

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

1-Algebraic-functions/1.2-Trinomial/1.2.3-General-
trinomial/124-1.2.3.2-a

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3.172	$\int x^8 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1575
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3.174	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1590
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3.212	$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1854

3.213	$\int \frac{1}{x^{13}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1862
3.214	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1871
3.215	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1876
3.216	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1881
3.217	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1886
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3.219	$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1896
3.220	$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1905
3.221	$\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1912
3.222	$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1919
3.223	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1924
3.224	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1929
3.225	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1936
3.226	$\int \frac{1}{x^7(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1943
3.227	$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1951
3.228	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1960
3.229	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1965
3.230	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1970
3.231	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1975
3.232	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1981
3.233	$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2 dx$	1987
3.234	$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6) dx$	1994
3.235	$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	2000
3.236	$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^2} dx$	2006
3.237	$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$	2012
3.238	$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$	2018
3.239	$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	2023
3.240	$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	2028
3.241	$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2033
3.242	$\int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2038
3.243	$\int x^5 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2045
3.244	$\int x^2 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2051
3.245	$\int x^4 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2056
3.246	$\int x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2062

3.247	$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2068
3.248	$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2074
3.249	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x} dx$	2079
3.250	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^2} dx$	2084
3.251	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^3} dx$	2089
3.252	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^4} dx$	2094
3.253	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^5} dx$	2100
3.254	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^6} dx$	2105
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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [255]. This is test number [124].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 (255)	0.00 (0)
Mathematica	100.00 (255)	0.00 (0)
Fricas	78.82 (201)	21.18 (54)
Maple	62.75 (160)	37.25 (95)
Giac	61.18 (156)	38.82 (99)
Maxima	52.94 (135)	47.06 (120)
Reduce	51.76 (132)	48.24 (123)
Mupad	38.82 (99)	61.18 (156)
Sympy	19.22 (49)	80.78 (206)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

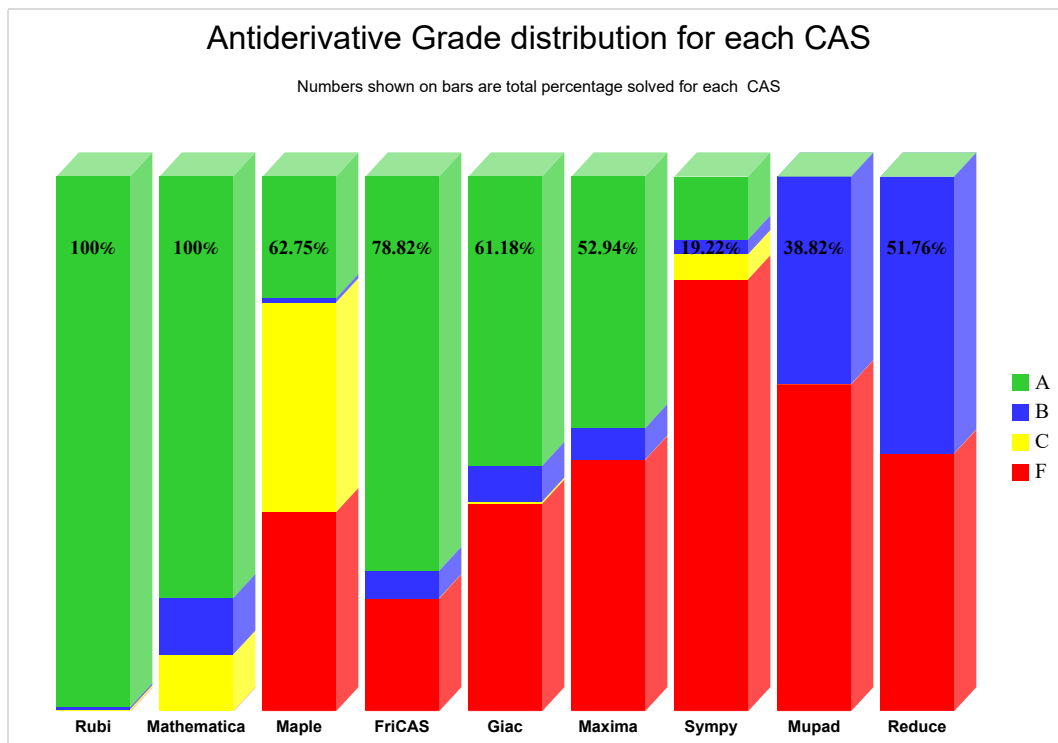
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

