*(-1/35*c*x^4+a)*d^3+32/7*x^6*a*(-1/165*c*x^4+a)*e^3*d^2+128/63*a^2*d*e^4*x^8+256/693*a^2*e^5*x^10)/d^6`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{(2(35c^2d^4e - 48acd^2e^3 + 640a^2e^5)x^{11} + 11550a^2d^4ex^3 + 11(35c^2d^5 - 48acd^3e^2 + 3465(d^6e^6x^{12} + 6d^7e^5x^{10} + 15d^8e^4x^8 + 20d^9e^3x^6 + 15d^{10}e^2x^4 + 6d^{11}ex^2 + d^{12})))}{3465(d^6e^6x^{12} + 6d^7e^5x^{10} + 15d^8e^4x^8 + 20d^9e^3x^6 + 15d^{10}e^2x^4 + 6d^{11}ex^2 + d^{12})}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3465*(2*(35*c^2*d^4*e - 48*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 640*a^2*e^5)*x^11 + 11550*a^2*d^4*e*x^3 + 11*(35*c^2*d^5 - 48*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 640*a^2*d*e^4)*x^9 + 3465*a^2*d^5*x - 396*(3*a*c*d^4*e - 40*a^2*d^2*e^3)*x^7 - 462*(3*a*c*d^5 - 40*a^2*d^3*e^2)*x^5)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(d^6*e^6*x^12 + 6*d^7*e^5*x^10 + 15*d^8*e^4*x^8 + 20*d^9*e^3*x^6 + 15*d^10*e^2*x^4 + 6*d^11*e*x^2 + d^12)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{13}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**(13/2),x)`

output `Integral((-a + c*x**4)**2/(d + e*x**2)**(13/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 428, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = & -\frac{c^2 x^7}{4 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} e} - \frac{7 c^2 dx^5}{24 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} e^2} \\
& - \frac{35 c^2 d^2 x^3}{192 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} e^3} + \frac{acx^3}{4 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} e} + \frac{256 a^2 x}{693 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} d^6} + \frac{128 a^2 x}{693 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^5} \\
& + \frac{32 a^2 x}{231 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^4} + \frac{80 a^2 x}{693 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} d^3} + \frac{10 a^2 x}{99 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} d^2} + \frac{a^2 x}{11 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} d} \\
& + \frac{c^2 x}{132 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^4} + \frac{2 c^2 x}{99 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} d^2 e^4} + \frac{c^2 x}{99 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d e^4} \\
& + \frac{5 c^2 dx}{792 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} e^4} + \frac{35 c^2 d^2 x}{6336 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} e^4} - \frac{35 c^2 d^3 x}{704 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} e^4} \\
& - \frac{acx}{132 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} e^2} - \frac{32 acx}{1155 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} d^4 e^2} - \frac{16 acx}{1155 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^3 e^2} \\
& - \frac{4 acx}{385 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 e^2} - \frac{2 acx}{231 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} d e^2} + \frac{3 acdx}{44 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} e^2}
\end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/4*c^2*x^7/((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*e) - 7/24*c^2*d*x^5/((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*e^2) - 35/192*c^2*d^2*x^3/((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*e^3) + 1/4*a*c*x^3/((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*e) + 256/693*a^2*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^6) + 128/693*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^5) + 32/231*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d^4) + 80/693*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*d^3) + 10/99*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*d^2) + 1/11*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*d) + 1/132*c^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*e^4) + 2/99*c^2*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^2*e^4) + 1/99*c^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d*e^4) + 5/792*c^2*d*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*e^4) + 35/6336*c^2*d^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e^4) - 35/704*c^2*d^3*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*e^4) - 1/132*a*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e^2) - 32/1155*a*c*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^4*e^2) - 16/1155*a*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^3*e^2) - 4/385*a*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d^2*e^2) - 2/231*a*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*d*e^2) + 3/44*a*c*d*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*e^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\left(x^2 \left(\frac{2(35c^2d^4e^6 - 48acd^2e^8 + 640a^2e^{10})x^2}{d^6e^5} + \frac{11(35c^2d^5e^5 - 48acd^3e^7 + 640a^2de^9)}{d^6e^5} \right) \right) - \frac{396(3acd^4e^6 - 40a^2d^3e^7 + 640a^2d^2e^8)}{d^6e^5} \right) x^2 - 462(3ac^2d^4e^6 - 40a^2d^3e^7 + 640a^2d^2e^8)/(d^6e^5) x^2 - 462(3ac^2d^4e^6 - 40a^2d^3e^7 + 640a^2d^2e^8)/(d^6e^5) x^2 + 11550a^2e/d^2 x^2 + 3465a^2/d x}{3465(ex^2 + d)^{11/2}}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/3465*(((x^2*(2*(35*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 48*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 640*a^2*e^10)*x^2/(d^6*e^5) + 11*(35*c^2*d^5*e^5 - 48*a*c*d^3*e^7 + 640*a^2*d*e^9)/(d^6*e^5)) - 396*(3*a*c*d^4*e^6 - 40*a^2*d^3*e^7)/(d^6*e^5))*x^2 - 462*(3*a*c*d^4*e^6 - 40*a^2*d^3*e^7)/(d^6*e^5))*x^2 + 11550*a^2*e/d^2*x^2 + 3465*a^2/d)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{a^2}{11d} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{c^2d}{11e^2} - \frac{2ac}{11d} \right)}{e^2} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{11/2}} + \frac{x \left(\frac{10a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4}{99d^2e^4} - \frac{d \left(\frac{2e^2d}{9e^3} - \frac{c(2ae^2 - cd^2)}{9de^3} \right)}{e} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} - \frac{x \left(\frac{c^2}{5e^4} + \frac{-160a^2e^4 + 12acd^2e^2 + 49c^2d^4}{1155d^4e^4} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} + \frac{x \left(\frac{3c^2d}{7e^4} + \frac{80a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + 25c^2d^4}{693d^3e^4} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} + \frac{x(640a^2e^4 - 48acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)}{3465d^5e^4(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(1280a^2e^4 - 96acd^2e^2 + 70c^2d^4)}{3465d^6e^4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(13/2),x)`

output

```
(x*(a^2/(11*d) + (d^2*((c^2*d)/(11*e^2) - (2*a*c)/(11*d)))/e^2))/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2) + (x*((10*a^2*e^4 - c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(99*d^2*e^4) - (d*((2*c^2*d)/(9*e^3) - (c*(2*a*e^2 - c*d^2))/(9*d*e^3)))/e))/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2) - (x*(c^2/(5*e^4) + (49*c^2*d^4 - 160*a^2*e^4 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(1155*d^4*e^4)))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2) + (x*((3*c^2*d)/(7*e^4) + (80*a^2*e^4 + 25*c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(693*d^3*e^4)))/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2) + (x*(640*a^2*e^4 + 35*c^2*d^4 - 48*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(3465*d^5*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (x*(1280*a^2*e^4 + 70*c^2*d^4 - 96*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(3465*d^6*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 636, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{-70\sqrt{e}c^2d^{10} + 3465\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2d^5e^5x + 11550\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2d^4e^6x^3 + 18480\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2d^3e^7x^5 + 15840\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2d^2e^8x^7 + 7040\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2de^9x^9 + 1280\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^{10}x^{11} - 1386\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2c^2d^5e^5x^5 - 1188\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2c^2d^4e^6x^7 - 528\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2c^2d^3e^7x^9 - 96\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2c^2d^2e^8x^{11} + 385\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2c^2d^2e^5x^9 + 70\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2c^2d^4e^6x^{11} - 1280\sqrt{e}a^2d^6e^4 - 7680\sqrt{e}a^2d^5e^5x^2 - 19200\sqrt{e}a^2d^4e^6x^4 - 25600\sqrt{e}a^2d^3e^7x^6 - 19200\sqrt{e}a^2d^2e^8x^8 - 7680\sqrt{e}a^2de^9x^{10} - 1280\sqrt{e}a^2e^{10}x^{12} + 96\sqrt{e}a^2c^2d^8e^2 + 576\sqrt{e}a^2c^2d^7e^3x^2 + 1440\sqrt{e}a^2c^2d^6e^4x^4 + 1920\sqrt{e}a^2c^2d^5e^5x^6 + 1440\sqrt{e}a^2c^2d^4e^6x^8 + 576\sqrt{e}a^2c^2d^3e^7x^{10} + 96\sqrt{e}a^2c^2d^2e^8x^{12} - 70\sqrt{e}c^2d^{10} - 420\sqrt{e}c^2d^9e^2x^2 - 1050\sqrt{e}c^2d^8e^2x^4 - 1400\sqrt{e}c^2d^7e^3x^6 - 1050\sqrt{e}c^2d^6e^4x^8 - 420\sqrt{e}c^2d^5e^5x^{10} - 70\sqrt{e}c^2d^4e^6x^{12}}{(3465*d^6*e^5*(d^6 + 6*d^5*e*x^2 + 15*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^3*x^6 + 15*d^2*e^4*x^8 + 6*d*e^5*x^{10} + e^6*x^{12}))}$$

input

```
int((-c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(13/2),x)
```

output

```
(3465*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**5*e**5*x + 11550*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**4*e**6*x**3 + 18480*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**3*e**7*x**5 + 15840*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**2*e**8*x**7 + 7040*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d*e**9*x**9 + 1280*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**10*x**11 - 1386*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**5*e**5*x**5 - 1188*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**4*e**6*x**7 - 528*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**3*e**7*x**9 - 96*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**8*x**11 + 385*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**5*e**5*x**9 + 70*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**4*e**6*x**11 - 1280*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**6*e**4 - 7680*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**5*e**5*x**2 - 19200*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**4*e**6*x**4 - 25600*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**3*e**7*x**6 - 19200*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**2*e**8*x**8 - 7680*sqrt(e)*a**2*d*e**9*x**10 - 1280*sqrt(e)*a**2*e**10*x**12 + 96*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**8*e**2 + 576*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**7*e**3*x**2 + 1440*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**6*e**4*x**4 + 1920*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**5*e**5*x**6 + 1440*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**4*e**6*x**8 + 576*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**3*e**7*x**10 + 96*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**2*e**8*x**12 - 70*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**10 - 420*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**9*e**2*x**2 - 1050*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**8*e**2*x**4 - 1400*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**7*e**3*x**6 - 1050*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**6*e**4*x**8 - 420*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**5*e**5*x**10 - 70*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**4*e**6*x**12)/(3465*d**6*e**5*(d**6 + 6*d**5*e*x**2 + 15*d**4*e**2*x**4 + 20*d**3*e**3*x**6 + 15*d**2*e**4*x**8 + 6*d*e**5*x**10 + e**6*x**12))
```

3.341 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{a-cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	2757
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2758
Rubi [B] (verified)	2758
Maple [B] (verified)	2765
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2766
Sympy [F]	2766
Maxima [F]	2767
Giac [F(-2)]	2767
Mupad [F(-1)]	2768
Reduce [F]	2768

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 232

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{a-cx^4} dx = -\frac{13de^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8c} - \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4c} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}c^2} - \frac{e^{3/2}(35cd^2+8ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8c^2} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{7/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}c^2}$$

output

```
-13/8*d*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c-1/4*e^3*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c+1/2*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(7/2)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/c^2-1/8*e^(3/2)*(8*a*e^2+35*c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^2+1/2*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(7/2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/c^2
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 465, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \frac{e^{3/2} \left(-c\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d + ex^2}(13d + 2ex^2) + (35cd^2 + 8ae^2) \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d + ex^2}) - 16R \right)}{a - cx^4}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4),x]`

output

```
(e^(3/2)*(-(c*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(13*d + 2*e*x^2)) + (35*c*d^2 + 8*
a*e^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] - 16*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1
+ 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (c^2*d^5*Log[d +
2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + a*c*d^3*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2
- 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - c^2*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]
*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*
Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + a^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d +
e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c^2*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] -
#1]*#1^2 + a*c*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#
1^2))/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/(8*c^2)
```

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 582 vs. 2(232) = 464.

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 582, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51,
 number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.636$, Rules
 used = {1489, 27, 318, 25, 403, 27, 403, 25, 398, 224, 219, 291, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a - cx^4} dx$$

↓ 1489

$$\frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})} dx}{2\sqrt{a}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}}$$

↓ 318

$$\frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (e(11\sqrt{cd}-6\sqrt{ae})x^2+d(6\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}))}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a}} dx}{6\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}} +$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (e(11\sqrt{cd}+6\sqrt{ae})x^2+d(6\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}))}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx}{6\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (e(11\sqrt{cd}-6\sqrt{ae})x^2+d(6\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}))}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a}} dx}{6\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}} +$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (e(11\sqrt{cd}+6\sqrt{ae})x^2+d(6\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}))}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx}{6\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{ex^2+d} (e(19cd^2-22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced}+8ae^2)x^2+d(8cd^2-5\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced}+2ae^2))}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{4}ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \left(11d - \frac{6\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}} +$$

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{3\sqrt{ex^2+d} (e(19cd^2+22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced}+8ae^2)x^2+d(8cd^2+5\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced}+2ae^2))}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{4}ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{6\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+11d\right) - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(19cd^2-22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced}+8ae^2)x^2+d(8cd^2-5\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced}+2ae^2))}{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}} \cdot 4\sqrt{c}} dx + \frac{1}{4}ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\left(11d-\frac{6\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}}}{6\sqrt{c}} +$$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(19cd^2+22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced}+8ae^2)x^2+d(8cd^2+5\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced}+2ae^2))}{\sqrt{a-\sqrt{cx^2}} \cdot 4\sqrt{c}} dx - \frac{1}{4}ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\left(\frac{6\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+11d\right) - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}}{2\sqrt{a}} \downarrow 403$$

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(35c^{3/2}d^3-70\sqrt{a}ced^2+56a\sqrt{ce^2}d-16a^{3/2}e^3)x^2+d(16c^{3/2}d^3-29\sqrt{a}ced^2+26a\sqrt{ce^2}d-8a^{3/2}e^3)}{(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(-22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+8ae^2+19cd^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{4}ex$$

$$\frac{3 \left(\int \frac{e(35c^{3/2}d^3+70\sqrt{a}ced^2+56a\sqrt{ce^2}d+16a^{3/2}e^3)x^2+d(16c^{3/2}d^3+29\sqrt{a}ced^2+26a\sqrt{ce^2}d+8a^{3/2}e^3)}{(\sqrt{a-\sqrt{cx^2}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+8ae^2+19cd^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) - \frac{1}{4}ex}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}}{2\sqrt{a}} \downarrow 25$$

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(35c^{3/2}d^3-70\sqrt{a}ced^2+56a\sqrt{ce^2}d-16a^{3/2}e^3)x^2+d(16c^{3/2}d^3-29\sqrt{a}ced^2+26a\sqrt{ce^2}d-8a^{3/2}e^3)}{(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(-22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+8ae^2+19cd^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{4}ex$$

$$\frac{3 \left(\int \frac{e(35c^{3/2}d^3+70\sqrt{a}ced^2+56a\sqrt{ce^2}d+16a^{3/2}e^3)x^2+d(16c^{3/2}d^3+29\sqrt{a}ced^2+26a\sqrt{ce^2}d+8a^{3/2}e^3)}{(\sqrt{a-\sqrt{cx^2}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+8ae^2+19cd^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) - \frac{1}{4}ex}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}}{2\sqrt{a}} \downarrow 398$$

$$3 \left(\frac{16(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^4 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{e(16a^{3/2}e^3 + 70\sqrt{acd}^2e + 56a\sqrt{cde}^2 + 35c^{3/2}d^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} + 8ae^2 + 19cd^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) - \frac{1}{4}e^2$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{e(-16a^{3/2}e^3 - 70\sqrt{acd}^2e + 56a\sqrt{cde}^2 + 35c^{3/2}d^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{16(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^4 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(-22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} + 8ae^2 + 19cd^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

224

$$3 \left(\frac{e(-16a^{3/2}e^3 - 70\sqrt{acd}^2e + 56a\sqrt{cde}^2 + 35c^{3/2}d^3) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{16(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^4 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(-22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} + 8ae^2 + 19cd^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{16(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^4 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{e(16a^{3/2}e^3 + 70\sqrt{acd}^2e + 56a\sqrt{cde}^2 + 35c^{3/2}d^3) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} + 8ae^2 + 19cd^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

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$$3 \left(\frac{16(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^4 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{e}(16a^{3/2}e^3 + 70\sqrt{acd}^2e + 56a\sqrt{cde}^2 + 35c^{3/2}d^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} + 8ae^2 + 19cd^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{16(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^4 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{e}(-16a^{3/2}e^3 - 70\sqrt{acd}^2e + 56a\sqrt{cde}^2 + 35c^{3/2}d^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(-22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} + 8ae^2 + 19cd^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

291

$$3 \left(\frac{16(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}-\frac{(\sqrt{ae}-\sqrt{cd})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{e}(-16a^{3/2}e^3-70\sqrt{acd}^2e+56a\sqrt{cde}^2+35c^{3/2}d^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(-22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+}{2\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}} \quad 2\sqrt{a}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{16(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{e}(16a^{3/2}e^3+70\sqrt{acd}^2e+56a\sqrt{cde}^2+35c^{3/2}d^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+8ae)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}} \quad 2\sqrt{a}$$

↓ 218

$$3 \left(\frac{16(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{e}(16a^{3/2}e^3+70\sqrt{acd}^2e+56a\sqrt{cde}^2+35c^{3/2}d^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+8ae)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}} \quad 2\sqrt{a}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}(-16a^{3/2}e^3-70\sqrt{acd}^2e+56a\sqrt{cde}^2+35c^{3/2}d^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{16(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{7/2} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt{4a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(-22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+8ae^2+}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}} \quad 2\sqrt{a}$$

↓ 221

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}(-16a^{3/2}e^3 - 70\sqrt{acd}^2e + 56a\sqrt{cde}^2 + 35c^{3/2}d^3)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) + \frac{16(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{7/2}\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(-22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+8ae^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{4\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{6\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
 & \left(\frac{16(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^{7/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{e}(16a^{3/2}e^3 + 70\sqrt{acd}^2e + 56a\sqrt{cde}^2 + 35c^{3/2}d^3)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+8ae^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{4\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{6\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2\sqrt{a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4),x]`

output `((e*x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/(6*sqrt(c)) + ((e*(11*d - (6*sqrt(a)*e)/sqrt(c))*x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*((e*(19*c*d^2 - 22*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c)*d*e + 8*a*e^2)*x*sqrt(d + e*x^2))/(2*sqrt(c)) + ((16*(sqrt(c)*d - sqrt(a)*e)^(7/2)*ArcTan[(sqrt(sqrt(c)*d - sqrt(a)*e)*x]/(a^(1/4)*sqrt(d + e*x^2)))/(a^(1/4)*sqrt(c)) + (sqrt(e)*(35*c^(3/2)*d^3 - 70*sqrt(a)*c*d^2*e + 56*a*sqrt(c)*d*e^2 - 16*a^(3/2)*e^3)*ArcTanh[(sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d + e*x^2)]/sqrt(c))/(2*sqrt(c)))/(4*sqrt(c)))/(6*sqrt(c)))/(2*sqrt(a)) + (-1/6*(e*x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/sqrt(c) + (-1/4*(e*(11*d + (6*sqrt(a)*e)/sqrt(c))*x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (3*(-1/2*(e*(19*c*d^2 + 22*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c)*d*e + 8*a*e^2)*x*sqrt(d + e*x^2))/sqrt(c) + (-((sqrt(e)*(35*c^(3/2)*d^3 + 70*sqrt(a)*c*d^2*e + 56*a*sqrt(c)*d*e^2 + 16*a^(3/2)*e^3)*ArcTanh[(sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d + e*x^2)]/sqrt(c)) + (16*(sqrt(c)*d + sqrt(a)*e)^(7/2)*ArcTanh[(sqrt(sqrt(c)*d + sqrt(a)*e)*x]/(a^(1/4)*sqrt(d + e*x^2)))/(a^(1/4)*sqrt(c)))/(2*sqrt(c)))/(4*sqrt(c)))/(6*sqrt(c)))/(2*sqrt(a))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{c} - (\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0]$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}*x*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)}/(\text{b}*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{b}*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 2)}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{b}*c*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1) - \text{a}*d) + \text{d}*(\text{b}*c*(2*(\text{p} + 2*\text{q} - 1) + 1) - \text{a}*d*(2*(\text{q} - 1) + 1))*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IGtQ}[\text{p}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$

```
rule 398 Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]]
, x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/
b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}
, x]
```

```
rule 403 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p +
q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c
+ d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) +
f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 1489 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{r
= Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[-c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r - c*x^2), x], x] - S
imp[c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e,
q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[q]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 356 vs. 2(176) = 352.

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{e} \left((a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)\sqrt{d^2ac - 4a^2cd^2e^3 - 4c^2d^4ea} \right) \sqrt{(ae + \sqrt{d^2ac})} a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}a}{x\sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2ac})}a}\right) + \sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2ac})}}{4 \left(4a^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{c}de^3 + 4\sqrt{a}c^{\frac{3}{2}}d^3e - a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4 \right)}$
risch	$\frac{e^2x(2ex^2+13d)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{8c} - \frac{e^{\frac{3}{2}}(8ae^2+35cd^2)\ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d})}{c} + \dots$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/4/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(2*e^(1/2)*((a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)-4*a^2*c*d^2*e^3-4*c^2*d^4*e*a)*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*\arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(-2*((a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+4*a^2*c*d^2*e^3+4*c^2*d^4*e*a)*e^(1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+((d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*((4*e^4*a+35/2*c*d^2*e^2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x/e^(1/2))+x*(e*x^2+13/2*d)*e^(5/2)*c*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))/((d^2*a*c)^(1/2)/c^2)$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3366 vs. $2(176) = 352$.

Time = 52.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6742, normalized size of antiderivative = 29.06

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a - cx^4} dx &= - \int \frac{d^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{-a + cx^4} dx - \int \frac{e^3 x^6 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{-a + cx^4} dx \\ &- \int \frac{3de^2 x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{-a + cx^4} dx - \int \frac{3d^2 ex^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{-a + cx^4} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(7/2)/(-c*x**4+a),x)`

output `-Integral(d**3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(-a + c*x**4), x) - Integral(e**3*x**6*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(-a + c*x**4), x) - Integral(3*d*e**2*x**4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(-a + c*x**4), x) - Integral(3*d**2*e*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(-a + c*x**4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{cx^4 - a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4 - a), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E rror: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{a - cx^4} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4),x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) d^3 + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^6}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) e^3$$

$$+ 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^4}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) d e^2 + 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^2}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) d^2 e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x)`output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)*d**3 + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**6)/(a - c*x**4),x)*e**3 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**4)/(a - c*x**4),x)*d*e**2 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)*d**2*e`

3.342 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{a-cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	2769
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2770
Rubi [B] (verified)	2770
Maple [B] (verified)	2776
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2777
Sympy [F]	2777
Maxima [F]	2777
Giac [F(-2)]	2778
Mupad [F(-1)]	2778
Reduce [F]	2778

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{a-cx^4} dx = -\frac{e^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2c} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}c^{3/2}} - \frac{5de^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2c} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c+1/2*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/c^(3/2)-5/2*d*e^(3/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c+1/2*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/c^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = e^{3/2} \left(\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{d + ex^2} - 5d \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d + ex^2}) + \text{RootSum} \left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 - 16ae^2\#1^2 - \dots \right] \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4),x]`

output `-1/2*(e^(3/2)*(Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - 5*d*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]) + RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (3*c*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + a*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 2*c*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 10*a*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 3*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 + a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) &])/c`

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 428 vs. 2(199) = 398.

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 428, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.545$, Rules used = {1489, 27, 318, 25, 403, 25, 398, 224, 219, 291, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a - cx^4} dx$$

↓ 1489

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 318 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(7\sqrt{cd}-4\sqrt{ae})x^2+d(4\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}))}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2\sqrt{a}}{\int -\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(7\sqrt{cd}+4\sqrt{ae})x^2+d(4\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}))}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(7\sqrt{cd}-4\sqrt{ae})x^2+d(4\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}))}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2\sqrt{a}}{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(7\sqrt{cd}+4\sqrt{ae})x^2+d(4\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}))}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 403 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{e(15cd^2-20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced}+8ae^2)x^2+d(8cd^2-9\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced}+4ae^2)}{(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(7d-\frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2\sqrt{a}}{-\frac{\int \frac{e(15cd^2+20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced}+8ae^2)x^2+d(8cd^2+9\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced}+4ae^2)}{(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+7d\right) - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{e(15cd^2 - 20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd} + 8ae^2)x^2 + d(8cd^2 - 9\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd} + 4ae^2)}{(\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}})\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(7d - \frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}} +$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{e(15cd^2 + 20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd} + 8ae^2)x^2 + d(8cd^2 + 9\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd} + 4ae^2)}{(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 7d\right)}{4\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}}$$

398

$$\frac{8(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{e(20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd} + 8ae^2 + 15cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 7d\right)}{4\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}} +$$

$$\frac{e(-20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd} + 8ae^2 + 15cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{8(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}})\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(7d - \frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}}$$

224

$$\frac{e(-20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd} + 8ae^2 + 15cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{8(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}})\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(7d - \frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}} +$$

$$\frac{8(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{e(20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd} + 8ae^2 + 15cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 7d\right)}{4\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}}$$

219

$$\frac{8(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{e}(20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd} + 8ae^2 + 15cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 7d\right)}{4\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}} +$$

$$\frac{8(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}})\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{e}(-20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd} + 8ae^2 + 15cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(7d - \frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}}$$

291

$$\frac{8(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-\frac{(\sqrt{ae}-\sqrt{cd})x^2}{e^2+d}}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{e^2+d}} + \frac{\sqrt{e(-20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+8ae^2+15cd^2)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}}{4\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(7d-\frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{8(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}{e^2+d}}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{e^2+d}} - \frac{\sqrt{e(20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+8ae^2+15cd^2)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}}{4\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+7d\right) - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{8(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}{e^2+d}}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{e^2+d}} - \frac{\sqrt{e(20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+8ae^2+15cd^2)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}}{4\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+7d\right) - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}} +$$

$$\frac{8(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{5/2} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{e(-20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+8ae^2+15cd^2)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(7d-\frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{8(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{5/2} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{e(-20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+8ae^2+15cd^2)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(7d-\frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}} +$$

$$\frac{8(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{e(20\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+8ae^2+15cd^2)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(\frac{4\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+7d\right) - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((e*x*(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(4*\text{Sqrt}[c]) + ((e*(7*d - (4*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)/\text{Sqrt}[c])*x \\ & * \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2])/2 + ((8*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^{(5/2)}*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[\\ & c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]*x)/(a^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]))/(a^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[c]) + (\text{Sqrt} \\ & [e]*(15*c*d^2 - 20*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*e + 8*a*e^2)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt} \\ & [d + e*x^2]])/\text{Sqrt}[c]/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]))/(4*\text{Sqrt}[c]))/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]) + (-1/4*(e*x* \\ & (d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)})/\text{Sqrt}[c] + (-1/2*(e*(7*d + (4*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)/\text{Sqrt}[c])*x*\text{Sqrt} \\ & [d + e*x^2]) + (-((\text{Sqrt}[e]*(15*c*d^2 + 20*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*e + 8*a*e^2)*\text{A} \\ & \text{rcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/\text{Sqrt}[c]) + (8*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e) \\ & ^{(5/2)}*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]*x)/(a^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2])) \\ & / (a^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[c]))/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]))/(4*\text{Sqrt}[c]))/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{Ma} \\ \text{tchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 218

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{R} \\ \text{t}[a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \\ \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{Gt} \\ \text{Q}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 221

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x \\ / \text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], \\ x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

rule 318 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c*(2*(p+q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p+2*q-1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q-1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 398 $\text{Int}(((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \ \text{Int}[1/((a + b*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 403 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p+q+1) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q+1) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p+q+1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p+q+1))*x^2, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q+1) + 1, 0]$

rule 1489 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{With}\{r = \text{Rt}[(-a)*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-c/(2*r) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r - c*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[c/(2*r) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r + c*x^2), x], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[q]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 294 vs. 2(143) = 286.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})}ad(e^3a^2+3d^2eac-3\sqrt{d^2ac}ae^2-\sqrt{d^2ac}cd^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+da}}{x\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})a}}\right)+\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})}a\left(d((3ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})\sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})})\right)}{2\sqrt{d^2ac}\sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})}}$
risch	$\left(c^{\frac{3}{2}}d^3-a^{\frac{3}{2}}e^3+3a\sqrt{c}de^2-3\sqrt{a}cd^2e\right)\ln\left(\frac{-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e+2cd+\frac{2e\sqrt{-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}+2\sqrt{-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}}\right)$
default	$-\frac{e^2x\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2c}$
	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*d*(e^3*a^2+3*d^2*e*a*c-3*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*a*e^2-(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*c*d^2)*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(d*((3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*e*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))-((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^2*x+5*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))*d*e^(3/2))/c
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2299 vs. $2(143) = 286$.

Time = 12.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4605, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.14

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = - \int \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{-a + cx^4} dx - \int \frac{e^2 x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{-a + cx^4} dx - \int \frac{2dex^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{-a + cx^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**4+a),x)`

output `-Integral(d**2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(-a + c*x**4), x) - Integral(e**2*x**4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(-a + c*x**4), x) - Integral(2*d*e*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(-a + c*x**4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{cx^4 - a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4 - a), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{a - cx^4} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) d^2 + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^4}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) e^2 + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^2}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) de$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)*d**2 + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**4)/(a - c*x**4),x)*e**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)*d*e`

3.343 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{a-cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	2780
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2781
Rubi [A] (verified)	2781
Maple [B] (verified)	2785
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2786
Sympy [F]	2787
Maxima [F]	2787
Giac [F]	2787
Mupad [F(-1)]	2788
Reduce [F]	2788

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{a-cx^4} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}c} - \frac{e^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}c}$$

output

```
1/2*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/c-e^(3/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c+1/2*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/c
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \frac{e^{3/2} \left(\log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d + ex^2}) - \text{RootSum} \left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 - 16ae^2\#1^2 - \dots \right] \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4),x]`

output

```
(e^(3/2)*(Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] - RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1
+ 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (c*d^3*Log[d + 2
*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 2*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*S
qrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt
[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*
#1^3) & ])/c
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.455$, Rules used = {1489, 27, 318, 25, 398, 224, 219, 291, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a - cx^4} dx$$

↓ 1489

$$\frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})} dx}{2\sqrt{a}}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{e(3\sqrt{cd}-2\sqrt{ae})x^2+d(2\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})}{(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\int -\frac{e(3\sqrt{cd}+2\sqrt{ae})x^2+d(2\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})}{(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{e(3\sqrt{cd}-2\sqrt{ae})x^2+d(2\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})}{(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{e(3\sqrt{cd}+2\sqrt{ae})x^2+d(2\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})}{(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{398} \\
 & \frac{2(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} - e\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+3d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \\
 & \quad 2\sqrt{a} \\
 & \frac{2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + e\left(3d-\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad 2\sqrt{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + e\left(3d-\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \\
 & \quad 2\sqrt{a} \\
 & \frac{2(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} - e\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+3d\right) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad 2\sqrt{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} - \sqrt{e}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+3d\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \\
 & \quad 2\sqrt{a} \\
 & \frac{2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{e}\left(3d-\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad 2\sqrt{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}-\frac{(\sqrt{ae}-\sqrt{cd})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{e}\left(3d-\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \\
 & \frac{2(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{\sqrt{c}} - \sqrt{e}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+3d\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{2(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{\sqrt{c}} - \sqrt{e}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+3d\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \\
 & \frac{2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{e}\left(3d-\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{e}\left(3d-\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \\
 & \frac{2(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} - \sqrt{e}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+3d\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a}}{2\sqrt{c}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4),x]`

output `((e*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(2*Sqrt[c]) + ((2*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]*x)/(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]) + Sqrt[e]*(3*d - (2*Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[c]))/(2*Sqrt[a]) + (-1/2*(e*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/Sqrt[c] + (-Sqrt[e]*(3*d + (2*Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]) + (2*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]*x)/(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]))/(2*Sqrt[c]))/(2*Sqrt[a])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{c} - (\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0]$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}*x*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)}/(\text{b}*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{b}*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 2)}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{b}*c*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1) - \text{a}*d) + \text{d}*(\text{b}*c*(2*(\text{p} + 2*\text{q} - 1) + 1) - \text{a}*d*(2*(\text{q} - 1) + 1))*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IGtQ}[\text{p}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$

rule 398

```
Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]
```

rule 1489

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> With[{r = Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[-c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r - c*x^2), x], x] - Simp[c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[q]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 256 vs. 2(124) = 248.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\left(\frac{(-ae^2 - cd^2)\sqrt{d^2ac}}{2} + d^2eac\right)\sqrt{(ae + \sqrt{d^2ac})}a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + da}}{x\sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2ac})}a}\right) + \sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2ac})}a \left(\frac{(-ae^2 - cd^2)}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2ac}\sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2ac})}a\sqrt{(ae + \sqrt{d^2ac})}a}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*(-1/2*(-a*e^2-c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+d^2*e*a*c)*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*((1/2*(-a*e^2-c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)-d^2*e*a*c)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*e^(3/2))/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/c
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1393 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2793, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.43

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(4*e^(3/2)*log(-2*e*x^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) + c*sqrt((3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3 + a*c^2*sqrt((c^2*d^6 + 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)))/(a*c^2))*log(-(c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2*d*e^4 + (a*c^3*d^2 - a^2*c^2*e^2)*x^2*sqrt((c^2*d^6 + 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) + 2*(c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^2*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*c^3*x*sqrt((c^2*d^6 + 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) - (a*c^2*d^2*e + 3*a^2*c*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt((3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3 + a*c^2*sqrt((c^2*d^6 + 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)))/(a*c^2)))/x^2) - c*sqrt((3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3 + a*c^2*sqrt((c^2*d^6 + 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)))/(a*c^2))*log(-(c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2*d*e^4 + (a*c^3*d^2 - a^2*c^2*e^2)*x^2*sqrt((c^2*d^6 + 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) + 2*(c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^2*e^5)*x^2 - 2*(a^2*c^3*x*sqrt((c^2*d^6 + 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) - (a*c^2*d^2*e + 3*a^2*c*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt((3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3 + a*c^2*sqrt((c^2*d^6 + 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)))/(a*c^2)))/x^2) - c*sqrt((3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3 - a*c^2*sqrt((c^2*d^6 + 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)))/(a*c^2))*log(-(c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2*d*e^4 - (a*c^3*d^2 - a^2*c^2*e^2)*x^2*sqrt((c^2*d^6 + 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) + 2*(c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^2*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*c^3*x*sqrt((c^2*d^6 + 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) + (a*c^2*d^2*e + 3*a^2*c*e...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = - \int \frac{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{-a + cx^4} dx - \int \frac{ex^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{-a + cx^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**4+a),x)`

output `-Integral(d*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(-a + c*x**4), x) - Integral(e*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(-a + c*x**4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{cx^4 - a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4 - a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{cx^4 - a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sage0*x`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{a - cx^4} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4),x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a - cx^4} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^2}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x)`output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)*d + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)*e`

3.344 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a-cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	2789
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2789
Rubi [A] (verified)	2790
Maple [A] (verified)	2793
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2794
Sympy [F]	2795
Maxima [F]	2795
Giac [F(-1)]	2795
Mupad [F(-1)]	2796
Reduce [F]	2796

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a-cx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
1/2*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/c^(1/2)+1/2*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/c^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a-cx^4} dx = -\frac{1}{2}e^{3/2}\operatorname{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 - 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4\&, \frac{d^2 \log(d + 2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2} - \#1) + 2d \log(d + 2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2} - \#1) \#1 + 1}{cd^3 - 3cd^2\#1 + 8ae^2\#1 + 3cd\#1^2 - c\#1^3}\right]$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a - c*x^4),x]`

output `-1/2*(e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 2*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) &])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$, Rules used = {1489, 27, 301, 224, 219, 291, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{a - cx^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1489 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 301 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}} + \\
 & \frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{e^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}} + \\
& \frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{e \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{e^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}} + \\
& \frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
& \frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}-\frac{(\sqrt{ae}-\sqrt{cd})x^2}{e^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}{e^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}{e^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}} + \\
& \frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{a}}
\end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]/(a - c*x^4), x]$

output
$$\frac{(((d - (\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)/\text{Sqrt}[c])*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]*x)/(a^{1/4})*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]))/(a^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]) + (\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/\text{Sqrt}[c])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]) + (-((\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/\text{Sqrt}[c]) + ((d + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)/\text{Sqrt}[c])*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]*x)/(a^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]))/(a^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]))/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a])$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$

rule 218 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

rule 301

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/
d Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[(a + b*x^2)^(
p - 1)/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& GtQ[p, 0] && (EqQ[p, 1/2] || EqQ[Denominator[p], 4] || (EqQ[p, 2/3] && E
qQ[b*c + 3*a*d, 0]))
```

rule 1489

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{r
= Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[-c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r - c*x^2), x], x] - S
imp[c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e,
q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[q]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$d \frac{\left(\frac{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2ac}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+da}}{x\sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2ac})a}}\right) - (ae + \sqrt{d^2ac}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+da}}{x\sqrt{(ae + \sqrt{d^2ac})a}}\right)}{\sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2ac})a}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d^2ac}}$	137
default	Expression too large to display	1626

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*d/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(
1/2)*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))- (a*e+(d
^2*a*c)^(1/2))/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a
/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 487 vs. $2(101) = 202$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 487, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a-cx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} + e}{ac}} \log \left(\frac{acdx^2 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} + 2\sqrt{ex^2+da^2} cx \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} + e}{ac}} \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} + 2dex^2 + d^2}{x^2} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} + e}{ac}} \log \left(\frac{acdx^2 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} - 2\sqrt{ex^2+da^2} cx \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} + e}{ac}} \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} + 2dex^2 + d^2}{x^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{-\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} - e}{ac}} \log \left(-\frac{acdx^2 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} + 2\sqrt{ex^2+da^2} cx \sqrt{-\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} - e}{ac}} \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} - 2dex^2 - d^2}{x^2} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{-\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} - e}{ac}} \log \left(-\frac{acdx^2 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} - 2\sqrt{ex^2+da^2} cx \sqrt{-\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} - e}{ac}} \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{a^3c}} - 2dex^2 - d^2}{x^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/8*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*c)) + e)/(a*c))*log((a*c*d*x^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*c))
)) + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a^2*c*x*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*c)) + e)/(a*c))*sq
rt(d^2/(a^3*c)) + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)/x^2) - 1/8*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*c)) +
e)/(a*c))*log((a*c*d*x^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*c)) - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a^2*c*x*sq
rt((a*c*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*c)) + e)/(a*c))*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*c)) + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)
/x^2) + 1/8*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*c)) - e)/(a*c))*log(-(a*c*d*x^2*sqrt(
d^2/(a^3*c)) + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a^2*c*x*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*c)) - e)
/(a*c))*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*c)) - 2*d*e*x^2 - d^2)/x^2) - 1/8*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(d^
2/(a^3*c)) - e)/(a*c))*log(-(a*c*d*x^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*c)) - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 +
d)*a^2*c*x*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*c)) - e)/(a*c))*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*c)) - 2*
d*e*x^2 - d^2)/x^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a-cx^4} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{-a+cx^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**4+a),x)`

output `-Integral(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(-a + c*x**4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a-cx^4} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{cx^4-a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c*x^4 - a), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a-cx^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a-cx^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{a-cx^4} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a - c*x^4),x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a - c*x^4), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a-cx^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{-cx^4+a} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x)`output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)`

3.345 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)} dx$

Optimal result	2797
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2797
Rubi [A] (verified)	2798
Maple [A] (verified)	2800
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2800
Sympy [F]	2801
Maxima [F]	2802
Giac [F(-1)]	2802
Mupad [F(-1)]	2802
Reduce [F]	2803

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}$$

output

```
1/2*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/
(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)+1/2*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(
1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)} dx = 2e^{3/2}\operatorname{RootSum}\left[cd^4-4cd^3\#1+6cd^2\#1^2-16ae^2\#1^2-4cd\#1^3\right. \\ \left.+c\#1^4\&, \frac{\log(d+2ex^2-2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}-\#1)\#1}{-cd^3+3cd^2\#1-8ae^2\#1-3cd\#1^2+c\#1^3}\&\right]$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)),x]`

output `2*e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]**1)/(-(c*d^3) + 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 - 3*c*d*#1^2 + c*#1^3) &]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1489, 27, 291, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1489 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 291 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a} - \frac{(\sqrt{ae} - \sqrt{cd})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)),x]`

output `ArcTan[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]*x)/(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]/(2*a^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) + ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]*x)/(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]/(2*a^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 1489 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[-c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r - c*x^2), x], x] - Simp[c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[q]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d a}}{x \sqrt{(-a e+\sqrt{d^2 a c}) a}}\right)}{2 \sqrt{(-a e+\sqrt{d^2 a c}) a}}+\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d a}}{x \sqrt{(a e+\sqrt{d^2 a c}) a}}\right)}{2 \sqrt{(a e+\sqrt{d^2 a c}) a}}$
default	$\ln\left(\frac{-2 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} e+2 c d+\frac{2 e \sqrt{-\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c}}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}+2 \sqrt{-\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} e+c d} \sqrt{\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)^2 e+\frac{2 e \sqrt{-\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c}}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}}{x-\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)+\frac{2 \sqrt{-\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c}} \sqrt{-\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} e+c d}}{2 \sqrt{-\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c}} \sqrt{-\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} e+c d}}$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+1/2/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1225 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1225, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.07

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/8*sqrt(((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 +
a^5*e^4)) - e)/(a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2))*log(((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2/(a
^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4))*x^2 + 2*e*x^2 + 2*(a*e*x + (a^2*c
*d^2 - a^3*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4))*x)*s
qrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*c
*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4)) - e)/(a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)) + d)/x^2) - 1/8*sqrt(((a*c*
d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4)) - e)/
(a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2))*log(((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*
a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4))*x^2 + 2*e*x^2 - 2*(a*e*x + (a^2*c*d^2 - a^3*e^2)
*sqrt(c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4))*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*
sqrt(((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*
e^4)) - e)/(a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)) + d)/x^2) - 1/8*sqrt(-((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)
*sqrt(c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4)) + e)/(a*c*d^2 - a^2
*e^2))*log(-((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2
+ a^5*e^4))*x^2 - 2*e*x^2 + 2*(a*e*x - (a^2*c*d^2 - a^3*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2/(
a^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4))*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-((a*c*d
^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4)) + e)/(
a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)) - d)/x^2) + 1/8*sqrt(-((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2/
(a^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4)) + e)/(a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2))*log(-
((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)} dx = - \int \frac{1}{-a\sqrt{d+ex^2}+cx^4\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**4+a), x)
```

output

```
-Integral(1/(-a*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + c*x**4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(cx^4-a)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((c*x^4 - a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}a - \sqrt{ex^2+d}cx^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x)`

output `int(1/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*x**4),x)`

3.346 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)} dx$

Optimal result	2804
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2804
Rubi [A] (verified)	2805
Maple [A] (verified)	2807
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2807
Sympy [F]	2808
Maxima [F]	2808
Giac [F(-1)]	2809
Mupad [F(-1)]	2809
Reduce [F]	2809

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)} dx = -\frac{e^2x}{d(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-e^2*x/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*c^(1/2)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)+1/2*c^(1/2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \frac{\frac{2e^2x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - cde^{3/2}\text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 - 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4\&, \frac{d^2 \log(d+2ex^2-2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2cd^3 - 2ade^2}\right.}{2cd^3 - 2ade^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)),x]`

output `-(((2*e^2*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - c*d*e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 6*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) &])/(2*c*d^3 - 2*a*d*e^2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1487, 208, 2257, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1487$$

$$\frac{c \int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d(a - cx^4)}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2}$$

$$\downarrow 208$$

$$\frac{c \int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d(a - cx^4)}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 2257 \\
 c \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{-\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} \right) dx - \frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 c \left(\frac{(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}) \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right) - \frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(cd^2-ae^2)}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)),x]`

output `-((e^2*x)/(d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (c*(((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]*x)/(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*a^(3/4)*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) + ((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]*x)/(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*a^(3/4)*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e])))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 1487 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q, x], x] + Simp[c/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*((d - e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2257

```
Int[(Px_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, c, d, e, q}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac}) d^2 \sqrt{(ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac}) a c \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d} a}{x \sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac}) a}}\right) + \sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac}) a} \left(\frac{c d^2 \sqrt{e x^2 + d} (ae - \sqrt{d^2 ac}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d} a}{x \sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac}) a}}\right)}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac}) a \sqrt{e x^2 + d} \sqrt{d^2 ac}} \sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac}) a (ae^2 - c d^2) d}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*(1/2*(a*
e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*d^2*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*c*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*a
rctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+((-a*e+(d^2*a*
c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(1/2*c*d^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a*e-(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*arctan
h((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/
2))*a)^(1/2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*e^2*x)/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/(a*e
^2-c*d^2)/d
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3813 vs. 2(133) = 266.

Time = 11.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3813, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.30

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)} dx =$$

$$- \int \frac{1}{-ad\sqrt{d + ex^2} - aex^2\sqrt{d + ex^2} + cdx^4\sqrt{d + ex^2} + cex^6\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**4+a),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(-a*d*sqrt(d + e*x**2) - a*e*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + c*d*x**4*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + c*e*x**6*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(cx^4 - a)(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((c*x^4 - a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4) (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae x^2 - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd x^4 - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}ce x^6} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x)`

output `int(1/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d*x**4 - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*e*x**6),x)`

3.347 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)} dx$

Optimal result	2810
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2811
Rubi [A] (verified)	2811
Maple [A] (verified)	2814
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2814
Sympy [F]	2815
Maxima [F]	2815
Giac [F(-1)]	2815
Mupad [F(-1)]	2816
Reduce [F]	2816

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)} dx = -\frac{e^2x}{3d(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e^2(4cd^2-ae^2)x}{3d^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}} + \frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*e^2*x/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)-2/3*e^2*(-a*e^2+4*c*d^2)*x/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*c*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)+1/2*c*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = -\frac{e^2 x(9cd^3 - 3ade^2 + 8cd^2 ex^2 - 2ae^3 x^2)}{3d^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{ce^{3/2} \text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 - 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4 \&, \frac{cd^3 \log(d + 2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2} - \#1)}{(cd^2 - \dots)}\right]}{(cd^2 - \dots)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^4)),x]`

output `-1/3*(e^2*x*(9*c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2 + 8*c*d^2*e*x^2 - 2*a*e^3*x^2))/(d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (c*e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (c*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 4*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 2*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) &])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1487, 209, 208, 2257, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1487

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex^2}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{209} \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex^2}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex^2}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \left(\frac{2x}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2257} \\
 & \frac{c \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} - \frac{-\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} \right) dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \left(\frac{2x}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{c \left(\frac{(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}) \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^{3/2}} - \frac{ex(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{d+ex^2}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} + \frac{ex(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{d+ex^2}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \left(\frac{2x}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^4)),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -((e^2(x/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)}) + (2*x)/(3*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2])))/(c*d^2 \\
& - a*e^2)) + (c*((e*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*(\text{Sqrt}[\\
& c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) - (e*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt} \\
& [a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) + ((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqr} \\
& t[a]*e)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]*x)/(a^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2])) \\
& / (2*a^{(3/4)}*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^{(3/2)}) + ((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*\text{ArcT} \\
& anh[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]*x)/(a^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]))/(2*a^{(3/4)} \\
& *(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^{(3/2)})))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x/(a*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$$

rule 209

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)} / (2*a*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \text{ ILtQ}[p + 3/2, 0]$$

rule 1487

$$\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_)^2)^{q_}/((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e^2 / (c*d^2 + a*e^2) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x^2)^q, x], x] + \text{Simp}[c/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{(q + 1)}*((d - e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)), x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \text{ NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \text{ !IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \text{ LtQ}[q, -1]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 2257

$$\text{Int}[(Px_)*((d_ + (e_)*(x_)^2)^{q_})*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^4)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[Px*(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, q\}, x \ \&\& \text{ PolyQ}[Px, x] \ \&\& \text{ IntegerQ}[p]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{(ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac})} a \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2) \sqrt{d^2 ac}}{2} + d^2 eac \right) c (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + da}}{x \sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac})} a} \right) + \sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac})} a \left(d^2 \left(\sqrt{(ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac})} a (ex^2 + d) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{(ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac})} a (ex^2 + d)}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-(d^2*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+d^2*e*a*c)*c*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*\arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(d^2*(1/2*(-a*e^2-c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+d^2*e*a*c)*c*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))-x*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(e^2*(2/3*e*x^2+d)*a-3*d^2*(8/9*e*x^2+d)*c)*e^2*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d^2$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6571 vs. 2(174) = 348.

Time = 45.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6571, normalized size of antiderivative = 29.60

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)} dx =$$

$$- \int \frac{1}{-ad^2\sqrt{d + ex^2} - 2adex^2\sqrt{d + ex^2} - ae^2x^4\sqrt{d + ex^2} + cd^2x^4\sqrt{d + ex^2} + 2cdex^6\sqrt{d + ex^2} + ce^2x^8\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**4+a), x)`

output `-Integral(1/(-a*d**2*sqrt(d + e*x**2) - 2*a*d*e*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x**2) - a*e**2*x**4*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + c*d**2*x**4*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + 2*c*d*e*x**6*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + c*e**2*x**8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(cx^4 - a)(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((c*x^4 - a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4) (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e x^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^4 - \sqrt{ex^2 + d} c d^2 x}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x)`output `int(1/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d*e*x**6 - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*e**2*x**8),x)`

3.348 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a-cx^4)} dx$

Optimal result	2817
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2818
Rubi [A] (verified)	2818
Maple [A] (verified)	2821
Fricas [F(-1)]	2822
Sympy [F]	2822
Maxima [F]	2822
Giac [F(-1)]	2823
Mupad [F(-1)]	2823
Reduce [F]	2823

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 293

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a-cx^4)} dx = -\frac{e^2x}{5d(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2e^2(7cd^2-2ae^2)x}{15d^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^2(73c^2d^4-21acd^2e^2+8a^2e^4)x}{15d^3(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{c^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{7/2}} + \frac{c^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/5*e^2*x/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)-2/15*e^2*(-2*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*x/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)-1/15*e^2*(8*a^2*e^4-21*a*c*d^2*e^2+73*c^2*d^4)*x/d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*c^(3/2)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(7/2)+1/2*c^(3/2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \frac{e^{3/2} \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{ex}(-3acd^2e^2(15d^2+20dex^2+7e^2x^4)+a^2e^4(15d^2+20dex^2+8e^2x^4)+c^2d^4(90d^2+160dex^2+73e^2x^4))}{d^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a - cx^4)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)*(a - c*x^4)),x]`

output `(e^(3/2)*((-2*Sqrt[e]*x*(-3*a*c*d^2*e^2*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x^2 + 7*e^2*x^4) + a^2*e^4*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x^2 + 8*e^2*x^4) + c^2*d^4*(90*d^2 + 160*d*e*x^2 + 73*e^2*x^4)))/(d^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + 15*c^2*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (3*c*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + a*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 10*c*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 14*a*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 3*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 + a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) &])/(30*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 564, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1487, 209, 209, 208, 2257, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 1487

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex^2}{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{209} \\
& \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex^2}{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{x}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{209} \\
& \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex^2}{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{x}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
& \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex^2}{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x}{3d^2 \sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{x}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2257} \\
& \frac{c \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2})(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} - \frac{-\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{a})(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} \right) dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x}{3d^2 \sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{x}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{209}
\end{aligned}$$

$$c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}) \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/4}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^{5/2}} - \frac{ex(5\sqrt{cd}-2\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})}{6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2} + \frac{ex(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})}{6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}}} \right) \frac{1}{cd^2 - ae^2} + e^2 \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{x}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \frac{1}{cd^2 - ae^2}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)*(a - c*x^4)),x]`

output `-((e^2*(x/(5*d*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (4*(x/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/(5*d)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) + (c*((e*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*x)/(6*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (e*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*x)/(6*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (e*(5*Sqrt[c]*d - 2*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*x)/(6*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d^2*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (e*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(5*Sqrt[c]*d + 2*Sqrt[a]*e)*x)/(6*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d^2*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]*x)/(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/(2*a^(3/4)*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^(5/2)) + (Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]*x)/(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/(2*a^(3/4)*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^(5/2)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 209 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[p + 3/2, 0]`

rule 1487 $\text{Int}[(d_+ + (e_+)(x_+)^2)^{q_+}/(a_+ + (c_+)(x_+)^4), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e^2 / (c*d^2 + a*e^2) \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^q, x], x] + \text{Simp}[c/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{q+1}*(d - e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[q] \&\& \text{LtQ}[q, -1]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_+, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 2257 $\text{Int}[(P_x_+)((d_+ + (e_+)(x_+)^2)^{q_+})((a_+ + (c_+)(x_+)^4)^{p_+}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[P_x*(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, q\}, x] \&\& \text{PolyQ}[P_x, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})} a c^2 d^4 (e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (e^3 a^2+3 d^2 e a c+3 \sqrt{d^2 a c} a e^2+\sqrt{d^2 a c} c d^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d} a}{x \sqrt{(-a e+\sqrt{d^2 a c})} a}\right)+\sqrt{(-a e+\sqrt{d^2 a c})}}{\dots}$
default	Expression too large to display

input $\text{int}(1/(e*x^2+d)^{(7/2)}/(-c*x^4+a), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output
$$\frac{1/2/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^{(1/2)})*a)^{(1/2)}/(e*x^2+d)^{(5/2)}/(d^2*a*c)^{(1/2)}*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^{(1/2)})*a)^{(1/2)}*c^2*d^4*(e*x^2+d)^{(5/2)}*(e^3*a^2+3*d^2*e*a*c+3*(d^2*a*c)^{(1/2)}*a*e^2+(d^2*a*c)^{(1/2)}*c*d^2)*\arctan((e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^{(1/2)})*a)^{(1/2)})+((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^{(1/2)})*a)^{(1/2)}*(c^2*d^4*(e*x^2+d)^{(5/2)}*(e^3*a^2+3*d^2*e*a*c-3*(d^2*a*c)^{(1/2)}*a*e^2-(d^2*a*c)^{(1/2)}*c*d^2)*\arctanh((e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^{(1/2)})*a)^{(1/2)})+2*(6*c^2*d^6+32/3*c^2*d^5*e*x^2-3*c*(-73/45*c*x^4+a)*e^2*d^4-4*a*c*d^3*e^3*x^2+a*e^4*(-7/5*c*x^4+a)*d^2+4/3*a^2*d*e^5*x^2+8/15*a^2*e^6*x^4)*x*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^{(1/2)})*a)^{(1/2)}*(d^2*a*c)^{(1/2)}*e^2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^{(1/2)})*a)^{(1/2)}/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/d^3}$$

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = -\int \frac{1}{-ad^3\sqrt{d + ex^2} - 3ad^2ex^2\sqrt{d + ex^2} - 3ade^2x^4\sqrt{d + ex^2} - ae^3x^6\sqrt{d + ex^2} + cd^3x^4\sqrt{d + ex^2} + 3cd^2ex^2\sqrt{d + ex^2} + cde^2x^4\sqrt{d + ex^2} + ce^3x^6\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(7/2)/(-c*x**4+a),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(-a*d**3*sqrt(d + e*x**2) - 3*a*d**2*e*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x**2) - 3*a*d*e**2*x**4*sqrt(d + e*x**2) - a*e**3*x**6*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + c*d**3*x**4*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + 3*c*d**2*e*x**6*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + 3*c*d*e**2*x**8*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + c*e**3*x**10*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(cx^4 - a)(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((c*x^4 - a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4) (ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a - cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^3 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 e x^2 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e^2 x^4 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^3 x^6 - \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 c x^8 - \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a c^2 x^{10}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a),x)`

output `int(1/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**3 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**3*x**6 - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**3*x**8 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*e*x**6 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d*e**2*x**8 - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*e**3*x**10),x)`

3.349 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2824
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2825
Rubi [F]	2826
Maple [A] (verified)	2827
Fricas [F(-1)]	2828
Sympy [F]	2828
Maxima [F]	2828
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2829
Mupad [F(-1)]	2829
Reduce [F]	2830

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 327

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{3e^2(2cd^2+ae^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4ac^2} + \frac{de^3x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{ac} + \frac{e^4x^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4ac} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{4a(a-cx^4)} + \frac{3(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{7/2}(\sqrt{cd}+2\sqrt{ae})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}c^{5/2}} + \frac{9de^{7/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2c^2} + \frac{3(\sqrt{cd}-2\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{7/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}c^{5/2}}$$

output

```

3/4*e^2*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/c^2+d*e^3*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/
a/c+1/4*e^4*x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/c+1/4*x*(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)+3/8
*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(7/2)*(c^(1/2)*d+2*a^(1/2)*e)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(
1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(7/4)/c^(5/2)+9/2*d*e^(7/2)*arc
tanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^2+3/8*(c^(1/2)*d-2*a^(1/2)*e)*(c^(1/2)*d
+a^(1/2)*e)^(7/2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(
1/2))/a^(7/4)/c^(5/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1004, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```

((c*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(3*a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^3*(d + 4*e*x^2) + 2*a*c*e^2*(3*d^
2 + 2*d*e*x^2 - e^2*x^4)))/(a*(a - c*x^4)) - 18*c*d*e^(7/2)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*
x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] + 4*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^
2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (45*c^2*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 -
2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 81*a*c*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqr
t[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 8*a^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqr
t[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 10*c^2*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x
^2] - #1]*#1 + 18*a*c*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]
- #1]*#1 + 5*c^2*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#
1^2 + a*c*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c
*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] - (e^(3/2)*RootS
um[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4
& , (3*c^3*d^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 168*
a*c^2*d^4*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 321*a^
2*c*d^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 32*a^3*e
^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 52*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*
Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 36*a^2*c*d*e^4*Lo
g[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 3*c^3*d^4*Log[d +
2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 + 8*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*Log[d +
2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 + a^2*c*e^4*Log[d + 2*...

```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 426, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{3 \left(\sqrt{ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac}} \right) a d (-c x^4 + a) \left(-\frac{7}{2} a^2 e^4 - a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{1}{2} c^2 d^4 \right) \sqrt{d^2 ac + a e} (a^2 e^4 + 4 a c d^2 e^2 - c^2 d^4)}{\dots} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{x \sqrt{-a e + \sqrt{d^2 ac}}} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{3}{4} \frac{(d^2 a c)^{1/2}}{(a e + (d^2 a c)^{1/2}) a^{1/2} ((-a e + (d^2 a c)^{1/2}) a^{1/2})} \frac{((a e + (d^2 a c)^{1/2}) a^{1/2})^2 d (-c x^4 + a) \left(-\frac{7}{2} a^2 e^4 - a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{1}{2} c^2 d^4 \right) \sqrt{d^2 a c + a e} (a^2 e^4 + 4 a c d^2 e^2 - c^2 d^4)}{\dots} \arctan \left(\frac{(e x^2 + d)^{1/2}}{x a^{1/2} ((-a e + (d^2 a c)^{1/2}) a^{1/2})} \right) + \left(\frac{7}{2} a^2 e^4 + a c d^2 e^2 - \frac{1}{2} c^2 d^4 \right) \frac{(d^2 a c)^{1/2} + a e \sqrt{a^2 e^4 + 4 a c d^2 e^2 - c^2 d^4}}{\dots} \arctan \left(\frac{(e x^2 + d)^{1/2}}{x a^{1/2} ((a e + (d^2 a c)^{1/2}) a^{1/2})} \right) - \frac{(a e + (d^2 a c)^{1/2}) a^{1/2} (6 a d e^{7/2} (-c x^4 + a) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{(e x^2 + d)^{1/2}}{x e^{1/2}} \right) + x (e x^2 + d)^{1/2} (a^2 e^4 + 2 (-1/3 e x^2 + d) (e x^2 + d) c e^{2 a + 1/3 c^2 d^3 (4 e x^2 + d))} (d^2 a c)^{1/2} ((-a e + (d^2 a c)^{1/2}) a^{1/2}))}{a (-c x^4 + a) c^2}$$

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(-a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(9/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**(9/2)/(-a + c*x**4)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(cx^4 - a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)/(c*x^4 - a)^2, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 436, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}e^4x}{2c^2} - \frac{9de^{7/2} \log\left(\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^2\right)}{4c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^6 c^2 d^4 e^{3/2} + 8(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^6 acd^2 e^{7/2} + (\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^6 a^2 e^{11/2} - 6(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^6 acd^2 e^{7/2}}{\left(\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^8 c - 4(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^6 acd^2 e^{7/2} + (\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^6 a^2 e^{11/2} - 6(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^6 acd^2 e^{7/2}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*e^4*x/c^2 - 9/4*d*e^(7/2)*log((sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2)/c^2 + (3*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*c^2*d^4*e^(3/2) + 8*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*a*c*d^2*e^(7/2) + (sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*a^2*e^(11/2) - 6*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*c^2*d^5*e^(3/2) + 10*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a*c*d^3*e^(7/2) + 16*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a^2*d*e^(11/2) + 5*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2*c^2*d^6*e^(3/2) - (sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2*a^2*d^2*e^(11/2) - 2*c^2*d^7*e^(3/2) - 2*a*c*d^5*e^(7/2))/(((sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^8*c - 4*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*c*d + 6*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*c*d^2 - 16*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a*e^2 - 4*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2*c*d^3 + c*d^4)*a*c^2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2,x)`

output

```
int((d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d^4$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^8}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) e^4 + 4 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^6}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d e^3$$

$$+ 6 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^4}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d^2 e^2 + 4 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^2}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d^3 e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output

```
int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d**4 + int((sqrt(d +
e*x**2)*x**8)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*e**4 + 4*int((sqrt(d +
e*x**2)*x**6)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d*e**3 + 6*int((sqrt(d +
e*x**2)*x**4)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d**2*e**2 + 4*int((sqrt(
d + e*x**2)*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d**3*e
```

3.350 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2831
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2832
Rubi [F]	2833
Maple [A] (verified)	2833
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2834
Sympy [F]	2834
Maxima [F]	2835
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2835
Mupad [F(-1)]	2836
Reduce [F]	2836

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 285

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{3de^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4ac} + \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4ac} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{4a(a-cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}(3\sqrt{cd}+4\sqrt{ae})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}c^2} + \frac{e^{7/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(3\sqrt{cd}-4\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}c^2}$$

output

```
3/4*d*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/c+1/4*e^3*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/c+1/4*x*(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)+1/8*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)*(3*c^(1/2)*d+4*a^(1/2)*e)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(7/4)/c^2+e^(7/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^2+1/8*(3*c^(1/2)*d-4*a^(1/2)*e)*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(7/4)/c^2
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 828, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{2cx\sqrt{d+ex^2}(ae^2(3d+ex^2)+cd^2(d+3ex^2))}{a(a-cx^4)} - 8e^{7/2} \log(-\sqrt{e}x + \sqrt{d+ex^2}) + 16e^{7/2} \text{RootSum} \left[\dots \right]$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```
((2*c*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a*e^2*(3*d + e*x^2) + c*d^2*(d + 3*e*x^2)))/(a*(a - c*x^4)) - 8*e^(7/2)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] + 16*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (17*c*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 16*a*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 4*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 2*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] - (e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (5*c^2*d^5*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 263*a*c*d^3*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 256*a^2*d*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 2*c^2*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 70*a*c*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 16*a^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 5*c^2*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 + 7*a*c*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/a)/(8*c^2)
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$9 \frac{\sqrt{(ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac})} a \left(\frac{(-\frac{4}{3} a^2 e^4 - ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) \sqrt{d^2 ac}}{3} + ac d^2 e \left(a e^2 - \frac{5c d^2}{9} \right) \right) (-c x^4 + a) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d} a}{x \sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac})} a} \right)}{\dots}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-9/8/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))
)*a)^(1/2)*(((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(1/3*(-4/3*a^2*e^4-a*c*d^2*e^
2+c^2*d^4)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*c*d^2*e*(a*e^2-5/9*c*d^2))*(-c*x^4+a)*arctan(
(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+((1/3*(4/3*a^2*e^4+a
*c*d^2*e^2-c^2*d^4)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*c*d^2*e*(a*e^2-5/9*c*d^2))*(-c*x^4+a
)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))-8/9*(a*e^(7
/2)*(-c*x^4+a)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))+3/4*x*((d^2*e*x^2+1/3*d^
3)*c+e^2*(1/3*e*x^2+d)*a)*c*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/
2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))/a/(-c*x^4+a)/c^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3538 vs. 2(220) = 440.

Time = 69.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7084, normalized size of antiderivative = 24.86

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(-a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(7/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x**2)**(7/2)/(-a + c*x**4)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(cx^4 - a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4 - a)^2, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = -\frac{e^{7/2} \log\left(\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^2\right)}{2c^2} + \frac{5\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^6 c^2 d^3 e^{3/2} + 7\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^6 acde^{7/2} - 9\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^4 c^2 d^4 e^{3/2} + 21\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^4 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^{7/2} + 8\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^4 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^{11/2} + 7\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^2 c^2 d^5 e^{3/2} - 3\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^2 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^{7/2} - 3c^2 d^6 e^{3/2} - a^2 c^2 d^4 e^{7/2}}{2\left(\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^8 c - 4\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^6 cd + 6\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^4 a^2 e^2 - 4\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^2 c^2 d^3 + c^4\right) a^2 c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*e^(7/2)*log((sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2)/c^2 + 1/2*(5*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*c^2*d^3*e^(3/2) + 7*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*a*c*d*e^(7/2) - 9*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*c^2*d^4*e^(3/2) + 21*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a*c*d^2*e^(7/2) + 8*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^(11/2) + 7*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2*c^2*d^5*e^(3/2) - 3*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^(7/2) - 3*c^2*d^6*e^(3/2) - a*c^2*d^4*e^(7/2))/(((sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^8*c - 4*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*c*d + 6*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*c*d^2 - 16*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a*e^2 - 4*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2*c*d^3 + c^4)*a*c^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2,x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx &= \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d^3 \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^6}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) e^3 + 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^4}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d e^2 \\ &+ 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^2}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d^2 e \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x)`output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d**3 + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**6)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*e**3 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**4)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d*e**2 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d**2*e`

3.351
$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2837
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2838
Rubi [F]	2839
Maple [A] (verified)	2839
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2840
Sympy [F]	2841
Maxima [F]	2842
Giac [F(-1)]	2842
Mupad [F(-1)]	2842
Reduce [F]	2843

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 233

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{e^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4ac} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{4a(a-cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}(3\sqrt{cd}+2\sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}c^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(3\sqrt{cd}-2\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/4*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/c+1/4*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)+1/8*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*(3*c^(1/2)*d+2*a^(1/2)*e)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(7/4)/c^(3/2)+1/8*(3*c^(1/2)*d-2*a^(1/2)*e)*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(7/4)/c^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 711, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(-cd^2x - ae^2x - 2cdex^3)}{4ac(-a + cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{7/2} \text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 - 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4 \&, \frac{49cd^2 \log(d + 2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2} - \#1)}{2c^2}\right]}{e^{3/2} \text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 - 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4 \&, \frac{2c^2d^4 \log(d + 2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2} - \#1)}{2c^2}\right]}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2,x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-(c*d^2*x) - a*e^2*x - 2*c*d*e*x^3))/(4*a*c*(-a + c*x^4)
) + (e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4
*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (49*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e
*x^2] - #1] + 16*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]
+ 10*c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*Log[d
+ 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 +
8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/(2*c^2) - (e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 -
4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (2*c^2
*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 97*a*c*d^2*e^2*
Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 32*a^2*e^4*Log[d + 2
*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 2*c^2*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2
*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 20*a*c*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqr
t[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 2*c^2*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*
Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 + a*c*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d
+ e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^
3) & ])/(4*a*c^2)
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-d\sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})}a(-cx^4+a)\left(\frac{(-ae^2+3cd^2)\sqrt{d^2ac}}{2}+ae(ae^2-2cd^2)\right)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+da}}{x\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})}a}\right)+\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})}}{4\sqrt{d^2ac}\sqrt{(-ae$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/4/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*(-d*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)*(1/2*(-
a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*e*(a*e^2-2*c*d^2))*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(-
d*(1/2*(a*e^2-3*c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*e*(a*e^2-2*c*d^2))*(-c*x^4+a)*arc
tanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+x*(a*e^2+c*d*(2*
e*x^2+d))*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))
)/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/a/c/(-c
*x^4+a)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1935 vs. $2(174) = 348$.

Time = 10.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1935, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.30

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/32*((a*c^2*x^4 - a^2*c)*sqrt((15*c^2*d^4*e - 15*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 4*a^2*e^5 +
a^3*c^3*sqrt((81*c^2*d^10 - 90*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c^3))))
/(a^3*c^3))*log(-(81*c^3*d^10 - 162*a*c^2*d^8*e^2 + 101*a^2*c*d^6*e^4 - 20
*a^3*d^4*e^6 + (9*a^3*c^4*d^5 - 13*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 4*a^5*c^2*d*e^4)*x^2*
sqrt((81*c^2*d^10 - 90*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) + 2*(81*c^
3*d^9*e - 162*a*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 101*a^2*c*d^5*e^5 - 20*a^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 + 2*
sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*((3*a^5*c^4*d^2 - 2*a^6*c^3*e^2)*x*sqrt((81*c^2*d^10 - 90*
a*c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) - (9*a^2*c^3*d^6*e - 5*a^3*c^2*d^
4*e^3)*x)*sqrt((15*c^2*d^4*e - 15*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 4*a^2*e^5 + a^3*c^3*sqrt((
81*c^2*d^10 - 90*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c^3))))/(a^3*c^3))/x^2
) - (a*c^2*x^4 - a^2*c)*sqrt((15*c^2*d^4*e - 15*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 4*a^2*e^5 +
a^3*c^3*sqrt((81*c^2*d^10 - 90*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c^3))))/(
a^3*c^3))*log(-(81*c^3*d^10 - 162*a*c^2*d^8*e^2 + 101*a^2*c*d^6*e^4 - 20*a
^3*d^4*e^6 + (9*a^3*c^4*d^5 - 13*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 4*a^5*c^2*d*e^4)*x^2*sq
rt((81*c^2*d^10 - 90*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) + 2*(81*c^3*
d^9*e - 162*a*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 101*a^2*c*d^5*e^5 - 20*a^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 - 2*sq
rt(e*x^2 + d)*((3*a^5*c^4*d^2 - 2*a^6*c^3*e^2)*x*sqrt((81*c^2*d^10 - 90*a*
c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) - (9*a^2*c^3*d^6*e - 5*a^3*c^2*d^4*
e^3)*x)*sqrt((15*c^2*d^4*e - 15*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 4*a^2*e^5 + a^3*c^3*sqrt((81
*c^2*d^10 - 90*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c^3))))/(a^3*c^3))/x^...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(-a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x**2)**(5/2)/(-a + c*x**4)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(cx^4 - a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4 - a)^2, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d^2$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^4}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) e^2 + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^2}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) de$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d**2 + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**4)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*e**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d*e`

3.352 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2844
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2845
Rubi [F]	2845
Maple [A] (verified)	2846
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2847
Sympy [F(-1)]	2847
Maxima [F]	2848
Giac [F(-1)]	2848
Mupad [F(-1)]	2848
Reduce [F]	2849

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4a(a-cx^4)} + \frac{3d\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{3d\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}\sqrt{c}}$$

output `1/4*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)+3/8*d*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(7/4)/c^(1/2)+3/8*d*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(7/4)/c^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 516, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.93

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(-dx - ex^3)}{4a(a - cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{2e^{7/2}\text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 - 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4\&, \frac{8d\log(d+2ex^2-2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}-\#1)+}{cd^3-3cd^2\#1+8ae^2\#1^2}\right]}{c}$$

$$- \frac{e^{3/2}\text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 - 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4\&, \frac{3cd^3\log(d+2ex^2-2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}-\#1)}{cd^3-3cd^2\#1+8ae^2\#1^2}\right]}{c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-(d*x) - e*x^3))/(a*(a - c*x^4)) + (2*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (8*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1^2 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/c - (e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (3*c*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 128*a*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 6*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 16*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 3*c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1^2 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/(8*a*c)
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$d^2 \left(-\frac{x(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d^2(-c x^4+a)} + \frac{3(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d} a}{x\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac}) a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d^2ac}\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac}) a}} - \frac{3(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d} a}{x\sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac}) a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d^2ac}\sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac}) a}} \right)$	176
default	Expression too large to display	782

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*d^2/a*(-1/d^2/(-c*x^4+a)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/2*(-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))-3/2*(a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 641 vs. $2(129) = 258$.

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 641, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.64

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{3(acx^4 - a^2) \sqrt{\frac{a^3 c \sqrt{\frac{d^6}{a^7 c}} + d^2 e}{a^3 c}} \log \left(\frac{27 \left(a^3 c d^2 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{d^6}{a^7 c}} + 2 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^5 c x \sqrt{\frac{d^6}{a^7 c}} \sqrt{\frac{a^3 c \sqrt{\frac{d^6}{a^7 c}} + d^2 e}{a^3 c}} + 2 d^4 ex^2 + d \right)}{x^2} \right)}{x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/32*(3*(a*c*x^4 - a^2)*sqrt((a^3*c*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c)) + d^2*e)/(a^3*c))*log(27*(a^3*c*d^2*x^2*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c)) + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a^5*c*x*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c))*sqrt((a^3*c*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c)) + d^2*e)/(a^3*c)) + 2*d^4*e*x^2 + d^5)/x^2) - 3*(a*c*x^4 - a^2)*sqrt((a^3*c*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c)) + d^2*e)/(a^3*c))*log(27*(a^3*c*d^2*x^2*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c)) - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a^5*c*x*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c))*sqrt((a^3*c*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c)) + d^2*e)/(a^3*c)) + 2*d^4*e*x^2 + d^5)/x^2) + 3*(a*c*x^4 - a^2)*sqrt(-(a^3*c*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c)) - d^2*e)/(a^3*c))*log(-27*(a^3*c*d^2*x^2*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c)) + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a^5*c*x*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c))*sqrt(-(a^3*c*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c)) - d^2*e)/(a^3*c)) - 2*d^4*e*x^2 - d^5)/x^2) - 3*(a*c*x^4 - a^2)*sqrt(-(a^3*c*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c)) - d^2*e)/(a^3*c))*log(-27*(a^3*c*d^2*x^2*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c)) - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a^5*c*x*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c))*sqrt(-(a^3*c*sqrt(d^6/(a^7*c)) - d^2*e)/(a^3*c)) - 2*d^4*e*x^2 - d^5)/x^2) - 8*(e*x^3 + d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(a*c*x^4 - a^2)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(cx^4 - a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4 - a)^2, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^2}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*e`

3.353 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2850
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2851
Rubi [F]	2851
Maple [A] (verified)	2852
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2853
Sympy [F(-1)]	2854
Maxima [F]	2854
Giac [F(-1)]	2854
Mupad [F(-1)]	2855
Reduce [F]	2855

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 208

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4a(a-cx^4)} + \frac{(3\sqrt{cd}-2\sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} + \frac{(3\sqrt{cd}+2\sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}$$

output

```
1/4*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)+1/8*(3*c^(1/2)*d-2*a^(1/2)*e)*arctan((c
^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(7/4)/c^(1/2)/(c^(1
/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)+1/8*(3*c^(1/2)*d+2*a^(1/2)*e)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a
^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(7/4)/c^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1
/2)*e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4a(a-cx^4)} + \frac{8e^{7/2}\text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 - 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4\&, \frac{\log(d+2ex^2-2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}-\#1)}{cd^3-3cd^2\#1+8ae^2\#1+3cd\#1^2}\right]}{c} + \frac{e^{3/2}\text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 - 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4\&, \frac{cd^2\log(d+2ex^2-2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}-\#1)}{\dots}\right]}{\dots}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a - c*x^4)^2,x]
```

```
output (x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(4*a*(a - c*x^4)) + (8*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/c - (e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 32*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 4*c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/(4*a*c)
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx \xrightarrow{1571} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a - c*x^4)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$d \left(-\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d} x}{d(-c x^4+a)} + \frac{(-2ae+3\sqrt{d^2ac}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d} a}{x\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac}) a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d^2ac}\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac}) a}} - \frac{(2ae+3\sqrt{d^2ac}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d} a}{x\sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac}) a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d^2ac}\sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac}) a}} \right)$	179
default	Expression too large to display	4714

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*d/a*(-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d*x/(-c*x^4+a)+1/2*(-2*a*e+3*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))/(
d^2*a*c)^(1/2)/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a
/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))-1/2*(2*a*e+3*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))/(d^2*a*c)
^(1/2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(
d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2399 vs. $2(153) = 306$.

Time = 4.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2399, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/32*((a*c*x^4 - a^2)*sqrt((3*c*d^2*e - 4*a*e^3 + (a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2)
)*sqrt((81*c^2*d^6 - 144*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 64*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^
8*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^9*c*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2))*log((81*c^2*d^6 -
108*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 32*a^2*d^2*e^4 + (9*a^3*c^3*d^5 - 13*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 4
*a^5*c*d*e^4)*x^2*sqrt((81*c^2*d^6 - 144*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 64*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^
7*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^9*c*e^4)) + 2*(81*c^2*d^5*e - 108*a*c*d^
3*e^3 + 32*a^2*d*e^5)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))*((3*a^5*c^3*d^4 - 5*a^6*c^2*
d^2*e^2 + 2*a^7*c*e^4)*x*sqrt((81*c^2*d^6 - 144*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 64*a^2*d^2*e
^4)/(a^7*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^9*c*e^4)) + (9*a^2*c^2*d^4*e - 8*
a^3*c*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt((3*c*d^2*e - 4*a*e^3 + (a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2)*sq
rt((81*c^2*d^6 - 144*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 64*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^8*c^
2*d^2*e^2 + a^9*c*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2)))/x^2) - (a*c*x^4 - a^2
)*sqrt((3*c*d^2*e - 4*a*e^3 + (a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2)*sqrt((81*c^2*d^6 -
144*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 64*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^9*
c*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2))*log((81*c^2*d^6 - 108*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 32
*a^2*d^2*e^4 + (9*a^3*c^3*d^5 - 13*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 4*a^5*c*d*e^4)*x^2*sq
rt((81*c^2*d^6 - 144*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 64*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^8*c^
2*d^2*e^2 + a^9*c*e^4)) + 2*(81*c^2*d^5*e - 108*a*c*d^3*e^3 + 32*a^2*d*e^5
)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))*((3*a^5*c^3*d^4 - 5*a^6*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*a^7*c*e^
4)*x*sqrt((81*c^2*d^6 - 144*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 64*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3*d^4 ...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{(cx^4 - a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c*x^4 - a)^2, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2,x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a - c*x^4)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x)`output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)`

3.354 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2856
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2857
Rubi [F]	2857
Maple [A] (verified)	2858
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2858
Sympy [F(-1)]	2859
Maxima [F]	2859
Giac [F(-1)]	2860
Mupad [F(-1)]	2860
Reduce [F]	2860

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 221

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{cx(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)(a-cx^4)} + \frac{(3\sqrt{cd}-4\sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}} + \frac{(3\sqrt{cd}+4\sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/4*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^4+a)+1/8*(3*c^(1/2)*d-4*a^(1/2)*e)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(7/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)+1/8*(3*c^(1/2)*d+4*a^(1/2)*e)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(7/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2cx(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2} + e^{3/2}(a-cx^4)\text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 - 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4\right]}{(a-cx^4)^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^2), x]`

output `(-2*c*x*(d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + e^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (c*d^3 *Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 10*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 16*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) &])/(8*a*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)*(a - c*x^4))`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^2 \sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1571$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^2 \sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1571 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(-cx^4+a)((4ae^2-3cd^2)\sqrt{d^2ac+d^2eac})\sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+da}}{x\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})a}}\right)}{2} + \left(\frac{((-4ae^2+3cd^2)\sqrt{d^2ac+d^2eac})(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})}{4\sqrt{d^2ac}\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})a}\sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})a}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*(1/2*(-c*x^4+a)*((4*a*e^2-3*c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+d^2*e*a*c)*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+1/2*((-4*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+d^2*e*a*c)*(-c*x^4+a)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+x*(-e*x^2+d)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*c*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/a/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(-c*x^4+a)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4804 vs. 2(171) = 342.

Time = 25.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4804, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.74

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4-a)^2\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^4 - a)^2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^2 \sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}a^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2+d}acx^4 + \sqrt{ex^2+d}c^2x^8} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2 - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*x**4 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*x**8),x)`

3.355 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2861
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2862
Rubi [F]	2862
Maple [A] (verified)	2863
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2864
Sympy [F(-1)]	2864
Maxima [F]	2865
Giac [F(-1)]	2865
Mupad [F(-1)]	2865
Reduce [F]	2866

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 280

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{e^2(cd^2+2ae^2)x}{2ad(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)} + \frac{3\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-2\sqrt{ae})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+2\sqrt{ae})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/2*e^2*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/a/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/4*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)+3/8*c^(1/2)*(c^(1/2)*d-2*a^(1/2)*e)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(7/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)+3/8*c^(1/2)*(c^(1/2)*d+2*a^(1/2)*e)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(7/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 708, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x(-4a^2e^4 - ace^2(d^2 + dex^2 - 4e^2x^4) + c^2d^2(-d^2 + dex^2 + 2e^2x^4)) + 2ade}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)^2),x]`

output

```
(x*(-4*a^2*e^4 - a*c*e^2*(d^2 + d*e*x^2 - 4*e^2*x^4) + c^2*d^2*(-d^2 + d*e*x^2 + 2*e^2*x^4)) + 2*a*d*e^(7/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (17*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 16*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 6*c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] + d*e^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (-31*a*c*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 32*a^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 6*c^2*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 12*a*c*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + a*c*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/(4*a*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-a + c*x^4))
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{(3ae^2 - cd^2)\sqrt{d^2ac}}{2} + e^3a^2 \right) (-cx^4+a) c \sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})a} \sqrt{ex^2+d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+da}}{x\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})a}}\right) + \frac{3\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})a}}{(-cx^4+a)(ae^2-c$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
3/4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(d^2*(1/2*(3*a*e^2-c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+e^3*a^2)*(-c*x^4+a)*c*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(d^2*(1/2*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+e^3*a^2)*(-c*x^4+a)*c*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+4/3*x*(a^2*e^4+1/4*c*e^2*(-4*e^2*x^4+d*e*x^2+d^2)*a+1/4*c^2*d^2*(e*x^2+d)*(-2*e*x^2+d))*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)))/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/a/d
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7859 vs. $2(222) = 444$.

Time = 171.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7859, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.07

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4 - a)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^4 - a)^2*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 d + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 e x^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a c d x^4 - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a c e x^6 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} c^2 d x^8 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} c^2 e x^{10}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(1/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e*x**2 - 2*sqrt(d +
e*x**2)*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*e*x**6 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**
2*d*x**8 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*e*x**10),x)
```

3.356 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2867
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2868
Rubi [F]	2869
Maple [A] (verified)	2869
Fricas [F(-1)]	2870
Sympy [F(-1)]	2870
Maxima [F]	2871
Giac [F(-1)]	2871
Mupad [F(-1)]	2871
Reduce [F]	2872

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 341

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{e^2(3cd^2 + 2ae^2)x}{6ad(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2(9c^2d^4 + 59acd^2e^2 - 8a^2e^4)x}{12ad^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{4a(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)} + \frac{c(3\sqrt{cd} - 8\sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^{7/2}} + \frac{c(3\sqrt{cd} + 8\sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/4}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^{7/2}}$$

output

```
1/6*e^2*(2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x/a/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+1/12*e^2*
(-8*a^2*e^4+59*a*c*d^2*e^2+9*c^2*d^4)*x/a/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x^2+d)^(
1/2)+1/4*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)+1/8*c*
(3*c^(1/2)*d-8*a^(1/2)*e)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*
x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(7/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(7/2)+1/8*c*(3*c^(1/2)*d+8*a^(
1/2)*e)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(
7/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 913, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{-48ce^{7/2} \text{RootSum} \left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 - 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4 \right]}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^4)^2),x]`

output

```
(-48*c*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (9*c*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 8*a*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 5*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] + ((2*x*(-3*c^3*d^4*(d - 3*e*x^2)*(d + e*x^2)^2 + 4*a^3*e^6*(3*d + 2*e*x^2) - 4*a^2*c*e^4*(15*d^3 + 14*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 2*e^3*x^6) + a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(-9*d^3 - 15*d^2*e*x^2 + 57*d*e^2*x^4 + 59*e^3*x^6)))/(d^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(-a + c*x^4)) + 3*c*e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (c^2*d^5*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 123*a*c*d^3*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 128*a^2*d*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 14*c^2*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 22*a*c*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 16*a^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c^2*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 5*a*c*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/a)/(24*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3)
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^2 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^2 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^4)^2), x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$21 \frac{\left((ex^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{8}{3} a^2 e^4 + 5ac d^2 e^2 - c^2 d^4 \right) \sqrt{d^2 ac}}{7} + ac d^2 e \left(a e^2 - \frac{c d^2}{21} \right) \right) \sqrt{(ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac}) a (-cx^4 + a)} c \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}}{x \sqrt{-a}} \right)}{\dots}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-21/8/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*((e*
x^2+d)^(3/2)*d^2*(1/7*(8/3*a^2*e^4+5*a*c*d^2*e^2-c^2*d^4)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+
a*c*d^2*e*(a*e^2-1/21*c*d^2))*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)*c
*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+((e*x^2+d)^(
3/2)*d^2*(1/7*(-8/3*a^2*e^4-5*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*c*d^2
*e*(a*e^2-1/21*c*d^2))*(-c*x^4+a)*c*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2
*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))-8/21*x*(e^6*(2/3*e*x^2+d)*a^3-5*(2/15*e^3*x^6+1/5*d
*e^2*x^4+14/15*d^2*e*x^2+d^3)*c*e^4*a^2-3/4*d^2*(-59/9*e^3*x^6-19/3*d*e^2*
x^4+5/3*d^2*e*x^2+d^3)*c^2*e^2*a-1/4*c^3*d^4*(-3*e*x^2+d)*(e*x^2+d)^2)*((a
*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(
1/2))/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/a/d^2
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4 - a)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^4 - a)^2*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 d e x^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 e^2 x^4 - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 c x^4 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 c^2 x^8 - 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 c^2 d x^8 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 c^2 d^2 x^8 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 c^2 d^2 e x^{10} - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^{12}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(1/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**4 - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d*e*x**6 - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**8 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**8 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d*e*x**10 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**12),x)
```

3.357
$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2873
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2874
Rubi [F]	2875
Maple [A] (verified)	2876
Fricas [F(-1)]	2877
Sympy [F(-1)]	2877
Maxima [F]	2877
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2878
Mupad [F(-1)]	2879
Reduce [F]	2879

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 420

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx = & \frac{de^2(17cd^2 - 21ae^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{32a^2c^2} \\ & + \frac{e^2(5cd^2 - 4ae^2)x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{16a^2c^2} + \frac{3de^2x(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{32a^2c} \\ & - \frac{e^2x(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{8a^2c} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}{8a(a-cx^4)^2} + \frac{x(7d-4ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{32a^2(a-cx^4)} \\ & + \frac{(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^{7/2} (21cd^2 + 46\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} + 32ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}c^3} \\ & - \frac{e^{11/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c^3} \\ & + \frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^{7/2} (21cd^2 - 46\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} + 32ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}c^3} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/32*d*e^2*(-21*a*e^2+17*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a^2/c^2+1/16*e^2*(-4*a*e
^2+5*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/a^2/c^2+3/32*d*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/a^2/c-1
/8*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/a^2/c+1/8*x*(e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^2+1/32*
x*(-4*e*x^2+7*d)*(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/a^2/(-c*x^4+a)+1/64*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)
^(7/2)*(21*c*d^2+46*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+32*a*e^2)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)
)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(11/4)/c^3-e^(11/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)
)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^3+1/64*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(7/2)*(21*c*d^2-46*a^(
1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+32*a*e^2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(
e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(11/4)/c^3

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 3.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2319, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.52

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(11/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x]
```

output

```
(-((c^3*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a^3*e^4*(29*d + 8*e*x^2) + c^3*d^4*x^4*(7*d + 2
4*e*x^2) - a^2*c*e^2*(26*d^3 + 4*d^2*e*x^2 + 49*d*e^2*x^4 + 12*e^3*x^6) -
a*c^2*d^2*(11*d^3 + 44*d^2*e*x^2 + 14*d*e^2*x^4 + 36*e^3*x^6)))/(a^2*(a -
c*x^4)^2)) + 32*c^2*e^(11/2)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] - 32*c^2*
e^(11/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d
*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (163*c*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2
] - #1] + 96*a*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] +
24*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 6*a*e^2
*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 3*c*d*Log[d + 2*
e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*
e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] + (4*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1
+ 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (5507*c^5*d^10*Lo
g[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 34770*a*c^4*d^8*e^2*Lo
g[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 166869*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4
*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 158576*a^3*c^2*d^4*
e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 224000*a^4*c*d^2
*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 57344*a^5*e^10*
Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 3666*c^5*d^9*Log[d +
2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 38556*a*c^4*d^7*e^2*Log[
d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 11362*a^2*c^3*d^5*...
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^(11/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 $\text{Int}[\text{((d_)} + \text{(e_)}*(x_)^2)^{\text{(q_)}*(\text{(a_)} + \text{(c_)}*(x_)^4)^{\text{(p_)}}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> U}$
 $\text{nintegrable}[\text{(d} + \text{e*x}^2)^{\text{q}}*(\text{a} + \text{c*x}^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 538, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{41\sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})}a \left(\frac{(-16a^3e^6 - \frac{29}{2}a^2cd^2e^4 + 13a^2d^4e^2 - \frac{21}{2}c^3d^6)\sqrt{d^2ac}}{41} + acd^2e(a^2e^4 - \frac{32}{41}acd^2e^2 + \frac{19}{41}c^2d^4) \right)}{32} (-cx^4+a)^2 \arctan$
default	Expression too large to display

input $\text{int}((\text{e*x}^2+\text{d})^{11/2}/(-\text{c*x}^4+\text{a})^3, \text{x}, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $\frac{41}{32}(\text{d}^2*\text{a}*c)^{1/2}/((\text{a}*e+(\text{d}^2*\text{a}*c)^{1/2})*\text{a})^{1/2}/((-a*e+(\text{d}^2*a*c)^{1/2})*a)^{1/2}*((\text{a}*e+(\text{d}^2*\text{a}*c)^{1/2})*\text{a})^{1/2}*(1/41*(-16*a^3*e^6-29/2*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+13*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-21/2*c^3*d^6)*(d^2*a*c)^{1/2}+a*c*d^2*e*(a^2*e^4-32/41*a*c*d^2*e^2+19/41*c^2*d^4))*(-c*x^4+a)^2*\arctan((e*x^2+d)^{1/2}/x*a/((-a*e+(\text{d}^2*a*c)^{1/2})*a)^{1/2})+((1/41*(16*a^3*e^6+29/2*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-13*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+21/2*c^3*d^6)*(d^2*a*c)^{1/2}+a*c*d^2*e*(a^2*e^4-32/41*a*c*d^2*e^2+19/41*c^2*d^4))*(-c*x^4+a)^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x^2+d)^{1/2}/x*a/((a*e+(\text{d}^2*a*c)^{1/2})*a)^{1/2})-32/41*((a*e+(\text{d}^2*a*c)^{1/2})*a)^{1/2}*(\text{d}^2*\text{a}*c)^{1/2}*(\text{a}^2*\text{e}^{11/2}*(-\text{c*x}^4+\text{a})^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((\text{e*x}^2+\text{d})^{1/2}/\text{x}/\text{e}^{1/2}))+29/32*x*(\text{e}^4*(8/29*\text{e*x}^2+\text{d})*\text{a}^3-26/29*(6/13*\text{e}^3*x^6+49/26*\text{d}*e^2*x^4+2/13*\text{d}^2*\text{e*x}^2+\text{d}^3)*c*\text{e}^2*\text{a}^2-11/29*(36/11*\text{e}^3*x^6+14/11*\text{d}*e^2*x^4+4*\text{d}^2*\text{e*x}^2+\text{d}^3)*\text{d}^2*c^2*\text{a}+7/29*x^4*\text{d}^4*c^3*(24/7*\text{e*x}^2+\text{d}))*c*(\text{e*x}^2+\text{d})^{1/2}))*((-a*e+(\text{d}^2*a*c)^{1/2})*a)^{1/2})/(-c*x^4+a)^2/c^3/a^2$

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(11/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{(cx^4 - a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)/(c*x^4 - a)^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1035 vs. $2(344) = 688$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1035, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/2*e^(11/2)*log((sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2)/c^3 + 1/8*(19*(sqrt(e)*x
- sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^14*c^4*d^5*e^(3/2) - 32*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^
14*a*c^3*d^3*e^(7/2) - 55*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^14*a^2*c^2*d*e^(11
/2) - 112*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^12*c^4*d^6*e^(3/2) + 198*(sqrt(e)*
x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^12*a*c^3*d^4*e^(7/2) - 66*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d
))^12*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^(11/2) - 64*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^12*a^3*c*e^(
15/2) + 287*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^10*c^4*d^7*e^(3/2) - 1040*(sqrt(
e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^10*a*c^3*d^5*e^(7/2) + 397*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2
+ d))^10*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^(11/2) + 784*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^10*a^3*
c*d*e^(15/2) - 420*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^8*c^4*d^8*e^(3/2) + 1782*
(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^8*a*c^3*d^6*e^(7/2) - 3054*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt
(e*x^2 + d))^8*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^(11/2) + 1728*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^8
*a^3*c*d^2*e^(15/2) + 768*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^8*a^4*e^(19/2) + 3
85*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*c^4*d^9*e^(3/2) - 1504*(sqrt(e)*x - sqr
t(e*x^2 + d))^6*a*c^3*d^7*e^(7/2) + 1571*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*a
^2*c^2*d^5*e^(11/2) - 16*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*a^3*c*d^3*e^(15/2
) - 224*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*c^4*d^10*e^(3/2) + 690*(sqrt(e)*x
- sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a*c^3*d^8*e^(7/2) - 342*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))
^4*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^(11/2) - 128*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a^3*c*d^4*e
(15/2) + 77*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2*c^4*d^11*e^(3/2) - 112*(sqr...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{11/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(11/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(11/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`output `int((e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.358 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2880
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2881
Rubi [F]	2882
Maple [A] (verified)	2882
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2883
Sympy [F(-1)]	2883
Maxima [F]	2884
Giac [F(-1)]	2884
Mupad [F(-1)]	2884
Reduce [F]	2885

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 356

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \frac{3e^2(2cd^2 - ae^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{16a^2c^2} + \frac{5de^2x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{32a^2c}$$

$$- \frac{e^2x(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{16a^2c} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{8a(a-cx^4)^2} + \frac{x(7d-2ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{32a^2(a-cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^{5/2} (7cd^2 + 10\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} + 4ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}c^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{3(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^{5/2} (7cd^2 - 10\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} + 4ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
3/16*e^2*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a^2/c^2+5/32*d*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/a^2/c-1/16*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/a^2/c+1/8*x*(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^2+1/32*x*(-2*e*x^2+7*d)*(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/a^2/(-c*x^4+a)+3/64*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)*(7*c*d^2+10*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+4*a*e^2)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(11/4)/c^(5/2)+3/64*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)*(7*c*d^2-10*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+4*a*e^2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(11/4)/c^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 2.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2220, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.24

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x]`

output

```
((-2*c^3*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(6*a^3*e^4 + c^3*d^3*x^4*(7*d + 19*e*x^2) - a^2
*c*e^2*(15*d^2 + d*e*x^2 + 10*e^2*x^4) - a*c^2*d*(11*d^3 + 35*d^2*e*x^2 +
9*d*e^2*x^4 + 15*e^3*x^6)))/(a^2*(a - c*x^4)^2) - 32*c^2*e^(11/2)*RootSum[
c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 &
, (161*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 32*a*e^
2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 18*c*d*Log[d + 2*e
*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e
]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#
1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] + (32*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2
- 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (1239*c^5*d^10*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 -
2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 4394*a*c^4*d^8*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 -
2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 32487*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2
- 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 4216*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2
- 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 28544*a^4*c*d^2*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2
- 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 2048*a^5*e^10*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*S
qrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 840*c^5*d^9*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x
*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 6324*a*c^4*d^7*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]
*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 2160*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqr
t[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 7360*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2
*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 512*a^4*c*d*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - ...
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 444, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$- \frac{3 \left(-d \left(-\frac{1}{2} a^2 e^4 + \frac{5}{4} a c d^2 e^2 - \frac{7}{4} c^2 d^4 \right) \sqrt{d^2 a c} + a e \left(a^2 e^4 - \frac{11}{4} a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{11}{4} c^2 d^4 \right) \right) \sqrt{(a e + \sqrt{d^2 a c}) a (-c x^4 + a)^2} \arctan \left(\frac{-}{x \sqrt{}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-3/16*(-d*((-1/2*a^2*e^4+5/4*a*c*d^2*e^2-7/4*c^2*d^4)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*e*(a^2*e^4-11/4*a*c*d^2*e^2+11/4*c^2*d^4))*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^2*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+(-d*((1/2*a^2*e^4-5/4*a*c*d^2*e^2+7/4*c^2*d^4)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*e*(a^2*e^4-11/4*a*c*d^2*e^2+11/4*c^2*d^4))*(-c*x^4+a)^2*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(a^3*e^4-5/2*(2/3*e^2*x^4+1/15*d*e*x^2+d^2)*c*e^2*a^2-11/6*(15/11*e^3*x^6+9/11*d*e^2*x^4+35/11*d^2*e*x^2+d^3)*d*c^2*a+7/6*x^4*d^3*(19/7*e*x^2+d)*c^3)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/a^2/c^2/(-c*x^4+a)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3392 vs. $2(286) = 572$.

Time = 143.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3392, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.53

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(9/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}}{(cx^4 - a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)/(c*x^4 - a)^3, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}}{(-cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.359
$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2886
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2887
Rubi [F]	2888
Maple [A] (verified)	2888
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2889
Sympy [F(-1)]	2890
Maxima [F]	2891
Giac [F(-1)]	2891
Mupad [F(-1)]	2891
Reduce [F]	2892

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 266

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \frac{7de^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{32a^2c} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{8a(a-cx^4)^2} + \frac{7dx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{32a^2(a-cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{7d(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}(3\sqrt{cd}+2\sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}c^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{7d(3\sqrt{cd}-2\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
7/32*d*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a^2/c+1/8*x*(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^2+7/32*d*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/a^2/(-c*x^4+a)+7/64*d*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*(3*c^(1/2)*d+2*a^(1/2)*e)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(11/4)/c^(3/2)+7/64*d*(3*c^(1/2)*d-2*a^(1/2)*e)*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(11/4)/c^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 2.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1818, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.83

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x]`

output

```
(-((c^3*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-7*a^2*d*e^2 + 7*c^2*d^2*x^4*(d + 2*e*x^2) - a*c*(11*d^3 + 26*d^2*e*x^2 + 5*d*e^2*x^4 + 4*e^3*x^6)))/(a^2*(a - c*x^4)^2)) - 64*c^2*e^(11/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (16*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] + (8*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (2205*c^4*d^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 2525*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 43992*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 18304*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 20480*a^4*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 1526*c^4*d^7*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 7510*a*c^3*d^5*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 6784*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 5120*a^3*c*d*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 413*c^4*d^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 + 2013*a*c^3*d^4*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 1624*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 1280*a^3*c*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*...
```


Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{7\sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})}a d^2 \left(\frac{(-ae^2+3cd^2)\sqrt{d^2ac}}{2} + ae(ae^2-2cd^2) \right) (-cx^4+a)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}a}{x\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})}a} \right)}{32} + 7 \left(-d^2 \left(\frac{ae^2-3cd^2}{2} \right) \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

7/32/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*(-((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*d^2*(1/2*(-a*e^2+3*
c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*e*(a*e^2-2*c*d^2))*(-c*x^4+a)^2*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(
1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+(-d^2*(1/2*(a*e^2-3*c*d^2)*(d^
2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*e*(a*e^2-2*c*d^2))*(-c*x^4+a)^2*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a
/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2
+d)^(1/2)*(d*e^2*a^2+11/7*(4/11*e^3*x^6+5/11*d*e^2*x^4+26/11*d^2*e*x^2+d^3
)*c*a-c^2*d^2*x^4*(2*e*x^2+d))*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)
^(1/2))/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/a
^2/c/(-c*x^4+a)^2

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2082 vs. 2(204) = 408.

Time = 28.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2082, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.83

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/256*(7*(a^2*c^3*x^8 - 2*a^3*c^2*x^4 + a^4*c)*sqrt((15*c^2*d^6*e - 15*a*c
*d^4*e^3 + 4*a^2*d^2*e^5 + a^5*c^3*sqrt((81*c^2*d^14 - 90*a*c*d^12*e^2 + 2
5*a^2*d^10*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)))/(a^5*c^3))*log(-343*(81*c^3*d^13 - 162*a*c^2*
d^11*e^2 + 101*a^2*c*d^9*e^4 - 20*a^3*d^7*e^6 + (9*a^5*c^4*d^6 - 13*a^6*c^
3*d^4*e^2 + 4*a^7*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2*sqrt((81*c^2*d^14 - 90*a*c*d^12*e^2 + 2
5*a^2*d^10*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)) + 2*(81*c^3*d^12*e - 162*a*c^2*d^10*e^3 + 101*
a^2*c*d^8*e^5 - 20*a^3*d^6*e^7)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*((3*a^8*c^4*d^2 -
2*a^9*c^3*e^2)*x*sqrt((81*c^2*d^14 - 90*a*c*d^12*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^10*e^4)/(a
^11*c^3)) - (9*a^3*c^3*d^8*e - 5*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^3)*x)*sqrt((15*c^2*d^6*e -
15*a*c*d^4*e^3 + 4*a^2*d^2*e^5 + a^5*c^3*sqrt((81*c^2*d^14 - 90*a*c*d^12*e
^2 + 25*a^2*d^10*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)))/(a^5*c^3)))/x^2) - 7*(a^2*c^3*x^8 - 2*a
^3*c^2*x^4 + a^4*c)*sqrt((15*c^2*d^6*e - 15*a*c*d^4*e^3 + 4*a^2*d^2*e^5 +
a^5*c^3*sqrt((81*c^2*d^14 - 90*a*c*d^12*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^10*e^4)/(a^11*c^3))
)/(a^5*c^3))*log(-343*(81*c^3*d^13 - 162*a*c^2*d^11*e^2 + 101*a^2*c*d^9*e^
4 - 20*a^3*d^7*e^6 + (9*a^5*c^4*d^6 - 13*a^6*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 4*a^7*c^2*d^2*e
^4)*x^2*sqrt((81*c^2*d^14 - 90*a*c*d^12*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^10*e^4)/(a^11*c^3))
+ 2*(81*c^3*d^12*e - 162*a*c^2*d^10*e^3 + 101*a^2*c*d^8*e^5 - 20*a^3*d^6*
e^7)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*((3*a^8*c^4*d^2 - 2*a^9*c^3*e^2)*x*sqrt((81*c
^2*d^14 - 90*a*c*d^12*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^10*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)) - (9*a^3*c^3*d^8*
e - 5*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^3)*x)*sqrt((15*c^2*d^6*e - 15*a*c*d^4*e^3 + 4*a^2*d...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(7/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(cx^4 - a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4 - a)^3, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(-cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.360 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2893
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2894
Rubi [F]	2895
Maple [A] (verified)	2895
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2896
Sympy [F(-1)]	2897
Maxima [F]	2898
Giac [F(-1)]	2898
Mupad [F(-1)]	2898
Reduce [F]	2899

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 292

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \frac{e^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{16a^2c} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{8a(a-cx^4)^2} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(7d+2ex^2)}{32a^2(a-cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}(21cd^2-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-4ae^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}c^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}(21cd^2+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-4ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/16*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a^2/c+1/8*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^2+1/32
*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(2*e*x^2+7*d)/a^2/(-c*x^4+a)+1/64*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)
^(1/2)*(21*c*d^2-2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e-4*a*e^2)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*
e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(11/4)/c^(3/2)+1/64*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/
2)*e)^(1/2)*(21*c*d^2+2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e-4*a*e^2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(
1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(11/4)/c^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 2.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1766, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.05

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x]`

output

```
((-2*c^3*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-2*a^2*e^2 + c^2*d*x^4*(7*d + 9*e*x^2) - a*c*(11*d^2 + 17*d*e*x^2 + 2*e^2*x^4)))/(a^2*(a - c*x^4)^2) - 512*c^2*e^(11/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] + (16*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (1934*c^4*d^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 1709*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 24784*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 20224*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 4096*a^4*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 1370*c^4*d^7*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 3724*a*c^3*d^5*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 5504*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 1024*a^3*c*d*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 366*c^4*d^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 + 1011*a*c^3*d^4*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 1360*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 256*a^3*c*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/(a*c*d^6 - a^2*d^...
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-d\sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})}a\left(\left(-\frac{ae^2}{2}+\frac{21cd^2}{4}\right)\sqrt{d^2ac}+ae\left(ae^2-\frac{23cd^2}{4}\right)\right)(-cx^4+a)^2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+da}}{x\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})}a}\right)+\left(-\left(\frac{ae^2}{2}-\frac{21cd^2}{4}\right)\sqrt{d^2ac}+ae\left(ae^2-\frac{23cd^2}{4}\right)\right)(-cx^4+a)^2$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/16*(-d*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*((-1/2*a*e^2+21/4*c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*e*(a*e^2-23/4*c*d^2))*(-c*x^4+a)^2*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+((-1/2*a*e^2-21/4*c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*e*(a*e^2-23/4*c*d^2))*d*(-c*x^4+a)^2*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+a^2*e^2+11/2*(2/11*e^2*x^4+17/11*d*e*x^2+d^2)*c*a-7/2*x^4*d*(9/7*e*x^2+d)*c^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/a^2/c/(-c*x^4+a)^2

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2034 vs. 2(230) = 460.

