

# Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

1-Algebraic-functions/1.2-Trinomial/1.2.3-General-  
trinomial/123-1.2.3.1

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# CHAPTER 1

## INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [ 117 ]. This is test number [ 123 ].

## 1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.



## 1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 ( 117 )	0.00 ( 0 )
Mathematica	100.00 ( 117 )	0.00 ( 0 )
Maple	84.62 ( 99 )	15.38 ( 18 )
Reduce	74.36 ( 87 )	25.64 ( 30 )
Giac	73.50 ( 86 )	26.50 ( 31 )
Fricas	64.10 ( 75 )	35.90 ( 42 )
Maxima	54.70 ( 64 )	45.30 ( 53 )
Mupad	52.14 ( 61 )	47.86 ( 56 )
Sympy	42.74 ( 50 )	57.26 ( 67 )

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> </ol>
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

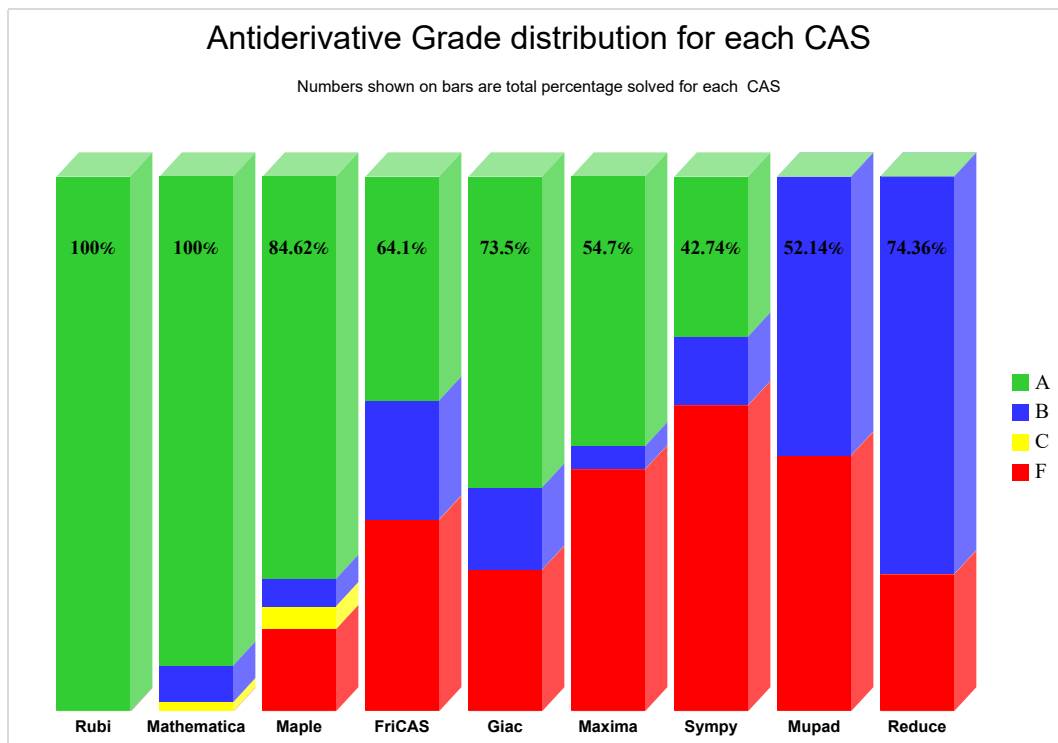
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

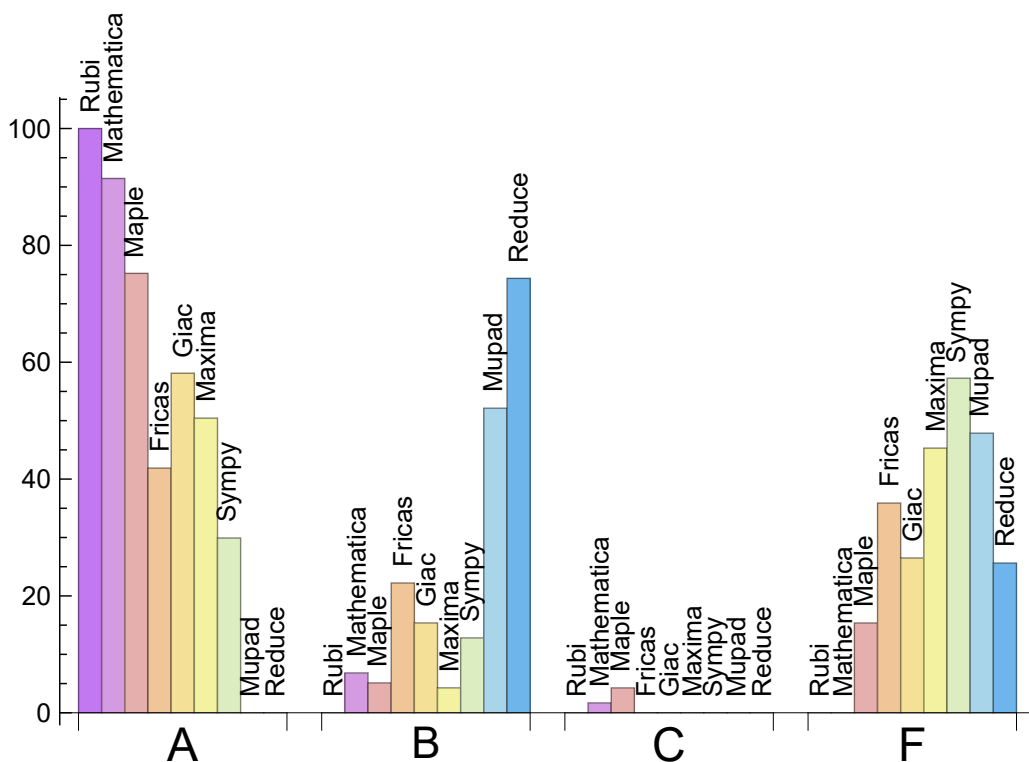
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	100.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Mathematica	91.453	6.838	1.709	0.000
Maple	75.214	5.128	4.274	15.385
Giac	58.120	15.385	0.000	26.496
Maxima	50.427	4.274	0.000	45.299
Fricas	41.880	22.222	0.000	35.897
Sympy	29.915	12.821	0.000	57.265
Mupad	0.000	52.137	0.000	47.863
Reduce	0.000	74.359	0.000	25.641

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	18	100.00	0.00	0.00
Reduce	30	100.00	0.00	0.00
Giac	31	74.19	6.45	19.35
Fricas	42	21.43	64.29	14.29
Maxima	53	71.70	0.00	28.30
Mupad	56	0.00	100.00	0.00
Sympy	67	86.57	13.43	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

### 1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.04
Fricas	0.13
Reduce	0.19
Maple	0.26
Rubi	0.28
Giac	0.31
Mathematica	0.53
Sympy	1.93
Mupad	14.61

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Maxima	68.72	0.81	56.50	0.77
Maple	104.37	0.88	75.00	0.83
Rubi	115.52	0.94	97.00	1.01
Mathematica	162.51	1.08	83.00	0.95
Giac	162.83	1.27	81.50	0.81
Reduce	194.45	1.60	68.00	0.90
Fricas	345.96	2.71	130.00	1.48
Sympy	370.82	3.77	147.00	1.71
Mupad	381.66	2.02	65.00	0.95

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

# 1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the  $y$  axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the  $x$  axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

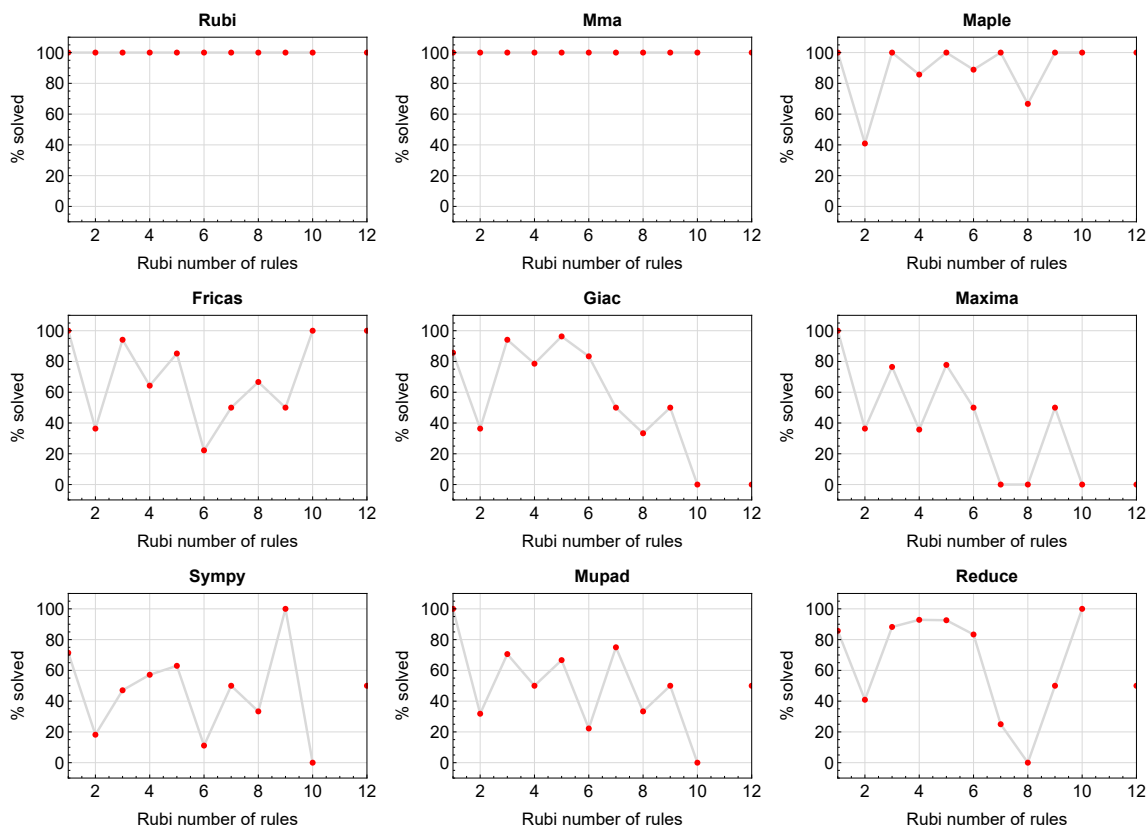


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

## 1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

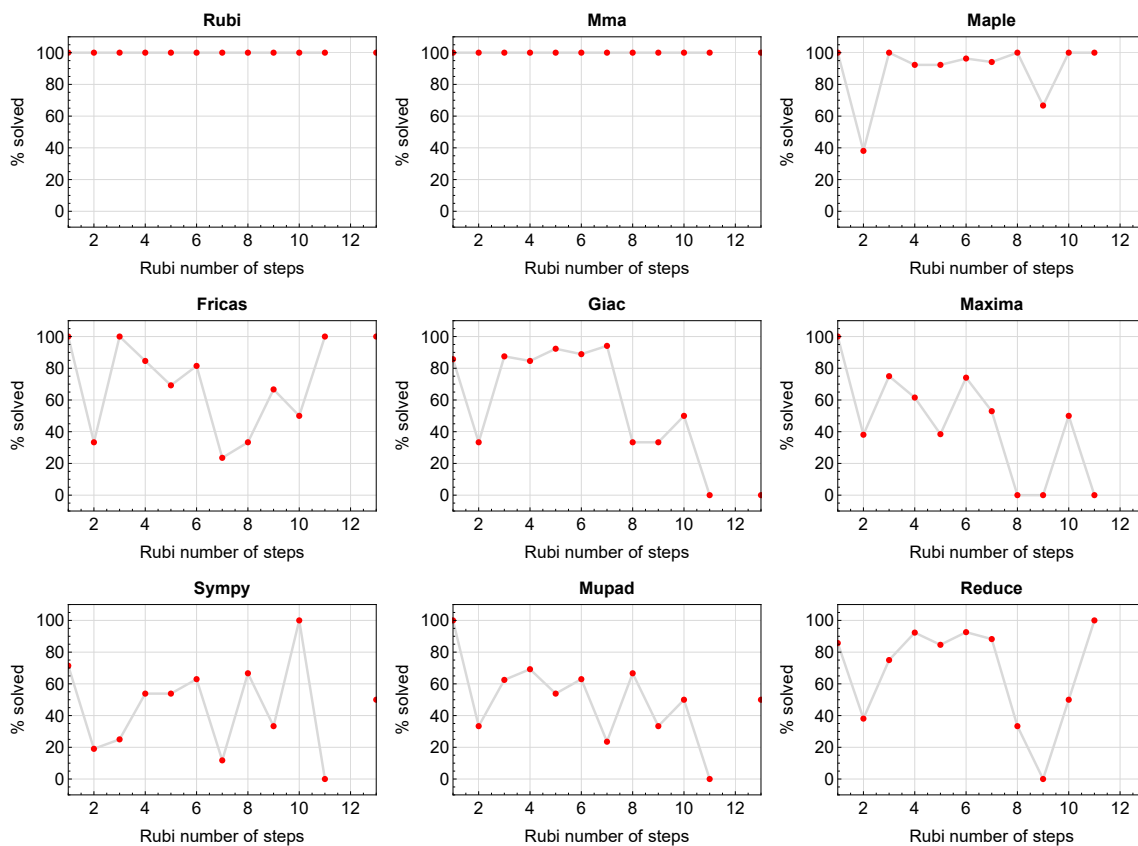


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved intergals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.



## 1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

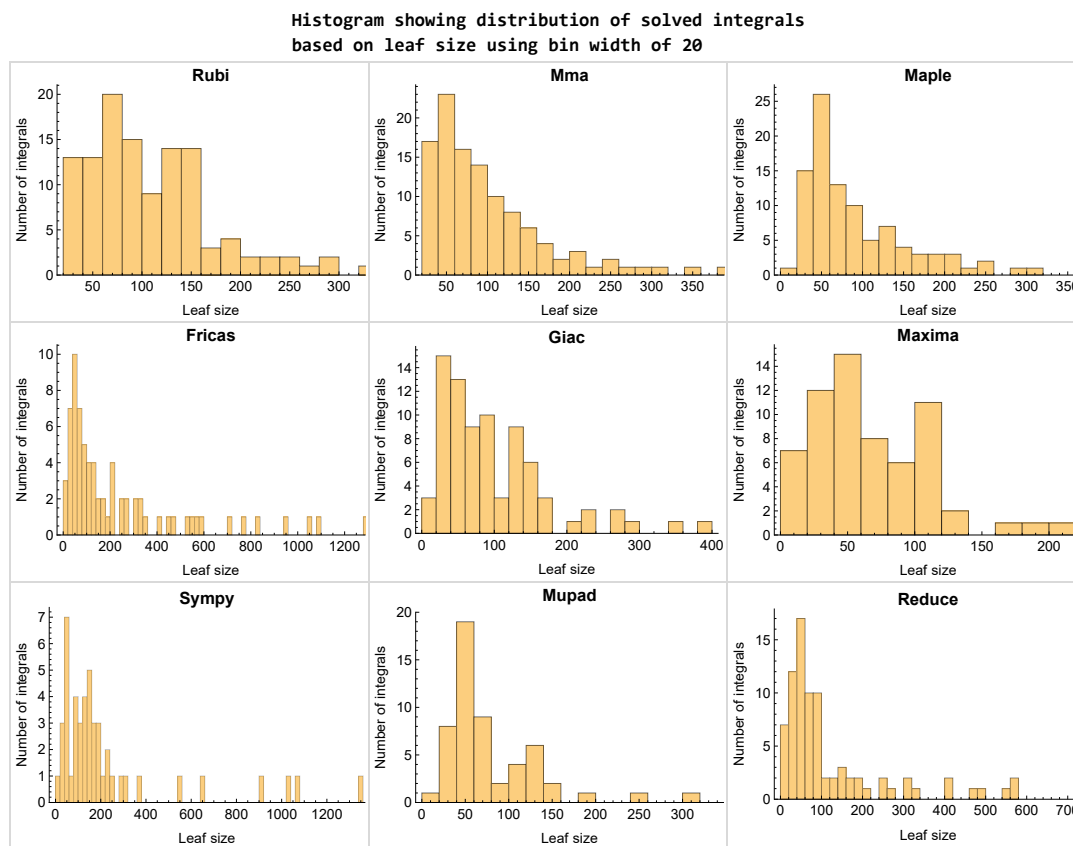


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

## 1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

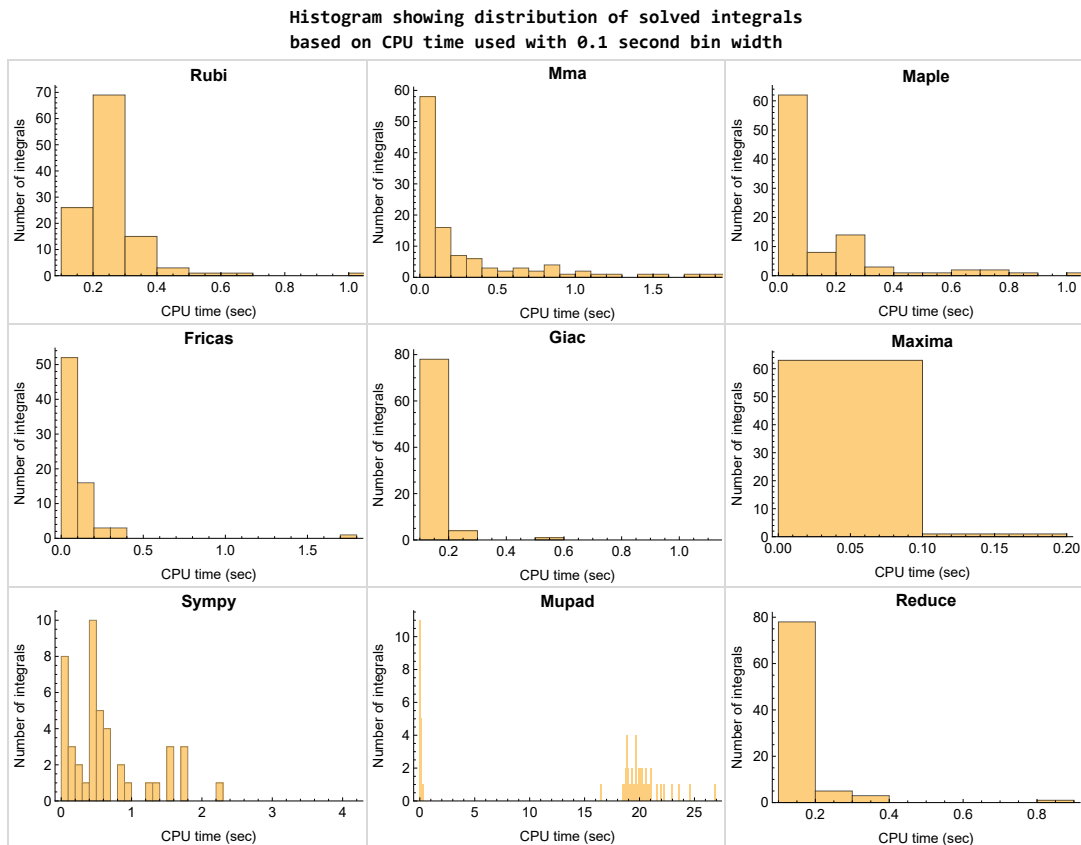


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

## 1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fracas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

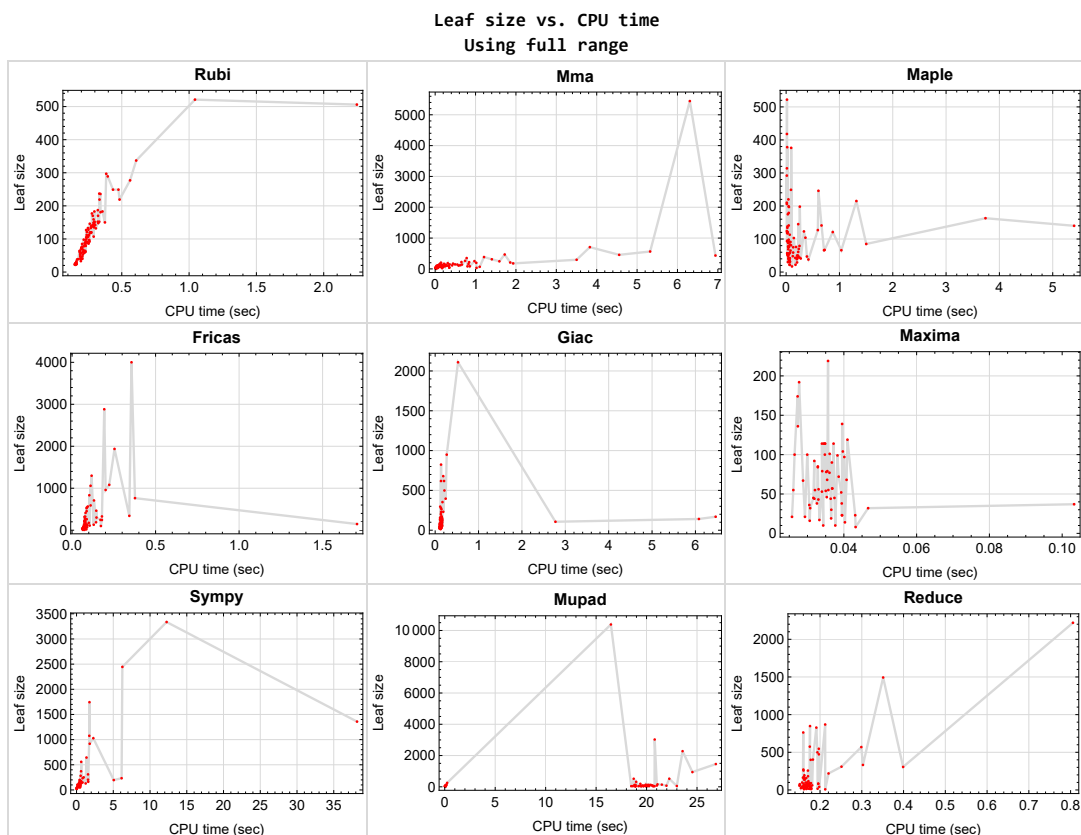


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

## 1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{}

## 1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

## 1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {}

Mathematica {98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105}

Maple {45, 75}

**Maxima** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Fricas** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Sympy** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Giac** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Reduce** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Mupad** Verification phase not currently implemented.

## 1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

## 1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

## 1.14 Important notes about some of the results

### Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

## Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

## Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at [https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf\\_count-function-in-base-sagemath/](https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/)

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

### Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives  $\sin(x)^2/2$



# 1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

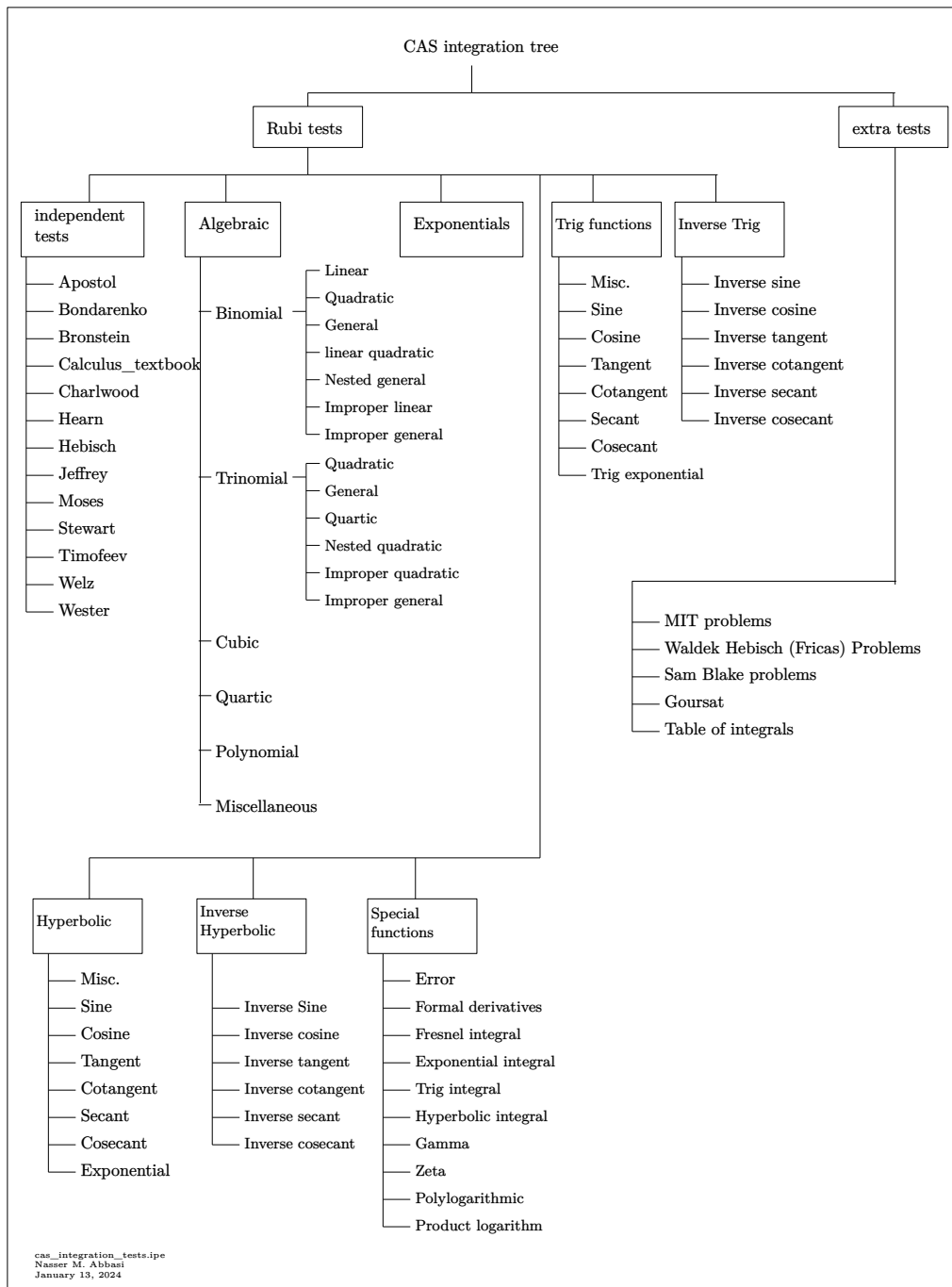
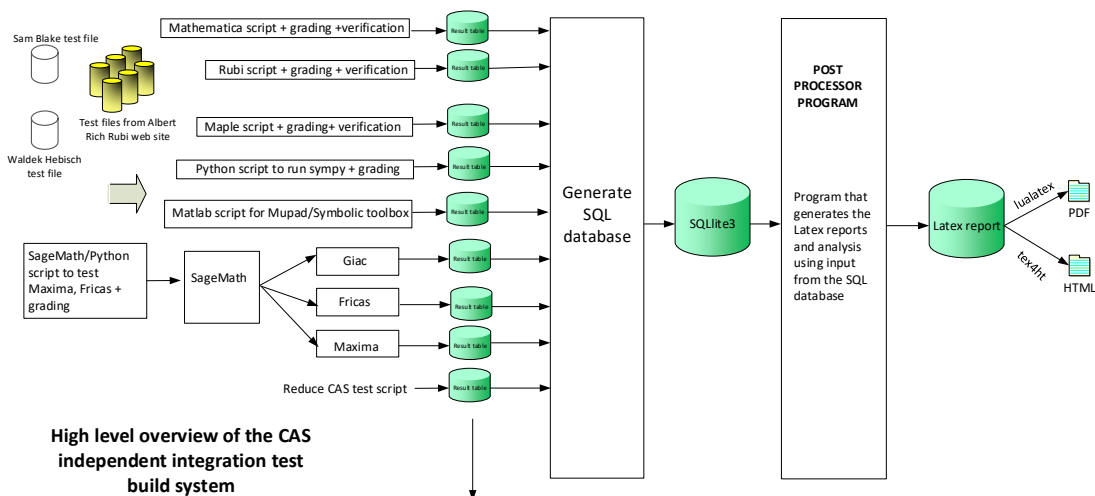


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

# 1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



**High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system**

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

*The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file*

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi  
January 13, 2024  
Design note

# CHAPTER 2

## DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

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## 2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi . . . . .	27
Mma . . . . .	27
Maple . . . . .	28
Fricas . . . . .	28
Maxima . . . . .	29
Giac . . . . .	29
Mupad . . . . .	29
Sympy . . . . .	30
Reduce . . . . .	30

### Rubi

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117 }

**B grade** { }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

### Mma

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 98, 103, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117 }

**B grade** { 69, 97, 99, 100, 101, 102, 104, 105 }

**C grade** { 22, 23 }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Maple

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 106, 107, 108, 112, 113, 114 }

**B grade** { 36, 61, 62, 63, 64, 69 }

**C grade** { 21, 22, 23, 45, 75 }

**F normal fail** { 6, 7, 79, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 109, 110, 111, 115, 116, 117 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Fricas

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 20, 24, 25, 26, 27, 37, 38, 39, 42, 50, 51, 52, 53, 65, 66, 67, 68, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 92, 96, 108, 112, 113, 114 }

**B grade** { 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 28, 29, 34, 35, 36, 40, 41, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 54, 55, 69, 70, 71, 94, 95, 106, 107 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 97, 98, 99, 109, 110, 111, 115, 116, 117 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 30, 31, 32, 33, 46, 49, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 93 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105 }

## Maxima

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 13, 20, 24, 25, 26, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 66, 67, 68, 70, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 106, 107, 108, 112, 113, 114 }

**B grade** { 36, 41, 65, 69, 71 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 43, 44, 82, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 109, 110, 111, 115, 116, 117 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 27, 28, 29, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64 }

## Giac

**A grade** { 1, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 20, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 33, 34, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 46, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 58, 59, 60, 61, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 96, 108, 113, 114 }

**B grade** { 18, 19, 21, 31, 35, 36, 43, 47, 48, 62, 63, 64, 69, 94, 95, 106, 107, 112 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 22, 23, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 109, 110, 111, 115, 116, 117 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { 14, 15 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 16, 17, 30, 32, 56, 57 }

## Mupad

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 75, 78, 79, 86, 94, 95, 96, 106, 107, 108 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 14, 15, 18, 19, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 56, 57, 59, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Sympy

**A grade** { 1, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 30, 31, 32, 33, 37, 38, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 49, 50, 51, 52, 56, 57, 58, 59, 65, 66, 67, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 96, 108 }

**B grade** { 27, 28, 36, 39, 40, 41, 53, 68, 69, 70, 71, 94, 95, 106, 107 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 34, 35, 47, 48, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 77, 78, 79, 80, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 91, 92, 97, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 23, 29, 54, 55, 81, 90, 93, 98, 99 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Reduce

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 106, 107, 108, 112, 113, 114 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 19, 22, 23, 30, 56, 57, 58, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 109, 110, 111, 115, 116, 117 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## 2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as  $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$ . To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	53	48	36	37	46	48	38	46	51
N.S.	1	1.10	1.00	0.75	0.77	0.96	1.00	0.79	0.96	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.211	0.023	0.053	0.103	0.071	0.082	0.129	0.178	0.110

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	120	64	61	90	97	0	0	90	62
N.S.	1	1.11	0.59	0.56	0.83	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.83	0.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.081	0.227	0.037	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.178	20.111

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	86	46	50	68	75	0	0	68	51
N.S.	1	1.08	0.58	0.62	0.85	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	0.055	0.207	0.035	0.067	0.000	0.000	0.164	19.697



Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	35	39	46	53	0	0	46	40
N.S.	1	1.00	0.67	0.75	0.88	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.050	0.200	0.035	0.069	0.000	0.000	0.167	19.681

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	25	29	14	28	0	0	14	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.16	0.56	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.56	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.153	0.023	0.205	0.040	0.064	0.000	0.000	0.176	19.476

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	112	130	0	0	319	0	0	15	42
N.S.	1	0.68	0.79	0.00	0.00	1.95	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	0.166	0.000	0.000	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.169	18.480

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	170	184	0	0	543	0	0	33	42
N.S.	1	0.78	0.85	0.00	0.00	2.50	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.312	0.000	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.176	18.900

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	260	249	251	246	0	266	0	169	114	42
N.S.	1	0.96	0.97	0.95	0.00	1.02	0.00	0.65	0.44	0.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.973	0.606	0.000	0.077	0.000	6.466	0.205	18.890

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	187	223	198	0	214	0	141	74	42
N.S.	1	0.90	1.08	0.96	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.68	0.36	0.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.651	0.257	0.000	0.074	0.000	6.080	0.187	19.192

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	127	170	145	0	214	0	106	31	42
N.S.	1	0.82	1.10	0.94	0.00	1.39	0.00	0.69	0.20	0.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.442	0.227	0.000	0.074	0.000	2.773	0.181	18.640

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	22	17	21	0	14	15	21
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.96	0.74	0.91	0.00	0.61	0.65	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.151	0.174	0.176	0.033	0.069	0.000	0.129	0.169	18.895

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	83	46	41	38	54	0	57	33	51
N.S.	1	1.06	0.59	0.53	0.49	0.69	0.00	0.73	0.42	0.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.226	0.349	0.210	0.039	0.074	0.000	0.134	0.171	19.354

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	152	68	70	72	87	0	89	53	124
N.S.	1	1.13	0.51	0.52	0.54	0.65	0.00	0.66	0.40	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	1.104	0.237	0.039	0.077	0.000	0.126	0.183	20.414

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	219	208	249	0	959	0	0	332	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.02	1.22	0.00	4.70	0.00	0.00	1.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.484	1.859	0.091	0.000	0.201	0.000	0.000	0.303	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	150	158	179	0	709	0	0	182	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.09	1.23	0.00	4.89	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.825	0.049	0.000	0.131	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	107	131	121	0	590	0	0	828	100
N.S.	1	1.02	1.25	1.15	0.00	5.62	0.00	0.00	7.89	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.260	0.030	0.000	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.137

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	89	88	0	171	0	0	61	53
N.S.	1	1.00	1.33	1.31	0.00	2.55	0.00	0.00	0.91	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	0.217	0.038	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.181	18.838

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	148	140	197	0	465	0	231	499	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.12	1.58	0.00	3.72	0.00	1.85	3.99	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.663	0.053	0.000	0.145	0.000	0.187	0.194	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	249	246	376	0	1081	0	499	16	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.17	1.78	0.00	5.12	0.00	2.36	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.475	1.590	0.095	0.000	0.223	0.000	0.213	200.024	0.000

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	46	32	40	8	8	0	29	8	134
N.S.	1	0.66	0.46	0.57	0.11	0.11	0.00	0.41	0.11	1.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.195	1.024	0.046	0.043	0.075	0.000	0.151	0.212	19.920

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	183	202	57	0	1059	129	2109	547	3026
N.S.	1	1.02	1.13	0.32	0.00	5.92	0.72	11.78	3.06	16.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.146	0.058	0.000	0.111	1.240	0.527	0.197	20.805

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	631	521	70	59	0	2882	196	0	48	2280
N.S.	1	0.83	0.11	0.09	0.00	4.57	0.31	0.00	0.08	3.61
time (sec)	N/A	1.044	0.044	0.132	0.000	0.193	5.064	0.000	0.200	23.569

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	376	337	70	59	0	4001	0	0	16	10382
N.S.	1	0.90	0.19	0.16	0.00	10.64	0.00	0.00	0.04	27.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.607	0.050	0.073	0.000	0.356	0.000	0.000	200.022	16.467

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	92	97	67	84	81	104	82	84	72
N.S.	1	1.08	1.14	0.79	0.99	0.95	1.22	0.96	0.99	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.072	0.722	0.033	0.068	0.117	0.106	0.196	19.604

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	58	52	38	45	45	51	42	41	41
N.S.	1	1.09	0.98	0.72	0.85	0.85	0.96	0.79	0.77	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	0.031	0.418	0.037	0.065	0.092	0.106	0.198	0.026

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	22	17	16	16	19	16	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.77	0.73	0.73	0.86	0.73	0.73	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.153	0.004	0.110	0.031	0.068	0.022	0.115	0.194	0.035

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	64	61	57	0	262	250	56	82	114
N.S.	1	1.07	1.02	0.95	0.00	4.37	4.17	0.93	1.37	1.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.122	0.067	0.000	0.088	0.970	0.124	0.196	0.138

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	78	81	75	0	565	1358	81	219	117
N.S.	1	1.01	1.05	0.97	0.00	7.34	17.64	1.05	2.84	1.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.219	0.192	0.133	0.000	0.094	38.165	0.115	0.220	18.798

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	133	119	123	0	1299	0	139	569	252
N.S.	1	1.17	1.04	1.08	0.00	11.39	0.00	1.22	4.99	2.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.270	0.275	0.334	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.113	0.299	0.240

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F(-1)	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	219	197	175	0	0	1076	0	14	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.98	0.88	0.00	0.00	5.38	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	1.018	0.032	0.000	0.000	1.737	0.000	200.033	0.000

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F(-1)	A	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	170	140	134	0	0	371	396	306	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.90	0.86	0.00	0.00	2.38	2.54	1.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.550	0.023	0.000	0.000	0.616	0.242	0.399	0.000

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	121	103	93	0	0	192	0	158	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.92	0.83	0.00	0.00	1.71	0.00	1.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.334	0.018	0.000	0.000	0.478	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	69	66	52	0	0	148	54	59	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	2.24	0.82	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	0.199	0.023	0.000	0.000	0.350	0.164	0.161	0.000

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	39	57	0	100	0	43	101	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.46	0.00	2.56	0.00	1.10	2.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.176	0.350	0.020	0.000	0.173	0.000	0.129	0.169	0.000

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	85	81	95	0	342	0	150	309	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.98	1.14	0.00	4.12	0.00	1.81	3.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.205	0.800	0.021	0.000	0.343	0.000	0.139	0.251	0.000



Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	40	76	66	100	69	76	65	67	65
N.S.	1	1.05	2.00	1.74	2.63	1.82	2.00	1.71	1.76	1.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.207	0.029	1.036	0.030	0.090	0.135	0.108	0.175	0.042

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	40	52	44	55	47	51	43	43	43
N.S.	1	1.05	1.37	1.16	1.45	1.24	1.34	1.13	1.13	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.193	0.022	0.210	0.032	0.071	0.097	0.110	0.159	0.027

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	26	22	21	21	24	21	21	21
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.81	0.78	0.78	0.89	0.78	0.78	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.156	0.018	0.065	0.026	0.068	0.027	0.112	0.162	0.040

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	29	30	32	50	80	30	39	29
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.91	0.97	1.52	2.42	0.91	1.18	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.037	0.033	0.047	0.074	0.215	0.111	0.162	0.084

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	40	30	31	45	72	97	22	42	45
N.S.	1	1.11	0.83	0.86	1.25	2.00	2.69	0.61	1.17	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.195	0.038	0.051	0.032	0.070	0.464	0.108	0.156	20.257

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	40	30	31	67	120	148	22	66	68
N.S.	1	1.05	0.79	0.82	1.76	3.16	3.89	0.58	1.74	1.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.038	0.071	0.029	0.078	0.815	0.108	0.167	19.515

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	47	55	50	54	53	51	49	46	44
N.S.	1	1.18	1.38	1.25	1.35	1.32	1.28	1.22	1.15	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.192	0.026	0.219	0.035	0.076	0.174	0.117	0.163	0.042

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	A	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	73	91	76	0	246	162	128	56	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.28	1.07	0.00	3.46	2.28	1.80	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.205	0.050	0.054	0.000	0.170	1.591	0.115	0.161	0.000

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	73	67	54	0	188	133	67	32	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.94	0.76	0.00	2.65	1.87	0.94	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.034	0.042	0.000	0.143	0.651	0.111	0.176	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	71	43	31	10	130	105	19	12	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.64	0.46	0.15	1.94	1.57	0.28	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.011	0.069	0.034	0.130	0.517	0.112	0.179	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	76	50	41	23	0	124	45	20	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.67	0.55	0.31	0.00	1.65	0.60	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.205	0.034	0.043	0.039	0.000	0.408	0.117	0.162	0.000

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	71	40	32	23	328	0	137	22	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.61	0.48	0.35	4.97	0.00	2.08	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	0.046	0.059	0.043	0.179	0.000	0.131	0.179	0.000

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	73	43	32	68	764	0	202	53	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.61	0.45	0.96	10.76	0.00	2.85	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.201	0.047	0.069	0.041	0.377	0.000	0.131	0.167	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	76	50	41	23	0	124	45	20	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.67	0.55	0.31	0.00	1.65	0.60	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.205	0.045	0.052	0.039	0.000	0.412	0.112	0.170	0.000

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	152	164	140	136	140	158	139	138	125
N.S.	1	1.04	1.12	0.96	0.93	0.96	1.08	0.95	0.95	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.116	5.401	0.027	0.072	0.584	0.130	0.162	18.910

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	97	101	85	85	86	99	84	83	73
N.S.	1	1.05	1.10	0.92	0.92	0.93	1.08	0.91	0.90	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	0.063	1.503	0.033	0.068	0.465	0.114	0.160	0.042

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	60	56	41	44	44	51	42	44	41
N.S.	1	1.15	1.08	0.79	0.85	0.85	0.98	0.81	0.85	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.214	0.034	0.274	0.032	0.061	0.423	0.105	0.166	0.031

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	86	86	83	0	413	644	75	148	517
N.S.	1	1.01	1.01	0.98	0.00	4.86	7.58	0.88	1.74	6.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.246	0.071	0.000	0.081	1.352	0.125	0.163	18.725

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	87	101	104	0	833	0	96	258	142
N.S.	1	0.96	1.11	1.14	0.00	9.15	0.00	1.05	2.84	1.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.267	0.362	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.114	0.160	0.159

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	159	146	215	0	1937	0	158	848	319
N.S.	1	1.04	0.95	1.41	0.00	12.66	0.00	1.03	5.54	2.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.493	1.318	0.000	0.254	0.000	0.114	0.176	18.968

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	268	289	312	378	0	0	1744	0	16	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.16	1.41	0.00	0.00	6.51	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	1.403	0.020	0.000	0.000	1.758	0.000	200.017	0.000

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	236	219	292	0	0	559	0	16	0
N.S.	1	1.12	1.04	1.38	0.00	0.00	2.65	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.842	0.013	0.000	0.000	0.638	0.000	200.024	0.000

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	A	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	183	146	206	0	0	282	132	16	193
N.S.	1	1.19	0.95	1.34	0.00	0.00	1.83	0.86	0.10	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	0.359	0.014	0.000	0.000	0.559	0.155	200.024	19.384

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	128	103	119	0	0	199	80	137	0
N.S.	1	1.29	1.04	1.20	0.00	0.00	2.01	0.81	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.320	0.018	0.000	0.000	0.413	0.152	0.163	0.000

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	146	107	124	0	0	0	99	473	84
N.S.	1	1.45	1.06	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.98	4.68	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.580	0.013	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.197	20.596

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	98	84	210	0	0	0	151	403	159
N.S.	1	0.92	0.79	1.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.41	3.77	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	0.859	0.013	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.183	21.084

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	177	178	314	0	0	0	353	869	515
N.S.	1	1.06	1.07	1.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.11	5.20	3.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	1.932	0.015	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.168	0.212	22.253

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	237	296	418	0	0	0	618	1493	942
N.S.	1	1.07	1.33	1.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.78	6.73	4.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	3.503	0.015	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.205	0.351	24.545

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	279	297	434	522	0	0	0	949	2219	1455
N.S.	1	1.06	1.56	1.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.40	7.95	5.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	6.941	0.016	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.266	0.806	26.864

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	61	78	66	100	72	80	65	66	65
N.S.	1	1.03	1.32	1.12	1.69	1.22	1.36	1.10	1.12	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.231	0.028	0.711	0.026	0.070	0.532	0.118	0.152	19.642

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	61	54	44	55	46	53	43	44	43
N.S.	1	1.07	0.95	0.77	0.96	0.81	0.93	0.75	0.77	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.226	0.023	0.251	0.026	0.069	0.494	0.119	0.162	0.027

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	30	22	21	21	27	21	24	21
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.76	0.72	0.72	0.93	0.72	0.83	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.164	0.017	0.069	0.029	0.068	0.022	0.108	0.154	0.041



Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	47	56	41	43	68	109	41	57	43
N.S.	1	1.02	1.22	0.89	0.93	1.48	2.37	0.89	1.24	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.207	0.058	0.064	0.033	0.081	0.213	0.113	0.151	20.029

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	23	40	48	56	109	141	33	34	56
N.S.	1	1.44	2.50	3.00	3.50	6.81	8.81	2.06	2.12	3.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.159	0.044	0.125	0.033	0.075	0.444	0.131	0.162	20.128

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	61	43	48	78	176	233	33	77	80
N.S.	1	1.07	0.75	0.84	1.37	3.09	4.09	0.58	1.35	1.40
time (sec)	N/A	0.214	0.051	0.227	0.035	0.100	0.821	0.113	0.151	21.021

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	61	43	47	100	244	309	33	99	101
N.S.	1	1.09	0.77	0.84	1.79	4.36	5.52	0.59	1.77	1.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.212	0.046	0.390	0.035	0.179	1.563	0.116	0.157	0.115

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	107	117	98	114	84	233	140	77	0
N.S.	1	0.78	0.85	0.72	0.83	0.61	1.70	1.02	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.057	0.048	0.034	0.071	6.131	0.153	0.170	0.000

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	107	93	76	114	61	204	102	55	0
N.S.	1	0.78	0.68	0.55	0.83	0.45	1.49	0.74	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.042	0.039	0.035	0.073	1.563	0.130	0.164	0.000

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	93	67	54	114	32	175	64	33	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.49	0.39	0.83	0.23	1.28	0.47	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.231	0.034	0.037	0.034	0.064	0.625	0.110	0.164	0.000

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	59	43	42	114	10	146	26	13	71
N.S.	1	0.67	0.49	0.48	1.30	0.11	1.66	0.30	0.15	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.010	0.070	0.035	0.064	0.511	0.114	0.167	21.972

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	85	65	52	36	33	170	61	33	0
N.S.	1	0.58	0.44	0.35	0.24	0.22	1.16	0.41	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.046	0.046	0.031	0.073	0.470	0.144	0.157	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	99	72	81	55	113	0	64	81	0
N.S.	1	0.76	0.55	0.62	0.42	0.87	0.00	0.49	0.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.072	0.092	0.036	0.090	0.000	0.127	0.175	0.000

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	105	56	43	53	136	0	43	66	53
N.S.	1	0.78	0.41	0.32	0.39	1.01	0.00	0.32	0.49	0.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.060	0.171	0.034	0.090	0.000	0.120	0.170	22.999

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	138	83	0	77	110	0	229	98	138
N.S.	1	0.97	0.58	0.00	0.54	0.77	0.00	1.61	0.69	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	0.147	0.000	0.036	0.105	0.000	0.137	0.165	21.514

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	112	93	103	114	147	0	83	92	0
N.S.	1	0.64	0.53	0.59	0.65	0.84	0.00	0.47	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	0.117	0.145	0.037	1.706	0.000	0.137	0.175	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	268	152	121	163	119	0	0	105	173	0
N.S.	1	0.57	0.45	0.61	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.169	3.739	0.041	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.161	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	88	66	65	0	0	0	80	36	0
N.S.	1	0.50	0.38	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.058	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.142	0.158	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	387	148	125	113	79	0	0	173	83	0
N.S.	1	0.38	0.32	0.29	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.094	0.068	0.035	0.000	0.000	0.137	0.169	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	120	99	91	57	0	0	128	59	0
N.S.	1	0.42	0.34	0.32	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.082	0.045	0.037	0.000	0.000	0.134	0.169	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	91	75	69	30	0	0	79	30	0
N.S.	1	0.49	0.41	0.38	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	0.056	0.040	0.037	0.000	0.000	0.141	0.168	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	59	49	47	10	0	0	34	10	39
N.S.	1	0.67	0.56	0.53	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.11	0.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.024	0.038	0.038	0.000	0.000	0.119	0.161	20.791

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	96	86	78	44	0	0	77	43	0
N.S.	1	0.51	0.45	0.41	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	0.048	0.039	0.036	0.000	0.000	0.157	0.163	0.000

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	300	139	126	141	97	0	0	127	117	0
N.S.	1	0.46	0.42	0.47	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.128	0.049	0.040	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.172	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	410	181	152	199	139	0	0	147	195	0
N.S.	1	0.44	0.37	0.49	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.125	0.047	0.040	0.000	0.000	0.154	0.162	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	285	118	98	91	57	0	0	126	60	0
N.S.	1	0.41	0.34	0.32	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.270	0.073	0.082	0.037	0.000	0.000	0.132	0.170	0.000

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	286	119	101	91	52	0	0	125	52	0
N.S.	1	0.42	0.35	0.32	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.075	0.064	0.039	0.000	0.000	0.155	0.172	0.000

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	139	98	141	99	302	0	84	163	0
N.S.	1	0.63	0.44	0.64	0.45	1.36	0.00	0.38	0.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.117	0.664	0.038	0.146	0.000	0.137	0.159	0.000

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	387	150	124	117	79	0	0	172	82	0
N.S.	1	0.39	0.32	0.30	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.085	0.026	0.034	0.000	0.000	0.150	0.170	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	132	120	127	174	525	3337	824	763	126
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.96	1.32	3.98	25.28	6.24	5.78	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.621	0.595	0.027	0.087	12.257	0.136	0.160	20.216

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	71	76	92	205	1027	296	271	75
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.96	1.16	2.59	13.00	3.75	3.43	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.146	0.186	0.032	0.073	2.283	0.116	0.160	20.557

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	32	31	32	51	37	32	53	30
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.97	1.00	1.59	1.16	1.00	1.66	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.162	0.064	0.056	0.031	0.074	0.030	0.128	0.174	20.664

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	133	261	0	0	0	0	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.249	0.743	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	283	277	456	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.562	4.557	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	489	506	5445	0	0	0	0	0	100	0
N.S.	1	1.03	11.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.246	6.306	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000



Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	142	706	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	4.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.303	3.830	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.417	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	466	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	1.722	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.254	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	139	351	0	0	0	0	0	274	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.780	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	139	166	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	0.219	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.000

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	142	384	0	0	0	0	0	67	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	1.210	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.344	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	142	564	0	0	0	0	0	116	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	5.323	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.697	0.000

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	135	114	121	192	454	2445	618	575	120
N.S.	1	1.07	0.90	0.96	1.52	3.60	19.40	4.90	4.56	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.421	0.875	0.028	0.087	6.236	0.134	0.175	20.057

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	91	74	79	104	216	918	278	257	78
N.S.	1	1.11	0.90	0.96	1.27	2.63	11.20	3.39	3.13	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.162	0.251	0.040	0.080	1.792	0.133	0.171	19.805

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	34	37	38	65	44	38	66	36
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.97	1.00	1.71	1.16	1.00	1.74	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.168	0.066	0.063	0.033	0.076	0.024	0.110	0.169	19.902

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	24	0	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.164	0.023	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	24	0	0	0	0	0	50	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.163	0.022	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.164	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	24	0	0	0	0	0	76	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.161	0.022	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	324	149	116	220	219	324	0	679	400	0
N.S.	1	0.46	0.36	0.68	0.68	1.00	0.00	2.10	1.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.253	0.043	0.036	0.079	0.000	0.186	0.178	0.000

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	105	122	138	101	130	0	263	146	0
N.S.	1	0.51	0.59	0.67	0.49	0.63	0.00	1.28	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.116	0.025	0.036	0.075	0.000	0.145	0.163	0.000

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	57	39	56	19	20	0	25	17	0
N.S.	1	0.65	0.44	0.64	0.22	0.23	0.00	0.28	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.016	0.024	0.036	0.085	0.000	0.127	0.173	0.000

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	62	44	0	0	0	0	0	11	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.035	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.163	0.000

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	64	46	0	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.187	0.033	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	64	46	0	0	0	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.190	0.034	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

## 2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$  is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [22] had the largest ratio of [.85714299999999988]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	10	9	1.10	11	0.818
2	A	4	4	1.11	15	0.267
3	A	3	3	1.08	15	0.200
4	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
5	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
6	A	7	6	0.68	15	0.400
7	A	9	8	0.78	15	0.533
8	A	7	7	0.96	15	0.467
9	A	5	5	0.90	15	0.333
10	A	3	3	0.82	15	0.200
11	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
12	A	3	3	1.06	15	0.200
13	A	5	5	1.13	15	0.333
14	A	13	12	1.07	16	0.750
15	A	11	10	1.03	16	0.625
16	A	8	7	1.02	16	0.438
17	A	5	4	1.00	16	0.250
18	A	7	6	1.18	16	0.375
19	A	9	8	1.18	16	0.500
20	A	2	2	0.66	22	0.091
21	A	4	4	1.02	14	0.286

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	13	12	0.83	14	0.857
23	A	6	6	0.90	14	0.429
24	A	4	3	1.08	14	0.214
25	A	4	3	1.09	14	0.214
26	A	1	1	1.00	12	0.083
27	A	6	5	1.07	14	0.357
28	A	5	4	1.01	14	0.286
29	A	6	5	1.17	14	0.357
30	A	8	7	1.10	16	0.438
31	A	7	6	1.09	16	0.375
32	A	6	5	1.08	16	0.312
33	A	5	4	1.05	16	0.250
34	A	3	2	1.00	16	0.125
35	A	4	3	1.02	16	0.188
36	A	6	5	1.05	20	0.250
37	A	6	5	1.05	20	0.250
38	A	1	1	1.00	18	0.056
39	A	6	5	1.00	20	0.250
40	A	6	5	1.11	20	0.250
41	A	6	5	1.05	20	0.250
42	A	6	5	1.18	23	0.217
43	A	5	4	1.03	22	0.182
44	A	5	4	1.03	22	0.182
45	A	5	4	1.06	22	0.182
46	A	5	4	1.01	22	0.182
47	A	4	3	1.08	22	0.136
48	A	4	3	1.03	22	0.136
49	A	5	4	1.01	22	0.182
50	A	4	3	1.04	18	0.167
51	A	4	3	1.05	18	0.167
52	A	4	3	1.15	18	0.167
53	A	4	3	1.01	18	0.167

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	5	4	0.96	18	0.222
55	A	7	6	1.04	18	0.333
56	A	10	9	1.08	20	0.450
57	A	9	8	1.12	20	0.400
58	A	8	7	1.19	20	0.350
59	A	7	6	1.29	20	0.300
60	A	6	5	1.45	20	0.250
61	A	4	3	0.92	20	0.150
62	A	5	4	1.06	20	0.200
63	A	6	5	1.07	20	0.250
64	A	7	6	1.06	20	0.300
65	A	6	5	1.03	24	0.208
66	A	6	5	1.07	24	0.208
67	A	1	1	1.00	22	0.045
68	A	6	5	1.02	24	0.208
69	A	2	2	1.44	24	0.083
70	A	6	5	1.07	24	0.208
71	A	6	5	1.09	24	0.208
72	A	6	5	0.78	26	0.192
73	A	6	5	0.78	26	0.192
74	A	6	5	0.68	26	0.192
75	A	2	2	0.67	26	0.077
76	A	6	5	0.58	26	0.192
77	A	6	5	0.76	26	0.192
78	A	6	5	0.78	26	0.192
79	A	5	4	0.97	24	0.167
80	A	6	5	0.64	26	0.192
81	A	6	5	0.57	26	0.192
82	A	7	6	0.50	24	0.250
83	A	7	6	0.38	26	0.231
84	A	7	6	0.42	26	0.231
85	A	7	6	0.49	26	0.231

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	A	2	2	0.67	26	0.077
87	A	7	6	0.51	26	0.231
88	A	7	6	0.46	26	0.231
89	A	7	6	0.44	26	0.231
90	A	7	6	0.41	26	0.231
91	A	7	6	0.42	26	0.231
92	A	6	5	0.63	26	0.192
93	A	7	6	0.39	26	0.231
94	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
95	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
96	A	1	1	1.00	14	0.071
97	A	2	2	1.07	16	0.125
98	A	4	4	0.98	16	0.250
99	A	6	6	1.03	16	0.375
100	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
101	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
102	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
103	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
104	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
105	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
106	A	3	3	1.07	22	0.136
107	A	3	3	1.11	22	0.136
108	A	1	1	1.00	20	0.050
109	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
110	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
111	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
112	A	3	3	0.46	24	0.125
113	A	3	3	0.51	24	0.125
114	A	2	2	0.65	24	0.083
115	A	2	2	1.13	24	0.083
116	A	2	2	1.16	24	0.083
117	A	2	2	1.16	24	0.083

# CHAPTER 3

## LISTING OF INTEGRALS

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3.24	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3 dx$	239
3.25	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2 dx$	245
3.26	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx) dx$	250
3.27	$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx$	255
3.28	$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2} dx$	262
3.29	$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3} dx$	269
3.30	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2} dx$	277
3.31	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2} dx$	286
3.32	$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx$	295
3.33	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}} dx$	302
3.34	$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}} dx$	308
3.35	$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2}} dx$	313
3.36	$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3 dx$	319
3.37	$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2 dx$	325
3.38	$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x) dx$	331
3.39	$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx$	336
3.40	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2} dx$	342
3.41	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3} dx$	348
3.42	$\int \left(\frac{b^2}{4c} + b\sqrt{x} + cx\right)^2 dx$	354
3.43	$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2} dx$	360
3.44	$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2} dx$	366
3.45	$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx$	372
3.46	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} dx$	378
3.47	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}} dx$	384
3.48	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2}} dx$	390
3.49	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}} dx$	396
3.50	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^4 dx$	402
3.51	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3 dx$	408
3.52	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2 dx$	414
3.53	$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx$	419
3.54	$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2} dx$	426

3.55	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x+cx^{2/3}})^3} dx$	433
3.56	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x+cx^{2/3}})^{5/2} dx$	442
3.57	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x+cx^{2/3}})^{3/2} dx$	454
3.58	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x+cx^{2/3}}} dx$	464
3.59	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x+cx^{2/3}}}} dx$	473
3.60	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x+cx^{2/3}})^{3/2}} dx$	480
3.61	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x+cx^{2/3}})^{5/2}} dx$	487
3.62	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x+cx^{2/3}})^{7/2}} dx$	494
3.63	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x+cx^{2/3}})^{9/2}} dx$	503
3.64	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x+cx^{2/3}})^{11/2}} dx$	514
3.65	$\int (a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3})^3 dx$	527
3.66	$\int (a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3})^2 dx$	533
3.67	$\int (a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3}) dx$	539
3.68	$\int \frac{1}{a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3}} dx$	544
3.69	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3})^2} dx$	551
3.70	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3})^3} dx$	557
3.71	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3})^4} dx$	563
3.72	$\int (a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3})^{7/2} dx$	569
3.73	$\int (a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2} dx$	576
3.74	$\int (a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2} dx$	583
3.75	$\int \sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3}} dx$	590
3.76	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3}}} dx$	596
3.77	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx$	603
3.78	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx$	609
3.79	$\int (a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3})^p dx$	615
3.80	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2ab\sqrt[4]{x}+b^2\sqrt{x})^{3/2}} dx$	621
3.81	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2ab\sqrt[6]{x}+b^2\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}} dx$	628
3.82	$\int \left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^{3/2} dx$	635

3.83	$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx$	642
3.84	$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx$	650
3.85	$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx$	657
3.86	$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$	664
3.87	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}} dx$	669
3.88	$\int \frac{1}{\left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{3/2}} dx$	676
3.89	$\int \frac{1}{\left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{5/2}} dx$	684
3.90	$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx$	693
3.91	$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx$	700
3.92	$\int \frac{1}{\left( a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x} + b^2x^{2/5} \right)^{5/2}} dx$	707
3.93	$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx$	714
3.94	$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3 dx$	721
3.95	$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2 dx$	729
3.96	$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n}) dx$	735
3.97	$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx$	740
3.98	$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2} dx$	746
3.99	$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3} dx$	752
3.100	$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2} dx$	759
3.101	$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2} dx$	765
3.102	$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx$	771
3.103	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}} dx$	777
3.104	$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2}} dx$	782
3.105	$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2}} dx$	787
3.106	$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3 dx$	792
3.107	$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2 dx$	800
3.108	$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}) dx$	806

---

3.109	$\int \frac{1}{a^2+2acx^n+c^2x^{2n}} dx$	811
3.110	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2acx^n+c^2x^{2n})^2} dx$	816
3.111	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2acx^n+c^2x^{2n})^3} dx$	821
3.112	$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2} dx$	826
3.113	$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2} dx$	833
3.114	$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx$	839
3.115	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2+2acx^n+c^2x^{2n}}} dx$	844
3.116	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2acx^n+c^2x^{2n})^{3/2}} dx$	849
3.117	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2acx^n+c^2x^{2n})^{5/2}} dx$	854

### 3.1 $\int \frac{1}{-x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	70
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	70
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	71
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	73
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	74
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	74
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	75
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	75
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	76
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	76

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{1}{-x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{3} \log(1-x) - \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x+x^2)$$

output

```
1/2/x^2-1/3*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x)*3^(1/2))/3^(1/2)+1/3*ln(1-x)-1/6*ln(x^2+x+1)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{-x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{3} \log(1-x) - \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x+x^2)$$

input

```
Integrate[(-x^3 + x^6)^(-1),x]
```

output

```
1/(2*x^2) - ArcTan[(1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]]/Sqrt[3] + Log[1 - x]/3 - Log[1 + x + x^2]/6
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.818$ , Rules used = {2026, 847, 750, 16, 25, 1142, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^6 - x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2026} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3(x^3 - 1)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3 - 1} dx + \frac{1}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{750} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{x+2}{x^2+x+1} dx + \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x-1} dx + \frac{1}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{x+2}{x^2+x+1} dx + \frac{1}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{3} \log(1-x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x+2}{x^2+x+1} dx + \frac{1}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{3} \log(1-x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1142} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2+x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+1}{x^2+x+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{3} \log(1-x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1083} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( 3 \int \frac{1}{-(2x+1)^2-3} d(2x+1) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+1}{x^2+x+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{3} \log(1-x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+1}{x^2+x+1} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{3} \log(1-x)
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 + x + 1) \right) + \frac{1}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{3} \log(1-x)$$

input `Int[(-x^3 + x^6)^(-1), x]`

output `1/(2*x^2) + Log[1 - x]/3 + (-(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]]) - Log[1 + x + x^2]/2)/3`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 750 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[1/(Rt[a, 3] + Rt[b, 3]*x), x], x] + Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[(2*Rt[a, 3] - Rt[b, 3]*x)/(Rt[a, 3]^2 - Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3]*x + Rt[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 847 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p+1)/(a*c*(m+1))), x] - Simp[b*(m+n*(p+1)+1)/(a*c^n*(m+1)) Int[(c*x)^(m+n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 2026 `Int[(F*x_)*(P*x_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Int[x^(p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p*Fx, x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || !PolyQ[u, x])`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{1}{2x^2} + \frac{\ln(x-1)}{3} - \frac{\ln(x^2+x+1)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}\left(x+\frac{1}{2}\right)}{3}\right)}{3}$	36
default	$\frac{\ln(x-1)}{3} - \frac{\ln(x^2+x+1)}{6} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{(2x+1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)\sqrt{3}}{3} + \frac{1}{2x^2}$	38
meijerg	$(-1)^{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{\frac{3(-1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2x^2} + \frac{x(-1)^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \ln\left(1 - (x^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - \frac{\ln\left(1 + (x^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} + (x^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{2} - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(x^3\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2 + (x^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) \right)}{(x^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}{3}$	78

input `int(1/(x^6-x^3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/2/x^2+1/3*\ln(x-1)-1/6*\ln(x^2+x+1)-1/3*3^{(1/2)}*\arctan(2/3*3^{(1/2)}*(x+1/2)$   
)

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{-x^3 + x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2\sqrt{3}x^2 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x+1)\right) + x^2 \log(x^2 + x + 1) - 2x^2 \log(x - 1) - 3}{6x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(x^6-x^3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/6*(2*\sqrt{3})*x^2*\arctan(1/3*\sqrt{3}*(2*x + 1)) + x^2*\log(x^2 + x + 1) -$   
 $2*x^2*\log(x - 1) - 3)/x^2$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{-x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{\log(x - 1)}{3} - \frac{\log(x^2 + x + 1)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{3} + \frac{1}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(x**6-x**3),x)`

output  $\log(x - 1)/3 - \log(x**2 + x + 1)/6 - \sqrt{3}*\operatorname{atan}(2*\sqrt{3}*x/3 + \sqrt{3}/$   
 $3)/3 + 1/(2*x**2)$

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{-x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (2x + 1) \right) + \frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^2 + x + 1) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x - 1)$$

input `integrate(1/(x^6-x^3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + 1)) + 1/2/x^2 - 1/6*log(x^2 + x + 1) + 1/3*log(x - 1)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{-x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (2x + 1) \right) + \frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^2 + x + 1) + \frac{1}{3} \log(|x - 1|)$$

input `integrate(1/(x^6-x^3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + 1)) + 1/2/x^2 - 1/6*log(x^2 + x + 1) + 1/3*log(abs(x - 1))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{-x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{\ln(x-1)}{3} + \ln\left(x + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{6}\right) - \ln\left(x + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{6}\right) + \frac{1}{2x^2}$$

input `int(-1/(x^3 - x^6),x)`output `log(x - 1)/3 + log(x - (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 + 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/6 - 1/6) - log(x + (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 + 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/6 + 1/6) + 1/(2*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{-x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) x^2 - \log(x^2 + x + 1) x^2 + 2 \log(x - 1) x^2 + 3}{6x^2}$$

input `int(1/(x^6-x^3),x)`output `( - 2*sqrt(3)*atan((2*x + 1)/sqrt(3))*x**2 - log(x**2 + x + 1)*x**2 + 2*log(x - 1)*x**2 + 3)/(6*x**2)`

### 3.2 $\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	77
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	77
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	78
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	80
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	80
Sympy [F] . . . . .	81
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	81
Giac [F] . . . . .	81
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	82
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	82

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3} dx = -\frac{81a^3(ax^3 + bx^6)^{14/3}}{54740b^4x^{14}} + \frac{27a^2(ax^3 + bx^6)^{14/3}}{3910b^3x^{11}} - \frac{9a(ax^3 + bx^6)^{14/3}}{460b^2x^8} + \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{14/3}}{23bx^5}$$

output `-81/54740*a^3*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(14/3)/b^4/x^14+27/3910*a^2*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(14/3)/b^3/x^11-9/460*a*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(14/3)/b^2/x^8+1/23*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(14/3)/b/x^5`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3)(x^3(a + bx^3))^{11/3}(-81a^3 + 378a^2bx^3 - 1071ab^2x^6 + 2380b^3x^9)}{54740b^4x^{11}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(11/3),x]`

output

$$\frac{((a + b*x^3)*(x^3*(a + b*x^3))^{11/3}*(-81*a^3 + 378*a^2*b*x^3 - 1071*a*b^2*x^6 + 2380*b^3*x^9))/(54740*b^4*x^{11})}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {1908, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1908 \\ & \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{14/3}}{23bx^5} - \frac{9a \int \frac{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{11/3}}{x^3} dx}{23b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\ & \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{14/3}}{23bx^5} - \frac{9a \left( \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{14/3}}{20bx^8} - \frac{3a \int \frac{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{11/3}}{x^6} dx}{10b} \right)}{23b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\ & \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{14/3}}{23bx^5} - \frac{9a \left( \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{14/3}}{20bx^8} - \frac{3a \left( \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{14/3}}{17bx^{11}} - \frac{3a \int \frac{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{11/3}}{x^9} dx}{17b} \right)}{10b} \right)}{23b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1920 \\ & \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{14/3}}{23bx^5} - \frac{9a \left( \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{14/3}}{20bx^8} - \frac{3a \left( \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{14/3}}{17bx^{11}} - \frac{3a(ax^3 + bx^6)^{14/3}}{238b^2x^{14}} \right)}{10b} \right)}{23b} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(11/3),x]`

output `(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(14/3)/(23*b*x^5) - (9*a*((a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(14/3)/(20*b*x^8) - (3*a*((-3*a*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(14/3))/(238*b^2*x^14) + (a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(14/3)/(17*b*x^11)))/(10*b)))/(23*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1908 `Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(j*p + 1)*x^(j - 1)), x] - Simp[b*((n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(j*p + 1))) Int[x^(n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(-2380x^9b^3+1071ax^6b^2-378a^2x^3b+81a^3)(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{11}{3}}}{54740b^4x^{11}}$	61
orering	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(-2380x^9b^3+1071ax^6b^2-378a^2x^3b+81a^3)(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{11}{3}}}{54740b^4x^{11}}$	61
trager	$-\frac{(-2380b^7x^{21}-8449ab^6x^{18}-10374a^2b^5x^{15}-4525a^3b^4x^{12}-40a^4x^9b^3+45a^5x^6b^2-54a^6bx^3+81a^7)(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{54740b^4x^2}$	98
risch	$-\frac{(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{2}{3}}(-2380b^7x^{21}-8449ab^6x^{18}-10374a^2b^5x^{15}-4525a^3b^4x^{12}-40a^4x^9b^3+45a^5x^6b^2-54a^6bx^3+81a^7)}{54740x^2b^4}$	98

input `int((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(11/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/54740*(b*x^3+a)*(-2380*b^3*x^9+1071*a*b^2*x^6-378*a^2*b*x^3+81*a^3)*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(11/3)/b^4/x^{11}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3} dx = \frac{(2380b^7x^{21} + 8449ab^6x^{18} + 10374a^2b^5x^{15} + 4525a^3b^4x^{12} + 40a^4b^3x^9 - 45a^5b^2x^6 + 54a^6bx^3 - 81a^7)(bx^6 + ax^3)^{2/3}}{54740b^4x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(11/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/54740*(2380*b^7*x^{21} + 8449*a*b^6*x^{18} + 10374*a^2*b^5*x^{15} + 4525*a^3*b^4*x^{12} + 40*a^4*b^3*x^9 - 45*a^5*b^2*x^6 + 54*a^6*b*x^3 - 81*a^7)*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(2/3)/(b^4*x^2)$$

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3} dx = \int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{\frac{11}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**6+a*x**3)**(11/3),x)`

output `Integral((a*x**3 + b*x**6)**(11/3), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3} dx = \frac{(2380b^7x^{21} + 8449ab^6x^{18} + 10374a^2b^5x^{15} + 4525a^3b^4x^{12} + 40a^4b^3x^9 - 45a^5b^2x^6 + 54a^6bx^3 - 81a^7)(bx^3 + a)^{2/3}}{54740b^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(11/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/54740*(2380*b^7*x^21 + 8449*a*b^6*x^18 + 10374*a^2*b^5*x^15 + 4525*a^3*b^4*x^12 + 40*a^4*b^3*x^9 - 45*a^5*b^2*x^6 + 54*a^6*b*x^3 - 81*a^7)*(b*x^3 + a)^(2/3)/b^4`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3} dx = \int (bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{11}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(11/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(11/3), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 20.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3} dx = \frac{(bx^3 + a)^4 (bx^6 + ax^3)^{2/3} (81a^3 - 378a^2bx^3 + 1071ab^2x^6 - 2380b^3x^9)}{54740b^4x^2}$$

input `int((a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(11/3),x)`output `-((a + b*x^3)^4*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(2/3)*(81*a^3 - 2380*b^3*x^9 - 378*a^2*b*x^3 + 1071*a*b^2*x^6))/(54740*b^4*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3} dx = \frac{(bx^3 + a)^{2/3} (2380b^7x^{21} + 8449ab^6x^{18} + 10374a^2b^5x^{15} + 4525a^3b^4x^{12} + 40a^4b^3x^9 - 45a^5b^2x^6 + 40a^6b^2x^3 - 81a^7)}{54740b^4}$$

input `int((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(11/3),x)`output `((a + b*x**3)**(2/3)*(- 81*a**7 + 54*a**6*b*x**3 - 45*a**5*b**2*x**6 + 40*a**4*b**3*x**9 + 4525*a**3*b**4*x**12 + 10374*a**2*b**5*x**15 + 8449*a*b**6*x**18 + 2380*b**7*x**21))/(54740*b**4)`

### 3.3 $\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	83
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	83
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	84
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	85
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	86
Sympy [F] . . . . .	86
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	87
Giac [F] . . . . .	87
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	87
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	88

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3} dx = \frac{9a^2(ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3}}{1309b^3x^{11}} - \frac{3a(ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3}}{119b^2x^8} + \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3}}{17bx^5}$$

output  $9/1309*a^2*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(11/3)/b^3/x^11-3/119*a*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(11/3)/b^2/x^8+1/17*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(11/3)/b/x^5$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3} dx = \frac{(x^3(a + bx^3))^{11/3} (9a^2 - 33abx^3 + 77b^2x^6)}{1309b^3x^{11}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(8/3),x]`

output  $((x^3*(a + b*x^3))^(11/3)*(9*a^2 - 33*a*b*x^3 + 77*b^2*x^6))/(1309*b^3*x^11)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {1908, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1908} \\
 & \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3}}{17bx^5} - \frac{6a \int \frac{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{8/3}}{x^3} dx}{17b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1922} \\
 & \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3}}{17bx^5} - \frac{6a \left( \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3}}{14bx^8} - \frac{3a \int \frac{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{8/3}}{x^6} dx}{14b} \right)}{17b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1920} \\
 & \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3}}{17bx^5} - \frac{6a \left( \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3}}{14bx^8} - \frac{3a(ax^3 + bx^6)^{11/3}}{154b^2x^{11}} \right)}{17b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(8/3),x]`

output `(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(11/3)/(17*b*x^5) - (6*a*((-3*a*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(11/3))/(154*b^2*x^11) + (a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(11/3)/(14*b*x^8)))/(17*b)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1908

```
Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^j +
b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(j*p + 1)*x^(j - 1)), x] - Simp[b*((n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(
j*p + 1))) Int[x^(n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(n*p + n - j + 1)/(n
- j)], 0] && NeQ[j*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j
)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(bx^3+a)(77b^2x^6-33ax^3b+9a^2)(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{8}{3}}}{1309b^3x^8}$	50
orering	$\frac{(bx^3+a)(77b^2x^6-33ax^3b+9a^2)(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{8}{3}}}{1309b^3x^8}$	50
trager	$\frac{(77b^5x^{15}+198ab^4x^{12}+141a^2b^3x^9+5a^3x^6b^2-6a^4bx^3+9a^5)(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{1309b^3x^2}$	76
risch	$\frac{(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{2}{3}}(77b^5x^{15}+198ab^4x^{12}+141a^2b^3x^9+5a^3x^6b^2-6a^4bx^3+9a^5)}{1309x^2b^3}$	76

input

```
int((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(8/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $1/1309*(b*x^3+a)*(77*b^2*x^6-33*a*b*x^3+9*a^2)*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^{(8/3)}/b^3/x^8$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3} dx = \frac{(77b^5x^{15} + 198ab^4x^{12} + 141a^2b^3x^9 + 5a^3b^2x^6 - 6a^4bx^3 + 9a^5)(bx^6 + ax^3)^{2/3}}{1309b^3x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(8/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/1309*(77*b^5*x^{15} + 198*a*b^4*x^{12} + 141*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 5*a^3*b^2*x^6 - 6*a^4*b*x^3 + 9*a^5)*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^{(2/3)}/(b^3*x^2)$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3} dx = \int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**6+a*x**3)**(8/3),x)`

output `Integral((a*x**3 + b*x**6)**(8/3), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3} dx = \frac{(77b^5x^{15} + 198ab^4x^{12} + 141a^2b^3x^9 + 5a^3b^2x^6 - 6a^4bx^3 + 9a^5)(bx^3 + a)^{2/3}}{1309b^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(8/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/1309*(77*b^5*x^15 + 198*a*b^4*x^12 + 141*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 5*a^3*b^2*x^6 - 6*a^4*b*x^3 + 9*a^5)*(b*x^3 + a)^(2/3)/b^3`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3} dx = \int (bx^6 + ax^3)^{8/3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(8/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(8/3), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3} dx = \frac{(bx^3 + a)^3 (bx^6 + ax^3)^{2/3} (9a^2 - 33abx^3 + 77b^2x^6)}{1309b^3x^2}$$

input `int((a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(8/3),x)`

output `((a + b*x^3)^3*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(2/3)*(9*a^2 + 77*b^2*x^6 - 33*a*b*x^3))/(1309*b^3*x^2)`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3} dx = \frac{(bx^3 + a)^{2/3} (77b^5x^{15} + 198ab^4x^{12} + 141a^2b^3x^9 + 5a^3b^2x^6 - 6a^4bx^3 + 9a^5)}{1309b^3}$$

input `int((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(8/3),x)`output `((a + b*x**3)**(2/3)*(9*a**5 - 6*a**4*b*x**3 + 5*a**3*b**2*x**6 + 141*a**2*b**3*x**9 + 198*a*b**4*x**12 + 77*b**5*x**15))/(1309*b**3)`

### 3.4 $\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3} dx$

Optimal result	89
Mathematica [A] (verified)	89
Rubi [A] (verified)	90
Maple [A] (verified)	91
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	91
Sympy [F]	92
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	92
Giac [F]	92
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	93
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	93

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3} dx = -\frac{3a(ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3}}{88b^2x^8} + \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3}}{11bx^5}$$

output `-3/88*a*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(8/3)/b^2/x^8+1/11*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(8/3)/b/x^5`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3} dx = \frac{(x^3(a + bx^3))^{8/3}(-3a + 8bx^3)}{88b^2x^8}$$

input `Integrate[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(5/3),x]`

output `((x^3*(a + b*x^3))^(8/3)*(-3*a + 8*b*x^3))/(88*b^2*x^8)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {1908, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1908}$$

$$\frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3}}{11bx^5} - \frac{3a \int \frac{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{5/3}}{x^3} dx}{11b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1920}$$

$$\frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3}}{11bx^5} - \frac{3a(ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3}}{88b^2x^8}$$

input `Int[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(5/3),x]`

output `(-3*a*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(8/3))/(88*b^2*x^8) + (a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(8/3)/(11*b*x^5)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1908 `Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(j*p + 1)*x^(j - 1)), x] - Simp[b*((n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(j*p + 1))) Int[x^(n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(-8bx^3+3a)(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{5}{3}}}{88b^2x^5}$	39
orering	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(-8bx^3+3a)(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{5}{3}}}{88b^2x^5}$	39
trager	$-\frac{(-8x^9b^3-13ax^6b^2-2a^2x^3b+3a^3)(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{88b^2x^2}$	54
risch	$-\frac{(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{2}{3}}(-8x^9b^3-13ax^6b^2-2a^2x^3b+3a^3)}{88x^2b^2}$	54

input

```
int((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/88*(b*x^3+a)*(-8*b*x^3+3*a)*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3)/b^2/x^5
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3} dx = \frac{(8b^3x^9 + 13ab^2x^6 + 2a^2bx^3 - 3a^3)(bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{88b^2x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/88*(8*b^3*x^9 + 13*a*b^2*x^6 + 2*a^2*b*x^3 - 3*a^3)*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(2/3)
)/(b^2*x^2)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3} dx = \int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**6+a*x**3)**(5/3),x)`

output `Integral((a*x**3 + b*x**6)**(5/3), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3} dx = \frac{(8b^3x^9 + 13ab^2x^6 + 2a^2bx^3 - 3a^3)(bx^3 + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{88b^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/88*(8*b^3*x^9 + 13*a*b^2*x^6 + 2*a^2*b*x^3 - 3*a^3)*(b*x^3 + a)^(2/3)/b^2`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3} dx = \int (bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(5/3), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3} dx = -\frac{(bx^3 + a)^2 (bx^6 + ax^3)^{2/3} (3a - 8bx^3)}{88b^2x^2}$$

input `int((a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(5/3),x)`output `-((a + b*x^3)^2*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(2/3)*(3*a - 8*b*x^3))/(88*b^2*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3} dx = \frac{(bx^3 + a)^{2/3} (8b^3x^9 + 13ab^2x^6 + 2a^2bx^3 - 3a^3)}{88b^2}$$

input `int((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3),x)`output `((a + b*x**3)**(2/3)*(- 3*a**3 + 2*a**2*b*x**3 + 13*a*b**2*x**6 + 8*b**3*x**9))/(88*b**2)`

### 3.5 $\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	94
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	94
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	95
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	96
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	96
Sympy [F] . . . . .	97
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	97
Giac [F] . . . . .	97
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	98
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	98

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3} dx = \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}}{5bx^5}$$

output `1/5*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3)/b/x^5`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3} dx = \frac{(x^3(a + bx^3))^{5/3}}{5bx^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(2/3),x]`

output `(x^3*(a + b*x^3))^(5/3)/(5*b*x^5)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {1906}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1906$$

$$\frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}}{5bx^5}$$

input `Int[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(2/3),x]`

output `(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(5/3)/(5*b*x^5)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1906 `Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n - j)*(p + 1)*x^(n - 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[j*p - n + j + 1, 0]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(bx^3+a)(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{5bx^2}$	29
trager	$\frac{(bx^3+a)(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{5bx^2}$	29
risch	$\frac{(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{2}{3}}(bx^3+a)}{5x^2b}$	29
orering	$\frac{(bx^3+a)(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{5bx^2}$	29

input `int((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/5*(b*x^3+a)/b/x^2*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3} dx = \frac{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}(bx^3 + a)}{5bx^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/5*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(2/3)*(b*x^3 + a)/(b*x^2)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3} dx = \int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**6+a*x**3)**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((a*x**3 + b*x**6)**(2/3), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3} dx = \frac{(bx^3 + a)^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5b}$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*(b*x^3 + a)^(5/3)/b`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3} dx = \int (bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{a}{5b} + \frac{x^3}{5}\right) (bx^6 + ax^3)^{2/3}}{x^2}$$

input `int((a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(2/3),x)`

output `((a/(5*b) + x^3/5)*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(2/3))/x^2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3} dx = \frac{(bx^3 + a)^{5/3}}{5b}$$

input `int((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3),x)`

output `((a + b*x**3)**(2/3)*(a + b*x**3))/(5*b)`

### 3.6 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	99
Mathematica [A] (verified)	100
Rubi [A] (verified)	100
Maple [F]	103
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	103
Sympy [F]	104
Maxima [F]	104
Giac [F]	104
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	105
Reduce [F]	105

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a+2}\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} - \frac{x\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \log(x)}{2\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} + \frac{x\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}$$

output

```
1/3*x*(b*x^3+a)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)+2*(b*x^3+a)^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))
*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3)/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3)-1/2*x*(b*x^3+a)^(1/3)*ln(x)/a^(1/3)
)/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3)+1/2*x*(b*x^3+a)^(1/3)*ln(a^(1/3)-(b*x^3+a)^(1/3))/a^(1/3)
/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{x\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \left( 2\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{1 + 2\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right) + 2 \log \left( -\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \right) - \log \left( a^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} + (a + bx^3)^{2/3} \right) \right)}{6\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{x^3(a + bx^3)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(-1/3),x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3)*(2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3))/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] + 2*Log[-a^(1/3) + (a + b*x^3)^(1/3)] - Log[a^(2/3) + a^(1/3)*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3) + (a + b*x^3)^(2/3)])/(6*a^(1/3)*(x^3*(a + b*x^3))^(1/3))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {1917, 798, 67, 16, 1082, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1917}$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a}} dx}{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{798}$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{3 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}$$

↓ 67

$$\frac{x \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \left( \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^6 + a^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a}} d \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a}} d \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a}}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}} - \frac{\log(x^3)}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}$$

↓ 16

$$\frac{x \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \left( \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^6 + a^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a}} d \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a} + \frac{3 \log(\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3})}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}} - \frac{\log(x^3)}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}$$

↓ 1082

$$\frac{x \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \left( -\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-x^6 - 3} d \left( \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}} + \frac{3 \log(\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3})}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}} - \frac{\log(x^3)}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{x \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} + 1}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}} + \frac{3 \log(\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3})}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}} - \frac{\log(x^3)}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}$$

input `Int[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(-1/3),x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3)*((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3))/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])/a^(1/3) - Log[x^3]/(2*a^(1/3)) + (3*Log[a^(1/3) - (a + b*x^3)^(1/3)]/(2*a^(1/3)))))/(3*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16  $\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 67  $\text{Int}[1/(((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_))*((c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_))^{(1/3)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[(b*c - a*d)/b, 3]\}, \text{Simp}[-\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/(2*b*q), x] + (\text{Simp}[3/(2*b) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q^2 + q*x + x^2), x], x, (c + d*x)^{(1/3)}], x] - \text{Simp}[3/(2*b*q) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x), x], x, (c + d*x)^{(1/3)}], x])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[(b*c - a*d)/b]$
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \& \& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])]$
- rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m\_)}*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$
- rule 1082  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)+(c\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \parallel \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1917  $\text{Int}[(a\_)*(x_)^{(j\_)}+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(x^{(j*\text{FracPart}[p])*(a + b*x^{(n - j)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[x^{(j*p)}*(a + b*x^{(n - j)})^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, j, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{NeQ}[n, j] \&\& \text{PosQ}[n - j]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3),x)`

output `int(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}a} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^{\frac{2}{3}}}} \log \left( \frac{2bx^5 + 3ax^2 - 3(bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} a^{\frac{2}{3}} x - 3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \left( a^{\frac{4}{3}} x^2 + (bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} ax - 2(bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{2}{3}} a^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^{\frac{2}{3}}}}}{x^5} \right) + 2a^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left( \frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} x - (bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x} \right) - a^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left( \frac{a^{\frac{2}{3}} x^2 + (bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} a^{\frac{1}{3}} x + (bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{x^2} \right) / a}{6a}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(3*sqrt(1/3)*a*sqrt(-1/a^(2/3))*log((2*b*x^5 + 3*a*x^2 - 3*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3)*a^(2/3)*x - 3*sqrt(1/3)*(a^(4/3)*x^2 + (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3)*a*x - 2*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(2/3)*a^(2/3))*sqrt(-1/a^(2/3)))/x^5) + 2*a^(2/3)*log(-(a^(1/3)*x - (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3))/x) - a^(2/3)*log((a^(2/3)*x^2 + (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3)*a^(1/3)*x + (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(2/3))/x^2))/a, 1/6*(6*sqrt(1/3)*a^(2/3)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(a^(1/3)*x + 2*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3))/(a^(1/3)*x)) + 2*a^(2/3)*log(-(a^(1/3)*x - (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3))/x) - a^(2/3)*log((a^(2/3)*x^2 + (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3)*a^(1/3)*x + (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(2/3))/x^2))/a]`



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x**6+a*x**3)**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral((a*x**3 + b*x**6)**(-1/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(-1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(-1/3), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.26

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} dx = -\frac{x \left(\frac{a}{bx^3} + 1\right)^{1/3} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}; \frac{4}{3}; -\frac{a}{bx^3}\right)}{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{1/3}}$$

input `int(1/(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3),x)`output `-(x*(a/(b*x^3) + 1)^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/3], 4/3, -a/(b*x^3)))/(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^3 + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} x} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x**3)**(1/3)*x),x)`

**3.7**  $\int \frac{1}{(ax^3+bx^6)^{4/3}} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3}} dx = \frac{1}{ax^2 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} - \frac{4(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}}{3a^2x^5} - \frac{4bx \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a+2\sqrt[3]{a+bx^3}}}{\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{3}a^{7/3}\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} + \frac{2bx \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \log(x)}{3a^{7/3}\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} - \frac{2bx \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}\right)}{3a^{7/3}\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}$$

output

```
1/a/x^2/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3)-4/3*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3)/a^2/x^5-4/9*b*x*(b*x^3+a)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)+2*(b*x^3+a)^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(7/3)/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3)+2/3*b*x*(b*x^3+a)^(1/3)*ln(x)/a^(7/3)/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3)-2/3*b*x*(b*x^3+a)^(1/3)*ln(a^(1/3)-(b*x^3+a)^(1/3))/a^(7/3)/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3}} dx =$$

$$3a^{4/3} + 12\sqrt[3]{abx^3} + 4\sqrt{3}bx^3\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 + 2\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) + 4bx^3\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \log\left(-\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}\right)$$


---


$$9a^{7/3}x^2\sqrt[3]{x^3(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(-4/3),x]`

output `-1/9*(3*a^(4/3) + 12*a^(1/3)*b*x^3 + 4*Sqrt[3]*b*x^3*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3)*ArcTan[(1 + (2*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3))/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] + 4*b*x^3*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3)*Log[-a^(1/3) + (a + b*x^3)^(1/3)] - 2*b*x^3*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3)*Log[a^(2/3) + a^(1/3)*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3) + (a + b*x^3)^(2/3)]/(a^(7/3)*x^2*(x^3*(a + b*x^3))^(1/3))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.533$ , Rules used = {1912, 1931, 1917, 798, 67, 16, 1082, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1912$$

$$\frac{4 \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt[3]{bx^6 + ax^3}} dx}{a} + \frac{1}{ax^2 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 1931$$

$$\frac{4 \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx^6 + ax^3}} dx}{3a} - \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}}{3ax^5} \right)}{a} + \frac{1}{ax^2 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}$$

↓ 1917

$$\frac{4 \left( -\frac{bx \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a}} dx}{3a \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} - \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}}{3ax^5} \right)}{a} + \frac{1}{ax^2 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}$$

↓ 798

$$\frac{4 \left( -\frac{bx \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{9a \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} - \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}}{3ax^5} \right)}{a} + \frac{1}{ax^2 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}$$

↓ 67

$$4 \left( -\frac{bx \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \left( \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^6 + a^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a}} d \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a}} d \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a}}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}} - \frac{\log(x^3)}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{9a \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} - \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}}{3ax^5} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{ax^2 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} \quad a$$

↓ 16

$$4 \left( -\frac{bx \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \left( \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^6 + a^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a}} d \sqrt[3]{bx^3 + a} + \frac{3 \log \left( \sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \right)}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}} - \frac{\log(x^3)}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{9a \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} - \frac{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}}{3ax^5} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{ax^2 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}} \quad a$$

+

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1082 \\
 & \left( \frac{bx \sqrt[3]{a+bx^3} \left( \frac{{}^3\int \frac{1}{-x^6-3} dx \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx^3+a}+1}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right) + \frac{{}^3\log(\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{a+bx^3})}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} - \frac{\log(x^3)}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{9a\sqrt[3]{ax^3+bx^6}} - \frac{(ax^3+bx^6)^{2/3}}{3ax^5} \right) + \\
 & \frac{a}{ax^2\sqrt[3]{ax^3+bx^6}} \\
 & \downarrow 217 \\
 & \left( \frac{bx \sqrt[3]{a+bx^3} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a+bx^3}+1}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{{}^3\log(\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{a+bx^3})}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} - \frac{\log(x^3)}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{9a\sqrt[3]{ax^3+bx^6}} - \frac{(ax^3+bx^6)^{2/3}}{3ax^5} \right) + \\
 & \frac{a}{ax^2\sqrt[3]{ax^3+bx^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(-4/3),x]`

output `1/(a*x^2*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3)) + (4*(-1/3*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(2/3)/(a*x^5) - (b*x*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3)*((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3))/a^(1/3)])/Sqrt[3]))/a^(1/3) - Log[x^3]/(2*a^(1/3)) + (3*Log[a^(1/3) - (a + b*x^3)^(1/3)]/(2*a^(1/3))))/(9*a*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3)))/a`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 16  $\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 67  $\text{Int}[1/(((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_))*((c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_))^{(1/3)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[(b*c - a*d)/b, 3]\}, \text{Simp}[-\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/(2*b*q), x] + (\text{Simp}[3/(2*b) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q^2 + q*x + x^2), x], x, (c + d*x)^{(1/3)}], x] - \text{Simp}[3/(2*b*q) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x), x], x, (c + d*x)^{(1/3)}], x])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[(b*c - a*d)/b]$
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \& \& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])]$
- rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m\_)}*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$
- rule 1082  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)+(c\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \parallel \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1912  $\text{Int}[(a\_)*(x_)^{(j\_)}+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)*x^{(j - 1)}), x] + \text{Simp}[(n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}/x^j, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 1917  $\text{Int}[(a\_)*(x_)^{(j\_)}+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(x^{(j*\text{FracPart}[p])*(a + b*x^{(n - j)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[x^{(j*p)}*(a + b*x^{(n - j)})^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, j, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{NeQ}[n, j] \&\& \text{PosQ}[n - j]$

rule 1931

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] -> Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegerQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[
m + j*p + 1, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(4/3),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(4/3),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 543, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
[1/9*(6*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^2*x^8 + a^2*b*x^5)*sqrt((-a)^(1/3)/a)*log((2*b*x^5
+ 3*a*x^2 - 3*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3)*(-a)^(2/3)*x - 3*sqrt(1/3)*((-a)^(1/3)
*a*x^2 - (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3)*a*x + 2*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(2/3)*(-a)^(2/3))*s
qrt((-a)^(1/3)/a))/x^5) - 4*(b^2*x^8 + a*b*x^5)*(-a)^(2/3)*log(((a)^(1/3)
*x + (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3))/x) + 2*(b^2*x^8 + a*b*x^5)*(-a)^(2/3)*log(((a)
)^(2/3)*x^2 - (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3)*(-a)^(1/3)*x + (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(2/3))/
x^2) - 3*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(2/3)*(4*a*b*x^3 + a^2))/(a^3*b*x^8 + a^4*x^5), -
1/9*(12*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^2*x^8 + a^2*b*x^5)*sqrt(-(-a)^(1/3)/a)*arctan(-sqrt
(1/3)*((-a)^(1/3)*x - 2*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3))*sqrt(-(-a)^(1/3)/a)/x) + 4*
(b^2*x^8 + a*b*x^5)*(-a)^(2/3)*log(((a)^(1/3)*x + (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3))/
x) - 2*(b^2*x^8 + a*b*x^5)*(-a)^(2/3)*log(((a)^(2/3)*x^2 - (b*x^6 + a*x^3
)^(1/3)*(-a)^(1/3)*x + (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(2/3))/x^2) + 3*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(2/
3)*(4*a*b*x^3 + a^2))/(a^3*b*x^8 + a^4*x^5)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(b*x**6+a*x**3)**(4/3), x)
```

output

```
Integral((a*x**3 + b*x**6)**(-4/3), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(4/3), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(-4/3), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(-4/3), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3}} dx = -\frac{x \left(\frac{a}{bx^3} + 1\right)^{4/3} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}; \frac{10}{3}; -\frac{a}{bx^3}\right)}{7(bx^6 + ax^3)^{4/3}}$$

input `int(1/(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(4/3),x)`

output `-(x*(a/(b*x^3) + 1)^(4/3)*hypergeom([4/3, 7/3], 10/3, -a/(b*x^3)))/(7*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(4/3))`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^3 + a)^{1/3} ax^4 + (bx^3 + a)^{1/3} bx^7} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(4/3),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x**3)**(1/3)*a*x**4 + (a + b*x**3)**(1/3)*b*x**7),x)`

### 3.8 $\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 260

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} dx = -\frac{7a^4x\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{1458b^2} + \frac{7a^3x^4\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{2430b}$$

$$+ \frac{7}{405}a^2x^7\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} + \frac{7}{180}ax^4(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{15}x(ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} - \frac{7a^5x^2(a + bx^3)^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 + \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{729\sqrt{3}b^{8/3}(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}}$$

$$- \frac{7a^5x^2(a + bx^3)^{2/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{bx} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}\right)}{1458b^{8/3}(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}}$$

output

```
-7/1458*a^4*x*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3)/b^2+7/2430*a^3*x^4*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3)/b
+7/405*a^2*x^7*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3)+7/180*a*x^4*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(4/3)+1/15*x*
(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(7/3)-7/2187*a^5*x^2*(b*x^3+a)^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/3)
*x/(b*x^3+a)^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)/b^(8/3)/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3)-7/1458*a^
5*x^2*(b*x^3+a)^(2/3)*ln(b^(1/3)*x-(b*x^3+a)^(1/3))/b^(8/3)/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(
2/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} dx = \frac{x^2 \left( -210a^5b^{2/3}x^2 - 84a^4b^{5/3}x^5 + 5499a^3b^{8/3}x^8 + 12906a^2b^{11/3}x^{11} + 10449ab^{14/3}x^{14} + 2916b^{17/3}x^{17} - 140\sqrt{3}a^5(a + bx^3)^{2/3}\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{3}b^{1/3}x}{b^{1/3}x + 2(a + bx^3)^{1/3}}\right] - 140a^5(a + bx^3)^{2/3}\text{Log}\left[-\frac{b^{1/3}x}{b^{1/3}x + 2(a + bx^3)^{1/3}}\right] + 70a^5(a + bx^3)^{2/3}\text{Log}\left[\frac{b^{2/3}x^2 + b^{1/3}x(a + bx^3)^{1/3} + (a + bx^3)^{2/3}}{43740b^{8/3}(x^3(a + bx^3)^{2/3})}\right]\right)}{43740b^{8/3}(x^3(a + bx^3)^{2/3})}$$

input `Integrate[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(7/3),x]`

output  $(x^2*(-210*a^5*b^{2/3}*x^2 - 84*a^4*b^{5/3}*x^5 + 5499*a^3*b^{8/3}*x^8 + 12906*a^2*b^{11/3}*x^{11} + 10449*a*b^{14/3}*x^{14} + 2916*b^{17/3}*x^{17} - 140*\text{Sqrt}[3]*a^5*(a + b*x^3)^{2/3}*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[3]*b^{1/3}*x)/(b^{1/3}*x + 2*(a + b*x^3)^{1/3})] - 140*a^5*(a + b*x^3)^{2/3}*\text{Log}[-(b^{1/3}*x)/(b^{1/3}*x + 2*(a + b*x^3)^{1/3})] + 70*a^5*(a + b*x^3)^{2/3}*\text{Log}[b^{2/3}*x^2 + b^{1/3}*x*(a + b*x^3)^{1/3} + (a + b*x^3)^{2/3}])/(43740*b^{8/3}*(x^3*(a + b*x^3)^{2/3}))$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.467$ , Rules used = {1910, 1927, 1927, 1930, 1930, 1938, 853}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1910} \\ & \frac{7}{15}a \int x^3 (bx^6 + ax^3)^{4/3} dx + \frac{1}{15}x (ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1927} \\ & \frac{7}{15}a \left( \frac{1}{3}a \int x^6 \sqrt[3]{bx^6 + ax^3} dx + \frac{1}{12}x^4 (ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} \right) + \frac{1}{15}x (ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1927 \\
& \frac{7}{15}a \left( \frac{1}{3}a \left( \frac{1}{9}a \int \frac{x^9}{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{9}x^7 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} \right) + \frac{1}{12}x^4(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{15}x(ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} \\
& \downarrow 1930 \\
& \frac{7}{15}a \left( \frac{1}{3}a \left( \frac{1}{9}a \left( \frac{x^4 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{6b} - \frac{5a \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{2/3}} dx}{6b} \right) + \frac{1}{9}x^7 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} \right) + \frac{1}{12}x^4(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{15}x(ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} \\
& \downarrow 1930 \\
& \frac{7}{15}a \left( \frac{1}{3}a \left( \frac{1}{9}a \left( \frac{x^4 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{6b} - \frac{5a \left( \frac{x^3 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{2/3}} dx}{3b} \right)}{6b} \right) + \frac{1}{9}x^7 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} \right) + \frac{1}{12}x^4(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{15}x(ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} \\
& \downarrow 1938 \\
& \frac{7}{15}a \left( \frac{1}{3}a \left( \frac{1}{9}a \left( \frac{x^4 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{6b} - \frac{5a \left( \frac{x^3 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{3b} - \frac{2ax^2(a+bx^3)^{2/3} \int \frac{x}{(bx^3+a)^{2/3}} dx}{3b(ax^3+bx^6)^{2/3}} \right)}{6b} \right) + \frac{1}{9}x^7 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} \right) + \frac{1}{12}x^4(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{15}x(ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} \\
& \downarrow 853
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{7}{15}a}{\frac{1}{3}a} \frac{\frac{1}{9}a}{\frac{x^4 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{6b}} - \frac{5a}{\frac{x^3 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{3b}} - \frac{2ax^2(a+bx^3)^{2/3}}{\sqrt[3]{3b^2/3}} \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{2\sqrt[3]{bx} + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{3b^2/3}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{bx} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}\right)}{2b^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{1}{6b} \frac{1}{3b(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{1}{15}x(ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3}$$

input

```
Int[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(7/3),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (x*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^{(7/3)})/15 + (7*a*((x^4*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^{(4/3)})/12 + (a*( \\ & (x^7*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^{(1/3)})/9 + (a*((x^4*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^{(1/3)})/(6*b) - (5 \\ & *a*((x*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^{(1/3)})/(3*b) - (2*a*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^{(2/3))*(-(\text{ArcTan} \\ & [(1 + (2*b^{(1/3)}*x)/(a + b*x^3)^{(1/3)})/\text{Sqrt}[3]]/(\text{Sqrt}[3]*b^{(2/3)})) - \text{Log}[b \\ & ^{(1/3)}*x - (a + b*x^3)^{(1/3)}]/(2*b^{(2/3)})))/(3*b*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^{(2/3)})))/ \\ & (6*b))/9)/3)/15 \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 853

$$\text{Int}[(x_+)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3)^{(2/3)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b, 3]\}, \text{Sim} \\ p[-\text{ArcTan}[(1 + 2*q*(x)/(a + b*x^3)^{(1/3)})/\text{Sqrt}[3]]/(\text{Sqrt}[3]*q^2), x] - \text{Simp} \\ [\text{Log}[q*x - (a + b*x^3)^{(1/3)}]/(2*q^2), x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$$

rule 1910

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)}]^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[x*((a*x^j \\ + b*x^n)^p/(n*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[a*(n - j)*(p/(n*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[x^j*(a*x^j \\ + b*x^n)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{LtQ}[0, j, \\ n] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[n*p + 1, 0]$$

rule 1927

$$\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)}]^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol \\ ] \text{ :> Simp}[(c*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[a* \\ (n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^{(m + j)}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p - 1)} \\ , x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \&\& (\text{Int} \\ egerQ[j, n] \text{ || GtQ}[c, 0]) \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + n*p + 1, 0]$$

rule 1930

$$\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)}]^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol \\ ] \text{ :> Simp}[c^{(n - 1)}*(c*x)^{(m - n + 1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)})/(b*(m + n*p \\ + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^{(n - j)}*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) \text{ I} \\ nt[(c*x)^{(m - (n - j))}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, p\}, \\ x] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \&\& (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \text{ || GtQ}[c, 0]) \&\& \text{Gt} \\ Q[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + n*p + 1, 0]$$

rule 1938

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[c^IntPart[m]*(c*x)^FracPart[m]*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(F
racPart[m] + j*FracPart[p]))*(a + b*x^(n - j))^FracPart[p]]) Int[x^(m + j*
p)*(a + b*x^(n - j))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !Inte
gerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && PosQ[n - j]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2916(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{1}{3}} b^{\frac{14}{3}} x^{13} + 7533a b^{\frac{11}{3}} x^{10} (x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{1}{3}} + 5373a^2 b^{\frac{8}{3}} x^7 (x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{1}{3}} + 126a^3 b^{\frac{5}{3}} x^4 (x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{1}{3}} - 210a^4 x (x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{1}{3}} + 140a^5 (x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^{\frac{8}{3}}}$

input