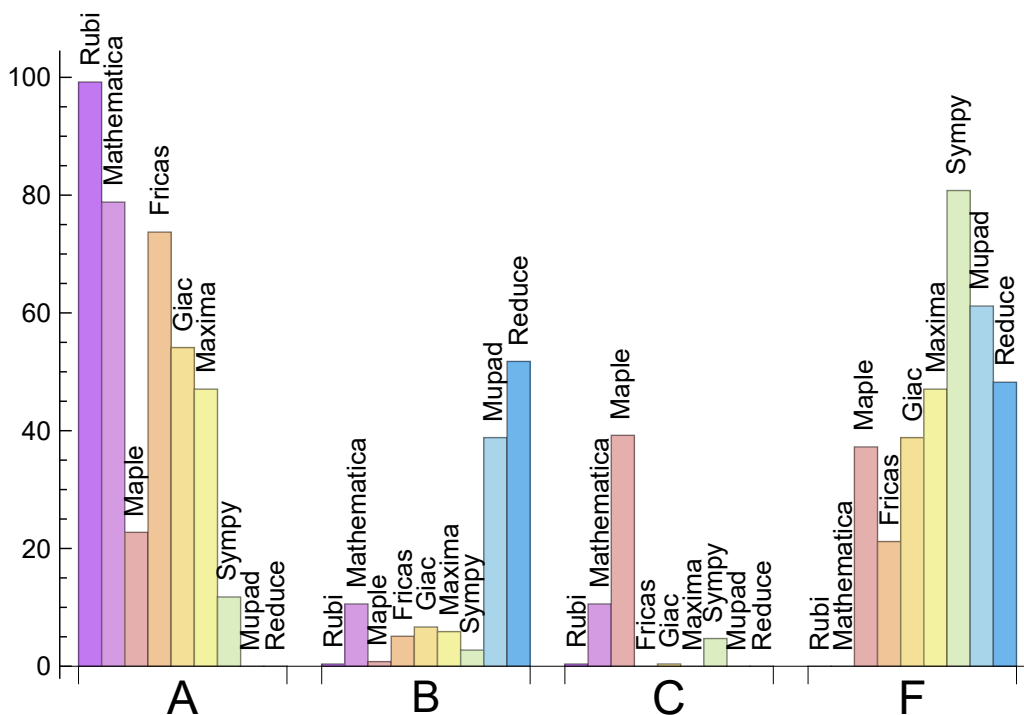
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	99.216	0.392	0.392	0.000
Mathematica	78.824	10.588	10.588	0.000
Fricas	73.725	5.098	0.000	21.176
Giac	54.118	6.667	0.392	38.824
Maxima	47.059	5.882	0.000	47.059
Maple	22.745	0.784	39.216	37.255
Sympy	11.765	2.745	4.706	80.784
Mupad	0.000	38.824	0.000	61.176
Reduce	0.000	51.765	0.000	48.235

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	54	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	95	100.00	0.00	0.00
Giac	99	97.98	0.00	2.02
Maxima	120	60.00	0.00	40.00
Reduce	123	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mupad	156	0.00	100.00	0.00
Sympy	206	84.95	15.05	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.06
Fricas	0.09
Giac	0.13
Reduce	0.17
Rubi	0.31
Maple	0.77
Mathematica	1.44
Sympy	3.28
Mupad	18.29

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Maple	62.97	0.48	58.00	0.38
Maxima	99.98	0.77	88.00	0.62
Reduce	110.56	0.74	59.00	0.55
Mathematica	128.40	1.01	101.00	0.88
Giac	132.10	0.82	86.00	0.61
Rubi	137.76	0.88	119.00	1.00
Sympy	138.29	1.36	122.00	0.95
Fricas	282.44	1.33	103.00	0.80
Mupad	418.55	2.46	109.00	0.93