Time = 21.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2034, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.97

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/256*((a^2*c^3*x^8 - 2*a^3*c^2*x^4 + a^4*c)*sqrt((a^5*c^3*sqrt((194481*c^
2*d^10 - 70560*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 6400*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)) + 525*c^2*d^4*e
- 180*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 16*a^2*e^5)/(a^5*c^3))*log(-(194481*c^3*d^10 - 111132
*a*c^2*d^8*e^2 + 20816*a^2*c*d^6*e^4 - 1280*a^3*d^4*e^6 + (441*a^5*c^4*d^5
- 172*a^6*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 16*a^7*c^2*d*e^4)*x^2*sqrt((194481*c^2*d^10 - 705
60*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 6400*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)) + 2*(194481*c^3*d^9*e - 111
132*a*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 20816*a^2*c*d^5*e^5 - 1280*a^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(e
*x^2 + d))*((21*a^8*c^4*d^2 - 4*a^9*c^3*e^2)*x*sqrt((194481*c^2*d^10 - 7056
0*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 6400*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)) - 2*(441*a^3*c^3*d^6*e - 80*
a^4*c^2*d^4*e^3)*x)*sqrt((a^5*c^3*sqrt((194481*c^2*d^10 - 70560*a*c*d^8*e^
2 + 6400*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)) + 525*c^2*d^4*e - 180*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 16*a
^2*e^5)/(a^5*c^3)))/x^2) - (a^2*c^3*x^8 - 2*a^3*c^2*x^4 + a^4*c)*sqrt((a^5
*c^3*sqrt((194481*c^2*d^10 - 70560*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 6400*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c
^3)) + 525*c^2*d^4*e - 180*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 16*a^2*e^5)/(a^5*c^3))*log(-(1944
81*c^3*d^10 - 111132*a*c^2*d^8*e^2 + 20816*a^2*c*d^6*e^4 - 1280*a^3*d^4*e^
6 + (441*a^5*c^4*d^5 - 172*a^6*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 16*a^7*c^2*d*e^4)*x^2*sqrt((1
94481*c^2*d^10 - 70560*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 6400*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)) + 2*(19
4481*c^3*d^9*e - 111132*a*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 20816*a^2*c*d^5*e^5 - 1280*a^3*d^3
*e^7)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))*((21*a^8*c^4*d^2 - 4*a^9*c^3*e^2)*x*sqrt((19
4481*c^2*d^10 - 70560*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 6400*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)) - 2*(...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(cx^4 - a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4 - a)^3, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(-cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.361 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2900
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2901
Rubi [F]	2902
Maple [A] (verified)	2902
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2903
Sympy [F(-1)]	2904
Maxima [F]	2905
Giac [F(-1)]	2905
Mupad [F(-1)]	2905
Reduce [F]	2906

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 249

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{8a(a-cx^4)^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(7d+4ex^2)}{32a^2(a-cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{3d(7\sqrt{cd}-6\sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}$$

$$+ \frac{3d(7\sqrt{cd}+6\sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}$$

output

```
1/8*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^2+1/32*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(4*e*x^2+7*d)/
a^2/(-c*x^4+a)+3/64*d*(7*c^(1/2)*d-6*a^(1/2)*e)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*
e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(11/4)/c^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)
^(1/2)+3/64*d*(7*c^(1/2)*d+6*a^(1/2)*e)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)
)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(11/4)/c^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1315, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.28

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x]`

output

```
((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(11*a*d + 8*a*e*x^2 - 7*c*d*x^4 - 4*c*e*x^6))/(a - c*x^4)^2 + (4*a*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (3329*c^3*d^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 8432*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 19712*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 24576*a^3*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 2422*c^3*d^5*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 2288*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 6144*a^2*c*d*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 641*c^3*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 + 656*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 1536*a^2*c*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/(c^4*d^5 - a*c^3*d^3*e^2) + (e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (9*c^4*d^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 13307*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 33728*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 78848*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 98304*a^4*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 24*c^4*d^7*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt...
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{9d^2 \left(ae - \frac{7\sqrt{d^2 ac}}{6} \right) \sqrt{(ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac})a} (-cx^4 + a)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + da}}{x\sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac})a}} \right)}{32} + \frac{9 \left(ae + \frac{7\sqrt{d^2 ac}}{6} \right) d^2 (-cx^4 + a)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + da}}{x\sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac})a}} \right)}{11} + \frac{a^2 (-cx^4 + a)^2 \sqrt{d^2 ac} \sqrt{(-ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac})a}}{11}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `11/32*(9/11*d^2*(a*e-7/6*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^2*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+ (9/11*(a*e+7/6*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*d^2*(-c*x^4+a)^2*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*((8/11*e*x^2+d)*a-7/11*x^4*c*(4/7*e*x^2+d))*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/a^2/(-c*x^4+a)^2`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2526 vs. $2(191) = 382$.

Time = 11.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2526, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.14

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/256*(3*(a^2*c^2*x^8 - 2*a^3*c*x^4 + a^4)*sqrt((35*c*d^4*e - 36*a*d^2*e^3
+ (a^5*c^2*d^2 - a^6*c*e^2)*sqrt((2401*c^2*d^10 - 4704*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 2304
*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^12*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^13*c*e^4)))/(a^5*c^2*
d^2 - a^6*c*e^2))*log(27*(2401*c^2*d^9 - 4116*a*c*d^7*e^2 + 1728*a^2*d^5*e
^4 + (49*a^5*c^3*d^6 - 85*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 36*a^7*c*d^2*e^4)*x^2*sqrt((24
01*c^2*d^10 - 4704*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 2304*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^12*
c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^13*c*e^4)) + 2*(2401*c^2*d^8*e - 4116*a*c*d^6*e^3 + 1728*a
^2*d^4*e^5)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*((7*a^8*c^3*d^4 - 13*a^9*c^2*d^2*e^2 +
6*a^10*c*e^4)*x*sqrt((2401*c^2*d^10 - 4704*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 2304*a^2*d^6*e^4
)/(a^11*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^12*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^13*c*e^4)) + (49*a^3*c^2*d^6*e -
48*a^4*c*d^4*e^3)*x)*sqrt((35*c*d^4*e - 36*a*d^2*e^3 + (a^5*c^2*d^2 - a^6*
c*e^2)*sqrt((2401*c^2*d^10 - 4704*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 2304*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^
3*d^4 - 2*a^12*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^13*c*e^4)))/(a^5*c^2*d^2 - a^6*c*e^2)))/x^2
) - 3*(a^2*c^2*x^8 - 2*a^3*c*x^4 + a^4)*sqrt((35*c*d^4*e - 36*a*d^2*e^3 +
(a^5*c^2*d^2 - a^6*c*e^2)*sqrt((2401*c^2*d^10 - 4704*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 2304*a^
2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^12*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^13*c*e^4)))/(a^5*c^2*d^2
- a^6*c*e^2))*log(27*(2401*c^2*d^9 - 4116*a*c*d^7*e^2 + 1728*a^2*d^5*e^4
+ (49*a^5*c^3*d^6 - 85*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 36*a^7*c*d^2*e^4)*x^2*sqrt((2401*
c^2*d^10 - 4704*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 2304*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^12*c^2
*d^2*e^2 + a^13*c*e^4)) + 2*(2401*c^2*d^8*e - 4116*a*c*d^6*e^3 + 1728*a...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(cx^4 - a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4 - a)^3, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(-cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.362 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2907
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2908
Rubi [F]	2909
Maple [A] (verified)	2909
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2910
Sympy [F(-1)]	2910
Maxima [F]	2911
Giac [F(-1)]	2911
Mupad [F(-1)]	2911
Reduce [F]	2912

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 292

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8a(a-cx^4)^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(7cd^2-6ae^2-cdex^2)}{32a^2(cd^2-ae^2)(a-cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{(21cd^2-34\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+12ae^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(21cd^2+34\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+12ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^2+1/32*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*d*e*x^2-6*
a*e^2+7*c*d^2)/a^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^4+a)+1/64*(21*c*d^2-34*a^(1/2)*c^(
1/2)*d*e+12*a*e^2)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(
1/2))/a^(11/4)/c^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)+1/64*(21*c*d^2+34*a^(1
/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+12*a*e^2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e
*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(11/4)/c^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1324, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a - c*x^4)^3,x]`

output

```
((2*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(10*a^2*e^2 + c^2*d*x^4*(7*d - e*x^2) + a*c*(-11*d^2
+ d*e*x^2 - 6*e^2*x^4)))/(a - c*x^4)^2 - (64*a*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*
c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (349*c^3
*d^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 1324*a*c^2*d^4*
e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 64*a^2*c*d^2*e^4
*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 1024*a^3*e^6*Log[d
+ 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 262*c^3*d^5*Log[d + 2*e*x^
2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 96*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^
2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 256*a^2*c*d*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2
- 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 69*c^3*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*S
qrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 20*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2
*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 64*a^2*c*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*S
qrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*
c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/(c^3*d^4) + (e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 +
6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (13*c^4*d^8*Log[d +
2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 22324*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*Log[d +
2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 84736*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*Log[d
+ 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 4096*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*Log[d
+ 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 65536*a^4*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*
x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 58*c^4*d^7*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - ...
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a - cx^4)^3} dx$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a - c*x^4)^3,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{3\left(\left(-\frac{11ae^2}{6} + \frac{7cd^2}{4}\right)\sqrt{d^2ac+ae}\left(ae^2 - \frac{13cd^2}{12}\right)\right)\sqrt{(ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})ad(-cx^4+a)^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+da}}{x\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})a}}\right) + \frac{5\sqrt{(-ae+\sqrt{d^2ac})a}}{a^2(e^2+...}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
5/16/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*(3/5*((-11/6*a*e^2+7/4*c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*e*(a*
e^2-13/12*c*d^2))*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*d*(-c*x^4+a)^2*arctan((e
*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)
)*a)^(1/2)*(3/5*((11/6*a*e^2-7/4*c*d^2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*e*(a*e^2-13/12*c
*d^2))*d*(-c*x^4+a)^2*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a
)^(1/2))+x*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a^2*e^2-11/10*
(6/11*e^2*x^4-1/11*d*e*x^2+d^2)*c*a+7/10*x^4*d*(-1/7*e*x^2+d)*c^2)*(d^2*a*
c)^(1/2)))/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2
)/a^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6046 vs. $2(233) = 466$.

Time = 117.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6046, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(cx^4-a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c*x^4 - a)^3, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a - c*x^4)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(-cx^4+a)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.363 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2913
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2914
Rubi [F]	2915
Maple [A] (verified)	2915
Fricas [F(-1)]	2916
Sympy [F(-1)]	2916
Maxima [F]	2917
Giac [F(-1)]	2917
Mupad [F(-1)]	2917
Reduce [F]	2918

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 319

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \frac{cx(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8a(cd^2-ae^2)(a-cx^4)^2} + \frac{cx\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d(7cd^2-13ae^2)-6e(cd^2-2ae^2)x^2)}{32a^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2(a-cx^4)} + \frac{(21cd^2-50\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+32ae^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}} + \frac{(21cd^2+50\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+32ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^4+a)^2+1/32*c*x*
(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(d*(-13*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)-6*e*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^2)/a^2/(-a*e
^2+c*d^2)^2/(-c*x^4+a)+1/64*(21*c*d^2-50*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+32*a*e^2)*arc
tan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(11/4)/(c^(1/
2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)+1/64*(21*c*d^2+50*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+32*a*e^2)*arct
anh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(11/4)/(c^(1/
2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1214, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.81

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^3),x]`

output

```
-1/32*((c^3*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a^2*e^2*(17*d - 16*e*x^2) + c^2*d^2*x^4*(7*d - 6*e*x^2) + a*c*(-11*d^3 + 10*d^2*e*x^2 - 13*d*e^2*x^4 + 12*e^3*x^6)))/
(a - c*x^4)^2 + (64*a*e^(7/2)*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (141*c^2*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 656*a*c*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 512*a^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 110*c^2*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 128*a*c*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 29*c^2*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 32*a*c*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/d^3 + (e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (4*c^4*d^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 9017*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 51008*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 74752*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 32768*a^4*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 34*c^4*d^7*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 7120*a*c^3*d^5*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 15296*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sq...
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^3),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$17 \frac{7 \left(\left(\frac{16}{7} a^2 e^4 - \frac{47}{14} a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{3}{2} c^2 d^4 \right) \sqrt{d^2 a c + a c d^2 e} \left(a e^2 - \frac{4 c d^2}{7} \right) \right) (-c x^4 + a)^2 \sqrt{(a e + \sqrt{d^2 a c}) a} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d a}}{x \sqrt{(-a e + \sqrt{d^2 a c}) a}} \right)}{17}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-17/32/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*(7/17*((16/7*a^2*e^4-47/14*a*c*d^2*e^2+3/2*c^2*d^4)
*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*c*d^2*e*(a*e^2-4/7*c*d^2))*(-c*x^4+a)^2*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)
^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)
)+((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(7/17*((-16/7*a^2*e^4+47/14*a*c*d^2*e
^2-3/2*c^2*d^4)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a*c*d^2*e*(a*e^2-4/7*c*d^2))*(-c*x^4+a)^2*
arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+x*(e*x^2+d)^(
1/2)*(e^2*(-16/17*e*x^2+d)*a^2-11/17*(-12/11*e^3*x^6+13/11*d*e^2*x^4-10/11
*d^2*e*x^2+d^3)*c*a+7/17*x^4*(-6/7*e*x^2+d)*d^2*c^2)*c*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*((a
*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))/((d^2*a*c)^(1/2)/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(
1/2)/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/a^2/(-c*x^4+a)^2
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(cx^4-a)^3\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((c*x^4 - a)^3*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^3\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^3*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^3*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce **[F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(-cx^4+a)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.364 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2919
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2920
Rubi [F]	2921
Maple [A] (verified)	2922
Fricas [F(-1)]	2923
Sympy [F(-1)]	2923
Maxima [F]	2923
Giac [F(-1)]	2924
Mupad [F(-1)]	2924
Reduce [F]	2924

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 396

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^3} dx = \frac{e^2(11c^2d^4 - 39acd^2e^2 - 32a^2e^4)x}{32a^2d(cd^2 - ae^2)^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{8a(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{cx(d(7cd^2 - 17ae^2) - 2e(2cd^2 - 7ae^2)x^2)}{32a^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{c}(7cd^2 - 22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de + 20ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{c}(7cd^2 + 22\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de + 20ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}x}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{64a^{11/4}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^{7/2}}$$

output

```

1/32*e^2*(-32*a^2*e^4-39*a*c*d^2*e^2+11*c^2*d^4)*x/a^2/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/
(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/8*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^
4+a)^2+1/32*c*x*(d*(-17*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)-2*e*(-7*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x^2)/a^2/(-a
*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)+3/64*c^(1/2)*(7*c*d^2-22*a^(1/2)*
c^(1/2)*d*e+20*a*e^2)*arctan((c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/(e*x^2+
d)^(1/2))/a^(11/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(7/2)+3/64*c^(1/2)*(7*c*d^2+22*a^
(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+20*a*e^2)*arctanh((c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/4)/
(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(11/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(7/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 2.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2037, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.14

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)^3),x]
```

output

```

((-2*x*(32*a^4*e^6 + 2*a^3*c*e^4*(9*d^2 + 9*d*e*x^2 - 32*e^2*x^4) + c^4*d^
4*x^4*(7*d^2 - 4*d*e*x^2 - 11*e^2*x^4) + a^2*c^2*e^2*(21*d^4 - 26*d^3*e*x^
2 - 61*d^2*e^2*x^4 - 14*d*e^3*x^6 + 32*e^4*x^8) + a*c^3*d^2*(-11*d^4 + 8*d
^3*e*x^2 - 2*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 18*d*e^3*x^6 + 39*e^4*x^8)))/(a^2*d*(c*d^2 - a*
e^2)^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^2) + (32*e^(11/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d
^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (17*c*d^2*L
og[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 16*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*
x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 6*c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e
]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e
*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) &
])/ (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3 - (16*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#
1^2 - 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (860*c^4*d^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2
- 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 6091*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2
- 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 13680*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^
2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 12544*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^
2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 4096*a^4*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*S
qrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 706*c^4*d^7*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x
*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 2364*a*c^3*d^5*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]
*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 2688*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqr
t[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 1024*a^3*c*d*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*...

```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

\downarrow 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)^3),x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 548, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{15d^2 \sqrt{(ae + \sqrt{d^2 ac})} a \left(\left(\frac{19}{10} a^2 e^4 - \frac{5}{4} ac d^2 e^2 + \frac{7}{20} c^2 d^4 \right) \sqrt{d^2 ac + a^3 e^5 + \frac{a^2 c d^2 e^3}{20} - \frac{c^2 d^4 e a}{20}} (-c x^4 + a)^2 c \sqrt{e x^2 + d} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{x \sqrt{-ae + d}} \right)}{16}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `15/16/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)*(d^2*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2) * ((19/10*a^2*e^4-5/4*a*c*d^2*e^2+7/20*c^2*d^4)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a^3*e^5+1/20*a^2*c*d^2*e^3-1/20*c^2*d^4*e*a)*(-c*x^4+a)^2*c*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(d^2*(-19/10*a^2*e^4+5/4*a*c*d^2*e^2-7/20*c^2*d^4)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2)+a^3*e^5+1/20*a^2*c*d^2*e^3-1/20*c^2*d^4*e*a)*(-c*x^4+a)^2*c*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x*a/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2))+16/15*x*(a^4*e^6+9/16*(-32/9*e^2*x^4+d*e*x^2+d^2)*c*e^4*a^3+21/32*(32/21*e^4*x^8-2/3*d*e^3*x^6-61/21*d^2*e^2*x^4-26/21*d^3*e*x^2+d^4)*c^2*e^2*a^2-11/32*(-39/11*e^3*x^6+21/11*d*e^2*x^4-19/11*d^2*e*x^2+d^3)*d^2*(e*x^2+d)*c^3*a+7/32*x^4*d^4*(e*x^2+d)*c^4*(-11/7*e*x^2+d))*((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)*(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))/((a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/((-a*e+(d^2*a*c)^(1/2))*a)^(1/2)/d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/a^2/(-c*x^4+a)^2`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(cx^4 - a)^3 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((c*x^4 - a)^3*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^3 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.365 $\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4) dx$

Optimal result	2925
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2925
Rubi [A] (verified)	2926
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2930
Mupad [F(-1)]	2931
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2931

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{3}{128}d \left(16a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) x\sqrt{d + ex^2} + \frac{1}{64} \left(16a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} - \frac{cdx(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{16e^2} + \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} + \frac{3d^2(cd^2 + 16ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{128e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
3/128*d*(16*a+c*d^2/e^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/64*(16*a+c*d^2/e^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)-1/16*c*d*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/e^2+1/8*c*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/e+3/128*d^2*(16*a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(-3cd^3x + 80ade^2x + 2cd^2ex^3 + 32ae^3x^3 + 24cde^2x^5 + 16ce^3x^7)}{128e^2} - \frac{3(cd^4 + 16ad^2e^2) \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d + ex^2})}{128e^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^4),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-3*c*d^3*x + 80*a*d*e^2*x + 2*c*d^2*e*x^3 + 32*a*e^3*x^3 + 24*c*d*e^2*x^5 + 16*c*e^3*x^7))/(128*e^2) - (3*(c*d^4 + 16*a*d^2*e^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(128*e^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {1474, 299, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + cx^4) (d + ex^2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1474 \\
 & \frac{\int (8ae - 3cdx^2) (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} dx}{8e} + \frac{cx^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(16ae^2 + cd^2) \int (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} dx}{2e} - \frac{cdx (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{2e}}{8e} + \frac{cx^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(16ae^2 + cd^2) \left(\frac{3}{4} d \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx + \frac{1}{4} x (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{2e} - \frac{cdx (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{2e}}{8e} + \frac{cx^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(16ae^2 + cd^2) \left(\frac{3}{4} d \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{2e} - \frac{cdx (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{2e}}{8e} + \frac{cx^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(16ae^2+cd^2) \left(\frac{3}{4}d \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{2e} + \frac{8e}{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(16ae^2+cd^2) \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{2e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{2e} + \frac{8e}{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^4), x]`

output `(c*x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/(8*e) + (-1/2*(c*d*x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/e + ((c*d^2 + 16*a*e^2)*((x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/2 + (d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/4))/(2*e))/(8*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x
*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2
*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]
```

rule 1474

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Si
mp[c^p*x^(4*p - 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(
e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(a + c
*x^4)^p - d*c^p*(4*p - 1)*x^(4*p - 2) - e*c^p*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*x^(4*p), x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]
&& !LtQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{5\left(\frac{3}{5}ad^2e^2 + \frac{3}{80}d^4c\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right) + \frac{5x\left(d\left(\frac{3cx^4}{10} + a\right)e^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2x^2\left(\frac{cx^4}{2} + a\right)e^{\frac{7}{2}} - 3d^2c\left(-\frac{2e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 + \sqrt{e}d\right)}{80}\right)}{8}}{e^{\frac{5}{2}}}}$
risch	$\frac{x(16e^3cx^6 + 24cd^2e^2x^4 + 32ae^3x^2 + 2cd^2ex^2 + 80de^2a - 3d^3c)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{128e^2} + \frac{3d^2(16ae^2 + cd^2) \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{128e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$a\left(\frac{x(ex^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2} + \frac{d \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2\sqrt{e}}\right)}{4}\right) + c\left(\frac{x^3(ex^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8e} - \frac{3d\left(\frac{x(ex^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{x(ex^2+d)}{4}\right)}{e}\right)}{e}\right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
5/8/e^(5/2)*((3/5*a*d^2*e^2+3/80*d^4*c)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))
+x*(d*(3/10*c*x^4+a)*e^(5/2)+2/5*x^2*(1/2*c*x^4+a)*e^(7/2)-3/80*d^2*c*(-2/
3*e^(3/2)*x^2+e^(1/2)*d))*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{3(cd^4 + 16ad^2e^2)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex} - d) + 2(16ce^4x^7 + 24cde^3x^5 + 2(cd^2e^2 + 16ae^4)x^3 - (3cd^3e - 80a^2d^2e^3)x)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{256e^3} - \frac{3(cd^4 + 16ad^2e^2)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}\right) - (16ce^4x^7 + 24cde^3x^5 + 2(cd^2e^2 + 16ae^4)x^3 - (3cd^3e - 80a^2d^2e^3)x)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{128e^3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/256*(3*(c*d^4 + 16*a*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*
sqrt(e)*x - d) + 2*(16*c*e^4*x^7 + 24*c*d*e^3*x^5 + 2*(c*d^2*e^2 + 16*a*e^
4)*x^3 - (3*c*d^3*e - 80*a*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/e^3, -1/128*(3*(c*d^
4 + 16*a*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) - (16*c*e^4*
x^7 + 24*c*d*e^3*x^5 + 2*(c*d^2*e^2 + 16*a*e^4)*x^3 - (3*c*d^3*e - 80*a*d*
e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/e^3]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4) dx = \begin{cases} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \cdot \left(\frac{3cdx^5}{16} + \frac{cex^7}{8} + \frac{x^3(ae^2 + \frac{cd^2}{16})}{4e} + \frac{x \left(2ade - \frac{3d(ae^2 + \frac{cd^2}{16})}{4e} \right)}{2e} \right) + \left(ad^2 - \frac{d \left(2ade - \frac{3d(ae^2 + \frac{cd^2}{16})}{4e} \right)}{2e} \right) \\ d^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(ax + \frac{cx^5}{5} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(c*x**4+a),x)`

output `Piecewise((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*(3*c*d*x**5/16 + c*e*x**7/8 + x**3*(a*e**2 + c*d**2/16))/(4*e) + x*(2*a*d*e - 3*d*(a*e**2 + c*d**2/16))/(4*e))/(2*e) + (a*d**2 - d*(2*a*d*e - 3*d*(a*e**2 + c*d**2/16))/(4*e))/(2*e)*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + 2*e*x)/sqrt(e), Ne(d, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(e*x**2), True)), Ne(e, 0)), (d**(3/2)*(a*x + c*x**5/5), True))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{128} \left(2 \left(4 (2 cex^2 + 3 cd)x^2 + \frac{cd^2e^5 + 16 ae^7}{e^6} \right) x^2 - \frac{3 cd^3e^4 - 80 ade^6}{e^6} \right) \sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \frac{3 (cd^4 + 16 ad^2e^2) \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{128 e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/128*(2*(4*(2*c*e*x^2 + 3*c*d)*x^2 + (c*d^2*e^5 + 16*a*e^7)/e^6)*x^2 - (3
*c*d^3*e^4 - 80*a*d*e^6)/e^6)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x - 3/128*(c*d^4 + 16*a*d^2*
e^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(5/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4) dx = \int (cx^4 + a) (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{80\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ade^3x + 32\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^4x^3 - 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^3ex + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^2x^3 + 24\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^2x^3 + 24\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^2x^3}{128e^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^4+a),x)
```

output

```
(80*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**3*x + 32*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**4*x**3 - 3*sqrt
(d + e*x**2)*c*d**3*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*e**2*x**3 + 24*sqrt(d
+ e*x**2)*c*d*e**3*x**5 + 16*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*e**4*x**7 + 48*sqrt(e)*log
((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2*e**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt
(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c*d**4)/(128*e**3)
```

3.366 $\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + cx^4) dx$

Optimal result	2932
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2932
Rubi [A] (verified)	2933
Maple [A] (verified)	2935
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2936
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2936
Maxima [F(-2)]	2937
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2937
Mupad [F(-1)]	2938
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2938

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{16} \left(8a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) x\sqrt{d + ex^2} - \frac{cdx(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{8e^2} + \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} + \frac{d(cd^2 + 8ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{16e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/16*(8*a+c*d^2/e^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/8*c*d*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/e^2+1/6*c*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/e+1/16*d*(8*a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + cx^4) dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}(-3cd^2 + 24ae^2 + 2cdex^2 + 8ce^2x^4)}{48e^2} - \frac{d(cd^2 + 8ae^2) \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d + ex^2})}{16e^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + c*x^4), x]
```

output

```
(x*sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-3*c*d^2 + 24*a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x^2 + 8*c*e^2*x^4))/(48*
e^2) - (d*(c*d^2 + 8*a*e^2)*Log[-(sqrt[e]*x) + sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(16*e^(5/
2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {1474, 27, 299, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + cx^4) \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1474 \\
 & \frac{\int 3(2ae - cdx^2) \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx}{6e} + \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int (2ae - cdx^2) \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx}{2e} + \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(8ae^2 + cd^2) \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx}{4e} - \frac{cdx(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{4e}}{2e} + \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{(8ae^2 + cd^2) \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{4e} - \frac{cdx(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} + \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{(8ae^2 + cd^2) \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2 + d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d + ex^2} \right)}{4e} - \frac{cdx(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} + \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(8ae^2+cd^2) \left(\frac{\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{4e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + c*x^4),x]`

output `(c*x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(6*e) + (-1/4*(c*d*x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/e + ((c*d^2 + 8*a*e^2)*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/2 + (d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/(4*e))/(2*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 1474

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*x^(4*p - 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(a + c*x^4)^p - d*c^p*(4*p - 1)*x^(4*p - 2) - e*c^p*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*x^(4*p), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !LtQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d\left(ae^2 + \frac{cd^2}{8}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right) + x\sqrt{ex^2+d} \left(\frac{cx^4+a}{3}\right)e^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{dc\left(-\frac{2e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 + \sqrt{e}d}{8}\right)}{8}}{2e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{x(8cx^4e^2 + 2dex^2c + 24ae^2 - 3cd^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{48e^2} + \frac{d(8ae^2 + cd^2) \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{16e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$a\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2} + \frac{d \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2\sqrt{e}}\right) + c\left(\frac{x^3(ex^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{x(ex^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2} + \frac{d \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2\sqrt{e}}\right)}{4e}\right)}{2e}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^4+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*(d*(a*e^2+1/8*c*d^2)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))+x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*((1/3*c*x^4+a)*e^(5/2)-1/8*d*c*(-2/3*e^(3/2)*x^2+e^(1/2)*d))/e^(5/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4) dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(cd^3+8ade^2)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2-2\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex-d})+2(8ce^3x^5+2cde^2x^3-3(cd^2e-8ae^3)x)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{96e^3} - \frac{3(cd^3+8ade^2)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}\right) - (8ce^3x^5+2cde^2x^3-3(cd^2e-8ae^3)x)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{48e^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/96*(3*(c*d^3+8*a*d*e^2)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2-2*sqrt(e*x^2+d)*sqrt(e)*x-d)+2*(8*c*e^3*x^5+2*c*d*e^2*x^3-3*(c*d^2*e-8*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2+d))/e^3,-1/48*(3*(c*d^3+8*a*d*e^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2+d)-(8*c*e^3*x^5+2*c*d*e^2*x^3-3*(c*d^2*e-8*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2+d))/e^3]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{cdx^3}{24e} + \frac{cx^5}{6} + \frac{x \left(ae - \frac{cd^2}{8e} \right)}{2e} \right) + \left(ad - \frac{d \left(ae - \frac{cd^2}{8e} \right)}{2e} \right) \begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex^2}+2ex)}{\sqrt{e}} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{ex^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{d} \left(ax + \frac{cx^5}{5} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(c*x**4+a),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*(c*d*x**3/(24*e) + c*x**5/6 + x*(a*e - c*d**2/(8*e)))/(2*e)) + (a*d - d*(a*e - c*d**2/(8*e)))/(2*e))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + 2*e*x)/sqrt(e), Ne(d, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(e*x**2), True)), Ne(e, 0)), (sqrt(d)*(a*x + c*x**5/5), True))
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + cx^4) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{48} \left(2 \left(4cx^2 + \frac{cd}{e} \right) x^2 - \frac{3(cd^2e^2 - 8ae^4)}{e^4} \right) \sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \frac{(cd^3 + 8ade^2) \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{16e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/48*(2*(4*c*x^2 + c*d/e)*x^2 - 3*(c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a*e^4)/e^4)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x - 1/16*(c*d^3 + 8*a*d*e^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(5/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + cx^4) dx = \int (cx^4 + a) \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + cx^4) dx$$

$$= \frac{24\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^3x - 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2ex + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cde^2x^3 + 8\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ce^3x^5 + 24\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d} + \sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48e^3}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^4+a),x)`output `(24*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**3*x - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d*e**2*x**3 + 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*e**3*x**5 + 24*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c*d**3)/(48*e**3)`

3.367 $\int \frac{a+cx^4}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2939
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2939
Rubi [A] (verified)	2940
Maple [A] (verified)	2941
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2942
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2942
Maxima [F(-2)]	2943
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2943
Mupad [F(-1)]	2944
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2944

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = -\frac{3cdx\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{8e^2} + \frac{cx^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{4e} + \frac{(3cd^2 + 8ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-3/8*c*d*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^2+1/4*c*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e+1/8*(8*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{d + ex^2}(-3dx + 2ex^3)}{8e^2} + \frac{(3cd^2 + 8ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{-\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^4)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-3*d*x + 2*e*x^3))/(8*e^2) + ((3*c*d^2 + 8*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/(-Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/(4*e^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1474, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1474 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4ae - 3cdx^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{4e} + \frac{cx^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{(8ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{4e} - \frac{3cdx \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2e} + \frac{cx^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{(8ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2 + d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}}{4e} - \frac{3cdx \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2e} + \frac{cx^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{(8ae^2 + 3cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} - \frac{3cdx \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2e} + \frac{cx^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{4e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + c*x^4)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(c*x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(4*e) + ((-3*c*d*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(2*e) + ((3*c*d^2 + 8*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*e^(3/2))/(4*e)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 224 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 299 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x
*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2
*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 1474 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Si
mp[c^p*x^(4*p - 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(
e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(a + c
*x^4)^p - d*c^p*(4*p - 1)*x^(4*p - 2) - e*c^p*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*x^(4*p), x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]
&& !LtQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{cx(-2ex^2+3d)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{8e^2} + \frac{(8ae^2+3cd^2)\ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d})}{8e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	62
default	$\frac{a\ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d})}{\sqrt{e}} + c\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{4e} - \frac{3d\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2e} - \frac{d\ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2e^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{4e}\right)$	87
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2ce^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3\sqrt{ex^2+d}-3cdx\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{e}+8\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right)ae^2+3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right)cd^2}{8e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	88

input `int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/8*c*x*(-2*e*x^2+3*d)/e^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/8*(8*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/e^(5/2)*\ln(x*e^(1/2)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(3cd^2 + 8ae^2)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex} - d) + 2(2ce^2x^3 - 3cdex)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{16e^3}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{(3cd^2 + 8ae^2)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}\right) - (2ce^2x^3 - 3cdex)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{8e^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$[1/16*((3*c*d^2 + 8*a*e^2)*\sqrt{e}*\log(-2*e*x^2 - 2*\sqrt{e*x^2 + d}*\sqrt{e})*x - d) + 2*(2*c*e^2*x^3 - 3*c*d*e*x)*\sqrt{e*x^2 + d})/e^3, -1/8*((3*c*d^2 + 8*a*e^2)*\sqrt{-e}*\arctan(\sqrt{-e}*x/\sqrt{e*x^2 + d}) - (2*c*e^2*x^3 - 3*c*d*e*x)*\sqrt{e*x^2 + d})/e^3]$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \left(a + \frac{3cd^2}{8e^2} \right) \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex^2}+2ex)}{\sqrt{e}} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{ex^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(-\frac{3cdx}{8e^2} + \frac{cx^3}{4e} \right) & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax + \frac{cx^5}{5}}{\sqrt{d}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise(((a + 3*c*d**2/(8*e**2))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + 2*e*x)/sqrt(e), Ne(d, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(e*x**2), True)) + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*(-3*c*d*x/(8*e**2) + c*x**3/(4*e)), Ne(e, 0)), ((a*x + c*x**5/5)/sqrt(d), True))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \left(\frac{2cx^2}{e} - \frac{3cd}{e^2} \right) x - \frac{(3cd^2 + 8ae^2) \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{8e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(2*c*x^2/e - 3*c*d/e^2)*x - 1/8*(3*c*d^2 + 8*a*e^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(5/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{cx^4 + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cdex + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ce^2x^3 + 8\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ae^2 + 3\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) cd^2}{8e^3}$$

input `int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`output `(- 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*e**2*x**3 + 8*sqrt(e)
)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt
(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c*d**2)/(8*e**3)`

$$3.368 \quad \int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2945
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2945
Rubi [A] (verified)	2946
Maple [A] (verified)	2948
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2948
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2949
Maxima [F(-2)]	2949
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2950
Mupad [F(-1)]	2950
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2950

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)x}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{cx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2e^2} - \frac{3cd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
(a+c*d^2/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*c*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^2-3/2*c*d*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(3cd^2+2ae^2+cdex^2)}{2de^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{3cd \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d+ex^2})}{2e^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(3*c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2 + c*d*e*x^2))/(2*d*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (3*c*d*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*e^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {1472, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1472 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{cd(d - ex^2)}{e^2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{c\left(\frac{3}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d + ex^2}\right)}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{c\left(\frac{3}{2}d \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{e^2 + d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d + ex^2}\right)}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{c\left(\frac{3d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d + ex^2}\right)}{e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output
$$\frac{((a + (c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(d*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) - (c*(-1/2*(x*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) + (3*d*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[e])))/e^2}{e^2}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) \text{ /; FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 219
$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 299
$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(b*(2*p+3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(2*p+3))/(b*(2*p+3)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*p+3, 0]$$

rule 1472
$$\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^{(p_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]\}, \text{Simp}[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^{(q+1})/(2*d*(q+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d*(q+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{(q+1)}*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*d*(q+1)*Qx + R*(2*q+3), x], x], x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{cx\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2e^2} + \frac{cdx}{e^2\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{ax}{d\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{3cd \ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	72
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{3\sqrt{ex^2+d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right)cd^2}{2\sqrt{ex^2+d}de^{\frac{5}{2}}} + x\left(\frac{1}{2}dex^2c+ae^2+\frac{3}{2}cd^2\right)\sqrt{e}$	75
default	$\frac{ax}{d\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + C \left(\frac{x^3}{2e\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{3d \left(-\frac{x}{e\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{\ln(x\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{ex^2+d})}{e^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{2e} \right)$	79

input `int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*c*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^2+1/e^2*c*d*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+a*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-3/2/e^(5/2)*c*d*ln(x*e^(1/2)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(cd^2ex^2 + cd^3)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex-d}) + 2(cde^2x^3 + (3cd^2e + 2ae^3)x)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{4(de^4x^2 + d^2e^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(3*(c*d^2*e*x^2 + c*d^3)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) + 2*(c*d*e^2*x^3 + (3*c*d^2*e + 2*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d*e^4*x^2 + d^2*e^3), 1/2*(3*(c*d^2*e*x^2 + c*d^3)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) + (c*d*e^2*x^3 + (3*c*d^2*e + 2*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d*e^4*x^2 + d^2*e^3)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{ax}{d^{3/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} + c \left(\frac{3\sqrt{d}x}{2e^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} - \frac{3d \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2e^{5/2}} + \frac{x^3}{2\sqrt{de} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right)$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `a*x/(d**(3/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + c*(3*sqrt(d)*x/(2*e**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) - 3*d*asinh(sqrt(e)*x/sqrt(d))/(2*e**(5/2)) + x**3/(2*sqrt(d)*e*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{cx^2}{e} + \frac{3cd^2e + 2ae^3}{de^3}\right)x}{2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} + \frac{3cd \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{2e^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(c*x^2/e + (3*c*d^2*e + 2*a*e^3)/(d*e^3))*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d) + 3/2*c*d*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(5/2)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{cx^4 + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^3x + 12\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2ex + 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cde^2x^3 - 12\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8de^{5/2}}$$

input `int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**3*x + 12*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*e*x + 4*sqrt(d +
e*x**2)*c*d*e**2*x**3 - 12*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sq
rt(d))*c*d**3 - 12*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c*d*
**2*e*x**2 + 8*sqrt(e)*a*d*e**2 + 8*sqrt(e)*a*e**3*x**2 + 9*sqrt(e)*c*d**3
+ 9*sqrt(e)*c*d**2*e*x**2)/(8*d*e**3*(d + e*x**2))
```


$$3.369 \quad \int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2952
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2952
Rubi [A] (verified)	2953
Maple [A] (verified)	2955
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2955
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2956
Maxima [F(-2)]	2957
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2957
Mupad [F(-1)]	2958
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2958

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)x}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{a}{d^2} - \frac{2c}{e^2}\right)x}{3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(a+c*d^2/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3*(a/d^2-2*c/e^2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
)+c*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3cd^3x + 3ade^2x - 4cd^2ex^3 + 2ae^3x^3}{3d^2e^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{c \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d+ex^2})}{e^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(-3*c*d^3*x + 3*a*d*e^2*x - 4*c*d^2*e*x^3 + 2*a*e^3*x^3)/(3*d^2*e^2*(d + e
*x^2)^(3/2)) - (c*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/e^(5/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 25, 27, 298, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1472 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3cdx^2 + \left(2a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)e}{e(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\frac{cd^2}{e} - 3cx^2d - 2ae}{e(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{cd^2}{e} - 3cx^2d - 2ae}{e(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{cd^2}{e} - 3cx^2d - 2ae}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3de} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 298 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x\left(\frac{2cd}{e} - \frac{ae}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{3cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3de} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x\left(\frac{2cd}{e} - \frac{ae}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{3cd \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{e^2}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{3de}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x \left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x \left(\frac{2cd}{e} - \frac{ae}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{3cd \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{e^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + (c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((2*((2*c*d)/e - (a*e)/d)*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - (3*c*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/e^(3/2))/(3*d*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 298 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])`

rule 1472

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
  {Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]},
  Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} c d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d}}{x \sqrt{e}}\right)+x\left(-\frac{4 c d^2 e^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2}{3}-c d^3 \sqrt{e}+\frac{2 a e^{\frac{7}{2}} x^2}{3}+a d e^{\frac{5}{2}}\right)}{e^{\frac{5}{2}}(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2}$	88
default	$a\left(\frac{x}{3 d(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}+\frac{2 x}{3 d^2 \sqrt{e x^2+d}}\right)+c\left(-\frac{x^3}{3 e(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}+\frac{-\frac{x}{e \sqrt{e x^2+d}}+\frac{\ln\left(x \sqrt{e}+\sqrt{e x^2+d}\right)}{e^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e}\right)$	95

input

```
int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*c*d^2*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))+x*(-4/3*c*d^2*e^(3/2)*x^2-c*d^3*e^(1/2)+2/3*a*e^(7/2)*x^2+a*d*e^(5/2)))/e^(5/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/d^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(cd^2e^2x^4 + 2cd^3ex^2 + cd^4)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex - d}) - 2(2(2cd^2e^2 - 3(cd^2e^2x^4 + 2cd^3ex^2 + cd^4)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}\right) + (2(2cd^2e^2 - ae^4)x^3 + 3(cd^3e - ade^3)x)\sqrt{ex^2 + d})}{6(d^2e^5x^4 + 2d^3e^4x^2 + d^4e^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(3*(c*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 2*c*d^3*e*x^2 + c*d^4)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) - 2*(2*(2*c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(c*d^3*e - a*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d^2*e^5*x^4 + 2*d^3*e^4*x^2 + d^4*e^3), -1/3*(3*(c*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 2*c*d^3*e*x^2 + c*d^4)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) + (2*(2*c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(c*d^3*e - a*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d^2*e^5*x^4 + 2*d^3*e^4*x^2 + d^4*e^3)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 403 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 4.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 403, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.80

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = a \left(\frac{3dx}{3d^{7/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 3d^{5/2} ex^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2ex^3}{3d^{7/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 3d^{5/2} ex^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right) \\ + c \left(\frac{3d^{39/2} e^{11} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{3d^{39/2} e^{27/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 3d^{37/2} e^{29/2} x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{3d^{37/2} e^{12} x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{3d^{39/2} e^{27/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 3d^{37/2} e^{29/2} x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3d^{19} e^{23} x}{3d^{39/2} e^{27/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 3d^{37/2} e^{29/2} x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{4d^{18} e^{25} x^3}{3d^{39/2} e^{27/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 3d^{37/2} e^{29/2} x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right)$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
a*(3*d*x/(3*d**(7/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3*d**(5/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 2*e*x**3/(3*d**(7/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3*d**(5/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d))) + c*(3*d**(39/2)*e**11*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)*asinh(sqrt(e)*x/sqrt(d))/(3*d**(39/2)*e**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3*d**(37/2)*e**(29/2)*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 3*d**(37/2)*e**12*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)*asinh(sqrt(e)*x/sqrt(d))/(3*d**(39/2)*e**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3*d**(37/2)*e**(29/2)*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) - 3*d**19*e**(23/2)*x/(3*d**(39/2)*e**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3*d**(37/2)*e**(29/2)*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) - 4*d**18*e**(25/2)*x**3/(3*d**(39/2)*e**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3*d**(37/2)*e**(29/2)*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)))
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{x \left(\frac{2(2cd^2e^2 - ae^4)x^2}{d^2e^3} + \frac{3(cd^3e - ade^3)}{d^2e^3} \right)}{3(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{c \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/3*x*(2*(2*c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4)*x^2/(d^2*e^3) + 3*(c*d^3*e - a*d*e^3)/(d^2
*e^3))/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2) - c*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(5/2
)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{cx^4 + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ade^3x + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^4x^3 - 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^3ex - 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^2x^3 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^2x^3 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^2x^3 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^2x^3}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**3*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**4*x**3 - 3*sqrt(d
+ e*x**2)*c*d**3*e*x - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*e**2*x**3 + 3*sqrt(e)*lo
g((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c*d**4 + 6*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d +
e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c*d**3*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x
**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(e)*a*d**2*e**2 - 4*sq
rt(e)*a*d*e**3*x**2 - 2*sqrt(e)*a*e**4*x**4)/(3*d**2*e**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x
**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

3.370 $\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2959
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2959
Rubi [A] (verified)	2960
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2965

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) x}{5d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{2a}{d^2} - \frac{3c}{e^2}\right) x}{15(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\left(\frac{8a}{d^2} + \frac{3c}{e^2}\right) x}{15d\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

output `1/5*(a+c*d^2/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+2/15*(2*a/d^2-3*c/e^2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+1/15*(8*a/d^2+3*c/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{15ad^2x + 20adex^3 + 3cd^2x^5 + 8ae^2x^5}{15d^3(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(15*a*d^2*x + 20*a*d*e*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^5 + 8*a*e^2*x^5)/(15*d^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1470, 362, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 1470

$$\frac{\int \frac{x^2(cx^2 + 4ae)}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 362

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{8ae}{d} + \frac{3cd}{e} \right) \int \frac{x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx - \frac{x^3 \left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{4ae}{d} \right)}{5(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 242

$$\frac{\frac{x^3 \left(\frac{8ae}{d} + \frac{3cd}{e} \right)}{15d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{x^3 \left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{4ae}{d} \right)}{5(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(a*x)/(d*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (-1/5*(((c*d)/e - (4*a*e)/d)*x^3)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2) + (((3*c*d)/e + (8*a*e)/d)*x^3)/(15*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/d`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 362 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ((!IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, -2*(p + 1)]))`

rule 1470 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/d), x] + Simp[1/d Int[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^q*(d*PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p - a^p, x^2, x] - e*a^p*(2*q + 3)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q + 1/2, 0] && LtQ[4*p + 2*q + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x(8ae^2x^4+3cd^2x^4+20ade x^2+15ad^2)}{15(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^3}$
trager	$\frac{x(8ae^2x^4+3cd^2x^4+20ade x^2+15ad^2)}{15(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^3}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{x(8ae^2x^4+3cd^2x^4+20ade x^2+15ad^2)}{15(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^3}$
orering	$\frac{x(8ae^2x^4+3cd^2x^4+20ade x^2+15ad^2)}{15(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^3}$
default	$a \left(\frac{x}{5d(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^2\sqrt{e x^2+d}}}{d} \right) + c \left(-\frac{x^3}{2e(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{3d \left(-\frac{x}{4e(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{d \left(\frac{x}{5d(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)}{2e} \right)}{2e} \right)$

```
input int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15*x*(8*a*e^2*x^4+3*c*d^2*x^4+20*a*d*e*x^2+15*a*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/d^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(20 adex^3 + (3 cd^2 + 8 ae^2)x^5 + 15 ad^2x)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{15 (d^3e^3x^6 + 3 d^4e^2x^4 + 3 d^5ex^2 + d^6)}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/15*(20*a*d*e*x^3 + (3*c*d^2 + 8*a*e^2)*x^5 + 15*a*d^2*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d) / (d^3*e^3*x^6 + 3*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^5*e*x^2 + d^6)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 488 vs. $2(83) = 166$.

Time = 9.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.36

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = a \left(\frac{15d^5x}{15d^{17/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{15/2}ex^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{13/2}e^2x^4\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 15d^{11/2}e^3x^6\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right. \\ + \frac{35d^4ex^3}{15d^{17/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{15/2}ex^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{13/2}e^2x^4\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 15d^{11/2}e^3x^6\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \\ + \frac{28d^3e^2x^5}{15d^{17/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{15/2}ex^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{13/2}e^2x^4\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 15d^{11/2}e^3x^6\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \\ + \left. \frac{8d^2e^3x^7}{15d^{17/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{15/2}ex^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 45d^{13/2}e^2x^4\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 15d^{11/2}e^3x^6\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \right) \\ + \frac{cx^5}{5d^{7/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 10d^{5/2}ex^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} + 5d^{3/2}e^2x^4\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}}$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d)**(7/2), x)`

output

```
a*(15*d**5*x/(15*d**(17/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 45*d**(15/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1
+ e*x**2/d) + 45*d**(13/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 15*d**(11/2)*e
**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 35*d**4*e*x**3/(15*d**(17/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2
/d) + 45*d**(15/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 45*d**(13/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt
(1 + e*x**2/d) + 15*d**(11/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 28*d**3*e**2
*x**5/(15*d**(17/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 45*d**(15/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x*
*2/d) + 45*d**(13/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 15*d**(11/2)*e**3*x**6
*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 8*d**2*e**3*x**7/(15*d**(17/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) +
45*d**(15/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 45*d**(13/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 +
e*x**2/d) + 15*d**(11/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d))) + c*x**5/(5*d**(7/
2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 10*d**(5/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 5*d**(3/2)
*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{cx^3}{2(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}e} + \frac{8ax}{15\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^3} + \frac{4ax}{15(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{ax}{5(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}d} + \frac{cx}{10(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}e^2} + \frac{cx}{5\sqrt{ex^2 + d}de^2} - \frac{3cdx}{10(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}e^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*c*x^3/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*e) + 8/15*a*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^3) + 4/15*a
*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^2) + 1/5*a*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d) + 1/10*c*x/((e*
x^2 + d)^(3/2)*e^2) + 1/5*c*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d*e^2) - 3/10*c*d*x/((e*x^2
+ d)^(5/2)*e^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left(x^2 \left(\frac{20ae}{d^2} + \frac{(3cd^2e^2 + 8ae^4)x^2}{d^3e^2}\right) + \frac{15a}{d}\right)x}{15(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/15*(x^2*(20*a*e/d^2 + (3*c*d^2*e^2 + 8*a*e^4)*x^2/(d^3*e^2)) + 15*a/d)*x
/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{3cd^4x - 6cd^3x(ex^2 + d) + 8ae^2x(ex^2 + d)^2 + 3cd^2x(ex^2 + d)^2 + 3ad^2e^2x + 4a^2d^2e^2x}{15d^3e^2(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x)`output `(3*c*d^4*x - 6*c*d^3*x*(d + e*x^2) + 8*a*e^2*x*(d + e*x^2)^2 + 3*c*d^2*x*(d + e*x^2)^2 + 3*a*d^2*e^2*x + 4*a*d*e^2*x*(d + e*x^2))/(15*d^3*e^2*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^2e^3x + 20\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ade^4x^3 + 8\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^5x^5 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^3x^3 + 3cd^2e^3x^3}{15d^3e^2(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x)`output `(15*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e**3*x + 20*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**4*x**3 + 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**5*x**5 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*e**3*x**3 - 8*sqrt(e)*a*d**3*e**2 - 24*sqrt(e)*a*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 24*sqrt(e)*a*d*e**4*x**4 - 8*sqrt(e)*a*e**5*x**6 + 3*sqrt(e)*c*d**5 + 9*sqrt(e)*c*d**4*e*x**2 + 9*sqrt(e)*c*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(e)*c*d**2*e**3*x**6)/(15*d**3*e**3*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6))`

3.371 $\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2966
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Rubi [A] (verified)	2967
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) x}{7d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{3a}{d^2} - \frac{4c}{e^2}\right) x}{35(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{\left(\frac{8a}{d^2} + \frac{c}{e^2}\right) x}{35d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(cd^2 + 8ae^2) x}{35d^4e^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

output `1/7*(a+c*d^2/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)+2/35*(3*a/d^2-4*c/e^2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+1/35*(8*a/d^2+c/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/35*(8*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/d^4/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{35ad^3x + 70ad^2ex^3 + 7cd^3x^5 + 56ade^2x^5 + 2cd^2ex^7 + 16ae^3x^7}{35d^4(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2),x]`

output

$$(35*a*d^3*x + 70*a*d^2*e*x^3 + 7*c*d^3*x^5 + 56*a*d*e^2*x^5 + 2*c*d^2*e*x^7 + 16*a*e^3*x^7)/(35*d^4*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1470, 362, 245, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1470 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{x^2(cx^2 + 6ae)}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 362 \\ & \frac{\frac{3}{7} \left(\frac{8ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e} \right) \int \frac{x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx - \frac{x^3 \left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{6ae}{d} \right)}{7(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 245 \\ & \frac{\frac{3}{7} \left(\frac{8ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e} \right) \left(\frac{2e \int \frac{x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x^3}{3d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{x^3 \left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{6ae}{d} \right)}{7(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 242 \\ & \frac{\frac{3}{7} \left(\frac{2ex^5}{15d^2(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x^3}{3d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right) \left(\frac{8ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e} \right) - \frac{x^3 \left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{6ae}{d} \right)}{7(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(ax)/(d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}) + (-1/7*((cd)/e - (6ae)/d)x^3/(d+ex^2)^{7/2} + (3*((cd)/e + (8ae)/d)x^3/(3d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}) + (2e^5x^5)/(15d^2(d+ex^2)^{5/2})))}{7}/d$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 242

$$\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (a \cdot c \cdot (m+1)), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x \text{] \&\& EqQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 3, 0] \text{ \&\& NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 245

$$\text{Int}(x^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (a \cdot (m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b \cdot (m + 2 \cdot (p+1) + 1) / (a \cdot (m+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[x^{m+2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p\}, x \text{] \&\& ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/2 + p + 1], 0] \text{ \&\& NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 362

$$\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot ((c) + (d \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot e \cdot (p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d \cdot (m+1) - b \cdot c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 3)) / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x \text{] \&\& NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \text{ \&\& LtQ}[p, -1] \text{ \&\& } ((\text{!IntegerQ}[p + 1/2] \text{ \&\& NeQ}[p, -5/4]) \text{ || !RationalQ}[m] \text{ || (ILtQ}[p + 1/2, 0] \text{ \&\& LeQ}[-1, m, -2 \cdot (p+1)]))$$

rule 1470

$$\text{Int}[(d) + (e \cdot x)^2]^q \cdot (a + (c \cdot x)^4)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p \cdot x \cdot (d + e \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / d, x] + \text{Simp}[1/d \cdot \text{Int}[x^2 \cdot (d + e \cdot x^2)^q \cdot (d \cdot \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(a + c \cdot x^4)^p - a^p, x^2, x] - e \cdot a^p \cdot (2 \cdot q + 3)), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x \text{] \&\& NeQ}[c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2, 0] \text{ \&\& IGtQ}[p, 0] \text{ \&\& ILtQ}[q + 1/2, 0] \text{ \&\& LtQ}[4 \cdot p + 2 \cdot q + 1, 0]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{x \left(\left(\frac{cx^4}{5} + a \right) d^3 + 2x^2 \left(\frac{cx^4}{35} + a \right) e d^2 + \frac{8ad}{5} e^2 x^4 + \frac{16ae^3 x^6}{35} \right)}{(ex^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} d^4}$
gosper	$\frac{x(16ae^3x^6+2cd^2ex^6+56ade^2x^4+7cd^3x^4+70ad^2ex^2+35ad^3)}{35(ex^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}d^4}$
trager	$\frac{x(16ae^3x^6+2cd^2ex^6+56ade^2x^4+7cd^3x^4+70ad^2ex^2+35ad^3)}{35(ex^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}d^4}$
oring	$\frac{x(16ae^3x^6+2cd^2ex^6+56ade^2x^4+7cd^3x^4+70ad^2ex^2+35ad^3)}{35(ex^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}d^4}$
default	$a \left(\frac{x}{7d(ex^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{6x}{35d(ex^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{6 \left(\frac{4x}{15d(ex^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^2\sqrt{ex^2+d}} \right)}{7d}}{d} \right) + c - \frac{x^3}{4e(ex^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{3d}{6e(ex^2+d)} \frac{x}{6e(ex^2+d)}$

input `int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{x/(e*x^2+d)^{(7/2)}*((1/5*c*x^4+a)*d^3+2*x^2*(1/35*c*x^4+a)*e*d^2+8/5*a*d*e^2*x^4+16/35*a*e^3*x^6)/d^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{(2(cd^2e + 8ae^3)x^7 + 70ad^2ex^3 + 7(cd^3 + 8ade^2)x^5 + 35ad^3x)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{35(d^4e^4x^8 + 4d^5e^3x^6 + 6d^6e^2x^4 + 4d^7ex^2 + d^8)}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{1/35*(2*(c*d^2*e + 8*a*e^3)*x^7 + 70*a*d^2*e*x^3 + 7*(c*d^3 + 8*a*d*e^2)*x^5 + 35*a*d^3*x)*\text{sqrt}(e*x^2 + d)/(d^4*e^4*x^8 + 4*d^5*e^3*x^6 + 6*d^6*e^2*x^4 + 4*d^7*e*x^2 + d^8)}$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1469 vs. 2(119) = 238.

Time = 22.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1469, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.85

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d)**(9/2),x)
```

output

```

a*(35*d**14*x/(35*d**(37/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 210*d**(35/2)*e*x**2*sqrt
(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(33/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 700*d**(31/2
)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(29/2)*e**4*x**8*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d
) + 210*d**(27/2)*e**5*x**10*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 35*d**(25/2)*e**6*x**12*
sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 175*d**13*e*x**3/(35*d**(37/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) +
210*d**(35/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(33/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 +
e*x**2/d) + 700*d**(31/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(29/2)*e
**4*x**8*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 210*d**(27/2)*e**5*x**10*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) +
35*d**(25/2)*e**6*x**12*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 371*d**12*e**2*x**5/(35*d**
(37/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 210*d**(35/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*
d**(33/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 700*d**(31/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 +
e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(29/2)*e**4*x**8*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 210*d**(27/2)*e**
5*x**10*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 35*d**(25/2)*e**6*x**12*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) +
429*d**11*e**3*x**7/(35*d**(37/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 210*d**(35/2)*e*x
**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(33/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 700*
d**(31/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(29/2)*e**4*x**8*sqrt(1 + e
*x**2/d) + 210*d**(27/2)*e**5*x**10*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 35*d**(25/2)*e**6
*x**12*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 286*d**10*e**4*x**9/(35*d**(37/2)*sqrt(1 + e
*x**2/d) + 210*d**(35/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525*d**(33/2)*e**2*x**
4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 700*d**(31/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 525...

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx &= -\frac{cx^3}{4(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}e} + \frac{16ax}{35\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^4} + \frac{8ax}{35(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}d^3} \\
&+ \frac{6ax}{35(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}d^2} + \frac{ax}{7(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}d} + \frac{3cx}{140(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}e^2} \\
&+ \frac{2cx}{35\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^2e^2} + \frac{cx}{35(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}de^2} - \frac{3cdx}{28(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}e^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*c*x^3/((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*e) + 16/35*a*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^4) + 8/35*
a*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^3) + 6/35*a*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d^2) + 1/7*a*x/(
(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*d) + 3/140*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*e^2) + 2/35*c*x/(sqrt(
e*x^2 + d)*d^2*e^2) + 1/35*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d*e^2) - 3/28*c*d*x/((e*
x^2 + d)^(7/2)*e^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(x^2 \left(\frac{2(cd^2e^4 + 8ae^6)x^2}{d^4e^3} + \frac{7(cd^3e^3 + 8ade^5)}{d^4e^3} \right) + \frac{70ae}{d^2} \right) x^2 + \frac{35a}{d} \right) x}{35(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/35*((x^2*(2*(c*d^2*e^4 + 8*a*e^6)*x^2/(d^4*e^3) + 7*(c*d^3*e^3 + 8*a*d*e
^5)/(d^4*e^3)) + 70*a*e/d^2)*x^2 + 35*a/d)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{a}{7d} + \frac{cd}{7e^2} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} - \frac{x \left(\frac{c}{5e^2} - \frac{6ae^2 - cd^2}{35d^2e^2} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} + \frac{x(cd^2 + 8ae^2)}{35d^3e^2(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(2cd^2 + 16ae^2)}{35d^4e^2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2),x)
```

output

```
(x*(a/(7*d) + (c*d)/(7*e^2)))/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2) - (x*(c/(5*e^2) - (6*a*e^2
- c*d^2)/(35*d^2*e^2)))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2) + (x*(8*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(35*d^3
*e^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (x*(16*a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2))/(35*d^4*e^2*(d + e*x^2)
^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{35\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^3e^3x + 70\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^2e^4x^3 + 56\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ade^5x^5 + 16\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^6x^7}{(35d^4e^3(d^4 + 4d^3ex^2 + 6d^2e^2x^4 + 4de^3x^6 + e^4x^8))}$$

input

```
int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x)
```

output

```
(35*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**3*e**3*x + 70*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e**4*x**3
+ 56*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**5*x**5 + 16*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**6*x**7 + 7*
sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**3*e**3*x**5 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*e**4*x**7 -
16*sqrt(e)*a*d**4*e**2 - 64*sqrt(e)*a*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 96*sqrt(e)*a*d**2*e
**4*x**4 - 64*sqrt(e)*a*d*e**5*x**6 - 16*sqrt(e)*a*e**6*x**8 - 2*sqrt(e)*c
*d**6 - 8*sqrt(e)*c*d**5*e*x**2 - 12*sqrt(e)*c*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 8*sqrt(e)*
c*d**3*e**3*x**6 - 2*sqrt(e)*c*d**2*e**4*x**8)/(35*d**4*e**3*(d**4 + 4*d**
3*e*x**2 + 6*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 4*d*e**3*x**6 + e**4*x**8))
```

3.372 $\int \frac{a+cx^4}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2974
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2974
Rubi [A] (verified)	2975
Maple [A] (verified)	2977
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2979
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2979
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2980
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2981
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2981
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2982

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) x}{9d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{4a}{d^2} - \frac{5c}{e^2}\right) x}{63(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{16a}{d^2} + \frac{c}{e^2}\right) x}{105d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4(cd^2 + 16ae^2) x}{315d^4e^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8(cd^2 + 16ae^2) x}{315d^5e^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

output $1/9*(a+c*d^2/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)+2/63*(4*a/d^2-5*c/e^2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)+1/105*(16*a/d^2+c/e^2)*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+4/315*(16*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/d^4/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+8/315*(16*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/d^5/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{cd^2x^5(63d^2 + 36dex^2 + 8e^2x^4) + a(315d^4x + 840d^3ex^3 + 1008d^2e^2x^5 + 576de^3x^7 + 108d^5e^4x^9)}{315d^5(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2),x]`

output

$(c*d^2*x^5*(63*d^2 + 36*d*e*x^2 + 8*e^2*x^4) + a*(315*d^4*x + 840*d^3*e*x^3 + 1008*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 576*d*e^3*x^7 + 128*e^4*x^9))/(315*d^5*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {1470, 362, 245, 245, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1470 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{x^2(cx^2 + 8ae)}{(ex^2 + d)^{11/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 362 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{16ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e} \right) \int \frac{x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx - \frac{x^3 \left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{8ae}{d} \right)}{9(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 245 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{16ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e} \right) \left(\frac{4e \int \frac{x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x^3}{3d(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{x^3 \left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{8ae}{d} \right)}{9(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 245
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{16ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e}\right) \left(\frac{4e \left(\frac{2e \int \frac{x^6}{(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{x^5}{5d(dx^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{3d} + \frac{x^3}{3d(dx^2)^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{x^3 \left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{8ae}{d} \right)}{9(dx^2)^{9/2}}}{\frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{d(dx^2)^{9/2}}} +$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{4e \left(\frac{2ex^7}{35d^2(dx^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{x^5}{5d(dx^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{3d} + \frac{x^3}{3d(dx^2)^{7/2}} \right) \left(\frac{16ae}{d} + \frac{cd}{e} \right) - \frac{x^3 \left(\frac{cd}{e} - \frac{8ae}{d} \right)}{9(dx^2)^{9/2}}}{d} + \frac{ax}{d(dx^2)^{9/2}}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2),x]`

output `(a*x)/(d*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)) + (-1/9*(((c*d)/e - (8*a*e)/d)*x^3)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2) + (((c*d)/e + (16*a*e)/d)*(x^3/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)) + (4*e*(x^5)/(5*d*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)) + (2*e*x^7)/(35*d^2*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2))))/(3*d))/3/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 245 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 362

```

Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*e
*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) I
nt[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && N
eQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) ||
!RationalQ[m] || (ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, -2*(p + 1)]))

```

rule 1470

```

Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Si
mp[a^p*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/d), x] + Simp[1/d Int[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^q*(d*
PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p - a^p, x^2, x] - e*a^p*(2*q + 3)), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q
+ 1/2, 0] && LtQ[4*p + 2*q + 1, 0]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$x \left(\frac{\left(\frac{cx^4}{5} + a \right) d^4 + \frac{8 \left(\frac{3cx^4}{70} + a \right) x^2 e d^3}{3} + \frac{16x^4 \left(\frac{cx^4}{126} + a \right) e^2 d^2}{5} + \frac{64ad e^3 x^6}{35} + \frac{128a e^4 x^8}{315}}{(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} d^5} \right)$
gospers	$\frac{x(128ae^4x^8 + 8cd^2e^2x^8 + 576ade^3x^6 + 36cd^3ex^6 + 1008ad^2e^2x^4 + 63cd^4x^4 + 840ad^3ex^2 + 315d^4a)}{315(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}d^5}$
trager	$\frac{x(128ae^4x^8 + 8cd^2e^2x^8 + 576ade^3x^6 + 36cd^3ex^6 + 1008ad^2e^2x^4 + 63cd^4x^4 + 840ad^3ex^2 + 315d^4a)}{315(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}d^5}$
orering	$\frac{x(128ae^4x^8 + 8cd^2e^2x^8 + 576ade^3x^6 + 36cd^3ex^6 + 1008ad^2e^2x^4 + 63cd^4x^4 + 840ad^3ex^2 + 315d^4a)}{315(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}d^5}$
default	$a \left(\frac{x}{9d(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{8x}{63d(ex^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{8 \left(\frac{6x}{35d(ex^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{6 \left(\frac{4x}{15d(ex^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^2\sqrt{ex^2+d}} \right)}{7d} \right)}{9d}}{d} \right) + C - \frac{x^3}{6e(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$

input `int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)*((1/5*c*x^4+a)*d^4+8/3*(3/70*c*x^4+a)*x^2*e*d^3+16/5*x^4*(1/126*c*x^4+a)*e^2*d^2+64/35*a*d*e^3*x^6+128/315*a*e^4*x^8)/d^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{(8(cd^2e^2 + 16ae^4)x^9 + 840ad^3ex^3 + 36(cd^3e + 16ade^3)x^7 + 315ad^4x + 63(cd^4 + 16ad^2e^2)x^5) \sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{315(d^5e^5x^{10} + 5d^6e^4x^8 + 10d^7e^3x^6 + 10d^8e^2x^4 + 5d^9ex^2 + d^{10})}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/315*(8*(c*d^2*e^2 + 16*a*e^4)*x^9 + 840*a*d^3*e*x^3 + 36*(c*d^3*e + 16*a*d*e^3)*x^7 + 315*a*d^4*x + 63*(c*d^4 + 16*a*d^2*e^2)*x^5)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(d^5*e^5*x^10 + 5*d^6*e^4*x^8 + 10*d^7*e^3*x^6 + 10*d^8*e^2*x^4 + 5*d^9*e*x^2 + d^10)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3738 vs. 2(155) = 310.

Time = 47.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3738, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.66

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)/(e*x**2+d)**(11/2),x)`

output

```
a*(315*d**30*x/(315*d**(71/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3150*d**(69/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 14175*d**(67/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 37800*d**(65/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 66150*d**(63/2)*e**4*x**8*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 79380*d**(61/2)*e**5*x**10*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 66150*d**(59/2)*e**6*x**12*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 37800*d**(57/2)*e**7*x**14*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 14175*d**(55/2)*e**8*x**16*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3150*d**(53/2)*e**9*x**18*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 315*d**(51/2)*e**10*x**20*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) ) + 2730*d**29*e*x**3/(315*d**(71/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3150*d**(69/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 14175*d**(67/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 37800*d**(65/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 66150*d**(63/2)*e**4*x**8*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 79380*d**(61/2)*e**5*x**10*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 66150*d**(59/2)*e**6*x**12*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 37800*d**(57/2)*e**7*x**14*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 14175*d**(55/2)*e**8*x**16*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3150*d**(53/2)*e**9*x**18*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 315*d**(51/2)*e**10*x**20*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)) + 10773*d**28*e**2*x**5/(315*d**(71/2)*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 3150*d**(69/2)*e*x**2*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 14175*d**(67/2)*e**2*x**4*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 37800*d**(65/2)*e**3*x**6*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 66150*d**(63/2)*e**4*x**8*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 79380*d**(61/2)*e**5*x**10*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 66150*d**(59/2)*e**6*x**12*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 37800*d**(57/2)*e**7*x**14*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d) + 14175*d**(55/2)*e**8*x**16*sqrt(1 + e*x**2/d)...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{cx^3}{6(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}e} + \frac{128ax}{315\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^5} + \frac{64ax}{315(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{16ax}{105(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^3} + \frac{8ax}{63(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}d^2} + \frac{ax}{9(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}d} + \frac{cx}{126(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{8cx}{315\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^3e^2} + \frac{4cx}{315(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2e^2} + \frac{cx}{105(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}de^2} - \frac{cdx}{18(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}e^2}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/6*c*x^3/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e) + 128/315*a*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^5) + 64/
315*a*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^4) + 16/105*a*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d^3) + 8/6
3*a*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*d^2) + 1/9*a*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*d) + 1/126*c*x/
((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*e^2) + 8/315*c*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^3*e^2) + 4/315*c*x/
((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^2*e^2) + 1/105*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d*e^2) - 1/18*c
*d*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\left(4x^2 \left(\frac{2(cd^2e^6 + 16ae^8)x^2}{d^5e^4} + \frac{9(cd^3e^5 + 16ade^7)}{d^5e^4} \right) + \frac{63(cd^4e^4 + 16ad^2e^6)}{d^5e^4} \right) x^2 + \frac{840ae}{d^2} \right) x^2 + \frac{315a}{d} \right)}{315 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/315*(((4*x^2*(2*(c*d^2*e^6 + 16*a*e^8)*x^2/(d^5*e^4) + 9*(c*d^3*e^5 + 16
*a*d*e^7)/(d^5*e^4)) + 63*(c*d^4*e^4 + 16*a*d^2*e^6)/(d^5*e^4))*x^2 + 840*
a*e/d^2)*x^2 + 315*a/d)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{a}{9d} + \frac{cd}{9e^2} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} - \frac{x \left(\frac{c}{7e^2} - \frac{8ae^2 - cd^2}{63d^2e^2} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} + \frac{x(cd^2 + 16ae^2)}{105d^3e^2(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} + \frac{x(4cd^2 + 64ae^2)}{315d^4e^2(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(8cd^2 + 128ae^2)}{315d^5e^2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^4)/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2),x)
```

output

```
(x*(a/(9*d) + (c*d)/(9*e^2)))/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2) - (x*(c/(7*e^2) - (8*a*e^2
- c*d^2)/(63*d^2*e^2)))/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2) + (x*(16*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(105*d
^3*e^2*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (x*(64*a*e^2 + 4*c*d^2))/(315*d^4*e^2*(d + e*x
^2)^(3/2)) + (x*(128*a*e^2 + 8*c*d^2))/(315*d^5*e^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{a + cx^4}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{315\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^4e^3x + 840\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^3e^4x^3 + 1008\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^2e^5x^5 + 576\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^2e^6x^7 + 128\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^7x^9 + 63\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^4e^3x^5 + 36\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^3e^4x^7 + 8\sqrt{ex^2 + d}cd^2e^5x^9 - 128\sqrt{e}ad^5e^2 - 640\sqrt{e}ad^4e^3x^2 - 1280\sqrt{e}ad^3e^4x^4 - 1280\sqrt{e}ad^2e^5x^6 - 640\sqrt{e}ad^2e^6x^8 - 128\sqrt{e}ae^7x^{10} - 8\sqrt{e}cd^7 - 40\sqrt{e}cd^6e^2x^2 - 80\sqrt{e}cd^5e^2x^4 - 80\sqrt{e}cd^4e^3x^6 - 40\sqrt{e}cd^3e^4x^8 - 8\sqrt{e}cd^2e^5x^{10}}{(315*d^5*e^3*(d^5 + 5*d^4*e*x^2 + 10*d^3*e^2*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^3*x^6 + 5*d*e^4*x^8 + e^5*x^{10}))}$$

input

```
int((c*x^4+a)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x)
```

output

```
(315*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**4*e**3*x + 840*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**3*e**4*x**
3 + 1008*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e**5*x**5 + 576*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**6
*x**7 + 128*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**7*x**9 + 63*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**4*e**3
*x**5 + 36*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**3*e**4*x**7 + 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*e
**5*x**9 - 128*sqrt(e)*a*d**5*e**2 - 640*sqrt(e)*a*d**4*e**3*x**2 - 1280*s
qrt(e)*a*d**3*e**4*x**4 - 1280*sqrt(e)*a*d**2*e**5*x**6 - 640*sqrt(e)*a*d*
e**6*x**8 - 128*sqrt(e)*a*e**7*x**10 - 8*sqrt(e)*c*d**7 - 40*sqrt(e)*c*d**
6*e*x**2 - 80*sqrt(e)*c*d**5*e**2*x**4 - 80*sqrt(e)*c*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 40*
sqrt(e)*c*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 8*sqrt(e)*c*d**2*e**5*x**10)/(315*d**5*e**3*(d
*5 + 5*d**4*e*x**2 + 10*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 10*d**2*e**3*x**6 + 5*d*e**4*x**8
+ e**5*x**10))
```

3.373 $\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2983
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2984
Rubi [A] (verified)	2984
Maple [A] (verified)	2988
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2990
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2991
Maxima [F(-2)]	2992
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2992
Mupad [F(-1)]	2993
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2993

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 270

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{d(7c^2d^4 + 48acd^2e^2 + 384a^2e^4) x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{1024e^4} + \frac{(7c^2d^4 + 48acd^2e^2 + 384a^2e^4) x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{1536e^4} - \frac{cd(7cd^2 + 48ae^2) x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{384e^4} + \frac{c(7cd^2 + 48ae^2) x^3(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{192e^3} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{120e^2} + \frac{c^2x^7(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{12e} + \frac{d^2(7c^2d^4 + 48acd^2e^2 + 384a^2e^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{1024e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/1024*d*(384*a^2*e^4+48*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^4+1/1536*(384*a^2*e^4+48*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/e^4-1/384*c*d*(48*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/e^4+1/192*c*(48*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/e^3-7/120*c^2*d*x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/e^2+1/12*c^2*x^7*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/e+1/1024*d^2*(384*a^2*e^4+48*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(9/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d + ex^2}(1920a^2e^4(5d + 2ex^2) + 240ace^2(-3d^3 + 2d^2ex^2 + 24de^2x^4 + 16e^3x^6) + c^2(-105d^5 + 70d^4ex^2 - 56d^3e^2x^4 + 48d^2e^3x^6 + 1664de^4x^8 + 1280e^5x^{10})) - 15(7c^2d^6 + 48ac^2d^4e^2 + 384a^2d^2e^4)\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]]}{15360e^{(9/2)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(1920*a^2*e^4*(5*d + 2*e*x^2) + 240*a*c*e^2*(-3*d^3 + 2*d^2*e*x^2 + 24*d*e^2*x^4 + 16*e^3*x^6) + c^2*(-105*d^5 + 70*d^4*e*x^2 - 56*d^3*e^2*x^4 + 48*d^2*e^3*x^6 + 1664*d*e^4*x^8 + 1280*e^5*x^10)) - 15*(7*c^2*d^6 + 48*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 384*a^2*d^2*e^4)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(15360*e^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$, Rules used = {1474, 2346, 27, 1474, 27, 299, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^4)^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1474$$

$$\frac{\int (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (-7c^2 dx^6 + 24acex^4 + 12a^2e) dx}{12e} + \frac{c^2 x^7 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{12e}$$

$$\downarrow 2346$$

$$\frac{\int 5(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (c(7cd^2 + 48ae^2)x^4 + 24a^2e^2) dx}{10e} - \frac{7c^2 dx^5 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{10e} + \frac{c^2 x^7 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{12e}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int (ex^2+d)^{3/2} (c(7cd^2+48ae^2)x^4+24a^2e^2) dx}{2e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{10e} + \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{12e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1474 \\
 & \frac{\int 3(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (64a^2e^3-cd(7cd^2+48ae^2)x^2) dx}{8e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(48ae^2+7cd^2)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{10e} + \\
 & \quad \frac{12e}{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \int (ex^2+d)^{3/2} (64a^2e^3-cd(7cd^2+48ae^2)x^2) dx}{8e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(48ae^2+7cd^2)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{10e} + \\
 & \quad \frac{12e}{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{(384a^2e^4+48acd^2e^2+7c^2d^4) \int (ex^2+d)^{3/2} dx}{6e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(48ae^2+7cd^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(48ae^2+7cd^2)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{10e} + \\
 & \quad \frac{12e}{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{(384a^2e^4+48acd^2e^2+7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{ex^2+dx} + \frac{1}{4}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{6e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(48ae^2+7cd^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(48ae^2+7cd^2)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{10e} + \\
 & \quad \frac{12e}{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{(384a^2e^4+48acd^2e^2+7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{6e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(48ae^2+7cd^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(48ae^2+7cd^2)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{10e} + \\
 & \quad \frac{12e}{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\left(\frac{(384a^2e^4 + 48acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{3}{4}d \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(48ae^2+7cd^2)}{6e} \right)}{\frac{8e}{2e}} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(48ae^2+7cd^2)}{8e} \right)}{12e} = \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{12e}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left(\frac{(384a^2e^4 + 48acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{\arctanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \right)}{6e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(48ae^2+7cd^2)}{6e} \right)}{\frac{8e}{2e}} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(48ae^2+7cd^2)}{8e} \right)}{12e} = \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{12e}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output `(c^2*x^7*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/(12*e) + ((-7*c^2*d*x^5*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/(10*e) + ((c*(7*c*d^2 + 48*a*e^2)*x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/(8*e) + (3*(-1/6*(c*d*(7*c*d^2 + 48*a*e^2)*x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/e + ((7*c^2*d^4 + 48*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 384*a^2*e^4)*((x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/2 + (d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/4))/(6*e)))/(8*e))/(2*e))/(12*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 211 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (2 \cdot p + 1), x] + \text{Simp}[2 \cdot a \cdot (p / (2 \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x / \text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 299 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]

rule 1474 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_} \cdot ((a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^4)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^p \cdot x^{(4 \cdot p - 1)} \cdot (d + e \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (e \cdot (4 \cdot p + 2 \cdot q + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (e \cdot (4 \cdot p + 2 \cdot q + 1)) \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[e \cdot (4 \cdot p + 2 \cdot q + 1) \cdot (a + c \cdot x^4)^p - d \cdot c^p \cdot (4 \cdot p - 1) \cdot x^{(4 \cdot p - 2)} - e \cdot c^p \cdot (4 \cdot p + 2 \cdot q + 1) \cdot x^{(4 \cdot p)}, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !LtQ[q, -1]

rule 2346 $\text{Int}[(Pq_ \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Expon}[Pq, x], e = \text{Coeff}[Pq, x, \text{Expon}[Pq, x]]\}, \text{Simp}[e \cdot x^{q-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (q + 2 \cdot p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b \cdot (q + 2 \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[b \cdot (q + 2 \cdot p + 1) \cdot Pq - a \cdot e \cdot (q - 1) \cdot x^{q-2} - b \cdot e \cdot (q + 2 \cdot p + 1) \cdot x^q, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
<p>pseudoelliptic</p> <p>risch</p>	$\frac{3\left(a^2e^4 + \frac{1}{8}ac d^2e^2 + \frac{7}{384}c^2d^4\right)d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right) + 5x \left(\frac{2x^2\left(\frac{1}{3}c^2x^8 + acx^4 + a^2\right)e^{\frac{11}{2}}}{5} + \left(\frac{13}{75}c^2x^8 + \frac{3}{5}acx^4 + a^2\right)e^{\frac{9}{2}} - \frac{3\left(d\left(\frac{7cx^4}{90}\right)\right)}{8} \right)}{e^{\frac{9}{2}}}$ $\frac{x(1280e^5c^2x^{10} + 1664d^2c^2e^4x^8 + 3840acd^2e^3x^6 + 48c^2d^2e^3x^6 + 5760acd^2e^4x^4 - 56c^2d^3e^2x^4 + 3840a^2e^5x^2 + 480acd^2e^3x^2 + 70c^2d^2e^2x^2)}{15360e^4}$
<p>default</p>	$a^2 \left(\frac{x(ex^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2} + \frac{d \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2\sqrt{e}} \right)}{4} \right) + c^2 \frac{x^7(ex^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12e} - \frac{7d}{10e} \frac{x^5(ex^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{10e} - \frac{d}{8} \frac{x^3(ex^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{5}{8} \left(\frac{3}{5} (a^2 e^4 + \frac{1}{8} a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{7}{384} c^2 d^4) d^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{(e x^2 + d)^{1/2}}{x/e^{1/2}} \right) + x \left(\frac{2}{5} x^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} c^2 x^8 + a c x^4 + a^2 \right) e^{11/2} + \left(\frac{13}{75} c^2 x^8 + \frac{3}{5} a c x^4 + a^2 \right) e^{9/2} - \frac{3}{40} (d (7/90 c^2 x^4 + a)) e^{5/2} - \frac{2}{3} x^2 \left(\frac{1}{10} c^2 x^4 + a \right) e^{7/2} + \frac{7}{48} d^2 c \left(-\frac{2}{3} e^{3/2} x^2 + e^{1/2} d \right) \right) d c \right) (e x^2 + d)^{1/2} \right) / e^{9/2}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 428, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{15(7c^2d^6 + 48acd^4e^2 + 384a^2d^2e^4)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex} - d) + 2(1280c^2e^6x^{11} + 1664c^2de^5x^9 + 48(c^2d^2e^4 + 15(7c^2d^6 + 48acd^4e^2 + 384a^2d^2e^4)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}\right) - (1280c^2e^6x^{11} + 1664c^2de^5x^9 + 48(c^2d^2e^4 +$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{30720} (15(7c^2d^6 + 48acd^4e^2 + 384a^2d^2e^4) \sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex} - d) + 2(1280c^2e^6x^{11} + 1664c^2de^5x^9 + 48(c^2d^2e^4 + 80acd^4e^2 + 80acd^4e^2 + 80acd^4e^2) x^7 - 8(7c^2d^3e^3 - 720acd^3e^3 - 720acd^3e^3) x^5 + 10(7c^2d^4e^2 + 48acd^2e^4 + 384a^2e^6) x^3 - 15(7c^2d^5e + 48acd^3e^3 - 640a^2d^5e) x) \sqrt{ex^2 + d}) / e^5, - \frac{1}{15360} (15(7c^2d^6 + 48acd^4e^2 + 384a^2d^2e^4) \sqrt{-e} \arctan(\sqrt{-e} x / \sqrt{ex^2 + d}) - (1280c^2e^6x^{11} + 1664c^2de^5x^9 + 48(c^2d^2e^4 + 80acd^4e^2 + 80acd^4e^2 + 80acd^4e^2) x^7 - 8(7c^2d^3e^3 - 720acd^3e^3 - 720acd^3e^3) x^5 + 10(7c^2d^4e^2 + 48acd^2e^4 + 384a^2e^6) x^3 - 15(7c^2d^5e + 48acd^3e^3 - 640a^2d^5e) x) \sqrt{ex^2 + d}) / e^5]$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \sqrt{d + ex^2} \cdot \left(\frac{13c^2 dx^9}{120} + \frac{c^2 ex^{11}}{12} + \frac{x^7 \cdot (2ace^2 + \frac{c^2 d^2}{40})}{8e} + \frac{x^5 \cdot (4acde - \frac{7d(2ace^2 + \frac{c^2 d^2}{40})}{8e})}{6e} + \frac{x^3 \cdot (a^2 e^2 + 2acd^2 - \frac{5d^3}{9})}{4e} \right) + d^{3/2} \left(a^2 x + \frac{2acx^5}{5} + \frac{c^2 x^9}{9} \right)$$

```
input integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(c*x**4+a)**2,x)
```

```
output Piecewise((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*(13*c**2*d*x**9/120 + c**2*e*x**11/12 + x**7*(2*a*c*e**2 + c**2*d**2/40)/(8*e) + x**5*(4*a*c*d*e - 7*d*(2*a*c*e**2 + c**2*d**2/40)/(8*e))/(6*e) + x**3*(a**2*e**2 + 2*a*c*d**2 - 5*d*(4*a*c*d*e - 7*d*(2*a*c*e**2 + c**2*d**2/40)/(8*e))/(6*e))/(4*e) + x*(2*a**2*d*e - 3*d*(a**2*e**2 + 2*a*c*d**2 - 5*d*(4*a*c*d*e - 7*d*(2*a*c*e**2 + c**2*d**2/40)/(8*e))/(6*e))/(4*e))/(2*e) + (a**2*d**2 - d*(2*a**2*d*e - 3*d*(a**2*e**2 + 2*a*c*d**2 - 5*d*(4*a*c*d*e - 7*d*(2*a*c*e**2 + c**2*d**2/40)/(8*e))/(6*e))/(4*e))/(2*e))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + 2*e*x)/sqrt(e), Ne(d, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(e*x**2), True)), Ne(e, 0)), (d**(3/2)*(a**2*x + 2*a*c*x**5/5 + c**2*x**9/9), True))
```


Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{1}{15360} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8 (10 c^2 ex^2 + 13 c^2 d) x^2 + \frac{3(c^2 d^2 e^9 + 80 ace^{11})}{e^{10}} \right) x^2 - \frac{7 c^2 d^3 e^8 - 720 acde^{10}}{e^{10}} \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. - \frac{(7 c^2 d^6 + 48 acd^4 e^2 + 384 a^2 d^2 e^4) \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{1024 e^{\frac{9}{2}}} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/15360*(2*(4*(2*(8*(10*c^2*e*x^2 + 13*c^2*d)*x^2 + 3*(c^2*d^2*e^9 + 80*a*c*e^11)/e^10)*x^2 - (7*c^2*d^3*e^8 - 720*a*c*d*e^10)/e^10)*x^2 + 5*(7*c^2*d^4*e^7 + 48*a*c*d^2*e^9 + 384*a^2*e^11)/e^10)*x^2 - 15*(7*c^2*d^5*e^6 + 4*8*a*c*d^3*e^8 - 640*a^2*d*e^10)/e^10)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x - 1/1024*(7*c^2*d^6 + 48*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 384*a^2*d^2*e^4)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(9/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \int (cx^4 + a)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{9600\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2de^5x + 3840\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^6x^3 - 720\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^3e^3x + 480\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^2e^4x^3}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output `(9600*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d*e**5*x + 3840*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**6*x**3 - 720*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**3*e**3*x + 480*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 5760*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d*e**5*x**5 + 3840*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*e**6*x**7 - 105*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**5*e*x + 70*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**3 - 56*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**5 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**7 + 1664*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d*e**5*x**9 + 1280*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*e**6*x**11 + 5760*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a**2*d**2*e**4 + 720*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*c*d**4*e**2 + 105*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**6)/(15360*e**5)`

3.374 $\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + cx^4)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2994
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2995
Rubi [A] (verified)	2995
Maple [A] (verified)	2999
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3000
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3001
Maxima [F(-2)]	3001
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3002
Mupad [F(-1)]	3002
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3003

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 221

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{(7c^2d^4 + 32acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4)x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{256e^4} - \frac{cd(7cd^2 + 32ae^2)x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{128e^4} + \frac{c(7cd^2 + 32ae^2)x^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{96e^3} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{80e^2} + \frac{c^2x^7(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e} + \frac{d(7c^2d^4 + 32acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{256e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/256*(128*a^2*e^4+32*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^4-1/128*c
*d*(32*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/e^4+1/96*c*(32*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*x^3*
(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/e^3-7/80*c^2*d*x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/e^2+1/10*c^2*x^7*(e*x^2
+d)^(3/2)/e+1/256*d*(128*a^2*e^4+32*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(e^(1/2)
*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + cx^4)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d + ex^2}(1920a^2e^4 + 160ace^2(-3d^2 + 2dex^2 + 8e^2x^4) + c^2(-105d^4 + 70d^3ex^2 - 56d^2e^2x^4 + 48de^3x^6 + 384e^4x^8)) - 15(7c^2d^5 + 32a*c*d^3*e^2 + 128a^2*d*e^4)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]]}{3840e^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(1920*a^2*e^4 + 160*a*c*e^2*(-3*d^2 + 2*d*e*x^2 + 8*e^2*x^4) + c^2*(-105*d^4 + 70*d^3*e*x^2 - 56*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 48*d*e^3*x^6 + 384*e^4*x^8)) - 15*(7*c^2*d^5 + 32*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 128*a^2*d*e^4)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]/(3840*e^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {1474, 2346, 27, 1474, 27, 299, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^4)^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1474$$

$$\frac{\int \sqrt{ex^2 + d}(-7c^2dx^6 + 20acex^4 + 10a^2e) dx}{10e} + \frac{c^2x^7(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}$$

$$\downarrow 2346$$

$$\frac{\int 5\sqrt{ex^2 + d}(c(7cd^2 + 32ae^2)x^4 + 16a^2e^2) dx}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{8e} + \frac{c^2x^7(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{5 \int \sqrt{ex^2+d}(c(7cd^2+32ae^2)x^4+16a^2e^2)dx}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{8e} + \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}$$

↓ 1474

$$\frac{5 \left(\frac{\int 3\sqrt{ex^2+d}(32a^2e^3-cd(7cd^2+32ae^2)x^2)dx}{6e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(32ae^2+7cd^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{8e} + \frac{10e}{10e} \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{5 \left(\frac{\int \sqrt{ex^2+d}(32a^2e^3-cd(7cd^2+32ae^2)x^2)dx}{2e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(32ae^2+7cd^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{8e} + \frac{10e}{10e} \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}$$

↓ 299

$$\frac{5 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{128a^2e^4+32acd^2e^2+7c^2d^4}{4e} \int \sqrt{ex^2+d}dx - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(32ae^2+7cd^2)}{4e} \right) + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(32ae^2+7cd^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{8e} + \frac{10e}{10e} \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{5 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{128a^2e^4+32acd^2e^2+7c^2d^4}{4e} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(32ae^2+7cd^2)}{4e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(32ae^2+7cd^2)}{6e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{8e} + \frac{10e}{10e} \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}$$

↓ 224

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(128a^2e^4 + 32acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{4e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(32ae^2+7cd^2)}{4e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(32ae^2+7cd^2)}{6e} \right) \\
 & \frac{\phantom{\left(\frac{(128a^2e^4 + 32acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{4e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(32ae^2+7cd^2)}{4e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(32ae^2+7cd^2)}{6e} \right)}}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5}{10e} \\
 & \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \left(\frac{(128a^2e^4 + 32acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{4e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(32ae^2+7cd^2)}{4e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(32ae^2+7cd^2)}{6e} \right) \\
 & \frac{\phantom{\left(\frac{(128a^2e^4 + 32acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right)}{4e} - \frac{cdx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(32ae^2+7cd^2)}{4e} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(32ae^2+7cd^2)}{6e} \right)}}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5}{10e} \\
 & \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{10e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output $(c^2x^7(d + ex^2)^{3/2})/(10e) + ((-7c^2d^2x^5(d + ex^2)^{3/2})/(8e) + (5*((c*(7cd^2 + 32ae^2)x^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2})/(6e) + (-1/4*(c*d*(7cd^2 + 32ae^2)x*(d + ex^2)^{3/2})/e + ((7c^2d^4 + 32a*c*d^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4)*(x*\sqrt{d + ex^2})/2 + (d*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{e}*x)/\sqrt{d + ex^2}])/(2*\sqrt{e}))))/(4e))/(2e))/(8e))/(10e)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 299 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (2p+3)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2p+3)) / (b \cdot (2p+3)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2p+3, 0]$

rule 1474 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_} \cdot (a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^4)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^p \cdot x^{4p-1} \cdot (d + e \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (e \cdot (4p+2q+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(e \cdot (4p+2q+1)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[e \cdot (4p+2q+1) \cdot (a + c \cdot x^4)^p - d \cdot c^p \cdot (4p-1) \cdot x^{4p-2} - e \cdot c^p \cdot (4p+2q+1) \cdot x^{4p}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[q, -1]$

rule 2346 $\text{Int}[(Pq) \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Expon}[Pq, x], e = \text{Coeff}[Pq, x, \text{Expon}[Pq, x]]\}, \text{Simp}[e \cdot x^{q-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (q+2p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b \cdot (q+2p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[b \cdot (q+2p+1) \cdot Pq - a \cdot e \cdot (q-1) \cdot x^{q-2} - b \cdot e \cdot (q+2p+1) \cdot x^q], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PolyQ}[Pq, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$d(a^2e^4 + \frac{1}{4}ac d^2e^2 + \frac{7}{128}c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right) + x \left(\frac{d\left(\frac{7cx^4}{60} + a\right)e^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{2x^2\left(\frac{3cx^4}{20} + a\right)e^{\frac{7}{2}} - 7d^2}{3} + \dots}{\left(\frac{1}{5}c^2x^8 + \frac{2}{3}acx^4 + a^2\right)e^{\frac{9}{2}} - \dots} \right)$
risch	$\frac{x(384c^2e^4x^8 + 48de^3x^6c^2 + 1280ace^4x^4 - 56c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 320acd e^3x^2 + 70c^2d^3e x^2 + 1920a^2e^4 - 480acd^2e^2 - 105c^2d^4)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{3840e^4}$
default	$a^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2} + \frac{d \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2\sqrt{e}} \right) + c^2 \left(\frac{x^7(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{10e} - \dots \right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/2/e^(9/2)*(d*(a^2*e^4+1/4*a*c*d^2*e^2+7/128*c^2*d^4)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))+x*((1/5*c^2*x^8+2/3*a*c*x^4+a^2)*e^(9/2)-1/4*(d*(7/60*c*x^4+a)*e^(5/2)-2/3*x^2*(3/20*c*x^4+a)*e^(7/2)+7/32*d^2*c*(-2/3*e^(3/2)*x^2+e^(1/2)*d))*d*c)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{15(7c^2d^5 + 32acd^3e^2 + 128a^2de^4)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{ex-d}) + 2(384c^2e^5x^9 + 48c^2de^4x^7 - 8(7c^2d^2e^3 - 160acde^5)x^5 + 10(7c^2d^3e^2 + 32acde^4)x^3 - 15(7c^2d^4e + 32acde^3 - 128a^2e^5)x)\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}\right) - (384c^2e^5x^9 + 48c^2de^4x^7 - 8(7c^2d^2e^3 - 160acde^5)x^5 + 10(7c^2d^3e^2 + 32acde^4)x^3 - 15(7c^2d^4e + 32acde^3 - 128a^2e^5)x)\sqrt{e}}{3840e^5}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/7680*(15*(7*c^2*d^5 + 32*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 128*a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) + 2*(384*c^2*e^5*x^9 + 48*c^2*d*e^4*x^7 - 8*(7*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 160*a*c*e^5)*x^5 + 10*(7*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 32*a*c*d*e^4)*x^3 - 15*(7*c^2*d^4*e + 32*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 128*a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/e^5, -1/3840*(15*(7*c^2*d^5 + 32*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 128*a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) - (384*c^2*e^5*x^9 + 48*c^2*d*e^4*x^7 - 8*(7*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 160*a*c*e^5)*x^5 + 10*(7*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 32*a*c*d*e^4)*x^3 - 15*(7*c^2*d^4*e + 32*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 128*a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/e^5]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + cx^4)^2 dx$$

$$= \left(\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(\frac{c^2 dx^7}{80e} + \frac{c^2 x^9}{10} + \frac{x^5 \cdot \left(2ace - \frac{7c^2 d^2}{80e} \right)}{6e} + \frac{x^3 \cdot \left(2acd - \frac{5d \left(2ace - \frac{7c^2 d^2}{80e} \right)}{6e} \right)}{4e} + \frac{x \left(a^2 e - \frac{3d \left(2acd - \frac{5d \left(2ace - \frac{7c^2 d^2}{80e} \right)}{6e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{2e} \right) \right) + \sqrt{d} \left(a^2 x + \frac{2acx^5}{5} + \frac{c^2 x^9}{9} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*(c**2*d*x**7/(80*e) + c**2*x**9/10 + x**5*(2*a*c*e - 7*c**2*d**2/(80*e))/(6*e) + x**3*(2*a*c*d - 5*d*(2*a*c*e - 7*c**2*d**2/(80*e))/(6*e))/(4*e) + x*(a**2*e - 3*d*(2*a*c*d - 5*d*(2*a*c*e - 7*c**2*d**2/(80*e))/(6*e))/(4*e))/(2*e) + (a**2*d - d*(a**2*e - 3*d*(2*a*c*d - 5*d*(2*a*c*e - 7*c**2*d**2/(80*e))/(6*e))/(4*e))/(2*e))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + 2*e*x)/sqrt(e), Ne(d, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(e*x**2), True)), Ne(e, 0)), (sqrt(d)*(a**2*x + 2*a*c*x**5/5 + c**2*x**9/9), True))`**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3840} \left(2 \left(4 \left(6 \left(8c^2x^2 + \frac{c^2d}{e} \right) x^2 - \frac{7c^2d^2e^6 - 160ace^8}{e^8} \right) x^2 + \frac{5(7c^2d^3e^5 + 32acde^7)}{e^8} \right) x^2 - \frac{15(7c^2d^4e^4 + 32a^2c^2d^2e^6 - 128a^2d^2e^8)/e^8}{e^8} \sqrt{ex^2+d} x - \frac{1}{256} \frac{(7c^2d^5 + 32acd^3e^2 + 128a^2de^4) \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2+d}|)}{e^{\frac{9}{2}}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/3840*(2*(4*(6*(8*c^2*x^2 + c^2*d/e)*x^2 - (7*c^2*d^2*e^6 - 160*a*c*e^8)/
e^8)*x^2 + 5*(7*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 32*a*c*d*e^7)/e^8)*x^2 - 15*(7*c^2*d^4*e^4 +
32*a*c*d^2*e^6 - 128*a^2*e^8)/e^8)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x - 1/256*(7*c^2*d^5 +
32*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 128*a^2*d*e^4)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^
(9/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^2 dx = \int (cx^4+a)^2 \sqrt{ex^2+d} dx$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + cx^4)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1920\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^5x - 480\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^2e^3x + 320\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^2e^4x^3 + 1280\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ace^5x^5 - 105\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^5x}{3840e^5}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^4+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(1920*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**5*x - 480*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**3*x
+ 320*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**4*x**3 + 1280*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*e**5*x*
*5 - 105*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**4*e*x + 70*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**3*e*
*2*x**3 - 56*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**5 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*
*2*d**4*x**7 + 384*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*e**5*x**9 + 1920*sqrt(e)*log((s
qrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a**2*d**4 + 480*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(
d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*c*d**3*e**2 + 105*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d
+ e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**5)/(3840*e**5)
```

3.375 $\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3004
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3005
Rubi [A] (verified)	3005
Maple [A] (verified)	3008
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3009
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3009
Maxima [F(-2)]	3010
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3010
Mupad [F(-1)]	3011
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3011

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx = -\frac{cd(35cd^2+96ae^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{128e^4} + \frac{c(35cd^2+96ae^2)x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{192e^3}$$

$$- \frac{7c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{48e^2} + \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e}$$

$$+ \frac{(35c^2d^4+96acd^2e^2+128a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{128e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/128*c*d*(96*a*e^2+35*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^4+1/192*c*(96*a*e^2+35*
c*d^2)*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^3-7/48*c^2*d*x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^2+1/8*c^2*
x^7*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e+1/128*(128*a^2*e^4+96*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*arctan
h(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{cx\sqrt{d + ex^2}(-105cd^3 - 288ade^2 + 70cd^2ex^2 + 192ae^3x^2 - 56cde^2x^4 + 48ce^3x^6)}{384e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(-35c^2d^4 - 96acd^2e^2 - 128a^2e^4) \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d + ex^2})}{128e^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^4)^2/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `(c*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-105*c*d^3 - 288*a*d*e^2 + 70*c*d^2*e*x^2 + 192*a*e^3*x^2 - 56*c*d*e^2*x^4 + 48*c*e^3*x^6))/(384*e^4) + ((-35*c^2*d^4 - 96*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 128*a^2*e^4)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(128*e^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {1474, 2346, 1474, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1474$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{-7c^2dx^6 + 16acex^4 + 8a^2e}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{8e} + \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{8e}$$

$$\downarrow 2346$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{c(35cd^2 + 96ae^2)x^4 + 48a^2e^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{8e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6e} + \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{8e}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1474 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3(64a^2e^3 - cd(35cd^2 + 96ae^2))x^2}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6e} + \frac{cx^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}(96ae^2+35cd^2)}{4e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e} + \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{64a^2e^3 - cd(35cd^2 + 96ae^2)x^2}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6e} + \frac{cx^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}(96ae^2+35cd^2)}{4e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e} + \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e} \\
 & \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{(128a^2e^4 + 96acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2e} - \frac{cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2}(96ae^2+35cd^2)}{2e} \right)}{4e} + \frac{cx^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}(96ae^2+35cd^2)}{4e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e} + \\
 & \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e} \\
 & \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{(128a^2e^4 + 96acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} - d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2e} - \frac{cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2}(96ae^2+35cd^2)}{2e} \right)}{4e} + \frac{cx^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}(96ae^2+35cd^2)}{4e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e} + \\
 & \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{(128a^2e^4 + 96acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} - \frac{cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2}(96ae^2+35cd^2)}{2e} \right)}{4e} + \frac{cx^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}(96ae^2+35cd^2)}{4e} - \frac{7c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e} + \\
 & \frac{c^2x^7\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(a + c*x^4)^2/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (c^2 x^7 \sqrt{d + e x^2}) / (8 e) + ((-7 c^2 d x^5 \sqrt{d + e x^2}) / (6 e) + \\ & ((c (35 c d^2 + 96 a e^2) x^3 \sqrt{d + e x^2}) / (4 e) + (3 (-1/2 (c d (35 c \\ & d^2 + 96 a e^2) x \sqrt{d + e x^2})) / e + ((35 c^2 d^4 + 96 a c d^2 e^2 + 12 \\ & 8 a^2 e^4) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{e} x) / \sqrt{d + e x^2}]) / (2 e^{3/2}))) / (4 e)) / (6 e \\ &)) / (8 e) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[F x, (b_*)(G x_) /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1 / (\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] (x / \operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a / b] \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \operatorname{||} \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\operatorname{Int}[1 / \sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1 / (1 - b x^2), x], x, x / \sqrt{a + b x^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 299

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)} ((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[d x * ((a + b x^2)^{(p + 1}) / (b (2 p + 3))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[(a d - b c (2 p + 3)) / (b (2 p + 3)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b x^2)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[2 p + 3, 0]$$

rule 1474

$$\operatorname{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)} ((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^4)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[c^p x^{(4 p - 1)} ((d + e x^2)^{(q + 1}) / (e (4 p + 2 q + 1))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1 / (e (4 p + 2 q + 1)) \operatorname{Int}[(d + e x^2)^q \operatorname{ExpandToSum}[e (4 p + 2 q + 1) (a + c x^4)^p - d c^p (4 p - 1) x^{(4 p - 2)} - e c^p (4 p + 2 q + 1) x^{(4 p)}, x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, q\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[c d^2 + a e^2, 0] \&\& \operatorname{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \operatorname{!LtQ}[q, -1]$$

rule 2346

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x],
e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(
q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToS
um[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x],
x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(a^2e^4 + \frac{3}{4}acd^2e^2 + \frac{35}{128}c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right) - \frac{3x \left(d \left(\frac{7c}{36}x^4 + a \right) e^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{2x^2 \left(\frac{c}{4}x^4 + a \right) e^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3} + \frac{35d^2c \left(-\frac{2e^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 + \sqrt{e}d \right)}{96} \right) \sqrt{ex^2+d}}{4}}{e^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{cx(-48e^3cx^6 + 56cd^2e^2x^4 - 192ae^3x^2 - 70cd^2ex^2 + 288de^2a + 105d^3c)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{384e^4} + \frac{(128a^2e^4 + 96acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \ln(x)}{128e^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{\sqrt{e}} + c^2 \left(\frac{x^7\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{8e} - \frac{7d \left(\frac{x^5\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{6e} - \frac{5d \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{4e} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{2e} - \frac{d \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2e^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{4e} \right)}{6e} \right)}{8e} \right)$

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/e^(9/2)*((a^2*e^4+3/4*a*c*d^2*e^2+35/128*c^2*d^4)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))-3/4*x*(d*(7/36*c*x^4+a)*e^(5/2)-2/3*x^2*(1/4*c*x^4+a)*e^(7/2)+35/96*d^2*c*(-2/3*e^(3/2)*x^2+e^(1/2)*d))*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*c`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(35c^2d^4 + 96acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex} - d) + 2(48c^2e^4x^7 - 56c^2de^3x^5 + 2(35c^2d^2e^2 + 96acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}\right) - (48c^2e^4x^7 - 56c^2de^3x^5 + 2(35c^2d^2e^2 + 96acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}\right))}{768e^5} - \frac{3(35c^2d^4 + 96acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}\right) - (48c^2e^4x^7 - 56c^2de^3x^5 + 2(35c^2d^2e^2 + 96acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}\right))}{384e^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/768*(3*(35*c^2*d^4 + 96*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 128*a^2*e^4)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) + 2*(48*c^2*e^4*x^7 - 56*c^2*d*e^3*x^5 + 2*(35*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 96*a*c*e^4)*x^3 - 3*(35*c^2*d^3*e + 96*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/e^5, -1/384*(3*(35*c^2*d^4 + 96*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 128*a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) - (48*c^2*e^4*x^7 - 56*c^2*d*e^3*x^5 + 2*(35*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 96*a*c*e^4)*x^3 - 3*(35*c^2*d^3*e + 96*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/e^5]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \left(a^2 + \frac{3d^2 \cdot (2ac + \frac{35e^2 d^2}{48e^2})}{8e^2} \right) \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex^2}+2ex)}{\sqrt{e}} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{ex^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \sqrt{d + ex^2} \left(-\frac{7c^2 dx^5}{48e^2} + \frac{c^2 x^7}{8e} - \frac{3dx(2ac + \frac{35e^2 d^2}{48e^2})}{8e^2} \right) \\ \frac{a^2 x + \frac{2acx^5}{5} + \frac{c^2 x^9}{9}}{\sqrt{d}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise(((a**2 + 3*d**2*(2*a*c + 35*c**2*d**2/(48*e**2)))/(8*e**2))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d + e*x**2) + 2*e*x)/sqrt(e), Ne(d, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(e*x**2), True)) + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*(-7*c**2*d*x**5/(48*e**2) + c**2*x**7/(8*e) - 3*d*x*(2*a*c + 35*c**2*d**2/(48*e**2))/(8*e**2) + x**3*(2*a*c + 35*c**2*d**2/(48*e**2))/(4*e)), Ne(e, 0)), ((a**2*x + 2*a*c*x**5/5 + c**2*x**9/9)/sqrt(d), True))
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{384} \left(2 \left(4 \left(\frac{6c^2x^2}{e} - \frac{7c^2d}{e^2} \right) x^2 + \frac{35c^2d^2e^4 + 96ace^6}{e^7} \right) x^2 - \frac{3(35c^2d^3e^3 + 96acde^5)}{e^7} \right) \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \\ & \quad - \frac{(35c^2d^4 + 96acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4) \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{128e^{\frac{9}{2}}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/384*(2*(4*(6*c^2*x^2/e - 7*c^2*d/e^2)*x^2 + (35*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 96*a*c*e^6
)/e^7)*x^2 - 3*(35*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 96*a*c*d*e^5)/e^7)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x - 1/
128*(35*c^2*d^4 + 96*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 128*a^2*e^4)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(
e*x^2 + d)))/e^(9/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^4 + a)^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-288\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^3x + 192\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ace^4x^3 - 105\sqrt{ex^2 + d}c^2d^3ex + 70\sqrt{ex^2 + d}c^2d^2e^2x^3 - 56\sqrt{ex^2 + d}c^2d^2e^2x^3}{(384e^5)}$$

input

```
int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 288*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d*e**3*x + 192*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*e**4*x**3
- 105*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**3*e*x + 70*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**2*e**2
*x**3 - 56*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d*e**3*x**5 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*e
*4*x**7 + 384*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a**2*e**
4 + 288*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*c*d**2*e**2
+ 105*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**4)/(384*
e**5)
```

3.376 $\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3012
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3012
Rubi [A] (verified)	3013
Maple [A] (verified)	3016
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3017
Sympy [F]	3017
Maxima [F(-2)]	3018
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3018
Mupad [F(-1)]	3019
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3019

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 x}{de^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{c(19cd^2 + 16ae^2) x \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{16e^4} - \frac{11c^2 dx^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{24e^3} + \frac{c^2 x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6e^2} - \frac{cd(35cd^2 + 48ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{16e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/16*c*(16*a*e^2+19*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^4-11/24*c^2*d*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^3+1/6*c^2*x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^2-1/16*c*d*(48*a*e^2+35*c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(48a^2e^4 + 48acde^2(3d + ex^2) + c^2d(105d^3 + 35d^2ex^2 - 14de^2x^4 + 8e^3x^6))}{48de^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{cd(35cd^2 + 48ae^2) \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d + ex^2})}{16e^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output $(x*(48*a^2*e^4 + 48*a*c*d*e^2*(3*d + e*x^2) + c^2*d*(105*d^3 + 35*d^2*e*x^2 - 14*d*e^2*x^4 + 8*e^3*x^6)))/(48*d*e^4*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) + (c*d*(35*c*d^2 + 48*a*e^2)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/(16*e^(9/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {1472, 2346, 1473, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1472

$$\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{de^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{-\frac{c^2 dx^6}{e} + \frac{c^2 d^2 x^4}{e^2} - \frac{cd(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + \frac{cd^2(cd^2 + 2ae^2)}{e^4}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d}$$

↓ 2346

$$\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{de^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{11c^2 d^2 x^4}{e} - 6cd\left(\frac{cd^2}{e^2} + 2a\right)x^2 + \frac{6cd^2(cd^2 + 2ae^2)}{e^3}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{6e} - \frac{c^2 dx^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6e^2}$$

↓ 1473

$$\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{de^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3cd\left(8d\left(\frac{cd^2}{e^2} + 2a\right) - \left(\frac{19cd^2}{e} + 16ae\right)x^2\right)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{4e} + \frac{11c^2 d^2 x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{4e^2} - \frac{c^2 dx^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6e^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{de^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3cd \int \frac{8d\left(\frac{cd^2}{e^2} + 2a\right) - \left(\frac{19cd^2}{e} + 16ae\right)x^2}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{6e} + \frac{11c^2d^2x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^2} - \frac{c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{de^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3cd\left(\frac{1}{2}d\left(48a + \frac{35cd^2}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(16a + \frac{19cd^2}{e^2}\right)\right)}{6e} + \frac{11c^2d^2x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^2} - \frac{c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{de^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3cd\left(\frac{1}{2}d\left(48a + \frac{35cd^2}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d - \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(16a + \frac{19cd^2}{e^2}\right)\right)}{6e} + \frac{11c^2d^2x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^2} - \frac{c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{de^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{3cd\left(\frac{d\left(48a + \frac{35cd^2}{e^2}\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(16a + \frac{19cd^2}{e^2}\right)\right)}{4e} + \frac{11c^2d^2x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^2} - \frac{c^2dx^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*x)/(d*e^4*sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (-1/6*(c^2*d*x^5*sqrt[d + e*x^2])/e^2 + ((11*c^2*d^2*x^3*sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(4*e^2) + (3*c*d*(-1/2*((16*a + (19*c*d^2)/e^2)*x*sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (d*(48*a + (35*c*d^2)/e^2)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[e]*x)/sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*sqrt[e])))/(4*e))/(6*e))/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 299 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(b*(2*p+3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(2*p+3))/(b*(2*p+3)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*p+3, 0]$
- rule 1472 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^4)^{(p_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]\}, \text{Simp}[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^{(q+1})/(2*d*(q+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d*(q+1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{(q+1)}*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*d*(q+1)*Qx + R*(2*q+3), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]$
- rule 1473 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2 + (c_*)(x_)^4)^{(p_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^p*x^{(4*p-1)}*((d + e*x^2)^{(q+1})/(e*(4*p+2*q+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(e*(4*p+2*q+1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x^2)^q*\text{ExpandToSum}[e*(4*p+2*q+1)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - d*c^p*(4*p-1)*x^{(4*p-2)} - e*c^p*(4*p+2*q+1)*x^{(4*p)}, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[q, -1]$

rule 2346

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x],
e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(
q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToS
um[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x],
x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-3d^2\sqrt{ex^2+d}\left(ae^2 + \frac{35cd^2}{48}\right)c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{e}}\right) + x\left(3d^2\left(-\frac{7cx^4}{72} + a\right)ce^{\frac{5}{2}} + cdx^2\left(\frac{cx^4}{6} + a\right)e^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{35e^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2d^3x^2}{48} + \frac{35\sqrt{e}c^2a}{16}\right)}{e^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}$
risch	$\frac{cx(8cx^4e^2 - 22dex^2c + 48ae^2 + 57cd^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{48e^4} + \frac{2cdxa}{e^2\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{c^2d^3x}{e^4\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{3cd \ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})a}{e^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{35c^2d^3}{e^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{a^2x}{d\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + c^2 \left(\frac{x^7}{6e\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{7d \left(\frac{x^5}{4e\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{5d \left(\frac{x^3}{2e\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{3d \left(-\frac{x}{e\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{\ln(x\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{ex^2+d})}{2e} \right)}{e^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{4e} \right)}{6e} \right) + 2c$

input

```
int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/e^(9/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-3*d^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a*e^2+35/48*c*d^2)*c*ar
ctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))+x*(3*d^2*(-7/72*c*x^4+a)*c*e^(5/2)+c*d*x^
2*(1/6*c*x^4+a)*e^(7/2)+35/48*e^(3/2)*c^2*d^3*x^2+35/16*e^(1/2)*c^2*d^4+e^
(9/2)*a^2))/d
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(35c^2d^5 + 48acd^3e^2 + (35c^2d^4e + 48acd^2e^3)x^2)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{e}x}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/96*(3*(35*c^2*d^5 + 48*a*c*d^3*e^2 + (35*c^2*d^4*e + 48*a*c*d^2*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) + 2*(8*c^2*d*e^4*x^7 - 14*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^5 + (35*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 48*a*c*d*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(35*c^2*d^4*e + 48*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 16*a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d*e^6*x^2 + d^2*e^5), 1/48*(3*(35*c^2*d^5 + 48*a*c*d^3*e^2 + (35*c^2*d^4*e + 48*a*c*d^2*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) + (8*c^2*d*e^4*x^7 - 14*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^5 + (35*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 48*a*c*d*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(35*c^2*d^4*e + 48*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 16*a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d*e^6*x^2 + d^2*e^5)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Integral((a + c*x**4)**2/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(2 \left(\frac{4c^2x^2}{e} - \frac{7c^2d}{e^2} \right) x^2 + \frac{35c^2d^3e^4 + 48acde^6}{de^7} \right) x^2 + \frac{3(35c^2d^4e^3 + 48acd^2e^5 + 16a^2e^7)}{de^7} \right) x}{48 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} + \frac{(35c^2d^3 + 48acde^2) \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{16e^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/48*((2*(4*c^2*x^2/e - 7*c^2*d/e^2)*x^2 + (35*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 48*a*c*d*e^6)/(d*e^7))*x^2 + 3*(35*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 48*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 16*a^2*e^7)/(d*e^7))*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d) + 1/16*(35*c^2*d^3 + 48*a*c*d*e^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(9/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^4 + a)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{384\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^5x + 1152\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^2e^3x + 384\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acde^4x^3 + 840\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^5x^5 + 1152\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^2e^3x^3 + 384\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acde^4x^3 + 840\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^5x^5 + 64\sqrt{ex^2 + d}c^2d^3e^2x^3 - 112\sqrt{ex^2 + d}c^2d^2e^3x^5 + 64\sqrt{ex^2 + d}c^2d^4e^4x^7 - 1152\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)a^2cd^3e^2 - 1152\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)a^2cd^2e^3x^2 - 840\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)c^2d^5 - 840\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)c^2d^4e^4x^2 + 384\sqrt{e}a^2d^4e^4 + 384\sqrt{e}a^2e^5x^2 + 864\sqrt{e}a^2cd^3e^2 + 864\sqrt{e}a^2cd^2e^3x^2 + 525\sqrt{e}c^2d^5 + 525\sqrt{e}c^2d^4e^4x^2}{(384d^2e^5(d + ex^2))}$$

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2), x)`output `(384*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**5*x + 1152*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**3*x + 384*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**4*x**3 + 840*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**4*e*x + 280*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**3 - 112*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**5 + 64*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**7 - 1152*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*c*d**3*e**2 - 1152*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 840*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**5 - 840*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 384*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**4*e**4 + 384*sqrt(e)*a**2*e**5*x**2 + 864*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**3*e**2 + 864*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 525*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**5 + 525*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2)/(384*d**2*e**5*(d + e*x**2))`

3.377 $\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3020
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3020
Rubi [A] (verified)	3021
Maple [A] (verified)	3025
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3026
Sympy [F]	3026
Maxima [F(-2)]	3027
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3027
Mupad [F(-1)]	3028
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3028

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^2 x}{3de^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(5cd^2-ae^2)(cd^2+ae^2)x}{3d^2e^4\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{11c^2dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8e^4} + \frac{c^2x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^3} + \frac{c(35cd^2+16ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{8e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)-2/3*(-a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/d^2/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-11/8*c^2*d*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^4+1/4*c^2*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^3+1/8*c*(16*a*e^2+35*c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(8a^2e^4(3d+2ex^2)-16acd^2e^2(3d+4ex^2)-c^2d^2(105d^3+140d^2ex^2+21de^2x^4-6e^2d^2))}{24d^2e^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{c(35cd^2+16ae^2)\log(-\sqrt{ex}+\sqrt{d+ex^2})}{8e^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output $(x*(8*a^2*e^4*(3*d + 2*e*x^2) - 16*a*c*d^2*e^2*(3*d + 4*e*x^2) - c^2*d^2*(105*d^3 + 140*d^2*e*x^2 + 21*d*e^2*x^4 - 6*e^3*x^6)))/(24*d^2*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (c*(35*c*d^2 + 16*a*e^2)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/(8*e^(9/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 2345, 27, 1473, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1472

$$\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{3de^4(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3c^2dx^6}{e} - \frac{3c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} + \frac{3cd(cd^2+2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 2a^2 - \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^4} dx}{3d}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{3c^2dx^6}{e} - \frac{3c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} + \frac{3cd(cd^2+2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 2a^2 - \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^4} dx}{3d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{3de^4(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 2345

$$\frac{2x\left(a^2 - \frac{4acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{5c^2d^4}{e^4}\right)}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3\left(\frac{e^2d^2x^4}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d^3x^2}{e^3} + \frac{cd^2(3cd^2+2ae^2)}{e^4}\right) dx}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{3d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{3de^4(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{\frac{c^2 d^2 x^4}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2 d^3 x^2}{e^3} + \frac{cd^2(3cd^2+2ae^2)}{e^4}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{2x(a^2 - \frac{4acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{5c^2 d^4}{e^4})}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{3de^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1473} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{cd^2(4(3cd^2+2ae^2)-11cdex^2)}{e^3\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{c^2 d^2 x^3 \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^3}}{d} \right) + \frac{2x(a^2 - \frac{4acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{5c^2 d^4}{e^4})}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{3de^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{cd^2 \int \frac{4(3cd^2+2ae^2)-11cdex^2}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{c^2 d^2 x^3 \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^3}}{d} \right) + \frac{2x(a^2 - \frac{4acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{5c^2 d^4}{e^4})}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{3de^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{299} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}(16ae^2+35cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{11}{2}cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{c^2 d^2 x^3 \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^3}}{d} \right) + \frac{2x(a^2 - \frac{4acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{5c^2 d^4}{e^4})}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{3de^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}(16ae^2+35cd^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{e^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{11}{2}cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2} \right) + \frac{c^2 d^2 x^3 \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^3}}{d} \right) + \frac{2x(a^2 - \frac{4acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{5c^2 d^4}{e^4})}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{3d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{3de^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2x \left(a^2 - \frac{4acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{5c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{(16ae^2+35cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - \frac{11}{2}cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{e}} \right)}{4e^4} + \frac{c^2d^2x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4e^3} \right)}{d} + \frac{3d}{3de^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*x)/(3*d*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*(a^2 - (5*c^2*d^4)/e^4 - (4*a*c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (3*((c^2*d^2*x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(4*e^3) + (c*d^2*((-11*c*d*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/2 + ((35*c*d^2 + 16*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[e])))/(4*e^4)))/d)/(3*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x
*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2
*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]
```

rule 1472

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Wi
th[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[Polynom
ialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)
^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1
)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 1473

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*x^(4*p - 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[e*(4*p +
2*q + 1)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - d*c^p*(4*p - 1)*x^(4*p - 2) - e*c^p*(4*p +
2*q + 1)*x^(4*p), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 -
4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !LtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 2345

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuot
ient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x,
0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b
*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) In
t[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\left(a e^2 + \frac{35c d^2}{16}\right) d^2 (e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{x \sqrt{e}}\right) + \frac{2x\left(-\frac{105c^2 d^5 \sqrt{e}}{16} + \left(-\frac{35c^2 d^4 x^2}{4} - 3\left(\frac{7c x^4}{16} + a\right) c e d^3 - 4x^2\left(-\frac{3c x^4}{32} + a\right) c e^2\right)}{3}}{e^{\frac{9}{2}}(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2}$
default	$a^2 \left(\frac{x}{3d(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3d^2 \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} \right) + c^2 \left(\frac{x^7}{4e(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{7d \left(\frac{x^5}{2e(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{5d \left(-\frac{x^3}{3e(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{x}{e \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} + \frac{\ln\left(\frac{x - \sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{e \sqrt{e x^2 + d}}\right)}{2e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{4e} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{c^2 x (-2e x^2 + 11d) \sqrt{e x^2 + d}}{8e^4} + \frac{c(16a e^2 + 35c d^2) \ln(x \sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e x^2 + d})}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{2(a^2 e^4 + 2ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) \left(-\frac{\sqrt{\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{-de}}{e}\right)^2 e + 2\sqrt{-de}}}{3\sqrt{-de} \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{-de}}{e}\right)} \right)}{e}$

```
input int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3*(3*(a*e^2+35/16*c*d^2)*d^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*c*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))+x*(-105/16*c^2*d^5*e^(1/2)+(-35/4*c^2*d^4*x^2-3*(7/16*c*x^4+a)*c*e*d^3-4*x^2*(-3/32*c*x^4+a)*c*e^2*d^2+3/2*e^3*a^2*d+e^4*x^2*a^2)*e^(3/2))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/e^(9/2)/d^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 478, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(35c^2d^6 + 16acd^4e^2 + (35c^2d^4e^2 + 16acd^2e^4)x^4 + 2(35c^2d^5e + 16acd^3e^3)x^2)\sqrt{e} + 3(35c^2d^6 + 16acd^4e^2 + (35c^2d^4e^2 + 16acd^2e^4)x^4 + 2(35c^2d^5e + 16acd^3e^3)x^2)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}\right) - 24(d^2e^7x^4}{24(d^2e^7x^4}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/48*(3*(35*c^2*d^6 + 16*a*c*d^4*e^2 + (35*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 16*a*c*d^2*e^4)*
x^4 + 2*(35*c^2*d^5*e + 16*a*c*d^3*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt
(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) + 2*(6*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^7 - 21*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^5 - 4
*(35*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 16*a*c*d^2*e^4 - 4*a^2*e^6)*x^3 - 3*(35*c^2*d^5*e + 16*
a*c*d^3*e^3 - 8*a^2*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d^2*e^7*x^4 + 2*d^3*e^6*x^
2 + d^4*e^5), -1/24*(3*(35*c^2*d^6 + 16*a*c*d^4*e^2 + (35*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 16
*a*c*d^2*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(35*c^2*d^5*e + 16*a*c*d^3*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan
(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) - (6*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^7 - 21*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^5 - 4
*(35*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 16*a*c*d^2*e^4 - 4*a^2*e^6)*x^3 - 3*(35*c^2*d^5*e + 16*
a*c*d^3*e^3 - 8*a^2*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d^2*e^7*x^4 + 2*d^3*e^6*x^
2 + d^4*e^5)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
Integral((a + c*x**4)**2/(d + e*x**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(3 \left(\frac{2c^2x^2}{e} - \frac{7c^2d}{e^2} \right) x^2 - \frac{4(35c^2d^4e^4 + 16acd^2e^6 - 4a^2e^8)}{d^2e^7} \right) x^2 - \frac{3(35c^2d^5e^3 + 16acd^3e^5 - 8a^2de^7)}{d^2e^7} \right) x}{24(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{(35c^2d^2 + 16ace^2) \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{8e^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*((3*(2*c^2*x^2/e - 7*c^2*d/e^2)*x^2 - 4*(35*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 16*a*c*d^2*e^6 - 4*a^2*e^8)/(d^2*e^7))*x^2 - 3*(35*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 16*a*c*d^3*e^5 - 8*a^2*d*e^7)/(d^2*e^7))*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2) - 1/8*(35*c^2*d^2 + 16*a*c*e^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(9/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^4 + a)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 466, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{192\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2de^5x + 128\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^6x^3 - 384\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^3e^3x - 512\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^4x^5 + 128\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^5x^7 - 384\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^3e^3x^3 - 512\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^4x^5 + 128\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^5x^7}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)`

output

```
(192*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d*e**5*x + 128*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**6*x**3
- 384*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**3*e**3*x - 512*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**
4*x**3 - 840*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**5*e*x - 1120*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d
**4*e**2*x**3 - 168*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**5 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x
**2)*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**7 + 384*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/
sqrt(d))*a*c*d**4*e**2 + 768*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sq
rt(d))*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 384*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)
/sqrt(d))*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 840*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)
*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**6 + 1680*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/s
qrt(d))*c**2*d**5*e*x**2 + 840*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/
sqrt(d))*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**4 - 128*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**2*e**4 - 256*sqrt(e)*a*
*2*d*e**5*x**2 - 128*sqrt(e)*a**2*e**6*x**4 + 175*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**6 + 350*
sqrt(e)*c**2*d**5*e*x**2 + 175*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**4)/(192*d**2*e**5
*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

3.378 $\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3029
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3029
Rubi [A] (verified)	3030
Maple [A] (verified)	3033
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3034
Sympy [F]	3034
Maxima [F(-2)]	3035
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3035
Mupad [F(-1)]	3036
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3036

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^2 x}{5de^4(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4(4cd^2-ae^2)(cd^2+ae^2)x}{15d^2e^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(29c^2d^4+3acd^2e^2+4a^2e^4)x}{15d^3e^4\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{c^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2e^4} - \frac{7c^2d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)-4/15*(-a*e^2+4*c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/d^2/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/15*(4*a^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^2+29*c^2*d^4)*x/d^3/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*c^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/e^4-7/2*c^2*d*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x(12acd^2e^4x^4+2a^2e^4(15d^2+20dex^2+8e^2x^4)+c^2d^3(105d^3+245d^2ex^2+161de^2x^4)}{30d^3e^4(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{7c^2d \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d+ex^2})}{2e^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $(x*(12*a*c*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 2*a^2*e^4*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x^2 + 8*e^2*x^4) + c^2*d^3*(105*d^3 + 245*d^2*e*x^2 + 161*d*e^2*x^4 + 15*e^3*x^6)))/(30*d^3*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (7*c^2*d*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/(2*e^(9/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 2345, 25, 1471, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1472 \\
 & \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{5de^4(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5c^2dx^6}{e} - \frac{5c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} + \frac{5cd(cd^2+2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 4a^2 - \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^4} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5c^2dx^6}{e} - \frac{5c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} + \frac{5cd(cd^2+2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 4a^2 - \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^4} dx}{5d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{5de^4(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2345 \\
 & \frac{4x\left(a^2 - \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{4c^2d^4}{e^4}\right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{13c^2d^4}{e^4} - \frac{30c^2x^2d^3}{e^3} + \frac{15c^2x^4d^2}{e^2} + \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + 8a^2 dx}{3d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{5de^4(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*x)/(5*d*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^{(5/2)}) + ((4*(a^2 - (4*c^2*d^4) \\ & /e^4 - (3*a*c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)}) + ((2*(4*a^2 + (29*c^2* \\ & d^4)/e^4 + (3*a*c*d^2)/e^2)*x)/(d*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) - (15*c^2*d^2*(-1/2*(x* \\ & \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) + (7*d*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[e])) \\ &)/e^4)/(3*d))/(5*d) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \&\& \text{!Ma} \\ \text{tchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \\ \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{Gt} \\ \text{Q}[a, 0] \text{ || LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), \text{x}], \\ \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 299

$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x \\ *((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(b*(2*p + 3))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2 \\ *p + 3)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - \\ a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[2*p + 3, 0]$$

rule 1471

$$\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, \\ \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{Qx} = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2 \\ , \text{x}], \text{R} = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x} \\ , 0]\}, \text{Simp}[(-\text{R})*x*(d + e*x^2)^{(q + 1)}/(2*d*(q + 1)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d*(q \\ + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{(q + 1)*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*d*(q + 1)*\text{Qx} + \text{R}*(2*q + 3), \\ \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 \\ - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[q, -1]$$

rule 1472

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 2345

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{7(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d}}{x \sqrt{e}}\right) e^2 d^4}{2} + x \left(a d^2 \left(\frac{2 c x^4}{5} + a \right) e^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{4 e^{\frac{11}{2}} a^2 d x^2}{3} + \frac{8 e^{\frac{13}{2}} a^2 d^2 x^4}{15} + \frac{161 d^3 \left(\frac{15 x^6 e^{\frac{7}{2}}}{161} + e^{\frac{5}{2}} d x^4 + \frac{35 e^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 x^2}{23} \right)}{30} \right)$
default	$a^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^2 \sqrt{e x^2+d}}}{d} \right) + c^2 \left(\frac{x^7}{2e(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{7d \left(-\frac{x^5}{5e(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{x^3}{3e(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \dots}{2e} \right)}{2e} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/e^(9/2)*(-7/2*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))*c^2*d^4
+x*(a*d^2*(2/5*c*x^4+a)*e^(9/2)+4/3*e^(11/2)*a^2*d*x^2+8/15*e^(13/2)*a^2*x
^4+161/30*d^3*(15/161*x^6*e^(7/2)+e^(5/2)*d*x^4+35/23*e^(3/2)*d^2*x^2+15/2
3*e^(1/2)*d^3)*c^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/d^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \left[\frac{105(c^2d^4e^3x^6 + 3c^2d^5e^2x^4 + 3c^2d^6ex^2 + c^2d^7)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex - d})}{(d^3e^8x^6 + 3d^4e^7x^4 + 3d^5e^6x^2 + d^6e^5)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/60*(105*(c^2*d^4*e^3*x^6 + 3*c^2*d^5*e^2*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^6*e*x^2 + c^2*d^7)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) + 2*(15*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^7 + (161*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 16*a^2*e^7)*x^5 + 5*(49*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 8*a^2*d*e^6)*x^3 + 15*(7*c^2*d^6*e + 2*a^2*d^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d^3*e^8*x^6 + 3*d^4*e^7*x^4 + 3*d^5*e^6*x^2 + d^6*e^5), 1/30*(105*(c^2*d^4*e^3*x^6 + 3*c^2*d^5*e^2*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^6*e*x^2 + c^2*d^7)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) + (15*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^7 + (161*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 16*a^2*e^7)*x^5 + 5*(49*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 8*a^2*d*e^6)*x^3 + 15*(7*c^2*d^6*e + 2*a^2*d^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d^3*e^8*x^6 + 3*d^4*e^7*x^4 + 3*d^5*e^6*x^2 + d^6*e^5)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**(7/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + c*x**4)**2/(d + e*x**2)**(7/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\left(\frac{15c^2x^2}{e} + \frac{161c^2d^4e^5 + 12acd^2e^7 + 16a^2e^9}{d^3e^7} \right) x^2 + \frac{5(49c^2d^5e^4 + 8a^2de^8)}{d^3e^7} \right) x^2 + \frac{15(7c^2d^6e^3 + 2a^2d^2e^7)}{d^3e^7} \right)}{30(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{7c^2d \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{2e^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/30*(((15*c^2*x^2/e + (161*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + 16*a^2*e^9)/(d^3*e^7))*x^2 + 5*(49*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 8*a^2*d*e^8)/(d^3*e^7))*x^2 + 15*(7*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 2*a^2*d^2*e^7)/(d^3*e^7))*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2) + 7/2*c^2*d*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(9/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^4 + a)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x)`output `int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{120\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2d^2e^5x + 160\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2de^6x^3 + 64\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^7x^5 + 48\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^8x^7}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x)`

output

```
(120*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**2*e**5*x + 160*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d*e**6*x**3 + 64*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**7*x**5 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**5 + 420*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**6*e*x + 980*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**3 + 644*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**5 + 60*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**7 - 420*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**7 - 1260*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**6*e*x**2 - 1260*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**4 - 420*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**6 - 64*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**3*e**4 - 192*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 - 192*sqrt(e)*a**2*d*e**6*x**4 - 64*sqrt(e)*a**2*e**7*x**6 + 48*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**5*e**2 + 144*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 144*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**3*e**4*x**4 + 48*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**6 - 203*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**7 - 609*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**6*e*x**2 - 609*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**4 - 203*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**6)/(120*d**3*e**5*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6))
```

3.379 $\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3037
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3038
Rubi [A] (verified)	3038
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3045
Mupad [F(-1)]	3046
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3046

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 208

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 x}{7de^4 (d + ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{2(11cd^2 - 3ae^2)(cd^2 + ae^2)x}{35d^2e^4(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2(61c^2d^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + 12a^2e^4)x}{105d^3e^4(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4(44c^2d^4 - 3acd^2e^2 - 12a^2e^4)x}{105d^4e^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/7*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)-2/35*(-3*a*e^2+11*c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/d^2/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+2/105*(12*a^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^2+61*c^2*d^4)*x/d^3/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)-4/105*(-12*a^2*e^4-3*a*c*d^2*e^2+44*c^2*d^4)*x/d^4/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+c^2*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{x(6acd^2e^4x^4(7d + 2ex^2) + 3a^2e^4(35d^3 + 70d^2ex^2 + 56de^2x^4 + 16e^3x^6) - c^2d^4(105d^3 - c^2 \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d + ex^2}))}{105d^4e^4(d + ex^2)^{7/2} e^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*(6*a*c*d^2*e^4*x^4*(7*d + 2*e*x^2) + 3*a^2*e^4*(35*d^3 + 70*d^2*e*x^2 + 56*d*e^2*x^4 + 16*e^3*x^6) - c^2*d^4*(105*d^3 + 350*d^2*e*x^2 + 406*d*e^2*x^4 + 176*e^3*x^6)))/(105*d^4*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)) - (c^2*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/e^(9/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$, Rules used = {1472, 25, 2345, 25, 1471, 25, 25, 27, 298, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1472$$

$$\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{7de^4(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{7c^2dx^6}{e} - \frac{7c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} + \frac{7cd(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 6a^2 - \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^4} dx}{7d}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{7c^2dx^6}{e} - \frac{7c^2d^2x^4}{e^2} + \frac{7cd(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^2}{e^3} + 6a^2 - \frac{2acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^4} dx}{7d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{7de^4(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

$$\frac{2x\left(3a^2 - \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2d^4}{e^4}\right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{17c^2d^4}{e^4} - \frac{70c^2x^2d^3}{e^3} + \frac{35c^2x^4d^2}{e^2} + \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + 24a^2}{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{7d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{17c^2d^4}{e^4} - \frac{70c^2x^2d^3}{e^3} + \frac{35c^2x^4d^2}{e^2} + \frac{6acd^2}{e^2} + 24a^2}{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{7d} + \frac{2x\left(3a^2 - \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2d^4}{e^4}\right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{7d} + \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

$$\frac{2x\left(12a^2 + \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{61c^2d^4}{e^4}\right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{105c^2x^2d^3 + \left(-\frac{71c^2d^4}{e^4} + \frac{12acd^2}{e^2} + 48a^2\right)e^3}{e^3(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d}}{5d} + \frac{2x\left(3a^2 - \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2d^4}{e^4}\right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{5d} + \frac{7d}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{71c^2d^4}{e^4} - \frac{105c^2x^2d^3 - 12acd^2 - 48a^2e^3}{e^3(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2x\left(12a^2 + \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{61c^2d^4}{e^4}\right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} + \frac{2x\left(3a^2 - \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2d^4}{e^4}\right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{5d} + \frac{7d}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

$$\frac{2x\left(12a^2 + \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{61c^2d^4}{e^4}\right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{71c^2d^4}{e^4} - \frac{105c^2x^2d^3 - 12acd^2 - 48a^2e^3}{e^3(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d}}{5d} + \frac{2x\left(3a^2 - \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2d^4}{e^4}\right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{5d} + \frac{7d}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2x \left(12a^2 + \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{61c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{71c^2d^4 - 105c^2x^2d^3 - 12aced^2 - 48a^2e^3}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3de^3} \\
 & \frac{2x \left(3a^2 - \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{7d}{5d} \\
 & \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 298 \\
 & \frac{2x \left(12a^2 + \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{61c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4x(-12a^2e^4 - 3acd^2e^2 + 44c^2d^4)}{de\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{105c^2d^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3de^3} \\
 & \frac{2x \left(3a^2 - \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{7d}{5d} \\
 & \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{2x \left(12a^2 + \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{61c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4x(-12a^2e^4 - 3acd^2e^2 + 44c^2d^4)}{de\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{105c^2d^3 \int \frac{1 - \frac{ex^2}{e}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{3de^3} \\
 & \frac{2x \left(3a^2 - \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{7d}{5d} \\
 & \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{2x \left(12a^2 + \frac{3acd^2}{e^2} + \frac{61c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4x(-12a^2e^4 - 3acd^2e^2 + 44c^2d^4)}{de\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{105c^2d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{e^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{2x \left(3a^2 - \frac{8acd^2}{e^2} - \frac{11c^2d^4}{e^4} \right)}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{7d}{5d} \\
 & \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{7de^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x]`

output
$$\frac{(c^2d^2 + a^2e^2)^2x}{7d^4e^4(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{(2(3a^2 - (11c^2d^2)/e^4 - (8ac^2d^2)/e^2)x)}{5d^4(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{(2(12a^2 + (61c^2d^4)/e^4 + (3ac^2d^2)/e^2)x)}{3d^4(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{(4(44c^2d^4 - 3ac^2d^2e^2 - 12a^2e^4)x)}{d^4e^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{(105c^2d^3\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{e}x/\sqrt{d + ex^2}])}{e^3(3de^3)/(5d))/(7d)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25
$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224
$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 298
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_*)*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*a*b*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[1/2 + p, 0])$$

rule 1471
$$\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^2)^{q_*)*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2 + (c_*)(x_)^4)^{p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]\}, \text{Simp}[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^{q+1}/(2*d*(q+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d*(q+1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{q+1}*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q+1)*Qx + R*(2*q+3), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]$$

rule 1472

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
  {Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[
    (a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] +
  Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x], x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 2345

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[
  Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0],
  g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*
  ((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*
  ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$c^2 d^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e x^2+d}}{x \sqrt{e}}\right) e^4 (e x^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{x e^{\frac{9}{2}} (48 a^2 e^7 x^6 + 12 a c d^2 e^5 x^6 - 176 c^2 d^4 e^3 x^6 + 168 a^2 d e^6 x^4 + 42 a c d^3 e^4 x^4 - 406 c^2 d^5 e^2 x^4 + 210 a^2 d^2 e^5 x^2 - 350 c^2 d^6 e x^2 + 105 a^2 d^3 e^4 - 105 c^2 d^7)}{105 (e x^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} e^{\frac{17}{2}} d^4}$
default	$a^2 \left(\frac{x}{7d(e x^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{6x}{35d(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{6\left(\frac{4x}{15d(e x^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^2\sqrt{e x^2+d}}\right)}{7d}}{d} \right) + c^2 \left(-\frac{x^7}{7e(e x^2+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{-x^5}{5e(e x^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$

input

```
int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(c^2*d^4*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))*e^4*(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)+1/105*x*e^(9/2)*(48*a^2*e^7*x^6+12*a*c*d^2*e^5*x^6-176*c^2*d^4*e^3*x^6+168*a^2*d*e^6*x^4+42*a*c*d^3*e^4*x^4-406*c^2*d^5*e^2*x^4+210*a^2*d^2*e^5*x^2-350*c^2*d^6*e*x^2+105*a^2*d^3*e^4-105*c^2*d^7))/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/e^(17/2)/d^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 557, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{105(c^2d^4e^4x^8 + 4c^2d^5e^3x^6 + 6c^2d^6e^2x^4 + 4c^2d^7ex^2 + c^2d^8)\sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2+d}) + 105(c^2d^4e^4x^8 + 4c^2d^5e^3x^6 + 6c^2d^6e^2x^4 + 4c^2d^7ex^2 + c^2d^8)\sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}\right) + (4(44c^2d^4e^4 - 3acd^5) \sqrt{e} \log(-2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2+d}) + 4(44c^2d^4e^4 - 3acd^5) \sqrt{-e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}\right) + 105(d^4e^9x^8 + 4d^5e^8x^6 + 6d^6e^7x^4 + 4d^7e^6x^2 + d^8e^5))}{105(d^4e^9x^8 + 4d^5e^8x^6 + 6d^6e^7x^4 + 4d^7e^6x^2 + d^8e^5)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/210*(105*(c^2*d^4*e^4*x^8 + 4*c^2*d^5*e^3*x^6 + 6*c^2*d^6*e^2*x^4 + 4*c^2*d^7*e*x^2 + c^2*d^8)*sqrt(e)*log(-2*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) - 2*(4*(44*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 3*a*c*d^2*e^6 - 12*a^2*e^8)*x^7 + 14*(29*c^2*d^5*e^3 - 3*a*c*d^3*e^5 - 12*a^2*d*e^7)*x^5 + 70*(5*c^2*d^6*e^2 - 3*a^2*d^2*e^6)*x^3 + 105*(c^2*d^7*e - a^2*d^3*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d^4*e^9*x^8 + 4*d^5*e^8*x^6 + 6*d^6*e^7*x^4 + 4*d^7*e^6*x^2 + d^8*e^5), -1/105*(105*(c^2*d^4*e^4*x^8 + 4*c^2*d^5*e^3*x^6 + 6*c^2*d^6*e^2*x^4 + 4*c^2*d^7*e*x^2 + c^2*d^8)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(sqrt(-e)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) + (4*(44*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 3*a*c*d^2*e^6 - 12*a^2*e^8)*x^7 + 14*(29*c^2*d^5*e^3 - 3*a*c*d^3*e^5 - 12*a^2*d*e^7)*x^5 + 70*(5*c^2*d^6*e^2 - 3*a^2*d^2*e^6)*x^3 + 105*(c^2*d^7*e - a^2*d^3*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(d^4*e^9*x^8 + 4*d^5*e^8*x^6 + 6*d^6*e^7*x^4 + 4*d^7*e^6*x^2 + d^8*e^5)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**(9/2),x)`

output

`Integral((a + c*x**4)**2/(d + e*x**2)**(9/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(2 \left(x^2 \left(\frac{2(44c^2d^4e^6 - 3acd^2e^8 - 12a^2e^{10})x^2}{d^4e^7} + \frac{7(29c^2d^5e^5 - 3acd^3e^7 - 12a^2de^9)}{d^4e^7}\right) + \frac{35(5c^2d^6e^4 - 3a^2d^2e^8)}{d^4e^7}\right)x^2 + \frac{105(c^2d^7e^3 - a^2d^3e^7)}{d^4e^7}\right)}{105(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} - \frac{c^2 \log(|-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}|)}{e^{9/2}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/105*(2*(x^2*(2*(44*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 3*a*c*d^2*e^8 - 12*a^2*e^10)*x^2/(d^4*e^7) + 7*(29*c^2*d^5*e^5 - 3*a*c*d^3*e^7 - 12*a^2*d*e^9)/(d^4*e^7)) + 35*(5*c^2*d^6*e^4 - 3*a^2*d^2*e^8)/(d^4*e^7))*x^2 + 105*(c^2*d^7*e^3 - a^2*d^3*e^7)/(d^4*e^7))*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2) - c^2*log(abs(-sqrt(e)*x + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)))/e^(9/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^4 + a)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x)`output `int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 641, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{56\sqrt{e}c^2d^8 + 42\sqrt{ex^2+d}acd^3e^5x^5 + 12\sqrt{ex^2+d}acd^2e^6x^7 + 420\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2), x)`

output

```
(105*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**3*e**5*x + 210*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**2*e*
*6*x**3 + 168*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d*e**7*x**5 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2
*e**8*x**7 + 42*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**3*e**5*x**5 + 12*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*
a*c*d**2*e**6*x**7 - 105*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**7*e*x - 350*sqrt(d + e*x
**2)*c**2*d**6*e**2*x**3 - 406*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**5 - 176*
sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**7 + 105*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) +
sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**8 + 420*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(
e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**7*e*x**2 + 630*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt
(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**6*e**2*x**4 + 420*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) +
sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**6 + 105*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2)
) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**8 - 48*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**4*e**4 -
192*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 - 288*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**2*e**6*x**4 - 192*sq
rt(e)*a**2*d*e**7*x**6 - 48*sqrt(e)*a**2*e**8*x**8 - 12*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**6*e
**2 - 48*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**5*e**3*x**2 - 72*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**4*e**4*x**4 - 48*s
qrt(e)*a*c*d**3*e**5*x**6 - 12*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**2*e**6*x**8 + 56*sqrt(e)*c**
2*d**8 + 224*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**7*e*x**2 + 336*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**6*e**2*x**4 +
224*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**6 + 56*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**8)/(105*d**
4*e**5*(d**4 + 4*d**3*e*x**2 + 6*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 4*d*e**3*x**6 + e**4*x**
8))
```


3.380 $\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3048
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3049
Rubi [A] (verified)	3049
Maple [A] (verified)	3053
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 228

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^2 x}{9de^4(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4(7cd^2-2ae^2)(cd^2+ae^2)x}{63d^2e^4(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2(35c^2d^4+acd^2e^2+8a^2e^4)x}{105d^3e^4(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4(35c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2-16a^2e^4)x}{315d^4e^4(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(35c^2d^4+16acd^2e^2+128a^2e^4)x}{315d^5e^4\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

output

```
1/9*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)-4/63*(-2*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/d^2/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)+2/105*(8*a^2*e^4+a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*x/d^3/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)-4/315*(-16*a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*x/d^4/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+1/315*(128*a^2*e^4+16*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*x/d^5/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{35c^2d^4x^9 + 2acd^2x^5(63d^2 + 36dex^2 + 8e^2x^4) + a^2(315d^4x + 840d^3ex^3 + 1008d^2e^2x^5)}{315d^5(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{(35c^2d^4x^9 + 2ac^2d^2x^5(63d^2 + 36d*ex^2 + 8e^2x^4) + a^2(315d^4x + 840d^3*ex^3 + 1008d^2*e^2*x^5 + 576*d*e^3*x^7 + 128*e^4*x^9))}{(315*d^5*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2))}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$, Rules used = {1470, 2334, 27, 2090, 1587, 9, 25, 25, 27, 362, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1470 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{x^2(8ea^2 + d(c^2x^6 + 2acx^2))}{(ex^2 + d)^{11/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2334 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{3x^4(c(cx^4 + 2a)d^2 + 16a^2e^2)}{(ex^2 + d)^{11/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{x^4(c(cx^4+2a)d^2+16a^2e^2)}{(ex^2+d)^{11/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 2090

$$\frac{\int \frac{x^4(c^2d^2x^4+2a(cd^2+8ae^2))}{(ex^2+d)^{11/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 1587

$$\frac{x^5\left(16a^2e^2+2acd^2+\frac{e^2d^4}{e^2}\right)}{9d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{x^3\left(\frac{9c^2d^3x^3}{e} + \left(-\frac{5c^2d^4}{e^2} + 8acd^2 + 64a^2e^2\right)x\right)}{(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{9d}}{d} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 9

$$\frac{x^5\left(16a^2e^2+2acd^2+\frac{e^2d^4}{e^2}\right)}{9d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{x^4\left(9c^2x^2d^3+e\left(-\frac{5c^2d^4}{e^2}+8acd^2+64a^2e^2\right)\right)}{e(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{9d}}{d} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -\frac{x^4\left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{e}-9c^2x^2d^3-8aced^2-64a^2e^3\right)}{e(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{9d} + \frac{x^5\left(16a^2e^2+2acd^2+\frac{e^2d^4}{e^2}\right)}{9d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}}{d} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{x^5\left(16a^2e^2+2acd^2+\frac{e^2d^4}{e^2}\right)}{9d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{x^4\left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{e}-9c^2x^2d^3-8aced^2-64a^2e^3\right)}{e(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{9d}}{d} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{x^5 \left(16a^2e^2 + 2acd^2 + \frac{c^2d^4}{e^2} \right)}{9d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{x^4 \left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{e} - 9c^2x^2d^3 - 8aced^2 - 64a^2e^3 \right) dx}{(ex^2+d)^{9/2}}}{9de}}{d} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 362

$$\frac{\frac{x^5 \left(16a^2e^2 + 2acd^2 + \frac{c^2d^4}{e^2} \right)}{9d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\frac{2x^5 \left(-32a^2e^4 - 4acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4 \right)}{7de(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\left(128a^2e^4 + 16acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4 \right) \int \frac{x^4}{(ex^2+d)^{7/2}} dx}{7de}}{9de}}{d} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{d}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 242

$$\frac{\frac{x^5 \left(16a^2e^2 + 2acd^2 + \frac{c^2d^4}{e^2} \right)}{9d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\frac{2x^5 \left(-32a^2e^4 - 4acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4 \right)}{7de(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{x^5 \left(128a^2e^4 + 16acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4 \right)}{35d^2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}}{9de}}{d} + \frac{8a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{d}{d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2),x]`

output `(a^2*x)/(d*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)) + ((8*a^2*e*x^3)/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)) + ((2*a*c*d^2 + (c^2*d^4)/e^2 + 16*a^2*e^2)*x^5)/(9*d*(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)) - (2*(7*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 32*a^2*e^4)*x^5)/(7*d*e*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)) - ((35*c^2*d^4 + 16*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 128*a^2*e^4)*x^5)/(35*d^2*e*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)))/(9*d*e)/d`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`
- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 362 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(- (b*c - a*d)) * (e*x)^(m + 1) * ((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1) / (2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)) / (2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m * (a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ((!IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, -2*(p + 1)]))`
- rule 1470 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/d), x] + Simp[1/d Int[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^q*(d*PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p - a^p, x^2, x] - e*a^p*(2*q + 3)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q + 1/2, 0] && LtQ[4*p + 2*q + 1, 0]`

rule 1587

```
Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*(f*x)^(m + 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*f*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[f/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*x*Qx + R*(m + 2*q + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2090

```
Int[(u_)^(p_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*(z_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*ExpandToSum[z, x]^q*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{f, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[z, x] && BinomialQ[u, x] && !(BinomialMatchQ[z, x] && BinomialMatchQ[u, x])
```

rule 2334

```
Int[(Pq)*(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{A = Coeff[Pq, x, 0], Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq - Coeff[Pq, x, 0], x^2, x]}, Simp[A*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*(m + 1)*Q - A*b*(m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x^2] && IntegerQ[m/2] && ILtQ[(m + 1)/2 + p, 0] && LtQ[m + Expon[Pq, x] + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$x \frac{\left(\left(\frac{1}{9}c^2x^8 + \frac{2}{5}acx^4 + a^2 \right) d^4 + \frac{8x^2a \left(\frac{3c}{35}x^4 + a \right) e d^3}{3} + \frac{16x^4a \left(\frac{c}{63}x^4 + a \right) e^2 d^2}{5} + \frac{64a^2 d e^3 x^6}{35} + \frac{128a^2 e^4 x^8}{315} \right)}{(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}d^5}$
gospers	$\frac{x(128a^2e^4x^8+16acd^2e^2x^8+35c^2d^4x^8+576a^2de^3x^6+72acd^3ex^6+1008a^2d^2e^2x^4+126acd^4x^4+840a^2ex^2d^3+315a^2d^4)}{315(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}d^5}$
trager	$\frac{x(128a^2e^4x^8+16acd^2e^2x^8+35c^2d^4x^8+576a^2de^3x^6+72acd^3ex^6+1008a^2d^2e^2x^4+126acd^4x^4+840a^2ex^2d^3+315a^2d^4)}{315(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}d^5}$
orering	$\frac{x(128a^2e^4x^8+16acd^2e^2x^8+35c^2d^4x^8+576a^2de^3x^6+72acd^3ex^6+1008a^2d^2e^2x^4+126acd^4x^4+840a^2ex^2d^3+315a^2d^4)}{315(ex^2+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}d^5}$

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $x/(e*x^2+d)^{(9/2)}*((1/9*c^2*x^8+2/5*a*c*x^4+a^2)*d^4+8/3*x^2*a*(3/35*c*x^4+a)*e*d^3+16/5*x^4*a*(1/63*c*x^4+a)*e^2*d^2+64/35*a^2*d*e^3*x^6+128/315*a^2*e^4*x^8)/d^5$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{((35c^2d^4 + 16acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4)x^9 + 840a^2d^3ex^3 + 72(acd^3e + 8a^2de^3)x^7 + 315a^2d^2e^2x^5 + 126(a^2d^2e^2 + 8a^2d^2e^2)x^3 + 126(a^2d^2e^2 + 8a^2d^2e^2)x^1 + 126(a^2d^2e^2 + 8a^2d^2e^2)x^{-1} + 126(a^2d^2e^2 + 8a^2d^2e^2)x^{-3} + 126(a^2d^2e^2 + 8a^2d^2e^2)x^{-5} + 126(a^2d^2e^2 + 8a^2d^2e^2)x^{-7} + 126(a^2d^2e^2 + 8a^2d^2e^2)x^{-9}) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{315(d^5e^5x^{10} + 5d^6e^4x^8 + 10d^7e^3x^6 + 10d^8e^2x^4 + 5d^9e^1x^2 + d^{10})}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/315*((35*c^2*d^4 + 16*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 128*a^2*e^4)*x^9 + 840*a^2*d^3*e*x^3 + 72*(a*c*d^3*e + 8*a^2*d*e^3)*x^7 + 315*a^2*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 126*(a*c*d^4 + 8*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^3 + 126*(a*c*d^4 + 8*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^1 + 126*(a*c*d^4 + 8*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^{-1} + 126*(a*c*d^4 + 8*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^{-3} + 126*(a*c*d^4 + 8*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^{-5} + 126*(a*c*d^4 + 8*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^{-7} + 126*(a*c*d^4 + 8*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^{-9})\sqrt{e*x^2 + d}/(d^5*e^5*x^{10} + 5*d^6*e^4*x^8 + 10*d^7*e^3*x^6 + 10*d^8*e^2*x^4 + 5*d^9*e^1*x^2 + d^{10})$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{11}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**(11/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + c*x**4)**2/(d + e*x**2)**(11/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{c^2 x^7}{2(ex^2 + d)^{9/2} e} - \frac{7c^2 dx^5}{8(ex^2 + d)^{9/2} e^2} - \frac{35c^2 d^2 x^3}{48(ex^2 + d)^{9/2} e^3}$$

$$- \frac{acx^3}{3(ex^2 + d)^{9/2} e} + \frac{128a^2 x}{315\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^5} + \frac{64a^2 x}{315(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}d^4} + \frac{16a^2 x}{105(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{8a^2 x}{63(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}d^2} + \frac{a^2 x}{9(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}d} + \frac{c^2 x}{18(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}e^4} + \frac{c^2 x}{9\sqrt{ex^2 + d}de^4}$$

$$+ \frac{c^2 dx}{24(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{5c^2 d^2 x}{144(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}e^4} - \frac{35c^2 d^3 x}{144(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}e^4} + \frac{acx}{63(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{16acx}{315\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^3e^2} + \frac{8acx}{315(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}d^2e^2} + \frac{2acx}{105(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}de^2} - \frac{acd x}{9(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}e^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*c^2*x^7/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e) - 7/8*c^2*d*x^5/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e^2)
- 35/48*c^2*d^2*x^3/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e^3) - 1/3*a*c*x^3/((e*x^2 + d)^(9
/2)*e) + 128/315*a^2*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^5) + 64/315*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(
3/2)*d^4) + 16/105*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d^3) + 8/63*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)
^(7/2)*d^2) + 1/9*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*d) + 1/18*c^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3
/2)*e^4) + 1/9*c^2*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d*e^4) + 1/24*c^2*d*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(
5/2)*e^4) + 5/144*c^2*d^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*e^4) - 35/144*c^2*d^3*x/((e
*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e^4) + 1/63*a*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*e^2) + 16/315*a*c*x/(
sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^3*e^2) + 8/315*a*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^2*e^2) + 2/105
*a*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d*e^2) - 1/9*a*c*d*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(x^2 \left(\frac{35c^2 d^4 e^4 + 16acd^2 e^6 + 128a^2 e^8}{d^5 e^4} x^2 + \frac{72(acd^3 e^5 + 8a^2 d e^7)}{d^5 e^4} \right) + \frac{126(acd^4 e^4 + 8a^2 d^2 e^6)}{d^5 e^4} \right) x^2 + \frac{84a^2 d^2 e^6}{d^5 e^4} \right)}{315(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/315*((x^2*((35*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 16*a*c*d^2*e^6 + 128*a^2*e^8)*x^2/(d^5*e^4)
) + 72*(a*c*d^3*e^5 + 8*a^2*d*e^7)/(d^5*e^4)) + 126*(a*c*d^4*e^4 + 8*a^2*d
^2*e^6)/(d^5*e^4))*x^2 + 840*a^2*e/d^2)*x^2 + 315*a^2/d)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(9/
2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{a^2}{9d} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{c^2 d}{9e^2} + \frac{2ac}{9d} \right)}{e^2} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} - \frac{x \left(\frac{-8a^2 e^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4}{63d^2 e^4} + \frac{d \left(\frac{2e^2 d}{7e^3} + \frac{c(cd^2 + 2ae^2)}{7de^3} \right)}{e} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} - \frac{x \left(\frac{c^2}{3e^4} - \frac{64a^2 e^4 + 8acd^2 e^2 - 35c^2 d^4}{315d^4 e^4} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} + \frac{x \left(\frac{3c^2 d}{5e^4} + \frac{16a^2 e^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 + 7c^2 d^4}{105d^3 e^4} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} + \frac{x(128a^2 e^4 + 16acd^2 e^2 + 35c^2 d^4)}{315d^5 e^4 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2),x)
```

output

```
(x*(a^2/(9*d) + (d^2*((c^2*d)/(9*e^2) + (2*a*c)/(9*d)))/e^2))/(d + e*x^2)^(
9/2) - (x*((c^2*d^4 - 8*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(63*d^2*e^4) + (d*((2*c^
2*d)/(7*e^3) + (c*(2*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(7*d*e^3)))/e))/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2) - (
x*(c^2/(3*e^4) - (64*a^2*e^4 - 35*c^2*d^4 + 8*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(315*d^4*e^4))
)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2) + (x*((3*c^2*d)/(5*e^4) + (16*a^2*e^4 + 7*c^2*d^4 + 2*a
*c*d^2*e^2)/(105*d^3*e^4)))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2) + (x*(128*a^2*e^4 + 35*c^2*d
^4 + 16*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(315*d^5*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{126\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^4e^5x^5 + 72\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^3e^6x^7 + 16\sqrt{ex^2 + d}acd^2e^7x^9 - 80\sqrt{e}ac}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}$$

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x)`

output

```
(315*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**4*e**5*x + 840*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**3*e**6*x**3 + 1008*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**2*e**7*x**5 + 576*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**e**8*x**7 + 128*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**9*x**9 + 126*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**4*e**5*x**5 + 72*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**3*e**6*x**7 + 16*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**7*x**9 + 35*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**4*e**5*x**9 - 128*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**5*e**4 - 640*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**4*e**5*x**2 - 1280*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**3*e**6*x**4 - 1280*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**2*e**7*x**6 - 640*sqrt(e)*a**2*d**e**8*x**8 - 128*sqrt(e)*a**2*e**9*x**10 - 16*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**7*e**2 - 80*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**6*e**3*x**2 - 160*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**5*e**4*x**4 - 160*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**4*e**5*x**6 - 80*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**3*e**6*x**8 - 16*sqrt(e)*a*c*d**2*e**7*x**10 + 35*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**9 + 175*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**8*e*x**2 + 350*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**7*e**2*x**4 + 350*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**6*e**3*x**6 + 175*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**5*e**4*x**8 + 35*sqrt(e)*c**2*d**4*e**5*x**10)/(315*d**5*e**5*(d**5 + 5*d**4*e*x**2 + 10*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 10*d**2*e**3*x**6 + 5*d*e**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10))
```

3.381
$$\int \frac{(a+cx^4)^2}{(d+ex^2)^{13/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3059
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3060
Rubi [A] (verified)	3060
Maple [A] (verified)	3065
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3067
Sympy [F]	3067
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3068
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3069
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3069
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3070

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 278

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 x}{11de^4 (d + ex^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{2(17cd^2 - 5ae^2)(cd^2 + ae^2)x}{99d^2e^4 (d + ex^2)^{9/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(161c^2d^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + 40a^2e^4)x}{693d^3e^4 (d + ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{4(70c^2d^4 - 3acd^2e^2 - 40a^2e^4)x}{1155d^4e^4 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(35c^2d^4 + 48acd^2e^2 + 640a^2e^4)x}{3465d^5e^4 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(35c^2d^4 + 48acd^2e^2 + 640a^2e^4)x}{3465d^6e^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

output

```
1/11*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/d/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2)-2/99*(-5*a*e^2+17*c*d^2)*(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x/d^2/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)+2/693*(40*a^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^2+161*c
^2*d^4)*x/d^3/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)-4/1155*(-40*a^2*e^4-3*a*c*d^2*e^2+70*c^2
*d^4)*x/d^4/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+1/3465*(640*a^2*e^4+48*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*
d^4)*x/d^5/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3465*(640*a^2*e^4+48*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d
^4)*x/d^6/e^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{35c^2d^4x^9(11d + 2ex^2) + 6acd^2x^5(231d^3 + 198d^2ex^2 + 88de^2x^4 + 16e^3x^6) + 5a^2(693d^5x + 2310d^4ex^3 + 3696d^3e^2x^5 + 3168d^2e^3x^7 + 1408de^4x^9 + 256e^5x^{11})}{3465d^6(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(13/2), x]`

output $(35c^2d^4x^9(11d + 2ex^2) + 6acd^2x^5(231d^3 + 198d^2ex^2 + 88de^2x^4 + 16e^3x^6) + 5a^2(693d^5x + 2310d^4ex^3 + 3696d^3e^2x^5 + 3168d^2e^3x^7 + 1408de^4x^9 + 256e^5x^{11})) / (3465d^6(d + ex^2)^{11/2})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$, Rules used = {1470, 2334, 2090, 1587, 9, 27, 25, 362, 245, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1470 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{x^2(10ea^2 + d(c^2x^6 + 2acx^2))}{(ex^2 + d)^{13/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2334 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{x^4(3c(cx^4 + 2a)d^2 + 80a^2e^2)}{(ex^2 + d)^{13/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{10a^2ex^3}{3d(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2090 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{x^4(3c^2d^2x^4+2a(3cd^2+40ae^2))}{(ex^2+d)^{13/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{10a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1587} \\
 & \frac{x^5(80a^2e^2+6acd^2+\frac{3c^2d^4}{e^2})}{11d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3x^3(\frac{11c^2d^3x^3}{e} + (-\frac{5c^2d^4}{e^2} + 12acd^2 + 160a^2e^2)x)}{(ex^2+d)^{11/2}} dx}{11d}}{3d} + \frac{10a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{d}{a^2x} \\
 & \quad \frac{d}{d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{9} \\
 & \frac{x^5(80a^2e^2+6acd^2+\frac{3c^2d^4}{e^2})}{11d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3x^4(11c^2x^2d^3+e(-\frac{5c^2d^4}{e^2} + 12acd^2 + 160a^2e^2))}{e(ex^2+d)^{11/2}} dx}{11d}}{3d} + \frac{10a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{d}{a^2x} \\
 & \quad \frac{d}{d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3\int -\frac{x^4(\frac{5c^2d^4}{e} - 11c^2x^2d^3 - 12aced^2 - 160a^2e^3)}{(ex^2+d)^{11/2}} dx}{11de}}{3d} + \frac{x^5(80a^2e^2+6acd^2+\frac{3c^2d^4}{e^2})}{11d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{10a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x^5(80a^2e^2+6acd^2+\frac{3c^2d^4}{e^2})}{11d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{3\int \frac{x^4(\frac{5c^2d^4}{e} - 11c^2x^2d^3 - 12aced^2 - 160a^2e^3)}{(ex^2+d)^{11/2}} dx}{11de}}{3d} + \frac{10a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{362}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^5 \left(80a^2e^2 + 6acd^2 + \frac{3c^2d^4}{e^2} \right)}{11d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{4x^5(-40a^2e^4 - 3acd^2e^2 + 4c^2d^4)}{9de(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{(640a^2e^4 + 48acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \int \frac{x^4}{(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{9de} \right)}{11de} + \frac{10a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} +$$

$$\frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}$$

245

$$\frac{x^5 \left(80a^2e^2 + 6acd^2 + \frac{3c^2d^4}{e^2} \right)}{11d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{4x^5(-40a^2e^4 - 3acd^2e^2 + 4c^2d^4)}{9de(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{(640a^2e^4 + 48acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4) \left(\frac{2e \int \frac{x^6}{(ex^2+d)^{9/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{x^5}{5d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right)}{9de} \right)}{11de} + \frac{10a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} +$$

$$\frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}$$

242

$$\frac{x^5 \left(80a^2e^2 + 6acd^2 + \frac{3c^2d^4}{e^2} \right)}{11d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{4x^5(-40a^2e^4 - 3acd^2e^2 + 4c^2d^4)}{9de(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{2ex^7}{35d^2(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{x^5}{5d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} \right) (640a^2e^4 + 48acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)}{9de} \right)}{11de} + \frac{10a^2ex^3}{3d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} +$$

$$\frac{a^2x}{d(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}$$

input

`Int[(a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(13/2), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (a^2x)/(d(d + ex^2)^{(11/2)}) + ((10a^2ex^3)/(3d(d + ex^2)^{(11/2)}) \\ & + (((6ac^2d^2 + (3c^2d^4)/e^2 + 80a^2e^2)x^5)/(11d(d + ex^2)^{(11/2)}) \\ & - (3*((4(4c^2d^4 - 3ac^2d^2e^2 - 40a^2e^4)x^5)/(9de(d + ex^2)^{(9/2)}) \\ & - ((35c^2d^4 + 48ac^2d^2e^2 + 640a^2e^4)(x^5/(5d(d + ex^2)^{(7/2)}) \\ & + (2ex^7)/(35d^2(d + ex^2)^{(7/2)})))/(9de)))/(11de))/(3d))/d \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9

```
Int[(u_)*(Px_)^(p_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(ex)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 242

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(
m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x
] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 245

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a +
b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))
Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Si
mplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```


rule 362

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*e
*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) I
nt[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && N
eQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) ||
 !RationalQ[m] || (ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, -2*(p + 1)]))
```

rule 1470

```
Int[((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Si
mp[a^p*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/d), x] + Simp[1/d Int[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^q*(d*
PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p - a^p, x^2, x] - e*a^p*(2*q + 3)), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q
+ 1/2, 0] && LtQ[4*p + 2*q + 1, 0]
```

rule 1587

```
Int[((f._)*(x_))^(m._)*((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^4)^(p_
.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x]
, R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[
(-R)*(f*x)^(m + 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*f*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[f/(2*d*
(q + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*x*
Qx + R*(m + 2*q + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p,
0] && LtQ[q, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2090

```
Int[(u_)^(p._)*((f._)*(x_))^(m._)*(z_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[z, x]^q*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{f, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[z, x] && BinomialQ[u, x] && !(BinomialMatchQ[z, x] && BinomialMatchQ[u
, x])
```

rule 2334

```
Int[(Pq_)*(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{A = Coef
f[Pq, x, 0], Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq - Coeff[Pq, x, 0], x^2, x]}, Simp[A*
x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[
x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*(m + 1)*Q - A*b*(m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x^2] && IntegerQ[m/2] && ILtQ[(m + 1)/2 + p,
0] && LtQ[m + Expon[Pq, x] + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{x \left(\left(\frac{1}{9}c^2x^8 + \frac{2}{5}acx^4 + a^2 \right) d^5 + \frac{10x^2 \left(\frac{1}{165}c^2x^8 + \frac{18}{175}acx^4 + a^2 \right) e d^4}{3} + \frac{16x^4 \left(\frac{c}{35}x^4 + a \right) a e^2 d^3}{3} + \frac{32x^6 a \left(\frac{c}{165}x^4 + a \right) e^3 d^2}{7} + \frac{128a^2 d e^4 x^8}{63} \right)}{(ex^2+d)^{\frac{11}{2}} d^6}$
gospers	$\frac{x(1280a^2e^5x^{10} + 96acd^2e^3x^{10} + 70c^2d^4ex^{10} + 7040a^2de^4x^8 + 528acd^3e^2x^8 + 385c^2d^5x^8 + 15840a^2d^2e^3x^6 + 1188acd^4ex^6 + 3465(ex^2+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}d^6)}{3465(ex^2+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}d^6}$
trager	$\frac{x(1280a^2e^5x^{10} + 96acd^2e^3x^{10} + 70c^2d^4ex^{10} + 7040a^2de^4x^8 + 528acd^3e^2x^8 + 385c^2d^5x^8 + 15840a^2d^2e^3x^6 + 1188acd^4ex^6 + 3465(ex^2+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}d^6)}{3465(ex^2+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}d^6}$
orering	$\frac{x(1280a^2e^5x^{10} + 96acd^2e^3x^{10} + 70c^2d^4ex^{10} + 7040a^2de^4x^8 + 528acd^3e^2x^8 + 385c^2d^5x^8 + 15840a^2d^2e^3x^6 + 1188acd^4ex^6 + 3465(ex^2+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}d^6)}{3465(ex^2+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}d^6}$

input `int((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(13/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2)*((1/9*c^2*x^8+2/5*a*c*x^4+a^2)*d^5+10/3*x^2*(1/165*c^2*x^8+18/175*a*c*x^4+a^2)*e*d^4+16/3*x^4*(1/35*c*x^4+a)*a*e^2*d^3+32/7*x^6*a*(1/165*c*x^4+a)*e^3*d^2+128/63*a^2*d*e^4*x^8+256/693*a^2*e^5*x^10)/d^6`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{(2(35c^2d^4e + 48acd^2e^3 + 640a^2e^5)x^{11} + 11550a^2d^4ex^3 + 11(35c^2d^5 + 48acd^3e^2 + 3465(d^6e^6x^{12} + 6d^7e^5x^{10} + 15d^8e^4x^8 + 20d^9e^3x^6 + 15d^{10}e^2x^4 + 6d^{11}ex^2 + d^{12})))}{3465(d^6e^6x^{12} + 6d^7e^5x^{10} + 15d^8e^4x^8 + 20d^9e^3x^6 + 15d^{10}e^2x^4 + 6d^{11}ex^2 + d^{12})}$$

input `integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3465*(2*(35*c^2*d^4*e + 48*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 640*a^2*e^5)*x^11 + 11550*a^2*d^4*e*x^3 + 11*(35*c^2*d^5 + 48*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 640*a^2*d*e^4)*x^9 + 3465*a^2*d^5*x + 396*(3*a*c*d^4*e + 40*a^2*d^2*e^3)*x^7 + 462*(3*a*c*d^5 + 40*a^2*d^3*e^2)*x^5)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(d^6*e^6*x^12 + 6*d^7*e^5*x^10 + 15*d^8*e^4*x^8 + 20*d^9*e^3*x^6 + 15*d^10*e^2*x^4 + 6*d^11*e*x^2 + d^12)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{13}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**4+a)**2/(e*x**2+d)**(13/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + c*x**4)**2/(d + e*x**2)**(13/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 428, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = -\frac{c^2 x^7}{4 (ex^2 + d)^{11/2} e} - \frac{7 c^2 dx^5}{24 (ex^2 + d)^{11/2} e^2}$$

$$- \frac{35 c^2 d^2 x^3}{192 (ex^2 + d)^{11/2} e^3} - \frac{acx^3}{4 (ex^2 + d)^{11/2} e} + \frac{256 a^2 x}{693 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} d^6} + \frac{128 a^2 x}{693 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} d^5}$$

$$+ \frac{32 a^2 x}{231 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2} d^4} + \frac{80 a^2 x}{693 (ex^2 + d)^{7/2} d^3} + \frac{10 a^2 x}{99 (ex^2 + d)^{9/2} d^2} + \frac{a^2 x}{11 (ex^2 + d)^{11/2} d}$$

$$+ \frac{c^2 x}{132 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2} e^4} + \frac{2 c^2 x}{99 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} d^2 e^4} + \frac{c^2 x}{99 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} d e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{5 c^2 dx}{792 (ex^2 + d)^{7/2} e^4} + \frac{35 c^2 d^2 x}{6336 (ex^2 + d)^{9/2} e^4} - \frac{35 c^2 d^3 x}{704 (ex^2 + d)^{11/2} e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{acx}{132 (ex^2 + d)^{9/2} e^2} + \frac{32 acx}{1155 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} d^4 e^2} + \frac{16 acx}{1155 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} d^3 e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{4 acx}{385 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2} d^2 e^2} + \frac{2 acx}{231 (ex^2 + d)^{7/2} d e^2} - \frac{3 acdx}{44 (ex^2 + d)^{11/2} e^2}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/4*c^2*x^7/((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*e) - 7/24*c^2*d*x^5/((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*e^2) - 35/192*c^2*d^2*x^3/((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*e^3) - 1/4*a*c*x^3/((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*e) + 256/693*a^2*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^6) + 128/693*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^5) + 32/231*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d^4) + 80/693*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*d^3) + 10/99*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*d^2) + 1/11*a^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*d) + 1/132*c^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*e^4) + 2/99*c^2*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^2*e^4) + 1/99*c^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d*e^4) + 5/792*c^2*d*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*e^4) + 35/6336*c^2*d^2*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e^4) - 35/704*c^2*d^3*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*e^4) + 1/132*a*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*e^2) + 32/1155*a*c*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^4*e^2) + 16/1155*a*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^3*e^2) + 4/385*a*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d^2*e^2) + 2/231*a*c*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*d*e^2) - 3/44*a*c*d*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*e^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\left(x^2 \left(\frac{2(35c^2d^4e^6 + 48acd^2e^8 + 640a^2e^{10})x^2}{d^6e^5} + \frac{11(35c^2d^5e^5 + 48acd^3e^7 + 640a^2de^9)}{d^6e^5} \right) \right) + \frac{396(3acd^4e^6 + 40a^2d^3e^7 + 40a^2d^3e^7)}{d^6e^5} \right) x^2 + 462(3ac^2d^5e^5 + 40a^2d^3e^7)/(d^6e^5) x^2 + 11550a^2e/d^2 x^2 + 3465a^2/d x}{3465(ex^2 + d)^{11/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/3465*(((x^2*(2*(35*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 48*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 640*a^2*e^10)*x^2/(d^6*e^5) + 11*(35*c^2*d^5*e^5 + 48*a*c*d^3*e^7 + 640*a^2*d*e^9)/(d^6*e^5)) + 396*(3*a*c*d^4*e^6 + 40*a^2*d^2*e^8)/(d^6*e^5))*x^2 + 462*(3*a*c*d^5*e^5 + 40*a^2*d^3*e^7)/(d^6*e^5))*x^2 + 11550*a^2*e/d^2)*x^2 + 3465*a^2/d)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{a^2}{11d} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{c^2d}{11e^2} + \frac{2ac}{11d} \right)}{e^2} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{11/2}} - \frac{x \left(\frac{-10a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4}{99d^2e^4} + \frac{d \left(\frac{2c^2d}{9e^3} + \frac{c(c d^2 + 2a e^2)}{9d e^3} \right)}{e} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} - \frac{x \left(\frac{c^2}{5e^4} - \frac{160a^2e^4 + 12acd^2e^2 - 49c^2d^4}{1155d^4e^4} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} + \frac{x \left(\frac{3c^2d}{7e^4} + \frac{80a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 25c^2d^4}{693d^3e^4} \right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} + \frac{x(640a^2e^4 + 48acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)}{3465d^5e^4(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(1280a^2e^4 + 96acd^2e^2 + 70c^2d^4)}{3465d^6e^4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^4)^2/(d + e*x^2)^(13/2),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (x*(a^2/(11*d) + (d^2*((c^2*d)/(11*e^2) + (2*a*c)/(11*d)))/e^2))/(d + e*x^2)^{(11/2)} - (x*((c^2*d^4 - 10*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(99*d^2*e^4) + (d*((2*c^2*d)/(9*e^3) + (c*(2*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(9*d*e^3)))/e))/(d + e*x^2)^{(9/2)} \\ & - (x*(c^2/(5*e^4) - (160*a^2*e^4 - 49*c^2*d^4 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(1155*d^4*e^4)))/(d + e*x^2)^{(5/2)} + (x*((3*c^2*d)/(7*e^4) + (80*a^2*e^4 + 25*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(693*d^3*e^4)))/(d + e*x^2)^{(7/2)} + (x*(640*a^2*e^4 + 35*c^2*d^4 + 48*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(3465*d^5*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)}) + (x*(1280*a^2*e^4 + 70*c^2*d^4 + 96*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(3465*d^6*e^4*(d + e*x^2)^{(1/2)}) \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 636, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^4)^2}{(d + ex^2)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{-70\sqrt{e}c^2d^{10} + 3465\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2d^5e^5x + 11550\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2d^4e^6x^3 + 18480\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2d^3e^7x^5 + 15840\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2d^2e^8x^7 + 7040\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2de^9x^9 + 1280\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2e^{10}x^{11} + 1386\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2c^2d^5e^5x^5 + 1188\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2c^2d^4e^6x^7 + 528\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2c^2d^3e^7x^9 + 96\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2c^2d^2e^8x^{11} + 385\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2c^2d^2e^8x^{11} + 70\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a^2c^2d^4e^6x^{11} - 1280\sqrt{e}a^2d^6e^4 - 7680\sqrt{e}a^2d^5e^5x^2 - 19200\sqrt{e}a^2d^4e^6x^4 - 25600\sqrt{e}a^2d^3e^7x^6 - 19200\sqrt{e}a^2d^2e^8x^8 - 7680\sqrt{e}a^2de^9x^{10} - 1280\sqrt{e}a^2e^{10}x^{12} - 96\sqrt{e}a^2c^2d^8e^2 - 576\sqrt{e}a^2c^2d^7e^3x^2 - 1440\sqrt{e}a^2c^2d^6e^4x^4 - 1920\sqrt{e}a^2c^2d^5e^5x^6 - 1440\sqrt{e}a^2c^2d^4e^6x^8 - 576\sqrt{e}a^2c^2d^3e^7x^{10} - 96\sqrt{e}a^2c^2d^2e^8x^{12} - 70\sqrt{e}c^2d^{10} - 420\sqrt{e}c^2d^9e^2x^2 - 1050\sqrt{e}c^2d^8e^2x^4 - 1400\sqrt{e}c^2d^7e^3x^6 - 1050\sqrt{e}c^2d^6e^4x^8 - 420\sqrt{e}c^2d^5e^5x^{10} - 70\sqrt{e}c^2d^4e^6x^{12}}{(3465*d^6*e^5*(d^6 + 6*d^5*e*x^2 + 15*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^3*x^6 + 15*d^2*e^4*x^8 + 6*d*e^5*x^{10} + e^6*x^{12}))}$$

input

$$\text{int}((c*x^4+a)^2/(e*x^2+d)^{(13/2)}, x)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (3465*\text{sqrt}(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**5*e**5*x + 11550*\text{sqrt}(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**4 \\ & *e**6*x**3 + 18480*\text{sqrt}(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**3*e**7*x**5 + 15840*\text{sqrt}(d + e \\ & *x**2)*a**2*d**2*e**8*x**7 + 7040*\text{sqrt}(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d*e**9*x**9 + 1280 \\ & *\text{sqrt}(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**10*x**11 + 1386*\text{sqrt}(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**5*e**5*x \\ & **5 + 1188*\text{sqrt}(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**4*e**6*x**7 + 528*\text{sqrt}(d + e*x**2)*a*c* \\ & d**3*e**7*x**9 + 96*\text{sqrt}(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**8*x**11 + 385*\text{sqrt}(d + e* \\ & x**2)*c**2*d**5*e**5*x**9 + 70*\text{sqrt}(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**4*e**6*x**11 - 128 \\ & 0*\text{sqrt}(e)*a**2*d**6*e**4 - 7680*\text{sqrt}(e)*a**2*d**5*e**5*x**2 - 19200*\text{sqrt}(e) \\ &)*a**2*d**4*e**6*x**4 - 25600*\text{sqrt}(e)*a**2*d**3*e**7*x**6 - 19200*\text{sqrt}(e)* \\ & a**2*d**2*e**8*x**8 - 7680*\text{sqrt}(e)*a**2*d*e**9*x**10 - 1280*\text{sqrt}(e)*a**2*e \\ & **10*x**12 - 96*\text{sqrt}(e)*a*c*d**8*e**2 - 576*\text{sqrt}(e)*a*c*d**7*e**3*x**2 - 1 \\ & 440*\text{sqrt}(e)*a*c*d**6*e**4*x**4 - 1920*\text{sqrt}(e)*a*c*d**5*e**5*x**6 - 1440*\text{sq} \\ & \text{rt}(e)*a*c*d**4*e**6*x**8 - 576*\text{sqrt}(e)*a*c*d**3*e**7*x**10 - 96*\text{sqrt}(e)*a* \\ & c*d**2*e**8*x**12 - 70*\text{sqrt}(e)*c**2*d**10 - 420*\text{sqrt}(e)*c**2*d**9*e*x**2 - \\ & 1050*\text{sqrt}(e)*c**2*d**8*e**2*x**4 - 1400*\text{sqrt}(e)*c**2*d**7*e**3*x**6 - 105 \\ & 0*\text{sqrt}(e)*c**2*d**6*e**4*x**8 - 420*\text{sqrt}(e)*c**2*d**5*e**5*x**10 - 70*\text{sqrt} \\ & (e)*c**2*d**4*e**6*x**12)/(3465*d**6*e**5*(d**6 + 6*d**5*e*x**2 + 15*d**4* \\ & e**2*x**4 + 20*d**3*e**3*x**6 + 15*d**2*e**4*x**8 + 6*d*e**5*x**10 + e**6* \\ & x**12)) \end{aligned}$$