```
int((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(7/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/43740/b^(8/3)*(2916*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(1/3)*b^(14/3)*x^13+7533*a*b^(11/3)*
x^10*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(1/3)+5373*a^2*b^(8/3)*x^7*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(1/3)+126*
a^3*b^(5/3)*x^4*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(1/3)-210*a^4*x*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(1/3)*b^(2
/3)+140*a^5*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(1/3))/b^(8/3)+140*a^5*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(1/3)/b
^(1/3)/x^2)*a^5-140*ln((-b^(1/3)*x^2+(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(1/3))/x^2)*a^5+70*ln
((b^(2/3)*x^4+b^(1/3)*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(1/3)*x^2+(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(2/3))/x^4
)*a^5)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} dx = \frac{420 \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} a^5 b \sqrt{-(-b^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \arctan \left( -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \left( (-b^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} bx^2 - 2 (bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} (-b^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) \sqrt{-(-b^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}{b^2 x^2} \right) - 140 (-b^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{b^{\frac{8}{3}}}$$



input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(7/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{43740} \cdot (420 \cdot \sqrt{1/3} \cdot a^5 \cdot b \cdot \sqrt{-(-b^2)^{1/3}} \cdot \arctan(-\sqrt{1/3} \cdot ((-b^2)^{1/3} \cdot b \cdot x^2 - 2 \cdot (b \cdot x^6 + a \cdot x^3)^{1/3} \cdot (-b^2)^{2/3})) \cdot \sqrt{-(-b^2)^{1/3}} / (b^2 \cdot x^2)) - 140 \cdot (-b^2)^{2/3} \cdot a^5 \cdot \log(-((-b^2)^{2/3} \cdot x^2 - (b \cdot x^6 + a \cdot x^3)^{1/3} \cdot b) / x^2) + 70 \cdot (-b^2)^{2/3} \cdot a^5 \cdot \log(-((-b^2)^{1/3} \cdot b \cdot x^4 - (b \cdot x^6 + a \cdot x^3)^{1/3} \cdot (-b^2)^{2/3} \cdot x^2 - (b \cdot x^6 + a \cdot x^3)^{2/3} \cdot b) / x^4) + 3 \cdot (972 \cdot b^6 \cdot x^{13} + 2511 \cdot a \cdot b^5 \cdot x^{10} + 1791 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^4 \cdot x^7 + 42 \cdot a^3 \cdot b^3 \cdot x^4 - 70 \cdot a^4 \cdot b^2 \cdot x) \cdot (b \cdot x^6 + a \cdot x^3)^{1/3} / b^4$$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} dx = \int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{\frac{7}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**6+a*x**3)**(7/3),x)`

output `Integral((a*x**3 + b*x**6)**(7/3), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} dx = \int (bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{7}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(7/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(7/3), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{43740} \left( \frac{3 \left( 70 \left( b + \frac{a}{x^3} \right)^{13/3} - 322 \left( b + \frac{a}{x^3} \right)^{10/3} b - 1245 \left( b + \frac{a}{x^3} \right)^{7/3} b^2 + 665 \left( b + \frac{a}{x^3} \right)^{4/3} b^3 - 140 \left( b + \frac{a}{x^3} \right)^{1/3} b^4 \right) x^{15}}{a^5 b^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(7/3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/43740*(3*(70*(b + a/x^3)^(13/3) - 322*(b + a/x^3)^(10/3)*b - 1245*(b + a/x^3)^(7/3)*b^2 + 665*(b + a/x^3)^(4/3)*b^3 - 140*(b + a/x^3)^(1/3)*b^4)*x^15/(a^5*b^2) - 140*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*(b + a/x^3)^(1/3) + b^(1/3))/b^(1/3))/b^(8/3) - 70*log((b + a/x^3)^(2/3) + (b + a/x^3)^(1/3)*b^(1/3) + b^(2/3))/b^(8/3) + 140*log(abs((b + a/x^3)^(1/3) - b^(1/3)))/b^(8/3))*a^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} dx = \frac{x (bx^6 + ax^3)^{7/3} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{7}{3}, \frac{8}{3}; \frac{11}{3}; -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{8 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{7/3}}$$

input `int((a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(7/3),x)`output `(x*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(7/3)*hypergeom([-7/3, 8/3], 11/3, -(b*x^3)/a))/(8*((b*x^3)/a + 1)^(7/3))`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{7/3} dx = \frac{-70(bx^3 + a)^{1/3} a^4 x^2 + 42(bx^3 + a)^{1/3} a^3 b x^5 + 1791(bx^3 + a)^{1/3} a^2 b^2 x^8 + 2511(bx^3 + a)^{1/3} a b^3 x^{11} + 972(bx^3 + a)^{1/3} b^4 x^{14} + 140 \operatorname{int}((bx^3 + a)^{1/3} x) / (bx^3 + a)^5}{14580b^2}$$

input `int((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(7/3),x)`

output `( - 70*(a + b*x**3)**(1/3)*a**4*x**2 + 42*(a + b*x**3)**(1/3)*a**3*b*x**5 + 1791*(a + b*x**3)**(1/3)*a**2*b**2*x**8 + 2511*(a + b*x**3)**(1/3)*a*b**3*x**11 + 972*(a + b*x**3)**(1/3)*b**4*x**14 + 140*int((a + b*x**3)**(1/3)*x)/(a + b*x**3),x)*a**5)/(14580*b**2)`

### 3.9 $\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	124
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	124
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	127
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	127
Sympy [F] . . . . .	128
Maxima [F] . . . . .	128
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	128
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	129
Reduce [F] . . . . .	129

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} dx = \frac{2a^2x\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{81b} + \frac{2}{27}ax^4\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} + \frac{1}{9}x(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} + \frac{4a^3x^2(a + bx^3)^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 + \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{81\sqrt{3}b^{5/3}(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} + \frac{2a^3x^2(a + bx^3)^{2/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{bx} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}\right)}{81b^{5/3}(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}}$$

output

```
2/81*a^2*x*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3)/b+2/27*a*x^4*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3)+1/9*x*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(4/3)+4/243*a^3*x^2*(b*x^3+a)^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/3)*x/(b*x^3+a)^(1/3))*3^(1/2))/3^(1/2)/b^(5/3)/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3)+2/81*a^3*x^2*(b*x^3+a)^(2/3)*ln(b^(1/3)*x-(b*x^3+a)^(1/3))/b^(5/3)/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} dx = \frac{x^2(a + bx^3)^{2/3} \left( 6a^2b^{2/3}x^2\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} + 45ab^{5/3}x^5\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} + 27b^{8/3}x^8\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} + 4\sqrt{3}a^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}b^{1/3}x}{b^{1/3}x + 2(a + bx^3)^{1/3}}\right) + 4a^3 \log\left[\frac{-b^{1/3}x + (a + bx^3)^{1/3}}{b^{2/3}x^2 + b^{1/3}x(a + bx^3)^{1/3} + (a + bx^3)^{2/3}}\right] \right)}{243b^{5/3}(x^3(a + bx^3))^{2/3}}$$

243

input

```
Integrate[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(4/3),x]
```

output

```
(x^2*(a + b*x^3)^(2/3)*(6*a^2*b^(2/3)*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3) + 45*a*b^(5/3)*x^5*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3) + 27*b^(8/3)*x^8*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3) + 4*Sqrt[3]*a^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[3]*b^(1/3)*x)/(b^(1/3)*x + 2*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3))] + 4*a^3*Log[-(b^(1/3)*x) + (a + b*x^3)^(1/3)] - 2*a^3*Log[b^(2/3)*x^2 + b^(1/3)*x*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3) + (a + b*x^3)^(2/3)))/(243*b^(5/3)*(x^3*(a + b*x^3))^(2/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {1910, 1927, 1930, 1938, 853}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1910$$

$$\frac{4}{9}a \int x^3 \sqrt[3]{bx^6 + ax^3} dx + \frac{1}{9}x(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$\frac{4}{9}a \left( \frac{1}{6}a \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{6}x^4 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} \right) + \frac{1}{9}x(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3}$$

$$\downarrow 1930$$

$$\frac{4}{9}a \left( \frac{1}{6}a \left( \frac{x \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{2/3}} dx}{3b} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x^4 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} \right) + \frac{1}{9}x(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3}$$

$$\downarrow 1938$$

$$\frac{4}{9}a \left( \frac{1}{6}a \left( \frac{x \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{3b} - \frac{2ax^2(a + bx^3)^{2/3} \int \frac{x}{(bx^3 + a)^{2/3}} dx}{3b(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x^4 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} \right) + \frac{1}{9}x(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3}$$

$$\downarrow 853$$

$$\frac{4}{9}a \left( \frac{1}{6}a \left( \frac{x \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{3b} - \frac{2ax^2(a + bx^3)^{2/3} \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{2\sqrt[3]{bx} + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{3b^{2/3}}} - \frac{\log \left( \sqrt[3]{bx} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \right)}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{3b(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x^4 \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} \right) + \frac{1}{9}x(ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3}$$

input

`Int[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(4/3),x]`

output

`(x*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(4/3))/9 + (4*a*((x^4*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3))/6 + (a*((x*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3))/(3*b) - (2*a*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^(2/3)*(-ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/3)*x)/(a + b*x^3)^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])/Sqrt[3]*b^(2/3))) - Log[b^(1/3)*x - (a + b*x^3)^(1/3)]/(2*b^(2/3)))/(3*b*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(2/3)))/6)/9`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 853  $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3)^{(2/3)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b, 3]\}, \text{Simp}[-\text{ArcTan}[(1 + 2*q*(x)/(a + b*x^3)^{(1/3)})/\text{Sqrt}[3]]/(\text{Sqrt}[3]*q^2), x] - \text{Simp}[\text{Log}[q*x - (a + b*x^3)^{(1/3)}]/(2*q^2), x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 1910  $\text{Int}(((a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(n*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[a*(n - j)*(p/(n*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[x^j*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n*p + 1, 0]$

rule 1927  $\text{Int}(((c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[a*(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^{(m + j)}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n*p + 1, 0]$

rule 1930  $\text{Int}(((c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n - 1)}*(c*x)^{(m - n + 1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^{(n - j)}*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^{(m - (n - j))}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n*p + 1, 0]$

rule 1938  $\text{Int}(((c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{\text{IntPart}[m]}*(c*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(x^{(\text{FracPart}[m] + j*\text{FracPart}[p])}*(a + b*x^{(n - j)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}))] \text{ Int}[x^{(m + j*p)}*(a + b*x^{(n - j)})^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, j, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[n - j]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{27(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{1}{3}}b^{\frac{8}{3}}x^7+45ab^{\frac{5}{3}}x^4(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{1}{3}}+6a^2x(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{1}{3}}b^{\frac{2}{3}}-4\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(b^{\frac{1}{3}}x^2+2(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3b^{\frac{1}{3}}x^2}\right)}{243b^{\frac{5}{3}}}$

input `int((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(4/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{243}*(27*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^{(1/3)}*b^{(8/3)}*x^7+45*a*b^{(5/3)}*x^4*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^{(1/3)}+6*a^2*x*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^{(1/3)}*b^{(2/3)}-4*3^{(1/2)}*\arctan(1/3*3^{(1/2)}*(b^{(1/3)}*x^2+2*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^{(1/3)})/b^{(1/3)}/x^2)*a^3+4*\ln((-b^{(1/3)}*x^2+(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^{(1/3)})/x^2)*a^3-2*\ln((b^{(2/3)}*x^4+b^{(1/3)}*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^{(1/3)}*x^2+(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^{(2/3)})/x^4)*a^3)/b^{(5/3)}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} dx = \frac{12\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}a^3(b^2)^{\frac{1}{6}}b\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}\left((b^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}bx^2+2(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}(b^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)(b^2)^{\frac{1}{6}}}{b^2x^2}\right)-4a^3(b^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}\log\left(-\frac{(b^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2-(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}b}{x^2}\right)+2}{243b^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-1/243*(12*\sqrt{1/3}*a^3*(b^2)^{(1/6)}*b*\arctan(\sqrt{1/3}*((b^2)^{(1/3)}*b*x^2+2*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^{(1/3)}*(b^2)^{(2/3)}*(b^2)^{(1/6)})/(b^2*x^2))-4*a^3*(b^2)^{(2/3)}*\log(-((b^2)^{(2/3)}*x^2-(b*x^6+a*x^3)^{(1/3)}*b)/x^2)+2*a^3*(b^2)^{(2/3)}*\log(((b^2)^{(1/3)}*b*x^4+(b*x^6+a*x^3)^{(1/3)}*(b^2)^{(2/3)}*x^2+(b*x^6+a*x^3)^{(2/3)}*b)/x^4)-3*(9*b^4*x^7+15*a*b^3*x^4+2*a^2*b^2*x*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^{(1/3)})/b^3$$



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} dx = \int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{\frac{4}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**6+a*x**3)**(4/3),x)`

output `Integral((a*x**3 + b*x**6)**(4/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} dx = \int (bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{4}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} dx = \frac{1}{243} \left( \frac{3 \left( 2 \left( b + \frac{a}{x^3} \right)^{\frac{7}{3}} + 11 \left( b + \frac{a}{x^3} \right)^{\frac{4}{3}} b - 4 \left( b + \frac{a}{x^3} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^2 \right) x^9}{a^3 b} - \frac{4 \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \left( 2 \left( b + \frac{a}{x^3} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 b^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{b^{\frac{5}{3}}} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/243*(3*(2*(b + a/x^3)^(7/3) + 11*(b + a/x^3)^(4/3)*b - 4*(b + a/x^3)^(1/3)*b^2)*x^9/(a^3*b) - 4*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*(b + a/x^3)^(1/3) + b^(1/3))/b^(1/3))/b^(5/3) - 2*log((b + a/x^3)^(2/3) + (b + a/x^3)^(1/3)*b^(1/3) + b^(2/3))/b^(5/3) + 4*log(abs((b + a/x^3)^(1/3) - b^(1/3)))/b^(5/3))*a^3
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} dx = \frac{x(bx^6 + ax^3)^{4/3} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{4}{3}, \frac{5}{3}; \frac{8}{3}; -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{5\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{4/3}}$$

input

```
int((a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(4/3), x)
```

output

```
(x*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(4/3)*hypergeom([-4/3, 5/3], 8/3, -(b*x^3)/a))/(5*((b*x^3)/a + 1)^(4/3))
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^6)^{4/3} dx = \frac{2(bx^3 + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} a^2 x^2 + 15(bx^3 + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} abx^5 + 9(bx^3 + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^2 x^8 - 4\left(\int \frac{x}{(bx^3 + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx\right) a^3}{81b}$$

input

```
int((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(4/3), x)
```

output

```
(2*(a + b*x**3)**(1/3)*a**2*x**2 + 15*(a + b*x**3)**(1/3)*a*b*x**5 + 9*(a + b*x**3)**(1/3)*b**2*x**8 - 4*int(((a + b*x**3)**(1/3)*x)/(a + b*x**3), x)*a**3)/(81*b)
```

### 3.10 $\int \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} dx$

Optimal result	130
Mathematica [A] (verified)	131
Rubi [A] (verified)	131
Maple [A] (verified)	133
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	133
Sympy [F]	134
Maxima [F]	134
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	134
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	135
Reduce [F]	135

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} dx = \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} - \frac{ax^2(a + bx^3)^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 + \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt{3}b^{2/3}(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} - \frac{ax^2(a + bx^3)^{2/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{bx} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}\right)}{6b^{2/3}(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}}$$

output

```
1/3*x*(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3)-1/9*a*x^2*(b*x^3+a)^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/3)
)*x/(b*x^3+a)^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)/b^(2/3)/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3)-1/6*a*x^
2*(b*x^3+a)^(2/3)*ln(b^(1/3)*x-(b*x^3+a)^(1/3))/b^(2/3)/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3
)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2(a + bx^3)^{2/3} \left( 6b^{2/3}x^2\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} - 2\sqrt{3}a \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{bx+2}\sqrt[3]{a + bx^3}} \right) - 2a \log \left( -\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a + bx^3} \right) + c \right)}{18b^{2/3}(x^3(a + bx^3))^{2/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3),x]
```

output

```
(x^2*(a + b*x^3)^(2/3)*(6*b^(2/3)*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3) - 2*sqrt[3]*a*ArcTan[(sqrt[3]*b^(1/3)*x)/(b^(1/3)*x + 2*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3))] - 2*a*Log[-(b^(1/3)*x) + (a + b*x^3)^(1/3)] + a*Log[b^(2/3)*x^2 + b^(1/3)*x*(a + b*x^3)^(1/3) + (a + b*x^3)^(2/3)])/(18*b^(2/3)*(x^3*(a + b*x^3))^(2/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {1910, 1938, 853}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1910}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}a \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1938}$$

$$\frac{ax^2(a + bx^3)^{2/3} \int \frac{x}{(bx^3+a)^{2/3}} dx}{3(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{3}x \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 853 \\
 \frac{ax^2(a+bx^3)^{2/3} \left( -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx}+1}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3b^{2/3}}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{bx}-\sqrt[3]{a+bx^3}\right)}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{3(ax^3+bx^6)^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt[3]{ax^3+bx^6}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3),x]`

output `(x*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3))/3 + (a*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^(2/3)*(-ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/3)*x)/(a + b*x^3)^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]]/(Sqrt[3]*b^(2/3))) - Log[b^(1/3)*x - (a + b*x^3)^(1/3)]/(2*b^(2/3)))/(3*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(2/3))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 853 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)^(2/3), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b, 3]}, Simp[-ArcTan[(1 + 2*q*(x/(a + b*x^3)^(1/3)))/Sqrt[3]]/(Sqrt[3]*q^2), x] - Simp[Log[q*x - (a + b*x^3)^(1/3)]/(2*q^2), x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 1910 `Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(n*p + 1)), x] + Simp[a*(n - j)*(p/(n*p + 1)) Int[x^j*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[n*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1938 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*(c*x)^FracPart[m]*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(FracPart[m] + j*FracPart[p]))*(a + b*x^(n - j))^FracPart[p])] Int[x^(m + j*p)*(a + b*x^(n - j))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && PosQ[n - j]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{6(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{1}{3}}x b^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(b^{\frac{1}{3}}x^2 + 2(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3b^{\frac{1}{3}}x^2}\right) a - 2\ln\left(\frac{-b^{\frac{1}{3}}x^2 + (x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^2}\right) a + \ln\left(\frac{b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^4 + b^{\frac{1}{3}}(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^2}\right) a}{18b^{\frac{2}{3}}}$

input `int((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/18*(6*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(1/3)*x*b^(2/3)+2*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/2)*(b^(1/3)*x^2+2*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(1/3))/b^(1/3)/x^2)*a-2*ln((-b^(1/3)*x^2+(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(1/3))/x^2)*a+ln((b^(2/3)*x^4+b^(1/3)*(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(1/3)*x^2+(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(2/3))/x^4)*a)/b^(2/3)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} ab \sqrt{-(-b^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}\left((-b^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}bx^2 - 2(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}(-b^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)\sqrt{-(-b^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}{b^2x^2}\right) + 6(bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2x - 2(-b^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{18b^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/18*(6*sqrt(1/3)*a*b*sqrt(-(-b^2)^(1/3))*arctan(-sqrt(1/3)*((-b^2)^(1/3)*b*x^2 - 2*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3)*(-b^2)^(2/3))*sqrt(-(-b^2)^(1/3))/(b^2*x^2)) + 6*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3)*b^2*x - 2*(-b^2)^(2/3)*a*log(-((-b^2)^(2/3)*x^2 - (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3)*b)/x^2) + (-b^2)^(2/3)*a*log(-((-b^2)^(1/3)*b*x^4 - (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3)*(-b^2)^(2/3)*x^2 - (b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(2/3)*b)/x^4))/b^2`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} dx = \int \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**6+a*x**3)**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral((a*x**3 + b*x**6)**(1/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} dx = \int (bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{18} \left( \frac{6 \left(b + \frac{a}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x^3}{a} + \frac{2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2\left(b + \frac{a}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3b^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{b^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{\log\left(\left(b + \frac{a}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + \left(b + \frac{a}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{b^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{2 \log\left(\left(b + \frac{a}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{b^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/18*(6*(b + a/x^3)^(1/3)*x^3/a + 2*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*(b + a/x
^3)^(1/3) + b^(1/3))/b^(1/3))/b^(2/3) + log((b + a/x^3)^(2/3) + (b + a/x^3
)^(1/3)*b^(1/3) + b^(2/3))/b^(2/3) - 2*log(abs((b + a/x^3)^(1/3) - b^(1/3
))/b^(2/3))*a
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} dx = \frac{x (bx^6 + ax^3)^{1/3} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}; \frac{5}{3}; -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{2 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{1/3}}$$

input

```
int((a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
(x*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3)*hypergeom([-1/3, 2/3], 5/3, -(b*x^3)/a))/(2*((b*x
^3)/a + 1)^(1/3))
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6} dx = \frac{(bx^3 + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} x^2}{3} + \frac{\left(\int \frac{x}{(bx^3+a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx\right) a}{3}$$

input

```
int((b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
((a + b*x**3)**(1/3)*x**2 + int(((a + b*x**3)**(1/3)*x)/(a + b*x**3),x)*a
/3
```



### 3.11 $\int \frac{1}{(ax^3+bx^6)^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	136
Mathematica [A] (verified)	136
Rubi [A] (verified)	137
Maple [A] (verified)	138
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	138
Sympy [F]	139
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	139
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	139
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	140
Reduce [F]	140

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{ax^2}$$

output `-(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3)/a/x^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt[3]{x^3(a + bx^3)}}{ax^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(-2/3),x]`

output `-((x^3*(a + b*x^3))^(1/3)/(a*x^2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {1906}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} dx$$

↓ 1906

$$-\frac{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{ax^2}$$

input `Int[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(-2/3),x]`

output `-((a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3)/(a*x^2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1906 `Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n - j)*(p + 1)*x^(n - 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[j*p - n + j + 1, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
trager	$-\frac{(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{ax^2}$	22
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{1}{3}}}{ax^2}$	22
gosper	$-\frac{x(bx^3+a)}{a(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$	27
risch	$-\frac{x(bx^3+a)}{(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{2}{3}}a}$	27
orering	$-\frac{x(bx^3+a)}{a(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$	27

input `int(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(1/3)/a/x^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{ax^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3)/(a*x^2)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x**6+a*x**3)**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((a*x**3 + b*x**6)**(-2/3), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{(bx^3 + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{ax}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b*x^3 + a)^(1/3)/(a*x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{(b + \frac{a}{x^3})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(b + a/x^3)^(1/3)/a`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{1/3}}{ax^2}$$

input `int(1/(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(2/3),x)`

output `-(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3)/(a*x^2)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^3 + a)^{2/3} x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x**3)**(2/3)*x**2),x)`

### 3.12 $\int \frac{1}{(ax^3+bx^6)^{5/3}} dx$

Optimal result	141
Mathematica [A] (verified)	141
Rubi [A] (verified)	142
Maple [A] (verified)	143
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	144
Sympy [F]	144
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	144
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	145
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	145
Reduce [F]	146

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}} dx = -\frac{1}{4ax^2 (ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} + \frac{3bx}{2a^2 (ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} + \frac{9b^2x^4}{4a^3 (ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}}$$

output

$$-1/4/a/x^2/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3)+3/2*b*x/a^2/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3)+9/4*b^2*x^4/a^3/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(2/3)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}} dx = \frac{-a^2 + 6abx^3 + 9b^2x^6}{4a^3x^2(x^3(a + bx^3))^{2/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(-5/3), x]
```

output

$$(-a^2 + 6*a*b*x^3 + 9*b^2*x^6)/(4*a^3*x^2*(x^3*(a + b*x^3))^(2/3))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {1907, 1922, 1906}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1907} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^3(bx^6+ax^3)^{2/3}} dx}{a} + \frac{1}{2ax^2(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1922} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+ax^3)^{2/3}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{4ax^5} \right)}{a} + \frac{1}{2ax^2(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1906} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{3b \sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{4a^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{4ax^5} \right)}{a} + \frac{1}{2ax^2(ax^3 + bx^6)^{2/3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(-5/3),x]`

output `1/(2*a*x^2*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(2/3)) + (3*(-1/4*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3)/(a*x^5) + (3*b*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3))/(4*a^2*x^2)))/a`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1906

```
Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^j +
b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n - j)*(p + 1)*x^(n - 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[j*p - n + j + 1, 0]
```

rule 1907

```
Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(a*x^j +
b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)*x^(j - 1)), x] + Simp[(n*p + n - j + 1)/
(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)) Int[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/x^j, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, j, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(n*p + n - j +
1)/(n - j)], 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{-9b^2x^6-6ax^3b+a^2}{4x^2(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{2}{3}}a^3}$	41
gospers	$-\frac{x(bx^3+a)(-9b^2x^6-6ax^3b+a^2)}{4a^3(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{5}{3}}}$	46
orering	$-\frac{x(bx^3+a)(-9b^2x^6-6ax^3b+a^2)}{4a^3(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{5}{3}}}$	46
trager	$-\frac{(-9b^2x^6-6ax^3b+a^2)(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4(bx^3+a)a^3x^5}$	50
risch	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(-7bx^3+a)}{4a^3x^2(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{b^2x^4}{2a^3(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{2}{3}}}$	62

input

```
int(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output  $-1/4/x^2*(-9*b^2*x^6-6*a*b*x^3+a^2)/(x^3*(b*x^3+a))^(2/3)/a^3$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}} dx = \frac{(9b^2x^6 + 6abx^3 - a^2)(bx^6 + ax^3)^{1/3}}{4(a^3bx^8 + a^4x^5)}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/4*(9*b^2*x^6 + 6*a*b*x^3 - a^2)*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3)/(a^3*b*x^8 + a^4*x^5)$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x**6+a*x**3)**(5/3),x)`

output `Integral((a*x**3 + b*x**6)**(-5/3), x)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}} dx = \frac{9b^2x^6 + 6abx^3 - a^2}{4(bx^3 + a)^{2/3}a^3x^4}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/4*(9*b^2*x^6 + 6*a*b*x^3 - a^2)/((b*x^3 + a)^{(2/3)}*a^3*x^4)$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}} dx = \frac{\frac{2b^2}{a\left(b+\frac{a}{x^3}\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{a^3\left(b+\frac{a}{x^3}\right)^{4/3} - 8a^3\left(b+\frac{a}{x^3}\right)^{1/3}b}{a^4}}{4a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/4*(2*b^2/(a*(b + a/x^3)^{(2/3)}) - (a^3*(b + a/x^3)^{(4/3)} - 8*a^3*(b + a/x^3)^{(1/3)*b)/a^4)/a^2$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}} dx = \frac{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{1/3} (-a^2 + 6abx^3 + 9b^2x^6)}{4a^3x^5(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `int(1/(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(5/3),x)`

output  $((a*x^3 + b*x^6)^{(1/3)}*(9*b^2*x^6 - a^2 + 6*a*b*x^3))/(4*a^3*x^5*(a + b*x^3))$

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^3 + a)^{2/3} ax^5 + (bx^3 + a)^{2/3} bx^8} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x**3)**(2/3)*a*x**5 + (a + b*x**3)**(2/3)*b*x**8),x)`

### 3.13 $\int \frac{1}{(ax^3+bx^6)^{8/3}} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3}} dx = -\frac{1}{7ax^2 (ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}} + \frac{3bx}{7a^2 (ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}} - \frac{27b^2x^4}{7a^3 (ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}} - \frac{81b^3x^7}{7a^4 (ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}} - \frac{243b^4x^{10}}{35a^5 (ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}}$$

output `-1/7/a/x^2/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3)+3/7*b*x/a^2/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3)-27/7*b^2*x^4/a^3/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3)-81/7*b^3*x^7/a^4/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3)-243/35*b^4*x^10/a^5/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(5/3)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3}} dx = \frac{-5a^4 + 15a^3bx^3 - 135a^2b^2x^6 - 405ab^3x^9 - 243b^4x^{12}}{35a^5x^2(x^3(a + bx^3))^{5/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(-8/3), x]`

output

$$\frac{(-5a^4 + 15a^3bx^3 - 135a^2b^2x^6 - 405ab^3x^9 - 243b^4x^{12})}{35a^5x^2(x^3(a + bx^3))^{5/3}}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {1907, 1921, 1922, 1922, 1906}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1907$$

$$\frac{12 \int \frac{1}{x^3(bx^6+ax^3)^{5/3}} dx}{5a} + \frac{1}{5ax^2(ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}}$$

$$\downarrow 1921$$

$$\frac{12 \left( \frac{9 \int \frac{1}{x^6(bx^6+ax^3)^{2/3}} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{2ax^5(ax^3+bx^6)^{2/3}} \right)}{5a} + \frac{1}{5ax^2(ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}}$$

$$\downarrow 1922$$

$$\frac{12 \left( \frac{9 \left( -\frac{6b \int \frac{1}{x^3(bx^6+ax^3)^{2/3}} dx}{7a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{ax^3 + bx^6}}{7ax^8} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{2ax^5(ax^3+bx^6)^{2/3}} \right)}{5a} + \frac{1}{5ax^2(ax^3 + bx^6)^{5/3}}$$

$$\downarrow 1922$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \frac{9 \left( \frac{6b \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+ax^3)^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{ax^3+bx^6}}{4ax^5}}{7a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{ax^3+bx^6}}{7ax^8} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{2ax^5(ax^3+bx^6)^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \frac{5a}{1} \\
 & \frac{5ax^2(ax^3+bx^6)^{5/3}}{1906} \\
 & \left( \frac{9 \left( \frac{6b \left( \frac{3b \sqrt[3]{ax^3+bx^6}}{4a^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{ax^3+bx^6}}{4ax^5} \right) - \frac{\sqrt[3]{ax^3+bx^6}}{7ax^8}}{2a} + \frac{1}{2ax^5(ax^3+bx^6)^{2/3}} \right)}{5a} \right) +
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(-8/3),x]`

output `1/(5*a*x^2*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(5/3)) + (12*(1/(2*a*x^5*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(2/3)) + (9*(-1/7*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3)/(a*x^8) - (6*b*(-1/4*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3))/(a*x^5) + (3*b*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3))/(4*a^2*x^2)))/(7*a)))/(2*a))/(5*a)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1906

```
Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^j +
b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n - j)*(p + 1)*x^(n - 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[j*p - n + j + 1, 0]
```

rule 1907

```
Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(a*x^j +
b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)*x^(j - 1)), x] + Simp[(n*p + n - j + 1)/
(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)) Int[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/x^j, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, j, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(n*p + n - j +
1)/(n - j)], 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1921

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c^j*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))) In
t[(c*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(
n - j)], 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{x(bx^3+a)(243b^4x^{12}+405ab^3x^9+135b^2x^6a^2-15bx^3a^3+5a^4)}{35a^5(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{8}{3}}}$	70
orering	$-\frac{x(bx^3+a)(243b^4x^{12}+405ab^3x^9+135b^2x^6a^2-15bx^3a^3+5a^4)}{35a^5(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{8}{3}}}$	70
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\frac{243}{5}b^4x^{12}+81ab^3x^9+27b^2x^6a^2-3bx^3a^3+a^4}{7(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{2}{3}}x^5(bx^3+a)a^5}$	72
trager	$-\frac{(243b^4x^{12}+405ab^3x^9+135b^2x^6a^2-15bx^3a^3+5a^4)(bx^6+ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{35x^8a^5(bx^3+a)^2}$	74
risch	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(36b^2x^6-5ax^3b+a^2)}{7a^5x^5(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{b^3x^4(9bx^3+10a)}{5(bx^3+a)a^5(x^3(bx^3+a))^{\frac{2}{3}}}$	92

input `int(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(8/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-1/35*x*(b*x^3+a)*(243*b^4*x^12+405*a*b^3*x^9+135*a^2*b^2*x^6-15*a^3*b*x^3+5*a^4)/a^5/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(8/3)$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{(243b^4x^{12} + 405ab^3x^9 + 135a^2b^2x^6 - 15a^3bx^3 + 5a^4)(bx^6 + ax^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{35(a^5b^2x^{14} + 2a^6bx^{11} + a^7x^8)}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(8/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$-1/35*(243*b^4*x^12 + 405*a*b^3*x^9 + 135*a^2*b^2*x^6 - 15*a^3*b*x^3 + 5*a^4)*(b*x^6 + a*x^3)^(1/3)/(a^5*b^2*x^14 + 2*a^6*b*x^11 + a^7*x^8)$$



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{\frac{8}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x**6+a*x**3)**(8/3), x)`

output `Integral((a*x**3 + b*x**6)**(-8/3), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3}} dx = -\frac{243b^4x^{12} + 405ab^3x^9 + 135a^2b^2x^6 - 15a^3bx^3 + 5a^4}{35(a^5bx^{10} + a^6x^7)(bx^3 + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(8/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/35*(243*b^4*x^12 + 405*a*b^3*x^9 + 135*a^2*b^2*x^6 - 15*a^3*b*x^3 + 5*a^4)/((a^5*b*x^10 + a^6*x^7)*(b*x^3 + a)^(2/3))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3}} dx = -\frac{\frac{7 \left(10 \left(b + \frac{a}{x^3}\right) b^3 - b^4\right)}{a \left(b + \frac{a}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{5 \left(a^6 \left(b + \frac{a}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{7}{3}} - 7 a^6 \left(b + \frac{a}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{4}{3}} b + 42 a^6 \left(b + \frac{a}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^2\right)}{a^7}}{35 a^4}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(8/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-1/35*(7*(10*(b + a/x^3)*b^3 - b^4)/(a*(b + a/x^3)^(5/3)) + 5*(a^6*(b + a/x^3)^(7/3) - 7*a^6*(b + a/x^3)^(4/3)*b + 42*a^6*(b + a/x^3)^(1/3)*b^2)/a^7)/a^4$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 20.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3}} dx = \frac{5b(bx^6 + ax^3)^{1/3}}{7a^4x^5} - \frac{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{1/3}}{7a^3x^8} - \frac{(bx^6 + ax^3)^{1/3} \left( \frac{187b^2}{35a^4} + \frac{243b^3x^3}{35a^5} \right)}{x^2(bx^3 + a)} + \frac{b^2(bx^6 + ax^3)^{1/3}}{5a^3x^2(bx^3 + a)^2}$$

input

$$\text{int}(1/(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(8/3), x)$$

output

$$(5*b*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3))/(7*a^4*x^5) - (a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3)/(7*a^3*x^8) - ((a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3)*((187*b^2)/(35*a^4) + (243*b^3*x^3)/(35*a^5)))/(x^2*(a + b*x^3)) + (b^2*(a*x^3 + b*x^6)^(1/3))/(5*a^3*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^2)$$

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^3 + bx^6)^{8/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^3 + a)^{2/3} a^2 x^8 + 2(bx^3 + a)^{2/3} ab x^{11} + (bx^3 + a)^{2/3} b^2 x^{14}} dx$$

input

$$\text{int}(1/(b*x^6+a*x^3)^(8/3), x)$$

output

$$\text{int}(1/((a + b*x**3)**(2/3)*a**2*x**8 + 2*(a + b*x**3)**(2/3)*a*b*x**11 + (a + b*x**3)**(2/3)*b**2*x**14), x)$$

### 3.14 $\int \left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	154
Mathematica [A] (verified)	155
Rubi [A] (verified)	155
Maple [A] (verified)	160
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	160
Sympy [F]	161
Maxima [F]	162
Giac [F(-1)]	162
Mupad [F(-1)]	162
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	163

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{5}{24} \left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(7b + \frac{6c}{x}\right) - \frac{5\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}} \left(b(b^2 + 44ac) + \frac{2c(b^2 + 12ac)}{x}\right)}{64c} + \left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} x + \frac{5}{2} a^{3/2} b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}}\right) + \frac{5(b^4 - 24ab^2c - 48a^2c^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + \frac{2c}{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}}\right)}{128c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-5/24*(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(3/2)*(7*b+6*c/x)-5/64*(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2)*(b*(44*a*c+b^2)+2*c*(12*a*c+b^2)/x)/c+(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(5/2)*x+5/2*a^(3/2)*b*arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b/x)/a^(1/2)/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2))+5/128*(-48*a^2*c^2-24*a*b^2*c+b^4)*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c/x)/c^(1/2)/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \left( a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} dx =$$

$$\sqrt{a + \frac{c+bx}{x^2}} \left( 15(b^4 - 24ab^2c - 48a^2c^2) x^4 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{c+x(b+ax)}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \sqrt{c} \left( \sqrt{c+x(b+ax)} (48c^3 + 15b^3x^3 - 192c^{3/2}x^3) \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c/x^2 + b/x)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
-1/192*(Sqrt[a + (c + b*x)/x^2]*(15*(b^4 - 24*a*b^2*c - 48*a^2*c^2)*x^4*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x - Sqrt[c + x*(b + a*x)])/Sqrt[c]] + Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c + x*(b + a*x)]*(48*c^3 + 15*b^3*x^3 + 8*c^2*x*(17*b + 27*a*x) + 2*c*x^2*(59*b^2 + 278*a*b*x - 96*a^2*x^2)) + 480*a^(3/2)*b*c*x^4*Log[b + 2*a*x - 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + x*(b + a*x)]])))/(c^(3/2)*x^3*Sqrt[c + x*(b + a*x)])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$ , Rules used = {1681, 1161, 1231, 25, 27, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1681$$

$$-\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} x^2 d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 1161$$

$$x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2} \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \left( b + \frac{2c}{x} \right) x d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1231 \\
& x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} - \\
& \frac{5}{2} \left( \frac{1}{12} \left( 7b + \frac{6c}{x} \right) \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} - \frac{\int -c \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \left( 8ab + \frac{b^2 + 12ac}{x} \right) x d \frac{1}{x}}{8c} \right) \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} - \\
& \frac{5}{2} \left( \frac{\int c \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \left( 8ab + \frac{b^2 + 12ac}{x} \right) x d \frac{1}{x}}{8c} + \frac{1}{12} \left( 7b + \frac{6c}{x} \right) \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} - \\
& \frac{5}{2} \left( \frac{1}{8} \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \left( 8ab + \frac{b^2 + 12ac}{x} \right) x d \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{12} \left( 7b + \frac{6c}{x} \right) \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 1231 \\
& x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} - \\
& \frac{5}{2} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \left( \frac{2c(12ac + b^2)}{x} + b(44ac + b^2) \right)}{4c} - \frac{\int - \frac{(64a^2bc - b^4 - 24acb^2 - 48a^2c^2)x}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x}}{4c} \right) + \frac{1}{12} \left( 7b + \frac{6c}{x} \right) \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} - \\
& \frac{5}{2} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(64a^2bc - b^4 - 24acb^2 - 48a^2c^2)x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x}}{8c} + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \left( \frac{2c(12ac + b^2)}{x} + b(44ac + b^2) \right)}{4c} \right) + \frac{1}{12} \left( 7b + \frac{6c}{x} \right) \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 1269
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{5}{2} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{64a^2bc \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}+\frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - (-48a^2c^2 - 24ab^2c + b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}+\frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{8c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}+\frac{c}{x^2}} \left( \frac{2c(12ac+b^2)}{x} + b(44ac - \dots) \right)}{4c} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{5}{2} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{64a^2bc \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}+\frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - 2(-48a^2c^2 - 24ab^2c + b^4) \int \frac{1}{4c-\frac{1}{x^2}} d\frac{b+\frac{2c}{x}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}+\frac{c}{x^2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}+\frac{c}{x^2}} \left( \frac{2c(12ac+b^2)}{x} + b(44ac - \dots) \right)}{4c} \right) \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{5}{2} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{64a^2bc \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}+\frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{(-48a^2c^2 - 24ab^2c + b^4) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{b+\frac{2c}{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}+\frac{c}{x^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{8c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}+\frac{c}{x^2}} \left( \frac{2c(12ac+b^2)}{x} + b(44ac - \dots) \right)}{4c} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{5}{2} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{-128a^2bc \int \frac{1}{4a-\frac{1}{x^2}} d\frac{2a+\frac{b}{x}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}+\frac{c}{x^2}}} - \frac{(-48a^2c^2 - 24ab^2c + b^4) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{b+\frac{2c}{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}+\frac{c}{x^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{8c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}+\frac{c}{x^2}} \left( \frac{2c(12ac+b^2)}{x} + b(44ac - \dots) \right)}{4c} \right) \right)$$

↓ 219

$$x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{-64a^{3/2}bc \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \right) - \frac{(-48a^2c^2 - 24ab^2c + b^4) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{b + \frac{2c}{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{8c} + \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \left( \frac{2c(12ac}{x} \right. \right. \right.$$

input `Int[(a + c/x^2 + b/x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(a + c/x^2 + b/x)^(5/2)*x - (5*((a + c/x^2 + b/x)^(3/2)*(7*b + (6*c)/x))/12 + ((Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x]*(b*(b^2 + 44*a*c) + (2*c*(b^2 + 12*a*c))/x))/(4*c) + (-64*a^(3/2)*b*c*ArcTanh[(2*a + b/x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x]]) - ((b^4 - 24*a*b^2*c - 48*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[(b + (2*c)/x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x])])/Sqrt[c])/(8*c))/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154

```
Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1161

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[p/(e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(b + 2*c*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || LtQ[m, -1]) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1231

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1681

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n + c/x^(2*n))^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(556abcx^3+15b^3x^3+216ac^2x^2+118b^2cx^2+136b^2c^2x+48c^3)\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}}}{192x^3c} + \left( -\frac{(240a^2c^2+120ab^2c-5b^4)\ln\left(\frac{2c+bx+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right)$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}x\left(-360\ln\left(\frac{2c+bx+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}}{x}\right)c^{\frac{7}{2}}a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2x^4+660a^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}b^2c^3x^4+152a^{\frac{7}{2}}(ax^2+bx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}bcx^5-152a^{\frac{5}{2}}\right)}{192x^3c}$

input `int((a+c/x^2+b/x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-1/192*(556*a*b*c*x^3+15*b^3*x^3+216*a*c^2*x^2+118*b^2*c*x^2+136*b*c^2*x+48*c^3)/x^3/c*((a*x^2+b*x+c)/x^2)^(1/2)+1/128/c*(-(240*a^2*c^2+120*a*b^2*c-5*b^4)/c^(1/2)*\ln((2*c+b*x+2*c^(1/2)*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2))/x)+384*a^(3/2)*b*c*\ln((1/2*b+x*a)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2))+128*a^3*c*(1/a*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2))-1/2*b/a^(3/2)*\ln((1/2*b+x*a)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2))))*((a*x^2+b*x+c)/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2)$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 959, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.70

$$\int \left( a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+c/x^2+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/768*(960*a^(3/2)*b*c^2*x^3*log(-8*a^2*x^2 - 8*a*b*x - b^2 - 4*a*c - 4*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)) - 15*(b^4 - 24*a*b^2*c - 48*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(c)*x^3*log(-(8*b*c*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 + 8*c^2 - 4*(b*x^2 + 2*c*x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/x^2) + 4*(192*a^2*c^2*x^4 - 136*b*c^3*x - 48*c^4 - (15*b^3*c + 556*a*b*c^2)*x^3 - 2*(59*b^2*c^2 + 108*a*c^3)*x^2)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/(c^2*x^3), -1/768*(1920*sqrt(-a)*a*b*c^2*x^3*arctan(1/2*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)/(a^2*x^2 + a*b*x + a*c)) + 15*(b^4 - 24*a*b^2*c - 48*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(c)*x^3*log(-(8*b*c*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 + 8*c^2 - 4*(b*x^2 + 2*c*x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/x^2) - 4*(192*a^2*c^2*x^4 - 136*b*c^3*x - 48*c^4 - (15*b^3*c + 556*a*b*c^2)*x^3 - 2*(59*b^2*c^2 + 108*a*c^3)*x^2)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/(c^2*x^3), 1/384*(480*a^(3/2)*b*c^2*x^3*log(-8*a^2*x^2 - 8*a*b*x - b^2 - 4*a*c - 4*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)) - 15*(b^4 - 24*a*b^2*c - 48*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(-c)*x^3*arctan(1/2*(b*x^2 + 2*c*x)*sqrt(-c)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)/(a*c*x^2 + b*c*x + c^2)) + 2*(192*a^2*c^2*x^4 - 136*b*c^3*x - 48*c^4 - (15*b^3*c + 556*a*b*c^2)*x^3 - 2*(59*b^2*c^2 + 108*a*c^3)*x^2)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/(c^2*x^3), -1/384*(960*sqrt(-a)*a*b*c^2*x^3*arctan(1/2*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)/(a^2*x^2 + a*b*x + a*c)) + 15*(b^4 - 24*a*b^2*c - 48*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(-c)*x^3*arctan(1/2*(b*x^2 + 2*c*x)*sqrt(-c)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)/(a*c*x^2 + b*c*x + c^2)))]
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \left( a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} dx = \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+c/x**2+b/x)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b/x + c/x**2)**(5/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \left( a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} dx = \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+c/x^2+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x + c/x^2)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+c/x^2+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} dx = \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/x + c/x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b/x + c/x^2)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \left( a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} dx = \frac{384\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}a^2c^2x^4 - 1112\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}abc^2x^3 - 432\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}ac^3x^2 - 30\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}a^2c^2x^4 - 1112\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}abc^2x^3 - 432\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}ac^3x^2 - 30\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}a^2c^2x^4 - 1112\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}abc^2x^3 - 432\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}ac^3x^2 - 30\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}a^2c^2x^4}{(384c^2x^4)}$$

input

```
int((a+c/x^2+b/x)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(384*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*a**2*c**2*x**4 - 1112*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*a
*b*c**2*x**3 - 432*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*a*c**3*x**2 - 30*sqrt(a*x**2 + b
*x + c)*b**3*c*x**3 - 236*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*b**2*c**2*x**2 - 272*sqrt
(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*b*c**3*x - 96*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*c**4 + 960*sqrt(a)
*log(- 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) - 2*a*x - b)*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 720*
sqrt(c)*log(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) - b*x - 2*c)*a**2*c**2*x**4 +
360*sqrt(c)*log(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) - b*x - 2*c)*a*b**2*c*x**
*4 - 15*sqrt(c)*log(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) - b*x - 2*c)*b**4*x**
4 - 720*sqrt(c)*log(x)*a**2*c**2*x**4 - 360*sqrt(c)*log(x)*a*b**2*c*x**4 +
15*sqrt(c)*log(x)*b**4*x**4)/(384*c**2*x**4)
```

### 3.15 $\int \left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{3}{4} \sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}} \left(3b + \frac{2c}{x}\right) + \left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} x$$

$$+ \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{a} b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}}\right) - \frac{3(b^2 + 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + \frac{2c}{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
-3/4*(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2)*(3*b+2*c/x)+(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(3/2)*x+3/2*a^(1/2)*b*a
rctanh(1/2*(2*a+b/x)/a^(1/2)/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2))-3/8*(4*a*c+b^2)*arctanh(
1/2*(b+2*c/x)/c^(1/2)/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{c+bx}{x^2}} \left(3(b^2 + 4ac) x^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{c+x(b+ax)}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) - \sqrt{c} \left((2c + x(5b - 4ax)) \sqrt{c + x(b + ax)}\right)\right)}{4\sqrt{cx} \sqrt{c + x(b + ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c/x^2 + b/x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + (c + b*x)/x^2]*(3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x - Sqrt[c + x*(b + a*x)])/Sqrt[c]] - Sqrt[c]*((2*c + x*(5*b - 4*a*x))*Sqrt[c + x*(b + a*x)] + 6*Sqrt[a]*b*x^2*Log[b + 2*a*x - 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + x*(b + a*x)]]))/(4*Sqrt[c]*x*Sqrt[c + x*(b + a*x)])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$ , Rules used = {1681, 1161, 1231, 25, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1681 \\
 & - \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1161 \\
 & x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2} \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \left( b + \frac{2c}{x} \right) x d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1231 \\
 & x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 3b + \frac{2c}{x} \right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{c(4ab + \frac{b^2 + 4ac}{x})x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{4c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& x\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{c(4ab + \frac{b^2 + 4ac}{x})x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{4c} + \frac{1}{2} \left(3b + \frac{2c}{x}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& x\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(4ab + \frac{b^2 + 4ac}{x})x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2} \left(3b + \frac{2c}{x}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
& x\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \\
& \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4ac + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} + 4ab \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(3b + \frac{2c}{x}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
& x\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \\
& \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 2(4ac + b^2) \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{1}{x^2}} d\frac{b + \frac{2c}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} + 4ab \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(3b + \frac{2c}{x}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& x\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \\
& \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 4ab \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{(4ac + b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + \frac{2c}{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(3b + \frac{2c}{x}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1154 \\
& x\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \\
& \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(4ac + b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + \frac{2c}{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 8ab \int \frac{1}{4a - \frac{1}{x^2}} d\frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(3b + \frac{2c}{x}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} - \\
 & \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(4ac + b^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{b + \frac{2c}{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 4\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( 3b + \frac{2c}{x} \right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + c/x^2 + b/x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(a + c/x^2 + b/x)^(3/2)*x - (3*((Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x]*(3*b + (2*c)/x))/2 + (-4*Sqrt[a]*b*ArcTanh[(2*a + b/x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x]]) + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + (2*c)/x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x])])/Sqrt[c])/4))/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`



rule 1154  $\text{Int}[1/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1161  $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p/(e*(m + 1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(b + 2*c*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{LtQ}[m, -1]) \&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \&\& \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]$

rule 1231  $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)}*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - \text{Simp}[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}*\text{Simp}[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[p] || !\text{RationalQ}[m] || (\text{GeQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, 0])) \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

rule 1269  $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)}*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 1681  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n + c/x^{(2*n)})^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(5bx+2c)\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}}{4x} + \left( \frac{3\sqrt{c} \ln\left(\frac{2c+bx+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}}{x}\right)}{2} - \frac{3 \ln\left(\frac{2c+bx+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}}{x}\right)b^2}{8\sqrt{c}} + a\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c} + \frac{3b\sqrt{a} \ln\left(\frac{2c+bx+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}} \right)$
default	$-\frac{\left(\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x \left(12a^{\frac{5}{2}} c^{\frac{5}{2}} \ln\left(\frac{2c+bx+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}}{x}\right) x^2 - 2a^{\frac{5}{2}} (ax^2+bx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b x^3 - 4a^{\frac{5}{2}} (ax^2+bx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} c x^2 - 6a^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{ax^2+bx+c} \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((a+c/x^2+b/x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*(5*b*x+2*c)/x*((a*x^2+b*x+c)/x^2)^(1/2)+(-3/2*c^(1/2)*ln((2*c+b*x+2*c)^(1/2)*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2))/x)*a-3/8/c^(1/2)*ln((2*c+b*x+2*c)^(1/2)*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2))/x)*b^2+a*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2)+3/2*b*a^(1/2)*ln((1/2*b+x*a)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2)))*((a*x^2+b*x+c)/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 709, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.89

$$\int \left( a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a+c/x^2+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(12*sqrt(a)*b*c*x*log(-8*a^2*x^2 - 8*a*b*x - b^2 - 4*a*c - 4*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)) + 3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*sqrt(c)*x*log(-8*b*c*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 + 8*c^2 - 4*(b*x^2 + 2*c*x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/x^2 + 4*(4*a*c*x^2 - 5*b*c*x - 2*c^2)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/(c*x), -1/16*(24*sqrt(-a)*b*c*x*arctan(1/2*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)/(a^2*x^2 + a*b*x + a*c)) - 3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*sqrt(c)*x*log(-8*b*c*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 + 8*c^2 - 4*(b*x^2 + 2*c*x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/x^2 - 4*(4*a*c*x^2 - 5*b*c*x - 2*c^2)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/(c*x), 1/8*(6*sqrt(a)*b*c*x*log(-8*a^2*x^2 - 8*a*b*x - b^2 - 4*a*c - 4*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)) + 3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*sqrt(-c)*x*arctan(1/2*(b*x^2 + 2*c*x)*sqrt(-c)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)/(a*c*x^2 + b*c*x + c^2)) + 2*(4*a*c*x^2 - 5*b*c*x - 2*c^2)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/(c*x), -1/8*(12*sqrt(-a)*b*c*x*arctan(1/2*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)/(a^2*x^2 + a*b*x + a*c)) - 3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*sqrt(-c)*x*arctan(1/2*(b*x^2 + 2*c*x)*sqrt(-c)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)/(a*c*x^2 + b*c*x + c^2)) - 2*(4*a*c*x^2 - 5*b*c*x - 2*c^2)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/(c*x)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \left( a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+c/x**2+b/x)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b/x + c/x**2)**(3/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \left( a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+c/x^2+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `integrate((a + b/x + c/x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+c/x^2+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/x + c/x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((a + b/x + c/x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \left( a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}acx^2 - 10\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}bcx - 4\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}c^2 + 12\sqrt{a} \log(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c})}{12\sqrt{a}}$$

input `int((a+c/x^2+b/x)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(8*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*a*c*x**2 - 10*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*b*c*x - 4*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*c**2 + 12*sqrt(a)*log(- 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) - 2*a*x - b)*b*c*x**2 + 12*sqrt(c)*log(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) - b*x - 2*c)*a*c*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*log(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) - b*x - 2*c)*b**2*x**2 - 12*sqrt(c)*log(x)*a*c*x**2 - 3*sqrt(c)*log(x)*b**2*x**2)/(8*c*x**2)
```

### 3.16 $\int \sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}} dx = \sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}} x + \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}} - \sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + \frac{2c}{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}}\right)$$

output

$$\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1/2} x + \frac{1}{2} b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1/2 * (2a + b/x)}{a^{1/2} \left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1/2}}\right) / a^{1/2} - c^{1/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1/2 * (b + 2c/x)}{c^{1/2} \left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1/2}}\right)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{a + \frac{c+bx}{x^2}} \left( 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c + x(b+ax)} + 4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{c+x(b+ax)}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \right) - b \log\left(b + 2ax - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c + x(b+ax)}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c + x(b+ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x],x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[a + (c + b*x)/x^2]*(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + x*(b + a*x)] + 4*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x - Sqrt[c + x*(b + a*x)])/Sqrt[c]] - b*Log[b + 2*a*x - 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + x*(b + a*x)]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + x*(b + a*x)])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$ , Rules used = {1681, 1161, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1681 \\
 & - \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1161 \\
 & x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(b + \frac{2c}{x}) x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( -2c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - b \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} \right) + x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( -4c \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{1}{x^2}} d\frac{b + \frac{2c}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} - b \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} \right) + x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -b \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - 2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{b + \frac{2c}{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \right) \right) + x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 2b \int \frac{1}{4a - \frac{1}{x^2}} d\frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} - 2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{b + \frac{2c}{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \right) \right) + x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\operatorname{barctanh} \left( \frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}} - 2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{b + \frac{2c}{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \right) \right) + x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x],x]`

output `Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x]*x + ((b*ArcTanh[(2*a + b/x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x]]))/Sqrt[a] - 2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(b + (2*c)/x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x]]))/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`



rule 1161 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[p/(e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(b + 2*c*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || LtQ[m, -1]) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1681 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n + c/x^(2*n))^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}} x \left( -2\sqrt{c} \ln\left(\frac{2c+bx+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}}{x}\right) \sqrt{a} + b \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}\sqrt{a+2xa+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) + 2\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}\sqrt{a} \right)}{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}\sqrt{a}}$	121

input `int((a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \left( \frac{(ax^2+bx+c)}{x^2} \right)^{1/2} \cdot x \cdot \left( -2c^{1/2} \cdot \ln\left( \frac{(2c+bx+2c^{1/2}) \cdot (ax^2+bx+c)^{1/2}}{x} \right) + a^{1/2} + b \cdot \ln\left( \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{(2 \cdot (ax^2+bx+c)^{1/2} \cdot a^{1/2} + 2 \cdot x \cdot a + b)}{a^{1/2}} \right) + 2 \cdot (ax^2+bx+c)^{1/2} \cdot a^{1/2} \right) / \left( (ax^2+bx+c)^{1/2} / a^{1/2} \right)$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 590, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.62

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4ax\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}} + \sqrt{ab} \log\left(-8a^2x^2 - 8abx - b^2 - 4ac - 4(2ax^2 + bx)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}}\right) + 2a\sqrt{c} \log\left(\dots\right)}{4a}$$

input `integrate((a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(4*a*x*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2) + sqrt(a)*b*log(-8*a^2*x^2 - 8*a*b*x - b^2 - 4*a*c - 4*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)) + 2*a*sqrt(c)*log(-(8*b*c*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 + 8*c^2 - 4*(b*x^2 + 2*c*x))*sqrt(c)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/x^2)/a, 1/2*(2*a*x*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2) - sqrt(-a)*b*arctan(1/2*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)/(a^2*x^2 + a*b*x + a*c)) + a*sqrt(c)*log(-(8*b*c*x + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2 + 8*c^2 - 4*(b*x^2 + 2*c*x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/x^2))/a, 1/4*(4*a*x*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2) + 4*a*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*(b*x^2 + 2*c*x)*sqrt(-c)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)/(a*c*x^2 + b*c*x + c^2)) + sqrt(a)*b*log(-8*a^2*x^2 - 8*a*b*x - b^2 - 4*a*c - 4*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)))/a, 1/2*(2*a*x*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2) - sqrt(-a)*b*arctan(1/2*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)/(a^2*x^2 + a*b*x + a*c)) + 2*a*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*(b*x^2 + 2*c*x)*sqrt(-c)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)/(a*c*x^2 + b*c*x + c^2)))/a]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+c/x**2+b/x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b/x + c/x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/x + c/x^2), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Degree mismatch inside factorisation over extensionNot implemented, e.g. for multivariate mod/approx polynomialsError:`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\begin{aligned} \int \sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}} dx &= x \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}} \\ &\quad - \sqrt{c} x \ln \left( \frac{2c + 2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c} + bx}{x} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}} \\ &\quad + \frac{bx \ln \left( \frac{\frac{b}{2} + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c} + ax}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b/x + c/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `x*(1/x^2)^(1/2)*(c + b*x + a*x^2)^(1/2) - c^(1/2)*x*log((2*c + 2*c^(1/2)*(c + b*x + a*x^2)^(1/2) + b*x)/x)*(1/x^2)^(1/2) + (b*x*log((b/2 + a^(1/2)*(c + b*x + a*x^2)^(1/2) + a*x)/a^(1/2)))*(1/x^2)^(1/2))/(2*a^(1/2))`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 828, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.89

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b - 4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) + 2*a*x + b)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b - 4*a*c - b**2)) *a*c - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b - 4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) + 2*a*x + b)/sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b - 4*a*c - b**2)) *a*b + 8*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*a**2*c - 2*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*a*b**2 + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b + 4*a*c + b**2)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) - sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b + 4*a*c + b**2) + 2*a*x + b)*a*c - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b + 4*a*c + b**2)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) + sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b + 4*a*c + b**2) + 2*a*x + b)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b + 4*a*c + b**2)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) - sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b + 4*a*c + b**2) + 2*a*x + b)*a*b + sqrt(c)*sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b + 4*a*c + b**2)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) + sqrt(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b + 4*a*c + b**2) + 2*a*x + b)*a*b + 4*sqrt(a)*log((2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) + 2*a*x + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a*b*c - sqrt(a)*log((2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) + 2*a*x + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*b**3 - 4*sqrt(c)*log(8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c))*a*x + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*b + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b + 8*a**2*x**2 + 8*a*b*x)*a**2*c + sqrt(c)*log(8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c))*a*x + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*b + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b + 8*a**2*x**2 + 8*a*b*x)*a*b**2 + 4*sqrt(c)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c))...`

**3.17**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	180
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}} x}{a} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}}$$

output

$(a+c/x^2+b/x)^{(1/2)}*x/a-1/2*b*\arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b/x)/a^{(1/2)}/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^{(1/2)})/a^{(3/2)}$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}(c + x(b + ax)) - b\sqrt{c + x(b + ax)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2ax}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+x(b+ax)}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}x\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2}}}$$

input

`Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x], x]`

output

$$\frac{(2\sqrt{a}(c + x(b + ax)) - b\sqrt{c + x(b + ax)}\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{b + 2ax}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c + x(b + ax)}}])}{(2a^{3/2}x\sqrt{a + (c + bx)/x^2})}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {1681, 1157, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1681} \\ & - \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1157} \\ & \frac{b \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} + \frac{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}{a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1154} \\ & \frac{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{4a - \frac{1}{x^2}} d\frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}}{a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\ & \frac{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}{a} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{a + c/x^2 + b/x}, x]$$

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[a + c/x^2 + b/x]*x)/a - (b*\text{ArcTanh}[(2*a + b/x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[a + c/x^2 + b/x]))/(2*a^{(3/2)})$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{/; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1154  $\text{Int}[1/(((d_.) + (e_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] \text{/; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1157  $\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_.) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[e*(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{/; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0]$

rule 1681  $\text{Int}((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{:>} -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n + c/x^{(2*n)})^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] \text{/; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c} \left( 2\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c} a^{\frac{3}{2}} - b \ln \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}\sqrt{a+2xa+b}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right) a \right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}} x a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	88
risch	$\frac{a x^2+bx+c}{a\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}} x} - \frac{b \ln \left( \frac{\frac{b}{2}+\frac{xa}{\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}} x}$	97

input `int(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/2*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^{(1/2)}*(2*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^{(1/2)}*a^{(3/2)}-b*\ln(1/2*(2*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}+2*x*a+b)/a^{(1/2)})*a)/((a*x^2+b*x+c)/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x/a^{(5/2)}$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{4ax\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}} + \sqrt{ab} \log\left(-8a^2x^2 - 8abx - b^2 - 4ac + 4(2ax^2 + bx)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}}\right)}{4a^2}, \frac{2ax\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}}}{a^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[1/4*(4*a*x*\sqrt{(a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2}) + \sqrt{a}*b*\log(-8*a^2*x^2 - 8*a*b*x - b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{(a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2})]/a^2, 1/2*(2*a*x*\sqrt{(a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2}) + \sqrt{-a}*b*\arctan(1/2*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*\sqrt{-a}*\sqrt{(a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2}/(a^2*x^2 + a*b*x + a*c))]/a^2]$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+c/x**2+b/x)**(1/2),x)`



output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b/x + c/x**2), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(a + b/x + c/x^2), x)`

### Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Degree mismatch inside factorisation over extensionNot implemented, e.g. for multivariate mod/approx polynomialsError:`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}{a} - \frac{b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a + \frac{b}{2x}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}\right)}{2 a^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b/x + c/x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(x*(a + b/x + c/x^2)^(1/2))/a - (b*atanh((a + b/(2*x))/(a^(1/2)*(a + b/x + c/x^2)^(1/2))))/(2*a^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}a - \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c} + 2ax + b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}}\right) b}{2a^2}$$

input `int(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*a - sqrt(a)*log((2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) + 2*a*x + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*b)/(2*a**2)`

**3.18**  $\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	187
Rubi [A] (verified)	187
Maple [A] (verified)	190
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	190
Sympy [F]	191
Maxima [F]	191
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	192
Mupad [F(-1)]	192
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	193

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b(3b^2 - 10ac) + \frac{c(3b^2 - 8ac)}{x}}{a^2 (b^2 - 4ac) \sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{x}{a \sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}} - \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}}$$

output (b\*(-10\*a\*c+3\*b^2)+c\*(-8\*a\*c+3\*b^2)/x)/a^2/(-4\*a\*c+b^2)/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2)+x/a/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2)-3/2\*b\*arctanh(1/2\*(2\*a+b/x)/a^(1/2)/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}(-3b^3x + 10abcx + 4ac(2c + ax^2) - b^2(3c + ax^2)) - 3b(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{c + x(b + ax)} \log\left(a^2(b + 2ax - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c + x(b + ax)})\right)}{2a^{5/2}(b^2 - 4ac)x\sqrt{a + \frac{c+bx}{x^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c/x^2 + b/x)^(-3/2),x]`

output `-1/2*(2*Sqrt[a]*(-3*b^3*x + 10*a*b*c*x + 4*a*c*(2*c + a*x^2) - b^2*(3*c + a*x^2)) - 3*b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[c + x*(b + a*x)]*Log[a^2*(b + 2*a*x - 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + x*(b + a*x)])])/(a^(5/2)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*x*Sqrt[a + (c + b*x)/x^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$ , Rules used = {1681, 1165, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1681

$$- \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 1165

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{(3b^2 + \frac{2cb}{x} - 8ac)x^2}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a(b^2 - 4ac)} - \frac{2x(-2ac + b^2 + \frac{bc}{x})}{a(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(3b^2 + \frac{2cb}{x} - 8ac)x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a(b^2 - 4ac)} - \frac{2x(-2ac + b^2 + \frac{bc}{x})}{a(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1228 \\
 & -\frac{3b(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} - \frac{x(3b^2 - 8ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}{a} - \frac{2x(-2ac + b^2 + \frac{bc}{x})}{a(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1154 \\
 & -\frac{3b(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{4a - \frac{1}{x^2}} d\frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}}{a} - \frac{x(3b^2 - 8ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}{a} - \frac{2x(-2ac + b^2 + \frac{bc}{x})}{a(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & -\frac{3b(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}} - \frac{x(3b^2 - 8ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}{a} - \frac{2x(-2ac + b^2 + \frac{bc}{x})}{a(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + c/x^2 + b/x)^(-3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + (b*c)/x)*x)/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x]) - ( -(((3*b^2 - 8*a*c)*Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x]*x)/a) + (3*b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b/x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x])])/(2*a^(3/2)))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c))`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`
- rule 1165 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(m + p + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`
- rule 1228 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`
- rule 1681 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n + c/x^(2*n))^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result
default	$\frac{(ax^2+bx+c)\left(8a^{\frac{7}{2}}cx^2-2a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2x^2+20a^{\frac{5}{2}}bcx-6a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3x+16a^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2-6a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2c-12\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}\sqrt{a+2xa+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}a^2bc+3\ln\left(\frac{2a^{\frac{7}{2}}\left(\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3(4ac-b^2)}{2a^{\frac{7}{2}}\left(\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3(4ac-b^2)}\right)}{2a^{\frac{7}{2}}\left(\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3(4ac-b^2)}$
risch	$\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{a^2\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}}x} + \left( \frac{c}{a^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}} - \frac{b^2}{4a^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}} - \frac{b^3x}{2a^2(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}} - \frac{b^4}{4a^3(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}} + \frac{3bx}{2a^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}} - \frac{3}{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx+c}} \right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+bx+c}{x^2}}x}$

input

```
int(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*(a*x^2+b*x+c)/a^(7/2)*(8*a^(7/2)*c*x^2-2*a^(5/2)*b^2*x^2+20*a^(5/2)*b*c*x-6*a^(3/2)*b^3*x+16*a^(5/2)*c^2-6*a^(3/2)*b^2*c-12*ln(1/2*(2*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*x*a+b)/a^(1/2))*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c+3*ln(1/2*(2*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*x*a+b)/a^(1/2))*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2)*a*b^3)/((a*x^2+b*x+c)/x^2)^(3/2)/x^3/(4*a*c-b^2)
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs. 2(111) = 222.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 465, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.72

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(b^3c - 4abc^2 + (ab^3 - 4a^2bc)x^2 + (b^4 - 4ab^2c)x)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{-8a^2x^2 - 8abx - b^2}{4(a^3b^2c - \dots)}\right)}{4(a^3b^2c - \dots)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(3*(b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2 + (a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*x^2 + (b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c)*x)
)*sqrt(a)*log(-8*a^2*x^2 - 8*a*b*x - b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(
a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)) + 4*((a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*x^3 + (3*a*b^3 -
10*a^2*b*c)*x^2 + (3*a*b^2*c - 8*a^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/
(a^3*b^2*c - 4*a^4*c^2 + (a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)*x^2 + (a^3*b^3 - 4*a^4*b*c)*x
), 1/2*(3*(b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2 + (a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*x^2 + (b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c)
*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^
2)/(a^2*x^2 + a*b*x + a*c)) + 2*((a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*x^3 + (3*a*b^3 - 10*a
^2*b*c)*x^2 + (3*a*b^2*c - 8*a^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/(a^3
*b^2*c - 4*a^4*c^2 + (a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)*x^2 + (a^3*b^3 - 4*a^4*b*c)*x)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+c/x**2+b/x)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b/x + c/x**2)**(-3/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((a + b/x + c/x^2)^(-3/2), x)
```



**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs.  $2(111) = 222$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(3b^3 \log(|b - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}|) - 12abc \log(|b - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}|) + 6\sqrt{ab^2}\sqrt{c} - 16a^{\frac{3}{2}}c^{\frac{3}{2}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2\left(a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2 - 4a^{\frac{7}{2}}c\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{(ab^2 - 4a^2c)x}{a^2b^2\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 4a^3c\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{3b^3 - 10abc}{a^2b^2\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 4a^3c\operatorname{sgn}(x)}\right)x + \frac{3b^2c - 8ac^2}{a^2b^2\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 4a^3c\operatorname{sgn}(x)}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}}$$

$$+ \frac{3b \log(|2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c})\sqrt{a} + b|)}{2a^{\frac{5}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(3*b^3*log(abs(b - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))) - 12*a*b*c*log(abs(b - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))) + 6*sqrt(a)*b^2*sqrt(c) - 16*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2))*sgn(x)/(a^(5/2)*b^2 - 4*a^(7/2)*c) + (((a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*x/(a^2*b^2*sgn(x) - 4*a^3*c*sgn(x)) + (3*b^3 - 10*a*b*c)/(a^2*b^2*sgn(x) - 4*a^3*c*sgn(x)))*x + (3*b^2*c - 8*a*c^2)/(a^2*b^2*sgn(x) - 4*a^3*c*sgn(x)))/sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x + c) + 3/2*b*log(abs(2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x + c))*sqrt(a) + b))/(a^(5/2)*sgn(x))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b/x + c/x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b/x + c/x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.99

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}a^3cx^2 - 2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}a^2b^2x^2 + 20\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}a^2bcx + 16\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}a^2c^2x - 6\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}ab^3x - 6\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}ab^2c - 12\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c} + 2ax + b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}}\right)a^2b^2cx^2 + 3\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c} + 2ax + b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}}\right)ab^3x^2 - 12\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c} + 2ax + b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}}\right)ab^2cx - 12\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c} + 2ax + b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}}\right)ab^2c^2 + 3\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c} + 2ax + b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}}\right)b^4x + 3\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c} + 2ax + b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}}\right)b^3c + 12\sqrt{a}a^2b^2cx^2 - 4\sqrt{a}ab^3x^2 + 12\sqrt{a}ab^2cx + 12\sqrt{a}ab^2c^2 - 4\sqrt{a}b^4x - 4\sqrt{a}b^3c}{2a^3(4a^2cx^2 - ab^2x^2 + 4abcx + 4ac^2 - b^3x - b^2c)}$$

input `int(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(8*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*a**3*c*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 20*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*a**2*b*c*x + 16*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*a**2*c**2 - 6*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*a*b**3*x - 6*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c)*a*b**2*c - 12*sqrt(a)*log((2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) + 2*a*x + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a**2*b*c*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*log((2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) + 2*a*x + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a*b**3*x**2 - 12*sqrt(a)*log((2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) + 2*a*x + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a*b**2*c*x - 12*sqrt(a)*log((2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) + 2*a*x + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a*b*c**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*log((2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) + 2*a*x + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*b**4*x + 3*sqrt(a)*log((2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b*x + c) + 2*a*x + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*b**3*c + 12*sqrt(a)*a**2*b*c*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*a*b**3*x**2 + 12*sqrt(a)*a*b**2*c*x + 12*sqrt(a)*a*b*c**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*b**4*x - 4*sqrt(a)*b**3*c)/(2*a**3*(4*a**2*c*x**2 - a*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b*c*x + 4*a*c**2 - b**3*x - b**2*c))
```

**3.19** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{b(5b^2 - 18ac) + \frac{c(5b^2 - 16ac)}{x}}{3a^2(b^2 - 4ac)\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{b(15b^4 - 110ab^2c + 184a^2c^2) + \frac{c(15b^4 - 100ab^2c + 128a^2c^2)}{x}}{3a^3(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{x}{a\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} - \frac{5b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}}}\right)}{2a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(b*(-18*a*c+5*b^2)+c*(-16*a*c+5*b^2)/x)/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(3/2)+1/3*(b*(184*a^2*c^2-110*a*b^2*c+15*b^4)+c*(128*a^2*c^2-100*a*b^2*c+15*b^4)/x)/a^3/(-4*a*c+b^2)^2/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2)+x/a/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(3/2)-5/2*b*arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b/x)/a^(1/2)/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}(c+x(b+ax))(15b^6x^2+8a^2bc^2x(39c+32ax^2)-2ab^3cx(105c+74ax^2)+10b^5(3cx+2ax^3))+3b^4(5c^2-30acx^2+(b^2-4ac)^2)}{(b^2-4ac)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c/x^2 + b/x)^(-5/2), x]`

output

```
((2*Sqrt[a]*(c + x*(b + a*x))*(15*b^6*x^2 + 8*a^2*b*c^2*x*(39*c + 32*a*x^2)
) - 2*a*b^3*c*x*(105*c + 74*a*x^2) + 10*b^5*(3*c*x + 2*a*x^3) + 3*b^4*(5*c
^2 - 30*a*c*x^2 + a^2*x^4) + 16*a^2*c^2*(8*c^2 + 12*a*c*x^2 + 3*a^2*x^4) -
4*a*b^2*c*(25*c^2 - 12*a*c*x^2 + 6*a^2*x^4)))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2 + 15*b*(c +
x*(b + a*x))^(5/2)*Log[a^3*(b + 2*a*x - 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + x*(b + a*x)])]
)/(6*a^(7/2)*x^5*(a + (c + b*x)/x^2)^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {1681, 1165, 27, 1235, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1681}$$

$$- \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}} d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1165}$$

$$\frac{2 \int -\frac{\left(5b^2 + \frac{6cb}{x} - 16ac\right)x^2}{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{3a(b^2 - 4ac)} - \frac{2x(-2ac + b^2 + \frac{bc}{x})}{3a(b^2 - 4ac)\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(5b^2 + \frac{6cb}{x} - 16ac)x^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2})^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \frac{2x(-2ac + b^2 + \frac{bc}{x})}{3a(b^2 - 4ac)(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2})^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2x\left(32a^2c^2 + \frac{bc(5b^2 - 28ac)}{x} - 32ab^2c + 5b^4\right)}{a(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} - \frac{2\int \frac{\left(15b^4 - 100acb^2 + \frac{2c(5b^2 - 28ac)b}{x} + 128a^2c^2\right)x^2}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a(b^2 - 4ac)} \\
 & \frac{3a(b^2 - 4ac)}{2x(-2ac + b^2 + \frac{bc}{x})} \\
 & \frac{3a(b^2 - 4ac)(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3a(b^2 - 4ac)(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2})^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\left(15b^4 - 100acb^2 + \frac{2c(5b^2 - 28ac)b}{x} + 128a^2c^2\right)x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a(b^2 - 4ac)} + \frac{2x\left(32a^2c^2 + \frac{bc(5b^2 - 28ac)}{x} - 32ab^2c + 5b^4\right)}{a(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \\
 & \frac{3a(b^2 - 4ac)}{2x(-2ac + b^2 + \frac{bc}{x})} \\
 & \frac{3a(b^2 - 4ac)(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3a(b^2 - 4ac)(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2})^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 1228 \\
 & \frac{15b(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} - \frac{x(128a^2c^2 - 100ab^2c + 15b^4)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}{a} + \frac{2x\left(32a^2c^2 + \frac{bc(5b^2 - 28ac)}{x} - 32ab^2c + 5b^4\right)}{a(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \\
 & \frac{3a(b^2 - 4ac)}{2x(-2ac + b^2 + \frac{bc}{x})} \\
 & \frac{3a(b^2 - 4ac)(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3a(b^2 - 4ac)(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2})^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 1154 \\
 & \frac{15b(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \int \frac{1}{4a - \frac{1}{x^2}} d\frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}}{a} - \frac{x(128a^2c^2 - 100ab^2c + 15b^4)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}{a} + \frac{2x\left(32a^2c^2 + \frac{bc(5b^2 - 28ac)}{x} - 32ab^2c + 5b^4\right)}{a(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \\
 & \frac{3a(b^2 - 4ac)}{2x(-2ac + b^2 + \frac{bc}{x})} \\
 & \frac{3a(b^2 - 4ac)(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3a(b^2 - 4ac)(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2})^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{2x \left( 32a^2c^2 + \frac{bc(5b^2 - 28ac)}{x} - 32ab^2c + 5b^4 \right)}{a(b^2 - 4ac) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} + \frac{15b(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{2a + \frac{b}{x}}{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}} \right)}{2a^{3/2} a(b^2 - 4ac)} - \frac{x(128a^2c^2 - 100ab^2c + 15b^4) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}}}{a}$$


---


$$\frac{3a(b^2 - 4ac) 2x \left( -2ac + b^2 + \frac{bc}{x} \right)}{3a(b^2 - 4ac) \left( a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(a + c/x^2 + b/x)^(-5/2), x]`

output `(-2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + (b*c)/x)*x)/(3*a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(a + c/x^2 + b/x)^(3/2)) - ((2*(5*b^4 - 32*a*b^2*c + 32*a^2*c^2 + (b*c*(5*b^2 - 28*a*c))/x)*x)/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x]) + (-(((15*b^4 - 100*a*b^2*c + 128*a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x]*x)/a) + (15*b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*ArcTanh[(2*a + b/x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + c/x^2 + b/x]])/(2*a^(3/2)))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))/(3*a*(b^2 - 4*a*c))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1165

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)
*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^
2))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d
+ e*x)^m*Simp[b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(m + p + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p
+ 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x]*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
&& IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1228

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a +
b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e
*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^
(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x
] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

rule 1235

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2
*a*c*e) - a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(f*(2*c*d - b*e) - g*(b*d - 2*a*e))*((a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x]
+ Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m +
2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*
m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(g*(b*d - 2*a*e) -
f*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g,
m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]
)
```

rule 1681

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[(a + b/x^n + c/x^(2*n))^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
default	$(ax^2+bx+c) \left( 96a^{\frac{13}{2}}c^2x^4 - 48a^{\frac{11}{2}}b^2cx^4 + 512a^{\frac{11}{2}}bc^2x^3 + 6a^{\frac{9}{2}}b^4x^4 + 384a^{\frac{11}{2}}c^3x^2 - 296a^{\frac{9}{2}}b^3cx^3 + 96a^{\frac{9}{2}}b^2c^2x^2 + 40a^{\frac{7}{2}}b^5x^3 + 624a^{\frac{9}{2}} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/6*(a*x^2+b*x+c)*(96*a^(13/2)*c^2*x^4-48*a^(11/2)*b^2*c*x^4+512*a^(11/2)*
b*c^2*x^3+6*a^(9/2)*b^4*x^4+384*a^(11/2)*c^3*x^2-296*a^(9/2)*b^3*c*x^3+96*
a^(9/2)*b^2*c^2*x^2+40*a^(7/2)*b^5*x^3+624*a^(9/2)*b*c^3*x-180*a^(7/2)*b^4
*c*x^2+256*a^(9/2)*c^4-420*a^(7/2)*b^3*c^2*x+30*a^(5/2)*b^6*x^2-200*a^(7/2)
)*b^2*c^3+60*a^(5/2)*b^5*c*x+30*a^(5/2)*b^4*c^2-240*ln(1/2*(2*(a*x^2+b*x+c)
)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*x*a+b)/a^(1/2))*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(3/2)*a^4*b*c^2+120*ln(1/2
*(2*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*x*a+b)/a^(1/2))*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(3/2)*a^3*
b^3*c-15*ln(1/2*(2*(a*x^2+b*x+c)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*x*a+b)/a^(1/2))*(a*x^2+b*
x+c)^(3/2)*a^2*b^5)/a^(11/2)/((a*x^2+b*x+c)/x^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(4*a*c-b^2)^2
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 539 vs. 2(191) = 382.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1081, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.12

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```
[1/12*(15*(b^5*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c^3 + 16*a^2*b*c^4 + (a^2*b^5 - 8*a^3*b^3*c +
16*a^4*b*c^2)*x^4 + 2*(a*b^6 - 8*a^2*b^4*c + 16*a^3*b^2*c^2)*x^3 + (b^7 -
6*a*b^5*c + 32*a^3*b*c^3)*x^2 + 2*(b^6*c - 8*a*b^4*c^2 + 16*a^2*b^2*c^3)*
x)*sqrt(a)*log(-8*a^2*x^2 - 8*a*b*x - b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt
(a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)) + 4*(3*(a^3*b^4 - 8*a^4*b^2*c + 16*a^5*c^
2)*x^5 + 4*(5*a^2*b^5 - 37*a^3*b^3*c + 64*a^4*b*c^2)*x^4 + 3*(5*a*b^6 - 30
*a^2*b^4*c + 16*a^3*b^2*c^2 + 64*a^4*c^3)*x^3 + 6*(5*a*b^5*c - 35*a^2*b^3*
c^2 + 52*a^3*b*c^3)*x^2 + (15*a*b^4*c^2 - 100*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 128*a^3*c^4)*x
)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/(a^4*b^4*c^2 - 8*a^5*b^2*c^3 + 16*a^6*c^4 +
(a^6*b^4 - 8*a^7*b^2*c + 16*a^8*c^2)*x^4 + 2*(a^5*b^5 - 8*a^6*b^3*c + 16*
a^7*b*c^2)*x^3 + (a^4*b^6 - 6*a^5*b^4*c + 32*a^7*c^3)*x^2 + 2*(a^4*b^5*c -
8*a^5*b^3*c^2 + 16*a^6*b*c^3)*x), 1/6*(15*(b^5*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c^3 + 16*a^2
*b*c^4 + (a^2*b^5 - 8*a^3*b^3*c + 16*a^4*b*c^2)*x^4 + 2*(a*b^6 - 8*a^2*b^4
*c + 16*a^3*b^2*c^2)*x^3 + (b^7 - 6*a*b^5*c + 32*a^3*b*c^3)*x^2 + 2*(b^6*c
- 8*a*b^4*c^2 + 16*a^2*b^2*c^3)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*x^2 + b*x)*sq
rt(-a)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2)/(a^2*x^2 + a*b*x + a*c)) + 2*(3*(a^3*b^
4 - 8*a^4*b^2*c + 16*a^5*c^2)*x^5 + 4*(5*a^2*b^5 - 37*a^3*b^3*c + 64*a^4*b
*c^2)*x^4 + 3*(5*a*b^6 - 30*a^2*b^4*c + 16*a^3*b^2*c^2 + 64*a^4*c^3)*x^3 +
6*(5*a*b^5*c - 35*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 52*a^3*b*c^3)*x^2 + (15*a*b^4*c^2 - 100*a
^2*b^2*c^3 + 128*a^3*c^4)*x)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b*x + c)/x^2))/(a^4*b^4*c^2 ...
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+c/x**2+b/x)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b/x + c/x**2)**(-5/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x + c/x^2)^(-5/2), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 499 vs. 2(191) = 382.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(15 b^5 \sqrt{c} \log(|b - 2 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c}|) - 120 a b^3 c^{\frac{3}{2}} \log(|b - 2 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c}|) + 240 a^2 b c^{\frac{5}{2}} \log(|b - 2 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c}|) + 30 \sqrt{a} b^4 c\right)}{6 \left(a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^4 \sqrt{c} - 8 a^{\frac{9}{2}} b^2 c^{\frac{3}{2}} + 16 a^{\frac{11}{2}} c^{\frac{5}{2}}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\left(\frac{3(a^2 b^4 - 8 a^3 b^2 c + 16 a^4 c^2)x}{a^3 b^4 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 8 a^4 b^2 c \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 16 a^5 c^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{4(5 a b^5 - 37 a^2 b^3 c + 64 a^3 b c^2)}{a^3 b^4 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 8 a^4 b^2 c \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 16 a^5 c^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}\right)x + \frac{3(5 b^6 - 30 a b^4 c + 16 a^2 b^2 c^2 + 64 a^3 c^3)}{a^3 b^4 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 8 a^4 b^2 c \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 16 a^5 c^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}\right)}{3(a x^2 + b x + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{5 b \log(|2(\sqrt{a} x - \sqrt{a x^2 + b x + c}) \sqrt{a} + b|)}{2 a^{\frac{7}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/6*(15*b^5*sqrt(c)*log(abs(b - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))) - 120*a*b^3*c^(3/2)*log(abs(b - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))) + 240*a^2*b*c^(5/2)*log(abs(b - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c))) + 30*sqrt(a)*b^4*c - 200*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^2 + 256*a^(5/2)*c^3)*sgn(x)/(a^(7/2)*b^4*sqrt(c) - 8*a^(9/2)*b^2*c^(3/2) + 16*a^(11/2)*c^(5/2)) + 1/3*(((3*(a^2*b^4 - 8*a^3*b^2*c + 16*a^4*c^2)*x/(a^3*b^4*sgn(x) - 8*a^4*b^2*c*sgn(x) + 16*a^5*c^2*sgn(x)) + 4*(5*a*b^5 - 37*a^2*b^3*c + 64*a^3*b*c^2)/(a^3*b^4*sgn(x) - 8*a^4*b^2*c*sgn(x) + 16*a^5*c^2*sgn(x)))*x + 3*(5*b^6 - 30*a*b^4*c + 16*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 64*a^3*c^3)/(a^3*b^4*sgn(x) - 8*a^4*b^2*c*sgn(x) + 16*a^5*c^2*sgn(x)))*x + 6*(5*b^5*c - 35*a*b^3*c^2 + 52*a^2*b*c^3)/(a^3*b^4*sgn(x) - 8*a^4*b^2*c*sgn(x) + 16*a^5*c^2*sgn(x)))/(a*x^2 + b*x + c)^(3/2) + 5/2*b*log(abs(2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x + c))*sqrt(a) + b))/(a^(7/2)*sgn(x))
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a + b/x + c/x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a + b/x + c/x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{c}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a+c/x^2+b/x)^(5/2), x)
```

### 3.20 $\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^2} + \frac{2ab}{x}} dx$

Optimal result	203
Mathematica [A] (verified)	203
Rubi [A] (verified)	204
Maple [A] (verified)	205
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	205
Sympy [F]	205
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	206
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	206
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	206
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	207

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^2} + \frac{2ab}{x}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^2} + \frac{2ab}{x}}x}{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \frac{b\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^2} + \frac{2ab}{x}} \log(x)}{a + \frac{b}{x}}$$

output

$a*(a^2+b^2/x^2+2*a*b/x)^{(1/2)}*x/(a+b/x)+b*(a^2+b^2/x^2+2*a*b/x)^{(1/2)}*\ln(x)/(a+b/x)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^2} + \frac{2ab}{x}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{\frac{(b+ax)^2}{x^2}}(ax + b \log(x))}{b + ax}$$

input

`Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + b^2/x^2 + (2*a*b)/x], x]`

output

$(x*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*x)^2/x^2]*(a*x + b*\text{Log}[x]))/(b + a*x)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {1384, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{x} + \frac{b^2}{x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{x} + \frac{b^2}{x^2}} \int \left(\frac{b^2}{x} + ab\right) dx}{b\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{x} + \frac{b^2}{x^2}} (abx + b^2 \log(x))}{b\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a^2 + b^2/x^2 + (2*a*b)/x], x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + b^2/x^2 + (2*a*b)/x]*(a*b*x + b^2*Log[x]))/(b*(a + b/x))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+2abx+b^2}{x^2}} x(xa+b \ln(x))}{xa+b}$	40
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{(xa+b)^2}{x^2}} x^2 a}{xa+b} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{(xa+b)^2}{x^2}} xb \ln(x)}{xa+b}$	52

input `int((a^2+b^2/x^2+2*a*b/x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `((a^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+b^2)/x^2)^(1/2)/(a*x+b)*x*(x*a+b*ln(x))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^2} + \frac{2ab}{x}} dx = ax + b \log(x)$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^2+2*a*b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `a*x + b*log(x)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^2} + \frac{2ab}{x}} dx = \int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{x} + \frac{b^2}{x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a**2+b**2/x**2+2*a*b/x)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b/x + b**2/x**2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^2} + \frac{2ab}{x}} dx = ax + b \log(x)$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^2+2*a*b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a*x + b*log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^2} + \frac{2ab}{x}} dx = ax \operatorname{sgn}(ax^2 + bx) + b \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(ax^2 + bx)$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^2+2*a*b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `a*x*sgn(a*x^2 + b*x) + b*log(abs(x))*sgn(a*x^2 + b*x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^2} + \frac{2ab}{x}} dx = x \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2} \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 2abx + b^2}} - x \ln \left( \frac{2\sqrt{b^2} \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 2abx + b^2} + 2b^2 + 2abx}{x} \right) \sqrt{b^2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}} + \frac{abx \ln \left( \frac{ab + \sqrt{a^2} \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 2abx + b^2} + a^2 x}{\sqrt{a^2}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a^2}}$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2/x^2 + (2*a*b)/x)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
x*(1/x^2)^(1/2)*(b^2 + a^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2) - x*log((2*(b^2)^(1/2)*(b^2 + a^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2) + 2*b^2 + 2*a*b*x)/x)*(b^2)^(1/2)*(1/x^2)^(1/2) + (a*b*x*log((a*b + (a^2)^(1/2)*(b^2 + a^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)^(1/2) + a^2*x)/(a^2)^(1/2))*(1/x^2)^(1/2))/(a^2)^(1/2)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^2} + \frac{2ab}{x}} dx = \log(x) b + ax$$

input

```
int((a^2+b^2/x^2+2*a*b/x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
log(x)*b + a*x
```



### 3.21 $\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^4} + \frac{b}{x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	208
Mathematica [A] (verified)	208
Rubi [A] (verified)	209
Maple [C] (verified)	211
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	211
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	212
Maxima [F]	213
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	213
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	214
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	215

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^4} + \frac{b}{x^2}} dx = \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/2}\sqrt{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} - \frac{\left(b + \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/2}\sqrt{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}$$

output

```
x/c-1/2*(b-(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctan(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/2*(b+(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctan(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^4} + \frac{b}{x^2}} dx = \frac{x}{c} - \frac{(-b^2 + 2ac + b\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} - \frac{(b^2 - 2ac + b\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + a/x^4 + b/x^2)^(-1),x]`

output `x/c - ((-b^2 + 2*a*c + b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]) - ((b^2 - 2*a*c + b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {1679, 1442, 1480, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\frac{a}{x^4} + \frac{b}{x^2} + c} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1679} \\
 & \int \frac{x^4}{a + bx^2 + cx^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1442} \\
 & \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{bx^2+a}{cx^4+bx^2+a} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1480} \\
 & \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \int \frac{1}{cx^2 + \frac{1}{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})} dx + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + b \right) \int \frac{1}{cx^2 + \frac{1}{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\left( b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \arctan\left( \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + \frac{\left( \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + b \right) \arctan\left( \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + b}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + a/x^4 + b/x^2)^(-1),x]`

output `x/c - (((b - (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]) + ((b + (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]))/c`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1442 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^3*(d*x)^(m - 3)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 4*p + 1))), x] - Simp[d^4/(c*(m + 4*p + 1)) Int[(d*x)^(m - 4)*Simp[a*(m - 3) + b*(m + 2*p - 1)*x^2, x]*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && GtQ[m, 3] && NeQ[m + 4*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[m])`

rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

rule 1679 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(2*n*p)*(c + b/x^n + a/x^(2*n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && LtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result
risch	$\frac{x}{c} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(cZ^4+bZ^2+a)} \frac{(-R^2 b - a) \ln(x - R)}{2R^3 c + Rb}}{2c}$
default	$\frac{x}{c} - \frac{(-b\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}-2ac+b^2)\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}\sqrt{(-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2})c}} + \frac{(-b\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+2ac-b^2)\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}\sqrt{(b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2})c}}$

input `int(1/(c+a/x^4+b/x^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x/c+1/2/c*sum((-R^2*b-a)/(2*R^3*c+R*b)*ln(x-R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*c+_Z^2*b+a))`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1059 vs. 2(143) = 286.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1059, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.92

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^4} + \frac{b}{x^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(c+a/x^4+b/x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-1/2*(sqrt(1/2)*c*sqrt(-(b^3 - 3*a*b*c + (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b^4 - 2
*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))*log(-2*(a*b
^2 - a^2*c)*x + sqrt(1/2)*(b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2 - (b^3*c^3 - 4*a*b*
c^4)*sqrt((b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))*sqrt(-(b^3 - 3
*a*b*c + (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4
*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))) - sqrt(1/2)*c*sqrt(-(b^3 - 3*a*b*c + (b^2*
c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2
*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))*log(-2*(a*b^2 - a^2*c)*x - sqrt(1/2)*(b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4
*a^2*c^2 - (b^3*c^3 - 4*a*b*c^4)*sqrt((b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)/(b^2*c^6
- 4*a*c^7)))*sqrt(-(b^3 - 3*a*b*c + (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b^4 - 2*a*b
^2*c + a^2*c^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))) + sqrt(1/2)*c*
sqrt(-(b^3 - 3*a*b*c - (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2
)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))*log(-2*(a*b^2 - a^2*c)*x + sq
rt(1/2)*(b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2 + (b^3*c^3 - 4*a*b*c^4)*sqrt((b^4 - 2
*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))*sqrt(-(b^3 - 3*a*b*c - (b^2*c^3
- 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3
- 4*a*c^4))) - sqrt(1/2)*c*sqrt(-(b^3 - 3*a*b*c - (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sq
rt((b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))*l
og(-2*(a*b^2 - a^2*c)*x - sqrt(1/2)*(b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2 + (b^3*c^
3 - 4*a*b*c^4)*sqrt((b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))*s...

```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^4} + \frac{b}{x^2}} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left( t^4 \cdot (256a^2c^5 - 128ab^2c^4 + 16b^4c^3) + t^2 \cdot (48a^2bc^2 - 28ab^3c + 4b^5) + a^3, \left( t \mapsto t \log \left( x + \frac{32}{t} + \frac{x}{c} \right) \right) \right)$$

input

```
integrate(1/(c+a/x**4+b/x**2),x)
```

output

```

RootSum(_t**4*(256*a**2*c**5 - 128*a*b**2*c**4 + 16*b**4*c**3) + _t**2*(48
*a**2*b*c**2 - 28*a*b**3*c + 4*b**5) + a**3, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (32*_t*
*3*a*b*c**4 - 8*_t**3*b**3*c**3 - 4*_t*a**2*c**2 + 8*_t*a*b**2*c - 2*_t*b*
*4)/(a**2*c - a*b**2)))) + x/c

```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^4} + \frac{b}{x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{c + \frac{b}{x^2} + \frac{a}{x^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c+a/x^4+b/x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x/c - integrate((b*x^2 + a)/(c*x^4 + b*x^2 + a), x)/c`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2109 vs. 2(143) = 286.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2109, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.78

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^4} + \frac{b}{x^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(c+a/x^4+b/x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
x/c - 1/8*(2*b^5*c^4 - 12*a*b^3*c^5 + 16*a^2*b*c^6 - sqrt(2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*
a*c)*sqrt(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*b^5*c^2 + 6*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)
*sqrt(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*a*b^3*c^3 + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*s
qrt(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*b^4*c^3 - 8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(
b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*a^2*b*c^4 - 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(b*
c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*a*b^2*c^4 - sqrt(2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(b*c +
sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*b^3*c^4 + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(b*c + sqrt
(b^2 - 4*a*c))*a*b*c^5 - 2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b^3*c^4 + 4*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*c
^5 - (2*b^5*c^2 - 16*a*b^3*c^3 + 32*a^2*b*c^4 - sqrt(2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*
sqrt(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*b^5 + 8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(b*c
+ sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*a*b^3*c + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(b*c + s
qrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*b^4*c - 16*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(b*c + sqrt(b
^2 - 4*a*c))*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(b*c + sqrt(b^2
- 4*a*c))*a*b^2*c^2 - sqrt(2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4
*a*c))*b^3*c^2 + 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c
))*a*b*c^3 - 2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b^3*c^2 + 8*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*c^3)*c^2 + 2*
(sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*a*b^4*c^2 - 8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*c +
sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*
c)*a*b^3*c^3 - 2*a*b^4*c^3 + 16*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*a^
3*c^4 + 8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*a^2*b*c^4 + sqrt(2)*s...
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3026, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.91

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^4} + \frac{b}{x^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(c + a/x^4 + b/x^2),x)
```

output

```
x/c - atan((((16*a^2*c^3 - 4*a*b^2*c^2)/c - (2*x*(4*b^3*c^3 - 16*a*b*c^4)
*(-(b^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12*a^2*b*c^2 - 7*a*b^3*c - a*c*(-
(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(8*(16*a^2*c^5 + b^4*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^4)))^(1/2))/c
)*(-(b^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12*a^2*b*c^2 - 7*a*b^3*c - a*c*(-
(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(8*(16*a^2*c^5 + b^4*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^4)))^(1/2) -
(2*x*(b^4 + 2*a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c))/c)*(-(b^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1
/2) + 12*a^2*b*c^2 - 7*a*b^3*c - a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(8*(16*a^2*
c^5 + b^4*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^4)))^(1/2)*1i - (((16*a^2*c^3 - 4*a*b^2*c^2)/c +
(2*x*(4*b^3*c^3 - 16*a*b*c^4)*(-(b^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12*
a^2*b*c^2 - 7*a*b^3*c - a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(8*(16*a^2*c^5 + b^4
*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^4)))^(1/2))/c)*(-(b^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12
*a^2*b*c^2 - 7*a*b^3*c - a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(8*(16*a^2*c^5 + b^
4*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^4)))^(1/2) + (2*x*(b^4 + 2*a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c))/c)*(-(b
^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12*a^2*b*c^2 - 7*a*b^3*c - a*c*(-(4*a*
c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(8*(16*a^2*c^5 + b^4*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^4)))^(1/2)*1i)/(((
(16*a^2*c^3 - 4*a*b^2*c^2)/c - (2*x*(4*b^3*c^3 - 16*a*b*c^4)*(-(b^5 + b^2*
(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12*a^2*b*c^2 - 7*a*b^3*c - a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^
3)^(1/2))/(8*(16*a^2*c^5 + b^4*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^4)))^(1/2))/c)*(-(b^5 + b^2
*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12*a^2*b*c^2 - 7*a*b^3*c - a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)
^3)^(1/2))/(8*(16*a^2*c^5 + b^4*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^4)))^(1/2) - (2*x*(b^4 ...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 547, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^4} + \frac{b}{x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} - b - 2\sqrt{c}x}}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} + b}}\right) bc + 4\sqrt{c} \sqrt{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} - b - 2\sqrt{c}x}}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} + b}}\right) ac - 2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} + b}}{...}$$

input