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

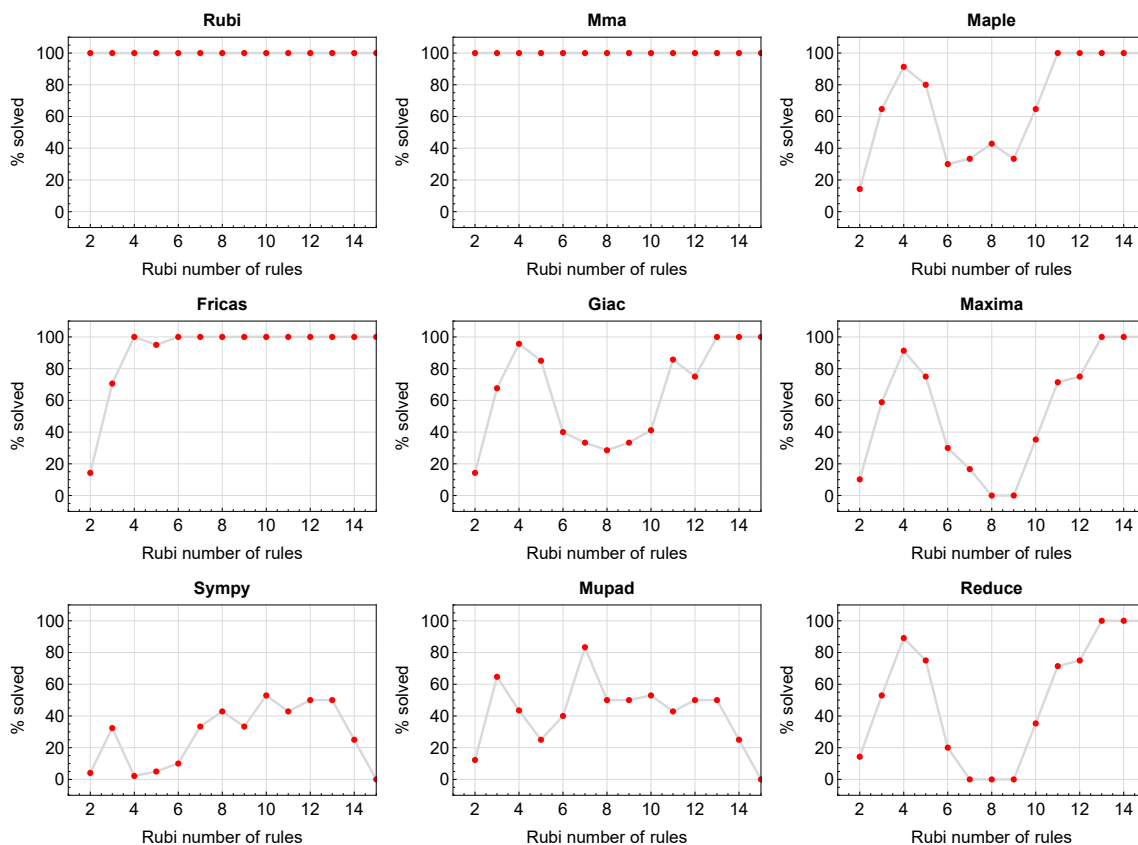


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

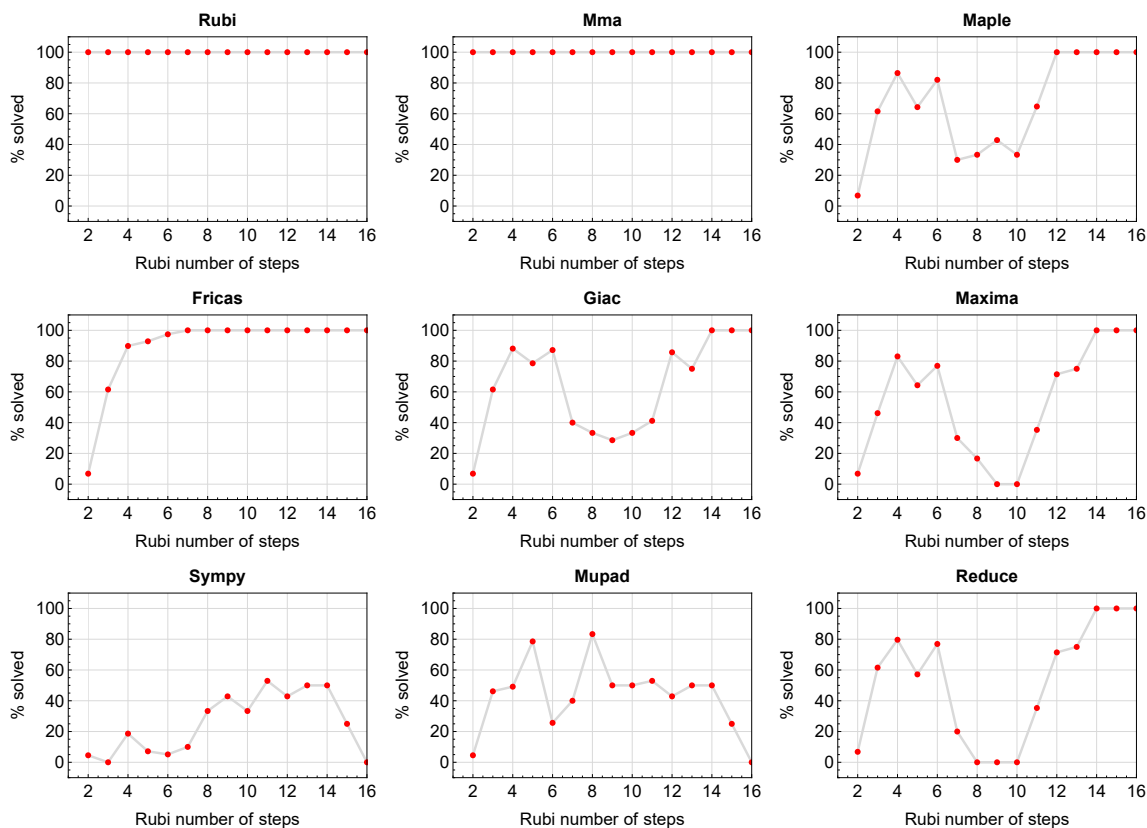


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram shows that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