3.382 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{a+cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	3071
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3072
Rubi [A] (verified)	3073
Maple [B] (verified)	3080
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3081
Sympy [F]	3081
Maxima [F]	3081
Giac [F(-2)]	3082
Mupad [F(-1)]	3082
Reduce [F]	3082

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 555

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{a+cx^4} dx = \frac{13de^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8c} + \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4c}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \left(4cd^2e(cd^2 - ae^2) - (c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \left(e - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}^4 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} + \dots)} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}^4 \sqrt{ac}^{5/2} d \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{3/2}(35cd^2 - 8ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{8c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \left(4cd^2e(cd^2 - ae^2) - (c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \left(e + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}^4 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} + \dots)} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}^4 \sqrt{ac}^{5/2} d \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

output

```

13/8*d*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c+1/4*e^3*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c+1/4*(a^(1/2)*
e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(4*c*d^2*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)-(a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*
e^2+c^2*d^4)*(e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/
2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/
2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(1/4)/c^(5/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2
)^(1/2)+1/8*e^(3/2)*(-8*a*e^2+35*c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))
/c^2+1/4*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(4*c*d^2*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)-
(a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*(e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctanh(2
^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)
(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(1/4)/c
^(5/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 466, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \frac{e^{3/2} \left(c\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d + ex^2}(13d + 2ex^2) + (-35cd^2 + 8ae^2) \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d + ex^2}) + 16R \right)}{a + cx^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^4),x]
```

output

```

(e^(3/2)*(c*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(13*d + 2*e*x^2) + (-35*c*d^2 + 8*a*
e^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] + 16*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 +
6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (c^2*d^5*Log[d + 2
*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - a*c*d^3*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 -
2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - c^2*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x
*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sq
rt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + a^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*
x^2] - #1]*#1 + c^2*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1
]*#1^2 - a*c*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^
2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ))/(8*c^2)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 742, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {1489, 27, 318, 25, 403, 27, 403, 25, 398, 224, 219, 291, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{a+cx^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1489 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2})} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a})} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 318 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (e(11\sqrt{cd}-6\sqrt{-a}e)x^2+d(6\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-a}e))}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a}} dx}{6\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (e(11\sqrt{cd}+6\sqrt{-a}e)x^2+d(6\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-a}e))}{\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx}{6\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (e(11\sqrt{cd}-6\sqrt{-a}e)x^2+d(6\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-a}e))}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a}} dx}{6\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (e(11\sqrt{cd}+6\sqrt{-a}e)x^2+d(6\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-a}e))}{\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx}{6\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 403
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(19cd^2-22\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced}-8ae^2)x^2+d(8cd^2-5\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced}-2ae^2))}{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{-a}}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{4}ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\left(11d-\frac{6\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}}}{6\sqrt{c}} \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{3\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(19cd^2+22\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced}-8ae^2)x^2+d(8cd^2+5\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced}-2ae^2))}{\sqrt{-a-\sqrt{cx^2}}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{4}ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\left(\frac{6\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+11d\right) - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}}}{6\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(19cd^2-22\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced}-8ae^2)x^2+d(8cd^2-5\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced}-2ae^2))}{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{-a}}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{4}ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\left(11d-\frac{6\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}}}{6\sqrt{c}} \\
 & - \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(19cd^2+22\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced}-8ae^2)x^2+d(8cd^2+5\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced}-2ae^2))}{\sqrt{-a-\sqrt{cx^2}}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{4}ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\left(\frac{6\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+11d\right) - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6\sqrt{c}}}{6\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 403 \\
 & 3 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{e(35c^{3/2}d^3+70\sqrt{-a}ced^2-56a\sqrt{ce^2}d+16(-a)^{3/2}e^3)x^2+d(16c^{3/2}d^3+29\sqrt{-a}ced^2-26a\sqrt{ce^2}d-8\sqrt{-a}ae^3)}{(\sqrt{-a-\sqrt{cx^2}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(22\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced}-8ae^2+19cd^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
 & 3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(35c^{3/2}d^3-70\sqrt{-a}ced^2-56a\sqrt{ce^2}d+16\sqrt{-a}ae^3)x^2+d(16c^{3/2}d^3-29\sqrt{-a}ced^2-26a\sqrt{ce^2}d+8\sqrt{-a}ae^3)}{(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{-a}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(-22\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced}-8ae^2+19cd^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(35c^{3/2}d^3 + 70\sqrt{-a}ced^2 - 56a\sqrt{c}e^2d + 16(-a)^{3/2}e^3)x^2 + d(16c^{3/2}d^3 + 29\sqrt{-a}ced^2 - 26a\sqrt{c}e^2d + 8(-a)^{3/2}e^3)}{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(22\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}de - 8ae^2 + 19cd^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(35c^{3/2}d^3 - 70\sqrt{-a}ced^2 - 56a\sqrt{c}e^2d + 16\sqrt{-a}ae^3)x^2 + d(16c^{3/2}d^3 - 29\sqrt{-a}ced^2 - 26a\sqrt{c}e^2d + 8\sqrt{-a}ae^3)}{(\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{-a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}(-22\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}de - 8ae^2 + 19cd^2)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

$$2\sqrt{-a}$$

↓ 398

$$3 \left(\frac{16(a^2e^4 + 4\sqrt{-a}c^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2e^2 + 4(-a)^{3/2}\sqrt{c}de^3 + c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{e(70\sqrt{-a}cd^2e - 56a\sqrt{c}de^2 + 16(-a)^{3/2}e^3 + 35c^{3/2}d^3)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{6\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{16(a^2e^4 - 4\sqrt{-a}c^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2e^2 + 4\sqrt{-a}a\sqrt{c}de^3 + c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{-a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{e(-70\sqrt{-a}cd^2e - 56a\sqrt{c}de^2 + 16\sqrt{-a}ae^3 + 35c^{3/2}d^3)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{6\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

$$2\sqrt{-a}$$

↓ 224

$$3 \left(\frac{16(a^2e^4 + 4\sqrt{-a}c^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2e^2 + 4(-a)^{3/2}\sqrt{c}de^3 + c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{e(70\sqrt{-a}cd^2e - 56a\sqrt{c}de^2 + 16(-a)^{3/2}e^3 + 35c^{3/2}d^3)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{6\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{16(a^2e^4 - 4\sqrt{-a}c^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2e^2 + 4\sqrt{-a}a\sqrt{c}de^3 + c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{-a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{e(-70\sqrt{-a}cd^2e - 56a\sqrt{c}de^2 + 16\sqrt{-a}ae^3 + 35c^{3/2}d^3)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{6\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

$$2\sqrt{-a}$$

↓ 219

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{16(a^2e^4 + 4\sqrt{-ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2e^2 + 4(-a)^{3/2}\sqrt{c}de^3 + c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{e}(70\sqrt{-acd^2e} - 56a\sqrt{c}de^2 + 16(-a)^{3/2}e^3 + 35c^{3/2}d^3)}{\sqrt{c}} \operatorname{arctan} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{4\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{6\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \left(\frac{16(a^2e^4 - 4\sqrt{-ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2e^2 + 4\sqrt{-aa}\sqrt{c}de^3 + c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{-a}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{e}(-70\sqrt{-acd^2e} - 56a\sqrt{c}de^2 + 16\sqrt{-aa}e^3 + 35c^{3/2}d^3)}{\sqrt{c}} \operatorname{arctanh} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{4\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{6\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2\sqrt{-a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 291

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{16(a^2e^4 - 4\sqrt{-ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2e^2 + 4\sqrt{-aa}\sqrt{c}de^3 + c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a} - \frac{(\sqrt{-ae}-\sqrt{cd})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{\sqrt{e}(-70\sqrt{-acd^2e} - 56a\sqrt{c}de^2 + 16\sqrt{-aa}e^3 + 35c^{3/2}d^3)}{\sqrt{c}} \operatorname{arctan} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{4\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{6\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \left(\frac{16(a^2e^4 + 4\sqrt{-ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2e^2 + 4(-a)^{3/2}\sqrt{c}de^3 + c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{\sqrt{e}(70\sqrt{-acd^2e} - 56a\sqrt{c}de^2 + 16(-a)^{3/2}e^3 + 35c^{3/2}d^3)}{\sqrt{c}} \operatorname{arctan} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{4\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{6\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2\sqrt{-a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 218

$$3 \left(\frac{16(a^2e^4 + 4\sqrt{-ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2e^2 + 4(-a)^{3/2}\sqrt{cde^3 + c^2d^4}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a - \frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae})x^2}{e^2 + d}}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - \frac{\sqrt{e}(70\sqrt{-acd^2e - 56a\sqrt{cde^2} + 16(-a)^{3/2}e^3 + 35c^{3/2}d^3)}{\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}} \quad 2\sqrt{-a}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{16(a^2e^4 - 4\sqrt{-ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2e^2 + 4\sqrt{-a}a\sqrt{cde^3} + c^2d^4) \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{e}(-70\sqrt{-acd^2e - 56a\sqrt{cde^2} + 16\sqrt{-a}ae^3 + 35c^{3/2}d^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}}}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}} \quad 2\sqrt{-a}$$

221

$$3 \left(\frac{16(a^2e^4 - 4\sqrt{-ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2e^2 + 4\sqrt{-a}a\sqrt{cde^3} + c^2d^4) \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{e}(-70\sqrt{-acd^2e - 56a\sqrt{cde^2} + 16\sqrt{-a}ae^3 + 35c^{3/2}d^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}}}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}} \quad 2\sqrt{-a}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{16(a^2e^4 + 4\sqrt{-ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 6acd^2e^2 + 4(-a)^{3/2}\sqrt{cde^3} + c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{e}(70\sqrt{-acd^2e - 56a\sqrt{cde^2} + 16(-a)^{3/2}e^3 + 35c^{3/2}d^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{c}}{6\sqrt{c}} \quad 2\sqrt{-a}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^4), x]
```

output

```

-1/2*((e*x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/(6*Sqrt[c]) + ((e*(11*d - (6*Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqr
t[c])*x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*((e*(19*c*d^2 - 22*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e
- 8*a*e^2)*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(2*Sqrt[c]) + ((16*(c^2*d^4 - 4*Sqrt[-a]*c^(
3/2)*d^3*e - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*Sqrt[-a]*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^3 + a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[
(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*x)/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/((-a)^(1/4
)*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]) + (Sqrt[e]*(35*c^(3/2)*d^3 - 70*Sq
rt[-a]*c*d^2*e - 56*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + 16*Sqrt[-a]*a*e^3)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*
x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]/Sqrt[c])/(2*Sqrt[c]))/(4*Sqrt[c]))/(6*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt
[-a] - (-1/6*(e*x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/Sqrt[c] + (-1/4*(e*(11*d + (6*Sqrt[-a
]*e)/Sqrt[c])*x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (3*(-1/2*(e*(19*c*d^2 + 22*Sqrt[-a]*S
qrt[c]*d*e - 8*a*e^2)*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/Sqrt[c] + (-((Sqrt[e]*(35*c^(3/2)
*d^3 + 70*Sqrt[-a]*c*d^2*e - 56*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + 16*(-a)^(3/2)*e^3)*ArcTa
nh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/Sqrt[c] + (16*(c^2*d^4 + 4*Sqrt[-a]*c^(3
/2)*d^3*e - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*(-a)^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]*d*e^3 + a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[
(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*x)/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/((-a)^(1/4
)*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]))/(2*Sqrt[c]))/(4*Sqrt[c]))/(6*Sqr
t[c]))/(2*Sqrt[-a])

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 403 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 1489 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[-c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r - c*x^2), x], x] - Simp[c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[q]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 989 vs. 2(459) = 918.

Time = 3.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 990, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}+2ae}\sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\sqrt{a-2}\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}-2ae\left(\left(\left(3e^{\frac{3}{2}}cd^2\sqrt{a}-e^{\frac{7}{2}}a^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}-\sqrt{e}c^2d^4+6e^{\frac{5}{2}}cd^2a-e^{\frac{9}{2}}a^2\right)\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}-e^{\frac{11}{2}}a^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{\dots}$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2/a^(3/2)*(-1/4*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*(((3*e^(3/2)*c*d^2*a^(1/2)-e^(7/2)*a^(3/2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-e^(1/2)*c^2*d^4+6*e^(5/2)*c*d^2*a-e^(9/2)*a^2)*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+(-3*e^(5/2)*c*d^2*a^(3/2)+e^(9/2)*a^(5/2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+a*(e^(3/2)*c^2*d^4-6*a*e^(7/2)*c*d^2+a^2*e^(11/2)))*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+1/4*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*(((3*e^(3/2)*c*d^2*a^(1/2)-e^(7/2)*a^(3/2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-e^(1/2)*c^2*d^4+6*e^(5/2)*c*d^2*a-e^(9/2)*a^2)*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+(-3*e^(5/2)*c*d^2*a^(3/2)+e^(9/2)*a^(5/2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+a*(e^(3/2)*c^2*d^4-6*a*e^(7/2)*c*d^2+a^2*e^(11/2)))*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+(((2*a^(5/2)*e^4-35/4*a^(3/2)*c*d^2*e^2)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2)))-13/4*x*a^(3/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2/13*e^(7/2)*x^2+d*e^(5/2))*c*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)+arctan((2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x)/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2))-arctan(((2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x-2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)))*((3...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3394 vs. $2(461) = 922$.

Time = 53.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6799, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.25

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a + cx^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(7/2)/(c*x**4+a),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**(7/2)/(a + c*x**4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{cx^4 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{cx^4 + a} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^4),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{a + cx^4} dx &= \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) d^3 + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^6}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) e^3 \\ &+ 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^4}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) d e^2 + 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^2}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) d^2 e \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a),x)`

output

```
int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)*d**3 + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**6)/(a
+ c*x**4),x)*e**3 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**4)/(a + c*x**4),x)*d*e**2
+ 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)*d**2*e
```

3.383 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{a+cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	3084
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3085
Rubi [A] (verified)	3086
Maple [B] (verified)	3091
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3092
Sympy [F]	3093
Maxima [F]	3093
Giac [F(-2)]	3093
Mupad [F(-1)]	3094
Reduce [F]	3094

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 474

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{a+cx^4} dx = \frac{e^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2c}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(2\sqrt{acd^2e} + 2a^{3/2}e^3 + (cd^2 - 3ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) - cd^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{5de^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2c}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(2\sqrt{acd^2e} + 2a^{3/2}e^3 - (cd^2 - 3ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) - cd^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{2}e^{2x}(e^{x^2+d})^{1/2}/c + \frac{1}{4}(a^{1/2}e + (ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} * (2a^{1/2} * cd^2 * e + 2a^{3/2} * e^3 - 3 * a * e^2 + cd^2) * (ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2} * \arctan(2^{1/2} * a^{1/4} * c^{1/2} * (a^{1/2} * e + (ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} * x * (e^{x^2+d})^{1/2} / (a^{1/2} * (a^{1/2} * e + (ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2}) - cd * x^2)) * 2^{1/2} / a^{3/4} / c^{3/2} / (ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2} + 5/2 * d * e^{3/2} * \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{1/2} * x / (e^{x^2+d})^{1/2}) / c + \frac{1}{4} * (-a^{1/2} * e + (ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} * (2 * a^{1/2} * cd^2 * e + 2 * a^{3/2} * e^3 - 3 * a * e^2 + cd^2) * (ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2} * \operatorname{arctanh}(2^{1/2} * a^{1/4} * c^{1/2} * (-a^{1/2} * e + (ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} * x * (e^{x^2+d})^{1/2} / (a^{1/2} * (a^{1/2} * e - (ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2}) - cd * x^2)) * 2^{1/2} / a^{3/4} / c^{3/2} / (ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2}$$
Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \frac{e^{3/2} \left(\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{d + ex^2} - 5d \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d + ex^2}) + \operatorname{RootSum} \left[cd^4 - 4cd^3 \#1 + 6cd^2 \#1^2 - 4cd \#1^3 + c \#1^4 \right] \right)}{a + cx^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^4), x]
```

output

```
(e^(3/2)*(Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - 5*d*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] + RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (3*c*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - a*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 2*c*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 10*a*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 3*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/(2*c)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 551, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {1489, 27, 318, 25, 403, 25, 398, 224, 219, 291, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{a+cx^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1489} \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2})} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a})} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(7\sqrt{cd}-4\sqrt{-ae})x^2+d(4\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}))}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(7\sqrt{cd}+4\sqrt{-ae})x^2+d(4\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}))}{\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(7\sqrt{cd}-4\sqrt{-ae})x^2+d(4\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}))}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(7\sqrt{cd}+4\sqrt{-ae})x^2+d(4\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}))}{\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx}{4\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{403}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{e \left(15cd^2 - 20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced} - 8ae^2 \right) x^2 + d \left(8cd^2 - 9\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced} - 4ae^2 \right)}{\left(\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{-a}} \right) \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{2} ex \sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(7d - \frac{4\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{e \left(15cd^2 + 20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced} - 8ae^2 \right) x^2 + d \left(8cd^2 + 9\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced} - 4ae^2 \right)}{\left(\sqrt{-a - \sqrt{cx^2}} \right) \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{2} ex \sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{4\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 7d \right) - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

$2\sqrt{-a}$
↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{e \left(15cd^2 - 20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced} - 8ae^2 \right) x^2 + d \left(8cd^2 - 9\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced} - 4ae^2 \right)}{\left(\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{-a}} \right) \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{2} ex \sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(7d - \frac{4\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{e \left(15cd^2 + 20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced} - 8ae^2 \right) x^2 + d \left(8cd^2 + 9\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ced} - 4ae^2 \right)}{\left(\sqrt{-a - \sqrt{cx^2}} \right) \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{2} ex \sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{4\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 7d \right) - \frac{ex(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

$2\sqrt{-a}$
↓ 398

$$\frac{8 \left(3\sqrt{-acd^2} e - 3a\sqrt{cde^2} + (-a)^{3/2} e^3 + c^{3/2} d^3 \right) \int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{-a - \sqrt{cx^2}} \right) \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{e \left(20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde} - 8ae^2 + 15cd^2 \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{2} ex \sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{4\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 7d \right)$$

$$\frac{8 \left(-3\sqrt{-acd^2} e - 3a\sqrt{cde^2} + \sqrt{-a} ae^3 + c^{3/2} d^3 \right) \int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{-a}} \right) \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{e \left(-20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde} - 8ae^2 + 15cd^2 \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{2} ex \sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(7d - \frac{4\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) +$$

$2\sqrt{-a}$
↓ 224

$$\frac{8 \left(-3\sqrt{-acd^2} e - 3a\sqrt{cde^2} + \sqrt{-a} ae^3 + c^{3/2} d^3 \right) \int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{-a}} \right) \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{e \left(-20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde} - 8ae^2 + 15cd^2 \right) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2 + d}} \frac{d}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{2} ex \sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(7d - \frac{4\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{8 \left(3\sqrt{-acd^2} e - 3a\sqrt{cde^2} + (-a)^{3/2} e^3 + c^{3/2} d^3 \right) \int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{-a - \sqrt{cx^2}} \right) \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{e \left(20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde} - 8ae^2 + 15cd^2 \right) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ex^2}{ex^2 + d}} \frac{d}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{2} ex \sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{4\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 7d \right) +$$

$2\sqrt{-a}$
↓ 219

$$\frac{8(3\sqrt{-acd^2e-3a\sqrt{cde^2+(-a)^{3/2}e^3+c^{3/2}d^3}) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{c}x^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{e}(20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde-8ae^2+15cd^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{4\sqrt{c}} ex\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left(\frac{4\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)$$

$$\frac{8(-3\sqrt{-acd^2e-3a\sqrt{cde^2+\sqrt{-a}ae^3+c^{3/2}d^3}) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{-a}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{e}(-20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde-8ae^2+15cd^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{c}} ex\sqrt{d+ex^2} (7d - 4\sqrt{-a})$$

291

$$\frac{8(-3\sqrt{-acd^2e-3a\sqrt{cde^2+\sqrt{-a}ae^3+c^{3/2}d^3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a}-\frac{(\sqrt{-ae}-\sqrt{cd})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{e}(-20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde-8ae^2+15cd^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{4\sqrt{c}} ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}$$

$$\frac{8(3\sqrt{-acd^2e-3a\sqrt{cde^2+(-a)^{3/2}e^3+c^{3/2}d^3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a}-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{e}(20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde-8ae^2+15cd^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{4\sqrt{c}} ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}$$

218

$$\frac{8(3\sqrt{-acd^2e-3a\sqrt{cde^2+(-a)^{3/2}e^3+c^{3/2}d^3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a}-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{e}(20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde-8ae^2+15cd^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{4\sqrt{c}} ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}$$

$$\frac{8(-3\sqrt{-acd^2e-3a\sqrt{cde^2+\sqrt{-a}ae^3+c^{3/2}d^3}) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{e}(-20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde-8ae^2+15cd^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{c}} ex\sqrt{d+ex^2} (7d - 4\sqrt{-a})$$

221

$$\frac{s(-3\sqrt{-acd^2e-3a\sqrt{c}de^2+\sqrt{-a}ae^3+c^{3/2}d^3)}\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)+\frac{\sqrt{e}(-20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}de-8ae^2+15cd^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{\frac{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}}{2\sqrt{c}}+4\sqrt{c}}+\frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(7d\sqrt{-a}\right)$$

$$\frac{s(3\sqrt{-acd^2e-3a\sqrt{c}de^2+(-a)^{3/2}e^3+c^{3/2}d^3)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)-\frac{\sqrt{e}(20\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}de-8ae^2+15cd^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{\frac{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}{2\sqrt{c}}-4\sqrt{c}}-\frac{1}{2}ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(4\sqrt{-a}\right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^4),x]`

output `-1/2*((e*x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*Sqrt[c]) + ((e*(7*d - (4*Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/2 + ((8*(c^(3/2)*d^3 - 3*Sqrt[-a]*c*d^2*e - 3*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + Sqrt[-a]*a*e^3)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*x)/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]) + (Sqrt[e]*(15*c*d^2 - 20*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - 8*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/Sqrt[c])/(2*Sqrt[c]))/(4*Sqrt[c]))/Sqrt[-a] - (-1/4*(e*x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/Sqrt[c] + (-1/2*(e*(7*d + (4*Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (-((Sqrt[e]*(15*c*d^2 + 20*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - 8*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])/Sqrt[c]) + (8*(c^(3/2)*d^3 + 3*Sqrt[-a]*c*d^2*e - 3*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + (-a)^(3/2)*e^3)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*x)/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]))/(2*Sqrt[c]))/(4*Sqrt[c]))/(2*Sqrt[-a])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2))], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$

rule 318 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} / (b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-2} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1) - a \cdot d) + d \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+2 \cdot q - 1) + 1) - a \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot (q-1) + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2 \cdot (p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 398 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \cdot \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / b \cdot \text{Int}[1/((a + b \cdot x^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 403 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_}) \cdot ((e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+1) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+1) + 1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f + b \cdot e \cdot 2 \cdot (p+q+1)) + (d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + f \cdot 2 \cdot q \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) + b \cdot d \cdot e \cdot 2 \cdot (p+q+1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2 \cdot (p+q+1) + 1, 0]$

rule 1489

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{r
= Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[-c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r - c*x^2), x], x] - S
imp[c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e,
q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[q]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 825 vs. 2(378) = 756.

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 826, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{3 \left(\sqrt{2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}+2ae} \left(\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}cd^2}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}{3}e^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a} - e^{\frac{5}{2}}a \right) \sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{e^{\frac{3}{2}}ac d^2}{3} + a^2e^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}{3}e^{\frac{5}{2}}a^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) \sqrt{4\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}+2ae}}{4} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-3/2*(1/4*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*((1/3*e^(1/2)*c*d^2-2/3*
(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*e^(3/2)*a^(1/2)-e^(5/2)*a)*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-1/3
*e^(3/2)*a*c*d^2+a^2*e^(7/2)+2/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*e^(5/2)*a^(3/2))*4*(
a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*ln((a^(1
/2)*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a
*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)-1/4*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*((
1/3*e^(1/2)*c*d^2-2/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*e^(3/2)*a^(1/2)-e^(5/2)*a)*(a*(a
*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-1/3*e^(3/2)*a*c*d^2+a^2*e^(7/2)+2/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
*e^(5/2)*a^(3/2))*4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)
-2*a*e)^(1/2)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(
1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+(-1/3*a^(3/2)*(5*arctanh
((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))*d*e^2+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*e^(5/2)*x)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)+d*(arctan(((2*(a*
(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x-2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x/(4*(a*e^2
+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2))-arctan((2*a^
(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x)/x/(4*(a*e
^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)))*(-1/3*e^(
1/2)*a*c*d^2+a^2*e^(5/2)-2/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*e^(3/2)*a^(3/2)))*d*c)/a^
(3/2)/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2
)/e^(1/2)/d/c^2

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2327 vs. $2(380) = 760$.

Time = 13.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4661, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.83

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a + cx^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(c*x**4+a), x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**(5/2)/(a + c*x**4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{cx^4 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{cx^4 + a} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^4),x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^4), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) d^2$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^4}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) e^2 + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^2}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) de$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a),x)`output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)*d**2 + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**4)/(a + c*x**4),x)*e**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)*d*e`

3.384 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{a+cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	3095
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3096
Rubi [A] (verified)	3096
Maple [B] (verified)	3100
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3101
Sympy [F]	3102
Maxima [F]	3103
Giac [F(-2)]	3103
Mupad [F(-1)]	3103
Reduce [F]	3104

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 442

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{a+cx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \left(2cd^2e - (cd^2 - ae^2) \left(e - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2})} \right)}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{ac^3/2d} \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} + \frac{e^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \left(2cd^2e - (cd^2 - ae^2) \left(e + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} x \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) - cdx^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{ac^3/2d} \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

output

```
1/4*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2*c*d^2*e-(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e-(a*
e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^
2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)
^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(1/4)/c^(3/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+e^(3/2)*arc
tanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c+1/4*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/
2)*(2*c*d^2*e-(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctanh(2^(1
/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/
2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(1/4)/c^(3
/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \frac{e^{3/2} \left(-\log(-\sqrt{e}x + \sqrt{d + ex^2}) + \text{RootSum} \left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 + 16ae^2\#1^2 \right. \right. \right.}{\left. \left. \left. \right] \right)}{c}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^4),x]`

output

```
(e^(3/2)*(-Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] + RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (c*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 2*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ]))/c
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$, Rules used = {1489, 27, 318, 25, 398, 224, 219, 291, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a + cx^4} dx$$

↓ 1489

$$-\frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2})} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a})} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-a-\sqrt{cx^2}}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{-a}}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{e(3\sqrt{cd}-2\sqrt{-ae})x^2+d(2\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})}{(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{-a}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\int \frac{e(3\sqrt{cd}+2\sqrt{-ae})x^2+d(2\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})}{(\sqrt{-a-\sqrt{cx^2}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{e(3\sqrt{cd}-2\sqrt{-ae})x^2+d(2\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})}{(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{-a}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\int \frac{e(3\sqrt{cd}+2\sqrt{-ae})x^2+d(2\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})}{(\sqrt{-a-\sqrt{cx^2}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{398} \\
 & \frac{2(2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-a-\sqrt{cx^2}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - e\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+3d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \frac{2\sqrt{-a}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{2(-2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{-a}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + e\left(3d-\frac{2\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \frac{2\sqrt{-a}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{2(-2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{-a}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + e\left(3d-\frac{2\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \frac{2\sqrt{-a}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{2(2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-a-\sqrt{cx^2}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - e\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+3d\right) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \frac{2\sqrt{-a}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2(2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-a-\sqrt{cx^2}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \sqrt{e}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+3d\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \frac{2\sqrt{-a}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \frac{2(-2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{-a}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{e}\left(3d-\frac{2\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \frac{2\sqrt{-a}}{2\sqrt{c}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 291 \\
 & \frac{2(-2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde-ae^2+cd^2}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a} - \frac{(\sqrt{-ae}-\sqrt{cd})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{e} \left(3d - \frac{2\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & - \frac{2(2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde-ae^2+cd^2}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2\sqrt{c}} - \sqrt{e} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 3d \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{2(2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde-ae^2+cd^2}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2\sqrt{c}} - \sqrt{e} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 3d \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & - \frac{2(-2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde-ae^2+cd^2}) \operatorname{arctan} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \sqrt{e} \left(3d - \frac{2\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{2(-2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde-ae^2+cd^2}) \operatorname{arctan} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \sqrt{e} \left(3d - \frac{2\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & - \frac{2(2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde-ae^2+cd^2}) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \sqrt{e} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + 3d \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^4), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/2*((e*x*\sqrt{d + e*x^2})/(2*\sqrt{c}) + ((2*(c*d^2 - 2*\sqrt{-a}*\sqrt{c}* \\
& d*e - a*e^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{\sqrt{c}*d - \sqrt{-a}*e}*x)/((-a)^{1/4}*\sqrt{d + \\
& e*x^2}]))/((-a)^{1/4}*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{\sqrt{c}*d - \sqrt{-a}*e}) + \sqrt{e}*(3*d \\
& - (2*\sqrt{-a}*e)/\sqrt{c})*\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{e}*x)/\sqrt{d + e*x^2}])/(2*\sqrt{c} \\
&))/\sqrt{-a} - (-1/2*(e*x*\sqrt{d + e*x^2})/\sqrt{c} + (-\sqrt{e}*(3*d + (2* \\
& \sqrt{-a}*e)/\sqrt{c})*\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{e}*x)/\sqrt{d + e*x^2}]) + (2*(c*d^2 + 2 \\
& *\sqrt{-a}*\sqrt{c}*d*e - a*e^2)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{\sqrt{c}*d + \sqrt{-a}*e}*x)/((- \\
& a)^{1/4}*\sqrt{d + e*x^2}]))/((-a)^{1/4}*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{\sqrt{c}*d + \sqrt{-a} \\
& *e}))/2*\sqrt{c}))/2*\sqrt{-a})
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 218

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 221

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst [Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp [d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp [1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b *c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 1489 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[-c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r - c*x^2), x], x] - Simp[c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[q]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 782 vs. $2(356) = 712$.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 783, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\sqrt{a-2}\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)-2ae}\sqrt{2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)+2ae}}\left((-ae^2-e\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\sqrt{a+cd^2}\right)\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}+e\left(a^2e^2-d^2ae\right)}{4}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/2*(1/4*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2) \\
 & *(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*((-a*e^2-e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2) \\
 &)*a^(1/2)+c*d^2)*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+e*(a^2*e^2-d^2*a*c+a^(3/2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*e) \\
 &)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2) \\
 &)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)-1/4*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2) \\
 &)^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*((-a*e^2-e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+c*d^2)*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2) \\
 & +e*(a^2*e^2-d^2*a*c+a^(3/2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*e) *ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2) \\
 &)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+d^2*c*(-2*e^(3/2) \\
 &)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2) \\
 &)*a^(3/2)+(a^2*e^2-d^2*a*c-a^(3/2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*e)*(arctan(((2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2) \\
 &)^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x-2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2) \\
 &)-arctan((2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x)/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2) \\
 &)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2))))/a^(3/2)/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)/d^2/c^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1421 vs. 2(358) = 716.

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2849, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.45

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(4*e^(3/2)*log(-2*e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*x - d) + c*sqrt(-
(3*c*d^2*e - a*e^3 + a*c^2*sqrt(-(c^2*d^6 - 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)
/(a^3*c^3)))/(a*c^2))*log(-(c^2*d^5 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2*d*e^4 + (a*c^3
*d^2 + a^2*c^2*e^2)*x^2*sqrt(-(c^2*d^6 - 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a
^3*c^3)) + 2*(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^2*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*c^3*x*sq
rt(-(c^2*d^6 - 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) - (a*c^2*d^2*e -
3*a^2*c*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-(3*c*d^2*e - a*e^3 + a*c^2*sqrt(-(c^
2*d^6 - 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)))/(a*c^2)))/x^2) - c*sqrt
(-(3*c*d^2*e - a*e^3 + a*c^2*sqrt(-(c^2*d^6 - 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^
4)/(a^3*c^3)))/(a*c^2))*log(-(c^2*d^5 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2*d*e^4 + (a*c
^3*d^2 + a^2*c^2*e^2)*x^2*sqrt(-(c^2*d^6 - 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/
(a^3*c^3)) + 2*(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^2*e^5)*x^2 - 2*(a^2*c^3*x*
sqrt(-(c^2*d^6 - 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) - (a*c^2*d^2*e
- 3*a^2*c*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-(3*c*d^2*e - a*e^3 + a*c^2*sqrt(-(
c^2*d^6 - 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)))/(a*c^2)))/x^2) - c*sq
rt(-(3*c*d^2*e - a*e^3 - a*c^2*sqrt(-(c^2*d^6 - 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*
e^4)/(a^3*c^3)))/(a*c^2))*log(-(c^2*d^5 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2*d*e^4 - (a
*c^3*d^2 + a^2*c^2*e^2)*x^2*sqrt(-(c^2*d^6 - 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)
)/(a^3*c^3)) + 2*(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^2*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*c^3*
x*sqrt(-(c^2*d^6 - 6*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^3*c^3)) + (a*c^2*d...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a + cx^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**4+a), x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x**2)**(3/2)/(a + c*x**4), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{cx^4 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{cx^4 + a} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^4),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{a + cx^4} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^2}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)*d + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)*e`

3.385 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	3105
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3106
Rubi [A] (verified)	3106
Maple [B] (verified)	3110
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3111
Sympy [F]	3112
Maxima [F]	3112
Giac [F(-1)]	3112
Mupad [F(-1)]	3113
Reduce [F]	3113

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+cx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}^4 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} x \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) - cdx^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}^4 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} x \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) - cdx^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
1/4*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(
a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e
+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(1/2)-1/4*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a
*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e
^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)
^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+cx^4} dx = \frac{1}{2}e^{3/2}\text{RootSum} \left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 + 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 \right. \\ \left. + c\#1^4 \&, \frac{d^2 \log(d + 2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2} - \#1) + 2d \log(d + 2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2} - \#1) \#1 + \log(d + 2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2} - \#1) \#1^2}{cd^3 - 3cd^2\#1 - 8ae^2\#1 + 3cd\#1^2 - c\#1^3} \right]$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a + c*x^4),x]`

output

```
(e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 2*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$, Rules used = {1489, 27, 301, 224, 219, 291, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+cx^4} dx$$

↓ 1489

$$-\frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2})} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a})} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-a-\sqrt{cx^2}}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{-a}}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{301} \\
& -\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
& \quad -\frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
& -\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
& \quad -\frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{e \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ex^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& -\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
& \quad -\frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
& -\frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a}-\frac{(\sqrt{-ae}-\sqrt{cd})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
& \quad -\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a}-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})x^2}{ex^2+d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a - \frac{(\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{-ae}})^2}{ex^2 + d}}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}} + \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}} + \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd}}} - \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{-a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a + c*x^4),x]`

output `-1/2*(((d - (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*x)/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]) + (Sqrt[e]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[-a] - (((Sqrt[e]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/Sqrt[c]) + ((d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*x)/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]))/(2*Sqrt[-a])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2))], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$

rule 301 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} / ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/d \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] - \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c - a \cdot d)/d \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p-1)} / (c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Denominator}[p], 4] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[p, 2/3] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b \cdot c + 3 \cdot a \cdot d, 0]))$

rule 1489 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_} / ((a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^4)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{r = \text{Rt}[(-a) \cdot c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-c/(2 \cdot r) \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x^2)^q / (r - c \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[c/(2 \cdot r) \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x^2)^q / (r + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[q]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 550 vs. 2(219) = 438.

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 551, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(ae - \sqrt{a(ae^2 + cd^2)}) \left(\frac{\ln \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d} \sqrt{2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)+2aex - \sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}x^2 - \sqrt{a}(ex^2+d)}}{x^2} \right)}{4} \right) \sqrt{2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)+2aex} \sqrt{4\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)+2aex}}}{4}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2/a^(3/2)/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*
e)^(1/2)*(a*e-(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2))*(-1/4*ln(((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a
e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2-a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)
)/x^2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1
/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)+1/4*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^
2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x
^2)/x^2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(
1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)+(a*e+(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2))
*(arctan(((2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x-2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1
/2))/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/
2))-arctan((2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1
/2)*x)/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(
1/2))))/d/c
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 503 vs. $2(221) = 442$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 503, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+cx^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{-\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}+e}{ac}} \log\left(\frac{acdx^2\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}+2\sqrt{ex^2+d}a^2cx\sqrt{-\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}+e}}{\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}+2dex^2+d^2}}{x^2}\right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{-\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}+e}{ac}} \log\left(\frac{acdx^2\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}-2\sqrt{ex^2+d}a^2cx\sqrt{-\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}+e}}{\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}+2dex^2+d^2}}{x^2}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}-e}{ac}} \log\left(-\frac{acdx^2\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}+2\sqrt{ex^2+d}a^2cx\sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}-e}}{\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}-2dex^2-d^2}}{x^2}\right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}-e}{ac}} \log\left(-\frac{acdx^2\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}-2\sqrt{ex^2+d}a^2cx\sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}-e}}{\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{a^3c}}-2dex^2-d^2}}{x^2}\right)$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) + e)/(a*c))*log((a*c*d*x^2*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a^2*c*x*sqrt(-a*c*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) + e)/(a*c))*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)/x^2) - 1/8*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) + e)/(a*c))*log((a*c*d*x^2*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a^2*c*x*sqrt(-a*c*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) + e)/(a*c))*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)/x^2) + 1/8*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) - e)/(a*c))*log(-(a*c*d*x^2*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a^2*c*x*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) - e)/(a*c))*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) - 2*d*e*x^2 - d^2)/x^2) - 1/8*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) - e)/(a*c))*log(-(a*c*d*x^2*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a^2*c*x*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) - e)/(a*c))*sqrt(-d^2/(a^3*c)) - 2*d*e*x^2 - d^2)/x^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+cx^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+cx^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**4+a), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a + c*x**4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+cx^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{cx^4+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+cx^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+cx^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{cx^4+a} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a + c*x^4),x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a + c*x^4), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+cx^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{cx^4+a} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a),x)`output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)`

3.386 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)} dx$

Optimal result	3114
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3115
Rubi [A] (verified)	3115
Maple [B] (verified)	3117
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3118
Sympy [F]	3119
Maxima [F]	3120
Giac [F(-1)]	3120
Mupad [F(-1)]	3120
Reduce [F]	3121

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 370

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \left(e - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} x \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a} (\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) - cd x^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{cd} \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} (\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} x \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a} (\sqrt{ae} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) - cd x^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{2} a^{3/4} \sqrt{cd} \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e
*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a
^(1/4)/c^(1/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-1/4*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(
1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a
^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-
(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(1/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)} dx = -2e^{3/2} \text{RootSum} \left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 + 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4 \&, \frac{\log(d+2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2} - \#1)\#1}{-cd^3 + 3cd^2\#1 + 8ae^2\#1 - 3cd\#1^2 + c\#1^3} \& \right]$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + c*x^4)),x]
```

output

```
-2*e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1)/(-(c*d^3) + 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 - 3*c*d*#1^2 + c*#1^3) & ]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {1489, 27, 291, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^4)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1489 \\ & -\frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a - \frac{(\sqrt{-ae} - \sqrt{cd})x^2}{ex^2+d}}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a - \frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae})x^2}{ex^2+d}}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a - \frac{(\sqrt{-ae} - \sqrt{cd})x^2}{ex^2+d}}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a - \frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae})x^2}{ex^2+d}}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a - \frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae})x^2}{ex^2+d}}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2(-a)^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2(-a)^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2(-a)^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + c*x^4)),x]`

output `-1/2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*x)/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]/((-a)^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]) - ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*x)/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]/(2*(-a)^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

```
rule 291 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

```
rule 1489 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{r
= Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[-c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r - c*x^2), x], x] - S
imp[c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e,
q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[q]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 672 vs. 2(290) = 580.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 673, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\left((-e\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2})\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}+ae\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+a^{\frac{3}{2}}e^2 \right) \sqrt{2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}+2ae} \sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{a}-2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}-2ae}}{4}$
default	$\ln \left(\frac{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}e+2cd + \frac{2e\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + 2\sqrt{\frac{-a\sqrt{c}e+cd}{x-\frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c}}}} \sqrt{\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)^2 e + \frac{2e\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{-a\sqrt{c}e+cd}{c}}}\right)$

```
input int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/2/a^(3/2)/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*
e)^(1/2)*(-1/4*((-e*a^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+a
*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+a^(3/2)*e^2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2
)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*ln
((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2
)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+1/4*((-e*a^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*(a
*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+a*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+a^(3/2)*e^2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*
d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2)
)^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*
d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+d^2*(arctan((2*a^
(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x)/x/(4*(a*e
^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2))-arctan(((2
*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x-2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x/(4*(a
*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)))*(a*(a*e
^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-a^(3/2)*e)*c)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/c/d^2

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1217 vs. $2(292) = 584$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1217, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/8*sqrt(-((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2
+ a^5*e^4)) - e)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2))*log(((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2
/(a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4))*x^2 + 2*e*x^2 + 2*(a*e*x + (a^
2*c*d^2 + a^3*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4))*
x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2
*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4)) - e)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)) + d)/x^2) - 1/8*sqrt(
-((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4
)) - e)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2))*log(((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2/(a^3*c^2
*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4))*x^2 + 2*e*x^2 - 2*(a*e*x + (a^2*c*d^2 +
a^3*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4))*x)*sqrt(e
*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^
2*e^2 + a^5*e^4)) - e)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)) + d)/x^2) - 1/8*sqrt(((a*c*d^2
+ a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4)) + e)/(a
*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2))*log(-((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*
a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4))*x^2 - 2*e*x^2 + 2*(a*e*x - (a^2*c*d^2 + a^3*e^2)
)*sqrt(-c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4))*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)
)*sqrt(((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^
5*e^4)) + e)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)) - d)/x^2) + 1/8*sqrt(((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2
)*sqrt(-c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4)) + e)/(a*c*d^2 + a
^2*e^2))*log(-((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2/(a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^4)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**4+a), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((a + c*x**4)*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4+a)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4+a)\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}a + \sqrt{ex^2+d}cx^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a),x)`

output `int(1/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*x**4),x)`

3.387 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+cx^4)} dx$

Optimal result	3122
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3123
Rubi [A] (verified)	3123
Maple [B] (verified)	3125
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3126
Sympy [F]	3127
Maxima [F]	3127
Giac [F(-1)]	3127
Mupad [F(-1)]	3128
Reduce [F]	3128

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 399

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+cx^4)} dx = \frac{e^2x}{d(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c}(2\sqrt{ae}-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})-cdx^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae}-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})-cdx^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
e^2*x/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/4*c^(1/2)*(2*a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)-1/4*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2*a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)} dx = \frac{\frac{2e^2x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - cde^{3/2}\text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 + 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3\right]}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^4)),x]`

output `((2*e^2*x)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - c*d*e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 6*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) &])/(2*c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {1487, 208, 2257, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1487$$

$$\frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex^2}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(cx^4+a)} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2}$$

$$\downarrow 208$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex^2}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(cx^4+a)} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2257} \\
 & \frac{c \int \left(\frac{-\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{-a}})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{ex^2+d}} \right) dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{c \left(-\frac{(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}) \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2(-a)^{3/4}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2(-a)^{3/4}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(ae^2 + cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^4)),x]`

output `(e^2*x)/(d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (c*(-1/2*((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*x)/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/((-a)^(3/4)*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]) - ((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*x)/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/(2*(-a)^(3/4)*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 1487 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q, x], x] + Simp[c/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*((d - e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]`

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 2257 Int[(Px_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, q}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 772 vs. 2(317) = 634.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 773, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}+2ae}\sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{a}-2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}-2ae}\left((-2e\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2})\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}+ae\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+2a\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*(-1/4*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*
(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*((-2*e*
a^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+a*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/
2)+2*a^(3/2)*e^2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*ln(((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))
^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2-a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d))/x^2)+1/4*
(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(
a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*((-2*e*a^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*(a
*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+a*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+2*a^(3/2)*e^2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/
2)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)
^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)-2*a^(3/2)*e^2*x*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1
/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+d^2
*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-2*a^(3/2)*e)*(arctan((2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(2
*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x)/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-
2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2))-arctan(((2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)
+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x-2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2
)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)))*c*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(4*(
a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d
)^(1/2)/d

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3803 vs. $2(319) = 638$.

Time = 10.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3803, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4) (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**4+a), x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + c*x**4)*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4 + a)(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4 + a) (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ad + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} cdx^4 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} cex^6} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a),x)`output `int(1/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d*x**4 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*e*x**6),x)`

3.388 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+cx^4)} dx$

Optimal result	3129
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3130
Rubi [A] (verified)	3130
Maple [B] (verified)	3132
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3133
Sympy [F]	3134
Maxima [F]	3134
Giac [F(-1)]	3134
Mupad [F(-1)]	3135
Reduce [F]	3135

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 494

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+cx^4)} dx = \frac{e^2x}{3d(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(4cd^2+ae^2)x}{3d^2(cd^2+ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\left(2cd^2e+(cd^2-ae^2)\left(e-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}\left(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\right)-cdx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{ad}(cd^2+ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\left(2cd^2e+(cd^2-ae^2)\left(e+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}\left(\sqrt{ae}-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\right)-cdx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{ad}(cd^2+ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*e^2*x/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3*e^2*(a*e^2+4*c*d^2)*x/d^2/(a
*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/4*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(
1/2)*(2*c*d^2*e+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctan(2^(
1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1
/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(1/4)/d/(
a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)-1/4*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2*c
*d^2*e+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(
1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(
1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(1/4)/d/(a*e^2+c*
d^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + cx^4)} dx = \frac{ae^4x(3d + 2ex^2) + cd^2e^2x(9d + 8ex^2) - 3cd^2e^{3/2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2} \text{RootSum} \left[cd^4 \right.}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + cx^4)}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^4)),x]
```

output

```
(a*e^4*x*(3*d + 2*e*x^2) + c*d^2*e^2*x*(9*d + 8*e*x^2) - 3*c*d^2*e^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (c*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 4*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 2*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/(3*(c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {1487, 209, 208, 2257, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1487$$

$$\frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex^2}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}(cx^4+a)} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2}$$

$$\downarrow 209$$

$$\frac{e^2 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex^2}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}(cx^4+a)} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2}$$

↓ 208

$$\frac{c \int \frac{d-ex^2}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}(cx^4+a)} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{e^2 \left(\frac{2x}{3d^2 \sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{ae^2 + cd^2}$$

↓ 2257

$$\frac{c \int \left(\frac{-\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{-a}})(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2})(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} \right) dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{e^2 \left(\frac{2x}{3d^2 \sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{ae^2 + cd^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$c \left(-\frac{(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}) \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2(-a)^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})^{3/2}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2(-a)^{3/4}(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})^{3/2}} - \frac{ex(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})}{2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{d+ex^2}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd}-ae)} + \frac{ex(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})}{2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{d+ex^2}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd}+ae)} \right) + \frac{e^2 \left(\frac{2x}{3d^2 \sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{ae^2 + cd^2}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^4)),x]`

output `(e^2*(x/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + (c*(-1/2*(e*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*x)/(Sqrt[c]*d*(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d - a*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (e*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*d*(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d + a*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - ((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*x)/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/(2*(-a)^(3/4)*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)^(3/2)) - ((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*x)/((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/(2*(-a)^(3/4)*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)^(3/2)))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 208 $\text{Int}[\text{((a_)} + \text{(b_)} * \text{(x_)}^2)^{-3/2}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[x / (a * \text{Sqrt}[a + b * x^2]), x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 209 $\text{Int}[\text{((a_)} + \text{(b_)} * \text{(x_)}^2)^{p_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[(-x) * (a + b * x^2)^{p + 1} / (2 * a * (p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2 * p + 3) / (2 * a * (p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b * x^2)^{p + 1}], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[p + 3/2, 0]$

rule 1487 $\text{Int}[\text{((d_)} + \text{(e_)} * \text{(x_)}^2)^{q_} / \text{((a_)} + \text{(c_)} * \text{(x_)}^4), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[e^2 / (c * d^2 + a * e^2) \text{ Int}[(d + e * x^2)^q, x], x] + \text{Simp}[c / (c * d^2 + a * e^2) \text{ Int}[(d + e * x^2)^{q + 1} * (d - e * x^2) / (a + c * x^4)], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c * d^2 + a * e^2, 0] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[q] \&\& \text{LtQ}[q, -1]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$

rule 2257 $\text{Int}[(\text{Px_}) * \text{((d_)} + \text{(e_)} * \text{(x_)}^2)^{q_} * \text{((a_)} + \text{(c_)} * \text{(x_)}^4)^{p_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[\text{Px} * (d + e * x^2)^q * (a + c * x^4)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, q\}, x] \&\& \text{PolyQ}[\text{Px}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 923 vs. $2(406) = 812$.

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 924, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\left(\left((-a e^2 + c d^2) \sqrt{a e^2 + c d^2} + 3 \sqrt{a} c d^2 e - a^{\frac{3}{2}} e^3\right) \sqrt{a(a e^2 + c d^2)} + \left((a^2 e^2 - d^2 a c) \sqrt{a e^2 + c d^2} - 3 c d^2 e a^{\frac{3}{2}} + e^3 a^{\frac{5}{2}}\right) e\right) (e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\dots}}{\dots}$
default	Expression too large to display

input $\text{int}(1 / (e * x^2 + d)^{5/2} / (c * x^4 + a), x, \text{method} = \text{_RETURNVERBOSE})$

output

```

-1/2/a^(3/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^
2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*(1/4*((-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+3*a
^(1/2)*c*d^2*e-a^(3/2)*e^3)*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+((a^2*e^2-a*c*d^2)*(a*
e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-3*c*d^2*e*a^(3/2)+e^3*a^(5/2))*e)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(4*(a*e
^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^
2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(
a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)-1/4*((-a
*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+3*a^(1/2)*c*d^2*e-a^(3/2)*e^3)*(a*(a*e^2+c
*d^2))^(1/2)+((a^2*e^2-a*c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-3*c*d^2*e*a^(3/2)+e^3*
a^(5/2))*e)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d
^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*ln((a^(1/2
)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e
^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)-6*x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(d^2*(8/9*e*x^2+d)*c*a^(
3/2)+1/3*(2/3*e*x^2+d)*e^2*a^(5/2))*e^2*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(
a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)+(arctan(((2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*
a*e)^(1/2)*x-2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2
*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2))-arctan((2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(
2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x)/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)
-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)))*d^2*c*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*((a^2*e^2-
a*c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+3*c*d^2*e*a^(3/2)-e^3*a^(5/2)))/(e*x^2+d)^...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6557 vs. $2(408) = 816$.

Time = 46.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6557, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.27

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+cx^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4) (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(c*x**4+a), x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + c*x**4)*(d + e*x**2)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4 + a)(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + cx^4)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4 + a) (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + cx^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e x^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^4 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} c d^2 x}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a),x)`output `int(1/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d**2*x**4 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*d*e*x**6 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c*e**2*x**8),x)`

3.389 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3136
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3137
Rubi [F]	3138
Maple [B] (verified)	3139
Fricas [F(-1)]	3140
Sympy [F]	3140
Maxima [F]	3140
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3141
Mupad [F(-1)]	3141
Reduce [F]	3142

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 627

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = -\frac{3e^2(2cd^2 - ae^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4ac^2}$$

$$-\frac{de^3x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{ac} - \frac{e^4x^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4ac} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{4a(a+cx^4)}$$

$$+\frac{3\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(2c^2d^4e + 8acd^2e^3 - 2a^2e^5 - (c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - 7a^2e^4)\left(e - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{5/4}c^{5/2}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

$$+\frac{9de^{7/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2c^2}$$

$$+\frac{3\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(2c^2d^4e + 8acd^2e^3 - 2a^2e^5 - (c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - 7a^2e^4)\left(e + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{5/4}c^{5/2}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

output

```

-3/4*e^2*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/c^2-d*e^3*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
)/a/c-1/4*e^4*x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/c+1/4*x*(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/a/(c*x^4+a)+3/
16*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2*c^2*d^4*e+8*a*c*d^2*e^3-2*a^2*
e^5-(-7*a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*(e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*ar
ctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^
2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(5
/4)/c^(5/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+9/2*d*e^(7/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e*x^2+d)^(
1/2))/c^2+3/16*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2*c^2*d^4*e+8*a*c*
d^2*e^3-2*a^2*e^5-(-7*a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*(e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
)/a^(1/2)))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^
2))*2^(1/2)/a^(5/4)/c^(5/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1002, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```
((c*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(3*a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^3*(d + 4*e*x^2) + 2*a*c*e^2*(-3*d^2 - 2*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x^4)))/(a*(a + c*x^4)) - 18*c*d*e^(7/2)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] + 4*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (45*c^2*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 81*a*c*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 8*a^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 10*c^2*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 18*a*c*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 5*c^2*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - a*c*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] + (e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (3*c^3*d^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 168*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 321*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 32*a^3*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 52*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 36*a^2*c*d*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 3*c^3*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 8*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 + a^2*c*e^4*Log[d + 2...
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1174 vs. $2(525) = 1050$.

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	Expression too large to display	1175
risch	Expression too large to display	18791
default	Expression too large to display	26470

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-15/8/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)
)/a^(9/2)*(1/4*(-e*(a^(9/2)*e^2+1/5*c*((5*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(7/2)+a^(5/2)*c*
d^2*x^4))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-7/5*(a^2*e^4-2/7*a*c*d^2*e^2-1/7*c^2*d^4)*a^
2*(c*x^4+a))*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+((1/5*c*(5*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(9/2)+a^(11
/2)*e^2+1/5*a^(7/2)*c^2*d^2*x^4)*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+7/5*(a^2*e^4-2/7*a*
c*d^2*e^2-1/7*c^2*d^4)*a^3*(c*x^4+a)*e)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)
^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)
)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)
^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)-1/4*(-e*(a^(9/2)*e^2+1/5*c*((5*e^2
*x^4+d^2)*a^(7/2)+a^(5/2)*c*d^2*x^4))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-7/5*(a^2*e^4-2/7
*a*c*d^2*e^2-1/7*c^2*d^4)*a^2*(c*x^4+a))*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+((1/5*c*(
5*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(9/2)+a^(11/2)*e^2+1/5*a^(7/2)*c^2*d^2*x^4)*e*(a*e^2+c*d^
2)^(1/2)+7/5*(a^2*e^4-2/7*a*c*d^2*e^2-1/7*c^2*d^4)*a^3*(c*x^4+a)*e)*(2*(a
*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a
e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a
*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+d*c*(2/
5*(-6*d*e^(7/2)*(a^(11/2)+a^(9/2)*c*x^4)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2)
)-x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-2*(e*x^2+d)*(-1/3*e*x^2+d)*c*e^2*a^(9/2)+1/3*c^2*d^3
*(4*e*x^2+d)*a^(7/2)+a^(11/2)*e^4))*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a
e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)+(arctan((2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(2*(...
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(9/2)/(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**(9/2)/(a + c*x**4)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(cx^4 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)/(c*x^4 + a)^2, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 437, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} e^4 x}{2c^2} - \frac{9de^{7/2} \log\left(\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^2\right)}{4c^2} - \frac{3(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^6 c^2 d^4 e^{3/2} - 8(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^6 acd^2 e^{7/2} + (\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^6 a^2 e^{11/2} - 6(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^6 acd^2 e^{7/2}}{\left(\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^8 c - 4(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^6 acd^2 e^{7/2} + (\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^6 a^2 e^{11/2} - 6(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d})^6 acd^2 e^{7/2}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*e^4*x/c^2 - 9/4*d*e^(7/2)*log((sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2)/c^2 - (3*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*c^2*d^4*e^(3/2) - 8*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*a*c*d^2*e^(7/2) + (sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*a^2*e^(11/2) - 6*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*c^2*d^5*e^(3/2) - 10*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a*c*d^3*e^(7/2) + 16*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a^2*d*e^(11/2) + 5*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2*c^2*d^6*e^(3/2) - (sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2*a^2*d^2*e^(11/2) - 2*c^2*d^7*e^(3/2) + 2*a*c*d^5*e^(7/2))/(((sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^8*c - 4*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*c*d + 6*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*c*d^2 + 16*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a*e^2 - 4*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2*c*d^3 + c*d^4)*a*c^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d^4$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^8}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) e^4 + 4 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^6}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) de^3$$

$$+ 6 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^4}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d^2e^2 + 4 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^2}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d^3e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d**4 + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*e**4 + 4*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**6)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d*e**3 + 6*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**4)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d**2*e**2 + 4*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d**3*e`

3.390 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3143
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3144
Rubi [F]	3145
Maple [B] (verified)	3146
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3147
Sympy [F]	3147
Maxima [F]	3147
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3148
Mupad [F(-1)]	3148
Reduce [F]	3149

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 573

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = -\frac{3de^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4ac} - \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4ac} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{4a(a+cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \left(cd^2e(5cd^2 + 9ae^2) + \left(e - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) (4a^2e^4 - 3cd^2(cd^2 + ae^2)) \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}^4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{d+ex^2})} \right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{5/4}c^{5/2}d\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{7/2}\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \left(cd^2e(5cd^2 + 9ae^2) + \left(e + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) (4a^2e^4 - 3cd^2(cd^2 + ae^2)) \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}^4\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{d+ex^2})} \right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{5/4}c^{5/2}d\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

output

```

-3/4*d*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/c-1/4*e^3*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/c+1/4*x*(e*
x^2+d)^(7/2)/a/(c*x^4+a)+1/16*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(c*d^2
*e*(9*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)+(e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(4*a^2*e^4-3*c*d^2*(a
*e^2+c*d^2)))*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2
))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^
2))*2^(1/2)/a^(5/4)/c^(5/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+e^(7/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*
x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^2+1/16*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(c*d^2*
e*(9*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)+(e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(4*a^2*e^4-3*c*d^2*(a
*e^2+c*d^2)))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/
2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x
^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(5/4)/c^(5/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 827, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{2cx\sqrt{d+ex^2}(-ae^2(3d+ex^2)+cd^2(d+3ex^2))}{a(a+cx^4)} - 8e^{7/2} \log(-\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{d+ex^2}) + 16e^{7/2} \text{RootSum}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```

((2*c*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-(a*e^2*(3*d + e*x^2)) + c*d^2*(d + 3*e*x^2)))/(a
*(a + c*x^4)) - 8*e^(7/2)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] + 16*e^(7/2)
*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 +
c*#1^4 & , (17*c*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] -
16*a*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 4*c*d^2*
Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 2*a*e^2*Log[d + 2
*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sq
rt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c
*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] + (e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2
+ 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (5*c^2*d^5*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*
Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 263*a*c*d^3*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt
[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 256*a^2*d*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*
Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 2*c^2*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e
*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 70*a*c*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x
^2] - #1]*#1 + 16*a^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] -
#1]*#1 + 5*c^2*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^
2 - 7*a*c*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/
(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/a)/(8*c^2)

```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1154 vs. $2(475) = 950$.

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1155, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	Expression too large to display	1155
default	Expression too large to display	19398

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)/
a^(9/2)*(-1/4*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/
2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*((-a^(9/2)*e^2+1/2*((2*
e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(7/2)+a^(5/2)*c*d^2*x^4)*c)*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-a^2*(c*x^
4+a)*(a^2*e^4-3/4*a*c*d^2*e^2-3/4*c^2*d^4))*e*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+((1/2*
c*(2*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(9/2)+a^(11/2)*e^2+1/2*a^(7/2)*c^2*d^2*x^4)*e*(a*e^2+c
*d^2)^(1/2)+a^3*(c*x^4+a)*(a^2*e^4-3/4*a*c*d^2*e^2-3/4*c^2*d^4))*e)*ln((a^
(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+
(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+1/4*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*
(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*((-
a^(9/2)*e^2+1/2*((2*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(7/2)+a^(5/2)*c*d^2*x^4)*c)*e*(a*e^2+c*
d^2)^(1/2)-a^2*(c*x^4+a)*(a^2*e^4-3/4*a*c*d^2*e^2-3/4*c^2*d^4))*e*(a*(a*e^2+
c*d^2))^(1/2)+((1/2*c*(2*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(9/2)+a^(11/2)*e^2+1/2*a^(7/2)*c^2
*d^2*x^4)*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+a^3*(c*x^4+a)*(a^2*e^4-3/4*a*c*d^2*e^2-3/4
*c^2*d^4))*e)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(
1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+d^2*((2*e^(7/2)*(a^(11/2
)+a^(9/2)*c*x^4)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))-3/2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*
(e^2*(1/3*e*x^2+d)*a^(9/2)-1/3*a^(7/2)*c*d^2*(3*e*x^2+d))*c)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)+((1/2*c*(2*e^2*x^
4+d^2)*a^(9/2)+a^(11/2)*e^2+1/2*a^(7/2)*c^2*d^2*x^4)*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3557 vs. $2(477) = 954$.

Time = 68.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7122, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.43

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(7/2)/(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**(7/2)/(a + c*x**4)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(cx^4 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4 + a)^2, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = -\frac{e^{7/2} \log\left(\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^2\right)}{2c^2} - \frac{5\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^6 c^2 d^3 e^{3/2} - 7\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^6 acde^{7/2} - 9\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^4 c^2 d^4 e^{3/2} - 21\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^4 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^{7/2} + 8\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^4 a^2 e^{11/2} + 7\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^2 c^2 d^5 e^{3/2} + 3\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^2 a c^2 d^3 e^{7/2} - 3c^2 d^6 e^{3/2} + a c^2 d^4 e^{7/2}}{2\left(\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^8 c - 4\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^6 cd + 6\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^4 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^{7/2} - 4\left(\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\right)^2 c^2 d^3 + c^2 d^4\right) a c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*e^(7/2)*log((sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2)/c^2 - 1/2*(5*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*c^2*d^3*e^(3/2) - 7*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*a*c*d*e^(7/2) - 9*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*c^2*d^4*e^(3/2) - 21*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a*c*d^2*e^(7/2) + 8*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a^2*e^(11/2) + 7*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2*c^2*d^5*e^(3/2) + 3*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2*a*c*d^3*e^(7/2) - 3*c^2*d^6*e^(3/2) + a*c^2*d^4*e^(7/2))/(((sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^8*c - 4*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*c*d + 6*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*c*d^2 + 16*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a*e^2 - 4*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2*c*d^3 + c*d^4)*a*c^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d^3$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^6}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) e^3 + 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^4}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d e^2$$

$$+ 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^2}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d^2 e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d**3 + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**6)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*e**3 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**4)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d*e**2 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d**2*e`

3.391 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3150
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3151
Rubi [F]	3152
Maple [B] (verified)	3152
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3153
Sympy [F]	3154
Maxima [F]	3155
Giac [F(-1)]	3155
Mupad [F(-1)]	3155
Reduce [F]	3156

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 473

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = -\frac{e^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4ac} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{4a(a+cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(4cd^2e + 2ae^3 - (3cd^2 + ae^2)\left(e - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}^4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})-cdx^2}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{5/4}c^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(4cd^2e + 2ae^3 - (3cd^2 + ae^2)\left(e + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}^4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}x}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae}-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})-cdx^2}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{5/4}c^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/c+1/4*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/a/(c*x^4+a)+1/16*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(4*c*d^2*e+2*a*e^3-(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2)*2^(1/2)/a^(5/4)/c^(3/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+1/16*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(4*c*d^2*e+2*a*e^3-(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2)*2^(1/2)/a^(5/4)/c^(3/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 708, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}(cd^2 - ae^2 + 2cdex^2)}{4ac(a + cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{7/2}\text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 + 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4 \&, \frac{49cd^2 \log(d+2ex^2-2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}-\#1)}{2c^2}\right]}{e^{3/2}\text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 + 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4 \&, \frac{2c^2d^4 \log(d+2ex^2-2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}-\#1)}{2c^2}\right]}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x^2))/(4*a*c*(a + c*x^4)) + (e
^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#
1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (49*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] -
#1] - 16*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 10*c
*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*Log[d + 2*e*
x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^
2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/(2*c^2) + (e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^
3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (2*c^2*d^4*L
og[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 97*a*c*d^2*e^2*Log[d
+ 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 32*a^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2
- 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 2*c^2*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[
e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 20*a*c*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x
*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 2*c^2*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[
d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - a*c*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^
2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ]
)/(4*a*c^2)
```


Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 870 vs. 2(385) = 770.

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 871, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d^2 \left(\left(\frac{9}{a^2} + cx^4 \frac{7}{a^2} \right) e^{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+a^3(cx^4+a)(ae^2+3cd^2)} \right) c \arctan \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ex^2+d} + \sqrt{2\sqrt{a}(ae^2+cd^2)+2aex}}{x\sqrt{4\sqrt{a}e^2+cd^2}\sqrt{a}-2\sqrt{a}(ae^2+cd^2)-2aex}} \right)}{2} d^2 \left(\left(\frac{9}{a^2} + c \right. \right.$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/4/a^{(9/2)}/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^{(1/2)}-2*a* \\
 & e^{(1/2)}*(1/2*d^2*((a^{(9/2)}+c*x^4*a^{(7/2)})*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}+a^3*(c*x^4+a) \\
 & *(a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*c*\arctan((2*a^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^{(1/2)}+2*a*e) \\
 & ^{(1/2)}*x)/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^{(1/2)}-2*a*e)^{(1/2)}) \\
 & -1/2*d^2*((a^{(9/2)}+c*x^4*a^{(7/2)})*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}+a^3*(c*x^4+a)*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*c* \\
 & \arctan(((2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^{(1/2)}+2*a*e)^{(1/2)}*x-2*a^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)})/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)} \\
 & -2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^{(1/2)}-2*a*e)^{(1/2)})+(1/8*((-e*(c*x^4*a^{(5/2)}+a^{(7/2)})*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}+a^2*(c*x^4+a) \\
 & *(a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^{(1/2)}+e*((a^{(9/2)}+c*x^4*a^{(7/2)})*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}-a^3*(c*x^4+a) \\
 & *(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)))*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^{(1/2)}+2*a*e)^{(1/2)}*\ln((a^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)} \\
 & *(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^{(1/2)}+2*a*e)^{(1/2)}*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}*x^2)/x^2)-1/8*((-e*(c*x^4*a^{(5/2)}+a^{(7/2)}) \\
 & *(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}+a^2*(c*x^4+a)*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^{(1/2)}+e*((a^{(9/2)}+c*x^4*a^{(7/2)})*e \\
 & *(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}-a^3*(c*x^4+a)*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)))*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^{(1/2)}+2*a*e)^{(1/2)}*\ln((a^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d) \\
 & +(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^{(1/2)}+2*a*e)^{(1/2)}*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}*x^2)/x^2)+(-c*d*(2*e*x^2+d)*a \\
 & ^{(7/2)}+a^{(9/2)}*e^2)*x*d*c*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^{(1/2)}-2*a*e)^{(1/2)})/d/c^2/(c*x^4+a)
 \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1951 vs. $2(387) = 774$.

Time = 10.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1951, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.12

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/32*((a*c^2*x^4 + a^2*c)*sqrt(-(15*c^2*d^4*e + 15*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 4*a^2*e^5
+ a^3*c^3*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^10 + 90*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)
)))/(a^3*c^3))*log((81*c^3*d^10 + 162*a*c^2*d^8*e^2 + 101*a^2*c*d^6*e^4 + 2
0*a^3*d^4*e^6 + (9*a^3*c^4*d^5 + 13*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 4*a^5*c^2*d*e^4)*x^2
*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^10 + 90*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) + 2*(81*
c^3*d^9*e + 162*a*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 101*a^2*c*d^5*e^5 + 20*a^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 +
2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*((3*a^5*c^4*d^2 + 2*a^6*c^3*e^2)*x*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^10 +
90*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) - (9*a^2*c^3*d^6*e + 5*a^3*c^2
*d^4*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-(15*c^2*d^4*e + 15*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 4*a^2*e^5 + a^3*c^3*sq
rt(-(81*c^2*d^10 + 90*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)))/(a^3*c^3))
)/x^2) - (a*c^2*x^4 + a^2*c)*sqrt(-(15*c^2*d^4*e + 15*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 4*a^2*
e^5 + a^3*c^3*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^10 + 90*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c
^3)))/(a^3*c^3))*log((81*c^3*d^10 + 162*a*c^2*d^8*e^2 + 101*a^2*c*d^6*e^4
+ 20*a^3*d^4*e^6 + (9*a^3*c^4*d^5 + 13*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 4*a^5*c^2*d*e^4)*
x^2*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^10 + 90*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) + 2*(
81*c^3*d^9*e + 162*a*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 101*a^2*c*d^5*e^5 + 20*a^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2
- 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*((3*a^5*c^4*d^2 + 2*a^6*c^3*e^2)*x*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^10
+ 90*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)) - (9*a^2*c^3*d^6*e + 5*a^3*
c^2*d^4*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-(15*c^2*d^4*e + 15*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 4*a^2*e^5 + a^3*c^3
*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^10 + 90*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^7*c^3)))/(a^3...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(c*x**4+a)**2, x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x**2)**(5/2)/(a + c*x**4)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4 + a)^2, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d^2$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^4}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) e^2 + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^2}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) de$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d**2 + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**4)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*e**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d*e`

3.392 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3157
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3158
Rubi [F]	3158
Maple [B] (verified)	3159
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3160
Sympy [F(-1)]	3161
Maxima [F]	3161
Giac [F(-1)]	3162
Mupad [F(-1)]	3162
Reduce [F]	3162

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 317

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{4a(a+cx^4)} + \frac{3d\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) - cdx^2}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{3d\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) - cdx^2}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
1/4*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/a/(c*x^4+a)+3/16*d*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)/c^(1/2)-3/16*d*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)/c^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 502, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{2e^{7/2}\text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 + 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4\&, \frac{8d\log(d+2ex^2)}{c}\right]}{c} + \frac{2x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{a+cx^4} + \frac{e^{3/2}\text{RootSum}\left[cd^4-4cd^3\#1+6cd^2\#1^2+16ae^2\#1^2-4cd\#1^3+c\#1^4\&, \frac{3cd^3\log(d+2ex^2-2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}-\#1)-128ad}{c}\right]}{c}$$

```
input Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]
```

```
output (2*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (8*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/c + ((2*x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(a + c*x^4) + (e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (3*c*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 128*a*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 6*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 16*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 3*c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/c)/(8*a)
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 552 vs. 2(245) = 490.

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 553, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{3\sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{a}-2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}-2ae} \left(\ln \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(ex^2+d) - \sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}+2aex+\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \ln \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(ex^2+d) + \sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}+2aex+\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}x^2}}{x^2} \right) \right)}{32}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

3/32/a^(7/2)*((4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a
*e)^(1/2)*a*(ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1
/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)-ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*
x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
*x^2)/x^2))*(c*x^4+a)*(a*e-(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2))*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(
1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)+8/3*(x*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2)
)^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*a^(5/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)-3/2*(arctan((2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2
+d)^(1/2)+(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x)/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1
/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2))-arctan(((2*(a*(a*e^2+c
*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x-2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(
1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)))*d^2*a^2*(c*x^4+a))*
c)/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)/(
c*x^4+a)/c

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 647 vs. $2(247) = 494$.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 647, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{3(ax^4 + a^2) \sqrt{-\frac{a^3c\sqrt{-\frac{d^6}{a^7c}} + d^2e}{a^3c}} \log \left(\frac{27 \left(a^3cd^2x^2 \sqrt{-\frac{d^6}{a^7c}} + 2\sqrt{ex^2+da^5}cx \sqrt{-\frac{d^6}{a^7c}} \sqrt{-\frac{a^3c\sqrt{-\frac{d^6}{a^7c}} + d^2e}{a^3c}} \right)}{x^2} \right)}{x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/32*(3*(a*c*x^4 + a^2)*sqrt(-(a^3*c*sqrt(-d^6/(a^7*c)) + d^2*e)/(a^3*c))*
log(27*(a^3*c*d^2*x^2*sqrt(-d^6/(a^7*c)) + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a^5*c*x*sqrt(
-d^6/(a^7*c))*sqrt(-(a^3*c*sqrt(-d^6/(a^7*c)) + d^2*e)/(a^3*c)) + 2*d^4*e*
x^2 + d^5)/x^2) - 3*(a*c*x^4 + a^2)*sqrt(-(a^3*c*sqrt(-d^6/(a^7*c)) + d^2*
e)/(a^3*c))*log(27*(a^3*c*d^2*x^2*sqrt(-d^6/(a^7*c)) - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a
^5*c*x*sqrt(-d^6/(a^7*c))*sqrt(-(a^3*c*sqrt(-d^6/(a^7*c)) + d^2*e)/(a^3*c)
) + 2*d^4*e*x^2 + d^5)/x^2) + 3*(a*c*x^4 + a^2)*sqrt((a^3*c*sqrt(-d^6/(a^7
*c)) - d^2*e)/(a^3*c))*log(-27*(a^3*c*d^2*x^2*sqrt(-d^6/(a^7*c)) + 2*sqrt(
e*x^2 + d)*a^5*c*x*sqrt(-d^6/(a^7*c))*sqrt((a^3*c*sqrt(-d^6/(a^7*c)) - d^2
*e)/(a^3*c)) - 2*d^4*e*x^2 - d^5)/x^2) - 3*(a*c*x^4 + a^2)*sqrt((a^3*c*sqr
t(-d^6/(a^7*c)) - d^2*e)/(a^3*c))*log(-27*(a^3*c*d^2*x^2*sqrt(-d^6/(a^7*c)
) - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a^5*c*x*sqrt(-d^6/(a^7*c))*sqrt((a^3*c*sqrt(-d^6/(a
^7*c)) - d^2*e)/(a^3*c)) - 2*d^4*e*x^2 - d^5)/x^2) + 8*(e*x^3 + d*x)*sqrt(e
*x^2 + d))/(a*c*x^4 + a^2)

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**4+a)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cx^4 + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4 + a)^2, x)
```

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^2}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*e`

3.393 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3163
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3164
Rubi [F]	3164
Maple [B] (verified)	3165
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3166
Sympy [F(-1)]	3167
Maxima [F]	3168
Giac [F(-1)]	3168
Mupad [F(-1)]	3168
Reduce [F]	3169

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 395

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4a(a+cx^4)}$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{ae} - 3\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) - cdx^2}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(\sqrt{ae} + 3\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} - \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) - cdx^2}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}$$

output

```
1/4*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/(c*x^4+a)-1/16*(a^(1/2)*e-3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*
a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/
2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e
^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)/c^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-1/1
6*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))
*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*
(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)
/a^(7/4)/c^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4a(a+cx^4)} + \frac{8e^{7/2}\text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 + 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4\&, \frac{\log(d+2ex^2-2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}-\#1)}{cd^3-3cd^2\#1-8ae^2\#1+3cd\#1^2}\right]}{c} + \frac{e^{3/2}\text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 + 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4\&, \frac{cd^2 \log(d+2ex^2-2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}-\#1)}{cd^3-3cd^2\#1-8ae^2\#1+3cd\#1^2}\right]}{c}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]
```

```
output (x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(4*a*(a + c*x^4)) + (8*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/c + (e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 32*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 4*c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/(4*a*c)
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx \xrightarrow{1571} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 838 vs. 2(311) = 622.

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 839, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$3 \left(\left((-c x^4 - a) \sqrt{a e^2 + c d^2} - \frac{e \left(c x^4 \sqrt{a} + a^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}{3} \right) \sqrt{a(a e^2 + c d^2)} + \left(a(c x^4 + a) \sqrt{a e^2 + c d^2} + \frac{e \left(c x^4 a^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{3} \right) e \right) \sqrt{2 \sqrt{a(a e^2 + c d^2)}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

3/8/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(5/2)/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2
+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*(1/4*((-c*x^4-a)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-1/3*e*(c
*x^4*a^(1/2)+a^(3/2)))*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+(a*(c*x^4+a)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(
1/2)+1/3*e*(c*x^4*a^(3/2)+a^(5/2)))*e)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(
1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2
)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(
1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)-1/4*((-c*x^4-a)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
-1/3*e*(c*x^4*a^(1/2)+a^(3/2)))*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+(a*(c*x^4+a)*(a*e^
2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+1/3*e*(c*x^4*a^(3/2)+a^(5/2)))*e)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2
)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*
a*e)^(1/2)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2
)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+d*(2/3*a^(3/2)*x*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(
1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+d*(a*(c*x^4+a)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-1/3*e*(c*x^4*a^(3
/2)+a^(5/2)))*arctan(((2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x-2*a^(1/2)
*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/
2)-2*a*e)^(1/2))-arctan((2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1
/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x)/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(
1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2))))*c)/d/c/(c*x^4+a)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2397 vs. $2(313) = 626$.

Time = 3.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2397, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/32*((a*c*x^4 + a^2)*sqrt(-(3*c*d^2*e + 4*a*e^3 + (a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*e^
2)*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^6 + 144*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 64*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3*d^4 + 2*
a^8*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^9*c*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*e^2))*log((81*c^2*d^6
+ 108*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 32*a^2*d^2*e^4 + (9*a^3*c^3*d^5 + 13*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 +
4*a^5*c*d*e^4)*x^2*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^6 + 144*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 64*a^2*d^2*e^4)/
(a^7*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^9*c*e^4)) + 2*(81*c^2*d^5*e + 108*a*c
*d^3*e^3 + 32*a^2*d*e^5)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*((3*a^5*c^3*d^4 + 5*a^6*c
^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*a^7*c*e^4)*x*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^6 + 144*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 64*a^2*d
^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^9*c*e^4)) + (9*a^2*c^2*d^4*e
+ 8*a^3*c*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-(3*c*d^2*e + 4*a*e^3 + (a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*e^
2)*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^6 + 144*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 64*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3*d^4 + 2*
a^8*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^9*c*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*e^2)))/x^2) - (a*c*x^4
+ a^2)*sqrt(-(3*c*d^2*e + 4*a*e^3 + (a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*e^2)*sqrt(-(81*c
^2*d^6 + 144*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 64*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^
2 + a^9*c*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*e^2))*log((81*c^2*d^6 + 108*a*c*d^4*
e^2 + 32*a^2*d^2*e^4 + (9*a^3*c^3*d^5 + 13*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 4*a^5*c*d*e^4
)*x^2*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^6 + 144*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 64*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^7*c^3*d^4 +
2*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^9*c*e^4)) + 2*(81*c^2*d^5*e + 108*a*c*d^3*e^3 + 32*
a^2*d*e^5)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*((3*a^5*c^3*d^4 + 5*a^6*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2
*a^7*c*e^4)*x*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^6 + 144*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 64*a^2*d^2*e^4)/(a^...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**4+a)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(cx^4+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c*x^4 + a)^2, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(cx^4+a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a + c*x^4)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)`

3.394 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 464

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{cx(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{4a(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^4)} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2e-(3cd^2+4ae^2)\left(e-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right))\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})-cdx^2}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{5/4}\sqrt{cd}(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2e-(3cd^2+4ae^2)\left(e+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae}-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})-cdx^2}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{5/4}\sqrt{cd}(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/4*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^4+a)+1/16*(a^(1/2)
*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(c*d^2*e-(4*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(
1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1
/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*
x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(5/4)/c^(1/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)+1/16*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^
2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(c*d^2*e-(4*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^
(1/2)))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(
1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*
2^(1/2)/a^(5/4)/c^(1/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2cx(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2} + e^{3/2}(a+cx^4)\text{RootSum}\left[cd^4 - 4cd^3\#1 + 6cd^2\#1^2 + 16ae^2\#1^2 - 4cd\#1^3 + c\#1^4\right]}{(8a(c^2d^2 + ae^2)(a+cx^4))}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + c*x^4)^2),x]`

output `(2*c*x*(d - e*x^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] + e^(3/2)*(a + c*x^4)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (c*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 10*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 16*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) &])/(8*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^4))`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+cx^4)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1571$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+cx^4)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + c*x^4)^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1040 vs. $2(380) = 760$.

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1041, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	Expression too large to display	1041
default	Expression too large to display	2506

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*(-1/4*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e
^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2))*((-a*e^2+3/4*c*d^2)*(c*x^4
+a)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(c*(2*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(3/2)+c^2*d^2*x^4*a^(1/2)
+2*e^2*a^(5/2))*e)*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+((a*e^2+3/4*c*d^2)*a*(c*x^4+a)*
(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+(1/2*c^2*d^2*x^4*a^(3/2)+1/2*c*(2*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(5/2)
+a^(7/2)*e^2)*e)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d
^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+1/4*(4*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d
^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2))*((-a*e^2+3/4*c*d^2)*(c*x^4+a)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-1
/2*(c*(2*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(3/2)+c^2*d^2*x^4*a^(1/2)+2*e^2*a^(5/2))*e)*(a*(a
e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+((a*e^2+3/4*c*d^2)*a*(c*x^4+a)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+(1/2*
c^2*d^2*x^4*a^(3/2)+1/2*c*(2*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(5/2)+a^(7/2)*e^2)*e)*ln((a
^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x
+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+d^2*(-1/2*a^(3/2)*c*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a*e
^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(-e*x^2+d)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d
^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)+(arctan((2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d
^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x)/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d
^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2))-arctan(((2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x
-2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c
*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)))*((a*e^2+3/4*c*d^2)*a*(c*x^4+a)*(a*e^2+c*d^2...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4777 vs. $2(383) = 766$.

Time = 18.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4777, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.30

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4 + a)^2 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^4 + a)^2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4+a)^2 \sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}a^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2+d}acx^4 + \sqrt{ex^2+d}c^2x^8} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*x**4 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*x**8),x)`

3.395 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3175
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3176
Rubi [F]	3177
Maple [B] (verified)	3178
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3179
Sympy [F(-1)]	3179
Maxima [F]	3179
Giac [F(-1)]	3180
Mupad [F(-1)]	3180
Reduce [F]	3180

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 504

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{-\frac{e^2(cd^2 - 2ae^2)x}{2ad(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 \sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{4a(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)} + \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(2ae^3 + (cd^2 + 3ae^2)\left(e - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) - cd^2}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{5/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)^{5/2}}}{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(2ae^3 + (cd^2 + 3ae^2)\left(e + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) - cd^2}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{5/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*e^2*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/a/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/4*c*x*(-
e*x^2+d)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)-3/16*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e
+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2*a*e^3+(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
)/a^(1/2))*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))
^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2)
)*2^(1/2)/a^(5/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)-3/16*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^
2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2*a*e^3+(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))
*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(
e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/
a^(5/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 666, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2e^{7/2} \text{RootSum} \left[cd^4 - 4cd^3 \#1 + 6cd^2 \#1^2 + 16ae^2 \#1^2 - 4cd \#1^3 + c \#1^4 \&, \frac{17cd^2 \log(d + 2ex^2 - 2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{d+ex^2}) - \#1}{\dots} \right]}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^4)^2),x]
```

output

```

-1/4*(2*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2
- 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (17*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d +
e*x^2] - #1] + 16*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #
1] - 6*c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*Log[
d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1
- 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] + ((x*(-4*a^2*e^4 + a*c*e^2*(d^2 +
d*e*x^2 - 4*e^2*x^4) + c^2*d^2*(-d^2 + d*e*x^2 + 2*e^2*x^4)))/(d*Sqrt[d +
e*x^2]*(a + c*x^4)) + e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 +
16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (31*a*c*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 -
2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 32*a^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e
]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 6*c^2*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d
+ e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 12*a*c*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e
*x^2] - #1]*#1 - a*c*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #
1]*#1^2)/(-(c*d^3) + 3*c*d^2*#1 + 8*a*e^2*#1 - 3*c*d*#1^2 + c*#1^3) & ])/a
)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2

```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

\downarrow 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^4)^2),x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7841 vs. $2(419) = 838$.