```
int(1/(c+a/x^4+b/x^2),x)
```



output

```
(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) + b)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) - b) -
2*sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) + b))*b*c + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*
sqrt(a) + b)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) - b) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(
c)*sqrt(a) + b))*a*c - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) + b)*atan((sqrt(2*
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) - b) - 2*sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) + b))*b**2 - 2*
sqrt(a)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) + b)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) - b) + 2*
sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) + b))*b*c - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqr
t(a) + b)*atan((sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) - b) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*
sqrt(a) + b))*a*c + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) + b)*atan((sqrt(2*sqr
t(c)*sqrt(a) - b) + 2*sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) + b))*b**2 - sqrt(
a)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) - b)*log(-sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) - b)*x + sqrt
(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*b*c + sqrt(a)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) - b)*log(sqrt(2*s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a) - b)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*b*c + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqr
t(c)*sqrt(a) - b)*log(-sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) - b)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)
*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) - b)*log(-sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqr
t(a) - b)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*b**2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a) - b)*log(sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) - b)*x + sqrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*a*c +
sqrt(c)*sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) - b)*log(sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a) - b)*x + s
qrt(a) + sqrt(c)*x**2)*b**2 + 16*a*c**2*x - 4*b**2*c*x)/(4*c**2*(4*a*c - b
**2))
```

$$3.22 \quad \int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^6} + \frac{b}{x^3}} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 631

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^6} + \frac{b}{x^3}} dx \\
& \left( b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \arctan \left( \frac{1 - \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \\
& = \frac{x}{c} + \frac{\left( b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \arctan \left( \frac{1 - \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{{}_3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}c^{4/3} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \\
& \left( b + \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \arctan \left( \frac{1 - \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \\
& + \frac{\left( b + \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \arctan \left( \frac{1 - \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{{}_3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}c^{4/3} (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \\
& \left( b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \log \left( \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx} \right) \\
& - \frac{\left( b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \log \left( \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2}c^{4/3} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \\
& \left( b + \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \log \left( \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx} \right) \\
& - \frac{\left( b + \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \log \left( \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2}c^{4/3} (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \\
& \left( b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \log \left( (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 \right) \\
& + \frac{\left( b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \log \left( (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 \right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}c^{4/3} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \\
& \left( b + \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \log \left( (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 \right) \\
& + \frac{\left( b + \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \log \left( (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 \right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}c^{4/3} (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
x/c+1/6*(b-(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctan(1/3*(1-2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)
)*x/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(2/3)*3^(1/2)/c^(4/3)/(b-(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/6*(b+(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctan(1/3*(
1-2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(2/3)*3^(1/
2)/c^(4/3)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)-1/6*(b-(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))*ln((b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/c^(4/3)/(
b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)-1/6*(b+(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b+
(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/c^(4/3)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/12*(b-(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b-(-4*a*c+b^2
)^(1/2))^(2/3)-2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*c^(2
/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3)/c^(4/3)/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/12*(b+(-2*a*c+b^2
)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)-2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3)/c^(4/3)/(b+(-4*a*c+
b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^6} + \frac{b}{x^3}} dx = \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\text{RootSum}\left[a + b\#1^3 + c\#1^6 \&, \frac{a \log(x - \#1) + b \log(x - \#1)\#1^3}{b\#1^2 + 2c\#1^5} \&\right]}{3c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + a/x^6 + b/x^3)^(-1), x]
```

output

```
x/c - RootSum[a + b*#1^3 + c*#1^6 & , (a*Log[x - #1] + b*Log[x - #1]*#1^3)
/(b*#1^2 + 2*c*#1^5) & ]/(3*c)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 521, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$ , Rules used = {1679, 1703, 1752, 750, 16, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\frac{a}{x^6} + \frac{b}{x^3} + c} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1679 \\
 & \int \frac{x^6}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1703 \\
 & \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{bx^3+a}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1752 \\
 & \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \int \frac{1}{cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})} dx + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + b \right) \int \frac{1}{cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 750 \\
 & \frac{x}{c} - \left( \frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - \sqrt[3]{c}x}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}}}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx + \frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 16
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left( \frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{\frac{x}{c} - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - \sqrt[3]{c}x}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left( \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c}} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{c} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left( \frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{\frac{x}{c} - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - \sqrt[3]{c}x}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left( \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c}} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{c} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left( \frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{\frac{x}{c} - \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{c} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{2 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left( \frac{x}{c} - \frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{3\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3\sqrt[3]{c}}{2^{3/2}} \int \frac{1}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left( \frac{x}{c} - \frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{3\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 1082

$$\frac{x}{c} - \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \right)^{2^{2/3}} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 4 \sqrt[3]{c} x}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} x + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left( 1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)^2} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{c}}$$

217  
↓  
 $\frac{x}{c}$

$$\frac{x}{c} - \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \right)^{2^{2/3}} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 4 \sqrt[3]{c} x}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} x + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2 \sqrt[3]{c}}$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1103 \\
 \frac{x}{c} - \\
 \frac{2^{2/3} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{1 - \frac{2^{1/3} \sqrt{2} \sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2^{3/4} \sqrt[3]{c}} \right) \log \left( -\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{cx} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 \right)}{2^{3/4} \sqrt[3]{c}} \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c + a/x^6 + b/x^3)^(-1),x]`

output `x/c - (((b - (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*((2^(2/3)*Log[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3) + 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x])/(3*c^(1/3)*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3)) + (2*2^(2/3)*(-1/2*(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/c^(1/3) - Log[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3) - 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2]/(4*c^(1/3)))/(3*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3))))/2 + ((b + (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*((2^(2/3)*Log[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3) + 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x])/(3*c^(1/3)*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3)) + (2*2^(2/3)*(-1/2*(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/c^(1/3) - Log[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3) - 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2]/(4*c^(1/3)))/(3*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3))))/2)/c`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16  $\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a\_)*(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b\_)*(Gx\_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])]$
- rule 750  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)+(c\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103  $\text{Int}[(d\_)+(e\_)*(x_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)+(c\_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142  $\text{Int}[(d\_)+(e\_)*(x_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)+(c\_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1679

```
Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(
2*n*p)*(c + b/x^n + a/x^(2*n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
&& LtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 1703

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[d^(2*n - 1)*(d*x)^(m - 2*n + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(
p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n)/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1)) Int[(d
*x)^(m - 2*n)*Simp[a*(m - 2*n + 1) + b*(m + n*(p - 1) + 1)*x^n, x]*(a + b*x
^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && N
eQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0
] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 1752

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)), x
_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q))
Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) I
nt[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[n2
, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (PosQ[b^2
- 4*a*c] || !IGtQ[n/2, 0])
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x}{c} + \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(cZ^6+bZ^3+a)} \frac{(-R^{b-a}) \ln(x-R)}{2R^5 c + R^2 b}}{3c}$	59
risch	$\frac{x}{c} + \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(cZ^6+bZ^3+a)} \frac{(-R^{b-a}) \ln(x-R)}{2R^5 c + R^2 b}}{3c}$	59

input

```
int(1/(c+a/x^6+b/x^3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x/c+1/3/c*sum((-_R^3*b-a)/(2*_R^5*c+_R^2*b)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^6*c+_Z^3
*b+a))
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2882 vs.  $2(495) = 990$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2882, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.57

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^6} + \frac{b}{x^3}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(c+a/x^6+b/x^3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/6*((1/2)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3)*c + c)*(-(b^3 - 2*a*b*c + (b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5)*
sqrt((b^8 - 8*a*b^6*c + 20*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 16*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^4*c^4)/(b^6*c
c^8 - 12*a*b^4*c^9 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^10 - 64*a^3*c^11)))/(b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5))
^(1/3)*log(4*(a*b^4 - 4*a^2*b^2*c + 2*a^3*c^2)*x - (1/2)^(1/3)*(b^6 - 8*a*
b^4*c + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^3*c^3 + sqrt(-3)*(b^6 - 8*a*b^4*c + 18*a^2*b
2*c^2 - 8*a^3*c^3) - (b^5*c^4 - 8*a*b^3*c^5 + 16*a^2*b*c^6 + sqrt(-3)*(b^5
*c^4 - 8*a*b^3*c^5 + 16*a^2*b*c^6))*sqrt((b^8 - 8*a*b^6*c + 20*a^2*b^4*c^2
- 16*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^4*c^4)/(b^6*c^8 - 12*a*b^4*c^9 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^10 -
64*a^3*c^11)))*(-(b^3 - 2*a*b*c + (b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5)*sqrt((b^8 - 8*a*b^6
*c + 20*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 16*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^4*c^4)/(b^6*c^8 - 12*a*b^4*c^9
+ 48*a^2*b^2*c^10 - 64*a^3*c^11)))/(b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5))^(1/3)) - (1/2)^(1/
3)*(sqrt(-3)*c - c)*(-(b^3 - 2*a*b*c + (b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5)*sqrt((b^8 - 8*a
*b^6*c + 20*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 16*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^4*c^4)/(b^6*c^8 - 12*a*b^4*
c^9 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^10 - 64*a^3*c^11)))/(b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5))^(1/3)*log(4*(a
*b^4 - 4*a^2*b^2*c + 2*a^3*c^2)*x - (1/2)^(1/3)*(b^6 - 8*a*b^4*c + 18*a^2*
b^2*c^2 - 8*a^3*c^3 - sqrt(-3)*(b^6 - 8*a*b^4*c + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^3*c
^3) - (b^5*c^4 - 8*a*b^3*c^5 + 16*a^2*b*c^6 - sqrt(-3)*(b^5*c^4 - 8*a*b^3*
c^5 + 16*a^2*b*c^6))*sqrt((b^8 - 8*a*b^6*c + 20*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 16*a^3*b^2*c
^3 + 4*a^4*c^4)/(b^6*c^8 - 12*a*b^4*c^9 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^10 - 64*a^3*c^11)))
*(-(b^3 - 2*a*b*c + (b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5)*sqrt((b^8 - 8*a*b^6*c + 20*a^2*...
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^6} + \frac{b}{x^3}} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left( t^6 \cdot (46656a^3c^7 - 34992a^2b^2c^6 + 8748ab^4c^5 - 729b^6c^4) + t^3 \cdot (864a^3bc^3 - 864a^2b^3c^2 + 270ab^5c) + \frac{x}{c} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(c+a/x**6+b/x**3),x)`output `RootSum(_t**6*(46656*a**3*c**7 - 34992*a**2*b**2*c**6 + 8748*a*b**4*c**5 - 729*b**6*c**4) + _t**3*(864*a**3*b*c**3 - 864*a**2*b**3*c**2 + 270*a*b**5*c - 27*b**7) + a**4, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (1296*_t**4*a**2*b*c**6 - 648*_t**4*a*b**3*c**5 + 81*_t**4*b**5*c**4 - 12*_t*a**3*c**3 + 39*_t*a**2*b**2*c**2 - 21*_t*a*b**4*c + 3*_t*b**6)/(2*a**3*c**2 - 4*a**2*b**2*c + a*b**4)))) + x/c`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^6} + \frac{b}{x^3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{c + \frac{b}{x^3} + \frac{a}{x^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c+a/x^6+b/x^3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `x/c - integrate((b*x^3 + a)/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)/c`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^6} + \frac{b}{x^3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{c + \frac{b}{x^3} + \frac{a}{x^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c+a/x^6+b/x^3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(c + b/x^3 + a/x^6), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 23.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2280, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^6} + \frac{b}{x^3}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(c + a/x^6 + b/x^3),x)`

output

```
log((3*a^2*x*(b^4 + 2*a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c))/c - (3*2^(2/3))*a*(-(b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^7 + 32*a^3*b*c^3 - 32*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 10*a*b^5*c - 4*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^4*(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/3)*(b^4 + 2*a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c)*(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c))/(4*c*(4*a*c - b^2)))*(-(b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^7 + 32*a^3*b*c^3 - 32*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 10*a*b^5*c - 4*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(54*(64*a^3*c^7 - b^6*c^4 + 12*a*b^4*c^5 - 48*a^2*b^2*c^6)))^(1/3) + x/c + log((3*a^2*x*(b^4 + 2*a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c))/c + (3*2^(2/3))*a*((b^7 + b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 32*a^3*b*c^3 + 32*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*b^5*c - 4*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^4*(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/3)*(b^4 + 2*a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c)*(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^4 - 16*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b^2*c))/(4*c*(4*a*c - b^2)))*((b^7 + b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 32*a^3*b*c^3 + 32*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*b^5*c - 4*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(54*(64*a^3*c^7 - b^6*c^4 + 12*a*b^4*c^5 - 48*a^2*b^2*c^6)))^(1/3) + log((3*a^2*x*(b^4 + 2*a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c))/c + (3*2^(2/3))*a*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1)*((b^7 + b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 32*a^3*b*c^3 + 32*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*b^5*c - 4*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^4*(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/3)*(b^4 + 2*a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c)*(b*(-...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^6} + \frac{b}{x^3}} dx = \frac{-\left(\int \frac{x^3}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx\right) b - \left(\int \frac{1}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx\right) a + x}{c}$$

input

```
int(1/(c+a/x^6+b/x^3),x)
```

output

```
( - int(x**3/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*b - int(1/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a + x)/c
```

### 3.23 $\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^8} + \frac{b}{x^4}} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 376

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^8} + \frac{b}{x^4}} dx &= \frac{x}{c} + \frac{\left(b + \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{2}c^{5/4}(-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{3/4}} \\
 &+ \frac{\left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{2}c^{5/4}(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{3/4}} \\
 &+ \frac{\left(b + \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{2}c^{5/4}(-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{3/4}} \\
 &+ \frac{\left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{2}c^{5/4}(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{3/4}}
 \end{aligned}$$



output

$$\begin{aligned} & x/c + 1/4 * (b + (-2*a*c + b^2) / (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)}) * \arctan(2^{(1/4)} * c^{(1/4)} * x / (-b - (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/4)}) * 2^{(3/4)} / c^{(5/4)} / (-b - (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(3/4)} + 1/4 * (b - (-2*a*c + b^2) / (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)}) * \arctan(2^{(1/4)} * c^{(1/4)} * x / (-b + (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/4)}) * 2^{(3/4)} / c^{(5/4)} / (-b + (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(3/4)} + 1/4 * (b + (-2*a*c + b^2) / (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)}) * \operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/4)} * c^{(1/4)} * x / (-b - (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/4)}) * 2^{(3/4)} / c^{(5/4)} / (-b - (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(3/4)} + 1/4 * (b - (-2*a*c + b^2) / (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)}) * \operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/4)} * c^{(1/4)} * x / (-b + (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/4)}) * 2^{(3/4)} / c^{(5/4)} / (-b + (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(3/4)} \end{aligned}$$
**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^8} + \frac{b}{x^4}} dx = \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\operatorname{RootSum}\left[a + b\#1^4 + c\#1^8 \&, \frac{a \log(x - \#1) + b \log(x - \#1)\#1^4}{b\#1^3 + 2c\#1^7} \&\right]}{4c}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(c + a/x^8 + b/x^4)^{-1}, x]$$

output

$$x/c - \operatorname{RootSum}[a + b\#1^4 + c\#1^8 \&, (a * \operatorname{Log}[x - \#1] + b * \operatorname{Log}[x - \#1]\#1^4) / (b\#1^3 + 2*c\#1^7) \& ] / (4*c)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {1679, 1703, 1752, 756, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\frac{a}{x^8} + \frac{b}{x^4} + c} dx$$

↓ 1679

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^8}{a + bx^4 + cx^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1703} \\
 & \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{bx^4 + a}{cx^8 + bx^4 + a} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1752} \\
 & \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \int \frac{1}{cx^4 + \frac{1}{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} dx + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + b \right) \int \frac{1}{cx^4 + \frac{1}{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{756} \\
 & \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + b \right) \left( -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{cx^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cx^2} + \sqrt{-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left( -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{cx^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b}} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + b \right) \left( -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{cx^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b}} - \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b}} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{c}(-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b)^{3/4}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left( -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{cx^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b}} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + b \right) \left( -\frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b}} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{c}(-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b)^{3/4}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b}} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{c}(-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b)^{3/4}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left( -\frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{cx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b}} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b)^{3/4}} \right)}{c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + a/x^8 + b/x^4)^(-1),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & x/c - (((b + (b^2 - 2ac)/\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) * (-\text{ArcTan}[(2^{1/4}c^{1/4}x) / (-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{1/4}] / (2^{1/4}c^{1/4}(-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{3/4})) - \text{ArcTanh}[(2^{1/4}c^{1/4}x) / (-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{1/4}] / (2^{1/4}c^{1/4}(-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{3/4})))/2 + ((b - (b^2 - 2ac)/\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) * (-\text{ArcTan}[(2^{1/4}c^{1/4}x) / (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{1/4}] / (2^{1/4}c^{1/4}(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{3/4})) - \text{ArcTanh}[(2^{1/4}c^{1/4}x) / (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{1/4}] / (2^{1/4}c^{1/4}(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{3/4})))/2)/c \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a * \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 221

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a * \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 756

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^4)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{r = \text{Numerator}[\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], s = \text{Denominator}[\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]]\}, \text{Simp}[r/(2a) \text{ Int}[1/(r - s \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[r/(2a) \text{ Int}[1/(r + s \cdot x^2), x], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a/b, 0]$$

rule 1679

$$\text{Int}[(a + (c \cdot x)^{n_2}) + (b \cdot x)^{n_1})^{p_1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(2n_1 p_1)(c + b/x^{n_1} + a/x^{(2n_1)})^p}, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n_2, 2n_1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 1703

$$\text{Int}[(d \cdot x)^m (a + (c \cdot x)^{n_2}) + (b \cdot x)^{n_1})^{p_1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^{(2n_1 - 1)}(d \cdot x)^{m - 2n_1 + 1} ((a + b \cdot x^{n_1} + c \cdot x^{(2n_1)})^{p_1 + 1} / (c \cdot (m + 2n_1 p_1 + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d^{(2n_1)} / (c \cdot (m + 2n_1 p_1 + 1)) \text{ Int}[(d \cdot x)^{m - 2n_1} \text{Simp}[a \cdot (m - 2n_1 + 1) + b \cdot (m + n_1(p_1 - 1) + 1) \cdot x^{n_1}, x] \cdot (a + b \cdot x^{n_1} + c \cdot x^{(2n_1)})^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n_2, 2n_1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4ac, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2n_1 - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2n_1 p_1 + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 1752

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)), x
_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q))
  Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) I
nt[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[n2
, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (PosQ[b^2
- 4*a*c] || !IGtQ[n/2, 0])
```

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x}{c} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(cZ^8+bZ^4+a)} \frac{(-R^4)^{b-a} \ln(x-R)}{2R^7c+R^3b}}{4c}$	59
risch	$\frac{x}{c} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(cZ^8+bZ^4+a)} \frac{(-R^4)^{b-a} \ln(x-R)}{2R^7c+R^3b}}{4c}$	59

input

```
int(1/(c+a/x^8+b/x^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x/c+1/4/c*sum((-R^4*b-a)/(2*_R^7*c+_R^3*b)*ln(x-R),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*c+_Z^4
*b+a))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4001 vs.  $2(296) = 592$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4001, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.64

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^8} + \frac{b}{x^4}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(c+a/x^8+b/x^4),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Too large to include

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^8} + \frac{b}{x^4}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(c+a/x**8+b/x**4),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^8} + \frac{b}{x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{c + \frac{b}{x^4} + \frac{a}{x^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c+a/x^8+b/x^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x/c - integrate((b*x^4 + a)/(c*x^8 + b*x^4 + a), x)/c`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^8} + \frac{b}{x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{c + \frac{b}{x^4} + \frac{a}{x^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c+a/x^8+b/x^4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(c + b/x^4 + a/x^8), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10382, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.61

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^8} + \frac{b}{x^4}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(c + a/x^8 + b/x^4),x)`

output

```
atan((((16*(a^3*b^6 - 4*a^6*c^3 - 7*a^4*b^4*c + 13*a^5*b^2*c^2))/c - (4*x
*(-b^9 + b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^5)^(1/2) + 80*a^4*b*c^4 + 61*a^2*b^5*c^2 - 1
20*a^3*b^3*c^3 + a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^5)^(1/2) - 13*a*b^7*c - 3*a*b^2*c
*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^5)^(1/2))/(512*(256*a^4*c^9 + b^8*c^5 - 16*a*b^6*c^6 + 96
*a^2*b^4*c^7 - 256*a^3*b^2*c^8)))^(3/4)*(4096*a^5*b*c^6 + 256*a^3*b^5*c^4
- 2048*a^4*b^3*c^5))/c*(-(b^9 + b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^5)^(1/2) + 80*a^4*b*c
^4 + 61*a^2*b^5*c^2 - 120*a^3*b^3*c^3 + a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^5)^(1/2) -
13*a*b^7*c - 3*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^5)^(1/2))/(512*(256*a^4*c^9 + b^8*
c^5 - 16*a*b^6*c^6 + 96*a^2*b^4*c^7 - 256*a^3*b^2*c^8)))^(1/4) - (4*x*(a^4
*b^4 + 2*a^6*c^2 - 4*a^5*b^2*c))/c*(-(b^9 + b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^5)^(1/2)
+ 80*a^4*b*c^4 + 61*a^2*b^5*c^2 - 120*a^3*b^3*c^3 + a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2
)^5)^(1/2) - 13*a*b^7*c - 3*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^5)^(1/2))/(512*(256*a^
4*c^9 + b^8*c^5 - 16*a*b^6*c^6 + 96*a^2*b^4*c^7 - 256*a^3*b^2*c^8)))^(1/4)
*i - (((16*(a^3*b^6 - 4*a^6*c^3 - 7*a^4*b^4*c + 13*a^5*b^2*c^2))/c + (4*x
*(-b^9 + b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^5)^(1/2) + 80*a^4*b*c^4 + 61*a^2*b^5*c^2 - 1
20*a^3*b^3*c^3 + a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^5)^(1/2) - 13*a*b^7*c - 3*a*b^2*c
*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^5)^(1/2))/(512*(256*a^4*c^9 + b^8*c^5 - 16*a*b^6*c^6 + 96
*a^2*b^4*c^7 - 256*a^3*b^2*c^8)))^(3/4)*(4096*a^5*b*c^6 + 256*a^3*b^5*c^4
- 2048*a^4*b^3*c^5))/c*(-(b^9 + b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^5)^(1/2) + 80*a^4*b*c
^4 + 61*a^2*b^5*c^2 - 120*a^3*b^3*c^3 + a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^5)^(1/2)...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^8} + \frac{b}{x^4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{c + \frac{a}{x^8} + \frac{b}{x^4}} dx$$

input `int(1/(c+a/x^8+b/x^4),x)`

output `int(1/(c+a/x^8+b/x^4),x)`

### 3.24 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3 dx = a^3x + 2a^2bx^{3/2} + \frac{3}{2}a(b^2 + ac)x^2 + \frac{2}{5}b(b^2 + 6ac)x^{5/2} \\ + c(b^2 + ac)x^3 + \frac{6}{7}bc^2x^{7/2} + \frac{c^3x^4}{4}$$

output

```
a^3*x+2*a^2*b*x^(3/2)+3/2*a*(a*c+b^2)*x^2+2/5*b*(6*a*c+b^2)*x^(5/2)+c*(a*c
+b^2)*x^3+6/7*b*c^2*x^(7/2)+1/4*c^3*x^4
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3 dx = \frac{1}{140}(140a^3x + 280a^2bx^{3/2} + 210ab^2x^2 + 210a^2cx^2 + 56b^3x^{5/2} \\ + 336abcx^{5/2} + 140b^2cx^3 + 140ac^2x^3 + 120bc^2x^{7/2} + 35c^3x^4)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^3,x]
```



output

$$(140*a^3*x + 280*a^2*b*x^{(3/2)} + 210*a*b^2*x^2 + 210*a^2*c*x^2 + 56*b^3*x^{(5/2)} + 336*a*b*c*x^{(5/2)} + 140*b^2*c*x^3 + 140*a*c^2*x^3 + 120*b*c^2*x^{(7/2)} + 35*c^3*x^4)/140$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {1680, 1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1680$$

$$2 \int \sqrt{x}(a + cx + b\sqrt{x})^3 d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 1140$$

$$2 \int (c^3x^{7/2} + 3bc^2x^3 + 3c(b^2 + ac)x^{5/2} + b(b^2 + 6ac)x^2 + 3a(b^2 + ac)x^{3/2} + 3a^2bx + a^3\sqrt{x}) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^3x}{2} + a^2bx^{3/2} + \frac{1}{5}bx^{5/2}(6ac + b^2) + \frac{1}{2}cx^3(ac + b^2) + \frac{3}{4}ax^2(ac + b^2) + \frac{3}{7}bc^2x^{7/2} + \frac{c^3x^4}{8} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
2*((a^3*x)/2 + a^2*b*x^(3/2) + (3*a*(b^2 + a*c)*x^2)/4 + (b*(b^2 + 6*a*c)*x^(5/2))/5 + (c*(b^2 + a*c)*x^3)/2 + (3*b*c^2*x^(7/2))/7 + (c^3*x^4)/8)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1140

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 1680

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{k
= Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*
n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && Fr
actionQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
default	$\frac{2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 3b^2\left(\frac{1}{3}cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}ax^2\right) + 3b\left(\frac{2c^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{4acx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}\right) + \frac{(cx+a)^4}{4c}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{c^3x^4}{4} + \frac{6bc^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{(ac^2+2b^2c+c(2ac+b^2))x^3}{3} + \frac{2(4abc+b(2ac+b^2))x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{(a(2ac+b^2)+2b^2a+a^2c)x^2}{2} + 2a$
trager	$\frac{(c^3x^3+4ac^2x^2+4b^2cx^2+c^3x^2+6a^2cx+6ab^2x+4ac^2x+4b^2cx+c^3x+4a^3+6a^2c+6b^2a+4ac^2+4b^2c+c^3)(x-1)}{4} + \frac{2b^3}{4c}$
oring	$\frac{(65x^6c^7+242x^5c^6a-143b^2c^5x^5+219x^4c^5a^2-222ab^2c^4x^4+84b^4c^3x^4-308x^3c^4a^3+294a^2b^2c^3x^3-98ab^4c^2x^3+448c^4a^2x^2-140(-c^3x^3-ac^2x^2+b^2cx^2+a^2cx-ab^2x+a^3)c^2(c^2x^2+2acx-...$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/5*b^3*x^(5/2)+3*b^2*(1/3*c*x^3+1/2*a*x^2)+3*b*(2/7*c^2*x^(7/2)+4/5*a*c*x^(5/2)+2/3*a^2*x^(3/2))+1/4*(c*x+a)^4/c
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3 dx = \frac{1}{4}c^3x^4 + a^3x + (b^2c + ac^2)x^3 + \frac{3}{2}(ab^2 + a^2c)x^2 + \frac{2}{35}(15bc^2x^3 + 35a^2bx + 7(b^3 + 6abc)x^2)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*c^3*x^4 + a^3*x + (b^2*c + a*c^2)*x^3 + 3/2*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*x^2 + 2/35*(15*b*c^2*x^3 + 35*a^2*b*x + 7*(b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*x^2)*sqrt(x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3 dx = a^3x + 2a^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{3a^2cx^2}{2} + \frac{3ab^2x^2}{2} + \frac{12abcx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + ac^2x^3 + \frac{2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + b^2cx^3 + \frac{6bc^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{c^3x^4}{4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2)+c*x)**3,x)`output `a**3*x + 2*a**2*b*x**(3/2) + 3*a**2*c*x**2/2 + 3*a*b**2*x**2/2 + 12*a*b*c*x**(5/2)/5 + a*c**2*x**3 + 2*b**3*x**(5/2)/5 + b**2*c*x**3 + 6*b*c**2*x**(7/2)/7 + c**3*x**4/4`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3 dx = \frac{1}{4}c^3x^4 + \frac{6}{7}bc^2x^{\frac{7}{2}} + b^2cx^3 + \frac{2}{5}b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + a^3x + \frac{1}{2}(3cx^2 + 4bx^{\frac{3}{2}})a^2 + \frac{1}{10}(10c^2x^3 + 24bcx^{\frac{5}{2}} + 15b^2x^2)a$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*c^3*x^4 + 6/7*b*c^2*x^(7/2) + b^2*c*x^3 + 2/5*b^3*x^(5/2) + a^3*x + 1/2*(3*c*x^2 + 4*b*x^(3/2))*a^2 + 1/10*(10*c^2*x^3 + 24*b*c*x^(5/2) + 15*b^2*x^2)*a`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3 dx = \frac{1}{4}c^3x^4 + \frac{6}{7}bc^2x^{\frac{7}{2}} + b^2cx^3 + ac^2x^3 + \frac{2}{5}b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{12}{5}abcx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{3}{2}ab^2x^2 + \frac{3}{2}a^2cx^2 + 2a^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^3x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*c^3*x^4 + 6/7*b*c^2*x^(7/2) + b^2*c*x^3 + a*c^2*x^3 + 2/5*b^3*x^(5/2) + 12/5*a*b*c*x^(5/2) + 3/2*a*b^2*x^2 + 3/2*a^2*c*x^2 + 2*a^2*b*x^(3/2) + a^3*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3 dx = x^{5/2} \left( \frac{2b^3}{5} + \frac{12acb}{5} \right) + a^3x + \frac{c^3x^4}{4} + 2a^2bx^{3/2} + \frac{6b^2cx^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{3ax^2(b^2 + ac)}{2} + cx^3(b^2 + ac)$$

input `int((a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`output `x^(5/2)*((2*b^3)/5 + (12*a*b*c)/5) + a^3*x + (c^3*x^4)/4 + 2*a^2*b*x^(3/2) + (6*b*c^2*x^(7/2))/7 + (3*a*x^2*(a*c + b^2))/2 + c*x^3*(a*c + b^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3 dx = \frac{x(280\sqrt{x}a^2b + 336\sqrt{x}abcx + 56\sqrt{x}b^3x + 120\sqrt{x}bc^2x^2 + 140a^3 + 210a^2cx + 210ab^2x + 140ac^2x^2 + 140b^2cx^2 + 35c^3x^3)}{140}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^3,x)`output `(x*(280*sqrt(x)*a**2*b + 336*sqrt(x)*a*b*c*x + 56*sqrt(x)*b**3*x + 120*sqrt(x)*b*c**2*x**2 + 140*a**3 + 210*a**2*c*x + 210*a*b**2*x + 140*a*c**2*x**2 + 140*b**2*c*x**2 + 35*c**3*x**3))/140`

## 3.25 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2 dx$

Optimal result	245
Mathematica [A] (verified)	245
Rubi [A] (verified)	246
Maple [A] (verified)	247
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	247
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	248
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	248
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	249
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	249
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	249

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{4}{3}abx^{3/2} + \frac{1}{2}(b^2 + 2ac)x^2 + \frac{4}{5}bcx^{5/2} + \frac{c^2x^3}{3}$$

output

```
a^2*x+4/3*a*b*x^(3/2)+1/2*(2*a*c+b^2)*x^2+4/5*b*c*x^(5/2)+1/3*c^2*x^3
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2 dx = \frac{1}{30}(30a^2x + 40abx^{3/2} + 15b^2x^2 + 30acx^2 + 24bcx^{5/2} + 10c^2x^3)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(30*a^2*x + 40*a*b*x^(3/2) + 15*b^2*x^2 + 30*a*c*x^2 + 24*b*c*x^(5/2) + 10*c^2*x^3)/30
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {1680, 1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1680$$

$$2 \int \sqrt{x}(a + cx + b\sqrt{x})^2 d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 1140$$

$$2 \int (c^2 x^{5/2} + 2bcx^2 + (b^2 + 2ac)x^{3/2} + 2abx + a^2\sqrt{x}) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2\left(\frac{a^2x}{2} + \frac{1}{4}x^2(2ac + b^2) + \frac{2}{3}abx^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}bcx^{5/2} + \frac{c^2x^3}{6}\right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^2,x]`

output `2*((a^2*x)/2 + (2*a*b*x^(3/2))/3 + ((b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^2)/4 + (2*b*c*x^(5/2))/5 + (c^2*x^3)/6)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1140

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x
_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 1680

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k
= Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*
n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && Fr
actionQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2x^2}{2} + 2b\left(\frac{2cx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}\right) + \frac{(cx+a)^3}{3c}$
derivativedivides	$xa^2 + \frac{4abx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(2ac+b^2)x^2}{2} + \frac{4bcx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{c^2x^3}{3}$
trager	$\frac{(2c^2x^2+6acx+3b^2x+2c^2x+6a^2+6ac+3b^2+2c^2)(x-1)}{6} + \frac{4bx^{\frac{3}{2}}(3cx+5a)}{15}$
oring	$-\frac{(18c^4x^4+28ac^3x^3-21b^2c^2x^3-40a^2c^2x^2+25ab^2cx^2+10a^4)(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^2}{30(-c^3x^3-ac^2x^2+b^2cx^2+a^2cx-ab^2x+a^3)c} + \frac{2(2c^4x^4+4ac^3x^3-3b^2c^2x^3-8a^2c^2x^2+10a^4)(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^2}{15c(c^2x^2+2cx+a)}$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*b^2*x^2+2*b*(2/5*c*x^(5/2)+2/3*a*x^(3/2))+1/3*(c*x+a)^3/c
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}c^2x^3 + a^2x + \frac{1}{2}(b^2 + 2ac)x^2 + \frac{4}{15}(3bcx^2 + 5abx)\sqrt{x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
1/3*c^2*x^3 + a^2*x + 1/2*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^2 + 4/15*(3*b*c*x^2 + 5*a*b*x)*s
qrt(x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{4abx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + acx^2 + \frac{b^2x^2}{2} + \frac{4bcx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{c^2x^3}{3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2)+c*x)**2,x)
```

output

```
a**2*x + 4*a*b*x**(3/2)/3 + a*c*x**2 + b**2*x**2/2 + 4*b*c*x**(5/2)/5 + c*
*2*x**3/3
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}c^2x^3 + \frac{4}{5}bcx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{2}b^2x^2 + a^2x + \frac{1}{3}(3cx^2 + 4bx^{\frac{3}{2}})a$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/3*c^2*x^3 + 4/5*b*c*x^(5/2) + 1/2*b^2*x^2 + a^2*x + 1/3*(3*c*x^2 + 4*b*x
^(3/2))*a
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}c^2x^3 + \frac{4}{5}bcx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{2}b^2x^2 + acx^2 + \frac{4}{3}abx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^2x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*c^2*x^3 + 4/5*b*c*x^(5/2) + 1/2*b^2*x^2 + a*c*x^2 + 4/3*a*b*x^(3/2) + a^2*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2 dx = a^2x + x^2 \left( \frac{b^2}{2} + ac \right) + \frac{c^2x^3}{3} + \frac{4abx^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{4bcx^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `int((a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`

output `a^2*x + x^2*(a*c + b^2/2) + (c^2*x^3)/3 + (4*a*b*x^(3/2))/3 + (4*b*c*x^(5/2))/5`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2 dx = \frac{x(40\sqrt{x}ab + 24\sqrt{x}bcx + 30a^2 + 30acx + 15b^2x + 10c^2x^2)}{30}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2,x)`

output `(x*(40*sqrt(x)*a*b + 24*sqrt(x)*b*c*x + 30*a**2 + 30*a*c*x + 15*b**2*x + 10*c**2*x**2))/30`

### 3.26 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx) dx$

Optimal result	250
Mathematica [A] (verified)	250
Rubi [A] (verified)	251
Maple [A] (verified)	252
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	252
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	253
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	253
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	253
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	254
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	254

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx) dx = ax + \frac{2}{3}bx^{3/2} + \frac{cx^2}{2}$$

output

```
a*x+2/3*b*x^(3/2)+1/2*c*x^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx) dx = ax + \frac{2}{3}bx^{3/2} + \frac{cx^2}{2}$$

input

```
Integrate[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x,x]
```

output

```
a*x + (2*b*x^(3/2))/3 + (c*x^2)/2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$ax + \frac{2}{3}bx^{3/2} + \frac{cx^2}{2}$$

input `Int[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x,x]`

output `a*x + (2*b*x^(3/2))/3 + (c*x^2)/2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$xa + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{cx^2}{2}$	17
default	$xa + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{cx^2}{2}$	17
risch	$xa + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{cx^2}{2}$	17
parts	$xa + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{cx^2}{2}$	17
trager	$\frac{(x-1)(cx+2a+c)}{2} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	21
orering	$\frac{x(-5cx+6a)(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)}{-6cx+6a} - \frac{x^2(-cx+2a)\left(\frac{b}{2\sqrt{x}}+c\right)}{3(-cx+a)}$	60

input `int(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `x*a+2/3*b*x^(3/2)+1/2*c*x^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx) dx = \frac{1}{2} cx^2 + \frac{2}{3} bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*c*x^2 + 2/3*b*x^(3/2) + a*x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx) dx = ax + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{cx^2}{2}$$

input `integrate(a+b*x**(1/2)+c*x,x)`output `a*x + 2*b*x**(3/2)/3 + c*x**2/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx) dx = \frac{1}{2}cx^2 + \frac{2}{3}bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*c*x^2 + 2/3*b*x^(3/2) + a*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx) dx = \frac{1}{2}cx^2 + \frac{2}{3}bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*c*x^2 + 2/3*b*x^(3/2) + a*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx) dx = ax + \frac{2bx^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{cx^2}{2}$$

input `int(a + c*x + b*x^(1/2),x)`

output `a*x + (2*b*x^(3/2))/3 + (c*x^2)/2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx) dx = \frac{x(4\sqrt{x}b + 6a + 3cx)}{6}$$

input `int(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x,x)`

output `(x*(4*sqrt(x)*b + 6*a + 3*c*x))/6`

### 3.27 $\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	255
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	255
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	256
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	258
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	258
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	259
Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	259
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	260
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	260
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	261

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx = \frac{2b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \frac{\log(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)}{c}$$

output `2*b*arctanh((b+2*c*x^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+ln(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)/c`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx = -\frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}} + \frac{\log(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)}{c}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(-1), x]`

output `((-2*b*ArcTan[(b + 2*c*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]])/Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c] + Log[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x])/c`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$ , Rules used = {1680, 1142, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1680 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a + cx + b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1142 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{a+cx+b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}}{2c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a+cx+b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1083 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{b \int \frac{1}{b^2-4ac-x} d(b+2c\sqrt{x})}{c} + \frac{\int \frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{a+cx+b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{a+cx+b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}}{2c} + \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1103 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \frac{\log(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)}{2c} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(-1),x]`

output  $2*((b*\text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(c*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]) + \text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x] + c*x]/(2*c))$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1083  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\}$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_))/((a_ + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_))/((a_ + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\}$

rule 1680  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (c_)*(x_)^{n2_}) + (b_)*(x_)^{n_})^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)} + c*x^{(2*k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\ln(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)}{c} - \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right)}{c\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}$
default	$\frac{\ln(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)}{2c} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right)}{c\sqrt{4ac-b^2}} - \frac{\ln(-b\sqrt{x}+cx+a)}{2c} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{2c\sqrt{x}-b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right)}{c\sqrt{4ac-b^2}} + \frac{2a \arctan\left(\frac{2c^2x+2ac-b^2}{\sqrt{4ab^2c-b^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{4ab^2c-b^4}}$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `ln(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)/c-2*b/c/(4*a*c-b^2)^(1/2)*arctan((b+2*c*x^(1/2))/(4*a*c-b^2)^(1/2))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.37

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b^2-4ac} b \log\left(\frac{2c^3x^2-b^2cx+ab^2-2a^2c-(bcx-ab)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\left(b^3-4abc-(2c^2x-b^2+2ac)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\right)\sqrt{x}}{c^2x^2+a^2-(b^2-2ac)x}\right) + (b^2-4ac) \log\left(\frac{b^2c-4ac^2}{b^2c-4ac^2}\right)}{b^2c-4ac^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[(sqrt(b^2-4*a*c)*b*log((2*c^3*x^2-b^2*c*x+a*b^2-2*a^2*c-(b*c*x-a*b)*sqrt(b^2-4*a*c)-(b^3-4*a*b*c-(2*c^2*x-b^2+2*a*c)*sqrt(b^2-4*a*c))*sqrt(x))/(c^2*x^2+a^2-(b^2-2*a*c)*x))+ (b^2-4*a*c)*log(c*x+b*sqrt(x)+a)/(b^2*c-4*a*c^2), (2*sqrt(-b^2+4*a*c)*b*arctan(-(2*sqrt(-b^2+4*a*c)*c*sqrt(x)+sqrt(-b^2+4*a*c)*b)/(b^2-4*a*c))+(b^2-4*a*c)*log(c*x+b*sqrt(x)+a))/(b^2*c-4*a*c^2)]`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 250 vs.  $2(54) = 108$ .

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.17

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{2a \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{b^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} & \text{for } c = 0 \\ \frac{2b \log\left(\frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{bc + 2c^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b}{bc + 2c^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{4c\sqrt{x} \log\left(\frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{bc + 2c^2\sqrt{x}} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{b \log\left(\frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt{x} - \frac{\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}\right)}{c\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}} + \frac{b \log\left(\frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt{x} + \frac{\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}\right)}{c\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}} + \frac{\log\left(\frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt{x} - \frac{\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}\right)}{c} + \frac{\log\left(\frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt{x} + \frac{\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}\right)}{c} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2)+c*x),x)`

output `Piecewise((-2*a*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/b**2 + 2*sqrt(x)/b, Eq(c, 0)), (2*b*log(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x))/(b*c + 2*c**2*sqrt(x)) + 2*b/(b*c + 2*c**2*sqrt(x)) + 4*c*sqrt(x)*log(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x))/(b*c + 2*c**2*sqrt(x)), Eq(a, b**2/(4*c))), (-b*log(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x) - sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/(c*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)) + b*log(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x) + sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/(c*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)) + log(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x) - sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/c + log(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x) + sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/c, True))`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx = -\frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{2c\sqrt{x}+b}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}} + \frac{\log(cx + b\sqrt{x} + a)}{c}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*b*arctan((2*c*sqrt(x) + b)/sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c))/(sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*c) + log(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)/c`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx = \frac{4ac \ln(a + cx + b\sqrt{x})}{4ac^2 - b^2c} - \frac{2b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}} + \frac{2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right)}{c\sqrt{4ac-b^2}} - \frac{b^2 \ln(a + cx + b\sqrt{x})}{4ac^2 - b^2c}$$

input `int(1/(a + c*x + b*x^(1/2)),x)`

output `(4*a*c*log(a + c*x + b*x^(1/2)))/(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c) - (2*b*atan(b/(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2) + (2*c*x^(1/2))/(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)))/(c*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) - (b^2*log(a + c*x + b*x^(1/2)))/(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{4ac - b^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}c + b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}}\right) b + 4 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a + cx) ac - \log(\sqrt{x}b + a + cx) b^2}{c(4ac - b^2)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x),x)`output `( - 2*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*sqrt(x)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*b + 4*log(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*a*c - log(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*b**2)/(c*(4*a*c - b**2))`

### 3.28 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^2} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2} dx = \frac{2(2a + b\sqrt{x})}{(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)} - \frac{4b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{(b^2 - 4ac)^{3/2}}$$

output  $2*(2*a+b*x^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/2)}+c*x)-4*b*\operatorname{arctanh}((b+2*c*x^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(3/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2} dx = \frac{2(2a + b\sqrt{x})}{(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)} - \frac{4b \arctan\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{(-b^2 + 4ac)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(-2), x]`

output  $(2*(2*a + b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(a + b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x] + c*x)) - (4*b*\operatorname{ArcTan}[b + 2*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]])/(-b^2 + 4*a*c)^{(3/2)}$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {1680, 1159, 1083, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1680} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a + cx + b\sqrt{x})^2} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1159} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a+cx+b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}}{b^2 - 4ac} + \frac{2a + b\sqrt{x}}{(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1083} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{2a + b\sqrt{x}}{(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{b^2 - 4ac - x} d(b + 2c\sqrt{x})}{b^2 - 4ac} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{2a + b\sqrt{x}}{(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)} - \frac{2b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{(b^2 - 4ac)^{3/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(-2),x]
```

output

```
2*((2*a + b*Sqrt[x])/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)) - (2*b*ArcTanh[
(b + 2*c*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])/(b^2 - 4*a*c)^(3/2))
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1083  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ ) + (c_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1159  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x_ ) \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ ) + (c_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{p_}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot d - 2 \cdot a \cdot e + (2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) \cdot x) / ((p + 1) \cdot (b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c)) \cdot (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p + 1}, x] - \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot p + 3) \cdot ((2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / ((p + 1) \cdot (b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p + 1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -3/2]$

rule 1680  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (c_ \cdot x_ )^{n2_} + (b_ \cdot x_ )^{n_})^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{k - 1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^{k \cdot n} + c \cdot x^{2 \cdot k \cdot n})^p, x], x, x^{1/k}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-2b\sqrt{x}-4a}{(4ac-b^2)(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})} - \frac{4b \arctan\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right)}{(4ac-b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$b^2 \left( \frac{(-2ac+b^2)x-2a^2}{(4ab^2c-b^4)(c^2x^2+2acx-b^2x+a^2)} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{2c^2x+2ac-b^2}{\sqrt{4ab^2c-b^4}}\right)}{(4ab^2c-b^4)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) - \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})(4ac-b^2)} - \dots$

input  $\text{int}(1/(a+b \cdot x^{1/2}+c \cdot x)^2, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
2*(-b*x^(1/2)-2*a)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)-4*b/(4*a*c-b^2)^(3/2)*arc
tan((b+2*c*x^(1/2))/(4*a*c-b^2)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 248 vs.  $2(67) = 134$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 565, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.34

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 2a^2b^2 - 8a^3c - (bc^2x^2 + a^2b - (b^3 - 2abc)x) \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \log \left( \frac{2c^3x^2 - b^2cx + ab^2 - 2a^2c - (bcx - ab)\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - (b^3 - 2abc)x}{c^2x^2 + a^2 - (b^2 - 4ac)x} \right) \right)}{a^2b^4 - 8a^3b^2c + 16a^4c^2 + (b^4c^2 - 8ab^2c^3 + 16a^2c^4)x^2 - (b^6 - 10ab^4c + 32a^2b^2c^2 - 32a^3c^3)x}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[2*(2*a^2*b^2 - 8*a^3*c - (b*c^2*x^2 + a^2*b - (b^3 - 2*a*b*c)*x)*sqrt(b^2
- 4*a*c)*log((2*c^3*x^2 - b^2*c*x + a*b^2 - 2*a^2*c - (b*c*x - a*b)*sqrt(
b^2 - 4*a*c) - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c - (2*c^2*x - b^2 + 2*a*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))
*sqrt(x))/(c^2*x^2 + a^2 - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*x)) - (b^4 - 6*a*b^2*c + 8*a^2*c^
2)*x - (a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c - (b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^4 - 8*a
^3*b^2*c + 16*a^4*c^2 + (b^4*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c^3 + 16*a^2*c^4)*x^2 - (b^6 -
10*a*b^4*c + 32*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 32*a^3*c^3)*x), 2*(2*a^2*b^2 - 8*a^3*c - 2*(
b*c^2*x^2 + a^2*b - (b^3 - 2*a*b*c)*x)*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*arctan(-(2*sqrt(
-b^2 + 4*a*c)*c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*b)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)) - (b^4 - 6*
a*b^2*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*x - (a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c - (b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(
x))/(a^2*b^4 - 8*a^3*b^2*c + 16*a^4*c^2 + (b^4*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c^3 + 16*a^2*
c^4)*x^2 - (b^6 - 10*a*b^4*c + 32*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 32*a^3*c^3)*x)]
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1358 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 38.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1358, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.64

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2)+c*x)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((2*a*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a*b**2 + b**3*sqrt(x)) + 2*a/(a*b**2 + b**3*sqrt(x)) + 2*b*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a*b**2 + b**3*sqrt(x)), Eq(c, 0)), (-4*b/(3*b**3 + 18*b**2*c*sqrt(x) + 36*b*c**2*x + 24*c**3*x**(3/2)) - 24*c*sqrt(x)/(3*b**3 + 18*b**2*c*sqrt(x) + 36*b*c**2*x + 24*c**3*x**(3/2)), Eq(a, b**2/(4*c))), (-2*a*b*log(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x) - sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/(4*a**2*c*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) - a*b**2*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) + 4*a*b*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) + 4*a*c**2*x*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) - b**3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) - b**2*c*x*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)) + 2*a*b*log(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x) + sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/(4*a**2*c*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) - a*b**2*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) + 4*a*b*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) + 4*a*c**2*x*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) - b**3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) - b**2*c*x*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)) - 4*a*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(4*a**2*c*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) - a*b**2*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) + 4*a*b*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) + 4*a*c**2*x*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) - b**3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) - b**2*c*x*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)) - 2*b**2*sqrt(x)*log(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x) - sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/(4*a**2*c*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) - a*b**2*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) + 4*a*b*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) + 4*a*c**2*x*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) - b**3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) - b**2*c*x*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)) + 2*b**2*sqrt(x)*log(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x) + sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/(4*a**2*c*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) - a*b**2*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2) + 4*a*b*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-4*a...`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4\*a\*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2} dx = \frac{4b \arctan\left(\frac{2c\sqrt{x}+b}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}} + \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + 2a)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(cx + b\sqrt{x} + a)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4*b*arctan((2*c*sqrt(x) + b)/sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)) + 2*(b*sqrt(x) + 2*a)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{4a}{4ac-b^2} + \frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{4ac-b^2}}{a + cx + b\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\left(\frac{2b^2}{(4ac-b^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4bc\sqrt{x}}{(4ac-b^2)^{3/2}}\right)(4ac-b^2)}{2b}\right)}{(4ac-b^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/(a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`output 
$$-\left(\frac{4a}{4ac-b^2} + \frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{4ac-b^2}\right)/(a + cx + b\sqrt{x}) - \frac{4b \operatorname{atan}\left(\left(\frac{2b^2}{(4ac-b^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4bc\sqrt{x}}{(4ac-b^2)^{3/2}}\right)/(4ac-b^2)\right)}{(4ac-b^2)^{3/2}}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{4ac-b^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}c+b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right) b^2 - 4\sqrt{4ac-b^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}c+b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right) ab - 4\sqrt{4ac-b^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}c+b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right) bcx - 16\sqrt{x}a^2b^2c^2 - 8\sqrt{x}ab^3c + \sqrt{x}b^5 + 16a^3c^2 - 8a^2b^2c + 16a^2c^3x + ab^4 - 8ab^2c^2x}{16\sqrt{x}a^2b^2c^2 - 8\sqrt{x}ab^3c + \sqrt{x}b^5 + 16a^3c^2 - 8a^2b^2c + 16a^2c^3x + ab^4 - 8ab^2c^2x}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2,x)`output 
$$(2*(-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{4ac-b^2})\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}c+b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right) b^2 - 2\sqrt{4ac-b^2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}c+b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right) ab - 2\sqrt{4ac-b^2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}c+b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right) bcx - 4a^2b^2c^2 - 8\sqrt{x}ab^3c + \sqrt{x}b^5 + 16a^3c^2 - 8a^2b^2c + 16a^2c^3x + ab^4 - 8ab^2c^2x)/(16\sqrt{x}a^2b^2c^2 - 8\sqrt{x}ab^3c + \sqrt{x}b^5 + 16a^3c^2 - 8a^2b^2c + 16a^2c^3x + ab^4 - 8ab^2c^2x)$$

### 3.29 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^3} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^3} dx = \frac{2a+b\sqrt{x}}{(b^2-4ac)(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^2} - \frac{3b(b+2c\sqrt{x})}{(b^2-4ac)^2(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)} + \frac{12bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{(b^2-4ac)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
(2*a+b*x^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2-3*b*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^2/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)+12*b*c*arctanh((b+2*c*x^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(5/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^3} dx = -\frac{8a^2c+ab(b+10c\sqrt{x})+b\sqrt{x}(2b^2+9bc\sqrt{x}+6c^2x)}{(b^2-4ac)^2(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^2} - \frac{12bc \arctan\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{(-b^2+4ac)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(-3),x]`

output 
$$-\left(\frac{8a^2c + a*b*(b + 10*c*Sqrt[x]) + b*Sqrt[x]*(2*b^2 + 9*b*c*Sqrt[x] + 6*c^2*x)}{(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^2}\right) - \left(\frac{12*b*c*ArcTan[(b + 2*c*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]]}{(-b^2 + 4*a*c)^{5/2}}\right)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$ , Rules used = {1680, 1159, 1086, 1083, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1680 \\ & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a + cx + b\sqrt{x})^3} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1159 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{3b \int \frac{1}{(a+cx+b\sqrt{x})^2} d\sqrt{x}}{2(b^2 - 4ac)} + \frac{2a + b\sqrt{x}}{2(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1086 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{3b \left( -\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{a+cx+b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}}{b^2 - 4ac} - \frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{(b^2 - 4ac)(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)} \right)}{2(b^2 - 4ac)} + \frac{2a + b\sqrt{x}}{2(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1083 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{4c \int \frac{1}{b^2 - 4ac - x} d(b+2c\sqrt{x})}{b^2 - 4ac} - \frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{(b^2 - 4ac)(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)} \right)}{2(b^2 - 4ac)} + \frac{2a + b\sqrt{x}}{2(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 219 \\
 2 \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{4c \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right)}{(b^2-4ac)^{3/2}} - \frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{(b^2-4ac)(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)} \right)}{2(b^2-4ac)} + \frac{2a+b\sqrt{x}}{2(b^2-4ac)(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^2} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(-3),x]`

output `2*((2*a + b*Sqrt[x])/(2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^2) + (3*b*(-(b + 2*c*Sqrt[x])/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x))) + (4*c*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])/(b^2 - 4*a*c)^(3/2)))/(2*(b^2 - 4*a*c))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1086 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[2*c*((2*p + 3)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && ILtQ[p, -1]`



rule 1159

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x] - Simp[(2*p + 3)*((2*c*d - b*e)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))] Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

rule 1680

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-b\sqrt{x}-2a}{(4ac-b^2)(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^2} - \frac{3b \left( \frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{(4ac-b^2)(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)} + \frac{4c \arctan\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right)}{(4ac-b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{4ac-b^2}$	123
default	Expression too large to display	4753

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((-b*x^(1/2)-2*a)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2-3*b/(4*a*c-b^2)*((b+2*c*x^(1/2))/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)+4*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^(3/2)*arctan((b+2*c*x^(1/2))/(4*a*c-b^2)^(1/2)))/(4*a*c-b^2)^(3/2))
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 615 vs. 2(100) = 200.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1299, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-(a^3*b^4 + 4*a^4*b^2*c - 32*a^5*c^2 - 3*(b^4*c^3 - 4*a*b^2*c^4)*x^3 + (5
*b^6*c - 33*a*b^4*c^2 + 60*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 32*a^3*c^4)*x^2 - 6*(b*c^5*x^4 +
a^4*b*c - 2*(b^3*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^4)*x^3 + (b^5*c - 4*a*b^3*c^2 + 6*a^2*b*c^3
)*x^2 - 2*(a^2*b^3*c - 2*a^3*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*log((2*c^3*x^2 -
b^2*c*x + a*b^2 - 2*a^2*c - (b*c*x - a*b)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c) - (b^3 - 4*a*b
*c - (2*c^2*x - b^2 + 2*a*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*sqrt(x))/(c^2*x^2 + a^2 -
(b^2 - 2*a*c)*x)) - (3*a*b^6 - 11*a^2*b^4*c - 20*a^3*b^2*c^2 + 64*a^4*c^3)
*x - 2*(3*a^3*b^3*c - 12*a^4*b*c^2 - 3*(b^3*c^4 - 4*a*b*c^5)*x^3 + (5*b^5*
c^2 - 31*a*b^3*c^3 + 44*a^2*b*c^4)*x^2 - (b^7 - 7*a*b^5*c + 17*a^2*b^3*c^2
- 20*a^3*b*c^3)*x)*sqrt(x)/(a^4*b^6 - 12*a^5*b^4*c + 48*a^6*b^2*c^2 - 64
*a^7*c^3 + (b^6*c^4 - 12*a*b^4*c^5 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^6 - 64*a^3*c^7)*x^4 - 2*
(b^8*c^2 - 14*a*b^6*c^3 + 72*a^2*b^4*c^4 - 160*a^3*b^2*c^5 + 128*a^4*c^6)*
x^3 + (b^10 - 16*a*b^8*c + 102*a^2*b^6*c^2 - 328*a^3*b^4*c^3 + 544*a^4*b^2
*c^4 - 384*a^5*c^5)*x^2 - 2*(a^2*b^8 - 14*a^3*b^6*c + 72*a^4*b^4*c^2 - 160
*a^5*b^2*c^3 + 128*a^6*c^4)*x), -(a^3*b^4 + 4*a^4*b^2*c - 32*a^5*c^2 - 3*(
b^4*c^3 - 4*a*b^2*c^4)*x^3 + (5*b^6*c - 33*a*b^4*c^2 + 60*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 32
*a^3*c^4)*x^2 - 12*(b*c^5*x^4 + a^4*b*c - 2*(b^3*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^4)*x^3 + (b
^5*c - 4*a*b^3*c^2 + 6*a^2*b*c^3)*x^2 - 2*(a^2*b^3*c - 2*a^3*b*c^2)*x)*sqr
t(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*arctan(-(2*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c))*sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*
c)*b)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)) - (3*a*b^6 - 11*a^2*b^4*c - 20*a^3*b^2*c^2 + 64*a^...

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2)+c*x)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3} dx = -\frac{12bc \arctan\left(\frac{2c\sqrt{x}+b}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{(b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2)\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}} - \frac{6bc^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 9b^2cx + 2b^3\sqrt{x} + 10abc\sqrt{x} + ab^2 + 8a^2c}{(b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2)(cx + b\sqrt{x} + a)^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-12*b*c*arctan((2*c*sqrt(x) + b)/sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c))/((b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)) - (6*b*c^2*x^(3/2) + 9*b^2*c*x + 2*b^3*sqrt(x) + 10*a*b*c*sqrt(x) + a*b^2 + 8*a^2*c)/((b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)^2)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{8ca^2+ab^2}{16a^2c^2-8ab^2c+b^4} + \frac{2b\sqrt{x}(b^2+5ac)}{16a^2c^2-8ab^2c+b^4} + \frac{9b^2cx}{16a^2c^2-8ab^2c+b^4} + \frac{6bc^2x^{3/2}}{16a^2c^2-8ab^2c+b^4}}{x(b^2+2ac) + a^2 + c^2x^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + 2bcx^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{12bc \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\left(\frac{6b^2c}{(4ac-b^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{12bc^2\sqrt{x}}{(4ac-b^2)^{5/2}}\right)(16a^2c^2-8ab^2c+b^4)}{6bc}\right)}{(4ac-b^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(1/(a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`

output

$$-((a*b^2 + 8*a^2*c)/(b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c) + (2*b*x^(1/2)*(5*a*c + b^2))/(b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c) + (9*b^2*c*x)/(b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c) + (6*b*c^2*x^(3/2))/(b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c))/(x*(2*a*c + b^2) + a^2 + c^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/2) + 2*b*c*x^(3/2)) - (12*b*c*atan(((6*b^2*c)/(4*a*c - b^2)^(5/2) + (12*b*c^2*x^(1/2))/(4*a*c - b^2)^(5/2))*(b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c))/(6*b*c))/(4*a*c - b^2)^(5/2)$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 569, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-24\sqrt{x}\sqrt{4ac-b^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}c+b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right) ab^2c - 24\sqrt{x}\sqrt{4ac-b^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}c+b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right) b^2c^2x - 12\sqrt{4ac-b^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}c+b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right) a^2b^5c - 9}{128\sqrt{x}a^4bc^3 - 96\sqrt{x}a^3b^3c^2 + 128\sqrt{x}a^3bc^4x + 24\sqrt{x}a^2b^5c - 9}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*sqrt(x)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))
)*a*b**2*c - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*sqrt(x)*c + b)/sqrt(4*
a*c - b**2))*b**2*c**2*x - 12*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*sqrt(x)*c + b)/sq
rt(4*a*c - b**2))*a**2*b*c - 24*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*sqrt(x)*c + b)/
sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a*b*c**2*x - 12*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*sqrt(x)*c +
b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*b**3*c*x - 12*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*sqrt(x)*c
+ b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*b*c**3*x**2 - 16*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*c**2 - 4*sqrt(x)
*a*b**3*c + 2*sqrt(x)*b**5 - 20*a**3*c**2 + a**2*b**2*c + 24*a**2*c**3*x +
a*b**4 - 30*a*b**2*c**2*x + 12*a*c**4*x**2 + 6*b**4*c*x - 3*b**2*c**3*x**
2)/(128*sqrt(x)*a**4*b*c**3 - 96*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**3*c**2 + 128*sqrt(x)*a**3
*b*c**4*x + 24*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**5*c - 96*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*c**3*x - 2*sqrt(
x)*a*b**7 + 24*sqrt(x)*a*b**5*c**2*x - 2*sqrt(x)*b**7*c*x + 64*a**5*c**3 -
48*a**4*b**2*c**2 + 128*a**4*c**4*x + 12*a**3*b**4*c - 32*a**3*b**2*c**3*
x + 64*a**3*c**5*x**2 - a**2*b**6 - 24*a**2*b**4*c**2*x - 48*a**2*b**2*c**
4*x**2 + 10*a*b**6*c*x + 12*a*b**4*c**3*x**2 - b**8*x - b**6*c**2*x**2)
```

### 3.30 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{5b(b^2 - 4ac)^2 (b + 2c\sqrt{x}) \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}}{512c^4} + \frac{5b(b^2 - 4ac) (b + 2c\sqrt{x}) (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}}{192c^3} - \frac{b(b + 2c\sqrt{x}) (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2}}{12c^2} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{7/2}}{7c} + \frac{5b(b^2 - 4ac)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}\right)}{1024c^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-5/512*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2)/c^4+5/192*
b*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2)/c^3-1/12*b*(b+2*c*x
^(1/2))*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(5/2)/c^2+2/7*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(7/2)/c+5/1024*b
*(-4*a*c+b^2)^3*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2
))/c^(9/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}(-105b^6 + 70b^5c\sqrt{x} - 56b^4c(-20a + cx) + 48b^3c^2\sqrt{x}(-14a + cx) + 3072c^3(a + cx)^3 + 32b^2c^3\sqrt{x}(57a^2 + 394acx + 232c^2x^2) + 16b^2c^2(-231a^2 + 30acx + 296c^2x^2))}{10752c^4} - \frac{5b(b^2 - 4ac)^3 \log(b + 2c\sqrt{x} - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx})}{1024c^{9/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(5/2), x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x]*(-105*b^6 + 70*b^5*c*Sqrt[x] - 56*b^4*c*(-20*a + c*x) + 48*b^3*c^2*Sqrt[x]*(-14*a + c*x) + 3072*c^3*(a + c*x)^3 + 32*b*c^3*Sqrt[x]*(57*a^2 + 394*a*c*x + 232*c^2*x^2) + 16*b^2*c^2*(-231*a^2 + 30*a*c*x + 296*c^2*x^2)))/(10752*c^4) - (5*b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^3*Log[b + 2*c*Sqrt[x] - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x]])/(1024*c^(9/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$ , Rules used = {1680, 1160, 1087, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1680} \\ & 2 \int \sqrt{x}(a + cx + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{b \int (a + cx + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2} d\sqrt{x}}{2c} \right)$$

↓ 1087

$$2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5(b^2-4ac) \int (a+cx+b\sqrt{x})^{3/2} d\sqrt{x}}{24c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

↓ 1087

$$2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5(b^2-4ac) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \int \sqrt{a+cx+b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

↓ 1087

$$2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5(b^2-4ac) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}{4c} - \dots \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

↓ 1092



$$2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5(b^2-4ac) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}{4c} - \dots \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5(b^2-4ac) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}{4c} - \dots \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(5/2), x]`

output

$$2*((a + b\sqrt{x} + c*x)^{(7/2)}/(7*c) - (b*((b + 2*c*\sqrt{x})*(a + b*\sqrt{x} + c*x)^{(5/2)))/(12*c) - (5*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*((b + 2*c*\sqrt{x})*(a + b*\sqrt{x} + c*x)^{(3/2)))/(8*c) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*((b + 2*c*\sqrt{x})*\sqrt{a + b*\sqrt{x} + c*x}))/ (4*c) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*\text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*\sqrt{x})/(2*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a + b*\sqrt{x} + c*x}]))/(8*c^{(3/2)})))/(16*c)))/(24*c))/(2*c)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b*x)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1087

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b*x) + (c*x^2)^p), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$$

rule 1092

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{a + (b*x) + (c*x^2)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\sqrt{a + b*x + c*x^2}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\}$$

rule 1160

$$\text{Int}[(d + (e*x))*(a + (b*x) + (c*x^2)^p), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 1680

$$\text{Int}[(a + (c*x)^{n2} + (b*x)^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)} + c*x^{(2*k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12c} + \frac{5(4ac-b^2) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} + \frac{3(4ac-b^2) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x-}}}{4c} \right)}{24c} \right)}{c} \right)}{c}$
default	$\frac{2(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12c} + \frac{5(4ac-b^2) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} + \frac{3(4ac-b^2) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x-}}}{4c} \right)}{24c} \right)}{c} \right)}{c}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/7*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(7/2)/c-b/c*(1/12*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))/c*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(5/2)+5/24*(4*a*c-b^2)/c*(1/8*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))/c*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c-b^2)/c*(1/4*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))/c*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2))))`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1076, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.38

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2)+c*x)**(5/2),x)`

output

```

2*Piecewise((( -a*(3*a**2*b - 3*a*(359*a*b*c/84 + b**3 - 9*b*(15*a*c**2/7 +
185*b**2*c/168))/(10*c))/(4*c) - 5*b*(3*a**2*c + 3*a*b**2 - 4*a*(15*a*c**2
/7 + 185*b**2*c/168))/(5*c) - 7*b*(359*a*b*c/84 + b**3 - 9*b*(15*a*c**2/7 +
185*b**2*c/168))/(10*c))/(8*c))/(6*c))/(2*c) - b*(a**3 - 2*a*(3*a**2*c + 3
*a*b**2 - 4*a*(15*a*c**2/7 + 185*b**2*c/168))/(5*c) - 7*b*(359*a*b*c/84 + b
**3 - 9*b*(15*a*c**2/7 + 185*b**2*c/168))/(10*c))/(8*c))/(3*c) - 3*b*(3*a**
2*b - 3*a*(359*a*b*c/84 + b**3 - 9*b*(15*a*c**2/7 + 185*b**2*c/168))/(10*c)
)/(4*c) - 5*b*(3*a**2*c + 3*a*b**2 - 4*a*(15*a*c**2/7 + 185*b**2*c/168))/(5
*c) - 7*b*(359*a*b*c/84 + b**3 - 9*b*(15*a*c**2/7 + 185*b**2*c/168))/(10*c)
)/(8*c))/(6*c))/(4*c))/(2*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*sqrt
(x) + c*x) + 2*c*sqrt(x))/sqrt(c), Ne(a - b**2/(4*c), 0)), ((b/(2*c) + sqr
t(x))*log(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x))/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x))**2), True)) + sqrt
(a + b*sqrt(x) + c*x)*(29*b*c*x**(5/2)/84 + c**2*x**3/7 + x**(3/2)*(359*a*
b*c/84 + b**3 - 9*b*(15*a*c**2/7 + 185*b**2*c/168))/(10*c))/(4*c) + sqrt(x)
*(3*a**2*b - 3*a*(359*a*b*c/84 + b**3 - 9*b*(15*a*c**2/7 + 185*b**2*c/168)
/(10*c))/(4*c) - 5*b*(3*a**2*c + 3*a*b**2 - 4*a*(15*a*c**2/7 + 185*b**2*c/
168))/(5*c) - 7*b*(359*a*b*c/84 + b**3 - 9*b*(15*a*c**2/7 + 185*b**2*c/168)
/(10*c))/(8*c))/(6*c))/(2*c) + x**2*(15*a*c**2/7 + 185*b**2*c/168)/(5*c) +
x*(3*a**2*c + 3*a*b**2 - 4*a*(15*a*c**2/7 + 185*b**2*c/168)/(5*c) - 7*b*(
359*a*b*c/84 + b**3 - 9*b*(15*a*c**2/7 + 185*b**2*c/168))/(10*c))/(8*c))...

```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2} dx = \int (cx + b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2), x)
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage3:=type(sage2)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Valuesym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2} dx = \int (a + cx + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2} dx = \int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(5/2),x)`

### 3.31 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	286
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Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	287
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	290
Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . .	290
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Maxima [F] . . . . .	292
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	292
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	293
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	293

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3b(b^2 - 4ac)(b + 2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}}{64c^3} - \frac{b(b + 2c\sqrt{x})(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}}{8c^2} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{3b(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}\right)}{128c^{7/2}}$$

output

```
3/64*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2)/c^3-1/8*b*(b+2
*c*x^(1/2))*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2)/c^2+2/5*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(5/2)/c-3/12
8*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(
1/2))/c^(7/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}(15b^4 - 10b^3c\sqrt{x} + 128c^2(a + cx)^2 + 4b^2c(-25a + 2cx) + 8bc^2\sqrt{x}(7a + 22cx))}{320c^3} + \frac{3b(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \log\left(b + 2c\sqrt{x} - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}\right)}{128c^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x]*(15*b^4 - 10*b^3*c*Sqrt[x] + 128*c^2*(a + c*x)^2 + 4*b^2*c*(-25*a + 2*c*x) + 8*b*c^2*Sqrt[x]*(7*a + 22*c*x)))/(320*c^3) + (3*b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*Log[b + 2*c*Sqrt[x] - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x]))/(128*c^(7/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$ , Rules used = {1680, 1160, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1680 \\ & 2 \int \sqrt{x}(a + cx + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \int (a + cx + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2} d\sqrt{x}}{2c} \right) \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1087 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \int \sqrt{a+cx+b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}}{16c} \right)}{2c} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1087 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx+b\sqrt{x}}} d\sqrt{x}}{8c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{2c} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1092 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c-x} d\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+cx+b\sqrt{x}}} \right)}{16c} \right)}{2c} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}} \right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right)}{16c} \right)}{2c} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `2*((a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(5/2)/(5*c) - (b*(((b + 2*c*Sqrt[x])*(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(3/2))/(8*c) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*((b + 2*c*Sqrt[x])*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x]))/(4*c) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*Sqrt[x])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x]))]/(8*c^(3/2)))))/(16*c)))/(2*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1680 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} + \frac{3(4ac-b^2) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x+cx}}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x+cx}}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{16c} \right)}{c}$
default	$\frac{2(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} + \frac{3(4ac-b^2) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x+cx}}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x+cx}}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{16c} \right)}{c}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/5*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(5/2)/c-b/c*(1/8*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))/c*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c-b^2)/c*(1/4*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))/c*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2))))`

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2} dx = 2 \left( \left( \frac{a \left( \frac{47ab}{40} - \frac{5b \left( \frac{6ac}{5} + \frac{3b^2}{80} \right)}{6c} \right)}{2c} - \frac{b \left( a^2 - \frac{2a \left( \frac{6ac}{5} + \frac{3b^2}{80} \right)}{3c} - \frac{3b \left( \frac{47ab}{40} - \frac{5b \left( \frac{6ac}{5} + \frac{3b^2}{80} \right)}{6c} \right)}{4c} \right)}{2c} \right) \left( \frac{\log(b + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}})}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\left( \frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt{x} \right) \log\left( \frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt{x} \right)}{\sqrt{c \left( \frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt{x} \right)^2}} \right) + \frac{2 \left( -\frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{7} \right)}{b^2} + \frac{a^{3/2}x}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2)+c*x)**(3/2), x)`

output `2*Piecewise((( -a*(47*a*b/40 - 5*b*(6*a*c/5 + 3*b**2/80)/(6*c))/(2*c) - b*(a**2 - 2*a*(6*a*c/5 + 3*b**2/80)/(3*c) - 3*b*(47*a*b/40 - 5*b*(6*a*c/5 + 3*b**2/80)/(6*c))/(4*c))/(2*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*sqrt(x) + c*x) + 2*c*sqrt(x))/sqrt(c), Ne(a - b**2/(4*c), 0)), ((b/(2*c) + sqrt(x))*log(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x))/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x))**2), True)) + sqrt(a + b*sqrt(x) + c*x)*(11*b*x**(3/2)/40 + c*x**2/5 + sqrt(x)*(47*a*b/40 - 5*b*(6*a*c/5 + 3*b**2/80)/(6*c))/(2*c) + x*(6*a*c/5 + 3*b**2/80)/(3*c) + (a**2 - 2*a*(6*a*c/5 + 3*b**2/80)/(3*c) - 3*b*(47*a*b/40 - 5*b*(6*a*c/5 + 3*b**2/80)/(6*c))/(4*c))/c), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(-a*(a + b*sqrt(x))**(5/2)/5 + (a + b*sqrt(x))**(7/2)/7)/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*x/2, True))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx + b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 396 vs.  $2(120) = 240$ .

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt{x} \\ & + cx)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{24} \left( 2 \sqrt{cx + b\sqrt{x} + a} \left( 2 \sqrt{x} \left( 4 \sqrt{x} + \frac{b}{c} \right) - \frac{3b^2 - 8ac}{c^2} \right) - \frac{3(b^3 - 4abc) \log \left( \left| 2 \sqrt{c} \left( \sqrt{c} \sqrt{x} + \frac{b}{c} \right) \right|}{c^{5/2}} \right) \right. \\ & + \frac{1}{192} \left( 2 \sqrt{cx + b\sqrt{x} + a} \left( 2 \left( 4 \sqrt{x} \left( 6 \sqrt{x} + \frac{b}{c} \right) - \frac{5b^2c - 12ac^2}{c^3} \right) \sqrt{x} + \frac{15b^3 - 52abc}{c^3} \right) + \frac{3(5b^4 - 24abc^2)}{c^4} \right) \\ & \left. + \frac{1}{1920} \left( 2 \sqrt{cx + b\sqrt{x} + a} \left( 2 \left( 4 \left( 6 \sqrt{x} \left( 8 \sqrt{x} + \frac{b}{c} \right) - \frac{7b^2c^2 - 16ac^3}{c^4} \right) \sqrt{x} + \frac{35b^3c - 116abc^2}{c^4} \right) \sqrt{x} - \frac{15b^4 - 48abc^2}{c^4} \right) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*(2*sqrt(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)*(2*sqrt(x)*(4*sqrt(x) + b/c) - (3*b^2 -
8*a*c)/c^2) - 3*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*log(abs(2*sqrt(c)*(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x) - sqrt(
c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)) + b))/c^(5/2))*a + 1/192*(2*sqrt(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)
)*(2*(4*sqrt(x)*(6*sqrt(x) + b/c) - (5*b^2*c - 12*a*c^2)/c^3)*sqrt(x) + (1
5*b^3 - 52*a*b*c)/c^3) + 3*(5*b^4 - 24*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*log(abs(2*sqrt
(c)*(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)) + b))/c^(7/2))*b + 1/19
20*(2*sqrt(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)*(2*(4*(6*sqrt(x)*(8*sqrt(x) + b/c) - (7*b^
2*c^2 - 16*a*c^3)/c^4)*sqrt(x) + (35*b^3*c - 116*a*b*c^2)/c^4)*sqrt(x) - (
105*b^4 - 460*a*b^2*c + 256*a^2*c^2)/c^4) - 15*(7*b^5 - 40*a*b^3*c + 48*a^
2*b*c^2)*log(abs(2*sqrt(c)*(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)) +
b))/c^(9/2))*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2} dx = \int (a + cx + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int((a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int((a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^(3/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2} dx = \frac{112\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a + cx} ab c^3 - 20\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a + cx} b^3 c^2 + 352\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a + cx} b c^4 x + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
(112*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*a*b*c**3 - 20*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*
b + a + c*x)*b**3*c**2 + 352*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*b*c**4*x +
256*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*a**2*c**3 - 200*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*a*
b**2*c**2 + 512*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*a*c**4*x + 30*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a
+ c*x)*b**4*c + 16*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*b**2*c**3*x + 256*sqrt(sqrt(
x)*b + a + c*x)*c**5*x**2 - 240*sqrt(c)*log((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a
+ c*x) + 2*sqrt(x)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a**2*b*c**2 + 120*sqrt(c)*lo
g((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x) + 2*sqrt(x)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**
2))*a*b**3*c - 15*sqrt(c)*log((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x) + 2*sqr
t(x)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*b**5)/(640*c**4)
```

### 3.32 $\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	295
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx = -\frac{b(b + 2c\sqrt{x}) \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}}{4c^2} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}}{3c} + \frac{b(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*b*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2)/c^2+2/3*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2)/c+1/8*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}(-3b^2 + 2bc\sqrt{x} + 8c(a + cx))}{12c^2} - \frac{(b^3 - 4abc) \log\left(c^2\left(b + 2c\sqrt{x} - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}\right)\right)}{8c^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x], x]
```



output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x]*(-3*b^2 + 2*b*c*Sqrt[x] + 8*c*(a + c*x)))/(12*c^2) - ((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*Log[c^2*(b + 2*c*Sqrt[x] - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x))]/(8*c^(5/2)))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$ , Rules used = {1680, 1160, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1680 \\
 & 2 \int \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a + cx + b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \int \sqrt{a + cx + b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx+b\sqrt{x}}} d\sqrt{x}}{8c} \right)}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c-x} d \frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+cx+b\sqrt{x}}}}{4c} \right)}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x],x]`

output `2*((a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(3/2)/(3*c) - (b*(((b + 2*c*Sqrt[x])*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x])/(4*c) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*Sqrt[x])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x])]))/(8*c^(3/2))))/(2*c))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1680

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k
= Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*
n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && Fr
actionQ[n]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x+cx}}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x+cx}}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{c}$	93
default	$\frac{2(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3c} - \frac{b \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x+cx}}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x+cx}}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{c}$	93

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2)/c-b/c*(1/4*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))/c*(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)
^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+(a+b*x^(1/2)+c
*x)^(1/2)))
```

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx$$

$$= 2 \left( \begin{cases} \left( -\frac{ab}{12c} - \frac{b\left(\frac{a}{3} - \frac{b^2}{8c}\right)}{2c} \right) \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\log\left(b+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}+2c\sqrt{x}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} & \text{for } a - \frac{b^2}{4c} \neq 0 \\ \frac{\left(\frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt{x}\right) \log\left(\frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{\sqrt{c\left(\frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt{x}\right)^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} \left( \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{12c} + \frac{x}{3} + \right. \\ \left. \frac{2\left(-\frac{a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}\right)}{b^2} \right) \\ \left. \frac{\sqrt{ax}}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2)+c*x)**(1/2),x)`output `2*Piecewise((( -a*b/(12*c) - b*(a/3 - b**2/(8*c))/(2*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*sqrt(x) + c*x) + 2*c*sqrt(x))/sqrt(c), Ne(a - b**2/(4*c), 0)), ((b/(2*c) + sqrt(x))*log(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x))/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x)**2), True)) + sqrt(a + b*sqrt(x) + c*x)*(b*sqrt(x)/(12*c) + x/3 + (a/3 - b**2/(8*c))/c), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(-a*(a + b*sqrt(x))**(3/2)/3 + (a + b*sqrt(x))**(5/2)/5)/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x/2, True))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx = \int \sqrt{cx + b\sqrt{x} + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index\_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument ValueDone

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx = \int \sqrt{a + cx + b\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a + cx} b c^2 + 16\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a + cx} a c^2 - 6\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a + cx} b^2 c + 16\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a + cx} c^3 x -}{24c^3}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*b*c**2 + 16*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)
*a*c**2 - 6*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*b**2*c + 16*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x
)*c**3*x - 12*sqrt(c)*log((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x) + 2*sqrt(x)
*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a*b*c + 3*sqrt(c)*log((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*
b + a + c*x) + 2*sqrt(x)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*b**3)/(24*c**3)
```

### 3.33 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}} dx$

Optimal result	302
Mathematica [A] (verified)	302
Rubi [A] (verified)	303
Maple [A] (verified)	304
Fricas [F(-1)]	305
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	305
Maxima [F]	306
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	306
Mupad [F(-1)]	306
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	307

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}{c} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

output

$2*(a+b*x^{(1/2)}+c*x)^{(1/2)}/c-b*\arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*x^{(1/2)})/c^{(1/2)}/(a+b*x^{(1/2)}+c*x)^{(1/2)})/c^{(3/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}{c} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x],x]`

output

$(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x] + c*x])/c - (b*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x])/(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x] + c*x])])/c^{(3/2)}$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {1680, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1680} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a + cx + b\sqrt{x}}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + cx + b\sqrt{x}}} d\sqrt{x}}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1092} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{4c-x} d \frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+cx+b\sqrt{x}}}}{c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}}{c} - \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x],x]
```

output

```
2*(Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x]/c - (b*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*Sqrt[x])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x])])/(2*c^(3/2)))
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1092  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ ) + (c_ \cdot x_ )^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2cx)/\text{Sqrt}[a + bx + cx^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1160  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x_ ) \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ ) + (c_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{p_}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \cdot (a + bx + cx^2)^{p+1} / (2c \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2cd - b \cdot e) / (2c) \ \text{Int}[(a + bx + cx^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1680  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (c_ \cdot x_ )^{n2_}) + (b_ \cdot x_ )^{n_})^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^{k \cdot n} + c \cdot x^{2 \cdot k \cdot n})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}{c} - \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}\right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	52
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}{c} - \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}\right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	52

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $2 \cdot (a+b \cdot x^{(1/2)}+c \cdot x)^{(1/2)} / c - b / c^{(3/2)} \cdot \ln((1/2 \cdot b+c \cdot x^{(1/2)}) / c^{(1/2)}+(a+b \cdot x^{(1/2)}+c \cdot x)^{(1/2)})$

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}} dx$$

$$= 2 \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(b + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx} + 2c\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{c}} \\ \frac{(b/2c + \sqrt{x}) \log(b/2c + \sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{c}(b/2c + \sqrt{x})^2} \end{array} \right) \text{ for } a - \frac{b^2}{4c} \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}}{c} \text{ for } c \neq 0 \\ \frac{2 \left( -a\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{3}} \right)}{b^2} \text{ for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{2\sqrt{a}} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2)+c*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `2*Piecewise((-b*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*sqrt(x) + c*x) + 2*c*sqrt(x))/sqrt(c), Ne(a - b**2/(4*c), 0)), ((b/(2*c) + sqrt(x))*log(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x))/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + sqrt(x))**2), True))/(2*c) + sqrt(a + b*sqrt(x) + c*x)/c, Ne(c, 0)), (2*(-a*sqrt(a + b*sqrt(x)) + (a + b*sqrt(x))**(3/2)/3)/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (x/(2*sqrt(a)), True))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx + b\sqrt{x} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}} dx = \frac{b \log \left( \left| 2\sqrt{c} \left( \sqrt{c}\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{cx + b\sqrt{x} + a} \right) + b \right| \right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{cx + b\sqrt{x} + a}}{c}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*log(abs(2*sqrt(c)*(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)) + b))/c^(3/2) + 2*sqrt(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)/c`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + cx + b\sqrt{x}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a + cx}c - \sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a + cx} + 2\sqrt{x}c + b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}}\right)b}{c^2}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*c - sqrt(c)*log((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x) + 2*sqrt(x)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*b)/c**2`

$$3.34 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	308
Mathematica [A] (verified)	308
Rubi [A] (verified)	309
Maple [A] (verified)	310
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	310
Sympy [F]	311
Maxima [F]	311
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	311
Mupad [F(-1)]	312
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	312

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4(2a+b\sqrt{x})}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}$$

output  $4*(2*a+b*x^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/2)}+c*x)^{(1/2)}$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4(2a+b\sqrt{x})}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(-3/2),x]`

output  $(4*(2*a + b*Sqrt[x]))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x])$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {1680, 1158}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1680

$$2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a + cx + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

↓ 1158

$$\frac{4(2a + b\sqrt{x})}{(b^2 - 4ac) \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(-3/2),x]`

output `(4*(2*a + b*Sqrt[x]))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1158 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1680 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2}{c\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}} - \frac{2b(b+2c\sqrt{x})}{c(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}$	57
default	$-\frac{2}{c\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}} - \frac{2b(b+2c\sqrt{x})}{c(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}$	57

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2/c/(a+b*x^{(1/2)}+c*x)^{(1/2)}-2*b/c*(b+2*c*x^{(1/2)})/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/2)}+c*x)^{(1/2)}$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs.  $2(33) = 66$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4(2a^2 - (b^2 - 2ac)x + (bcx - ab)\sqrt{x})\sqrt{cx + b\sqrt{x} + a}}{a^2b^2 - 4a^3c + (b^2c^2 - 4ac^3)x^2 - (b^4 - 6ab^2c + 8a^2c^2)x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$4*(2*a^2 - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*x + (b*c*x - a*b)*sqrt(x))*sqrt(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c + (b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*x^2 - (b^4 - 6*a*b^2*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*x)$$

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2)+c*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sqrt(x) + c*x)**(-3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx + b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)^(-3/2), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4 \left( \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{b^2 - 4ac} + \frac{2a}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)}{\sqrt{cx + b\sqrt{x} + a}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4*(b*sqrt(x)/(b^2 - 4*a*c) + 2*a/(b^2 - 4*a*c))/sqrt(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + cx + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`output `int(1/(a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a + cx} bc - 8\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a + cx} ac - 4\sqrt{x} \sqrt{c} b^2 - 4\sqrt{c} ab - 4\sqrt{c} a^2}{c(4\sqrt{x} abc - \sqrt{x} b^3 + 4a^2c - ab^2 + 4ac^2x - b^2cx)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2),x)`output `(4*( - sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*b*c - 2*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*a*c - sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*b**2 - sqrt(c)*a*b - sqrt(c)*b*c*x)/(c*(4*sqrt(x)*a*b*c - sqrt(x)*b**3 + 4*a**2*c - a*b**2 + 4*a*c**2*x - b**2*c*x))`

### 3.35 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	313
Mathematica [A] (verified)	313
Rubi [A] (verified)	314
Maple [A] (verified)	315
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	316
Sympy [F]	316
Maxima [F]	317
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	317
Mupad [F(-1)]	318
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	318

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4(2a+b\sqrt{x})}{3(b^2-4ac)(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b(b+2c\sqrt{x})}{3(b^2-4ac)^2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}$$

output

$$\frac{4}{3} \cdot \frac{(2a+b\sqrt{x})}{(-4ac+b^2)(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b(b+2c\sqrt{x})}{3(b^2-4ac)^2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}+cx}}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4(2ab^2+8a^2c+3b^3\sqrt{x}+12abc\sqrt{x}+12b^2cx+8bc^2x^{3/2})}{3(b^2-4ac)^2(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(-5/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{-4(2ab^2+8a^2c+3b^3\sqrt{x}+12abc\sqrt{x}+12b^2cx+8bc^2x^{3/2})}{3(b^2-4ac)^2(a+b\sqrt{x}+cx)^{3/2}}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$ , Rules used = {1680, 1159, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1680$$

$$2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a + cx + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 1159$$

$$2 \left( \frac{4b \int \frac{1}{(a+cx+b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{3(b^2 - 4ac)} + \frac{2(2a + b\sqrt{x})}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1088$$

$$2 \left( \frac{2(2a + b\sqrt{x})}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{3/2}} - \frac{8b(b + 2c\sqrt{x})}{3(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x} + cx}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(-5/2),x]`

output `2*((2*(2*a + b*Sqrt[x]))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^(3/2)) - (8*b*(b + 2*c*Sqrt[x]))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x]))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 1088 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

```
rule 1159 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x] - Simp[(2*p + 3)*((2*c*d - b*e)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

```
rule 1680 Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2}{3c(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b\left(\frac{\frac{2b}{3} + \frac{4c\sqrt{x}}{3}}{(4ac-b^2)(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16c(b+2c\sqrt{x})}{3(4ac-b^2)^2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x+cx}}}\right)}{c}$	95
default	$-\frac{2}{3c(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b\left(\frac{\frac{2b}{3} + \frac{4c\sqrt{x}}{3}}{(4ac-b^2)(a+b\sqrt{x+cx})^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16c(b+2c\sqrt{x})}{3(4ac-b^2)^2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x+cx}}}\right)}{c}$	95

```
input int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/c/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2)-b/c*(2/3*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 342 vs.  $2(67) = 134$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4(4b^2c^3x^3 - 2a^3b^2 - 8a^4c - 2(3b^4c - 7ab^2c^2 + 4a^2c^3)x^2 + 4(ab^4 - 2a^2c^3)x + 4(a^2b^2c - 4a^3c^2)x - (8b^5c^2 - 28a^2b^3c^3)x^2 + (3b^5 - 10a^2b^3c + 16a^2b^2c^2)x) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{cx + b\sqrt{x} + a}}{3(a^4b^4 - 8a^5b^2c + 16a^6c^2 + (b^4c^4 - 8ab^2c^5 + 16a^2c^6)x^4 - 2(b^6c^2 - 10ab^4c^3 + 32a^2b^2c^4 - 32a^3c^5)x^3 + (b^8 - 12a^2b^6c + 54a^2b^4c^2 - 112a^3b^2c^3 + 96a^4c^4)x^2 - 2(a^2b^6 - 10a^3b^4c + 32a^4b^2c^2 - 32a^5c^3)x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
4/3*(4*b^2*c^3*x^3 - 2*a^3*b^2 - 8*a^4*c - 2*(3*b^4*c - 7*a*b^2*c^2 + 4*a^2*c^3)*x^2 + 4*(a*b^4 - 4*a^3*c^2)*x - (8*b^5*c^2 - a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c - (13*b^3*c^2 - 28*a*b*c^3)*x^2 + (3*b^5 - 10*a*b^3*c + 16*a^2*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)/(a^4*b^4 - 8*a^5*b^2*c + 16*a^6*c^2 + (b^4*c^4 - 8*a*b^2*c^5 + 16*a^2*c^6)*x^4 - 2*(b^6*c^2 - 10*a*b^4*c^3 + 32*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 32*a^3*c^5)*x^3 + (b^8 - 12*a*b^6*c + 54*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 112*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 96*a^4*c^4)*x^2 - 2*(a^2*b^6 - 10*a^3*b^4*c + 32*a^4*b^2*c^2 - 32*a^5*c^3)*x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2)+c*x)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
Integral((a + b*sqrt(x) + c*x)**(-5/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx + b\sqrt{x} + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)^(-5/2), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 150 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4 \left( \left( 4 \left( \frac{2bc^2\sqrt{x}}{b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2} + \frac{3b^2c}{b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2} \right) \sqrt{x} + \frac{3(b^3 + 4abc)}{b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2} \right) \sqrt{x} + \frac{2(ab^2 + 4a^2c)}{b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2} \right)}{3 (cx + b\sqrt{x} + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-4/3*((4*(2*b*c^2*sqrt(x))/(b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2) + 3*b^2*c/(b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2))*sqrt(x) + 3*(b^3 + 4*a*b*c)/(b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2))*sqrt(x) + 2*(a*b^2 + 4*a^2*c)/(b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2))/(c*x + b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + cx + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^(5/2),x)`output `int(1/(a + c*x + b*x^(1/2))^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x} + cx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-48\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a + cx} abc - 12\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a + cx} b^3 - 32\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a + cx} a^2 b^2 c^2}{96\sqrt{x} a^3 b c^2 - 48\sqrt{x} a^2 b^3 c + 96\sqrt{x} a^2 b c^3 a}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^(5/2),x)`output `(4*( - 12*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*a*b*c - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*b**3 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*b*c**2*x - 8*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*a**2*c - 2*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*a*b**2 - 12*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a + c*x)*b**2*c*x + 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*a*b**2 + 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*b**2*c*x + 8*sqrt(c)*a**2*b + 16*sqrt(c)*a*b*c*x + 8*sqrt(c)*b**3*x + 8*sqrt(c)*b*c**2*x**2))/(3*(32*sqrt(x)*a**3*b*c**2 - 16*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*c + 32*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*c**3*x + 2*sqrt(x)*a*b**5 - 16*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*c**2*x + 2*sqrt(x)*b**5*c*x + 16*a**4*c**2 - 8*a**3*b**2*c + 32*a**3*c**3*x + a**2*b**4 + 16*a**2*c**4*x**2 - 6*a*b**4*c*x - 8*a*b**2*c**3*x**2 + b**6*x + b**4*c**2*x**2))`

### 3.36 $\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3 dx = -\frac{2a(a + c\sqrt{x})^7}{7c^2} + \frac{(a + c\sqrt{x})^8}{4c^2}$$

output

```
-2/7*a*(a+c*x^(1/2))^7/c^2+1/4*(a+c*x^(1/2))^8/c^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3 dx = \frac{1}{28}(28a^6x + 112a^5cx^{3/2} + 210a^4c^2x^2 + 224a^3c^3x^{5/2} + 140a^2c^4x^3 + 48ac^5x^{7/2} + 7c^6x^4)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(28*a^6*x + 112*a^5*c*x^(3/2) + 210*a^4*c^2*x^2 + 224*a^3*c^3*x^(5/2) + 140*a^2*c^4*x^3 + 48*a*c^5*x^(7/2) + 7*c^6*x^4)/28
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {1379, 774, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1379 \\
 & \frac{\int (\sqrt{x}c^2 + ac)^6 dx}{c^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 774 \\
 & \frac{2 \int c^6 (a + c\sqrt{x})^6 \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x}}{c^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & 2 \int (a + c\sqrt{x})^6 \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 49 \\
 & 2 \int \left( \frac{(a + c\sqrt{x})^7}{c} - \frac{a(a + c\sqrt{x})^6}{c} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{(a + c\sqrt{x})^8}{8c^2} - \frac{a(a + c\sqrt{x})^7}{7c^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

 $\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*c*\text{Sqrt}[x] + c^2*x)^3, x]$ 

output

 $2*(-1/7*(a*(a + c*\text{Sqrt}[x])^7)/c^2 + (a + c*\text{Sqrt}[x])^8/(8*c^2))$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 49  $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}) * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 774  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)} * (a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$

rule 1379  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (c_.)(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, 1]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs.  $2(30) = 60$ .