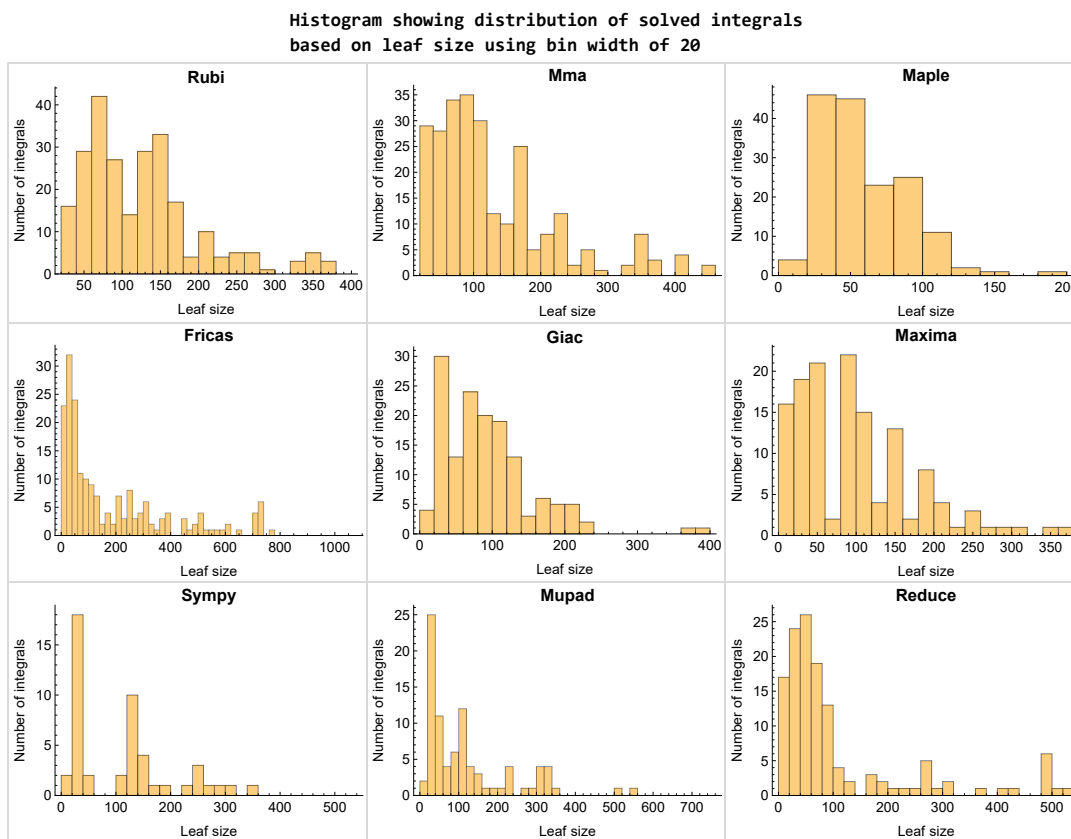


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

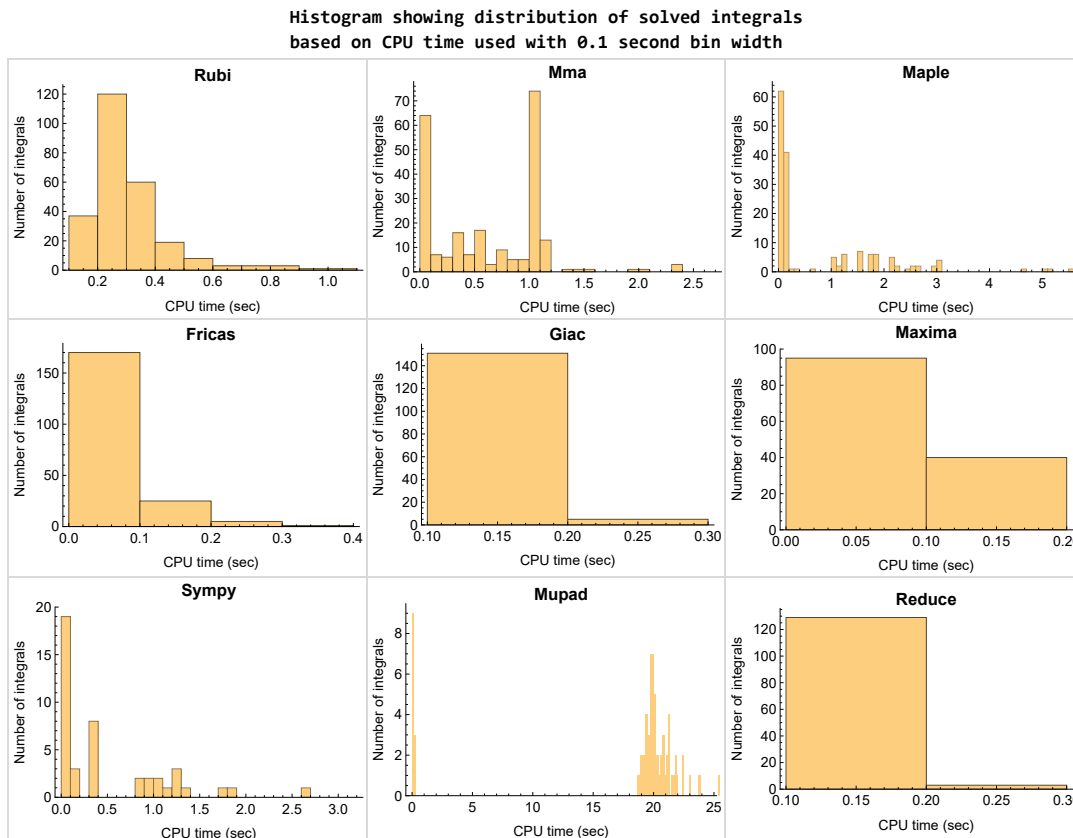


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

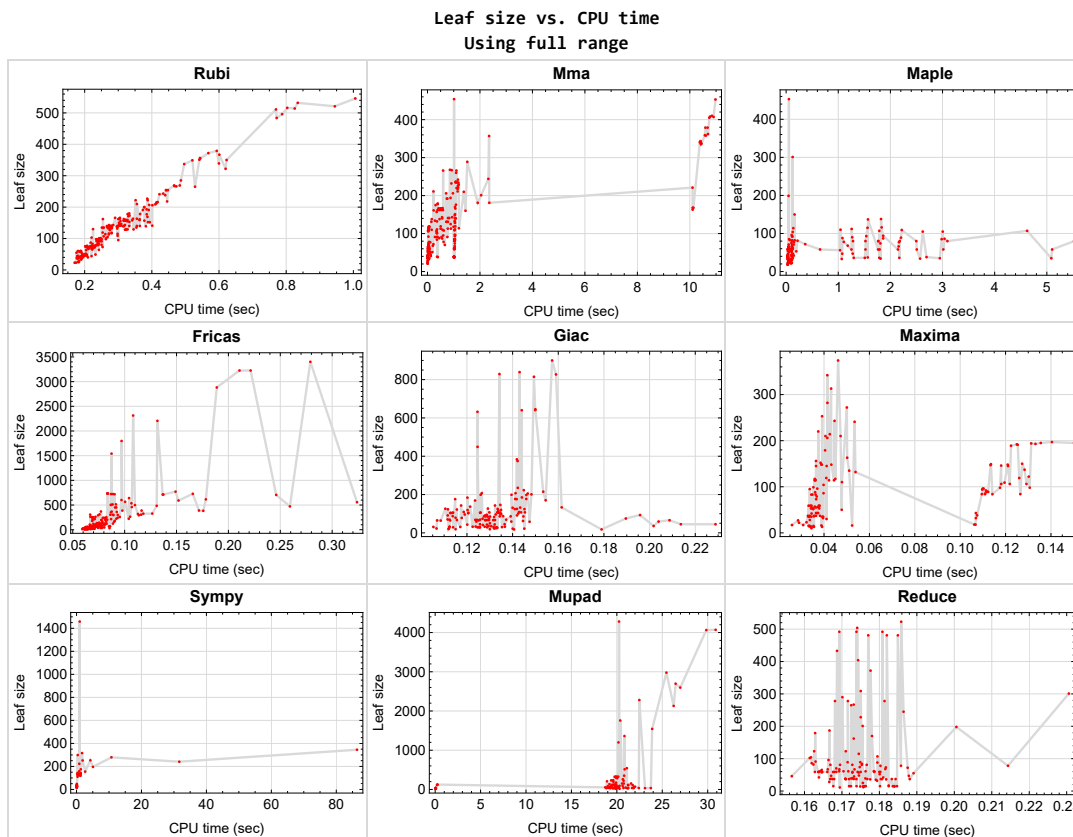


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {}

Mathematica {117, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 217, 218, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 235, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241}