Time = 170.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7841, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.56

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4 + a)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^4 + a)^2*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4 + a)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 d + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 ex^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} acd x^4 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ace}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e*x**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d*x**4 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*e*x**6 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d*x**8 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*e*x**10),x)`

3.396 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3181
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3182
Rubi [F]	3183
Maple [B] (verified)	3184
Fricas [F(-1)]	3185
Sympy [F(-1)]	3185
Maxima [F]	3185
Giac [F(-1)]	3186
Mupad [F(-1)]	3186
Reduce [F]	3186

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 630

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx = -\frac{e^2(3cd^2 - 2ae^2)x}{6ad(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^2(9c^2d^4 - 59acd^2e^2 - 8a^2e^4)x}{12ad^2(cd^2 + ae^2)^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{4a(cd^2 + ae^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+cx^4)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(cd^2e(cd^2 + 21ae^2) + (3c^2d^4 + 15acd^2e^2 - 8a^2e^4)\left(e - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{5/4}d(cd^2 + ae^2)^{7/2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(cd^2e(cd^2 + 21ae^2) + (3c^2d^4 + 15acd^2e^2 - 8a^2e^4)\left(e + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{5/4}d(cd^2 + ae^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```

-1/6*e^2*(-2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x/a/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)-1/12*e^2
*(-8*a^2*e^4-59*a*c*d^2*e^2+9*c^2*d^4)*x/a/d^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x^2+d)^(
1/2)+1/4*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)-1/16*c^(
1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(c*d^2*e*(21*a*e^2+c*d^2)+(-8*a
^2*e^4+15*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*(e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctan(2
^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(
1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(5/4)/d/
(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(7/2)-1/16*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(c
*d^2*e*(21*a*e^2+c*d^2)+(-8*a^2*e^4+15*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*(e+(a*e^2+c*
d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*
d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2
))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(5/4)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(7/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 910, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{2x(3c^3d^4(d-3ex^2)(d+ex^2)^2+4a^3e^6(3d+2ex^2)+4a^2ce^4(15d^3+14d^2ex^2+3de^2x^4+2e^3x^6)+ac^2d^2e^2)}{ad^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+cx^4)}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^4)^2),x]
```

output

```

((2*x*(3*c^3*d^4*(d - 3*e*x^2)*(d + e*x^2)^2 + 4*a^3*e^6*(3*d + 2*e*x^2) +
4*a^2*c*e^4*(15*d^3 + 14*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 2*e^3*x^6) + a*c^2*d^2
*e^2*(-9*d^3 - 15*d^2*e*x^2 + 57*d*e^2*x^4 + 59*e^3*x^6)))/(a*d^2*(d + e*x
^2)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^4)) - 48*c*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2
*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (9*c*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 -
2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 8*a*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]
*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 5*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d +
e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1
]*#1 + c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^
3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] - (3*c*e^(3/2)*Root
Sum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^
4 & , (c^2*d^5*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 123*a
*c*d^3*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 128*a^2*d
*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 14*c^2*d^4*Log[
d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 22*a*c*d^2*e^2*Log[d
+ 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 16*a^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*
x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c^2*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*S
qrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 + 5*a*c*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt
[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d
*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/a/(24*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)

```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^2 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

\downarrow 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^2 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^4)^2),x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1381 vs. $2(538) = 1076$.

Time = 2.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1382, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	Expression too large to display	1382
default	Expression too large to display	9378

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)/a^
(5/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(7/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-1/4*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)
+2*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a
*e)^(1/2)*((-c*x^4+a)*(a^2*e^4-15/8*a*c*d^2*e^2-3/8*c^2*d^4)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)
)^(1/2)-((c*e^4*x^4-9/2*c*d^2*e^2)*a^(5/2)+a^(7/2)*e^4-1/2*d^2*((9*e^2*x^4
+d^2)*a^(3/2)+c*d^2*x^4*a^(1/2))*c^2)*e)*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+(a*(c*x^4
+a)*(a^2*e^4-15/8*a*c*d^2*e^2-3/8*c^2*d^4)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-9/2*(1/9*c^
2*d^2*(9*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(5/2)+c*e^2*(-2/9*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(7/2)+1/9*c^3*d^4
*x^4*a^(3/2)-2/9*a^(9/2)*e^4)*e)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*ln(((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2
*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2-a^(1/2)*(e
*x^2+d))/x^2)+1/4*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)
^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*((-c*x^4+a)*(a^2*e^
4-15/8*a*c*d^2*e^2-3/8*c^2*d^4)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-((c*e^4*x^4-9/2*c*d^2*
e^2)*a^(5/2)+a^(7/2)*e^4-1/2*d^2*((9*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(3/2)+c*d^2*x^4*a^(1/2)
))*c^2)*e)*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+(a*(c*x^4+a)*(a^2*e^4-15/8*a*c*d^2*e^2-
3/8*c^2*d^4)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-9/2*(1/9*c^2*d^2*(9*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(5/2)+
c*e^2*(-2/9*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(7/2)+1/9*c^3*d^4*x^4*a^(3/2)-2/9*a^(9/2)*e^4)*
e)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c
*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+5*x*(-3/20*d^2*c
^2*e^2*(-59/9*e^3*x^6-19/3*d*e^2*x^4+5/3*d^2*e*x^2+d^3)*a^(5/2)+c*e^4*(...
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4 + a)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^4 + a)^2*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4 + a)^2 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 d e x^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 e^2 x^4 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 e^2 x^6 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a^2 e^2 x^8} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a**2*e**2*x**4 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d**2*x**4 + 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*d*e*x**6 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*c*e**2*x**8 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d**2*x**8 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*d*e*x**10 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*c**2*e**2*x**12),x)`

3.397 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3187
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3188
Rubi [F]	3189
Maple [B] (verified)	3190
Fricas [F(-1)]	3191
Sympy [F(-1)]	3191
Maxima [F]	3191
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3192
Mupad [F(-1)]	3192
Reduce [F]	3193

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 748

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx = -\frac{de^2(17cd^2+21ae^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{32a^2c^2} - \frac{e^2(5cd^2+4ae^2)x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{16a^2c^2}$$

$$- \frac{3de^2x(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{32a^2c} + \frac{e^2x(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{8a^2c} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{11/2}}{8a(a+cx^4)^2} + \frac{x(7d-4ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{32a^2(a+cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \left(2cd^2e(19c^2d^4 + 32acd^2e^2 + 41a^2e^4) - (21c^3d^6 + 26ac^2d^4e^2 + 29a^2cd^2e^4 - 32a^3e^6) \right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}c^{7/2}d\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{11/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \left(2cd^2e(19c^2d^4 + 32acd^2e^2 + 41a^2e^4) - (21c^3d^6 + 26ac^2d^4e^2 + 29a^2cd^2e^4 - 32a^3e^6) \right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}c^{7/2}d\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

output

```

-1/32*d*e^2*(21*a*e^2+17*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a^2/c^2-1/16*e^2*(4*a*e^
2+5*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/a^2/c^2-3/32*d*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/a^2/c+1/
8*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/a^2/c+1/8*x*(e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/a/(c*x^4+a)^2+1/32*x*
(-4*e*x^2+7*d)*(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/a^2/(c*x^4+a)+1/128*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2
)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2*c*d^2*e*(41*a^2*e^4+32*a*c*d^2*e^2+19*c^2*d^4)-(-32*a^3*
e^6+29*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+26*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+21*c^3*d^6)*(e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a
^(1/2)))*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1
/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2
^(1/2)/a^(9/4)/c^(7/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+e^(11/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*x/(e
*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^3+1/128*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2*c*d^2*e
*(41*a^2*e^4+32*a*c*d^2*e^2+19*c^2*d^4)-(-32*a^3*e^6+29*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+26*a
*c^2*d^4*e^2+21*c^3*d^6)*(e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*
a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(
a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(9/4)/c^(7/2)/
d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 3.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2315, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(11/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x]
```

output

```

((c^3*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-a^3*e^4*(29*d + 8*e*x^2)) + c^3*d^4*x^4*(7*d +
24*e*x^2) - a^2*c*e^2*(26*d^3 + 4*d^2*e*x^2 + 49*d*e^2*x^4 + 12*e^3*x^6) +
a*c^2*d^2*(11*d^3 + 44*d^2*e*x^2 + 14*d*e^2*x^4 + 36*e^3*x^6)))/(a^2*(a +
c*x^4)^2) - 32*c^2*e^(11/2)*Log[-(Sqrt[e]*x) + Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] + 32*c^2*
e^(11/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d
*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (163*c*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2
] - #1] - 96*a*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] +
24*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 6*a*e^2
*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 3*c*d*Log[d + 2*
e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*
e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] + (4*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1
+ 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (5507*c^5*d^10*Lo
g[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 34770*a*c^4*d^8*e^2*Lo
g[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 166869*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4
*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 158576*a^3*c^2*d^4*
e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 224000*a^4*c*d^2
*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 57344*a^5*e^10*
Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 3666*c^5*d^9*Log[d +
2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 38556*a*c^4*d^7*e^2*Log[
d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 11362*a^2*c^3*d^5*...

```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^(11/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1516 vs. $2(638) = 1276$.

Time = 2.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1517, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	Expression too large to display	1517
default	Expression too large to display	69866

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*(1/4*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*
(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*(c*x^4+a)^2*((-1/32*a^(7/2)*(32*a^2*e^4+
21*a*c*d^2*e^2+17*c^2*d^4)*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-a^3*(a^3*e^6-29/32*a^2*c*d^2*
e^4-13/16*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-21/32*c^3*d^6))*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+(1/32*a^(9/2)*(32*
a^2*e^4+21*a*c*d^2*e^2+17*c^2*d^4)*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+a^4*(a^3*e^6-29/32*a^2*
c*d^2*e^4-13/16*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-21/32*c^3*d^6))*e)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*
(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)-1/4*(4*(a*
e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*
a*e)^(1/2)*(c*x^4+a)^2*((-1/32*a^(7/2)*(32*a^2*e^4+21*a*c*d^2*e^2+17*c^2*d^4)*e*(a*
e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-a^3*(a^3*e^6-29/32*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-13/16*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-21/32*c^3*d^6))*
(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+(1/32*a^(9/2)*(32*a^2*e^4+21*a*c*d^2*e^2+17*c^2*d^4)*e*(a*
e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+a^4*(a^3*e^6-29/32*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-13/16*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-21/32*c^3*d^6))*
e)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*
x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+d^2*c*(-2*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*
e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*(c*x^4+a)^2*a^(13/2)*e^(11/2)*arctanh((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x/e^(1/2))+
1/32*(c*x^4+a)^2*a^(9/2)*(32*a^2*e^4+21*a*c*d^2*e^2+17*c^2*d^4)*(arctan((2*a^(1/2)*
(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x)/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*
a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2))-arcta...
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(11/2)/(c*x**4+a)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(11/2)/(c*x^4 + a)^3, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1035, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/2*e^(11/2)*log((sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2/c^3 - 1/8*(19*(sqrt(e)*
x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^14*c^4*d^5*e^(3/2) + 32*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))
^14*a*c^3*d^3*e^(7/2) - 55*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^14*a^2*c^2*d*e^(1
1/2) - 112*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^12*c^4*d^6*e^(3/2) - 198*(sqrt(e)
*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^12*a*c^3*d^4*e^(7/2) - 66*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 +
d))^12*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^(11/2) + 64*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^12*a^3*c*e^
(15/2) + 287*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^10*c^4*d^7*e^(3/2) + 1040*(sqrt
(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^10*a*c^3*d^5*e^(7/2) + 397*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^
2 + d))^10*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^(11/2) - 784*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^10*a^3
*c*d*e^(15/2) - 420*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^8*c^4*d^8*e^(3/2) - 1782
*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^8*a*c^3*d^6*e^(7/2) - 3054*(sqrt(e)*x - sqr
t(e*x^2 + d))^8*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^(11/2) - 1728*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^
8*a^3*c*d^2*e^(15/2) + 768*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^8*a^4*e^(19/2) +
385*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*c^4*d^9*e^(3/2) + 1504*(sqrt(e)*x - sq
rt(e*x^2 + d))^6*a*c^3*d^7*e^(7/2) + 1571*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*
a^2*c^2*d^5*e^(11/2) + 16*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^6*a^3*c*d^3*e^(15/
2) - 224*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*c^4*d^10*e^(3/2) - 690*(sqrt(e)*x
- sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a*c^3*d^8*e^(7/2) - 342*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d)
)^4*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^(11/2) + 128*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^4*a^3*c*d^4*e
^(15/2) + 77*(sqrt(e)*x - sqrt(e*x^2 + d))^2*c^4*d^11*e^(3/2) + 112*(sq...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{11/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(11/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(11/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(11/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.398 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3194
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3195
Rubi [F]	3196
Maple [B] (verified)	3197
Fricas [F(-1)]	3198
Sympy [F(-1)]	3198
Maxima [F]	3198
Giac [F(-1)]	3199
Mupad [F(-1)]	3199
Reduce [F]	3199

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 632

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx = -\frac{3e^2(2cd^2+ae^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{16a^2c^2} - \frac{5de^2x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{32a^2c}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2x(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{16a^2c} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{8a(a+cx^4)^2} + \frac{x(7d-2ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{32a^2(a+cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(11c^2d^4e + 11acd^2e^3 + 4a^2e^5 - (7c^2d^4 + 5acd^2e^2 + 2a^2e^4) \left(e - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \arctan}{64\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}c^{5/2}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(11c^2d^4e + 11acd^2e^3 + 4a^2e^5 - (7c^2d^4 + 5acd^2e^2 + 2a^2e^4) \left(e + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \arctan}{64\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}c^{5/2}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}$$

output

```

-3/16*e^2*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a^2/c^2-5/32*d*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)
^(3/2)/a^2/c+1/16*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/a^2/c+1/8*x*(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/a/(c*x
^4+a)^2+1/32*x*(-2*e*x^2+7*d)*(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/a^2/(c*x^4+a)+3/128*(a^(1/2)
*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(11*c^2*d^4*e+11*a*c*d^2*e^3+4*a^2*e^5-(2*a^
2*e^4+5*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*(e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctan(2^(
1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/
2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(9/4)/c^(5
/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+3/128*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(11*c
^2*d^4*e+11*a*c*d^2*e^3+4*a^2*e^5-(2*a^2*e^4+5*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*(e+(
a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(
a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(9/4)/c^(5/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 3.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2216, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.51

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x]
```

output

```

((2*c^3*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-6*a^3*e^4 + c^3*d^3*x^4*(7*d + 19*e*x^2) - a^2
*c*e^2*(15*d^2 + d*e*x^2 + 10*e^2*x^4) + a*c^2*d*(11*d^3 + 35*d^2*e*x^2 +
9*d*e^2*x^4 + 15*e^3*x^6)))/(a^2*(a + c*x^4)^2) + 32*c^2*e^(11/2)*RootSum[
c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 &
, (161*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 32*a*e^
2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 18*c*d*Log[d + 2*e
*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + c*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e
]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#
1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] + (32*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2
+ 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (1239*c^5*d^10*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 -
2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 4394*a*c^4*d^8*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 -
2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 32487*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2
- 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 4216*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2
- 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 28544*a^4*c*d^2*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2
- 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 2048*a^5*e^10*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*S
qrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 840*c^5*d^9*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x
*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 6324*a*c^4*d^7*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]
*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 2160*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqr
t[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 7360*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2
*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 512*a^4*c*d*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - ...

```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1243 vs. $2(532) = 1064$.

Time = 1.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	Expression too large to display	1244
default	Expression too large to display	53338

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-3/32*(d^2*c*(c*x^4+a)^2*(a^(9/2)*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+a^
4*(a^2*e^4+5/2*a*c*d^2*e^2+7/2*c^2*d^4))*arctan((2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
+(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x)/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/
2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2))+1/4*(c*x^4+a)^2*((-a^(7/2)*(a*e
^2+2*c*d^2)*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+a^3*(a^2*e^4+5/2*a*c*d^2*e^2+7/2*c^2*d^
4))*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+(a^(9/2)*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-
a^4*(a^2*e^4+5/2*a*c*d^2*e^2+7/2*c^2*d^4))*e*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2
*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e
)^(1/2)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2
*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)-1/4*(c*x^4+a)^2*((-a^(7/2)*(a*
e^2+2*c*d^2)*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+a^3*(a^2*e^4+5/2*a*c*d^2*e^2+7/2*c^2*d^
4))*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+(a^(9/2)*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
-a^4*(a^2*e^4+5/2*a*c*d^2*e^2+7/2*c^2*d^4))*e*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+
2*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*
e)^(1/2)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+
2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+d*(-arctan(((2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^
2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x-2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/
2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2))*d*a^(9/2)*(c*x^4+a)^2*(
a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+1/3*(-15*a*c^2*d*e^3*x^6-19*c^3*d^3*e
*x^6+10*a^2*c*e^4*x^4-9*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^4-7*c^3*d^4*x^4+a^2*c*d*e^3*x^2...
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(9/2)/(c*x**4+a)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)/(c*x^4 + a)^3, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.399 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3200
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3201
Rubi [F]	3202
Maple [B] (verified)	3202
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3203
Sympy [F(-1)]	3204
Maxima [F]	3205
Giac [F(-1)]	3205
Mupad [F(-1)]	3205
Reduce [F]	3206

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 505

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx = -\frac{7de^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{32a^2c} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{8a(a+cx^4)^2} + \frac{7dx(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{32a^2(a+cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{7d\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(4cd^2e + 2ae^3 - (3cd^2 + ae^2)\left(e - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}^4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}x\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})-cdx^2}}{\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}c^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{7d\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(4cd^2e + 2ae^3 - (3cd^2 + ae^2)\left(e + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}^4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae}-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})-cdx^2}}{\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}c^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

output

```
-7/32*d*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a^2/c+1/8*x*(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/a/(c*x^4+a)^2+7/32*d*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/a^2/(c*x^4+a)+7/128*d*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(4*c*d^2*e+2*a*e^3-(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(9/4)/c^(3/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+7/128*d*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(4*c*d^2*e+2*a*e^3-(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(9/4)/c^(3/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 2.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1814, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x]`

output

```
((c^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-7*a^2*d*e^2*x + 7*c^2*d^2*x^5*(d + 2*e*x^2) + a*c*x*(11*d^3 + 26*d^2*e*x^2 + 5*d*e^2*x^4 + 4*e^3*x^6)))/(a^2*(a + c*x^4)^2) + 64*c^2*e^(11/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (16*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] + (8*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (2205*c^4*d^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 2525*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 43992*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 18304*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 20480*a^4*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 1526*c^4*d^7*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 7510*a*c^3*d^5*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 6784*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 5120*a^3*c*d*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 413*c^4*d^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 2013*a*c^3*d^4*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 1624*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 + 1280*a^3*c*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#...
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 992 vs. 2(413) = 826.

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 993, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$7 \frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}+2ae}\sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{a}-2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}-2ae}\left(e\left(c^2x^8\sqrt{a+2cx^4}a^{\frac{3}{2}}+a^{\frac{5}{2}}\right)\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}-(cx^4+a)^2(ae^2+cd^2)\right)}{\dots}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -7/64*(-1/4*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2) \\
 & *a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*((e*(c^2*x^8*a^(1/2)+2*c*x \\
 & ^4*a^(3/2)+a^(5/2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-(c*x^4+a)^2*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*(a*(a \\
 & *e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+(-e*(c^2*x^8*a^(3/2)+2*c*x^4*a^(5/2)+a^(7/2))*(a*e^2+c* \\
 & d^2)^(1/2)+a*(c*x^4+a)^2*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*e)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+ \\
 & d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2 \\
 &)/x^2)+1/4*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)* \\
 & a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*((e*(c^2*x^8*a^(1/2)+2*c*x^ \\
 & 4*a^(3/2)+a^(5/2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-(c*x^4+a)^2*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*(a*(a \\
 & e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+(-e*(c^2*x^8*a^(3/2)+2*c*x^4*a^(5/2)+a^(7/2))*(a*e^2+c*d \\
 & ^2)^(1/2)+a*(c*x^4+a)^2*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2))*e)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d \\
 &)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2) \\
 &)/x^2)+(2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d^2*x^4*(2*e*x^2+d)*a^(3/2)-11/7*(4/11*e^ \\
 & 3*x^6+5/11*d*e^2*x^4+26/11*d^2*e*x^2+d^3)*c*a^(5/2)+a^(7/2)*d*e^2)*(4*(a*e \\
 & ^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)+(e*(c^2*x^8 \\
 & *a^(3/2)+2*c*x^4*a^(5/2)+a^(7/2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+a*(c*x^4+a)^2*(a*e^2 \\
 & +3*c*d^2))*d^2*(arctan((2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/ \\
 & 2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x)/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1 \\
 & /2)-2*a*e)^(1/2))-arctan(((2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x-2*a^(1 \\
 & /2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2)...
 \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2105 vs. $2(415) = 830$.

Time = 28.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2105, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.17

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/256*(7*(a^2*c^3*x^8 + 2*a^3*c^2*x^4 + a^4*c)*sqrt(-(15*c^2*d^6*e + 15*a*
c^3*d^4*e^3 + 4*a^2*d^2*e^5 + a^5*c^3*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^14 + 90*a*c*d^12*e^2 +
25*a^2*d^10*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)))/(a^5*c^3))*log(343*(81*c^3*d^13 + 162*a*c^2
*d^11*e^2 + 101*a^2*c*d^9*e^4 + 20*a^3*d^7*e^6 + (9*a^5*c^4*d^6 + 13*a^6*c
^3*d^4*e^2 + 4*a^7*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^14 + 90*a*c*d^12*e^2 +
25*a^2*d^10*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)) + 2*(81*c^3*d^12*e + 162*a*c^2*d^10*e^3 + 10
1*a^2*c*d^8*e^5 + 20*a^3*d^6*e^7)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*((3*a^8*c^4*d^2
+ 2*a^9*c^3*e^2)*x*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^14 + 90*a*c*d^12*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^10*e^4)
/(a^11*c^3)) - (9*a^3*c^3*d^8*e + 5*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-(15*c^2*d^6*
e + 15*a*c*d^4*e^3 + 4*a^2*d^2*e^5 + a^5*c^3*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^14 + 90*a*c*d
^12*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^10*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)))/(a^5*c^3)))/x^2) - 7*(a^2*c^3*x^8
+ 2*a^3*c^2*x^4 + a^4*c)*sqrt(-(15*c^2*d^6*e + 15*a*c*d^4*e^3 + 4*a^2*d^2*
e^5 + a^5*c^3*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^14 + 90*a*c*d^12*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^10*e^4)/(a^1
1*c^3)))/(a^5*c^3))*log(343*(81*c^3*d^13 + 162*a*c^2*d^11*e^2 + 101*a^2*c*
d^9*e^4 + 20*a^3*d^7*e^6 + (9*a^5*c^4*d^6 + 13*a^6*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 4*a^7*c^2
*d^2*e^4)*x^2*sqrt(-(81*c^2*d^14 + 90*a*c*d^12*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^10*e^4)/(a^1
1*c^3)) + 2*(81*c^3*d^12*e + 162*a*c^2*d^10*e^3 + 101*a^2*c*d^8*e^5 + 20*a
^3*d^6*e^7)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*((3*a^8*c^4*d^2 + 2*a^9*c^3*e^2)*x*sqr
t(-(81*c^2*d^14 + 90*a*c*d^12*e^2 + 25*a^2*d^10*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)) - (9*a^3*
c^3*d^8*e + 5*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-(15*c^2*d^6*e + 15*a*c*d^4*e^3 ...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(7/2)/(c*x**4+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4 + a)^3, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.400 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3207
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3208
Rubi [F]	3209
Maple [B] (verified)	3209
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3210
Sympy [F(-1)]	3211
Maxima [F]	3212
Giac [F(-1)]	3212
Mupad [F(-1)]	3212
Reduce [F]	3213

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 512

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx = -\frac{e^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{16a^2c} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{8a(a+cx^4)^2} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(7d+2ex^2)}{32a^2(a+cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(2\sqrt{acd^2}e + 2a^{3/2}e^3 + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}(21cd^2 + 2ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) - cd}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{11/4}c^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(23cd^2e + 4ae^3 - (21cd^2 + 2ae^2)\left(e + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2})}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}c^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}$$

output

```
-1/16*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a^2/c+1/8*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/a/(c*x^4+a)^2+1/32
*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(2*e*x^2+7*d)/a^2/(c*x^4+a)+1/128*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2*a^(1/2)*c*d^2*e+2*a^(3/2)*e^3+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(2*a
*e^2+21*c*d^2))*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1
/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*
x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(11/4)/c^(3/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+1/128*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e
^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(23*c*d^2*e+4*a*e^3-(2*a*e^2+21*c*d^2)*(e+(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
)-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(9/4)/c^(3/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 2.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1763, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x]`

output

```
((2*c^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-2*a^2*e^2*x + c^2*d*x^5*(7*d + 9*e*x^2) + a*c*x*(11*d^2 + 17*d*e*x^2 + 2*e^2*x^4)))/(a^2*(a + c*x^4)^2) + 512*c^2*e^(11/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] + (16*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (1934*c^4*d^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 1709*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 24784*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 20224*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 4096*a^4*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 1370*c^4*d^7*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 3724*a*c^3*d^5*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 5504*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 1024*a^3*c*d*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 366*c^4*d^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 1011*a*c^3*d^4*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 1360*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 + 256*a^3*c*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/(a*c*d^6 + a^2*d...
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 981 vs. 2(418) = 836.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 982, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\sqrt{2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}+2ae} \sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{a}-2\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}-2ae} \left(\left(e \left(c^2 x^8 \sqrt{a+2cx^4} a^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^{\frac{5}{2}} \right) \sqrt{ae^2+cd^2} - \left(ae^2 + \frac{21cd^2}{2} \right) (cx^4 + \dots \right) \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

output

```

1/256*((a^2*c^3*x^8 + 2*a^3*c^2*x^4 + a^4*c)*sqrt(-(a^5*c^3*sqrt(-(194481*
c^2*d^10 + 70560*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 6400*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)) + 525*c^2*d^4
*e + 180*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 16*a^2*e^5)/(a^5*c^3))*log((194481*c^3*d^10 + 11113
2*a*c^2*d^8*e^2 + 20816*a^2*c*d^6*e^4 + 1280*a^3*d^4*e^6 + (441*a^5*c^4*d^
5 + 172*a^6*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 16*a^7*c^2*d*e^4)*x^2*sqrt(-(194481*c^2*d^10 + 7
0560*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 6400*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)) + 2*(194481*c^3*d^9*e + 1
11132*a*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 20816*a^2*c*d^5*e^5 + 1280*a^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 + 2*sqrt
(e*x^2 + d)*((21*a^8*c^4*d^2 + 4*a^9*c^3*e^2)*x*sqrt(-(194481*c^2*d^10 + 7
0560*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 6400*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)) - 2*(441*a^3*c^3*d^6*e +
80*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-(a^5*c^3*sqrt(-(194481*c^2*d^10 + 70560*a*c*d
^8*e^2 + 6400*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3)) + 525*c^2*d^4*e + 180*a*c*d^2*e^3 +
16*a^2*e^5)/(a^5*c^3)))/x^2) - (a^2*c^3*x^8 + 2*a^3*c^2*x^4 + a^4*c)*sqrt
(-(a^5*c^3*sqrt(-(194481*c^2*d^10 + 70560*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 6400*a^2*d^6*e^4)/
(a^11*c^3)) + 525*c^2*d^4*e + 180*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 16*a^2*e^5)/(a^5*c^3))*log
((194481*c^3*d^10 + 111132*a*c^2*d^8*e^2 + 20816*a^2*c*d^6*e^4 + 1280*a^3*
d^4*e^6 + (441*a^5*c^4*d^5 + 172*a^6*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 16*a^7*c^2*d*e^4)*x^2*s
qrt(-(194481*c^2*d^10 + 70560*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 6400*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3))
+ 2*(194481*c^3*d^9*e + 111132*a*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 20816*a^2*c*d^5*e^5 + 1280*
a^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*((21*a^8*c^4*d^2 + 4*a^9*c^3*e^2)*x*s
qrt(-(194481*c^2*d^10 + 70560*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 6400*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(c*x**4+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4 + a)^3, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.401
$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3214
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3215
Rubi [F]	3216
Maple [B] (verified)	3216
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3217
Sympy [F(-1)]	3218
Maxima [F]	3219
Giac [F(-1)]	3219
Mupad [F(-1)]	3219
Reduce [F]	3220

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 435

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{8a(a+cx^4)^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(7d+4ex^2)}{32a^2(a+cx^4)}$$

$$- \frac{3d(\sqrt{ae}-7\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})-cdx^2}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{11/4}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}$$

$$- \frac{3d\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(\sqrt{ae}+7\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae}-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})-cdx^2}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{11/4}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}$$

output

```
1/8*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/a/(c*x^4+a)^2+1/32*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(4*e*x^2+7*d)/a
^2/(c*x^4+a)-3/128*d*(a^(1/2)*e-7*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c
*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)
^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c
*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(11/4)/c^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-3/128*d*(-a^(1/2)*e+
(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+7*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/
2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2
)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(11/4)/c^(1
/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1310, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x]`

output

```
((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(11*a*d + 8*a*e*x^2 + 7*c*d*x^4 + 4*c*e*x^6))/(a + c*x^4)^2 + (4*a*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (3329*c^3*d^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 8432*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 19712*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 24576*a^3*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 2422*c^3*d^5*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 2288*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 6144*a^2*c*d*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 641*c^3*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 656*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 1536*a^2*c*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/(c^3*d^3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) + (e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (9*c^4*d^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 13307*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 33728*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 78848*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 98304*a^4*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 24*c^4*d^7*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt...
```


Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 924 vs. 2(347) = 694.

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 925, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$21 \frac{\left(\sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\sqrt{a-2}\sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)}-2ae \left(\left(-(cx^4+a)^2\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}-\frac{e\left(c^2x^8\sqrt{a}+2cx^4a^{\frac{3}{2}}+a^{\frac{5}{2}}\right)}{7} \right) \sqrt{a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \left(a \right. \right. \right.}{\left. \left. \left. \right)} \right)}{\left. \right)}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-21/64*(-1/4*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*
e^(1/2)*((-c*x^4+a)^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-1/7*e*(c^2*x^8*a^(1/2)+2*c*x^4
*a^(3/2)+a^(5/2)))*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*(c*x^4+a)^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1
/2)+1/7*e*(c^2*x^8*a^(3/2)+2*c*x^4*a^(5/2)+a^(7/2)))*e)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2
))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c
*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+1/4*(4*(a*e^2+c*
d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*((-c*x^4+a)^2*(
a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-1/7*e*(c^2*x^8*a^(1/2)+2*c*x^4*a^(3/2)+a^(5/2)))*(a*(a*
e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*(c*x^4+a)^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+1/7*e*(c^2*x^8*a^(3/2
)+2*c*x^4*a^(5/2)+a^(7/2)))*e)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*ln(
(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2
)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+(-2/3*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/
2)*(x^4*(4/7*e*x^2+d)*c*a^(3/2)+11/7*(8/11*e*x^2+d)*a^(5/2)))*(4*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)+(a*(c*x^4+a)^2*(a
*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-1/7*e*(c^2*x^8*a^(3/2)+2*c*x^4*a^(5/2)+a^(7/2)))*d^2*(ar
ctan((2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x)
/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2))-
arctan(((2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x-2*a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2
))/x/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2
)))*c/a^(7/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2534 vs. 2(349) = 698.

Time = 11.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2534, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.83

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/256*(3*(a^2*c^2*x^8 + 2*a^3*c*x^4 + a^4)*sqrt(-(35*c*d^4*e + 36*a*d^2*e^
3 + (a^5*c^2*d^2 + a^6*c*e^2)*sqrt(-(2401*c^2*d^10 + 4704*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 23
04*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^12*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^13*c*e^4)))/(a^5*c^
2*d^2 + a^6*c*e^2))*log(27*(2401*c^2*d^9 + 4116*a*c*d^7*e^2 + 1728*a^2*d^5
*e^4 + (49*a^5*c^3*d^6 + 85*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 36*a^7*c*d^2*e^4)*x^2*sqrt(-
(2401*c^2*d^10 + 4704*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 2304*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^
12*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^13*c*e^4)) + 2*(2401*c^2*d^8*e + 4116*a*c*d^6*e^3 + 172
8*a^2*d^4*e^5)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*((7*a^8*c^3*d^4 + 13*a^9*c^2*d^2*e^
2 + 6*a^10*c*e^4)*x*sqrt(-(2401*c^2*d^10 + 4704*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 2304*a^2*d^6
*e^4)/(a^11*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^12*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^13*c*e^4)) + (49*a^3*c^2*d^6*
e + 48*a^4*c*d^4*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-(35*c*d^4*e + 36*a*d^2*e^3 + (a^5*c^2*d^2 +
a^6*c*e^2)*sqrt(-(2401*c^2*d^10 + 4704*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 2304*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a
^11*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^12*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^13*c*e^4)))/(a^5*c^2*d^2 + a^6*c*e^2)
))/x^2) - 3*(a^2*c^2*x^8 + 2*a^3*c*x^4 + a^4)*sqrt(-(35*c*d^4*e + 36*a*d^2
*e^3 + (a^5*c^2*d^2 + a^6*c*e^2)*sqrt(-(2401*c^2*d^10 + 4704*a*c*d^8*e^2 +
2304*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^12*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^13*c*e^4)))/(a^5
*c^2*d^2 + a^6*c*e^2))*log(27*(2401*c^2*d^9 + 4116*a*c*d^7*e^2 + 1728*a^2*
d^5*e^4 + (49*a^5*c^3*d^6 + 85*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 36*a^7*c*d^2*e^4)*x^2*sq
rt(-(2401*c^2*d^10 + 4704*a*c*d^8*e^2 + 2304*a^2*d^6*e^4)/(a^11*c^3*d^4 + 2
*a^12*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^13*c*e^4)) + 2*(2401*c^2*d^8*e + 4116*a*c*d^6*e^3...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**4+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4 + a)^3, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.402 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3221
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3222
Rubi [F]	3223
Maple [B] (verified)	3223
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3224
Sympy [F(-1)]	3225
Maxima [F]	3225
Giac [F(-1)]	3225
Mupad [F(-1)]	3226
Reduce [F]	3226

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 512

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8a(a+cx^4)^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(7cd^2+6ae^2-cdex^2)}{32a^2(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(13cd^2e+12ae^3-(21cd^2+22ae^2)\left(e-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}\sqrt{c}(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(13cd^2e+12ae^3-(21cd^2+22ae^2)\left(e+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{ae}-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}\sqrt{c}(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/(c*x^4+a)^2+1/32*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*d*e*x^2+6*a
*e^2+7*c*d^2)/a^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^4+a)+1/128*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(
1/2))^(1/2)*(13*c*d^2*e+12*a*e^3-(22*a*e^2+21*c*d^2)*(e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
)/a^(1/2))*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))
^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2)
)*2^(1/2)/a^(9/4)/c^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)+1/128*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(13*c*d^2*e+12*a*e^3-(22*a*e^2+21*c*d^2)*(e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)
^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)
^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c
*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(9/4)/c^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1323, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a + c*x^4)^3,x]`

output

```
((2*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(10*a^2*e^2 + c^2*d*x^4*(7*d - e*x^2) + a*c*(11*d^2 - d*e*x^2 + 6*e^2*x^4)))/(a + c*x^4)^2 + (64*a*e^(7/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (349*c^3*d^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 1324*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 64*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 1024*a^3*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 262*c^3*d^5*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 96*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 256*a^2*c*d*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 69*c^3*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 + 20*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2 - 64*a^2*c*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/(c^3*d^4) + (e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (13*c^4*d^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 22324*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 84736*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 4096*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 65536*a^4*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 58*c^4*d^7*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2...
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a + c*x^4)^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1209 vs. 2(424) = 848.

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1210, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	Expression too large to display	1210
default	Expression too large to display	11062

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

11/32/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)
)/a^(7/2)*(1/4*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*
a*e)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*((-a*e^2+21/22*c*d^2)*
(c*x^4+a)^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-5/11*(c^2*(x^8*e^2+8/5*d^2*x^4)*a^(3/2)+2*
c*(e^2*x^4+2/5*d^2)*a^(5/2)+4/5*c^3*d^2*x^8*a^(1/2)+a^(7/2)*e^2)*e)*(a*(a*
e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+(a*(a*e^2+21/22*c*d^2)*(c*x^4+a)^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+4
/11*(2*x^4*(5/8*e^2*x^4+d^2)*c^2*a^(5/2)+c*(5/2*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(7/2)+c^3*d
^2*x^8*a^(3/2)+5/4*a^(9/2)*e^2)*e)*e)*ln(((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d
^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2-a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d))/x^2)-
1/4*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*
(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*((-a*e^2+21/22*c*d^2)*(c*x^4+a)^2
*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-5/11*(c^2*(x^8*e^2+8/5*d^2*x^4)*a^(3/2)+2*c*(e^2*x^4+
2/5*d^2)*a^(5/2)+4/5*c^3*d^2*x^8*a^(1/2)+a^(7/2)*e^2)*e)*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))
^(1/2)+(a*(a*e^2+21/22*c*d^2)*(c*x^4+a)^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+4/11*(2*x^4*
(5/8*e^2*x^4+d^2)*c^2*a^(5/2)+c*(5/2*e^2*x^4+d^2)*a^(7/2)+c^3*d^2*x^8*a^(3
/2)+5/4*a^(9/2)*e^2)*e)*e)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a
e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+d*(10/11*(1
1/10*(6/11*e^2*x^4-1/11*d*e*x^2+d^2)*c*a^(5/2)+a^(7/2)*e^2+7/10*x^4*a^(3/2
))*d*(-1/7*e*x^2+d)*c^2)*x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c
d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)+(arctan(((2*(...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6035 vs. $2(425) = 850$.

Time = 107.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6035, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**4+a)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(cx^4+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c*x^4 + a)^3, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3,x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a + c*x^4)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.403 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3227
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3228
Rubi [F]	3229
Maple [B] (verified)	3230
Fricas [F(-1)]	3231
Sympy [F(-1)]	3231
Maxima [F]	3231
Giac [F(-1)]	3232
Mupad [F(-1)]	3232
Reduce [F]	3232

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 596

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{cx(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{8a(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^4)^2} + \frac{cx\sqrt{d+ex^2}(d(7cd^2+13ae^2)-6e(cd^2+2ae^2)x^2)}{32a^2(cd^2+ae^2)^2(a+cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2cd^2e(4cd^2+7ae^2)-(21c^2d^4+47acd^2e^2+32a^2e^4)\left(e-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}\sqrt{cd}(cd^2+ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2cd^2e(4cd^2+7ae^2)-(21c^2d^4+47acd^2e^2+32a^2e^4)\left(e+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}\sqrt{cd}(cd^2+ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```

1/8*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^4+a)^2+1/32*c*x*(e
*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(d*(13*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)-6*e*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^2)/a^2/(a*e^2+c*
d^2)^2/(c*x^4+a)+1/128*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2*c*d^2*e*(7
*a*e^2+4*c*d^2)-(32*a^2*e^4+47*a*c*d^2*e^2+21*c^2*d^4)*(e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1
/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2
))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^
2)*2^(1/2)/a^(9/4)/c^(1/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)+1/128*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2
+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2*c*d^2*e*(7*a*e^2+4*c*d^2)-(32*a^2*e^4+47*a*c*d^2*e
^2+21*c^2*d^4)*(e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^
(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a
^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2)*2^(1/2)/a^(9/4)/c^(1/2)/d/(a*e^2+c
*d^2)^(5/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1211, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + c*x^4)^3),x]
```

output

```

((c^3*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a^2*e^2*(17*d - 16*e*x^2) + c^2*d^2*x^4*(7*d - 6*
e*x^2) + a*c*(11*d^3 - 10*d^2*e*x^2 + 13*d*e^2*x^4 - 12*e^3*x^6)))/(a + c*
x^4)^2 + (64*a*e^(7/2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^
2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (141*c^2*d^4*Log[d + 2*e*
x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 656*a*c*d^2*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2
- 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 512*a^2*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt
[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 110*c^2*d^3*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sq
rt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 128*a*c*d*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[
d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 29*c^2*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*
x^2] - #1]*#1^2 + 32*a*c*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]
- #1]*#1^2)/(c*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ])/
d^3 + (e^(3/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 -
4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (4*c^4*d^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d +
e*x^2] - #1] - 9017*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d +
e*x^2] - #1] - 51008*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d
+ e*x^2] - #1] - 74752*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d
+ e*x^2] - #1] - 32768*a^4*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^
2] - #1] + 34*c^4*d^7*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*
#1 + 7120*a*c^3*d^5*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1
]*#1 + 15296*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x...

```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

\downarrow 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + c*x^4)^3),x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1842 vs. $2(508) = 1016$.

Time = 2.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1843, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	Expression too large to display	1843
default	Expression too large to display	5410

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/64/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)
)*(-8*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)
)*(c*x^4+a)^2*((-a^(17/2)*e^11-129/32*d^2*a^(15/2)*c*e^9-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)
)*a^7*e^8-13/2*d^4*a^(13/2)*c^2*e^7-111/32*d^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*a^6*c*
e^6-85/16*d^6*a^(11/2)*c^3*e^5-147/32*d^4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*a^5*c^2*e^4-
9/4*d^8*a^(9/2)*c^4*e^3-89/32*d^6*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*a^4*c^3*e^2-13/32*d^
10*a^(7/2)*c^5*e-21/32*d^8*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*a^3*c^4)*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(
1/2)+(a^(19/2)*e^11+129/32*d^2*a^(17/2)*c*e^9+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*a^8*e^8
+13/2*d^4*a^(15/2)*c^2*e^7+111/32*d^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*a^7*c*e^6+85/16*
d^6*a^(13/2)*c^3*e^5+147/32*d^4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*a^6*c^2*e^4+9/4*d^8*a^
(11/2)*c^4*e^3+89/32*d^6*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*a^5*c^3*e^2+13/32*d^10*a^(9/2)
)*c^5*e+21/32*d^8*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*a^4*c^4)*e)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/
2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*ln((a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))
^(1/2)+2*a*e)^(1/2)*x+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x^2)/x^2)+8*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/
2)*a^(1/2)-2*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)-2*a*e)^(1/2)*(c*x^4+a)^2*((-a^(17/2)*
e^11-129/32*d^2*a^(15/2)*c*e^9-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*a^7*e^8-13/2*d^4*a^(13/
2)*c^2*e^7-111/32*d^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*a^6*c*e^6-85/16*d^6*a^(11/2)*c^3
*e^5-147/32*d^4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*a^5*c^2*e^4-9/4*d^8*a^(9/2)*c^4*e^3-89
/32*d^6*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*a^4*c^3*e^2-13/32*d^10*a^(7/2)*c^5*e-21/32*d^8
*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*a^3*c^4)*(a*(a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1/2)+(a^(19/2)*e^11+12...
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**4+a)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4+a)^3\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^4 + a)^3*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4+a)^3 \sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^3*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^3*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(cx^4+a)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.404 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+cx^4)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3233
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3234
Rubi [F]	3235
Maple [B] (verified)	3236
Fricas [F(-1)]	3237
Sympy [F(-1)]	3237
Maxima [F]	3237
Giac [F(-1)]	3238
Mupad [F(-1)]	3238
Reduce [F]	3238

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 668

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+cx^4)^3} dx = -\frac{e^2(11c^2d^4 + 39acd^2e^2 - 32a^2e^4)x}{32a^2d(cd^2 + ae^2)^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{8a(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)^2} + \frac{cx(d(7cd^2 + 17ae^2) - 2e(2cd^2 + 7ae^2)x^2)}{32a^2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+cx^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}\left(e(cd^2 - 4ae^2)(cd^2 + 5ae^2) - (7c^2d^4 + 25acd^2e^2 + 38a^2e^4)\left(e - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}\left(e(cd^2 - 4ae^2)(cd^2 + 5ae^2) - (7c^2d^4 + 25acd^2e^2 + 38a^2e^4)\left(e + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```

-1/32*e^2*(-32*a^2*e^4+39*a*c*d^2*e^2+11*c^2*d^4)*x/a^2/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/
(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/8*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+
a)^2+1/32*c*x*(d*(17*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)-2*e*(7*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x^2)/a^2/(a*e^2+
c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)+3/128*c^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(
1/2))^(1/2)*(e*(-4*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(5*a*e^2+c*d^2)-(38*a^2*e^4+25*a*c*d^2*e^
2+7*c^2*d^4)*(e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*arctan(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/
2)*(a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/
2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(9/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(7/2)+3/
128*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e*(-4*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(5*
a*e^2+c*d^2)-(38*a^2*e^4+25*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*(e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/
a^(1/2)))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c^(1/2)*(-a^(1/2)*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))
^(1/2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*e-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-c*d*x^2)
)*2^(1/2)/a^(9/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(7/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 2.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1993, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^4)^3),x]
```

output

```

((2*x*(32*a^4*e^6 + c^4*d^4*x^4*(7*d^2 - 4*d*e*x^2 - 11*e^2*x^4) + 2*a^3*c
*e^4*(-9*d^2 - 9*d*e*x^2 + 32*e^2*x^4) + a*c^3*d^2*(11*d^4 - 8*d^3*e*x^2 +
2*d^2*e^2*x^4 - 18*d*e^3*x^6 - 39*e^4*x^8) + a^2*c^2*e^2*(21*d^4 - 26*d^3
*e*x^2 - 61*d^2*e^2*x^4 - 14*d*e^3*x^6 + 32*e^4*x^8)))/(a^2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x
^2]*(a + c*x^4)^2) - 32*e^(11/2)*RootSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2
+ 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1^4 & , (17*c*d^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*S
qrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 16*a*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sq
rt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 6*c*d*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]
- #1]*#1 + c*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1^2)/(c*
d^3 - 3*c*d^2*#1 - 8*a*e^2*#1 + 3*c*d*#1^2 - c*#1^3) & ] + (16*e^(7/2)*Roo
tSum[c*d^4 - 4*c*d^3*#1 + 6*c*d^2*#1^2 + 16*a*e^2*#1^2 - 4*c*d*#1^3 + c*#1
^4 & , (860*c^4*d^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] +
6091*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] + 1
3680*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] +
12544*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] +
4096*a^4*e^8*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1] - 706*c^
4*d^7*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 2364*a*c^3*
d^5*e^2*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 2688*a^2*
c^2*d^3*e^4*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 - 1024*
a^3*c*d*e^6*Log[d + 2*e*x^2 - 2*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2] - #1]*#1 + 18...

```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^4)^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^4)^3),x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```


Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**4+a)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4 + a)^3 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^4 + a)^3*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^4 + a)^3 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

3.405 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3239
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3240
Rubi [A] (verified)	3240
Maple [A] (verified)	3244
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3245
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3245
Maxima [F]	3246
Giac [F]	3246
Mupad [F(-1)]	3247
Reduce [F]	3247

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 213

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = -\frac{de^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{c} - \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5c} + \frac{3a^{3/4}e(5cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{5c^{7/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(5\sqrt{cd}(cd^2+ae^2)-3\sqrt{ae}(5cd^2+ae^2))\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{5c^{7/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
-d*e^2*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c-1/5*e^3*x^3*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c+3/5*a^(3/4)*e*(
a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(7/4)/(-
c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/5*a^(1/4)*(5*c^(1/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)-3*a^(1/2)*e*(a*e^2+5
*c*d^2))*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(7/4)/(-c*x^4+
a)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{5d(cd^2 + ae^2)x\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + ex\left(e(5d + ex^2)(-a + cx^4) + (5cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{a - cx^4}\right)}{5c\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^3/Sqrt[a - c*x^4],x]`

output `(5*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a] + e*x*(e*(5*d + e*x^2)*(-a + c*x^4) + (5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^2*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (c*x^4)/a]))/(5*c*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1519, 25, 2427, 27, 1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1519$$

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{15cde^2x^4 + 3e(5cd^2 + ae^2)x^2 + 5cd^3}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{5c} - \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{5c}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{15cde^2x^4+3e(5cd^2+ae^2)x^2+5cd^3}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}dx - \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5c}}{5c} \quad \downarrow \text{2427}$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{3c(3e(5cd^2+ae^2)x^2+5d(cd^2+ae^2))}{3c\sqrt{a-cx^4}}dx - 5de^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4} - \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5c}}{5c} \quad \downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3e(5cd^2+ae^2)x^2+5d(cd^2+ae^2)}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}dx - 5de^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4} - \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5c}}{5c} \quad \downarrow \text{1513}$$

$$\frac{\left(5d(ae^2+cd^2) - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}(ae^2+5cd^2)}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}dx + \frac{3\sqrt{ae}(ae^2+5cd^2)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}dx - 5de^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5c} - \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5c} \quad \downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{\left(5d(ae^2+cd^2) - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}(ae^2+5cd^2)}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}dx + \frac{3e(ae^2+5cd^2)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}dx - 5de^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5c} - \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5c} \quad \downarrow \text{765}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(5d(ae^2+cd^2) - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}(ae^2+5cd^2)}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}}dx + \frac{3e(ae^2+5cd^2)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}dx - 5de^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5c} - \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5c} \quad \downarrow \text{762}$$

$$\frac{\frac{3e(ae^2+5cd^2)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}dx + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(5d(ae^2+cd^2) - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}(ae^2+5cd^2)}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - 5de^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5c} - \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5c} \quad \downarrow \text{1390}$$

$$\frac{3e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(ae^2+5cd^2)\int\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}}dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\left(5d(ae^2+cd^2)-\frac{3\sqrt{ae}(ae^2+5cd^2)}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),-1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - 5de^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}$$

$$\frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5c}$$

↓ 1389

$$\frac{3\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(ae^2+5cd^2)\int\frac{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}+1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\left(5d(ae^2+cd^2)-\frac{3\sqrt{ae}(ae^2+5cd^2)}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),-1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - 5de^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}$$

$$\frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5c}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{3a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(ae^2+5cd^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\left(5d(ae^2+cd^2)-\frac{3\sqrt{ae}(ae^2+5cd^2)}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),-1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - 5de^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}$$

$$\frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5c}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^3/Sqrt[a - c*x^4],x]
```

output

```
-1/5*(e^3*x^3*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])/c + (-5*d*e^2*x*Sqrt[a - c*x^4] + (3*a^(3/4)
)*e*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(
1/4)], -1])/(c^(3/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + (a^(1/4)*(5*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - (3
*Sqrt[a]*e*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSi
n[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])/(5*c)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{x}], \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*\text{d}))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]*\text{x}], -1], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(x^4/\text{a})]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^4] \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(x^4/\text{a})], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 1389 $\text{Int}[((\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{e}*(x^2/\text{d})]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{e}*(x^2/\text{d})], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 1390 $\text{Int}[((\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{c}*(x^4/\text{a})]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4] \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{c}*(x^4/\text{a})], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(LtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0])$
- rule 1513 $\text{Int}[((\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[-\text{c}/\text{a}, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{d}*q - \text{e})/q \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4], \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{e}/q \quad \text{Int}[(1 + \text{q}*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4], \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2, 0]$

rule 1519

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[e^q*x^(2*q - 3)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(c*(4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c
*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^4)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(d + e*
x^2)^q - a*(2*q - 3)*e^q*x^(2*q - 4) - c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*e^q*x^(2*q), x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[q, 1]
```

rule 2427

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x
]}, With[{Pqq = Coeff[Pq, x, q]}, Simp[Pqq*x^(q - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p +
1)/(b*(q + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + n*p + 1)) Int[ExpandToSum[b*(q
+ n*p + 1)*(Pq - Pqq*x^q) - a*Pqq*(q - n + 1)*x^(q - n), x]*(a + b*x^n)^p,
x], x]] /; NeQ[q + n*p + 1, 0] && q - n >= 0 && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ
[p + (q + 1)/(2*n)]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
elliptic	$-\frac{e^3 x^3 \sqrt{-c x^4 + a}}{5c} - \frac{d e^2 x \sqrt{-c x^4 + a}}{c} + \frac{(d^3 + \frac{a d e^2}{c}) \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-c x^4 + a}} - \frac{(3 d^2 e + \frac{3 a e^3}{5 c}) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-c x^4 + a}}$
risch	$-\frac{x e^2 (e x^2 + 5 d) \sqrt{-c x^4 + a}}{5c} + \frac{3 e (a e^2 + 5 c d^2) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} (\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right))}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-c x^4 + a} \sqrt{c}} + \frac{5 a^3 c \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{5c}$
default	$\frac{d^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-c x^4 + a}} + e^3 \left(-\frac{x^3 \sqrt{-c x^4 + a}}{5c} - \frac{3 a^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} (\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right))}{5 c^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-c x^4 + a}} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/5*e^3*x^3*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c-d*e^2*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c+(d^3+a/c*d*e^2)
/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(
1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)
-(3*d^2*e+3/5*a/c*e^3)*a^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1
/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(E
llipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1
/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \frac{3(5acd^2e + a^2e^3)\sqrt{-cx}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (5c^2d^3 + 15acd^2e + 5acde^2 + 3a^2e^3)\sqrt{-cx}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{5ac^2x}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/5*(3*(5*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*sqrt(-c)*x*(a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((
a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) - (5*c^2*d^3 + 15*a*c*d^2*e + 5*a*c*d*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^3)*
sqrt(-c)*x*(a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (a*c*e^3*x^
4 + 5*a*c*d*e^2*x^2 + 15*a*c*d^2*e + 3*a^2*e^3)*sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/(a*c^2*x
)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \frac{d^3 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{3d^2 ex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{3de^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} + \frac{e^3 x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**3/(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `d**3*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(5/4)) + 3*d**2*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(7/4)) + 3*d*e**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(9/4)) + e**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(11/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^3/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^3/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^3/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2),x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^3/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}de^2x - \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}e^3x^3 + 5\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-cx^4 + a} dx\right)ade^2 + 5\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-cx^4 + a} dx\right)cd^3 + 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-cx^4 + a} dx\right)}{5c}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(- 5*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*d*e**2*x - sqrt(a - c*x**4)*e**3*x**3 + 5*int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a - c*x**4),x)*a*d*e**2 + 5*int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a - c*x**4),x)*c*d**3 + 3*int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)*a*e**3 + 15*int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)*c*d**2*e)/(5*c)`

3.406 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3248
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3249
Rubi [A] (verified)	3249
Maple [A] (verified)	3252
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3253
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3253
Maxima [F]	3254
Giac [F]	3254
Mupad [F(-1)]	3255
Reduce [F]	3255

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{3c} + \frac{2a^{3/4}de\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(3cd^2-6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{3c^{5/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
-1/3*e^2*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c+2*a^(3/4)*d*e*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(3/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/3*a^(1/4)*(3*c*d^2-6*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+a*e^2)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(5/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3cd^2 + ae^2)x\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + ex\left(-ae + cex^4 + 2cdx^2\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}\right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)}{3c\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2/Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]`

output `((3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a] + e*x*(-(a*e) + c*e*x^4 + 2*c*d*x^2*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (c*x^4)/a]))/(3*c*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {1519, 25, 1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1519$$

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{3cd^2+6cex^2d+ae^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{3c} - \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{3c}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3cd^2+6cex^2d+ae^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{3c} - \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{3c}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1513 \\ & \frac{(-6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} + ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx + 6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{3c} - \frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{3c} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(-6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} + ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx + 6\sqrt{cde} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{3c} - \frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{3c} \\ & \downarrow 765 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(-6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{6\sqrt{cde} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{3c} - \frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{3c} \\ & \downarrow 762 \\ & \frac{6\sqrt{cde} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(-6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+ae^2+3cd^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{\frac{3c}{e^2 x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}} \\ & \downarrow 1390 \\ & \frac{6\sqrt{cde}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(-6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+ae^2+3cd^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{\frac{3c}{e^2 x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}} \\ & \downarrow 1389 \\ & \frac{6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(-6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+ae^2+3cd^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{\frac{3c}{e^2 x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}} \\ & \downarrow 327 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{6a^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{Cde} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} (-6\sqrt{a} \sqrt{cde} + ae^2 + 3cd^2) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{C} \sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

$$\frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a - cx^4}}{3c}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^2/Sqrt[a - c*x^4],x]`

output `-1/3*(e^2*x*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])/c + ((6*a^(3/4)*c^(1/4)*d*e*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/Sqrt[a - c*x^4] + (a^(1/4)*(3*c*d^2 - 6*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])/(3*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1389 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2\}/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d/\text{Sqrt}[a] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1+e*(x^2/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[1-e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2+a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1390 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2\}/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1+c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a+c*x^4] \text{Int}[(d+e*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1+c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2+a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$

rule 1513 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2\}/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(d*q - e)/q \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a+c*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/q \text{Int}[(1+q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a+c*x^4], x], x]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2+a*e^2, 0]$

rule 1519 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2\}^{(q_)}*\{(a_)+(c_)*(x_)^4\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e^q*x^{(2*q-3)}*\{(a+c*x^4)^{(p+1)}/(c*(4*p+2*q+1))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(4*p+2*q+1)) \text{Int}[(a+c*x^4)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[c*(4*p+2*q+1)*(d+e*x^2)^q - a*(2*q-3)*e^q*x^{(2*q-4)} - c*(4*p+2*q+1)*e^q*x^{(2*q)}, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2+a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[q, 1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
elliptic	$-\frac{e^2 x \sqrt{-c x^4+a}}{3c} + \frac{(d^2 + \frac{a e^2}{3c}) \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-c x^4+a}} - \frac{2 d e \sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-c x^4+a}}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-c x^4+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-c x^4+a}}$
default	$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-c x^4+a}} + e^2 \left(-\frac{x \sqrt{-c x^4+a}}{3c} + \frac{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{3c \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-c x^4+a}} \right) - \frac{a e^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-c x^4+a}} + \frac{3c d^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - 6e \sqrt{c} d \sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-c x^4+a}}$
risch	$-\frac{e^2 x \sqrt{-c x^4+a}}{3c} + \frac{a e^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-c x^4+a}} + \frac{3c d^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - 6e \sqrt{c} d \sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-c x^4+a}} - \frac{6e \sqrt{c} d \sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{3c}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3*e^2*x*(-c*x^4+a)^{(1/2)}/c+(d^2+1/3*a*e^2/c)/(1/a^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(1-1/a^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*x^2)^{(1/2)}*(1+1/a^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*x^2)^{(1/2)}/(-c*x^4+a)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(x*(1/a^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)},I)-2*d*e*a^{(1/2)}/(1/a^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(1-1/a^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*x^2)^{(1/2)}*(1+1/a^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*x^2)^{(1/2)}/(-c*x^4+a)^{(1/2)}/c^{(1/2)}*(EllipticF(x*(1/a^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)},I)-EllipticE(x*(1/a^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)},I))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \frac{6a\sqrt{-cdex}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (3cd^2 + 6ade + ae^2)\sqrt{-cx}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \dots}{3acx}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/3*(6*a*\sqrt{-c}*d*e*x*(a/c)^{(3/4)}*\text{elliptic_e}(\arcsin((a/c)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) - (3*c*d^2 + 6*a*d*e + a*e^2)*\sqrt{-c}*x*(a/c)^{(3/4)}*\text{elliptic_f}(\arcsin((a/c)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) + (a*e^2*x^2 + 6*a*d*e)*\sqrt{-c*x^4 + a)/(a*c*x)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \frac{d^2 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{dex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{e^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e**2+d)**2/(-c**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `d**2*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), c**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(5/4)) + d*e**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(2*sqrt(a)*gamma(7/4)) + e**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), c**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(9/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2),x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} e^2 x + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) a e^2 + 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) c d^2 + 6 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} x^2}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) c d e}{3c}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(- sqrt(a - c*x**4)*e**2*x + int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a - c*x**4),x)*a*e**2 + 3*int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a - c*x**4),x)*c*d**2 + 6*int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)*c*d*e)/(3*c)`

3.407 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3256
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3256
Rubi [A] (verified)	3257
Maple [A] (verified)	3259
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3260
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3260
Maxima [F]	3261
Giac [F]	3261
Mupad [F(-1)]	3261
Reduce [F]	3262

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \frac{a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
a^(3/4)*e*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(3/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+a^(1/4)*(d-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(1/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\left(3dx \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + ex^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[a - c*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (c*x^4)/a]))/(3*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1513} \\
 & \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{765} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1390}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

↓ 1389

$$\frac{\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]`

output `(a^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1]) / (c^(3/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + (a^(1/4)*(d - (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1]) / (c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1389 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/Sqrt[a] Int[Sqrt[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/Sqrt[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1390 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1513 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-c/a, 2]}, Simp[(d*q - e)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[e/q Int[(1 + q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NegQ[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}} - \frac{e\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}\sqrt{c}}$
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}} - \frac{e\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}\sqrt{c}}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{d/(1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}})^{(1/2)*(1-1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}}*x^2)^{(1/2)*(1+1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}}*x^2)^{(1/2)}}/(-c*x^4+a)^{(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(x*(1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}})^{(1/2)},I)} - e*a^{(1/2)/(1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}})^{(1/2)*(1-1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}}*x^2)^{(1/2)*(1+1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}}*x^2)^{(1/2)}}/(-c*x^4+a)^{(1/2)}/c^{(1/2)*(\text{EllipticF}(x*(1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}})^{(1/2)},I)} - \text{EllipticE}(x*(1/a^{(1/2)*c^{(1/2)}})^{(1/2)},I)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{-ce}x\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (cd + ae)\sqrt{-cx}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{-cx^4 + aae}}{acx}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-(a*\text{sqrt}(-c)*e*x*(a/c)^{(3/4)}*\text{elliptic}_e(\arcsin((a/c)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) - (c*d + a*e)*\text{sqrt}(-c)*x*(a/c)^{(3/4)}*\text{elliptic}_f(\arcsin((a/c)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) + \text{sqrt}(-c*x^4 + a)*a*e)/(a*c*x)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \frac{dx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} x^2}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a - c*x**4),x)*d + int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)*e`

3.408 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3263
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3263
Rubi [A] (verified)	3264
Maple [A] (verified)	3265
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3266
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3266
Maxima [F]	3266
Giac [F]	3267
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3267
Reduce [F]	3267

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

$a^{(1/4)}*(1-c*x^4/a)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticF}(c^{(1/4)}*x/a^{(1/4)}, I)/c^{(1/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = -\frac{i\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}x\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

input

`Integrate[1/Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]`

output

$$\frac{((-1)\sqrt{1 - (c*x^4)/a})*\text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Sqrt}[c]/\text{Sqrt}[a])]*x, -1]}{(\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Sqrt}[c]/\text{Sqrt}[a])])* \text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 765 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 762 \\ & \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(a^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}], -1]}{c^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])
)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 765 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt
[a + b*x^4] Int[1/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ
[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}$	64
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}$	64

input `int(1/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c
^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2), I
)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(x\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right) \mid -1\right)}{c}$$

input `integrate(1/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `sqrt(a)*(c/a)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*(c/a)^(1/4)), -1)/c`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`output `x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(5/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{5}{4}; \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

input `int(1/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x*(1 - (c*x^4)/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], 5/4, (c*x^4)/a))/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-cx^4 + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a - c*x**4),x)`

3.409 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3268
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3268
Rubi [A] (verified)	3269
Maple [A] (verified)	3270
Fricas [F]	3271
Sympy [F]	3271
Maxima [F]	3271
Giac [F]	3272
Mupad [F(-1)]	3272
Reduce [F]	3272

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{cd}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

$a^{(1/4)}*(1-c*x^4/a)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticPi}(c^{(1/4)}*x/a^{(1/4)}, -a^{(1/2)}*e/c^{(1/2)}/d, I)/c^{(1/4)}/d/(-c*x^4+a)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = -\frac{i\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}x\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}d\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

input

$\operatorname{Integrate}[1/((d+e*x^2)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a-c*x^4]), x]$

output

```
((-I)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), I*ArcSinh
[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1)]/(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*d*Sqrt[a - c*
x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1543, 1542}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2)} dx$$

↓ 1543

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

↓ 1542

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{cd}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), ArcSin
[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1)]/(c^(1/4)*d*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1542 Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[-c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1/(d*Sqrt[a]*q))*EllipticPi[-e/(d*q^2), ArcSin[q*x
], -1], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1543 Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)
]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},-\frac{\sqrt{a}e}{\sqrt{c}d},\sqrt{\frac{-\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}$	97
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},-\frac{\sqrt{a}e}{\sqrt{c}d},\sqrt{\frac{-\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}$	97

```
input int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)
*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2
),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,(-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2
))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/(c*e*x^6 + c*d*x^4 - a*e*x^2 - a*d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}(d + ex^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a - c*x**4)*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-ce x^6 - cd x^4 + ae x^2 + ad} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)`

3.410 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3273
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3274
Rubi [A] (verified)	3274
Maple [B] (verified)	3279
Fricas [F(-1)]	3280
Sympy [F]	3280
Maxima [F]	3281
Giac [F]	3281
Mupad [F(-1)]	3281
Reduce [F]	3282

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 299

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex^2)} - \frac{a^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{ce} \sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{2d(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(3cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{cd^2}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
-1/2*e^2*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)-1/2*a^(3/4)*c^(1/4)
*e*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x
^4+a)^(1/2)-1/2*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1
/4),I)/d/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a^(1/4)*(-a*e^2+3*c*d
^2)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,I)/
c^(1/4)/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 508, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}de^2x + \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}cde^2x^5 + i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de(d + ex^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}x\right) \middle| -1\right) - i\sqrt{cd}(-$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]),x]`

output `(-(a*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])])*d*e^2*x) + Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*c*d*e^2*x^5 + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1] - I*Sqrt[c]*d*(-(Sqrt[c]*d) + Sqrt[a]*e)*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1] - (3*I)*c*d^3*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1] + I*a*d*e^2*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1] - (3*I)*c*d^2*e*x^2*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1] + I*a*e^3*x^2*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1)/(2*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])])*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.545$, Rules used = {1552, 2235, 27, 1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327, 1543, 1542}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}(d+ex^2)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1552} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-ce^2x^4-2cdex^2+2cd^2-ae^2}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2235} \\
& \frac{(3cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{ce^2(ex^2+d)}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{e^2}}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{(3cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1513} \\
& \frac{(3cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{(3cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx + \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{765} \\
& \frac{(3cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{762}
\end{aligned}$$

$$(3cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2x\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

$$\frac{2d(d + ex^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)}{}$$

↓ 1390

$$(3cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2x\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

$$\frac{2d(d + ex^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)}{}$$

↓ 1389

$$(3cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+1}}{\sqrt{a}}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2x\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

$$\frac{2d(d + ex^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)}{}$$

↓ 327

$$(3cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2x\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

$$\frac{2d(d + ex^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)}{}$$

↓ 1543

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(3cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - c \left(\frac{a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d(cd^2-ae^2)}{2d(d+ex^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 1542

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(3cd^2-ae^2)\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}},\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),-1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{Cd}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - c \left(\frac{a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d(cd^2-ae^2)}{2d(d+ex^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]),x]`

output `-1/2*(e^2*x*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])/(d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x^2)) + (-c*((a^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(3/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + (a^(1/4)*(d - (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])) + (a^(1/4)*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(1/4)*d*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]))/(2*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1389 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d/\text{Sqrt}[a] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1390 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(LtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])]$

rule 1513 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(d*q - e)/q \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/q \ \text{Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]$

rule 1542 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1/(d*\text{Sqrt}[a]*q))*\text{EllipticPi}[-e/(d*q^2), \text{ArcSin}[q*x], -1], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1543 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] \ \text{Int}[1/((d + e*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1552

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp
[(-e^2)*x*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(2*d*(q + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
)), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/Sq
rt[a + c*x^4])*Simp[a*e^2*(2*q + 3) + 2*c*d^2*(q + 1) - 2*e*c*d*(q + 1)*x^2
+ c*e^2*(2*q + 5)*x^4, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 +
a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 2235

```
Int[(P4x_)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] :=
With[{A = Coeff[P4x, x, 0], B = Coeff[P4x, x, 2], C = Coeff[P4x, x, 4]}, Si
mp[-(e^2)^(-1) Int[(C*d - B*e - C*e*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[(
C*d^2 - B*d*e + A*e^2)/e^2 Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /
; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[P4x, x^2, 2] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 522 vs. $2(245) = 490$.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

method	result
default	$\frac{e^2 x \sqrt{-c x^4 + a}}{2d(ae^2 - cd^2)(ex^2 + d)} + \frac{c \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2(ae^2 - cd^2) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} e \sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2(ae^2 - cd^2) d \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}$
elliptic	$\frac{e^2 x \sqrt{-c x^4 + a}}{2d(ae^2 - cd^2)(ex^2 + d)} + \frac{c \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2(ae^2 - cd^2) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} e \sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2(ae^2 - cd^2) d \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}$

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```

1/2*e^2/d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)+1/2*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(
1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1
/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-1
/2*c^(1/2)*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/d*a^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)
)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*Elli
pticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+1/2*c^(1/2)*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/d*a^(1/2)
/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^
(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)
+1/2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/d^2*e^2/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*
x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(x*(
1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,(-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(
1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*a-3/2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1
-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(
1/2)*EllipticPi(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,(-1/a^(1/
2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*c

```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**2/(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(sqrt(a - c*x**4)*(d + e*x**2)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-ce^2x^8 - 2cde x^6 + ae^2x^4 - cd^2x^4 + 2ade x^2 + ad^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4 - c*d**2*x**4 - 2*c*d*e*x**6 - c*e**2*x**8),x)`

3.411 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3283
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3284
Rubi [A] (verified)	3285
Maple [B] (verified)	3290
Fricas [F(-1)]	3291
Sympy [F]	3292
Maxima [F]	3292
Giac [F]	3292
Mupad [F(-1)]	3293
Reduce [F]	3293

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 425

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{4d(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{3e^2(3cd^2-ae^2)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{8d^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex^2)}$$

$$- \frac{3a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{ce}(3cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{8d^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}(7cd^2-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de-3ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{8d^2(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt[4]{a}(5c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{8\sqrt[4]{cd^3}(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
-1/4*e^2*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^2-3/8*e^2*(-a*e^2+3
*c*d^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)-3/8*a^(3/4)*c^(1
/4)*e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/d^
2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/8*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*(7*c*d^2-2*a^(1/2)
*c^(1/2)*d*e-3*a*e^2)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/d^2
/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+3/8*a^(1/4)*(a^2*e^
4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),
-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,I)/c^(1/4)/d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$$

$$\frac{de^2x(a-cx^4)(ae^2(5d+3ex^2)-cd^2(11d+9ex^2))}{(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{i\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\left(3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde(-3cd^2+ae^2)}E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}x\right)\middle| -1\right)+(-7c^2d^4+9\sqrt{ac^3/2}c\right)}{8d^3(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$8d^3(cd^2 - ae^2)$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^3*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
((d*e^2*x*(a - c*x^4)*(a*e^2*(5*d + 3*e*x^2) - c*d^2*(11*d + 9*e*x^2)))/(d
+ e*x^2)^2 - (I*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*(3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*(-3*c*d^2 + a
e^2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1] + (-7*c^2*d^4 +
9*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)*d^3*e + a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]*d*e^3)*EllipticF
[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1] + 3*(5*c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2
+ a^2*e^4)*EllipticPi[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]
]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1))/Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])])/(8*d^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*S
qrt[a - c*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.591$, Rules used = {1552, 2211, 2235, 27, 1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327, 1543, 1542}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}(d+ex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1552} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{ce^2x^4-4cdex^2+4cd^2-3ae^2}{(ex^2+d)^2\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{4d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2211} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{8c^2d^4-5ace^2d^2-4ce(4cd^2-ae^2)x^2d+3a^2e^4-3ce^2(3cd^2-ae^2)x^4}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{3e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}(3cd^2-ae^2)}{2d(d+ex^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4d(cd^2-ae^2)}{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
 & \quad \frac{4d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}{\downarrow \text{2235}} \\
 & \frac{3(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - \int \frac{ce^2(3e(3cd^2-ae^2)x^2+d(7cd^2-ae^2))}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{3e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}(3cd^2-ae^2)}{2d(d+ex^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4d(cd^2-ae^2)}{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
 & \quad \frac{4d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}{\downarrow \text{27}} \\
 & \frac{3(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \int \frac{3e(3cd^2-ae^2)x^2+d(7cd^2-ae^2)}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{3e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}(3cd^2-ae^2)}{2d(d+ex^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4d(cd^2-ae^2)}{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
 & \quad \frac{4d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}{\downarrow \text{1513}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-3ae^2+7cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{3\sqrt{ae}(3cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{3e^2\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-3ae^2+7cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{3e(3cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{3e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{3(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-3ae^2+7cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{3e(3cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{3e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{3(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{3e(3cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-3ae^2+7cd^2) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{3e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 1390

$$3(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{3e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(3cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-3ae^2+7cd^2) \text{EllipticE}}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 1389

$$3(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{3\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(3cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-3ae^2+7cd^2) \text{EllipticE}}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 327

$$3(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{3a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(3cd^2-ae^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-3ae^2+7cd^2) \text{EllipticE}}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 1543

$$3\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx - c \left(\frac{3a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(3cd^2-ae^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-3ae^2+7cd^2) \text{EllipticE}}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 1542

$$\frac{{}_3\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}},\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),-1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{Cd}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}-c\left(\frac{3a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(3cd^2-ae^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}+\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)}\right)$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^3*sqrt[a - c*x^4]),x]`

output `-1/4*(e^2*x*sqrt[a - c*x^4])/(d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x^2)^2) + ((-3*e^2*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x*sqrt[a - c*x^4])/(2*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x^2)) + (-c*((3*a^(3/4)*e*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(3/4)*sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + (a^(1/4)*(sqrt[c]*d - sqrt[a]*e)*(7*c*d^2 - 2*sqrt[a]*sqrt[c]*d*e - 3*a*e^2)*sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(3/4)*sqrt[a - c*x^4]))) + (3*a^(1/4)*(5*c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[-((sqrt[a]*e)/(sqrt[c]*d)), ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(1/4)*d*sqrt[a - c*x^4]))/(2*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(4*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 327 `Int[sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(sqrt[a]/(sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

- rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
- rule 1389 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d/\text{Sqrt}[a] \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
- rule 1390 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] \text{ Int}[(d + e*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(LtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0])
- rule 1513 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(d*q - e)/q \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/q \text{ Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x]] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NegQ[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]
- rule 1542 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1/(d*\text{Sqrt}[a]*q))*\text{EllipticPi}[-e/(d*q^2), \text{ArcSin}[q*x], -1], x]] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
- rule 1543 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] \text{ Int}[1/((d + e*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
- rule 1552 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e^2)*x*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*(\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]/(2*d*(q + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d*(q + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]*\text{Simp}[a*e^2*(2*q + 3) + 2*c*d^2*(q + 1) - 2*e*c*d*(q + 1)*x^2 + c*e^2*(2*q + 5)*x^4, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[q, -1]

rule 2211

```
Int[((P4x_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol
] := With[{A = Coeff[P4x, x, 0], B = Coeff[P4x, x, 2], C = Coeff[P4x, x, 4]
}, Simp[(-(C*d^2 - B*d*e + A*e^2))*x*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(
2*d*(q + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))
Int[((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])*Simp[a*d*(C*d - B*e) + A*(a*e^2*(
2*q + 3) + 2*c*d^2*(q + 1)) + 2*d*(B*c*d - A*c*e + a*C*e)*(q + 1)*x^2 + c*(
C*d^2 - B*d*e + A*e^2)*(2*q + 5)*x^4, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x]
&& PolyQ[P4x, x^2] && LeQ[Expon[P4x, x], 4] && ILtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 2235

```
Int[(P4x_)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] :=
With[{A = Coeff[P4x, x, 0], B = Coeff[P4x, x, 2], C = Coeff[P4x, x, 4]}, Si
mp[-(e^2)^(-1) Int[(C*d - B*e - C*e*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[(
C*d^2 - B*d*e + A*e^2)/e^2 Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[P4x, x^2, 2] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 960 vs. $2(363) = 726$.

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 961, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	961
elliptic	Expression too large to display	961

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/4*e^2/d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2+3/8*e^2*(a*e^2-3*c*
d^2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d^2*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)+1/8*c/d/(a*e^2-c*d^2
)^2/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)
*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)
,I)*a*e^2-7/8*c^2*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)
*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-3/8*c^(1/2)*e^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d^2*a^
(3/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/
2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/
2),I)+9/8*c^(3/2)*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*a^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1
/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/
2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+3/8*c^(1/2)*e^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^
2/d^2*a^(3/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1
+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1
/2))^(1/2),I)-9/8*c^(3/2)*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*a^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1
/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^
4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+3/8/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d^
3*e^4/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/
2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1
/2),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,(-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))...

```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**3/(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a - c*x**4)*(d + e*x**2)**3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3),x)`output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-ce^3x^{10} - 3cde^2x^8 + ae^3x^6 - 3cd^2ex^6 + 3ade^2x^4 - cd^3x^4 + 3ad^2ex^2 + ad^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*a*d*e**2*x**4 + a*e**3*x**6 - c*d**3*x**4 - 3*c*d**2*e*x**6 - 3*c*d*e**2*x**8 - c*e**3*x**10),x)`

3.412 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^4 \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3294
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3295
Rubi [A] (verified)	3296
Maple [B] (verified)	3302
Fricas [F(-1)]	3303
Sympy [F]	3304
Maxima [F]	3304
Giac [F]	3304
Mupad [F(-1)]	3305
Reduce [F]	3305

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 563

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^4 \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = -\frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex^2)^3} - \frac{5e^2(3cd^2-ae^2)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{24d^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{e^2(29c^2d^4-14acd^2e^2+5a^2e^4)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{16d^3(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex^2)} - \frac{a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{ce}(29c^2d^4-14acd^2e^2+5a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{16d^3(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}(57c^2d^4-30\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}d^3e-32acd^2e^2+10a^{3/2}\sqrt{cde}^3+15a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\right)}{48d^3(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(35c^3d^6-7ac^2d^4e^2+17a^2cd^2e^4-5a^3e^6)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}},\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),-1\right)}{16\sqrt[4]{cd^4}(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
-1/6*e^2*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^3-5/24*e^2*(-a*e^2+
3*c*d^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^2-1/16*e^2*(5*a
^2*e^4-14*a*c*d^2*e^2+29*c^2*d^4)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/
(e*x^2+d)-1/16*a^(3/4)*c^(1/4)*e*(5*a^2*e^4-14*a*c*d^2*e^2+29*c^2*d^4)*(1-
c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(-c*x^4
+a)^(1/2)-1/48*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*(57*c^2*d^4-30*a^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*d^3*e-32*a*c
*d^2*e^2+10*a^(3/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e^3+15*a^2*e^4)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(
c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/d^3/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^2/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^3/(
-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/16*a^(1/4)*(-5*a^3*e^6+17*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-7*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+
35*c^3*d^6)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(
1/2)/d,I)/c^(1/4)/d^4/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 458, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^4 \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{de^2x(a-cx^4)(8(cd^3-ade^2)^2+10d(cd^2-ae^2)(3cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex^2)+3(29c^2d^4-14acd^2e^2+5a^2e^4)(d+ex^2)^2)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex^2)^3} - \frac{i\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}(29c^2d^4-14acd^2e^2+5a^2e^4)(d+ex^2)^2)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex^2)^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^4*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
(-((d*e^2*x*(a - c*x^4)*(8*(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2)^2 + 10*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(3*c
*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x^2) + 3*(29*c^2*d^4 - 14*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*(d
+ e*x^2)^2))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x^2)^3)) - (I*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*
(3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*(29*c^2*d^4 - 14*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*EllipticE
[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1] + Sqrt[c]*d*(57*c^(5/2)*d^5 -
87*Sqrt[a]*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c^(3/2)*d^3*e^2 + 42*a^(3/2)*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*a^2*
Sqrt[c]*d*e^4 - 15*a^(5/2)*e^5)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a]
)]]*x], -1] + 3*(-35*c^3*d^6 + 7*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 17*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 5*a^3*e
^6)*EllipticPi[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a]
)]]*x], -1))/((Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*(-c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(48*d^4*Sqr
t[a - c*x^4]))
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 566, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.636$, Rules used = {1552, 2211, 2211, 2235, 27, 1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327, 1543, 1542}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}(d+ex^2)^4} dx$$

↓ 1552

$$\frac{\int \frac{3ce^2x^4-6cdex^2+6cd^2-5ae^2}{(ex^2+d)^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{6d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 2211

$$\frac{\int \frac{24c^2d^4-29ace^2d^2-8ce(6cd^2-ae^2)x^2d+15a^2e^4+5ce^2(3cd^2-ae^2)x^4}{(ex^2+d)^2\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{4d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{5e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}(3cd^2-ae^2)}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{6d(cd^2-ae^2)}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 2211

$$\frac{\int \frac{48c^3d^6-19ac^2e^2d^4+46a^2ce^4d^2-4ce(36c^2d^4-11ace^2d^2+5a^2e^4)x^2d-15a^3e^6-3ce^2(29c^2d^4-14ace^2d^2+5a^2e^4)x^4}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{3e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}(5a^2e^4-14acd^2e^2+29a^3d^2)}{2d(d+ex^2)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{6d(cd^2-ae^2)}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 2235

$$\frac{3(-5a^3e^6+17a^2cd^2e^4-7ac^2d^4e^2+35c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - \int \frac{ce^2(3e(29c^2d^4-14ace^2d^2+5a^2e^4)x^2+d(57c^2d^4-2ace^2d^2+5a^2e^4))}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{3e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2d(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{6d(cd^2-ae^2)}{6d(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3(-5a^3e^6 + 17a^2cd^2e^4 - 7ac^2d^4e^2 + 35c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \int \frac{3e(29c^2d^4 - 14ace^2d^2 + 5a^2e^4)x^2 + d(57c^2d^4 - 2ace^2d^2 + 5a^2e^4)}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{2d(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{3e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}(5a^2e^4 - 14acd^2e^2 + 29c^2d^4)}{2d(d+ex^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 1513

$$\frac{3(-5a^3e^6 + 17a^2cd^2e^4 - 7ac^2d^4e^2 + 35c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{3\sqrt{ae}(5a^2e^4 - 14acd^2e^2 + 29c^2d^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \left(-\frac{3\sqrt{ae}(5a^2e^4 - 14acd^2e^2 + 29c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right)}{2d(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3(-5a^3e^6 + 17a^2cd^2e^4 - 7ac^2d^4e^2 + 35c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{3e(5a^2e^4 - 14acd^2e^2 + 29c^2d^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \left(-\frac{3\sqrt{ae}(5a^2e^4 - 14acd^2e^2 + 29c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right)}{2d(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{3(-5a^3e^6 + 17a^2cd^2e^4 - 7ac^2d^4e^2 + 35c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{3e(5a^2e^4 - 14acd^2e^2 + 29c^2d^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}}{a} \left(-\frac{3\sqrt{ae}(5a^2e^4 - 14acd^2e^2 + 29c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right)}{2d(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 762

$$3(-5a^3e^6 + 17a^2cd^2e^4 - 7ac^2d^4e^2 + 35c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{3e(5a^2e^4 - 14acd^2e^2 + 29c^2d^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(-\frac{3\sqrt{ae}(5a^2e^4 - 14acd^2e^2 + 29c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2d(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

1390

$$3(-5a^3e^6 + 17a^2cd^2e^4 - 7ac^2d^4e^2 + 35c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{3e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(5a^2e^4 - 14acd^2e^2 + 29c^2d^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(-\frac{3\sqrt{ae}(5a^2e^4 - 14acd^2e^2 + 29c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2d(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

1389

$$3(-5a^3e^6 + 17a^2cd^2e^4 - 7ac^2d^4e^2 + 35c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{3\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(5a^2e^4 - 14acd^2e^2 + 29c^2d^4) \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+1}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{\sqrt{a}}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(-\frac{3\sqrt{ae}(5a^2e^4 - 14acd^2e^2 + 29c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2d(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

327

$$3(-5a^3e^6 + 17a^2cd^2e^4 - 7ac^2d^4e^2 + 35c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - c \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(-\frac{3\sqrt{ae}(5a^2e^4-14acd^2e^2+29c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} + 5a^2de^4 - 2acd^3e^2 + 57c^2d^5 \right) \text{Ellip}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$2d(cd^2-ae^2)$$

$$4d(cd^2-ae^2)$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 1543

$$3\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(-5a^3e^6 + 17a^2cd^2e^4 - 7ac^2d^4e^2 + 35c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx - c \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(-\frac{3\sqrt{ae}(5a^2e^4-14acd^2e^2+29c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} + 5a^2de^4 - 2acd^3e^2 + 57c^2d^5 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$2d(cd^2-ae^2)$$

$$4d(cd^2-ae^2)$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 1542

$$3\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(-5a^3e^6 + 17a^2cd^2e^4 - 7ac^2d^4e^2 + 35c^3d^6) \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right) - c \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(-\frac{3\sqrt{ae}(5a^2e^4-14acd^2e^2+29c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{c}} + 5a^2de^4 - 2acd^3e^2 + 57c^2d^5 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$2d(cd^2-ae^2)$$

$$4d(cd^2-ae^2)$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d(d+ex^2)^3(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^4*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/6*(e^2*x*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4])/(d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x^2)^3) + ((-5*e^2* \\
& (3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4])/(4*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x^2)^2) + \\
& ((-3*e^2*(29*c^2*d^4 - 14*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*x*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4])/(2* \\
& d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x^2)) + (-(c*((3*a^(3/4))*e*(29*c^2*d^4 - 14*a*c*d \\
& ^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/ \\
& 4)], -1])/(c^(3/4)*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) + (a^(1/4)*(57*c^2*d^5 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 \\
& + 5*a^2*d*e^4 - (3*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e*(29*c^2*d^4 - 14*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4))/\text{S} \\
& \text{qrt}[c])* \text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c \\
& ^{(1/4)*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]})) + (3*a^(1/4)*(35*c^3*d^6 - 7*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 17* \\
& a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticPi}[-((\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)/(\text{S} \\
& \text{qrt}[c]*d)), \text{ArcSin}[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(1/4)*d*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4])) \\
& / (2*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) / (4*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) / (6*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)*(G_x_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 762

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 765

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 1389

$$\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d/\text{Sqrt}[a] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NegQ}[c/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 1390 $\text{Int}[\frac{(d_+) + (e_-)(x_+)^2}{\sqrt{(a_+) + (c_-)(x_+)^4}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\sqrt{1 + c(x^4/a)}/\sqrt{a + cx^4} \text{Int}[(d + ex^2)/\sqrt{1 + c(x^4/a)}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$

rule 1513 $\text{Int}[\frac{(d_+) + (e_-)(x_+)^2}{\sqrt{(a_+) + (c_-)(x_+)^4}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(d*q - e)/q \text{Int}[1/\sqrt{a + cx^4}], x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/q \text{Int}[(1 + qx^2)/\sqrt{a + cx^4}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]$

rule 1542 $\text{Int}[1/((d_+) + (e_-)(x_+)^2)*\sqrt{(a_+) + (c_-)(x_+)^4}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1/(d*\sqrt{a}*q))*\text{EllipticPi}[-e/(d*q^2), \text{ArcSin}[q*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1543 $\text{Int}[1/((d_+) + (e_-)(x_+)^2)*\sqrt{(a_+) + (c_-)(x_+)^4}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\sqrt{1 + c(x^4/a)}/\sqrt{a + cx^4} \text{Int}[1/((d + ex^2)*\sqrt{1 + c(x^4/a)}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1552 $\text{Int}[\frac{(d_+) + (e_-)(x_+)^2)^{(q_+)}}{\sqrt{(a_+) + (c_-)(x_+)^4}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\frac{(-e^2)*x*(d + ex^2)^{(q+1)}*(\sqrt{a + cx^4})/(2*d*(q+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))}{}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d*(q+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[\frac{(d + ex^2)^{(q+1)}}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}}]*\text{Simp}[a*e^2*(2*q+3) + 2*c*d^2*(q+1) - 2*e*c*d*(q+1)*x^2 + c*e^2*(2*q+5)*x^4, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[q, -1]$

rule 2211 $\text{Int}[\frac{(P4x_+)*((d_+) + (e_-)(x_+)^2)^{(q_+)}}{\sqrt{(a_+) + (c_-)(x_+)^4}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{A = \text{Coeff}[P4x, x, 0], B = \text{Coeff}[P4x, x, 2], C = \text{Coeff}[P4x, x, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(-C*d^2 - B*d*e + A*e^2)*x*(d + ex^2)^{(q+1)}*(\sqrt{a + cx^4})/(2*d*(q+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d*(q+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[\frac{(d + ex^2)^{(q+1)}}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}}]*\text{Simp}[a*d*(C*d - B*e) + A*(a*e^2*(2*q+3) + 2*c*d^2*(q+1)) + 2*d*(B*c*d - A*c*e + a*C*e)*(q+1)*x^2 + c*(C*d^2 - B*d*e + A*e^2)*(2*q+5)*x^4, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PolyQ}[P4x, x^2] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Expon}[P4x, x], 4] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[q, -1]$

rule 2235

```
Int[(P4x_)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] :>
With[{A = Coeff[P4x, x, 0], B = Coeff[P4x, x, 2], C = Coeff[P4x, x, 4]}, Si
mp[-(e^2)^(-1) Int[(C*d - B*e - C*e*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[(
C*d^2 - B*d*e + A*e^2)/e^2 Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /
; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[P4x, x^2, 2] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1419 vs. $2(489) = 978$.

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1420, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1420
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1420

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^4/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/6*e^2/d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^3+5/24*e^2*(a*e^2-3*c
*d^2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d^2*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2+1/16*e^2*(5*a^2*e
^4-14*a*c*d^2*e^2+29*c^2*d^4)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/d^3*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^
2+d)+19/16*c^3*d^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*
c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*Ellipt
icF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-35/16/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*d^2/(1/a^(1/2)*c^
(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/
2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1
/2)/d,(-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*c^3+5/48*c/d^2
/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)
*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c
^(1/2))^(1/2),I)*a^2*e^4-1/24*c^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)
*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+
a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)*a*e^2-5/16*c^(1/2)*e^5/(
a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/d^3*a^(5/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*
x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1
/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+7/8*c^(3/2)*e^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/d*a^(3/2)/(1/a^
(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*
x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-29/16
*c^(5/2)*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*d*a^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(...