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{c^6 x^4}{4} + \frac{12 a c^5 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + 5 a^2 c^4 x^3 + 8 a^3 c^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{15 a^4 c^2 x^2}{2} + 4 a^5 c x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^6 x$
default	$\frac{16 a^3 c^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 12 a^2 c^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} c^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 x^2 \right) + 6 a c \left( \frac{2 c^4 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{4 a^2 c^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2 a^4 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \right) + \frac{(c^2 x + a^2)^4}{4 c^2}$
trager	$\frac{(c^6 x^3 + 20 a^2 c^4 x^2 + c^6 x^2 + 30 a^4 c^2 x + 20 a^2 c^4 x + c^6 x + 4 a^6 + 30 a^4 c^2 + 20 a^2 c^4 + c^6)(x-1)}{4} + \frac{4 a c x^{\frac{3}{2}} (3 c^4 x^2 + 14 a^2 c^2 x + 7 a^4)}{7}$
orering	$\frac{x(-13 c^{10} x^5 + 66 a^2 c^8 x^4 - 135 a^4 c^6 x^3 + 140 a^6 c^4 x^2 - 70 a^8 c^2 x + 28 a^{10})(a^2 + 2 a c \sqrt{x} + c^2 x)^3}{28(-c^2 x + a^2)^5} - \frac{x^2(-3 c^{10} x^5 + 18 a^2 c^8 x^4 - \dots)}{\dots}$

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{4}c^6x^4 + \frac{12}{7}ac^5x^{7/2} + 5a^2c^4x^3 + 8a^3c^3x^{5/2} + \frac{15}{2}a^4c^2x^2 + a^6x + 14a^3c^3x^{3/2} + a^6x$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs.  $2(30) = 60$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3 dx = \frac{1}{4}c^6x^4 + 5a^2c^4x^3 + \frac{15}{2}a^4c^2x^2 + a^6x + \frac{4}{7}(3ac^5x^3 + 14a^3c^3x^2 + 7a^5cx)\sqrt{x}$$

input

```
integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{4}c^6x^4 + 5a^2c^4x^3 + \frac{15}{2}a^4c^2x^2 + a^6x + \frac{4}{7}(3a^5cx^3 + 14a^3c^3x^2 + 7a^5cx)\sqrt{x}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3 dx = a^6x + 4a^5cx^{3/2} + \frac{15a^4c^2x^2}{2} + 8a^3c^3x^{5/2} + 5a^2c^4x^3 + \frac{12ac^5x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{c^6x^4}{4}$$

input

```
integrate((a**2+2*a*c*x**(1/2)+c**2*x)**3,x)
```

output

$$a**6*x + 4*a**5*c*x**(3/2) + \frac{15*a**4*c**2*x**2}{2} + 8*a**3*c**3*x**(5/2) + 5*a**2*c**4*x**3 + \frac{12*a*c**5*x**(7/2)}{7} + \frac{c**6*x**4}{4}$$

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs.  $2(30) = 60$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3 dx = \frac{1}{4}c^6x^4 + \frac{12}{7}ac^5x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 4a^2c^4x^3 + \frac{16}{5}a^3c^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + a^6x + \frac{1}{2}(3c^2x^2 + 8acx^{\frac{3}{2}})a^4 + \frac{1}{5}(5c^4x^3 + 24ac^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 30a^2c^2x^2)a^2$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*c^6*x^4 + 12/7*a*c^5*x^(7/2) + 4*a^2*c^4*x^3 + 16/5*a^3*c^3*x^(5/2) + a^6*x + 1/2*(3*c^2*x^2 + 8*a*c*x^(3/2))*a^4 + 1/5*(5*c^4*x^3 + 24*a*c^3*x^(5/2) + 30*a^2*c^2*x^2)*a^2`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs.  $2(30) = 60$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3 dx = \frac{1}{4}c^6x^4 + \frac{12}{7}ac^5x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 5a^2c^4x^3 + 8a^3c^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{15}{2}a^4c^2x^2 + 4a^5cx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^6x$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*c^6*x^4 + 12/7*a*c^5*x^(7/2) + 5*a^2*c^4*x^3 + 8*a^3*c^3*x^(5/2) + 15/2*a^4*c^2*x^2 + 4*a^5*c*x^(3/2) + a^6*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3 dx = a^6x + \frac{c^6x^4}{4} + 4a^5cx^{3/2} + \frac{12ac^5x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{15a^4c^2x^2}{2} + 5a^2c^4x^3 + 8a^3c^3x^{5/2}$$

input `int((c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^3,x)`output `a^6*x + (c^6*x^4)/4 + 4*a^5*c*x^(3/2) + (12*a*c^5*x^(7/2))/7 + (15*a^4*c^2*x^2)/2 + 5*a^2*c^4*x^3 + 8*a^3*c^3*x^(5/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3 dx = \frac{x(112\sqrt{x}a^5c + 224\sqrt{x}a^3c^3x + 48\sqrt{x}ac^5x^2 + 28a^6 + 210a^4c^2x + 140a^2c^4x^2 + 7c^6x^3)}{28}$$

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^3,x)`output `(x*(112*sqrt(x)*a**5*c + 224*sqrt(x)*a**3*c**3*x + 48*sqrt(x)*a*c**5*x**2 + 28*a**6 + 210*a**4*c**2*x + 140*a**2*c**4*x**2 + 7*c**6*x**3))/28`

### 3.37 $\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	325
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	325
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	326
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	327
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	328
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	328
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	329
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	329
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	329
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	330

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2 dx = -\frac{2a(a + c\sqrt{x})^5}{5c^2} + \frac{(a + c\sqrt{x})^6}{3c^2}$$

output `-2/5*a*(a+c*x^(1/2))^5/c^2+1/3*(a+c*x^(1/2))^6/c^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2 dx = \frac{1}{15}(15a^4x + 40a^3cx^{3/2} + 45a^2c^2x^2 + 24ac^3x^{5/2} + 5c^4x^3)$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^2,x]`

output `(15*a^4*x + 40*a^3*c*x^(3/2) + 45*a^2*c^2*x^2 + 24*a*c^3*x^(5/2) + 5*c^4*x^3)/15`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {1379, 774, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1379 \\
 & \frac{\int (\sqrt{x}c^2 + ac)^4 dx}{c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 774 \\
 & \frac{2 \int c^4 (a + c\sqrt{x})^4 \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x}}{c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & 2 \int (a + c\sqrt{x})^4 \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 49 \\
 & 2 \int \left( \frac{(a + c\sqrt{x})^5}{c} - \frac{a(a + c\sqrt{x})^4}{c} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{(a + c\sqrt{x})^6}{6c^2} - \frac{a(a + c\sqrt{x})^5}{5c^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^2,x]`

output `2*(-1/5*(a*(a + c*Sqrt[x])^5)/c^2 + (a + c*Sqrt[x])^6/(6*c^2))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 1379 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n, 2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[p, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{c^4 x^3}{3} + \frac{8a c^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 3a^2 c^2 x^2 + \frac{8a^3 c x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + a^4 x$
default	$2a^2 c^2 x^2 + 4ac \left( \frac{2c^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2a^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \right) + \frac{(c^2 x + a^2)^3}{3c^2}$
trager	$\frac{(c^4 x^2 + 9a^2 c^2 x + c^4 x + 3a^4 + 9a^2 c^2 + c^4)(x-1)}{3} + \frac{8ac x^{\frac{3}{2}}(3c^2 x + 5a^2)}{15}$
orering	$-\frac{(9c^8 x^4 - 28a^2 c^6 x^3 + 30a^4 c^4 x^2 + 5a^8)(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2 x)^2}{15c^2(-c^2 x + a^2)^3} + \frac{4(c^8 x^4 - 4a^2 c^6 x^3 + 6a^4 c^4 x^2 + 5a^8)x(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2 x)}{15c^2(-c^2 x + a^2)^3}$

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output `1/3*c^4*x^3+8/5*a*c^3*x^(5/2)+3*a^2*c^2*x^2+8/3*a^3*c*x^(3/2)+a^4*x`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}c^4x^3 + 3a^2c^2x^2 + a^4x + \frac{8}{15}(3ac^3x^2 + 5a^3cx)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*c^4*x^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*x^2 + a^4*x + 8/15*(3*a*c^3*x^2 + 5*a^3*c*x)*sqrt(x)`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2 dx = a^4x + \frac{8a^3cx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 3a^2c^2x^2 + \frac{8ac^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{c^4x^3}{3}$$

input `integrate((a**2+2*a*c*x**(1/2)+c**2*x)**2,x)`

output `a**4*x + 8*a**3*c*x**(3/2)/3 + 3*a**2*c**2*x**2 + 8*a*c**3*x**(5/2)/5 + c**4*x**3/3`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}c^4x^3 + \frac{8}{5}ac^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2a^2c^2x^2 + a^4x + \frac{1}{3}(3c^2x^2 + 8acx^{\frac{3}{2}})a^2$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*c^4*x^3 + 8/5*a*c^3*x^(5/2) + 2*a^2*c^2*x^2 + a^4*x + 1/3*(3*c^2*x^2 + 8*a*c*x^(3/2))*a^2`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}c^4x^3 + \frac{8}{5}ac^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3a^2c^2x^2 + \frac{8}{3}a^3cx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^4x$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*c^4*x^3 + 8/5*a*c^3*x^(5/2) + 3*a^2*c^2*x^2 + 8/3*a^3*c*x^(3/2) + a^4*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2 dx = a^4x + \frac{c^4x^3}{3} + \frac{8a^3cx^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{8ac^3x^{5/2}}{5} + 3a^2c^2x^2$$

input `int((c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^2,x)`

output `a^4*x + (c^4*x^3)/3 + (8*a^3*c*x^(3/2))/3 + (8*a*c^3*x^(5/2))/5 + 3*a^2*c^2*x^2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2 dx = \frac{x(40\sqrt{x}a^3c + 24\sqrt{x}ac^3x + 15a^4 + 45a^2c^2x + 5c^4x^2)}{15}$$

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^2,x)`

output `(x*(40*sqrt(x)*a**3*c + 24*sqrt(x)*a*c**3*x + 15*a**4 + 45*a**2*c**2*x + 5*c**4*x**2))/15`

### 3.38 $\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x) dx$

Optimal result	331
Mathematica [A] (verified)	331
Rubi [A] (verified)	332
Maple [A] (verified)	333
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	333
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	334
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	334
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	334
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	335
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	335

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x) dx = a^2x + \frac{4}{3}acx^{3/2} + \frac{c^2x^2}{2}$$

output `a^2*x+4/3*a*c*x^(3/2)+1/2*c^2*x^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x) dx = \frac{1}{6}x(6a^2 + 8ac\sqrt{x} + 3c^2x)$$

input `Integrate[a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x,x]`

output `(x*(6*a^2 + 8*a*c*Sqrt[x] + 3*c^2*x))/6`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.056$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^2x + \frac{4}{3}acx^{3/2} + \frac{c^2x^2}{2}$$

input `Int[a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x,x]`

output `a^2*x + (4*a*c*x^(3/2))/3 + (c^2*x^2)/2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$x a^2 + \frac{4acx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{c^2x^2}{2}$	22
default	$x a^2 + \frac{4acx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{c^2x^2}{2}$	22
risch	$x a^2 + \frac{4acx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{c^2x^2}{2}$	22
parts	$x a^2 + \frac{4acx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{c^2x^2}{2}$	22
trager	$\frac{(x-1)(c^2x+2a^2+c^2)}{2} + \frac{4acx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	28
orering	$\frac{x(-5c^2x+6a^2)(a^2+2ac\sqrt{x}+c^2x)}{-6c^2x+6a^2} - \frac{x^2(-c^2x+2a^2)\left(\frac{ac}{\sqrt{x}}+c^2\right)}{3(-c^2x+a^2)}$	84

input `int(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `x*a^2+4/3*a*c*x^(3/2)+1/2*c^2*x^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x) dx = \frac{1}{2}c^2x^2 + \frac{4}{3}acx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^2x$$

input `integrate(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*c^2*x^2 + 4/3*a*c*x^(3/2) + a^2*x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x) dx = a^2x + \frac{4acx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{c^2x^2}{2}$$

input `integrate(a**2+2*a*c*x**(1/2)+c**2*x,x)`output `a**2*x + 4*a*c*x**(3/2)/3 + c**2*x**2/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x) dx = \frac{1}{2}c^2x^2 + \frac{4}{3}acx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^2x$$

input `integrate(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*c^2*x^2 + 4/3*a*c*x^(3/2) + a^2*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x) dx = \frac{1}{2}c^2x^2 + \frac{4}{3}acx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^2x$$

input `integrate(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*c^2*x^2 + 4/3*a*c*x^(3/2) + a^2*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x) dx = a^2x + \frac{c^2x^2}{2} + \frac{4acx^{3/2}}{3}$$

input `int(c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2),x)`output `a^2*x + (c^2*x^2)/2 + (4*a*c*x^(3/2))/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x) dx = \frac{x(8\sqrt{x}ac + 6a^2 + 3c^2x)}{6}$$

input `int(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x,x)`output `(x*(8*sqrt(x)*a*c + 6*a**2 + 3*c**2*x))/6`



### 3.39 $\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	336
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	336
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	337
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	338
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	339
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	339
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	339
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	340
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	340
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	340

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = \frac{2a}{c^2(a + c\sqrt{x})} + \frac{2 \log(a + c\sqrt{x})}{c^2}$$

output `2*a/c^2/(a+c*x^(1/2))+2*ln(a+c*x^(1/2))/c^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{a}{a+c\sqrt{x}} + \log(a + c\sqrt{x})\right)}{c^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^(-1),x]`

output `(2*(a/(a + c*Sqrt[x]) + Log[a + c*Sqrt[x]]))/c^2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {1379, 774, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1379} \\
 & c^2 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x}c^2 + ac)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\
 & 2c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{c^2 (a + c\sqrt{x})^2} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a + c\sqrt{x})^2} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & 2 \int \left( \frac{1}{c(a + c\sqrt{x})} - \frac{a}{c(a + c\sqrt{x})^2} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{a}{c^2(a + c\sqrt{x})} + \frac{\log(a + c\sqrt{x})}{c^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^(-1),x]`

output `2*(a/(c^2*(a + c*Sqrt[x])) + Log[a + c*Sqrt[x]]/c^2)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 1379 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n, 2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[p, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a}{c^2(a+c\sqrt{x})} + \frac{2\ln(a+c\sqrt{x})}{c^2}$	30
default	$-\frac{2a^2}{c^2(c^2x-a^2)} + \frac{\ln(c^2x-a^2)}{c^2} + \frac{a}{c^2(c\sqrt{x}-a)} - \frac{\ln(c\sqrt{x}-a)}{c^2} + \frac{a}{c^2(a+c\sqrt{x})} + \frac{\ln(a+c\sqrt{x})}{c^2}$	96

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*a/c^2/(a+c*x^(1/2))+2*ln(a+c*x^(1/2))/c^2`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = \frac{2(ac\sqrt{x} - a^2 + (c^2x - a^2)\log(c\sqrt{x} + a))}{c^4x - a^2c^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*(a*c*sqrt(x) - a^2 + (c^2*x - a^2)*log(c*sqrt(x) + a))/(c^4*x - a^2*c^2)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 80 vs. 2(29) = 58.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2a \log\left(\frac{a}{c} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{ac^2 + c^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2a}{ac^2 + c^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2c\sqrt{x} \log\left(\frac{a}{c} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{ac^2 + c^3\sqrt{x}} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{a^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*c*x**(1/2)+c**2*x),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*a*log(a/c + sqrt(x))/(a*c**2 + c**3*sqrt(x)) + 2*a/(a*c**2 + c**3*sqrt(x)) + 2*c*sqrt(x)*log(a/c + sqrt(x))/(a*c**2 + c**3*sqrt(x)), Ne(c, 0)), (x/a**2, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = \frac{2a}{c^3\sqrt{x} + ac^2} + \frac{2 \log(c\sqrt{x} + a)}{c^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $2*a/(c^3*\sqrt{x} + a*c^2) + 2*\log(c*\sqrt{x} + a)/c^2$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = \frac{2 \log(|c\sqrt{x} + a|)}{c^2} + \frac{2a}{(c\sqrt{x} + a)c^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $2*\log(\text{abs}(c*\sqrt{x} + a))/c^2 + 2*a/((c*\sqrt{x} + a)*c^2)$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = \frac{2 \ln(a + c\sqrt{x})}{c^2} + \frac{2a}{c^2(a + c\sqrt{x})}$$

input `int(1/(c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2)),x)`

output  $(2*\log(a + c*x^(1/2)))/c^2 + (2*a)/(c^2*(a + c*x^(1/2)))$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}c + a) c - 2\sqrt{x}c + 2 \log(\sqrt{x}c + a) a}{c^2(\sqrt{x}c + a)}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x),x)`

output 
$$\frac{(2\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x}c + a)c - \sqrt{x}c + \log(\sqrt{x}c + a)a)}{c^2(\sqrt{x}c + a)}$$

$$3.40 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	342
Mathematica [A] (verified)	342
Rubi [A] (verified)	343
Maple [A] (verified)	344
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	345
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	345
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	346
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	346
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	346
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	347

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2} dx = \frac{2a}{3c^2 (a + c\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{1}{c^2 (a + c\sqrt{x})^2}$$

output  $2/3*a/c^2/(a+c*x^{(1/2)})^3-1/c^2/(a+c*x^{(1/2)})^2$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2} dx = \frac{-a - 3c\sqrt{x}}{3c^2 (a + c\sqrt{x})^3}$$

input  $\text{Integrate}[(a^2 + 2*a*c*\text{Sqrt}[x] + c^2*x)^{-2}, x]$

output  $(-a - 3*c*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(3*c^2*(a + c*\text{Sqrt}[x])^3)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {1379, 774, 27, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1379} \\
 & c^4 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x}c^2 + ac)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\
 & 2c^4 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{c^4 (a + c\sqrt{x})^4} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a + c\sqrt{x})^4} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & 2 \int \left( \frac{1}{c (a + c\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{a}{c (a + c\sqrt{x})^4} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{a}{3c^2 (a + c\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{1}{2c^2 (a + c\sqrt{x})^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^(-2),x]`

output `2*(a/(3*c^2*(a + c*Sqrt[x])^3) - 1/(2*c^2*(a + c*Sqrt[x])^2))`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 1379 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n, 2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[p, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a}{3c^2(a+c\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{1}{c^2(a+c\sqrt{x})^2}$
trager	$\frac{(x-1)(-a^4c^4x^2+6a^2c^6x^2+3c^8x^2+6a^6c^2x-28a^4c^4x+6a^2c^6x+3a^8+6a^6c^2-a^4c^4)}{3(-c^2x+a^2)^3(a^6-3a^4c^2+3a^2c^4-c^6)} - \frac{8acx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(-c^2x+a^2)^3}$
default	$-\frac{a^4}{3c^2(c^2x-a^2)^3} + c^4\left(-\frac{1}{c^6(c^2x-a^2)} - \frac{a^2}{c^6(c^2x-a^2)^2} - \frac{a^4}{3c^6(c^2x-a^2)^3}\right) + 6a^2c^2\left(-\frac{1}{2(c^2x-a^2)^2c^4} - \frac{1}{3c^6(c^2x-a^2)^3}\right)$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $2/3*a/c^2/(a+c*x^(1/2))^3-1/c^2/(a+c*x^(1/2))^2$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 72 vs. 2(30) = 60.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2} dx = -\frac{3c^4x^2 - 8ac^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6a^2c^2x - a^4}{3(c^8x^3 - 3a^2c^6x^2 + 3a^4c^4x - a^6c^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/3*(3*c^4*x^2 - 8*a*c^3*x^(3/2) + 6*a^2*c^2*x - a^4)/(c^8*x^3 - 3*a^2*c^6*x^2 + 3*a^4*c^4*x - a^6*c^2)$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 97 vs. 2(32) = 64.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a}{3a^3c^2+9a^2c^3\sqrt{x}+9ac^4x+3c^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3c\sqrt{x}}{3a^3c^2+9a^2c^3\sqrt{x}+9ac^4x+3c^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{a^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*c*x**(1/2)+c**2*x)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a/(3*a**3*c**2 + 9*a**2*c**3*sqrt(x) + 9*a*c**4*x + 3*c**5*x**  
(3/2)) - 3*c*sqrt(x)/(3*a**3*c**2 + 9*a**2*c**3*sqrt(x) + 9*a*c**4*x + 3*c  
**5*x**3/2)), Ne(c, 0)), (x/a**4, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2} dx = -\frac{3c\sqrt{x} + a}{3(c^5x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3ac^4x + 3a^2c^3\sqrt{x} + a^3c^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3*(3*c*sqrt(x) + a)/(c^5*x^(3/2) + 3*a*c^4*x + 3*a^2*c^3*sqrt(x) + a^3*c^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2} dx = -\frac{3c\sqrt{x} + a}{3(c\sqrt{x} + a)^3c^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*(3*c*sqrt(x) + a)/((c*sqrt(x) + a)^3*c^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 20.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{a}{3c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{c}}{a^3 + c^3x^{3/2} + 3a^2c\sqrt{x} + 3ac^2x}$$

input `int(1/(c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^2,x)`output `-(a/(3*c^2) + x^(1/2)/c)/(a^3 + c^3*x^(3/2) + 3*a^2*c*x^(1/2) + 3*a*c^2*x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^2} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{x}c - a}{3c^2 (3\sqrt{x}a^2c + \sqrt{x}c^3x + a^3 + 3ac^2x)}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^2,x)`

output `( - 3*sqrt(x)*c - a)/(3*c**2*(3*sqrt(x)*a**2*c + sqrt(x)*c**3*x + a**3 + 3*a*c**2*x))`

$$3.41 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	348
Mathematica [A] (verified)	348
Rubi [A] (verified)	349
Maple [A] (verified)	350
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	351
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	351
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	352
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	352
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	353
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	353

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3} dx = \frac{2a}{5c^2 (a + c\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{1}{2c^2 (a + c\sqrt{x})^4}$$

output  $2/5*a/c^2/(a+c*x^{(1/2)})^5-1/2/c^2/(a+c*x^{(1/2)})^4$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3} dx = \frac{-a - 5c\sqrt{x}}{10c^2 (a + c\sqrt{x})^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^(-3),x]`

output  $(-a - 5*c*Sqrt[x])/(10*c^2*(a + c*Sqrt[x])^5)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {1379, 774, 27, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1379} \\
 & c^6 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x}c^2 + ac)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\
 & 2c^6 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{c^6 (a + c\sqrt{x})^6} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a + c\sqrt{x})^6} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & 2 \int \left( \frac{1}{c(a + c\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{a}{c(a + c\sqrt{x})^6} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{a}{5c^2 (a + c\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{1}{4c^2 (a + c\sqrt{x})^4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^(-3),x]`

output `2*(a/(5*c^2*(a + c*Sqrt[x])^5) - 1/(4*c^2*(a + c*Sqrt[x])^4))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 1379 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n, 2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[p, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a}{5c^2(a+c\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{1}{2c^2(a+c\sqrt{x})^4}$
default	$c^6 \left( -\frac{1}{2c^8(c^2x-a^2)^2} - \frac{a^6}{5c^8(c^2x-a^2)^5} - \frac{3a^4}{4c^8(c^2x-a^2)^4} - \frac{a^2}{c^8(c^2x-a^2)^3} \right) - \frac{a^6}{5c^2(c^2x-a^2)^5} + \frac{a}{5c^2(c\sqrt{x}-a)^5}$
trager	$\frac{(x-1)(-a^6c^8x^4+15a^4c^{10}x^4+45a^2c^{12}x^4+5c^{14}x^4+5a^8c^6x^3-76a^6c^8x^3-210a^4c^{10}x^3+20a^2c^{12}x^3+5c^{14}x^3-5a^{10}c^4x^2-10(-c^2x+a^2))}{10(-c^2x+a^2)}$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $2/5*a/c^2/(a+c*x^(1/2))^5-1/2/c^2/(a+c*x^(1/2))^4$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 120 vs.  $2(30) = 60$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{5c^6x^3 + 45a^2c^4x^2 + 15a^4c^2x - a^6 - 8(3ac^5x^2 + 5a^3c^3x)\sqrt{x}}{10(c^{12}x^5 - 5a^2c^{10}x^4 + 10a^4c^8x^3 - 10a^6c^6x^2 + 5a^8c^4x - a^{10}c^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/10*(5*c^6*x^3 + 45*a^2*c^4*x^2 + 15*a^4*c^2*x - a^6 - 8*(3*a*c^5*x^2 + 5*a^3*c^3*x)*\text{sqrt}(x))/(c^{12}*x^5 - 5*a^2*c^{10}*x^4 + 10*a^4*c^8*x^3 - 10*a^6*c^6*x^2 + 5*a^8*c^4*x - a^{10}*c^2)$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs.  $2(34) = 68$ .

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a}{10a^5c^2+50a^4c^3\sqrt{x}+100a^3c^4x+100a^2c^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}+50ac^6x^2+10c^7x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{5c\sqrt{x}}{10a^5c^2+50a^4c^3\sqrt{x}+100a^3c^4x+100a^2c^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}+50ac^6x^2+10c^7x^{\frac{5}{2}}} \\ \frac{x}{a^6} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*c*x**(1/2)+c**2*x)**3,x)`



output

```
Piecewise((-a/(10*a**5*c**2 + 50*a**4*c**3*sqrt(x) + 100*a**3*c**4*x + 100
*a**2*c**5*x**(3/2) + 50*a*c**6*x**2 + 10*c**7*x**(5/2)) - 5*c*sqrt(x)/(10
*a**5*c**2 + 50*a**4*c**3*sqrt(x) + 100*a**3*c**4*x + 100*a**2*c**5*x**(3/
2) + 50*a*c**6*x**2 + 10*c**7*x**(5/2)), Ne(c, 0)), (x/a**6, True))
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 67 vs.  $2(30) = 60$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{5c\sqrt{x} + a}{10(c^7x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 5ac^6x^2 + 10a^2c^5x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 10a^3c^4x + 5a^4c^3\sqrt{x} + a^5c^2)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/10*(5*c*sqrt(x) + a)/(c^7*x^(5/2) + 5*a*c^6*x^2 + 10*a^2*c^5*x^(3/2) +
10*a^3*c^4*x + 5*a^4*c^3*sqrt(x) + a^5*c^2)
```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3} dx = -\frac{5c\sqrt{x} + a}{10(c\sqrt{x} + a)^5c^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/10*(5*c*sqrt(x) + a)/((c*sqrt(x) + a)^5*c^2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a}{10c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2c}}{a^5 + c^5 x^{5/2} + 10a^3 c^2 x + 5a c^4 x^2 + 5a^4 c \sqrt{x} + 10a^2 c^3 x^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/(c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^3,x)`output `-(a/(10*c^2) + x^(1/2)/(2*c))/(a^5 + c^5*x^(5/2) + 10*a^3*c^2*x + 5*a*c^4*x^2 + 5*a^4*c*x^(1/2) + 10*a^2*c^3*x^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5\sqrt{x}c - a}{10c^2 (5\sqrt{x}a^4c + 10\sqrt{x}a^2c^3x + \sqrt{x}c^5x^2 + a^5 + 10a^3c^2x + 5ac^4x^2)}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^3,x)`output `( - 5*sqrt(x)*c - a)/(10*c**2*(5*sqrt(x)*a**4*c + 10*sqrt(x)*a**2*c**3*x + sqrt(x)*c**5*x**2 + a**5 + 10*a**3*c**2*x + 5*a*c**4*x**2))`

$$3.42 \quad \int \left( \frac{b^2}{4c} + b\sqrt{x} + cx \right)^2 dx$$

Optimal result	354
Mathematica [A] (verified)	354
Rubi [A] (verified)	355
Maple [A] (verified)	356
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	357
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	357
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	358
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	358
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	358
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	359

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \left( \frac{b^2}{4c} + b\sqrt{x} + cx \right)^2 dx = -\frac{b(b + 2c\sqrt{x})^5}{160c^4} + \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt{x})^6}{192c^4}$$

output

```
-1/160*b*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))^5/c^4+1/192*(b+2*c*x^(1/2))^6/c^4
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \left( \frac{b^2}{4c} + b\sqrt{x} + cx \right)^2 dx = \frac{15b^4x + 80b^3cx^{3/2} + 180b^2c^2x^2 + 192bc^3x^{5/2} + 80c^4x^3}{240c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b^2/(4*c) + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(15*b^4*x + 80*b^3*c*x^(3/2) + 180*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 192*b*c^3*x^(5/2) + 80*c^4*x^3)/(240*c^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {1379, 774, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left( \frac{b^2}{4c} + b\sqrt{x} + cx \right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1379 \\
 & \quad \int \frac{\left( \frac{b}{2} + c\sqrt{x} \right)^4 dx}{c^2} \\
 & \quad \quad \downarrow 774 \\
 & \quad \quad \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{16} (b + 2c\sqrt{x})^4 \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x}}{c^2} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{\int (b + 2c\sqrt{x})^4 \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x}}{8c^2} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 49 \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \frac{\int \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})^5}{2c} - \frac{b(b+2c\sqrt{x})^4}{2c} \right) d\sqrt{x}}{8c^2} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \frac{\frac{(b+2c\sqrt{x})^6}{24c^2} - \frac{b(b+2c\sqrt{x})^5}{20c^2}}{8c^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b^2/(4*c) + b*Sqrt[x] + c*x)^2,x]`

output `(-1/20*(b*(b + 2*c*Sqrt[x])^5)/c^2 + (b + 2*c*Sqrt[x])^6/(24*c^2))/(8*c^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 1379 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n, 2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[p, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{8c^4x^3}{3} + \frac{32b^3c^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{6b^2c^2x^2}{8c^2} + \frac{8b^3cx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b^4x}{2}$
default	$\frac{b^2x^2}{2} + \frac{b\left(\frac{8c^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}\right)}{2c} + \frac{\left(\frac{b^2}{c} + 4cx\right)^3}{192c}$
trager	$\frac{(16c^4x^2 + 36b^2xc^2 + 16c^4x + 3b^4 + 36b^2c^2 + 16c^4)(x-1)}{3 \cdot 16c^2} + \frac{16bcx^{\frac{3}{2}}(12c^2x + 5b^2)}{15}$
oring	$\frac{x(-576c^6x^3 + 448x^2c^4b^2 - 120xc^2b^4 + 15b^6)\left(\frac{b^2}{4c} + b\sqrt{x} + cx\right)^2}{15(-4c^2x + b^2)^3} - \frac{4x^2(-64c^6x^3 + 64x^2c^4b^2 - 24xc^2b^4 + 5b^6)\left(\frac{b^2}{4c} + b\sqrt{x}\right)}{15(-4c^2x + b^2)^3}$

input `int((1/4*b^2/c+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/8/c^2*(8/3*c^4*x^3+32/5*b*c^3*x^(5/2)+6*b^2*c^2*x^2+8/3*b^3*c*x^(3/2)+1/2*b^4*x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \left( \frac{b^2}{4c} + b\sqrt{x} + cx \right)^2 dx = \frac{80c^4x^3 + 180b^2c^2x^2 + 15b^4x + 16(12bc^3x^2 + 5b^3cx)\sqrt{x}}{240c^2}$$

input

```
integrate((1/4*b^2/c+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/240*(80*c^4*x^3 + 180*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 15*b^4*x + 16*(12*b*c^3*x^2 + 5*b^3*c*x)*sqrt(x))/c^2
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \left( \frac{b^2}{4c} + b\sqrt{x} + cx \right)^2 dx = \frac{b^4x}{16c^2} + \frac{b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3c} + \frac{3b^2x^2}{4} + \frac{4bcx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{c^2x^3}{3}$$

input

```
integrate((1/4*b**2/c+b*x**(1/2)+c*x)**2,x)
```

output

```
b**4*x/(16*c**2) + b**3*x**(3/2)/(3*c) + 3*b**2*x**2/4 + 4*b*c*x**(5/2)/5 + c**2*x**3/3
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \left( \frac{b^2}{4c} + b\sqrt{x} + cx \right)^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} c^2 x^3 + \frac{4}{5} bcx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 + \frac{b^4 x}{16c^2} + \frac{(3cx^2 + 4bx^{\frac{3}{2}})b^2}{12c}$$

input `integrate((1/4*b^2/c+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*c^2*x^3 + 4/5*b*c*x^(5/2) + 1/2*b^2*x^2 + 1/16*b^4*x/c^2 + 1/12*(3*c*x^2 + 4*b*x^(3/2))*b^2/c`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \left( \frac{b^2}{4c} + b\sqrt{x} + cx \right)^2 dx = \frac{80c^4x^3 + 192bc^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 180b^2c^2x^2 + 80b^3cx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15b^4x}{240c^2}$$

input `integrate((1/4*b^2/c+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/240*(80*c^4*x^3 + 192*b*c^3*x^(5/2) + 180*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 80*b^3*c*x^(3/2) + 15*b^4*x)/c^2`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \left( \frac{b^2}{4c} + b\sqrt{x} + cx \right)^2 dx = \frac{3b^2x^2}{4} + \frac{c^2x^3}{3} + \frac{b^4x}{16c^2} + \frac{b^3x^{3/2}}{3c} + \frac{4bcx^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `int((c*x + b*x^(1/2) + b^2/(4*c))^2,x)`

output `(3*b^2*x^2)/4 + (c^2*x^3)/3 + (b^4*x)/(16*c^2) + (b^3*x^(3/2))/(3*c) + (4*b*c*x^(5/2))/5`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \left( \frac{b^2}{4c} + b\sqrt{x} + cx \right)^2 dx = \frac{x(80\sqrt{x}b^3c + 192\sqrt{x}bc^3x + 15b^4 + 180b^2c^2x + 80c^4x^2)}{240c^2}$$

input `int((1/4*b^2/c+b*x^(1/2)+c*x)^2,x)`

output `(x*(80*sqrt(x)*b**3*c + 192*sqrt(x)*b*c**3*x + 15*b**4 + 180*b**2*c**2*x + 80*c**4*x**2))/(240*c**2)`



### 3.43 $\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	360
Mathematica [A] (verified)	360
Rubi [A] (verified)	361
Maple [A] (verified)	362
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	363
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	363
Maxima [F]	364
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	364
Mupad [F(-1)]	365
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	365

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{a(a + c\sqrt{x})^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}}{3c^2} + \frac{2(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{7/2}}{7c^2}$$

output

```
-1/3*a*(a+c*x^(1/2))^5*(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(1/2)/c^2+2/7*(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(7/2)/c^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\left((a + c\sqrt{x})^2\right)^{5/2} (21a^5x + 70a^4cx^{3/2} + 105a^3c^2x^2 + 84a^2c^3x^{5/2} + 35ac^4x^3 + 6c^5x^{7/2})}{21(a + c\sqrt{x})^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^(5/2), x]
```

output

$$\left( (a + c\sqrt{x})^2 \right)^{5/2} (21a^5x + 70a^4c\sqrt{x} + 105a^3c^2x^2 + 84a^2c^3x^{5/2} + 35a^2c^4x^3 + 6c^5x^{7/2}) / (21(a + c\sqrt{x})^5)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {1680, 1100, 1079, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1680 \\ & 2 \int \sqrt{x} (a^2 + 2c\sqrt{xa} + c^2x)^{5/2} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1100 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{7/2}}{7c^2} - \frac{a \int (a^2 + 2c\sqrt{xa} + c^2x)^{5/2} d\sqrt{x}}{c} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1079 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{7/2}}{7c^2} - \frac{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} \int (\sqrt{xc^2} + ac)^5 d\sqrt{x}}{c^6(a + c\sqrt{x})} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 17 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{7/2}}{7c^2} - \frac{a(a + c\sqrt{x})^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}}{6c^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*c*\text{Sqrt}[x] + c^2*x)^{(5/2)}, x]$$

output

$$2*(-1/6*(a*(a + c*\text{Sqrt}[x])^5*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*c*\text{Sqrt}[x] + c^2*x])/c^2 + (a^2 + 2*a*c*\text{Sqrt}[x] + c^2*x)^{(7/2)}/(7*c^2))$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 17  $\text{Int}[(c\_.)*((a\_.) + (b\_.)*(x\_))^{\wedge}(m\_.), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*((a + b*x)^{\wedge}(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 1079  $\text{Int}[(a\_.) + (b\_.)*(x\_.) + (c\_.)*(x\_.)^2)^{\wedge}(p\_.), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\wedge}\text{FracPart}[p]/(c^{\wedge}\text{IntPart}[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^{\wedge}(2*\text{FracPart}[p])) \ \text{Int}[(b/2 + c*x)^{\wedge}(2*p), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1100  $\text{Int}[(d\_.) + (e\_.)*(x\_.)*((a\_.) + (b\_.)*(x\_.) + (c\_.)*(x\_.)^2)^{\wedge}(p\_.), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\wedge}(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\wedge}p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1680  $\text{Int}[(a\_.) + (c\_.)*(x\_.)^{\wedge}(n2\_.) + (b\_.)*(x\_.)^{\wedge}(n\_.)^{\wedge}(p\_.), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{\wedge}(k - 1)*(a + b*x^{\wedge}(k*n) + c*x^{\wedge}(2*k*n))^{\wedge}p, x], x, x^{\wedge}(1/k)], x]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left((a+c\sqrt{x})^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}x\left(6c^5x^{\frac{5}{2}}+35c^4x^2a+84a^2c^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}+105c^2a^3x+70a^4c\sqrt{x}+21a^5\right)}{21(a+c\sqrt{x})^5}$	76
default	$\frac{(a^2+2ac\sqrt{x}+c^2x)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(6c^5x^{\frac{7}{2}}+84a^2c^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}+70a^4c^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}+35c^4x^3a+105c^2a^3x^2+21xa^5\right)}{21(a+c\sqrt{x})^5}$	85

input  $\text{int}((a^2+2*a*c*x^{\wedge}(1/2)+c^2*x)^{\wedge}(5/2), x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $1/21*((a+c*x^{\wedge}(1/2))^2)^{\wedge}(5/2)*x*(6*c^5*x^{\wedge}(5/2)+35*c^4*x^2*a+84*a^2*c^3*x^{\wedge}(3/2)+105*c^2*a^3*x+70*a^4*c*x^{\wedge}(1/2)+21*a^5)/(a+c*x^{\wedge}(1/2))^5$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 246 vs.  $2(57) = 114$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.46

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2} dx = \frac{(7a^8 - 42a^6c^2 + 48a^4c^4 - 17a^2c^6 - 6(3a^2c^6 + c^8)x^4 - 49(3a^4c^4 + a^2c^6)x^3 + 35(3a^6c^2 +$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/21*(7*a^8 - 42*a^6*c^2 + 48*a^4*c^4 - 17*a^2*c^6 - 6*(3*a^2*c^6 + c^8)*x^4 - 49*(3*a^4*c^4 + a^2*c^6)*x^3 + 35*(3*a^6*c^2 + a^4*c^4)*x^2 + 21*(3*a^8 + a^6*c^2)*x - (7*a^7*c - 42*a^5*c^3 + 48*a^3*c^5 - 17*a*c^7 + 29*(3*a^3*c^5 + a*c^7)*x^3 + 21*(3*a^5*c^3 + a^3*c^5)*x^2 - 49*(3*a^7*c + a^5*c^3)*x)*sqrt(x))*sqrt(c^2*x + 2*a*c*sqrt(x) + a^2)/(3*a^4 + a^2*c^2 - (3*a^2*c^2 + c^4)*x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2} dx = 2 \left( \left( \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} \left( -\frac{a^6}{42c^2} + \frac{a^5\sqrt{x}}{42c} + \frac{10a^4x}{21} + \frac{25a^3cx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{21} + \frac{55a^2c^2x^2}{42} + \frac{29ac^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{42} + \frac{c^4x^3}{7} \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. - \frac{a^2(a^2+2ac\sqrt{x})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{(a^2+2ac\sqrt{x})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{x(a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((a**2+2*a*c*x**(1/2)+c**2*x)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
2*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*sqrt(x) + c**2*x)*(-a**6/(42*c**2) + a**5*sqrt(x)/(42*c) + 10*a**4*x/21 + 25*a**3*c*x**(3/2)/21 + 55*a**2*c**2*x**2/42 + 29*a*c**3*x**(5/2)/42 + c**4*x**3/7), Ne(c**2, 0)), ((-a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*c*sqrt(x))**(7/2)/7 + (a**2 + 2*a*c*sqrt(x))**(9/2)/9)/(2*a**2*c**2), Ne(a*c, 0)), (x*(a**2)**(5/2)/2, True))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2} dx = \int (c^2x + 2ac\sqrt{x} + a^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/7*c^5*x^(7/2) + 4*a^2*c^3*x^(5/2) + 10/3*a^4*c*x^(3/2) + a^5*x + 5*a*c^4*integrate(x^2, x) + 10*a^3*c^2*integrate(x, x)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 128 vs.  $2(57) = 114$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{2}{7} c^4 x^{7/2} |c| \operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) + \frac{4}{3} ac^3 x^3 |c| \operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) \\ &+ \frac{12}{5} a^2 c^2 x^{5/2} |c| \operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) + 2a^3 c x^2 |c| \operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) + \frac{2}{3} a^4 x^{3/2} |c| \operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) \\ &+ \frac{1}{3} c^4 x^3 |a| + \frac{8}{5} ac^3 x^{5/2} |a| + 3a^2 c^2 x^2 |a| + \frac{8}{3} a^3 c x^{3/2} |a| + a^4 x |a| \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/7*c^4*x^(7/2)*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) + 4/3*a*c^3*x^3*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) + 12/5*a^2*c^2*x^(5/2)*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) + 2*a^3*c*x^2*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) + 2/3*a^4*x^(3/2)*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) + 1/3*c^4*x^3*abs(a) + 8/5*a*c^3*x^(5/2)*abs(a) + 3*a^2*c^2*x^2*abs(a) + 8/3*a^3*c*x^(3/2)*abs(a) + a^4*x*abs(a)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2} dx = \int (c^2x + a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x})^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^(5/2), x)`

output `int((c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x(70\sqrt{x}a^4c + 84\sqrt{x}a^2c^3x + 6\sqrt{x}c^5x^2 + 21a^5 + 105a^3c^2x + 35ac^4x^2)}{21}$$

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `(x*(70*sqrt(x)*a**4*c + 84*sqrt(x)*a**2*c**3*x + 6*sqrt(x)*c**5*x**2 + 21*a**5 + 105*a**3*c**2*x + 35*a*c**4*x**2))/21`

### 3.44 $\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	366
Mathematica [A] (verified)	366
Rubi [A] (verified)	367
Maple [A] (verified)	368
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	369
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	369
Maxima [F]	370
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	370
Mupad [F(-1)]	370
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	371

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{a(a + c\sqrt{x})^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}}{2c^2} + \frac{2(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2}}{5c^2}$$

output

```
-1/2*a*(a+c*x^(1/2))^3*(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(1/2)/c^2+2/5*(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(5/2)/c^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\left((a + c\sqrt{x})^2\right)^{3/2} (10a^3x + 20a^2cx^{3/2} + 15ac^2x^2 + 4c^3x^{5/2})}{10(a + c\sqrt{x})^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a + c\sqrt{x})^2)^{3/2} * (10*a^3*x + 20*a^2*c*x^{3/2} + 15*a*c^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*x^{5/2}))}{(10*(a + c\sqrt{x})^3)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {1680, 1100, 1079, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1680 \\ & 2 \int \sqrt{x} (a^2 + 2c\sqrt{x}a + c^2x)^{3/2} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1100 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2}}{5c^2} - \frac{a \int (a^2 + 2c\sqrt{x}a + c^2x)^{3/2} d\sqrt{x}}{c} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1079 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2}}{5c^2} - \frac{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} \int (\sqrt{x}c^2 + ac)^3 d\sqrt{x}}{c^4 (a + c\sqrt{x})} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 17 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2}}{5c^2} - \frac{a(a + c\sqrt{x})^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}}{4c^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*c*\text{Sqrt}[x] + c^2*x)^{3/2}, x]$$

output

$$2*(-1/4*(a*(a + c*\text{Sqrt}[x])^3*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*c*\text{Sqrt}[x] + c^2*x])/c^2 + (a^2 + 2*a*c*\text{Sqrt}[x] + c^2*x)^{5/2}/(5*c^2))$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1079 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1100 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1680 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left((a+c\sqrt{x})^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x \left(4c^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15a c^2 x + 20a^2 c \sqrt{x} + 10a^3\right)}{10(a+c\sqrt{x})^3}$	54
default	$\frac{(a^2+2ac\sqrt{x}+c^2x)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(4c^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 20a^2 c x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15a c^2 x^2 + 10a^3 x\right)}{10(a+c\sqrt{x})^3}$	63

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/10*((a+c*x^(1/2))^2)^(3/2)*x*(4*c^3*x^(3/2)+15*a*c^2*x+20*a^2*c*x^(1/2)+10*a^3)/(a+c*x^(1/2))^3`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs.  $2(57) = 114$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(10a^6 - 9a^4c^2 + 3a^2c^4 + 4(3a^2c^4 + c^6)x^3 + 5(3a^4c^2 + a^2c^4)x^2 - 10(3a^6 + a^4c^2)x - (10a^5c - 9a^3c^3 + 3a^2c^2 - a^2c^2 - (3a^2c^2 + c^4)a^2))\sqrt{x}}{10(3a^4 + a^2c^2 - (3a^2c^2 + c^4)x)}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/10*(10*a^6 - 9*a^4*c^2 + 3*a^2*c^4 + 4*(3*a^2*c^4 + c^6)*x^3 + 5*(3*a^4*c^2 + a^2*c^4)*x^2 - 10*(3*a^6 + a^4*c^2)*x - (10*a^5*c - 9*a^3*c^3 + 3*a^2*c^2 - a^2*c^2 - (3*a^2*c^2 + c^4)*a^2)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c^2*x + 2*a*c*sqrt(x) + a^2)/(3*a^4 + a^2*c^2 - (3*a^2*c^2 + c^4)*x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2} dx = 2 \begin{cases} \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} \left( -\frac{a^4}{20c^2} + \frac{a^3\sqrt{x}}{20c} + \frac{9a^2x}{20} + \frac{11acx^{3/2}}{20} + \frac{c^2x^2}{5} \right) & \text{for } c^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{-\frac{a^2(a^2+2ac\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{(a^2+2ac\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{7}}{2a^2c^2} & \text{for } ac \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(a^2)^{3/2}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a**2+2*a*c*x**(1/2)+c**2*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `2*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*sqrt(x) + c**2*x)*(-a**4/(20*c**2) + a**3*sqrt(x)/(20*c) + 9*a**2*x/20 + 11*a*c*x**(3/2)/20 + c**2*x**2/5), Ne(c**2, 0)), ((-a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*c*sqrt(x))**(5/2)/5 + (a**2 + 2*a*c*sqrt(x))**(7/2)/7)/(2*a**2*c**2), Ne(a*c, 0)), (x*(a**2)**(3/2)/2, True))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2} dx = \int (c^2x + 2ac\sqrt{x} + a^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*c^3*x^(5/2) + 2*a^2*c*x^(3/2) + a^3*x + 3*a*c^2*integrate(x, x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{2}{5} c^2 x^{5/2} |c| \operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) + acx^2 |c| \operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) \\ &+ \frac{2}{3} a^2 x^{3/2} |c| \operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) + \frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 |a| + \frac{4}{3} acx^{3/2} |a| + a^2 x |a| \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/5*c^2*x^(5/2)*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) + a*c*x^2*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) + 2/3*a^2*x^(3/2)*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) + 1/2*c^2*x^2*abs(a) + 4/3*a*c*x^(3/2)*abs(a) + a^2*x*abs(a)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2} dx = \int (c^2x + a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x})^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x(20\sqrt{x}a^2c + 4\sqrt{x}c^3x + 10a^3 + 15ac^2x)}{10}$$

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(x*(20*sqrt(x)*a**2*c + 4*sqrt(x)*c**3*x + 10*a**3 + 15*a*c**2*x))/10`

### 3.45 $\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx$

Optimal result	372
Mathematica [A] (verified)	372
Rubi [A] (verified)	373
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	374
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	375
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	375
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	376
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	376
Mupad [F(-1)]	376
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	377

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = -\frac{a(a + c\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}}{c^2} + \frac{2(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}}{3c^2}$$

output

```
-a*(a+c*x^(1/2))*(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(1/2)/c^2+2/3*(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(3/2)/c^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + c\sqrt{x})^2(3ax + 2cx^{3/2})}}{3(a + c\sqrt{x})}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a + c*Sqrt[x])^2*(3*a*x + 2*c*x^(3/2))]/(3*(a + c*Sqrt[x])))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {1680, 1100, 1079, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1680} \\
 & 2 \int \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a^2 + 2c\sqrt{xa} + c^2x} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1100} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}}{3c^2} - \frac{a \int \sqrt{a^2 + 2c\sqrt{xa} + c^2x} d\sqrt{x}}{c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1079} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}}{3c^2} - \frac{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} \int (\sqrt{xc^2 + ac}) d\sqrt{x}}{c^2(a + c\sqrt{x})} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{17} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}}{3c^2} - \frac{a(a + c\sqrt{x}) \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}}{2c^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x],x]`

output `2*(-1/2*(a*(a + c*Sqrt[x])*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x])/c^2 + (a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^(3/2)/(3*c^2))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1079 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1100 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1680 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

## Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(a+c\sqrt{x})(a+c\sqrt{x})^2(-2c\sqrt{x}+a)}{3c^2}$	31
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a^2+2ac\sqrt{x}+c^2x}(2cx^{\frac{3}{2}}+3xa)}{3a+3c\sqrt{x}}$	41

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*csgn(a+c*x^(1/2))*(a+c*x^(1/2))^2*(-2*c*x^(1/2)+a)/c^2`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 130 vs.  $2(55) = 110$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = \frac{(7a^4 - 3a^2c^2 + 2(3a^2c^2 + c^4)x^2 - 3(3a^4 + a^2c^2)x - (7a^3c - 3ac^3 - (3a^3c + ac^3)x)\sqrt{x})\sqrt{c^2x + 2ac\sqrt{x} + a^2}}{3(3a^4 + a^2c^2 - (3a^2c^2 + c^4)x)}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(7*a^4 - 3*a^2*c^2 + 2*(3*a^2*c^2 + c^4)*x^2 - 3*(3*a^4 + a^2*c^2)*x - (7*a^3*c - 3*a*c^3 - (3*a^3*c + a*c^3)*x)*sqrt(x))*sqrt(c^2*x + 2*a*c*sqrt(x) + a^2)/(3*a^4 + a^2*c^2 - (3*a^2*c^2 + c^4)*x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = 2 \begin{cases} \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} \left( -\frac{a^2}{6c^2} + \frac{a\sqrt{x}}{6c} + \frac{x}{3} \right) & \text{for } c^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{-\frac{a^2(a^2+2ac\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(a^2+2ac\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{2a^2c^2} & \text{for } ac \neq 0 \\ \frac{x\sqrt{a^2}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a**2+2*a*c*x**(1/2)+c**2*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `2*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*sqrt(x) + c**2*x)*(-a**2/(6*c**2) + a*sqrt(x)/(6*c) + x/3), Ne(c**2, 0)), ((-a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*c*sqrt(x))**(3/2)/3 + (a**2 + 2*a*c*sqrt(x))**(5/2)/5)/(2*a**2*c**2), Ne(a*c, 0)), (x*sqrt(a**2)/2, True))`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = \frac{2}{3} cx^{\frac{3}{2}} + ax$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*c*x^(3/2) + a*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{c^2x} x \operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) + x|a|$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*sqrt(c^2*x)*x*sgn(a)*sgn(c) + x*abs(a)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = \int \sqrt{c^2x + a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `int((c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `int((c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x} dx = \frac{x(2\sqrt{x}c + 3a)}{3}$$

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x*(2*sqrt(x)*c + 3*a))/3`

**3.46**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2+2ac\sqrt{x}+c^2x}} dx$

Optimal result	378
Mathematica [A] (verified)	378
Rubi [A] (verified)	379
Maple [A] (verified)	380
Fricas [F(-1)]	381
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	381
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	382
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	382
Mupad [F(-1)]	382
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	383

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}}{c^2} - \frac{2a(a + c\sqrt{x}) \log(a + c\sqrt{x})}{c^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}}$$

output `2*(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(1/2)/c^2-2*a*(a+c*x^(1/2))*ln(a+c*x^(1/2))/c^2/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} dx = \frac{2(a + c\sqrt{x})(c\sqrt{x} - a \log(a + c\sqrt{x}))}{c^2\sqrt{(a + c\sqrt{x})^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x],x]`

output `(2*(a + c*Sqrt[x])*(c*Sqrt[x] - a*Log[a + c*Sqrt[x]]))/(c^2*Sqrt[(a + c*Sqrt[x])^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {1680, 1100, 1079, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1680} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2c\sqrt{xa} + c^2x}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1100} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}}{c^2} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2c\sqrt{xa} + c^2x}} d\sqrt{x}}{c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1079} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}}{c^2} - \frac{a(a + c\sqrt{x}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{xc^2 + ac}} d\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}}{c^2} - \frac{a(a + c\sqrt{x}) \log(a + c\sqrt{x})}{c^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x],x]`

output `2*(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x]/c^2 - (a*(a + c*Sqrt[x])*Log[a + c*Sqrt[x]])/(c^2*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x]))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 16  $\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1079  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)+(c\_)*(x\_)^2]^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{Int}[(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1100  $\text{Int}[(d\_)+(e\_)*(x\_)*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)+(c\_)*(x\_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1})/(2*c*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1680  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(c\_)*(x_)^{(n2\_)}+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n\_)}]^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)} + c*x^{(2*k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[n]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2(a+c\sqrt{x})(a\ln(a+c\sqrt{x})-c\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{(a+c\sqrt{x})^2}c^2}$	41
default	$\frac{(a+c\sqrt{x})(2c\sqrt{x}+a\ln(c\sqrt{x}-a)-a\ln(a+c\sqrt{x})-a\ln(c^2x-a^2))}{\sqrt{a^2+2ac\sqrt{x}+c^2x}c^2}$	75

input  $\text{int}(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^{(1/2)}+c^2*x)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $-2*(a+c*x^{(1/2)})*(a*\ln(a+c*x^{(1/2)})-c*x^{(1/2)})/((a+c*x^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)}/c^2$

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} dx = 2 \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( -\frac{a(\frac{a}{c} + \sqrt{x}) \log(\frac{a}{c} + \sqrt{x})}{c\sqrt{c^2(\frac{a}{c} + \sqrt{x})^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}}{c^2} \right) \text{ for } c^2 \neq 0 \\ \left( \frac{-a^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{2a^2c^2} \right) \text{ for } ac \neq 0 \\ \left( \frac{x}{2\sqrt{a^2}} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*c*x**(1/2)+c**2*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `2*Piecewise((-a*(a/c + sqrt(x))*log(a/c + sqrt(x))/(c*sqrt(c**2*(a/c + sqrt(x))**2)) + sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*sqrt(x) + c**2*x)/c**2, Ne(c**2, 0)), ((-a**2*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*sqrt(x)) + (a**2 + 2*a*c*sqrt(x))**(3/2)/3)/(2*a**2*c**2), Ne(a*c, 0)), (x/(2*sqrt(a**2)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} dx = -\frac{2a \log(c\sqrt{x} + a)}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*a*log(c*sqrt(x) + a)/c^2 + 2*sqrt(x)/c`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} dx = -\frac{2|a| \log\left(\left|\sqrt{c^2x} \operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) + |a|\right|\right)}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x}}{c^2 \operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*abs(a)*log(abs(sqrt(c^2*x)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) + abs(a)))/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x)/(c^2*sgn(a)*sgn(c))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x + a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/(c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}c - 2\log(\sqrt{x}c + a)a}{c^2}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(sqrt(x)*c - log(sqrt(x)*c + a)*a))/c**2`



**3.47**      $\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2ac\sqrt{x}+c^2x)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	384
Mathematica [A] (verified)	384
Rubi [A] (verified)	385
Maple [A] (verified)	386
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	387
Sympy [F]	387
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	388
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	388
Mupad [F(-1)]	389
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	389

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{c^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} + \frac{a}{c^2 (a + c\sqrt{x}) \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}}$$

output -2/c^2/(a^2+2\*a\*c\*x^(1/2)+c^2\*x)^(1/2)+a/c^2/(a+c\*x^(1/2))/(a^2+2\*a\*c\*x^(1/2)+c^2\*x)^(1/2)

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(-a - 2c\sqrt{x})(a + c\sqrt{x})}{c^2 ((a + c\sqrt{x})^2)^{3/2}}$$

input Integrate[(a^2 + 2\*a\*c\*Sqrt[x] + c^2\*x)^(-3/2),x]

output ((-a - 2\*c\*Sqrt[x])\*(a + c\*Sqrt[x]))/(c^2\*((a + c\*Sqrt[x])^2)^(3/2))

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {1680, 1100, 1078}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1680 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a^2 + 2c\sqrt{xa} + c^2x)^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1100 \\
 & 2 \left( -\frac{a \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2c\sqrt{xa} + c^2x)^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{1}{c^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1078 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{a}{2c^2 (a + c\sqrt{x}) \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} - \frac{1}{c^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^(-3/2), x]`

output `2*(-(1/(c^2*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x])) + a/(2*c^2*(a + c*Sqrt[x])*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x]))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1078

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*((a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*p + 1)*(b + 2*c*x))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] &&
EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1100

```
Int(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*
e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

rule 1680

```
Int(((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k
= Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*
n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && Fr
actionQ[n]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{(2c\sqrt{x}+a)(a+c\sqrt{x})}{c^2((a+c\sqrt{x})^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	32
default	$\frac{(-3x^3ac^6+2x^{\frac{7}{2}}c^7+7a^3c^4x^2-4x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2c^5+2x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^4c^3-5xc^2a^5+a^7)(a+c\sqrt{x})}{c^2(c\sqrt{x}-a)^2(-c^2x+a^2)^2(a^2+2ac\sqrt{x}+c^2x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	117

input

```
int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-(2*c*x^(1/2)+a)*(a+c*x^(1/2))/c^2/((a+c*x^(1/2))^2)^(3/2)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 328 vs.  $2(56) = 112$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(5a^8 + 10a^6c^2 + a^4c^4 - (9a^6c^2 - 20a^4c^4 - 7a^2c^6 + 2c^8)x^2 - (3a^8 + 5a^6c^2 + 21a^4c^4 + 3a^2c^6)x - (5a^7c^3 + a^3c^5 - (3a^5c^3 - 10a^3c^5 - 9ac^7)x^2 - (9a^7c - 5a^5c^3 + 23a^3c^5 + 5ac^7)x)\sqrt{x})\sqrt{c^2x + 2ac\sqrt{x} + a^2}}{3a^{12} - 5a^{10}c^2 + a^8c^4 + a^6c^6 - (3a^6c^6 - 5a^4c^8 + a^2c^{10} + c^{12})x^3 + \dots}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(5*a^8 + 10*a^6*c^2 + a^4*c^4 - (9*a^6*c^2 - 20*a^4*c^4 - 7*a^2*c^6 + 2*c^8)*x^2 - (3*a^8 + 5*a^6*c^2 + 21*a^4*c^4 + 3*a^2*c^6)*x - (5*a^7*c^3 + 10*a^5*c^3 + a^3*c^5 - (3*a^5*c^3 - 10*a^3*c^5 - 9*a*c^7)*x^2 - (9*a^7*c - 5*a^5*c^3 + 23*a^3*c^5 + 5*a*c^7)*x)*sqrt(x))*sqrt(c^2*x + 2*a*c*sqrt(x) + a^2)/(3*a^12 - 5*a^10*c^2 + a^8*c^4 + a^6*c^6 - (3*a^6*c^6 - 5*a^4*c^8 + a^2*c^10 + c^12)*x^3 + 3*(3*a^8*c^4 - 5*a^6*c^6 + a^4*c^8 + a^2*c^10)*x^2 - 3*(3*a^10*c^2 - 5*a^8*c^4 + a^6*c^6 + a^4*c^8)*x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*c*x**(1/2)+c**2*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*c*sqrt(x) + c**2*x)**(-3/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{ac^2x + 2a^2c\sqrt{x} + a^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x/(a*c^2*x + 2*a^2*c*sqrt(x) + a^3)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{|a||c| \log(|\sqrt{x}|c|\operatorname{sgn}(a)\operatorname{sgn}(c) + |a|) \operatorname{sgn}(a)\operatorname{sgn}(c)}{a^2c^2|c|\operatorname{sgn}(a)\operatorname{sgn}(c) - ac^3|a|}$$

$$-\frac{c|a| \log(|c\sqrt{x} + a|)}{ac^2|a||c|\operatorname{sgn}(a)\operatorname{sgn}(c) - a^2c^3} + \frac{a^2|c|\operatorname{sgn}(a)\operatorname{sgn}(c) - ac|a|}{(|a||c|\operatorname{sgn}(a)\operatorname{sgn}(c) - ac)(c\sqrt{x} + a)ac^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-abs(a)*abs(c)*log(abs(sqrt(x)*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) + abs(a)))*sgn(a)*sgn(c)/(a^2*c^2*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) - a*c^3*abs(a)) - c*abs(a)*log(abs(c*sqrt(x) + a))/(a*c^2*abs(a)*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) - a^2*c^3) + (a^2*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) - a*c*abs(a))/((abs(a)*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) - a*c)*(c*sqrt(x) + a)*a*c^2)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2x + a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`output `int(1/(c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{a(2\sqrt{x}ac + a^2 + c^2x)}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(3/2), x)`output `x/(a*(2*sqrt(x)*a*c + a**2 + c**2*x))`

**3.48**  $\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2ac\sqrt{x}+c^2x)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	390
Mathematica [A] (verified)	390
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3c^2 (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}} + \frac{a}{2c^2 (a + c\sqrt{x})^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x}}$$

output

```
-2/3/c^2/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(3/2)+1/2*a/c^2/(a+c*x^(1/2))^3/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(-a - 4c\sqrt{x})(a + c\sqrt{x})}{6c^2 ((a + c\sqrt{x})^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^(-5/2), x]
```

output

```
((-a - 4*c*Sqrt[x])*(a + c*Sqrt[x]))/(6*c^2*((a + c*Sqrt[x])^2)^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {1680, 1100, 1078}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1680$$

$$2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a^2 + 2c\sqrt{xa} + c^2x)^{5/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 1100$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{a \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2c\sqrt{xa} + c^2x)^{5/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{1}{3c^2 (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1078$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a}{4c^2 (a + c\sqrt{x}) (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{3c^2 (a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^(-5/2),x]`

output `2*(-1/3*1/(c^2*(a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^(3/2)) + a/(4*c^2*(a + c*Sqrt[x])*(a^2 + 2*a*c*Sqrt[x] + c^2*x)^(3/2)))`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1078  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ ) + (c_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{p_ } , x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / ((2 \cdot p + 1) \cdot (b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x))), x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x]$  &&  $\text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0]$  &&  $\text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1100  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x_ ) \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ ) + (c_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{p_ } ) , x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot c \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (2 \cdot c) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x]$  &&  $\text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0]$

rule 1680  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (c_ \cdot x_ )^{n2_ } + (b_ \cdot x_ )^{n_ })^{p_ } , x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{k-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^{k \cdot n} + c \cdot x^{2 \cdot k \cdot n})^p, x], x, x^{1/k}], x]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x]$  &&  $\text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n]$  &&  $\text{FractionQ}[n]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{(4c\sqrt{x}+a)(a+c\sqrt{x})}{6c^2((a+c\sqrt{x})^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{(-15x^6ac^{12}+50x^5a^3c^{10}+4x^{\frac{11}{2}}a^2c^{11}-56x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^4c^9+104x^{\frac{7}{2}}a^6c^7+a^{13}-14a^{11}c^2x+4x^{\frac{13}{2}}c^{13}-4a^7c^6x^3+31a^9c^4x^2-7a^{11}c^2x^4)}{6c^2(c\sqrt{x}-a)^4(-c^2x+a^2)^4(a^2+2ac\sqrt{x}+c^2x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*(4*c*x^(1/2)+a)*(a+c*x^(1/2))/c^2/((a+c*x^(1/2))^2)^(5/2)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 764 vs.  $2(57) = 114$ .

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 764, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/6*(38*a^{14} + 133*a^{12}*c^2 + 21*a^{10}*c^4 - a^8*c^6 + a^6*c^8 - (3*a^8*c^6 \\ & - 49*a^6*c^8 - 119*a^4*c^{10} - 27*a^2*c^{12})*x^4 - 4*(38*a^8*c^6 + 133*a^6 \\ & *c^8 + 21*a^4*c^{10} - a^2*c^{12} + c^{14})*x^3 - (123*a^{12}*c^2 - 679*a^{10}*c^4 - \\ & 224*a^8*c^6 - 372*a^6*c^8 - 35*a^4*c^{10} + 35*a^2*c^{12})*x^2 - 2*(9*a^{14} + \\ & 43*a^{12}*c^2 + 308*a^{10}*c^4 + 24*a^8*c^6 - 5*a^6*c^8 + 5*a^4*c^{10})*x - (38* \\ & a^{13}*c + 133*a^{11}*c^3 + 21*a^9*c^5 - a^7*c^7 + a^5*c^9 - (3*a^7*c^7 - 49*a \\ & ^5*c^9 - 119*a^3*c^{11} - 27*a*c^{13})*x^4 + 4*(3*a^9*c^5 - 49*a^7*c^7 - 119*a \\ & ^5*c^9 - 27*a^3*c^{11})*x^3 - (75*a^{11}*c^3 - 503*a^9*c^5 - 448*a^7*c^7 - 276 \\ & *a^5*c^9 - 19*a^3*c^{11} + 19*a*c^{13})*x^2 - 2*(39*a^{13}*c - 67*a^{11}*c^3 + 448 \\ & *a^9*c^5 - 36*a^7*c^7 - 15*a^5*c^9 + 15*a^3*c^{11})*x)*sqrt(x))*sqrt(c^2*x + \\ & 2*a*c*sqrt(x) + a^2)/(3*a^{20} - 11*a^{18}*c^2 + 14*a^{16}*c^4 - 6*a^{14}*c^6 - a \\ & ^{12}*c^8 + a^{10}*c^{10} - (3*a^{10}*c^{10} - 11*a^8*c^{12} + 14*a^6*c^{14} - 6*a^4*c^{16} \\ & - a^2*c^{18} + c^{20})*x^5 + 5*(3*a^{12}*c^8 - 11*a^{10}*c^{10} + 14*a^8*c^{12} - 6* \\ & a^6*c^{14} - a^4*c^{16} + a^2*c^{18})*x^4 - 10*(3*a^{14}*c^6 - 11*a^{12}*c^8 + 14*a^{10} \\ & *c^{10} - 6*a^8*c^{12} - a^6*c^{14} + a^4*c^{16})*x^3 + 10*(3*a^{16}*c^4 - 11*a^{14} \\ & *c^6 + 14*a^{12}*c^8 - 6*a^{10}*c^{10} - a^8*c^{12} + a^6*c^{14})*x^2 - 5*(3*a^{18}*c^2 \\ & - 11*a^{16}*c^4 + 14*a^{14}*c^6 - 6*a^{12}*c^8 - a^{10}*c^{10} + a^8*c^{12})*x) \end{aligned}$$
**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*c*x**(1/2)+c**2*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*c*sqrt(x) + c**2*x)**(-5/2), x)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{c^2x^2 + 4acx^{3/2} + 6a^2x}{6(a^3c^4x^2 + 4a^4c^3x^{3/2} + 6a^5c^2x + 4a^6c\sqrt{x} + a^7)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{6}(c^2x^2 + 4acx^{3/2} + 6a^2x)/(a^3c^4x^2 + 4a^4c^3x^{3/2} + 6a^5c^2x + 4a^6c\sqrt{x} + a^7)$

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 202 vs. 2(57) = 114.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{c^2|a||c| \log(|\sqrt{x}|c|\operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) + |a|) \operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c)}{4(a^4c^4|c|\operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) - a^3c^5|a|)}$$

$$-\frac{c^3|a| \log(|c\sqrt{x} + a|)}{4(a^3c^4|a||c|\operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) - a^4c^5)}$$

$$-\frac{2a^4|c|\operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) - 2a^3c|a| + 3(a^2c^2|c|\operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) - ac^3|a|)x + 9(a^3c|c|\operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) - a^2c^2|a|)\sqrt{x}}{12(|a||c|\operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(c) - ac)(c\sqrt{x} + a)^3a^3c^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/4*c^2*abs(a)*abs(c)*log(abs(sqrt(x)*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) + abs(a))*sgn(a)*sgn(c)/(a^4*c^4*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) - a^3*c^5*abs(a)) - 1/4*c^3*abs(a)*log(abs(c*sqrt(x) + a))/(a^3*c^4*abs(a)*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) - a^4*c^5) - 1/12*(2*a^4*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) - 2*a^3*c*abs(a) + 3*(a^2*c^2*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) - a*c^3*abs(a))*x + 9*(a^3*c*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) - a^2*c^2*abs(a)*sqrt(x))/((abs(a)*abs(c)*sgn(a)*sgn(c) - a*c)*(c*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^3*c^2)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2x + a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x})^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(1/(c^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*c*x^(1/2))^(5/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ac\sqrt{x} + c^2x)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{x}c - a}{6c^2(4\sqrt{x}a^3c + 4\sqrt{x}ac^3x + a^4 + 6a^2c^2x + c^4x^2)}$$

input

```
int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^(1/2)+c^2*x)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(x)*c - a)/(6*c**2*(4*sqrt(x)*a**3*c + 4*sqrt(x)*a*c**3*x + a**4 + 6*a**2*c**2*x + c**4*x**2))
```

**3.49**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt{x}+b^2x}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	396
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	396
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	397
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	398
Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . .	399
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	399
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	400
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	400
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	400
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	401

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}}{b^2} - \frac{2a(a + b\sqrt{x}) \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}}$$

output `2*(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/2)+b^2*x)^(1/2)/b^2-2*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^2/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/2)+b^2*x)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}} dx = \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})(b\sqrt{x} - a \log(a + b\sqrt{x}))}{b^2\sqrt{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*Sqrt[x] + b^2*x],x]`

output `(2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])*(b*Sqrt[x] - a*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]]))/(b^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {1680, 1100, 1079, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1680} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2b\sqrt{xa} + b^2x}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1100} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}}{b^2} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2b\sqrt{xa} + b^2x}} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1079} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}}{b^2} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{xb^2 + ab}} d\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}}{b^2} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x}) \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*Sqrt[x] + b^2*x],x]`

output `2*(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*Sqrt[x] + b^2*x]/b^2 - (a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/(b^2*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*Sqrt[x] + b^2*x]))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 16  $\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1079  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)+(c\_)*(x\_)^2]^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{Int}[(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1100  $\text{Int}[(d\_)+(e\_)*(x\_)*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)+(c\_)*(x\_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1680  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(c\_)*(x_)^{(n2\_)}+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n\_)}]^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k - 1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)} + c*x^{(2*k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2(a+b\sqrt{x})(a\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})-b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 b^2}}$	41
default	$\frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})(2b\sqrt{x}+a\ln(b\sqrt{x}-a)-a\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})-a\ln(b^2x-a^2))}{\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt{x}+b^2x}b^2}$	75

input  $\text{int}(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^{(1/2)}+b^2*x)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $-2*(a+b*x^{(1/2)})*(a*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/2)})-b*x^{(1/2)})/((a+b*x^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)}/b^2$

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/2)+b^2*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}} dx = 2 \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( -\frac{a(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}) \log(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x})}{b\sqrt{b^2(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x})^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}}{b^2} \right) \text{ for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ \left( \frac{-a^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{2a^2b^2} \right) \text{ for } ab \neq 0 \\ \left( \frac{x}{2\sqrt{a^2}} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/2)+b**2*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `2*Piecewise((-a*(a/b + sqrt(x))*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(b*sqrt(b**2*(a/b + sqrt(x))**2)) + sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*sqrt(x) + b**2*x)/b**2, Ne(b**2, 0)), ((-a**2*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*sqrt(x)) + (a**2 + 2*a*b*sqrt(x))**(3/2)/3)/(2*a**2*b**2), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x/(2*sqrt(a**2)), True))`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}} dx = -\frac{2a \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/2)+b^2*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*a*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^2 + 2*sqrt(x)/b`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}} dx = -\frac{2|a| \log\left(\left|\sqrt{b^2x} \operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(b) + |a|\right|\right)}{b^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{b^2x}}{b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(b)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/2)+b^2*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*abs(a)*log(abs(sqrt(b^2*x)*sgn(a)*sgn(b) + abs(a)))/b^2 + 2*sqrt(b^2*x)/(b^2*sgn(a)*sgn(b))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2x + a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(b^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/(b^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}b - 2\log(\sqrt{x}b + a)a}{b^2}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/2)+b^2*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(sqrt(x)*b - log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a))/b**2`

### 3.50 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^4 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	402
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	402
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	403
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	404
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	405
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	405
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	406
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	406
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	407
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	407

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^4 dx = a^4x + 3a^3bx^{4/3} + \frac{6}{5}a^2(3b^2 + 2ac)x^{5/3} + 2ab(b^2 + 3ac)x^2 + \frac{3}{7}(b^4 + 12ab^2c + 6a^2c^2)x^{7/3} + \frac{3}{2}bc(b^2 + 3ac)x^{8/3} + \frac{2}{3}c^2(3b^2 + 2ac)x^3 + \frac{6}{5}bc^3x^{10/3} + \frac{3}{11}c^4x^{11/3}$$

```
output a^4*x+3*a^3*b*x^(4/3)+6/5*a^2*(2*a*c+3*b^2)*x^(5/3)+2*a*b*(3*a*c+b^2)*x^2+
3/7*(6*a^2*c^2+12*a*b^2*c+b^4)*x^(7/3)+3/2*b*c*(3*a*c+b^2)*x^(8/3)+2/3*c^2
*(2*a*c+3*b^2)*x^3+6/5*b*c^3*x^(10/3)+3/11*c^4*x^(11/3)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^4 dx = \frac{2310a^4x + 6930a^3bx^{4/3} + 8316a^2b^2x^{5/3} + 5544a^3cx^{5/3} + 4620ab^3x^2 + 13860a^2bcx^2 + 990b^4x^2 + 3360abc^2x^{7/3} + 10080a^2c^2x^{7/3} + 10080abc^3x^{10/3} + 10080a^2c^4x^{11/3}}{11}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^4,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2310*a^4*x + 6930*a^3*b*x^{(4/3)} + 8316*a^2*b^2*x^{(5/3)} + 5544*a^3*c*x^{(5/3)} \\ & + 4620*a*b^3*x^2 + 13860*a^2*b*c*x^2 + 990*b^4*x^{(7/3)} + 11880*a*b^2*c* \\ & x^{(7/3)} + 5940*a^2*c^2*x^{(7/3)} + 3465*b^3*c*x^{(8/3)} + 10395*a*b*c^2*x^{(8/3)} \\ & ) + 4620*b^2*c^2*x^3 + 3080*a*c^3*x^3 + 2772*b*c^3*x^{(10/3)} + 630*c^4*x^{(11/3)})/2310 \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {1680, 1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^4 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1680} \\ & 3 \int (a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^4 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1140} \\ & 3 \int (x^{2/3}a^4 + 4bxa^3 + 2(3b^2 + 2ac)x^{4/3}a^2 + 4b(b^2 + 3ac)x^{5/3}a + c^4x^{10/3} + 4bc^3x^3 + 2c^2(3b^2 + 2ac)x^{8/3} + 4b^2c^2x^2) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3\left(\frac{a^4x}{3} + a^3bx^{4/3} + \frac{2}{5}a^2x^{5/3}(2ac + 3b^2) + \frac{1}{7}x^{7/3}(6a^2c^2 + 12ab^2c + b^4) + \frac{2}{9}c^2x^3(2ac + 3b^2) + \frac{1}{2}bcx^{8/3}(3ac + b^2) + \frac{1}{11}c^4x^{11/3}\right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^4,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 3*((a^4*x)/3 + a^3*b*x^{(4/3)} + (2*a^2*(3*b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^{(5/3)})/5 + (2*a*b* \\ & (b^2 + 3*a*c)*x^2)/3 + ((b^4 + 12*a*b^2*c + 6*a^2*c^2)*x^{(7/3)})/7 + (b*c*( \\ & b^2 + 3*a*c)*x^{(8/3)})/2 + (2*c^2*(3*b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^3)/9 + (2*b*c^3*x^{(10/3)} \\ & )/5 + (c^4*x^{(11/3)})/11 \end{aligned}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1140

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x
_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 1680

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := With[{k
= Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*
n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && Fr
actionQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$a^4 x + \frac{3b^4 x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{3c^4 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + 2b^3 a x^2 + \frac{4a c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{18a^2 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{18a^2 c^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + 3a^3 b x^{\frac{4}{3}} + \frac{12a^3 c x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + 6$
derivativedivides	$\frac{3c^4 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{6b c^3 x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{5} + \frac{(2(2ac+b^2)c^2+4b^2c^2)x^3}{3} + \frac{3(4ba c^2+4(2ac+b^2)bc)x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{3(2a^2c^2+8ab^2c+(2ac+b^2)^2)}{7}$
trager	$\frac{(4a c^3 x^2+6b^2 c^2 x^2+18a^2 b c x+6a b^3 x+4a c^3 x+6b^2 x c^2+3a^4+18a^2 b c+6b^3 a+4a c^3+6b^2 c^2)(x-1)}{3} + \frac{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}(14b x^2 c^3+3$
orering	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a^4*x+3/7*b^4*x^(7/3)+3/11*c^4*x^(11/3)+2*b^3*a*x^2+4/3*a*c^3*x^3+18/5*a^2
*b^2*x^(5/3)+18/7*a^2*c^2*x^(7/3)+3*a^3*b*x^(4/3)+12/5*a^3*c*x^(5/3)+6/5*b
*c^3*x^(10/3)+2*b^2*c^2*x^3+3/2*b^3*c*x^(8/3)+9/2*b*a*c^2*x^(8/3)+36/7*a*b
^2*c*x^(7/3)+6*a^2*b*c*x^2
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^4 dx = a^4x + \frac{2}{3}(3b^2c^2 + 2ac^3)x^3 + 2(ab^3 + 3a^2bc)x^2 + \frac{3}{110}(10c^4x^3 + 55(b^3c + 3abc^2)x^2 + 44(3a^2b^2 + 2a^3c)x)x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{3}{35}(14bc^3x^3 + 35a^3bx + 5(b^4 + 12ab^2c + 6a^2c^2)x^2)x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `a^4*x + 2/3*(3*b^2*c^2 + 2*a*c^3)*x^3 + 2*(a*b^3 + 3*a^2*b*c)*x^2 + 3/110*(10*c^4*x^3 + 55*(b^3*c + 3*a*b*c^2)*x^2 + 44*(3*a^2*b^2 + 2*a^3*c)*x)*x^(2/3) + 3/35*(14*b*c^3*x^3 + 35*a^3*b*x + 5*(b^4 + 12*a*b^2*c + 6*a^2*c^2)*x^2)*x^(1/3)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^4 dx = a^4x + 3a^3bx^{\frac{4}{3}} + \frac{6bc^3x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{5} + \frac{3c^4x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{3x^{\frac{8}{3}} \cdot (12abc^2 + 4b^3c)}{8} + \frac{3x^{\frac{7}{3}} \cdot (6a^2c^2 + 12ab^2c + b^4)}{7} + \frac{3x^{\frac{5}{3}} \cdot (4a^3c + 6a^2b^2)}{5} + \frac{x^3 \cdot (4ac^3 + 6b^2c^2)}{3} + \frac{x^2 \cdot (12a^2bc + 4ab^3)}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3)+c*x**(2/3))**4,x)`output `a**4*x + 3*a**3*b*x**(4/3) + 6*b*c**3*x**(10/3)/5 + 3*c**4*x**(11/3)/11 + 3*x**(8/3)*(12*a*b*c**2 + 4*b**3*c)/8 + 3*x**(7/3)*(6*a**2*c**2 + 12*a*b**2*c + b**4)/7 + 3*x**(5/3)*(4*a**3*c + 6*a**2*b**2)/5 + x**3*(4*a*c**3 + 6*b**2*c**2)/3 + x**2*(12*a**2*b*c + 4*a*b**3)/2`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^4 dx = \frac{3}{11} c^4 x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{6}{5} bc^3 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 2b^2 c^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} b^3 cx^{\frac{8}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{3}{7} b^4 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + a^4 x + \frac{3}{5} (4cx^{\frac{5}{3}} + 5bx^{\frac{4}{3}}) a^3 + \frac{6}{35} (15c^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 35bcx^2 + 21b^2 x^{\frac{5}{3}}) a^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{42} (56c^3 x^3 + 189bc^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 216b^2 cx^{\frac{7}{3}} + 84b^3 x^2) a$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/11*c^4*x^(11/3) + 6/5*b*c^3*x^(10/3) + 2*b^2*c^2*x^3 + 3/2*b^3*c*x^(8/3) + 3/7*b^4*x^(7/3) + a^4*x + 3/5*(4*c*x^(5/3) + 5*b*x^(4/3))*a^3 + 6/35*(15*c^2*x^(7/3) + 35*b*c*x^2 + 21*b^2*x^(5/3))*a^2 + 1/42*(56*c^3*x^3 + 189*b*c^2*x^(8/3) + 216*b^2*c*x^(7/3) + 84*b^3*x^2)*a`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^4 dx = \frac{3}{11} c^4 x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{6}{5} bc^3 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 2b^2 c^2 x^3$$

$$+ \frac{4}{3} ac^3 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} b^3 cx^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{9}{2} abc^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{3}{7} b^4 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{36}{7} ab^2 cx^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{18}{7} a^2 c^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}}$$

$$+ 2ab^3 x^2 + 6a^2 bcx^2 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{12}{5} a^3 cx^{\frac{5}{3}} + 3a^3 bx^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^4 x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/11*c^4*x^(11/3) + 6/5*b*c^3*x^(10/3) + 2*b^2*c^2*x^3 + 4/3*a*c^3*x^3 + 3/2*b^3*c*x^(8/3) + 9/2*a*b*c^2*x^(8/3) + 3/7*b^4*x^(7/3) + 36/7*a*b^2*c*x^(7/3) + 18/7*a^2*c^2*x^(7/3) + 2*a*b^3*x^2 + 6*a^2*b*c*x^2 + 18/5*a^2*b^2*x^(5/3) + 12/5*a^3*c*x^(5/3) + 3*a^3*b*x^(4/3) + a^4*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^4 dx = x^{7/3} \left( \frac{18a^2c^2}{7} + \frac{36ab^2c}{7} + \frac{3b^4}{7} \right) + a^4x + \frac{3c^4x^{11/3}}{11} + x^{5/3} \left( \frac{12ca^3}{5} + \frac{18a^2b^2}{5} \right) + x^3 \left( 2b^2c^2 + \frac{4ac^3}{3} \right) + 3a^3bx^{4/3} + \frac{6bc^3x^{10/3}}{5} + 2abx^2(b^2 + 3ac) + \frac{3bcx^{8/3}(b^2 + 3ac)}{2}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^4,x)`output `x^(7/3)*((3*b^4)/7 + (18*a^2*c^2)/7 + (36*a*b^2*c)/7) + a^4*x + (3*c^4*x^(11/3))/11 + x^(5/3)*((12*a^3*c)/5 + (18*a^2*b^2)/5) + x^3*((4*a*c^3)/3 + 2*b^2*c^2) + 3*a^3*b*x^(4/3) + (6*b*c^3*x^(10/3))/5 + 2*a*b*x^2*(3*a*c + b^2) + (3*b*c*x^(8/3)*(3*a*c + b^2))/2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^4 dx = \frac{x \left( 5544x^{2/3}a^3c + 8316x^{2/3}a^2b^2 + 10395x^{5/3}abc^2 + 3465x^{5/3}b^3c + 630x^{8/3}c^4 + 6930x^{1/3}a^3b + 5940x^{1/3}a^2b^2 + 11880x^{1/3}a^2bc^2 + 990x^{1/3}ab^3c + 2772x^{1/3}b^2c^2 + 2310a^4 + 13860a^3b + 4620a^2b^2 + 3080a^2c^3 + 4620b^2c^2 \right)}{2310}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^4,x)`output `(x*(5544*x**(2/3)*a**3*c + 8316*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**2 + 10395*x**(2/3)*a*b*c**2*x + 3465*x**(2/3)*b**3*c*x + 630*x**(2/3)*c**4*x**2 + 6930*x**(1/3)*a**3*b + 5940*x**(1/3)*a**2*c**2*x + 11880*x**(1/3)*a*b**2*c*x + 990*x**(1/3)*b**4*x + 2772*x**(1/3)*b*c**3*x**2 + 2310*a**4 + 13860*a**2*b*c*x + 4620*a*b**3*x + 3080*a*c**3*x**2 + 4620*b**2*c**2*x**2))/2310`



### 3.51 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	408
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	408
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	409
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	410
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	411
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	411
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	412
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	412
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	413
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	413

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3 dx = a^3x + \frac{9}{4}a^2bx^{4/3} + \frac{9}{5}a(b^2 + ac)x^{5/3} + \frac{1}{2}b(b^2 + 6ac)x^2 + \frac{9}{7}c(b^2 + ac)x^{7/3} + \frac{9}{8}bc^2x^{8/3} + \frac{c^3x^3}{3}$$

output

```
a^3*x+9/4*a^2*b*x^(4/3)+9/5*a*(a*c+b^2)*x^(5/3)+1/2*b*(6*a*c+b^2)*x^2+9/7*c*(a*c+b^2)*x^(7/3)+9/8*b*c^2*x^(8/3)+1/3*c^3*x^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3 dx = \frac{1}{840}(840a^3x + 1890a^2bx^{4/3} + 1512ab^2x^{5/3} + 1512a^2cx^{5/3} + 420b^3x^2 + 2520abcx^2 + 1080b^2cx^{7/3} + 1080ac^2x^{7/3} + 945bc^2x^{8/3} + 280c^3x^3)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^3,x]
```

output

$$(840*a^3*x + 1890*a^2*b*x^{(4/3)} + 1512*a*b^2*x^{(5/3)} + 1512*a^2*c*x^{(5/3)} + 420*b^3*x^2 + 2520*a*b*c*x^2 + 1080*b^2*c*x^{(7/3)} + 1080*a*c^2*x^{(7/3)} + 945*b*c^2*x^{(8/3)} + 280*c^3*x^3)/840$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {1680, 1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1680$$

$$3 \int (a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 1140$$

$$3 \int (x^{2/3}a^3 + 3bxa^2 + 3(b^2 + ac)x^{4/3}a + c^3x^{8/3} + 3bc^2x^{7/3} + 3c(b^2 + ac)x^2 + b(b^2 + 6ac)x^{5/3}) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^3x}{3} + \frac{3}{4}a^2bx^{4/3} + \frac{3}{5}ax^{5/3}(ac + b^2) + \frac{3}{7}cx^{7/3}(ac + b^2) + \frac{1}{6}bx^2(6ac + b^2) + \frac{3}{8}bc^2x^{8/3} + \frac{c^3x^3}{9} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{(1/3)} + c*x^{(2/3)})^3, x]$$

output

$$3*((a^3*x)/3 + (3*a^2*b*x^{(4/3)})/4 + (3*a*(b^2 + a*c)*x^{(5/3)})/5 + (b*(b^2 + 6*a*c)*x^2)/6 + (3*c*(b^2 + a*c)*x^{(7/3)})/7 + (3*b*c^2*x^{(8/3)})/8 + (c^3*x^3)/9)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 1140 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x
_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 1680 Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k
= Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*
n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && Fr
actionQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
default	$a^3x + \frac{b^3x^2}{2} + \frac{c^3x^3}{3} + \frac{9b^2ax^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{9a^2c^2x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + \frac{9a^2cx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{9bc^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{9b^2cx^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + 3abcx^2$
trager	$\frac{(2c^3x^2+18abcx+3b^3x+2c^3x+6a^3+18abc+3b^3+2c^3)(x-1)}{6} + \frac{9x^{\frac{4}{3}}(4a^2x+4b^2cx+7a^2)}{28} + \frac{9x^{\frac{5}{3}}(5b^2c^2x+8a^2c+8a^2c^2)}{40}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{c^3x^3}{3} + \frac{9bc^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{3(a^2c^2+2b^2c+c(2ac+b^2))x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{(4abc+b(2ac+b^2))x^2}{2} + \frac{3(a(2ac+b^2)+2b^2a+a^2c)x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + 9abcx^2$
oring	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a^3*x+1/2*b^3*x^2+1/3*c^3*x^3+9/5*b^2*a*x^(5/3)+9/7*a*c^2*x^(7/3)+9/4*a^2*
b*x^(4/3)+9/5*a^2*c*x^(5/3)+9/8*b*c^2*x^(8/3)+9/7*b^2*c*x^(7/3)+3*a*b*c*x^
2
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3 dx = \frac{1}{3}c^3x^3 + a^3x + \frac{1}{2}(b^3 + 6abc)x^2 + \frac{9}{40}(5bc^2x^2 + 8(ab^2 + a^2c)x)x^{2/3} + \frac{9}{28}(7a^2bx + 4(b^2c + ac^2)x^2)x^{1/3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*c^3*x^3 + a^3*x + 1/2*(b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*x^2 + 9/40*(5*b*c^2*x^2 + 8*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*x)*x^(2/3) + 9/28*(7*a^2*b*x + 4*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*x^2)*x^(1/3)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3 dx = a^3x + \frac{9a^2bx^{4/3}}{4} + \frac{9bc^2x^{8/3}}{8} + \frac{c^3x^3}{3} + \frac{3x^{7/3} \cdot (3ac^2 + 3b^2c)}{7} + \frac{3x^{5/3} \cdot (3a^2c + 3ab^2)}{5} + \frac{x^2 \cdot (6abc + b^3)}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3)+c*x**(2/3))**3,x)`output `a**3*x + 9*a**2*b*x**(4/3)/4 + 9*b*c**2*x**(8/3)/8 + c**3*x**3/3 + 3*x**(7/3)*(3*a*c**2 + 3*b**2*c)/7 + 3*x**(5/3)*(3*a**2*c + 3*a*b**2)/5 + x**2*(6*a*b*c + b**3)/2`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3 dx = \frac{1}{3}c^3x^3 + \frac{9}{8}bc^2x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{9}{7}b^2cx^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{1}{2}b^3x^2 + a^3x + \frac{9}{20}(4cx^{\frac{5}{3}} + 5bx^{\frac{4}{3}})a^2 + \frac{3}{35}(15c^2x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 35bcx^2 + 21b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}})a$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*c^3*x^3 + 9/8*b*c^2*x^(8/3) + 9/7*b^2*c*x^(7/3) + 1/2*b^3*x^2 + a^3*x + 9/20*(4*c*x^(5/3) + 5*b*x^(4/3))*a^2 + 3/35*(15*c^2*x^(7/3) + 35*b*c*x^2 + 21*b^2*x^(5/3))*a`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3 dx = \frac{1}{3}c^3x^3 + \frac{9}{8}bc^2x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{9}{7}b^2cx^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{9}{7}ac^2x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{1}{2}b^3x^2 + 3abcx^2 + \frac{9}{5}ab^2x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{9}{5}a^2cx^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{9}{4}a^2bx^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^3x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*c^3*x^3 + 9/8*b*c^2*x^(8/3) + 9/7*b^2*c*x^(7/3) + 9/7*a*c^2*x^(7/3) + 1/2*b^3*x^2 + 3*a*b*c*x^2 + 9/5*a*b^2*x^(5/3) + 9/5*a^2*c*x^(5/3) + 9/4*a^2*b*x^(4/3) + a^3*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3 dx = x^2 \left( \frac{b^3}{2} + 3ac b \right) + a^3 x + \frac{c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{4/3}}{4} + \frac{9b c^2 x^{8/3}}{8} + \frac{9a x^{5/3} (b^2 + ac)}{5} + \frac{9c x^{7/3} (b^2 + ac)}{7}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^3,x)`output `x^2*(b^3/2 + 3*a*b*c) + a^3*x + (c^3*x^3)/3 + (9*a^2*b*x^(4/3))/4 + (9*b*c^2*x^(8/3))/8 + (9*a*x^(5/3)*(a*c + b^2))/5 + (9*c*x^(7/3)*(a*c + b^2))/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3 dx = \frac{x \left( 1512x^{2/3}a^2c + 1512x^{2/3}ab^2 + 945x^{5/3}b^2c^2 + 1890x^{1/3}a^2b + 1080x^{4/3}ac^2 + 1080x^{4/3}b^2c + 840a^3 + 2520ab^2c + 420b^3c^2 + 280c^3x^{2/3} \right)}{840}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^3,x)`output `(x*(1512*x**(2/3)*a**2*c + 1512*x**(2/3)*a*b**2 + 945*x**(2/3)*b*c**2*x + 1890*x**(1/3)*a**2*b + 1080*x**(1/3)*a*c**2*x + 1080*x**(1/3)*b**2*c*x + 840*a**3 + 2520*a*b*c*x + 420*b**3*x + 280*c**3*x**2))/840`

### 3.52 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2 dx$

Optimal result	414
Mathematica [A] (verified)	414
Rubi [A] (verified)	415
Maple [A] (verified)	416
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	416
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	417
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	417
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	418
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	418
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	418

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{3}{2}abx^{4/3} + \frac{3}{5}(b^2 + 2ac)x^{5/3} + bcx^2 + \frac{3}{7}c^2x^{7/3}$$

output

```
a^2*x+3/2*a*b*x^(4/3)+3/5*(2*a*c+b^2)*x^(5/3)+b*c*x^2+3/7*c^2*x^(7/3)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2 dx = \frac{1}{70}(70a^2x + 105abx^{4/3} + 42b^2x^{5/3} + 84acx^{5/3} + 70bcx^2 + 30c^2x^{7/3})$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^2,x]
```

output

```
(70*a^2*x + 105*a*b*x^(4/3) + 42*b^2*x^(5/3) + 84*a*c*x^(5/3) + 70*b*c*x^2 + 30*c^2*x^(7/3))/70
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {1680, 1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1680$$

$$3 \int (a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 1140$$

$$3 \int (x^{2/3}a^2 + 2bxa + c^2x^2 + 2bcx^{5/3} + (b^2 + 2ac)x^{4/3}) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3\left(\frac{a^2x}{3} + \frac{1}{5}x^{5/3}(2ac + b^2) + \frac{1}{2}abx^{4/3} + \frac{1}{3}bcx^2 + \frac{1}{7}c^2x^{7/3}\right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^2,x]`

output `3*((a^2*x)/3 + (a*b*x^(4/3))/2 + ((b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^(5/3))/5 + (b*c*x^2)/3 + (c^2*x^(7/3))/7)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1140 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`



rule 1680

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k
= Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*
n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && Fr
actionQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
derivativedivides	$x a^2 + \frac{3abx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + \frac{3(2ac+b^2)x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + bcx^2 + \frac{3c^2x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7}$
default	$x a^2 + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{3c^2x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + \frac{6acx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + bcx^2$
trager	$(x - 1)(bcx + a^2 + bc) + \frac{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}(2c^2x + 7ba)}{14} + \frac{3(2ac+b^2)x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$
orering	$\frac{(62bc^5x^3 - 280a^2c^4x^2 + 133ab^2c^3x^2 + 42a^3bc^2x + 7a^4b^2)(a + bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^2}{70c^2(bx^2c^3 - 4a^2c^2x + 2ab^2xc + a^3b)} + \frac{9cx^3(-3bc^2x + 16a^2c - 7b^2a)(a + bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{35(bx^2c^3 - 4a^2c^2x + 2ab^2x + a^3)}$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x*a^2+3/2*a*b*x^(4/3)+3/5*(2*a*c+b^2)*x^(5/3)+b*c*x^2+3/7*c^2*x^(7/3)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2 dx = bcx^2 + a^2x + \frac{3}{5}(b^2 + 2ac)x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{3}{14}(2c^2x^2 + 7abx)x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
b*c*x^2 + a^2*x + 3/5*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^(5/3) + 3/14*(2*c^2*x^2 + 7*a*b*x)*x^(1/3)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{3abx^{4/3}}{2} + bcx^2 + \frac{3c^2x^{7/3}}{7} + \frac{3x^{5/3} \cdot (2ac + b^2)}{5}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3)+c*x**(2/3))**2,x)
```

output

```
a**2*x + 3*a*b*x**(4/3)/2 + b*c*x**2 + 3*c**2*x**(7/3)/7 + 3*x**(5/3)*(2*a*c + b**2)/5
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2 dx = \frac{3}{7}c^2x^{7/3} + bcx^2 + \frac{3}{5}b^2x^{5/3} + a^2x + \frac{3}{10}(4cx^{5/3} + 5bx^{4/3})a$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
3/7*c^2*x^(7/3) + b*c*x^2 + 3/5*b^2*x^(5/3) + a^2*x + 3/10*(4*c*x^(5/3) + 5*b*x^(4/3))*a
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2 dx = \frac{3}{7}c^2x^{7/3} + bcx^2 + \frac{3}{5}b^2x^{5/3} + \frac{6}{5}acx^{5/3} + \frac{3}{2}abx^{4/3} + a^2x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/7*c^2*x^(7/3) + b*c*x^2 + 3/5*b^2*x^(5/3) + 6/5*a*c*x^(5/3) + 3/2*a*b*x^(4/3) + a^2*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2 dx = a^2x + x^{5/3} \left( \frac{3b^2}{5} + \frac{6ac}{5} \right) + \frac{3c^2x^{7/3}}{7} + \frac{3abx^{4/3}}{2} + bcx^2$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^2,x)`

output `a^2*x + x^(5/3)*((6*a*c)/5 + (3*b^2)/5) + (3*c^2*x^(7/3))/7 + (3*a*b*x^(4/3))/2 + b*c*x^2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2 dx = \frac{x(84x^{2/3}ac + 42x^{2/3}b^2 + 105x^{1/3}ab + 30x^{4/3}c^2 + 70a^2 + 70bcx)}{70}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^2,x)`

output `(x*(84*x**(2/3)*a*c + 42*x**(2/3)*b**2 + 105*x**(1/3)*a*b + 30*x**(1/3)*c**2*x + 70*a**2 + 70*b*c*x))/70`

### 3.53 $\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	419
Mathematica [A] (verified)	419
Rubi [A] (verified)	420
Maple [A] (verified)	421
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	422
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	422
Maxima [F(-2)]	423
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	424
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	424
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	425

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt[3]{x}}{c} - \frac{3(b^2-2ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{3b \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})}{2c^2}$$

output

```
3*x^(1/3)/c-3*(-2*a*c+b^2)*arctanh((b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c^2
/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-3/2*b*ln(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))/c^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3 \left( 2c\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{2(b^2-2ac) \arctan\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}} - b \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}) \right)}{2c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(-1), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(3*(2*c*x^{(1/3)} + (2*(b^2 - 2*a*c)*ArcTan[(b + 2*c*x^{(1/3)})/Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]])/Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c] - b*Log[a + b*x^{(1/3)} + c*x^{(2/3)}])/(2*c^2)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {1680, 1143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1680 \\ & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1143 \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{1}{c} - \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{c(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{(b^2 - 2ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{b \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})}{2c^2} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{c} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{(1/3)} + c*x^{(2/3)})^{(-1)}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{3*(x^{(1/3)}/c - ((b^2 - 2*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^{(1/3)})/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])/(c^2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]) - (b*Log[a + b*x^{(1/3)} + c*x^{(2/3)}])/(2*c^2)}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1143 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol]
:> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1]`

rule 1680 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{k
= Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*
n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && Fr
actionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{c} + \frac{-\frac{3b \ln\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{2c} + \frac{6\left(-a+\frac{b^2}{2c}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{b+2cx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right)}{c}}{c}$	83
default	Expression too large to display	1122

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3*x^(1/3)/c+3/c*(-1/2*b/c*ln(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))+2*(-a+1/2*b^2/c)/(4*a*
c-b^2)^(1/2)*arctan((b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(4*a*c-b^2)^(1/2)))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.86

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx = \left[ \frac{3 \left( (b^2 - 2ac)\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \log \left( \frac{2c^4x^2 + a^2b^2 - 2a^3c + (b^3c - 2abc^2)x + (b^4 - 5ab^2c + 4a^2c^2 + (2c^3 - 3ab^2)c)x^2 + (b^5 - 5ab^2c + 4a^2c^2 + (2c^3 - 3ab^2)c)x^3 + b^6}{(b^2 - 2ac)\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) + (b^3 - 4abc) \log \left( cx^{2/3} + bx^{1/3} + a \right) - 2 \right]}{2(b^2c^2 - 4ac^3)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[-3/2*((b^2 - 2*a*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*log((2*c^4*x^2 + a^2*b^2 - 2*a^3*c + (b^3*c - 2*a*b*c^2)*x + (b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2 + (2*c^3*x + b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*x^(2/3) + (a^2*b + (b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*x)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c) - (a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c - (b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*x + (b*c^2*x + a*b^2 - 2*a^2*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*x^(1/3))/(c^3*x^2 + a^3 + (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*x)) + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*log(c*x^(2/3) + b*x^(1/3) + a) - 2*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*x^(1/3))/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3), -3/2*(2*(b^2 - 2*a*c)*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*arctan(-(2*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*c*x^(1/3) + sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*b)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)) + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*log(c*x^(2/3) + b*x^(1/3) + a) - 2*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*x^(1/3))/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)]`**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 644 vs. 2(82) = 164.

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 644, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.58

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{3a^2 \log \left( \frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x} \right)}{b^3} - \frac{3a\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^2} + \frac{3x^{2/3}}{2b} \\ - \frac{3b^2 \log \left( \frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt[3]{x} \right)}{bc^2 + 2c^3 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{3b^2}{bc^2 + 2c^3 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{6bc\sqrt[3]{x} \log \left( \frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt[3]{x} \right)}{bc^2 + 2c^3 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{6c^2x^{2/3}}{bc^2 + 2c^3 \sqrt[3]{x}} \\ - \frac{12abc \log \left( \frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} \right)}{8ac^3 - 2b^2c^2} - \frac{12abc \log \left( \frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} \right)}{8ac^3 - 2b^2c^2} + \frac{24ac^2\sqrt[3]{x}}{8ac^3 - 2b^2c^2} + \frac{6ac\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{8ac^3 - 2b^2c^2} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3)+c*x**(2/3)),x)`

output `Piecewise((3*a**2*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/b**3 - 3*a*x**(1/3)/b**2 + 3*x**(2/3)/(2*b), Eq(c, 0)), (-3*b**2*log(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3))/(b*c**2 + 2*c**3*x**(1/3)) - 3*b**2/(b*c**2 + 2*c**3*x**(1/3)) - 6*b*c*x**(1/3)*log(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3))/(b*c**2 + 2*c**3*x**(1/3)) + 6*c**2*x**(2/3)/(b*c**2 + 2*c**3*x**(1/3)), Eq(a, b**2/(4*c))), (-12*a*b*c*log(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3) - sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/(8*a*c**3 - 2*b**2*c**2) - 12*a*b*c*log(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3) + sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/(8*a*c**3 - 2*b**2*c**2) + 24*a*c**2*x**(1/3)/(8*a*c**3 - 2*b**2*c**2) + 6*a*c*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)*log(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3) - sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/(8*a*c**3 - 2*b**2*c**2) - 6*a*c*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)*log(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3) + sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/(8*a*c**3 - 2*b**2*c**2) + 3*b**3*log(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3) - sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/(8*a*c**3 - 2*b**2*c**2) + 3*b**3*log(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3) + sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/(8*a*c**3 - 2*b**2*c**2) - 6*b**2*c*x**(1/3)/(8*a*c**3 - 2*b**2*c**2) - 3*b**2*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)*log(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3) - sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/(8*a*c**3 - 2*b**2*c**2) + 3*b**2*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)*log(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3) + sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(2*c))/(8*a*c**3 - 2*b**2*c**2), True))`

## Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{3b \log\left(cx^{\frac{2}{3}} + bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{2c^2} + \frac{3(b^2 - 2ac) \arctan\left(\frac{2cx^{\frac{1}{3}} + b}{\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}c^2} + \frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{c}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-3/2*b*log(c*x^(2/3) + b*x^(1/3) + a)/c^2 + 3*(b^2 - 2*a*c)*arctan((2*c*x^(1/3) + b)/sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c))/(sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*c^2) + 3*x^(1/3)/c`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 517, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.08

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3x^{1/3}}{c} + \frac{3b^3 \ln\left(9ab^4 + 36a^3c^2 + 9b^5x^{1/3} - 36a^2b^2c + 9b^4cx^{2/3} + 36a^2c^3x^{2/3} + 36a^2bc^2x^{1/3} - 36ab^2c^2x^{2/3}\right)}{2(4ac^3 - b^2c^2)} + \frac{3b^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{3b^3}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}(6ac-3b^2)} - \frac{12ac^2x^{1/3}}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}(6ac-3b^2)} + \frac{6b^2cx^{1/3}}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}(6ac-3b^2)} - \frac{6abc}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}(6ac-3b^2)}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{4ac-b^2}} + \frac{6a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{3b^3}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}(6ac-3b^2)} - \frac{12ac^2x^{1/3}}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}(6ac-3b^2)} + \frac{6b^2cx^{1/3}}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}(6ac-3b^2)} - \frac{6abc}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}(6ac-3b^2)}\right)}{c\sqrt{4ac-b^2}} - \frac{6abc \ln\left(9ab^4 + 36a^3c^2 + 9b^5x^{1/3} - 36a^2b^2c + 9b^4cx^{2/3} + 36a^2c^3x^{2/3} + 36a^2bc^2x^{1/3} - 36ab^2c^2x^{2/3}\right)}{4ac^3 - b^2c^2}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)),x)`

output

```
(3*x^(1/3))/c + (3*b^3*log(9*a*b^4 + 36*a^3*c^2 + 9*b^5*x^(1/3) - 36*a^2*b^2*c + 9*b^4*c*x^(2/3) + 36*a^2*c^3*x^(2/3) + 36*a^2*b*c^2*x^(1/3) - 36*a*b^2*c^2*x^(2/3) - 36*a*b^3*c*x^(1/3)))/(2*(4*a*c^3 - b^2*c^2)) - (3*b^2*atan((3*b^3)/((4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)*(6*a*c - 3*b^2)) - (12*a*c^2*x^(1/3))/((4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)*(6*a*c - 3*b^2)) + (6*b^2*c*x^(1/3))/((4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)*(6*a*c - 3*b^2)) - (6*a*b*c)/((4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)*(6*a*c - 3*b^2))))/(c^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) + (6*a*atan((3*b^3)/((4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)*(6*a*c - 3*b^2)) - (12*a*c^2*x^(1/3))/((4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)*(6*a*c - 3*b^2)) + (6*b^2*c*x^(1/3))/((4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)*(6*a*c - 3*b^2)) - (6*a*b*c)/((4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)*(6*a*c - 3*b^2))))/(c*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) - (6*a*b*c*log(9*a*b^4 + 36*a^3*c^2 + 9*b^5*x^(1/3) - 36*a^2*b^2*c + 9*b^4*c*x^(2/3) + 36*a^2*c^3*x^(2/3) + 36*a^2*b*c^2*x^(1/3) - 36*a*b^2*c^2*x^(2/3) - 36*a*b^3*c*x^(1/3)))/(4*a*c^3 - b^2*c^2)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx = \frac{-6\sqrt{4ac - b^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x^{1/3}c + b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}}\right) ac + 3\sqrt{4ac - b^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x^{1/3}c + b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}}\right) b^2 + 12x^{1/3} a c^2 - 3x}{c^2(4ac - b^2)}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3)),x)
```

output