Maple {2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Reduce Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for Rubi and Mathematica.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals.

These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'beselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand, the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

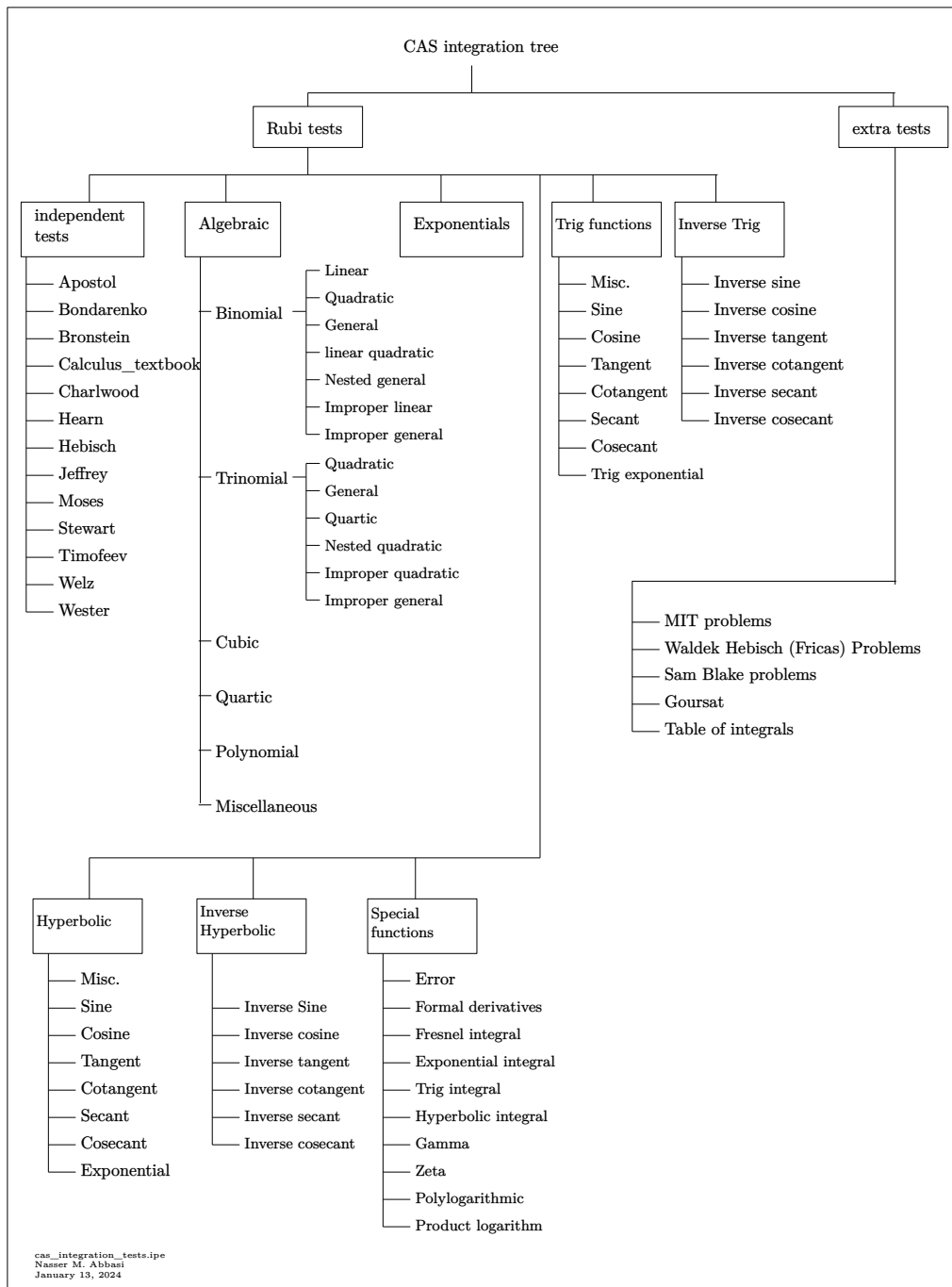
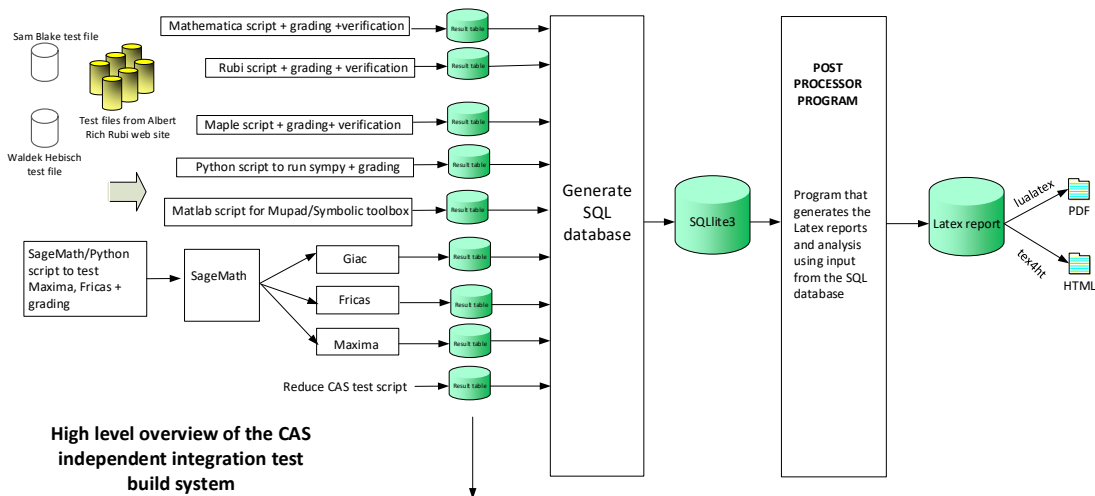