```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^4 \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^4/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**4/(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a - c*x**4)*(d + e*x**2)**4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^4/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^4/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (ex^2 + d)^4} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^4),x)`output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^4), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-ce^4x^{12} - 4cde^3x^{10} + ae^4x^8 - 6cd^2e^2x^8 + 4ade^3x^6 - 4cd^3ex^6 + 6ad^2e^2x^4 - cd^4x^4 + 4ad^3ex^2 + a}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^4/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a*d**4 + 4*a*d**3*e*x**2 + 6*a*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 4*a*d*e**3*x**6 + a*e**4*x**8 - c*d**4*x**4 - 4*c*d**3*e*x**6 - 6*c*d**2*e**2*x**8 - 4*c*d*e**3*x**10 - c*e**4*x**12),x)`

3.413 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3306
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3307
Rubi [A] (verified)	3307
Maple [A] (verified)	3311
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3312
Sympy [F]	3312
Maxima [F]	3313
Giac [F]	3313
Mupad [F(-1)]	3313
Reduce [F]	3314

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 226

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\left(cd\left(d^2 + \frac{3ae^2}{c}\right) + e(3cd^2 + ae^2)x^2\right)}{2ac\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{3e(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{2^4\sqrt{ac}^{7/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{(c^{3/2}d^3 + 3\sqrt{acd^2e} - 3a\sqrt{cde^2} + 3a^{3/2}e^3)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{2a^{3/4}c^{7/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(c*d*(d^2+3*a*e^2/c)+e*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x^2)/a/c/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-3/2
*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(1/4)/
c^(7/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*(c^(3/2)*d^3+3*a^(1/2)*c*d^2*e-3*a*c^(1/2)*d*
e^2+3*a^(3/2)*e^3)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(3/4
)/c^(7/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cd^3x + ae^2x(3d - 2ex^2) + d(cd^2 - 3ae^2)x\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)}{2ac\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^3/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(c*d^3*x + a*e^2*x*(3*d - 2*e*x^2) + d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*x*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a] + 2*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^3*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, (c*x^4)/a])/(2*a*c*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1519, 25, 2397, 27, 1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1519}$$

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{3cde^2x^4 + 3e(cd^2 + ae^2)x^2 + cd^3}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx}{c} - \frac{e^3x^3}{c\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3cde^2x^4 + 3e(cd^2 + ae^2)x^2 + cd^3}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx}{c} - \frac{e^3x^3}{c\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2397 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{c(d(cd^2-3ae^2)-3e(cd^2+ae^2)x^2)}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx + \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2+cd^2)+d(3ae^2+cd^2))}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{c} - \frac{e^3x^3}{c\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d(cd^2-3ae^2)-3e(cd^2+ae^2)x^2}{2a} dx + \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2+cd^2)+d(3ae^2+cd^2))}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{c} - \frac{e^3x^3}{c\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
 & \downarrow 1513 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(3a^{3/2}e^3+3\sqrt{a}cd^2e-3a\sqrt{c}de^2+c^{3/2}d^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{3\sqrt{a}e(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2+cd^2)+d(3ae^2+cd^2))}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{c} - \frac{e^3x^3}{c\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(3a^{3/2}e^3+3\sqrt{a}cd^2e-3a\sqrt{c}de^2+c^{3/2}d^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{3e(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2+cd^2)+d(3ae^2+cd^2))}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{c} - \frac{e^3x^3}{c\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
 & \downarrow 765 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(3a^{3/2}e^3+3\sqrt{a}cd^2e-3a\sqrt{c}de^2+c^{3/2}d^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{3e(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2+cd^2)+d(3ae^2+cd^2))}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{c} - \frac{e^3x^3}{c\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
 & \downarrow 762 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(3a^{3/2}e^3+3\sqrt{a}cd^2e-3a\sqrt{c}de^2+c^{3/2}d^3) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right), -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{3e(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2+cd^2)+d(3ae^2+cd^2))}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{c} - \frac{e^3x^3}{c\sqrt{a-cx^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1390

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(3a^{3/2}e^3+3\sqrt{acd^2e}-3a\sqrt{cde^2}+c^{3/2}d^3)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),-1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{3e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(ae^2+cd^2)\int\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}dx}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2+cd^2)+d)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$\frac{e^3x^3}{c\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

↓ 1389

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(3a^{3/2}e^3+3\sqrt{acd^2e}-3a\sqrt{cde^2}+c^{3/2}d^3)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),-1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(ae^2+cd^2)\int\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}}dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2+cd^2)+d)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$\frac{e^3x^3}{c\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(3a^{3/2}e^3+3\sqrt{acd^2e}-3a\sqrt{cde^2}+c^{3/2}d^3)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),-1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{3a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(ae^2+cd^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{x(3ex^2(ae^2+cd^2)+d)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$\frac{e^3x^3}{c\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^3/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-((e^3*x^3)/(c*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])) + ((x*(d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) + 3*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^2))/(2*a*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + ((-3*a^(3/4)*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(3/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + (a^(1/4)*(c^(3/2)*d^3 + 3*Sqrt[a]*c*d^2*e - 3*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + 3*a^(3/2)*e^3)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(3/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])/(2*a))/c
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \text{ Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{x}], \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*\text{d}))], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]*\text{x}], -1], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(x^4/\text{a})]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^4] \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(x^4/\text{a})], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 1389 $\text{Int}[((\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}] \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{e}*(x^2/\text{d})]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{e}*(x^2/\text{d})], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 1390 $\text{Int}[((\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{c}*(x^4/\text{a})]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4] \text{ Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{c}*(x^4/\text{a})], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(LtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0])$
- rule 1513 $\text{Int}[((\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[-\text{c}/\text{a}, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{d}*q - \text{e})/\text{q} \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4], \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{e}/\text{q} \text{ Int}[(1 + \text{q}*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4], \text{x}], \text{x}]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2, 0]$

rule 1519

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[e^q*x^(2*q - 3)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(c*(4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c
*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^4)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(d + e*
x^2)^q - a*(2*q - 3)*e^q*x^(2*q - 4) - c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*e^q*x^(2*q), x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[q, 1]
```

rule 2397

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq,
x]}, Module[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[b^(Floor[(q - 1)/n] + 1)*Pq, a + b*x^n,
x], R = PolynomialRemainder[b^(Floor[(q - 1)/n] + 1)*Pq, a + b*x^n, x]}, S
imp[(-x)*R*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*b^(Floor[(q - 1)/n] + 1))), x]
+ Simp[1/(a*n*(p + 1)*b^(Floor[(q - 1)/n] + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*
ExpandToSum[a*n*(p + 1)*Q + n*(p + 1)*R + D[x*R, x], x], x]] /; GeQ[q,
n]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{2c \left(\frac{e(ae^2+3cd^2)x^3}{4c^2a} + \frac{d(3ae^2+cd^2)x}{4c^2a} \right)}{\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{a}{c})c}} + \frac{\left(-\frac{3de^2}{c} + \frac{d(3ae^2+cd^2)}{2ac} \right) \sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-cx^4+a}} - \frac{\left(-\frac{e^3}{c} - \frac{e}{c} \right)}{\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{a}{c})c}}$
default	$d^3 \left(\frac{x}{2a\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{a}{c})c}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2a\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-cx^4+a}} \right) + e^3 \left(\frac{x^3}{2c\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{a}{c})c}} + \frac{3\sqrt{a} \sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{2c\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{a}{c})c}} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*c*(1/4*e*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/c^2/a*x^3+1/4*d*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^2/a*x)/(-x^4
-1/c*a)*c)^(1/2)+(-3*d*e^2/c+1/2*d*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/c)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)
)^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-
c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2), I)-(-e^3/c-1/2*e*(a*e
^2+3*c*d^2)/a/c)*a^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^
2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(Ellipti
cF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2), I)-EllipticE(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2), I)
)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3((ac^2d^2e + a^2ce^3)x^5 - (a^2cd^2e + a^3e^3)x)\sqrt{-c}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + ((c^3d^3$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(3*((a*c^2*d^2*e + a^2*c*e^3)*x^5 - (a^2*c*d^2*e + a^3*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c)*(a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + ((c^3*d^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e - 3*a*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*e^3)*x^5 - (a*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e - 3*a^2*c*d*e^2 - 3*a^3*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c)*(a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (2*a^2*c*e^3*x^4 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e - 3*a^3*e^3 - (a*c^2*d^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/(a^2*c^3*x^5 - a^3*c^2*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a - cx^4)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**3/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**3/(a - c*x**4)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{(-cx^4 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^3/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{(-cx^4 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^3/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^3/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^3/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}de^2x - \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}e^3x^3 - 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx\right)a^2de^2 + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx\right)a^2de^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*d*e**2*x - sqrt(a - c*x**4)*e**3*x**3 - 3*int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*a**2*d*e**2 + int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*a*c*d**3 + 3*int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*a*c*d*e**2*x**4 - int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*c**2*d**3*x**4 + 3*int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*a**2*e**3 + 3*int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*a*c*d**2*e - 3*int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*a*c*e**3*x**4 - 3*int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*c**2*d**2*e*x**4)/(c*(a - c*x**4))`

3.414 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3315
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3316
Rubi [A] (verified)	3316
Maple [A] (verified)	3320
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3320
Sympy [F]	3321
Maxima [F]	3321
Giac [F]	3322
Mupad [F(-1)]	3322
Reduce [F]	3322

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\left(d^2 + \frac{ae^2}{c} + 2dex^2\right)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{de\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{ac^3}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{(cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{2a^{3/4}c^{5/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(d^2+a*e^2/c+2*d*e*x^2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-d*e*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(1/4)/c^(3/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*(c*d^2+2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e-a*e^2)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(3/4)/c^(5/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(cd^2 + ae^2)x + 3(cd^2 - ae^2)x\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + 4cdex^3}{6ac\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + 3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x*sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a] + 4*c*d*e*x^3*sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, (c*x^4)/a])/(6*a*c*sqrt[a - c*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.455$, Rules used = {1519, 1493, 25, 1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1519 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{cd^2 + 2cex^2d - ae^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx}{c} + \frac{e^2x}{c\sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1493 \\ & \frac{x(-ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4}} - \frac{\int -\frac{cd^2 - 2cex^2d - ae^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{2a} + \frac{e^2x}{c\sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{cd^2 - 2cex^2d - ae^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{2a} + \frac{x(-ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{e^2x}{c\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

↓ 1513

$$\frac{(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{2a} + \frac{x(-ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{e^2x}{c\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx - 2\sqrt{cde} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{2a} + \frac{x(-ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{e^2x}{c\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

↓ 765

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} (2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} \cdot 2a} - 2\sqrt{cde} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{x(-ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{e^2x}{c\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} (2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + cd^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{a - cx^4} \cdot 2a} - 2\sqrt{cde} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx + \frac{x(-ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{e^2x}{c\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

↓ 1390

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} (2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + cd^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{a - cx^4} \cdot 2a} - \frac{2\sqrt{cde}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{x(-ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{e^2x}{c\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

↓ 1389

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2+cd^2)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),-1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\int\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{a}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^2}{a}}}dx}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{2a} + \frac{x(-ae^2+cd^2+2cdex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{e^2x}{c\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2+cd^2)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),-1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{2a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{Cde}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{2a} + \frac{x(-ae^2+cd^2+2cdex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{e^2x}{c\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x^2)^2/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

```
output (e^2*x)/(c*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + ((x*(c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x^2))/(2*a*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + ((-2*a^(3/4)*c^(1/4)*d*e*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/Sqrt[a - c*x^4] + (a^(1/4)*(c*d^2 + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]))/(2*a))/c
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 327 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1389 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d/\text{Sqrt}[a] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1390 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(LtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])]$

rule 1493 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^{(p+1)}/(4*a*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(4*a*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[\text{Simp}[d*(4*p+5) + e*(4*p+7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1513 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(d*q - e)/q \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/q \ \text{Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]$

rule 1519 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e^q*x^{(2*q-3)*((a + c*x^4)^{(p+1)}/(c*(4*p+2*q+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(4*p+2*q+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + c*x^4)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[c*(4*p+2*q+1)*(d + e*x^2)^q - a*(2*q-3)*e^q*x^{(2*q-4)} - c*(4*p+2*q+1)*e^q*x^{(2*q)}, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[q, 1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{2c \left(\frac{edx^3}{2ac} + \frac{(ae^2+cd^2)x}{4ac^2} \right)}{\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{a}{c})c}} + \frac{\left(-\frac{e^2}{c} + \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{2ac} \right) \sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-cx^4+a}} + \frac{ed\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{-cx^4+a}}$
default	$d^2 \left(\frac{x}{2a\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{a}{c})c}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2a\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-cx^4+a}} \right) + e^2 \left(\frac{x}{2c\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{a}{c})c}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2c\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-cx^4+a}} \right)$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*c*(1/2/a*e/c*d*x^3+1/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/c^2*x)/(-(x^4-1/c*a)*c)^(1/2)+(-e^2/c+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/c)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+1/a^(1/2)*e*d/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2dex^4 - acde)\sqrt{a}\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(x\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right) \mid -1\right) - ((c^2d^2 + 2c^2de - ace^2)x^4 - acd^2 - 2acde + a^2e^2)\sqrt{a}}{2(ac^3x^4 - a^2c^2)}$$

```
input integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*(2*(c^2*d*e*x^4 - a*c*d*e)*sqrt(a)*(c/a)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*(c/a)^(1/4)), -1) - ((c^2*d^2 + 2*c^2*d*e - a*c*e^2)*x^4 - a*c*d^2 - 2*a*c*d*e + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(a)*(c/a)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*(c/a)^(1/4)), -1) + (2*c^2*d*e*x^3 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^4 + a))/(a*c^3*x^4 - a^2*c^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a - cx^4)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**2/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x**2)**2/(a - c*x**4)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(-cx^4 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} e^2 x - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{c^2 x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) a^2 e^2 + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{c^2 x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) ac d^2 + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{c^2 x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) a^2 d^2}{c^2 x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(a - c*x**4)*e**2*x - int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*
x**8),x)*a**2*e**2 + int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),
x)*a*c*d**2 + int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*a*c*
e**2*x**4 - int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*c**2*d
**2*x**4 + 2*int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x
)*a*c*d*e - 2*int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),
x)*c**2*d*e*x**4)/(c*(a - c*x**4))
```

3.415
$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3324
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3325
Rubi [A] (verified)	3325
Maple [A] (verified)	3328
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3329
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3329
Maxima [F]	3330
Giac [F]	3330
Mupad [F(-1)]	3330
Reduce [F]	3331

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ac^3}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{2a^{3/4}c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(e*x^2+d)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/2*e*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(1/4)/c^(3/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(3/4)/c^(3/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3dx + 3dx\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + 2ex^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)}{6a\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(3*d*x + 3*d*x*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a] + 2*e*x^3*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, (c*x^4)/a])/(6*a*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$, Rules used = {1493, 25, 1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1493} \\ & \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4}} - \frac{\int -\frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{2a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{d - ex^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{2a} + \frac{x(d + ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1513} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 765 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 762 \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1390 \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1389 \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+1}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 327 \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

Int[(d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]

output
$$\frac{(x*(d + e*x^2))/(2*a*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) + (-((a^{(3/4)}*e*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}], -1])/(c^{(3/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4])) + (a^{(1/4)}*(d + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)/\text{Sqrt}[c])* \text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^{(1/4)}*x)/a^{(1/4)}], -1])/(c^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]))/(2*a)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25
$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 327
$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 762
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 765
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 1389
$$\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d/\text{Sqrt}[a] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 1390
$$\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$$

rule 1493

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x
)*(d + e*x^2)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(4*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(4*a*(p + 1)
) Int[Simp[d*(4*p + 5) + e*(4*p + 7)*x^2, x]*(a + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]
```

rule 1513

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[-c/a, 2]}, Simp[(d*q - e)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[e/q
Int[(1 + q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && Neg
Q[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{2c\left(\frac{ex^3}{4ac} + \frac{dx}{4ac}\right)}{\sqrt{-(x^4 - \frac{a}{c})c}} + \frac{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2a\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} + \frac{e\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}\sqrt{c}}$
default	$d\left(\frac{x}{2a\sqrt{-(x^4 - \frac{a}{c})c}} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2a\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}\right) + e\left(\frac{x^3}{2a\sqrt{-(x^4 - \frac{a}{c})c}} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}\sqrt{c}}\right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*c*(1/4/a*e/c*x^3+1/4*d/a/c*x)/(-x^4-1/c*a)*c^(1/2)+1/2*d/a/(1/a^(1/2)*
c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(
1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2), I)+1/2/a^(1/2)
*e/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*
c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)
))^(1/2), I)-EllipticE(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2), I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(cex^4 - ae)\sqrt{a}\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E(\arcsin\left(x\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right) \mid -1) - ((cd + ce)x^4 - ad - ae)\sqrt{a}\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F(\arcsin\left(x\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right) \mid -1)}{2(ac^2x^4 - a^2c)}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*((c*e*x^4 - a*e)*sqrt(a)*(c/a)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin(x*(c/a)^(1/4)), -1) - ((c*d + c*e)*x^4 - a*d - a*e)*sqrt(a)*(c/a)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*(c/a)^(1/4)), -1) + (c*e*x^3 + c*d*x)*sqrt(-c*x^4 + a))/(a*c^2*x^4 - a^2*c)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{dx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*a** (3/2)*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, 3/2), (7/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*a** (3/2)*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} x^2}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*d + int((sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)*e`

3.416 $\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3332
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3332
Rubi [A] (verified)	3333
Maple [A] (verified)	3334
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3335
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3335
Maxima [F]	3335
Giac [F]	3336
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3336
Reduce [F]	3336

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{2a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output `1/2*x/a/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),1)/a^(3/4)/c^(1/4)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x + x\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^(-3/2),x]`

output $(x + x\sqrt{1 - (c*x^4)/a})*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a])/(2*a*\sqrt{a - c*x^4})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {749, 765, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 749 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx}{2a} + \frac{x}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 765 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{x}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 762 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{2a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{x}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4}} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a - c*x^4)^{-3/2}, x]$

output $x/(2*a*\sqrt{a - c*x^4}) + (\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^{1/4})*x/a^{1/4}], -1])/(2*a^{3/4}*c^{1/4}*\sqrt{a - c*x^4})$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 749 $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}]^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1))/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_+) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x}{2a\sqrt{-(x^4 - \frac{a}{c})c}} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2a\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}$	90
elliptic	$\frac{x}{2a\sqrt{-(x^4 - \frac{a}{c})c}} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2a\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}$	90

input `int(1/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}x/a/(-(x^4-1/c*a)*c)^{(1/2)}+1/2/a/(1/a^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(1-1/a^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*x^2)^{(1/2)}*(1+1/a^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*x^2)^{(1/2)}/(-c*x^4+a)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(x*(1/a^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}, I)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(cx^4 - a)\sqrt{a}\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{3/4} F(\arcsin\left(x\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{1/4}\right) | -1) - \sqrt{-cx^4 + acx}}{2(ac^2x^4 - a^2c)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*((c*x^4 - a)*sqrt(a)*(c/a)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin(x*(c/a)^(1/4)), -1) - sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*c*x)/(a*c^2*x^4 - a^2*c)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{2i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4a^{3/2}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`output `x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/(4*a**(3/2)*gamma(5/4))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(-3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(-3/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}; \frac{5}{4}; \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `(x*(1 - (c*x^4)/a)^(3/2)*hypergeom([1/4, 3/2], 5/4, (c*x^4)/a))/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{c^2x^8 - 2acx^4 + a^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**2 - 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)`

3.417 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3338
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3339
Rubi [A] (verified)	3339
Maple [A] (verified)	3344
Fricas [F]	3345
Sympy [F]	3345
Maxima [F]	3346
Giac [F]	3346
Mupad [F(-1)]	3346
Reduce [F]	3347

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 278

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{ce}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{2a^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{cd}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*c^(1/4)*e*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(1/4)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*c^(1/4)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-a^(1/4)*e^2*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,I)/c^(1/4)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = -\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}cd^2x + \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}cdex^3 + i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}x\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])])*c*d^2*x) + Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*c*d*e*x^3 + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1] - I*Sqrt[c]*d*(-(Sqrt[c]*d) + Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1] - (2*I)*a*e^2*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1)]/(2*a*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*d*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.636$, Rules used = {1550, 25, 27, 1493, 25, 1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327, 1543, 1542}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)} dx$$

↓ 1550

$$-\frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{c(d-ex^2)}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{c(d-ex^2)}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex^2}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1493 \\
& \frac{c \left(\frac{x(d-ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{\int -\frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{2a} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{c \left(\frac{\int \frac{ex^2+d}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{2a} + \frac{x(d-ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1513 \\
& \frac{c \left(\frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d-ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{c \left(\frac{\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx + \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d-ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 765 \\
& \frac{c \left(\frac{\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx + \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d-ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 762
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \left(\frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), -1 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{C} \sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d-ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
 \downarrow \text{1390} \\
 \left(\frac{e \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), -1 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{C} \sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d-ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
 \downarrow \text{1389} \\
 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), -1 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{C} \sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{2a} + \frac{x(d-ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
 \downarrow \text{327} \\
 \left(\frac{a^{3/4} e \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right) \middle| -1 \right) + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), -1 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{C} \sqrt{a-cx^4}}}{c^{3/4} \sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{x(d-ex^2)}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
 \downarrow \text{1543}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{a^{3/4} e \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{2a \sqrt[4]{C} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{x(d - ex^2)}{2a \sqrt{a - cx^4}} \right) \\
 & \frac{e^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1542} \\
 & \left(\frac{a^{3/4} e \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{2a \sqrt[4]{C} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{x(d - ex^2)}{2a \sqrt{a - cx^4}} \right) \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae^2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{cd} \sqrt{a - cx^4} (cd^2 - ae^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(c*((x*(d - e*x^2))/(2*a*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + ((a^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a])*EllipticE[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(3/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]) + (a^(1/4)*(d - (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) - (a^(1/4)*e^2*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(c^(1/4)*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{x}], \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*\text{d}))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, 4]*\text{x}], -1], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(x^4/\text{a})]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^4] \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{b}*(x^4/\text{a})], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 1389 $\text{Int}[((\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{e}*(x^2/\text{d})]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{e}*(x^2/\text{d})], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 1390 $\text{Int}[((\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{c}*(x^4/\text{a})]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4] \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{c}*(x^4/\text{a})], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(LtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0])$
- rule 1493 $\text{Int}[((\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{x})*(\text{d} + \text{e}*x^2)*(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4)^{(\text{p} + 1)/(4*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1))}, \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(4*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Simp}[\text{d}*(4*\text{p} + 5) + \text{e}*(4*\text{p} + 7)*x^2, \text{x}]*(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^4)^{(\text{p} + 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*\text{p}]$

rule 1513 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-c/a, 2]}, Simp[(d*q - e)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[e/q Int[(1 + q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NegQ[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1542 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1/(d*Sqrt[a]*q))*EllipticPi[-e/(d*q^2), ArcSin[q*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1543 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4 Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1550 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(p + 1/2)/e^(2*p + 1) Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x] + Simp[(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(p + 1/2) Int[(a + c*x^4)^p*ExpandToSum[((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(-p - 1/2) - e^(-2*p - 1)*(a + c*x^4)^(-p - 1/2))/(d + e*x^2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
default	$\frac{2c \left(\frac{e x^3}{4a(ae^2 - cd^2)} - \frac{dx}{4a(ae^2 - cd^2)} \right)}{\sqrt{-(x^4 - \frac{a}{c})c}} - \frac{cd \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2a(ae^2 - cd^2) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} + \frac{\sqrt{c}e \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2\sqrt{a}(ae^2 - cd^2) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}$
elliptic	$\frac{2c \left(\frac{e x^3}{4a(ae^2 - cd^2)} - \frac{dx}{4a(ae^2 - cd^2)} \right)}{\sqrt{-(x^4 - \frac{a}{c})c}} - \frac{cd \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2a(ae^2 - cd^2) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} + \frac{\sqrt{c}e \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2\sqrt{a}(ae^2 - cd^2) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
2*c*(1/4/a*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*x^3-1/4*d/a/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*x)/(-(x^4-1/c*a)*c)^(
1/2)-1/2*c/a*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)
)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*
(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+1/2*c^(1/2)/a^(1/2)*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(1/a^(1/2)
)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)
^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-1/2*c^(1/2)
/a^(1/2)*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*
x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(1
/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+1/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*e^2/d/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)
*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)
^(1/2)*EllipticPi(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,(-1/a^(
1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{3/2}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/(c^2*e*x^10 + c^2*d*x^8 - 2*a*c*e*x^6 - 2*a*c*d*
x^4 + a^2*e*x^2 + a^2*d), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}(d + ex^2)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((a - c*x**4)**(3/2)*(d + e*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{c^2ex^{10} + c^2dx^8 - 2acex^6 - 2acd x^4 + a^2ex^2 + a^2d} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)`

$$3.418 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 (a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3348
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3349
Rubi [A] (verified)	3350
Maple [B] (verified)	3351
Fricas [F(-1)]	3353
Sympy [F]	3353
Maxima [F]	3353
Giac [F]	3354
Mupad [F(-1)]	3354
Reduce [F]	3354

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 420

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 (a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\ &+ \frac{e^2(2cd^2+ae^2)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2ad(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex^2)} \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{ce}(2cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ad}(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{2a^{3/4}d(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\ &- \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae^2}(7cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{cd^2}(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/2*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*e^2*(a*
e^2+2*c*d^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)+1/2*c^(1/4)
*e*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(1/4)
)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*c^(1/4)*(c*d^2-a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d
*e+a*e^2)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(3/4)/d/(c^(1
/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/2*a^(1/4)*e^2*(-a*e^2+7
*c*d^2)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/
d,I)/c^(1/4)/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}d(ae^4x(a-cx^4)+cdx(d+ex^2)(ae^2+cd(d-2ex^2)))} - i(d+ex^2)}{(d+ex^2)^2(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```

(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*d*(a*e^4*x*(a - c*x^4) + c*d*x*(d + e*x^2)*(a*e^
2 + c*d*(d - 2*e*x^2))) - I*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[
c]*d*e*(2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x],
-1] + Sqrt[c]*d*(c^(3/2)*d^3 - 2*Sqrt[a]*c*d^2*e + 2*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 - a^(
3/2)*e^3)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1] + a*e^2*(-7
*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*EllipticPi[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sq
rt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1]))/(2*a*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2)^
2*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 604, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1557, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1557

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cde^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2) (ae^2 - cd^2)^2} + \frac{e^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2)^2 (ae^2 - cd^2)} - \frac{c(-ae^2 - cd^2 + 2cde x^2)}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (ae^2 - cd^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c^{3/4} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), -1 \right)}{2a^{3/4} \sqrt{a - cx^4} (\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^2} + \frac{a^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{ce^3} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right) \middle| -1 \right)}{2d\sqrt{a - cx^4} (cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{c^{5/4} de \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right) \middle| -1 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{a - cx^4} (cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{2\sqrt[4]{ac^3} e^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), -1 \right)}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{ce^2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), -1 \right)}{2d\sqrt{a - cx^4} (\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}) (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae^2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} (3cd^2 - ae^2) \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), -1 \right)}{2\sqrt[4]{cd^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} (cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{cx(ae^2 + cd^2 - 2cde x^2)}{2a\sqrt{a - cx^4} (cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{e^4 x \sqrt{a - cx^4}}{2d(d + ex^2) (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (c*x*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*x^2))/(2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4] \\ &) + (e^4*x*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4])/(2*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x^2)) + (c^{5/4} \\ & *d*e*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^{1/4}*x)/a^{1/4}], -1])/(a^{1/4} \\ & *(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) + (a^{3/4}*c^{1/4}*e^3*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c* \\ & x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^{1/4}*x)/a^{1/4}], -1])/(2*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 \\ & *\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) + (c^{3/4}*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^{1/4} \\ & *x)/a^{1/4}], -1])/(2*a^{3/4}*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) + \\ & (a^{1/4}*c^{1/4}*e^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^{1/4}*x)/a^{1/4} \\ &], -1])/(2*d*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) \\ & - (2*a^{1/4}*c^{3/4}*e^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticPi}[-((\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)/(\text{Sqr} \\ & t[c]*d)), \text{ArcSin}[(c^{1/4}*x)/a^{1/4}], -1])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a - c* \\ & x^4]) - (a^{1/4}*e^2*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticPi}[-((\text{S} \\ & qrt}[a]*e)/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d)), \text{ArcSin}[(c^{1/4}*x)/a^{1/4}], -1])/(2*c^{1/4}*d^2*(\\ & c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1557

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_)+ (e_)*(x_)^2\}^{(q_)}*\{(a_)+ (c_)*(x_)^4\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Module}[\{aa, cc\}, \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[1/\text{Sqrt}[aa + cc*x^4], (d + e*x^2)^q*(aa + cc*x^4)^{p + 1/2}, x] /. \{aa \rightarrow a, cc \rightarrow c\}, x]] /. \{FreeQ[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[q, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p + 1/2]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /. \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 864 vs. $2(358) = 716$.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 865, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

method	result
default	$\frac{2c\left(-\frac{ecd x^3}{2a(ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \frac{(ae^2+cd^2)x}{4a(ae^2-cd^2)^2}\right)}{\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{a}{c})c}} + \frac{e^4 x \sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{2d(ae^2-cd^2)^2(e^2x^2+d)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)e^2c}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}(ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}$
elliptic	$\frac{2c\left(-\frac{ecd x^3}{2a(ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \frac{(ae^2+cd^2)x}{4a(ae^2-cd^2)^2}\right)}{\sqrt{-(x^4-\frac{a}{c})c}} + \frac{e^4 x \sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{2d(ae^2-cd^2)^2(e^2x^2+d)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)e^2c}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}(ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

2*c*(-1/2/a*e*c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*x^3+1/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*x)/(-x^4-1/c*a)*c^(1/2)+1/2*e^4/d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)+1/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)*e^2*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2+1/2/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)*c^2/a/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*d^2-1/a^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*e*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+1/a^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*e*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*EllipticE(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-1/2*a^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*e^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*d*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+1/2*a^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*e^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*d*EllipticE(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+1/2*e^4/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d^2/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,(-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)...
    
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**2/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a - c*x**4)**(3/2)*(d + e*x**2)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{c^2 e^2 x^{12} + 2c^2 d e x^{10} - 2ac e^2 x^8 + c^2 d^2 x^8 - 4ac d e x^6 + a^2 e^2 x^4 - 2ac d^2 x^4}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**2*d**2 + 2*a**2*d*e*x**2 + a**2*e**2*x**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*x**4 - 4*a*c*d*e*x**6 - 2*a*c*e**2*x**8 + c**2*d**2*x**8 + 2*c**2*d*e*x**10 + c**2*e**2*x**12),x)`

3.419 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 (a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3355
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3356
Rubi [A] (verified)	3357
Maple [B] (verified)	3360
Fricas [F(-1)]	3361
Sympy [F]	3361
Maxima [F]	3361
Giac [F]	3362
Mupad [F(-1)]	3362
Reduce [F]	3362

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 562

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 (a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{e^2(4cd^2+ae^2)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{4ad(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{3e^2(4c^2d^4+7acd^2e^2-a^2e^4)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{8ad^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex^2)} + \frac{3\sqrt[4]{ce}(4c^2d^4+7acd^2e^2-a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{8\sqrt[4]{ad^2}(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(4c^2d^4-8\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}d^3e+19acd^2e^2-2a^{3/2}\sqrt{cde}^3-3a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{8a^{3/4}d^2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{3\sqrt[4]{ae}^2(21c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{8\sqrt[4]{cd^3}(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

1/2*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/4*e^2*(
a*e^2+4*c*d^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^2+3/8*e^2
*(-a^2*e^4+7*a*c*d^2*e^2+4*c^2*d^4)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2
)^3/(e*x^2+d)+3/8*c^(1/4)*e*(-a^2*e^4+7*a*c*d^2*e^2+4*c^2*d^4)*(1-c*x^4/a)
^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(1/4)/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(-c*x^4
+a)^(1/2)+1/8*c^(1/4)*(4*c^2*d^4-8*a^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*d^3*e+19*a*c*d^2*e^2-2*
a^(3/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e^3-3*a^2*e^4)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(
1/4),I)/a^(3/4)/d^2/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^2/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^3/(-c*x^
4+a)^(1/2)-3/8*a^(1/4)*e^2*(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+21*c^2*d^4)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(
1/2)*EllipticPi(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,I)/c^(1/4)/d^3/(-a
*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{a}} dx \left(2ade^4(cd^2 - ae^2)(a - cx^4) + ae^4(17cd^2 - 3ae^2)(d + ex^2)(a - cx^4) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^3*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```

(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*d*x*(2*a*d*e^4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a - c*x^4) + a*e
^4*(17*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x^2)*(a - c*x^4) + 4*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x^2)^2*
(c*d^2*(d - 3*e*x^2) + a*e^2*(3*d - e*x^2))) + I*(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c
*x^4)/a]*(3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*(-4*c^2*d^4 - 7*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*Ell
ipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1] + (-4*c^3*d^6 + 12*Sqrt[
a]*c^(5/2)*d^5*e - 27*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 21*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2)*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d
^2*e^4 - 3*a^(5/2)*Sqrt[c]*d*e^5)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[
a])]*x], -1] + 3*a*e^2*(21*c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*EllipticPi[-
((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1)]/(8
*a*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2)^3*(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[a - c*x
^4])

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1066, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1557, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1557

$$\int \left(\frac{c^2(d(-3ae^2 - cd^2) - ex^2(-ae^2 - 3cd^2))}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (ae^2 - cd^2)^3} - \frac{ce^2(-ae^2 - 3cd^2)}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2) (ae^2 - cd^2)^3} - \frac{2cde^2}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2)^2 (ae^2 - cd^2)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3(3cd^2 - ae^2) x\sqrt{a - cx^4}e^4}{8d^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ex^2 + d)} + \frac{cx\sqrt{a - cx^4}e^4}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ex^2 + d)} + \frac{x\sqrt{a - cx^4}e^4}{4d (cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ex^2 + d)^2} + \\
& \frac{3a^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{c} (3cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right) e^3}{8d^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \\
& \frac{a^{3/4} c^{5/4} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right) e^3}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{c} (7cd^2 - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd} - 3ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right) e^2}{8d^2 (\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^2 (\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} c^{5/4} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right) e^2}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) (cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} c^{3/4} (3cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right) e^2}{d (cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} c^{3/4} (3cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right) e^2}{d (cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} - \\
& \frac{3\sqrt[4]{a} (5c^2 d^4 - 2ace^2 d^2 + a^2 e^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right) e^2}{8\sqrt[4]{cd^3} (cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \\
& \frac{c^{5/4} (3cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right) e}{2\sqrt[4]{a} (cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \\
& \frac{c^{5/4} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{2a^{3/4} (\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \frac{c^2 x (d(cd^2 + 3ae^2) - e(3cd^2 + ae^2) x^2)}{2a (cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^3*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (c^2*x*(d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) - e*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^2))/(2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) + (e^4*x*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4])/(4*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (c*e^4*x*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x^2)) + \\
& (3*e^4*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4])/(8*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x^2)) + (a^(3/4)*c^(5/4)*e^3*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) + (3*a^(3/4)*c^(1/4)*e^3*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(8*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) + (c^(5/4)*e*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(2*a^(1/4)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) + (c^(5/4)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(2*a^(3/4)*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^3*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) + (a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*e^2*(7*c*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - 3*a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(8*d^2*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^3*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) + (a^(1/4)*c^(5/4)*e^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) - (a^(1/4)*c^(3/4)*e^2*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticPi}[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), \text{ArcSin}[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) - (a^(1/4)*c^(3/4)*e^2*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticPi}[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), \text{ArcSi...}
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1557

```

Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{aa, cc}, Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/Sqrt[aa + cc*x^4], (d + e*x^2)^q*(aa + cc*x^4)^(p + 1/2), x] /. {aa -> a, cc -> c}, x] /. FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]

```

rule 2009

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /. SumQ[u]

```


Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1323 vs. $2(488) = 976$.

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1324, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1324
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1324

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2*c*(1/4*c*e*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/a/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*x^3-1/4*c*d*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2) \\
& /a/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*x)/(-x^4-1/c*a)*c^(1/2)+1/4*e^4/d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*x*(\\
& -c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2+1/8*e^4*(3*a*e^2-17*c*d^2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/d^2 \\
& *x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)-27/8/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)* \\
& c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*Elliptic \\
& icF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)*c^2*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*e^2-1/2/(1/a^(1/2) \\
&)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2) \\
& ^{(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)*c^3*d^3/a \\
& /a*(e^2-c*d^2)^3+1/8/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(\\
& 1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/ \\
& 2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)*e^4*c/d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*a+21/8*a^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(\\
& 1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2) \\
&)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*e^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1 \\
& /2))^(1/2),I)-21/8*a^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)* \\
& x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*e^3/(a \\
& *e^2-c*d^2)^3*EllipticE(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+3/2/a^(1/2)/(1/a^(1 \\
& /2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^ \\
& 2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*c^(5/2)*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*d^2*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(\\
& 1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-3/2/a^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)* \\
& c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*c^(...
\end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**3/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a - c*x**4)**(3/2)*(d + e*x**2)**3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{c^2 e^3 x^{14} + 3c^2 d e^2 x^{12} - 2ac e^3 x^{10} + 3c^2 d^2 e x^{10} - 6acd e^2 x^8 + c^2 d^3 x^8 + a^2}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**2*d**3 + 3*a**2*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*a**2*d*e**2*x**4 + a**2*e**3*x**6 - 2*a*c*d**3*x**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e*x**6 - 6*a*c*d*e**2*x**8 - 2*a*c*e**3*x**10 + c**2*d**3*x**8 + 3*c**2*d**2*e*x**10 + 3*c**2*d*e**2*x**12 + c**2*e**3*x**14),x)`

3.420 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^4 (a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3363
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3364
Rubi [B] (verified)	3365
Maple [B] (verified)	3368
Fricas [F]	3369
Sympy [F(-1)]	3369
Maxima [F]	3369
Giac [F]	3370
Mupad [F(-1)]	3370
Reduce [F]	3370

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 713

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^4 (a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2(6cd^2+ae^2)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6ad(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex^2)^3} + \frac{e^2(36c^2d^4+39acd^2e^2-5a^2e^4)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{24ad^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2(32c^3d^6+121ac^2d^4e^2-18a^2cd^2e^4+5a^3e^6)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{16ad^3(cd^2-ae^2)^4(d+ex^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{ce}(32c^3d^6+121ac^2d^4e^2-18a^2cd^2e^4+5a^3e^6)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{16\sqrt[4]{ad^3}(cd^2-ae^2)^4\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(24c^3d^6-72\sqrt{ac}^{5/2}d^5e+285ac^2d^4e^2-78a^{3/2}c^{3/2}d^3e^3-44a^2cd^2e^4+10a^{5/2}\sqrt{cde}^5+15a^3e^6)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}}{48a^{3/4}d^3(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^3(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^4\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae^2}(231c^3d^6+33ac^2d^4e^2+21a^2cd^2e^4-5a^3e^6)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}},\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),-1\right)}{16\sqrt[4]{cd^4}(cd^2-ae^2)^4\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

1/2*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/6*e^2*(
a*e^2+6*c*d^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^3+1/24*e^
2*(-5*a^2*e^4+39*a*c*d^2*e^2+36*c^2*d^4)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a/d^2/(-a*e^2+
c*d^2)^3/(e*x^2+d)^2+1/16*e^2*(5*a^3*e^6-18*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+121*a*c^2*d^4*e^
2+32*c^3*d^6)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a/d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(e*x^2+d)+1/16*c^(
1/4)*e*(5*a^3*e^6-18*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+121*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+32*c^3*d^6)*(1-c*x^4/
a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(1/4)/d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(-c*x^
4+a)^(1/2)+1/48*c^(1/4)*(24*c^3*d^6-72*a^(1/2)*c^(5/2)*d^5*e+285*a*c^2*d^
4*e^2-78*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2)*d^3*e^3-44*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+10*a^(5/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e^5
+15*a^3*e^6)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/a^(3/4)/d^3/
(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^3/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^4/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/16*a^(1
/4)*e^2*(-5*a^3*e^6+21*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+33*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+231*c^3*d^6)*(1-c*x^
4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,I)/c^(1/4)/d^
4/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 602, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^4 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} dx \left(8ae^4(cd^3 - ade^2)^2 (a - cx^4) + 2ade^4(-cd^2 + ae^2) (-27cd^2 + 5a) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^4*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]d*x*(8*a*e^4*(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2)^2*(a - c*x^4) + 2
*a*d*e^4*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)*(-27*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*(d + e*x^2)*(a - c*x^4)
+ 3*a*e^4*(89*c^2*d^4 - 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a - c*x
^4) + 24*c^2*d^3*(d + e*x^2)^3*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^3*(d - 4*e*x^2) + 2*a*c*d*
e^2*(3*d - 2*e*x^2))) - I*(d + e*x^2)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*(3*Sqrt[a]*Sqr
t[c]*d*e*(32*c^3*d^6 + 121*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 18*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 5*a^3*e^6)*E
llipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]x], -1] + Sqrt[c]*d*(24*c^(7/2)
*d^7 - 96*Sqrt[a]*c^3*d^6*e + 357*a*c^(5/2)*d^5*e^2 - 363*a^(3/2)*c^2*d^4
*e^3 + 34*a^2*c^(3/2)*d^3*e^4 + 54*a^(5/2)*c*d^2*e^5 + 5*a^3*Sqrt[c]*d*e^6
- 15*a^(7/2)*e^7)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]x], -1] +
3*a*e^2*(-231*c^3*d^6 - 33*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 21*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 5*a^3*e^6)*E
llipticPi[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]x
], -1)]/(48*a*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2)^4*(d + e*x^2)^3*
Sqrt[a - c*x^4])
```

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1700 vs. $2(713) = 1426$.

Time = 5.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1700, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38,
 number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules
 used = {1557, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^4} dx$$

↓ 1557

$$\int \left(\frac{c^2(a^2e^4 + 4cdex^2(-ae^2 - cd^2) + 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (ae^2 - cd^2)^4} + \frac{4c^2de^2(-ae^2 - cd^2)}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2) (ae^2 - cd^2)^4} - \frac{ce^2(-ae^2 - cd^2)}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3c(3cd^2 - ae^2) x\sqrt{a - cx^4}e^4}{4d(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(ex^2 + d)} + \frac{c(3cd^2 + ae^2) x\sqrt{a - cx^4}e^4}{2d(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(ex^2 + d)} + \\
& \frac{(29c^2d^4 - 14ace^2d^2 + 5a^2e^4) x\sqrt{a - cx^4}e^4}{16d^3(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(ex^2 + d)} + \frac{5(3cd^2 - ae^2) x\sqrt{a - cx^4}e^4}{24d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(ex^2 + d)^2} + \\
& \frac{cx\sqrt{a - cx^4}e^4}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(ex^2 + d)^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{a - cx^4}e^4}{6d(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(ex^2 + d)^3} + \\
& \frac{3a^{3/4}c^{5/4}(3cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right) e^3}{4d(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \\
& \frac{a^{3/4}c^{5/4}(3cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right) e^3}{2d(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \\
& \frac{a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{c}(29c^2d^4 - 14ace^2d^2 + 5a^2e^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right) e^3}{16d^3(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{ac}^{5/4}(7cd^2 - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ced} - 3ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right) e^2}{4d(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^3(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{ac}^{5/4}(3cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right) e^2}{2d(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}(57c^2d^4 - 30\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}ed^3 - 32ace^2d^2 + 10a^{3/2}\sqrt{ce}^3d + 15a^2e^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right) e}{48d^3(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^3(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\
& \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ac}^{7/4}(cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right) e^2}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{ac}^{3/4}(9c^2d^4 - a^2e^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right) e^2}{2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} - \\
& \frac{3\sqrt[4]{ac}^{3/4}(5c^2d^4 - 2ace^2d^2 + a^2e^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right) e^2}{4d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(35c^3d^6 - 7ac^2e^2d^4 + 17a^2ce^4d^2 - 5a^3e^6) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right) e^2}{16\sqrt[4]{cd^4}(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \\
& \frac{2c^{9/4}d(cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right) e}{\sqrt[4]{a}(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \\
& \frac{c^{7/4} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{2a^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}} + \\
& \frac{c^2x(c^2d^4 + 6ace^2d^2 - 4ce(cd^2 + ae^2)x^2d + a^2e^4)}{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{a - cx^4}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^4*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (c^2*x*(c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*c*d*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^2))/ \\ & (2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) + (e^4*x*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4])/(6*d*(c* \\ & d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x^2)^3) + (c*e^4*x*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4])/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^ \\ & 2)^3*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (5*e^4*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4])/(24*d^2* \\ & (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (3*c*e^4*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x*\text{Sqrt}[a - c \\ & *x^4])/(4*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x^2)) + (c*e^4*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{rt}[a - c*x^4])/(2*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x^2)) + (e^4*(29*c^2*d^4 - 14 \\ & *a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*x*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4])/(16*d^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d \\ & + e*x^2)) + (3*a^(3/4)*c^(5/4)*e^3*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{E} \\ & \text{llipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(4*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*\text{Sqrt}[a - \\ & c*x^4]) + (2*c^(9/4)*d*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{Ar} \\ & \text{cSin}[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(a^(1/4)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4] \\ &) + (a^(3/4)*c^(5/4)*e^3*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{A} \\ & \text{rcSin}[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(2*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) + \\ & (a^(3/4)*c^(1/4)*e^3*(29*c^2*d^4 - 14*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\\ & c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(16*d^3*(c*d^2 - a*e \\ & ^2)^4*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^4]) + (c^(7/4)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^ \\ & (1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(2*a^(3/4)*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^4*\text{Sqrt}[a - c*x^ \\ & 4]) + (a^(1/4)*c^(5/4)*e^2*(7*c*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - 3*a*e^2)*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1])/(4*d*(\text{Sqrt}...$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1557 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Mod
ule[{aa, cc}, Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/Sqrt[aa + cc*x^4], (d + e*x^2)^q*(aa +
cc*x^4)^(p + 1/2), x] /. {aa -> a, cc -> c}, x]] /. FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x]
&& NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /. SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1796 vs. $2(631) = 1262$.

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1797, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1797
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1797

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^4/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

2*c*(-c^2*e*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*x^3+1/4*c/a*(a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d
^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*x)/(-(x^4-1/c*a)*c)^(1/2)+1/6*e^4/d/(a*e^2
-c*d^2)^2*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^3+1/24*e^4*(5*a*e^2-27*c*d^2)/(a*e^
2-c*d^2)^3/d^2*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2+1/16*e^4*(5*a^2*e^4-18*a*c*d
^2*e^2+89*c^2*d^4)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4/d^3*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)-231/16
*e^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*d^2/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^
2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(x*(1/
a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,(-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1/
a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*c^3+1/2/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(
1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF
(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)*c^4/a/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*d^4+5/16*e^8/(a*e^2-
c*d^2)^4/d^4/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+
1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1
/2))^(1/2),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,(-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1
/2))^(1/2))*a^3-33/16*e^4/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/a
^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
*EllipticPi(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,(-1/a^(1/2)*c
^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*a*c^2+5/48/(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1
/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^
4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)*e^6*c/d^2/(a*e^2-c*...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^4 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^4/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/(c^2*e^4*x^16 + 4*c^2*d*e^3*x^14 + 2*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2 - a*c*e^4)*x^12 + 4*(c^2*d^3*e - 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x^10 + (c^2*d^4 - 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^8 + 4*a^2*d^3*e*x^2 - 4*(2*a*c*d^3*e - a^2*d*e^3)*x^6 + a^2*d^4 - 2*(a*c*d^4 - 3*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^4), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^4 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**4/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^4 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^4/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^4 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^4/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^4 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^4} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^4),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^4 (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{c^2 e^4 x^{16} + 4c^2 d e^3 x^{14} - 2ac e^4 x^{12} + 6c^2 d^2 e^2 x^{12} - 8acd e^3 x^{10} + 4c^2 d^3 e x^{10}}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^4/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(a**2*d**4 + 4*a**2*d**3*e*x**2 + 6*a**2*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 4*a**2*d*e**3*x**6 + a**2*e**4*x**8 - 2*a*c*d**4*x**4 - 8*a*c*d**3*e*x**6 - 12*a*c*d**2*e**2*x**8 - 8*a*c*d*e**3*x**10 - 2*a*c*e**4*x**12 + c**2*d**4*x**8 + 4*c**2*d**3*e*x**10 + 6*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**12 + 4*c**2*d*e**3*x**14 + c**2*e**4*x**16),x)`

3.421 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^4}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3371
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3372
Rubi [A] (verified)	3372
Maple [C] (verified)	3375
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3376
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3376
Maxima [F]	3377
Giac [F]	3378
Mupad [F(-1)]	3378
Reduce [F]	3378

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 386

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^4}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx = \frac{e^2(42cd^2 - 5ae^2)x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{21c^2} + \frac{4de^3x^3\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{5c}$$

$$+ \frac{e^4x^5\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{7c} + \frac{4de(5cd^2 - 3ae^2)x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{5c^{3/2}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ade}(5cd^2 - 3ae^2)(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{5c^{7/4}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(84\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de(5cd^2 - 3ae^2) + 5(21c^2d^4 - 42acd^2e^2 + 5a^2e^4))(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{210\sqrt[4]{ac^9}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/21*e^2*(-5*a*e^2+42*c*d^2)*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^2+4/5*d*e^3*x^3*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c+1/7*e^4*x^5*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c+4/5*d*e*(-3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)-4/5*a^(1/4)*d*e*(-3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/c^(7/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/10*(84*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e*(-3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)+25*a^2*e^4-210*a*c*d^2*e^2+105*c^2*d^4)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(1/4)/c^(9/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{5(21c^2d^4 - 42acd^2e^2 + 5a^2e^4)x\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + ex\left(-e(a + cx^4)(25ae^2 - 3c(70d^2 + 28d^2e^2 + 5e^2x^4)) + 28cd(5cd^2 - 3ae^2)x^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a}\right]\right)}{105c^2\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^4/Sqrt[a + c*x^4],x]`

output

```
(5*(21*c^2*d^4 - 42*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*x*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -((c*x^4)/a)] + e*x*(-(e*(a + c*x^4)*(25*a*e^2 - 3*c*(70*d^2 + 28*d^2*e^2 + 5*e^2*x^4))) + 28*c*d*(5*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*x^2*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -((c*x^4)/a)])/(105*c^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$, Rules used = {1519, 2427, 2427, 27, 1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1519$$

$$\int \frac{28cde^3x^6 + e^2(42cd^2 - 5ae^2)x^4 + 28cd^3ex^2 + 7cd^4}{7c\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx + \frac{e^4x^5\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{7c}$$

$$\downarrow 2427$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{35c^2d^4 + 28ce(5cd^2 - 3ae^2)x^2d + 5ce^2(42cd^2 - 5ae^2)x^4}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{5c} + \frac{28}{5}de^3x^3\sqrt{a+cx^4} + \frac{e^4x^5\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{7c}$$

↓ 2427

$$\frac{\int \frac{c(84cde(5cd^2 - 3ae^2)x^2 + 5(21c^2d^4 - 42ace^2d^2 + 5a^2e^4))}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{3c} + \frac{5}{3}e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}(42cd^2 - 5ae^2) + \frac{28}{5}de^3x^3\sqrt{a+cx^4} + \frac{e^4x^5\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{7c}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{84cde(5cd^2 - 3ae^2)x^2 + 5(21c^2d^4 - 42ace^2d^2 + 5a^2e^4)}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx + \frac{5}{3}e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}(42cd^2 - 5ae^2)}{5c} + \frac{28}{5}de^3x^3\sqrt{a+cx^4} + \frac{e^4x^5\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{7c}$$

↓ 1512

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left((-252a^{3/2}\sqrt{cde^3} + 25a^2e^4 + 420\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 210acd^2e^2 + 105c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx - 84\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}(5cd^2 - 3ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx \right) + \frac{5}{3}e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}(42cd^2 - 5ae^2)}{5c}}{7c} + \frac{e^4x^5\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{7c}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left((-252a^{3/2}\sqrt{cde^3} + 25a^2e^4 + 420\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 210acd^2e^2 + 105c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx - 84\sqrt{cde}(5cd^2 - 3ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx \right) + \frac{5}{3}e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}(42cd^2 - 5ae^2)}{5c}}{7c} + \frac{e^4x^5\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{7c}$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left((\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})^2}} (-252a^{3/2}\sqrt{cde^3} + 25a^2e^4 + 420\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 210acd^2e^2 + 105c^2d^4) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right) - 84\sqrt{cde}(5cd^2 - 3ae^2) \right)}{2^4\sqrt{a}^4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}}{5c}}{7c} + \frac{e^4x^5\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{7c}$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})^2}} (-252a^{3/2} \sqrt{cde^3 + 25a^2e^4 + 420\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}d^3e - 210acd^2e^2 + 105c^2d^4) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right) - 84\sqrt{cde}(5cd^2 - 3ae^2)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} \right)}{5c}}{7c} = \frac{e^4 x^5 \sqrt{a + cx^4}}{7c}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^4/Sqrt[a + c*x^4],x]`

output `(e^4*x^5*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/(7*c) + ((28*d*e^3*x^3*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/5 + ((5*e^2*(42*c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2)*x*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/3 + (-84*Sqrt[c]*d*e*(5*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*(-(x*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)) + (a^(1/4)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])) + ((105*c^2*d^4 + 420*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)*d^3*e - 210*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 252*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]*d*e^3 + 25*a^2*e^4)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))/3)/(5*c))/(7*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

```
rule 1512 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

```
rule 1519 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[e^q*x^(2*q - 3)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(c*(4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c
*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^4)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(d + e*
x^2)^q - a*(2*q - 3)*e^q*x^(2*q - 4) - c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*e^q*x^(2*q), x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[q, 1]
```

```
rule 2427 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x
]}, With[{Pqq = Coeff[Pq, x, q]}, Simp[Pqq*x^(q - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p +
1)/(b*(q + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + n*p + 1)) Int[ExpandToSum[b*(q
+ n*p + 1)*(Pq - Pqq*x^q) - a*Pqq*(q - n + 1)*x^(q - n), x]*(a + b*x^n)^p,
x], x]] /; NeQ[q + n*p + 1, 0] && q - n >= 0 && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ
[p + (q + 1)/(2*n)]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{e^4 x^5 \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}{7c} + \frac{4de^3 x^3 \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}{5c} + \frac{(6d^2 e^2 - \frac{5ae^4}{7c}) x \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}{3c} + \frac{\left(d^4 - \frac{a(6d^2 e^2 - \frac{5ae^4}{7c})}{3c} \right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 + a}} \text{EllipticF}$
risch	$-\frac{x e^2 (-15c x^4 e^2 - 84de x^2 c + 25a e^2 - 210c d^2) \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}{105c^2} + \frac{84ie\sqrt{c}d(3ae^2 - 5cd^2)\sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 + a}} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) \right)$
default	$\frac{d^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 + a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) + e^4 \left(\frac{x^5 \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}{7c} - \frac{5ax \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}{21c^2} + \frac{5a^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{21c^2 \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 + a}} \text{EllipticF}\right)$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)^4/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```
1/7*e^4*x^5*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c+4/5*d*e^3*x^3*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c+1/3*(6*d^2*e^2-5/7*a/c*e^4)/c*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+(d^4-1/3*a/c*(6*d^2*e^2-5/7*a/c*e^4))/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+I*(4*d^3*e-12/5*a/c*d*e^3)*a^(1/2)/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{84(5acd^3e - 3a^2de^3)\sqrt{cx}\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (105c^2d^4 - 420acd^3e - 210acd^2e^2 + 252a^2de^3 + 25a^2e^4)\sqrt{c}x\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \text{elliptic}_f\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right), -1\right) + (15a^4c^2e^4 + 84a^3c^2de^3 + 420a^2c^2d^2e^2 - 252a^2d^2e^3 + 5(42a^2cd^2e^2 - 5a^2e^4)x^2)\sqrt{c}x^2\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(a^2c^2x^2 + 4acd^2e^2 + 4a^2de^3 + 4a^2e^4)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^4/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/105*(84*(5*a*c*d^3*e - 3*a^2*d*e^3)*sqrt(c)*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (105*c^2*d^4 - 420*a*c*d^3*e - 210*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 252*a^2*d*e^3 + 25*a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c)*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (15*a*c*e^4*x^6 + 84*a*c*d*e^3*x^4 + 420*a*c*d^3*e - 252*a^2*d*e^3 + 5*(42*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*a^2*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x^4 + a)/(a*c^2*x)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{d^4 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{d^3 e x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{3d^2 e^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{a} \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{d e^3 x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a} \Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} + \frac{e^4 x^9 \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a} \Gamma\left(\frac{13}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**4/(c*x**4+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `d**4*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(5/4)) + d**3*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(sqrt(a)*gamma(7/4)) + 3*d**2*e**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*sqrt(a)*gamma(9/4)) + d*e**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(sqrt(a)*gamma(11/4)) + e**4*x**9*gamma(9/4)*hyper((1/2, 9/4), (13/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(13/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^4}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^4/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^4/sqrt(c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^4}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^4/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^4/sqrt(c*x^4 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^4}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^4/(a + c*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^4/(a + c*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^4}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-25\sqrt{cx^4 + a}ae^4x + 210\sqrt{cx^4 + a}cd^2e^2x + 84\sqrt{cx^4 + a}cde^3x^3 + 15\sqrt{cx^4 + a}ce^4x^5 + 25\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4+a}}{cx^4+a} dx\right)}{1}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^4/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 25*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*a*e**4*x + 210*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*c*d**2*e**2*x + 84
*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*c*d*e**3*x**3 + 15*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*c*e**4*x**5 + 25*int
(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a + c*x**4),x)*a**2*e**4 - 210*int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a
+ c*x**4),x)*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 105*int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a + c*x**4),x)*c**2
*d**4 - 252*int((sqrt(a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)*a*c*d*e**3 + 420*i
nt((sqrt(a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)*c**2*d**3*e)/(105*c**2)
```

3.422 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3380
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3381
Rubi [A] (verified)	3381
Maple [C] (verified)	3384
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3385
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3385
Maxima [F]	3386
Giac [F]	3386
Mupad [F(-1)]	3387
Reduce [F]	3387

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 329

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx = \frac{de^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{c} + \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{5c} + \frac{3e(5cd^2-ae^2)x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{5c^{3/2}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})}$$

$$- \frac{3\sqrt[4]{ae}(5cd^2-ae^2)(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{5c^{7/4}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(5\sqrt{cd}(cd^2-ae^2)+3\sqrt{ae}(5cd^2-ae^2))(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{10\sqrt[4]{ac^{7/4}}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

output

```
d*e^2*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c+1/5*e^3*x^3*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c+3/5*e*(-a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)-3/5*a^(1/4)*e*(-a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/c^(7/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/10*(5*c^(1/2)*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)+3*a^(1/2)*e*(-a*e^2+5*c*d^2))*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(1/4)/c^(7/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{5d(cd^2 - ae^2)x\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + ex\left(e(5d + ex^2)(a + cx^4) + (5cd^2 - ae^2)x\sqrt{a + cx^4}\right)}{5c\sqrt{a + cx^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^3/Sqrt[a + c*x^4],x]`

output `(5*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -((c*x^4)/a)] + e*x*(e*(5*d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4) + (5*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x^2*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -((c*x^4)/a)]))/(5*c*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {1519, 2427, 27, 1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1519$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{15cde^2x^4 + 3e(5cd^2 - ae^2)x^2 + 5cd^3}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{5c} + \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{5c}$$

$$\downarrow 2427$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3c(3e(5cd^2 - ae^2)x^2 + 5d(cd^2 - ae^2))}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{5c} + \frac{5de^2x\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{5c} + \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{5c}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{3e(5cd^2 - ae^2)x^2 + 5d(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{5c} + \frac{5de^2x\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{5c} + \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{5c}$$

↓ 1512

$$\frac{(-3a^{3/2}e^3 + 15\sqrt{acd^2}e - 5a\sqrt{cde^2} + 5c^{3/2}d^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{3\sqrt{ae}(5cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a - \sqrt{c}x^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{5de^2x\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{5c} + \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{5c}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(-3a^{3/2}e^3 + 15\sqrt{acd^2}e - 5a\sqrt{cde^2} + 5c^{3/2}d^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{3e(5cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a - \sqrt{c}x^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{5de^2x\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{5c} + \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{5c}$$

↓ 761

$$-\frac{3e(5cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a - \sqrt{c}x^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a + cx^4}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})^2}} (-3a^{3/2}e^3 + 15\sqrt{acd^2}e - 5a\sqrt{cde^2} + 5c^{3/2}d^3) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ac^3/4}\sqrt{a + cx^4}} + \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{5c}$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a + cx^4}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})^2}} (-3a^{3/2}e^3 + 15\sqrt{acd^2}e - 5a\sqrt{cde^2} + 5c^{3/2}d^3) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ac^3/4}\sqrt{a + cx^4}} - \frac{3e(5cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{5c} + \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{5c}$$

input Int[(d + e*x^2)^3/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (e^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + c x^4}) / (5c) + (5d e^2 x \sqrt{a + c x^4} - (3e (5c d^2 - a e^2) * ((x \sqrt{a + c x^4}) / (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c} x^2)) + (a^{1/4} (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c} x^2) \sqrt{(a + c x^4) / (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c} x^2)^2} * \text{EllipticE}[2 \text{ArcTan}[(c^{1/4} x) / a^{1/4}], 1/2]) / (c^{1/4} \sqrt{a + c x^4}))) / \sqrt{c} \\ & + ((5c^{3/2} d^3 + 15 \sqrt{a} c d^2 e - 5a \sqrt{c} d e^2 - 3a^{3/2} e^3) * (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c} x^2) \sqrt{(a + c x^4) / (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c} x^2)^2} * \text{EllipticF}[2 \text{ArcTan}[(c^{1/4} x) / a^{1/4}], 1/2]) / (2a^{1/4} c^{3/4} \sqrt{a + c x^4})) / (5c) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) (F x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[F x, (b_*) (G x) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 761

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*) (x_*)^4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2 x^2) (\sqrt{(a + b x^4) / (a (1 + q^2 x^2)^2})} / (2q \sqrt{a + b x^4})) * \text{EllipticF}[2 \text{ArcTan}[q x], 1/2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 1510

$$\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*) (x_*)^2 / \sqrt{(a_*) + (c_*) (x_*)^4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(-d) x (\sqrt{a + c x^4} / (a (1 + q^2 x^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[d (1 + q^2 x^2) (\sqrt{(a + c x^4) / (a (1 + q^2 x^2)^2})} / (q \sqrt{a + c x^4})) * \text{EllipticE}[2 \text{ArcTan}[q x], 1/2], x] /; \text{EqQ}[e + d q^2, 0] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[c/a]$$

rule 1512

$$\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*) (x_*)^2 / \sqrt{(a_*) + (c_*) (x_*)^4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(e + d q) / q \text{ Int}[1/\sqrt{a + c x^4}, x], x] - \text{Simp}[e / q \text{ Int}[(1 - q x^2) / \sqrt{a + c x^4}, x], x] /; \text{NeQ}[e + d q, 0] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[c/a]$$

rule 1519

$$\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*) (x_*)^2 (q_*) ((a_*) + (c_*) (x_*)^4)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e^q x^{(2q - 3)} ((a + c x^4)^{p + 1} / (c (4p + 2q + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (c (4p + 2q + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + c x^4)^p \text{ExpandToSum}[c (4p + 2q + 1) (d + e x^2)^q - a (2q - 3) e^q x^{(2q - 4)} - c (4p + 2q + 1) e^q x^{(2q)}, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c d^2 + a e^2, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[q, 1]$$

rule 2427

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x
]}, With[{Pqq = Coeff[Pq, x, q]}, Simp[Pqq*x^(q - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p +
1)/(b*(q + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + n*p + 1)) Int[ExpandToSum[b*(q
+ n*p + 1)*(Pq - Pqq*x^q) - a*Pqq*(q - n + 1)*x^(q - n), x]*(a + b*x^n)^p,
x], x]] /; NeQ[q + n*p + 1, 0] && q - n >= 0 && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ
[p + (q + 1)/(2*n)])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{e^3 x^3 \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}{5c} + \frac{d e^2 x \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}{c} + \frac{(d^3 - a d e^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 + a}} + \frac{i(3d^2 e - \frac{3a e^3}{5c}) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}$
risch	$\frac{x e^2 (e x^2 + 5d) \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}{5c} - \frac{3i e (a e^2 - 5c d^2) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} (\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right))}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 + a} \sqrt{c}} - \frac{5d^3 c \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{5c}$
default	$\frac{d^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 + a}} + e^3 \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}{5c} - \frac{3i a^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} (\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right) - \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right))}{5c^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 + a}} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/5*e^3*x^3*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c+d*e^2*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c+(d^3-a/c*d*e^2)/(I
/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/
2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+I*(
3*d^2*e-3/5*a/c*e^3)*a^(1/2)/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2
)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(Elli
pticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2
),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(5acd^2e - a^2e^3)\sqrt{cx}\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (5c^2d^3 - 15acd^2e - 5acde^2 + 3a^2e^3)\sqrt{cx}\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{5ac^2x}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/5*(3*(5*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*sqrt(c)*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (5*c^2*d^3 - 15*a*c*d^2*e - 5*a*c*d*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^3)*sqrt(c)*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (a*c*e^3*x^4 + 5*a*c*d*e^2*x^2 + 15*a*c*d^2*e - 3*a^2*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^4 + a))/(a*c^2*x)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{d^3 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{3d^2 ex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{3de^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} + \frac{e^3 x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**3/(c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
d**3*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(5/4)) + 3*d**2*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(7/4)) + 3*d*e**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(9/4)) + e**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(11/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^3/sqrt(c*x^4 + a), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^3/sqrt(c*x^4 + a), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^3}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^3/(a + c*x^4)^(1/2), x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^3/(a + c*x^4)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^3}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{5\sqrt{cx^4 + a}de^2x + \sqrt{cx^4 + a}e^3x^3 - 5\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{cx^4 + a} dx\right)ade^2 + 5\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{cx^4 + a} dx\right)cd^3 - 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}x^2}{cx^4 + a} dx\right)ae^3}{5c}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2), x)`output `(5*sqrt(a + c*x**4)*d*e**2*x + sqrt(a + c*x**4)*e**3*x**3 - 5*int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a + c*x**4), x)*a*d*e**2 + 5*int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a + c*x**4), x)*c*d**3 - 3*int((sqrt(a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a + c*x**4), x)*a*e**3 + 15*int((sqrt(a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a + c*x**4), x)*c*d**2*e)/(5*c)`

3.423 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3388
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3389
Rubi [A] (verified)	3389
Maple [C] (verified)	3392
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3392
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3393
Maxima [F]	3393
Giac [F]	3394
Mupad [F(-1)]	3394
Reduce [F]	3394

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 264

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx = \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{3c} + \frac{2dex\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})} - \frac{2^4\sqrt{a}de(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} + \frac{(3cd^2+6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de-ae^2)(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{6^4\sqrt{ac}^{5/4}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/3*e^2*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c+2*d*e*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)-2*a^(1/4)*d*e*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/c^(3/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/6*(3*c*d^2+6*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e-a*e^2)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(1/4)/c^(5/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3cd^2 - ae^2)x\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + ex\left(e(a + cx^4) + 2cdx^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a}\right]\right)}{3c\sqrt{a + cx^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x]`

output `((3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -((c*x^4)/a)] + e*x*(e*(a + c*x^4) + 2*c*d*x^2*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -((c*x^4)/a)])/(3*c*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {1519, 1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1519$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3cd^2 + 6cex^2d - ae^2}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{3c} + \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{3c}$$

$$\downarrow 1512$$

$$\frac{(6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx - 6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{3c} + \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a + cx^4}}{3c}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx - 6\sqrt{cde} \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{3c} + \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{3c} \\
 & \downarrow 761 \\
 & \frac{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} (6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2+3cd^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - 6\sqrt{cde} \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\frac{3c}{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}} + \frac{3c}{3c}} \\
 & \downarrow 1510 \\
 & \frac{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} (6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2+3cd^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - 6\sqrt{cde} \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} \right)}{\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{3c}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^2/Sqrt[a + c*x^4],x]`

output `(e^2*x*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/(3*c) + (-6*Sqrt[c]*d*e*(-(x*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)) + (a^(1/4)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])) + ((3*c*d^2 + 6*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/(3*c)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 761 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]))* \text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$
- rule 1510 $\text{Int}(((d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(-d)*x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]))* \text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x] /; \text{EqQ}[e + d*q^2, 0] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[c/a]$
- rule 1512 $\text{Int}(((d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(e + d*q)/q \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[e/q \text{ Int}[(1 - q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; \text{NeQ}[e + d*q, 0] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[c/a]$
- rule 1519 $\text{Int}(((d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^2)^(q_*)*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e^q*x^(2*q - 3)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(c*(4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + c*x^4)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^q - a*(2*q - 3)*e^q*x^(2*q - 4) - c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*e^q*x^(2*q), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[q, 1]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{e^2 x \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}{3c} + \frac{(d^2 - \frac{a e^2}{3c}) \sqrt{1 - \frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 + a}} + \frac{2 i d e \sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 + a} \sqrt{c}}$
default	$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 + a}} + e^2 \left(\frac{x \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}{3c} - \frac{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{3c \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 + a}} \right) +$
risch	$\frac{e^2 x \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}{3c} - \frac{a e^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 + a}} - \frac{3c d^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{c x^4 + a}} - \frac{6 i e \sqrt{c} d \sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{i \sqrt{c} x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}}{3c}$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3*e^2*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c+(d^2-1/3*a*e^2/c)/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1
-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1
/2)*EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+2*I*d*e*a^(1/2)/(I/a^(1/2)*c
^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1
/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-Ellip
ticE(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 a \sqrt{c} d e x \left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (3 c d^2 - 6 a d e - a e^2) \sqrt{c x} \left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) +}{3 a c x}$$

```
input integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output $1/3*(6*a*\sqrt{c}*d*e*x*(-a/c)^{(3/4)}*\text{elliptic_e}(\arcsin((-a/c)^{(1/4)/x}), -1) + (3*c*d^2 - 6*a*d*e - a*e^2)*\sqrt{c}*x*(-a/c)^{(3/4)}*\text{elliptic_f}(\arcsin((-a/c)^{(1/4)/x}), -1) + (a*e^2*x^2 + 6*a*d*e)*\sqrt{c*x^4 + a})/(a*c*x)$

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{d^2 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{dex^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{a} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{e^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a} \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2/(c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output $d**2*x*\text{gamma}(1/4)*\text{hyper}((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*\text{exp_polar}(I*\text{pi})/a)/(4*\text{sqrt}(a)*\text{gamma}(5/4)) + d*e*x**3*\text{gamma}(3/4)*\text{hyper}((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*x**4*\text{exp_polar}(I*\text{pi})/a)/(2*\text{sqrt}(a)*\text{gamma}(7/4)) + e**2*x**5*\text{gamma}(5/4)*\text{hyper}((1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), c*x**4*\text{exp_polar}(I*\text{pi})/a)/(4*\text{sqrt}(a)*\text{gamma}(9/4))$

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/sqrt(c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/sqrt(c*x^4 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(a + c*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(a + c*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} e^2 x - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) a e^2 + 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) c d^2 + 6 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} x^2}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) c d e}{3c}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a + c*x**4)*e**2*x - int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a + c*x**4),x)*a*e**2 + 3*int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a + c*x**4),x)*c*d**2 + 6*int((sqrt(a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)*c*d*e)/(3*c)`

3.424 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3395
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3396
Rubi [A] (verified)	3396
Maple [C] (verified)	3398
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3399
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3399
Maxima [F]	3400
Giac [F]	3400
Mupad [F(-1)]	3400
Reduce [F]	3401

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 227

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{ex\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ac^3}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

output

```
e*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)-a^(1/4)*e*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/c^(3/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(1/4)/c^(3/4)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a} \right) + ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{a + cx^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -((c*x^4)/a)] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -((c*x^4)/a)])/(3*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1512$$

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 761 \\ & \frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2^4 \sqrt{a} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \\ & \downarrow 1510 \\ & \frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2^4 \sqrt{a} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \\ & \frac{e \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4],x]`

output `-((e*(-((x*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)) + (a^(1/4)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])))/Sqrt[c]) + ((d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
  (1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
  llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
  }, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
  Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
  , d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} + \frac{ie\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}\sqrt{c}}$
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} + \frac{ie\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4+a}\sqrt{c}}$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
d/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c
^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)
+I*e*a^(1/2)/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+
I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/
2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{cex}\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (cd - ae)\sqrt{cx}\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{cx^4 + aae}}{acx}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(a*sqrt(c)*e*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (c*d - a*e)*sqrt(c)*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + sqrt(c*x^4 + a)*a*e)/(a*c*x)`**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{dx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{ex^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`output `d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(5/4)) + e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(c*x^4 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + c*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} x^2}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a + c*x**4),x)*d + int((sqrt(a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)*e`

3.425 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3402
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3403
Rubi [A] (verified)	3403
Maple [C] (verified)	3405
Fricas [F]	3406
Sympy [F]	3406
Maxima [F]	3406
Giac [F]	3407
Mupad [F(-1)]	3407
Reduce [F]	3407

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 336

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}x}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{ac^3/4}d\left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*e^(1/2)*arctan((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2))/
d^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*c^(1/4)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(
a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4)),
1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(1/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/4*(c^(1/2)*d+
a^(1/2)*e)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)
*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),-1/4*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^2/
a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d/e,1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(1/4)/c^(3/4)/d/(d-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))/(
c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = -\frac{i\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}x\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}d\sqrt{a + cx^4}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]),x]`

output `((-I)*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[(-I)*Sqrt[a]*e]/(Sqrt[c]*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a]]*x], -1)]/(Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a]]*d*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {1541, 27, 761, 2221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}(d + ex^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1541} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}} - \frac{\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}} - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{761} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{a+cx^4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}$$

↓ 2221

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{a+cx^4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} - e \left(\frac{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} (\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}-e\right)^2}{4\sqrt{cde}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cde}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]),x]`

output $(c^{1/4}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c}x^2)\sqrt{(a + cx^4)/(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c}x^2)^2})\operatorname{EllipticF}[2\operatorname{ArcTan}[c^{1/4}x/a^{1/4}], 1/2]/(2a^{1/4}(\sqrt{c}d - \sqrt{a}e)\sqrt{a + cx^4}) - (e(-1/2((\sqrt{c}d - \sqrt{a}e)\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}x)/(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a + cx^4})]))/(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) + ((\sqrt{c}d + \sqrt{a}e)(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c}x^2)\sqrt{(a + cx^4)/(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c}x^2)^2})\operatorname{EllipticPi}[-1/4(\sqrt{c}d/\sqrt{a} - e)^2/(\sqrt{c}de), 2\operatorname{ArcTan}[c^{1/4}x/a^{1/4}], 1/2])/(4a^{1/4}c^{1/4}d\sqrt{a + cx^4}))/(\sqrt{c}d - \sqrt{a}e)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1541

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4]
], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*
x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e
^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2221

```
Int(((A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(- (B*d - A*e))*ArcTan[Rt[c*(d/e)
) + a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2]), x]
+ Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2))/(4*
d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x
], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && Po
sQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && PosQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, \frac{i\sqrt{a}e}{\sqrt{cd}}, \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{cx^4+a}}$	107
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, \frac{i\sqrt{a}e}{\sqrt{cd}}, \sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{cx^4+a}}$	107

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/d/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)
*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)
,I*a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d*e,(-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)
))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^4 + a)/(c*e*x^6 + c*d*x^4 + a*e*x^2 + a*d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + cx^4}(d + ex^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + c*x**4)*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{ce x^6 + cd x^4 + ae x^2 + ad} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 + c*d*x**4 + c*e*x**6),x)`

3.426 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3408
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3409
Rubi [A] (verified)	3410
Maple [C] (verified)	3414
Fricas [F(-1)]	3415
Sympy [F]	3415
Maxima [F]	3416
Giac [F]	3416
Mupad [F(-1)]	3416
Reduce [F]	3417

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 581

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{cex}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{2d(cd^2+ae^2)(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})} + \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{2d(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{e}(3cd^2+ae^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}x}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{ce}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2d(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ad}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})(3cd^2+ae^2)(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}},2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{8\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cd^2}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

output

```

-1/2*c^(1/2)*e*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)+1/2
*e^2*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)+1/4*e^(1/2)*(a*e^2+3*c*d^
2)*arctan((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/(
a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)+1/2*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*e*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/
(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),
1/2*2^(1/2))/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*c^(1/4)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*
x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^
(1/4)*x/a^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(1/4)/d/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)/(c*x^4+a)^(1
/2)-1/8*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^
4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1
/4))),-1/4*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^2/a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d/e,1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(1/4
)/c^(1/4)/d^2/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 522, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{a\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}de^2x + \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}cde^2x^5 - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}(d+ex^2)\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}x\right)\middle| -1\right) + \sqrt{cd}(i\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd})}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
(a*Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a]]*d*e^2*x + Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a]]*c*d*e^2*x
^5 - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[I*ArcSi
nh[Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a]]*x], -1] + Sqrt[c]*d*(I*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)
*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt
[a]]*x], -1] - (3*I)*c*d^3*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[(-I)*Sqrt[a]*e)
/(Sqrt[c]*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a]]*x], -1] - I*a*d*e^2*Sqrt
[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[(-I)*Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(I
*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a]]*x], -1] - (3*I)*c*d^2*e*x^2*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*Ellipti
cPi[(-I)*Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a]]*x],
-1] - I*a*e^3*x^2*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[(-I)*Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]
*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a]]*x], -1)]/(2*Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt
[a]]*d^2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 569, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {1552, 25, 2233, 27, 1510, 2227, 27, 761, 2221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}(d+ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1552 \\
 & \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{ce^2x^4-2cdex^2+2cd^2+ae^2}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{2d(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{ce^2x^4-2cdex^2+2cd^2+ae^2}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{2d(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2233 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{ce(2cd^2-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd+ae^2}-\sqrt{ce}(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{a}e})x^2)}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{ce} + \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce} \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{2d(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{2cd^2 - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd} + ae^2 - \sqrt{ce}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx + \sqrt{ce} \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{2d(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a + cx^4}}{2d(d + ex^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{\int \frac{2cd^2 - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd} + ae^2 - \sqrt{ce}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx + \sqrt{ce} \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})^2}} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \middle| \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}} \right)}{2d(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a + cx^4}}{2d(d + ex^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 2227

$$\frac{2\sqrt{c}(ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ae}(ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a}(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}} + \sqrt{ce} \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})^2}} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \middle| \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} \right)}{2d(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a + cx^4}}{2d(d + ex^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2\sqrt{c}(ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx - \frac{e(ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{a}}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}} + \sqrt{ce} \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})^2}} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \middle| \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}} \right)}{2d(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a + cx^4}}{2d(d + ex^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 761

$$-\frac{e(ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{a}}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})^2}} (ae^2 + cd^2) \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{a+cx^4}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})} + \sqrt{ce} \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2})^2}} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \middle| \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}} \right)$$

↓ 2221

$$\frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a + cx^4}}{2d(d + ex^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}(ae^2+cd^2)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{a+cx^4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} - \frac{e(ae^2+3cd^2)\left(\frac{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})\operatorname{EllipticPi}}{4\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cde}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{a+cx^4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]),x]`

output `(e^2*x*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/(2*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x^2)) + (Sqrt[c]*e*(-(x*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)) + (a^(1/4)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])) + (c^(1/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(a^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]) - (e*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(-1/2*((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]) + ((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticPi[-1/4*(Sqrt[a]*((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] - e)^2)/(Sqrt[c]*d*e), 2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(4*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*d*e*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)/(2*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1552

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*x*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(2*d*(q + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])*Simp[a*e^2*(2*q + 3) + 2*c*d^2*(q + 1) - 2*e*c*d*(q + 1)*x^2 + c*e^2*(2*q + 5)*x^4, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 2221

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-B*d - A*e)*(ArcTan[Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && PosQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2227

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(A*(c*d + a*e*q) - a*B*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[a*(B*d - A*e)*((e + d*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && NeQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0]
```

rule 2233

```
Int[(P4x_)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] :>
With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2], A = Coeff[P4x, x, 0], B = Coeff[P4x, x, 2], C = Coeff
[P4x, x, 4]}, Simp[-C/(e*q) Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] + Sim
p[1/(c*e) Int[(A*c*e + a*C*d*q + (B*c*e - C*(c*d - a*e*q))*x^2]/((d + e*x
^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[P4x, x^2,
2] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 556, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$\frac{e^2 x \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}{2d(ae^2 + cd^2)(ex^2 + d)} - \frac{c \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2(ae^2 + cd^2) \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{cx^4 + a}} - \frac{i\sqrt{c}e\sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2d(ae^2 + cd^2) \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{cx^4 + a}}$
elliptic	$\frac{e^2 x \sqrt{c x^4 + a}}{2d(ae^2 + cd^2)(ex^2 + d)} - \frac{c \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2(ae^2 + cd^2) \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{cx^4 + a}} - \frac{i\sqrt{c}e\sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, i\right)}{2d(ae^2 + cd^2) \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{cx^4 + a}}$

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/2*e^2*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)-1/2*c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(I
/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/
2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-1/2
*I*c^(1/2)*e/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*a^(1/2)/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)
)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+1/2*I*c^(1/2)*e/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*a^(1/2)
)/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c
^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)
+1/2/d^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*e^2/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*
x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(x*(I
/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I*a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d*e,(-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(
I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*a+3/2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1
-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1
/2)*EllipticPi(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I*a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d*e,(-I/a^(1/
2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*c

```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + cx^4} (d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**2/(c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(sqrt(a + c*x**4)*(d + e*x**2)**2), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{ce^2x^8 + 2cde x^6 + ae^2x^4 + cd^2x^4 + 2ade x^2 + ad^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4 + c*d**2*x**4 + 2*c*d*e*x**6 + c*e**2*x**8),x)`

3.427 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3418
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3419
Rubi [A] (verified)	3420
Maple [C] (verified)	3425
Fricas [F(-1)]	3426
Sympy [F]	3427
Maxima [F]	3427
Giac [F]	3427
Mupad [F(-1)]	3428
Reduce [F]	3428

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 729

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^4}} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{ce}(3cd^2+ae^2)x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{8d^2(cd^2+ae^2)^2(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})} + \frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{4d(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{3e^2(3cd^2+ae^2)x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{8d^2(cd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex^2)} + \frac{3\sqrt{e}(5c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}x}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}\right)}{16d^{5/2}(cd^2+ae^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{ce}(3cd^2+ae^2)(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{8d^2(cd^2+ae^2)^2\sqrt{a+cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(4cd^2-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+3ae^2)(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{8\sqrt[4]{ad^2}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{3(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})(5c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}},2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\right)}{32\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cd^3}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(cd^2+ae^2)^2\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

output

```
-3/8*c^(1/2)*e*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)+1/4*e^2*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^2+3/8*e^2*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)+3/16*e^(1/2)*(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*arctan((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)+3/8*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*e*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/d^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/8*c^(1/4)*(4*c*d^2-a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+3*a*e^2)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(1/4)/d^2/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-3/32*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),-1/4*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^2/a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d/e,1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(1/4)/c^(1/4)/d^3/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$\frac{de^2x(a+cx^4)(ae^2(5d+3ex^2)+cd^2(11d+9ex^2))}{(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^4}{a}}(-3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}(3cd^2+ae^2)E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}x\right)\middle| -1\right)+i\left(\sqrt{cd}(7c^{3/2}d^3-9i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}\right))}{8d^3(cd^2+ae^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^3*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
((d*e^2*x*(a + c*x^4)*(a*e^2*(5*d + 3*e*x^2) + c*d^2*(11*d + 9*e*x^2)))/(d
+ e*x^2)^2 + (Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*(-3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^
2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a]]*x], -1] + I*(Sqrt[c]*d*(7
*c^(3/2)*d^3 - (9*I)*Sqrt[a]*c*d^2*e + a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 - (3*I)*a^(3/2)*e^3
)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a]]*x], -1] - 3*(5*c^2*d^4 + 2
*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*EllipticPi[(-I)*Sqrt[a]*e/(Sqrt[c]*d), I*ArcSinh
[Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a]]*x], -1]))/Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a]]/(8*d^3*(c
*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 700, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$, Rules used = {1552, 25, 2211, 25, 2233, 27, 1510, 2227, 27, 761, 2221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + cx^4} (d + ex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1552 \\
 & \frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a + cx^4}}{4d (d + ex^2)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{ce^2 x^4 - 4cdex^2 + 4cd^2 + 3ae^2}{(ex^2 + d)^2 \sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{4d (ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{ce^2 x^4 - 4cdex^2 + 4cd^2 + 3ae^2}{(ex^2 + d)^2 \sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{4d (ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a + cx^4}}{4d (d + ex^2)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2211 \\
 & \frac{3e^2 x \sqrt{a + cx^4} (ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{2d (d + ex^2) (ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{8c^2 d^4 + 5ace^2 d^2 - 4ce (4cd^2 + ae^2) x^2 d + 3a^2 e^4 - 3ce^2 (3cd^2 + ae^2) x^4}{(ex^2 + d) \sqrt{cx^4 + a}} dx}{2d (ae^2 + cd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{4d (ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^2 x \sqrt{a + cx^4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{4d (ae^2 + cd^2)}{4d (d + ex^2)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{8c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2-4ce(4cd^2+ae^2)x^2d+3a^2e^4-3ce^2(3cd^2+ae^2)x^4}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{2d(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{3e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}(ae^2+3cd^2)}{2d(d+ex^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} +$$

$$\frac{4d(ae^2+cd^2)}{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}$$

$$\frac{4d(d+ex^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

2233

$$\frac{\int \frac{ce(8c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2-3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}(3cd^2+ae^2)d+3a^2e^4-\sqrt{ce}(7c^{3/2}d^3+9\sqrt{a}ced^2+a\sqrt{ce^2d+3a^{3/2}e^3})x^2)}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{ce} + 3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}(ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx + \frac{3e^2x}{2d}$$

$$\frac{4d(ae^2+cd^2)}{4d(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

27

$$\frac{\int \frac{8c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2-3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}(3cd^2+ae^2)d+3a^2e^4-\sqrt{ce}(7c^{3/2}d^3+9\sqrt{a}ced^2+a\sqrt{ce^2d+3a^{3/2}e^3})x^2}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx + 3\sqrt{ce}(ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx}{2d(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{3e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)}$$

$$\frac{4d(ae^2+cd^2)}{4d(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

1510

$$\frac{\int \frac{8c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2-3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}(3cd^2+ae^2)d+3a^2e^4-\sqrt{ce}(7c^{3/2}d^3+9\sqrt{a}ced^2+a\sqrt{ce^2d+3a^{3/2}e^3})x^2}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx + 3\sqrt{ce}(ae^2+3cd^2) \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a+\sqrt{cx^2}})}{\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a+\sqrt{cx^2}})^2}}} \right)}{2d(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{3e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{2d(d+ex^2)}$$

$$\frac{4d(ae^2+cd^2)}{4d(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

2227

$$\frac{3\sqrt{ae}(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx + 2\sqrt{c}(ae^2+cd^2)(-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+3ae^2+4cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx + 3\sqrt{ce}(ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}} dx}{2d(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

27

$$\frac{3e(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx + 2\sqrt{c}(ae^2+cd^2)(-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+3ae^2+4cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx + 3\sqrt{ce}(ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}} dx}{2d(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

761

$$\frac{3e(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{cx^4+a}} dx + \sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} (ae^2+cd^2)(-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+3ae^2+4cd^2) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right) + \sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{a+cx^4}(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}})}{2d(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

2221

$$\frac{3e(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4) \left(\frac{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} (\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}) \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}-e\right)^2}{4\sqrt{cde}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}x}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cde}\sqrt{a+cx^4}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}) \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ae^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+cx^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}}$$

$$\frac{e^2x\sqrt{a+cx^4}}{4d(d+ex^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^3*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (e^2*x*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/(4*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x^2)^2) + ((3*e^2*(3*c \\ & *d^2 + a*e^2)*x*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/(2*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x^2)) + (3*Sqr \\ & rt[c]*e*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(-(x*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)) \\ & + (a^{1/4}*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2 \\ &)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^{1/4}*x)/a^{1/4}], 1/2])/(c^{1/4}*Sqrt[a + c*x^ \\ & 4])) + (c^{1/4}*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(4*c*d^2 - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 3*a*e^2)* \\ & (Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*Ellipt \\ & icF[2*ArcTan[(c^{1/4}*x)/a^{1/4}], 1/2])/(a^{1/4}*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)* \\ & Sqrt[a + c*x^4]) - (3*e*(5*c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(-1/2*((Sqrt \\ & [c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a \\ & + c*x^4)]))/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]) + ((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]* \\ & e)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*Ell \\ & ipticPi[-1/4*(Sqrt[a]*((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] - e)^2)/(Sqrt[c]*d*e), 2*ArcTan \\ & [(c^{1/4}*x)/a^{1/4}], 1/2])/(4*a^{1/4}*c^{1/4}*d*e*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))/(Sqr \\ & rt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e))/(2*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(4*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma \\ tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(\\ 1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))* \\ EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = \\ Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d* \\ (1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E \\ llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e \\ }, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1552

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp
[(-e^2)*x*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(2*d*(q + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
)), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/Sq
rt[a + c*x^4])*Simp[a*e^2*(2*q + 3) + 2*c*d^2*(q + 1) - 2*e*c*d*(q + 1)*x^2
+ c*e^2*(2*q + 5)*x^4, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 +
a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 2211

```
Int[((P4x_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol
] := With[{A = Coeff[P4x, x, 0], B = Coeff[P4x, x, 2], C = Coeff[P4x, x, 4]
}, Simp[(-(C*d^2 - B*d*e + A*e^2))*x*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(
2*d*(q + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))
Int[((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])*Simp[a*d*(C*d - B*e) + A*(a*e^2*(
2*q + 3) + 2*c*d^2*(q + 1)) + 2*d*(B*c*d - A*c*e + a*C*e)*(q + 1)*x^2 + c*(
C*d^2 - B*d*e + A*e^2)*(2*q + 5)*x^4, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x]
&& PolyQ[P4x, x^2] && LeQ[Expon[P4x, x], 4] && ILtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 2221

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTan[Rt[c*(d/e)
+ a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2])), x]
+ Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*
d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x
], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && Po
sQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && PosQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2227

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(A*(c*d + a*e*q) - a*B*(e + d*q)
)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[a*(B*d - A*e)*((e
+ d*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x]
, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
&& NeQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0]
```

rule 2233

```
Int[(P4x_)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] :=
With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2], A = Coeff[P4x, x, 0], B = Coeff[P4x, x, 2], C = Coeff
[P4x, x, 4]}, Simp[-C/(e*q) Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] + Sim
p[1/(c*e) Int[(A*c*e + a*C*d*q + (B*c*e - C*(c*d - a*e*q))*x^2]/((d + e*x
^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[P4x, x^2,
2] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1018, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1018
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1018

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/4*e^2*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^2+3/8*e^2*(a*e^2+3*c*d
^2)*x*(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)-1/8*c/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^
2/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c
^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)
*a*e^2-7/8*c^2*d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c
^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF
(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-9/8*I*c^(3/2)*e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*a^(1/2)/(I
/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/
2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+3/8
*I*c^(1/2)*e^3/d^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*a^(3/2)/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/
a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
*EllipticE(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-3/8*I*c^(1/2)*e^3/d^2/(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^2*a^(3/2)/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1
+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/
2))^(1/2),I)+9/8*I*c^(3/2)*e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*a^(1/2)/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(
1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^
4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)+3/8/d^3/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^
2*e^4/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/
2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(x*(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/
2),I*a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d*e,(-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))...

```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + cx^4} (d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**3/(c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + c*x**4)*(d + e*x**2)**3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} (ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3),x)`output `int(1/((a + c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^3), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^3 \sqrt{a + cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{ce^3x^{10} + 3cde^2x^8 + ae^3x^6 + 3cd^2ex^6 + 3ade^2x^4 + cd^3x^4 + 3ad^2ex^2 + ad^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^3/(c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*a*d*e**2*x**4 + a*e**3*x**6 + c*d**3*x**4 + 3*c*d**2*e*x**6 + 3*c*d*e**2*x**8 + c*e**3*x**10),x)`

3.428 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{-a+cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3429
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3429
Rubi [A] (verified)	3430
Maple [A] (verified)	3432
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3433
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3433
Maxima [F]	3434
Giac [F]	3434
Mupad [F(-1)]	3434
Reduce [F]	3435

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{-a+cx^4}} dx = \frac{a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{-a+cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{-a+cx^4}}$$

output

```
a^(3/4)*e*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(3/4)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2)+a^(1/4)*(d-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),I)/c^(1/4)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{-a+cx^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}\left(3dx \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right) + ex^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-a+cx^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[-a + c*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c*x^4)/a] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (c*x^4)/a]))/(3*Sqrt[-a + c*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {1513, 27, 765, 762, 1390, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1513} \\
 & \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx + \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{765} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} + \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{cx^4 - a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1390}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^4-a}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{cx^4-a}}$$

↓ 1389

$$\frac{\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}} dx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^4-a}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{cx^4-a}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{a^{3/4}e\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{cx^4-a}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(d - \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{cx^4-a}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[-a + c*x^4], x]`

output `(a^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1]) / (c^(3/4)*Sqrt[-a + c*x^4]) + (a^(1/4)*(d - (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1]) / (c^(1/4)*Sqrt[-a + c*x^4])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 765 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4] \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^4/a)], x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1389 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[d/\text{Sqrt}[a] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 1390 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*(x^4/a)], x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(LtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])]$

rule 1513 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(d*q - e)/q \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/q \ \text{Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x]] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[c/a] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4-a}} + \frac{e\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4-a}\sqrt{c}}$
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4-a}} + \frac{e\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)-\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4-a}\sqrt{c}}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{d/(-1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2})^{1/2}*(1+1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2}*x^2)^{1/2}*(1-1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2}*x^2)^{1/2}/(c*x^4-a)^{1/2}*EllipticF(x*(-1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2})^{1/2}, I)+e*a^{1/2}/(-1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2})^{1/2}*(1+1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2}*x^2)^{1/2}*(1-1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2}*x^2)^{1/2}/(c*x^4-a)^{1/2}/c^{1/2}*(EllipticF(x*(-1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2})^{1/2}, I)-EllipticE(x*(-1/a^{1/2}*c^{1/2})^{1/2}, I))}{acx}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{cx}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) - (cd + ae)\sqrt{cx}\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{cx^4 - aae}}{acx}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$(a*\sqrt{c}*e*x*(a/c)^{(3/4)}*elliptic_e(\arcsin((a/c)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) - (c*d + a*e)*\sqrt{c}*x*(a/c)^{(3/4)}*elliptic_f(\arcsin((a/c)^{(1/4)}/x), -1) + \sqrt{c*x^4 - a}*a*e)/(a*c*x)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = -\frac{idx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{ie x^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(c*x**4-a)**(1/2),x)`

output `-I*d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), c*x**4/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(5/4)) - I*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*x**4/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(c*x^4 - a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(c*x^4 - a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(c*x^4 - a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(c*x^4 - a)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) d - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 - a} x^2}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x)`

output `- (int(sqrt(-a + c*x**4)/(a - c*x**4),x)*d + int((sqrt(-a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)*e)`

3.429 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{-a+cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3436
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3436
Rubi [A] (verified)	3437
Maple [A] (verified)	3438
Fricas [F]	3439
Sympy [F]	3439
Maxima [F]	3439
Giac [F]	3440
Mupad [F(-1)]	3440
Reduce [F]	3440

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{-a+cx^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{cd}\sqrt{-a+cx^4}}$$

output

```
a^(1/4)*(1-c*x^4/a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4),-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,I)/c^(1/4)/d/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{-a+cx^4}} dx = -\frac{i\sqrt{1-\frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}x\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}d\sqrt{-a+cx^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[-a + c*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
((-I)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), I*ArcSinh
[Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*x], -1))/(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]/Sqrt[a])]*d*Sqrt[-a +
*c*x^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1543, 1542}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}(d + ex^2)} dx$$

↓ 1543

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}}$$

↓ 1542

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{1 - \frac{cx^4}{a}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{cd}\sqrt{cx^4 - a}}$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[-a + c*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[1 - (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[-((Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d)), ArcSin
[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], -1))/(c^(1/4)*d*Sqrt[-a + c*x^4])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1542

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[-c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1/(d*Sqrt[a]*q))*EllipticPi[-e/(d*q^2), ArcSin[q*x
], -1], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1543

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)]/Sqrt[a + c*x^4] Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + c*(x^4/a)
]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NegQ[c/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, \frac{\sqrt{a}e}{\sqrt{c}d}, \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4 - a}}$	99
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, \frac{\sqrt{a}e}{\sqrt{c}d}, \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{cx^4 - a}}$	99

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/d/(-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1-1/a^(1/2)
)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(x*(-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/
2),a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)/d,(1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-1/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2
))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^4 - a)/(c*e*x^6 + c*d*x^4 - a*e*x^2 - a*d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a + cx^4}(d + ex^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(c*x**4-a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-a + c*x**4)*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^4 - a)*(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^4 - a)*(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*x^4 - a)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `int(1/((c*x^4 - a)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{-a + cx^4}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 - a}}{-ce x^6 - cd x^4 + ae x^2 + ad} dx \right)$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int(sqrt(- a + c*x**4)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)`

3.430 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{-a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3441
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3442
Rubi [A] (verified)	3442
Maple [C] (verified)	3444
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3445
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3445
Maxima [F]	3446
Giac [F]	3446
Mupad [F(-1)]	3446
Reduce [F]	3447

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{-a-cx^4}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{ex\sqrt{-a-cx^4}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{c^{3/4}\sqrt{-a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ac^3}\sqrt{-a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
-e*x*(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)-a^(1/4)*e*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/c^(3/4)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2)+1/2*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(1/4)/c^(3/4)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{-a - cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}} \left(3dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a} \right) + ex^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{cx^4}{a} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{-a - cx^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[-a - c*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*(3*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -((c*x^4)/a)] + e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -((c*x^4)/a)]))/(3*Sqrt[-a - c*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1512, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{-a - cx^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1512$$

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 - a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-cx^4 - a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 - a}} dx - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cx^4 - a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 761 \\
 & \frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{-a-cx^4}} - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cx^4-a}} dx}{\sqrt{c}} \\
 & \downarrow 1510 \\
 & \frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{-a-cx^4}} - \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{-a-cx^4}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-a-cx^4}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[-a - c*x^4],x]`

output `-((e*((x*Sqrt[-a - c*x^4])/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2) + (a^(1/4)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[-a - c*x^4])))/Sqrt[c]) + ((d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)*Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*x)/a^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*a^(1/4)*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[-a - c*x^4])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
  (1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
  llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
  }, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1512

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q
  Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c
  , d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
default	$\frac{d\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4-a}} - \frac{ie\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4-a}\sqrt{c}}$
elliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4-a}} - \frac{ie\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)-\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}},i\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{-cx^4-a}\sqrt{c}}$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
d/(-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)*
c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)
,I)-I*e*a^(1/2)/(-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)
*(1-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*(-I
/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*(-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2),I))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{-a - cx^4}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{-c}ex\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + (cd - ae)\sqrt{-c}x\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right) \mid -1\right) + \sqrt{-cx^4}}{acx}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(a*sqrt(-c)*e*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_e(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + (c*d - a*e)*sqrt(-c)*x*(-a/c)^(3/4)*elliptic_f(arcsin((-a/c)^(1/4)/x), -1) + sqrt(-c*x^4 - a)*a*e)/(a*c*x)`**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{-a - cx^4}} dx = -\frac{idx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{ie x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \mid \frac{cx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(-c*x**4-a)**(1/2),x)`output `-I*d*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(5/4)) - I*e*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*sqrt(a)*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{-a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{-cx^4 - a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-c*x^4 - a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{-a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{-cx^4 - a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-c*x^4 - a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{-a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{-cx^4 - a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(- a - c*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(- a - c*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{-a - cx^4}} dx = -i \left(\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a} x^2}{cx^4 + a} dx \right) e \right)$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x)`

output `- i*(int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a + c*x**4),x)*d + int((sqrt(a + c*x**4)*x**2)/(a + c*x**4),x)*e)`

3.431 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{-a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3448
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3449
Rubi [A] (verified)	3449
Maple [C] (verified)	3451
Fricas [F]	3452
Sympy [F]	3452
Maxima [F]	3452
Giac [F]	3453
Mupad [F(-1)]	3453
Reduce [F]	3453

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 345

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{-a-cx^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}x}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-a-cx^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})\sqrt{-a-cx^4}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{ac^3/4}d\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\sqrt{-a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*e^(1/2)*arctanh((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2)
)/d^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*c^(1/4)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)
)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4)
),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(1/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2)-1/4*(c^(1/2)
*d+a^(1/2)*e)*(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)*((c*x^4+a)/(a^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1
/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/4)*x/a^(1/4))),-1/4*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)
^2/a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d/e,1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(1/4)/c^(3/4)/d/(d-a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)
)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{-a - cx^4}} dx = -\frac{i\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^4}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{cd}}, \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}x\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}d\sqrt{-a - cx^4}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[-a - c*x^4]),x]`

output `((-I)*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^4)/a]*EllipticPi[(-I)*Sqrt[a]*e)/(Sqrt[c]*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a]]*x], -1)]/(Sqrt[(I*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[a]]*d*Sqrt[-a - c*x^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1541, 27, 761, 2223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a - cx^4}(d + ex^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1541} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 - a}} dx}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}} - \frac{\sqrt{ae} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}(ex^2 + d)\sqrt{-cx^4 - a}} dx}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 - a}} dx}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}} - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{(ex^2 + d)\sqrt{-cx^4 - a}} dx}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{761} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{-a-cx^4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} - \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+\sqrt{a}}}{(ex^2+d)\sqrt{-cx^4-a}} dx}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}$$

↓ 2223

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{-a-cx^4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} - e \left(\frac{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a+cx^4}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx^2})^2}} (\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}) \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}-e\right)^2}{4\sqrt{cde}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{Cx}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{cde}\sqrt{-a-cx^4}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}) \text{arctanh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-a-cx^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[-a - c*x^4]),x]`

output $(c^{1/4}*(\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[c]*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a + c*x^4)/(\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[c]*x^2)^2]*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[c^{1/4}*x]/a^{1/4}], 1/2)]/(2*a^{1/4}*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*\text{Sqrt}[-a - c*x^4]) - (e*(-1/2*((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d^2 + a*e^2)*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[-a - c*x^4])))/(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]) + ((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*(\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[c]*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a + c*x^4)/(\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[c]*x^2)^2]*\text{EllipticPi}[-1/4*(\text{Sqrt}[a]*((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[a] - e)^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*e), 2*\text{ArcTan}[c^{1/4}*x]/a^{1/4}], 1/2)]/(4*a^{1/4}*c^{1/4}*d*e*\text{Sqrt}[-a - c*x^4])))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1541

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4]
], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*
x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e
^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2223

```
Int[((A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-B*d - A*e)*(ArcTanh[Rt[(-c)*
(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[(-c)*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]
)), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^
2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*Arc
Tan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0]
&& PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e
/d)]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, -\frac{i\sqrt{a}e}{\sqrt{cd}}, \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-cx^4 - a}}$	110
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{c}x^2}{\sqrt{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}, -\frac{i\sqrt{a}e}{\sqrt{cd}}, \frac{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a}}} \sqrt{-cx^4 - a}}$	110

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/d/(-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1-I/a^(1/2)
)*c^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(x*(-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1
/2), -I*a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d*e, (I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-I/a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))
^(1/2))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{-a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 - a}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c*x^4 - a)/(c*e*x^6 + c*d*x^4 + a*e*x^2 + a*d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{-a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a - cx^4}(d + ex^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(-c*x**4-a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-a - c*x**4)*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{-a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 - a}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 - a)*(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{-a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 - a}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 - a)*(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{-a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 - a}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int(1/((- a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `int(1/((- a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)\sqrt{-a - cx^4}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^4 + a}}{ce x^6 + cd x^4 + ae x^2 + ad} dx \right) i$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(-c*x^4-a)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int(sqrt(a + c*x**4)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 + c*d*x**4 + c*e*x**6),x)*i`

3.432 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4-5x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3454
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3454
Rubi [A] (verified)	3455
Maple [B] (verified)	3456
Fricas [F]	3456
Sympy [F]	3457
Maxima [F]	3457
Giac [F]	3457
Mupad [F(-1)]	3458
Reduce [F]	3458

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4-5x^4}} dx = \frac{\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{2b}{\sqrt{5a}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{5x}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{5a}}$$

output `1/10*EllipticPi(1/2*5^(1/4)*x*2^(1/2), -2/5*b*5^(1/2)/a, I)*2^(1/2)*5^(3/4)/a`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4-5x^4}} dx = \frac{\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{2b}{\sqrt{5a}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{5x}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{5a}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[4 - 5*x^4]), x]`

output `EllipticPi[(-2*b)/(Sqrt[5]*a), ArcSin[(5^(1/4)*x)/Sqrt[2]], -1]/(Sqrt[2]*5^(1/4)*a)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1537, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4-5x^4}(a+bx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1537

$$\sqrt{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{5}-5x^2}\sqrt{5x^2+2\sqrt{5}}(bx^2+a)} dx$$

↓ 412

$$\frac{\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{2b}{\sqrt{5}a}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{5}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{5}a}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[4 - 5*x^4]),x]`

output `EllipticPi[(-2*b)/(Sqrt[5]*a), ArcSin[(5^(1/4)*x)/Sqrt[2]], -1]/(Sqrt[2]*5^(1/4)*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`

rule 1537

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[-c] Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[q + c*x^2]*Sqr
t[q - c*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] &
& GtQ[a, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 78 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2} 5^{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{5} x^2}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{5} x^2}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{2b\sqrt{5}}{5a}, \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}} \sqrt{2} 5^{\frac{3}{4}}}{5}\right)}{5a\sqrt{-5x^4+4}}$	79
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{2} 5^{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{5} x^2}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{5} x^2}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{2b\sqrt{5}}{5a}, \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}} \sqrt{2} 5^{\frac{3}{4}}}{5}\right)}{5a\sqrt{-5x^4+4}}$	79

input

```
int(1/(b*x^2+a)/(-5*x^4+4)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/5/a*2^(1/2)*5^(3/4)*(1-1/2*5^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/2*5^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/
(-5*x^4+4)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*5^(1/4)*x*2^(1/2),-2/5*b*5^(1/2)/a,1/5*(-1
/2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*5^(3/4))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 - 5x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-5x^4 + 4}(bx^2 + a)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(b*x^2+a)/(-5*x^4+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(-sqrt(-5*x^4 + 4)/(5*b*x^6 + 5*a*x^4 - 4*b*x^2 - 4*a), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 - 5x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 - 5x^4}(a + bx^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x**2+a)/(-5*x**4+4)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(4 - 5*x**4)*(a + b*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 - 5x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-5x^4 + 4}(bx^2 + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^2+a)/(-5*x^4+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-5*x^4 + 4)*(b*x^2 + a)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 - 5x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-5x^4 + 4}(bx^2 + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^2+a)/(-5*x^4+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-5*x^4 + 4)*(b*x^2 + a)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2) \sqrt{4 - 5x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 + a) \sqrt{4 - 5x^4}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^2)*(4 - 5*x^4)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^2)*(4 - 5*x^4)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2) \sqrt{4 - 5x^4}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-5x^4 + 4}}{5bx^6 + 5ax^4 - 4bx^2 - 4a} dx \right)$$

input `int(1/(b*x^2+a)/(-5*x^4+4)^(1/2),x)`output `- int(sqrt(- 5*x**4 + 4)/(5*a*x**4 - 4*a + 5*b*x**6 - 4*b*x**2),x)`