```
(3*(-4*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a*c + 2*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*b**2 + 8*x**(1/3)*a*c**2 - 2*x**(1/3)*b**2*c - 4*log(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b*c + log(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**3))/(2*c**2*(4*a*c - b**2))
```

**3.54** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^2} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	426
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	426
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^2} dx = -\frac{3(ab+(b^2-2ac)\sqrt[3]{x})}{c(b^2-4ac)(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})} + \frac{12a\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{(b^2-4ac)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
(-3*a*b-3*(-2*a*c+b^2)*x^(1/3))/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))+12*a*arctanh((b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^2} dx = \frac{3(a(b-2c\sqrt[3]{x})+b^2\sqrt[3]{x})}{c(-b^2+4ac)(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})} + \frac{12a\arctan\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{(-b^2+4ac)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(-2),x]
```

output

$$(3*(a*(b - 2*c*x^(1/3)) + b^2*x^(1/3)))/(c*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))) + (12*a*ArcTan[(b + 2*c*x^(1/3))/Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]])/(-b^2 + 4*a*c)^(3/2)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$ , Rules used = {1680, 1153, 1083, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1680 \\ & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1153 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^2 - 4ac} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1083 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{4a \int \frac{1}{b^2 - 4ac - x^{2/3}} d(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^2 - 4ac} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 219 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{4a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{(b^2 - 4ac)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(-2), x]$$

output  $3 * ((2 * a + b * x^{(1/3)}) * x^{(1/3)}) / ((b^2 - 4 * a * c) * (a + b * x^{(1/3)} + c * x^{(2/3)})) + (4 * a * \text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2 * c * x^{(1/3)}) / \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4 * a * c]]) / (b^2 - 4 * a * c)^{(3/2)}$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x^2)^{-1}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 2] * \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x / \text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1083  $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x^2)^{-1}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / \text{Simp}[b^2 - 4 * a * c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2 * c * x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\}$

rule 1153  $\text{Int}[(d + (e \cdot x)^m) * ((a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x^2)^p), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e * x)^{m-1} * (d * b - 2 * a * e + (2 * c * d - b * e) * x) * ((a + b * x + c * x^2)^{p+1} / ((p+1) * (b^2 - 4 * a * c))), x] - \text{Simp}[2 * (2 * p + 3) * ((c * d^2 - b * d * e + a * e^2) / ((p+1) * (b^2 - 4 * a * c))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e * x)^{m-2} * (a + b * x + c * x^2)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2 * p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1680  $\text{Int}[(a + (c \cdot x)^{n2}) + (b \cdot x)^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{k-1} * (a + b * x^{k * n} + c * x^{2 * k * n})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 * n] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{3(2ac-b^2)x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{c(4ac-b^2)} + \frac{3ab}{c(4ac-b^2)}}{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{12a \arctan\left(\frac{b+2cx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right)}{(4ac-b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	104
default	Expression too large to display	8522

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3*(-1/c*(2*a*c-b^2)/(4*a*c-b^2)*x^(1/3)+1/c*a*b/(4*a*c-b^2))/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))+12*a/(4*a*c-b^2)^(3/2)*arctan((b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(4*a*c-b^2)^(1/2))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 335 vs.  $2(79) = 158$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 833, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-3*(a^3*b^3 - 4*a^4*b*c + 2*(a*c^4*x^2 + a^4*c + (a*b^3*c - 3*a^2*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*log((2*c^4*x^2 + a^2*b^2 - 2*a^3*c + (b^3*c - 2*a*b*c^2)*x + (b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2 - (2*c^3*x + b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)))*x^(2/3) - (a^2*b + (b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*x)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c) - (a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c - (b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*x - (b*c^2*x + a*b^2 - 2*a^2*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*x^(1/3))/(c^3*x^2 + a^3 + (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*x) + (b^6 - 8*a*b^4*c + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^3*c^3)*x + (a^2*b^3*c - 4*a^3*b*c^2 + (b^4*c^2 - 6*a*b^2*c^3 + 8*a^2*c^4)*x)*x^(2/3) - (2*a^3*b^2*c - 8*a^4*c^2 + (b^5*c - 7*a*b^3*c^2 + 12*a^2*b*c^3)*x)*x^(1/3))/(a^3*b^4*c - 8*a^4*b^2*c^2 + 16*a^5*c^3 + (b^4*c^4 - 8*a*b^2*c^5 + 16*a^2*c^6)*x^2 + (b^7*c - 11*a*b^5*c^2 + 40*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 48*a^3*b*c^4)*x), -3*(a^3*b^3 - 4*a^4*b*c - 4*(a*c^4*x^2 + a^4*c + (a*b^3*c - 3*a^2*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*arctan(-(2*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*c*x^(1/3) + sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*b)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)) + (b^6 - 8*a*b^4*c + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^3*c^3)*x + (a^2*b^3*c - 4*a^3*b*c^2 + (b^4*c^2 - 6*a*b^2*c^3 + 8*a^2*c^4)*x)*x^(2/3) - (2*a^3*b^2*c - 8*a^4*c^2 + (b^5*c - 7*a*b^3*c^2 + 12*a^2*b*c^3)*x)*x^(1/3))/(a^3*b^4*c - 8*a^4*b^2*c^2 + 16*a^5*c^3 + (b^4*c^4 - 8*a*b^2*c^5 + 16*a^2*c^6)*x^2 + (b^7*c - 11*a*b^5*c^2 + 40*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 48*a^3*b*c^4)*x]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3)+c*x**(2/3))**2,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2} dx = -\frac{12a \arctan\left(\frac{2cx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}} - \frac{3(b^2x^{\frac{1}{3}}-2acx^{\frac{1}{3}}+ab)}{(b^2c-4ac^2)(cx^{\frac{2}{3}}+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+a)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-12*a*arctan((2*c*x^(1/3) + b)/sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)) - 3*(b^2*x^(1/3) - 2*a*c*x^(1/3) + a*b)/((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*(c*x^(2/3) + b*x^(1/3) + a))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2} dx = -\frac{3x^{1/3}(2ac - b^2)}{c(4ac - b^2)} - \frac{3ab}{c(4ac - b^2)}$$

$$- \frac{12a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(4ac - b^2)\left(\frac{6a(b^3 - 4abc)}{(4ac - b^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{12acx^{1/3}}{(4ac - b^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{6a}\right)}{(4ac - b^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(1/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^2,x)
```

output

```
- ((3*x^(1/3)*(2*a*c - b^2))/(c*(4*a*c - b^2)) - (3*a*b)/(c*(4*a*c - b^2)))/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)) - (12*a*atan(((4*a*c - b^2)*((6*a*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c))/(4*a*c - b^2)^(5/2) - (12*a*c*x^(1/3))/(4*a*c - b^2)^(3/2)))/(6*a)))/(4*a*c - b^2)^(3/2)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2} dx = \frac{12x^{2/3}\sqrt{4ac - b^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x^{1/3}c + b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}}\right) abc + 12x^{1/3}\sqrt{4ac - b^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x^{1/3}c + b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}}\right) ab^2 + 12x^{2/3}c^2 - 8x^{1/3}ab^2c^2 + x^{2/3}b^4c + 16x^{1/3}a^2b^2c}{b(16x^{2/3}a^2c^3 - 8x^{1/3}ab^2c^2 + x^{2/3}b^4c + 16x^{1/3}a^2b^2c)}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^2,x)
```



output

```
(3*(4*x**(2/3)*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a*b*c + 4*x**(1/3)*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a*b**2 + 4*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a**2*b + 8*x**(2/3)*a**2*c**2 - 6*x**(2/3)*a*b**2*c + x**(2/3)*b**4 + 8*a**3*c - 2*a**2*b**2))/(b*(16*x**(2/3)*a**2*c**3 - 8*x**(2/3)*a*b**2*c**2 + x**(2/3)*b**4*c + 16*x**(1/3)*a**2*b*c**2 - 8*x**(1/3)*a*b**3*c + x**(1/3)*b**5 + 16*a**3*c**2 - 8*a**2*b**2*c + a*b**4))
```

**3.55** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^3} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^3} dx = -\frac{3(ab+(b^2-2ac)\sqrt[3]{x})}{2c(b^2-4ac)\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^2} + \frac{3(b^2+2ac)(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{2c(b^2-4ac)^2\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)} - \frac{6(b^2+2ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{(b^2-4ac)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(-3*a*b-3*(-2*a*c+b^2)*x^(1/3))/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))
^2+3/2*(2*a*c+b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)^2/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))
)-6*(2*a*c+b^2)*arctanh((b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3} dx = \frac{3(a^2(6b - 4c\sqrt[3]{x}) + 3b^3x^{2/3} + 2b^2cx + 2a(5b^2\sqrt[3]{x} + 3bcx^{2/3} + 2c^2x))}{2(b^2 - 4ac)^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2} + \frac{6(b^2 + 2ac) \arctan\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{(-b^2 + 4ac)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^-3, x]
```

output

```
(3*(a^2*(6*b - 4*c*x^(1/3)) + 3*b^3*x^(2/3) + 2*b^2*c*x + 2*a*(5*b^2*x^(1/3) + 3*b*c*x^(2/3) + 2*c^2*x))/(2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^2) + (6*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*ArcTan[(b + 2*c*x^(1/3))/Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]])/(-b^2 + 4*a*c)^(5/2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {1680, 1164, 27, 1159, 1083, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3} dx$$

↓ 1680

$$3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 1164

$$3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2} - \frac{\int \frac{2(a - b\sqrt[3]{x})}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{2(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2} - \frac{\int \frac{a - b\sqrt[3]{x}}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

↓ 1159

$$3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2} - \frac{(2ac + b^2) \int \frac{1}{a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^2 - 4ac} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(2ac + b^2) + 3ab}{(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})} \right)$$

↓ 1083

$$3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2} - \frac{2(2ac + b^2) \int \frac{1}{b^2 - 4ac - x^{2/3}} d(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^2 - 4ac} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(2ac + b^2) + 3ab}{(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^2} - \frac{2(2ac + b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{(b^2 - 4ac)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(2ac + b^2) + 3ab}{(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^-3, x]`

output

$$3 * ((2 * a + b * x^{1/3}) * x^{1/3}) / (2 * (b^2 - 4 * a * c) * (a + b * x^{1/3} + c * x^{2/3})^2) - ((3 * a * b + (b^2 + 2 * a * c) * x^{1/3}) / ((b^2 - 4 * a * c) * (a + b * x^{1/3} + c * x^{2/3}))) + (2 * (b^2 + 2 * a * c) * \text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2 * c * x^{1/3}) / \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4 * a * c]]) / (b^2 - 4 * a * c)^{3/2} / (b^2 - 4 * a * c)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a\_)*(F\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[F, (b\_)*(G\_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2]^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1083

$$\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)+(c\_)*(x\_)^2]^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4 * a * c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2 * c * x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1159

$$\text{Int}[(d\_)+(e\_)*(x\_)]*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)+(c\_)*(x\_)^2)^{p\_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b * d - 2 * a * e + (2 * c * d - b * e) * x) / ((p + 1) * (b^2 - 4 * a * c))] * (a + b * x + c * x^2)^{p + 1}, x] - \text{Simp}[(2 * p + 3) * (2 * c * d - b * e) / ((p + 1) * (b^2 - 4 * a * c))] \text{Int}[(a + b * x + c * x^2)^{p + 1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[p, -3/2]$$

rule 1164

$$\text{Int}[(d\_)+(e\_)*(x\_)]^{m\_}*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)+(c\_)*(x\_)^2)^{p\_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e * x)^{m - 1} * (d * b - 2 * a * e + (2 * c * d - b * e) * x) * (a + b * x + c * x^2)^{p + 1} / ((p + 1) * (b^2 - 4 * a * c)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / ((p + 1) * (b^2 - 4 * a * c)) \text{Int}[(d + e * x)^{m - 2} * \text{Simp}[e * (2 * a * e * (m - 1) + b * d * (2 * p - m + 4)) - 2 * c * d^2 * (2 * p + 3) + e * (b * e - 2 * d * c) * (m + 2 * p + 2) * x], x] * (a + b * x + c * x^2)^{p + 1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \&\& \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]$$

rule 1680

```
Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k
= Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*
n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && Fr
actionQ[n]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{3c(2ac+b^2)x}{16a^2c^2-8ab^2c+b^4} + \frac{9b(2ac+b^2)x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2(16a^2c^2-8ab^2c+b^4)} - \frac{3a(2ac-5b^2)x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{16a^2c^2-8ab^2c+b^4} + \frac{9a^2b}{16a^2c^2-8ab^2c+b^4}}{(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^2} + \frac{6(2ac+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b+2cx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right)}{(16a^2c^2-8ab^2c+b^4)\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
3*(c*(2*a*c+b^2)/(16*a^2*c^2-8*a*b^2*c+b^4)*x+3/2*b*(2*a*c+b^2)/(16*a^2*c^
2-8*a*b^2*c+b^4)*x^(2/3)-a*(2*a*c-5*b^2)/(16*a^2*c^2-8*a*b^2*c+b^4)*x^(1/3
)+3*a^2*b/(16*a^2*c^2-8*a*b^2*c+b^4))/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^2+6*(2*a*c+b
^2)/(16*a^2*c^2-8*a*b^2*c+b^4)/(4*a*c-b^2)^(1/2)*arctan((b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(4
*a*c-b^2)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 887 vs. 2(131) = 262.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1937, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.66

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[3/2*(6*a^6*b^3 - 24*a^7*b*c + 6*(a*b^4*c^4 - 6*a^2*b^2*c^5 + 8*a^3*c^6)*x^3 + 3*(b^9 - 10*a*b^7*c + 33*a^2*b^5*c^2 - 34*a^3*b^3*c^3 - 8*a^4*b*c^4)*x^2 + 2*(a^6*b^2 + 2*a^7*c + (b^2*c^6 + 2*a*c^7))*x^4 + 2*(b^5*c^3 - a*b^3*c^4 - 6*a^2*b*c^5)*x^3 + (b^8 - 4*a*b^6*c - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 20*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^4*c^4)*x^2 + 2*(a^3*b^5 - a^4*b^3*c - 6*a^5*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*log((2*c^4*x^2 + a^2*b^2 - 2*a^3*c + (b^3*c - 2*a*b*c^2)*x + (b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2 - (2*c^3*x + b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*x^(2/3)) - (a^2*b + (b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*x)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c) - (a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c - (b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*x - (b*c^2*x + a*b^2 - 2*a^2*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*x^(1/3))/(c^3*x^2 + a^3 + (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*x)) + 6*(2*a^3*b^6 - 15*a^4*b^4*c + 30*a^5*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^6*c^3)*x + (a^4*b^5 - 2*a^5*b^3*c - 8*a^6*b*c^2 + 2*(b^4*c^5 - 2*a*b^2*c^6 - 8*a^2*c^7))*x^3 + (5*b^7*c^2 - 36*a*b^5*c^3 + 66*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 8*a^3*b*c^5)*x^2 + 2*(2*a*b^8 - 19*a^2*b^6*c + 63*a^3*b^4*c^2 - 86*a^4*b^2*c^3 + 40*a^5*c^4)*x)*x^(2/3) - (2*a^5*b^4 - 4*a^6*b^2*c - 16*a^7*c^2 + (b^5*c^4 - 2*a*b^3*c^5 - 8*a^2*b*c^6))*x^3 + 2*(2*b^8*c - 19*a*b^6*c^2 + 63*a^2*b^4*c^3 - 86*a^3*b^2*c^4 + 40*a^4*c^5)*x^2 + (5*a^2*b^7 - 36*a^3*b^5*c + 66*a^4*b^3*c^2 - 8*a^5*b*c^3)*x)*x^(1/3))/(a^6*b^6 - 12*a^7*b^4*c + 48*a^8*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^9*c^3 + (b^6*c^6 - 12*a*b^4*c^7 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^8 - 64*a^3*c^9))*x^4 + 2*(b^9*c^3 - 15*a*b^7*c^4 + 84*a^2*b^5*c^5 - 208*a^3*b^3*c^6 + 192*a^4*b*c^7)*x^3 + (b^12 - 18*a*b^10*c + 129*a^2*b^8*...
```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3)+c*x**(2/3))**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4\*a\*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3} dx = \frac{6(b^2 + 2ac) \arctan\left(\frac{2cx^{\frac{1}{3}} + b}{\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}}\right)}{(b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2)\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}} + \frac{3(2b^2cx + 4ac^2x + 3b^3x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6abcx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 10ab^2x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 4a^2cx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 6a^2b)}{2(b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2)(cx^{\frac{2}{3}} + bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `6*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*arctan((2*c*x^(1/3) + b)/sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c))/((b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)) + 3/2*(2*b^2*c*x + 4*a*c^2*x + 3*b^3*x^(2/3) + 6*a*b*c*x^(2/3) + 10*a*b^2*x^(1/3) - 4*a^2*c*x^(1/3) + 6*a^2*b)/((b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*(c*x^(2/3) + b*x^(1/3) + a)^2)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3} dx = \frac{\frac{9a^2b}{16a^2c^2 - 8ab^2c + b^4} + \frac{9bx^{2/3}(b^2 + 2ac)}{2(16a^2c^2 - 8ab^2c + b^4)} - \frac{3ax^{1/3}(2ac - 5b^2)}{16a^2c^2 - 8ab^2c + b^4} + \frac{3cx(b^2 + 2ac)}{16a^2c^2 - 8ab^2c + b^4}}{x^{2/3}(b^2 + 2ac) + a^2 + c^2x^{4/3} + 2bcx + 2abx^{1/3}}$$

$$+ \frac{6 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\left(\frac{3(b^2 + 2ac)(16a^2bc^2 - 8ab^3c + b^5)}{(4ac - b^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6cx^{1/3}(b^2 + 2ac)}{(4ac - b^2)^{5/2}}\right)(16a^2c^2 - 8ab^2c + b^4)}{3b^2 + 6ac}\right)(b^2 + 2ac)}{(4ac - b^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^3,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( \frac{(9a^2b)/(b^4 + 16a^2c^2 - 8ab^2c) + (9bx^{2/3}(2ac + b^2))/(2(b^4 + 16a^2c^2 - 8ab^2c)) - (3ax^{1/3}(2ac - 5b^2))/(b^4 + 16a^2c^2 - 8ab^2c) + (3cx(2ac + b^2))/(b^4 + 16a^2c^2 - 8ab^2c)}{(x^{2/3}(2ac + b^2) + a^2 + c^2x^{4/3} + 2bcx + 2abx^{1/3})} \right) \\ & + \frac{6 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(3(2ac + b^2)(b^5 + 16a^2bc^2 - 8ab^3c))/(4ac - b^2)^{5/2}(b^4 + 16a^2c^2 - 8ab^2c) + (6cx^{1/3}(2ac + b^2))/(4ac - b^2)^{5/2}(b^4 + 16a^2c^2 - 8ab^2c)}{(6ac + 3b^2)(2ac + b^2)}\right)(2ac + b^2)}{(4ac - b^2)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 848, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.54

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^3,x)`

output

```

(3*(16*x**(2/3)*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))
*a**2*b**c**2 + 16*x**(2/3)*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/
sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a*b**3*c + 4*x**(2/3)*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*x**(1
/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*b**5 + 16*x**(1/3)*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan(
(2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a**2*b**2*c + 8*x**(1/3)*sqrt(4*a*c
- b**2)*atan((2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a*b**4 + 8*x**(1/3)*s
qrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a*b*c**3*x +
4*x**(1/3)*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))
*b**3*c**2*x + 8*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b
**2))*a**3*b*c + 4*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c -
b**2))*a**2*b**3 + 16*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a
*c - b**2))*a*b**2*c**2*x + 8*sqrt(4*a*c - b**2)*atan((2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/s
qrt(4*a*c - b**2))*b**4*c*x - 16*x**(2/3)*a**3*c**3 + 12*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**
2*c**2 + 6*x**(2/3)*a*b**4*c - 2*x**(2/3)*b**6 - 32*x**(1/3)*a**3*b*c**2 +
40*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**3*c - 8*x**(1/3)*a**2*c**4*x - 8*x**(1/3)*a*b**5 - 2*
x**(1/3)*a*b**2*c**3*x + x**(1/3)*b**4*c**2*x - 8*a**4*c**2 + 22*a**3*b**2
*c - 5*a**2*b**4))/(2*b*(128*x**(2/3)*a**4*c**4 - 32*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**2*c*
*3 - 24*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**4*c**2 + 10*x**(2/3)*a*b**6*c - x**(2/3)*b**8 + 1
28*x**(1/3)*a**4*b*c**3 - 96*x**(1/3)*a**3*b**3*c**2 + 64*x**(1/3)*a**3*c*
*5*x + 24*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**5*c - 48*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**2*c**4*x - 2*x**(1...

```

### 3.56 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2} dx$

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Reduce [F]	453

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 268

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = \frac{15(b^2 - 4ac)^2 (9b^2 - 4ac) (b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}) \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}}{16384c^5} - \frac{5(b^2 - 4ac) (9b^2 - 4ac) (b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}) (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{2048c^4} + \frac{(9b^2 - 4ac) (b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}) (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{128c^3} - \frac{3(9b - 14c\sqrt[3]{x}) (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}{112c^2} - \frac{15(b^2 - 4ac)^3 (9b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}}\right)}{32768c^{11/2}}$$

output

```
15/16384*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*(-4*a*c+9*b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)/c^5-5/2048*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(-4*a*c+9*b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)/c^4+1/128*(-4*a*c+9*b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2)/c^3-3/112*(9*b-14*c*x^(1/3))*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(7/2)/c^2-15/32768*(-4*a*c+b^2)^3*(-4*a*c+9*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/c^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2))/c^(11/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}(945b^7 + 84b^5c(-125a + 6cx^{2/3}) - 630b^6c\sqrt[3]{x} - 8b^4(-791ac^2\sqrt[3]{x} +$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)]*(945*b^7 + 84*b^5*c*(-125*a + 6*c*x^(2/3)) - 630*b^6*c*x^(1/3) - 8*b^4*(-791*a*c^2*x^(1/3) + 54*c^3*x) + 16*b^3*c^2*(2359*a^2 - 284*a*c*x^(2/3) + 24*c^2*x^(4/3)) + 96*b^2*(-199*a^2*c^3*x^(1/3) + 36*a*c^4*x + 648*c^5*x^(5/3)) + 64*b*c^3*(-663*a^3 + 174*a^2*c*x^(2/3) + 2456*a*c^2*x^(4/3) + 1584*c^3*x^2) + 896*(15*a^3*c^4*x^(1/3) + 118*a^2*c^5*x + 136*a*c^6*x^(5/3) + 48*c^7*x^(7/3))) + 105*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^3*(9*b^2 - 4*a*c)*Log[b - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)] + 2*c*x^(1/3)]/(229376*c^(11/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$ , Rules used = {1680, 1166, 27, 1160, 1087, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1680$$

$$3 \int (a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2} x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 1166$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 3 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{1}{2}(2a + 9b\sqrt[3]{x}) (a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{8c} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}{8c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}{8c} - \frac{\int (2a + 9b\sqrt[3]{x}) (a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{16c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}{8c} - \frac{9b(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(9b^2-4ac) \int (a+cx^{2/3}+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{16c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}{8c} - \frac{9b(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(9b^2-4ac) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5(b^2-4ac) \int (a+cx^{2/3}+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{24c} \right)}{16c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}{8c} - \frac{9b(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(9b^2-4ac) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5(b^2-4ac) \left( \frac{(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5(b^2-4ac) \int (a+cx^{2/3}+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{24c} \right)}{2c} \right)}{16c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}{8c} - \frac{9b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(9b^2 - 4ac) \left( \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5(b^2 - 4ac) \left( \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{12c} \right)}{12c} \right)}{12c}
 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

↓ 1092

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 & \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}{8c} - \frac{9b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(9b^2 - 4ac) \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{12c}}{(9b^2 - 4ac)} - \frac{5(b^2 - 4ac) \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{12c}}{(9b^2 - 4ac)} \right)
 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}{8c} - \frac{9b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(9b^2 - 4ac) \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{12c}}{(9b^2 - 4ac)} - \frac{5(b^2 - 4ac) \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{12c}}{5(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(5/2), x]`



output

$$3 * ((a + b * x^{1/3} + c * x^{2/3})^{7/2} * x^{1/3}) / (8 * c) - ((9 * b * (a + b * x^{1/3}) + c * x^{2/3})^{7/2}) / (7 * c) - ((9 * b^2 - 4 * a * c) * ((b + 2 * c * x^{1/3}) * (a + b * x^{1/3} + c * x^{2/3})^{5/2}) / (12 * c) - (5 * (b^2 - 4 * a * c) * ((b + 2 * c * x^{1/3}) * (a + b * x^{1/3} + c * x^{2/3})^{3/2}) / (8 * c) - (3 * (b^2 - 4 * a * c) * ((b + 2 * c * x^{1/3}) * \text{Sqrt}[a + b * x^{1/3} + c * x^{2/3}]) / (4 * c) - ((b^2 - 4 * a * c) * \text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2 * c * x^{1/3}) / (2 * \text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Sqrt}[a + b * x^{1/3} + c * x^{2/3}])]) / (8 * c^{3/2}))) / (16 * c)) / (24 * c)) / (2 * c) / (16 * c)$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] * \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \text{ || } \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1087

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2 * c * x) * ((a + b * x + c * x^2)^p / (2 * c * (2 * p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p * ((b^2 - 4 * a * c) / (2 * c * (2 * p + 1))) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b * x + c * x^2)^{p - 1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[4 * p] \text{ || } \text{IntegerQ}[3 * p])$$

rule 1092

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4 * c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2 * c * x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b * x + c * x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1160

$$\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)] * ((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e * ((a + b * x + c * x^2)^{p + 1} / (2 * c * (p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2 * c * d - b * e) / (2 * c) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b * x + c * x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 1166

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]

```

rule 1680

```

Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]

```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 378, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8c} - \left[ \frac{27b}{7c} \frac{(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7c} + \frac{b}{12c} \frac{(b+2cx^{\frac{1}{3}})(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12c} + \frac{5(4ac-b^2)}{8c} \frac{(b+2cx^{\frac{1}{3}})(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} \right]$
	$\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8c} - \left[ \frac{27b}{7c} \frac{(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7c} + \frac{b}{12c} \frac{(b+2cx^{\frac{1}{3}})(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12c} + \frac{5(4ac-b^2)}{8c} \frac{(b+2cx^{\frac{1}{3}})(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} \right]$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{8}x^{1/3}(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{7/2}/c - \frac{27}{16}b/c(1/7(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{7/2}/c - 1/2b/c(1/12(b+2cx^{1/3})/c(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{5/2} \\ & + 5/24(4ac-b^2)/c(1/8(b+2cx^{1/3})/c(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{3/2} + 3/16(4ac-b^2)/c(1/4(b+2cx^{1/3})/c(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{1/2} \\ & + 1/8(4ac-b^2)/c^{3/2}\ln((1/2b+cx^{1/3})/c^{1/2}+(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{1/2}))) - 3/8a/c(1/12(b+2cx^{1/3})/c(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{5/2} \\ & + 5/24(4ac-b^2)/c(1/8(b+2cx^{1/3})/c(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{3/2} + 3/16(4ac-b^2)/c(1/4(b+2cx^{1/3})/c(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{1/2} \\ & + 1/8(4ac-b^2)/c^{3/2}\ln((1/2b+cx^{1/3})/c^{1/2}+(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{1/2}))) \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1744, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.51

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3)+c*x**(2/3))**(5/2),x)`

output

```

3*Piecewise((( -a*(a**3 - 3*a*(3*a**2*c + 3*a*b**2 - 5*a*(17*a*c**2/8 + 243
*b**2*c/224)/(6*c) - 9*b*(237*a*b*c/56 + b**3 - 11*b*(17*a*c**2/8 + 243*b*
**2*c/224)/(12*c))/(10*c))/(4*c) - 5*b*(3*a**2*b - 4*a*(237*a*b*c/56 + b**3
- 11*b*(17*a*c**2/8 + 243*b**2*c/224)/(12*c))/(5*c) - 7*b*(3*a**2*c + 3*a
*b**2 - 5*a*(17*a*c**2/8 + 243*b**2*c/224)/(6*c) - 9*b*(237*a*b*c/56 + b**
3 - 11*b*(17*a*c**2/8 + 243*b**2*c/224)/(12*c))/(10*c))/(8*c))/(6*c))/(2*c
) - b*(-2*a*(3*a**2*b - 4*a*(237*a*b*c/56 + b**3 - 11*b*(17*a*c**2/8 + 243
*b**2*c/224)/(12*c))/(5*c) - 7*b*(3*a**2*c + 3*a*b**2 - 5*a*(17*a*c**2/8 +
243*b**2*c/224)/(6*c) - 9*b*(237*a*b*c/56 + b**3 - 11*b*(17*a*c**2/8 + 24
3*b**2*c/224)/(12*c))/(10*c))/(8*c))/(3*c) - 3*b*(a**3 - 3*a*(3*a**2*c + 3
*a*b**2 - 5*a*(17*a*c**2/8 + 243*b**2*c/224)/(6*c) - 9*b*(237*a*b*c/56 + b
**3 - 11*b*(17*a*c**2/8 + 243*b**2*c/224)/(12*c))/(10*c))/(4*c) - 5*b*(3*a
**2*b - 4*a*(237*a*b*c/56 + b**3 - 11*b*(17*a*c**2/8 + 243*b**2*c/224)/(12
*c))/(5*c) - 7*b*(3*a**2*c + 3*a*b**2 - 5*a*(17*a*c**2/8 + 243*b**2*c/224)
/(6*c) - 9*b*(237*a*b*c/56 + b**3 - 11*b*(17*a*c**2/8 + 243*b**2*c/224)/(1
2*c))/(10*c))/(8*c))/(6*c))/(4*c))/(2*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c))*sqr
t(a + b*x**(1/3) + c*x**(2/3)) + 2*c*x**(1/3))/sqrt(c), Ne(a - b**2/(4*c),
0)), ((b/(2*c) + x**(1/3))*log(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3))/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x**(
1/3)**2)), True)) + sqrt(a + b*x**(1/3) + c*x**(2/3))*(33*b*c*x**2/112 + c
**2*x**(7/3)/8 + x**(5/3)*(17*a*c**2/8 + 243*b**2*c/224)/(6*c) + x**(4/...

```

### Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta

```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage3:=type(sage2)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument ValueDone`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = \int (a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = \int (x^{2/3}c + x^{1/3}b + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x)`

### 3.57 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(b^2 - 4ac)(7b^2 - 4ac)(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}}{512c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(7b^2 - 4ac)(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{64c^3}$$

$$- \frac{(7b - 10c\sqrt[3]{x})(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{20c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac)^2(7b^2 - 4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}}\right)}{1024c^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-3/512*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(-4*a*c+7*b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))
^(1/2)/c^4+1/64*(-4*a*c+7*b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)/c^3-1/20*(7*b-10*c*x^(1/3))*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2)/c^2+3/1024*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*(-4*a*c+7*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/c^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2))/c^(9/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}(-105b^5 + 760ab^3c - 1296a^2bc^2 + 70b^4c\sqrt[3]{x} - 432ab^2c^2\sqrt[3]{x} + 480a^2c^3\sqrt[3]{x} + 2560c^4)}{1024c^{9/2}} + \frac{3(-7b^2 + 4ac)(-b^2 + 4ac)^2 \log\left(b - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{1024c^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)]*(-105*b^5 + 760*a*b^3*c - 1296*a^2*b*c^2 + 70*b^4*c*x^(1/3) - 432*a*b^2*c^2*x^(1/3) + 480*a^2*c^3*x^(1/3) - 56*b^3*c^2*x^(2/3) + 288*a*b*c^3*x^(2/3) + 48*b^2*c^3*x + 2240*a*c^4*x + 1664*b*c^4*x^(4/3) + 1280*c^5*x^(5/3)))/(2560*c^4) + (3*(-7*b^2 + 4*a*c)*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)^2*Log[b - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)] + 2*c*x^(1/3)])/(1024*c^(9/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {1680, 1166, 27, 1160, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1680$$

$$3 \int (a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{3/2} x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 1166$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & 3 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{1}{2}(2a + 7b\sqrt[3]{x}) (a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{3/2} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{6c} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{6c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{\int (2a + 7b\sqrt[3]{x}) (a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{3/2} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{12c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{7b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7b^2 - 4ac) \int (a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{3/2} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{12c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{7b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7b^2 - 4ac) \left( \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \int \sqrt{a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x}}}{16c} \right)}{12c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{7b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7b^2 - 4ac) \left( \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \left( \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}) \sqrt{a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x}}}{16c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{12c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{7b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7b^2 - 4ac) \left( \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \left( \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})\sqrt{}}{2c} \right)}{12c} \right)}{12c} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{7b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7b^2 - 4ac) \left( \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \left( \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})\sqrt{}}{2c} \right)}{12c} \right)}{12c} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2), x]`

output

$$3 \left( \frac{(a + b x^{1/3} + c x^{2/3})^{5/2} x^{1/3}}{6c} - \frac{((7b(a + b x^{1/3}) + c x^{2/3})^{5/2})}{5c} - \frac{((7b^2 - 4ac)((b + 2c x^{1/3})(a + b x^{1/3} + c x^{2/3})^{3/2})}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac)((b + 2c x^{1/3}) \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b x^{1/3} + c x^{2/3}])}{4c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2c x^{1/3}) / (2 \operatorname{Sqrt}[c] \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b x^{1/3} + c x^{2/3}])]}{(8c^{3/2})} \right) / (16c) / (2c) / (12c)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& !\operatorname{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1087

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(b + 2cx) * ((a + bx + cx^2)^p / (2c(2p + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[p * ((b^2 - 4ac) / (2c(2p + 1))) \operatorname{Int}[(a + bx + cx^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[4p] \parallel \operatorname{IntegerQ}[3p])$$

rule 1092

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(4c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2cx)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + bx + cx^2]], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1160

$$\operatorname{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_*) * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[e * ((a + bx + cx^2)^{p+1} / (2c(p + 1))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(2cd - be) / (2c) \operatorname{Int}[(a + bx + cx^2)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 1166

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]

```

rule 1680

```

Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]

```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}}(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2c} - \frac{7b}{5c} \frac{\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\left(\frac{(b+2cx^{\frac{1}{3}})(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{2}{3}}}{8c} + \frac{3(4ac-b^2)}{4c} \sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}}(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2c} - \frac{7b}{5c} \frac{\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\left(\frac{(b+2cx^{\frac{1}{3}})(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{2}{3}}}{8c} + \frac{3(4ac-b^2)}{4c} \sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*x^(1/3)*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2)/c-7/4*b/c*(1/5*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2)/c-1/2*b/c*(1/8*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/c*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c-b^2)/c*(1/4*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/c*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x^(1/3))/c^(1/2)+(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2))))-1/2*a/c*(1/8*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/c*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c-b^2)/c*(1/4*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/c*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x^(1/3))/c^(1/2)+(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 559, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3)+c*x**(2/3))**(3/2),x)
```

output

```

3*Piecewise((( -a*(a**2 - 3*a*(7*a*c/6 + b**2/40)/(4*c) - 5*b*(17*a*b/15 -
7*b*(7*a*c/6 + b**2/40)/(8*c))/(6*c))/(2*c) - b*(-2*a*(17*a*b/15 - 7*b*(7*
a*c/6 + b**2/40)/(8*c))/(3*c) - 3*b*(a**2 - 3*a*(7*a*c/6 + b**2/40)/(4*c)
- 5*b*(17*a*b/15 - 7*b*(7*a*c/6 + b**2/40)/(8*c))/(6*c))/(4*c))/(2*c))*Pie
cewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x**(1/3) + c*x**(2/3)) + 2*c*x**(1/3)
)/sqrt(c), Ne(a - b**2/(4*c), 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x**(1/3))*log(b/(2*c) + x**
(1/3))/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3)**2), True)) + sqrt(a + b*x**(1/3) + c*x
**(2/3))*(13*b*x**(4/3)/60 + c*x**(5/3)/6 + x**(2/3)*(17*a*b/15 - 7*b*(7*a
*c/6 + b**2/40)/(8*c))/(3*c) + x**(1/3)*(a**2 - 3*a*(7*a*c/6 + b**2/40)/(4
*c) - 5*b*(17*a*b/15 - 7*b*(7*a*c/6 + b**2/40)/(8*c))/(6*c))/(2*c) + x*(7*
a*c/6 + b**2/40)/(4*c) + (-2*a*(17*a*b/15 - 7*b*(7*a*c/6 + b**2/40)/(8*c)
)/(3*c) - 3*b*(a**2 - 3*a*(7*a*c/6 + b**2/40)/(4*c) - 5*b*(17*a*b/15 - 7*b*
(7*a*c/6 + b**2/40)/(8*c))/(6*c))/(4*c))/c, Ne(c, 0)), (2*(a**2*(a + b*x*
*(1/3))**(5/2)/5 - 2*a*(a + b*x**(1/3))**(7/2)/7 + (a + b*x**(1/3))**(9/2)
/9)/b**3, Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*x/3, True))

```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta

```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vector & l) Error: Bad Argument Value3*sageVARc*(2*(((7680*sageVARc^5*1/9 2160/sageVAR`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2} dx = \int (a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2} dx = \int (x^{2/3}c + x^{1/3}b + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x)`



### 3.58 $\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	464
Mathematica [A] (verified)	465
Rubi [A] (verified)	465
Maple [A] (verified)	468
Fricas [F(-1)]	469
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	469
Maxima [F(-2)]	470
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	470
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	471
Reduce [F]	472

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3(5b^2 - 4ac)(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}}{64c^3} - \frac{(5b - 6c\sqrt[3]{x})(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{8c^2} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac)(5b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}}\right)}{128c^{7/2}}$$

output

```
3/64*(-4*a*c+5*b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)/c^3-1/8*(5*b-6*c*x^(1/3))*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)/c^2-3/128*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(-4*a*c+5*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/c^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2))/c^(7/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}(15b^3 - 52abc - 10b^2c\sqrt[3]{x} + 24ac^2\sqrt[3]{x} + 8bc^2x^{2/3} + 48c^3x)}{64c^3} + \frac{3(5b^4 - 24ab^2c + 16a^2c^2) \log\left(b - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{128c^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)]*(15*b^3 - 52*a*b*c - 10*b^2*c*x^(1/3) + 24*a*c^2*x^(1/3) + 8*b*c^2*x^(2/3) + 48*c^3*x))/(64*c^3) + (3*(5*b^4 - 24*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*Log[b - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)] + 2*c*x^(1/3)])/(128*c^(7/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$ , Rules used = {1680, 1166, 27, 1160, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1680 \\ & 3 \int \sqrt{a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x}x^{2/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1166 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{1}{2}(2a + 5b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sqrt{a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x}d\sqrt[3]{x}}}{4c} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{4c} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{\int (2a + 5b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sqrt{a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x}d\sqrt[3]{x}}}{8c} \right)$$

↓ 1160

$$3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{5b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(5b^2 - 4ac) \int \sqrt{a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x}d\sqrt[3]{x}}}{8c} \right)$$

↓ 1087

$$3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{5b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(5b^2 - 4ac) \left( \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}) \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x}d\sqrt[3]{x}}}}{8c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

↓ 1092

$$3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{5b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(5b^2 - 4ac) \left( \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}) \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c - x^{2/3}} d \frac{b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{a + cx^{2/3}}}}{4c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{5b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(5b^2 - 4ac) \left( \frac{(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}) \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + cx^{2/3}}} \right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)],x]`

output `3*(((a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)*x^(1/3))/(4*c) - ((5*b*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2))/(3*c) - ((5*b^2 - 4*a*c)*((b + 2*c*x^(1/3))*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)])/(4*c) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^(1/3))/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)])])/(8*c^(3/2))))/(2*c)/(8*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*(b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1166

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]
*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1680

```
Int[((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c} - \frac{15b}{3c} \frac{\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2c} \left( \frac{(b+2cx^{\frac{1}{3}})\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2)\ln\left(\frac{b+cx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$
default	$\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c} - \frac{15b}{3c} \frac{\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2c} \left( \frac{(b+2cx^{\frac{1}{3}})\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2)\ln\left(\frac{b+cx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
3/4*x^(1/3)*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)/c-15/8*b/c*(1/3*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)/c-1/2*b/c*(1/4*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/c*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x^(1/3))/c^(1/2)+(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)))-3/4*a/c*(1/4*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/c*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x^(1/3))/c^(1/2)+(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)))
```

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx = 3 \left( \left( \frac{a\left(\frac{a}{4} - \frac{5b^2}{48c}\right)}{2c} - \frac{b\left(-\frac{ab}{12c} - \frac{3b\left(\frac{a}{4} - \frac{5b^2}{48c}\right)}{4c}\right)}{2c} \right) \left( \frac{\log\left(b+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}+2c\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{\left(\frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \log\left(\frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{\sqrt{c\left(\frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)^2}} \right) \\ \frac{2\left(\frac{a^2\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{2a\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}\right)}{b^3} \\ \frac{\sqrt{ax}}{3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3)+c*x**(2/3))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
3*Piecewise((( -a*(a/4 - 5*b**2/(48*c))/(2*c) - b*(-a*b/(12*c) - 3*b*(a/4 - 5*b**2/(48*c))/(4*c))/(2*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x**(1/3) + c*x**(2/3)) + 2*c*x**(1/3))/sqrt(c), Ne(a - b**2/(4*c), 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x**(1/3))*log(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3))/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3))**2), True)) + sqrt(a + b*x**(1/3) + c*x**(2/3))*(b*x**(2/3)/(24*c) + x/4 + x**(1/3)*(a/4 - 5*b**2/(48*c))/(2*c) + (-a*b/(12*c) - 3*b*(a/4 - 5*b**2/(48*c))/(4*c))/c), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(a**2*(a + b*x**(1/3))**(3/2)/3 - 2*a*(a + b*x**(1/3))**(5/2)/5 + (a + b*x**(1/3))**(7/2)/7)/b**3, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x/3, True))
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx = \frac{1}{64} \sqrt{cx^{2/3} + bx^{1/3} + a} \left( 2 \left( 4x^{1/3} \left( 6x^{1/3} + \frac{b}{c} \right) - \frac{5b^2c - 12ac^2}{c^3} \right) x^{1/3} + \frac{15b^3 - 52ab}{c^3} \right) + \frac{3(5b^4 - 24ab^2c + 16a^2c^2) \log \left( \left| 2\sqrt{c} \left( \sqrt{cx^{1/3}} - \sqrt{cx^{2/3} + bx^{1/3} + a} \right) + b \right| \right)}{128c^{7/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/64*sqrt(c*x^(2/3) + b*x^(1/3) + a)*(2*(4*x^(1/3))*(6*x^(1/3) + b/c) - (5*
b^2*c - 12*a*c^2)/c^3)*x^(1/3) + (15*b^3 - 52*a*b*c)/c^3 + 3/128*(5*b^4 -
24*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*log(abs(2*sqrt(c)*(sqrt(c)*x^(1/3) - sqrt(c*x^(2
/3) + b*x^(1/3) + a)) + b))/c^(7/2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3x^{1/3} (a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}{4c}$$

$$- \frac{3a \left( \left( \frac{b}{4c} + \frac{x^{1/3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3}} + \frac{\ln \left( \sqrt{a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3}} + \frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx^{1/3}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) (ac - \frac{b^2}{4})}{2c^{3/2}} \right)}{4c}$$

$$- \frac{15b \left( \frac{(8c(a + cx^{2/3}) - 3b^2 + 2bcx^{1/3}) \sqrt{a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3}}}{24c^2} + \frac{\ln \left( 2 \sqrt{a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3}} + \frac{b + 2cx^{1/3}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) (b^3 - 4abc)}{16c^{5/2}} \right)}{8c}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(3*x^(1/3)*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2))/(4*c) - (3*a*((b/(4*c) + x^(
1/3)/2)*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(1/2) + (log((a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3
)))^(1/2) + (b/2 + c*x^(1/3))/c^(1/2))*(a*c - b^2/4))/(2*c^(3/2)))/(4*c) -
(15*b*(((8*c*(a + c*x^(2/3)) - 3*b^2 + 2*b*c*x^(1/3))*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*
x^(2/3))^(1/2))/(24*c^2) + (log(2*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(1/2) + (b +
2*c*x^(1/3))/c^(1/2))*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c))/(16*c^(5/2))))/(8*c)
```



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}} dx = \int \sqrt{x^{2/3}c + x^{1/3}b + a} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x)`

**3.59**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	473
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	473
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	474
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	476
Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . .	477
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	477
Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	478
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	478
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	479
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	479

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}} dx = -\frac{3(3b-2c\sqrt[3]{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}}{4c^2} + \frac{3(3b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-3/4*(3*b-2*c*x^(1/3))*(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)/c^2+3/8*(-4*a*c+3*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/c^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2))/c^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}} dx = \frac{3(-3b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}}{4c^2} + \frac{3(-3b^2+4ac)\log\left(bc^2-2c^{5/2}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}+2c^3\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{8c^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)],x]`

output  $(3*(-3*b + 2*c*x^{(1/3)})*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^{(1/3)} + c*x^{(2/3)}])/(4*c^2) + (3*(-3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*\text{Log}[b*c^2 - 2*c^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^{(1/3)} + c*x^{(2/3)}] + 2*c^3*x^{(1/3)})/(8*c^{(5/2)})$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$ , Rules used = {1680, 1166, 27, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1680 \\
 & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{\sqrt{a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x}}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1166 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{2a+3b\sqrt[3]{x}}{2\sqrt{a+cx^{2/3}+b\sqrt[3]{x}}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{2c} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}}{2c} - \frac{\int \frac{2a+3b\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{a+cx^{2/3}+b\sqrt[3]{x}}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{4c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1160
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}}{2c} - \frac{3b\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}}{c} - \frac{(3b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx^{2/3}+b\sqrt[3]{x}}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{4c} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
& 3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}}{2c} - \frac{3b\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}}{c} - \frac{(3b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c-x^{2/3}} d \frac{b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{a+cx^{2/3}+b\sqrt[3]{x}}}}{4c} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& 3 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}}{2c} - \frac{3b\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}}{c} - \frac{(3b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}} \right)}{4c} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)],x]`

output `3*((Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)]*x^(1/3))/(2*c) - ((3*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)])/c - ((3*b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^(1/3))/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)])]/(2*c^(3/2)))/(4*c))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

- rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`
- rule 1160 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 1166 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`
- rule 1680 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}}{2c} - \frac{9b\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}}{c} - \frac{b\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{4c} - \frac{3a\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}}{2c} - \frac{9b\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}}{c} - \frac{b\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{4c} - \frac{3a\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{3}{2}x^{1/3}/c*(a+b*x^{1/3}+c*x^{2/3})^{1/2}-9/4*b/c*(1/c*(a+b*x^{1/3}+c*x^{2/3})^{1/2}-1/2*b/c^{3/2}*ln((1/2*b+c*x^{1/3})/c^{1/2}+(a+b*x^{1/3}+c*x^{2/3})^{1/2}))-3/2*a/c^{3/2}*ln((1/2*b+c*x^{1/3})/c^{1/2}+(a+b*x^{1/3}+c*x^{2/3})^{1/2}))$$

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}} dx = 3 \left( \begin{cases} \left( -\frac{a}{2c} + \frac{3b^2}{8c^2} \right) \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\log(b+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}})}{\sqrt{c}} & \text{for } a - \frac{b^2}{4c} \neq 0 \\ \frac{(\frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt[3]{x}) \log(\frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{c(\frac{b}{2c} + \sqrt[3]{x})^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \left( -\frac{x}{3\sqrt{a}} \right) \\ \frac{2 \left( a^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{2a(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}}{5} \right)}{b^3} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3)+c*x**(2/3))**(1/2),x)`

output

```
3*Piecewise((( -a/(2*c) + 3*b**2/(8*c**2))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a + b*x**(1/3) + c*x**(2/3)) + 2*c*x**(1/3))/sqrt(c), Ne(a - b**2/(4*c), 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x**(1/3))*log(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3))/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x**(1/3)**2)), True)) + (-3*b/(4*c**2) + x**(1/3)/(2*c))*sqrt(a + b*x**(1/3) + c*x**(2/3)), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(a**2*sqrt(a + b*x**(1/3)) - 2*a*(a + b*x**(1/3))**(3/2)/3 + (a + b*x**(1/3))**(5/2)/5)/b**3, Ne(b, 0)), (x/(3*sqrt(a)), True))
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}} dx = \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{cx^{2/3} + bx^{1/3} + a} \left( \frac{2x^{1/3}}{c} - \frac{3b}{c^2} \right) - \frac{3(3b^2 - 4ac) \log \left( \left| 2\sqrt{c} \left( \sqrt{cx^{1/3}} - \sqrt{cx^{2/3} + bx^{1/3} + a} \right) + b \right| \right)}{8c^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
3/4*sqrt(c*x^(2/3) + b*x^(1/3) + a)*(2*x^(1/3)/c - 3*b/c^2) - 3/8*(3*b^2 -
4*a*c)*log(abs(2*sqrt(c)*(sqrt(c)*x^(1/3) - sqrt(c*x^(2/3) + b*x^(1/3) +
a)) + b))/c^(5/2)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(1/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}} dx = \frac{3x^{1/3} \sqrt{x^{2/3}c + x^{1/3}b + ac^2}}{2} - \frac{9\sqrt{x^{2/3}c + x^{1/3}b + abc}}{4} - \frac{3\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{x^{2/3}c + x^{1/3}b + a} + 2x^{1/3}c + b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}}\right)ac}{c^3} + \frac{9\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{x^{2/3}c + x^{1/3}b + a} - 2x^{1/3}c - b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}}\right)ac}{c^3}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
(3*(4*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a))*c**2 - 6*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c
+ x**(1/3)*b + a)*b*c - 4*sqrt(c)*log((2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)
)*b + a) + 2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b**2))*a*c + 3*sqrt(c)*log((2*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a) + 2*x**(1/3)*c + b)/sqrt(4*a*c - b
**2))*b**2))/(8*c**3)
```



**3.60** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	480
Mathematica [A] (verified)	480
Rubi [A] (verified)	481
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Fricas [F(-1)]	484
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	485
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	486

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{6\left(ab+(b^2-2ac)\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{c\left(b^2-4ac\right)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}} + \frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

output 
$$\frac{(-6*a*b-6*(-2*a*c+b^2)*x^{(1/3)})/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(1/2)}+3*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/c^{(1/2)/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(1/2)})/c^{(3/2)}}{1}$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6\left(a\left(b-2c\sqrt[3]{x}\right)+b^2\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{c\left(-b^2+4ac\right)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}} + \frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2), x]`

output `(6*(a*(b - 2*c*x^(1/3)) + b^2*x^(1/3)))/(c*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)]) + (3*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^(1/3))/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)])])/c^(3/2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {1680, 1164, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1680 \\
 & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{3/2}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1164 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{2a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x}}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^2 - 4ac} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{b\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}}{c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x}}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{2c} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{b\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}}{c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c - x^{2/3}} dx \frac{b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x}}} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{b\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}}{c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}} \right)}{2c^{3/2}} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2), x]`

output `3*((2*(2*a + b*x^(1/3))*x^(1/3))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)]) - (2*((b*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)])/c - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^(1/3))/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)])]))/(2*c^(3/2)))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)`

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
  *e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
  && NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1164

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x
  + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a
  *c)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[e*(2*a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(2*p - m + 4)) - 2
  *c*d^2*(2*p + 3) + e*(b*e - 2*d*c)*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p
  + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && Int
  QuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1680

```
Int[((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k
  = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*
  n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && Fr
  actionQ[n]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{c\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}} - \frac{3b\left(-\frac{1}{c\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}} - \frac{b(b+2cx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{c(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}}\right)}{2c} + \frac{3\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{c\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}} - \frac{3b\left(-\frac{1}{c\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}} - \frac{b(b+2cx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{c(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}}\right)}{2c} + \frac{3\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-3*x^(1/3)/c/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)-3/2*b/c*(-1/c/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)-b/c*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2))+3/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x^(1/3))/c^(1/2)+(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3)+c*x**(2/3))**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*x**(1/3) + c*x**(2/3))**(-3/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{6 \left( \frac{ab}{b^2c - 4ac^2} + \frac{(b^2 - 2ac)x^{1/3}}{b^2c - 4ac^2} \right)}{\sqrt{cx^{2/3} + bx^{1/3} + a}} - \frac{3 \log \left( \left| 2\sqrt{c} \left( \sqrt{cx^{1/3}} - \sqrt{cx^{2/3} + bx^{1/3} + a} \right) + b \right| \right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-6*(a*b/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2) + (b^2 - 2*a*c)*x^(1/3)/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))/sqrt(
c*x^(2/3) + b*x^(1/3) + a) - 3*log(abs(2*sqrt(c)*(sqrt(c)*x^(1/3) - sqrt(c
*x^(2/3) + b*x^(1/3) + a)) + b))/c^(3/2)
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3 \ln \left( \sqrt{a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3}} + \frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx^{1/3}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{c^{3/2}} + \frac{3 \left( \frac{ab}{2} - x^{1/3} \left( ac - \frac{b^2}{2} \right) \right)}{c \left( ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right) \sqrt{a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3}}}$$

input

```
int(1/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x)
```

output

$$\frac{(3 \log((a + b x^{1/3}) + c x^{2/3})^{1/2} + (b/2 + c x^{1/3})/c^{1/2})/c^{3/2} + (3((a b)/2 - x^{1/3}(a c - b^2/2)))/(c(a c - b^2/4)(a + b x^{1/3}) + c x^{2/3})^{1/2}}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sqrt[3]{x} + c x^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-12 x^{1/3} \sqrt{x^{2/3} c + x^{1/3} b + a} a c^2 + 6 x^{1/3} \sqrt{x^{2/3} c + x^{1/3} b + a} b^2 c + 6 \sqrt{x^{2/3} c + x^{1/3} b + a}}{(a + b \sqrt[3]{x} + c x^{2/3})^{3/2}}$$

input

`int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (3 * (-4 * x^{1/3} * \sqrt{x^{2/3} * c + x^{1/3} * b + a} * a * c^2 + 2 * x^{1/3} * \sqrt{x^{2/3} * c + x^{1/3} * b + a} * b^2 * c + 2 * \sqrt{x^{2/3} * c + x^{1/3} * b + a} * a * b * c + 4 * x^{2/3} * \sqrt{c} * \log((2 * \sqrt{c} * \sqrt{x^{2/3} * c + x^{1/3} * b + a} + 2 * x^{1/3} * c + b) / \sqrt{4 * a * c - b^2})) * a * c^2 - x^{2/3} * \sqrt{c} * \log((2 * \sqrt{c} * \sqrt{x^{2/3} * c + x^{1/3} * b + a} + 2 * x^{1/3} * c + b) / \sqrt{4 * a * c - b^2})) * b^2 * c - 4 * x^{2/3} * \sqrt{c} * a * c^2 + 2 * x^{2/3} * \sqrt{c} * b^2 * c + 4 * x^{1/3} * \sqrt{c} * \log((2 * \sqrt{c} * \sqrt{x^{2/3} * c + x^{1/3} * b + a} + 2 * x^{1/3} * c + b) / \sqrt{4 * a * c - b^2})) * a * b * c - x^{1/3} * \sqrt{c} * \log((2 * \sqrt{c} * \sqrt{x^{2/3} * c + x^{1/3} * b + a} + 2 * x^{1/3} * c + b) / \sqrt{4 * a * c - b^2})) * b^3 - 4 * x^{1/3} * \sqrt{c} * a * b * c + 2 * x^{1/3} * \sqrt{c} * b^3 + 4 * \sqrt{c} * \log((2 * \sqrt{c} * \sqrt{x^{2/3} * c + x^{1/3} * b + a} + 2 * x^{1/3} * c + b) / \sqrt{4 * a * c - b^2})) * a^2 * c - \sqrt{c} * \log((2 * \sqrt{c} * \sqrt{x^{2/3} * c + x^{1/3} * b + a} + 2 * x^{1/3} * c + b) / \sqrt{4 * a * c - b^2})) * a * b^2 - 4 * \sqrt{c} * a^2 * c + 2 * \sqrt{c} * a * b^2) / (c^2 * (4 * x^{2/3} * a * c^2 - x^{2/3} * b^2 * c + 4 * x^{1/3} * a * b * c - x^{1/3} * b^3 + 4 * a^2 * c - a * b^2)) \end{aligned}$$

**3.61** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	487
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(ab+(b^2-2ac)\sqrt[3]{x})}{c(b^2-4ac)(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} + \frac{2(b^2+4ac)(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{c(b^2-4ac)^2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}}$$

output 
$$\frac{(-2ab-2(-2ac+b^2)x^{1/3})/c/(-4ac+b^2)/(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{3/2}+2(4ac+b^2)(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})/c/(-4ac+b^2)^2/(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{1/2}}$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(8a^2b+12ab^2\sqrt[3]{x}+3b^3x^{2/3}+12abcx^{2/3}+2b^2cx+8ac^2x)}{(b^2-4ac)^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(5/2), x]`



output

$$(2*(8*a^2*b + 12*a*b^2*x^{(1/3)} + 3*b^3*x^{(2/3)} + 12*a*b*c*x^{(2/3)} + 2*b^2*c*x + 8*a*c^2*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*(a + b*x^{(1/3)} + c*x^{(2/3)})^{(3/2)})$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {1680, 1156, 1158}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1680$$

$$3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 1156$$

$$3 \left( \frac{4b \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{3/2}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{3(b^2 - 4ac)} - \frac{2x^{2/3}(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1158$$

$$3 \left( \frac{8b(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}} - \frac{2x^{2/3}(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{(1/3)} + c*x^{(2/3)})^{(-5/2)}, x]$$

output

$$3*((8*b*(2*a + b*x^{(1/3)}))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^{(1/3)} + c*x^{(2/3)}]) - (2*(b + 2*c*x^{(1/3)})*x^{(2/3)})/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(a + b*x^{(1/3)} + c*x^{(2/3)})^{(3/2)}))$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1156

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x]
+ Simp[m*((2*c*d - b*e)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1158

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-2*((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1680

```
Int[((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 209 vs.  $2(92) = 184$ .

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2c(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3b \left( \frac{1}{3c(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\frac{2b}{3} + \frac{4cx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3} + \frac{16c(b+2cx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{3(4ac-b^2)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right)}{2c} \right)}{4c}$
default	$-\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2c(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3b \left( \frac{1}{3c(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\frac{2b}{3} + \frac{4cx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3} + \frac{16c(b+2cx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{3(4ac-b^2)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right)}{2c} \right)}{4c}$

```
input int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -3/2*x^(1/3)/c/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)-3/4*b/c*(-1/3/c/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)-1/2*b/c*(2/3*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2))+3/2*a/c*(2/3*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3)+c*x**(2/3))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**(1/3) + c*x**(2/3))**(-5/2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{8a^2b}{b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2} + \left( \frac{12ab^2}{b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2} + x^{1/3} \left( \frac{2(b^2c + 4ac^2)x^{1/3}}{b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2} + \frac{3(b^3 + 4abc)}{b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2} \right) \right) \right)}{(cx^{2/3} + bx^{1/3} + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$2*(8*a^2*b/(b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2) + (12*a*b^2/(b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2) + x^(1/3)*(2*(b^2*c + 4*a*c^2)*x^(1/3)/(b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2) + 3*(b^3 + 4*a*b*c)/(b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)))*x^(1/3))/(c*x^(2/3) + b*x^(1/3) + a)^(3/2)$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 21.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2b^3(a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3}) - 2ab^3 - 2b^4x^{1/3} - 16a^2c^2x^{1/3} + 8a^2bc + 16ac^2}{(16a^2c^3 - \dots)}$$

input

int(1/(a + b\*x^(1/3) + c\*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x)

output

$$(2*b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)) - 2*a*b^3 - 2*b^4*x^(1/3) - 16*a^2*c^2*x^(1/3) + 8*a^2*b*c + 16*a*c^2*x^(1/3)*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)) + 4*b^2*c*x^(1/3)*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)) + 8*a*b*c*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)) + 12*a*b^2*c*x^(1/3))/(b^4*c + 16*a^2*c^3 - 8*a*b^2*c^2)*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 403, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.77

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{24x^{2/3}\sqrt{x^{2/3}c + x^{1/3}b + abc^2} + 6x^{2/3}\sqrt{x^{2/3}c + x^{1/3}b + ab^3c} + 24x^{1/3}\sqrt{x^{2/3}c + x^{1/3}b}}{\dots}$$

input

int(1/(a+b\*x^(1/3)+c\*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x)

output

```
(2*(12*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b*c**2 + 3*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**3*c + 12*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b**2*c + 8*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*b*c + 8*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*c**3*x + 2*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**2*c**2*x + 16*x**(2/3)*sqrt(c)*a**2*c**2 - 4*x**(2/3)*sqrt(c)*a*b**2*c - 6*x**(2/3)*sqrt(c)*b**4 + 16*x**(1/3)*sqrt(c)*a**2*b*c - 12*x**(1/3)*sqrt(c)*a*b**3 + 8*x**(1/3)*sqrt(c)*a*c**3*x - 6*x**(1/3)*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**2*x + 8*sqrt(c)*a**3*c - 6*sqrt(c)*a**2*b**2 + 16*sqrt(c)*a*b*c**2*x - 12*sqrt(c)*b**3*c*x)/(c*(32*x**(2/3)*a**3*c**3 - 6*x**(2/3)*a*b**4*c + x**(2/3)*b**6 + 32*x**(1/3)*a**3*b*c**2 - 16*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**3*c + 16*x**(1/3)*a**2*c**4*x + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b**5 - 8*x**(1/3)*a*b**2*c**3*x + x**(1/3)*b**4*c**2*x + 16*a**4*c**2 - 8*a**3*b**2*c + a**2*b**4 + 32*a**2*b*c**3*x - 16*a*b**3*c**2*x + 2*b**5*c*x))
```

**3.62**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	494
Mathematica [A] (verified)	494
Rubi [A] (verified)	495
Maple [B] (verified)	497
Fricas [F(-1)]	499
Sympy [F]	499
Maxima [F(-2)]	499
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	500
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	500
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	501

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{6(ab+(b^2-2ac)\sqrt[3]{x})}{5c(b^2-4ac)(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{5/2}} + \frac{2(3b^2+4ac)(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{5c(b^2-4ac)^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} - \frac{16(3b^2+4ac)(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{5(b^2-4ac)^3\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}}$$

output

```
1/5*(-6*a*b-6*(-2*a*c+b^2)*x^(1/3))/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))
^(5/2)+2/5*(4*a*c+3*b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)^2/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x
^(2/3))^(3/2)-16/5*(4*a*c+3*b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^3/(a+b*x^(1/
3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(96a^3bc+3b^2x^{2/3}(5b^3+30b^2c\sqrt[3]{x}+40bc^2x^{2/3}+16c^3x)+8a^2(b^3+30b^2c\sqrt[3]{x}+30bc^2x^{2/3}+20c^3x)+4}{5(b^2-4ac)^3(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(7/2), x]`

output  $(-2*(96*a^3*b*c + 3*b^2*x^{2/3}*(5*b^3 + 30*b^2*c*x^{1/3} + 40*b*c^2*x^{2/3} + 16*c^3*x) + 8*a^2*(b^3 + 30*b^2*c*x^{1/3} + 30*b*c^2*x^{2/3} + 20*c^3*x) + 4*a*(5*b^4*x^{1/3} + 50*b^3*c*x^{2/3} + 60*b^2*c^2*x + 40*b*c^3*x^{4/3} + 16*c^4*x^{5/3}))/5*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^3*(a + b*x^{1/3} + c*x^{2/3})^{5/2})$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {1680, 1164, 1159, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1680$$

$$3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{7/2}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 1164$$

$$3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{2a - 3b\sqrt[3]{x}}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{5(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1159$$



$$3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{4(4ac+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^{2/3}+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{3/2}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{3(b^2-4ac)} - \frac{2(\sqrt[3]{x}(4ac+3b^2)+8ab)}{3(b^2-4ac)(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} \right)}{5(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)$$

↓ 1088

$$3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{8(4ac+3b^2)(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{3(b^2-4ac)^2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}} - \frac{2(\sqrt[3]{x}(4ac+3b^2)+8ab)}{3(b^2-4ac)(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} \right)}{5(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(7/2), x]`

output `3*((-2*((-2*(8*a*b + (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^(1/3)))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)) + (8*(3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*(b + 2*c*x^(1/3)))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)])))/(5*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) + (2*(2*a + b*x^(1/3))*x^(1/3))/(5*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(5/2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1088 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1159 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x] - Simp[(2*p + 3)*((2*c*d - b*e)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`

rule 1164

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[e*(2*a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(2*p - m + 4)) - 2*c*d^2*(2*p + 3) + e*(b*e - 2*d*c)*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1680

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 313 vs.  $2(139) = 278$ .

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4c(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{9b}{5c(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{b}{(4ac-b^2)(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16c}{(4ac-b^2)(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4c(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{9b}{5c(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{b}{(4ac-b^2)(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16c}{(4ac-b^2)(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-3/4*x^(1/3)/c/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2)-9/8*b/c*(-1/5/c/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2)-1/2*b/c*(2/5*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2)+16/5*c/(4*a*c-b^2)*(2/3*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)))+3/4*a/c*(2/5*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2)+16/5*c/(4*a*c-b^2)*(2/3*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2))`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3)+c*x**(2/3))**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**(1/3) + c*x**(2/3))**(-7/2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 353 vs.  $2(137) = 274$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \left( \left( 2 \left( 4x^{1/3} \left( \frac{2(3b^2c^3 + 4ac^4)x^{1/3}}{b^6 - 12ab^4c + 48a^2b^2c^2 - 64a^3c^3} + \frac{5(3b^3c^2 + 4abc^3)}{b^6 - 12ab^4c + 48a^2b^2c^2 - 64a^3c^3} \right) + \frac{5(9b^4c + 24ab^2c^2 + 16a^2c^3)}{b^6 - 12ab^4c + 48a^2b^2c^2 - 64a^3c^3} \right) x^{1/3} + \frac{5}{b^6} \right) \right)^{5/2}}{5 \left( cx^{2/3} + bx^{1/3} + a \right)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-2/5*((2*(4*x^(1/3))*(2*(3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a*c^4)*x^(1/3)/(b^6 - 12*a*b^4*c + 48*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3) + 5*(3*b^3*c^2 + 4*a*b*c^3)/(b^6 - 12*a*b^4*c + 48*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3)) + 5*(9*b^4*c + 24*a*b^2*c^2 + 16*a^2*c^3)/(b^6 - 12*a*b^4*c + 48*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3))*x^(1/3) + 5*(3*b^5 + 40*a*b^3*c + 48*a^2*b*c^2)/(b^6 - 12*a*b^4*c + 48*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3))*x^(1/3) + 20*(a*b^4 + 12*a^2*b^2*c)/(b^6 - 12*a*b^4*c + 48*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3))*x^(1/3) + 8*(a^2*b^3 + 12*a^3*b*c)/(b^6 - 12*a*b^4*c + 48*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3))/(c*x^(2/3) + b*x^(1/3) + a)^(5/2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 22.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 515, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2c^2x^{1/3}(56b^2+32ac)}{5(4ac^2-b^2c)(4ac-b^2)^2} + \frac{bc(56b^2+32ac)}{5(4ac^2-b^2c)(4ac-b^2)^2}}{\sqrt{a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^{1/3} \left( \frac{6b^2}{5(4ac^2-b^2c)} - \frac{12ac}{5(4ac^2-b^2c)} \right) + \frac{6ab}{5(4ac^2-b^2c)}}{(a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}} + \frac{\frac{16c^2x^{1/3}}{5(4ac^2-b^2c)(4ac-b^2)} + \frac{8bc}{5(4ac^2-b^2c)(4ac-b^2)}}{\sqrt{a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3}}} - \frac{\frac{4x^{1/3}}{5(4ac-b^2)} - \frac{2b}{5c(4ac-b^2)}}{(a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} + \frac{x^{1/3} \left( \frac{2c(8b^2+8ac)}{5(4ac^2-b^2c)(4ac-b^2)} + \frac{16ac^2}{5(4ac^2-b^2c)(4ac-b^2)} - \frac{8b^2c}{5(4ac^2-b^2c)(4ac-b^2)} \right) + \frac{b(8b^2+8ac)}{5(4ac^2-b^2c)(4ac-b^2)} - \frac{8abc}{5(4ac^2-b^2c)(4ac-b^2)}}{(a + bx^{1/3} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(7/2),x)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((2*c^2*x^{1/3}*(32*a*c + 56*b^2))/(5*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2) + \\ & (b*c*(32*a*c + 56*b^2))/(5*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2))/(a + b*x^{1/3} + \\ & c*x^{2/3})^{1/2} + (x^{1/3}*((6*b^2)/(5*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)) - (12*a*c)/(5*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c))) + \\ & (6*a*b)/(5*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)))/(a + b*x^{1/3} + c*x^{2/3})^{5/2} + ((16*c^2*x^{1/3})/(5*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)) + \\ & (8*b*c)/(5*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)))/(a + b*x^{1/3} + c*x^{2/3})^{1/2} - ((4*x^{1/3})/(5*(4*a*c - b^2)) - (2*b)/(5*c*(4*a*c - b^2)))/(a + \\ & b*x^{1/3} + c*x^{2/3})^{3/2} + (x^{1/3}*((2*c*(8*a*c + 8*b^2))/(5*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)) + \\ & (16*a*c^2)/(5*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)) - (8*b^2*c)/(5*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2))) + \\ & (b*(8*a*c + 8*b^2))/(5*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)) - (8*a*b*c)/(5*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)))/(a + b*x^{1/3} + c*x^{2/3})^{3/2} \end{aligned}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 869, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.20

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(7/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(240*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*b*c**2 + 200*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b**3*c + 64*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*c**4*x + 15*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**5 + 48*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**2*c**3*x + 240*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*b**2*c + 20*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b**4 + 160*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b*c**3*x + 120*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**3*c**2*x + 96*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**3*b*c + 8*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*b**3 + 160*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*c**3*x + 240*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b**2*c**2*x + 90*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**4*c*x - 192*x**(2/3)*sqrt(c)*a**3*c**2 - 336*x**(2/3)*sqrt(c)*a**2*b**2*c - 144*x**(2/3)*sqrt(c)*a*b**4 - 192*x**(2/3)*sqrt(c)*a*b*c**3*x - 144*x**(2/3)*sqrt(c)*b**3*c**2*x - 192*x**(1/3)*sqrt(c)*a**3*b*c - 144*x**(1/3)*sqrt(c)*a**2*b**3 - 192*x**(1/3)*sqrt(c)*a**2*c**3*x - 336*x**(1/3)*sqrt(c)*a*b**2*c**2*x - 144*x**(1/3)*sqrt(c)*b**4*c*x - 64*sqrt(c)*a**4*c - 48*sqrt(c)*a**3*b**2 - 384*sqrt(c)*a**2*b*c**2*x - 352*sqrt(c)*a*b**3*c*x - 64*sqrt(c)*a*c**4*x**2 - 48*sqrt(c)*b**5*x - 48*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**3*x**2))/(5*(192*x**(2/3)*a**5*c**4 + 48*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**2*c**3 - 108*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**4*c**2 + 192*x**(2/3)*a**3*b*c**5*x + 33*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**6*c - 144*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**3*c**4*x - 3*x**(2/3)*a*b**8...
```

**3.63** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{9/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	503
Mathematica [A] (verified)	504
Rubi [A] (verified)	504
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Fricas [F(-1)]	509
Sympy [F]	509
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	510
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	511
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	512

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{6\left(ab+(b^2-2ac)\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{7c\left(b^2-4ac\right)\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{7/2}} + \frac{6\left(5b^2+4ac\right)\left(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{35c\left(b^2-4ac\right)^2\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{5/2}} - \frac{32\left(5b^2+4ac\right)\left(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{35\left(b^2-4ac\right)^3\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{256c\left(5b^2+4ac\right)\left(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{35\left(b^2-4ac\right)^4\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}}$$

output

```
1/7*(-6*a*b-6*(-2*a*c+b^2)*x^(1/3))/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))
^(7/2)+6/35*(4*a*c+5*b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)^2/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*
x^(2/3))^(5/2)-32/35*(4*a*c+5*b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^3/(a+b*x^(
1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)+256/35*c*(4*a*c+5*b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^
4/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(1920a^4bc^2 + 320a^3c(b^3 + 21b^2c\sqrt[3]{x} + 21bc^2x^{2/3} + 14c^3x) + 8a^2(-b^5 + 140b^4c\sqrt[3]{x} + 1190b^3c^2x^{2/3} + 1540b^2c^3x + 1120b^2c^4x^{4/3} + 448c^5x^{5/3})) + 5(-7b^7x^{2/3} + 70b^6cx + 560b^5c^2x^{4/3} + 1120b^4c^3x^{5/3} + 896b^3c^4x^2 + 256b^2c^5x^{7/3}) + 4a(-7b^6x^{1/3} + 343b^5cx^{2/3} + 2170b^4c^2x + 3360b^3c^3x^{4/3} + 2240b^2c^4x^{5/3} + 896b^2c^5x^2 + 256c^6x^{7/3}))}{(35(b^2 - 4ac)^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(9/2), x]`

output

```
(2*(1920*a^4*b*c^2 + 320*a^3*c*(b^3 + 21*b^2*c*x^(1/3) + 21*b*c^2*x^(2/3)
+ 14*c^3*x) + 8*a^2*(-b^5 + 140*b^4*c*x^(1/3) + 1190*b^3*c^2*x^(2/3) + 154
0*b^2*c^3*x + 1120*b*c^4*x^(4/3) + 448*c^5*x^(5/3)) + 5*(-7*b^7*x^(2/3) +
70*b^6*c*x + 560*b^5*c^2*x^(4/3) + 1120*b^4*c^3*x^(5/3) + 896*b^3*c^4*x^2
+ 256*b^2*c^5*x^(7/3)) + 4*a*(-7*b^6*x^(1/3) + 343*b^5*c*x^(2/3) + 2170*b^
4*c^2*x + 3360*b^3*c^3*x^(4/3) + 2240*b^2*c^4*x^(5/3) + 896*b*c^5*x^2 + 25
6*c^6*x^(7/3)))/(35*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^4*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(7/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {1680, 1164, 1159, 1089, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 1680

$$3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{9/2}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 1164

$$3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{7(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{2a - 5b\sqrt[3]{x}}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{7/2}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{7(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)$$

↓ 1159

$$3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{7(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{8(4ac + 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{5(b^2 - 4ac)} - \frac{2(\sqrt[3]{x}(4ac + 5b^2) + 12ab)}{5(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}} \right)}{7(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)$$

↓ 1089

$$3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{7(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{8(4ac + 5b^2) \left( \frac{8c \int \frac{1}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{3/2}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{3(b^2 - 4ac)} - \frac{2(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} \right)}{5(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)}{7(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)$$

↓ 1088

$$3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{7(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{8(4ac+5b^2) \left( \frac{16c(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{3(b^2-4ac)^2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}} - \frac{2(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{3(b^2-4ac)(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} \right)}{5(b^2-4ac)} \right)}{7(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(9/2), x]`

output `3*((-2*((-8*(5*b^2 + 4*a*c))*(-2*(b + 2*c*x^(1/3)))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)) + (16*c*(b + 2*c*x^(1/3)))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)])))/(5*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) - (2*(12*a*b + (5*b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^(1/3)))/(5*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(5/2)))/(7*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) + (2*(2*a + b*x^(1/3))*x^(1/3))/(7*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(7/2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1088 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1089 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[2*c*((2*p + 3)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1159

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x] - Simp[(2*p + 3)*((2*c*d - b*e)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))] Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

rule 1164

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[e*(2*a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(2*p - m + 4)) - 2*c*d^2*(2*p + 3) + e*(b*e - 2*d*c)*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1680

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n) + c*x^(2*k*n))]^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 417 vs.  $2(184) = 368$ .

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result
	$5b \frac{1}{7c \left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + c x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \left( b \frac{\frac{2b}{7} + \frac{4c x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{7}}{\left(4ac - b^2\right) \left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + c x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + 24c \frac{\frac{2b}{5} + \frac{4c x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{5}}{\left(4ac - b^2\right) \left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + c x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)} \right)$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2c \left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + c x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{4c}{5b \frac{1}{7c \left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + c x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \left( b \frac{\frac{2b}{7} + \frac{4c x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{7}}{\left(4ac - b^2\right) \left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + c x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + 24c \frac{\frac{2b}{5} + \frac{4c x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{5}}{\left(4ac - b^2\right) \left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + c x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)} \right)}$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/2*x^{(1/3)}/c/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(7/2)}-5/4*b/c*(-1/7/c/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(7/2)}-1/2*b/c*(2/7*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(7/2)}+24/7*c/(4*a*c-b^2)*(2/5*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(5/2)}+16/5*c/(4*a*c-b^2)*(2/3*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(3/2)}+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(1/2)})))+1/2*a/c*(2/7*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(7/2)}+24/7*c/(4*a*c-b^2)*(2/5*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(5/2)}+16/5*c/(4*a*c-b^2)*(2/3*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(3/2)}+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(1/2)}))$$

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3)+c*x**(2/3))**(9/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**(1/3) + c*x**(2/3))**(-9/2), x)`



output

```

2/35*((2*(8*(2*(4*x^(1/3))*(2*(5*b^2*c^5 + 4*a*c^6))*x^(1/3)/(b^8 - 16*a*b^
6*c + 96*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 256*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 256*a^4*c^4) + 7*(5*b^3*c^4 + 4*a
*b*c^5)/(b^8 - 16*a*b^6*c + 96*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 256*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 256*a^4*c^4
)) + 7*(25*b^4*c^3 + 40*a*b^2*c^4 + 16*a^2*c^5)/(b^8 - 16*a*b^6*c + 96*a^2
*b^4*c^2 - 256*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 256*a^4*c^4))*x^(1/3) + 35*(5*b^5*c^2 + 24*a*
b^3*c^3 + 16*a^2*b*c^4)/(b^8 - 16*a*b^6*c + 96*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 256*a^3*b^2*c
^3 + 256*a^4*c^4))*x^(1/3) + 35*(5*b^6*c + 124*a*b^4*c^2 + 176*a^2*b^2*c^3
+ 64*a^3*c^4)/(b^8 - 16*a*b^6*c + 96*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 256*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 256*
a^4*c^4))*x^(1/3) - 7*(5*b^7 - 196*a*b^5*c - 1360*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 960*a^3*b*
c^3)/(b^8 - 16*a*b^6*c + 96*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 256*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 256*a^4*c^4))*
x^(1/3) - 28*(a*b^6 - 40*a^2*b^4*c - 240*a^3*b^2*c^2)/(b^8 - 16*a*b^6*c +
96*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 256*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 256*a^4*c^4))*x^(1/3) - 8*(a^2*b^5 - 40
*a^3*b^3*c - 240*a^4*b*c^2)/(b^8 - 16*a*b^6*c + 96*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 256*a^3*b
^2*c^3 + 256*a^4*c^4))/(c*x^(2/3) + b*x^(1/3) + a)^(7/2)

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 24.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 942, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.24

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{9/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(9/2),x)
```



output

```

((64*b*c^2)/(35*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2) + (128*c^3*x^(1/3))/(35
*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2))/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(1/2) - (
(32*b*c^2)/(35*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2) + (64*c^3*x^(1/3))/(35*(
4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2))/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(1/2) + (x^
(1/3)*((6*b^2)/(7*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)) - (12*a*c)/(7*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c))) + (
6*a*b)/(7*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)))/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(7/2) + ((64*c^3
*x^(1/3)*(28*a*c + 41*b^2))/(35*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^3) + (32*b
*c^2*(28*a*c + 41*b^2))/(35*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))/(a + b*x^(
1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(1/2) + (x^(1/3)*((2*c^2*(96*a*c + 160*b^2))/(35*(4*a*c^
2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2) - (64*a*c^3)/(35*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^
2)^2) + (32*b^2*c^2)/(35*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2)) + (b*c*(96*a*
c + 160*b^2))/(35*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2) + (32*a*b*c^2)/(35*(4
*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2))/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2) - ((8*
b)/(35*(4*a*c - b^2)^2) - (16*c*x^(1/3))/(35*(4*a*c - b^2)^2))/(a + b*x^(1
/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2) + ((16*c^2*x^(1/3))/(35*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c -
b^2)) + (8*b*c)/(35*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)))/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x
^(2/3))^(3/2) - ((12*x^(1/3))/(35*(4*a*c - b^2)) - (6*b)/(35*c*(4*a*c - b^
2)))/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(5/2) + (x^(1/3)*((2*c*(24*a*c + 36*b^2))
/(35*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)) + (48*a*c^2)/(35*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(
4*a*c - b^2)) - (24*b^2*c)/(35*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2))) + (b*(...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1493, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{9/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(9/2),x)
```

output

```

(2*(6720*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**3*b*c**3 + 9520*x**
(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*b**3*c**2 + 3584*x**(2/3)*sqr
t(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*c**5*x + 1372*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c
+ x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b**5*c + 8960*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b +
a)*a*b**2*c**4*x - 35*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**7 + 5
600*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**4*c**3*x + 6720*x**(1/3)
*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**3*b**2*c**2 + 1120*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**
(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*b**4*c + 8960*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x
*(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*b*c**4*x - 28*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a
)*a*b**6 + 13440*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b**3*c**3*x
+ 1024*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*c**6*x**2 + 2800*x**(1
/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**5*c**2*x + 1280*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**
(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**2*c**5*x**2 + 1920*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)
*b + a)*a**4*b*c**2 + 320*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**3*b**3*c +
4480*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**3*c**4*x - 8*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x
**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*b**5 + 12320*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*b*
**2*c**3*x + 8680*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b**4*c**2*x + 3584*sq
rt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b*c**5*x**2 + 350*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(
1/3)*b + a)*b**6*c*x + 4480*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**3*c**4*x*
*2 - 4096*x**(2/3)*sqrt(c)*a**4*c**3 - 11264*x**(2/3)*sqrt(c)*a**3*b**2...

```

**3.64**  $\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	514
Mathematica [A] (verified)	515
Rubi [A] (verified)	515
Maple [B] (verified)	520
Fricas [F(-1)]	522
Sympy [F]	522
Maxima [F(-2)]	523
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	523
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	524
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	525

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 279

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2(ab+(b^2-2ac)\sqrt[3]{x})}{3c(b^2-4ac)\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{9/2}}$$

$$+\frac{2(7b^2+4ac)(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{21c(b^2-4ac)^2\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{7/2}} - \frac{16(7b^2+4ac)(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{35(b^2-4ac)^3\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{5/2}}$$

$$+\frac{256c(7b^2+4ac)(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{105(b^2-4ac)^4\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}\right)^{3/2}} - \frac{2048c^2(7b^2+4ac)(b+2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{105(b^2-4ac)^5\sqrt{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}+cx^{2/3}}}$$

output

```
1/3*(-2*a*b-2*(-2*a*c+b^2)*x^(1/3))/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))
^(9/2)+2/21*(4*a*c+7*b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)^2/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*
x^(2/3))^(7/2)-16/35*(4*a*c+7*b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^3/(a+b*x^(
1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(5/2)+256/105*c*(4*a*c+7*b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3))/(-4*a*c+b^2)
^4/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)-2048/105*c^2*(4*a*c+7*b^2)*(b+2*c*x^(1/3)
)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^5/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 6.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{11/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(17920a^5bc^3 + 4480a^4c^2(b^3 + 18b^2c\sqrt[3]{x} + 18bc^2x^{2/3} + 12c^3x) + 224a^3c(-b^5 + 90b^4c\sqrt[3]{x} + 720b^3c^2x^{2/3} +$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(11/2), x]`

output

$$\frac{-2(17920a^5bc^3 + 4480a^4c^2(b^3 + 18b^2cx^{1/3} + 18b^2c^2x^{2/3} + 12c^3x) + 224a^3c(-b^5 + 90b^4cx^{1/3} + 720b^3c^2x^{2/3} + 960b^2c^3x + 720b^2c^4x^{4/3} + 288c^5x^{5/3})) + 8a^2(b^7 - 12b^6cx^{1/3} + 4284b^5c^2x^{2/3} + 27720b^4c^3x + 45360b^3c^4x^{4/3} + 34272b^2c^5x^{5/3} + 16128b^2c^6x^2 + 4608c^7x^{7/3})) + 7(9b^9x^{2/3} - 42b^8cx + 504b^7c^2x^{4/3} + 5040b^6c^3x^{5/3} + 13440b^5c^4x^2 + 16128b^4c^5x^{7/3} + 9216b^3c^6x^{8/3} + 2048b^2c^7x^3) + 4a(9b^8x^{1/3} - 432b^7c^2x^{2/3} + 4368b^6c^2x + 35784b^5c^3x^{4/3} + 75600b^4c^4x^{5/3} + 69888b^3c^5x^2 + 32256b^2c^6x^{7/3} + 9216b^2c^7x^{8/3} + 2048c^8x^3))}{(105(b^2 - 4ac))^{5/2}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + c\sqrt[3]{x^2})^{9/2}}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$ , Rules used = {1680, 1164, 1159, 1089, 1089, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{11/2}} dx$$

↓ 1680

$$3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11/2}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 1164

$$3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{9(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{9/2}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{2a - 7b\sqrt[3]{x}}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{9/2}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{9(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)$$

↓ 1159

$$3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{9(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{9/2}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{12(4ac + 7b^2) \int \frac{1}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{7/2}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{7(b^2 - 4ac)} - \frac{2(\sqrt[3]{x}(4ac + 7b^2) + 16ab)}{7(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{7/2}} \right)}{9(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)$$

↓ 1089

$$3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{9(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{9/2}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{12(4ac + 7b^2) \left( \frac{16c \int \frac{1}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{5(b^2 - 4ac)} - \frac{2(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{5(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{5/2}} \right)}{7(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)}{9(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)$$

↓ 1089

$$\left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{9(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{9/2}} - \frac{12(4ac + 7b^2)}{7(b^2 - 4ac)} \left( \frac{16c}{3(b^2 - 4ac)} \left( \frac{8c \int \frac{1}{(a + cx^{2/3} + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{3/2}} d\sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{2(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 1088

$$\left( \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}(2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{9(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{9/2}} - \frac{12(4ac + 7b^2)}{7(b^2 - 4ac)} \left( \frac{16c \left( \frac{b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x}}{3(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3}}} - \frac{2(b + 2c\sqrt[3]{x})}{3(b^2 - 4ac)(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{3/2}} \right)}{5(b^2 - 4ac)} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(11/2), x]
```

output

```
3*((-2*((-12*(7*b^2 + 4*a*c))*((-16*c*((-2*(b + 2*c*x^(1/3)))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c))*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)) + (16*c*(b + 2*c*x^(1/3)))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)])))/(5*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) - (2*(b + 2*c*x^(1/3)))/(5*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(5/2)))/(7*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) - (2*(16*a*b + (7*b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^(1/3)))/(7*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(7/2)))/(9*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) + (2*(2*a + b*x^(1/3))*x^(1/3))/(9*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(9/2)))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1088  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2]^{-3/2}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*(b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\}$  &&  $\text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1089  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2]^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x) * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1}) / ((p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - \text{Simp}[2*c*((2*p + 3) / ((p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\}$  &&  $\text{LtQ}[p, -1]$  &&  $(\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \parallel \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$

rule 1159  $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)] * ((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) / ((p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))] * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}, x] - \text{Simp}[(2*p + 3) * ((2*c*d - b*e) / ((p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\}$  &&  $\text{LtQ}[p, -1]$  &&  $\text{NeQ}[p, -3/2]$

rule 1164  $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)]^{(m_)} * ((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m-1)} * (d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1}) / ((p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / ((p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m-2)} * \text{Simp}[e*(2*a*e*(m-1) + b*d*(2*p - m + 4)) - 2*c*d^2*(2*p + 3) + e*(b*e - 2*d*c)*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x] * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\}$  &&  $\text{LtQ}[p, -1]$  &&  $\text{GtQ}[m, 1]$  &&  $\text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]$

rule 1680  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (c_.)(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}]^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)} * (a + b*x^{(k*n)} + c*x^{(2*k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p, x\}$  &&  $\text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n]$  &&  $\text{FractionQ}[n]$



**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 521 vs.  $2(231) = 462$ .

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 522, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result
	$b \frac{\frac{2b}{9} + \frac{4cx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{9}}{(4ac-b^2) \left( a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)^{\frac{9}{2}}} + \frac{32c \frac{\frac{2b}{7} + \frac{4cx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{7}}{(4ac-b^2) \left( a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}}{9c \left( a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+cx^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -3/8*x^{(1/3)}/c/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(9/2)}-21/16*b/c*(-1/9/c/(a+b*x^{(1/3)} \\ & +c*x^{(2/3)})^{(9/2)}-1/2*b/c*(2/9*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c \\ & *x^{(2/3)})^{(9/2)}+32/9*c/(4*a*c-b^2)*(2/7*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x \\ & ^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(7/2)}+24/7*c/(4*a*c-b^2)*(2/5*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/(4*a*c-b^2 \\ & )/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(5/2)}+16/5*c/(4*a*c-b^2)*(2/3*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/(4 \\ & *a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(3/2)}+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b^2)^2*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)} \\ & ))/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(1/2)})))+3/8*a/c*(2/9*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/(4*a*c- \\ & b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(9/2)}+32/9*c/(4*a*c-b^2)*(2/7*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)}) \\ & /4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(7/2)}+24/7*c/(4*a*c-b^2)*(2/5*(b+2*c* \\ & x^{(1/3)})/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(5/2)}+16/5*c/(4*a*c-b^2)*(2/3 \\ & *(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/(4*a*c-b^2)/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(3/2)}+16/3*c/(4*a*c-b \\ & ^2)^2*(b+2*c*x^{(1/3)})/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}+c*x^{(2/3)})^{(1/2)})) \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{11/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{11}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3)+c*x**(2/3))**(11/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**(1/3) + c*x**(2/3))**(-11/2), x)`

### Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{11/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 949 vs. 2(229) = 458.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 949, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{11/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-2/105*(((2*(4*(2*(8*(2*(4*x^(1/3))*(2*(7*b^2*c^7 + 4*a*c^8))*x^(1/3)/(b^10
- 20*a*b^8*c + 160*a^2*b^6*c^2 - 640*a^3*b^4*c^3 + 1280*a^4*b^2*c^4 - 1024
*a^5*c^5) + 9*(7*b^3*c^6 + 4*a*b*c^7)/(b^10 - 20*a*b^8*c + 160*a^2*b^6*c^2
- 640*a^3*b^4*c^3 + 1280*a^4*b^2*c^4 - 1024*a^5*c^5)) + 9*(49*b^4*c^5 + 5
6*a*b^2*c^6 + 16*a^2*c^7)/(b^10 - 20*a*b^8*c + 160*a^2*b^6*c^2 - 640*a^3*b
^4*c^3 + 1280*a^4*b^2*c^4 - 1024*a^5*c^5))*x^(1/3) + 21*(35*b^5*c^4 + 104*
a*b^3*c^5 + 48*a^2*b*c^6)/(b^10 - 20*a*b^8*c + 160*a^2*b^6*c^2 - 640*a^3*b
^4*c^3 + 1280*a^4*b^2*c^4 - 1024*a^5*c^5))*x^(1/3) + 63*(35*b^6*c^3 + 300*
a*b^4*c^4 + 272*a^2*b^2*c^5 + 64*a^3*c^6)/(b^10 - 20*a*b^8*c + 160*a^2*b^6
*c^2 - 640*a^3*b^4*c^3 + 1280*a^4*b^2*c^4 - 1024*a^5*c^5))*x^(1/3) + 63*(7
*b^7*c^2 + 284*a*b^5*c^3 + 720*a^2*b^3*c^4 + 320*a^3*b*c^5)/(b^10 - 20*a*b
^8*c + 160*a^2*b^6*c^2 - 640*a^3*b^4*c^3 + 1280*a^4*b^2*c^4 - 1024*a^5*c^5
))*x^(1/3) - 21*(7*b^8*c - 416*a*b^6*c^2 - 5280*a^2*b^4*c^3 - 5120*a^3*b^2
*c^4 - 1280*a^4*c^5)/(b^10 - 20*a*b^8*c + 160*a^2*b^6*c^2 - 640*a^3*b^4*c^
3 + 1280*a^4*b^2*c^4 - 1024*a^5*c^5))*x^(1/3) + 9*(7*b^9 - 192*a*b^7*c + 3
808*a^2*b^5*c^2 + 17920*a^3*b^3*c^3 + 8960*a^4*b*c^4)/(b^10 - 20*a*b^8*c +
160*a^2*b^6*c^2 - 640*a^3*b^4*c^3 + 1280*a^4*b^2*c^4 - 1024*a^5*c^5))*x^(
1/3) + 36*(a*b^8 - 28*a^2*b^6*c + 560*a^3*b^4*c^2 + 2240*a^4*b^2*c^3)/(b^1
0 - 20*a*b^8*c + 160*a^2*b^6*c^2 - 640*a^3*b^4*c^3 + 1280*a^4*b^2*c^4 - 10
24*a^5*c^5))*x^(1/3) + 8*(a^2*b^7 - 28*a^3*b^5*c + 560*a^4*b^3*c^2 + 22...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 26.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1455, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{11/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(11/2),x)
```

output

```

((128*b*c^2)/(315*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2) + (256*c^3*x^(1/3))/(
315*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2))/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)
- ((32*b*c^2)/(315*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2) + (64*c^3*x^(1/3))/(
315*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2))/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2)
+ ((128*b*c^3)/(315*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^3) + (256*c^4*x^(1/3))
/(315*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(1/2)
) - ((256*b*c^3)/(315*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^3) + (512*c^4*x^(1/3)
))/(315*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(1
/2) + ((1024*b*c^3)/(315*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^3) + (2048*c^4*x^
(1/3))/(315*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3)
)^(1/2) + ((32*b*c)/(315*(4*a*c - b^2)^3) - (64*c^2*x^(1/3))/(315*(4*a*c -
b^2)^3))/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(3/2) + (x^(1/3)*((2*b^2)/(3*(4*a*c^
2 - b^2*c)) - (4*a*c)/(3*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)))) + (2*a*b)/(3*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c
)))/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(9/2) + ((256*c^4*x^(1/3)*(164*a*c + 343*b
^2))/(315*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^4) + (128*b*c^3*(164*a*c + 343*b
^2))/(315*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^4))/(a + b*x^(1/3) + c*x^(2/3))^(
1/2) + (x^(1/3)*((2*c^2*(160*a*c + 336*b^2))/(105*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*
c - b^2)^2) - (64*a*c^3)/(105*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2) + (32*b^2
*c^2)/(105*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2)) + (b*c*(160*a*c + 336*b^2))
/(105*(4*a*c^2 - b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2) + (32*a*b*c^2)/(105*(4*a*c^2 - ...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2219, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x} + cx^{2/3})^{11/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)+c*x^(2/3))^(11/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(80640*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**4*b*c**4 + 161280*
x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**3*b**3*c**3 + 64512*x**(2/3)
*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**3*c**6*x + 34272*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2
/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*b**5*c**2 + 274176*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c +
x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*b**2*c**5*x - 1728*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/
3)*b + a)*a*b**7*c + 302400*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b
**4*c**4*x + 36864*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b*c**7*x**
2 + 63*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**9 + 35280*x**(2/3)*sq
rt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**6*c**3*x + 64512*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)
*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**3*c**6*x**2 + 80640*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**
(1/3)*b + a)*a**4*b**2*c**3 + 20160*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b
+ a)*a**3*b**4*c**2 + 161280*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a
**3*b*c**5*x - 1008*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*b**6*c
+ 362880*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*b**3*c**4*x + 368
64*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*c**7*x**2 + 36*x**(1/3)
*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b**8 + 143136*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*
c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b**5*c**3*x + 129024*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(
1/3)*b + a)*a*b**2*c**6*x**2 + 3528*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b
+ a)*b**7*c**2*x + 112896*x**(1/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**4*
c**5*x**2 + 17920*sqrt(x**(2/3)*c + x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**5*b*c**3 + 4480*...
```

### 3.65 $\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3 dx$

Optimal result	527
Mathematica [A] (verified)	527
Rubi [A] (verified)	528
Maple [A] (verified)	529
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	530
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	530
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	531
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	531
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	532
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	532

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3 dx = \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7}{7b^3} - \frac{3a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^8}{4b^3} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^9}{3b^3}$$

output

```
3/7*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/3))^7/b^3-3/4*a*(a+b*x^(1/3))^8/b^3+1/3*(a+b*x^(1/3))^9/
b^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3 dx = \frac{1}{84}(84a^6x + 378a^5bx^{4/3} + 756a^4b^2x^{5/3} + 840a^3b^3x^2 + 540a^2b^4x^{7/3} + 189ab^5x^{8/3} + 28b^6x^3)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^3,x]
```

output

```
(84*a^6*x + 378*a^5*b*x^(4/3) + 756*a^4*b^2*x^(5/3) + 840*a^3*b^3*x^2 + 54
0*a^2*b^4*x^(7/3) + 189*a*b^5*x^(8/3) + 28*b^6*x^3)/84
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$ , Rules used = {1379, 774, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left( a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3} \right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1379 \\
 & \quad \int \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x}b^2 + ab)^6 dx}{b^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 774 \\
 & \quad \frac{3 \int b^6 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \quad 3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 49 \\
 & \quad 3 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^8}{b^2} - \frac{2a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7}{b^2} + \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6}{b^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \quad 3 \left( \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7}{7b^3} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^9}{9b^3} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^8}{4b^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^3,x]
```

output

```
3*((a^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^7)/(7*b^3) - (a*(a + b*x^(1/3))^8)/(4*b^3) + (a + b*x^(1/3))^9/(9*b^3))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 1379 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n, 2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[p, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^6 x^3}{3} + \frac{9b^5 a x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{4} + \frac{45b^4 a^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + 10b^3 a^3 x^2 + 9a^4 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{9a^5 b x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + a^6 x$
default	$\frac{b^6 x^3}{3} + \frac{9b^5 a x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{4} + \frac{45b^4 a^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + 10b^3 a^3 x^2 + 9a^4 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{9a^5 b x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + a^6 x$
trager	$\frac{(b^6 x^2 + 30b^3 x a^3 + b^6 x + 3a^6 + 30b^3 a^3 + b^6)(x-1)}{3} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{4}{3}}(10b^3 x + 7a^3)}{14} + \frac{9a b^2 x^{\frac{5}{3}}(b^3 x + 4a^3)}{4}$
oring	$-\frac{(-64x^5 b^{15} - 257x^4 b^{12} a^3 - 388x^3 b^9 a^6 - 162x^2 b^6 a^9 - 228a^{12} b^3 x + 9a^{15})(a^2 + 2abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}})^3}{84b^3(b^3 x + a^3)^4} - \frac{9(5x^4 b^{12} + 20x^3 b^9)}{84b^3(b^3 x + a^3)^4}$

input `int((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/3*b^6*x^3+9/4*b^5*a*x^(8/3)+45/7*b^4*a^2*x^(7/3)+10*b^3*a^3*x^2+9*a^4*b^2*x^(5/3)+9/2*a^5*b*x^(4/3)+a^6*x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3 dx = \frac{1}{3}b^6x^3 + 10a^3b^3x^2 + a^6x + \frac{9}{4}(ab^5x^2 + 4a^4b^2x)x^{2/3} + \frac{9}{14}(10a^2b^4x^2 + 7a^5bx)x^{1/3}$$

input