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi
January 13, 2024
Design note

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS	31
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2.3	Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results	101

2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi	31
Mma	32
Maple	32
Fricas	33
Maxima	33
Giac	34
Mupad	35
Sympy	35
Reduce	36

Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255 }
}

B grade { 139 }

C grade { 161 }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timeout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mma

A grade { 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 136, 137, 138, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 156, 159, 168, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 233, 234, 238, 239, 240, 241, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255 }

B grade { 3, 4, 5, 40, 78, 79, 91, 92, 139, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 217, 218, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 237 }

C grade { 117, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 155, 157, 158, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 169, 235, 236, 242, 243 }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maple

A grade { 1, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 22, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 43, 44, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 103, 104, 105, 110, 111, 112, 115, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 136, 137, 138, 140, 141, 142, 156, 159, 162, 165, 168, 222, 223, 234 }

B grade { 139, 233 }

C grade { 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 157, 158, 160, 161, 163, 164, 166, 167, 169 }

F normal fail { 106, 107, 108, 109, 113, 114, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231,

232, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Fricas

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 110, 111, 112, 115, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 136, 137, 138, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 225, 226, 227, 234 }

B grade { 40, 47, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 139, 224, 233 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 106, 107, 108, 109, 113, 114, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maxima

A grade { 2, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 110, 111, 112, 115, 136, 137, 138, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 156, 159, 162, 165, 168, 233, 234 }

B grade { 1, 3, 6, 7, 8, 20, 24, 25, 26, 40, 46, 47, 48, 49, 139 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 106, 107, 108, 109, 113, 114, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 155, 157, 158, 160, 161, 163, 164, 166, 167, 169, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227 }

Giac

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 105, 111, 112, 115, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 136, 137, 138, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 156, 159, 162, 165, 168, 173, 174, 189, 190, 207, 222, 223 }

B grade { 25, 40, 47, 103, 104, 110, 139, 155, 157, 158, 160, 163, 164, 166, 208, 233, 234 }

C grade { 161 }

F normal fail { 106, 107, 108, 109, 113, 114, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 170, 171, 172, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 167, 169 }

Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 25, 26, 27, 40, 47, 48, 49, 61, 62, 63, 64, 78, 79, 90, 91, 92, 105, 110, 111, 112, 115, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 189, 190, 207, 208, 209, 210, 221, 222, 223, 233, 234 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 18, 21, 22, 23, 24, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 106, 107, 108, 109, 113, 114, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Sympy

A grade { 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169 }

B grade { 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 233, 234 }

C grade { 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154 }

F normal fail { 3, 4, 11, 12, 13, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 237, 238, 239, 240 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17, 66, 105, 235, 236, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Reduce

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 110, 111, 112, 115, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 222, 223, 233, 234 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 106, 107, 108, 109, 113, 114, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	49	91	36	114	13	0	29	15	71
N.S.	1	0.62	1.15	0.46	1.44	0.16	0.00	0.37	0.19	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.193	0.537	0.128	0.036	0.065	0.000	0.125	0.180	21.998

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	71	39	31	83	13	0	23	15	59
N.S.	1	1.06	0.58	0.46	1.24	0.19	0.00	0.34	0.22	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.212	1.012	0.102	0.034	0.059	0.000	0.107	0.184	21.879

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	88	23	52	13	0	22	14	33
N.S.	1	1.00	2.44	0.64	1.44	0.36	0.00	0.61	0.39	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.179	0.451	0.102	0.035	0.063	0.000	0.140	0.175	21.253

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	45	454	26	96	11	0	28	11	109
N.S.	1	0.60	6.05	0.35	1.28	0.15	0.00	0.37	0.15	1.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	1.013	0.083	0.037	0.062	0.000	0.133	0.169	21.254

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	45	178	28	99	17	0	43	17	112
N.S.	1	0.60	2.37	0.37	1.32	0.23	0.00	0.57	0.23	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.207	0.386	0.086	0.035	0.061	0.000	0.129	0.182	21.739