3.433 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4+5x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3459
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3460
Rubi [A] (verified)	3460
Maple [C] (verified)	3462
Fricas [F]	3463
Sympy [F]	3463
Maxima [F]	3463
Giac [F]	3464
Mupad [F(-1)]	3464
Reduce [F]	3464

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 299

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4+5x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{5a^2+4b^2}x}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{4+5x^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{5a^2+4b^2}} + \frac{5^{3/4}(2+\sqrt{5}x^2)\sqrt{\frac{4+5x^4}{(2+\sqrt{5}x^2)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{5}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}(5a-2\sqrt{5}b)\sqrt{4+5x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{5}(\sqrt{5}a+2b)(2+\sqrt{5}x^2)\sqrt{\frac{4+5x^4}{(2+\sqrt{5}x^2)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{5}a-2b)^2}{8\sqrt{5}ab}, 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{5}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a(5a-2\sqrt{5}b)\sqrt{4+5x^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*b^(1/2)*arctan((5*a^2+4*b^2)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(5*x^4+4)^(1/2))/
a^(1/2)/(5*a^2+4*b^2)^(1/2)+1/4*5^(3/4)*(2+5^(1/2)*x^2)*((5*x^4+4)/(2+5^(1
/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/2*5^(1/4)*x*2^(1/2)),1/2*2^(1
/2))*2^(1/2)/(5*a-2*b*5^(1/2))/(5*x^4+4)^(1/2)-1/8*5^(1/4)*(5^(1/2)*a+2*b)
*(2+5^(1/2)*x^2)*((5*x^4+4)/(2+5^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arct
an(1/2*5^(1/4)*x*2^(1/2))),-1/40*(5^(1/2)*a-2*b)^2*5^(1/2)/a/b,1/2*2^(1/2)
)*2^(1/2)/a/(5*a-2*b*5^(1/2))/(5*x^4+4)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.17

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 + 5x^4}} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{2ib}{\sqrt{5a}}, \text{I} \text{ArcSinh}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) \sqrt[4]{5x}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt[4]{5a}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[4 + 5*x^4]), x]`

output `((-1/2 - I/2)*EllipticPi[((-2*I)*b)/(Sqrt[5]*a), I*ArcSinh[(1/2 + I/2)*5^(1/4)*x], -1)/(5^(1/4)*a)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {1541, 27, 761, 2221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^4 + 4}(a + bx^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1541} \\ & \frac{(5a + 2\sqrt{5}b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^4 + 4}} dx}{5a^2 - 4b^2} - \frac{2b(\sqrt{5}a + 2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{5x^2 + 2}}{2(bx^2 + a)\sqrt{5x^4 + 4}} dx}{5a^2 - 4b^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(5a + 2\sqrt{5}b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^4 + 4}} dx}{5a^2 - 4b^2} - \frac{b(\sqrt{5}a + 2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{5x^2 + 2}}{(bx^2 + a)\sqrt{5x^4 + 4}} dx}{5a^2 - 4b^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{761} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{5}x^2 + 2) \sqrt{\frac{5x^4+4}{(\sqrt{5}x^2+2)^2}} (5a + 2\sqrt{5}b) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{5}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{5}\sqrt{5x^4+4}(5a^2-4b^2)} - \frac{b(\sqrt{5}a+2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{5}x^2+2}{(bx^2+a)\sqrt{5x^4+4}} dx}{5a^2-4b^2}$$

↓ 2221

$$\frac{(\sqrt{5}x^2 + 2) \sqrt{\frac{5x^4+4}{(\sqrt{5}x^2+2)^2}} (5a + 2\sqrt{5}b) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{5}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{5}\sqrt{5x^4+4}(5a^2-4b^2)} - \frac{b(\sqrt{5}a+2b) \left(\frac{(\sqrt{5}x^2+2) \sqrt{\frac{5x^4+4}{(\sqrt{5}x^2+2)^2}} (\sqrt{5}a+2b) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{5}a-2b)^2}{8\sqrt{5}ab}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{5}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{5}ab\sqrt{5x^4+4}} - \frac{(\sqrt{5}a-2b) \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{5a^2+4b^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{5x^4+4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{5a^2+4b^2}} \right)}{5a^2-4b^2}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[4 + 5*x^4]), x]`

output `((5*a + 2*Sqrt[5]*b)*(2 + Sqrt[5]*x^2)*Sqrt[(4 + 5*x^4)/(2 + Sqrt[5]*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(5^(1/4)*x)/Sqrt[2]], 1/2])/(2*Sqrt[2]*5^(1/4)*(5*a^2 - 4*b^2)*Sqrt[4 + 5*x^4]) - (b*(Sqrt[5]*a + 2*b)*(-1/2*((Sqrt[5]*a - 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[5*a^2 + 4*b^2]*x)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[4 + 5*x^4])])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[5*a^2 + 4*b^2]) + ((Sqrt[5]*a + 2*b)*(2 + Sqrt[5]*x^2)*Sqrt[(4 + 5*x^4)/(2 + Sqrt[5]*x^2)^2]*EllipticPi[-1/8*(Sqrt[5]*a - 2*b)^2/(Sqrt[5]*a*b), 2*ArcTan[(5^(1/4)*x)/Sqrt[2]], 1/2])/(4*Sqrt[2]*5^(1/4)*a*b*Sqrt[4 + 5*x^4]))/(5*a^2 - 4*b^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1541

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4]
], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*
x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e
^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2221

```
Int(((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(- (B*d - A*e))* (ArcTan[Rt[c*(d/e)
+ a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2])), x]
+ Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2))/(4*
d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x
], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && Po
sQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && PosQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{5}x^2}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{5}x^2}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{i\sqrt{5}x}, \frac{2i\sqrt{5}b}{5a}, \sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{5}}{2}} \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{i\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{a \sqrt{i\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{5x^4 + 4}}$	86
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{5}x^2}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{5}x^2}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{i\sqrt{5}x}, \frac{2i\sqrt{5}b}{5a}, \sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{5}}{2}} \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{i\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{a \sqrt{i\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{5x^4 + 4}}$	86

input

```
int(1/(b*x^2+a)/(5*x^4+4)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/a/(1/2*I*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/2*I*5^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/2*I*5^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(5*x^4+4)^(1/2)*EllipticPi((1/2*I*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*x,2/5*I*5^(1/2)/a*b,(-1/2*I*5^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1/2*I*5^(1/2))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 + 5x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^4 + 4}(bx^2 + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^2+a)/(5*x^4+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(5*x^4 + 4)/(5*b*x^6 + 5*a*x^4 + 4*b*x^2 + 4*a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 + 5x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{5x^4 + 4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x**2+a)/(5*x**4+4)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**2)*sqrt(5*x**4 + 4)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 + 5x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^4 + 4}(bx^2 + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^2+a)/(5*x^4+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(5*x^4 + 4)*(b*x^2 + a)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 + 5x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^4 + 4}(bx^2 + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^2+a)/(5*x^4+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(5*x^4 + 4)*(b*x^2 + a)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 + 5x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 + a)\sqrt{5x^4 + 4}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^2)*(5*x^4 + 4)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^2)*(5*x^4 + 4)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 + 5x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{5x^4 + 4}}{5bx^6 + 5ax^4 + 4bx^2 + 4a} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x^2+a)/(5*x^4+4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(5*x**4 + 4)/(5*a*x**4 + 4*a + 5*b*x**6 + 4*b*x**2),x)`

3.434 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4-dx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3465
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3465
Rubi [A] (verified)	3466
Maple [B] (verified)	3466
Fricas [F]	3467
Sympy [F]	3467
Maxima [F]	3468
Giac [F]	3468
Mupad [F(-1)]	3468
Reduce [F]	3469

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4-dx^4}} dx = \frac{\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{2b}{a\sqrt{d}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{2}a\sqrt[4]{d}}$$

output `1/2*EllipticPi(1/2*d^(1/4)*x*2^(1/2), -2*b/a/d^(1/2), I)*2^(1/2)/a/d^(1/4)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4-dx^4}} dx = -\frac{i \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{2b}{a\sqrt{d}}, i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{d}}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{2}a\sqrt{-\sqrt{d}}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[4 - d*x^4]), x]`

output `((-I)*EllipticPi[(-2*b)/(a*Sqrt[d]), I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[-Sqrt[d]]*x)/Sqrt[2]], -1])/(Sqrt[2]*a*Sqrt[-Sqrt[d]])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$, Rules used = {1542}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 - dx^4} (a + bx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1542

$$\frac{\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{2b}{a\sqrt{d}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{2}a\sqrt[4]{d}}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[4 - d*x^4]),x]`

output `EllipticPi[(-2*b)/(a*Sqrt[d]), ArcSin[(d^(1/4)*x)/Sqrt[2]], -1]/(Sqrt[2]*a*d^(1/4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1542 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[-c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1/(d*Sqrt[a]*q))*EllipticPi[-e/(d*q^2), ArcSin[q*x], -1], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 77 vs. 2(32) = 64.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{d}x^2}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{d}x^2}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{d^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{2b}{a\sqrt{d}}, \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{d}}{2}}\sqrt{2}}{d^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{a d^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-dx^4+4}}$	78
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{d}x^2}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{d}x^2}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{d^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{2b}{a\sqrt{d}}, \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{d}}{2}}\sqrt{2}}{d^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{a d^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-dx^4+4}}$	78

input `int(1/(b*x^2+a)/(-d*x^4+4)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a*2^(1/2)/d^(1/4)*(1-1/2*d^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/2*d^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(-d*x^4+4)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*d^(1/4)*x*2^(1/2),-2*b/a/d^(1/2),(-1/2*d^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/d^(1/4))`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 - dx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-dx^4 + 4}(bx^2 + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^2+a)/(-d*x^4+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-d*x^4 + 4)/(b*d*x^6 + a*d*x^4 - 4*b*x^2 - 4*a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 - dx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{-dx^4 + 4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x**2+a)/(-d*x**4+4)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**2)*sqrt(-d*x**4 + 4)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 - dx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-dx^4 + 4}(bx^2 + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^2+a)/(-d*x^4+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-d*x^4 + 4)*(b*x^2 + a)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 - dx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-dx^4 + 4}(bx^2 + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^2+a)/(-d*x^4+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-d*x^4 + 4)*(b*x^2 + a)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 - dx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 + a)\sqrt{4 - dx^4}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^2)*(4 - d*x^4)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^2)*(4 - d*x^4)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 - dx^4}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-dx^4 + 4}}{bdx^6 + adx^4 - 4bx^2 - 4a} dx \right)$$

input `int(1/(b*x^2+a)/(-d*x^4+4)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int(sqrt(- d*x**4 + 4)/(a*d*x**4 - 4*a + b*d*x**6 - 4*b*x**2),x)`

3.435 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4+dx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3470
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3471
Rubi [A] (verified)	3471
Maple [C] (verified)	3473
Fricas [F]	3474
Sympy [F]	3474
Maxima [F]	3474
Giac [F]	3475
Mupad [F(-1)]	3475
Reduce [F]	3475

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 300

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{4+dx^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{4b^2+a^2}dx}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{4+dx^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{4b^2+a^2}d} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}(2+\sqrt{dx^2})\sqrt{\frac{4+dx^4}{(2+\sqrt{dx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}(2b-a\sqrt{d})\sqrt{4+dx^4}} + \frac{(2b+a\sqrt{d})(2+\sqrt{dx^2})\sqrt{\frac{4+dx^4}{(2+\sqrt{dx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(2b-a\sqrt{d})^2}{8ab\sqrt{d}}, 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a(2b-a\sqrt{d})\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{4+dx^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*b^(1/2)*arctan((a^2*d+4*b^2)^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(d*x^4+4)^(1/2))/
a^(1/2)/(a^2*d+4*b^2)^(1/2)-1/4*d^(1/4)*(2+d^(1/2)*x^2)*((d*x^4+4)/(2+d^(1
/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(1/2*d^(1/4)*x*2^(1/2)),1/2*2^(1
/2))*2^(1/2)/(2*b-a*d^(1/2))/(d*x^4+4)^(1/2)+1/8*(2*b+a*d^(1/2))*(2+d^(1/2
)*x^2)*((d*x^4+4)/(2+d^(1/2)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(1/2*d^(
1/4)*x*2^(1/2))),-1/8*(2*b-a*d^(1/2))^2/a/b/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a
/(2*b-a*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(d*x^4+4)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 + dx^4}} dx = -\frac{i \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{2ib}{a\sqrt{d}}, \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{i\sqrt{d}x}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{2}a\sqrt{i\sqrt{d}}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[4 + d*x^4]),x]`

output `((-I)*EllipticPi[((-2*I)*b)/(a*Sqrt[d]), I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[I*Sqrt[d]]*x)/Sqrt[2]], -1])/(Sqrt[2]*a*Sqrt[I*Sqrt[d]])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {1541, 27, 761, 2221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^4 + 4}(a + bx^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1541} \\ & \frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+2}}{2(bx^2+a)\sqrt{dx^4+4}} dx}{2b - a\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\sqrt{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^4+4}} dx}{2b - a\sqrt{d}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+2}}{(bx^2+a)\sqrt{dx^4+4}} dx}{2b - a\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\sqrt{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^4+4}} dx}{2b - a\sqrt{d}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{761} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+2}}{(bx^2+a)\sqrt{dx^4+4}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}(\sqrt{dx^2+2}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^4+4}{(\sqrt{dx^2+2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx^4+4}(2b-a\sqrt{d})} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2221} \\
& \frac{b \left(\frac{(2b-a\sqrt{d}) \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{a^2d+4b^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{dx^4+4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a^2d+4b^2}} + \frac{(\sqrt{dx^2+2}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^4+4}{(\sqrt{dx^2+2})^2}} (a\sqrt{d}+2b) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(2b-a\sqrt{d})^2}{8ab\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}ab\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{dx^4+4}} \right)}{2b-a\sqrt{d}} \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}(\sqrt{dx^2+2}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^4+4}{(\sqrt{dx^2+2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx^4+4}(2b-a\sqrt{d})}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[4 + d*x^4]),x]`

output `-1/2*(d^(1/4)*(2 + Sqrt[d]*x^2)*Sqrt[(4 + d*x^4)/(2 + Sqrt[d]*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x)/Sqrt[2]], 1/2])/(Sqrt[2]*(2*b - a*Sqrt[d])*Sqrt[4 + d*x^4]) + (b*(((2*b - a*Sqrt[d])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[4*b^2 + a^2*d]*x)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[4 + d*x^4])])/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[4*b^2 + a^2*d]) + ((2*b + a*Sqrt[d])*(2 + Sqrt[d]*x^2)*Sqrt[(4 + d*x^4)/(2 + Sqrt[d]*x^2)^2]*EllipticPi[-1/8*(2*b - a*Sqrt[d])^2/(a*b*Sqrt[d]), 2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x)/Sqrt[2]], 1/2])/(4*Sqrt[2]*a*b*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[4 + d*x^4])))/(2*b - a*Sqrt[d])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1541

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4]
], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*
x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e
^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2221

```
Int(((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-B*d - A*e)*(ArcTan[Rt[c*(d/e)
+ a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2])), x]
+ Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*
d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x
], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && Po
sQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && PosQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{d}x^2}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{d}x^2}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{i\sqrt{d}x}}{2}, \frac{2ib}{\sqrt{da}}, \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{d}}{2}} \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{i\sqrt{d}}}\right)}{a \sqrt{i\sqrt{d}} \sqrt{dx^4 + 4}}$	86
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{i\sqrt{d}x^2}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{d}x^2}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{i\sqrt{d}x}}{2}, \frac{2ib}{\sqrt{da}}, \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{d}}{2}} \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{i\sqrt{d}}}\right)}{a \sqrt{i\sqrt{d}} \sqrt{dx^4 + 4}}$	86

input

```
int(1/(b*x^2+a)/(d*x^4+4)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/a/(1/2*I*d^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1-1/2*I*d^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+1/2*I*d^(1/2)*x^2)^(1/2)/(d*x^4+4)^(1/2)*EllipticPi((1/2*I*d^(1/2))^(1/2)*x,2*I/d^(1/2)/a*b,(-1/2*I*d^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1/2*I*d^(1/2))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 + dx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^4 + 4}(bx^2 + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^2+a)/(d*x^4+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(d*x^4 + 4)/(b*d*x^6 + a*d*x^4 + 4*b*x^2 + 4*a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 + dx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{dx^4 + 4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x**2+a)/(d*x**4+4)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**2)*sqrt(d*x**4 + 4)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 + dx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^4 + 4}(bx^2 + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^2+a)/(d*x^4+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(d*x^4 + 4)*(b*x^2 + a)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 + dx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^4 + 4}(bx^2 + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^2+a)/(d*x^4+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(d*x^4 + 4)*(b*x^2 + a)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 + dx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 + a)\sqrt{dx^4 + 4}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^2)*(d*x^4 + 4)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^2)*(d*x^4 + 4)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)\sqrt{4 + dx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4 + 4}}{bdx^6 + adx^4 + 4bx^2 + 4a} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x^2+a)/(d*x^4+4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(d*x**4 + 4)/(a*d*x**4 + 4*a + b*d*x**6 + 4*b*x**2),x)`

3.436 $\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	3476
Mathematica [F]	3477
Rubi [F]	3477
Maple [F]	3478
Fricas [F(-1)]	3478
Sympy [F]	3479
Maxima [F]	3479
Giac [F]	3479
Mupad [F(-1)]	3480
Reduce [F]	3480

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 567

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx &= \frac{\left(\frac{3d^2}{e} - \frac{8ae}{c}\right) \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}}{48x} \\
 &+ \frac{7}{24} dx \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} + \frac{1}{6} ex^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} \\
 &+ \frac{\left(d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) (3cd^2 - 8ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{48e\sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{a}(31cd^2 + 8ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{48\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\
 &+ \frac{d(cd^2 + 12ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{16e\sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/48*(3*d^2/e-8*a*e/c)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/x+7/24*d*x*(e*x^2+
d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/6*e*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/48*
(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(-8*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e
*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/
x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/e/(e*x^2+d)^(1
/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/48*a^(1/2)*(8*a*e^2+31*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3
*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1
/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/c^
(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/16*d*(12*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)
^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(
1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2
)))^(1/2))/e/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1571$$

$$\int \sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]
```

output \$Aborted

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a - c*x**4)*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-cx^4 + a} (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-cx^4 + a} (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{a - cx^4} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx &= \frac{7\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} dx}{24} \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} ex^3}{6} + \frac{\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} x^4}{-ce x^6 - cd x^4 + ae x^2 + ad} dx\right) a e^2}{3} \\ &- \frac{\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} x^4}{-ce x^6 - cd x^4 + ae x^2 + ad} dx\right) c d^2}{8} + \frac{11\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} x^2}{-ce x^6 - cd x^4 + ae x^2 + ad} dx\right) ade}{12} \\ &+ \frac{17\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-ce x^6 - cd x^4 + ae x^2 + ad} dx\right) a d^2}{24} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(7*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*d*x + 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*e*x**3 + 8*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a*e**2 - 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*c*d**2 + 22*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a*d*e + 17*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a*d**2)/24`

3.437 $\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	3481
Mathematica [F]	3482
Rubi [F]	3482
Maple [F]	3483
Fricas [F]	3483
Sympy [F]	3484
Maxima [F]	3484
Giac [F]	3484
Mupad [F(-1)]	3485
Reduce [F]	3485

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 499

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx \\
 &= \frac{d\sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}}{8ex} + \frac{1}{4} x \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} \\
 & \quad + \frac{cd \left(d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{8e\sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\
 & \quad + \frac{5\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{8\sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\
 & \quad + \frac{(cd^2 + 4ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticPi} \left(2, \arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{8e\sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/8*d*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/e/x+1/4*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/8*c*d*(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/e/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+5/8*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/e/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1571$$

$$\int \sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]
```

output \$Aborted

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-cx^4 + a} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a - c*x**4)*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-cx^4 + a} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{-cx^4 + a} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \int \sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} \sqrt{a - cx^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + ax}}{4} - \frac{\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + ax^4}}{-ce x^6 - cd x^4 + ae x^2 + ad} dx \right) cd}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + ax^2}}{-ce x^6 - cd x^4 + ae x^2 + ad} dx \right) ae}{2}$$

$$+ \frac{3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-ce x^6 - cd x^4 + ae x^2 + ad} dx \right) ad}{4}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x - int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*c*d + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a*e + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a*d)/4`

3.438 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3486
Mathematica [F]	3487
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3487
Maple [F]	3494
Fricas [F]	3495
Sympy [F]	3495
Maxima [F]	3495
Giac [F]	3496
Mupad [F(-1)]	3496
Reduce [F]	3496

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 458

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx \\
 &= \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2ex} \\
 &+ \frac{c\left(d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\
 &+ \frac{cd\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/e/x+1/2*c*(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(1-a/
c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(
1/2)))^(1/2))/e/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1-a/
c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(
1/2)))^(1/2))/e/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*c*d*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x
^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-a
^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2
))/e/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a - c*x^4]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a - c*x^4]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 519, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {1566, 1803, 628, 2351, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321, 633, 632, 186, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1566

$$\frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - cx}}{\sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} dx}{x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 1803

$$\frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - cx^4}}{\sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{2x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 628

$$\frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\left(\frac{2a}{x^2} + \frac{da}{ex^4} + \frac{cd}{e} \right) x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}}{e} \right)}{2x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 2351

$$\frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{\frac{da}{ex^2} + 2a}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{cd \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}}{e} \right)}{2x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 600

$$\frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{e} + \frac{cd \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}}{e} \right)}{2x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 509

$$\frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{e \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c}} + \frac{cd \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}}{e} \right)}{2x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 508

$$\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{2d}{\left(d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)x^4}}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^4}}} d \sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}{e \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)}}{\sqrt{ae + \sqrt{cd}}}} + a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{cd \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d \frac{1}{x^2}} \right) \right)$$

$$2x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

327

$$\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{cd \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d \frac{1}{x^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right)}{e \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)}}{\sqrt{ae + \sqrt{cd}}}} \right) \right)$$

$$2x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

512

$$\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c}} + \frac{cd \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right)}{e \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)}}{\sqrt{ae + \sqrt{cd}}}} \right) \right)$$

$$2x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

511

$$\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)}}{\sqrt{ae + \sqrt{cd}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^4}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2d}{\left(d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)x^4}}} d \sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{cd \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right)}{e \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)}}{\sqrt{ae + \sqrt{cd}}}} \right) \right)$$

$$2x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

321

$$\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)}}{\sqrt{ae + \sqrt{cd}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)}}{\sqrt{ae + \sqrt{cd}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} \right) \right)$$

$$2x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

633

$$\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{cd \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{e \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)}}{\sqrt{ae + \sqrt{cd}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)}}{\sqrt{ae + \sqrt{cd}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} \right) \right)$$

$$2x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

632

$$\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{cd \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{e \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)}}{\sqrt{ae + \sqrt{cd}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)}}{\sqrt{ae + \sqrt{cd}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} \right) \right)$$

$$2x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

186

$$\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2cd \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \int \frac{1}{(1 - \frac{1}{x^4}) \sqrt{2 - \frac{1}{x^4}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{ax^4}} + e}} d\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{e \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)}}{\sqrt{ae + \sqrt{cd}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)}}{\sqrt{ae + \sqrt{cd}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} \right) \right)$$

$$2x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{d + ex^2}$$

413

$$\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2cd \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cd}}{x^4(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})}}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{x^4}\right) \sqrt{2 - \frac{1}{x^4}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cd}}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^4}}} d \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{a}{\sqrt{a}}}}{e \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{ax^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e}} \right) \right)$$

$2x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4}} -$

\downarrow 412

$$\sqrt{a - cx^4} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)}}{\sqrt{ae + \sqrt{cd}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{e \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} \right) \right)$$

$2x \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4}} -$

input `Int[Sqrt[a - c*x^4]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[e + d/x^2]*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]*(-(Sqrt[-c + a/x^4]*Sqrt[e + d/x^2]*x^2)/e) + ((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 - a/(c*x^4)]*Sqrt[e + d/x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*x^2)]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/(d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])))/(e*Sqrt[-c + a/x^4]*Sqrt[(Sqrt[a]*(e + d/x^2))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]) - (2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 - a/(c*x^4)]*Sqrt[(Sqrt[a]*(e + d/x^2))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*x^2)]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/(d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c])))/(Sqrt[-c + a/x^4]*Sqrt[e + d/x^2]) - (2*c*d*Sqrt[1 - a/(c*x^4)]*Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[c]*d)/((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*x^4)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*x^2)]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*Sqrt[c]*d)/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)))/(e*Sqrt[-c + a/x^4]*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e - (Sqrt[c]*d)/(Sqrt[a]*x^4)]))/2)/(Sqrt[-c + a/x^4]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 186

```
Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && GtQ[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]
```

rule 321

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 412

```
Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !( !GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])
```

rule 413

```
Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

rule 508

```
Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 509 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600 $\text{Int}[((A_)+(B_)(x_))/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 628 $\text{Int}[((e_)(x_))^{(m)}*((c_)+(d_)(x_))^{(n)}*\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n - 1/2)}*(e*x)^{(m + 1)}*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(e*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*e*(m + 1)) \text{ Int}[((e*x)^{(m + 1)}/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]))*\text{ExpandToSum}[(2*a*c^{(n + 1/2)}*(m + 1) + a*c^{(n - 1/2)}*d*(2*m + 3)*x + 2*b*c^{(n + 1/2)}*(m + 2)*x^2 + b*c^{(n - 1/2)}*d*(2*m + 5)*x^3 - 2*a*(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1/2)} - 2*b*(m + 1)*x^2*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1/2)})/x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n + 3/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*m]$

rule 632 $\text{Int}[1/((x_)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a] \text{ Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - q*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + q*x]), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 633 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1566 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[e + d/x^2]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*Sqrt[c + a/x^4])) Int[(x*Sqrt[c + a/x^4])/Sqrt[e + d/x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2351 `Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(d + e*x**2),x)`

3.439 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3497
Mathematica [F]	3498
Rubi [F]	3498
Maple [F]	3499
Fricas [F]	3499
Sympy [F]	3500
Maxima [F]	3500
Giac [F]	3500
Mupad [F(-1)]	3501
Reduce [F]	3501

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 490

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{dex}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{de\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$- \frac{c \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{e\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/e/
x-c^(1/2)*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/
c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)
)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d/e/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c
*x^4+a)^(1/2)+a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/
(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*
2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4
+a)^(1/2)-c*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)
/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)
*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/e/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a - c*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a - c*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[a - c*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)`

3.440 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3502
Mathematica [F]	3503
Rubi [F]	3503
Maple [F]	3504
Fricas [F]	3504
Sympy [F]	3504
Maxima [F]	3505
Giac [F]	3505
Mupad [F(-1)]	3505
Reduce [F]	3506

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 382

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2ae\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{3d(cd^2-ae^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2a\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{3d^2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/3*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3*a*e*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2/3*a*c^(1/2)*e*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d^2/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+2/3*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a - c*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[a - c*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a - c*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e
*x^2 + d^3), x)
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-c*x**4+a)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2), x)
```

output `Integral(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(d + e*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)`

3.441 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3507
Mathematica [F]	3508
Rubi [F]	3508
Maple [F]	3509
Fricas [F]	3509
Sympy [F]	3510
Maxima [F]	3510
Giac [F]	3510
Mupad [F(-1)]	3511
Reduce [F]	3511

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 506

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2(cd^2-2ae^2)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{15d^2(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8ae(2cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{15d^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{8a\sqrt{ce}(2cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{15d^3(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(5cd^2-4ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{15d^3(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

1/5*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+2/15*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+8/15*a*e*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+8/15*a*c^(1/2)*e*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d^3/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+2/15*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(-4*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a - c*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a - c*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[a - c*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x]
```

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^4*x^8 + 4*d*e^3*x^6 + 6*d^2*e
^2*x^4 + 4*d^3*e*x^2 + d^4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(d + e*x**2)**(7/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2), x)`

3.442 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3513
Mathematica [F]	3514
Rubi [F]	3514
Maple [F]	3515
Fricas [F]	3515
Sympy [F]	3516
Maxima [F]	3516
Giac [F]	3516
Mupad [F(-1)]	3517
Reduce [F]	3517

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 623

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2(2cd^2-3ae^2)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{35d^2(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{8(c^2d^4-6acd^2e^2+3a^2e^4)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{105d^3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2ae(77c^2d^4-69acd^2e^2+24a^2e^4)\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{105d^3(cd^2-ae^2)^3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2a\sqrt{ce}(77c^2d^4-69acd^2e^2+24a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{105d^4(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^3(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(35c^2d^4-51acd^2e^2+24a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{105d^4(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

1/7*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)+2/35*(-3*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x*(-c*x^4
+a)^(1/2)/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+8/105*(3*a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^
2+c^2*d^4)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/105*a
*e*(24*a^2*e^4-69*a*c*d^2*e^2+77*c^2*d^4)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d
^2)^3/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2/105*a*c^(1/2)*e*(24*a^2*e^4-69*a*c*d^2*e^2+77*c^
2*d^4)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)
^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a
^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d^4/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^3/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e
)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+2/105*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(24*a^2*e^4-51*
a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*
d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2
),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d^4/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(
1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a - c*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a - c*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a - c*x^4]/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x)`

output `int((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^5*x^10 + 5*d*e^4*x^8 + 10*d^2
*e^3*x^6 + 10*d^3*e^2*x^4 + 5*d^4*e*x^2 + d^5), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(9/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a - c*x**4)/(d + e*x**2)**(9/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^(9/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^(9/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{e^5 x^{10} + 5d e^4 x^8 + 10d^2 e^3 x^6 + 10d^3 e^2 x^4 + 5d^4 e x^2 + d^5} dx$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2), x)`output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(d**5 + 5*d**4*e*x**2 + 10*d**3*e*
*2*x**4 + 10*d**2*e**3*x**6 + 5*d*e**4*x**8 + e**5*x**10), x)`

3.443 $\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3518
Mathematica [F]	3519
Rubi [F]	3519
Maple [F]	3520
Fricas [F]	3520
Sympy [F]	3521
Maxima [F]	3521
Giac [F]	3521
Mupad [F(-1)]	3522
Reduce [F]	3522

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 716

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx &= -\frac{(5cd^2 - 32ae^2)(3cd^2 - 4ae^2)\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{1280ce^3x} \\
 &+ \frac{1}{640}d\left(236a + \frac{5cd^2}{e^2}\right)x\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4} - \frac{(cd^2 - 32ae^2)x^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{160e} \\
 &- \frac{11}{80}cdx^5\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4} - \frac{1}{10}cex^7\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4} \\
 &- \frac{\left(d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)(5cd^2 - 32ae^2)(3cd^2 - 4ae^2)\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{1280e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{a}(5c^2d^4 + 692acd^2e^2 + 128a^2e^4)\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{1280\sqrt{ce^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} \\
 &- \frac{3d(cd^2 - 12ae^2)(cd^2 + 4ae^2)\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{256e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/1280*(-32*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(-4*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(
1/2)/c/e^3/x+1/640*d*(236*a+5*c*d^2/e^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/
2)-1/160*(-32*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/e-11/80*c*
d*x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/10*c*e*x^7*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^
4+a)^(1/2)-1/1280*(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(-32*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(-4*a*e^2+3*c*
d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(
1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(
1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/1280*a^(1/2
)*(128*a^2*e^4+692*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*
(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2
)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e^2/(
e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-3/256*d*(-12*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(4*a*e^2+c*d^2)*
(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*
EllipticPi(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/
2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - cx^4)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int (a - cx^4)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(c*e*x^6 + c*d*x^4 - a*e*x^2 - a*d)*sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (a - cx^4)^{\frac{3}{2}} (d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a - c*x**4)**(3/2)*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

3.444 $\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3523
Mathematica [F]	3524
Rubi [F]	3524
Maple [F]	3525
Fricas [F]	3525
Sympy [F]	3526
Maxima [F]	3526
Giac [F]	3526
Mupad [F(-1)]	3527
Reduce [F]	3527

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 634

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{d(15cd^2 - 68ae^2)\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{384e^3x}$$

$$+ \frac{5}{192}\left(12a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)x\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}$$

$$- \frac{cdx^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}{48e} - \frac{1}{8}cx^5\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}$$

$$- \frac{cd\left(d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)(15cd^2 - 68ae^2)\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{384e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd}(5cd^2 + 196ae^2)\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{384e^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

$$- \frac{(5c^2d^4 - 24acd^2e^2 - 48a^2e^4)\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{128e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}}$$

output

```
-1/384*d*(-68*a*e^2+15*c*d^2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/e^3/x+5/192
*(12*a+c*d^2/e^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/48*c*d*x^3*(e*x^2+d
)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/e-1/8*c*x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/38
4*c*d*(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(-68*a*e^2+15*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^
(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/
c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/e^3/(e
*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/384*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*(196*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)
*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)
*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)
*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/128*(-48*a^2*e^
4-24*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1
/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2
^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*
x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - cx^4)^{3/2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1571$$

$$\int (a - cx^4)^{3/2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (a - cx^4)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a - c*x**4)**(3/2)*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \int (a-cx^4)^{3/2} \sqrt{ex^2+d} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2} dx = \frac{60\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}ae^2x + 5\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}cd^2x - 4\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}cd}{\dots}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`output `(60*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*e**2*x + 5*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c*d**2*x - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c*d*e*x**3 - 24*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c*e**2*x**5 - 68*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a*c*d*e**2 + 15*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*c**2*d**3 + 72*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a**2*e**3 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a*c*d**2*e + 132*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a**2*d*e**2 - 5*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a*c*d**3)/(192*e**2)`

3.445 $\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3528
Mathematica [F]	3529
Rubi [F]	3529
Maple [F]	3530
Fricas [F(-1)]	3530
Sympy [F]	3531
Maxima [F]	3531
Giac [F]	3531
Mupad [F(-1)]	3532
Reduce [F]	3532

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 580

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx = -\frac{(15cd^2-32ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{48e^3x} + \frac{5cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{24e^2} - \frac{cx^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6e}$$

$$-\frac{c\left(d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)(15cd^2-32ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{48e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(5cd^2+16ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{48e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$-\frac{cd(5cd^2-12ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{16e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

-1/48*(-32*a*e^2+15*c*d^2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/e^3/x+5/24*c*d
*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/e^2-1/6*c*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+
a)^(1/2)/e-1/48*c*(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(-32*a*e^2+15*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(
1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2
*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(
1/2))/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/48*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(16*a*e^2+
5*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^
2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d
+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/16*c*d*
(-12*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^
(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2
,2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(
1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a - c*x**4)**(3/2)/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}cdx - 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}ce x^3 - 32\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}x^4}{-ce x^6 - cd x^4 + ae x^2 + a}\right)}{1}$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`output `(5*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c*d*x - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c*e*x**3 - 32*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a*c*e**2 + 15*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*c**2*d**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a*c*d*e + 24*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a**2*e**2 - 5*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a*c*d**2)/(24*e**2)`

3.446 $\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3533
Mathematica [F]	3534
Rubi [F]	3534
Maple [F]	3535
Fricas [F(-1)]	3535
Sympy [F]	3536
Maxima [F]	3536
Giac [F]	3536
Mupad [F(-1)]	3537
Reduce [F]	3537

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 597

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{(15cd^2 - 8ae^2) \sqrt{d+ex^2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{8de^3x} - \frac{cx\sqrt{d+ex^2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{4e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) (15cd^2 - 8ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{8de^3\sqrt{d+ex^2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(5cd^2 - 8ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{8de^2\sqrt{d+ex^2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{3c(5cd^2 - 4ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{8e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
(a-c*d^2/e^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/8*(-8*a*e^2+15*c*d^2)
*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/e^3/x-1/4*c*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+
a)^(1/2)/e^2+1/8*c^(1/2)*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*(-8*a*e^2+15*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/
x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*Ellipti
cE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/
2))))^(1/2))/d/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/8*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(-8
*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)
)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)
)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/d/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+
3/8*c*(-4*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)
)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1
/2),2,2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4
+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a - c*x**4)**(3/2)/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}aex - \sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}cdx^3 + 4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-ce^2x^8 - 2cde x^6 + ae^2x^4 - d^2} dx\right)}{1}$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*e*x - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c*d*x**3 + 4*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**6)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4 - c*d**2*x**4 - 2*c*d*e*x**6 - c*e**2*x**8),x)*a*c*d*e**2 + 4*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**6)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4 - c*d**2*x**4 - 2*c*d*e*x**6 - c*e**2*x**8),x)*a*c*e**3*x**2 - 5*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**6)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4 - c*d**2*x**4 - 2*c*d*e*x**6 - c*e**2*x**8),x)*c**2*d**3 - 5*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**6)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4 - c*d**2*x**4 - 2*c*d*e*x**6 - c*e**2*x**8),x)*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4 - c*d**2*x**4 - 2*c*d*e*x**6 - c*e**2*x**8),x)*a*c*d**3 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4 - c*d**2*x**4 - 2*c*d*e*x**6 - c*e**2*x**8),x)*a*c*d**2*e*x**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4 - c*d**2*x**4 - 2*c*d*e*x**6 - c*e**2*x**8),x)*a**2*d**2*e + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4 - c*d**2*x**4 - 2*c*d*e*x**6 - c*e**2*x**8),x)*a**2*d*e**2*x**2)/(4*d*e*(d + e*x**2))
```

3.447 $\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3538
Mathematica [F]	3539
Rubi [F]	3539
Maple [F]	3540
Fricas [F]	3540
Sympy [F]	3541
Maxima [F]	3541
Giac [F]	3541
Mupad [F(-1)]	3542
Reduce [F]	3542

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 598

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{a}{d^2} + \frac{3c}{e^2}\right) x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{(15cd^2 + 4ae^2) \sqrt{d+ex^2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6d^2e^3x}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) (15cd^2 + 4ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{6d^2e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(5cd^2 + 4ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{6d^2e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{5c^2d\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

1/3*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3*(a/d^2+3*c/e^2)
*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/6*(4*a*e^2+15*c*d^2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^2/e^3/x-1/6*c^(1/2)*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*(4*a*e^2+15*
c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)
^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a
^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d^2/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/6*a^(
1/2)*c^(1/2)*(4*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c
^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)
*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d^2/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/
(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-5/2*c^2*d*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1
/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2
^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x
^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2
*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a - c*x**4)**(3/2)/(d + e*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + ax^4}}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right) c$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right) a$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`output `- int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*c + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*a`

3.448
$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3543
Mathematica [F]	3544
Rubi [F]	3544
Maple [F]	3545
Fricas [F]	3545
Sympy [F]	3546
Maxima [F]	3546
Giac [F]	3546
Mupad [F(-1)]	3547
Reduce [F]	3547

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 639

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4\left(\frac{a}{d^2} + \frac{2c}{e^2}\right) x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{15(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(15c^2d^4 - 11acd^2e^2 + 8a^2e^4) \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{15d^2e^3(cd^2 - ae^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{c}(15c^2d^4 - 11acd^2e^2 + 8a^2e^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{15d^3e^3(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(5cd^2 - 8ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{15d^3e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

1/5*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+4/15*(a/d^2+2*c/e^2
)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+1/15*(8*a^2*e^4-11*a*c*d^2*e^2+15*c^2
*d^4)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^2/e^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/15*c^(1/
2)*(8*a^2*e^4-11*a*c*d^2*e^2+15*c^2*d^4)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e
*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/
x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d^3/e^3/(c^(1/
2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/15*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(-8*
a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)
*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)
*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d^3/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
+c^2*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(
1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(d/(d+
a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^4*x^8 + 4*d*e^3*x^6 + 6*d^2
*e^2*x^4 + 4*d^3*e*x^2 + d^4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((a - c*x**4)**(3/2)/(d + e*x**2)**(7/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2), x)`

output

```
(10*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*c*d*x + 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a
- c*x**4)*a*c*e*x**3 + 16*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**8)/(4*
a**2*d**4*e**2 + 16*a**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 24*a**2*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 16*a**2
*d*e**5*x**6 + 4*a**2*e**6*x**8 + 15*a*c*d**6 + 60*a*c*d**5*e*x**2 + 86*a*
c*d**4*e**2*x**4 + 44*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**6 - 9*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 16*a*c*d
*e**5*x**10 - 4*a*c*e**6*x**12 - 15*c**2*d**6*x**4 - 60*c**2*d**5*e*x**6 -
90*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**8 - 60*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**10 - 15*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**1
2),x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4 + 48*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**8
)/(4*a**2*d**4*e**2 + 16*a**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 24*a**2*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 16
*a**2*d*e**5*x**6 + 4*a**2*e**6*x**8 + 15*a*c*d**6 + 60*a*c*d**5*e*x**2 +
86*a*c*d**4*e**2*x**4 + 44*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**6 - 9*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**8 - 16*
a*c*d*e**5*x**10 - 4*a*c*e**6*x**12 - 15*c**2*d**6*x**4 - 60*c**2*d**5*e*x
**6 - 90*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**8 - 60*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**10 - 15*c**2*d**2*e**4
*x**12),x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 48*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*
x**4)*x**8)/(4*a**2*d**4*e**2 + 16*a**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 24*a**2*d**2*e**4
*x**4 + 16*a**2*d*e**5*x**6 + 4*a**2*e**6*x**8 + 15*a*c*d**6 + 60*a*c*d**5
*e*x**2 + 86*a*c*d**4*e**2*x**4 + 44*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**6 - 9*a*c*d**2*e**4*
x**8 - 16*a*c*d*e**5*x**10 - 4*a*c*e**6*x**12 - 15*c**2*d**6*x**4 - 60*c**
2*d**5*e*x**6 - 90*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**8 - 60*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**10 - 15*c**2
*d**2*e**4*x**12),x)*a**2*c**2*d*e**6*x**4 + 16*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*s...
```

3.449 $\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3549
Mathematica [F]	3550
Rubi [F]	3550
Maple [F]	3551
Fricas [F]	3551
Sympy [F(-1)]	3552
Maxima [F]	3552
Giac [F]	3552
Mupad [F(-1)]	3553
Reduce [F]	3553

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 580

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{7d(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{3a}{d^2} + \frac{5c}{e^2}\right) x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{35(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$- \frac{(5c^2d^4 - 9acd^2e^2 + 8a^2e^4) x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{35d^3e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{16a^2e(2cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{35d^3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 x \sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16a^2\sqrt{c}e(2cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{35d^4(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{4a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}(5cd^2 - 4ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{35d^4(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

1/7*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)+2/35*(3*a/d^2+5*c/e
^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)-1/35*(8*a^2*e^4-9*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2
*d^4)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^3/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+16/35*a^2*
e*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
+16/35*a^2*c^(1/2)*e*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x
^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2
)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d^4/(c^(1/2)*d-a
^(1/2)*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+4/35*a^(3/2)*c^(1
/2)*(-4*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d
+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)
,2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d^4/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/
2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x)`

output `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^5*x^10 + 5*d*e^4*x^8 + 10*d
^2*e^3*x^6 + 10*d^3*e^2*x^4 + 5*d^4*e*x^2 + d^5), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(9/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(9/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(9/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2), x)`

output

```
(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*c*d*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c
*x**4)*a*c*e*x**3 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c**2*d*x**5 - 96*i
nt((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(4*a**2*d**5*e**2 + 20*a**2*d*
*4*e**3*x**2 + 40*a**2*d**3*e**4*x**4 + 40*a**2*d**2*e**5*x**6 + 20*a**2*d
*e**6*x**8 + 4*a**2*e**7*x**10 + 21*a*c*d**7 + 105*a*c*d**6*e*x**2 + 206*a
*c*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 190*a*c*d**4*e**3*x**6 + 65*a*c*d**3*e**4*x**8 - 19*a*
c*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 20*a*c*d*e**6*x**12 - 4*a*c*e**7*x**14 - 21*c**2*d**7*
x**4 - 105*c**2*d**6*e*x**6 - 210*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**8 - 210*c**2*d**4*e**3
*x**10 - 105*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**12 - 21*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**14),x)*a**2*c**2*
d**6*e**2 - 384*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(4*a**2*d**5*
e**2 + 20*a**2*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 40*a**2*d**3*e**4*x**4 + 40*a**2*d**2*e**5
*x**6 + 20*a**2*d*e**6*x**8 + 4*a**2*e**7*x**10 + 21*a*c*d**7 + 105*a*c*d*
*6*e*x**2 + 206*a*c*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 190*a*c*d**4*e**3*x**6 + 65*a*c*d**3*
e**4*x**8 - 19*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**10 - 20*a*c*d*e**6*x**12 - 4*a*c*e**7*x**1
4 - 21*c**2*d**7*x**4 - 105*c**2*d**6*e*x**6 - 210*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**8 - 2
10*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**10 - 105*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**12 - 21*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**
14),x)*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**2 - 576*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**
4)*x**4)/(4*a**2*d**5*e**2 + 20*a**2*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 40*a**2*d**3*e**4*x*
*4 + 40*a**2*d**2*e**5*x**6 + 20*a**2*d*e**6*x**8 + 4*a**2*e**7*x**10 + 21
*a*c*d**7 + 105*a*c*d**6*e*x**2 + 206*a*c*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 190*a*c*d**4...
```

3.450
$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3555
Mathematica [F]	3556
Rubi [F]	3556
Maple [F]	3557
Fricas [F]	3557
Sympy [F(-1)]	3558
Maxima [F]	3558
Giac [F]	3558
Mupad [F(-1)]	3559
Reduce [F]	3559

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 714

$$\int \frac{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{9d(d+ex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{4\left(\frac{2a}{d^2} + \frac{3c}{e^2}\right) x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{63(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{(5c^2d^4 - 17acd^2e^2 + 16a^2e^4) x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{105d^3e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2(5c^3d^6 - 22ac^2d^4e^2 + 65a^2cd^2e^4 - 32a^3e^6) x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{315d^4e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4a^2e(93c^2d^4 - 93acd^2e^2 + 32a^2e^4) \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{315d^4(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4a^2\sqrt{ce}(93c^2d^4 - 93acd^2e^2 + 32a^2e^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{315d^5(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^3(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{4a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}(45c^2d^4 - 69acd^2e^2 + 32a^2e^4) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{315d^5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

1/9*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)+4/63*(2*a/d^2+3*c/e
^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)-1/105*(16*a^2*e^4-17*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*
c^2*d^4)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^3/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)-2/315*(
-32*a^3*e^6+65*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-22*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2
)/d^4/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+4/315*a^2*e*(32*a^2*e^4-93*a*c*
d^2*e^2+93*c^2*d^4)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^4/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2
)+4/315*a^2*c^(1/2)*e*(32*a^2*e^4-93*a*c*d^2*e^2+93*c^2*d^4)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(
1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2
*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(
1/2))/d^5/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^3/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/
(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+4/315*a^(3/2)*c^(1/2)*(32*a^2*e^4-69*a*c*d^2*e^2+45*c^2*d
^4)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1
/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1
/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d^5/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/
2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2), x)`

output `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2), x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^6*x^12 + 6*d*e^5*x^10 + 15*d^2*e^4*x^8 + 20*d^3*e^3*x^6 + 15*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 6*d^5*e*x^2 + d^6), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-c*x**4+a)**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**(11/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(11/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^(11/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2),x)`output `int((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^(11/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^{11/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(11/2),x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*c*d*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a -
c*x**4)*a*c*e*x**3 - 9*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c**2*d*x**5 - 2*
sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c**2*e*x**7 - 96*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*s
qrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(4*a**2*d**6*e**2 + 24*a**2*d**5*e**3*x**2 + 60*a**2
*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 80*a**2*d**3*e**5*x**6 + 60*a**2*d**2*e**6*x**8 + 24*a**
2*d**e**7*x**10 + 4*a**2*e**8*x**12 + 7*a*c*d**8 + 42*a*c*d**7*e*x**2 + 101
*a*c*d**6*e**2*x**4 + 116*a*c*d**5*e**3*x**6 + 45*a*c*d**4*e**4*x**8 - 38*
a*c*d**3*e**5*x**10 - 53*a*c*d**2*e**6*x**12 - 24*a*c*d*e**7*x**14 - 4*a*c
*e**8*x**16 - 7*c**2*d**8*x**4 - 42*c**2*d**7*e*x**6 - 105*c**2*d**6*e**2*
x**8 - 140*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**10 - 105*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**12 - 42*c**2*d**3*
e**5*x**14 - 7*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**16),x)*a**3*c*d**5*e**4 - 480*int((sqrt(d
+ e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(4*a**2*d**6*e**2 + 24*a**2*d**5*e**3*x*
*2 + 60*a**2*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 80*a**2*d**3*e**5*x**6 + 60*a**2*d**2*e**6*x
**8 + 24*a**2*d*e**7*x**10 + 4*a**2*e**8*x**12 + 7*a*c*d**8 + 42*a*c*d**7*
e*x**2 + 101*a*c*d**6*e**2*x**4 + 116*a*c*d**5*e**3*x**6 + 45*a*c*d**4*e**
4*x**8 - 38*a*c*d**3*e**5*x**10 - 53*a*c*d**2*e**6*x**12 - 24*a*c*d*e**7*x
**14 - 4*a*c*e**8*x**16 - 7*c**2*d**8*x**4 - 42*c**2*d**7*e*x**6 - 105*c**
2*d**6*e**2*x**8 - 140*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**10 - 105*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**12 - 4
2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**14 - 7*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**16),x)*a**3*c*d**4*e**5*x**2
- 960*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(4*a**2*d**6*e**2 + ...
```

3.451 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3561
Mathematica [F]	3562
Rubi [F]	3562
Maple [F]	3563
Fricas [F]	3563
Sympy [F]	3564
Maxima [F]	3564
Giac [F]	3564
Mupad [F(-1)]	3565
Reduce [F]	3565

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 518

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = -\frac{9de\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{8cx} - \frac{e^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{4c}$$

$$- \frac{9de\left(d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{d(8cd^2 + 11ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{e(15cd^2 + 4ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{8c\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
-9/8*d*e*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c/x-1/4*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-
c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c-9/8*d*e*(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1
/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^
(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/(e*x^2+d
)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/8*d*(11*a*e^2+8*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a
^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)
/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2)/a^(1/
2)/c^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/8*e*(4*a*e^2+15*c*d^2)*(1-a/
c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticPi(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/
c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]
```

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c*
x^4 - a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**(5/2)/sqrt(a - c*x**4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2),x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}e^2x + 9\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}x^4}{-ce^2x^6 - cd^2x^4 + ae^2x^2 + ad} dx\right)cd e^2 + 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-ce^2x^6 - cd^2x^4 + ae^2x^2 + ad} dx\right)}{1}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(- sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*e**2*x + 9*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*c*d*e**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a*e**3 + 12*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*c*d**2*e + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a*d*e**2 + 4*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*c*d**3)/(4*c)`

3.452 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3566
Mathematica [F]	3567
Rubi [F]	3567
Maple [F]	3568
Fricas [F]	3568
Sympy [F]	3569
Maxima [F]	3569
Giac [F]	3569
Mupad [F(-1)]	3570
Reduce [F]	3570

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 465

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = -\frac{e\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2cx} - \frac{e\left(d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{(2cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{3de\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
-1/2*e*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/c/x-1/2*e*(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(1
-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*El
lipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/
c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*(1-a
/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*Elli
pticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c
^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+3/2*d*e*(1
-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*El
lipticPi(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)
*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]
```


output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^4 - a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**(3/2)/sqrt(a - c*x**4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2),x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a} x^2}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) e + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-cx^4 + a} dx \right) d$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a - c*x**4),x)*e + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a - c*x**4),x)*d`

3.453 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3571
Mathematica [F]	3572
Rubi [F]	3572
Maple [F]	3573
Fricas [F]	3573
Sympy [F]	3573
Maxima [F]	3574
Giac [F]	3574
Mupad [F(-1)]	3574
Reduce [F]	3575

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 268

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{e\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
c^(1/2)*d*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x
^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(
d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+e*(1
-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*El
lipticPi(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)
*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/Sqrt[a - c*x^4], x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c*x^4 - a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/sqrt(a - c*x**4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-cx^4+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-cx^4+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-c*x^4 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{-cx^4+a} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a - c*x**4),x)`

3.454 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3576
Mathematica [F]	3576
Rubi [A] (verified)	3577
Maple [F]	3579
Fricas [F]	3579
Sympy [F]	3579
Maxima [F]	3580
Giac [F]	3580
Mupad [F(-1)]	3580
Reduce [F]	3581

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
c^(1/2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]), x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1562, 1799, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1562} \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} dx}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1799} \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^4} - c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d^{\frac{1}{x^2}}}{2\sqrt{a - cx^4}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{512} \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{d}{x^2} + e}} d^{\frac{1}{x^2}}}{2\sqrt{a - cx^4}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{511} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{cx^3} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)}{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^4}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2d}{(d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}})x^4}}} d^{\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a - cx^4}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{cx^3} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)}{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a - cx^4}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 - a/(c*x^4)]*Sqrt[(Sqrt[a]*(e + d/x^2))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]*x^3*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*x^2)]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/(d + (Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c]))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*Sqrt[a - c*x^4])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1562 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3*Sqrt[e + d/x^2]*(Sqrt[c + a/x^4]/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])) Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[e + d/x^2]*Sqrt[c + a/x^4]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1799 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4+a}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c*e*x^6 + c*d*x^4 - a*e*x^2 - a*d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a - c*x**4)*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}\sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-ce x^6 - cd x^4 + ae x^2 + ad} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)`

3.455 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3582
Mathematica [F]	3583
Rubi [F]	3583
Maple [F]	3584
Fricas [F]	3584
Sympy [F]	3584
Maxima [F]	3585
Giac [F]	3585
Mupad [F(-1)]	3585
Reduce [F]	3586

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 337

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{(cd^2-ae^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{d(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
e*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*e*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/d/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]), x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2), x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c*e^2*x^8 + 2*c*d*e*x^6 - 2*a*d*e*x^2 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x^4 - a*d^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a - c*x**4)*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-ce^2x^8 - 2cde x^6 + ae^2x^4 - cd^2x^4 + 2ade x^2 + ad^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4 - c*d**2*x**4 - 2*c*d*e*x**6 - c*e**2*x**8),x)`

3.456 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3587
Mathematica [F]	3588
Rubi [F]	3588
Maple [F]	3589
Fricas [F]	3589
Sympy [F]	3590
Maxima [F]	3590
Giac [F]	3590
Mupad [F(-1)]	3591
Reduce [F]	3591

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 464

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = -\frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{3d(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e(3cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{3d(cd^2-ae^2)^2 x \sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{ce}(3cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{3d^2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(3cd^2-2ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{ad^2}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
-1/3*e^2*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3*e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2/3*c^(1/2)*e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d^2/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/3*c^(1/2)*(-2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4} (d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4} (d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]),x]
```

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c*e^3*x^10 + 3*c*d*e^2*x^8 + (3*c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x^6 - 3*a*d^2*e*x^2 + (c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2)*x^4 - a*d^3),
x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a - c*x**4)*(d + e*x**2)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-ce^3x^{10} - 3cde^2x^8 + ae^3x^6 - 3cd^2ex^6 + 3ade^2x^4 - cd^3x^4 + 3ad^2ex^2}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*a*d*
e**2*x**4 + a*e**3*x**6 - c*d**3*x**4 - 3*c*d**2*e*x**6 - 3*c*d*e**2*x**8
- c*e**3*x**10),x)`

$$3.457 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$$

Optimal result	3592
Mathematica [F]	3593
Rubi [F]	3593
Maple [F]	3594
Fricas [F]	3594
Sympy [F]	3595
Maxima [F]	3595
Giac [F]	3595
Mupad [F(-1)]	3596
Reduce [F]	3596

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 570

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = & -\frac{e^2 x \sqrt{a-cx^4}}{5d(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \\ & -\frac{4e^2(3cd^2-ae^2)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{15d^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e(45c^2d^4-21acd^2e^2+8a^2e^4)\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{15d^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3 x \sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{ce}(45c^2d^4-21acd^2e^2+8a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}x^3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{15d^3(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^3(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{c}(15c^2d^4-15acd^2e^2+8a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}x^3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{15\sqrt{ad}^3(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/5*e^2*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)-4/15*e^2*(-a*
e^2+3*c*d^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+1/15*
e*(8*a^2*e^4-21*a*c*d^2*e^2+45*c^2*d^4)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2
)^3/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/15*c^(1/2)*e*(8*a^2*e^4-21*a*c*d^2*e^2+45*c^2*d^4)
*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)
*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)
*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/d^3/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^3/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^2/(e
*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/15*c^(1/2)*(8*a^2*e^4-15*a*c*d^2*e^2+15*c
^2*d^4)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2
)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+
a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-
c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{a-cx^4}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-cx^4}(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)*Sqrt[a - c*x^4]),x]
```

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c*e^4*x^12 + 4*c*d*e^3*x^10 +
(6*c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4)*x^8 - 4*a*d^3*e*x^2 + 4*(c*d^3*e - a*d*e^3)*x^6 - a*
d^4 + (c*d^4 - 6*a*d^2*e^2)*x^4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(7/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a - c*x**4)*(d + e*x**2)**(7/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} (ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-cx^4 + a} (ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - cx^4} (ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{a - cx^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{-ce^4x^{12} - 4cde^3x^{10} + ae^4x^8 - 6cd^2e^2x^8 + 4ade^3x^6 - 4cd^3ex^6 + 6ad^2}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d**4 + 4*a*d**3*e*x**2 + 6*a*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 4*a*d*e**3*x**6 + a*e**4*x**8 - c*d**4*x**4 - 4*c*d**3*e*x**6 - 6*c*d**2*e**2*x**8 - 4*c*d*e**3*x**10 - c*e**4*x**12),x)`

3.458 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3597
Mathematica [F]	3598
Rubi [F]	3598
Maple [F]	3599
Fricas [F(-1)]	3599
Sympy [F]	3600
Maxima [F]	3600
Giac [F]	3600
Mupad [F(-1)]	3601
Reduce [F]	3601

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 627

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{e(3cd^2+2ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2ac^2x}$$

$$+ \frac{3de^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2ac} + \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2ac}$$

$$+ \frac{e\left(d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)(3cd^2+2ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2ac\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(c^2d^4-6acd^2e^2-2a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$- \frac{7de^3\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

1/2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*e*(2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e*x^2+d)
^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a/c^2/x+3/2*d*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
/a/c+1/2*e^3*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a/c+1/2*e*(d+a^(1/2)*e
/c^(1/2))*(2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1
/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^
(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/a/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4
+a)^(1/2)+1/2*(-2*a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^
(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/
c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/a^(3/2
)/c^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-7/2*d*e^3*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3
*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-a^(
1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2)
/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x)`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(7/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**(7/2)/(a - c*x**4)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x)`

output

```

(16*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*e**4*x + 6*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a
- c*x**4)*c*d**2*e**2*x - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c*d*e**3*x*
*3 - 7*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**8)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2
- 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*a*c**2*d*e*
*4 + 7*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**8)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2
- 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*c**3*d*e**4
*x**4 - 32*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x
**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*a**3*e*
*5 + 32*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2
- 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*a**2*c*e**
5*x**4 + 4*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x
**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*a*c**2*
d**4*e - 4*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**2)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x
**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*c**3*d*
*4*e*x**4 - 16*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x*
*2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*a**3*d*e
**4 - 6*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2 - 2*
a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*a**2*c*d**3*e**
2 + 16*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2 - 2*a
*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*a**2*c*d*e**4...

```

3.459 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3603
Mathematica [F]	3604
Rubi [F]	3604
Maple [F]	3605
Fricas [F]	3605
Sympy [F]	3606
Maxima [F]	3606
Giac [F]	3606
Mupad [F(-1)]	3607
Reduce [F]	3607

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 538

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{de\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{acx} + \frac{e^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2ac}$$

$$+ \frac{de\left(d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{a\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{d(cd^2 - 3ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$- \frac{e^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

1/2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+d*e*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1
/2)/a/c/x+1/2*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a/c+d*e*(d+a^(1/2)*e/
c^(1/2))*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^
2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d
+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*d*(-3*a
*e^2+c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)
/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d
/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(
1/2)-e^3*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x
^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(
d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^2
*x^8 - 2*a*c*x^4 + a^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**(5/2)/(a - c*x**4)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}e^2x + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{-cx^4 + a}x^6}{c^2ex^{10} + c^2dx^8 - 2acex^6 - 2acd x^4 + a^2ex^2 + a^2d} dx\right) ac e^3 - \left(\int \frac{1}{c}\right)$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x)`

output

```

(3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*e**2*x + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a
- c*x**4)*x**6)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**
2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*a*c*e**3 - int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x*
**4)*x**6)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**
8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*c**2*e**3*x**4 - 6*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x
**4)*x**2)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**
*8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*a**2*e**3 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)
*x**2)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 +
c**2*e*x**10),x)*a*c*d**2*e + 6*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x*
*2)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c*
*2*e*x**10),x)*a*c*e**3*x**4 - 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x*
*2)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c*
*2*e*x**10),x)*c**2*d**2*e*x**4 - 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)
)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2
*e*x**10),x)*a**2*d*e**2 + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a**2*d
+ a**2*e*x**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10)
,x)*a*c*d**3 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a**2*d + a**2*e*
x**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*a*c*d*
e**2*x**4 - int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2
- 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*c**2*d**...

```

3.460 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3609
Mathematica [F]	3610
Rubi [F]	3610
Maple [F]	3611
Fricas [F]	3611
Sympy [F]	3611
Maxima [F]	3612
Giac [F]	3612
Mupad [F(-1)]	3612
Reduce [F]	3613

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 369

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{e\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{2acx}$$

$$+ \frac{e\left(d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*e*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a/c/x+1/2*e*(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/a/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(c^2*x^8 - 2*a*c*x^4 + a^2), x
)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a - cx^4)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2), x)
```

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**(3/2)/(a - c*x**4)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a} dx + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a} x^4}{c^2 ex^{10} + c^2 dx^8 - 2acex^6 - 2acd x^4 + a^2 ex^2 + a^2 d} dx \right) a^2 e^2 - \left(\int \frac{dx}{c^2 ex^{10} + c^2 dx^8 - 2acex^6 - 2acd x^4 + a^2 ex^2 + a^2 d} \right) a^2 e^2}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*d*x + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*a**2*e**2 - int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*a*c*d**2 - int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*a*c*e**2*x**4 + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)*c**2*d**2*x**4)/(a*(a - c*x**4))`

3.461 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3614
Mathematica [F]	3615
Rubi [F]	3615
Maple [F]	3616
Fricas [F]	3616
Sympy [F]	3616
Maxima [F]	3617
Giac [F]	3617
Mupad [F(-1)]	3617
Reduce [F]	3618

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2a\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*c^(1/2)*d*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x
^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a
^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/
a^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^2*x^8 - 2*a*c*x^4 + a^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a - cx^4)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a - c*x**4)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(-cx^4+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(-cx^4+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}x + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{-ce^6x^6-cdx^4+ae^2x^2+ad} dx\right)ad - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{-ce^6x^6-cdx^4+ae^2x^2+ad} dx\right)}{2a(-cx^4+a)}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*a*d - int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a*d + a*e*x**2 - c*d*x**4 - c*e*x**6),x)*c*d*x**4)/(2*a*(a - c*x**4))`

3.462 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3619
Mathematica [F]	3620
Rubi [F]	3620
Maple [F]	3621
Fricas [F]	3621
Sympy [F]	3621
Maxima [F]	3622
Giac [F]	3622
Mupad [F(-1)]	3622
Reduce [F]	3623

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 390

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{e\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2(cd^2-ae^2)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{cdx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle| \frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2a(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
-1/2*e*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/x/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*c*d*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/2*c^(1/2)*e*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2)/a/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/2*c^(1/2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2)/a^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(-cx^4+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x)
```

```
output int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^2*e*x^10 + c^2*d*x^8 - 2*a*c*
e*x^6 - 2*a*c*d*x^4 + a^2*e*x^2 + a^2*d), x)
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2), x)
```

output `Integral(1/((a - c*x**4)**(3/2)*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^{3/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{c^2ex^{10}+c^2dx^8-2acex^6-2acd x^4+a^2ex^2+a^2d} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2 - 2*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*a*c*e*x**6 + c**2*d*x**8 + c**2*e*x**10),x)`

3.463 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3624
Mathematica [F]	3625
Rubi [F]	3625
Maple [F]	3626
Fricas [F]	3626
Sympy [F]	3627
Maxima [F]	3627
Giac [F]	3627
Mupad [F(-1)]	3628
Reduce [F]	3628

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 464

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{e(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{a(cd^2-ae^2)^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{c}(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{ad(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{c}(cd^2-2ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{2} c x (-e x^2 + d) / a / (-a e^2 + c d^2) / (e x^2 + d)^{1/2} / (-c x^4 + a)^{1/2} - e (a e^2 + c d^2) (-c x^4 + a)^{1/2} / a / (-a e^2 + c d^2)^2 / x / (e x^2 + d)^{1/2} - c^{1/2} e (a e^2 + c d^2) (1 - a/c/x^4)^{1/2} x^3 (a^{1/2} (e x^2 + d) / (c^{1/2} d + a^{1/2} e) / x^2)^{1/2} \text{EllipticE}(1/2 * (1 - a^{1/2} / c^{1/2} / x^2)^{1/2} * 2^{1/2}, 2^{1/2} * (d / (d + a^{1/2} e / c^{1/2}))^{1/2}) / a / d / (c^{1/2} d - a^{1/2} e) / (-a e^2 + c d^2) / (e x^2 + d)^{1/2} / (-c x^4 + a)^{1/2} + 1/2 c^{1/2} (-2 a e^2 + c d^2) (1 - a/c/x^4)^{1/2} x^3 (a^{1/2} (e x^2 + d) / (c^{1/2} d + a^{1/2} e) / x^2)^{1/2} \text{EllipticF}(1/2 * (1 - a^{1/2} / c^{1/2} / x^2)^{1/2} * 2^{1/2}, 2^{1/2} * (d / (d + a^{1/2} e / c^{1/2}))^{1/2}) / a^{3/2} / d / (-a e^2 + c d^2) / (e x^2 + d)^{1/2} / (-c x^4 + a)^{1/2}$$
Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + e x^2)^{3/2} (a - c x^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d + e x^2)^{3/2} (a - c x^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

`Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output

`Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)), x]`
Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - c x^4)^{3/2} (d + e x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1571$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - c x^4)^{3/2} (d + e x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

`Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)),x]`

output

`$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x)
```

```
output int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^2*e^2*x^12 + 2*c^2*d*e*x^10 -
4*a*c*d*e*x^8 + (c^2*d^2 - 2*a*c*e^2)*x^8 + 2*a^2*d*e*x^2 - (2*a*c*d^2 -
a^2*e^2)*x^4 + a^2*d^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{\frac{3}{2}} (d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a - c*x**4)**(3/2)*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-cx^4 + a}}{c^2 e^2 x^{12} + 2c^2 d e x^{10} - 2ac e^2 x^8 + c^2 d^2 x^8 - 4acde x^6 + a^2 e^2 x^4 - 2acd^2}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a**2*d**2 + 2*a**2*d*e*x**2 + a**2*e**2*x**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*x**4 - 4*a*c*d*e*x**6 - 2*a*c*e**2*x**8 + c**2*d**2*x**8 + 2*c**2*d*e*x**10 + c**2*e**2*x**12),x)`

3.464 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3629
Mathematica [F]	3630
Rubi [F]	3630
Maple [F]	3631
Fricas [F]	3631
Sympy [F(-1)]	3632
Maxima [F]	3632
Giac [F]	3632
Mupad [F(-1)]	3633
Reduce [F]	3633

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 584

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{e^2(3cd^2+ae^2)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{3ad(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e(9c^2d^4+27acd^2e^2-4a^2e^4)\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6ad(cd^2-ae^2)^3x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c}e(9c^2d^4+27acd^2e^2-4a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{6ad^2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^3(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{c}(3c^2d^4-15acd^2e^2+4a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}d^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

1/2*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/3*e
^2*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)
-1/6*e*(-4*a^2*e^4+27*a*c*d^2*e^2+9*c^2*d^4)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a/d/(-a*e^2+
c*d^2)^3/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/6*c^(1/2)*e*(-4*a^2*e^4+27*a*c*d^2*e^2+9*c^2*
d^4)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(
1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(
1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a/d^2/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^3/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e
)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/6*c^(1/2)*(4*a^2*e^4-15*a*c*d^2*e^2
+3*c^2*d^4)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)
/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d
/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2
)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^4)^(3/2)),x]
```

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^2*e^3*x^14 + 3*c^2*d*e^2*x^12
+ (3*c^2*d^2*e - 2*a*c*e^3)*x^10 + (c^2*d^3 - 6*a*c*d*e^2)*x^8 + 3*a^2*d^2
2*e*x^2 - (6*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*x^6 + a^2*d^3 - (2*a*c*d^3 - 3*a^2*d*e^2
) *x^4), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-c}}{c^2 e^3 x^{14} + 3c^2 d e^2 x^{12} - 2ac e^3 x^{10} + 3c^2 d^2 e x^{10} - 6acd e^2 x^8 + c^2 d^3 x^8 + \dots} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a**2*d**3 + 3*a**2*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*a**2*d*e**2*x**4 + a**2*e**3*x**6 - 2*a*c*d**3*x**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e*x**6 - 6*a*c*d*e**2*x**8 - 2*a*c*e**3*x**10 + c**2*d**3*x**8 + 3*c**2*d**2*e*x**10 + 3*c**2*d*e**2*x**12 + c**2*e**3*x**14),x)`

$$3.465 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3634
Mathematica [F]	3635
Rubi [F]	3635
Maple [F]	3636
Fricas [F]	3636
Sympy [F(-1)]	3637
Maxima [F]	3637
Giac [F]	3637
Mupad [F(-1)]	3638
Reduce [F]	3638

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 719

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{9/2}}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5d-4ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{12a^2\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\ &+ \frac{de(11cd^2-15ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{12a^2c^2x} + \frac{e^2(cd^2-2ae^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{4a^2c^2} \\ &- \frac{7de^3x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{12a^2c} - \frac{e^4x^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{3a^2c} \\ &+ \frac{de\left(d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)(11cd^2-15ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{12a^2c\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\ &+ \frac{d(5c^2d^4-14acd^2e^2+21a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{12a^{5/2}c^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\ &+ \frac{e^5\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})x^2}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/6*x*(e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)+1/12*x*(-4*e*x^2+5*d)*(e*x^2+d)^(
7/2)/a^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/12*d*e*(-15*a*e^2+11*c*d^2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-
c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a^2/c^2/x+1/4*e^2*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^
4+a)^(1/2)/a^2/c^2-7/12*d*e^3*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a^2/c-1
/3*e^4*x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a^2/c+1/12*d*e*(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^
(1/2))*(-15*a*e^2+11*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1
/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^
(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/a^2/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x
^4+a)^(1/2)+1/12*d*(21*a^2*e^4-14*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)
*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-
a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2)
)/a^(5/2)/c^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+e^5*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x
^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-a
^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2)
)/c^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(e^4*x^8 + 4*d*e^3*x^6 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 4*d^3*e*x^2 + d^4)*sqrt
(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^3*x^12 - 3*a*c^2*x^8 + 3*a^2*c*x^4 - a^3),
x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(9/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(9/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{9/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(9/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2), x)`

output

```
( - 120*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a**2*e**6*x + 135*sqrt(d + e*x**
2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*c*d**2*e**4*x + 50*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)
*a*c*d*e**5*x**3 + 80*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*c*e**6*x**5 - 30
*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c**2*d**4*e**2*x - 10*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*
sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 55*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)
)*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**5 + 432*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**10)/
(12*a**4*d*e**2 + 12*a**4*e**3*x**2 - 5*a**3*c*d**3 - 5*a**3*c*d**2*e*x**2
- 36*a**3*c*d*e**2*x**4 - 36*a**3*c*e**3*x**6 + 15*a**2*c**2*d**3*x**4 +
15*a**2*c**2*d**2*e*x**6 + 36*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**8 + 36*a**2*c**2*e**3*x*
*10 - 15*a*c**3*d**3*x**8 - 15*a*c**3*d**2*e*x**10 - 12*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**1
2 - 12*a*c**3*e**3*x**14 + 5*c**4*d**3*x**12 + 5*c**4*d**2*e*x**14),x)*a**
4*c**2*e**9 - 360*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**10)/(12*a**4*d
*e**2 + 12*a**4*e**3*x**2 - 5*a**3*c*d**3 - 5*a**3*c*d**2*e*x**2 - 36*a**3
*c*d*e**2*x**4 - 36*a**3*c*e**3*x**6 + 15*a**2*c**2*d**3*x**4 + 15*a**2*c*
**2*d**2*e*x**6 + 36*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**8 + 36*a**2*c**2*e**3*x**10 - 15*a
*c**3*d**3*x**8 - 15*a*c**3*d**2*e*x**10 - 12*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**12 - 12*a*c
**3*e**3*x**14 + 5*c**4*d**3*x**12 + 5*c**4*d**2*e*x**14),x)*a**3*c**3*d**
2*e**7 - 864*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**10)/(12*a**4*d*e**2
+ 12*a**4*e**3*x**2 - 5*a**3*c*d**3 - 5*a**3*c*d**2*e*x**2 - 36*a**3*c*d*
e**2*x**4 - 36*a**3*c*e**3*x**6 + 15*a**2*c**2*d**3*x**4 + 15*a**2*c**2...
```


3.466
$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3640
Mathematica [F]	3641
Rubi [F]	3641
Maple [F]	3642
Fricas [F]	3642
Sympy [F(-1)]	3643
Maxima [F]	3643
Giac [F]	3643
Mupad [F(-1)]	3644
Reduce [F]	3644

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 531

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{7/2}}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5d-2ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{12a^2\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{e(2cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{3a^2c^2x} + \frac{de^2x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{12a^2c} - \frac{e^3x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6a^2c}$$

$$+ \frac{e\left(d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)(2cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\Big|_{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{3a^2c\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(5c^2d^4-9acd^2e^2+4a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{12a^{5/2}c^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

1/6*x*(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)+1/12*x*(-2*e*x^2+5*d)*(e*x^2+d)^(
5/2)/a^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/3*e*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a
)^(1/2)/a^2/c^2/x+1/12*d*e^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a^2/c-1/6*
e^3*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a^2/c+1/3*e*(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))
*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1
/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1
/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^2/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2
)+1/12*(4*a^2*e^4-9*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*
(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2
)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(3
/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x]
```

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2), x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqr
t(e*x^2 + d)/(c^3*x^12 - 3*a*c^2*x^8 + 3*a^2*c*x^4 - a^3), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(7/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2), x)`

output

```
( - 9*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a**2*d*e**4*x + 6*sqrt(d + e*x**2)
*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a**2*e**5*x**3 + 30*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*
c*d**3*e**2*x - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 1
1*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*c*d*e**4*x**5 - 6*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*s
qrt(a - c*x**4)*c**2*d**5*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c**2*d**
4*e*x**3 - 16*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**5 - 96*i
nt((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(4*a**4*d*e**2 + 4*a**4*e**3*x
**2 + a**3*c*d**3 + a**3*c*d**2*e*x**2 - 12*a**3*c*d*e**2*x**4 - 12*a**3*c
e**3*x**6 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**3*x**4 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**2*e*x**6 + 12*a**2*c**
2*d*e**2*x**8 + 12*a**2*c**2*e**3*x**10 + 3*a*c**3*d**3*x**8 + 3*a*c**3*d
*2*e*x**10 - 4*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**12 - 4*a*c**3*e**3*x**14 - c**4*d**3*x**12
- c**4*d**2*e*x**14),x)*a**6*e**8 + 288*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*
x**4)*x**4)/(4*a**4*d*e**2 + 4*a**4*e**3*x**2 + a**3*c*d**3 + a**3*c*d**2*
e*x**2 - 12*a**3*c*d*e**2*x**4 - 12*a**3*c*e**3*x**6 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**3*x
**4 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**2*e*x**6 + 12*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**8 + 12*a**2*c**2*e**
3*x**10 + 3*a*c**3*d**3*x**8 + 3*a*c**3*d**2*e*x**10 - 4*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**
12 - 4*a*c**3*e**3*x**14 - c**4*d**3*x**12 - c**4*d**2*e*x**14),x)*a**5*c*
d**2*e**6 + 192*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(4*a**4*d*e**
2 + 4*a**4*e**3*x**2 + a**3*c*d**3 + a**3*c*d**2*e*x**2 - 12*a**3*c*d*e**2
*x**4 - 12*a**3*c*e**3*x**6 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**3*x**4 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**2*...
```

$$3.467 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3646
Mathematica [F]	3647
Rubi [F]	3647
Maple [F]	3648
Fricas [F]	3648
Sympy [F(-1)]	3649
Maxima [F]	3649
Giac [F]	3649
Mupad [F(-1)]	3650
Reduce [F]	3650

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 404

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{5dx(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{12a^2\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{5de\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{12a^2cx}$$

$$+ \frac{5de\left(d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{12a^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{5d(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a}{cx^4}} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{d + \frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{12a^{5/2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```
1/6*x*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/a/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)+5/12*d*x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/a^2/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+5/12*d*e*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)/a^2/c/x+5/12*d*e*(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/a^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+5/12*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x]
```


output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2), x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^
3*x^12 - 3*a*c^2*x^8 + 3*a^2*c*x^4 - a^3), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2), x)`

output

```

(39*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*d**2*e**2*x - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*s
qrt(a - c*x**4)*a*d*e**3*x**3 + 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*e**4
*x**5 - 9*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c*d**4*x + 12*sqrt(d + e*x**2)
*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c*d**3*e*x**3 - 24*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c*d
**2*e**2*x**5 + 240*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(4*a**4*d
e**2 + 4*a**4*e**3*x**2 + a**3*c*d**3 + a**3*c*d**2*e*x**2 - 12*a**3*c*d*
e**2*x**4 - 12*a**3*c*e**3*x**6 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**3*x**4 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**2
*e*x**6 + 12*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**8 + 12*a**2*c**2*e**3*x**10 + 3*a*c**3*d*
*3*x**8 + 3*a*c**3*d**2*e*x**10 - 4*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**12 - 4*a*c**3*e**3*x*
*14 - c**4*d**3*x**12 - c**4*d**2*e*x**14),x)*a**5*d*e**6 - 360*int((sqrt(
d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(4*a**4*d*e**2 + 4*a**4*e**3*x**2 + a**
3*c*d**3 + a**3*c*d**2*e*x**2 - 12*a**3*c*d*e**2*x**4 - 12*a**3*c*e**3*x**
6 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**3*x**4 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**2*e*x**6 + 12*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*
x**8 + 12*a**2*c**2*e**3*x**10 + 3*a*c**3*d**3*x**8 + 3*a*c**3*d**2*e*x**1
0 - 4*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**12 - 4*a*c**3*e**3*x**14 - c**4*d**3*x**12 - c**4*d
**2*e*x**14),x)*a**4*c*d**3*e**4 - 480*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x*
**4)*x**4)/(4*a**4*d*e**2 + 4*a**4*e**3*x**2 + a**3*c*d**3 + a**3*c*d**2*e*
x**2 - 12*a**3*c*d*e**2*x**4 - 12*a**3*c*e**3*x**6 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**3*x**4
- 3*a**2*c**2*d**2*e*x**6 + 12*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**8 + 12*a**2*c**2*e**3*
x**10 + 3*a*c**3*d**3*x**8 + 3*a*c**3*d**2*e*x**10 - 4*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**...

```

$$3.468 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3652
Mathematica [F]	3653
Rubi [F]	3653
Maple [F]	3654
Fricas [F]	3654
Sympy [F]	3655
Maxima [F]	3655
Giac [F]	3655
Mupad [F(-1)]	3656
Reduce [F]	3656

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 411

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} \\ &+ \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(5d+2ex^2)}{12a^2\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{e\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}{6a^2cx} \\ &+ \frac{e\left(d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{6a^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \\ &+ \frac{(5cd^2-2ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{12a^{5/2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{6} x (e x^2 + d)^{3/2} / a / (-c x^4 + a)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{12} x (e x^2 + d)^{1/2} (2 e x^2 + 5 d) / a^2 / (-c x^4 + a)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{6} e (e x^2 + d)^{1/2} (-c x^4 + a)^{1/2} / a^2 / c / x + \frac{1}{6} e (d + a^{1/2} e / c^{1/2}) (1 - a / c / x^4)^{1/2} x^3 (a^{1/2} (e x^2 + d) / (c^{1/2} x^2 + a^{1/2} e) / x^2)^{1/2} \text{EllipticE}(1/2 * (1 - a^{1/2} / c^{1/2} / x^2)^{1/2}, 2^{1/2} * (d / (d + a^{1/2} e / c^{1/2}))^{1/2}) / a^2 / (e x^2 + d)^{1/2} / (-c x^4 + a)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{12} (-2 a e^2 + 5 c d^2) (1 - a / c / x^4)^{1/2} x^3 (a^{1/2} (e x^2 + d) / (c^{1/2} x^2 + a^{1/2} e) / x^2)^{1/2} \text{EllipticF}(1/2 * (1 - a^{1/2} / c^{1/2} / x^2)^{1/2}, 2^{1/2} * (d / (d + a^{1/2} e / c^{1/2}))^{1/2}) / a^{5/2} / c^{1/2} / (e x^2 + d)^{1/2} / (-c x^4 + a)^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

`Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output

`Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x]`
Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1571} \\ & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2), x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(c^3*x^12 - 3*a*c^2*x^8 + 3*a
^2*c*x^4 - a^3), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**(3/2)/(a - c*x**4)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2), x)`

output

```
(12*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*a*d*e**2*x - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt
(a - c*x**4)*c*d**3*x + 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c*d**2*e*x**3
- 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*c*d*e**2*x**5 + 48*int((sqrt(d + e*x
**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(4*a**4*d*e**2 + 4*a**4*e**3*x**2 + a**3*c*d**
3 + a**3*c*d**2*e*x**2 - 12*a**3*c*d*e**2*x**4 - 12*a**3*c*e**3*x**6 - 3*a
**2*c**2*d**3*x**4 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**2*e*x**6 + 12*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**8 +
12*a**2*c**2*e**3*x**10 + 3*a*c**3*d**3*x**8 + 3*a*c**3*d**2*e*x**10 - 4*a
*c**3*d*e**2*x**12 - 4*a*c**3*e**3*x**14 - c**4*d**3*x**12 - c**4*d**2*e*x
**14),x)*a**5*e**6 - 120*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(4*a
**4*d*e**2 + 4*a**4*e**3*x**2 + a**3*c*d**3 + a**3*c*d**2*e*x**2 - 12*a**3
*c*d*e**2*x**4 - 12*a**3*c*e**3*x**6 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**3*x**4 - 3*a**2*c**2
*d**2*e*x**6 + 12*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**8 + 12*a**2*c**2*e**3*x**10 + 3*a*c
**3*d**3*x**8 + 3*a*c**3*d**2*e*x**10 - 4*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**12 - 4*a*c**3*e
**3*x**14 - c**4*d**3*x**12 - c**4*d**2*e*x**14),x)*a**4*c*d**2*e**4 - 96*i
nt((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4)*x**4)/(4*a**4*d*e**2 + 4*a**4*e**3*x
**2 + a**3*c*d**3 + a**3*c*d**2*e*x**2 - 12*a**3*c*d*e**2*x**4 - 12*a**3*c
*e**3*x**6 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**3*x**4 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**2*e*x**6 + 12*a**2*c**
2*d*e**2*x**8 + 12*a**2*c**2*e**3*x**10 + 3*a*c**3*d**3*x**8 + 3*a*c**3*d
**2*e*x**10 - 4*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**12 - 4*a*c**3*e**3*x**14 - c**4*d**3*x**12
- c**4*d**2*e*x**14),x)*a**4*c*e**6*x**4 + 27*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sq...
```

3.469 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3658
Mathematica [F]	3659
Rubi [F]	3659
Maple [F]	3660
Fricas [F]	3660
Sympy [F]	3661
Maxima [F]	3661
Giac [F]	3661
Mupad [F(-1)]	3662
Reduce [F]	3662

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 438

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6a(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{de\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{12a(cd^2-ae^2)x\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{(5cd^2-4ae^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{12a^2(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{cde}\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{12a^2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{5\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{12a^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/6*x*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/a/(-c*x^4+a)^{(3/2)}-1/12*d*e*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/x/(-c*x^4+a)^{(1/2)}+1/12*(-4*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/a^2/ \\ & (-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^4+a)^{(1/2)}-1/12*c^{(1/2)}*d*e*(1-a/c/x^4)^{(1/2)}*x^3*(a^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)/(c^{(1/2)}*d+a^{(1/2)}*e)/x^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^{(1/2)}/ \\ & c^{(1/2)}/x^2)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)},2^{(1/2)}*(d/(d+a^{(1/2)}*e/c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})/a^2/(c^{(1/2)}*d-a^{(1/2)}*e)/(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/(-c*x^4+a)^{(1/2)}+5/12*c^{(1/2)}*d*(1-a/c \\ & /x^4)^{(1/2)}*x^3*(a^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)/(c^{(1/2)}*d+a^{(1/2)}*e)/x^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^{(1/2)}/c^{(1/2)}/x^2)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)},2^{(1/2)}*(d/(d+a^{(1/2)}*e/c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})/a^{(5/2)}/(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/(-c*x^4+a)^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

`Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output

`Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x]`
Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1571 \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^3*x^12 - 3*a*c^2*x^8 + 3*a^2
*c*x^4 - a^3), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a - c*x**4)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(-cx^4+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(-cx^4+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a - c*x^4)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{-c^3x^{12} + 3ac^2x^8 - 3a^2cx^4 + a^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2), x)`output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a**3 - 3*a**2*c*x**4 + 3*a*c**2*x**8 - c**3*x**12), x)`

3.470 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3663
Mathematica [F]	3664
Rubi [F]	3664
Maple [F]	3665
Fricas [F]	3665
Sympy [F]	3666
Maxima [F]	3666
Giac [F]	3666
Mupad [F(-1)]	3667
Reduce [F]	3667

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 525

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{cx(d-ex^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6a(cd^2-ae^2)(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{e(cd^2-2ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3a(cd^2-ae^2)^2x\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{cd(5cd^2-9ae^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{12a^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{ce}(cd^2-2ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{3a^2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(5cd^2-4ae^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{12a^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

1/6*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)-1/3*e
*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/x/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/
12*c*d*(-9*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-c*x^4+a
)^(1/2)-1/3*c^(1/2)*e*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x
^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^
2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^2/(c^(1/2)*d-a
^(1/2)*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/12*c^(1/2)*(-4
*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2
)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2
))*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/
(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^(5/2)), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^(5/2)), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - c*x^4)^(5/2)), x]
```

output \$Aborted

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(-cx^4+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^3*e*x^14 + c^3*d*x^12 - 3*a*
c^2*e*x^10 - 3*a*c^2*d*x^8 + 3*a^2*c*e*x^6 + 3*a^2*c*d*x^4 - a^3*e*x^2 - a
^3*d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a - c*x**4)**(5/2)*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4+a)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4+a)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\sqrt{-cx^4+a}}{-c^3ex^{14} - c^3dx^{12} + 3ac^2ex^{10} + 3ac^2dx^8 - 3a^2cex^6 - 3a^2cdx^4 + a^3ex^2 + a^3d} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a**3*d + a**3*e*x**2 - 3*a**2*c*d*x**4 - 3*a**2*c*e*x**6 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**8 + 3*a*c**2*e*x**10 - c**3*d*x**12 - c**3*e*x**14),x)`

3.471
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3668
Mathematica [F]	3669
Rubi [F]	3669
Maple [F]	3670
Fricas [F]	3670
Sympy [F]	3671
Maxima [F]	3671
Giac [F]	3671
Mupad [F(-1)]	3672
Reduce [F]	3672

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 657

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{6a(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2(cd^2+3ae^2)x}{3ad(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{e(7c^2d^4-27acd^2e^2-12a^2e^4)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{12ad(cd^2-ae^2)^3x\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{c(5c^2d^4-15acd^2e^2-22a^2e^4)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{12a^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{ce}(7c^2d^4-27acd^2e^2-12a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{12a^2d(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^3(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{c}(5c^2d^4-9acd^2e^2+12a^2e^4)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{12a^{5/2}d(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

1/6*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)+1/3*e
^2*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/a/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
-1/12*e*(-12*a^2*e^4-27*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/d/(-a*e^2
+c*d^2)^3/x/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/12*c*(-22*a^2*e^4-15*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)
*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/12*c^(1/2)*e*(-
12*a^2*e^4-27*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2
+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)
^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^2/d/(c^(1/2)*d-a
^(1/2)*e)^3/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1/12*
c^(1/2)*(12*a^2*e^4-9*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)
)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1
/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d/
(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)^(5/2)), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^4)^(5/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^3*e^2*x^16 + 2*c^3*d*e*x^14
- 6*a*c^2*d*e*x^10 + (c^3*d^2 - 3*a*c^2*e^2)*x^12 + 6*a^2*c*d*e*x^6 - 3*(a
*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)*x^8 - 2*a^3*d*e*x^2 - a^3*d^2 + (3*a^2*c*d^2 - a^3*e
^2)*x^4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a - c*x**4)**(5/2)*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{-\dots}}{-c^3 e^2 x^{16} - 2c^3 d e x^{14} + 3a c^2 e^2 x^{12} - c^3 d^2 x^{12} + 6a c^2 d e x^{10} - 3a^2 c e^2 x^8}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a**3*d**2 + 2*a**3*d*e*x**2 + a**3*e**2*x**4 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*x**4 - 6*a**2*c*d*e*x**6 - 3*a**2*c*e**2*x**8 + 3*a*c**2*d**2*x**8 + 6*a*c**2*d*e*x**10 + 3*a*c**2*e**2*x**12 - c**3*d**2*x**12 - 2*c**3*d*e*x**14 - c**3*e**2*x**16),x)`

3.472 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3673
Mathematica [F]	3674
Rubi [F]	3674
Maple [F]	3675
Fricas [F]	3675
Sympy [F]	3676
Maxima [F]	3676
Giac [F]	3677
Mupad [F(-1)]	3677
Reduce [F]	3677

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 793

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{cx(d-ex^2)}{6a(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a-cx^4)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2(cd^2+ae^2)x}{3ad(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{e^2(3c^2d^4+33acd^2e^2-4a^2e^4)x}{6ad^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{e(5c^3d^6-30ac^2d^4e^2-43a^2cd^2e^4+4a^3e^6)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6ad^2(cd^2-ae^2)^4x\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{c(5c^3d^6-22ac^2d^4e^2-115a^2cd^2e^4+4a^3e^6)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{12a^2d(cd^2-ae^2)^4\sqrt{a-cx^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(5c^3d^6-30ac^2d^4e^2-43a^2cd^2e^4+4a^3e^6)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\mid\frac{2d}{d+\frac{\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{6a^2d^2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^4(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(5c^3d^6-15ac^2d^4e^2+50a^2cd^2e^4-8a^3e^6)\sqrt{1-\frac{a}{cx^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a}(d+ex^2)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{cx^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),d\right)}{12a^{5/2}d^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{a-cx^4}}$$

output

```

1/6*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(3/2)+1/3*
e^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/a/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)+1
/6*e^2*(-4*a^2*e^4+33*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*x/a/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x
^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/6*e*(4*a^3*e^6-43*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-30*a*c^2*d^
4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/x/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)
+1/12*c*(4*a^3*e^6-115*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-22*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)*x*(e*x^2+
d)^(1/2)/a^2/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(-c*x^4+a)^(1/2)-1/6*c^(1/2)*e*(4*a^3*e^6-
43*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-30*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)
)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1
/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^2/d^2/(c
^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^4/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(
1/2)+1/12*c^(1/2)*(-8*a^3*e^6+50*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)
*(1-a/c/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*(a^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)/x^2)^(1/2)
*EllipticF(1/2*(1-a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(d/(d+a^(1/2)
*e/c^(1/2)))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^4+a
)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a-cx^4)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^4)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^4)^(5/2)), x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^4)^{5/2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2} (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^4)^(5/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
integral(-sqrt(-c*x^4 + a)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^3*e^3*x^18 + 3*c^3*d*e^2*x^16 + 3*(c^3*d^2*e - a*c^2*e^3)*x^14 + (c^3*d^3 - 9*a*c^2*d*e^2)*x^12 - 3*(3*a*c^2*d^2*e - a^2*c*e^3)*x^10 - 3*(a*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^2)*x^8 - 3*a^3*d^2*e*x^2 + (9*a^2*c*d^2*e - a^3*e^3)*x^6 - a^3*d^3 + 3*(a^2*c*d^3 - a^3*d*e^2)*x^4), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2} (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**4+a)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((a - c*x**4)**(5/2)*(d + e*x**2)**(5/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-c*x^4 + a)^(5/2)*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^4)^{5/2} (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - c*x^4)^(5/2)*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a - cx^4)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{-c^3 e^3 x^{18} - 3c^3 d e^2 x^{16} + 3a c^2 e^3 x^{14} - 3c^3 d^2 e x^{14} + 9a c^2 d e^2 x^{12} - c^3 d^3}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^4+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*sqrt(a - c*x**4))/(a**3*d**3 + 3*a**3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*a**3*d*e**2*x**4 + a**3*e**3*x**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**3*x**4 - 9*a**2*c*d**2*e*x**6 - 9*a**2*c*d*e**2*x**8 - 3*a**2*c*e**3*x**10 + 3*a*c**2*d**3*x**8 + 9*a*c**2*d**2*e*x**10 + 9*a*c**2*d*e**2*x**12 + 3*a*c**2*e**3*x**14 - c**3*d**3*x**12 - 3*c**3*d**2*e*x**14 - 3*c**3*d*e**2*x**16 - c**3*e**3*x**18),x)`

3.473 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	3678
Mathematica [F]	3679
Rubi [F]	3679
Maple [F]	3680
Fricas [F]	3680
Sympy [F]	3680
Maxima [F]	3681
Giac [F]	3681
Mupad [F(-1)]	3681
Reduce [F]	3682