```
integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*b^6*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^3*x^2 + a^6*x + 9/4*(a*b^5*x^2 + 4*a^4*b^2*x)*x^(2/3) + 9/14*(10*a^2*b^4*x^2 + 7*a^5*b*x)*x^(1/3)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3 dx = a^6x + \frac{9a^5bx^{4/3}}{2} + 9a^4b^2x^{5/3} + 10a^3b^3x^2 + \frac{45a^2b^4x^{7/3}}{7} + \frac{9ab^5x^{8/3}}{4} + \frac{b^6x^3}{3}$$

input

```
integrate((a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/3)+b**2*x**(2/3))**3,x)
```

output

```
a**6*x + 9*a**5*b*x**(4/3)/2 + 9*a**4*b**2*x**(5/3) + 10*a**3*b**3*x**2 + 45*a**2*b**4*x**(7/3)/7 + 9*a*b**5*x**(8/3)/4 + b**6*x**3/3
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3 dx = \frac{1}{3}b^6x^3 + \frac{9}{4}ab^5x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{36}{7}a^2b^4x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 4a^3b^3x^2 + a^6x + \frac{9}{10}\left(2b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 5abx^{\frac{4}{3}}\right)a^4 + \frac{3}{35}\left(15b^4x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 70ab^3x^2 + 84a^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}\right)a^2$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*b^6*x^3 + 9/4*a*b^5*x^(8/3) + 36/7*a^2*b^4*x^(7/3) + 4*a^3*b^3*x^2 + a^6*x + 9/10*(2*b^2*x^(5/3) + 5*a*b*x^(4/3))*a^4 + 3/35*(15*b^4*x^(7/3) + 70*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 84*a^2*b^2*x^(5/3))*a^2`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3 dx = \frac{1}{3}b^6x^3 + \frac{9}{4}ab^5x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{45}{7}a^2b^4x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 10a^3b^3x^2 + 9a^4b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{9}{2}a^5bx^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^6x$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*b^6*x^3 + 9/4*a*b^5*x^(8/3) + 45/7*a^2*b^4*x^(7/3) + 10*a^3*b^3*x^2 + 9*a^4*b^2*x^(5/3) + 9/2*a^5*b*x^(4/3) + a^6*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3 dx = a^6x + \frac{b^6x^3}{3} + \frac{9a^5bx^{4/3}}{2} + \frac{9ab^5x^{8/3}}{4} + 10a^3b^3x^2 + 9a^4b^2x^{5/3} + \frac{45a^2b^4x^{7/3}}{7}$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^3,x)`output `a^6*x + (b^6*x^3)/3 + (9*a^5*b*x^(4/3))/2 + (9*a*b^5*x^(8/3))/4 + 10*a^3*b^3*x^2 + 9*a^4*b^2*x^(5/3) + (45*a^2*b^4*x^(7/3))/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3 dx = \frac{x(756x^{2/3}a^4b^2 + 189x^{5/3}ab^5 + 378x^{1/3}a^5b + 540x^{4/3}a^2b^4 + 84a^6 + 840a^3b^3x + 28b^6x^2)}{84}$$

input `int((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^3,x)`output `(x*(756*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**2 + 189*x**(2/3)*a*b**5*x + 378*x**(1/3)*a**5*b + 540*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**4*x + 84*a**6 + 840*a**3*b**3*x + 28*b**6*x**2))/84`

### 3.66 $\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	533
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	533
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	534
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	535
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	536
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	536
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	537
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	537
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	537
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	538

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^2 dx = \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{5b^3} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6}{b^3} + \frac{3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7}{7b^3}$$

output `3/5*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/3))^5/b^3-a*(a+b*x^(1/3))^6/b^3+3/7*(a+b*x^(1/3))^7/b^3`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^2 dx = \frac{1}{35}(35a^4x + 105a^3bx^{4/3} + 126a^2b^2x^{5/3} + 70ab^3x^2 + 15b^4x^{7/3})$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^2,x]`

output `(35*a^4*x + 105*a^3*b*x^(4/3) + 126*a^2*b^2*x^(5/3) + 70*a*b^3*x^2 + 15*b^4*x^(7/3))/35`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$ , Rules used = {1379, 774, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left( a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3} \right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1379 \\
 & \quad \int \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x}b^2 + ab)^4}{b^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 774 \\
 & \quad \frac{3 \int b^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^4 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \quad 3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^4 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 49 \\
 & \quad 3 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6}{b^2} - \frac{2a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{b^2} + \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^4}{b^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \quad 3 \left( \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{5b^3} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7}{7b^3} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6}{3b^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^2,x]
```

output

```
3*((a^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^5)/(5*b^3) - (a*(a + b*x^(1/3))^6)/(3*b^3) + (a + b*x^(1/3))^7/(7*b^3))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 49  $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}) * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 774  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)} * (a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$

rule 1379  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (c_.)(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/c^p \text{ Int}[(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, 1]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativdivides	$\frac{3b^4x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + 2b^3ax^2 + \frac{18a^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + 3a^3bx^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^4x$
default	$\frac{3b^4x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + 2b^3ax^2 + \frac{18a^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + 3a^3bx^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^4x$
trager	$(x-1)(2b^3x+a^3+2b^3)a + \frac{3bx^{\frac{4}{3}}(b^3x+7a^3)}{7} + \frac{18a^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$
oring	$\frac{(31b^9x^3+63a^3b^6x^2+21a^6b^3x+7a^9)(a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}})^2}{35b^3(b^3x+a^3)^2} - \frac{27b^3x^3(b^3x+2a^3)(a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}})\left(\frac{2ab}{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{2b^2}{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{35(b^3x+a^3)^2}$

input  $\text{int}((a^2+2*a*b*x^{(1/3)}+b^2*x^{(2/3)})^2,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$



output `3/7*b^4*x^(7/3)+2*b^3*a*x^2+18/5*a^2*b^2*x^(5/3)+3*a^3*b*x^(4/3)+a^4*x`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^2 dx = 2ab^3x^2 + \frac{18}{5}a^2b^2x^{5/3} + a^4x + \frac{3}{7}(b^4x^2 + 7a^3bx)x^{1/3}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*a*b^3*x^2 + 18/5*a^2*b^2*x^(5/3) + a^4*x + 3/7*(b^4*x^2 + 7*a^3*b*x)*x^(1/3)`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^2 dx = a^4x + 3a^3bx^{4/3} + \frac{18a^2b^2x^{5/3}}{5} + 2ab^3x^2 + \frac{3b^4x^{7/3}}{7}$$

input `integrate((a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/3)+b**2*x**(2/3))**2,x)`

output `a**4*x + 3*a**3*b*x**(4/3) + 18*a**2*b**2*x**(5/3)/5 + 2*a*b**3*x**2 + 3*b**4*x**(7/3)/7`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^2 dx = \frac{3}{7}b^4x^{7/3} + 2ab^3x^2 + \frac{12}{5}a^2b^2x^{5/3} + a^4x + \frac{3}{5}(2b^2x^{5/3} + 5abx^{4/3})a^2$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/7*b^4*x^(7/3) + 2*a*b^3*x^2 + 12/5*a^2*b^2*x^(5/3) + a^4*x + 3/5*(2*b^2*x^(5/3) + 5*a*b*x^(4/3))*a^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^2 dx = \frac{3}{7}b^4x^{7/3} + 2ab^3x^2 + \frac{18}{5}a^2b^2x^{5/3} + 3a^3bx^{4/3} + a^4x$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/7*b^4*x^(7/3) + 2*a*b^3*x^2 + 18/5*a^2*b^2*x^(5/3) + 3*a^3*b*x^(4/3) + a^4*x`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^2 dx = a^4x + \frac{3b^4x^{7/3}}{7} + 2ab^3x^2 + 3a^3bx^{4/3} + \frac{18a^2b^2x^{5/3}}{5}$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^2,x)`

output

$$a^4 x + (3b^4 x^{7/3})/7 + 2ab^3 x^2 + 3a^3 b x^{4/3} + (18a^2 b^2 x^{5/3})/5$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2 x^{2/3})^2 dx = \frac{x(126x^{2/3}a^2b^2 + 105x^{1/3}a^3b + 15x^{4/3}b^4 + 35a^4 + 70ab^3x)}{35}$$

input

```
int((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^2,x)
```

output

```
(x*(126*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**2 + 105*x**(1/3)*a**3*b + 15*x**(1/3)*b**4*x + 35
*a**4 + 70*a*b**3*x))/35
```

### 3.67 $\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}) dx$

Optimal result	539
Mathematica [A] (verified)	539
Rubi [A] (verified)	540
Maple [A] (verified)	541
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	541
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	542
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	542
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	542
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	543
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	543

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}) dx = a^2x + \frac{3}{2}abx^{4/3} + \frac{3}{5}b^2x^{5/3}$$

output `a^2*x+3/2*a*b*x^(4/3)+3/5*b^2*x^(5/3)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}) dx = \frac{1}{10}(10a^2x + 15abx^{4/3} + 6b^2x^{5/3})$$

input `Integrate[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3),x]`

output `(10*a^2*x + 15*a*b*x^(4/3) + 6*b^2*x^(5/3))/10`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left( a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$a^2x + \frac{3}{2}abx^{4/3} + \frac{3}{5}b^2x^{5/3}$$

input `Int[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3), x]`

output `a^2*x + (3*a*b*x^(4/3))/2 + (3*b^2*x^(5/3))/5`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$x a^2 + \frac{3abx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$	22
default	$x a^2 + \frac{3abx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$	22
risch	$x a^2 + \frac{3abx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$	22
parts	$x a^2 + \frac{3abx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$	22
trager	$a^2(x-1) + \frac{3abx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$	24
orering	$x\left(a^2 + 2abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - \frac{9x^2\left(\frac{2ab}{2} + \frac{2b^2}{3x^{\frac{3}{3}}}\right)}{20} + \frac{9x^3\left(-\frac{4ab}{5} - \frac{2b^2}{9x^{\frac{4}{3}}}\right)}{20}$	64

input `int(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*a^2+3/2*a*b*x^(4/3)+3/5*b^2*x^(5/3)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}) dx = \frac{3}{5}b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{3}{2}abx^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^2x$$

input `integrate(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3/5*b^2*x^(5/3) + 3/2*a*b*x^(4/3) + a^2*x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}) dx = a^2x + \frac{3abx^{4/3}}{2} + \frac{3b^2x^{5/3}}{5}$$

input `integrate(a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/3)+b**2*x**(2/3),x)`output `a**2*x + 3*a*b*x**(4/3)/2 + 3*b**2*x**(5/3)/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}) dx = \frac{3}{5}b^2x^{5/3} + \frac{3}{2}abx^{4/3} + a^2x$$

input `integrate(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/5*b^2*x^(5/3) + 3/2*a*b*x^(4/3) + a^2*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}) dx = \frac{3}{5}b^2x^{5/3} + \frac{3}{2}abx^{4/3} + a^2x$$

input `integrate(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/5*b^2*x^(5/3) + 3/2*a*b*x^(4/3) + a^2*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}) dx = a^2x + \frac{3b^2x^{5/3}}{5} + \frac{3abx^{4/3}}{2}$$

input `int(a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3),x)`output `a^2*x + (3*b^2*x^(5/3))/5 + (3*a*b*x^(4/3))/2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}) dx = \frac{x(6x^{2/3}b^2 + 15x^{1/3}ab + 10a^2)}{10}$$

input `int(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3),x)`output `(x*(6*x**(2/3)*b**2 + 15*x**(1/3)*a*b + 10*a**2))/10`



$$3.68 \quad \int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	544
Mathematica [A] (verified)	544
Rubi [A] (verified)	545
Maple [A] (verified)	546
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	547
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	548
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	548
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	549
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	549
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	549

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{3a^2}{b^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{3\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^2} - \frac{6a \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3}$$

output

```
-3*a^2/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))+3*x^(1/3)/b^2-6*a*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^3
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3(-a^2 + ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})}{b^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{6a \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^( -1), x]
```

output

```
(3*(-a^2 + a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3)))/(b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))) - (6*a*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/b^3
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$ , Rules used = {1379, 774, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1379 \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{x}b^2 + ab)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 774 \\
 & 3b^2 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{b^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 49 \\
 & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{b^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{2a}{b^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{1}{b^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{a^2}{b^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{2a \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^(−1),x]`

output `3*(-(a^2/(b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3)))) + x^(1/3)/b^2 - (2*a*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/b^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`
- rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`
- rule 1379 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n, 2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[p, 1]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3a^2}{b^3(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^2} - \frac{6a \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^3}$
default	$-\frac{3a^4}{b^3(b^3x+a^3)} + b^4 \left( \frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^6} + \frac{a \left( \frac{ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{a^2}{b}}{b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} - abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^2} + \frac{2 \ln(b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} - abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^2)}{b} - \frac{4\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2b^2x^{\frac{1}{3}} - ba)\sqrt{3}}{3ba}\right)}{b} \right)}{3b^6} \right)$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-3*a^2/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))+3*x^(1/3)/b^2-6*a*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^3`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3 \left( a^2b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + a^4 + 2(ab^3x + a^4) \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) - (b^4x + 2a^3b)x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{b^6x + a^3b^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-3*(a^2*b^2*x^(2/3) + a^4 + 2*(a*b^3*x + a^4)*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) - (b^4*x + 2*a^3*b)*x^(1/3))/(b^6*x + a^3*b^3)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs.  $2(42) = 84$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{6a^2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{ab^3 + b^4 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{6a^2}{ab^3 + b^4 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{6ab \sqrt[3]{x} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{ab^3 + b^4 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{3b^2 x^{2/3}}{ab^3 + b^4 \sqrt[3]{x}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{a^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/3)+b**2*x**(2/3)),x)`

output `Piecewise((-6*a**2*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(a*b**3 + b**4*x**(1/3)) - 6*a**2/(a*b**3 + b**4*x**(1/3)) - 6*a*b*x**(1/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(a*b**3 + b**4*x**(1/3)) + 3*b**2*x**(2/3)/(a*b**3 + b**4*x**(1/3)), Ne(b, 0)), (x/a**2, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{3a^2}{b^4x^{1/3} + ab^3} - \frac{6a \log\left(bx^{1/3} + a\right)}{b^3} + \frac{3x^{1/3}}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3*a^2/(b^4*x^(1/3) + a*b^3) - 6*a*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/b^3 + 3*x^(1/3)/b^2`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{6a \log\left(\left|bx^{1/3} + a\right|\right)}{b^3} + \frac{3x^{1/3}}{b^2} - \frac{3a^2}{\left(bx^{1/3} + a\right)b^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-6*a*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/b^3 + 3*x^(1/3)/b^2 - 3*a^2/((b*x^(1/3) + a)*b^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 20.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3x^{1/3}}{b^2} - \frac{3a^2}{ab^3 + b^4x^{1/3}} - \frac{6a \ln(a + bx^{1/3})}{b^3}$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3)),x)`output `(3*x^(1/3))/b^2 - (3*a^2)/(a*b^3 + b^4*x^(1/3)) - (6*a*log(a + b*x^(1/3)))/b^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3x^{2/3}b^2 - 6x^{1/3}\log\left(x^{1/3}b + a\right)ab + 6x^{1/3}ab - 6\log\left(x^{1/3}b + a\right)a^2}{b^3\left(x^{1/3}b + a\right)}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3)),x)`

output

```
(3*(x**(2/3)*b**2 - 2*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b -  
2*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2))/(b**3*(x**(1/3)*b + a))
```

$$3.69 \quad \int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}\right)^2} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	551
Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	551
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	552
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	553
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	553
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	554
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	554
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	555
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	555
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	555

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}\right)^2} dx = \frac{x}{a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}$$

output

```
x/a/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3
```

### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 40 vs.  $2(16) = 32$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}\right)^2} dx = \frac{-a^2 - 3ab\sqrt[3]{x} - 3b^2x^{2/3}}{b^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^(-2),x]
```

output

```
(-a^2 - 3*a*b*x^(1/3) - 3*b^2*x^(2/3))/(b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^3)
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1379, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1379$$

$$b^4 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{xb^2} + ab)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 746$$

$$\frac{b^3x}{a(ab + b^2\sqrt[3]{x})^3}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^(-2),x]`

output `(b^3*x)/(a*(a*b + b^2*x^(1/3))^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 746 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]`

rule 1379 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n 2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[p, 1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 47 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^2}{b^3(a+bx^{1/3})^3} - \frac{3}{b^3(a+bx^{1/3})} + \frac{3a}{b^3(a+bx^{1/3})^2}$
trager	$\frac{(x-1)(x^2b^6a^6+2a^3b^9x^2+10b^{12}x^2-7a^9b^3x-23a^6b^6x+2a^3b^9x+a^{12}-7a^9b^3+a^6b^6)a^2}{(b^3x+a^3)^3(a^9+3a^6b^3+3a^3b^6+b^9)} - \frac{3ba^{\frac{4}{3}}(-2b^3x+a^3)}{(b^3x+a^3)^3} + \frac{3b^2}{(b^3x+a^3)^3}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-a^2/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3-3/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))+3*a/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{10a^2b^6x^2 + 2a^5b^3x + a^8 + 3(b^8x^2 - 2a^3b^5x)x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3(2ab^7x^2 - a^4b^4x)x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^{12}x^3 + 3a^3b^9x^2 + 3a^6b^6x + a^9b^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(10*a^2*b^6*x^2 + 2*a^5*b^3*x + a^8 + 3*(b^8*x^2 - 2*a^3*b^5*x)*x^(2/3) - 3*(2*a*b^7*x^2 - a^4*b^4*x)*x^(1/3))/(b^12*x^3 + 3*a^3*b^9*x^2 + 3*a^6*b^6*x + a^9*b^3)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs.  $2(12) = 24$ .

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^2} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2}{a^3b^3+3a^2b^4\sqrt[3]{x}+3ab^5x^{2/3}+b^6x} - \frac{3ab\sqrt[3]{x}}{a^3b^3+3a^2b^4\sqrt[3]{x}+3ab^5x^{2/3}+b^6x} - \frac{3b^2x^{2/3}}{a^3b^3+3a^2b^4\sqrt[3]{x}+3ab^5x^{2/3}+b^6x} \\ \frac{x}{a^4} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/3)+b**2*x**(2/3))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**2/(a**3*b**3 + 3*a**2*b**4*x**(1/3) + 3*a*b**5*x**(2/3) + b**6*x) - 3*a*b*x**(1/3)/(a**3*b**3 + 3*a**2*b**4*x**(1/3) + 3*a*b**5*x**(2/3) + b**6*x) - 3*b**2*x**(2/3)/(a**3*b**3 + 3*a**2*b**4*x**(1/3) + 3*a*b**5*x**(2/3) + b**6*x), Ne(b, 0)), (x/a**4, True))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 56 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^2} dx = -\frac{3b^2x^{2/3} + 3abx^{1/3} + a^2}{b^6x + 3ab^5x^{2/3} + 3a^2b^4x^{1/3} + a^3b^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 3*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)/(b^6*x + 3*a*b^5*x^(2/3) + 3*a^2*b^4*x^(1/3) + a^3*b^3)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 33 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^2} dx = -\frac{3b^2x^{2/3} + 3abx^{1/3} + a^2}{(bx^{1/3} + a)^3 b^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 3*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)/((b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*b^3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 20.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^2} dx = -\frac{a^2 + 3b^2x^{2/3} + 3abx^{1/3}}{b^6x + a^3b^3 + 3ab^5x^{2/3} + 3a^2b^4x^{1/3}}$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^2,x)`

output `-(a^2 + 3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 3*a*b*x^(1/3))/(b^6*x + a^3*b^3 + 3*a*b^5*x^(2/3) + 3*a^2*b^4*x^(1/3))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^2} dx = \frac{x}{a(3x^{2/3}ab^2 + 3x^{1/3}a^2b + a^3 + b^3x)}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^2,x)`

output  $x/(a*(3*x**(2/3)*a*b**2 + 3*x**(1/3)*a**2*b + a**3 + b**3*x))$

$$3.70 \quad \int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}\right)^3} dx$$

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Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	557
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	558
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	559
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	561
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	561
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	562
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	562

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}\right)^3} dx = -\frac{3a^2}{5b^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5} + \frac{3a}{2b^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^4} - \frac{1}{b^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}$$

output 
$$-3/5*a^2/b^3/(a+b*x^{(1/3)})^5+3/2*a/b^3/(a+b*x^{(1/3)})^4-1/b^3/(a+b*x^{(1/3)})^3$$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}\right)^3} dx = \frac{-a^2 - 5ab\sqrt[3]{x} - 10b^2x^{2/3}}{10b^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}$$

input 
$$\text{Integrate}[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + b^2*x^{(2/3)})^{-3}, x]$$

output 
$$(-a^2 - 5*a*b*x^{(1/3)} - 10*b^2*x^{(2/3)})/(10*b^3*(a + b*x^{(1/3)})^5)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$ , Rules used = {1379, 774, 27, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1379} \\
 & b^6 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{x}b^2 + ab)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\
 & 3b^6 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{b^6 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{b^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6} - \frac{2a}{b^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5} + \frac{1}{b^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^4} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{a^2}{5b^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5} + \frac{a}{2b^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^4} - \frac{1}{3b^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^(-3),x]`

output `3*(-1/5*a^2/(b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^5) + a/(2*b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^4) - 1/(3*b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^3))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 1379 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n, 2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[p, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3a^2}{5b^3(a+bx^{1/3})^5} + \frac{3a}{2b^3(a+bx^{1/3})^4} - \frac{1}{b^3(a+bx^{1/3})^3}$
trager	$(x-1)(a^{12}b^{12}x^4 - 5a^9b^{15}x^4 + 240a^6b^{18}x^4 - 230a^3b^{21}x^4 + 10b^{24}x^4 - 5a^{15}b^9x^3 - 74a^{12}b^{12}x^3 + 1095a^9b^{15}x^3 - 1010a^6b^{18}x^3 - 1010a^3b^{21}x^3 + 10b^{24}x^3 - 5a^{15}b^9x^2 - 74a^{12}b^{12}x^2 + 1095a^9b^{15}x^2 - 1010a^6b^{18}x^2 - 1010a^3b^{21}x^2 + 10b^{24}x^2 - 5a^{15}b^9x - 74a^{12}b^{12}x + 1095a^9b^{15}x - 1010a^6b^{18}x - 1010a^3b^{21}x + 10b^{24}x - 5a^{15}b^9 - 74a^{12}b^{12} + 1095a^9b^{15} - 1010a^6b^{18} - 1010a^3b^{21} + 10b^{24})$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output

$$\frac{-3/5*a^2/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^5+3/2*a/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^4-1/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3}{1}$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 176 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3} dx = \frac{10b^{12}x^4 - 230a^3b^9x^3 + 240a^6b^6x^2 - 5a^9b^3x + a^{12} - 9(5ab^{11}x^3 - 35a^4b^8x^2 + 14a^7b^5x)x^{2/3} + 9(14a^2b^{10} - 10a^5b^7x^2 + 5a^8b^4x)x^{1/3}}{10(b^{18}x^5 + 5a^3b^{15}x^4 + 10a^6b^{12}x^3 + 10a^9b^9x^2 + 5a^{12}b^6x + a^{15}b^3)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{-1/10*(10*b^{12}*x^4 - 230*a^3*b^9*x^3 + 240*a^6*b^6*x^2 - 5*a^9*b^3*x + a^{12} - 9*(5*a*b^{11}*x^3 - 35*a^4*b^8*x^2 + 14*a^7*b^5*x)*x^{2/3} + 9*(14*a^2*b^{10}*x^3 - 35*a^5*b^7*x^2 + 5*a^8*b^4*x)*x^{1/3})/(b^{18}*x^5 + 5*a^3*b^{15}*x^4 + 10*a^6*b^{12}*x^3 + 10*a^9*b^9*x^2 + 5*a^{12}*b^6*x + a^{15}*b^3)}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs.  $2(53) = 106$ .

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2}{10a^5b^3+50a^4b^4\sqrt[3]{x}+100a^3b^5x^{2/3}+100a^2b^6x+50ab^7x^{4/3}+10b^8x^{5/3}} - \frac{1}{10a^5b^3+50a^4b^4\sqrt[3]{x}+100a^3b^5x^{2/3}+100a^2b^6x+50ab^7x^{4/3}+10b^8x^{5/3}} \\ \frac{x}{a^6} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/3)+b**2*x**(2/3))**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-a**2/(10*a**5*b**3 + 50*a**4*b**4*x**(1/3) + 100*a**3*b**5*x**
(2/3) + 100*a**2*b**6*x + 50*a*b**7*x**(4/3) + 10*b**8*x**(5/3)) - 5*a*b*x
**(1/3)/(10*a**5*b**3 + 50*a**4*b**4*x**(1/3) + 100*a**3*b**5*x**(2/3) + 1
00*a**2*b**6*x + 50*a*b**7*x**(4/3) + 10*b**8*x**(5/3)) - 10*b**2*x**(2/3)
/(10*a**5*b**3 + 50*a**4*b**4*x**(1/3) + 100*a**3*b**5*x**(2/3) + 100*a**2
*b**6*x + 50*a*b**7*x**(4/3) + 10*b**8*x**(5/3)), Ne(b, 0)), (x/a**6, True
))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3} dx = \frac{10b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 5abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^2}{10\left(b^8x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 5ab^7x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 10a^2b^6x + 10a^3b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 5a^4b^4x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^5b^3\right)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/10*(10*b^2*x^(2/3) + 5*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)/(b^8*x^(5/3) + 5*a*b^7*x^(4/3)
) + 10*a^2*b^6*x + 10*a^3*b^5*x^(2/3) + 5*a^4*b^4*x^(1/3) + a^5*b^3)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3} dx = -\frac{10b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 5abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^2}{10\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^5 b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/10*(10*b^2*x^(2/3) + 5*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)/((b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*b^3)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 21.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3} dx = \frac{a^2 + 10b^2x^{2/3} + 5abx^{1/3}}{10a^5b^3 + 10b^8x^{5/3} + 100a^2b^6x + 50ab^7x^{4/3} + 50a^4b^4x^{1/3} + 100a^3b^5x^{2/3}}$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^3,x)`output `-(a^2 + 10*b^2*x^(2/3) + 5*a*b*x^(1/3))/(10*a^5*b^3 + 10*b^8*x^(5/3) + 100*a^2*b^6*x + 50*a*b^7*x^(4/3) + 50*a^4*b^4*x^(1/3) + 100*a^3*b^5*x^(2/3))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^3} dx = \frac{-10x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2 - 5x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab - a^2}{10b^3 \left( 10x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^3b^2 + x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^5 + 5x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^4b + 5x^{\frac{4}{3}}ab^4 + a^5 + 10a^2b^3x \right)}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^3,x)`output `( - 10*x**(2/3)*b**2 - 5*x**(1/3)*a*b - a**2)/(10*b**3*(10*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**2 + x**(2/3)*b**5*x + 5*x**(1/3)*a**4*b + 5*x**(1/3)*a*b**4*x + a**5 + 10*a**2*b**3*x))`

**3.71** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}\right)^4} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	563
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	563
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	564
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	565
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	566
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	566
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	567
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	567
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	568
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	568

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}\right)^4} dx = -\frac{3a^2}{7b^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7} + \frac{a}{b^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6} - \frac{3}{5b^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}$$

output `-3/7*a^2/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^7+a/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^6-3/5/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^5`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}\right)^4} dx = \frac{-a^2 - 7ab\sqrt[3]{x} - 21b^2x^{2/3}}{35b^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^(-4),x]`

output `(-a^2 - 7*a*b*x^(1/3) - 21*b^2*x^(2/3))/(35*b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^7)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$ , Rules used = {1379, 774, 27, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1379} \\
 & b^8 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{x}b^2 + ab)^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\
 & 3b^8 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{b^8 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^8} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^8} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{b^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^8} - \frac{2a}{b^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7} + \frac{1}{b^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{a^2}{7b^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7} + \frac{a}{3b^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6} - \frac{1}{5b^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^(-4),x]`

output `3*(-1/7*a^2/(b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^7) + a/(3*b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^6) - 1/(5*b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^5))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 1379 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n, 2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[p, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3a^2}{7b^3(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^7} + \frac{a}{b^3(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^6} - \frac{3}{5b^3(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^5}$
trager	$(x-1)(a^{15}b^{18}x^6 - 28a^{12}b^{21}x^6 + 1876a^9b^{24}x^6 - 6020a^6b^{27}x^6 + 2870a^3b^{30}x^6 - 140b^{33}x^6 + 7a^{18}b^{15}x^5 - 195a^{15}b^{18}x^5 + 131a^{12}b^{21}x^5 - 6020a^9b^{24}x^5 + 2870a^6b^{27}x^5 - 140b^{33}x^5 + 7a^{18}b^{15}x^4 - 195a^{15}b^{18}x^4 + 131a^{12}b^{21}x^4 - 6020a^9b^{24}x^4 + 2870a^6b^{27}x^4 - 140b^{33}x^4 + 7a^{18}b^{15}x^3 - 195a^{15}b^{18}x^3 + 131a^{12}b^{21}x^3 - 6020a^9b^{24}x^3 + 2870a^6b^{27}x^3 - 140b^{33}x^3 + 7a^{18}b^{15}x^2 - 195a^{15}b^{18}x^2 + 131a^{12}b^{21}x^2 - 6020a^9b^{24}x^2 + 2870a^6b^{27}x^2 - 140b^{33}x^2 + 7a^{18}b^{15}x - 195a^{15}b^{18}x + 131a^{12}b^{21}x - 6020a^9b^{24}x + 2870a^6b^{27}x - 140b^{33}x + 7a^{18}b^{15} - 195a^{15}b^{18} + 131a^{12}b^{21} - 6020a^9b^{24} + 2870a^6b^{27} - 140b^{33})$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-3/7*a^2/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^7+a/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^6-3/5/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^5$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 244 vs. 2(46) = 92.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.36

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^4} dx = \frac{140 ab^{15}x^5 - 2870 a^4b^{12}x^4 + 6020 a^7b^9x^3 - 1876 a^{10}b^6x^2 + 28 a^{13}b^3x - a^{16}}{35 (b^{24}x^7 + 7 a^3b^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/35*(140*a*b^{15}*x^5 - 2870*a^4*b^{12}*x^4 + 6020*a^7*b^9*x^3 - 1876*a^{10}*b^6*x^2 + 28*a^{13}*b^3*x - a^{16} - 27*(20*a^2*b^{14}*x^4 - 168*a^5*b^{11}*x^3 + 18 \\ & 9*a^8*b^8*x^2 - 28*a^{11}*b^5*x)*x^{(2/3)} - 3*(7*b^{16}*x^5 - 476*a^3*b^{13}*x^4 + 1932*a^6*b^{10}*x^3 - 1160*a^9*b^7*x^2 + 70*a^{12}*b^4*x)*x^{(1/3)})/(b^{24}*x^7 \\ & + 7*a^3*b^{21}*x^6 + 21*a^6*b^{18}*x^5 + 35*a^9*b^{15}*x^4 + 35*a^{12}*b^{12}*x^3 + 21*a^{15}*b^9*x^2 + 7*a^{18}*b^6*x + a^{21}*b^3) \end{aligned}$$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 309 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^4} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2}{35a^7b^3+245a^6b^4\sqrt[3]{x}+735a^5b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}+1225a^4b^6x+1225a^3b^7x^{\frac{4}{3}}+735a^2b^8x^{\frac{5}{3}}+245ab^9x^2+35b^{10}x} \\ \frac{x}{a^8} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/3)+b**2*x**(2/3))**4,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-a**2/(35*a**7*b**3 + 245*a**6*b**4*x**(1/3) + 735*a**5*b**5*x**
*(2/3) + 1225*a**4*b**6*x + 1225*a**3*b**7*x**(4/3) + 735*a**2*b**8*x**(5/
3) + 245*a*b**9*x**2 + 35*b**10*x**(7/3)) - 7*a*b*x**(1/3)/(35*a**7*b**3 +
245*a**6*b**4*x**(1/3) + 735*a**5*b**5*x**(2/3) + 1225*a**4*b**6*x + 1225
*a**3*b**7*x**(4/3) + 735*a**2*b**8*x**(5/3) + 245*a*b**9*x**2 + 35*b**10*
x**(7/3)) - 21*b**2*x**(2/3)/(35*a**7*b**3 + 245*a**6*b**4*x**(1/3) + 735*
a**5*b**5*x**(2/3) + 1225*a**4*b**6*x + 1225*a**3*b**7*x**(4/3) + 735*a**2
*b**8*x**(5/3) + 245*a*b**9*x**2 + 35*b**10*x**(7/3)), Ne(b, 0)), (x/a**8,
True))
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^4} dx = \frac{21b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 7abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^2}{35 \left( b^{10}x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 7ab^9x^2 + 21a^2b^8x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 35a^3b^7x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 35a^4b^6x + 21a^5b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 7a^6b^4x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^7b^3 \right)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/35*(21*b^2*x^(2/3) + 7*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)/(b^10*x^(7/3) + 7*a*b^9*x^2 +
21*a^2*b^8*x^(5/3) + 35*a^3*b^7*x^(4/3) + 35*a^4*b^6*x + 21*a^5*b^5*x^(2/
3) + 7*a^6*b^4*x^(1/3) + a^7*b^3)
```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^4} dx = -\frac{21b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 7abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^2}{35 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^7 b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```



output 
$$-1/35*(21*b^2*x^(2/3) + 7*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)/((b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*b^3)$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^4} dx = \frac{\frac{a^2}{35b^3} + \frac{3x^{2/3}}{5b} + \frac{ax^{1/3}}{5b^2}}{a^7 + b^7x^{7/3} + 35a^4b^3x + 7ab^6x^2 + 7a^6bx^{1/3} + 21a^5b^2x^{2/3} + 35a^3b^4x^{4/3} + 21a^2b^5x^{5/3}}$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^4,x)`

output 
$$-(a^2/(35*b^3) + (3*x^(2/3))/(5*b) + (a*x^(1/3))/(5*b^2))/(a^7 + b^7*x^(7/3) + 35*a^4*b^3*x + 7*a*b^6*x^2 + 7*a^6*b*x^(1/3) + 21*a^5*b^2*x^(2/3) + 35*a^3*b^4*x^(4/3) + 21*a^2*b^5*x^(5/3))$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^4} dx = \frac{-21x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2 - 7x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab - a^2}{35b^3 \left( 21x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^5b^2 + 21x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^2b^5 + 7x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^6b + 35x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^3b^4 + x^{\frac{7}{3}}b^7 + a^7 + 35a^4b^3x \right)}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^4,x)`

output 
$$(-21*x**(2/3)*b**2 - 7*x**(1/3)*a*b - a**2)/(35*b**3*(21*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**2 + 21*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**5*x + 7*x**(1/3)*a**6*b + 35*x**(1/3)*a**3*b**4*x + x**(1/3)*b**7*x**2 + a**7 + 35*a**4*b**3*x + 7*a*b**6*x**2))$$

### 3.72 $\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{7/2} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{7/2} dx = \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}}{8b^3} - \frac{2a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}}{3b^3} + \frac{3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^9 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}}{10b^3}$$

output

$$\frac{3}{8}a^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^7(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3})^{1/2}/b^3-2/3a(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^8(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3})^{1/2}/b^3+3/10(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^9(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3})^{1/2}/b^3$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{7/2} dx = \frac{\left((a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2\right)^{7/2} (120a^7x + 630a^6bx^{4/3} + 1512a^5b^2x^{5/3} + 2100a^4b^3x^2 + 1800a^3b^4x^{7/3} + 900a^2b^5x^{10/3} + 120ab^6x^{13/3} + b^7x^{16/3})}{120(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^(7/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(((a + b*x^{(1/3)})^2)^{(7/2)}*(120*a^7*x + 630*a^6*b*x^{(4/3)} + 1512*a^5*b^2*x^{(5/3)} + 2100*a^4*b^3*x^2 + 1800*a^3*b^4*x^{(7/3)} + 945*a^2*b^5*x^{(8/3)} + 280*a*b^6*x^3 + 36*b^7*x^{(10/3)}))}{(120*(a + b*x^{(1/3)})^7)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left( a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3} \right)^{7/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \int (\sqrt[3]{xb^2 + ab})^7 dx}{ab^7 + b^8\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 774$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \int b^7(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^7 + b^8\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{3b^7\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^7 + b^8\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\frac{3b^7\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \int \left( \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^9}{b^2} - \frac{2a(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^8}{b^2} + \frac{a^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^7}{b^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^7 + b^8\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{3b^7 \left( \frac{a^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^8}{8b^3} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{10b^3} - \frac{2a(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^9}{9b^3} \right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}}{ab^7 + b^8\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^(7/2),x]`

output `(3*b^7*((a^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^8)/(8*b^3) - (2*a*(a + b*x^(1/3))^9)/(9*b^3) + (a + b*x^(1/3))^10/(10*b^3))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3)]/(a*b^7 + b^8*x^(1/3))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left((a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} x \left(36b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 280a b^6 x^2 + 945a^2 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 1800a^3 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 2100a^4 b^3 x + 1512a^5 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 630a^6 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 120a^7\right)}{120(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^7}$
default	$\frac{(a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{7}{2}} \left(36b^7 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 945a^2 b^5 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 1800a^3 b^4 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 1512a^5 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 630a^6 b x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 280a b^6 x^3 + 2100a^4 b^3 x^2 + 120a^7\right)}{120(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^7}$

input `int((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/120*((a+b*x^(1/3))^2)^(7/2)*x*(36*b^7*x^(7/3)+280*a*b^6*x^2+945*a^2*b^5*x^(5/3)+1800*a^3*b^4*x^(4/3)+2100*a^4*b^3*x+1512*a^5*b^2*x^(2/3)+630*a^6*b*x^(1/3)+120*a^7)/(a+b*x^(1/3))^7`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{7/2} dx = \frac{7}{3} ab^6 x^3 + \frac{35}{2} a^4 b^3 x^2 + a^7 x + \frac{63}{40} (5a^2 b^5 x^2 + 8a^5 b^2 x) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{3}{20} (2b^7 x^3 + 100a^3 b^4 x^2 + 35a^6 b x) x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `7/3*a*b^6*x^3 + 35/2*a^4*b^3*x^2 + a^7*x + 63/40*(5*a^2*b^5*x^2 + 8*a^5*b^2*x)*x^(2/3) + 3/20*(2*b^7*x^3 + 100*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 35*a^6*b*x)*x^(1/3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{7/2} dx = 3 \left( \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \left( \frac{a^9}{360b^3} - \frac{a^8\sqrt[3]{x}}{360b^2} + \frac{a^7x^{2/3}}{360b} + \frac{119a^6x}{360} + \frac{511a^5bx^{4/3}}{360} + \frac{1001a^4b^2x^{5/3}}{360} + \frac{1099a^3b^3x^{2/3}}{360} + \frac{701a^2b^4x^{7/3}}{360} + \frac{61ab^5x^{8/3}}{90} + \frac{b^6x^3}{10} \right) \\ - \frac{a^4(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x})^{9/2}}{9} - \frac{2a^2(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x})^{11/2}}{4a^3b^3} + \frac{(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x})^{13/2}}{13} \\ - \frac{x(a^2)^{7/2}}{3} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/3)+b**2*x**(2/3))**(7/2),x)`output `3*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3) + b**2*x**(2/3))*(a**9/(360*b**3) - a**8*x**(1/3)/(360*b**2) + a**7*x**(2/3)/(360*b) + 119*a**6*x/360 + 511*a**5*b*x**(4/3)/360 + 1001*a**4*b**2*x**(5/3)/360 + 1099*a**3*b**3*x**2/360 + 701*a**2*b**4*x**(7/3)/360 + 61*a*b**5*x**(8/3)/90 + b**6*x**3/10), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3))**(9/2)/9 - 2*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3))**(11/2)/11 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3))**(13/2)/13)/(4*a**3*b**3), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x*(a**2)**(7/2)/3, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{7/2} dx = \frac{3 \left( b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2 \right)^{7/2} a^2 x^{1/3}}{8b^2} + \frac{3 \left( b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2 \right)^{7/2} a^3}{8b^3} + \frac{3 \left( b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2 \right)^{9/2} x^{1/3}}{10b^2} - \frac{11 \left( b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2 \right)^{9/2} a}{30b^3}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
3/8*(b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)^(7/2)*a^2*x^(1/3)/b^2 + 3/8*(b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)^(7/2)*a^3/b^3 + 3/10*(b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)^(9/2)*x^(1/3)/b^2 - 11/30*(b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)^(9/2)*a/b^3
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{7/2} dx = \frac{3}{10} b^7 x^{10/3} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + \frac{7}{3} ab^6 x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + \frac{63}{8} a^2 b^5 x^{8/3} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + 15 a^3 b^4 x^{7/3} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + \frac{35}{2} a^4 b^3 x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + \frac{63}{5} a^5 b^2 x^{5/3} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + \frac{21}{4} a^6 b x^{4/3} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + a^7 x \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a)$$

input

```
integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
3/10*b^7*x^(10/3)*sgn(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 7/3*a*b^6*x^3*sgn(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 63/8*a^2*b^5*x^(8/3)*sgn(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 15*a^3*b^4*x^(7/3)*sgn(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 35/2*a^4*b^3*x^2*sgn(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 63/5*a^5*b^2*x^(5/3)*sgn(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 21/4*a^6*b*x^(4/3)*sgn(b*x^(1/3) + a) + a^7*x*sgn(b*x^(1/3) + a)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{7/2} dx = \int (a^2 + b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3})^{7/2} dx$$

input

```
int((a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^(7/2), x)
```

output

```
int((a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^(7/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{7/2} dx = \frac{x \left( 1512x^{2/3}a^5b^2 + 945x^{5/3}a^2b^5 + 630x^{1/3}a^6b + 1800x^{4/3}a^3b^4 + 36x^{7/3}b^7 + 120a^7 + 2100a^4b^3x + 280a^2b^5x^2 \right)}{120}$$

input

```
int((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(7/2),x)
```

output

```
(x*(1512*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**2 + 945*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**5*x + 630*x**(1/3)*a**6*b + 1800*x**(1/3)*a**3*b**4*x + 36*x**(1/3)*b**7*x**2 + 120*a**7 + 2100*a**4*b**3*x + 280*a*b**6*x**2))/120
```



### 3.73 $\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	576
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	576
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	577
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	579
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	579
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	580
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	580
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	581
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	581
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	582

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}}{2b^3} - \frac{6a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}}{7b^3} + \frac{3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}}{8b^3}$$

output

```
1/2*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/3))^5*(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)/b^3-6/7*a*(a+b*x^(1/3))^6*(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)/b^3+3/8*(a+b*x^(1/3))^7*(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)/b^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = \frac{\left( (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 \right)^{5/2} (56a^5x + 210a^4bx^{4/3} + 336a^3b^2x^{5/3} + 280a^2b^3x^2 + 120ab^4x^{7/3} + 21b^5x^3)}{56(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a + b*x^{(1/3)})^2)^{(5/2)}*(56*a^5*x + 210*a^4*b*x^{(4/3)} + 336*a^3*b^2*x^{(5/3)} + 280*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 120*a*b^4*x^{(7/3)} + 21*b^5*x^{(8/3)})}{56*(a + b*x^{(1/3)})^5}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \int (\sqrt[3]{xb^2 + ab})^5 dx}{ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 774$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \int b^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{3b^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\frac{3b^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \int \left( \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^7}{b^2} - \frac{2a(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^6}{b^2} + \frac{a^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{b^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{3b^5 \left( \frac{a^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^6}{6b^3} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^8}{8b^3} - \frac{2a(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^7}{7b^3} \right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}}{ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x]`

output `(3*b^5*((a^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^6)/(6*b^3) - (2*a*(a + b*x^(1/3))^7)/(7*b^3) + (a + b*x^(1/3))^8/(8*b^3))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3)]/(a*b^5 + b^6*x^(1/3))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left((a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} x \left(21b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 120ab^4x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 280a^2b^3x + 336a^3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 210a^4bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 56a^5\right)}{56(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^5}$	76
default	$\frac{\left(a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(21b^5x^{\frac{8}{3}}+120ab^4x^{\frac{7}{3}}+336a^3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}+210a^4bx^{\frac{4}{3}}+280a^2b^3x^2+56xa^5\right)}{56(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^5}$	87

input `int((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/56*((a+b*x^(1/3))^2)^(5/2)*x*(21*b^5*x^(5/3)+120*a*b^4*x^(4/3)+280*a^2*b^3*x+336*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3)+210*a^4*b*x^(1/3)+56*a^5)/(a+b*x^(1/3))^5`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = 5a^2b^3x^2 + a^5x + \frac{3}{8}(b^5x^2 + 16a^3b^2x)x^{2/3} + \frac{15}{28}(4ab^4x^2 + 7a^4bx)x^{1/3}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `5*a^2*b^3*x^2 + a^5*x + 3/8*(b^5*x^2 + 16*a^3*b^2*x)*x^(2/3) + 15/28*(4*a*b^4*x^2 + 7*a^4*b*x)*x^(1/3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = 3 \left( \begin{cases} \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \left( \frac{a^7}{168b^3} - \frac{a^6\sqrt[3]{x}}{168b^2} + \frac{a^5x^{2/3}}{168b} + \frac{55a^4x}{168} + \frac{155a^3bx^{4/3}}{168} + \frac{181a^2b^2x^{5/3}}{168} + \frac{33ab^3x^2}{56} \right) \\ \frac{a^4(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x})^{7/2}}{7} - \frac{2a^2(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x})^{9/2}}{4a^3b^3} + \frac{(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x})^{11/2}}{11} \\ \frac{x(a^2)^{5/2}}{3} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/3)+b**2*x**(2/3))**(5/2),x)`output `3*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3) + b**2*x**(2/3))*(a**7/(168*b**3) - a**6*x**(1/3)/(168*b**2) + a**5*x**(2/3)/(168*b) + 55*a**4*x/168 + 155*a**3*b*x**(4/3)/168 + 181*a**2*b**2*x**(5/3)/168 + 33*a*b**3*x**2/56 + b**4*x**(7/3)/8), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3))**(7/2)/7 - 2*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3))**(9/2)/9 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3))**(11/2)/11)/(4*a**3*b**3), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x*(a**2)**(5/2)/3, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = \frac{(b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2)^{5/2} a^2 x^{1/3}}{2b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2)^{5/2} a^3}{2b^3} + \frac{3(b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2)^{7/2} x^{1/3}}{8b^2} - \frac{27(b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2)^{7/2} a}{56b^3}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{1}{2}(b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2)^{5/2}/b^2 + \frac{1}{2}(b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2)^{5/2}a^3/b^3 + \frac{3}{8}(b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2)^{7/2}x^{1/3}/b^2 - \frac{27}{56}(b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2)^{7/2}a/b^3$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = \frac{3}{8}b^5x^{8/3}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + \frac{15}{7}ab^4x^{7/3}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + 5a^2b^3x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + 6a^3b^2x^{5/3}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + \frac{15}{4}a^4bx^{4/3}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + a^5x\operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a)$$

input

```
integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{3}{8}b^5x^{8/3}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + \frac{15}{7}a^4b^2x^{7/3}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + 5a^2b^3x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + 6a^3b^2x^{5/3}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + \frac{15}{4}a^4bx^{4/3}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + a^5x\operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a)$$
**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = \int (a^2 + b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3})^{5/2} dx$$

input

```
int((a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^(5/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2} dx = \frac{x \left( 336x^{2/3}a^3b^2 + 21x^{5/3}b^5 + 210x^{1/3}a^4b + 120x^{4/3}ab^4 + 56a^5 + 280a^2b^3x \right)}{56}$$

input

```
int((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(x*(336*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**2 + 21*x**(2/3)*b**5*x + 210*x**(1/3)*a**4*b + 120*x**(1/3)*a*b**4*x + 56*a**5 + 280*a**2*b**3*x))/56
```

### 3.74 $\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	583
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	583
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	584
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	586
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	586
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	587
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	587
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	588
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	588
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	589

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2} dx = \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}}{4b^3} - \frac{6a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}}{5b^3} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}}{2b^3}$$

output `3/4*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/3))^3*(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)/b^3-6/5*a*(a+b*x^(1/3))^4*(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)/b^3+1/2*(a+b*x^(1/3))^5*(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)/b^3`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2} dx = \frac{\left((a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2\right)^{3/2} (20a^3x + 45a^2bx^{4/3} + 36ab^2x^{5/3} + 10b^3x^2)}{20(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x]`



output

$$\frac{((a + b*x^{(1/3)})^2)^{(3/2)}*(20*a^3*x + 45*a^2*b*x^{(4/3)} + 36*a*b^2*x^{(5/3)} + 10*b^3*x^2)}{(20*(a + b*x^{(1/3)})^3)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \left( a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3} \right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \int (\sqrt[3]{xb^2} + ab)^3 dx}{ab^3 + b^4\sqrt[3]{x}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & \frac{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \int b^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^3 + b^4\sqrt[3]{x}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{3b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^3 + b^4\sqrt[3]{x}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \frac{3b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \int (x^{2/3}a^3 + 3bxa^2 + 3b^2x^{4/3}a + b^3x^{5/3}) d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^3 + b^4\sqrt[3]{x}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{3b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \left( \frac{a^3x}{3} + \frac{3}{4}a^2bx^{4/3} + \frac{3}{5}ab^2x^{5/3} + \frac{b^3x^2}{6} \right)}{ab^3 + b^4\sqrt[3]{x}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + b^2*x^{(2/3)})^{(3/2)}, x]$$

output  $(3*b^3*\sqrt{a^2 + 2*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + b^2*x^{(2/3)}}*((a^3*x)/3 + (3*a^2*b*x^{(4/3)})/4 + (3*a*b^2*x^{(5/3)})/5 + (b^3*x^2)/6))/(a*b^3 + b^4*x^{(1/3)})$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 774  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k - 1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$

rule 1384  $\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{ Int}[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n - 1)}])$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x\left(10b^3x+36ab^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}+45a^2bx^{\frac{1}{3}}+20a^3\right)}{20\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^3}$	54
default	$\frac{\left(a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(36b^2ax^{\frac{5}{3}}+45a^2bx^{\frac{4}{3}}+10b^3x^2+20a^3x\right)}{20\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^3}$	65

input `int((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/20*((a+b*x^(1/3))^2)^(3/2)*x*(10*b^3*x+36*a*b^2*x^(2/3)+45*a^2*b*x^(1/3)+20*a^3)/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{2}b^3x^2 + \frac{9}{5}ab^2x^{5/3} + \frac{9}{4}a^2bx^{4/3} + a^3x$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*b^3*x^2 + 9/5*a*b^2*x^(5/3) + 9/4*a^2*b*x^(4/3) + a^3*x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2} dx = 3 \begin{cases} \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \left( \frac{a^5}{60b^3} - \frac{a^4\sqrt[3]{x}}{60b^2} + \frac{a^3x^{2/3}}{60b} + \frac{19a^2x}{60} + \frac{13abx^{4/3}}{30} + \frac{b^2x^{5/3}}{6} \right) & \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{a^4(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}}{5} - \frac{2a^2(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x})^{7/2}}{4a^3b^3} + \frac{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x})^{9/2}}{9} & \text{for } ab \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(a^2)^{3/2}}{3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/3)+b**2*x**(2/3))**(3/2),x)`output `3*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3) + b**2*x**(2/3))*(a**5/(60*b**3) - a**4*x**(1/3)/(60*b**2) + a**3*x**(2/3)/(60*b) + 19*a**2*x/60 + 13*a*b*x**(4/3)/30 + b**2*x**(5/3)/6), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3))**(5/2)/5 - 2*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3))**(7/2)/7 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3))**(9/2)/9)/(4*a**3*b**3), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x*(a**2)**(3/2)/3, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2} dx = \frac{3 \left( b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2 \right)^{3/2} a^2 x^{1/3}}{4b^2} + \frac{3 \left( b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2 \right)^{3/2} a^3}{4b^3} + \frac{\left( b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2 \right)^{5/2} x^{1/3}}{2b^2} - \frac{7 \left( b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2 \right)^{5/2} a}{10b^3}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 3/4*(b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 2*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + a^2)^{(3/2)}*a^2*x^{(1/3)}/b^2 + 3/4*(b^2*x^{(2/3)} \\ & + 2*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + a^2)^{(3/2)}*a^3/b^3 + 1/2*(b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 2*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + a^2)^{(5/2)}*x^{(1/3)}/b^2 \\ & - 7/10*(b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 2*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + a^2)^{(5/2)}*a/b^3 \end{aligned}$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2} dx &= \frac{1}{2} b^3 x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) \\ &+ \frac{9}{5} ab^2 x^{5/3} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + \frac{9}{4} a^2 bx^{4/3} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + a^3 x \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) \end{aligned}$$

input

`integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/2*b^3*x^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^{(1/3)} + a) + 9/5*a*b^2*x^{(5/3)}*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^{(1/3)} + a) + 9/ \\ & 4*a^2*b*x^{(4/3)}*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^{(1/3)} + a) + a^3*x*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^{(1/3)} + a) \end{aligned}$$
**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2} dx = \int (a^2 + b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3})^{3/2} dx$$

input

`int((a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^(3/2),x)`

output

`int((a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2} dx = \frac{x(36x^{2/3}ab^2 + 45x^{1/3}a^2b + 20a^3 + 10b^3x)}{20}$$

input `int((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x)`

output `(x*(36*x**(2/3)*a*b**2 + 45*x**(1/3)*a**2*b + 20*a**3 + 10*b**3*x))/20`

### 3.75 $\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	590
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	590
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	591
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	592
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Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	593
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	595

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}x}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{3b\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}x^{4/3}}{4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}$$

output `a*(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)*x/(a+b*x^(1/3))+3*b*(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)*x^(4/3)/(4*a+4*b*x^(1/3))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2(4ax + 3bx^{4/3})}}{4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2]*(4*a*x + 3*b*x^(4/3)))/(4*(a + b*x^(1/3)))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {1384, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \int (\sqrt[3]{x}b^2 + ab) dx}{ab + b^2\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}(abx + \frac{3}{4}b^2x^{4/3})}{ab + b^2\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3)]*(a*b*x + (3*b^2*x^(4/3))/4))/(a*b + b^2*x^(1/3))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```



**Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\operatorname{csgn}\left(a+b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\left(a+b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^2\left(3 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}}-2 a b x^{\frac{1}{3}}+a^2\right)}{4 b^3}$	42
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a^2+2 a b x^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\left(3 b x^{\frac{4}{3}}+4 x a\right)}{4 a+4 b x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$	43

input `int((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{csgn}\left(a+b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\left(a+b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^2\left(3 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}}-2 a b x^{\frac{1}{3}}+a^2\right) / b^3$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3}{4}bx^{4/3} + ax$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{3}{4}b*x^{4/3} + a*x$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = 3 \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \left( \frac{a^3}{12b^3} - \frac{a^2\sqrt[3]{x}}{12b^2} + \frac{ax^{2/3}}{12b} + \frac{x}{4} \right) \right) \text{ for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{a^4 \left( a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{2a^2 \left( a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{5/2}}{4a^3b^3} + \frac{\left( a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{7/2}}{7} \text{ for } ab \neq 0 \\ \frac{x\sqrt{a^2}}{3} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/3)+b**2*x**(2/3))**(1/2),x)`output `3*Piecewise((sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3) + b**2*x**(2/3))*(a**3/(12*b**3) - a**2*x**(1/3)/(12*b**2) + a*x**(2/3)/(12*b) + x/4), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((a**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3))**(3/2)/3 - 2*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3))**(5/2)/5 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3))**(7/2)/7)/(4*a**3*b**3), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x*sqrt(a**2)/3, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2}a^2x^{1/3}}{2b^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2}a^3}{2b^3} + \frac{3\left(b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2\right)^{3/2}x^{1/3}}{4b^2} - \frac{5\left(b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2\right)^{3/2}a}{4b^3}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2} \frac{a^2x^{1/3}}{b^2} + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2} \frac{a^3}{b^3} + \frac{3}{4}(b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2)^{3/2} \frac{x^{1/3}}{b^2} - \frac{5}{4}(b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2)^{3/2} \frac{a}{b^3}$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3}{4}bx^{\frac{4}{3}}\operatorname{sgn}\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) + ax\operatorname{sgn}\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)$$

input

```
integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{3}{4}bx^{4/3}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a) + ax\operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/3} + a)$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 21.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3}} (a^3 - 4a^2bx^{1/3} - 5ab^2x^{2/3} + 3bx^{1/3}(a^2 + b^2x^{2/3}))}{4b^3}$$

input

```
int((a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^(1/2),x)
```

output

$$\frac{((a^2 + b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3})^{1/2}(a^3 - 4a^2bx^{1/3} - 5ab^2x^{2/3} + 3bx^{1/3}(a^2 + b^2x^{2/3})))}{4b^3}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{x(3x^{1/3}b + 4a)}{4}$$

input `int((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x)`

output `(x*(3*x**(1/3)*b + 4*a))/4`

**3.76** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3}}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	596
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	596
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	597
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	599
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	599
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	600
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	600
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	601
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	601
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	601

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} dx = -\frac{3a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} + \frac{3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^{2/3}}{2b\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} + \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})\log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}}$$

output `-3*a*(a+b*x^(1/3))*x^(1/3)/b^2/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)+3/2*(a+b*x^(1/3))*x^(2/3)/b/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)+3*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/3))*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^3/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} dx = \frac{3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})(b(-2a + b\sqrt[3]{x})\sqrt[3]{x} + 2a^2\log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}))}{2b^3\sqrt{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3)],x]`

output

$$\frac{(3*(a + b*x^{(1/3)})*(b*(-2*a + b*x^{(1/3)})*x^{(1/3)} + 2*a^2*\text{Log}[a + b*x^{(1/3)}]))}{(2*b^3*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^{(1/3)})^2])}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{(ab + b^2\sqrt[3]{x}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{xb^2+ab}}} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\ & \frac{3(ab + b^2\sqrt[3]{x}) \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{b(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{3(ab + b^2\sqrt[3]{x}) \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & \frac{3(ab + b^2\sqrt[3]{x}) \int \left( \frac{a^2}{b^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{a}{b^2} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{b} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{3(ab + b^2\sqrt[3]{x}) \left( \frac{a^2 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3} - \frac{a\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^2} + \frac{x^{2/3}}{2b} \right)}{b\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3)],x]`

output `(3*(a*b + b^2*x^(1/3))*(-(a*x^(1/3))/b^2) + x^(2/3)/(2*b) + (a^2*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)]/b^3))/(b*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{3(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})(b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}+2a^2\ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})-2abx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{2\sqrt{(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}b^3}$	52
default	$\frac{(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})(3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}-6abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+2a^2\ln(b^3x+a^3)-2a^2\ln(b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}-abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+a^2)+4a^2\ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}))}{2\sqrt{a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}b^3}$	101

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{3}{2}*(a+b*x^{(1/3)})*(b^2*x^{(2/3)}+2*a^2*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/3)})-2*a*b*x^{(1/3)})/((a+b*x^{(1/3)})^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} dx = \frac{3 \left( 2a^2 \log \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right) + b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 2abx^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{2b^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{3}{2}*(2*a^2*\log(b*x^{(1/3)} + a) + b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 2*a*b*x^{(1/3)})/b^3$



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} dx = 3 \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b^2 \left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)^2}} + \left(-\frac{3a}{2b^3} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2b^2}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}} \\ \frac{a^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{2a^2 \left(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x}\right)^{3/2}}{4a^3b^3} + \frac{\left(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x}\right)^{5/2}}{5}}{3\sqrt{a^2}} \\ \frac{x}{3\sqrt{a^2}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/3)+b**2*x**(2/3))**(1/2),x)`output `3*Piecewise((a**2*(a/b + x**(1/3))*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(b**2*sqrt(b**2*(a/b + x**(1/3))**2)) + (-3*a/(2*b**3) + x**(1/3)/(2*b**2))*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3) + b**2*x**(2/3)), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((a**4*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3)) - 2*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3))**(3/2)/3 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3))**(5/2)/5)/(4*a**3*b**3), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x/(3*sqrt(a**2)), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} dx = \frac{3a^2 \log\left(x^{1/3} + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^3} + \frac{3x^{2/3}}{2b} - \frac{3ax^{1/3}}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3*a^2*log(x^(1/3) + a/b)/b^3 + 3/2*x^(2/3)/b - 3*a*x^(1/3)/b^2`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} dx = \frac{3 \left( bx^{\frac{2}{3}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a) - 2ax^{\frac{1}{3}} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a) \right)}{2b^2} + \frac{3a^2 \log\left(|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a|\right)}{b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/2*(b*x^(2/3)*sgn(b*x^(1/3) + a) - 2*a*x^(1/3)*sgn(b*x^(1/3) + a))/b^2 + 3*a^2*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/(b^3*sgn(b*x^(1/3) + a))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} dx = \frac{\frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2}{2} - 3x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab + 3 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right) a^2}{b^3}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2),x)`

output  $(3*x^{2/3}*b^2 - 2*x^{1/3}*a*b + 2*\log(x^{1/3}*b + a)*a^2)/(2*b^3)$

$$3.77 \quad \int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	603
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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6a}{b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} - \frac{3a^2}{2b^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} + \frac{3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})\log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}}$$

output

```
6*a/b^3/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)-3/2*a^2/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)+3*(a+b*x^(1/3))*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^3/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3a(3a + 4b\sqrt[3]{x}) + 6(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})\sqrt{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^(-3/2), x]
```

output

```
(3*a*(3*a + 4*b*x^(1/3)) + 6*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(2*b^3*
(a + b*x^(1/3))*Sqrt[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{(ab^3 + b^4\sqrt[3]{x}) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{xb^2+ab})^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\
 & \frac{3(ab^3 + b^4\sqrt[3]{x}) \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{b^3(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3(ab^3 + b^4\sqrt[3]{x}) \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & \frac{3(ab^3 + b^4\sqrt[3]{x}) \int \left( \frac{a^2}{b^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} - \frac{2a}{b^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{1}{b^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3(ab^3 + b^4\sqrt[3]{x}) \left( -\frac{a^2}{2b^3(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{2a}{b^3(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{\log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3} \right)}{b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^( -3/2), x]`

output `(3*(a*b^3 + b^4*x^(1/3))*(-1/2*a^2/(b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2) + (2*a)/(b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3)))) + Log[a + b*x^(1/3)]/b^3)/(b^3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3 \left( 2 \ln \left( a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 4 \ln \left( a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) a b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 a^2 \ln \left( a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) + 4 a b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 3 a^2 \right) \left( a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{2 b^3 \left( \left( a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{\left( -2 x^4 \ln \left( b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} - a b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^2 \right) b^{12} + 24 x^2 \ln \left( a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) a^6 b^6 + 12 x^2 \ln \left( b^3 x + a^3 \right) a^6 b^6 - 12 x^2 \ln \left( b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} - a b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^2 \right) a^6 b^6 + 10 \right)}{\dots}$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3/2*(2*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))*b^2*x^(2/3)+4*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))*a*b*x^(1/3)+2*a^2*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))+4*a*b*x^(1/3)+3*a^2)*(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^3/((a+b*x^(1/3))^2)^(3/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3 \left( 6 a^3 b^3 x + 3 a^6 + 2 (b^6 x^2 + 2 a^3 b^3 x + a^6) \log \left( b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right) + (4 a b^5 x + a^6) \right)}{2 (b^9 x^2 + 2 a^3 b^6 x + a^6 b^3)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3/2*(6*a^3*b^3*x + 3*a^6 + 2*(b^6*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^3*x + a^6)*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) + (4*a*b^5*x + a^4*b^2)*x^(2/3) - (5*a^2*b^4*x + 2*a^5*b)*x^(1/3))/(b^9*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^6*x + a^6*b^3)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/3)+b**2*x**(2/3))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3) + b**2*x**(2/3))**(-3/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^3} + \frac{6ax^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^4\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{a}{b}\right)^2} + \frac{9a^2}{2b^5\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{a}{b}\right)^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3*log(x^(1/3) + a/b)/b^3 + 6*a*x^(1/3)/(b^4*(x^(1/3) + a/b)^2) + 9/2*a^2/(b^5*(x^(1/3) + a/b)^2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{b^3 \operatorname{sgn}\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)} + \frac{3\left(4ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{3a^2}{b}\right)}{2\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 b^2 \operatorname{sgn}\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`



output  $3*\log(\text{abs}(b*x^{(1/3)} + a))/(b^3*\text{sgn}(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)) + 3/2*(4*a*x^{(1/3)} + 3*a^2/b)/((b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^2*b^2*\text{sgn}(b*x^{(1/3)} + a))$

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3})^{3/2}} dx$$

input  $\text{int}(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 2*a*b*x^{(1/3)})^{(3/2)}, x)$

output  $\text{int}(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 2*a*b*x^{(1/3)})^{(3/2)}, x)$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3x^{2/3}\log(x^{1/3}b + a)b^2 - 3x^{2/3}b^2 + 6x^{1/3}\log(x^{1/3}b + a)ab + 3\log(x^{1/3}b + a)a^2}{b^3(x^{2/3}b^2 + 2x^{1/3}ab + a^2)}$$

input  $\text{int}(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^{(1/3)}+b^2*x^{(2/3)})^{(3/2)}, x)$

output  $(3*(2*x^{(2/3)}*\log(x^{(1/3)}*b + a)*b**2 - 2*x^{(2/3)}*b**2 + 4*x^{(1/3)}*\log(x^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a*b + 2*\log(x^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a**2 + a**2))/(2*b**3*(x^{(2/3)}*b**2 + 2*x^{(1/3)}*a*b + a**2))$

**3.78** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	609
Mathematica [A] (verified)	609
Rubi [A] (verified)	610
Maple [A] (verified)	612
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	612
Sympy [F]	613
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	613
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	613
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	614
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	614

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3}\right)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{3a^2}{4b^3\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)^3\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3}}} + \frac{2a}{b^3\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)^2\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3}}} - \frac{3}{2b^3\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3}}}$$

output 
$$\frac{-3/4*a^2/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)+2*a/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)-3/2/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(1/2)}$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2+2ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)\left(-a^2-4ab\sqrt[3]{x}-6b^2x^{2/3}\right)}{4b^3\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)^2^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^(5/2), x]`

output

$$\frac{((a + b*x^{(1/3)})*(-a^2 - 4*a*b*x^{(1/3)} - 6*b^2*x^{(2/3)}))/(4*b^3*((a + b*x^{(1/3)})^2)^{(5/2)})}{(1/3))^{(5/2)}}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{(ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[3]{x}) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{xb^2+ab})^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\ & \frac{3(ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[3]{x}) \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{b^5(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{3(ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[3]{x}) \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & \frac{3(ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[3]{x}) \int \left( \frac{a^2}{b^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5} - \frac{2a}{b^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^4} + \frac{1}{b^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3 \left( -\frac{a^2}{4b^3(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^4} + \frac{2a}{3b^3(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} - \frac{1}{2b^3(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} \right) (ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3}}}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x]`

output `(3*(-1/4*a^2/(b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^4) + (2*a)/(3*b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^3) - 1/(2*b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2))*(a*b^5 + b^6*x^(1/3))/(b^5*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3)])`

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 53 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{(6b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}+4abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+a^2)(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{4b^3\left((a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{\left(6x^{\frac{22}{3}}b^{22}+45x^{\frac{20}{3}}a^2b^{20}-36x^{\frac{19}{3}}a^3b^{19}+144x^{\frac{17}{3}}a^5b^{17}-189x^{\frac{16}{3}}a^6b^{16}+126x^{\frac{14}{3}}a^8b^{14}-276x^{\frac{13}{3}}a^9b^{13}-36x^{\frac{11}{3}}a^{11}b^{11}-4b^3\left(b^2\right.\right.}$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/4*(6*b^2*x^(2/3)+4*a*b*x^(1/3)+a^2)*(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^3/((a+b*x^(1/3))^2)^(5/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{20ab^9x^3 - 60a^4b^6x^2 - a^{10} - 9(5a^2b^8x^2 - 4a^5b^5x)x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3(2b^{10}x^3 - 20a^2b^7x^2 + 5a^6b^4x)x^{1/3}}{4(b^{15}x^4 + 4a^3b^{12}x^3 + 6a^6b^9x^2 + 4a^9b^6x + a^{12}b^3)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*(20*a*b^9*x^3 - 60*a^4*b^6*x^2 - a^10 - 9*(5*a^2*b^8*x^2 - 4*a^5*b^5*x)*x^(2/3) - 3*(2*b^10*x^3 - 20*a^3*b^7*x^2 + 5*a^6*b^4*x)*x^(1/3))/(b^15*x^4 + 4*a^3*b^12*x^3 + 6*a^6*b^9*x^2 + 4*a^9*b^6*x + a^12*b^3)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/3)+b**2*x**(2/3))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3) + b**2*x**(2/3))**(-5/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{3}{2b^5\left(x^{1/3} + \frac{a}{b}\right)^2} + \frac{2a}{b^6\left(x^{1/3} + \frac{a}{b}\right)^3} - \frac{3a^2}{4b^7\left(x^{1/3} + \frac{a}{b}\right)^4}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3/2/(b^5*(x^(1/3) + a/b)^2) + 2*a/(b^6*(x^(1/3) + a/b)^3) - 3/4*a^2/(b^7*(x^(1/3) + a/b)^4)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{6b^2x^{2/3} + 4abx^{1/3} + a^2}{4\left(bx^{1/3} + a\right)^4 b^3 \operatorname{sgn}\left(bx^{1/3} + a\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(6*b^2*x^(2/3) + 4*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)/((b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*b^3*sgn(b*x^(1/3) + a))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 23.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3}} (a^2 + 6b^2x^{2/3} + 4abx^{1/3})}{4b^3 (a + bx^{1/3})^5}$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^(5/2),x)`output `-((a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^(1/2)*(a^2 + 6*b^2*x^(2/3) + 4*a*b*x^(1/3)))/(4*b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^5)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-6x^{2/3}b^2 - 4x^{1/3}ab - a^2}{4b^3 (6x^{2/3}a^2b^2 + 4x^{1/3}a^3b + x^{4/3}b^4 + a^4 + 4ab^3x)}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^(5/2),x)`output `( - 6*x**(2/3)*b**2 - 4*x**(1/3)*a*b - a**2)/(4*b**3*(6*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**2 + 4*x**(1/3)*a**3*b + x**(1/3)*b**4*x + a**4 + 4*a*b**3*x))`

### 3.79 $\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p dx$

Optimal result	615
Mathematica [A] (verified)	615
Rubi [A] (verified)	616
Maple [F]	617
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	618
Sympy [F]	618
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	618
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	619
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	619
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	620

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p dx = \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p}{b^3(1 + 2p)} - \frac{3a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p}{b^3(1 + p)} + \frac{3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p}{b^3(3 + 2p)}$$

output

```
3*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/3))*(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^p/b^3/(1+2*p)-3*a*(a+b*x^(1/3))^2*(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^p/b^3/(p+1)+3*(a+b*x^(1/3))^3*(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^p/b^3/(3+2*p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p dx = \frac{3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \left( (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 \right)^p (a^2 - ab(1 + 2p)\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2(1 + 3p + 2p^2)x^{2/3})}{b^3(1 + p)(1 + 2p)(3 + 2p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^p,x]
```



output

$$(3*(a + b*x^(1/3))*((a + b*x^(1/3))^2)^p*(a^2 - a*b*(1 + 2*p)*x^(1/3) + b^2*(1 + 3*p + 2*p^2)*x^(2/3)))/(b^3*(1 + p)*(1 + 2*p)*(3 + 2*p))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {1385, 774, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1385$$

$$\left(\frac{b\sqrt[3]{x}}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p \int \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{xb}}{a} + 1\right)^{2p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 774$$

$$3\left(\frac{b\sqrt[3]{x}}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p \int \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{xb}}{a} + 1\right)^{2p} x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$3\left(\frac{b\sqrt[3]{x}}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p \int \left( \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{xb}}{a} + 1\right)^{2p}}{b^2} - \frac{2a^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{xb}}{a} + 1\right)^{2p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{xb}}{a} + 1\right)^{2p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^3 \left(\frac{b\sqrt[3]{x}}{a} + 1\right)^{2(p+1)}}{b^3(p+1)} + \frac{a^3 \left(\frac{b\sqrt[3]{x}}{a} + 1\right)^{2p+1}}{b^3(2p+1)} + \frac{a^3 \left(\frac{b\sqrt[3]{x}}{a} + 1\right)^{2p+3}}{b^3(2p+3)} \right) \left(\frac{b\sqrt[3]{x}}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3))^p, x]$$

output  $(3*(-((a^3*(1 + (b*x^{(1/3)))/a)^{(2*(1 + p))})/(b^3*(1 + p))) + (a^3*(1 + (b*x^{(1/3)))/a)^{(1 + 2*p)})/(b^3*(1 + 2*p)) + (a^3*(1 + (b*x^{(1/3)))/a)^{(3 + 2*p)})/(b^3*(3 + 2*p)))*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + b^2*x^{(2/3)})^p/(1 + (b*x^{(1/3)})/a)^{(2*p)}$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53  $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7\*m + 4\*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9\*m + 5\*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])

rule 774  $\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x]] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]

rule 1385  $\text{Int}[(u + (a + c*x^n)^p + b*x^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * ((a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^{\text{IntPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[u*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^{\text{IntPart}[p]}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2\*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4\*a\*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[2\*p] && NeQ[u, x^{(n-1)}] && NeQ[u, x^{(2\*n-1)}]

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$  SumQ[u]

### Maple [F]

$$\int \left( a^2 + 2abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)^p dx$$

input  $\text{int}((a^2+2*a*b*x^{(1/3)}+b^2*x^{(2/3)})^p,x)$

output  $\text{int}((a^2+2*a*b*x^{(1/3)}+b^2*x^{(2/3)})^p,x)$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p dx = \frac{3 \left( 2a^2bp^{1/3} - a^3 - (2b^3p^2 + 3b^3p + b^3)x - (2ab^2p^2 + ab^2p)x^{2/3} \right) \left( b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2 \right)^p}{4b^3p^3 + 12b^3p^2 + 11b^3p + 3b^3}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-3*(2*a^2*b*p*x^(1/3) - a^3 - (2*b^3*p^2 + 3*b^3*p + b^3)*x - (2*a*b^2*p^2 + a*b^2*p)*x^(2/3))*(b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)^p/(4*b^3*p^3 + 12*b^3*p^2 + 11*b^3*p + 3*b^3)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p dx = \int \left( a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/3)+b**2*x**(2/3))**p,x)`output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/3) + b**2*x**(2/3))**p, x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p dx = \frac{3 \left( (2p^2 + 3p + 1)b^3x + (2p^2 + p)ab^2x^{2/3} - 2a^2bp^{1/3} + a^3 \right) \left( bx^{1/3} + a \right)^{2p}}{(4p^3 + 12p^2 + 11p + 3)b^3}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $3*((2*p^2 + 3*p + 1)*b^3*x + (2*p^2 + p)*a*b^2*x^(2/3) - 2*a^2*b*p*x^(1/3) + a^3)*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^(2*p)/((4*p^3 + 12*p^2 + 11*p + 3)*b^3)$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p dx = \frac{3 \left( 2 \left( b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2 \right)^p b^3 p^2 x + 2 \left( b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2 \right)^p ab^2 p^2 x^{2/3} + 3 \left( b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3} + a^2 \right)^p a^3 \right)}{(4p^3 + 12p^2 + 11p + 3)b^3}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $3*(2*(b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)^p*b^3*p^2*x + 2*(b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)^p*a*b^2*p^2*x^(2/3) + 3*(b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)^p*b^3*p*x + (b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)^p*a*b^2*p*x^(2/3) - 2*(b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)^p*a^2*b*p*x^(1/3) + (b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)^p*b^3*x + (b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)^p*a^3)/(4*b^3*p^3 + 12*b^3*p^2 + 11*b^3*p + 3*b^3)$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p dx = (a^2 + b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3})^p \left( \frac{3x(2p^2 + 3p + 1)}{4p^3 + 12p^2 + 11p + 3} + \frac{3a^3}{b^3(4p^3 + 12p^2 + 11p + 3)} - \frac{b^2}{4p^3} \right)$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^p,x)`

output

```
(a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3))^p*((3*x*(3*p + 2*p^2 + 1))/(11*p + 12*
p^2 + 4*p^3 + 3) + (3*a^3)/(b^3*(11*p + 12*p^2 + 4*p^3 + 3)) - (6*a^2*p*x^
(1/3))/(b^2*(11*p + 12*p^2 + 4*p^3 + 3)) + (3*a*p*x^(2/3)*(2*p + 1))/(b*(1
1*p + 12*p^2 + 4*p^3 + 3)))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + b^2x^{2/3})^p dx = \frac{3\left(x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2 + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab + a^2\right)^p \left(2x^{\frac{2}{3}}ab^2p^2 + x^{\frac{2}{3}}ab^2p - 2x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^2bp + a^3 + 2b^3p^2x + 3b^3px + b^3x\right)}{b^3(4p^3 + 12p^2 + 11p + 3)}$$

input

```
int((a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2*x^(2/3))^p,x)
```

output

```
(3*(x**(2/3)*b**2 + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b + a**2)**p*(2*x**(2/3)*a*b**2*p**2 + x*
*(2/3)*a*b**2*p - 2*x**(1/3)*a**2*b*p + a**3 + 2*b**3*p**2*x + 3*b**3*p*x
+ b**3*x))/(b**3*(4*p**3 + 12*p**2 + 11*p + 3))
```

**3.80** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2+2ab\sqrt[4]{x}+b^2\sqrt{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	621
Mathematica [A] (verified)	622
Rubi [A] (verified)	622
Maple [A] (verified)	624
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	624
Sympy [F]	625
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	625
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	626
Mupad [F(-1)]	626
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	627

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2+2ab\sqrt[4]{x}+b^2\sqrt{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{12a^2}{b^4\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[4]{x}+b^2\sqrt{x}}} + \frac{2a^3}{b^4(a+b\sqrt[4]{x})\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[4]{x}+b^2\sqrt{x}}} + \frac{4(a+b\sqrt[4]{x})\sqrt[4]{x}}{b^3\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[4]{x}+b^2\sqrt{x}}} - \frac{12a(a+b\sqrt[4]{x})\log(a+b\sqrt[4]{x})}{b^4\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[4]{x}+b^2\sqrt{x}}}$$

output

```
-12*a^2/b^4/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/4)+b^2*x^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*a^3/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/4))/
(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/4)+b^2*x^(1/2))^(1/2)+4*(a+b*x^(1/4))*x^(1/4)/b^3/(a^2+2*a
*b*x^(1/4)+b^2*x^(1/2))^(1/2)-12*a*(a+b*x^(1/4))*ln(a+b*x^(1/4))/b^4/(a^2+
2*a*b*x^(1/4)+b^2*x^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[4]{x} + b^2\sqrt{x})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(-5a^3 - 4a^2b\sqrt[4]{x} + 4ab^2\sqrt{x} + 2b^3x^{3/4} - 6a(a + b\sqrt[4]{x})^2 \log(a + b\sqrt[4]{x}))}{b^4(a + b\sqrt[4]{x})\sqrt{(a + b\sqrt[4]{x})^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/4) + b^2*Sqrt[x])^(-3/2), x]`

output `(2*(-5*a^3 - 4*a^2*b*x^(1/4) + 4*a*b^2*Sqrt[x] + 2*b^3*x^(3/4) - 6*a*(a + b*x^(1/4))^2*Log[a + b*x^(1/4)]))/(b^4*(a + b*x^(1/4))*Sqrt[(a + b*x^(1/4))^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[4]{x} + b^2\sqrt{x})^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{(ab^3 + b^4\sqrt[4]{x}) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[4]{x}b^2 + ab)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[4]{x} + b^2\sqrt{x}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & \frac{4(ab^3 + b^4\sqrt[4]{x}) \int \frac{x^{3/4}}{b^3(a + b\sqrt[4]{x})^3} d\sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[4]{x} + b^2\sqrt{x}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4(ab^3 + b^4\sqrt[4]{x}) \int \frac{x^{3/4}}{(a+b\sqrt[4]{x})^3} d\sqrt[4]{x}}{b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[4]{x}} + b^2\sqrt{x}}$$

↓ 49

$$\frac{4(ab^3 + b^4\sqrt[4]{x}) \int \left( -\frac{a^3}{b^3(a+b\sqrt[4]{x})^3} + \frac{3a^2}{b^3(a+b\sqrt[4]{x})^2} - \frac{3a}{b^3(a+b\sqrt[4]{x})} + \frac{1}{b^3} \right) d\sqrt[4]{x}}{b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[4]{x}} + b^2\sqrt{x}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4(ab^3 + b^4\sqrt[4]{x}) \left( \frac{a^3}{2b^4(a+b\sqrt[4]{x})^2} - \frac{3a^2}{b^4(a+b\sqrt[4]{x})} - \frac{3a \log(a+b\sqrt[4]{x})}{b^4} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{x}}{b^3} \right)}{b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[4]{x}} + b^2\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/4) + b^2*Sqrt[x])^(-3/2), x]`

output `(4*(a*b^3 + b^4*x^(1/4))*(a^3/(2*b^4*(a + b*x^(1/4))^2) - (3*a^2)/(b^4*(a + b*x^(1/4)))) + x^(1/4)/b^3 - (3*a*Log[a + b*x^(1/4)]/b^4))/(b^3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/4) + b^2*Sqrt[x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`



rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2(6 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{4}})ab^2\sqrt{x}-2b^3x^{\frac{3}{4}}+12 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{4}})a^2bx^{\frac{1}{4}}-4ab^2\sqrt{x}+6 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{4}})a^3+4a^2bx^{\frac{1}{4}}+5a^3)(a+bx^{\frac{1}{4}})}{b^4\left((a+bx^{\frac{1}{4}})^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/4)+b^2*x^(1/2))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2*(6*ln(a+b*x^(1/4))*a*b^2*x^(1/2)-2*b^3*x^(3/4)+12*ln(a+b*x^(1/4))*a^2*b
*x^(1/4)-4*a*b^2*x^(1/2)+6*ln(a+b*x^(1/4))*a^3+4*a^2*b*x^(1/4)+5*a^3)*(a+b
*x^(1/4))/b^4/((a+b*x^(1/4))^2)^(3/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[4]{x} + b^2\sqrt{x})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 9a^5b^4x - 5a^9 - 6(ab^8x^2 - 2a^5b^4x + a^9) \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{4}} + a\right) - 2(3a^2b^7x - b^{12}x^2 - 2a^4b^8) \right)}{b^{12}x^2 - 2a^4b^8}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/4)+b^2*x^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2*(9*a^5*b^4*x - 5*a^9 - 6*(a*b^8*x^2 - 2*a^5*b^4*x + a^9)*log(b*x^(1/4) +
a) - 2*(3*a^2*b^7*x - a^6*b^3)*x^(3/4) + (7*a^3*b^6*x - 3*a^7*b^2)*sqrt(x)
) + 2*(b^9*x^2 - 6*a^4*b^5*x + 3*a^8*b)*x^(1/4))/(b^12*x^2 - 2*a^4*b^8*x +
a^8*b^4)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[4]{x} + b^2\sqrt{x})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[4]{x} + b^2\sqrt{x})^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/4)+b**2*x**(1/2))**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/4) + b**2*sqrt(x))**(-3/2), x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[4]{x} + b^2\sqrt{x})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b^2\sqrt{x} + 2abx^{1/4} + a^2b^2}} - \frac{12a \log\left(x^{1/4} + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{8a^2}{\sqrt{b^2\sqrt{x} + 2abx^{1/4} + a^2b^4}} - \frac{24a^2x^{1/4}}{b^5\left(x^{1/4} + \frac{a}{b}\right)^2} - \frac{22a^3}{b^6\left(x^{1/4} + \frac{a}{b}\right)^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/4)+b^2*x^(1/2))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
4*sqrt(x)/(sqrt(b^2*sqrt(x) + 2*a*b*x^(1/4) + a^2)*b^2) - 12*a*log(x^(1/4)
+ a/b)/b^4 + 8*a^2/(sqrt(b^2*sqrt(x) + 2*a*b*x^(1/4) + a^2)*b^4) - 24*a^2
*x^(1/4)/(b^5*(x^(1/4) + a/b)^2) - 22*a^3/(b^6*(x^(1/4) + a/b)^2)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[4]{x} + b^2\sqrt{x})^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{12a \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{4}} + a\right|\right)}{b^4 \operatorname{sgn}\left(bx^{\frac{1}{4}} + a\right)} + \frac{4x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{b^3 \operatorname{sgn}\left(bx^{\frac{1}{4}} + a\right)} - \frac{2\left(6a^2bx^{\frac{1}{4}} + 5a^3\right)}{\left(bx^{\frac{1}{4}} + a\right)^2 b^4 \operatorname{sgn}\left(bx^{\frac{1}{4}} + a\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/4)+b^2*x^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-12*a*log(abs(b*x^(1/4) + a))/(b^4*sgn(b*x^(1/4) + a)) + 4*x^(1/4)/(b^3*sgn(b*x^(1/4) + a)) - 2*(6*a^2*b*x^(1/4) + 5*a^3)/((b*x^(1/4) + a)^2*b^4*sgn(b*x^(1/4) + a))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[4]{x} + b^2\sqrt{x})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + b^2\sqrt{x} + 2abx^{1/4})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^(1/2) + 2*a*b*x^(1/4))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^(1/2) + 2*a*b*x^(1/4))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[4]{x} + b^2\sqrt{x})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4x^{3/4}b^3 - 24x^{1/4}\log(x^{1/4}b + a)a^2b - 12\sqrt{x}\log(x^{1/4}b + a)ab^2 + 12\sqrt{x}ab^2 - b^4(2x^{1/4}ab + \sqrt{x}b^2 + a^2)}{b^4(2x^{1/4}ab + \sqrt{x}b^2 + a^2)}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/4)+b^2*x^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(2*x**(3/4)*b**3 - 12*x**(1/4)*log(x**(1/4)*b + a)*a**2*b - 6*sqrt(x)*log(x**(1/4)*b + a)*a*b**2 + 6*sqrt(x)*a*b**2 - 6*log(x**(1/4)*b + a)*a**3 - 3*a**3))/(b**4*(2*x**(1/4)*a*b + sqrt(x)*b**2 + a**2))`

**3.81** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2+2ab\sqrt[6]{x}+b^2\sqrt[3]{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	628
Mathematica [A] (verified)	629
Rubi [A] (verified)	629
Maple [A] (verified)	631
Fricas [F(-1)]	631
Sympy [F(-1)]	632
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	632
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	633
Mupad [F(-1)]	633
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	634

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 268

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2+2ab\sqrt[6]{x}+b^2\sqrt[3]{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{60a^2}{b^6\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[6]{x}+b^2\sqrt[3]{x}}} + \frac{3a^5}{2b^6\left(a+b\sqrt[6]{x}\right)^3\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[6]{x}+b^2\sqrt[3]{x}}} - \frac{10a^4}{b^6\left(a+b\sqrt[6]{x}\right)^2\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[6]{x}+b^2\sqrt[3]{x}}} + \frac{30a^3}{b^6\left(a+b\sqrt[6]{x}\right)\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[6]{x}+b^2\sqrt[3]{x}}} + \frac{6\left(a+b\sqrt[6]{x}\right)\sqrt[6]{x}}{b^5\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[6]{x}+b^2\sqrt[3]{x}}} - \frac{30a\left(a+b\sqrt[6]{x}\right)\log\left(a+b\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{b^6\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[6]{x}+b^2\sqrt[3]{x}}}$$

output

```
-60*a^2/b^6/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/6)+b^2*x^(1/3))^(1/2)+3/2*a^5/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/6))
^3/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/6)+b^2*x^(1/3))^(1/2)-10*a^4/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/6))^2/(a^2+
2*a*b*x^(1/6)+b^2*x^(1/3))^(1/2)+30*a^3/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/6))/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/
6)+b^2*x^(1/3))^(1/2)+6*(a+b*x^(1/6))*x^(1/6)/b^5/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/6)+b^2*x
^(1/3))^(1/2)-30*a*(a+b*x^(1/6))*ln(a+b*x^(1/6))/b^6/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/6)+b^
2*x^(1/3))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[6]{x} + b^2\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-77a^5 - 248a^4b\sqrt[6]{x} - 252a^3b^2\sqrt[3]{x} - 48a^2b^3\sqrt{x} + 48ab^4x^{2/3} + 12b^5x^{5/6}}{2b^6(a + b\sqrt[6]{x})^3\sqrt{(a + b\sqrt[6]{x})^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/6) + b^2*x^(1/3))^(5/2), x]`

output `(-77*a^5 - 248*a^4*b*x^(1/6) - 252*a^3*b^2*x^(1/3) - 48*a^2*b^3*Sqrt[x] + 48*a*b^4*x^(2/3) + 12*b^5*x^(5/6) - 60*a*(a + b*x^(1/6))^4*Log[a + b*x^(1/6)])/ (2*b^6*(a + b*x^(1/6))^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x^(1/6))^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[6]{x} + b^2\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{(ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[6]{x}) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[6]{x}b^2 + ab)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[6]{x} + b^2\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & \frac{6(ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[6]{x}) \int \frac{x^{5/6}}{b^5(a + b\sqrt[6]{x})^5} d\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[6]{x} + b^2\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{6(ab^5 + b^6 \sqrt[6]{x}) \int \frac{x^{5/6}}{(a+b\sqrt[6]{x})^5} d\sqrt[6]{x}}{b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[6]{x}} + b^2 \sqrt[3]{x}}$$

↓ 49

$$\frac{6(ab^5 + b^6 \sqrt[6]{x}) \int \left( -\frac{a^5}{b^5 (a+b\sqrt[6]{x})^5} + \frac{5a^4}{b^5 (a+b\sqrt[6]{x})^4} - \frac{10a^3}{b^5 (a+b\sqrt[6]{x})^3} + \frac{10a^2}{b^5 (a+b\sqrt[6]{x})^2} - \frac{5a}{b^5 (a+b\sqrt[6]{x})} + \frac{1}{b^5} \right) d\sqrt[6]{x}}{b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[6]{x}} + b^2 \sqrt[3]{x}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{6(ab^5 + b^6 \sqrt[6]{x}) \left( \frac{a^5}{4b^6 (a+b\sqrt[6]{x})^4} - \frac{5a^4}{3b^6 (a+b\sqrt[6]{x})^3} + \frac{5a^3}{b^6 (a+b\sqrt[6]{x})^2} - \frac{10a^2}{b^6 (a+b\sqrt[6]{x})} - \frac{5a \log(a+b\sqrt[6]{x})}{b^6} + \frac{\sqrt[6]{x}}{b^5} \right)}{b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[6]{x}} + b^2 \sqrt[3]{x}}$$

input

```
Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/6) + b^2*x^(1/3))^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(6*(a*b^5 + b^6*x^(1/6))*(a^5/(4*b^6*(a + b*x^(1/6))^4) - (5*a^4)/(3*b^6*(a + b*x^(1/6))^3) + (5*a^3)/(b^6*(a + b*x^(1/6))^2) - (10*a^2)/(b^6*(a + b*x^(1/6)))) + x^(1/6)/b^5 - (5*a*Log[a + b*x^(1/6)]/b^6))/(b^5*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/6) + b^2*x^(1/3)])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 774

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]
```

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^ (p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{(60 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{6}})ab^4x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 12b^5x^{\frac{5}{6}} + 240 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{6}})a^2b^3\sqrt{x} - 48ab^4x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 360 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{6}})a^3b^2x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 48a^2b^3\sqrt{x} + 240 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{6}})a^4b^2x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 240 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{6}})a^5) \cdot (a+bx^{\frac{1}{6}})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2b^6 \left( (a+bx^{\frac{1}{6}})^2 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/6)+b^2*x^(1/3))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*(60*ln(a+b*x^(1/6))*a*b^4*x^(2/3)-12*b^5*x^(5/6)+240*ln(a+b*x^(1/6))*
a^2*b^3*x^(1/2)-48*a*b^4*x^(2/3)+360*ln(a+b*x^(1/6))*a^3*b^2*x^(1/3)+48*a^
2*b^3*x^(1/2)+240*ln(a+b*x^(1/6))*a^4*b*x^(1/6)+252*a^3*b^2*x^(1/3)+60*ln(
a+b*x^(1/6))*a^5+248*a^4*b*x^(1/6)+77*a^5)*(a+b*x^(1/6))/b^6/((a+b*x^(1/6)
)^2)^(5/2)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[6]{x} + b^2\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/6)+b^2*x^(1/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output Timed out

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[6]{x} + b^2\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/6)+b**2*x**(1/3))**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[6]{x} + b^2\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{12b^5x^{5/6} + 48ab^4x^{2/3} - 48a^2b^3\sqrt{x} - 252a^3b^2x^{1/3} - 248a^4bx^{1/6} - 77a^5}{2(b^{10}x^{2/3} + 4ab^9\sqrt{x} + 6a^2b^8x^{1/3} + 4a^3b^7x^{1/6} + a^4b^6)} - \frac{30a \log(bx^{1/6} + a)}{b^6}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/6)+b^2*x^(1/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(12*b^5*x^(5/6) + 48*a*b^4*x^(2/3) - 48*a^2*b^3*sqrt(x) - 252*a^3*b^2*x^(1/3) - 248*a^4*b*x^(1/6) - 77*a^5)/(b^10*x^(2/3) + 4*a*b^9*sqrt(x) + 6*a^2*b^8*x^(1/3) + 4*a^3*b^7*x^(1/6) + a^4*b^6) - 30*a*log(b*x^(1/6) + a)/b^6`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[6]{x} + b^2\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{30 a \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{6}} + a\right|\right)}{b^6 \operatorname{sgn}\left(bx^{\frac{1}{6}} + a\right)} + \frac{6x^{\frac{1}{6}}}{b^5 \operatorname{sgn}\left(bx^{\frac{1}{6}} + a\right)} - \frac{120 a^2 b^3 \sqrt{x} + 300 a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 260 a^4 b x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 77 a^5}{2\left(bx^{\frac{1}{6}} + a\right)^4 b^6 \operatorname{sgn}\left(bx^{\frac{1}{6}} + a\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/6)+b^2*x^(1/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-30*a*log(abs(b*x^(1/6) + a))/(b^6*sgn(b*x^(1/6) + a)) + 6*x^(1/6)/(b^5*sgn(b*x^(1/6) + a)) - 1/2*(120*a^2*b^3*sqrt(x) + 300*a^3*b^2*x^(1/3) + 260*a^4*b*x^(1/6) + 77*a^5)/((b*x^(1/6) + a)^4*b^6*sgn(b*x^(1/6) + a))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[6]{x} + b^2\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + b^2 x^{1/3} + 2 a b x^{1/6})^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^(1/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/6))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^(1/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/6))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[6]{x} + b^2\sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{12x^{5/6}b^5 - 240x^{1/6}\log(x^{1/6}b + a)a^4b - 200x^{1/6}a^4b - 60x^{2/3}\log(x^{1/6}b + a)ab^4}{2b^6}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/6)+b^2*x^(1/3))^(5/2),x)`output `(12*x**(5/6)*b**5 - 240*x**(1/6)*log(x**(1/6)*b + a)*a**4*b - 200*x**(1/6)*a**4*b - 60*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/6)*b + a)*a*b**4 + 60*x**(2/3)*a*b**4 - 360*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/6)*b + a)*a**3*b**2 - 180*x**(1/3)*a**3*b**2 - 240*sqrt(x)*log(x**(1/6)*b + a)*a**2*b**3 - 60*log(x**(1/6)*b + a)*a**5 - 65*a**5)/(2*b**6*(4*x**(1/6)*a**3*b + x**(2/3)*b**4 + 6*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**2 + 4*sqrt(x)*a*b**3 + a**4))`

**3.82**  $\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	635
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	636
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	636
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Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . .	639
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	640
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	640
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	641

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{2b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}}}}{\left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \sqrt{x}} + \frac{6a^2 b \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}}} \sqrt{x}}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{x}}} + \frac{a^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}}} x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{x}}} + \frac{3ab^2 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}}} \log(x)}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{x}}}$$

output

```
-2*b^3*(a^2+b^2/x+2*a*b/x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b/x^(1/2))/x^(1/2)+6*a^2*b*(a^2+b^2/x+2*a*b/x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(a+b/x^(1/2))+a^3*(a^2+b^2/x+2*a*b/x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x/(a+b/x^(1/2))+3*a*b^2*(a^2+b^2/x+2*a*b/x^(1/2))^(1/2)*ln(x)/(a+b/x^(1/2))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{(b+a\sqrt{x})^2}{x}} (-2b^3 + 6a^2bx + a^3x^{3/2} + 3ab^2\sqrt{x}\log(x))}{b + a\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + b^2/x + (2*a*b)/Sqrt[x])^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[(b + a*Sqrt[x])^2/x]*(-2*b^3 + 6*a^2*b*x + a^3*x^(3/2) + 3*a*b^2*Sqrt[x]*Log[x]))/(b + a*Sqrt[x])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 795, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \left( a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x} \right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x}} \int \left( \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + ab \right)^3 dx}{ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt{x}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x}} \int b^3 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^3 \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x}}{ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt{x}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x}} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^3 \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x}}{ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
& \frac{2b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x}} \int \frac{(\sqrt{x}a+b)^3}{x} d\sqrt{x}}{ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
& \frac{2b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x}} \int \left(\sqrt{x}a^3 + 3ba^2 + \frac{3b^2a}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^3}{x}\right) d\sqrt{x}}{ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x}} \left(\frac{a^3x}{2} + 3a^2b\sqrt{x} + 3ab^2 \log(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{b^3}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}{ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt{x}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + b^2/x + (2*a*b)/Sqrt[x])^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*b^3*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2/x + (2*a*b)/Sqrt[x]]*(-(b^3/Sqrt[x]) + 3*a^2*b*Sqrt[x] + (a^3*x)/2 + 3*a*b^2*Log[Sqrt[x]]))/(a*b^3 + b^4/Sqrt[x])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 795  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m + n*p)}*(b + a/x^{(n)})^p, x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]

rule 1384  $\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^{(n)} + c*x^{(2*n)})^{(p)} / (c^{(p)} * (b/2 + c*x^{(n)})^{(2*p)})] \text{Int}[u*(b/2 + c*x^{(n)})^{(2*p)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2\*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4\*a\*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^{(n - 1)}] && NeQ[u, x^{(2\*n - 1)}] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^{(-2\*n - 1)}])

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$  SumQ[u]

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{x a^2 + b^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x}}{x}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x \left(a^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3b^2 a \ln(x) \sqrt{x} + 6b a^2 x - 2b^3\right)}{(\sqrt{x} a + b)^3}$	65
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{a^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + b^2 \sqrt{x} + 2abx}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(x^{\frac{5}{2}} a^3 + 3 \ln(x) x^{\frac{3}{2}} a b^2 + 6a^2 b x^2 - 2b^3 x\right)}{(\sqrt{x} a + b)^3}$	71

input  $\text{int}((a^2 + b^2/x + 2*a*b/x^{(1/2)})^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method} = \_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $((x*a^2 + b^2 + 2*a*b*x^{(1/2)})/x)^{(3/2)} * x * (a^3*x^{(3/2)} + 3*b^2*a*\ln(x)*x^{(1/2)} + 6*b*a^2*x - 2*b^3)/(x^{(1/2)}*a + b)^3$

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x+2*a*b/x^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left( a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a**2+b**2/x+2*a*b/x**(1/2))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b/sqrt(x) + b**2/x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left( a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x+2*a*b/x^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^3*x + 3*a*b^2*integrate(1/x, x) + 6*a^2*b*sqrt(x) - 2*b^3/sqrt(x)`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = a^3 x \operatorname{sgn}(ax + b\sqrt{x}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) \\ + 3ab^2 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(ax + b\sqrt{x}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) \\ + 6a^2 b \sqrt{x} \operatorname{sgn}(ax + b\sqrt{x}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) - \frac{2b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(ax + b\sqrt{x}) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x+2*a*b/x^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a^3*x*sgn(a*x + b*sqrt(x))*sgn(x) + 3*a*b^2*log(abs(x))*sgn(a*x + b*sqrt(x))  
)*sgn(x) + 6*a^2*b*sqrt(x)*sgn(a*x + b*sqrt(x))*sgn(x) - 2*b^3*sgn(a*x +  
b*sqrt(x))*sgn(x)/sqrt(x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2/x + (2*a*b)/x^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2/x + (2*a*b)/x^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) a b^2 + \sqrt{x} a^3 x + 6a^2 b x - 2b^3}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((a^2+b^2/x+2*a*b/x^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `(6*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*a*b**2 + sqrt(x)*a**3*x + 6*a**2*b*x - 2*b**3)/sqrt(x)`

$$3.83 \quad \int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx$$

Optimal result	642
Mathematica [A] (verified)	643
Rubi [A] (verified)	643
Maple [A] (verified)	646
Fricas [F(-1)]	646
Sympy [F]	647
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	647
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	648
Mupad [F(-1)]	648
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	649