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	37	22	86	13	0	30	15	33
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.56	2.21	0.33	0.00	0.77	0.38	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	1.016	0.086	0.040	0.062	0.000	0.126	0.176	23.097

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	49	39	24	117	15	0	31	15	35
N.S.	1	0.62	0.49	0.30	1.48	0.19	0.00	0.39	0.19	0.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.201	1.018	0.089	0.045	0.061	0.000	0.112	0.176	23.745

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	49	39	24	148	15	0	31	15	35
N.S.	1	0.62	0.49	0.30	1.87	0.19	0.00	0.39	0.19	0.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	1.013	0.088	0.039	0.061	0.000	0.132	0.182	21.851

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	49	39	36	13	13	0	29	15	0
N.S.	1	0.62	0.49	0.46	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.37	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	1.012	2.171	0.034	0.063	0.000	0.126	0.174	0.000

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	49	39	36	13	13	0	29	15	0
N.S.	1	0.62	0.49	0.46	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.37	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	1.012	1.787	0.034	0.064	0.000	0.129	0.184	0.000

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	49	39	36	13	13	0	29	15	0
N.S.	1	0.62	0.49	0.46	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.37	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	1.011	1.297	0.039	0.064	0.000	0.133	0.168	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	50	36	33	10	10	0	20	12	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.49	0.45	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.27	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.193	0.010	1.067	0.034	0.061	0.000	0.112	0.176	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	47	38	36	14	14	0	29	14	0
N.S.	1	0.61	0.49	0.47	0.18	0.18	0.00	0.38	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	1.014	1.509	0.034	0.062	0.000	0.125	0.184	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	44	37	34	15	15	0	26	15	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.50	0.46	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.35	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	1.011	1.812	0.033	0.063	0.000	0.133	0.172	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	47	37	34	13	13	0	30	15	33
N.S.	1	0.61	0.48	0.44	0.17	0.17	0.00	0.39	0.19	0.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	1.011	2.569	0.036	0.064	0.000	0.135	0.185	21.224

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	49	39	35	15	15	0	31	15	35
N.S.	1	0.62	0.49	0.44	0.19	0.19	0.00	0.39	0.19	0.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	1.012	2.948	0.033	0.062	0.000	0.105	0.176	21.130

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	49	39	35	15	15	0	31	15	35
N.S.	1	0.62	0.49	0.44	0.19	0.19	0.00	0.39	0.19	0.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	1.013	5.086	0.035	0.065	0.000	0.117	0.172	21.674

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	78	113	42	114	35	0	67	37	0
N.S.	1	0.66	0.95	0.35	0.96	0.29	0.00	0.56	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	0.890	0.121	0.036	0.067	0.000	0.116	0.177	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	73	113	31	83	35	0	45	37	46
N.S.	1	1.06	1.64	0.45	1.20	0.51	0.00	0.65	0.54	0.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	0.773	0.105	0.036	0.064	0.000	0.126	0.174	20.963

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	60	23	52	35	0	44	36	36
N.S.	1	1.00	1.58	0.61	1.37	0.92	0.00	1.16	0.95	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	1.027	0.103	0.035	0.065	0.000	0.132	0.182	20.727

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	74	60	54	152	32	0	65	32	0
N.S.	1	0.46	0.38	0.34	0.95	0.20	0.00	0.41	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	1.029	0.100	0.038	0.064	0.000	0.107	0.179	0.000

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	73	62	59	156	38	0	85	38	0
N.S.	1	0.45	0.39	0.37	0.97	0.24	0.00	0.53	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	1.029	0.116	0.036	0.062	0.000	0.129	0.171	0.000

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	72	61	59	220	39	0	86	39	0
N.S.	1	0.44	0.38	0.36	1.36	0.24	0.00	0.53	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	1.026	0.100	0.037	0.063	0.000	0.128	0.176	0.000

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	74	266	52	253	39	0	85	39	0
N.S.	1	0.46	1.65	0.32	1.57	0.24	0.00	0.53	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.596	0.104	0.039	0.062	0.000	0.130	0.172	0.000

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	41	59	41	148	35	0	68	37	151
N.S.	1	1.00	1.44	1.00	3.61	0.85	0.00	1.66	0.90	3.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	1.020	0.104	0.039	0.063	0.000	0.124	0.184	20.577

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	75	61	44	179	37	0	69	37	151
N.S.	1	0.89	0.73	0.52	2.13	0.44	0.00	0.82	0.44	1.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	1.022	0.108	0.040	0.064	0.000	0.112	0.168	20.760

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	78	61	44	210	37	0	69	37	151
N.S.	1	0.47	0.37	0.26	1.26	0.22	0.00	0.41	0.22	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.231	1.022	0.111	0.041	0.063	0.000	0.126	0.172	21.563

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	75	61	58	35	35	0	67	37	0
N.S.	1	0.45	0.37	0.35	0.21	0.21	0.00	0.40	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	1.023	2.145	0.033	0.078	0.000	0.128	0.180	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	75	61	58	35	35	0	67	37	0
N.S.	1	0.45	0.37	0.35	0.21	0.21	0.00	0.40	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	1.025	1.793	0.034	0.067	0.000	0.129	0.171	0.000

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	75	61	58	35	35	0	67	37	0
N.S.	1	0.45	0.37	0.35	0.21	0.21	0.00	0.40	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	1.021	1.253	0.033	0.067	0.000	0.132	0.183	0.000

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	78	59	56	32	32	0	64	35	0
N.S.	1	0.48	0.36	0.35	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.40	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	1.019	1.034	0.040	0.062	0.000	0.109	0.179	0.000