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{a+bx^2}{(a+b)x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2a}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{1-x^4}} + \frac{b\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^4}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{a+bx^2}{(a+b)x^2}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2a}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{1-x^4}}$$

output

```
a*(1-1/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*((b*x^2+a)/(a+b)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-1/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a/(a+b))^(1/2))/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2)+b*(1-1/x^4)^(1/2)*x^3*((b*x^2+a)/(a+b)/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-1/x^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(a/(a+b))^(1/2))/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^4], x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^4], x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^4], x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{\sqrt{-x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{\sqrt{1 - x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{\sqrt{-x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-x^4 + 1)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(x^4 - 1), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{\sqrt{1 - x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{\sqrt{-(x - 1)(x + 1)(x^2 + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(-x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**2)/sqrt(-(x - 1)*(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{\sqrt{1 - x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{\sqrt{-x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{\sqrt{1 - x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{\sqrt{-x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/sqrt(-x^4 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{\sqrt{1 - x^4}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{\sqrt{1 - x^4}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)/(1 - x^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{\sqrt{1 - x^4}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{-x^4 + 1}}{x^4 - 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `- int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(- x**4 + 1))/(x**4 - 1),x)`

3.474 $\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4)^2 dx$

Optimal result	3683
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3684
Rubi [A] (verified)	3684
Maple [F]	3687
Fricas [F]	3687
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3687
Maxima [F]	3688
Giac [F]	3689
Mupad [F(-1)]	3689
Reduce [F]	3689

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 321

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4)^2 dx = -\frac{3cd(35cd^2 + 2ae^2(63 + 32q + 4q^2)) x(d + ex^2)^{1+q}}{e^4(3 + 2q)(5 + 2q)(7 + 2q)(9 + 2q)} + \frac{c(35cd^2 + 2ae^2(63 + 32q + 4q^2)) x^3(d + ex^2)^{1+q}}{e^3(5 + 2q)(7 + 2q)(9 + 2q)} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d + ex^2)^{1+q}}{e^2(7 + 2q)(9 + 2q)} + \frac{c^2x^7(d + ex^2)^{1+q}}{e(9 + 2q)} + \frac{\left(a^2e^4(63 + 32q + 4q^2) + \frac{3cd^2(35cd^2 + 2ae^2(63 + 32q + 4q^2))}{(3 + 2q)(5 + 2q)}\right) x(d + ex^2)^q \left(1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q, \frac{3}{2}, -ex^2/d\right)}{e^4(7 + 2q)(9 + 2q)}$$

output

```
-3*c*d*(35*c*d^2+2*a*e^2*(4*q^2+32*q+63))*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1+q)/e^4/(3+2*q)/(5
+2*q)/(7+2*q)/(9+2*q)+c*(35*c*d^2+2*a*e^2*(4*q^2+32*q+63))*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(
1+q)/e^3/(5+2*q)/(7+2*q)/(9+2*q)-7*c^2*d*x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1+q)/e^2/(7+2*q)/(
9+2*q)+c^2*x^7*(e*x^2+d)^(1+q)/e/(9+2*q)+(a^2*e^4*(4*q^2+32*q+63)+3*c*d^2*
(35*c*d^2+2*a*e^2*(4*q^2+32*q+63))/(3+2*q)/(5+2*q))*x*(e*x^2+d)^q*hypergeo
m([1/2, -q], [3/2], -e*x^2/d)/e^4/(7+2*q)/(9+2*q)/((1+e*x^2/d)^q)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \frac{1}{45}x(d + ex^2)^q \left(1 + \frac{ex^2}{d} \right)^{-q} \left(45a^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -q, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d} \right) + cx^4 \left(18a \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -q, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d} \right) + 5cx^4 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{9}{2}, -q, \frac{11}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x^2)^q*(45*a^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -q, 3/2, -((e*x^2)/d)] + c*x^4*(18*a*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -q, 7/2, -((e*x^2)/d)] + 5*c*x^4*Hypergeometric2F1[9/2, -q, 11/2, -((e*x^2)/d)]))/ (45*(1 + (e*x^2)/d)^q)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {1474, 2346, 1474, 299, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^4)^2 (d + ex^2)^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 1474$$

$$\frac{\int (ex^2 + d)^q (-7c^2dx^6 + 2ace(2q + 9)x^4 + a^2e(2q + 9)) dx}{e(2q + 9)} + \frac{c^2x^7(d + ex^2)^{q+1}}{e(2q + 9)}$$

$$\downarrow 2346$$

$$\frac{\int (ex^2+d)^q (c(35cd^2+2ae^2(4q^2+32q+63))x^4+a^2e^2(4q^2+32q+63))dx}{e(2q+7)} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{q+1}}{e(2q+7)} + \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{q+1}}{e(2q+9)}$$

↓ 1474

$$\frac{\int (ex^2+d)^q (a^2e^3(8q^3+84q^2+286q+315)-3cd(35cd^2+2ae^2(4q^2+32q+63))x^2)dx}{e(2q+5)} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{q+1}(2ae^2(4q^2+32q+63)+35cd^2)}{e(2q+5)} - \frac{7c^2dx^5(d+ex^2)^{q+1}}{e(2q+7)}$$

$$\frac{e(2q+9)}{e(2q+9)} \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{q+1}}{e(2q+9)}$$

↓ 299

$$\frac{\left(a^2e^4(8q^3+84q^2+286q+315) + \frac{3cd^2(2ae^2(4q^2+32q+63)+35cd^2)}{2q+3} \right) \int (ex^2+d)^q dx}{e} - \frac{3cdx(d+ex^2)^{q+1}(2ae^2(4q^2+32q+63)+35cd^2)}{e(2q+3)} + \frac{cx^3(d+ex^2)^{q+1}(2ae^2(4q^2+32q+63)+35cd^2)}{e(2q+3)}$$

$$\frac{e(2q+9)}{e(2q+9)} \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{q+1}}{e(2q+9)}$$

↓ 238

$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^q \left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1 \right)^{-q} \left(a^2e^4(8q^3+84q^2+286q+315) + \frac{3cd^2(2ae^2(4q^2+32q+63)+35cd^2)}{2q+3} \right) \int \left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1 \right)^q dx}{e} - \frac{3cdx(d+ex^2)^{q+1}(2ae^2(4q^2+32q+63)+35cd^2)}{e(2q+3)}$$

$$\frac{e(2q+9)}{e(2q+9)} \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{q+1}}{e(2q+9)}$$

↓ 237

$$\frac{x(d+ex^2)^q \left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1 \right)^{-q} \left(a^2e^4(8q^3+84q^2+286q+315) + \frac{3cd^2(2ae^2(4q^2+32q+63)+35cd^2)}{2q+3} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -q, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d} \right)}{e} - \frac{3cdx(d+ex^2)^{q+1}(2ae^2(4q^2+32q+63)+35cd^2)}{e(2q+3)}$$

$$\frac{e(2q+9)}{e(2q+9)} \frac{c^2x^7(d+ex^2)^{q+1}}{e(2q+9)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (c^2 x^7 (d + e x^2)^{(1+q)}) / (e(9 + 2q)) + ((-7c^2 d x^5 (d + e x^2)^{(1+q)}) / (e(7 + 2q)) + ((c(35c d^2 + 2a e^2(63 + 32q + 4q^2)) x^3 (d + e x^2)^{(1+q)}) / (e(5 + 2q)) + ((-3c d (35c d^2 + 2a e^2(63 + 32q + 4q^2)) x (d + e x^2)^{(1+q)}) / (e(3 + 2q)) + ((a^2 e^4 (315 + 286q + 84q^2 + 8q^3) + (3c d^2 (35c d^2 + 2a e^2(63 + 32q + 4q^2)))) / (3 + 2q)) x (d + e x^2)^q \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -q, 3/2, -(e x^2/d)]) / (e(1 + (e x^2/d)^q)) / (e(5 + 2q)) / (e(7 + 2q)) / (e(9 + 2q)) \end{aligned}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 237

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_.) (x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)(x^2/a)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2p] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 238

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_.) (x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} ((a + b x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[(1 + b(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2p] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 299

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_.) (x_)^2)^{(p_)} ((c_ + (d_.) (x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d x ((a + b x^2)^{(p+1)} / (b(2p+3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a d - b c (2p+3)) / (b(2p+3)) \text{Int}[(a + b x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2p+3, 0]$$

rule 1474

$$\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_.) (x_)^2)^{(q_)} ((a_ + (c_.) (x_)^4)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^p x^{(4p-1)} (d + e x^2)^{(q+1)} / (e(4p+2q+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (e(4p+2q+1)) \text{Int}[(d + e x^2)^q \text{ExpandToSum}[e(4p+2q+1)(a + c x^4)^p - d c^p (4p-1) x^{(4p-2)} - e c^p (4p+2q+1) x^{(4p)}, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c d^2 + a e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]$$

rule 2346

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x],
e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(
q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToS
um[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x],
x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex^2 + d)^q (cx^4 + a)^2 dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^q*(c*x^4+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^q*(c*x^4+a)^2,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \int (cx^4 + a)^2 (ex^2 + d)^q dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^q*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c^2*x^8 + 2*a*c*x^4 + a^2)*(e*x^2 + d)^q, x)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4)^2 dx = a^2 d^q x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q \middle| \frac{ex^2 e^{i\pi}}{d}\right) + \frac{2acd^q x^5 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, -q \middle| \frac{ex^2 e^{i\pi}}{d}\right)}{5} + \frac{c^2 d^q x^9 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{9}{2}, -q \middle| \frac{ex^2 e^{i\pi}}{d}\right)}{9}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**q*(c*x**4+a)**2,x)`

output `a**2*d**q*x*hyper((1/2, -q), (3/2,), e*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/d) + 2*a*c*d**q*x**5*hyper((5/2, -q), (7/2,), e*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/d)/5 + c**2*d**q*x**9*hyper((9/2, -q), (11/2,), e*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/d)/9`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \int (cx^4 + a)^2 (ex^2 + d)^q dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^4 + a)^2*(e*x^2 + d)^q, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \int (cx^4 + a)^2 (ex^2 + d)^q dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q*(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^4 + a)^2*(e*x^2 + d)^q, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \int (cx^4 + a)^2 (ex^2 + d)^q dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^q,x)`

output `int((a + c*x^4)^2*(d + e*x^2)^q, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4)^2 dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^q*(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output

```
(16*(d + e*x**2)**q*a**2*e**4*q**4*x + 192*(d + e*x**2)**q*a**2*e**4*q**3*
x + 824*(d + e*x**2)**q*a**2*e**4*q**2*x + 1488*(d + e*x**2)**q*a**2*e**4*
q*x + 945*(d + e*x**2)**q*a**2*e**4*x - 48*(d + e*x**2)**q*a*c*d**2*e**2*q
**3*x - 384*(d + e*x**2)**q*a*c*d**2*e**2*q**2*x - 756*(d + e*x**2)**q*a*c
*d**2*e**2*q*x + 32*(d + e*x**2)**q*a*c*d*e**3*q**4*x**3 + 272*(d + e*x**2
)**q*a*c*d*e**3*q**3*x**3 + 632*(d + e*x**2)**q*a*c*d*e**3*q**2*x**3 + 252
*(d + e*x**2)**q*a*c*d*e**3*q*x**3 + 32*(d + e*x**2)**q*a*c*e**4*q**4*x**5
+ 320*(d + e*x**2)**q*a*c*e**4*q**3*x**5 + 1040*(d + e*x**2)**q*a*c*e**4*
q**2*x**5 + 1200*(d + e*x**2)**q*a*c*e**4*q*x**5 + 378*(d + e*x**2)**q*a*c
*e**4*x**5 - 210*(d + e*x**2)**q*c**2*d**4*q*x + 140*(d + e*x**2)**q*c**2*
d**3*e*q**2*x**3 + 70*(d + e*x**2)**q*c**2*d**3*e*q*x**3 - 56*(d + e*x**2)
**q*c**2*d**2*e**2*q**3*x**5 - 112*(d + e*x**2)**q*c**2*d**2*e**2*q**2*x**
5 - 42*(d + e*x**2)**q*c**2*d**2*e**2*q*x**5 + 16*(d + e*x**2)**q*c**2*d*
e**3*q**4*x**7 + 72*(d + e*x**2)**q*c**2*d*e**3*q**3*x**7 + 92*(d + e*x**2)
**q*c**2*d*e**3*q**2*x**7 + 30*(d + e*x**2)**q*c**2*d*e**3*q*x**7 + 16*(d
+ e*x**2)**q*c**2*e**4*q**4*x**9 + 128*(d + e*x**2)**q*c**2*e**4*q**3*x**9
+ 344*(d + e*x**2)**q*c**2*e**4*q**2*x**9 + 352*(d + e*x**2)**q*c**2*e**4
*q*x**9 + 105*(d + e*x**2)**q*c**2*e**4*x**9 + 1024*int((d + e*x**2)**q/(3
2*d*q**5 + 400*d*q**4 + 1840*d*q**3 + 3800*d*q**2 + 3378*d*q + 945*d + 32*
e*q**5*x**2 + 400*e*q**4*x**2 + 1840*e*q**3*x**2 + 3800*e*q**2*x**2 + 3...
```

3.475 $\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4) dx$

Optimal result	3691
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3691
Rubi [A] (verified)	3692
Maple [F]	3694
Fricas [F]	3694
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3694
Maxima [F]	3695
Giac [F]	3695
Mupad [F(-1)]	3695
Reduce [F]	3696

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4) dx = -\frac{3cdx(d + ex^2)^{1+q}}{e^2(3 + 2q)(5 + 2q)} + \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{1+q}}{e(5 + 2q)} + \frac{(3cd^2 + ae^2(15 + 16q + 4q^2))x(d + ex^2)^q \left(1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d}\right)}{e^2(3 + 2q)(5 + 2q)}$$

output `-3*c*d*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1+q)/e^2/(3+2*q)/(5+2*q)+c*x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1+q)/e/(5+2*q)+(3*c*d^2+a*e^2*(4*q^2+16*q+15))*x*(e*x^2+d)^q*hypergeom([1/2, -q], [3/2], -e*x^2/d)/e^2/(3+2*q)/(5+2*q)/((1+e*x^2/d)^q)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4) dx = \frac{1}{5}x(d + ex^2)^q \left(1 + \frac{ex^2}{d} \right)^{-q} \left(5a \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d}\right) + cx^4 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -q, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4),x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x^2)^q*(5*a*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -q, 3/2, -((e*x^2)/d)] + c*x^4*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -q, 7/2, -((e*x^2)/d)])/(5*(1 + (e*x^2)/d)^q)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$, Rules used = {1474, 299, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + cx^4) (d + ex^2)^q dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1474} \\
 & \frac{\int (ae(2q + 5) - 3cdx^2) (ex^2 + d)^q dx}{e(2q + 5)} + \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{q+1}}{e(2q + 5)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{299} \\
 & \frac{(ae(2q + 5) + \frac{3cd^2}{2eq+3e}) \int (ex^2 + d)^q dx - \frac{3cdx(d+ex^2)^{q+1}}{e(2q+3)}}{e(2q + 5)} + \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{q+1}}{e(2q + 5)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
 & \frac{(d + ex^2)^q \left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1\right)^{-q} \left(ae(2q + 5) + \frac{3cd^2}{2eq+3e}\right) \int \left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1\right)^q dx - \frac{3cdx(d+ex^2)^{q+1}}{e(2q+3)}}{e(2q + 5)} + \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{q+1}}{e(2q + 5)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
 & \frac{x(d + ex^2)^q \left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1\right)^{-q} \left(ae(2q + 5) + \frac{3cd^2}{2eq+3e}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d}\right) - \frac{3cdx(d+ex^2)^{q+1}}{e(2q+3)}}{e(2q + 5)} + \frac{cx^3(d + ex^2)^{q+1}}{e(2q + 5)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4),x]`

output `(c*x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(1 + q))/(e*(5 + 2*q)) + ((-3*c*d*x*(d + e*x^2)^(1 + q))/(e*(3 + 2*q)) + ((a*e*(5 + 2*q) + (3*c*d^2)/(3*e + 2*e*q))*x*(d + e*x^2)^q*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -q, 3/2, -(e*x^2)/d])/(1 + (e*x^2)/d)^q/(e*(5 + 2*q))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 1474 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*x^(4*p - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(a + c*x^4)^p - d*c^p*(4*p - 1)*x^(4*p - 2) - e*c^p*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*x^(4*p), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !LtQ[q, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex^2 + d)^q (cx^4 + a) dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^q*(c*x^4+a),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^q*(c*x^4+a),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4) dx = \int (cx^4 + a)(ex^2 + d)^q dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^q, x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4) dx = ad^q x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q \middle| \frac{ex^2 e^{i\pi}}{d}\right) + \frac{cd^q x^5 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, -q \middle| \frac{ex^2 e^{i\pi}}{d}\right)}{5}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**q*(c*x**4+a),x)`

output `a*d**q*x*hyper((1/2, -q), (3/2,), e*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/d) + c*d**q*x**5*hyper((5/2, -q), (7/2,), e*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/d)/5`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4) dx = \int (cx^4 + a)(ex^2 + d)^q dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^q, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4) dx = \int (cx^4 + a)(ex^2 + d)^q dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q*(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^4 + a)*(e*x^2 + d)^q, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4) dx = \int (cx^4 + a) (ex^2 + d)^q dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^q,x)`

output `int((a + c*x^4)*(d + e*x^2)^q, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q (a + cx^4) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^q*(c*x^4+a),x)`

output

```
(4*(d + e*x**2)**q*a*e**2*q**2*x + 16*(d + e*x**2)**q*a*e**2*q*x + 15*(d +
e*x**2)**q*a*e**2*x - 6*(d + e*x**2)**q*c*d**2*q*x + 4*(d + e*x**2)**q*c*
d*e*q**2*x**3 + 2*(d + e*x**2)**q*c*d*e*q*x**3 + 4*(d + e*x**2)**q*c*e**2*
q**2*x**5 + 8*(d + e*x**2)**q*c*e**2*q*x**5 + 3*(d + e*x**2)**q*c*e**2*x**
5 + 64*int((d + e*x**2)**q/(8*d*q**3 + 36*d*q**2 + 46*d*q + 15*d + 8*e*q**
3*x**2 + 36*e*q**2*x**2 + 46*e*q*x**2 + 15*e*x**2),x)*a*d*e**2*q**6 + 544*
int((d + e*x**2)**q/(8*d*q**3 + 36*d*q**2 + 46*d*q + 15*d + 8*e*q**3*x**2
+ 36*e*q**2*x**2 + 46*e*q*x**2 + 15*e*x**2),x)*a*d*e**2*q**5 + 1760*int((d
+ e*x**2)**q/(8*d*q**3 + 36*d*q**2 + 46*d*q + 15*d + 8*e*q**3*x**2 + 36*
e*q**2*x**2 + 46*e*q*x**2 + 15*e*x**2),x)*a*d*e**2*q**4 + 2672*int((d + e*x
**2)**q/(8*d*q**3 + 36*d*q**2 + 46*d*q + 15*d + 8*e*q**3*x**2 + 36*e*q**2*
x**2 + 46*e*q*x**2 + 15*e*x**2),x)*a*d*e**2*q**3 + 1860*int((d + e*x**2)**
q/(8*d*q**3 + 36*d*q**2 + 46*d*q + 15*d + 8*e*q**3*x**2 + 36*e*q**2*x**2 +
46*e*q*x**2 + 15*e*x**2),x)*a*d*e**2*q**2 + 450*int((d + e*x**2)**q/(8*d*
q**3 + 36*d*q**2 + 46*d*q + 15*d + 8*e*q**3*x**2 + 36*e*q**2*x**2 + 46*e*q
*x**2 + 15*e*x**2),x)*a*d*e**2*q + 48*int((d + e*x**2)**q/(8*d*q**3 + 36*d
*q**2 + 46*d*q + 15*d + 8*e*q**3*x**2 + 36*e*q**2*x**2 + 46*e*q*x**2 + 15*
e*x**2),x)*c*d**3*q**4 + 216*int((d + e*x**2)**q/(8*d*q**3 + 36*d*q**2 + 4
6*d*q + 15*d + 8*e*q**3*x**2 + 36*e*q**2*x**2 + 46*e*q*x**2 + 15*e*x**2),x
)*c*d**3*q**3 + 276*int((d + e*x**2)**q/(8*d*q**3 + 36*d*q**2 + 46*d*q ...
```

3.476 $\int (d + ex^2)^q dx$

Optimal result	3697
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3697
Rubi [A] (verified)	3698
Maple [F]	3699
Fricas [F]	3699
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3699
Maxima [F]	3700
Giac [F]	3700
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3700
Reduce [F]	3701

Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q dx = x(d + ex^2)^q \left(1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d}\right)$$

output `x*(e*x^2+d)^q*hypergeom([1/2, -q],[3/2],-e*x^2/d)/((1+e*x^2/d)^q)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q dx = x(d + ex^2)^q \left(1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^q,x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x^2)^q*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -q, 3/2, -((e*x^2)/d)])/(1 + (e*x^2)/d)^q`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{238}$$

$$(d + ex^2)^q \left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1\right)^{-q} \int \left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1\right)^q dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{237}$$

$$x(d + ex^2)^q \left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1\right)^{-q} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d}\right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^q,x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x^2)^q*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -q, 3/2, -((e*x^2)/d)]/(1 + (e*x^2)/d)^q`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (e x^2 + d)^q dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^q,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^q,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + e x^2)^q dx = \int (e x^2 + d)^q dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + d)^q, x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int (d + e x^2)^q dx = d^q x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q \mid \frac{e x^2 e^{i\pi}}{d} \mid \frac{3}{2}\right)$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**q,x)`

output `d**q*x*hyper((1/2, -q), (3/2,), e*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/d)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^q dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^q, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^q dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^q, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q dx = \frac{x (ex^2 + d)^q {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{ex^2}{d}\right)}{\left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1\right)^q}$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^q,x)`

output `(x*(d + e*x^2)^q*hypergeom([1/2, -q], 3/2, -(e*x^2)/d))/((e*x^2)/d + 1)^q`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^q dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q x + 4 \left(\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{2eqx^2 + ex^2 + 2dq + d} dx \right) dq^2 + 2 \left(\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{2eqx^2 + ex^2 + 2dq + d} dx \right) dq}{2q + 1}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^q,x)`output `((d + e*x**2)**q*x + 4*int((d + e*x**2)**q/(2*d*q + d + 2*e*q*x**2 + e*x**2),x)*d*q**2 + 2*int((d + e*x**2)**q/(2*d*q + d + 2*e*q*x**2 + e*x**2),x)*d*q)/(2*q + 1)`

3.477 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^q}{a+cx^4} dx$

Optimal result	3702
Mathematica [F]	3702
Rubi [A] (verified)	3703
Maple [F]	3704
Fricas [F]	3705
Sympy [F(-1)]	3705
Maxima [F]	3705
Giac [F]	3706
Mupad [F(-1)]	3706
Reduce [F]	3706

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^q}{a+cx^4} dx = \frac{x(d+ex^2)^q \left(1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d}, -\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{2a} + \frac{x(d+ex^2)^q \left(1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d}, \frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{2a}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(e*x^2+d)^q*AppellF1(1/2,1,-q,3/2,-c^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/2),-e*x^2/d)/
a/((1+e*x^2/d)^q)+1/2*x*(e*x^2+d)^q*AppellF1(1/2,1,-q,3/2,c^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)
^(1/2),-e*x^2/d)/a/((1+e*x^2/d)^q)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^q}{a+cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^q}{a+cx^4} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4), x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1489, 27, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{a + cx^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1489} \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^q}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2})} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^q}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a})} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^q}{\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^q}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{334} \\
 & -\frac{(d + ex^2)^q \left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1\right)^{-q} \int \frac{\left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1\right)^q}{\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{(d + ex^2)^q \left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1\right)^{-q} \int \frac{\left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1\right)^q}{\sqrt{cx^2}+\sqrt{-a}} dx}{2\sqrt{-a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\
 & \frac{x(d + ex^2)^q \left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, -q, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a}}, -\frac{ex^2}{d}\right)}{2a} + \\
 & \frac{x(d + ex^2)^q \left(\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, -q, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a}}, -\frac{ex^2}{d}\right)}{2a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4),x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x^2)^q*AppellF1[1/2, 1, -q, 3/2, -((Sqrt[c]*x^2)/Sqrt[-a]), -((e*x^2)/d)])/(2*a*(1 + (e*x^2)/d)^q) + (x*(d + e*x^2)^q*AppellF1[1/2, 1, -q, 3/2, (Sqrt[c]*x^2)/Sqrt[-a], -((e*x^2)/d)])/(2*a*(1 + (e*x^2)/d)^q)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1489 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Simp[-c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r - c*x^2), x], x] - Simp[c/(2*r) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(r + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[q]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{cx^4 + a} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{a + cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{cx^4 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + d)^q/(c*x^4 + a), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{a + cx^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**q/(c*x**4+a),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{a + cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{cx^4 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^q/(c*x^4 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{a + cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{cx^4 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^q/(c*x^4 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{a + cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{cx^4 + a} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{a + cx^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{cx^4 + a} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a),x)`

output `int((d + e*x**2)**q/(a + c*x**4),x)`

3.478 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^q}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3707
Mathematica [F]	3708
Rubi [F]	3708
Maple [F]	3709
Fricas [F]	3709
Sympy [F(-1)]	3709
Maxima [F]	3710
Giac [F]	3710
Mupad [F(-1)]	3710
Reduce [F]	3711

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 351

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^q}{(a+cx^4)^2} dx = \frac{cx(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{1+q}}{4a(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^4)} + \frac{(3cd^2+ae^2(3-2q)+2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cdeq})x(d+ex^2)^q\left(1+\frac{ex^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d}, -\frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{8a^2(cd^2+ae^2)} + \frac{(3cd^2+ae^2(3-2q)-2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cdeq})x(d+ex^2)^q\left(1+\frac{ex^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d}, \frac{\sqrt{cx^2}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{8a^2(cd^2+ae^2)} + \frac{e^2(1+2q)x(d+ex^2)^q\left(1+\frac{ex^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -q, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{ex^2}{d}\right)}{4a(cd^2+ae^2)}$$

output

```
1/4*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)*(e*x^2+d)^(1+q)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^4+a)+1/8*(3*c*d^2+a*e^2*(3-2*q)+2*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e*q)*x*(e*x^2+d)^q*AppellF1(1/2,1,-q,3/2,-c^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/2),-e*x^2/d)/a^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/((1+e*x^2/d)^q)+1/8*(3*c*d^2+a*e^2*(3-2*q)-2*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e*q)*x*(e*x^2+d)^q*AppellF1(1/2,1,-q,3/2,c^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/2),-e*x^2/d)/a^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/((1+e*x^2/d)^q)+1/4*e^2*(1+2*q)*x*(e*x^2+d)^q*hypergeom([1/2,-q],[3/2],-e*x^2/d)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/((1+e*x^2/d)^q)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4)^2, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1571

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{(cx^4 + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{(cx^4 + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((e*x^2 + d)^q/(c^2*x^8 + 2*a*c*x^4 + a^2), x)
```

SymPy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**q/(c*x**4+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{(cx^4 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^q/(c*x^4 + a)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{(cx^4 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^q/(c*x^4 + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{(cx^4 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4)^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{c^2x^8 + 2acx^4 + a^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a)^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x**2)**q/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**4 + c**2*x**8),x)`

3.479
$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^q}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3712
Mathematica [F]	3713
Rubi [F]	3713
Maple [F]	3714
Fricas [F]	3714
Sympy [F(-1)]	3715
Maxima [F]	3715
Giac [F]	3715
Mupad [F(-1)]	3716
Reduce [F]	3716

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 553

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^q}{(a+cx^4)^3} dx = \frac{cx(d-ex^2)(d+ex^2)^{1+q}}{8a(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^4)^2} + \frac{cx(d+ex^2)^{1+q}(d(7cd^2+ae^2(11-4q))-e(ae^2(11-2q)+cd^2(7+2q))x^2)}{32a^2(cd^2+ae^2)^2(a+cx^4)} + \frac{(21c^2d^4+8\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde}(2cd^2+ae^2(3-q))q+2acd^2e^2(21-6q-2q^2)+a^2e^4(21-20q+4q^2))x(d+ex^2)}{64a^3(cd^2+ae^2)^2} + \frac{(21c^2d^4-8\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde}(2cd^2+ae^2(3-q))q+2acd^2e^2(21-6q-2q^2)+a^2e^4(21-20q+4q^2))x(d+ex^2)}{64a^3(cd^2+ae^2)^2} + \frac{e^2(1+2q)(ae^2(11-2q)+cd^2(7+2q))x(d+ex^2)^q\left(1+\frac{ex^2}{d}\right)^{-q}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2},-q,\frac{3}{2},-\frac{ex^2}{d}\right)}{32a^2(cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

output

```

1/8*c*x*(-e*x^2+d)*(e*x^2+d)^(1+q)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^4+a)^2+1/32*c*x*(e
*x^2+d)^(1+q)*(d*(7*c*d^2+a*e^2*(11-4*q))-e*(a*e^2*(11-2*q)+c*d^2*(7+2*q))
*x^2)/a^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^4+a)+1/64*(21*c^2*d^4+8*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*
d*e*(2*c*d^2+a*e^2*(3-q))*q+2*a*c*d^2*e^2*(-2*q^2-6*q+21)+a^2*e^4*(4*q^2-2
0*q+21))*x*(e*x^2+d)^q*AppellF1(1/2,1,-q,3/2,-c^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/2),-e*x^
2/d)/a^3/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/((1+e*x^2/d)^q)+1/64*(21*c^2*d^4-8*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(
1/2)*d*e*(2*c*d^2+a*e^2*(3-q))*q+2*a*c*d^2*e^2*(-2*q^2-6*q+21)+a^2*e^4*(4*
q^2-20*q+21))*x*(e*x^2+d)^q*AppellF1(1/2,1,-q,3/2,c^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/2),-
e*x^2/d)/a^3/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/((1+e*x^2/d)^q)+1/32*e^2*(1+2*q)*(a*e^2*(11-2
*q)+c*d^2*(7+2*q))*x*(e*x^2+d)^q*hypergeom([1/2,-q],[3/2],-e*x^2/d)/a^2/(
a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/((1+e*x^2/d)^q)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4)^3,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4)^3, x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4)^3,x]
```

output \$Aborted

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := U
nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + d)^q/(c^3*x^12 + 3*a*c^2*x^8 + 3*a^2*c*x^4 + a^3), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**q/(c*x**4+a)**3,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^q/(c*x^4 + a)^3, x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^q/(c*x^4 + a)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{(cx^4 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4)^3,x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^q/(a + c*x^4)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^q}{(a + cx^4)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^q}{c^3x^{12} + 3ac^2x^8 + 3a^2cx^4 + a^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^q/(c*x^4+a)^3,x)`output `int((d + e*x**2)**q/(a**3 + 3*a**2*c*x**4 + 3*a*c**2*x**8 + c**3*x**12),x)`

3.480 $\int (c + ex^2)^q (a + bx^4)^p dx$

Optimal result	3717
Mathematica [N/A]	3717
Rubi [N/A]	3718
Maple [N/A]	3718
Fricas [N/A]	3719
Sympy [F(-1)]	3719
Maxima [N/A]	3719
Giac [N/A]	3720
Mupad [N/A]	3720
Reduce [N/A]	3721

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int (c + ex^2)^q (a + bx^4)^p dx = \text{Int}((c + ex^2)^q (a + bx^4)^p, x)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+c)^q*(b*x^4+a)^p,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + ex^2)^q (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (c + ex^2)^q (a + bx^4)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^4)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(c + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^4)^p, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {1571}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^4)^p (c + ex^2)^q dx$$

↓ 1571

$$\int (a + bx^4)^p (c + ex^2)^q dx$$

input `Int[(c + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^4)^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1571 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := U nintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + c*x^4)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex^2 + c)^q (bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+c)^q*(b*x^4+a)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+c)^q*(b*x^4+a)^p,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + ex^2)^q (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (bx^4 + a)^p (ex^2 + c)^q dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+c)^q*(b*x^4+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^4 + a)^p*(e*x^2 + c)^q, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + ex^2)^q (a + bx^4)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+c)**q*(b*x**4+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + ex^2)^q (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (bx^4 + a)^p (ex^2 + c)^q dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+c)^q*(b*x^4+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^4 + a)^p*(e*x^2 + c)^q, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + ex^2)^q (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (bx^4 + a)^p (ex^2 + c)^q dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+c)^q*(b*x^4+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^4 + a)^p*(e*x^2 + c)^q, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 17.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + ex^2)^q (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (bx^4 + a)^p (ex^2 + c)^q dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^4)^p*(c + e*x^2)^q,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^4)^p*(c + e*x^2)^q, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1249, normalized size of antiderivative = 65.74

$$\int (c + ex^2)^q (a + bx^4)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x^2+c)^q*(b*x^4+a)^p,x)`

output

```
((c + e*x**2)**q*(a + b*x**4)**p*x + 8*int(((c + e*x**2)**q*(a + b*x**4)**
p*x**4)/(4*a*c*p + 2*a*c*q + a*c + 4*a*e*p*x**2 + 2*a*e*q*x**2 + a*e*x**2
+ 4*b*c*p*x**4 + 2*b*c*q*x**4 + b*c*x**4 + 4*b*e*p*x**6 + 2*b*e*q*x**6 + b
*e*x**6),x)*b*c*p*q + 4*int(((c + e*x**2)**q*(a + b*x**4)**p*x**4)/(4*a*c*
p + 2*a*c*q + a*c + 4*a*e*p*x**2 + 2*a*e*q*x**2 + a*e*x**2 + 4*b*c*p*x**4
+ 2*b*c*q*x**4 + b*c*x**4 + 4*b*e*p*x**6 + 2*b*e*q*x**6 + b*e*x**6),x)*b*c
*q**2 + 2*int(((c + e*x**2)**q*(a + b*x**4)**p*x**4)/(4*a*c*p + 2*a*c*q +
a*c + 4*a*e*p*x**2 + 2*a*e*q*x**2 + a*e*x**2 + 4*b*c*p*x**4 + 2*b*c*q*x**4
+ b*c*x**4 + 4*b*e*p*x**6 + 2*b*e*q*x**6 + b*e*x**6),x)*b*c*q + 16*int(((
c + e*x**2)**q*(a + b*x**4)**p*x**2)/(4*a*c*p + 2*a*c*q + a*c + 4*a*e*p*x*
*2 + 2*a*e*q*x**2 + a*e*x**2 + 4*b*c*p*x**4 + 2*b*c*q*x**4 + b*c*x**4 + 4*
b*e*p*x**6 + 2*b*e*q*x**6 + b*e*x**6),x)*a*e*p**2 + 8*int(((c + e*x**2)**q
*(a + b*x**4)**p*x**2)/(4*a*c*p + 2*a*c*q + a*c + 4*a*e*p*x**2 + 2*a*e*q*x
**2 + a*e*x**2 + 4*b*c*p*x**4 + 2*b*c*q*x**4 + b*c*x**4 + 4*b*e*p*x**6 + 2
*b*e*q*x**6 + b*e*x**6),x)*a*e*p*q + 4*int(((c + e*x**2)**q*(a + b*x**4)**
p*x**2)/(4*a*c*p + 2*a*c*q + a*c + 4*a*e*p*x**2 + 2*a*e*q*x**2 + a*e*x**2
+ 4*b*c*p*x**4 + 2*b*c*q*x**4 + b*c*x**4 + 4*b*e*p*x**6 + 2*b*e*q*x**6 + b
*e*x**6),x)*a*e*p + 16*int(((c + e*x**2)**q*(a + b*x**4)**p)/(4*a*c*p + 2*
a*c*q + a*c + 4*a*e*p*x**2 + 2*a*e*q*x**2 + a*e*x**2 + 4*b*c*p*x**4 + 2*b*
c*q*x**4 + b*c*x**4 + 4*b*e*p*x**6 + 2*b*e*q*x**6 + b*e*x**6),x)*a*c*p...
```

3.481 $\int (c + dx^2)^3 (a + bx^4)^p dx$

Optimal result	3722
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3723
Rubi [A] (verified)	3723
Maple [F]	3725
Fricas [F]	3725
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3725
Maxima [F]	3726
Giac [F]	3727
Mupad [F(-1)]	3727
Reduce [F]	3727

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 (a + bx^4)^p dx = \frac{3cd^2x(a + bx^4)^{1+p}}{b(5 + 4p)} + \frac{d^3x^3(a + bx^4)^{1+p}}{b(7 + 4p)} + c \left(c^2 - \frac{3ad^2}{5b + 4bp} \right) x(a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a} \right) + d \left(c^2 - \frac{ad^2}{7b + 4bp} \right) x^3(a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a} \right)$$

output

```
3*c*d^2*x*(b*x^4+a)^(p+1)/b/(5+4*p)+d^3*x^3*(b*x^4+a)^(p+1)/b/(7+4*p)+c*(c^2-3*a*d^2/(4*b*p+5*b))*x*(b*x^4+a)^p*hypergeom([1/4, -p], [5/4], -b*x^4/a)/((1+b*x^4/a)^p)+d*(c^2-a*d^2/(4*b*p+7*b))*x^3*(b*x^4+a)^p*hypergeom([3/4, -p], [7/4], -b*x^4/a)/((1+b*x^4/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 (a + bx^4)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{35} x (a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a} \right)^{-p} \left(35c^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a} \right) \right. \\ \left. + dx^2 \left(35c^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a} \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + dx^2 \left(21c \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{4}, -p, \frac{9}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a} \right) + 5dx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{4}, -p, \frac{11}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^2)^3*(a + b*x^4)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^4)^p*(35*c^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, -p, 5/4, -((b*x^4)/a)] + d*x^2*(35*c^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, -p, 7/4, -((b*x^4)/a)] + d*x^2*(21*c*Hypergeometric2F1[5/4, -p, 9/4, -((b*x^4)/a)] + 5*d*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[7/4, -p, 11/4, -((b*x^4)/a)])))/(35*(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1519, 2432, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 (a + bx^4)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1519$$

$$\int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p (3bcd^2(4p + 7)x^4 - 3d(ad^2 - bc^2(4p + 7))x^2 + bc^3(4p + 7)) dx}{b(4p + 7) d^3 x^3 (a + bx^4)^{p+1} b(4p + 7)} +$$

↓ 2432

$$\frac{\int (3bcd^2(4p+7)x^4(bx^4+a)^p + 3d(bc^2(4p+7) - ad^2)x^2(bx^4+a)^p + bc^3(4p+7)(bx^4+a)^p) dx}{b(4p+7)} + \frac{d^3x^3(a+bx^4)^{p+1}}{b(4p+7)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{bc^3(4p+7)x(a+bx^4)^p \left(\frac{bx^4}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}\right) - dx^3(a+bx^4)^p \left(\frac{bx^4}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ad^2 - d^3)}{b(4p+7)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^2)^3*(a + b*x^4)^p,x]`

output `(d^3*x^3*(a + b*x^4)^(1 + p))/(b*(7 + 4*p)) + ((b*c^3*(7 + 4*p)*x*(a + b*x^4)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, -p, 5/4, -((b*x^4)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p - (d*(a*d^2 - b*c^2*(7 + 4*p))*x^3*(a + b*x^4)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, -p, 7/4, -((b*x^4)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p + (3*b*c*d^2*(7 + 4*p)*x^5*(a + b*x^4)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/4, -p, 9/4, -((b*x^4)/a)])/(5*(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p))/(b*(7 + 4*p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1519 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[e^q*x^(2*q - 3)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1))/(c*(4*p + 2*q + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^4)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^q - a*(2*q - 3)*e^q*x^(2*q - 4) - c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*e^q*x^(2*q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[q, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2432

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[
Pq*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && (PolyQ[Pq, x] || Poly
Q[Pq, x^n])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx^2 + c)^3 (bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x^2+c)^3*(b*x^4+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x^2+c)^3*(b*x^4+a)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (dx^2 + c)^3 (bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x^2+c)^3*(b*x^4+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d^3*x^6 + 3*c*d^2*x^4 + 3*c^2*d*x^2 + c^3)*(b*x^4 + a)^p, x)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 58.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 (a + bx^4)^p dx = \frac{a^p c^3 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{3a^p c^2 dx^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{3a^p cd^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} + \frac{a^p d^3 x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{7}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((d*x**2+c)**3*(b*x**4+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*c**3*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, -p), (5/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + 3*a**p*c**2*d*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, -p), (7/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(7/4)) + 3*a**p*c*d**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((5/4, -p), (9/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(9/4)) + a**p*d**3*x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((7/4, -p), (11/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(11/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (dx^2 + c)^3 (bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)^3*(b*x^4+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^2 + c)^3*(b*x^4 + a)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (dx^2 + c)^3 (bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)^3*(b*x^4+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^2 + c)^3*(b*x^4 + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (bx^4 + a)^p (dx^2 + c)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^4)^p*(c + d*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^4)^p*(c + d*x^2)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 (a + bx^4)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x^2+c)^3*(b*x^4+a)^p,x)`

output

```

(192*(a + b*x**4)**p*a*c*d**2*p**3*x + 480*(a + b*x**4)**p*a*c*d**2*p**2*x
+ 252*(a + b*x**4)**p*a*c*d**2*p*x + 64*(a + b*x**4)**p*a*d**3*p**3*x**3
+ 96*(a + b*x**4)**p*a*d**3*p**2*x**3 + 20*(a + b*x**4)**p*a*d**3*p*x**3 +
64*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*c**3*p**3*x + 240*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*c**3*p**2*x + 28
4*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*c**3*p*x + 105*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*c**3*x + 192*(a + b*x
**4)**p*b*c**2*d*p**3*x**3 + 624*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*c**2*d*p**2*x**3 + 564*
(a + b*x**4)**p*b*c**2*d*p*x**3 + 105*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*c**2*d*x**3 + 192*
(a + b*x**4)**p*b*c*d**2*p**3*x**5 + 528*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*c*d**2*p**2*x**
5 + 372*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*c*d**2*p*x**5 + 63*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*c*d**2*x**5
+ 64*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*d**3*p**3*x**7 + 144*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*d**3*p**2*x
**7 + 92*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*d**3*p*x**7 + 15*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*d**3*x**7 -
49152*int((a + b*x**4)**p/(256*a*p**4 + 1024*a*p**3 + 1376*a*p**2 + 704*a*
p + 105*a + 256*b*p**4*x**4 + 1024*b*p**3*x**4 + 1376*b*p**2*x**4 + 704*b*
p*x**4 + 105*b*x**4),x)*a**2*c*d**2*p**7 - 319488*int((a + b*x**4)**p/(256
*a*p**4 + 1024*a*p**3 + 1376*a*p**2 + 704*a*p + 105*a + 256*b*p**4*x**4 +
1024*b*p**3*x**4 + 1376*b*p**2*x**4 + 704*b*p*x**4 + 105*b*x**4),x)*a**2*c
*d**2*p**6 - 820224*int((a + b*x**4)**p/(256*a*p**4 + 1024*a*p**3 + 1376*a
*p**2 + 704*a*p + 105*a + 256*b*p**4*x**4 + 1024*b*p**3*x**4 + 1376*b*p**2
*x**4 + 704*b*p*x**4 + 105*b*x**4),x)*a**2*c*d**2*p**5 - 1053696*int((a +
b*x**4)**p/(256*a*p**4 + 1024*a*p**3 + 1376*a*p**2 + 704*a*p + 105*a + ...

```

3.482 $\int (c + dx^2)^2 (a + bx^4)^p dx$

Optimal result	3729
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3730
Rubi [A] (verified)	3730
Maple [F]	3732
Fricas [F]	3732
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3733
Maxima [F]	3733
Giac [F]	3734
Mupad [F(-1)]	3734
Reduce [F]	3734

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 (a + bx^4)^p dx = \frac{d^2 x(a + bx^4)^{1+p}}{b(5 + 4p)} + \left(c^2 - \frac{ad^2}{5b + 4bp} \right) x(a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a} \right) + \frac{2}{3} cdx^3 (a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a} \right)$$

output

```
d^2*x*(b*x^4+a)^(p+1)/b/(5+4*p)+(c^2-a*d^2/(4*b*p+5*b))*x*(b*x^4+a)^p*hypergeom([1/4, -p], [5/4], -b*x^4/a)/((1+b*x^4/a)^p)+2/3*c*d*x^3*(b*x^4+a)^p*hypergeom([3/4, -p], [7/4], -b*x^4/a)/((1+b*x^4/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 (a + bx^4)^p dx = \frac{1}{15}x(a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a} \right)^{-p} \left(15c^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a} \right) + dx^2 \left(10c \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a} \right) + 3dx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{4}, -p, \frac{9}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^2)^2*(a + b*x^4)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^4)^p*(15*c^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, -p, 5/4, -((b*x^4)/a)] + d*x^2*(10*c*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, -p, 7/4, -((b*x^4)/a)] + 3*d*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[5/4, -p, 9/4, -((b*x^4)/a)]))/(15*(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1519, 25, 1516, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 (a + bx^4)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1519$$

$$\frac{\int -((-b(4p + 5)c^2 - 2bd(4p + 5)x^2c + ad^2) (bx^4 + a)^p) dx}{b(4p + 5)} + \frac{d^2x(a + bx^4)^{p+1}}{b(4p + 5)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{d^2x(a+bx^4)^{p+1}}{b(4p+5)} - \frac{\int (-b(4p+5)c^2 - 2bd(4p+5)x^2c + ad^2)(bx^4+a)^p dx}{b(4p+5)}$$

↓ 1516

$$\frac{d^2x(a+bx^4)^{p+1}}{b(4p+5)} - \frac{\int \left(ad^2\left(1 - \frac{bc^2(4p+5)}{ad^2}\right)(bx^4+a)^p - 2bcd(4p+5)x^2(bx^4+a)^p\right) dx}{b(4p+5)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{d^2x(a+bx^4)^{p+1}}{b(4p+5)} - \frac{x(a+bx^4)^p \left(\frac{bx^4}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ad^2 - bc^2(4p+5)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}\right) - \frac{2}{3}bcd(4p+5)x^3(a+bx^4)^p}{b(4p+5)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^2)^2*(a + b*x^4)^p,x]`

output `(d^2*x*(a + b*x^4)^(1 + p))/(b*(5 + 4*p)) - (((a*d^2 - b*c^2*(5 + 4*p))*x*(a + b*x^4)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, -p, 5/4, -((b*x^4)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p - (2*b*c*d*(5 + 4*p)*x^3*(a + b*x^4)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, -p, 7/4, -((b*x^4)/a)])/(3*(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p))/(b*(5 + 4*p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 1516 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1519 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^q*x^(2*q - 3)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(c*(4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^4)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^q - a*(2*q - 3)*e^q*x^(2*q - 4) - c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*e^q*x^(2*q), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[q, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx^2 + c)^2 (bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((d*x^2+c)^2*(b*x^4+a)^p,x)`

output `int((d*x^2+c)^2*(b*x^4+a)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (dx^2 + c)^2 (bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)^2*(b*x^4+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^2*x^4 + 2*c*d*x^2 + c^2)*(b*x^4 + a)^p, x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 32.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 (a + bx^4)^p dx = \frac{a^p c^2 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{a^p c dx^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{a^p d^2 x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((d*x**2+c)**2*(b*x**4+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*c**2*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, -p), (5/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + a**p*c*d*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, -p), (7/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*gamma(7/4)) + a**p*d**2*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((5/4, -p), (9/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(9/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (dx^2 + c)^2 (bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)^2*(b*x^4+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^2 + c)^2*(b*x^4 + a)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (dx^2 + c)^2 (bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)^2*(b*x^4+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^2 + c)^2*(b*x^4 + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (bx^4 + a)^p (dx^2 + c)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^4)^p*(c + d*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^4)^p*(c + d*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 (a + bx^4)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x^2+c)^2*(b*x^4+a)^p,x)`

output

```

(16*(a + b*x**4)**p*a*d**2*p**2*x + 12*(a + b*x**4)**p*a*d**2*p*x + 16*(a
+ b*x**4)**p*b*c**2*p**2*x + 32*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*c**2*p*x + 15*(a + b*x**
4)**p*b*c**2*x + 32*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*c*d*p**2*x**3 + 48*(a + b*x**4)**p*b
*c*d*p*x**3 + 10*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*c*d*x**3 + 16*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*d**2*p*
*2*x**5 + 16*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*d**2*p*x**5 + 3*(a + b*x**4)**p*b*d**2*x**5
- 1024*int((a + b*x**4)**p/(64*a*p**3 + 144*a*p**2 + 92*a*p + 15*a + 64*b*
p**3*x**4 + 144*b*p**2*x**4 + 92*b*p*x**4 + 15*b*x**4),x)*a**2*d**2*p**5
- 3072*int((a + b*x**4)**p/(64*a*p**3 + 144*a*p**2 + 92*a*p + 15*a + 64*b*
p**3*x**4 + 144*b*p**2*x**4 + 92*b*p*x**4 + 15*b*x**4),x)*a**2*d**2*p**4 -
3200*int((a + b*x**4)**p/(64*a*p**3 + 144*a*p**2 + 92*a*p + 15*a + 64*b*p*
**3*x**4 + 144*b*p**2*x**4 + 92*b*p*x**4 + 15*b*x**4),x)*a**2*d**2*p**3 -
1344*int((a + b*x**4)**p/(64*a*p**3 + 144*a*p**2 + 92*a*p + 15*a + 64*b*p*
*3*x**4 + 144*b*p**2*x**4 + 92*b*p*x**4 + 15*b*x**4),x)*a**2*d**2*p**2 - 1
80*int((a + b*x**4)**p/(64*a*p**3 + 144*a*p**2 + 92*a*p + 15*a + 64*b*p**3
*x**4 + 144*b*p**2*x**4 + 92*b*p*x**4 + 15*b*x**4),x)*a**2*d**2*p + 4096*i
nt((a + b*x**4)**p/(64*a*p**3 + 144*a*p**2 + 92*a*p + 15*a + 64*b*p**3*x**
4 + 144*b*p**2*x**4 + 92*b*p*x**4 + 15*b*x**4),x)*a*b*c**2*p**6 + 17408*in
t((a + b*x**4)**p/(64*a*p**3 + 144*a*p**2 + 92*a*p + 15*a + 64*b*p**3*x**4
+ 144*b*p**2*x**4 + 92*b*p*x**4 + 15*b*x**4),x)*a*b*c**2*p**5 + 28160*int
((a + b*x**4)**p/(64*a*p**3 + 144*a*p**2 + 92*a*p + 15*a + 64*b*p**3*x**...

```


3.483 $\int (c + dx^2) (a + bx^4)^p dx$

Optimal result	3736
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3736
Rubi [A] (verified)	3737
Maple [F]	3738
Fricas [F]	3738
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3739
Maxima [F]	3739
Giac [F]	3740
Mupad [F(-1)]	3740
Reduce [F]	3740

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int (c + dx^2) (a + bx^4)^p dx = cx(a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}\right) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}\right)$$

output

```
c*x*(b*x^4+a)^p*hypergeom([1/4, -p], [5/4], -b*x^4/a)/((1+b*x^4/a)^p)+1/3*d*x^3*(b*x^4+a)^p*hypergeom([3/4, -p], [7/4], -b*x^4/a)/((1+b*x^4/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (c + dx^2) (a + bx^4)^p dx = \frac{1}{3}x(a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(3c \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}\right) + dx^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^2)*(a + b*x^4)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^4)^p*(3*c*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, -p, 5/4, -((b*x^4)/a)] + d*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, -p, 7/4, -((b*x^4)/a)])/(3*(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1516, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx^2) (a + bx^4)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1516$$

$$\int (c(a + bx^4)^p + dx^2(a + bx^4)^p) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$cx(a + bx^4)^p \left(\frac{bx^4}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}\right) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + bx^4)^p \left(\frac{bx^4}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}\right)$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^2)*(a + b*x^4)^p,x]`

output `(c*x*(a + b*x^4)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, -p, 5/4, -((b*x^4)/a)]/(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p + (d*x^3*(a + b*x^4)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, -p, 7/4, -((b*x^4)/a)])/(3*(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1516

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx^2 + c)(bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x^2+c)*(b*x^4+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x^2+c)*(b*x^4+a)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2)(a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (dx^2 + c)(bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x^2+c)*(b*x^4+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d*x^2 + c)*(b*x^4 + a)^p, x)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 16.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (c + dx^2) (a + bx^4)^p dx = \frac{a^p cx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} + \frac{a^p dx^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((d*x**2+c)*(b*x**4+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*c*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, -p), (5/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(5/4)) + a**p*d*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, -p), (7/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2) (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (dx^2 + c)(bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)*(b*x^4+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^2 + c)*(b*x^4 + a)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2) (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (dx^2 + c) (bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)*(b*x^4+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^2 + c)*(b*x^4 + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx^2) (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (bx^4 + a)^p (dx^2 + c) dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^4)^p*(c + d*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^4)^p*(c + d*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2) (a + bx^4)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{4(bx^4 + a)^p cpx + 3(bx^4 + a)^p cx + 4(bx^4 + a)^p dp x^3 + (bx^4 + a)^p dx^3 + 256 \left(\int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p}{16b^2x^4 + 16bp x^4 + 3bx^4 + 16a} \right)}{1}$$

input `int((d*x^2+c)*(b*x^4+a)^p,x)`

output

```
(4*(a + b*x**4)**p*c*p*x + 3*(a + b*x**4)**p*c*x + 4*(a + b*x**4)**p*d*p*x
**3 + (a + b*x**4)**p*d*x**3 + 256*int((a + b*x**4)**p/(16*a*p**2 + 16*a*p
+ 3*a + 16*b*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3*b*x**4),x)*a*c*p**4 + 448*int((a
+ b*x**4)**p/(16*a*p**2 + 16*a*p + 3*a + 16*b*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3
*b*x**4),x)*a*c*p**3 + 240*int((a + b*x**4)**p/(16*a*p**2 + 16*a*p + 3*a +
16*b*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3*b*x**4),x)*a*c*p**2 + 36*int((a + b*x**4
)**p/(16*a*p**2 + 16*a*p + 3*a + 16*b*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3*b*x**4),
x)*a*c*p + 256*int(((a + b*x**4)**p*x**2)/(16*a*p**2 + 16*a*p + 3*a + 16*b
*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3*b*x**4),x)*a*d*p**4 + 320*int(((a + b*x**4)**
p*x**2)/(16*a*p**2 + 16*a*p + 3*a + 16*b*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3*b*x**
4),x)*a*d*p**3 + 112*int(((a + b*x**4)**p*x**2)/(16*a*p**2 + 16*a*p + 3*a
+ 16*b*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3*b*x**4),x)*a*d*p**2 + 12*int(((a + b*x*
*4)**p*x**2)/(16*a*p**2 + 16*a*p + 3*a + 16*b*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3*
b*x**4),x)*a*d*p)/(16*p**2 + 16*p + 3)
```

3.484 $\int (a + bx^4)^p dx$

Optimal result	3742
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3742
Rubi [A] (verified)	3743
Maple [F]	3744
Fricas [F]	3744
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3744
Maxima [F]	3745
Giac [F]	3745
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3745
Reduce [F]	3746

Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int (a + bx^4)^p dx = x(a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}\right)$$

output

```
x*(b*x^4+a)^p*hypergeom([1/4, -p],[5/4],-b*x^4/a)/((1+b*x^4/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^4)^p dx = x(a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^4)^p,x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*x^4)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, -p, 5/4, -((b*x^4)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^4)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$(a + bx^4)^p \left(\frac{bx^4}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{bx^4}{a} + 1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$x(a + bx^4)^p \left(\frac{bx^4}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}\right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^4)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^4)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, -p, 5/4, -((b*x^4)/a)]/(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((b*x^4+a)^p,x)`

output `int((b*x^4+a)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^4 + a)^p, x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + bx^4)^p dx = \frac{a^p x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p \mid \frac{bx^4 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((b*x**4+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, -p), (5/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^4 + a)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + bx^4)^p dx = \int (bx^4 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^4 + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + bx^4)^p dx = \frac{x (bx^4 + a)^p {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p; \frac{5}{4}; -\frac{bx^4}{a}\right)}{\left(\frac{bx^4}{a} + 1\right)^p}$$

input `int((a + b*x^4)^p,x)`

output `(x*(a + b*x^4)^p*hypergeom([1/4, -p], 5/4, -(b*x^4)/a))/((b*x^4)/a + 1)^p`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + bx^4)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p x + 16 \left(\int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p}{4bp x^4 + bx^4 + 4ap + a} dx \right) a p^2 + 4 \left(\int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p}{4bp x^4 + bx^4 + 4ap + a} dx \right) ap}{4p + 1}$$

input `int((b*x^4+a)^p,x)`

output `((a + b*x**4)**p*x + 16*int((a + b*x**4)**p/(4*a*p + a + 4*b*p*x**4 + b*x**4),x)*a*p**2 + 4*int((a + b*x**4)**p/(4*a*p + a + 4*b*p*x**4 + b*x**4),x)*a*p)/(4*p + 1)`

3.485 $\int \frac{(a+bx^4)^p}{c+dx^2} dx$

Optimal result	3747
Mathematica [F]	3747
Rubi [A] (verified)	3748
Maple [F]	3749
Fricas [F]	3749
Sympy [F(-1)]	3749
Maxima [F]	3750
Giac [F]	3750
Mupad [F(-1)]	3750
Reduce [F]	3751

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{c + dx^2} dx = \frac{x(a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, 1, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}, \frac{d^2x^4}{c^2}\right)}{c} - \frac{dx^3(a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, 1, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}, \frac{d^2x^4}{c^2}\right)}{3c^2}$$

output

```
x*(b*x^4+a)^p*AppellF1(1/4,1,-p,5/4,d^2*x^4/c^2,-b*x^4/a)/c/((1+b*x^4/a)^p)-1/3*d*x^3*(b*x^4+a)^p*AppellF1(3/4,1,-p,7/4,d^2*x^4/c^2,-b*x^4/a)/c^2/((1+b*x^4/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{c + dx^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{c + dx^2} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^4)^p/(c + d*x^2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^4)^p/(c + d*x^2), x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1569, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{c + dx^2} dx$$

↓ 1569

$$\int \left(\frac{c(a + bx^4)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^4} + \frac{dx^2(a + bx^4)^p}{d^2x^4 - c^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{x(a + bx^4)^p \left(\frac{bx^4}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, 1, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}, \frac{d^2x^4}{c^2} \right)}{c} - \frac{dx^3(a + bx^4)^p \left(\frac{bx^4}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, 1, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}, \frac{d^2x^4}{c^2} \right)}{3c^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^4)^p/(c + d*x^2),x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^4)^p*AppellF1[1/4, -p, 1, 5/4, -(b*x^4)/a], (d^2*x^4)/c^2])/(c*(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p) - (d*x^3*(a + b*x^4)^p*AppellF1[3/4, -p, 1, 7/4, -(b*x^4)/a], (d^2*x^4)/c^2])/(3*c^2*(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1569 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + c*x^4)^p, (d/(d^2 - e^2*x^4) - e*(x^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)))]^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ! IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p}{dx^2 + c} dx$$

input `int((b*x^4+a)^p/(d*x^2+c),x)`

output `int((b*x^4+a)^p/(d*x^2+c),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{c + dx^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p}{dx^2 + c} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+a)^p/(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^4 + a)^p/(d*x^2 + c), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{c + dx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x**4+a)**p/(d*x**2+c),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{c + dx^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p}{dx^2 + c} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+a)^p/(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^4 + a)^p/(d*x^2 + c), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{c + dx^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p}{dx^2 + c} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+a)^p/(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^4 + a)^p/(d*x^2 + c), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{c + dx^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p}{dx^2 + c} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^4)^p/(c + d*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^4)^p/(c + d*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{c + dx^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p}{dx^2 + c} dx$$

input `int((b*x^4+a)^p/(d*x^2+c),x)`

output `int((a + b*x**4)**p/(c + d*x**2),x)`

3.486 $\int \frac{(a+bx^4)^p}{(c+dx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3752
Mathematica [F]	3753
Rubi [A] (verified)	3753
Maple [F]	3754
Fricas [F]	3754
Sympy [F(-1)]	3755
Maxima [F]	3755
Giac [F]	3755
Mupad [F(-1)]	3756
Reduce [F]	3756

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx = \frac{x(a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, 2, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}, \frac{d^2x^4}{c^2}\right)}{c^2} - \frac{2dx^3(a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, 2, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}, \frac{d^2x^4}{c^2}\right)}{3c^3} + \frac{d^2x^5(a + bx^4)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^4}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{4}, -p, 2, \frac{9}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}, \frac{d^2x^4}{c^2}\right)}{5c^4}$$

output

```
x*(b*x^4+a)^p*AppellF1(1/4,2,-p,5/4,d^2*x^4/c^2,-b*x^4/a)/c^2/((1+b*x^4/a)
^p)-2/3*d*x^3*(b*x^4+a)^p*AppellF1(3/4,2,-p,7/4,d^2*x^4/c^2,-b*x^4/a)/c^3/
((1+b*x^4/a)^p)+1/5*d^2*x^5*(b*x^4+a)^p*AppellF1(5/4,2,-p,9/4,d^2*x^4/c^2,
-b*x^4/a)/c^4/((1+b*x^4/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^4)^p/(c + d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*x^4)^p/(c + d*x^2)^2, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1569, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1569} \\ & \int \left(\frac{c^2(a + bx^4)^p}{(c^2 - d^2x^4)^2} + \frac{d^2x^4(a + bx^4)^p}{(d^2x^4 - c^2)^2} - \frac{2cdx^2(a + bx^4)^p}{(c^2 - d^2x^4)^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{x(a + bx^4)^p \left(\frac{bx^4}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, 2, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}, \frac{d^2x^4}{c^2}\right)}{c^2} + \\ & \frac{d^2x^5(a + bx^4)^p \left(\frac{bx^4}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{4}, -p, 2, \frac{9}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}, \frac{d^2x^4}{c^2}\right)}{5c^4} - \\ & \frac{2dx^3(a + bx^4)^p \left(\frac{bx^4}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, 2, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{bx^4}{a}, \frac{d^2x^4}{c^2}\right)}{3c^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^4)^p/(c + d*x^2)^2,x]`

output $(x*(a + b*x^4)^p*AppellF1[1/4, -p, 2, 5/4, -((b*x^4)/a), (d^2*x^4)/c^2])/(c^2*(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p) - (2*d*x^3*(a + b*x^4)^p*AppellF1[3/4, -p, 2, 7/4, -((b*x^4)/a), (d^2*x^4)/c^2])/(3*c^3*(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p) + (d^2*x^5*(a + b*x^4)^p*AppellF1[5/4, -p, 2, 9/4, -((b*x^4)/a), (d^2*x^4)/c^2])/(5*c^4*(1 + (b*x^4)/a)^p)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1569 $Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + c*x^4)^p, (d/(d^2 - e^2*x^4) - e*(x^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)))^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p}, x] \&\& NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& ! IntegerQ[p] \&\& ILtQ[q, 0]$

rule 2009 $Int[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p}{(dx^2 + c)^2} dx$$

input $int((b*x^4+a)^p/(d*x^2+c)^2,x)$

output $int((b*x^4+a)^p/(d*x^2+c)^2,x)$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p}{(dx^2 + c)^2} dx$$

input $integrate((b*x^4+a)^p/(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")$

output $integral((b*x^4 + a)^p/(d^2*x^4 + 2*c*d*x^2 + c^2), x)$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x**4+a)**p/(d*x**2+c)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p}{(dx^2 + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+a)^p/(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^4 + a)^p/(d*x^2 + c)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p}{(dx^2 + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+a)^p/(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^4 + a)^p/(d*x^2 + c)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p}{(dx^2 + c)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^4)^p/(c + d*x^2)^2,x)`output `int((a + b*x^4)^p/(c + d*x^2)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^4)^p}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^4 + a)^p}{d^2x^4 + 2cdx^2 + c^2} dx$$

input `int((b*x^4+a)^p/(d*x^2+c)^2,x)`output `int((a + b*x**4)**p/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x**2 + d**2*x**4),x)`

3.487 $\int (1 - x^2)^3 (1 + bx^4)^p dx$

Optimal result	3757
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3758
Rubi [A] (verified)	3758
Maple [A] (verified)	3760
Fricas [F]	3760
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3761
Maxima [F]	3762
Giac [F]	3762
Mupad [F(-1)]	3762
Reduce [F]	3763

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int (1 - x^2)^3 (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \frac{3x(1 + bx^4)^{1+p}}{b(5 + 4p)} - \frac{x^3(1 + bx^4)^{1+p}}{b(7 + 4p)} + \left(1 - \frac{3}{5b + 4bp} \right) x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -bx^4 \right) - \left(1 - \frac{1}{7b + 4bp} \right) x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, \frac{7}{4}, -bx^4 \right)$$

output

```
3*x*(b*x^4+1)^(p+1)/b/(5+4*p)-x^3*(b*x^4+1)^(p+1)/b/(7+4*p)+(1-3/(4*b*p+5*b))*x*hypergeom([1/4, -p], [5/4], -b*x^4)-(1-1/(4*b*p+7*b))*x^3*hypergeom([3/4, -p], [7/4], -b*x^4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (1-x^2)^3 (1+bx^4)^p dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -bx^4\right) - x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, \frac{7}{4}, -bx^4\right) + \frac{3}{5}x^5 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{4}, -p, \frac{9}{4}, -bx^4\right) - \frac{1}{7}x^7 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{4}, -p, \frac{11}{4}, -bx^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - x^2)^3*(1 + b*x^4)^p,x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, -p, 5/4, -(b*x^4)] - x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, -p, 7/4, -(b*x^4)] + (3*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/4, -p, 9/4, -(b*x^4)])/5 - (x^7*Hypergeometric2F1[7/4, -p, 11/4, -(b*x^4)])/7`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1519, 2432, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (1-x^2)^3 (bx^4+1)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1519$$

$$\frac{\int (bx^4+1)^p (3b(4p+7)x^4 + 3(1-b(4p+7))x^2 + b(4p+7)) dx}{b(4p+7)} - \frac{x^3 (bx^4+1)^{p+1}}{b(4p+7)}$$

$$\downarrow 2432$$

$$\frac{\int (3b(4p+7)x^4(bx^4+1)^p + 3(1-b(4p+7))x^2(bx^4+1)^p + b(4p+7)(bx^4+1)^p) dx}{\frac{b(4p+7)}{x^3(bx^4+1)^{p+1}}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b(4p+7)x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -bx^4\right) + \frac{3}{5}b(4p+7)x^5 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{4}, -p, \frac{9}{4}, -bx^4\right) + x^3(1-bx^4)^p}{b(4p+7)}$$

input `Int[(1 - x^2)^3*(1 + b*x^4)^p, x]`

output `-((x^3*(1 + b*x^4)^(1 + p))/(b*(7 + 4*p))) + (b*(7 + 4*p)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, -p, 5/4, -(b*x^4)] + (1 - b*(7 + 4*p))*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, -p, 7/4, -(b*x^4)] + (3*b*(7 + 4*p)*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/4, -p, 9/4, -(b*x^4)])/5)/(b*(7 + 4*p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1519 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[e^q*x^(2*q - 3)*((a + c*x^4)^(p + 1))/(c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^4)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^q - a*(2*q - 3)*e^q*x^(2*q - 4) - c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*e^q*x^(2*q), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[q, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2432 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Pq*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && (PolyQ[Pq, x] || PolyQ[Pq, x^n])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
meijerg	$-\frac{x^7 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{7}{4}, -p\right], \left[\frac{11}{4}\right], -bx^4\right)}{7} + \frac{3x^5 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{5}{4}, -p\right], \left[\frac{9}{4}\right], -bx^4\right)}{5} - x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, -p\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -bx^4\right)$

input `int((-x^2+1)^3*(b*x^4+1)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/7*x^7*hypergeom([7/4,-p],[11/4],-b*x^4)+3/5*x^5*hypergeom([5/4,-p],[9/4],-b*x^4)-x^3*hypergeom([3/4,-p],[7/4],-b*x^4)+x*hypergeom([1/4,-p],[5/4],-b*x^4)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (1-x^2)^3 (1+bx^4)^p dx = \int -(x^2-1)^3 (bx^4+1)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^3*(b*x^4+1)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(x^6 - 3*x^4 + 3*x^2 - 1)*(b*x^4 + 1)^p, x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 51.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (1-x^2)^3 (1+bx^4)^p dx = -\frac{x^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{7}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{11}{4} \middle| bx^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)} + \frac{3x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{9}{4} \middle| bx^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} - \frac{3x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{7}{4} \middle| bx^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| bx^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-x**2+1)**3*(b*x**4+1)**p,x)`

output `-x**7*gamma(7/4)*hyper((7/4, -p), (11/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(11/4)) + 3*x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((5/4, -p), (9/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(9/4)) - 3*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, -p), (7/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, -p), (5/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 - x^2)^3 (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \int -(x^2 - 1)^3 (bx^4 + 1)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^3*(b*x^4+1)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((x^2 - 1)^3*(b*x^4 + 1)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 - x^2)^3 (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \int -(x^2 - 1)^3 (bx^4 + 1)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^3*(b*x^4+1)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(x^2 - 1)^3*(b*x^4 + 1)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - x^2)^3 (1 + bx^4)^p dx = - \int (x^2 - 1)^3 (bx^4 + 1)^p dx$$

input `int(-(x^2 - 1)^3*(b*x^4 + 1)^p,x)`

output `-int((x^2 - 1)^3*(b*x^4 + 1)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 - x^2)^3 (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((-x^2+1)^3*(b*x^4+1)^p,x)`

output

```
( - 64*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*p**3*x**7 + 192*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*p**3*x**5 - 192
*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*p**3*x**3 + 64*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*p**3*x - 144*(b*x**4 +
1)**p*b*p**2*x**7 + 528*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*p**2*x**5 - 624*(b*x**4 + 1)**p
*b*p**2*x**3 + 240*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*p**2*x - 92*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*p*x**7
+ 372*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*p*x**5 - 564*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*p*x**3 + 284*(b*x**
4 + 1)**p*b*p*x - 15*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*x**7 + 63*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*x**5 -
105*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*x**3 + 105*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*x - 64*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*
p**3*x**3 + 192*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*p**3*x - 96*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*p**2*x**3 + 48
0*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*p**2*x - 20*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*p*x**3 + 252*(b*x**4 + 1)**p
*p*x + 65536*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(256*b*p**4*x**4 + 1024*b*p**3*x**4 + 137
6*b*p**2*x**4 + 704*b*p*x**4 + 105*b*x**4 + 256*p**4 + 1024*p**3 + 1376*p*
*2 + 704*p + 105),x)*b*p**8 + 507904*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(256*b*p**4*x**4
+ 1024*b*p**3*x**4 + 1376*b*p**2*x**4 + 704*b*p*x**4 + 105*b*x**4 + 256*p*
*4 + 1024*p**3 + 1376*p**2 + 704*p + 105),x)*b*p**7 + 1626112*int((b*x**4
+ 1)**p/(256*b*p**4*x**4 + 1024*b*p**3*x**4 + 1376*b*p**2*x**4 + 704*b*p*x
**4 + 105*b*x**4 + 256*p**4 + 1024*p**3 + 1376*p**2 + 704*p + 105),x)*b*p*
*6 + 2771968*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(256*b*p**4*x**4 + 1024*b*p**3*x**4 + 137
6*b*p**2*x**4 + 704*b*p*x**4 + 105*b*x**4 + 256*p**4 + 1024*p**3 + 1376*p*
*2 + 704*p + 105),x)*b*p**5 + 2695936*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(256*b*p**4*x**4
+ 1024*b*p**3*x**4 + 1376*b*p**2*x**4 + 704*b*p*x**4 + 105*b*x**4 + 25...
```

3.488 $\int (1 - x^2)^2 (1 + bx^4)^p dx$

Optimal result	3764
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3764
Rubi [A] (verified)	3765
Maple [A] (verified)	3766
Fricas [F]	3767
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3767
Maxima [F]	3768
Giac [F]	3768
Mupad [F(-1)]	3768
Reduce [F]	3769

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int (1 - x^2)^2 (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \frac{x(1 + bx^4)^{1+p}}{b(5 + 4p)} + \left(1 - \frac{1}{5b + 4bp}\right) x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -bx^4\right) - \frac{2}{3}x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, \frac{7}{4}, -bx^4\right)$$

output

```
x*(b*x^4+1)^(p+1)/b/(5+4*p)+(1-1/(4*b*p+5*b))*x*hypergeom([1/4, -p], [5/4], -b*x^4)-2/3*x^3*hypergeom([3/4, -p], [7/4], -b*x^4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (1 - x^2)^2 (1 + bx^4)^p dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -bx^4\right) - \frac{2}{3}x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, \frac{7}{4}, -bx^4\right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{4}, -p, \frac{9}{4}, -bx^4\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - x^2)^2*(1 + b*x^4)^p,x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, -p, 5/4, -(b*x^4)] - (2*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, -p, 7/4, -(b*x^4)]/3 + (x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/4, -p, 9/4, -(b*x^4)]/5`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1519, 25, 1516, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (1 - x^2)^2 (bx^4 + 1)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1519} \\
 & \frac{\int -((2b(4p+5)x^2 - b(4p+5) + 1)(bx^4 + 1)^p) dx}{b(4p+5)} + \frac{x(bx^4 + 1)^{p+1}}{b(4p+5)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x(bx^4 + 1)^{p+1}}{b(4p+5)} - \frac{\int (2b(4p+5)x^2 - 5b - 4bp + 1)(bx^4 + 1)^p dx}{b(4p+5)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1516} \\
 & \frac{x(bx^4 + 1)^{p+1}}{b(4p+5)} - \frac{\int (2b(4p+5)x^2(bx^4 + 1)^p + (1 - b(4p+5))(bx^4 + 1)^p) dx}{b(4p+5)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{x(bx^4 + 1)^{p+1}}{b(4p+5)} - \frac{x(1 - b(4p+5)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -bx^4\right) + \frac{2}{3}b(4p+5)x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, \frac{7}{4}, -bx^4\right)}{b(4p+5)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 - x^2)^2*(1 + b*x^4)^p,x]`

output $(x*(1 + b*x^4)^{(1 + p)})/(b*(5 + 4*p)) - ((1 - b*(5 + 4*p))*x*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, -p, 5/4, -(b*x^4)] + (2*b*(5 + 4*p)*x^3*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/4, -p, 7/4, -(b*x^4)])/3)/(b*(5 + 4*p))$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 1516 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]$

rule 1519 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e^q*x^{(2*q - 3)*((a + c*x^4)^{(p + 1))/(c*(4*p + 2*q + 1))}], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + c*x^4)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^q - a*(2*q - 3)*e^q*x^{(2*q - 4)} - c*(4*p + 2*q + 1)*e^q*x^{(2*q)}, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[q, 1]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{x^5 \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{5}{4}, -p\right], \left[\frac{9}{4}\right], -bx^4\right)}{5} - \frac{2x^3 \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, -p\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -bx^4\right)}{3} + x \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, -p\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -bx^4\right)$

input $\text{int}((-x^2+1)^2*(b*x^4+1)^p, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/5*x^5*\text{hypergeom}([5/4, -p], [9/4], -b*x^4) - 2/3*x^3*\text{hypergeom}([3/4, -p], [7/4], -b*x^4) + x*\text{hypergeom}([1/4, -p], [5/4], -b*x^4)$

Fricas [F]

$$\int (1 - x^2)^2 (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \int (x^2 - 1)^2 (bx^4 + 1)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^2*(b*x^4+1)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((x^4 - 2*x^2 + 1)*(b*x^4 + 1)^p, x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 28.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (1 - x^2)^2 (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \frac{x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{9}{4}, bx^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4 \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} - \frac{x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{7}{4}, bx^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{2 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{5}{4}, bx^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-x**2+1)**2*(b*x**4+1)**p,x)`

output `x**5*gamma(5/4)*hyper((5/4, -p), (9/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(9/4)) - x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, -p), (7/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(2*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, -p), (5/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 - x^2)^2 (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \int (x^2 - 1)^2 (bx^4 + 1)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^2*(b*x^4+1)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 - 1)^2*(b*x^4 + 1)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 - x^2)^2 (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \int (x^2 - 1)^2 (bx^4 + 1)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^2*(b*x^4+1)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 - 1)^2*(b*x^4 + 1)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - x^2)^2 (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \int (x^2 - 1)^2 (bx^4 + 1)^p dx$$

input `int((x^2 - 1)^2*(b*x^4 + 1)^p,x)`

output `int((x^2 - 1)^2*(b*x^4 + 1)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 - x^2)^2 (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((-x^2+1)^2*(b*x^4+1)^p,x)`

output

```
(16*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*p**2*x**5 - 32*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*p**2*x**3 + 16*(b*x
**4 + 1)**p*b*p**2*x + 16*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*p*x**5 - 48*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*
p*x**3 + 32*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*p*x + 3*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*x**5 - 10*(b*x**4
+ 1)**p*b*x**3 + 15*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*b*x + 16*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*p**2*x + 12*(
b*x**4 + 1)**p*p*x + 4096*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(64*b*p**3*x**4 + 144*b*p**2
*x**4 + 92*b*p*x**4 + 15*b*x**4 + 64*p**3 + 144*p**2 + 92*p + 15),x)*b*p**
6 + 17408*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(64*b*p**3*x**4 + 144*b*p**2*x**4 + 92*b*p*x
**4 + 15*b*x**4 + 64*p**3 + 144*p**2 + 92*p + 15),x)*b*p**5 + 28160*int((b
*x**4 + 1)**p/(64*b*p**3*x**4 + 144*b*p**2*x**4 + 92*b*p*x**4 + 15*b*x**4
+ 64*p**3 + 144*p**2 + 92*p + 15),x)*b*p**4 + 21376*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(6
4*b*p**3*x**4 + 144*b*p**2*x**4 + 92*b*p*x**4 + 15*b*x**4 + 64*p**3 + 144*
p**2 + 92*p + 15),x)*b*p**3 + 7440*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(64*b*p**3*x**4 + 1
44*b*p**2*x**4 + 92*b*p*x**4 + 15*b*x**4 + 64*p**3 + 144*p**2 + 92*p + 15)
,x)*b*p**2 + 900*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(64*b*p**3*x**4 + 144*b*p**2*x**4 + 9
2*b*p*x**4 + 15*b*x**4 + 64*p**3 + 144*p**2 + 92*p + 15),x)*b*p - 1024*int
((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(64*b*p**3*x**4 + 144*b*p**2*x**4 + 92*b*p*x**4 + 15*b*x*
*4 + 64*p**3 + 144*p**2 + 92*p + 15),x)*p**5 - 3072*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(6
4*b*p**3*x**4 + 144*b*p**2*x**4 + 92*b*p*x**4 + 15*b*x**4 + 64*p**3 + 144*
p**2 + 92*p + 15),x)*p**4 - 3200*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(64*b*p**3*x**4 + 144
*b*p**2*x**4 + 92*b*p*x**4 + 15*b*x**4 + 64*p**3 + 144*p**2 + 92*p + 15...
```

3.489 $\int (1 - x^2) (1 + bx^4)^p dx$

Optimal result	3770
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3770
Rubi [A] (verified)	3771
Maple [A] (verified)	3772
Fricas [F]	3772
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3772
Maxima [F]	3773
Giac [F]	3773
Mupad [F(-1)]	3773
Reduce [F]	3774

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int (1 - x^2) (1 + bx^4)^p dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -bx^4 \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, \frac{7}{4}, -bx^4 \right)$$

output

`x*hypergeom([1/4, -p], [5/4], -b*x^4)-1/3*x^3*hypergeom([3/4, -p], [7/4], -b*x^4)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (1 - x^2) (1 + bx^4)^p dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -bx^4 \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, \frac{7}{4}, -bx^4 \right)$$

input

`Integrate[(1 - x^2)*(1 + b*x^4)^p,x]`

output

```
x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, -p, 5/4, -(b*x^4)] - (x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4,
-p, 7/4, -(b*x^4)])/3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1516, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (1 - x^2) (bx^4 + 1)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1516}$$

$$\int ((bx^4 + 1)^p - x^2(bx^4 + 1)^p) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$x \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -bx^4 \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, \frac{7}{4}, -bx^4 \right)$$

input

```
Int[(1 - x^2)*(1 + b*x^4)^p,x]
```

output

```
x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, -p, 5/4, -(b*x^4)] - (x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4,
-p, 7/4, -(b*x^4)])/3
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1516

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[Expa
ndIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)*(a + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] &&
NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, -p\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -bx^4\right) - \frac{x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{4}, -p\right], \left[\frac{7}{4}\right], -bx^4\right)}{3}$	37

input `int((-x^2+1)*(b*x^4+1)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `x*hypergeom([1/4,-p],[5/4],-b*x^4)-1/3*x^3*hypergeom([3/4,-p],[7/4],-b*x^4)`**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (1-x^2)(1+bx^4)^p dx = \int -(x^2-1)(bx^4+1)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)*(b*x^4+1)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(-(x^2 - 1)*(b*x^4 + 1)^p, x)`**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 13.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (1-x^2)(1+bx^4)^p dx = -\frac{x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{7}{4}; bx^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{5}{4}; bx^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((-x**2+1)*(b*x**4+1)**p,x)`

output

```
-x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((3/4, -p), (7/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(7/4)) + x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, -p), (5/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 - x^2) (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \int -(x^2 - 1) (bx^4 + 1)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((-x^2+1)*(b*x^4+1)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-integrate((x^2 - 1)*(b*x^4 + 1)^p, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 - x^2) (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \int -(x^2 - 1) (bx^4 + 1)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((-x^2+1)*(b*x^4+1)^p,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(-(x^2 - 1)*(b*x^4 + 1)^p, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - x^2) (1 + bx^4)^p dx = - \int (x^2 - 1) (bx^4 + 1)^p dx$$

input

```
int(-(x^2 - 1)*(b*x^4 + 1)^p,x)
```

output

```
-int((x^2 - 1)*(b*x^4 + 1)^p, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 - x^2) (1 + bx^4)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{-4(bx^4 + 1)^p px^3 + 4(bx^4 + 1)^p px - (bx^4 + 1)^p x^3 + 3(bx^4 + 1)^p x + 256 \left(\int \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{16bp^2x^4 + 16bp^2x^4 + 3bx^4 + 16p^2 + 16p + 3} dx \right)}{16p^2 + 16p + 3}$$

input `int((-x^2+1)*(b*x^4+1)^p,x)`

output

```
( - 4*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*x**3 + 4*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*x - (b*x**4 + 1)**p*x**3 + 3*(b*x**4 + 1)**p*x + 256*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(16*b*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3*b*x**4 + 16*p**2 + 16*p + 3),x)*p**4 + 448*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(16*b*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3*b*x**4 + 16*p**2 + 16*p + 3),x)*p**3 + 240*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(16*b*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3*b*x**4 + 16*p**2 + 16*p + 3),x)*p**2 + 36*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(16*b*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3*b*x**4 + 16*p**2 + 16*p + 3),x)*p - 256*int(((b*x**4 + 1)**p*x**2)/(16*b*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3*b*x**4 + 16*p**2 + 16*p + 3),x)*p**4 - 320*int(((b*x**4 + 1)**p*x**2)/(16*b*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3*b*x**4 + 16*p**2 + 16*p + 3),x)*p**3 - 112*int(((b*x**4 + 1)**p*x**2)/(16*b*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3*b*x**4 + 16*p**2 + 16*p + 3),x)*p**2 - 12*int(((b*x**4 + 1)**p*x**2)/(16*b*p**2*x**4 + 16*b*p*x**4 + 3*b*x**4 + 16*p**2 + 16*p + 3),x)*p)/(16*p**2 + 16*p + 3)
```

3.490 $\int (1 + bx^4)^p dx$

Optimal result	3775
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3775
Rubi [A] (verified)	3776
Maple [A] (verified)	3776
Fricas [F]	3777
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3777
Maxima [F]	3778
Giac [F]	3778
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3778
Reduce [F]	3779

Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int (1 + bx^4)^p dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -bx^4\right)$$

output

```
x*hypergeom([1/4, -p], [5/4], -b*x^4)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (1 + bx^4)^p dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -bx^4\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 + b*x^4)^p,x]
```

output

```
x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, -p, 5/4, -(b*x^4)]
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (bx^4 + 1)^p dx$$

↓ 778

$$x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, \frac{5}{4}, -bx^4\right)$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^4)^p,x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, -p, 5/4, -(b*x^4)]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
meijerg	$x \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, -p\right], \left[\frac{5}{4}\right], -bx^4\right)$	17

input `int((b*x^4+1)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([1/4, -p], [5/4], -b*x^4)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \int (bx^4 + 1)^p dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+1)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^4 + 1)^p, x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \frac{x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| bx^4 e^{i\pi}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((b*x**4+1)**p,x)`

output `x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, -p), (5/4,), b*x**4*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \int (bx^4 + 1)^p dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+1)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^4 + 1)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 + bx^4)^p dx = \int (bx^4 + 1)^p dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+1)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^4 + 1)^p, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (1 + bx^4)^p dx = x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p; \frac{5}{4}; -bx^4\right)$$

input `int((b*x^4 + 1)^p,x)`

output `x*hypergeom([1/4, -p], 5/4, -b*x^4)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1+bx^4)^p dx = \frac{(bx^4+1)^p x + 16 \left(\int \frac{(bx^4+1)^p}{4bp x^4 + bx^4 + 4p + 1} dx \right) p^2 + 4 \left(\int \frac{(bx^4+1)^p}{4bp x^4 + bx^4 + 4p + 1} dx \right) p}{4p + 1}$$

input `int((b*x^4+1)^p,x)`

output `((b*x**4 + 1)**p*x + 16*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(4*b*p*x**4 + b*x**4 + 4*p + 1),x)*p**2 + 4*int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(4*b*p*x**4 + b*x**4 + 4*p + 1),x)*p)/(4*p + 1)`

3.491 $\int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{1-x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3780
Mathematica [F]	3780
Rubi [A] (verified)	3781
Maple [F]	3782
Fricas [F]	3782
Sympy [F(-1)]	3782
Maxima [F]	3783
Giac [F]	3783
Mupad [F(-1)]	3783
Reduce [F]	3784

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{1-x^2} dx = x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, 1, -p, \frac{5}{4}, x^4, -bx^4\right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, 1, \frac{7}{4}, -bx^4, x^4\right)$$

output `x*AppellF1(1/4,1,-p,5/4,x^4,-b*x^4)+1/3*x^3*AppellF1(3/4,1,-p,7/4,x^4,-b*x^4)`

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{1-x^2} dx = \int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{1-x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^4)^p/(1 - x^2),x]`

output `Integrate[(1 + b*x^4)^p/(1 - x^2), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1569, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{1 - x^2} dx$$

↓ 1569

$$\int \left(\frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{1 - x^4} - \frac{x^2(bx^4 + 1)^p}{x^4 - 1} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$x \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, 1, -p, \frac{5}{4}, x^4, -bx^4 \right) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, 1, -p, \frac{7}{4}, x^4, -bx^4 \right)$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^4)^p/(1 - x^2),x]`

output `x*AppellF1[1/4, 1, -p, 5/4, x^4, -(b*x^4)] + (x^3*AppellF1[3/4, 1, -p, 7/4, x^4, -(b*x^4)])/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1569 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + c*x^4)^p, (d/(d^2 - e^2*x^4) - e*(x^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)))^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ! IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{-x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1),x)`

output `int((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{1 - x^2} dx = \int -\frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(b*x^4 + 1)^p/(x^2 - 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{1 - x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x**4+1)**p/(-x**2+1),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{1 - x^2} dx = \int -\frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((b*x^4 + 1)^p/(x^2 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{1 - x^2} dx = \int -\frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*x^4 + 1)^p/(x^2 - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{1 - x^2} dx = - \int \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^4 + 1)^p/(x^2 - 1),x)`

output `-int((b*x^4 + 1)^p/(x^2 - 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{1 - x^2} dx = - \left(\int \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{x^2 - 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1),x)`

output `- int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(x**2 - 1),x)`

$$3.492 \quad \int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{(1-x^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3785
Mathematica [F]	3785
Rubi [A] (verified)	3786
Maple [F]	3787
Fricas [F]	3787
Sympy [F(-1)]	3788
Maxima [F]	3788
Giac [F]	3788
Mupad [F(-1)]	3789
Reduce [F]	3789

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{(1-x^2)^2} dx = x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, 2, \frac{5}{4}, -bx^4, x^4\right) + \frac{2}{3}x^3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, 2, \frac{7}{4}, -bx^4, x^4\right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{4}, -p, 2, \frac{9}{4}, -bx^4, x^4\right)$$

output

```
x*AppellF1(1/4,2,-p,5/4,x^4,-b*x^4)+2/3*x^3*AppellF1(3/4,2,-p,7/4,x^4,-b*x^4)+1/5*x^5*AppellF1(5/4,2,-p,9/4,x^4,-b*x^4)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{(1-x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{(1-x^2)^2} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 + b*x^4)^p/(1 - x^2)^2,x]
```

output `Integrate[(1 + b*x^4)^p/(1 - x^2)^2, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1569, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(1 - x^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1569

$$\int \left(\frac{x^4(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(x^4 - 1)^2} + \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(x^4 - 1)^2} + \frac{2x^2(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(x^4 - 1)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$x \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, 2, -p, \frac{5}{4}, x^4, -bx^4 \right) + \frac{1}{5} x^5 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{5}{4}, 2, -p, \frac{9}{4}, x^4, -bx^4 \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, 2, -p, \frac{7}{4}, x^4, -bx^4 \right)$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^4)^p/(1 - x^2)^2,x]`

output `x*AppellF1[1/4, 2, -p, 5/4, x^4, -(b*x^4)] + (2*x^3*AppellF1[3/4, 2, -p, 7/4, x^4, -(b*x^4)])/3 + (x^5*AppellF1[5/4, 2, -p, 9/4, x^4, -(b*x^4)])/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1569 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + c*x^4)^p, (d/(d^2 - e^2*x^4) - e*(x^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)
))^(q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(-x^2 + 1)^2} dx$$

input `int((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1)^2,x)`

output `int((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1)^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{(1 - x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(x^2 - 1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^4 + 1)^p/(x^4 - 2*x^2 + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{(1 - x^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x**4+1)**p/(-x**2+1)**2,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{(1 - x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(x^2 - 1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*x^4 + 1)^p/(x^2 - 1)^2, x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{(1 - x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(x^2 - 1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^4 + 1)^p/(x^2 - 1)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{(1 - x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(x^2 - 1)^2} dx$$

input `int((b*x^4 + 1)^p/(x^2 - 1)^2,x)`output `int((b*x^4 + 1)^p/(x^2 - 1)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{(1 - x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{x^4 - 2x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1)^2,x)`output `int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(x**4 - 2*x**2 + 1),x)`

$$3.493 \quad \int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{(1-x^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3790
Mathematica [F]	3791
Rubi [A] (verified)	3791
Maple [F]	3792
Fricas [F]	3792
Sympy [F(-1)]	3793
Maxima [F]	3793
Giac [F]	3793
Mupad [F(-1)]	3794
Reduce [F]	3794

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 101

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(1+bx^4)^p}{(1-x^2)^3} dx = & x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, 3, \frac{5}{4}, -bx^4, x^4\right) \\ & + x^3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, 3, \frac{7}{4}, -bx^4, x^4\right) \\ & + \frac{3}{5}x^5 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{4}, -p, 3, \frac{9}{4}, -bx^4, x^4\right) \\ & + \frac{1}{7}x^7 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{7}{4}, -p, 3, \frac{11}{4}, -bx^4, x^4\right) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
x*AppellF1(1/4,3,-p,5/4,x^4,-b*x^4)+x^3*AppellF1(3/4,3,-p,7/4,x^4,-b*x^4)+
3/5*x^5*AppellF1(5/4,3,-p,9/4,x^4,-b*x^4)+1/7*x^7*AppellF1(7/4,3,-p,11/4,x
^4,-b*x^4)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{(1 - x^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{(1 - x^2)^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*x^4)^p/(1 - x^2)^3,x]`

output `Integrate[(1 + b*x^4)^p/(1 - x^2)^3, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1569, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(1 - x^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1569

$$\int \left(-\frac{3x^4(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(x^4 - 1)^3} - \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(x^4 - 1)^3} - \frac{x^6(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(x^4 - 1)^3} - \frac{3x^2(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(x^4 - 1)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$x \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{4}, 3, -p, \frac{5}{4}, x^4, -bx^4 \right) + \frac{1}{7} x^7 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{7}{4}, 3, -p, \frac{11}{4}, x^4, -bx^4 \right) + \frac{3}{5} x^5 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{5}{4}, 3, -p, \frac{9}{4}, x^4, -bx^4 \right) + x^3 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{3}{4}, 3, -p, \frac{7}{4}, x^4, -bx^4 \right)$$

input `Int[(1 + b*x^4)^p/(1 - x^2)^3,x]`

output $x \operatorname{AppellF1}[1/4, 3, -p, 5/4, x^4, -(b*x^4)] + x^3 \operatorname{AppellF1}[3/4, 3, -p, 7/4, x^4, -(b*x^4)] + (3*x^5 \operatorname{AppellF1}[5/4, 3, -p, 9/4, x^4, -(b*x^4)])/5 + (x^7 \operatorname{AppellF1}[7/4, 3, -p, 11/4, x^4, -(b*x^4)])/7$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1569 $\operatorname{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^q * (a + c*x^4)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + c*x^4)^p, (d/(d^2 - e^2*x^4) - e*(x^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^4)))^{-q}, x], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \operatorname{ILtQ}[q, 0]$

rule 2009 $\operatorname{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$ $\operatorname{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(-x^2 + 1)^3} dx$$

input $\operatorname{int}((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1)^3,x)$

output $\operatorname{int}((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1)^3,x)$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{(1 - x^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(x^2 - 1)^3} dx$$

input $\operatorname{integrate}((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1)^3,x, \operatorname{algorithm}="fricas")$

output $\operatorname{integral}(-(b*x^4 + 1)^p/(x^6 - 3*x^4 + 3*x^2 - 1), x)$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{(1 - x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x**4+1)**p/(-x**2+1)**3,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{(1 - x^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(x^2 - 1)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate((b*x^4 + 1)^p/(x^2 - 1)^3, x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{(1 - x^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(x^2 - 1)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(-(b*x^4 + 1)^p/(x^2 - 1)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{(1 - x^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{(x^2 - 1)^3} dx$$

input `int(-(b*x^4 + 1)^p/(x^2 - 1)^3,x)`output `int(-(b*x^4 + 1)^p/(x^2 - 1)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1 + bx^4)^p}{(1 - x^2)^3} dx = -\left(\int \frac{(bx^4 + 1)^p}{x^6 - 3x^4 + 3x^2 - 1} dx\right)$$

input `int((b*x^4+1)^p/(-x^2+1)^3,x)`output `- int((b*x**4 + 1)**p/(x**6 - 3*x**4 + 3*x**2 - 1),x)`

CHAPTER 4

APPENDIX

4.1 Listing of Grading functions	3795
4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS .	3813

4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
          ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
        ]
      ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
          ]
        ]
      ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
        If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
          finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
          ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]==Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]==Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]==Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]==Plus || Head[expn]==Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```


Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022  add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result    := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal   := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
#     is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```



```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                            convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                            convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
    9

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc;
```

Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```



```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric'] #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
else:
    grade = "C"
    grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file