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 387

$$\begin{aligned} \int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx = & -\frac{3b^7 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}}{4 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^{4/3}} - \frac{7ab^6 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}}{\left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x} \\ & - \frac{63a^2b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}}{2 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^{2/3}} - \frac{105a^3b^4 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}}{\left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) \sqrt[3]{x}} \\ & + \frac{63a^5b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \sqrt[3]{x}}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} + \frac{21a^6b \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} x^{2/3}}{2 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)} \\ & + \frac{a^7 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} + \frac{35a^4b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \log(x)}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -3/4*b^7*(a^2+b^2/x^{(2/3)}+2*a*b/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)/(a+b/x^{(1/3)})/x^{(4/3)}-7*a*b \\
& ^6*(a^2+b^2/x^{(2/3)}+2*a*b/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)/(a+b/x^{(1/3)})/x-63/2*a^2*b^5*(a^2 \\
& +b^2/x^{(2/3)}+2*a*b/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)/(a+b/x^{(1/3)})/x^{(2/3)}-105*a^3*b^4*(a^2+b \\
& ^2/x^{(2/3)}+2*a*b/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)/(a+b/x^{(1/3)})/x^{(1/3)}+63*a^5*b^2*(a^2+b^2/ \\
& x^{(2/3)}+2*a*b/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)*x^{(1/3)/(a+b/x^{(1/3)})}+21*a^6*b*(a^2+b^2/x^{(2/ \\
& 3)}+2*a*b/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)*x^{(2/3)/(2*a+2*b/x^{(1/3)})}+a^7*(a^2+b^2/x^{(2/3)}+2*a \\
& *b/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)*x/(a+b/x^{(1/3)})}+35*a^4*b^3*(a^2+b^2/x^{(2/3)}+2*a*b/x^{(1/3 \\
& ))^{(1/2)*\ln(x)/(a+b/x^{(1/3)})}
\end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{(b+a\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^{2/3}}} (-3b^7 - 28ab^6\sqrt[3]{x} - 126a^2b^5x^{2/3} - 420a^3b^4x + 252a^5b^2x^{5/3} + 42a^6bx^2 + 4a^7x^3)}{4(b+a\sqrt[3]{x})x}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a^2 + b^2/x^{(2/3)} + (2*a*b)/x^{(1/3)})^{(7/2)}, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*x^{(1/3)})^2/x^{(2/3)}]*(-3*b^7 - 28*a*b^6*x^{(1/3)} - 126*a^2*b^5* \\
& x^{(2/3)} - 420*a^3*b^4*x + 252*a^5*b^2*x^{(5/3)} + 42*a^6*b*x^2 + 4*a^7*x^{(7/ \\
& 3)} + 140*a^4*b^3*x^{(4/3)}*\text{Log}[x]))/(4*(b + a*x^{(1/3)})*x)
\end{aligned}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 795, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \left( a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} \right)^{7/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 1384 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int \left( \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + ab \right)^7 dx}{ab^7 + \frac{b^8}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 774 \\
& \frac{3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int b^7 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^7 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^7 + \frac{b^8}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{3b^7 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^7 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^7 + \frac{b^8}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 795 \\
& \frac{3b^7 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x}a+b)^7}{x^{5/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^7 + \frac{b^8}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 49 \\
& \frac{3b^7 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int \left( x^{2/3}a^7 + 7b\sqrt[3]{x}a^6 + 21b^2a^5 + \frac{35b^3a^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{35b^4a^3}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{21b^5a^2}{x} + \frac{7b^6a}{x^{4/3}} + \frac{b^7}{x^{5/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^7 + \frac{b^8}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{3b^7 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \left( \frac{a^7x}{3} + \frac{7}{2}a^6bx^{2/3} + 21a^5b^2\sqrt[3]{x} + 35a^4b^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) - \frac{35a^3b^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{21a^2b^5}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{7ab^6}{3x} - \frac{b^7}{4x^{4/3}} \right)}{ab^7 + \frac{b^8}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(7/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(3b^7\sqrt{a^2 + b^2/x^{2/3}} + (2ab)/x^{1/3})*(-1/4b^7/x^{4/3} - (7ab^6)/(3x) - (21a^2b^5)/(2x^{2/3}) - (35a^3b^4)/x^{1/3} + 21a^5b^2x^{1/3} + (7a^6bx^{2/3})/2 + (a^7x)/3 + 35a^4b^3\text{Log}[x^{1/3}])}{(ab^7 + b^8/x^{1/3})}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 49

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$$

rule 774

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{1/k}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$$

rule 795

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m+n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[n]$$

rule 1384

$$\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{2*n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{2*\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{2*p}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n-1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n-1)}])$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} x \left(4a^7x^{\frac{7}{3}}+42a^6bx^2+140a^4b^3 \ln(x)x^{\frac{4}{3}}+252a^5b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}-420a^3b^4x-126a^2b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}-28ab^6x^{\frac{1}{3}}-3b^7\right)}{4\left(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^7}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left(42a^6bx^3+252x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^5b^2+140a^4b^3 \ln(x)x^{\frac{7}{3}}+4x^{\frac{10}{3}}a^7-28ab^6x^{\frac{4}{3}}-420a^3b^4x^2-126a^2b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}-3b^7\right)}{4\left(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^7}$

input `int((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( \frac{x^{2/3} \cdot a^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x^{1/3} + b^2}{x^{2/3}} \right)^{7/2} \cdot x \cdot \left( 4 \cdot a^7 \cdot x^{7/3} + 42 \cdot a^6 \cdot b \cdot x^2 + 140 \cdot a^4 \cdot b^3 \cdot \ln(x) \cdot x^{4/3} + 252 \cdot a^5 \cdot b^2 \cdot x^{5/3} - 420 \cdot a^3 \cdot b^4 \cdot x - 126 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^5 \cdot x^{2/3} - 28 \cdot a \cdot b^6 \cdot x^{1/3} - 3 \cdot b^7 \right) / \left( b + a \cdot x^{1/3} \right)^7$$

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx = \int \left( a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} \right)^{7/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a**2+b**2/x**(2/3)+2*a*b/x**(1/3))**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b/x**(1/3) + b**2/x**(2/3))**(7/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx = 35 a^4 b^3 \log(x) + \frac{4 a^7 x^{7/3} + 42 a^6 b x^2 + 252 a^5 b^2 x^{5/3} - 420 a^3 b^4 x - 126 a^2 b^5 x^{2/3} - 28 a b^6 x^{1/3} - 3 b^7}{4 x^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `35*a^4*b^3*log(x) + 1/4*(4*a^7*x^(7/3) + 42*a^6*b*x^2 + 252*a^5*b^2*x^(5/3) - 420*a^3*b^4*x - 126*a^2*b^5*x^(2/3) - 28*a*b^6*x^(1/3) - 3*b^7)/x^(4/3)`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx = \frac{a^7 x \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{2/3}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 35 a^4 b^3 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{2/3}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{21}{2} a^6 b x^{2/3} \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{2/3}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 63 a^5 b^2 x^{1/3} \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{2/3}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 420 a^3 b^4 x \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{2/3}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 126 a^2 b^5 x^{2/3} \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{2/3}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 28 a b^6 x^{1/3} \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{2/3}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 3 b^7 \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{2/3}) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{4 x^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(7/2),x,algorithm="giac")`

output `a^7*x*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) + 35*a^4*b^3*log(abs(x))*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) + 21/2*a^6*b*x^(2/3)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) + 63*a^5*b^2*x^(1/3)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) - 1/4*(420*a^3*b^4*x*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) + 126*a^2*b^5*x^(2/3)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) + 28*a*b^6*x^(1/3)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) + 3*b^7*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x))/x^(4/3)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx = \int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{x^{1/3}} \right)^{7/2} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(7/2),x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(7/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx = \frac{252x^{5/3}a^5b^2 - 126x^{2/3}a^2b^5 + 420x^{4/3}\log\left(x^{1/3}\right)a^4b^3 + 4x^{7/3}a^7 - 28x^{1/3}ab^6 + 42a^6bx^2 - 420a^3b^4x}{4x^{4/3}}$$

input `int((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(7/2),x)`output `(252*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**2*x - 126*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**5 + 420*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3))*a**4*b**3*x + 4*x**(1/3)*a**7*x**2 - 28*x**(1/3)*a*b**6 + 42*a**6*b*x**2 - 420*a**3*b**4*x - 3*b**7)/(4*x**(1/3)*x)`

**3.84**  $\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	650
Mathematica [A] (verified)	651
Rubi [A] (verified)	651
Maple [A] (verified)	654
Fricas [F(-1)]	654
Sympy [F]	655
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	655
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	655
Mupad [F(-1)]	656
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	656

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{3b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}}{2 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^{2/3}} - \frac{15ab^4 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}}{\left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) \sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$+ \frac{30a^3b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \sqrt[3]{x}}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} + \frac{15a^4b \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} x^{2/3}}{2 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} + \frac{10a^2b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \log(x)}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}$$

output

```
-3/2*b^5*(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^(2/3)-15*a*
b^4*(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^(1/3)+30*a^3*b^2
*(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)*x^(1/3)/(a+b/x^(1/3))+15*a^4*b*(a^2
+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)*x^(2/3)/(2*a+2*b/x^(1/3))+a^5*(a^2+b^2/x
^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)*x/(a+b/x^(1/3))+10*a^2*b^3*(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*
a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)*ln(x)/(a+b/x^(1/3))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = \frac{(b + a\sqrt[3]{x}) (-3b^5 - 30ab^4\sqrt[3]{x} + 60a^3b^2x + 15a^4bx^{4/3} + 2a^5x^{5/3} + 20a^2b^3x^{2/3} \log(x))}{2\sqrt{\frac{(b+a\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^{2/3}}x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
((b + a*x^(1/3))*(-3*b^5 - 30*a*b^4*x^(1/3) + 60*a^3*b^2*x + 15*a^4*b*x^(4/3) + 2*a^5*x^(5/3) + 20*a^2*b^3*x^(2/3)*Log[x]))/(2*sqrt[(b + a*x^(1/3))^2/x^(2/3)]*x)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 795, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

↓ 1384

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int \left( \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + ab \right)^5 dx}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}$$

↓ 774

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int b^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^5 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{3b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^5 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 795 \\
& \frac{3b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x}a+b)^5}{x} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 49 \\
& \frac{3b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int \left(x^{2/3}a^5 + 5b\sqrt[3]{x}a^4 + 10b^2a^3 + \frac{10b^3a^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{5b^4a}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{b^5}{x}\right) d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{3b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \left(\frac{a^5x}{3} + \frac{5}{2}a^4bx^{2/3} + 10a^3b^2\sqrt[3]{x} + 10a^2b^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) - \frac{5ab^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{b^5}{2x^{2/3}}\right)}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(5/2),x]`

output `(3*b^5*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3)]*(-1/2*b^5/x^(2/3) - (5*a*b^4)/x^(1/3) + 10*a^3*b^2*x^(1/3) + (5*a^4*b*x^(2/3))/2 + (a^5*x)/3 + 10*a^2*b^3*Log[x^(1/3)]))/(a*b^5 + b^6/x^(1/3))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`
- rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`
- rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`
- rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}x\left(2a^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}+15a^4bx^{\frac{4}{3}}+20a^2b^3\ln(x)x^{\frac{2}{3}}+60a^3b^2x-30ab^4x^{\frac{1}{3}}-3b^5\right)}{2\left(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^5}$	91
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}x\left(2a^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}+15a^4bx^{\frac{4}{3}}+20a^2b^3\ln(x)x^{\frac{2}{3}}+60a^3b^2x-30ab^4x^{\frac{1}{3}}-3b^5\right)}{2\left(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^5}$	91

input `int((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1/2*\left(x^{2/3}*a^2+2*a*b*x^{1/3}+b^2\right)/x^{2/3}}{\left(b+a*x^{1/3}\right)^5}x*\left(2*a^5*x^{5/3}+15*a^4*b*x^{4/3}+20*a^2*b^3*\ln(x)*x^{2/3}+60*a^3*b^2*x-30*a*b^4*x^{1/3}-3*b^5\right)$$

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = \int \left( a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a**2+b**2/x**(2/3)+2*a*b/x**(1/3))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b/x**(1/3) + b**2/x**(2/3))**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = 10 a^2 b^3 \log(x) + \frac{2 a^5 x^{5/3} + 15 a^4 b x^{4/3} + 60 a^3 b^2 x - 30 a b^4 x^{1/3} - 3 b^5}{2 x^{2/3}}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `10*a^2*b^3*log(x) + 1/2*(2*a^5*x^(5/3) + 15*a^4*b*x^(4/3) + 60*a^3*b^2*x - 30*a*b^4*x^(1/3) - 3*b^5)/x^(2/3)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = a^5 x \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 10 a^2 b^3 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{15}{2} a^4 b x^{2/3} \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 30 a^3 b^2 x^{1/3} \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) - \frac{3 \left( 10 a b^4 x^{1/3} \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + b^5 \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) \right)}{2 x^{2/3}}$$



input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a^5*x*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) + 10*a^2*b^3*log(abs(x))*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) + 15/2*a^4*b*x^(2/3)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) + 30*a^3*b^2*x^(1/3)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) - 3/2*(10*a*b^4*x^(1/3)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) + b^5*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x))/x^(2/3)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = \int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{x^{1/3}} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(5/2), x)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = \frac{20x^{2/3}\log(x)a^2b^3 + 2x^{5/3}a^5 + 15x^{4/3}a^4b - 30x^{1/3}ab^4 + 60a^3b^2x - 3b^5}{2x^{2/3}}$$

input `int((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(5/2),x)`

output `(20*x**(2/3)*log(x)*a**2*b**3 + 2*x**(2/3)*a**5*x + 15*x**(1/3)*a**4*b*x - 30*x**(1/3)*a*b**4 + 60*a**3*b**2*x - 3*b**5)/(2*x**(2/3))`

**3.85** 
$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal result	657
Mathematica [A] (verified)	658
Rubi [A] (verified)	658
Maple [A] (verified)	660
Fricas [F(-1)]	661
Sympy [F]	661
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	661
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	662
Mupad [F(-1)]	662
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	663

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{9ab^2 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \sqrt[3]{x}}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} + \frac{9a^2b \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} x^{2/3}}{2 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)} + \frac{a^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} + \frac{b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \log(x)}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}$$

output

```
9*a*b^2*(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)*x^(1/3)/(a+b/x^(1/3))+9*a^2*
b*(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)*x^(2/3)/(2*a+2*b/x^(1/3))+a^3*(a^2
+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)*x/(a+b/x^(1/3))+b^3*(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a
*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)*ln(x)/(a+b/x^(1/3))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(b + a\sqrt[3]{x}) (18ab^2\sqrt[3]{x} + 9a^2bx^{2/3} + 2a^3x + 2b^3 \log(x))}{2\sqrt{\frac{(b+a\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^{2/3}}} \sqrt[3]{x}}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(3/2),x]`

output `((b + a*x^(1/3))*(18*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + 9*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 2*a^3*x + 2*b^3*Log[x]))/(2*Sqrt[(b + a*x^(1/3))^2/x^(2/3)]*x^(1/3))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 795, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \left( a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} \right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int \left( \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + ab \right)^3 dx}{ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & \frac{3\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int b^3 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
& \frac{3b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int \frac{(\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^3}{\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
& \frac{3b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int \left(x^{2/3}a^3 + 3b\sqrt[3]{xa^2} + 3b^2a + \frac{b^3}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) d\sqrt[3]{x}}{ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{3b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \left(\frac{a^3x}{3} + \frac{3}{2}a^2bx^{2/3} + 3ab^2\sqrt[3]{x} + b^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})\right)}{ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(3*b^3*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3)]*(3*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + (3*a^2*b*x^(2/3))/2 + (a^3*x)/3 + b^3*Log[x^(1/3)]))/(a*b^3 + b^4/x^(1/3))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},  
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*  
(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S  
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac  
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]  
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n  
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x(2a^3x+9x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b+2b^3\ln(x)+18b^2ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{2(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})^3}$	69
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x(2a^3x+9x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b+2b^3\ln(x)+18b^2ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{2(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})^3}$	69

input `int((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*((x^(2/3)*a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2)/x^(2/3))^(3/2)*x*(2*a^3*x+9*x^(2/3)*a  
^2*b+2*b^3*ln(x)+18*b^2*a*x^(1/3))/(b+a*x^(1/3))^3`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left( a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a**2+b**2/x**(2/3)+2*a*b/x**(1/3))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b/x**(1/3) + b**2/x**(2/3))**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = a^3x + b^3 \log(x) + \frac{9}{2} a^2bx^{2/3} + 9ab^2x^{1/3}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^3*x + b^3*log(x) + 9/2*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 9*a*b^2*x^(1/3)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = a^3 x \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + b^3 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{9}{2} a^2 b x^{2/3} \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 9 a b^2 x^{1/3} \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a^3*x*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) + b^3*log(abs(x))*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) + 9/2*a^2*b*x^(2/3)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) + 9*a*b^2*x^(1/3)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{x^{1/3}} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{9x^{2/3}a^2b}{2} + 9x^{1/3}ab^2 + \log(x)b^3 + a^3x$$

input `int((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(3/2),x)`

output `(9*x**(2/3)*a**2*b + 18*x**(1/3)*a*b**2 + 2*log(x)*b**3 + 2*a**3*x)/2`



**3.86** 
$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$$

Optimal result	664
Mathematica [A] (verified)	664
Rubi [A] (verified)	665
Maple [A] (verified)	666
Fricas [F(-1)]	666
Sympy [F]	667
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	667
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	667
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	668
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	668

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{3b \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} x^{2/3}}{2 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)} + \frac{a \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}$$

output `3*b*(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)*x^(2/3)/(2*a+2*b/x^(1/3))+a*(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)*x/(a+b/x^(1/3))`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{(3b + 2a\sqrt[3]{x}) \sqrt{\frac{(b+a\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^{2/3}}}}{2(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3)],x]`

output  $((3*b + 2*a*x^{(1/3)})*Sqrt[(b + a*x^{(1/3)})^2/x^{(2/3)}]*x)/(2*(b + a*x^{(1/3)}))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {1384, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} dx$$

↓ 1384

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} \int \left( \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + ab \right) dx}{ab + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} (abx + \frac{3}{2}b^2x^{2/3})}{ab + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[Sqrt[a^2 + b^2/x^{(2/3)} + (2*a*b)/x^{(1/3)}], x]$

output  $(Sqrt[a^2 + b^2/x^{(2/3)} + (2*a*b)/x^{(1/3)}]*((3*b^2*x^{(2/3)})/2 + a*b*x))/(a*b + b^2/x^{(1/3)})$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 + 2abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}} x \left(2a x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 3b\right)}{2b + 2a x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$	47
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 + 2abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}} x^{\frac{1}{3}} \left(3x^{\frac{2}{3}} b + 2xa\right)}{2b + 2a x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$	50

input

```
int((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*((x^(2/3)*a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2)/x^(2/3))^(1/2)*x*(2*a*x^(1/3)+3*b)/(b
+a*x^(1/3))
```

## Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Timed out

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a**2+b**2/x**(2/3)+2*a*b/x**(1/3))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b/x**(1/3) + b**2/x**(2/3)), x)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = ax + \frac{3}{2} bx^{2/3}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*x + 3/2*b*x^(2/3)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = ax \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{3}{2} bx^{2/3} \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*x*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x) + 3/2*b*x^(2/3)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{x \left( a + \frac{3b}{2x^{1/3}} \right) \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{x^{1/3}}}}{a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}}$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(1/2),x)`

output `(x*(a + (3*b)/(2*x^(1/3)))*(a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(1/2))/(a + b/x^(1/3))`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}b}{2} + ax$$

input `int((a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2),x)`

output `(3*x**(2/3)*b + 2*a*x)/2`

**3.87** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}} dx$$

Optimal result	669
Mathematica [A] (verified)	670
Rubi [A] (verified)	670
Maple [A] (verified)	673
Fricas [F(-1)]	673
Sympy [F]	674
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	674
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	674
Mupad [F(-1)]	675
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	675

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}} dx = \frac{3b^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}} - \frac{3b \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^{2/3}}{2a^2 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x}{a \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}} - \frac{3b^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^4 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}}$$

output

```
3*b^2*(a+b/x^(1/3))*x^(1/3)/a^3/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)-3/2*
b*(a+b/x^(1/3))*x^(2/3)/a^2/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)+(a+b/x^(
1/3))*x/a/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)-3*b^3*(a+b/x^(1/3))*ln(b+a
*x^(1/3))/a^4/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}} dx = \frac{(b + a\sqrt[3]{x}) (6ab^2\sqrt[3]{x} - 3a^2bx^{2/3} + 2a^3x - 6b^3 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x}))}{2a^4 \sqrt{\frac{(b+a\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^{2/3}}} \sqrt[3]{x}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3)],x]`

output `((b + a*x^(1/3))*(6*a*b^2*x^(1/3) - 3*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 2*a^3*x - 6*b^3*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)]))/(2*a^4*Sqrt[(b + a*x^(1/3))^2/x^(2/3)]*x^(1/3))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 795, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\left(ab + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + ab} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3\left(ab + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{b\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3\left(ab + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \frac{3\left(ab + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{x}a+b} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & \frac{3\left(ab + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \int \left(-\frac{b^3}{a^3(\sqrt[3]{x}a+b)} + \frac{b^2}{a^3} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}b}{a^2} + \frac{x^{2/3}}{a}\right) d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{3\left(ab + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \left(-\frac{b^3 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)}{a^4} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^3} - \frac{bx^{2/3}}{2a^2} + \frac{x}{3a}\right)}{b\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[1/Sqrt[a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3)],x]`

output

`(3*(a*b + b^2/x^(1/3))*((b^2*x^(1/3))/a^3 - (b*x^(2/3))/(2*a^2) + x/(3*a) - (b^3*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)]/a^4))/(b*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3)])`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`
- rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`
- rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`
- rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})(-2a^3x+3x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b+6b^3\ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})-6b^2ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{2\sqrt{\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}}x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^4}$	78
default	$-\frac{(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})(-2a^3x+3x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b+6b^3\ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})-6b^2ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{2\sqrt{\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}}x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^4}$	78

input `int(1/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/2*(b+a*x^{(1/3)})*(-2*a^3*x+3*x^{(2/3)}*a^2*b+6*b^3*\ln(b+a*x^{(1/3)})-6*b^2*a*x^{(1/3)})/((x^{(2/3)}*a^2+2*a*b*x^{(1/3)}+b^2)/x^{(2/3)})^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/3)}/a^4$$

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+b**2/x**(2/3)+2*a*b/x**(1/3))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b/x**(1/3) + b**2/x**(2/3)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}} dx = -\frac{3b^3 \log(ax^{1/3} + b)}{a^4} + \frac{2a^2x - 3abx^{2/3} + 6b^2x^{1/3}}{2a^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3*b^3*log(a*x^(1/3) + b)/a^4 + 1/2*(2*a^2*x - 3*a*b*x^(2/3) + 6*b^2*x^(1/3))/a^3`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}} dx = -\frac{3b^3 \log\left(\left|ax^{1/3} + b\right|\right)}{a^4 \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{2a^2x - 3abx^{2/3} + 6b^2x^{1/3}}{2a^3 \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-3*b^3*\log(\text{abs}(a*x^{(1/3)} + b))/(a^4*\text{sgn}(a*x + b*x^{(2/3)})*\text{sgn}(x)) + 1/2*(2*a^2*x - 3*a*b*x^{(2/3)} + 6*b^2*x^{(1/3)})/(a^3*\text{sgn}(a*x + b*x^{(2/3)})*\text{sgn}(x))$$

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{x^{1/3}}}} dx$$

input

$$\text{int}(1/(a^2 + b^2/x^{(2/3)} + (2*a*b)/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)}, x)$$

output

$$\text{int}(1/(a^2 + b^2/x^{(2/3)} + (2*a*b)/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)}, x)$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}} dx = \frac{-3x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab^2 - 6\log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b)b^3 + 2a^3x}{2a^4}$$

input

$$\text{int}(1/(a^2+b^2/x^{(2/3)}+2*a*b/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)}, x)$$

output

$$(-3*x^{(2/3)}*a**2*b + 6*x^{(1/3)}*a*b**2 - 6*log(x^{(1/3)}*a + b)*b**3 + 2*a**3*x)/(2*a**4)$$

**3.88** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	676
Mathematica [A] (verified)	677
Rubi [A] (verified)	677
Maple [A] (verified)	680
Fricas [F(-1)]	680
Sympy [F]	681
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	681
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	682
Mupad [F(-1)]	682
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	683

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 300

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3b^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{2a^6 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})^2}$$

$$- \frac{15b^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{a^6 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{18b^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}}$$

$$- \frac{9b \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^{2/3}}{2a^4 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x}{a^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}} - \frac{30b^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^6 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}}$$

output

$$\frac{3/2*b^5*(a+b/x^{(1/3)})/a^6/(a^2+b^2/x^{(2/3)}+2*a*b/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)}/(b+a*x^{(1/3)})^2-15*b^4*(a+b/x^{(1/3)})/a^6/(a^2+b^2/x^{(2/3)}+2*a*b/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)}/(b+a*x^{(1/3)})+18*b^2*(a+b/x^{(1/3)})*x^{(1/3)}/a^5/(a^2+b^2/x^{(2/3)}+2*a*b/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)}-9/2*b*(a+b/x^{(1/3)})*x^{(2/3)}/a^4/(a^2+b^2/x^{(2/3)}+2*a*b/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)}+(a+b/x^{(1/3)})*x/a^3/(a^2+b^2/x^{(2/3)}+2*a*b/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)}-30*b^3*(a+b/x^{(1/3)})*ln(b+a*x^{(1/3)})/a^6/(a^2+b^2/x^{(2/3)}+2*a*b/x^{(1/3)})^{(1/2)}}{2a^6 \left( \frac{(b+a\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^{2/3}} \right)^{3/2} x}$$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(b + a\sqrt[3]{x}) \left(-27b^5 + 6ab^4\sqrt[3]{x} + 63a^2b^3x^{2/3} + 20a^3b^2x - 5a^4bx^{4/3} + 2a^5x^{5/3}\right)}{2a^6 \left(\frac{(b+a\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^{2/3}}\right)^{3/2} x}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{((b + a*x^{(1/3)})*(-27*b^5 + 6*a*b^4*x^{(1/3)} + 63*a^2*b^3*x^{(2/3)} + 20*a^3*b^2*x - 5*a^4*b*x^{(4/3)} + 2*a^5*x^{(5/3)} - 60*b^3*(b + a*x^{(1/3)})^2*Log[b + a*x^{(1/3)}]))}{(2*a^6*((b + a*x^{(1/3)})^2/x^{(2/3)})^{(3/2)}*x)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 795, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1384

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\left(ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + ab\right)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\
& \frac{3\left(ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{b^3\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{3\left(ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
& \frac{3\left(ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \int \frac{x^{5/3}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{xa+b}\right)^3} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
& \frac{3\left(ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \int \left(-\frac{b^5}{a^5\left(\sqrt[3]{xa+b}\right)^3} + \frac{5b^4}{a^5\left(\sqrt[3]{xa+b}\right)^2} - \frac{10b^3}{a^5\left(\sqrt[3]{xa+b}\right)} + \frac{6b^2}{a^5} - \frac{3\sqrt[3]{xb}}{a^4} + \frac{x^{2/3}}{a^3}\right) d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{3\left(ab^3 + \frac{b^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \left(\frac{b^5}{2a^6\left(a\sqrt[3]{x+b}\right)^2} - \frac{5b^4}{a^6\left(a\sqrt[3]{x+b}\right)} - \frac{10b^3 \log\left(a\sqrt[3]{x+b}\right)}{a^6} + \frac{6b^2\sqrt[3]{x}}{a^5} - \frac{3bx^{2/3}}{2a^4} + \frac{x}{3a^3}\right)}{b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(3/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(3*(a*b^3 + b^4/x^{1/3})*(b^5/(2*a^6*(b + a*x^{1/3}))^2) - (5*b^4)/(a^6*(b + a*x^{1/3})) + (6*b^2*x^{1/3})/a^5 - (3*b*x^{2/3})/(2*a^4) + x/(3*a^3) - (10*b^3*\text{Log}[b + a*x^{1/3}])/a^6)/(b^3*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + b^2/x^{2/3} + (2*a*b)/x^{1/3}]}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 49

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$$

rule 774

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{1/k}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$$

rule 795

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m+n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[n]$$

rule 1384

$$\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{2*n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{2*\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{2*p}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n-1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n-1)}])$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$



### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\left(-2a^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}+5a^4bx^{\frac{4}{3}}+60\ln\left(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)a^2b^3x^{\frac{2}{3}}-20a^3b^2x+120\ln\left(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)ab^4x^{\frac{1}{3}}-63b^3x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2+60\ln\left(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)b^5-6a^6x\left(\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\left(2a^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}-5a^4bx^{\frac{4}{3}}-60\ln\left(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)a^2b^3x^{\frac{2}{3}}+63b^3x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2-120\ln\left(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)ab^4x^{\frac{1}{3}}+6ab^4x^{\frac{1}{3}}-60\ln\left(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)b^5+20a^3b^2x\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{\left(2a^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}-5a^4bx^{\frac{4}{3}}-60\ln\left(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)a^2b^3x^{\frac{2}{3}}+63b^3x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2-120\ln\left(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)ab^4x^{\frac{1}{3}}+6ab^4x^{\frac{1}{3}}-60\ln\left(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)b^5+20a^3b^2x\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2a^6x\left(\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int(1/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(-2*a^5*x^(5/3)+5*a^4*b*x^(4/3)+60*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))*a^2*b^3*x^(2/3)-20*a^3*b^2*x+120*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))*a*b^4*x^(1/3)-63*b^3*x^(2/3)*a^2+60*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))*b^5-6*a*b^4*x^(1/3)+27*b^5)*(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^6/x/((x^(2/3)*a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2)/x^(2/3))^(3/2)`

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+b**2/x**(2/3)+2*a*b/x**(1/3))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b/x**(1/3) + b**2/x**(2/3))**(-3/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2a^5x^{5/3} - 5a^4bx^{4/3} + 20a^3b^2x + 63a^2b^3x^{2/3} + 6ab^4x^{1/3} - 27b^5}{2\left(a^8x^{2/3} + 2a^7bx^{1/3} + a^6b^2\right)} - \frac{30b^3 \log\left(ax^{1/3} + b\right)}{a^6}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*a^5*x^(5/3) - 5*a^4*b*x^(4/3) + 20*a^3*b^2*x + 63*a^2*b^3*x^(2/3) + 6*a*b^4*x^(1/3) - 27*b^5)/(a^8*x^(2/3) + 2*a^7*b*x^(1/3) + a^6*b^2) - 30*b^3*log(a*x^(1/3) + b)/a^6`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{30b^3 \log\left(\left|ax^{1/3} + b\right|\right)}{a^6 \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

$$- \frac{3\left(10ab^4x^{1/3} + 9b^5\right)}{2\left(ax^{1/3} + b\right)^2 a^6 \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{2a^6x - 9a^5bx^{2/3} + 36a^4b^2x^{1/3}}{2a^9 \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-30*b^3*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/(a^6*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x)) - 3/2*(10*a*b^4*x^(1/3) + 9*b^5)/((a*x^(1/3) + b)^2*a^6*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x)) + 1/2*(2*a^6*x - 9*a^5*b*x^(2/3) + 36*a^4*b^2*x^(1/3))/(a^9*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{x^{1/3}}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-60x^{2/3}\log\left(x^{1/3}a + b\right)a^2b^3 + 2x^{5/3}a^5 + 60x^{2/3}a^2b^3 - 120x^{1/3}\log\left(x^{1/3}a + b\right)ab^4 - 5x^{1/3}a^4b^2 - 60\log\left(x^{1/3}a + b\right)b^5 + 20a^3b^2x - 30b^5}{2a^6\left(x^{2/3}a^2 + 2x^{1/3}ab + b^2\right)}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(3/2),x)`output `( - 60*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a**2*b**3 + 2*x**(2/3)*a**5*x + 60*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**3 - 120*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a*b**4 - 5*x**(1/3)*a**4*b*x - 60*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*b**5 + 20*a**3*b**2*x - 30*b**5)/(2*a**6*(x**(2/3)*a**2 + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b + b**2))`

**3.89** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	685
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	686
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	686
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	689
Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . .	689
Sympy [F] . . . . .	690
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	690
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	691
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	691
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	692

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 410

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3b^7 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{4a^8 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})^4}$$

$$- \frac{7b^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{a^8 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})^3} + \frac{63b^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{2a^8 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})^2}$$

$$- \frac{105b^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{a^8 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{45b^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^7 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}}$$

$$- \frac{15b \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^{2/3}}{2a^6 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x}{a^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}}$$

$$- \frac{105b^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^8 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}}$$

output

```

3/4*b^7*(a+b/x^(1/3))/a^8/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)/(b+a*x^(1/3))^4-7*b^6*(a+b/x^(1/3))/a^8/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)/(b+a*x^(1/3))^3+63/2*b^5*(a+b/x^(1/3))/a^8/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)/(b+a*x^(1/3))^2-105*b^4*(a+b/x^(1/3))/a^8/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)/(b+a*x^(1/3))+45*b^2*(a+b/x^(1/3))*x^(1/3)/a^7/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)-15/2*b*(a+b/x^(1/3))*x^(2/3)/a^6/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)+(a+b/x^(1/3))*x/a^5/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)-105*b^3*(a+b/x^(1/3))*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^8/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(1/2)
    
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(b + a\sqrt[3]{x}) \left(-319b^7 - 856ab^6\sqrt[3]{x} - 444a^2b^5x^{2/3} + 544a^3b^4x + 556a^4b^3x^{4/3} + 4a^5b^2x^{5/3} - 14a^6bx^2 + 4a^7x^{7/3} - 420b^3(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})^4 \operatorname{Log}[b + a\sqrt[3]{x}]\right)}{4a^8 \left(\frac{(b+a\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{2/3}}\right)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(5/2), x]`output `((b + a*x^(1/3))*(-319*b^7 - 856*a*b^6*x^(1/3) - 444*a^2*b^5*x^(2/3) + 544*a^3*b^4*x + 556*a^4*b^3*x^(4/3) + 84*a^5*b^2*x^(5/3) - 14*a^6*b*x^2 + 4*a^7*x^(7/3) - 420*b^3*(b + a*x^(1/3))^4*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/(4*a^8*((b + a*x^(1/3))^2/x^(2/3))^(5/2)*x^(5/3))`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 795, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}\right)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\left(ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + ab\right)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3\left(ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{b^5\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^5} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3\left(ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^5} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}}$$

↓ 795

$$\frac{3\left(ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \int \frac{x^{7/3}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{xa+b}\right)^5} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}}$$

↓ 49

$$\frac{3\left(ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \int \left(-\frac{b^7}{a^7(\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^5} + \frac{7b^6}{a^7(\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^4} - \frac{21b^5}{a^7(\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^3} + \frac{35b^4}{a^7(\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^2} - \frac{35b^3}{a^7(\sqrt[3]{xa+b})} + \frac{15b^2}{a^7} - \frac{5\sqrt[3]{xb}}{a^6} + \frac{5b}{a^5}\right) d\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3\left(ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) \left(\frac{b^7}{4a^8(a\sqrt[3]{x+b})^4} - \frac{7b^6}{3a^8(a\sqrt[3]{x+b})^3} + \frac{21b^5}{2a^8(a\sqrt[3]{x+b})^2} - \frac{35b^4}{a^8(a\sqrt[3]{x+b})} - \frac{35b^3 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x+b})}{a^8} + \frac{15b^2 \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^7} - \frac{5bx^2}{2a^6}\right)}{b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}}}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(5/2),x]`



output

$$\begin{aligned} & (3*(a*b^5 + b^6/x^{(1/3)})*(b^7/(4*a^8*(b + a*x^{(1/3)))^4) - (7*b^6)/(3*a^8*(b + a*x^{(1/3)))^3) + (21*b^5)/(2*a^8*(b + a*x^{(1/3)))^2) - (35*b^4)/(a^8*(b + a*x^{(1/3)})) + (15*b^2*x^{(1/3)})/a^7 - (5*b*x^{(2/3)})/(2*a^6) + x/(3*a^5) - \\ & (35*b^3*Log[b + a*x^{(1/3)}])/a^8)/(b^5*sqrt[a^2 + b^2/x^{(2/3)} + (2*a*b)/x^{(1/3)}]) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 49

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$$

rule 774

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$$

rule 795

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m+n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[n]$$

rule 1384

$$\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{ Int}[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n-1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n-1)}])$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{(-4a^7x^{\frac{7}{3}}+14a^6bx^2+420\ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})a^4b^3x^{\frac{4}{3}}-84a^5b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}+1680\ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})a^3b^4x-556a^4b^3x^{\frac{4}{3}}+2520\ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})a^2b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}-444a^2b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}-1680\ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})ab^6x^{\frac{1}{3}}+319b^7)(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^8x^{\frac{5}{3}}\left(\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{(4a^7x^{\frac{7}{3}}+84a^5b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}-420\ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})a^4b^3x^{\frac{4}{3}}+556a^4b^3x^{\frac{4}{3}}-2520\ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})a^2b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}-444a^2b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}-1680\ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})ab^6x^{\frac{1}{3}}+319b^7)(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^8x^{\frac{5}{3}}\left(\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input `int(1/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-1/4*(-4*a^7*x^(7/3)+14*a^6*b*x^2+420*\ln(b+a*x^(1/3))*a^4*b^3*x^(4/3)-84*a^5*b^2*x^(5/3)+1680*\ln(b+a*x^(1/3))*a^3*b^4*x-556*a^4*b^3*x^(4/3)+2520*\ln(b+a*x^(1/3))*a^2*b^5*x^(2/3)-444*a^2*b^5*x^(2/3)-1680*\ln(b+a*x^(1/3))*a*b^6*x^(1/3)+319*b^7)*(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^8/x^(5/3)/((x^(2/3)*a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+b^2)/x^(2/3))^(5/2)$$
**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+b**2/x**(2/3)+2*a*b/x**(1/3))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b/x**(1/3) + b**2/x**(2/3))**(-5/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4a^7x^{7/3} - 14a^6bx^2 + 84a^5b^2x^{5/3} + 556a^4b^3x^{4/3} + 544a^3b^4x - 444a^2b^5x^{2/3} - 856ab^6x^{1/3} - 319b^7}{4\left(a^{12}x^{4/3} + 4a^{11}bx + 6a^{10}b^2x^{2/3} + 4a^9b^3x^{1/3} + a^8b^4\right)} - \frac{105b^3 \log\left(ax^{1/3} + b\right)}{a^8}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(4*a^7*x^(7/3) - 14*a^6*b*x^2 + 84*a^5*b^2*x^(5/3) + 556*a^4*b^3*x^(4/3) + 544*a^3*b^4*x - 444*a^2*b^5*x^(2/3) - 856*a*b^6*x^(1/3) - 319*b^7)/(a^12*x^(4/3) + 4*a^11*b*x + 6*a^10*b^2*x^(2/3) + 4*a^9*b^3*x^(1/3) + a^8*b^4) - 105*b^3*log(a*x^(1/3) + b)/a^8`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{105 b^3 \log\left(\left|ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right|\right)}{a^8 \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

$$- \frac{420 a^3 b^4 x + 1134 a^2 b^5 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1036 ab^6 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 319 b^7}{4 \left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right)^4 a^8 \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{2 a^{10} x - 15 a^9 b x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 90 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2 a^{15} \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-105*b^3*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/(a^8*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x)) - 1/4*(420*a^3*b^4*x + 1134*a^2*b^5*x^(2/3) + 1036*a*b^6*x^(1/3) + 319*b^7)/((a*x^(1/3) + b)^4*a^8*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x)) + 1/2*(2*a^10*x - 15*a^9*b*x^(2/3) + 90*a^8*b^2*x^(1/3))/(a^15*sgn(a*x + b*x^(2/3))*sgn(x))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{x^{1/3}}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a^2 + b^2/x^(2/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/3))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2520x^{2/3}\log\left(x^{1/3}a + b\right)a^2b^5 + 84x^{5/3}a^5b^2 - 1260x^{2/3}a^2b^5 - 420x^{4/3}\log\left(x^{1/3}a + b\right)a^4b^3}{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+b^2/x^(2/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/3))^(5/2),x)`

output `( - 2520*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a**2*b**5 + 84*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**2*x - 1260*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**5 - 420*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a**4*b**3*x - 1680*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a*b**6 + 4*x**(1/3)*a**7*x**2 + 420*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**3*x - 1400*x**(1/3)*a*b**6 - 1680*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a**3*b**4*x - 420*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*b**7 - 14*a**6*b*x**2 - 455*b**7)/(4*a**8*(6*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**2 + x**(1/3)*a**4*x + 4*x**(1/3)*a*b**3 + 4*a**3*b*x + b**4))`

**3.90**  $\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	693
Mathematica [A] (verified)	694
Rubi [A] (verified)	694
Maple [A] (verified)	697
Fricas [F(-1)]	697
Sympy [F(-1)]	698
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	698
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	698
Mupad [F(-1)]	699
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	699

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 285

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{4b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}}}}{\left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[4]{x}} \right) \sqrt[4]{x}} + \frac{40a^2b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}}} \sqrt[4]{x}}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[4]{x}}} + \frac{20a^3b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}}} \sqrt{x}}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[4]{x}}} + \frac{20a^4b \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}}} x^{3/4}}{3 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[4]{x}} \right)} + \frac{a^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}}} x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[4]{x}}} + \frac{5ab^4 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}}} \log(x)}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[4]{x}}}$$

output

```
-4*b^5*(a^2+b^2/x^(1/2)+2*a*b/x^(1/4))^(1/2)/(a+b/x^(1/4))/x^(1/4)+40*a^2*b^3*(a^2+b^2/x^(1/2)+2*a*b/x^(1/4))^(1/2)*x^(1/4)/(a+b/x^(1/4))+20*a^3*b^2*(a^2+b^2/x^(1/2)+2*a*b/x^(1/4))^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(a+b/x^(1/4))+20*a^4*b*(a^2+b^2/x^(1/2)+2*a*b/x^(1/4))^(1/2)*x^(3/4)/(3*a+3*b/x^(1/4))+a^5*(a^2+b^2/x^(1/2)+2*a*b/x^(1/4))^(1/2)*x/(a+b/x^(1/4))+5*a*b^4*(a^2+b^2/x^(1/2)+2*a*b/x^(1/4))^(1/2)*ln(x)/(a+b/x^(1/4))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{(b+a\sqrt[4]{x})^2}{\sqrt{x}}} (-12b^5 + 120a^2b^3\sqrt{x} + 60a^3b^2x^{3/4} + 20a^4bx + 3a^5x^{5/4} + 15ab^4\sqrt[4]{x}\log(x))}{3(b+a\sqrt[4]{x})}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + b^2/Sqrt[x] + (2*a*b)/x^(1/4))^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[(b + a*x^(1/4))^2/Sqrt[x]]*(-12*b^5 + 120*a^2*b^3*Sqrt[x] + 60*a^3*b^2*x^(3/4) + 20*a^4*b*x + 3*a^5*x^(5/4) + 15*a*b^4*x^(1/4)*Log[x]))/(3*(b + a*x^(1/4)))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 795, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

↓ 1384

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}}} \int \left( \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[4]{x}} + ab \right)^5 dx}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[4]{x}}}$$

↓ 774

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{4\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}}} \int b^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[4]{x}}\right)^5 x^{3/4} d\sqrt[4]{x}}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[4]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{4b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}}} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[4]{x}}\right)^5 x^{3/4} d\sqrt[4]{x}}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[4]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
& \frac{4b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}}} \int \frac{(\sqrt[4]{x}a+b)^5}{\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt[4]{x}}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[4]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
& \frac{4b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}}} \int \left(x^{3/4}a^5 + 5b\sqrt{x}a^4 + 10b^2\sqrt[4]{x}a^3 + 10b^3a^2 + \frac{5b^4a}{\sqrt[4]{x}} + \frac{b^5}{\sqrt{x}}\right) d\sqrt[4]{x}}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[4]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{4b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}}} \left(\frac{a^5x}{4} + \frac{5}{3}a^4bx^{3/4} + 5a^3b^2\sqrt{x} + 10a^2b^3\sqrt[4]{x} + 5ab^4 \log(\sqrt[4]{x}) - \frac{b^5}{\sqrt[4]{x}}\right)}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[4]{x}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + b^2/Sqrt[x] + (2*a*b)/x^(1/4))^(5/2),x]`

output `(4*b^5*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2/Sqrt[x] + (2*a*b)/x^(1/4)]*(-(b^5/x^(1/4)) + 10*a^2*b^3*x^(1/4) + 5*a^3*b^2*Sqrt[x] + (5*a^4*b*x^(3/4))/3 + (a^5*x)/4 + 5*a*b^4*Log[x^(1/4)]))/(a*b^5 + b^6/x^(1/4))`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$
- rule 774  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)} * (a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$
- rule 795  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m+n*p)} * (b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[n]$
- rule 1384  $\text{Int}[(u_.) * ((a_) + (c_.)(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * (b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{ Int}[u * (b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n-1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n-1)}])$
- rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{a^2\sqrt{x}+2abx^{\frac{1}{4}}+b^2}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} x \left(3a^5x^{\frac{5}{4}}+20a^4bx+60a^3b^2x^{\frac{3}{4}}+15ab^4\ln(x)x^{\frac{1}{4}}+120a^2b^3\sqrt{x}-12b^5\right)}{3\left(ax^{\frac{1}{4}}+b\right)^5}$	91
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{a^2x^{\frac{3}{4}}+2ab\sqrt{x}+b^2x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x^{\frac{3}{4}}}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} x \left(3a^5x^{\frac{5}{4}}+20a^4bx+60a^3b^2x^{\frac{3}{4}}+15ab^4\ln(x)x^{\frac{1}{4}}+120a^2b^3\sqrt{x}-12b^5\right)}{3\left(ax^{\frac{1}{4}}+b\right)^5}$	95

input `int((a^2+b^2/x^(1/2)+2*a*b/x^(1/4))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{3} \cdot \left( \frac{a^2 x^{1/2} + 2 a b x^{1/4} + b^2}{x^{1/2}} \right)^{5/2} x \cdot \left( 3 a^5 x^{5/4} + 20 a^4 b x + 60 a^3 b^2 x^{3/4} + 15 a b^4 \ln(x) x^{1/4} + 120 a^2 b^3 \sqrt{x} - 12 b^5 \right) / (a x^{1/4} + b)^5$$

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(1/2)+2*a*b/x^(1/4))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a**2+b**2/x**(1/2)+2*a*b/x**(1/4))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = 5 ab^4 \log(x) + \frac{3 a^5 x^{5/4} + 20 a^4 b x + 60 a^3 b^2 x^{3/4} + 120 a^2 b^3 \sqrt{x} - 12 b^5}{3 x^{1/4}}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(1/2)+2*a*b/x^(1/4))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `5*a*b^4*log(x) + 1/3*(3*a^5*x^(5/4) + 20*a^4*b*x + 60*a^3*b^2*x^(3/4) + 120*a^2*b^3*sqrt(x) - 12*b^5)/x^(1/4)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = a^5 x \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{3/4}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 5 ab^4 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{3/4}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{20}{3} a^4 b x^{3/4} \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{3/4}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 20 a^3 b^2 \sqrt{x} \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{3/4}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 40 a^2 b^3 x^{1/4} \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{3/4}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) - \frac{4 b^5 \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{3/4}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{x^{1/4}}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(1/2))+2*a*b/x^(1/4))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a^5*x*sgn(a*x + b*x^(3/4))*sgn(x) + 5*a*b^4*log(abs(x))*sgn(a*x + b*x^(3/4))  
)*sgn(x) + 20/3*a^4*b*x^(3/4)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(3/4))*sgn(x) + 20*a^3*b^2*sq  
rt(x)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(3/4))*sgn(x) + 40*a^2*b^3*x^(1/4)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(3/4)  
)*sgn(x) - 4*b^5*sgn(a*x + b*x^(3/4))*sgn(x)/x^(1/4)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = \int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{x^{1/4}} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2/x^(1/2) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/4))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2/x^(1/2) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/4))^(5/2), x)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = \frac{60x^{3/4}a^3b^2 + 120x^{1/4}\log\left(x^{1/8}\right)ab^4 + 3x^{5/4}a^5 + 120\sqrt{x}a^2b^3 + 20a^4bx - 12b^5}{3x^{1/4}}$$

input `int((a^2+b^2/x^(1/2))+2*a*b/x^(1/4))^(5/2),x)`

output `(60*x**(3/4)*a**3*b**2 + 120*x**(1/4)*log(x**(1/8))*a*b**4 + 3*x**(1/4)*a*  
*5*x + 120*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3 + 20*a**4*b*x - 12*b**5)/(3*x**(1/4))`

**3.91**  $\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	700
Mathematica [A] (verified)	701
Rubi [A] (verified)	701
Maple [A] (verified)	704
Fricas [F(-1)]	704
Sympy [F]	705
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	705
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	705
Mupad [F(-1)]	706
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	706

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 286

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = \frac{25ab^4 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}}} \sqrt[5]{x}}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[5]{x}}} + \frac{25a^2b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}}} x^{2/5}}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[5]{x}}} + \frac{50a^3b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}}} x^{3/5}}{3 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[5]{x}} \right)} + \frac{25a^4b \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}}} x^{4/5}}{4 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[5]{x}} \right)} + \frac{a^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}}} x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[5]{x}}} + \frac{b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}}} \log(x)}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[5]{x}}}$$

output

```
25*a*b^4*(a^2+b^2/x^(2/5)+2*a*b/x^(1/5))^(1/2)*x^(1/5)/(a+b/x^(1/5))+25*a^2*b^3*(a^2+b^2/x^(2/5)+2*a*b/x^(1/5))^(1/2)*x^(2/5)/(a+b/x^(1/5))+50*a^3*b^2*(a^2+b^2/x^(2/5)+2*a*b/x^(1/5))^(1/2)*x^(3/5)/(3*a+3*b/x^(1/5))+25*a^4*b*(a^2+b^2/x^(2/5)+2*a*b/x^(1/5))^(1/2)*x^(4/5)/(4*a+4*b/x^(1/5))+a^5*(a^2+b^2/x^(2/5)+2*a*b/x^(1/5))^(1/2)*x/(a+b/x^(1/5))+b^5*(a^2+b^2/x^(2/5)+2*a*b/x^(1/5))^(1/2)*ln(x)/(a+b/x^(1/5))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = \frac{(b + a\sqrt[5]{x}) (300ab^4\sqrt[5]{x} + 300a^2b^3x^{2/5} + 200a^3b^2x^{3/5} + 75a^4bx^{4/5} + 12a^5x + 12b^5 \log(x))}{12\sqrt{\frac{(b+a\sqrt[5]{x})^2}{x^{2/5}}} \sqrt[5]{x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + b^2/x^(2/5) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/5))^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
((b + a*x^(1/5))*(300*a*b^4*x^(1/5) + 300*a^2*b^3*x^(2/5) + 200*a^3*b^2*x^(3/5) + 75*a^4*b*x^(4/5) + 12*a^5*x + 12*b^5*Log[x]))/(12*sqrt[(b + a*x^(1/5))^2/x^(2/5)]*x^(1/5))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 795, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1384 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}}} \int \left( \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[5]{x}} + ab \right)^5 dx}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[5]{x}}} \\
& \downarrow 774 \\
& \frac{5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}}} \int b^5 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[5]{x}} \right)^5 x^{4/5} d\sqrt[5]{x}}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[5]{x}}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{5b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}}} \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[5]{x}} \right)^5 x^{4/5} d\sqrt[5]{x}}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[5]{x}}} \\
& \downarrow 795 \\
& \frac{5b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}}} \int \frac{(\sqrt[5]{xa+b})^5}{\sqrt[5]{x}} d\sqrt[5]{x}}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[5]{x}}} \\
& \downarrow 49 \\
& \frac{5b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}}} \int \left( x^{4/5} a^5 + 5bx^{3/5} a^4 + 10b^2 x^{2/5} a^3 + 10b^3 \sqrt[5]{x} a^2 + 5b^4 a + \frac{b^5}{\sqrt[5]{x}} \right) d\sqrt[5]{x}}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[5]{x}}} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{5b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}}} \left( \frac{a^5 x}{5} + \frac{5}{4} a^4 b x^{4/5} + \frac{10}{3} a^3 b^2 x^{3/5} + 5a^2 b^3 x^{2/5} + 5ab^4 \sqrt[5]{x} + b^5 \log(\sqrt[5]{x}) \right)}{ab^5 + \frac{b^6}{\sqrt[5]{x}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 + b^2/x^{(2/5)} + (2*a*b)/x^{(1/5)})^{(5/2)}, x]$$

output 
$$\frac{(5b^5\sqrt{a^2 + b^2/x^{2/5}} + (2ab)/x^{1/5}) \cdot (5ab^4x^{1/5} + 5a^2b^3x^{2/5} + (10a^3b^2x^{3/5}))/3 + (5a^4bx^{4/5})/4 + (a^5x)/5 + b^5 \cdot \text{Log}[x^{1/5}]}{(ab^5 + b^6/x^{1/5})}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 49 
$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}) \cdot ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m \cdot (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$$

rule 774 
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)} \cdot (a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{1/k}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$$

rule 795 
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)} \cdot ((a_ + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m+n*p)} \cdot (b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[n]$$

rule 1384 
$$\text{Int}[(u_.) \cdot ((a_ + (c_.)(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \cdot (b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{ Int}[u \cdot (b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n-1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n-1)}])$$

rule 2009 
$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{a^2 x^{\frac{2}{5}} + 2ab x^{\frac{1}{5}} + b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{5}}}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} x \left(12x a^5 + 75a^4 b x^{\frac{4}{5}} + 200a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{3}{5}} + 300a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{2}{5}} + 12b^5 \ln(x) + 300a b^4 x^{\frac{1}{5}}\right)}{12(a x^{\frac{1}{5}} + b)^5}$	91
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{a^2 x^{\frac{2}{5}} + 2ab x^{\frac{1}{5}} + b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{5}}}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} x \left(12x a^5 + 75a^4 b x^{\frac{4}{5}} + 200a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{3}{5}} + 300a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{2}{5}} + 12b^5 \ln(x) + 300a b^4 x^{\frac{1}{5}}\right)}{12(a x^{\frac{1}{5}} + b)^5}$	91

input `int((a^2+b^2/x^(2/5)+2*a*b/x^(1/5))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*((a^2*x^(2/5)+2*a*b*x^(1/5)+b^2)/x^(2/5))^(5/2)*x*(12*x*a^5+75*a^4*b*x^(4/5)+200*a^3*b^2*x^(3/5)+300*a^2*b^3*x^(2/5)+12*b^5*ln(x)+300*a*b^4*x^(1/5))/(a*x^(1/5)+b)^5`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(2/5)+2*a*b/x^(1/5))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = \int \left( a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a**2+b**2/x**(2/5)+2*a*b/x**(1/5))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b/x**(1/5) + b**2/x**(2/5))**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = a^5 x + b^5 \log(x) + \frac{25}{4} a^4 b x^{4/5} + \frac{50}{3} a^3 b^2 x^{3/5} + 25 a^2 b^3 x^{2/5} + 25 a b^4 x^{1/5}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(2/5)+2*a*b/x^(1/5))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^5*x + b^5*log(x) + 25/4*a^4*b*x^(4/5) + 50/3*a^3*b^2*x^(3/5) + 25*a^2*b^3*x^(2/5) + 25*a*b^4*x^(1/5)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = a^5 x \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{4/5}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + b^5 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{4/5}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{25}{4} a^4 b x^{4/5} \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{4/5}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{50}{3} a^3 b^2 x^{3/5} \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{4/5}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 25 a^2 b^3 x^{2/5} \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{4/5}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 25 a b^4 x^{1/5} \operatorname{sgn}\left(ax + bx^{4/5}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(2/5)+2*a*b/x^(1/5))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a^5*x*sgn(a*x + b*x^(4/5))*sgn(x) + b^5*log(abs(x))*sgn(a*x + b*x^(4/5))*sgn(x) + 25/4*a^4*b*x^(4/5)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(4/5))*sgn(x) + 50/3*a^3*b^2*x^(3/5)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(4/5))*sgn(x) + 25*a^2*b^3*x^(2/5)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(4/5))*sgn(x) + 25*a*b^4*x^(1/5)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(4/5))*sgn(x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = \int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{x^{1/5}} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2/x^(2/5) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/5))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2/x^(2/5) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/5))^(5/2), x)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{2/5}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[5]{x}} \right)^{5/2} dx = \frac{25x^{4/5}a^4b}{4} + \frac{50x^{3/5}a^3b^2}{3} + 25x^{2/5}a^2b^3 + 25x^{1/5}ab^4 + \log(x)b^5 + a^5x$$

input `int((a^2+b^2/x^(2/5)+2*a*b/x^(1/5))^(5/2),x)`

output `(75*x**(4/5)*a**4*b + 200*x**(3/5)*a**3*b**2 + 300*x**(2/5)*a**2*b**3 + 300*x**(1/5)*a*b**4 + 12*log(x)*b**5 + 12*a**5*x)/12`

**3.92** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2+2ab\sqrt[5]{x}+b^2x^{2/5}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	707
Mathematica [A] (verified)	708
Rubi [A] (verified)	708
Maple [A] (verified)	710
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	710
Sympy [F]	711
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	711
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	712
Mupad [F(-1)]	712
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	713

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a^2+2ab\sqrt[5]{x}+b^2x^{2/5}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{20a}{b^5\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[5]{x}+b^2x^{2/5}}} - \frac{5a^4}{4b^5(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})^3\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[5]{x}+b^2x^{2/5}}} + \frac{20a^3}{3b^5(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})^2\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[5]{x}+b^2x^{2/5}}} - \frac{15a^2}{b^5(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[5]{x}+b^2x^{2/5}}} + \frac{5(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})\log(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})}{b^5\sqrt{a^2+2ab\sqrt[5]{x}+b^2x^{2/5}}}$$

output

```
20*a/b^5/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/5)+b^2*x^(2/5))^(1/2)-5/4*a^4/b^5/(a+b*x^(1/5))^3
/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/5)+b^2*x^(2/5))^(1/2)+20/3*a^3/b^5/(a+b*x^(1/5))^2/(a^2+2
*a*b*x^(1/5)+b^2*x^(2/5))^(1/2)-15*a^2/b^5/(a+b*x^(1/5))/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/5
)+b^2*x^(2/5))^(1/2)+5*(a+b*x^(1/5))*ln(a+b*x^(1/5))/b^5/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/5
)+b^2*x^(2/5))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x} + b^2x^{2/5})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5a(25a^3 + 88a^2b\sqrt[5]{x} + 108ab^2x^{2/5} + 48b^3x^{3/5}) + 60(a + b\sqrt[5]{x})^4 \log(a + b\sqrt[5]{x})}{12b^5(a + b\sqrt[5]{x})^3 \sqrt{(a + b\sqrt[5]{x})^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/5) + b^2*x^(2/5))^(-5/2), x]`

output `(5*a*(25*a^3 + 88*a^2*b*x^(1/5) + 108*a*b^2*x^(2/5) + 48*b^3*x^(3/5)) + 60*(a + b*x^(1/5))^4*Log[a + b*x^(1/5)])/(12*b^5*(a + b*x^(1/5))^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x^(1/5))^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x} + b^2x^{2/5})^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{(ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[5]{x}) \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[5]{xb^2+ab})^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x} + b^2x^{2/5}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & \frac{5(ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[5]{x}) \int \frac{x^{4/5}}{b^5(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})^5} d\sqrt[5]{x}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x} + b^2x^{2/5}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{5(ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[5]{x}) \int \frac{x^{4/5}}{(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})^5} d\sqrt[5]{x}}{b^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x}} + b^2x^{2/5}}$$

↓ 49

$$\frac{5(ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[5]{x}) \int \left( \frac{a^4}{b^4(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})^5} - \frac{4a^3}{b^4(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})^4} + \frac{6a^2}{b^4(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})^3} - \frac{4a}{b^4(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})^2} + \frac{1}{b^4(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})} \right) d\sqrt[5]{x}}{b^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x}} + b^2x^{2/5}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{5(ab^5 + b^6\sqrt[5]{x}) \left( -\frac{a^4}{4b^5(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})^4} + \frac{4a^3}{3b^5(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})^3} - \frac{3a^2}{b^5(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})^2} + \frac{4a}{b^5(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})} + \frac{\log(a+b\sqrt[5]{x})}{b^5} \right)}{b^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x}} + b^2x^{2/5}}$$

input

```
Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/5) + b^2*x^(2/5))^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(5*(a*b^5 + b^6*x^(1/5))*(-1/4*a^4/(b^5*(a + b*x^(1/5))^4) + (4*a^3)/(3*b^5*(a + b*x^(1/5))^3) - (3*a^2)/(b^5*(a + b*x^(1/5))^2) + (4*a)/(b^5*(a + b*x^(1/5)))) + Log[a + b*x^(1/5)]/b^5)/(b^5*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/5) + b^2*x^(2/5)])
```

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 49

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 774

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k-1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]
```

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{5 \left( 12 \ln(a + b x^{\frac{1}{5}}) b^4 x^{\frac{4}{5}} + 48 \ln(a + b x^{\frac{1}{5}}) a b^3 x^{\frac{3}{5}} + 72 \ln(a + b x^{\frac{1}{5}}) a^2 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{5}} + 48 a b^3 x^{\frac{3}{5}} + 48 \ln(a + b x^{\frac{1}{5}}) a^3 b x^{\frac{1}{5}} + 108 a^2 b^2 \right)}{12 b^5 \left( (a + b x^{\frac{1}{5}})^2 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/5)+b^2*x^(2/5))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
5/12*(12*ln(a+b*x^(1/5))*b^4*x^(4/5)+48*ln(a+b*x^(1/5))*a*b^3*x^(3/5)+72*ln
(a+b*x^(1/5))*a^2*b^2*x^(2/5)+48*a*b^3*x^(3/5)+48*ln(a+b*x^(1/5))*a^3*b*x
^(1/5)+108*a^2*b^2*x^(2/5)+12*ln(a+b*x^(1/5))*a^4+88*a^3*b*x^(1/5)+25*a^4)
*(a+b*x^(1/5))/b^5/((a+b*x^(1/5))^2)^(5/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x} + b^2x^{2/5})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5 \left( 300 a^5 b^{15} x^3 + 100 a^{15} b^5 x + 25 a^{20} + 12 (b^{20} x^4 + 4 a^5 b^{15} x^3 + 6 a^{10} b^{10} x^2 + 4 a^{15} b^5 x + 25 a^{20}) \right)}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x} + b^2x^{2/5})^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/5)+b^2*x^(2/5))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
5/12*(300*a^5*b^15*x^3 + 100*a^15*b^5*x + 25*a^20 + 12*(b^20*x^4 + 4*a^5*b^15*x^3 + 6*a^10*b^10*x^2 + 4*a^15*b^5*x + a^20)*log(b*x^(1/5) + a) + (48*a*b^19*x^3 - 226*a^6*b^14*x^2 + 104*a^11*b^9*x + 3*a^16*b^4)*x^(4/5) - (84*a^2*b^18*x^3 - 228*a^7*b^13*x^2 + 67*a^12*b^8*x + 4*a^17*b^3)*x^(3/5) + (136*a^3*b^17*x^3 - 197*a^8*b^12*x^2 + 48*a^13*b^7*x + 6*a^18*b^2)*x^(2/5) - (207*a^4*b^16*x^3 - 124*a^9*b^11*x^2 + 56*a^14*b^6*x + 12*a^19*b)*x^(1/5))/ (b^25*x^4 + 4*a^5*b^20*x^3 + 6*a^10*b^15*x^2 + 4*a^15*b^10*x + a^20*b^5)
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x} + b^2x^{2/5})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x} + b^2x^{2/5})^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*b*x**(1/5)+b**2*x**(2/5))**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**(1/5) + b**2*x**(2/5))**(-5/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x} + b^2x^{2/5})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5 \left( 48 ab^3 x^{\frac{3}{5}} + 108 a^2 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{5}} + 88 a^3 b x^{\frac{1}{5}} + 25 a^4 \right)}{12 \left( b^9 x^{\frac{4}{5}} + 4 ab^8 x^{\frac{3}{5}} + 6 a^2 b^7 x^{\frac{2}{5}} + 4 a^3 b^6 x^{\frac{1}{5}} + a^4 b^5 \right)} + \frac{5 \log \left( b x^{\frac{1}{5}} + a \right)}{b^5}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/5)+b^2*x^(2/5))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
5/12*(48*a*b^3*x^(3/5) + 108*a^2*b^2*x^(2/5) + 88*a^3*b*x^(1/5) + 25*a^4)/(b^9*x^(4/5) + 4*a*b^8*x^(3/5) + 6*a^2*b^7*x^(2/5) + 4*a^3*b^6*x^(1/5) + a^4*b^5) + 5*log(b*x^(1/5) + a)/b^5
```



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x} + b^2x^{2/5})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5 \log(|bx^{1/5} + a|)}{b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/5} + a)} + \frac{5 \left(48 ab^2 x^{3/5} + 108 a^2 b x^{2/5} + 88 a^3 x^{1/5} + \frac{25 a^4}{b}\right)}{12 (bx^{1/5} + a)^4 b^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^{1/5} + a)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/5)+b^2*x^(2/5))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `5*log(abs(b*x^(1/5) + a))/(b^5*sgn(b*x^(1/5) + a)) + 5/12*(48*a*b^2*x^(3/5) + 108*a^2*b*x^(2/5) + 88*a^3*x^(1/5) + 25*a^4/b)/((b*x^(1/5) + a)^4*b^4*sgn(b*x^(1/5) + a))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x} + b^2x^{2/5})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + b^2x^{2/5} + 2abx^{1/5})^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^(2/5) + 2*a*b*x^(1/5))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^(2/5) + 2*a*b*x^(1/5))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2ab\sqrt[5]{x} + b^2x^{2/5})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5x^{4/5}\log(x^{1/5}b + a)b^4 - 5x^{4/5}b^4 + 20x^{3/5}\log(x^{1/5}b + a)ab^3 + 30x^{2/5}\log(x^{1/5}b + a)a^2b^2 + 40x^{1/5}\log(x^{1/5}b + a)a^3b + 12\log(x^{1/5}b + a)a^4 + 13a^4}{b^5(x^{4/5}b^4 + 4x^{3/5}ab^3 + 4x^{2/5}a^2b^2 + 4x^{1/5}a^3b + a^4)}$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*b*x^(1/5)+b^2*x^(2/5))^(5/2),x)`output `(5*(12*x**(4/5)*log(x**(1/5)*b + a)*b**4 - 12*x**(4/5)*b**4 + 48*x**(3/5)*log(x**(1/5)*b + a)*a*b**3 + 72*x**(2/5)*log(x**(1/5)*b + a)*a**2*b**2 + 36*x**(2/5)*a**2*b**2 + 48*x**(1/5)*log(x**(1/5)*b + a)*a**3*b + 40*x**(1/5)*a**3*b + 12*log(x**(1/5)*b + a)*a**4 + 13*a**4)/(12*b**5*(x**(4/5)*b**4 + 4*x**(3/5)*a*b**3 + 6*x**(2/5)*a**2*b**2 + 4*x**(1/5)*a**3*b + a**4))`

**3.93**  $\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx$

Optimal result	714
Mathematica [A] (verified)	715
Rubi [A] (verified)	715
Maple [A] (verified)	718
Fricas [F(-1)]	718
Sympy [F(-1)]	718
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	719
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	719
Mupad [F(-1)]	720
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	720

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 387

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx = -\frac{6b^7 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}}}}{\left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \right) \sqrt[6]{x}}$$

$$+ \frac{126a^2b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}}} \sqrt[6]{x}}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[6]{x}}}$$

$$+ \frac{105a^3b^4 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}}} \sqrt[3]{x}}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[6]{x}}} + \frac{70a^4b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}}} \sqrt{x}}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[6]{x}}}$$

$$+ \frac{63a^5b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}}} x^{2/3}}{2 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \right)} + \frac{42a^6b \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}}} x^{5/6}}{5 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^7 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}}} x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[6]{x}}} + \frac{7ab^6 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}}} \log(x)}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[6]{x}}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -6*b^7*(a^2+b^2/x^{1/3}+2*a*b/x^{1/6})^{1/2}/(a+b/x^{1/6})/x^{1/6}+126*a^2 \\
& *b^5*(a^2+b^2/x^{1/3}+2*a*b/x^{1/6})^{1/2}*x^{1/6}/(a+b/x^{1/6})+105*a^3*b \\
& ^4*(a^2+b^2/x^{1/3}+2*a*b/x^{1/6})^{1/2}*x^{1/3}/(a+b/x^{1/6})+70*a^4*b^3* \\
& (a^2+b^2/x^{1/3}+2*a*b/x^{1/6})^{1/2}*x^{1/2}/(a+b/x^{1/6})+63*a^5*b^2*(a^2 \\
& +b^2/x^{1/3}+2*a*b/x^{1/6})^{1/2}*x^{2/3}/(2*a+2*b/x^{1/6})+42*a^6*b*(a^2 \\
& +b^2/x^{1/3}+2*a*b/x^{1/6})^{1/2}*x^{5/6}/(5*a+5*b/x^{1/6})+a^7*(a^2+b^2/x \\
& ^{1/3}+2*a*b/x^{1/6})^{1/2}*x/(a+b/x^{1/6})+7*a*b^6*(a^2+b^2/x^{1/3}+2*a*b \\
& /x^{1/6})^{1/2}*ln(x)/(a+b/x^{1/6})
\end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{(b+a\sqrt[6]{x})^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} (-60b^7 + 1260a^2b^5\sqrt[3]{x} + 1050a^3b^4\sqrt{x} + 700a^4b^3x^{2/3} + 315a^5b^2x^{5/6} + 84a^6bx)}{10(b+a\sqrt[6]{x})}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a^2 + b^2/x^{1/3} + (2*a*b)/x^{1/6})^{7/2}, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*x^{1/6})^2/x^{1/3}]*(-60*b^7 + 1260*a^2*b^5*x^{1/3} + 1050*a^3 \\
& *b^4*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 700*a^4*b^3*x^{2/3} + 315*a^5*b^2*x^{5/6} + 84*a^6*b*x + 1 \\
& 0*a^7*x^{7/6} + 70*a*b^6*x^{1/6}*\text{Log}[x]))/(10*(b + a*x^{1/6}))
\end{aligned}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {1384, 774, 27, 795, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \left( a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 1384 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \int \left( \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[6]{x}} + ab \right)^7 dx}{ab^7 + \frac{b^8}{\sqrt[6]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 774 \\
& \frac{6 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \int b^7 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \right)^7 x^{5/6} d\sqrt[6]{x}}{ab^7 + \frac{b^8}{\sqrt[6]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{6b^7 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \right)^7 x^{5/6} d\sqrt[6]{x}}{ab^7 + \frac{b^8}{\sqrt[6]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 795 \\
& \frac{6b^7 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \int \frac{(\sqrt[6]{x}a+b)^7}{\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[6]{x}}{ab^7 + \frac{b^8}{\sqrt[6]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 49 \\
& \frac{6b^7 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \int \left( x^{5/6}a^7 + 7bx^{2/3}a^6 + 21b^2\sqrt{xa^5} + 35b^3\sqrt[3]{xa^4} + 35b^4\sqrt[6]{xa^3} + 21b^5a^2 + \frac{7b^6a}{\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{b^7}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) d\sqrt[6]{x}}{ab^7 + \frac{b^8}{\sqrt[6]{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{6b^7 \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} \left( \frac{a^7x}{6} + \frac{7}{5}a^6bx^{5/6} + \frac{21}{4}a^5b^2x^{2/3} + \frac{35}{3}a^4b^3\sqrt{x} + \frac{35}{2}a^3b^4\sqrt[3]{x} + 21a^2b^5\sqrt[6]{x} + 7ab^6 \log(\sqrt[6]{x}) - \frac{b^7}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)}{ab^7 + \frac{b^8}{\sqrt[6]{x}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a^2 + b^2/x^(1/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/6))^(7/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(6*b^7*\sqrt{a^2 + b^2/x^{1/3}} + (2*a*b)/x^{1/6})*(-(b^7/x^{1/6})) + 21*a^2*b^5*x^{1/6} + (35*a^3*b^4*x^{1/3})/2 + (35*a^4*b^3*\sqrt{x})/3 + (21*a^5*b^2*x^{2/3})/4 + (7*a^6*b*x^{5/6})/5 + (a^7*x)/6 + 7*a*b^6*\text{Log}[x^{1/6}])}{(a*b^7 + b^8/x^{1/6})}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 49

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$$

rule 774

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{1/k}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$$

rule 795

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m+n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[n]$$

rule 1384

$$\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{2*n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{2*\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{2*p}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n-1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n-1)}])$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\frac{\left(\frac{a^2\sqrt{x}+2abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+x^{\frac{1}{6}}b^2}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} x \left(10a^7x^{\frac{7}{6}} + 84a^6bx + 315a^5b^2x^{\frac{5}{6}} + 700a^4b^3x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1050a^3b^4\sqrt{x} + 70ab^6 \ln(x) x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1260a^2b^5x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 60b^7\right)}{10\left(ax^{\frac{1}{6}} + b\right)^7}$$

input `int((a^2+b^2/x^(1/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/6))^(7/2), x)`output `1/10*((a^2*x^(1/2)+2*a*b*x^(1/3)+x^(1/6)*b^2)/x^(1/2))^(7/2)*x*(10*a^7*x^(7/6)+84*a^6*b*x+315*a^5*b^2*x^(5/6)+700*a^4*b^3*x^(2/3)+1050*a^3*b^4*x^(1/2)+70*a*b^6*ln(x)*x^(1/6)+1260*a^2*b^5*x^(1/3)-60*b^7)/(a*x^(1/6)+b)^7`**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}}\right)^{7/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(1/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/6))^(7/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}}\right)^{7/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a**2+b**2/x**(1/3)+2*a*b/x**(1/6))**(7/2), x)`output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx = 7ab^6 \log(x) + \frac{10a^7x^{7/6} + 84a^6bx + 315a^5b^2x^{5/6} + 700a^4b^3x^{2/3} + 1050a^3b^4\sqrt{x} + 1260a^2b^5x^{1/3} - 60b^7}{10x^{1/6}}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(1/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/6))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `7*a*b^6*log(x) + 1/10*(10*a^7*x^(7/6) + 84*a^6*b*x + 315*a^5*b^2*x^(5/6) + 700*a^4*b^3*x^(2/3) + 1050*a^3*b^4*sqrt(x) + 1260*a^2*b^5*x^(1/3) - 60*b^7)/x^(1/6)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx = a^7 x \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{5/6}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 7ab^6 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{5/6}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{42}{5} a^6 b x^{5/6} \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{5/6}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{63}{2} a^5 b^2 x^{2/3} \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{5/6}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 70 a^4 b^3 \sqrt{x} \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{5/6}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 105 a^3 b^4 x^{1/3} \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{5/6}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 126 a^2 b^5 x^{1/6} \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{5/6}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) - \frac{6b^7 \operatorname{sgn}(ax + bx^{5/6}) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{x^{1/6}}$$

input `integrate((a^2+b^2/x^(1/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/6))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```
a^7*x*sgn(a*x + b*x^(5/6))*sgn(x) + 7*a*b^6*log(abs(x))*sgn(a*x + b*x^(5/6))
)*sgn(x) + 42/5*a^6*b*x^(5/6)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(5/6))*sgn(x) + 63/2*a^5*b^2*
x^(2/3)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(5/6))*sgn(x) + 70*a^4*b^3*sqrt(x)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(5/
6))*sgn(x) + 105*a^3*b^4*x^(1/3)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(5/6))*sgn(x) + 126*a^2*b^5
*x^(1/6)*sgn(a*x + b*x^(5/6))*sgn(x) - 6*b^7*sgn(a*x + b*x^(5/6))*sgn(x)/x
^(1/6)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx = \int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{x^{1/3}} + \frac{2ab}{x^{1/6}} \right)^{7/2} dx$$

input

```
int((a^2 + b^2/x^(1/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/6))^(7/2), x)
```

output

```
int((a^2 + b^2/x^(1/3) + (2*a*b)/x^(1/6))^(7/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \right)^{7/2} dx = \frac{315x^{5/6}a^5b^2 + 420x^{1/6}\log\left(x^{1/6}\right)ab^6 + 10x^{7/6}a^7 + 700x^{2/3}a^4b^3 + 1260x^{1/3}a^2b^5 + 1050\sqrt{x}a^3b^4 + 84a^6b^2x - 60b^7}{10x^{1/6}}$$

input

```
int((a^2+b^2/x^(1/3)+2*a*b/x^(1/6))^(7/2), x)
```

output

```
(315*x**(5/6)*a**5*b**2 + 420*x**(1/6)*log(x**(1/6))*a*b**6 + 10*x**(1/6)*
a**7*x + 700*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**3 + 1260*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**5 + 1050*sqrt(x)*a
**3*b**4 + 84*a**6*b*x - 60*b**7)/(10*x**(1/6))
```

### 3.94 $\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3 dx = a^3x + \frac{3a^2bx^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{3a(b^2 + ac)x^{1+2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{b(b^2 + 6ac)x^{1+3n}}{1+3n} \\ + \frac{3c(b^2 + ac)x^{1+4n}}{1+4n} + \frac{3bc^2x^{1+5n}}{1+5n} + \frac{c^3x^{1+6n}}{1+6n}$$

output

```
a^3*x+3*a^2*b*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+3*a*(a*c+b^2)*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)+b*(6*a*c+b^2)*
x^(1+3*n)/(1+3*n)+3*c*(a*c+b^2)*x^(1+4*n)/(1+4*n)+3*b*c^2*x^(1+5*n)/(1+5*n)
)+c^3*x^(1+6*n)/(1+6*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3 dx = x \left( a^3 + \frac{3a^2bx^n}{1+n} + \frac{3a(b^2 + ac)x^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{b(b^2 + 6ac)x^{3n}}{1+3n} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{3c(b^2 + ac)x^{4n}}{1+4n} + \frac{3bc^2x^{5n}}{1+5n} + \frac{c^3x^{6n}}{1+6n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^3,x]
```

output

$$x*(a^3 + (3*a^2*b*x^n)/(1 + n) + (3*a*(b^2 + a*c)*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (b*(b^2 + 6*a*c)*x^(3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (3*c*(b^2 + a*c)*x^(4*n))/(1 + 4*n) + (3*b*c^2*x^(5*n))/(1 + 5*n) + (c^3*x^(6*n))/(1 + 6*n))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {1682, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3 dx$$

↓ 1682

$$\int \left( a^3 + 3a^2bx^n + 3ab^2x^{2n} \left( \frac{ac}{b^2} + 1 \right) + 3b^2cx^{4n} \left( \frac{ac}{b^2} + 1 \right) + b^3x^{3n} \left( \frac{6ac}{b^2} + 1 \right) + 3bc^2x^{5n} + c^3x^{6n} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a^3x + \frac{3a^2bx^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{3ax^{2n+1}(ac+b^2)}{2n+1} + \frac{bx^{3n+1}(6ac+b^2)}{\frac{3n+1}{c^3x^{6n+1}}} + \frac{3cx^{4n+1}(ac+b^2)}{4n+1} + \frac{3bc^2x^{5n+1}}{5n+1} + \frac{c^3x^{6n+1}}{6n+1}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^3,x]
```

output

$$a^3*x + (3*a^2*b*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (3*a*(b^2 + a*c)*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (b*(b^2 + 6*a*c)*x^(1 + 3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (3*c*(b^2 + a*c)*x^(1 + 4*n))/(1 + 4*n) + (3*b*c^2*x^(1 + 5*n))/(1 + 5*n) + (c^3*x^(1 + 6*n))/(1 + 6*n)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1682

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
risch	$a^3x + \frac{c^3x x^{6n}}{1+6n} + \frac{b(6ac+b^2)x x^{3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{3a(ac+b^2)x x^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{3b a^2x x^n}{1+n} + \frac{3b c^2x x^{5n}}{1+5n} + \frac{3c(ac+b^2)x x^{4n}}{1+4n}$
norman	$a^3x + \frac{c^3x e^{6n \ln(x)}}{1+6n} + \frac{b(6ac+b^2)x e^{3n \ln(x)}}{1+3n} + \frac{3a(ac+b^2)x e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n} + \frac{3b a^2x e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n} + \frac{3b c^2x e^{5n \ln(x)}}{1+5n} + \frac{3c(ac+b^2)x e^{4n \ln(x)}}{1+4n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1383x x^{2n} a^2 c n^3 + 465x x^n a^2 b n^2 + 411x x^{2n} a^2 c n^2 + 60x x^n a^2 b n + 57x x^{2n} a^2 c n + 321x (x^{2n})^2 b^2 c n^2 + 285x x^n x^{4n} b c^2 n^2 + 51x a^3 x + c^3 x^{6n+1} + b^2 x^{3n+1} + 3a^2 x^{2n+1} + 3b a^2 x^{n+1} + 3b c^2 x^{5n+1} + 3c a^2 x^{4n+1}}{1}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a^3*x+c^3/(1+6*n)*x*(x^n)^6+b*(6*a*c+b^2)/(1+3*n)*x*(x^n)^3+3*a*(a*c+b^2)/
(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2+3*b*a^2/(1+n)*x*x^n+3*b*c^2/(1+5*n)*x*(x^n)^5+3*c*(a*c+b
^2)/(1+4*n)*x*(x^n)^4
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 525 vs. 2(132) = 264.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 525, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.98

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(120 c^3 n^5 + 274 c^3 n^4 + 225 c^3 n^3 + 85 c^3 n^2 + 15 c^3 n + c^3) x x^{6n} + 3 (144 b c^2 n^5 + 324 b c^2 n^4 + 260 b c^2 n^3 + 144 b^2 c n^5 + 288 b^2 c n^4 + 180 b^2 c n^3 + 72 b^2 c n^2 + 12 b^2 c n + b^2 c) x x^{3n} + (120 a^2 c^2 n^5 + 274 a^2 c^2 n^4 + 225 a^2 c^2 n^3 + 85 a^2 c^2 n^2 + 15 a^2 c^2 n + a^2 c^2) x x^{2n} + 3 (144 a b c n^5 + 288 a b c n^4 + 180 a b c n^3 + 72 a b c n^2 + 12 a b c n + a b c) x x^n + (120 a^3 n^5 + 274 a^3 n^4 + 225 a^3 n^3 + 85 a^3 n^2 + 15 a^3 n + a^3) x x^0 + C$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((120*c^3*n^5 + 274*c^3*n^4 + 225*c^3*n^3 + 85*c^3*n^2 + 15*c^3*n + c^3)*x*x^(6*n) + 3*(144*b*c^2*n^5 + 324*b*c^2*n^4 + 260*b*c^2*n^3 + 95*b*c^2*n^2 + 16*b*c^2*n + b*c^2)*x*x^(5*n) + 3*(180*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*n^5 + 396*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*n^4 + 307*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*n^3 + b^2*c + a*c^2 + 107*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*n^2 + 17*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*n)*x*x^(4*n) + (240*(b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*n^5 + 508*(b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*n^4 + 372*(b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*n^3 + b^3 + 6*a*b*c + 121*(b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*n^2 + 18*(b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*n)*x*x^(3*n) + 3*(360*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*n^5 + 702*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*n^4 + 461*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*n^3 + a*b^2 + a^2*c + 137*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*n^2 + 19*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*n)*x*x^(2*n) + 3*(720*a^2*b*n^5 + 1044*a^2*b*n^4 + 580*a^2*b*n^3 + 155*a^2*b*n^2 + 20*a^2*b*n + a^2*b)*x*x^n + (720*a^3*n^6 + 1764*a^3*n^5 + 1624*a^3*n^4 + 735*a^3*n^3 + 175*a^3*n^2 + 21*a^3*n + a^3)*x)/(720*n^6 + 1764*n^5 + 1624*n^4 + 735*n^3 + 175*n^2 + 21*n + 1)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3337 vs.  $2(119) = 238$ .

Time = 12.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3337, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.28

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n+c*x**(2*n))**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((a**3*x + 3*a**2*b*log(x) - 3*a**2*c/x - 3*a*b**2/x - 3*a*b*c/x*
*2 - a*c**2/x**3 - b**3/(2*x**2) - b**2*c/x**3 - 3*b*c**2/(4*x**4) - c**3/
(5*x**5), Eq(n, -1)), (a**3*x + 6*a**2*b*sqrt(x) + 3*a**2*c*log(x) + 3*a*b
**2*log(x) - 12*a*b*c/sqrt(x) - 3*a*c**2/x - 2*b**3/sqrt(x) - 3*b**2*c/x -
2*b*c**2/x**(3/2) - c**3/(2*x**2), Eq(n, -1/2)), (a**3*x + 9*a**2*b*x**(2
/3)/2 + 9*a**2*c*x**(1/3) + 9*a*b**2*x**(1/3) + 6*a*b*c*log(x) - 9*a*c**2/
x**(1/3) + b**3*log(x) - 9*b**2*c/x**(1/3) - 9*b*c**2/(2*x**(2/3)) - c**3/
x, Eq(n, -1/3)), (a**3*x + 4*a**2*b*x**(3/4) + 6*a*sqrt(x)*(a*c + b**2) -
12*b*c**2/x**(1/4) + 4*b*x**(1/4)*(6*a*c + b**2) - 2*c**3/sqrt(x) + 12*c*(
a*c + b**2)*log(x**(1/4)), Eq(n, -1/4)), (a**3*x + 15*a**2*b*x**(4/5)/4 +
5*a*x**(3/5)*(a*c + b**2) + 15*b*c**2*log(x**(1/5)) + 5*b*x**(2/5)*(6*a*c
+ b**2)/2 - 5*c**3/x**(1/5) + 15*c*x**(1/5)*(a*c + b**2), Eq(n, -1/5)), (a
**3*x + 18*a**2*b*x**(5/6)/5 + 9*a*x**(2/3)*(a*c + b**2)/2 + 18*b*c**2*x**
(1/6) + 2*b*sqrt(x)*(6*a*c + b**2) + 6*c**3*log(x**(1/6)) + 9*c*x**(1/3)*(
a*c + b**2), Eq(n, -1/6)), (720*a**3*n**6*x/(720*n**6 + 1764*n**5 + 1624*n
**4 + 735*n**3 + 175*n**2 + 21*n + 1) + 1764*a**3*n**5*x/(720*n**6 + 1764*
n**5 + 1624*n**4 + 735*n**3 + 175*n**2 + 21*n + 1) + 1624*a**3*n**4*x/(720
*n**6 + 1764*n**5 + 1624*n**4 + 735*n**3 + 175*n**2 + 21*n + 1) + 735*a**3
*n**3*x/(720*n**6 + 1764*n**5 + 1624*n**4 + 735*n**3 + 175*n**2 + 21*n + 1
) + 175*a**3*n**2*x/(720*n**6 + 1764*n**5 + 1624*n**4 + 735*n**3 + 175*...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3 dx = a^3x + \frac{c^3x^{6n+1}}{6n+1} + \frac{3bc^2x^{5n+1}}{5n+1} + \frac{3b^2cx^{4n+1}}{4n+1} + \frac{b^3x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + 3a^2\left(\frac{cx^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{bx^{n+1}}{n+1}\right) + 3\left(\frac{c^2x^{4n+1}}{4n+1} + \frac{2bcx^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{b^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1}\right)a$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
a^3*x + c^3*x^(6*n + 1)/(6*n + 1) + 3*b*c^2*x^(5*n + 1)/(5*n + 1) + 3*b^2*
c*x^(4*n + 1)/(4*n + 1) + b^3*x^(3*n + 1)/(3*n + 1) + 3*a^2*(c*x^(2*n + 1)
/(2*n + 1) + b*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1)) + 3*(c^2*x^(4*n + 1)/(4*n + 1) + 2*b*c*x
^(3*n + 1)/(3*n + 1) + b^2*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1))*a
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 824 vs.  $2(132) = 264$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 824, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.24

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(720*a^3*n^6*x + 120*c^3*n^5*x*x^(6*n) + 432*b*c^2*n^5*x*x^(5*n) + 540*b^2
*c*n^5*x*x^(4*n) + 540*a*c^2*n^5*x*x^(4*n) + 240*b^3*n^5*x*x^(3*n) + 1440*
a*b*c*n^5*x*x^(3*n) + 1080*a*b^2*n^5*x*x^(2*n) + 1080*a^2*c*n^5*x*x^(2*n)
+ 2160*a^2*b*n^5*x*x^n + 1764*a^3*n^5*x + 274*c^3*n^4*x*x^(6*n) + 972*b*c^
2*n^4*x*x^(5*n) + 1188*b^2*c*n^4*x*x^(4*n) + 1188*a*c^2*n^4*x*x^(4*n) + 50
8*b^3*n^4*x*x^(3*n) + 3048*a*b*c*n^4*x*x^(3*n) + 2106*a*b^2*n^4*x*x^(2*n)
+ 2106*a^2*c*n^4*x*x^(2*n) + 3132*a^2*b*n^4*x*x^n + 1624*a^3*n^4*x + 225*c
^3*n^3*x*x^(6*n) + 780*b*c^2*n^3*x*x^(5*n) + 921*b^2*c*n^3*x*x^(4*n) + 921
*a*c^2*n^3*x*x^(4*n) + 372*b^3*n^3*x*x^(3*n) + 2232*a*b*c*n^3*x*x^(3*n) +
1383*a*b^2*n^3*x*x^(2*n) + 1383*a^2*c*n^3*x*x^(2*n) + 1740*a^2*b*n^3*x*x^n
+ 735*a^3*n^3*x + 85*c^3*n^2*x*x^(6*n) + 285*b*c^2*n^2*x*x^(5*n) + 321*b^
2*c*n^2*x*x^(4*n) + 321*a*c^2*n^2*x*x^(4*n) + 121*b^3*n^2*x*x^(3*n) + 726*
a*b*c*n^2*x*x^(3*n) + 411*a*b^2*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 411*a^2*c*n^2*x*x^(2*n) +
465*a^2*b*n^2*x*x^n + 175*a^3*n^2*x + 15*c^3*n*x*x^(6*n) + 48*b*c^2*n*x*x^
(5*n) + 51*b^2*c*n*x*x^(4*n) + 51*a*c^2*n*x*x^(4*n) + 18*b^3*n*x*x^(3*n) +
108*a*b*c*n*x*x^(3*n) + 57*a*b^2*n*x*x^(2*n) + 57*a^2*c*n*x*x^(2*n) + 60*
a^2*b*n*x*x^n + 21*a^3*n*x + c^3*x*x^(6*n) + 3*b*c^2*x*x^(5*n) + 3*b^2*c*x
*x^(4*n) + 3*a*c^2*x*x^(4*n) + b^3*x*x^(3*n) + 6*a*b*c*x*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2
*x*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*c*x*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x*x^n + a^3*x)/(720*n^6 + 1764*n^
5 + 1624*n^4 + 735*n^3 + 175*n^2 + 21*n + 1)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 20.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3 dx = a^3 x + \frac{xx^{3n}(b^3 + 6acb)}{3n+1} + \frac{c^3 xx^{6n}}{6n+1} + \frac{3bc^2 xx^{5n}}{5n+1} \\ + \frac{3a^2 bxx^n}{n+1} + \frac{3axx^{2n}(b^2 + ac)}{2n+1} + \frac{3c xx^{4n}(b^2 + ac)}{4n+1}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^3,x)`output `a^3*x + (x*x^(3*n)*(b^3 + 6*a*b*c))/(3*n + 1) + (c^3*x*x^(6*n))/(6*n + 1) \\ + (3*b*c^2*x*x^(5*n))/(5*n + 1) + (3*a^2*b*x*x^n)/(n + 1) + (3*a*x*x^(2*n) \\ *(a*c + b^2))/(2*n + 1) + (3*c*x*x^(4*n)*(a*c + b^2))/(4*n + 1)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 763, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.78

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3 dx \\ = \frac{x(432x^{5n}bc^2n^5 + 972x^{5n}b^2c^2n^4 + 780x^{5n}b^3c^2n^3 + 285x^{5n}b^4c^2n^2 + 48x^{5n}b^5c^2n + 540x^{4n}a^2c^2n^5 + 1188x^{4n}a^3c^2n^4 + 1080x^{4n}a^2b^2c^2n^3 + 360x^{4n}a^3b^2c^2n^2 + 720x^{4n}a^4b^2c^2n + 1080x^{3n}a^3b^3c^2n^3 + 1080x^{3n}a^4b^3c^2n^2 + 720x^{3n}a^5b^3c^2n + 1080x^{2n}a^4b^4c^2n^3 + 1080x^{2n}a^5b^4c^2n^2 + 720x^{2n}a^6b^4c^2n + 1080x^{n}a^5b^5c^2n^3 + 1080x^{n}a^6b^5c^2n^2 + 720x^{n}a^7b^5c^2n + 1080a^6b^6c^2n^3 + 1080a^7b^6c^2n^2 + 720a^8b^6c^2n)}{n^6}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^3,x)`



output

```
(x*(120*x**(6*n)*c**3*n**5 + 274*x**(6*n)*c**3*n**4 + 225*x**(6*n)*c**3*n*
*3 + 85*x**(6*n)*c**3*n**2 + 15*x**(6*n)*c**3*n + x**(6*n)*c**3 + 432*x**(
5*n)*b*c**2*n**5 + 972*x**(5*n)*b*c**2*n**4 + 780*x**(5*n)*b*c**2*n**3 + 2
85*x**(5*n)*b*c**2*n**2 + 48*x**(5*n)*b*c**2*n + 3*x**(5*n)*b*c**2 + 540*x
**(4*n)*a*c**2*n**5 + 1188*x**(4*n)*a*c**2*n**4 + 921*x**(4*n)*a*c**2*n**3
+ 321*x**(4*n)*a*c**2*n**2 + 51*x**(4*n)*a*c**2*n + 3*x**(4*n)*a*c**2 + 5
40*x**(4*n)*b**2*c*n**5 + 1188*x**(4*n)*b**2*c*n**4 + 921*x**(4*n)*b**2*c*
n**3 + 321*x**(4*n)*b**2*c*n**2 + 51*x**(4*n)*b**2*c*n + 3*x**(4*n)*b**2*c
+ 1440*x**(3*n)*a*b*c*n**5 + 3048*x**(3*n)*a*b*c*n**4 + 2232*x**(3*n)*a*b
*c*n**3 + 726*x**(3*n)*a*b*c*n**2 + 108*x**(3*n)*a*b*c*n + 6*x**(3*n)*a*b*
c + 240*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**5 + 508*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**4 + 372*x**(3*n)*b**3*n*
*3 + 121*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 + 18*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + x**(3*n)*b**3 + 1080*x*
*(2*n)*a**2*c*n**5 + 2106*x**(2*n)*a**2*c*n**4 + 1383*x**(2*n)*a**2*c*n**3
+ 411*x**(2*n)*a**2*c*n**2 + 57*x**(2*n)*a**2*c*n + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*c + 1
080*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**5 + 2106*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**4 + 1383*x**(2*n)*a*b**
2*n**3 + 411*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 + 57*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b*
*2 + 2160*x**n*a**2*b*n**5 + 3132*x**n*a**2*b*n**4 + 1740*x**n*a**2*b*n**3
+ 465*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 + 60*x**n*a**2*b*n + 3*x**n*a**2*b + 720*a**3*n**6
+ 1764*a**3*n**5 + 1624*a**3*n**4 + 735*a**3*n**3 + 175*a**3*n**2 + 21*a*
*3*n + a**3))/(720*n**6 + 1764*n**5 + 1624*n**4 + 735*n**3 + 175*n**2 + ...
```

### 3.95 $\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	729
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	729
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	730
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	731
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	731
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	732
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	733
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	733
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	734
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	734

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{2abx^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{(b^2 + 2ac)x^{1+2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{2bcx^{1+3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{c^2x^{1+4n}}{1+4n}$$

output

```
a^2*x+2*a*b*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+(2*a*c+b^2)*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)+2*b*c*x^(1+3*n)/(1+3*n)+c^2*x^(1+4*n)/(1+4*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2 dx = x \left( a^2 + \frac{2abx^n}{1+n} + \frac{(b^2 + 2ac)x^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{2bcx^{3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{c^2x^{4n}}{1+4n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^2,x]
```

output

```
x*(a^2 + (2*a*b*x^n)/(1 + n) + ((b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (2*b*c*x^(3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (c^2*x^(4*n))/(1 + 4*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {1682, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1682$$

$$\int \left( a^2 + b^2 x^{2n} \left( \frac{2ac}{b^2} + 1 \right) + 2abx^n + 2bcx^{3n} + c^2 x^{4n} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^2 x + \frac{x^{2n+1} (2ac + b^2)}{2n + 1} + \frac{2abx^{n+1}}{n + 1} + \frac{2bcx^{3n+1}}{3n + 1} + \frac{c^2 x^{4n+1}}{4n + 1}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^2,x]`

output `a^2*x + (2*a*b*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + ((b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (2*b*c*x^(1 + 3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (c^2*x^(1 + 4*n))/(1 + 4*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1682 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp andIntegrand[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
risch	$x a^2 + \frac{c^2 x x^{4n}}{1+4n} + \frac{(2ac+b^2)x x^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{2bax x^n}{1+n} + \frac{2bcx x^{3n}}{1+3n}$
norman	$x a^2 + \frac{c^2 x e^{4n \ln(x)}}{1+4n} + \frac{(2ac+b^2)x e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n} + \frac{2bax e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n} + \frac{2bcx e^{3n \ln(x)}}{1+3n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12x x^{2n} b^2 n^3 + 6x x^{4n} c^2 n^3 + 19x x^{2n} b^2 n^2 + 11x x^{4n} c^2 n^2 + 8x x^{2n} b^2 n + 6x x^{4n} c^2 n + 16x x^n x^{2n} bc n^3 + 28x x^n x^{2n} bc n^2 + 14x x^n x^{2n} bc n}{(12n^3 + 19n^2 + 8n + 1)(1 + 2n)}$
orering	$x(a + b x^n + c x^{2n})^2 - \frac{20x^2 n(5n^2 + 1)(a + b x^n + c x^{2n})\left(\frac{b x^n}{x} + \frac{2c x^{2n}}{x}\right)}{(12n^3 + 19n^2 + 8n + 1)(1 + 2n)} + \frac{5x^3(7n^2 - 4n + 1)\left(2\left(\frac{b x^n}{x} + \frac{2c x^{2n}}{x}\right)\right)}{(12n^3 + 19n^2 + 8n + 1)(1 + 2n)}$

input `int((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $x a^2 + c^2 / (1 + 4n) * x * (x^n)^4 + (2 * a * c + b^2) / (1 + 2n) * x * (x^n)^2 + 2 * b * a / (1 + n) * x * x^n + 2 * b * c / (1 + 3n) * x * (x^n)^3$ **Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 205 vs. 2(79) = 158.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int (a + b x^n + c x^{2n})^2 dx = \frac{(6 c^2 n^3 + 11 c^2 n^2 + 6 c^2 n + c^2) x x^{4n} + 2 (8 b c n^3 + 14 b c n^2 + 7 b c n + b c) x x^{3n} + (12 (b^2 + 2 a c) n^3 + 19 (b^2 + 2 a c) n^2 + b^2 + 2 a c + 8 (b^2 + 2 a c) n) x x^{2n} + 2 (24 a * b * n^3 + 26 a * b * n^2 + 9 a * b * n + a * b) x x^n + (24 a^2 * n^4 + 50 a^2 * n^3 + 35 a^2 * n^2 + 10 a^2 * n + a^2) x}{(24 n^4 + 50 n^3 + 35 n^2 + 10 n + 1)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output  $((6 * c^2 * n^3 + 11 * c^2 * n^2 + 6 * c^2 * n + c^2) * x * x^{4 * n} + 2 * (8 * b * c * n^3 + 14 * b * c * n^2 + 7 * b * c * n + b * c) * x * x^{3 * n} + (12 * (b^2 + 2 * a * c) * n^3 + 19 * (b^2 + 2 * a * c) * n^2 + b^2 + 2 * a * c + 8 * (b^2 + 2 * a * c) * n) * x * x^{2 * n} + 2 * (24 * a * b * n^3 + 26 * a * b * n^2 + 9 * a * b * n + a * b) * x * x^n + (24 * a^2 * n^4 + 50 * a^2 * n^3 + 35 * a^2 * n^2 + 10 * a^2 * n + a^2) * x) / (24 * n^4 + 50 * n^3 + 35 * n^2 + 10 * n + 1)$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1027 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1027, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.00

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n+c*x**(2*n))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*x + 2*a*b*log(x) - 2*a*c/x - b**2/x - b*c/x**2 - c**2/(3*x**3), Eq(n, -1)), (a**2*x + 4*a*b*sqrt(x) + 2*a*c*log(x) + b**2*log(x) - 4*b*c/sqrt(x) - c**2/x, Eq(n, -1/2)), (a**2*x + 3*a*b*x**(2/3) + 6*a*c*x**(1/3) + 3*b**2*x**(1/3) + 2*b*c*log(x) - 3*c**2/x**(1/3), Eq(n, -1/3)), (a**2*x + 8*a*b*x**(3/4)/3 + 8*b*c*x**(1/4) + 4*c**2*log(x**(1/4)) - 2*sqrt(x)*(-2*a*c - b**2), Eq(n, -1/4)), (24*a**2*n**4*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 50*a**2*n**3*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 35*a**2*n**2*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 10*a**2*n*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + a**2*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 48*a*b*n**3*x*x**n/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 52*a*b*n**2*x*x**n/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 18*a*b*n*x*x**n/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 2*a*b*x*x**n/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 24*a*c*n**3*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 38*a*c*n**2*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 16*a*c*n*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 2*a*c*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 12*b**2*n**3*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 19*b**2*n**2*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 8*b**2*n*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + b**2*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 16*b*c*n**3*x*x**(3*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + ...`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{c^2x^{4n+1}}{4n+1} + \frac{2bcx^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{b^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + 2a\left(\frac{cx^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{bx^{n+1}}{n+1}\right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*x + c^2*x^(4*n + 1)/(4*n + 1) + 2*b*c*x^(3*n + 1)/(3*n + 1) + b^2*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + 2*a*(c*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + b*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1))`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 296 vs. 2(79) = 158.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.75

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2 dx = \frac{24a^2n^4x + 6c^2n^3xx^{4n} + 16bcn^3xx^{3n} + 12b^2n^3xx^{2n} + 24acn^3xx^{2n} + 48abn^3xx^n + 50a^2n^3x + 11c^2n^2}{1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(24*a^2*n^4*x + 6*c^2*n^3*x*x^(4*n) + 16*b*c*n^3*x*x^(3*n) + 12*b^2*n^3*x*x^(2*n) + 24*a*c*n^3*x*x^(2*n) + 48*a*b*n^3*x*x^n + 50*a^2*n^3*x + 11*c^2*n^2*x*x^(4*n) + 28*b*c*n^2*x*x^(3*n) + 19*b^2*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 38*a*c*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 52*a*b*n^2*x*x^n + 35*a^2*n^2*x + 6*c^2*n*x*x^(4*n) + 14*b*c*n*x*x^(3*n) + 8*b^2*n*x*x^(2*n) + 16*a*c*n*x*x^(2*n) + 18*a*b*n*x*x^n + 10*a^2*n*x + c^2*x*x^(4*n) + 2*b*c*x*x^(3*n) + b^2*x*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x*x^n + a^2*x)/(24*n^4 + 50*n^3 + 35*n^2 + 10*n + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 20.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2 dx = a^2 x + \frac{xx^{2n}(b^2 + 2ac)}{2n+1} + \frac{c^2 xx^{4n}}{4n+1} + \frac{2abxx^n}{n+1} + \frac{2bcxx^{3n}}{3n+1}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^2,x)`output `a^2*x + (x*x^(2*n)*(2*a*c + b^2))/(2*n + 1) + (c^2*x*x^(4*n))/(4*n + 1) + (2*a*b*x*x^n)/(n + 1) + (2*b*c*x*x^(3*n))/(3*n + 1)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.43

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2 dx = \frac{x(16x^{3n}bcn^3 + 28x^{3n}bcn^2 + 14x^{3n}bcn + 24x^{2n}acn^3 + 38x^{2n}acn^2 + 16x^{2n}acn + 48x^nabn^3 + 52x^nabn^2 + 24x^nabn + 24x^nab + 24a^2n^4 + 50a^2n^3 + 35a^2n^2 + 10a^2n + a^2)}{(24n^4 + 50n^3 + 35n^2 + 10n + 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^2,x)`output `(x*(6*x**(4*n)*c**2*n**3 + 11*x**(4*n)*c**2*n**2 + 6*x**(4*n)*c**2*n + x**(4*n)*c**2 + 16*x**(3*n)*b*c*n**3 + 28*x**(3*n)*b*c*n**2 + 14*x**(3*n)*b*c*n + 2*x**(3*n)*b*c + 24*x**(2*n)*a*c*n**3 + 38*x**(2*n)*a*c*n**2 + 16*x**(2*n)*a*c*n + 2*x**(2*n)*a*c + 12*x**(2*n)*b**2*n**3 + 19*x**(2*n)*b**2*n**2 + 8*x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 48*x**n*a*b*n**3 + 52*x**n*a*b*n**2 + 18*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + 24*a**2*n**4 + 50*a**2*n**3 + 35*a**2*n**2 + 10*a**2*n + a**2))/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1)`

### 3.96 $\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n}) dx$

Optimal result	735
Mathematica [A] (verified)	735
Rubi [A] (verified)	736
Maple [A] (verified)	737
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	737
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	738
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	738
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	738
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	739
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	739

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n}) dx = ax + \frac{bx^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{cx^{1+2n}}{1+2n}$$

output `a*x+b*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+c*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n}) dx = ax + \frac{bx^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{cx^{1+2n}}{1+2n}$$

input `Integrate[a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n),x]`

output `a*x + (b*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (c*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n)`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$ax + \frac{bx^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{cx^{2n+1}}{2n+1}$$

input `Int[a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n),x]`

output `a*x + (b*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (c*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
risch	$xa + \frac{bx^n}{1+n} + \frac{cx^{2n}}{1+2n}$	31
default	$xa + \frac{bx^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{cx^{1+2n}}{1+2n}$	33
parts	$xa + \frac{bx^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{cx^{1+2n}}{1+2n}$	33
norman	$xa + \frac{bx e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n} + \frac{cx e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n}$	35
parallelrisch	$\frac{2bx^n xn + cx^{2n} xn + bx^n x + cx^{2n} x}{(1+n)(1+2n)} + xa$	50
orering	$(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})x - \frac{3nx^2 \left( \frac{bx^n n}{x} + \frac{2cx^{2n} n}{x} \right)}{2n^2 + 3n + 1} + \frac{x^3 \left( \frac{bx^n n^2}{x^2} - \frac{bx^n n}{x^2} + \frac{4cx^{2n} n^2}{x^2} - \frac{2cx^{2n} n}{x^2} \right)}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$	122

input `int(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `x*a+b/(1+n)*x*x^n+c/(1+2*n)*x*x^(2*n)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n}) dx = \frac{(cn + c)xx^{2n} + (2bn + b)xx^n + (2an^2 + 3an + a)x}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$$

input `integrate(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((c*n + c)*x*x^(2*n) + (2*b*n + b)*x*x^n + (2*a*n^2 + 3*a*n + a)*x)/(2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n}) dx = ax + b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} & \text{for } n \neq -1 \\ \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + c \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{2} \\ \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(a+b*x**n+c*x**(2*n),x)`output `a*x + b*Piecewise((x**(n + 1)/(n + 1), Ne(n, -1)), (log(x), True)) + c*Piecewise((x**(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1), Ne(n, -1/2)), (log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n}) dx = ax + \frac{cx^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{bx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `integrate(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a*x + c*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + b*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n}) dx = ax + \frac{cx^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{bx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `integrate(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n),x, algorithm="giac")`output `a*x + c*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + b*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 20.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n}) dx = ax + \frac{cx^{2n}}{2n+1} + \frac{bx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `int(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n), x)`

output `a*x + (c*x*x^(2*n))/(2*n + 1) + (b*x*x^n)/(n + 1)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n}) dx = \frac{x(x^{2n}cn + x^{2n}c + 2x^nbn + x^nb + 2an^2 + 3an + a)}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$$

input `int(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n), x)`

output `(x*(x**(2*n)*c*n + x**(2*n)*c + 2*x**n*b*n + x**n*b + 2*a*n**2 + 3*a*n + a))/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1)`

### 3.97 $\int \frac{1}{a+bx^n+cx^{2n}} dx$

Optimal result	740
Mathematica [B] (verified)	741
Rubi [A] (verified)	741
Maple [F]	743
Fricas [F]	743
Sympy [F]	743
Maxima [F]	744
Giac [F]	744
Mupad [F(-1)]	744
Reduce [F]	745

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx = \frac{2cx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{b^2 - 4ac - b\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \frac{2cx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{b^2 - 4ac + b\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}$$

output

```
-2*c*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -2*c*x^n/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(b^2-4*
a*c-b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))-2*c*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -2*c*x^n/(b+(-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-4*a*c+b^2)
```

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 261 vs.  $2(124) = 248$ .

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx =$$

$$-2cx \left( \frac{1 - \left( \frac{x^n}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + x^n} \right)^{-1/n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{n}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, \frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^n} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac - b\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{1 - 2^{-1/n} \left( \frac{cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^n} \right)^{-1/n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{n}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, \frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^n} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(-1), x]
```

output

```
-2*c*x*((1 - Hypergeometric2F1[-n^(-1), -n^(-1), (-1 + n)/n, (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)]/(x^n/(-1/2*(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/c + x^n))^(-1))/(b^2 - 4*a*c - b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]) + (1 - Hypergeometric2F1[-n^(-1), -n^(-1), (-1 + n)/n, (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)]/(2^n^(-1)*((c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n))^(-1)))/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {1685, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 1685 \\
\frac{c \int \frac{1}{cx^n + \frac{1}{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} dx}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{cx^n + \frac{1}{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} dx}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \\
\downarrow 778 \\
\frac{2cx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} - \\
\frac{2cx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(-1),x]`

output `(2*c*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])) - (2*c*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1685 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[c/q Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] - Simp[c/q Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n)),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n)),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{cx^{2n} + bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n+c*x**(2*n)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a + b*x**n + c*x**(2*n)), x)`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{cx^{2n} + bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{cx^{2n} + bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b x^n + c x^{2n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n)),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n}c + x^n b + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a),x)`

### 3.98 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n+cx^{2n})^2} dx$

Optimal result	746
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	747
Rubi [A] (verified)	747
Maple [F]	749
Fricas [F]	750
Sympy [F(-1)]	750
Maxima [F]	750
Giac [F]	751
Mupad [F(-1)]	751
Reduce [F]	751

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 283

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n+cx^{2n})^2} dx = \frac{x(b^2-2ac+bcx^n)}{a(b^2-4ac)n(a+bx^n+cx^{2n})}$$

$$\frac{c(4ac(1-2n)-b^2(1-n)-b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(1-n))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{a(b^2-4ac)(b^2-4ac-b\sqrt{b^2-4ac})n}$$

$$\frac{c(4ac(1-2n)-b^2(1-n)+b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(1-n))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{a(b^2-4ac)(b^2-4ac+b\sqrt{b^2-4ac})n}$$

output

```
x*(b^2-2*a*c+b*c*x^n)/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/n/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))-c*(4*a*c*(1-2*n)
)-b^2*(1-n)-b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(1-n))*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -2*c*
x^n/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(b^2-4*a*c-b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)/n-c*(4*a*c*(1-2*n)-b^2*(1-n)+b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(1-n))*x*hypergeom([1,
1/n], [1+1/n], -2*c*x^n/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(b*(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2)-4*a*c+b^2)/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 4.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2} dx =$$

$$x \left( \frac{4a^2cn - b^2(-1+n)x^n(b+cx^n) + a(-b^2n + bc(-3+4n)x^n + 2c^2(-1+2n)x^{2n})}{a+x^n(b+cx^n)} + \frac{2^{-1/n}ac(4ac\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(1-2n) + b^3(-1+n) - 4abc(-1+n))}{a+x^n(b+cx^n)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(-2), x]`

output

```

-((x*((4*a^2*c*n - b^2*(-1 + n)*x^n*(b + c*x^n) + a*(-b^2*n) + b*c*(-3 +
4*n))*x^n + 2*c^2*(-1 + 2*n)*x^(2*n)))/(a + x^n*(b + c*x^n)) + (a*c*(4*a*c*
Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(1 - 2*n) + b^3*(-1 + n) - 4*a*b*c*(-1 + n) + b^2*Sqrt[b
^2 - 4*a*c]*(-1 + n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n^(-1), -n^(-1), (-1 + n)/n, (b -
Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)]/(2^n^(-1)*Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c]*(-b^2 + 4*a*c + b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*((c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*
a*c] + 2*c*x^n))^n^(-1)) + (a*c*(-b^2*(-1 + n)) + b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(-1
+ n) + 4*a*c*(-1 + 2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n^(-1), -n^(-1), (-1 + n)/n,
(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)]/(2^n^(-1)*Sqrt
[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*((c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*
c*x^n))^n^(-1))))/(a^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*n))

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {1683, 25, 1752, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2} dx$$

↓ 1683

$$\frac{x(-2ac + b^2 + bcx^n)}{an(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})} - \frac{\int -\frac{bc(1-n)x^n + 2ac(1-2n) - b^2(1-n)}{bx^n + cx^{2n} + a} dx}{an(b^2 - 4ac)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -\frac{bc(1-n)x^n + 2ac(1-2n) - b^2(1-n)}{bx^n + cx^{2n} + a} dx}{an(b^2 - 4ac)} + \frac{x(-2ac + b^2 + bcx^n)}{an(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})}$$

↓ 1752

$$\frac{c(-b(1-n)\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + 4ac(1-2n) - (b^2(1-n))) \int \frac{1}{cx^n + \frac{1}{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})} dx}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{c(b(1-n)\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + 4ac(1-2n) - (b^2(1-n))) \int \frac{1}{cx^n + \frac{1}{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})} dx}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}$$


---


$$\frac{an(b^2 - 4ac)}{an(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})} \frac{x(-2ac + b^2 + bcx^n)}{an(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})}$$

↓ 778

$$\frac{cx(-b(1-n)\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + 4ac(1-2n) - (b^2(1-n))) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})} - \frac{cx(b(1-n)\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + 4ac(1-2n) - (b^2(1-n))) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})}$$


---


$$\frac{x(-2ac + b^2 + bcx^n)}{an(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})} \frac{1}{an(b^2 - 4ac)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(-2), x]`

output `(x*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x^n))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*n*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))) + ((c*(4*a*c*(1 - 2*n) - b^2*(1 - n) - b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(1 - n))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])) - (c*(4*a*c*(1 - 2*n) - b^2*(1 - n) + b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(1 - n))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*n)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1683 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x^n)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(b^2 - 2*a*c + n*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c) + b*c*(n*(2*p + 3) + 1)*x^n*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n)))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 1752 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c] || !IGtQ[n/2, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^{2n} + bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(c^2*x^(4*n) + b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2 + 2*(b*c*x^n + a*c)*x^(2*n)), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n+c*x**(2*n))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^{2n} + bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*c*x*x^n + (b^2 - 2*a*c)*x)/(a^2*b^2*n - 4*a^3*c*n + (a*b^2*c*n - 4*a^2*c^2*n)*x^(2*n) + (a*b^3*n - 4*a^2*b*c*n)*x^n) - integrate(-(b*c*(n - 1)*x^n - 2*a*c*(2*n - 1) + b^2*(n - 1))/(a^2*b^2*n - 4*a^3*c*n + (a*b^2*c*n - 4*a^2*c^2*n)*x^(2*n) + (a*b^3*n - 4*a^2*b*c*n)*x^n), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^{2n} + bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a)^(-2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{4n}c^2 + 2x^{3n}bc + 2x^{2n}ac + x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^na b + a^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(x**(4*n)*c**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*b*c + 2*x**(2*n)*a*c + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`



### 3.99 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n+cx^{2n})^3} dx$

Optimal result	752
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	753
Rubi [A] (verified)	753
Maple [F]	756
Fricas [F]	756
Sympy [F(-1)]	757
Maxima [F]	757
Giac [F]	758
Mupad [F(-1)]	758
Reduce [F]	758

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 489

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n+cx^{2n})^3} dx = \frac{x(b^2-2ac+bcx^n)}{2a(b^2-4ac)n(a+bx^n+cx^{2n})^2} - \frac{x(4a^2c^2(1-4n)-5ab^2c(1-3n)+b^4(1-2n)-bc(2ac(2-7n)-b^2(1-2n))x^n)}{2a^2(b^2-4ac)^2n^2(a+bx^n+cx^{2n})} + \frac{c(b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2ac(2-7n)-b^2(1-2n))(1-n)-b^4(1-3n+2n^2)+6ab^2c(1-4n+3n^2)-8a^2c^2)}{2a^2(b^2-4ac)^2(b^2-4ac-b\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} - \frac{c(b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2ac(2-7n)-b^2(1-2n))(1-n)+b^4(1-3n+2n^2)-6ab^2c(1-4n+3n^2)+8a^2c^2)}{2a^2(b^2-4ac)^2(b^2-4ac+b\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(b^2-2*a*c+b*c*x^n)/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/n/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^2-1/2*x*(4*
a^2*c^2*(1-4*n)-5*a*b^2*c*(1-3*n)+b^4*(1-2*n)-b*c*(2*a*c*(2-7*n)-b^2*(1-2*
n))*x^n)/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^2/n^2/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))+1/2*c*(b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^
(1/2)*(2*a*c*(2-7*n)-b^2*(1-2*n))*(1-n)-b^4*(2*n^2-3*n+1)+6*a*b^2*c*(3*n^2
-4*n+1)-8*a^2*c^2*(8*n^2-6*n+1))*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n],[1+1/n],-2*c*x^n/(b-
(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^2/(b^2-4*a*c-b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/n
^2-1/2*c*(b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(2*a*c*(2-7*n)-b^2*(1-2*n))*(1-n)+b^4*(2*n^
2-3*n+1)-6*a*b^2*c*(3*n^2-4*n+1)+8*a^2*c^2*(8*n^2-6*n+1))*x*hypergeom([1,
1/n],[1+1/n],-2*c*x^n/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^2/(b*(-4*a*
c+b^2)^(1/2)-4*a*c+b^2)/n^2
```

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5445 vs.  $2(489) = 978$ .

Time = 6.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5445, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.13

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(-3), x]`

output `Result too large to show`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 506, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$ , Rules used = {1683, 25, 1760, 25, 1752, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1683} \\ & \frac{x(-2ac + b^2 + bcx^n)}{2an(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{bc(1-3n)x^n + 2ac(1-4n) - b^2(1-2n)}{(bx^n + cx^{2n} + a)^2} dx}{2an(b^2 - 4ac)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{bc(1-3n)x^n + 2ac(1-4n) - b^2(1-2n)}{(bx^n + cx^{2n} + a)^2} dx}{2an(b^2 - 4ac)} + \frac{x(-2ac + b^2 + bcx^n)}{2an(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1760} \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{-bc(2ac(2-7n)-b^2(1-2n))(1-n)x^n + b^4(2n^2-3n+1) + 4a^2c^2(8n^2-6n+1) - ab^2c(16n^2-21n+5)}{bx^n + cx^{2n} + a} dx - \frac{x(4a^2c^2(1-4n) - bcx^n(2ac(2-7n) - b^2(1-2n)))}{an(b^2-4ac)(a+bx^n+cx^{2n})}$$


---


$$\frac{2an(b^2-4ac)}{2an(b^2-4ac)} \frac{x(-2ac + b^2 + bcx^n)}{2an(b^2-4ac)(a+bx^n+cx^{2n})^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\int \frac{-bc(2ac(2-7n)-b^2(1-2n))(1-n)x^n + b^4(2n^2-3n+1) + 4a^2c^2(8n^2-6n+1) - ab^2c(16n^2-21n+5)}{bx^n + cx^{2n} + a} dx - \frac{x(4a^2c^2(1-4n) - bcx^n(2ac(2-7n) - b^2(1-2n)))}{an(b^2-4ac)(a+bx^n+cx^{2n})}$$


---


$$\frac{2an(b^2-4ac)}{2an(b^2-4ac)} \frac{x(-2ac + b^2 + bcx^n)}{2an(b^2-4ac)(a+bx^n+cx^{2n})^2}$$

↓ 1752

$$\frac{c(8a^2c^2(8n^2-6n+1) - 6ab^2c(3n^2-4n+1) + b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b^2(2n^2-3n+1) - 2ac(7n^2-9n+2)) + b^4(2n^2-3n+1))}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \int \frac{1}{cx^n + \frac{1}{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})} dx - \frac{c(8a^2c^2(8n^2-6n+1) - 6ab^2c(3n^2-4n+1) + b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b^2(2n^2-3n+1) - 2ac(7n^2-9n+2)) + b^4(2n^2-3n+1))}{an(b^2-4ac)}}$$

$$\frac{x(-2ac + b^2 + bcx^n)}{2an(b^2-4ac)(a+bx^n+cx^{2n})^2}$$

↓ 778

$$\frac{cx(8a^2c^2(8n^2-6n+1) - 6ab^2c(3n^2-4n+1) + b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b^2(2n^2-3n+1) - 2ac(7n^2-9n+2)) + b^4(2n^2-3n+1))}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) - \frac{cx(8a^2c^2(8n^2-6n+1) - 6ab^2c(3n^2-4n+1) + b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b^2(2n^2-3n+1) - 2ac(7n^2-9n+2)) + b^4(2n^2-3n+1))}{an(b^2-4ac)}$$

$$\frac{x(-2ac + b^2 + bcx^n)}{2an(b^2-4ac)(a+bx^n+cx^{2n})^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^-3, x]`

output

```
(x*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x^n))/(2*a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*n*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^2) + (-((x*(4*a^2*c^2*(1 - 4*n) - 5*a*b^2*c*(1 - 3*n) + b^4*(1 - 2*n) - b*c*(2*a*c*(2 - 7*n) - b^2*(1 - 2*n))*x^n))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*n*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n)))) + ((c*(b^4*(1 - 3*n + 2*n^2) - 6*a*b^2*c*(1 - 4*n + 3*n^2) + 8*a^2*c^2*(1 - 6*n + 8*n^2) + b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b^2*(1 - 3*n + 2*n^2) - 2*a*c*(2 - 9*n + 7*n^2)))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])) - (c*(b^4*(1 - 3*n + 2*n^2) - 6*a*b^2*c*(1 - 4*n + 3*n^2) + 8*a^2*c^2*(1 - 6*n + 8*n^2) - b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b^2*(1 - 3*n + 2*n^2) - 2*a*c*(2 - 9*n + 7*n^2)))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*n)/(2*a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*n)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 778

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 1683

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x^n)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(b^2 - 2*a*c + n*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c) + b*c*(n*(2*p + 3) + 1)*x^n)*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && ILtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1752

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c] || !IGtQ[n/2, 0])
```

rule 1760

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d*b^2 - a*b*e - 2*a*c*d + (b*d - 2*a*e)*c*x^n)*
((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/
(a*n*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[Simp[(n*p + n + 1)*d*b^2 - a*b*e - 2*a*c*
d*(2*n*p + 2*n + 1) + (2*n*p + 3*n + 1)*(d*b - 2*a*e)*c*x^n, x]*(a + b*x^n
+ c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n
] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && ILtQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^3,x)`output `int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^3,x)`**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^{2n} + bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(c^3*x^(6*n) + b^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^n + a^3 + 3*(b*c^2*x^n + a*c^2)*x^(4*n) + 3*(b^2*c*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*c*x^n + a^2*c)*x^(2*n)), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n+c*x**(2*n))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^{2n} + bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*((2*a*b*c^3*(7*n - 2) - b^3*c^2*(2*n - 1))*x*x^(3*n) + (a*b^2*c^2*(29*n - 9) - 4*a^2*c^3*(4*n - 1) - 2*b^4*c*(2*n - 1))*x*x^(2*n) + (4*a*b^3*c*(3*n - 1) - b^5*(2*n - 1) + 2*a^2*b*c^2*n)*x*x^n + (a^2*b^2*c*(21*n - 5) - 4*a^3*c^2*(6*n - 1) - a*b^4*(3*n - 1))*x)/(a^4*b^4*n^2 - 8*a^5*b^2*c*n^2 + 16*a^6*c^2*n^2 + (a^2*b^4*c^2*n^2 - 8*a^3*b^2*c^3*n^2 + 16*a^4*c^4*n^2)*x^(4*n) + 2*(a^2*b^5*c*n^2 - 8*a^3*b^3*c^2*n^2 + 16*a^4*b*c^3*n^2)*x^(3*n) + (a^2*b^6*n^2 - 6*a^3*b^4*c*n^2 + 32*a^5*c^3*n^2)*x^(2*n) + 2*(a^3*b^5*n^2 - 8*a^4*b^3*c*n^2 + 16*a^5*b*c^2*n^2)*x^n) - integrate(-1/2*((2*n^2 - 3*n + 1)*b^4 - (16*n^2 - 21*n + 5)*a*b^2*c + 4*(8*n^2 - 6*n + 1)*a^2*c^2 + ((2*n^2 - 3*n + 1)*b^3*c - 2*(7*n^2 - 9*n + 2)*a*b*c^2)*x^n)/(a^3*b^4*n^2 - 8*a^4*b^2*c*n^2 + 16*a^5*c^2*n^2 + (a^2*b^4*c*n^2 - 8*a^3*b^2*c^2*n^2 + 16*a^4*c^3*n^2)*x^(2*n) + (a^2*b^5*n^2 - 8*a^3*b^3*c*n^2 + 16*a^4*b*c^2*n^2)*x^n), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^{2n} + bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a)^(-3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^3,x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{6n}c^3 + 3x^{5n}bc^2 + 3x^{4n}ac^2 + 3x^{4n}b^2c + 6x^{3n}abc + x^{3n}b^3 + 3x^{2n}a^2c + 3x^{2n}ab^2 + 3x^na^2b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^3,x)`

output `int(1/(x**(6*n)*c**3 + 3*x**(5*n)*b*c**2 + 3*x**(4*n)*a*c**2 + 3*x**(4*n)*b**2*c + 6*x**(3*n)*a*b*c + x**(3*n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*c + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

### 3.100 $\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	759
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	759
Rubi [A] (verified)	760
Maple [F]	761
Fricas [F(-2)]	762
Sympy [F]	762
Maxima [F]	762
Giac [F]	763
Mupad [F(-1)]	763
Reduce [F]	763

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^2 x \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{5}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}$$

output

```
a^2*x*(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n,-5/2,-5/2,1+1/n,-2*c*x^n/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),-2*c*x^n/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(1+2*c*x^n/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(1+2*c*x^n/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 706 vs. 2(142) = 284.

Time = 3.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 706, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.97

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2} dx = \frac{x \left( 15bn^3(b^4(4 + 8n + 3n^2) + 48a^2c^2(1 + 5n + 5n^2) - 4ab^2c(7 + 23n + 10n^2)) \right) x^n \sqrt{\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}$$



input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*(15*b*n^3*(b^4*(4 + 8*n + 3*n^2) + 48*a^2*c^2*(1 + 5*n + 5*n^2) - 4*a*b^2*c*(7 + 23*n + 10*n^2))*x^n*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 2 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^n)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] + 2*(1 + n)*((a + x^n*(b + c*x^n))*(-15*b^4*n^3*(2 + 3*n) + 16*a^2*c^2*(1 + 15*n + 85*n^2 + 210*n^3 + 184*n^4) + 30*b^3*c*n^3*(1 + n)*x^n + 4*b^2*c^2*(4 + 50*n + 215*n^2 + 355*n^3 + 186*n^4)*x^(2*n) + 8*b*c^3*(4 + 45*n + 170*n^2 + 255*n^3 + 126*n^4)*x^(3*n) + 16*c^4*(1 + 10*n + 35*n^2 + 50*n^3 + 24*n^4)*x^(4*n) + 4*a*c*(45*b^2*n^3*(1 + 3*n) + 2*b*c*(4 + 55*n + 270*n^2 + 530*n^3 + 311*n^4)*x^n + 4*c^2*(2 + 25*n + 105*n^2 + 170*n^3 + 88*n^4)*x^(2*n))) + 15*a*n^3*(-12*a*b^2*c*(1 + 3*n) + b^4*(2 + 3*n) + 16*a^2*c^2*(1 + 6*n + 8*n^2))*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^n)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])))/(32*c^2*(1 + n)^2*(1 + 2*n)*(1 + 3*n)*(1 + 4*n)*(1 + 5*n)*Sqrt[a + x^n*(b + c*x^n)])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {1686, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1686$$

$$\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} \int \left( \frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right)^{5/2} \left( \frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right)^{5/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 936$$

$$\frac{a^2 x \sqrt{a + b x^n + c x^{2n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{5}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2c x^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2c x^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{2c x^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2c x^n}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(5/2), x]`

output `(a^2*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n)]*AppellF1[n^(-1), -5/2, -5/2, 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]) / (Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] * Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])`

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1686 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

### Maple **[F]**

$$\int (a + b x^n + c x^{2n})^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(5/2), x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(5/2), x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2} dx = \int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n+c*x**(2*n))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**n + c*x**(2*n))**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2} dx = \int (cx^{2n} + bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2} dx = \int (cx^{2n} + bx^n + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2} dx = \int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(384*x**(4*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*c**3*n**4*x + 1184*x**(4*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*c**3*n**3*x + 976*x**(4*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*c**3*n**2*x + 304*x**(4*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*c**3*n*x + 32*x**(4*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*c**3*x + 1008*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*b*c**2*n**4*x + 3048*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*b*c**2*n**3*x + 2392*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*b*c**2*n**2*x + 688*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*b*c**2*n*x + 64*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*b*c**2*x + 1408*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*a*c**2*n**4*x + 4128*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*a*c**2*n**3*x + 2992*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*a*c**2*n**2*x + 768*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*a*c**2*n*x + 64*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*a*c**2*x + 744*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*b**2*c*n**4*x + 2164*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*b**2*c*n**3*x + 1536*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*b**2*c*n**2*x + 384*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*b**2*c*n*x + 32*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*b**2*c*x + 2488*x**n*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*a*b*c*n**4*x + 6728*x**n*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*a*b*c*n**3*x + 3912*x**n*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*a*b*c*n**2*x + 848*x**n*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*a*b*c*n*x + 64*x**n*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*a*b*c*x + 30*x**n*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*b**3*n**4*x + 60*x**n*sqrt(x**(...
```

### 3.101 $\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	765
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	765
Rubi [A] (verified)	766
Maple [F]	767
Fricas [F(-2)]	768
Sympy [F]	768
Maxima [F]	768
Giac [F]	769
Mupad [F(-1)]	769
Reduce [F]	769

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \frac{ax\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}$$

output

```
a*x*(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n, -3/2, -3/2, 1+1/n, -2*c*x^n/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^n/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(1+2*c*x^n/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(1+2*c*x^n/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 466 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 466, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \frac{x\left(-3bn^2(b^2(2+n) - 4ac(2+3n))\right) x^n \sqrt{\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \dots\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(-3*b*n^2*(b^2*(2 + n) - 4*a*c*(2 + 3*n))*x^n*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 2 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^n)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] + 2*(1 + n)*((3*b^2*n^2 + 4*a*c*(1 + 6*n + 8*n^2) + 2*b*c*(2 + 9*n + 7*n^2))*x^n + 4*c^2*(1 + 3*n + 2*n^2)*x^(2*n))*(a + x^n*(b + c*x^n)) - 3*a*n^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c*(1 + 2*n))*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^n)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]))/(8*c*(1 + n)^2*(1 + 2*n)*(1 + 3*n)*Sqrt[a + x^n*(b + c*x^n)])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {1686, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1686$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} \int \left(\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 936$$

$$\frac{ax\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(a*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n)]*AppellF1[n^(-1), -3/2, -3/2, 1 + n^(-1),
(-2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(
Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b
^2 - 4*a*c])])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 936

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1686

```
Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^
IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2
- 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPar
t[p])) Int[(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - S
qrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
&& NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x)
```



**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n+c*x**(2*n))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**n + c*x**(2*n))**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^{2n} + bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^{2n} + bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x)`

output

```

(8*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*c*n**2*x + 20*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(
2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*c*n*x + 8*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*c*x
+ 14*x**n*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*b*n**2*x + 32*x**n*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c
+ x**n*b + a)*b*n*x + 8*x**n*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*b*x + 68*sqrt(
x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*a*n**2*x + 44*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*a*n*x
+ 8*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*a*x + 144*int(sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b
+ a)/(6*x**(2*n)*c*n**3 + 17*x**(2*n)*c*n**2 + 11*x**(2*n)*c*n + 2*x**(2*n
)*c + 6*x**n*b*n**3 + 17*x**n*b*n**2 + 11*x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + 6*a*n**3 +
17*a*n**2 + 11*a*n + 2*a),x)*a**2*n**6 + 408*int(sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b
+ a)/(6*x**(2*n)*c*n**3 + 17*x**(2*n)*c*n**2 + 11*x**(2*n)*c*n + 2*x**(2*
n)*c + 6*x**n*b*n**3 + 17*x**n*b*n**2 + 11*x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + 6*a*n**3
+ 17*a*n**2 + 11*a*n + 2*a),x)*a**2*n**5 + 264*int(sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*
b + a)/(6*x**(2*n)*c*n**3 + 17*x**(2*n)*c*n**2 + 11*x**(2*n)*c*n + 2*x**(2
*n)*c + 6*x**n*b*n**3 + 17*x**n*b*n**2 + 11*x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + 6*a*n**3
+ 17*a*n**2 + 11*a*n + 2*a),x)*a**2*n**4 + 48*int(sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*
b + a)/(6*x**(2*n)*c*n**3 + 17*x**(2*n)*c*n**2 + 11*x**(2*n)*c*n + 2*x**(2
*n)*c + 6*x**n*b*n**3 + 17*x**n*b*n**2 + 11*x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + 6*a*n**3
+ 17*a*n**2 + 11*a*n + 2*a),x)*a**2*n**3 - 216*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n
)*c + x**n*b + a))/(6*x**(2*n)*c*n**3 + 17*x**(2*n)*c*n**2 + 11*x**(2*n)*c
*n + 2*x**(2*n)*c + 6*x**n*b*n**3 + 17*x**n*b*n**2 + 11*x**n*b*n + 2*x**...

```

### 3.102 $\int \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx$

Optimal result	771
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	771
Rubi [A] (verified)	772
Maple [F]	773
Fricas [F(-2)]	774
Sympy [F]	774
Maxima [F]	774
Giac [F]	775
Mupad [F(-1)]	775
Reduce [F]	775

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n,-1/2,-1/2,1+1/n,-2*c*x^n/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^n/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(1+2*c*x^n/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(1+2*c*x^n/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 351 vs. 2(139) = 278.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx = \frac{x \left( bnx^n \sqrt{\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, \frac{2cx^n}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) + 2(1 + \dots) \right)}{2(1 + n)^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n)], x]`

output 
$$\frac{(x*(b*n*x^n*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{AppellF1}[1 + n^{(-1)}, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + n^{(-1)}, (-2*c*x^n)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^n)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]) + 2*(1 + n)*(a + x^n*(b + c*x^n) + a*n*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{AppellF1}[n^{(-1)}, 1/2, 1/2, 1 + n^{(-1)}, (-2*c*x^n)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^n)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]))/(2*(1 + n)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + x^n*(b + c*x^n)])$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {1686, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1686$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} \int \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 936$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n)], x]`

output

```
(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n)]*AppellF1[n^(-1), -1/2, -1/2, 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 936

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1686

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^
IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2
- 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPar
t[p])) Int[(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - S
qrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
&& NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b x^n + c x^{2n}} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n+c*x**(2*n))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**n + c*x**(2*n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^{2n} + bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^{2n} + bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b x^n + c x^{2n}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x^{2n}c + x^nb + a}x + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^{2n}c + x^nb + a}}{x^{2n}cn + 2x^{2n}c + x^nb + 2x^nb + an + 2a} dx\right) an^2 + 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^{2n}c + x^nb + a}}{x^{2n}cn + 2x^{2n}c + x^nb + 2x^nb + an + 2a} dx\right) an}{n + 2}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x)`



output

```
(2*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)*x + int(sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)/(x*
*(2*n)*c*n + 2*x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + a*n + 2*a),x)*a*n**2 + 2
*int(sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*c*n + 2*x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b*n
+ 2*x**n*b + a*n + 2*a),x)*a*n - int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b +
a))/(x**(2*n)*c*n + 2*x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + a*n + 2*a),x)*c*
n**2 - 2*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*c*n + 2*x*
*(2*n)*c + x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + a*n + 2*a),x)*c*n)/(n + 2)
```

### 3.103 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^n+cx^{2n}}} dx$

Optimal result	777
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	777
Rubi [A] (verified)	778
Maple [F]	779
Fricas [F(-2)]	779
Sympy [F]	780
Maxima [F]	780
Giac [F]	780
Mupad [F(-1)]	781
Reduce [F]	781

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}}$$

output

```
x*(1+2*c*x^n/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+2*c*x^n/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n,1/2,1/2,1+1/n,-2*c*x^n/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),-2*c*x^n/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, \frac{2cx^n}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{a + x^n (b + cx^n)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n)],x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[(b
+ Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*AppellF1[n^(-1),
1/2, 1/2, 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^n)/(-b +
Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/Sqrt[a + x^n*(b + c*x^n)]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {1686, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}} dx$$

↓ 1686

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}}$$

↓ 936

$$\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}}$$

input

```
Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n)],x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqr
t[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqr
t[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/Sqrt[a + b*x^n + c*
x^(2*n)]
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1686 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^
IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2
- 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPar
t[p])) Int[(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - S
qrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
&& NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n+c*x**(2*n))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b*x**n + c*x**(2*n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^{2n} + bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^{2n} + bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(1/2), x)`output `int(1/(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^{2n}c + x^nb + a}}{x^{2n}c + x^nb + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a), x)`

### 3.104 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n+cx^{2n})^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	782
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	782
Rubi [A] (verified)	783
Maple [F]	784
Fricas [F(-2)]	785
Sympy [F]	785
Maxima [F]	785
Giac [F]	786
Mupad [F(-1)]	786
Reduce [F]	786

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{a \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}}$$

output

```
x*(1+2*c*x^n/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+2*c*x^n/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n,3/2,3/2,1+1/n,-2*c*x^n/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),-2*c*x^n/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 384 vs. 2(142) = 284.

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \left( 2bcx^n \sqrt{\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \right)}{a \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(1/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*(2*b*c*x^n*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c
]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Appell
F1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 2 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (
2*c*x^n)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] - (1 + n)*(2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x^n) +
(b^2*(-2 + n) - 4*a*c*(-1 + n))*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b
- Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^
2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^n)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]))/(a*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*n*(1
+ n)*Sqrt[a + x^n*(b + c*x^n)])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {1686, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1686

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{2cx^n}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2cx^n}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}}$$

↓ 936

$$\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(-3/2), x]
```



output

```
(x*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[n^(-1), 3/2, 3/2, 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n)])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 936

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x]
;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1686

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x]
;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n+c*x**(2*n))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**n + c*x**(2*n))**(-3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^{2n} + bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a)^(-3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^{2n} + bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a)^(-3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^{2n}c + x^nb + a}}{x^{4n}c^2 + 2x^{3n}bc + 2x^{2n}ac + x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^nan + a^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)/(x**(4*n)*c**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*b*c + 2*x**(2*n)*a*c + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.105 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n+cx^{2n})^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	787
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	787
Rubi [A] (verified)	788
Maple [F]	789
Fricas [F(-2)]	790
Sympy [F]	790
Maxima [F]	790
Giac [F]	791
Mupad [F(-1)]	791
Reduce [F]	791

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}}$$

output

```
x*(1+2*c*x^n/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+2*c*x^n/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n,5/2,5/2,1+1/n,-2*c*x^n/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),-2*c*x^n/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a^2/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 564 vs. 2(142) = 284.

Time = 5.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 564, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \left( -2bc(4ac(2 - 5n) + b^2(-2 + 3n)) x^n \sqrt{\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^n}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^n}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} (a + \dots \right)}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*(-2*b*c*(4*a*c*(2 - 5*n) + b^2*(-2 + 3*n))*x^n*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*(a + x^n*(b + c*x^n))*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 2 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^n)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] + (1 + n)*(2*(8*a^3*c^2*(-1 + 4*n) + b^3*(-2 + 3*n))*x^n*(b + c*x^n)^2 + 2*a^2*c*(b^2*(5 - 14*n) + 4*c^2*(-1 + 3*n))*x^(2*n)) + 2*a*b*(b + c*x^n)*(b^2*(-1 + 2*n) - b*c*(-5 + 11*n))*x^n - 2*c^2*(-2 + 5*n))*x^(2*n))) + (b^4*(4 - 8*n + 3*n^2) + 16*a^2*c^2*(1 - 4*n + 3*n^2) - 4*a*b^2*c*(5 - 14*n + 6*n^2))*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*(a + x^n*(b + c*x^n))*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^n)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])])/(3*a^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*n^2*(1 + n)*(a + x^n*(b + c*x^n))^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {1686, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1686}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{2cx^n}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{5/2} \left(\frac{2cx^n}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{936}$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^n}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^n}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n + cx^{2n}}}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[n^(-1), 5/2, 5/2, 1 + n^(-1), (-2*c*x^n)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^n)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(a^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n)])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 936

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x]
;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1686

```
Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x]
;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n+c*x**(2*n))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**n + c*x**(2*n))**(-5/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^{2n} + bx^n + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a)^(-5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^{2n} + bx^n + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n + a)^(-5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^{2n}c + x^nb + a}}{x^{6n}c^3 + 3x^{5n}bc^2 + 3x^{4n}a^2c^2 + 3x^{4n}b^2c + 6x^{3n}abc + x^{3n}b^3 + 3x^{2n}a^2c + 3x^{2n}a^2c + 3x^{2n}a^2c} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**(2*n)*c + x**n*b + a)/(x**(6*n)*c**3 + 3*x**(5*n)*b*c**2 + 3*x**(4*n)*a*c**2 + 3*x**(4*n)*b**2*c + 6*x**(3*n)*a*b*c + x**(3*n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*c + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*c + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*c),x)`



### 3.106 $\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3 dx = a^6x + \frac{6a^5cx^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{15a^4c^2x^{1+2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{20a^3c^3x^{1+3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{15a^2c^4x^{1+4n}}{1+4n} + \frac{6ac^5x^{1+5n}}{1+5n} + \frac{c^6x^{1+6n}}{1+6n}$$

output

```
a^6*x+6*a^5*c*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+15*a^4*c^2*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)+20*a^3*c^3*x^(1+3*n)/(1+3*n)+15*a^2*c^4*x^(1+4*n)/(1+4*n)+6*a*c^5*x^(1+5*n)/(1+5*n)+c^6*x^(1+6*n)/(1+6*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3 dx = x \left( a^6 + \frac{6a^5cx^n}{1+n} + \frac{15a^4c^2x^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{20a^3c^3x^{3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{15a^2c^4x^{4n}}{1+4n} + \frac{6ac^5x^{5n}}{1+5n} + \frac{c^6x^{6n}}{1+6n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^3,x]
```

output

$$x*(a^6 + (6*a^5*c*x^n)/(1 + n) + (15*a^4*c^2*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (20*a^3*c^3*x^(3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (15*a^2*c^4*x^(4*n))/(1 + 4*n) + (6*a*c^5*x^(5*n))/(1 + 5*n) + (c^6*x^(6*n))/(1 + 6*n))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {1379, 775, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1379 \\ & \quad \int \frac{(c^2x^n + ac)^6}{c^6} dx \\ & \quad \quad \downarrow 775 \\ & \quad \quad \int \frac{(6a^5c^7x^n + 15a^4c^8x^{2n} + 20a^3c^9x^{3n} + 15a^2c^{10}x^{4n} + 6ac^{11}x^{5n} + c^{12}x^{6n} + a^6c^6) dx}{c^6} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \quad \quad \quad \frac{a^6c^6x + \frac{6a^5c^7x^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{15a^4c^8x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{20a^3c^9x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{15a^2c^{10}x^{4n+1}}{4n+1} + \frac{6ac^{11}x^{5n+1}}{5n+1} + \frac{c^{12}x^{6n+1}}{6n+1}}{c^6} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^3,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(a^6*c^6*x + (6*a^5*c^7*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (15*a^4*c^8*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (20*a^3*c^9*x^(1 + 3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (15*a^2*c^10*x^(1 + 4*n))/(1 + 4*n) + (6*a*c^11*x^(1 + 5*n))/(1 + 5*n) + (c^12*x^(1 + 6*n))/(1 + 6*n))/c^6$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 775 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1379 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^p Int[(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n, 2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[p, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
risch	$a^6 x + \frac{c^6 x x^{6n}}{1+6n} + \frac{6a c^5 x x^{5n}}{1+5n} + \frac{15a^2 c^4 x x^{4n}}{1+4n} + \frac{20a^3 c^3 x x^{3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{15a^4 c^2 x x^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{6a^5 c x x^n}{1+n}$
norman	$a^6 x + \frac{c^6 x e^{6n \ln(x)}}{1+6n} + \frac{6a c^5 x e^{5n \ln(x)}}{1+5n} + \frac{15a^2 c^4 x e^{4n \ln(x)}}{1+4n} + \frac{20a^3 c^3 x e^{3n \ln(x)}}{1+3n} + \frac{15a^4 c^2 x e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n} + \frac{6a^5 c x e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n}$
paralelrisch	Expression too large to display
oring	Expression too large to display

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^6*x+c^6/(1+6*n)*x*(x^n)^6+6*a*c^5/(1+5*n)*x*(x^n)^5+15*a^2*c^4/(1+4*n)*x*(x^n)^4+20*a^3*c^3/(1+3*n)*x*(x^n)^3+15*a^4*c^2/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2+6*a^5*c/(1+n)*x*x^n`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 454 vs.  $2(126) = 252$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.60

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(120c^6n^5 + 274c^6n^4 + 225c^6n^3 + 85c^6n^2 + 15c^6n + c^6)xx^{6n} + 6(144ac^5n^5 + 324ac^5n^4 + 260ac^5n^3 +$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((120*c^6*n^5 + 274*c^6*n^4 + 225*c^6*n^3 + 85*c^6*n^2 + 15*c^6*n + c^6)*x*x^(6*n) + 6*(144*a*c^5*n^5 + 324*a*c^5*n^4 + 260*a*c^5*n^3 + 95*a*c^5*n^2 + 16*a*c^5*n + a*c^5)*x*x^(5*n) + 15*(180*a^2*c^4*n^5 + 396*a^2*c^4*n^4 + 307*a^2*c^4*n^3 + 107*a^2*c^4*n^2 + 17*a^2*c^4*n + a^2*c^4)*x*x^(4*n) + 20*(240*a^3*c^3*n^5 + 508*a^3*c^3*n^4 + 372*a^3*c^3*n^3 + 121*a^3*c^3*n^2 + 18*a^3*c^3*n + a^3*c^3)*x*x^(3*n) + 15*(360*a^4*c^2*n^5 + 702*a^4*c^2*n^4 + 461*a^4*c^2*n^3 + 137*a^4*c^2*n^2 + 19*a^4*c^2*n + a^4*c^2)*x*x^(2*n) + 6*(720*a^5*c*n^5 + 1044*a^5*c*n^4 + 580*a^5*c*n^3 + 155*a^5*c*n^2 + 20*a^5*c*n + a^5*c)*x*x^n + (720*a^6*n^6 + 1764*a^6*n^5 + 1624*a^6*n^4 + 735*a^6*n^3 + 175*a^6*n^2 + 21*a^6*n + a^6)*x)/(720*n^6 + 1764*n^5 + 1624*n^4 + 735*n^3 + 175*n^2 + 21*n + 1)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2445 vs.  $2(114) = 228$ .

Time = 6.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2445, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.40

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a**2+2*a*c*x**n+c**2*x**(2*n))**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((a**6*x + 6*a**5*c*log(x) - 15*a**4*c**2/x - 10*a**3*c**3/x**2 -
5*a**2*c**4/x**3 - 3*a*c**5/(2*x**4) - c**6/(5*x**5), Eq(n, -1)), (a**6*x
+ 12*a**5*c*sqrt(x) + 15*a**4*c**2*log(x) - 40*a**3*c**3/sqrt(x) - 15*a**
2*c**4/x - 4*a*c**5/x**(3/2) - c**6/(2*x**2), Eq(n, -1/2)), (a**6*x + 9*a*
5*c*x**(2/3) + 45*a**4*c**2*x**(1/3) + 20*a**3*c**3*log(x) - 45*a**2*c**4
/x**(1/3) - 9*a*c**5/x**(2/3) - c**6/x, Eq(n, -1/3)), (a**6*x + 8*a**5*c*x
**(3/4) + 30*a**4*c**2*sqrt(x) + 80*a**3*c**3*x**(1/4) + 60*a**2*c**4*log(
x**(1/4)) - 24*a*c**5/x**(1/4) - 2*c**6/sqrt(x), Eq(n, -1/4)), (a**6*x + 1
5*a**5*c*x**(4/5)/2 + 25*a**4*c**2*x**(3/5) + 50*a**3*c**3*x**(2/5) + 75*a
**2*c**4*x**(1/5) + 30*a*c**5*log(x**(1/5)) - 5*c**6/x**(1/5), Eq(n, -1/5)
), (a**6*x + 36*a**5*c*x**(5/6)/5 + 45*a**4*c**2*x**(2/3)/2 + 40*a**3*c**3
*sqrt(x) + 45*a**2*c**4*x**(1/3) + 36*a*c**5*x**(1/6) + 6*c**6*log(x**(1/6
)), Eq(n, -1/6)), (720*a**6*n**6*x/(720*n**6 + 1764*n**5 + 1624*n**4 + 735
*n**3 + 175*n**2 + 21*n + 1) + 1764*a**6*n**5*x/(720*n**6 + 1764*n**5 + 16
24*n**4 + 735*n**3 + 175*n**2 + 21*n + 1) + 1624*a**6*n**4*x/(720*n**6 + 1
764*n**5 + 1624*n**4 + 735*n**3 + 175*n**2 + 21*n + 1) + 735*a**6*n**3*x/(
720*n**6 + 1764*n**5 + 1624*n**4 + 735*n**3 + 175*n**2 + 21*n + 1) + 175*a
**6*n**2*x/(720*n**6 + 1764*n**5 + 1624*n**4 + 735*n**3 + 175*n**2 + 21*n
+ 1) + 21*a**6*n*x/(720*n**6 + 1764*n**5 + 1624*n**4 + 735*n**3 + 175*n**2
+ 21*n + 1) + a**6*x/(720*n**6 + 1764*n**5 + 1624*n**4 + 735*n**3 + 17...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3 dx = a^6x + \frac{c^6x^{6n+1}}{6n+1} + \frac{6ac^5x^{5n+1}}{5n+1} + \frac{12a^2c^4x^{4n+1}}{4n+1} + \frac{8a^3c^3x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + 3 \left( \frac{c^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{2acx^{n+1}}{n+1} \right) a^4 + 3 \left( \frac{c^4x^{4n+1}}{4n+1} + \frac{4ac^3x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{4a^2c^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} \right) a^2$$

input

```
integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$a^6x + c^6x^{(6n+1)/(6n+1)} + 6ac^5x^{(5n+1)/(5n+1)} + 12a^2c^4x^{(4n+1)/(4n+1)} + 8a^3c^3x^{(3n+1)/(3n+1)} + 3(c^2x^{(2n+1)/(2n+1)} + 2acx^{(n+1)/(n+1)})a^4 + 3(c^4x^{(4n+1)/(4n+1)} + 4a^2c^3x^{(3n+1)/(3n+1)} + 4a^2c^2x^{(2n+1)/(2n+1)})a^2$$
**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 618 vs.  $2(126) = 252$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 618, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{720a^6n^6x + 120c^6n^5xx^{6n} + 864ac^5n^5xx^{5n} + 2700a^2c^4n^5xx^{4n} + 4800a^3c^3n^5xx^{3n} + 5400a^4c^2n^5xx^{2n} + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$(720a^6n^6x + 120c^6n^5xx^{6n} + 864ac^5n^5xx^{5n} + 2700a^2c^4n^5xx^{4n} + 4800a^3c^3n^5xx^{3n} + 5400a^4c^2n^5xx^{2n} + 4320a^5c^2n^5xx^{2n} + 1764a^6n^5xx^{6n} + 274c^6n^4xx^{6n} + 1944ac^5n^4xx^{5n} + 5940a^2c^4n^4xx^{4n} + 10160a^3c^3n^4xx^{3n} + 10530a^4c^2n^4xx^{2n} + 6264a^5c^2n^4xx^{2n} + 1624a^6n^4xx^6 + 225c^6n^3xx^{6n} + 1560ac^5n^3xx^{5n} + 4605a^2c^4n^3xx^{4n} + 7440a^3c^3n^3xx^{3n} + 6915a^4c^2n^3xx^{2n} + 3480a^5c^2n^3xx^{2n} + 735a^6n^3xx^6 + 85c^6n^2xx^{6n} + 570ac^5n^2xx^{5n} + 1605a^2c^4n^2xx^{4n} + 2420a^3c^3n^2xx^{3n} + 2055a^4c^2n^2xx^{2n} + 930a^5c^2n^2xx^{2n} + 175a^6n^2xx^6 + 15c^6n^1xx^{6n} + 96ac^5n^1xx^{5n} + 255a^2c^4n^1xx^{4n} + 360a^3c^3n^1xx^{3n} + 285a^4c^2n^1xx^{2n} + 120a^5c^2n^1xx^{2n} + 21a^6n^1xx^6 + c^6n^0xx^6 + 6ac^5n^0xx^{5n} + 15a^2c^4n^0xx^{4n} + 20a^3c^3n^0xx^{3n} + 15a^4c^2n^0xx^{2n} + 6a^5c^2n^0xx^{2n} + a^6n^0x)/(720n^6 + 1764n^5 + 1624n^4 + 735n^3 + 175n^2 + 21n + 1)$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 20.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3 dx = a^6 x + \frac{c^6 x x^{6n}}{6n+1} + \frac{6ac^5 x x^{5n}}{5n+1} + \frac{6a^5 c x x^n}{n+1} \\ + \frac{15a^4 c^2 x x^{2n}}{2n+1} + \frac{20a^3 c^3 x x^{3n}}{3n+1} + \frac{15a^2 c^4 x x^{4n}}{4n+1}$$

input `int((a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^3,x)`output `a^6*x + (c^6*x*x^(6*n))/(6*n + 1) + (6*a*c^5*x*x^(5*n))/(5*n + 1) + (6*a^5*c*x*x^n)/(n + 1) + (15*a^4*c^2*x*x^(2*n))/(2*n + 1) + (20*a^3*c^3*x*x^(3*n))/(3*n + 1) + (15*a^2*c^4*x*x^(4*n))/(4*n + 1)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 575, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.56

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3 dx \\ = \frac{x(864x^{5n}a^5c^5n^5 + 1944x^{5n}a^5c^5n^4 + 1560x^{5n}a^5c^5n^3 + 570x^{5n}a^5c^5n^2 + 96x^{5n}a^5c^5n + 2700x^{4n}a^2c^4n^5 + 5940$$

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^3,x)`

output

```
(x*(120*x**(6*n)*c**6*n**5 + 274*x**(6*n)*c**6*n**4 + 225*x**(6*n)*c**6*n*
*3 + 85*x**(6*n)*c**6*n**2 + 15*x**(6*n)*c**6*n + x**(6*n)*c**6 + 864*x**
(5*n)*a*c**5*n**5 + 1944*x**(5*n)*a*c**5*n**4 + 1560*x**(5*n)*a*c**5*n**3 +
570*x**(5*n)*a*c**5*n**2 + 96*x**(5*n)*a*c**5*n + 6*x**(5*n)*a*c**5 + 270
0*x**(4*n)*a**2*c**4*n**5 + 5940*x**(4*n)*a**2*c**4*n**4 + 4605*x**(4*n)*a
**2*c**4*n**3 + 1605*x**(4*n)*a**2*c**4*n**2 + 255*x**(4*n)*a**2*c**4*n +
15*x**(4*n)*a**2*c**4 + 4800*x**(3*n)*a**3*c**3*n**5 + 10160*x**(3*n)*a**3
*c**3*n**4 + 7440*x**(3*n)*a**3*c**3*n**3 + 2420*x**(3*n)*a**3*c**3*n**2 +
360*x**(3*n)*a**3*c**3*n + 20*x**(3*n)*a**3*c**3 + 5400*x**(2*n)*a**4*c**
2*n**5 + 10530*x**(2*n)*a**4*c**2*n**4 + 6915*x**(2*n)*a**4*c**2*n**3 + 20
55*x**(2*n)*a**4*c**2*n**2 + 285*x**(2*n)*a**4*c**2*n + 15*x**(2*n)*a**4*c
**2 + 4320*x**n*a**5*c*n**5 + 6264*x**n*a**5*c*n**4 + 3480*x**n*a**5*c*n**
3 + 930*x**n*a**5*c*n**2 + 120*x**n*a**5*c*n + 6*x**n*a**5*c + 720*a**6*n*
*6 + 1764*a**6*n**5 + 1624*a**6*n**4 + 735*a**6*n**3 + 175*a**6*n**2 + 21*
a**6*n + a**6))/(720*n**6 + 1764*n**5 + 1624*n**4 + 735*n**3 + 175*n**2 +
21*n + 1)
```



### 3.107 $\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2 dx$

Optimal result	800
Mathematica [A] (verified)	800
Rubi [A] (verified)	801
Maple [A] (verified)	802
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	802
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	803
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	804
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	804
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	805
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	805

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2 dx = a^4x + \frac{4a^3cx^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{6a^2c^2x^{1+2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{4ac^3x^{1+3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{c^4x^{1+4n}}{1+4n}$$

output

```
a^4*x+4*a^3*c*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+6*a^2*c^2*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)+4*a*c^3*x^(1+3*n)/(1+3*n)+c^4*x^(1+4*n)/(1+4*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2 dx = x \left( a^4 + \frac{4a^3cx^n}{1+n} + \frac{6a^2c^2x^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{4ac^3x^{3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{c^4x^{4n}}{1+4n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^2,x]
```

output

```
x*(a^4 + (4*a^3*c*x^n)/(1 + n) + (6*a^2*c^2*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (4*a*c^3*x^(3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (c^4*x^(4*n))/(1 + 4*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {1379, 775, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1379$$

$$\frac{\int (c^2x^n + ac)^4 dx}{c^4}$$

$$\downarrow 775$$

$$\frac{\int (4a^3c^5x^n + 6a^2c^6x^{2n} + 4ac^7x^{3n} + c^8x^{4n} + a^4c^4) dx}{c^4}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^4c^4x + \frac{4a^3c^5x^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{6a^2c^6x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{4ac^7x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{c^8x^{4n+1}}{4n+1}}{c^4}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^2,x]`

output `(a^4*c^4*x + (4*a^3*c^5*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (6*a^2*c^6*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (4*a*c^7*x^(1 + 3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (c^8*x^(1 + 4*n))/(1 + 4*n))/c^4`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 775 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1379 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/c^p Int[(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n, 2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[p, 1]`

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
risch	$a^4x + \frac{c^4x^{4n}}{1+4n} + \frac{4ac^3xx^{3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{6a^2c^2xx^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{4a^3cx^n}{1+n}$
norman	$a^4x + \frac{c^4xe^{4n \ln(x)}}{1+4n} + \frac{4ac^3xe^{3n \ln(x)}}{1+3n} + \frac{6a^2c^2xe^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n} + \frac{4a^3cx e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n}$
parallelrisch	$32x^n x^{2n} a c^3 n^3 + 56x^n x^{2n} a c^3 n^2 + 28x^n x^{2n} a c^3 n + 4x^n a^3 c + 6x x^{2n} a^2 c^2 + 96x^n a^3 c n^3 + 72x x^{2n} a^2 c^2 n^3 + 104x x^n a^3 c$
orering	$x(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2 - \frac{20x^{2n}(5n^2+1)(a^2+2acx^n+c^2x^{2n})\left(\frac{2acx^n}{x} + \frac{2c^2x^{2n}}{x}\right)}{(12n^3+19n^2+8n+1)(1+2n)} + \frac{5x^3(7n^2-4n+1)\left(2\left(\frac{2ac}{x}\right)\right)}{(12n^3+19n^2+8n+1)(1+2n)}$

input

```
int((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a^4*x+c^4/(1+4*n)*x*(x^n)^4+4*a*c^3/(1+3*n)*x*(x^n)^3+6*a^2*c^2/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2+4*a^3*c/(1+n)*x*x^n
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 216 vs. 2(82) = 164.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(6c^4n^3 + 11c^4n^2 + 6c^4n + c^4)xx^{4n} + 4(8ac^3n^3 + 14ac^3n^2 + 7ac^3n + ac^3)xx^{3n} + 6(12a^2c^2n^3 + 19a^2c^2n^2 + 10a^2c^2n + a^2c^2)}{24n^4 + \dots}$$

input

```
integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((6*c^4*n^3 + 11*c^4*n^2 + 6*c^4*n + c^4)*x*x^(4*n) + 4*(8*a*c^3*n^3 + 14*
a*c^3*n^2 + 7*a*c^3*n + a*c^3)*x*x^(3*n) + 6*(12*a^2*c^2*n^3 + 19*a^2*c^2*
n^2 + 8*a^2*c^2*n + a^2*c^2)*x*x^(2*n) + 4*(24*a^3*c*n^3 + 26*a^3*c*n^2 +
9*a^3*c*n + a^3*c)*x*x^n + (24*a^4*n^4 + 50*a^4*n^3 + 35*a^4*n^2 + 10*a^4*
n + a^4)*x)/(24*n^4 + 50*n^3 + 35*n^2 + 10*n + 1)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 918 vs.  $2(73) = 146$ .

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 918, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.20

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a**2+2*a*c*x**n+c**2*x**(2*n))**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((a**4*x + 4*a**3*c*log(x) - 6*a**2*c**2/x - 2*a*c**3/x**2 - c**4
/(3*x**3), Eq(n, -1)), (a**4*x + 8*a**3*c*sqrt(x) + 6*a**2*c**2*log(x) - 8
*a*c**3/sqrt(x) - c**4/x, Eq(n, -1/2)), (a**4*x + 6*a**3*c*x**(2/3) + 18*a
**2*c**2*x**(1/3) + 4*a*c**3*log(x) - 3*c**4/x**(1/3), Eq(n, -1/3)), (a**4
*x + 16*a**3*c*x**(3/4)/3 + 12*a**2*c**2*sqrt(x) + 16*a*c**3*x**(1/4) + 4*
c**4*log(x**(1/4)), Eq(n, -1/4)), (24*a**4*n**4*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*
n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 50*a**4*n**3*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1)
+ 35*a**4*n**2*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 10*a**4*n*x/(
24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + a**4*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*
n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 96*a**3*c*n**3*x*x**n/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*
n + 1) + 104*a**3*c*n**2*x*x**n/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) +
36*a**3*c*n*x*x**n/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 4*a**3*c*x*
x**n/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 72*a**2*c**2*n**3*x*x**(2*
n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 114*a**2*c**2*n**2*x*x**(2*n)
)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 48*a**2*c**2*n*x*x**(2*n)/(24
*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 6*a**2*c**2*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 +
50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 32*a*c**3*n**3*x*x**(3*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n*
**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 56*a*c**3*n**2*x*x**(3*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 +
35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 28*a*c**3*n*x*x**(3*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2
+ 10*n + 1) + 4*a*c**3*x*x**(3*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + ...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2 dx = a^4x + \frac{c^4x^{4n+1}}{4n+1} + \frac{4ac^3x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{4a^2c^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + 2\left(\frac{c^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{2acx^{n+1}}{n+1}\right)a^2$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^4*x + c^4*x^(4*n + 1)/(4*n + 1) + 4*a*c^3*x^(3*n + 1)/(3*n + 1) + 4*a^2*c^2*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + 2*(c^2*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + 2*a*c*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1))*a^2`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 278 vs. 2(82) = 164.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2 dx = \frac{24a^4n^4x + 6c^4n^3xx^{4n} + 32ac^3n^3xx^{3n} + 72a^2c^2n^3xx^{2n} + 96a^3cn^3xx^n + 50a^4n^3x + 11c^4n^2xx^{4n} + 56c^4n^3xx^{4n} + 32a^2c^2n^3xx^{2n} + 96a^3cn^3xx^n + 50a^4n^3x + 11c^4n^2xx^{4n} + 56c^4n^3xx^{4n}}{24n^4 + 50n^3 + 35n^2 + 10n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(24*a^4*n^4*x + 6*c^4*n^3*x*x^(4*n) + 32*a*c^3*n^3*x*x^(3*n) + 72*a^2*c^2*n^3*x*x^(2*n) + 96*a^3*c*n^3*x*x^n + 50*a^4*n^3*x + 11*c^4*n^2*x*x^(4*n) + 56*a*c^4*n^3*x*x^(4*n) + 32*a^2*c^2*n^3*x*x^(2*n) + 104*a^3*c*n^2*x*x^n + 35*a^4*n^2*x + 6*c^4*n*x*x^(4*n) + 28*a*c^3*n*x*x^(3*n) + 48*a^2*c^2*n*x*x^(2*n) + 36*a^3*c*n*x*x^n + 10*a^4*n*x + c^4*x*x^(4*n) + 4*a*c^3*x*x^(3*n) + 6*a^2*c^2*x*x^(2*n) + 4*a^3*c*x*x^n + a^4*x)/(24*n^4 + 50*n^3 + 35*n^2 + 10*n + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2 dx = a^4x + \frac{c^4xx^{4n}}{4n+1} + \frac{4ac^3xx^{3n}}{3n+1} + \frac{4a^3cxx^n}{n+1} + \frac{6a^2c^2xx^{2n}}{2n+1}$$

input `int((a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^2,x)`output `a^4*x + (c^4*x*x^(4*n))/(4*n + 1) + (4*a*c^3*x*x^(3*n))/(3*n + 1) + (4*a^3*c*x*x^n)/(n + 1) + (6*a^2*c^2*x*x^(2*n))/(2*n + 1)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2 dx = \frac{x(6x^{4n}c^4n^3 + 11x^{4n}c^4n^2 + 6x^{4n}c^4n + x^{4n}c^4 + 32x^{3n}ac^3n^3 + 56x^{3n}ac^3n^2 + 28x^{3n}ac^3n + 4x^{3n}ac^3 + 72x^{2n}a^3c^2n^3 + 114x^{2n}a^3c^2n^2 + 48x^{2n}a^3c^2n + 6x^{2n}a^3c^2 + 96x^{2n}a^3cn^3 + 104x^{2n}a^3cn^2 + 36x^{2n}a^3cn + 4x^{2n}a^3c + 24a^{4n}n^4 + 50a^{4n}n^3 + 35a^{4n}n^2 + 10a^{4n}n + a^{4n})}{(24n^4 + 50n^3 + 35n^2 + 10n + 1)}$$

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^2,x)`output `(x*(6*x**(4*n)*c**4*n**3 + 11*x**(4*n)*c**4*n**2 + 6*x**(4*n)*c**4*n + x**(4*n)*c**4 + 32*x**(3*n)*a*c**3*n**3 + 56*x**(3*n)*a*c**3*n**2 + 28*x**(3*n)*a*c**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*a*c**3 + 72*x**(2*n)*a**2*c**2*n**3 + 114*x**(2*n)*a**2*c**2*n**2 + 48*x**(2*n)*a**2*c**2*n + 6*x**(2*n)*a**2*c**2 + 96*x**n*a**3*c*n**3 + 104*x**n*a**3*c*n**2 + 36*x**n*a**3*c*n + 4*x**n*a**3*c + 24*a**4*n**4 + 50*a**4*n**3 + 35*a**4*n**2 + 10*a**4*n + a**4))/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1)`

### 3.108 $\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	806
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	806
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	807
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	808
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	808
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	809
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	809
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	809
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	810
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	810

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}) dx = a^2x + \frac{2acx^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{c^2x^{1+2n}}{1+2n}$$

output

```
a^2*x+2*a*c*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+c^2*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}) dx = x \left( a^2 + \frac{2acx^n}{1+n} + \frac{c^2x^{2n}}{1+2n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n),x]
```

output

```
x*(a^2 + (2*a*c*x^n)/(1 + n) + (c^2*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.050$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$a^2x + \frac{2acx^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{c^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1}$$

input `Int[a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n),x]`

output `a^2*x + (2*a*c*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (c^2*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
risch	$x a^2 + \frac{2acx x^n}{1+n} + \frac{c^2 x x^{2n}}{1+2n}$	37
default	$x a^2 + \frac{2acx^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{c^2 x^{1+2n}}{1+2n}$	39
parts	$x a^2 + \frac{2acx^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{c^2 x^{1+2n}}{1+2n}$	39
norman	$x a^2 + \frac{2acx e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n} + \frac{c^2 x e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n}$	41
parallelrisc	$\frac{4acx^n x n + c^2 x^{2n} x n + 2acx^n x + c^2 x^{2n} x}{(1+n)(1+2n)} + x a^2$	59
orering	$x(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2 x^{2n}) - \frac{3n x^2 \left( \frac{2acx^n n}{x} + \frac{2c^2 x^{2n} n}{x} \right)}{2n^2 + 3n + 1} + \frac{x^3 \left( \frac{2acx^n n^2}{x^2} - \frac{2acx^n n}{x^2} + \frac{4c^2 x^{2n} n^2}{x^2} - \frac{2c^2 x^{2n} n}{x^2} \right)}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$	139

input `int(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `x*a^2+2*a*c/(1+n)*x*x^n+c^2/(1+2*n)*x*x^(2*n)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2 x^{2n}) dx$$

$$= \frac{(c^2 n + c^2) x x^{2n} + 2(2acn + ac) x x^n + (2a^2 n^2 + 3a^2 n + a^2) x}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$$

input `integrate(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((c^2*n + c^2)*x*x^(2*n) + 2*(2*a*c*n + a*c)*x*x^n + (2*a^2*n^2 + 3*a^2*n + a^2)*x)/(2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}) dx = a^2x + 2ac \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} & \text{for } n \neq -1 \\ \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + c^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{2} \\ \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(a**2+2*a*c*x**n+c**2*x**(2*n),x)`output `a**2*x + 2*a*c*Piecewise((x**(n + 1)/(n + 1), Ne(n, -1)), (log(x), True)) + c**2*Piecewise((x**(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1), Ne(n, -1/2)), (log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}) dx = a^2x + \frac{c^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{2acx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `integrate(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^2*x + c^2*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + 2*a*c*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}) dx = a^2x + \frac{c^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{2acx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `integrate(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $a^2x + c^2x^{(2n+1)}/(2n+1) + 2acx^{(n+1)}/(n+1)$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}) dx = a^2x + \frac{c^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{2acx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `int(a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n,x)`

output  $a^2x + (c^2x^{2n+1})/(2n+1) + (2acx^{n+1})/(n+1)$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}) dx = \frac{x(x^{2n}c^2n + x^{2n}c^2 + 4x^nacn + 2x^nac + 2a^2n^2 + 3a^2n + a^2)}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$$

input `int(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n),x)`

output  $(x(x^{2n}c^2n + x^{2n}c^2 + 4x^nacn + 2x^nac + 2a^2n^2 + 3a^2n + a^2))/(2n^2 + 3n + 1)$

### 3.109 $\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx$

Optimal result	811
Mathematica [A] (verified)	811
Rubi [A] (verified)	812
Maple [F]	813
Fricas [F]	813
Sympy [F]	813
Maxima [F]	814
Giac [F]	814
Mupad [F(-1)]	814
Reduce [F]	815

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2}$$

output `x*hypergeom([2, 1/n], [1+1/n], -c*x^n/a)/a^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^-1, x]`

output `(x*Hypergeometric2F1[2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((c*x^n)/a)])/a^2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {1379, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx$$

↓ 1379

$$c^2 \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^n + ac)^2} dx$$

↓ 778

$$\frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^-1, x]`

output `(x*Hypergeometric2F1[2, n^-1, 1 + n^-1, -((c*x^n)/a)])/a^2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1379 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/c^p Int[(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n, 2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[p, 1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n)),x)`

output `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n)),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*c*x**n+c**2*x**(2*n)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**n + c**2*x**(2*n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(n - 1)*integrate(1/(a*c*n*x^n + a^2*n), x) + x/(a*c*n*x^n + a^2*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n + a^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{a^2 + c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n}c^2 + 2x^na c + a^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*c**2 + 2*x**n*a*c + a**2),x)`



$$3.110 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2} dx$$

Optimal result	816
Mathematica [A] (verified)	816
Rubi [A] (verified)	817
Maple [F]	818
Fricas [F]	818
Sympy [F]	818
Maxima [F]	819
Giac [F]	819
Mupad [F(-1)]	819
Reduce [F]	820

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a^4}$$

output `x*hypergeom([4, 1/n], [1+1/n], -c*x^n/a)/a^4`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^(-2), x]`

output `(x*Hypergeometric2F1[4, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((c*x^n)/a)])/a^4`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {1379, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1379$$

$$c^4 \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^n + ac)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a^4}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^(-2), x]`

output `(x*Hypergeometric2F1[4, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((c*x^n)/a)]) / a^4`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1379 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/c^p Int[(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n, 2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[p, 1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(c^4*x^(4*n) + 4*a^2*c^2*x^(2*n) + 4*a^3*c*x^n + a^4 + 2*(2*a*c^3*x^n + a^2*c^2)*x^(2*n)), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*c*x**n+c**2*x**(2*n))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*c*x**n + c**2*x**(2*n))**(-2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(6*n^3 - 11*n^2 + 6*n - 1)*integrate(1/6/(a^3*c*n^3*x^n + a^4*n^3), x) + 1/6*((6*n^2 - 5*n + 1)*c^2*x*x^(2*n) + (15*n^2 - 11*n + 2)*a*c*x*x^n + (11*n^2 - 6*n + 1)*a^2*x)/(a^3*c^3*n^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a^4*c^2*n^3*x^(2*n) + 3*a^5*c*n^3*x^n + a^6*n^3)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n + a^2)^(-2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{4n}c^4 + 4x^{3n}ac^3 + 6x^{2n}a^2c^2 + 4x^na^3c + a^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(x**(4*n)*c**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*a*c**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*a**2*c**2 + 4*x**n*a**3*c + a**4),x)`

$$3.111 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3} dx$$

Optimal result	821
Mathematica [A] (verified)	821
Rubi [A] (verified)	822
Maple [F]	823
Fricas [F]	823
Sympy [F]	823
Maxima [F]	824
Giac [F]	824
Mupad [F(-1)]	824
Reduce [F]	825

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(6, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a^6}$$

output `x*hypergeom([6, 1/n], [1+1/n], -c*x^n/a)/a^6`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(6, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a^6}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^(-3), x]`

output `(x*Hypergeometric2F1[6, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((c*x^n)/a)]) / a^6`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {1379, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1379$$

$$c^6 \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^n + ac)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(6, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a^6}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^-3], x]`

output `(x*Hypergeometric2F1[6, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((c*x^n)/a)])/a^6`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1379 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/c^p Int[(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n, 2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[p, 1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^3,x)`

output `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(c^6*x^(6*n) + 8*a^3*c^3*x^(3*n) + 12*a^4*c^2*x^(2*n) + 6*a^5*c*x^n + a^6 + 3*(2*a*c^5*x^n + a^2*c^4)*x^(4*n) + 3*(4*a^2*c^4*x^(2*n) + 4*a^3*c^3*x^n + a^4*c^2)*x^(2*n)), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*c*x**n+c**2*x**(2*n))**3,x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*c*x**n + c**2*x**(2*n))**(-3), x)`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(120*n^5 - 274*n^4 + 225*n^3 - 85*n^2 + 15*n - 1)*integrate(1/120/(a^5*c*n^5*x^n + a^6*n^5), x) + 1/120*((120*n^4 - 154*n^3 + 71*n^2 - 14*n + 1)*c^4*x*x^(4*n) + (540*n^4 - 663*n^3 + 296*n^2 - 57*n + 4)*a*c^3*x*x^(3*n) + (940*n^4 - 1083*n^3 + 464*n^2 - 87*n + 6)*a^2*c^2*x*x^(2*n) + (770*n^4 - 799*n^3 + 324*n^2 - 59*n + 4)*a^3*c*x*x^n + (274*n^4 - 225*n^3 + 85*n^2 - 15*n + 1)*a^4*x)/(a^5*c^5*n^5*x^(5*n) + 5*a^6*c^4*n^5*x^(4*n) + 10*a^7*c^3*n^5*x^(3*n) + 10*a^8*c^2*n^5*x^(2*n) + 5*a^9*c*n^5*x^n + a^10*n^5)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n + a^2)^(-3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^3} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{x^{6n}c^6 + 6x^{5n}ac^5 + 15x^{4n}a^2c^4 + 20x^{3n}a^3c^3 + 15x^{2n}a^4c^2 + 6x^na^5c + a^6} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^3,x)`

output `int(1/(x**(6*n)*c**6 + 6*x**(5*n)*a*c**5 + 15*x**(4*n)*a**2*c**4 + 20*x**(3*n)*a**3*c**3 + 15*x**(2*n)*a**4*c**2 + 6*x**n*a**5*c + a**6),x)`

### 3.112 $\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	826
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	827
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 324

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^5x\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}{a + cx^n} + \frac{5a^4c^2x^{1+n}\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}{(1 + n)(ac + c^2x^n)} + \frac{10a^3c^3x^{1+2n}\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}{(1 + 2n)(ac + c^2x^n)} + \frac{10a^2c^4x^{1+3n}\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}{(1 + 3n)(ac + c^2x^n)} + \frac{5ac^5x^{1+4n}\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}{(1 + 4n)(ac + c^2x^n)} + \frac{c^6x^{1+5n}\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}{(1 + 5n)(ac + c^2x^n)}$$

output

```
a^5*x*(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2)/(a+c*x^n)+5*a^4*c^2*x^(1+n)*(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2)/(1+n)/(a*c+c^2*x^n)+10*a^3*c^3*x^(1+2*n)*(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2)/(1+2*n)/(a*c+c^2*x^n)+10*a^2*c^4*x^(1+3*n)*(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2)/(1+3*n)/(a*c+c^2*x^n)+5*a*c^5*x^(1+4*n)*(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2)/(1+4*n)/(a*c+c^2*x^n)+c^6*x^(1+5*n)*(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2)/(1+5*n)/(a*c+c^2*x^n)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2} dx = \frac{x((a + cx^n)^2)^{5/2} \left( a^5 + \frac{5a^4cx^n}{1+n} + \frac{10a^3c^2x^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{10a^2c^3x^{3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{5ac^4x^{4n}}{1+4n} + \frac{c^5x^{5n}}{1+5n} \right)}{(a + cx^n)^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*((a + c*x^n)^2)^(5/2)*(a^5 + (5*a^4*c*x^n)/(1 + n) + (10*a^3*c^2*x^(2*n))/
(1 + 2*n) + (10*a^2*c^3*x^(3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (5*a*c^4*x^(4*n))/(1 + 4*n)
+ (c^5*x^(5*n))/(1 + 5*n)))/(a + c*x^n)^5
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {1384, 775, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} \int (c^2x^n + ac)^5 dx}{ac^5 + c^6x^n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 775 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} \int (5a^4c^6x^n + 10a^3c^7x^{2n} + 10a^2c^8x^{3n} + 5ac^9x^{4n} + c^{10}x^{5n} + a^5c^5) dx}{ac^5 + c^6x^n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} \left( a^5 c^5 x + \frac{5a^4 c^6 x^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{10a^3 c^7 x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{10a^2 c^8 x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{5ac^9 x^{4n+1}}{4n+1} + \frac{c^{10} x^{5n+1}}{5n+1} \right)}{ac^5 + c^6 x^n}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n)]*(a^5*c^5*x + (5*a^4*c^6*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (10*a^3*c^7*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (10*a^2*c^8*x^(1 + 3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (5*a*c^9*x^(1 + 4*n))/(1 + 4*n) + (c^10*x^(1 + 5*n))/(1 + 5*n)))/(a*c^5 + c^6*x^n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 775 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(a+cx^n)^2} x a^5}{a+cx^n} + \frac{\sqrt{(a+cx^n)^2} c^5 x x^{5n}}{(a+cx^n)(1+5n)} + \frac{5\sqrt{(a+cx^n)^2} a c^4 x x^{4n}}{(a+cx^n)(1+4n)} + \frac{10\sqrt{(a+cx^n)^2} a^2 c^3 x x^{3n}}{(a+cx^n)(1+3n)} + \frac{10\sqrt{(a+cx^n)^2} c^2 a^3 x x^{2n}}{(a+cx^n)(1+2n)}$

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a+c*x^n)^2)^{(1/2)}/(a+c*x^n)*x*a^5+((a+c*x^n)^2)^{(1/2)}/(a+c*x^n)*c^5/(1+5 \\ & *n)*x*(x^n)^5+5*((a+c*x^n)^2)^{(1/2)}/(a+c*x^n)*a*c^4/(1+4*n)*x*(x^n)^4+10*( \\ & (a+c*x^n)^2)^{(1/2)}/(a+c*x^n)*a^2*c^3/(1+3*n)*x*(x^n)^3+10*((a+c*x^n)^2)^{(1 \\ & /2)}/(a+c*x^n)*c^2*a^3/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2+5*((a+c*x^n)^2)^{(1/2)}/(a+c*x^n)*c* \\ & a^4/(1+n)*x*x^n \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2} dx = \frac{(24c^5n^4 + 50c^5n^3 + 35c^5n^2 + 10c^5n + c^5)xx^{5n} + 5(30ac^4n^4 + 61ac^4n^3 + 41ac^4n^2 + 11ac^4n + a^2c^4)n^4 + 5(30ac^4n^4 + 61ac^4n^3 + 41ac^4n^2 + 11ac^4n + a^2c^4)n^3 + 5(30ac^4n^4 + 61ac^4n^3 + 41ac^4n^2 + 11ac^4n + a^2c^4)n^2 + 5(30ac^4n^4 + 61ac^4n^3 + 41ac^4n^2 + 11ac^4n + a^2c^4)n + 5(30ac^4n^4 + 61ac^4n^3 + 41ac^4n^2 + 11ac^4n + a^2c^4)}{(120n^5 + 274n^4 + 225n^3 + 85n^2 + 15n + 1)}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((24*c^5*n^4 + 50*c^5*n^3 + 35*c^5*n^2 + 10*c^5*n + c^5)*x*x^(5*n) + 5*(30 \\ & *a*c^4*n^4 + 61*a*c^4*n^3 + 41*a*c^4*n^2 + 11*a*c^4*n + a*c^4)*x*x^(4*n) + \\ & 10*(40*a^2*c^3*n^4 + 78*a^2*c^3*n^3 + 49*a^2*c^3*n^2 + 12*a^2*c^3*n + a^2 \\ & *c^3)*x*x^(3*n) + 10*(60*a^3*c^2*n^4 + 107*a^3*c^2*n^3 + 59*a^3*c^2*n^2 + \\ & 13*a^3*c^2*n + a^3*c^2)*x*x^(2*n) + 5*(120*a^4*c*n^4 + 154*a^4*c*n^3 + 71* \\ & a^4*c*n^2 + 14*a^4*c*n + a^4*c)*x*x^n + (120*a^5*n^5 + 274*a^5*n^4 + 225*a \\ & ^5*n^3 + 85*a^5*n^2 + 15*a^5*n + a^5)*x)/(120*n^5 + 274*n^4 + 225*n^3 + 85 \\ & *n^2 + 15*n + 1) \end{aligned}$$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2} dx = \int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a**2+2*a*c*x**n+c**2*x**(2*n))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*c*x**n + c**2*x**(2*n))**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2} dx = \frac{(24n^4 + 50n^3 + 35n^2 + 10n + 1)c^5xx^{5n} + 5(30n^4 + 61n^3 + 41n^2 + 11n + 1)ac^4xx^{4n} - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((24*n^4 + 50*n^3 + 35*n^2 + 10*n + 1)*c^5*x*x^(5*n) + 5*(30*n^4 + 61*n^3 + 41*n^2 + 11*n + 1)*a*c^4*x*x^(4*n) + 10*(40*n^4 + 78*n^3 + 49*n^2 + 12*n + 1)*a^2*c^3*x*x^(3*n) + 10*(60*n^4 + 107*n^3 + 59*n^2 + 13*n + 1)*a^3*c^2*x*x^(2*n) + 5*(120*n^4 + 154*n^3 + 71*n^2 + 14*n + 1)*a^4*c*x*x^n + (120*n^5 + 274*n^4 + 225*n^3 + 85*n^2 + 15*n + 1)*a^5*x)/(120*n^5 + 274*n^4 + 225*n^3 + 85*n^2 + 15*n + 1)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 679 vs. 2(312) = 624.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 679, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`





input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x)`

output `(x*(24*x**(5*n)*c**5*n**4 + 50*x**(5*n)*c**5*n**3 + 35*x**(5*n)*c**5*n**2 + 10*x**(5*n)*c**5*n + x**(5*n)*c**5 + 150*x**(4*n)*a*c**4*n**4 + 305*x**(4*n)*a*c**4*n**3 + 205*x**(4*n)*a*c**4*n**2 + 55*x**(4*n)*a*c**4*n + 5*x**(4*n)*a*c**4 + 400*x**(3*n)*a**2*c**3*n**4 + 780*x**(3*n)*a**2*c**3*n**3 + 490*x**(3*n)*a**2*c**3*n**2 + 120*x**(3*n)*a**2*c**3*n + 10*x**(3*n)*a**2*c**3 + 600*x**(2*n)*a**3*c**2*n**4 + 1070*x**(2*n)*a**3*c**2*n**3 + 590*x**(2*n)*a**3*c**2*n**2 + 130*x**(2*n)*a**3*c**2*n + 10*x**(2*n)*a**3*c**2 + 600*x**n*a**4*c*n**4 + 770*x**n*a**4*c*n**3 + 355*x**n*a**4*c*n**2 + 70*x**n*a**4*c*n + 5*x**n*a**4*c + 120*a**5*n**5 + 274*a**5*n**4 + 225*a**5*n**3 + 85*a**5*n**2 + 15*a**5*n + a**5))/(120*n**5 + 274*n**4 + 225*n**3 + 85*n**2 + 15*n + 1)`

### 3.113 $\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	833
Mathematica [A] (verified)	834
Rubi [A] (verified)	834
Maple [A] (verified)	835
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	836
Sympy [F]	836
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	837
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	837
Mupad [F(-1)]	838
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	838

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^3x\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}{a + cx^n} + \frac{3a^2c^2x^{1+n}\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}{(1 + n)(ac + c^2x^n)} + \frac{3ac^3x^{1+2n}\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}{(1 + 2n)(ac + c^2x^n)} + \frac{c^4x^{1+3n}\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}{(1 + 3n)(ac + c^2x^n)}$$

output

```
a^3*x*(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2)/(a+c*x^n)+3*a^2*c^2*x^(1+n)*(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2)/(1+n)/(a*c+c^2*x^n)+3*a*c^3*x^(1+2*n)*(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2)/(1+2*n)/(a*c+c^2*x^n)+c^4*x^(1+3*n)*(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2)/(1+3*n)/(a*c+c^2*x^n)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{(a+cx^n)^2(a^3(1+6n+11n^2+6n^3)+3a^2c(1+5n+6n^2)x^n+3ac^2(1+4n+3n^2)x^{2n}+c^3(1+3n+2n^2)x^{3n})}}{(1+n)(1+2n)(1+3n)(a+cx^n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[(a + c*x^n)^2]*(a^3*(1 + 6*n + 11*n^2 + 6*n^3) + 3*a^2*c*(1 + 5*n + 6*n^2)*x^n + 3*a*c^2*(1 + 4*n + 3*n^2)*x^(2*n) + c^3*(1 + 3*n + 2*n^2)*x^(3*n)))/((1 + n)*(1 + 2*n)*(1 + 3*n)*(a + c*x^n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {1384, 775, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} \int (c^2x^n + ac)^3 dx}{ac^3 + c^4x^n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{775} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} \int (3a^2c^4x^n + 3ac^5x^{2n} + c^6x^{3n} + a^3c^3) dx}{ac^3 + c^4x^n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} \left( a^3c^3x + \frac{3a^2c^4x^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{3ac^5x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{c^6x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} \right)}{ac^3 + c^4x^n}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n)]*(a^3*c^3*x + (3*a^2*c^4*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (3*a*c^5*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (c^6*x^(1 + 3*n))/(1 + 3*n)))/(a*c^3 + c^4*x^n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 775 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(a+cx^n)^2} a^3 x}{a+cx^n} + \frac{\sqrt{(a+cx^n)^2} c^3 x x^{3n}}{(a+cx^n)(1+3n)} + \frac{3\sqrt{(a+cx^n)^2} a c^2 x x^{2n}}{(a+cx^n)(1+2n)} + \frac{3\sqrt{(a+cx^n)^2} a^2 c x x^n}{(a+cx^n)(1+n)}$	138

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
((a+c*x^n)^2)^(1/2)/(a+c*x^n)*a^3*x+((a+c*x^n)^2)^(1/2)/(a+c*x^n)*c^3/(1+3
*n)*x*(x^n)^3+3*((a+c*x^n)^2)^(1/2)/(a+c*x^n)*a*c^2/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2+3*((
a+c*x^n)^2)^(1/2)/(a+c*x^n)*a^2*c/(1+n)*x*x^n
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \frac{(2c^3n^2 + 3c^3n + c^3)xx^{3n} + 3(3ac^2n^2 + 4ac^2n + ac^2)xx^{2n} + 3(6a^2cn^2 + 5a^2cn + a^2c)x + c^2x^{2n}}{6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1}$$

input

```
integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((2*c^3*n^2 + 3*c^3*n + c^3)*x*x^(3*n) + 3*(3*a*c^2*n^2 + 4*a*c^2*n + a*c^
2)*x*x^(2*n) + 3*(6*a^2*c*n^2 + 5*a^2*c*n + a^2*c)*x*x^n + (6*a^3*n^3 + 11
*a^3*n^2 + 6*a^3*n + a^3)*x)/(6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a**2+2*a*c*x**n+c**2*x**(2*n))**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a**2 + 2*a*c*x**n + c**2*x**(2*n))**(3/2), x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \frac{(2n^2 + 3n + 1)c^3xx^{3n} + 3(3n^2 + 4n + 1)ac^2xx^{2n} + 3(6n^2 + 5n + 1)a^2c^2xx^n + (6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1)a^3}{6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)*c^3*x*x^(3*n) + 3*(3*n^2 + 4*n + 1)*a*c^2*x*x^(2*n) + 3*(6*n^2 + 5*n + 1)*a^2*c*x*x^n + (6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)*a^3*x)/(6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \frac{6a^3n^3x\operatorname{sgn}(cx^n + a) + 2c^3n^2xx^{3n}\operatorname{sgn}(cx^n + a) + 9ac^2n^2xx^{2n}\operatorname{sgn}(cx^n + a) + 18a^2cn^2xx^n\operatorname{sgn}(cx^n + a) + 3c^3n^2xx^{3n}\operatorname{sgn}(cx^n + a) + 3a^2c^2n^2xx^{2n}\operatorname{sgn}(cx^n + a) + 3a^3n^3x\operatorname{sgn}(cx^n + a)}{6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(6*a^3*n^3*x*sgn(c*x^n + a) + 2*c^3*n^2*x*x^(3*n)*sgn(c*x^n + a) + 9*a*c^2*n^2*x*x^(2*n)*sgn(c*x^n + a) + 18*a^2*c*n^2*x*x^n*sgn(c*x^n + a) + 11*a^3*n^2*x*sgn(c*x^n + a) + 3*c^3*n*x*x^(3*n)*sgn(c*x^n + a) + 12*a*c^2*n*x*x^(2*n)*sgn(c*x^n + a) + 15*a^2*c*n*x*x^n*sgn(c*x^n + a) + 6*a^3*n*x*sgn(c*x^n + a) + c^3*x*x^(3*n)*sgn(c*x^n + a) + 3*a*c^2*x*x^(2*n)*sgn(c*x^n + a) + 3*a^2*c*x*x^n*sgn(c*x^n + a) + a^3*x*sgn(c*x^n + a))/(6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \int (a^2 + c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2} dx = \frac{x(2x^{3n}c^3n^2 + 3x^{3n}c^3n + x^{3n}c^3 + 9x^{2n}ac^2n^2 + 12x^{2n}ac^2n + 3x^{2n}ac^2 + 18x^na^2cn^2 + 15x^na^2cn + a^3)}{6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1}$$

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(3/2), x)`

output `(x*(2*x**(3*n)*c**3*n**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*c**3*n + x**(3*n)*c**3 + 9*x**(2*n)*a*c**2*n**2 + 12*x**(2*n)*a*c**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*a*c**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*c*n**2 + 15*x**n*a**2*c*n + 3*x**n*a**2*c + 6*a**3*n**3 + 11*a**3*n**2 + 6*a**3*n + a**3))/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1)`

### 3.114 $\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx$

Optimal result	839
Mathematica [A] (verified)	839
Rubi [A] (verified)	840
Maple [A] (verified)	841
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	841
Sympy [F]	841
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	842
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	842
Mupad [F(-1)]	842
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	843

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \frac{ax\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}{a + cx^n} + \frac{c^2x^{1+n}\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}{(1+n)(ac + c^2x^n)}$$

output

`a*x*(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2)/(a+c*x^n)+c^2*x^(1+n)*(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2)/(1+n)/(a*c+c^2*x^n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{(a + cx^n)^2(a + an + cx^n)}}{(1+n)(a + cx^n)}$$

input

`Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n)],x]`

output

`(x*Sqrt[(a + c*x^n)^2]*(a + a*n + c*x^n))/((1 + n)*(a + c*x^n))`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1384, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} \int (c^2x^n + ac) dx}{ac + c^2x^n}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} \left( acx + \frac{c^2x^{n+1}}{n+1} \right)}{ac + c^2x^n}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n)]*(a*c*x + (c^2*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n)))/(a*c + c^2*x^n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(a+cx^n)^2} xa}{a+cx^n} + \frac{\sqrt{(a+cx^n)^2} cx x^n}{(a+cx^n)(1+n)}$	56

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `((a+c*x^n)^2)^(1/2)/(a+c*x^n)*x*a+((a+c*x^n)^2)^(1/2)/(a+c*x^n)*c/(1+n)*x*x^n`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \frac{cx^n + (an + a)x}{n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(c*x*x^n + (a*n + a)*x)/(n + 1)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \int \sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx$$

input `integrate((a**2+2*a*c*x**n+c**2*x**(2*n))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**n + c**2*x**(2*n)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \frac{a(n+1)x + cx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(a*(n + 1)*x + c*x*x^n)/(n + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \left( ax + \frac{cx^{n+1}}{n+1} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(cx^n + a)$$

input `integrate((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(a*x + c*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1))*sgn(c*x^n + a)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \int \sqrt{a^2 + c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}} dx = \frac{x(x^n c + an + a)}{n + 1}$$

input `int((a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x)`

output `(x*(x**n*c + a*n + a))/(n + 1)`

### 3.115 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2+2acx^n+c^2x^{2n}}} dx$

Optimal result	844
Mathematica [A] (verified)	844
Rubi [A] (verified)	845
Maple [F]	846
Fricas [F]	846
Sympy [F]	847
Maxima [F]	847
Giac [F]	847
Mupad [F(-1)]	848
Reduce [F]	848

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}} dx = \frac{x(a + cx^n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}$$

output `x*(a+c*x^n)*hypergeom([1, 1/n],[1+1/n],-c*x^n/a)/a/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}} dx = \frac{x(a + cx^n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a\sqrt{(a + cx^n)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n)],x]`

output `(x*(a + c*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((c*x^n)/a)])/(a*Sqrt[(a + c*x^n)^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1384, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{(ac + c^2x^n) \int \frac{1}{c^2x^n + ac} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{x(ac + c^2x^n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{ac\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n)],x]`

output `(x*(a*c + c^2*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((c*x^n)/a)]) / (a*c*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n)])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F
1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p
, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] ||
GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(1/sqrt(c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n + a^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*c*x**n+c**2*x**(2*n))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**n + c**2*x**(2*n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n + a^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n + a^2), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `int(1/(a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^n c + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2), x)`output `int(1/(x**n*c + a), x)`

**3.116**  $\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2acx^n+c^2x^{2n})^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	849
Mathematica [A] (verified)	849
Rubi [A] (verified)	850
Maple [F]	851
Fricas [F]	851
Sympy [F]	852
Maxima [F]	852
Giac [F]	852
Mupad [F(-1)]	853
Reduce [F]	853

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(a + cx^n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}$$

output `x*(a+c*x^n)*hypergeom([3, 1/n],[1+1/n],-c*x^n/a)/a^3/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(a + cx^n)^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3 ((a + cx^n)^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(a + c*x^n)^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(c*x^n)/a])/ (a^3*((a + c*x^n)^2)^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1384, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{(ac^3 + c^4x^n) \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^n + ac)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{x(ac^3 + c^4x^n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3c^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*(a*c^3 + c^4*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((c*x^n)/a)])/ (a^3*c^3*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n)])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n + a^2)/(c^4*x^(4*n) + 4*a^2*c^2*x^(2
*n) + 4*a^3*c*x^n + a^4 + 2*(2*a*c^3*x^n + a^2*c^2)*x^(2*n)), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*c*x**n+c**2*x**(2*n))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*c*x**n + c**2*x**(2*n))**(-3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(2*n^2 - 3*n + 1)*integrate(1/2/(a^2*c*n^2*x^n + a^3*n^2), x) + 1/2*(c*(2*n - 1)*x*x^n + a*(3*n - 1)*x)/(a^2*c^2*n^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*c*n^2*x^n + a^4*n^2)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n + a^2)^(-3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^(3/2), x)`output `int(1/(a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{3n}c^3 + 3x^{2n}ac^2 + 3x^na^2c + a^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(3/2), x)`output `int(1/(x**(3*n)*c**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*c**2 + 3*x**n*a**2*c + a**3), x)`

**3.117**  $\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2acx^n+c^2x^{2n})^{5/2}} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(a + cx^n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(5, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}$$

output `x*(a+c*x^n)*hypergeom([5, 1/n],[1+1/n],-c*x^n/a)/a^5/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(a + cx^n)^5 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(5, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a^5 ((a + cx^n)^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*(a + c*x^n)^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(c*x^n)/a])/a^5*((a + c*x^n)^2)^(5/2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1384, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{(ac^5 + c^6x^n) \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^n + ac)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{x(ac^5 + c^6x^n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(5, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{cx^n}{a}\right)}{a^5c^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n}}}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n))^(5/2), x]`

output `(x*(a*c^5 + c^6*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[5, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((c*x^n)/a)])/ (a^5*c^5*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*c*x^n + c^2*x^(2*n)])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`



rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n + a^2)/(c^6*x^(6*n) + 8*a^3*c^3*x^(3
*n) + 12*a^4*c^2*x^(2*n) + 6*a^5*c*x^n + a^6 + 3*(2*a*c^5*x^n + a^2*c^4)*x
^(4*n) + 3*(4*a^2*c^4*x^(2*n) + 4*a^3*c^3*x^n + a^4*c^2)*x^(2*n)), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a**2+2*a*c*x**n+c**2*x**(2*n))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*c*x**n + c**2*x**(2*n))**(-5/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(24*n^4 - 50*n^3 + 35*n^2 - 10*n + 1)*integrate(1/24/(a^4*c*n^4*x^n + a^5*n^4), x) + 1/24*((24*n^3 - 26*n^2 + 9*n - 1)*c^3*x*x^(3*n) + (84*n^3 - 85*n^2 + 28*n - 3)*a*c^2*x*x^(2*n) + (104*n^3 - 94*n^2 + 29*n - 3)*a^2*c*x*x^n + (50*n^3 - 35*n^2 + 10*n - 1)*a^3*x)/(a^4*c^4*n^4*x^(4*n) + 4*a^5*c^3*n^4*x^(3*n) + 6*a^6*c^2*n^4*x^(2*n) + 4*a^7*c*n^4*x^n + a^8*n^4)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n + a^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n + a^2)^(-5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + c^2x^{2n} + 2acx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^(5/2), x)`output `int(1/(a^2 + c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*x^n)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2acx^n + c^2x^{2n})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{5n}c^5 + 5x^{4n}ac^4 + 10x^{3n}a^2c^3 + 10x^{2n}a^3c^2 + 5x^na^4c + a^5} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2+2*a*c*x^n+c^2*x^(2*n))^(5/2), x)`output `int(1/(x**(5*n)*c**5 + 5*x**(4*n)*a*c**4 + 10*x**(3*n)*a**2*c**3 + 10*x**(  
2*n)*a**3*c**2 + 5*x**n*a**4*c + a**5), x)`

# CHAPTER 4

## APPENDIX

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### 4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

#### Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
          ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
  ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```



## Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022  add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result    := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal   := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
#     is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```



```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                            convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                            convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
  9

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc:
```

## Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```



```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric'] #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## 4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file