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	73	61	58	37	37	0	67	37	0
N.S.	1	0.44	0.37	0.35	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.41	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	1.021	1.522	0.038	0.065	0.000	0.130	0.167	0.000

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	71	61	58	37	37	0	65	37	0
N.S.	1	0.44	0.37	0.36	0.23	0.23	0.00	0.40	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	1.022	1.764	0.033	0.063	0.000	0.113	0.181	0.000

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	73	61	58	37	37	0	69	37	0
N.S.	1	0.44	0.37	0.35	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.42	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	1.020	2.506	0.036	0.065	0.000	0.137	0.167	0.000

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	71	61	58	37	37	0	68	37	0
N.S.	1	0.44	0.37	0.36	0.23	0.23	0.00	0.42	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	1.023	3.015	0.034	0.061	0.000	0.124	0.188	0.000

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	73	61	58	37	37	0	70	37	0
N.S.	1	0.44	0.37	0.35	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.42	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	1.017	5.102	0.036	0.063	0.000	0.112	0.173	0.000

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	107	83	53	145	57	0	105	59	0
N.S.	1	0.67	0.52	0.33	0.91	0.36	0.00	0.66	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	1.036	0.195	0.036	0.063	0.000	0.134	0.164	0.000

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	88	83	42	114	57	0	105	59	0
N.S.	1	0.74	0.70	0.35	0.96	0.48	0.00	0.88	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	1.037	0.148	0.042	0.067	0.000	0.114	0.179	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	73	83	31	83	57	0	67	59	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.20	0.45	1.20	0.83	0.00	0.97	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.213	1.034	0.115	0.035	0.064	0.000	0.132	0.163	0.000

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	B	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	82	23	52	57	0	66	58	36
N.S.	1	1.00	2.16	0.61	1.37	1.50	0.00	1.74	1.53	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.179	1.034	0.109	0.035	0.069	0.000	0.128	0.165	22.417

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	251	98	82	75	206	55	0	104	55	0
N.S.	1	0.39	0.33	0.30	0.82	0.22	0.00	0.41	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	1.039	0.102	0.041	0.068	0.000	0.113	0.189	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	97	85	81	214	61	0	124	61	0
N.S.	1	0.38	0.34	0.32	0.85	0.24	0.00	0.49	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	1.036	0.107	0.043	0.073	0.000	0.141	0.164	0.000

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	99	85	82	282	61	0	126	61	0
N.S.	1	0.39	0.34	0.33	1.12	0.24	0.00	0.50	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	1.047	0.119	0.041	0.069	0.000	0.111	0.176	0.000

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	99	85	82	313	61	0	127	61	0
N.S.	1	0.39	0.34	0.33	1.24	0.24	0.00	0.50	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.249	1.038	0.165	0.043	0.068	0.000	0.129	0.170	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	96	85	81	342	61	0	125	61	0
N.S.	1	0.38	0.34	0.32	1.36	0.24	0.00	0.50	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	1.030	0.219	0.041	0.068	0.000	0.142	0.169	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	251	98	268	72	374	61	0	123	61	0
N.S.	1	0.39	1.07	0.29	1.49	0.24	0.00	0.49	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.856	0.366	0.046	0.071	0.000	0.112	0.179	0.000

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	41	81	58	210	57	0	106	59	231
N.S.	1	1.00	1.98	1.41	5.12	1.39	0.00	2.59	1.44	5.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.183	1.030	0.651	0.047	0.067	0.000	0.126	0.164	19.372

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	75	83	68	241	59	0	107	59	231
N.S.	1	0.89	0.99	0.81	2.87	0.70	0.00	1.27	0.70	2.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	1.033	1.181	0.053	0.070	0.000	0.133	0.165	19.510

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	103	83	66	272	59	0	107	59	231
N.S.	1	0.80	0.65	0.52	2.12	0.46	0.00	0.84	0.46	1.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	1.029	2.158	0.050	0.070	0.000	0.145	0.174	19.603

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	101	83	80	57	57	0	105	59	0
N.S.	1	0.40	0.33	0.31	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.41	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	1.030	2.179	0.036	0.072	0.000	0.126	0.168	0.000

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	98	83	80	56	56	0	104	59	0
N.S.	1	0.39	0.33	0.32	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.41	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	1.025	1.769	0.038	0.064	0.000	0.113	0.180	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	98	83	80	56	56	0	104	59	0
N.S.	1	0.39	0.33	0.32	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.41	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	1.026	1.283	0.037	0.069	0.000	0.121	0.173	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	247	101	81	78	53	53	0	101	57	0
N.S.	1	0.41	0.33	0.32	0.21	0.21	0.00	0.41	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	1.027	1.106	0.034	0.066	0.000	0.142	0.173	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	251	97	83	80	59	59	0	105	59	0
N.S.	1	0.39	0.33	0.32	0.24	0.24	0.00	0.42	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	1.028	1.522	0.038	0.073	0.000	0.114	0.180	0.000

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	251	97	83	80	59	59	0	103	59	0
N.S.	1	0.39	0.33	0.32	0.24	0.24	0.00	0.41	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	1.029	1.766	0.034	0.071	0.000	0.121	0.168	0.000

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	249	95	83	80	59	59	0	107	59	0
N.S.	1	0.38	0.33	0.32	0.24	0.24	0.00	0.43	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	1.031	2.497	0.034	0.071	0.000	0.144	0.175	0.000

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	251	97	83	80	59	59	0	106	59	0
N.S.	1	0.39	0.33	0.32	0.24	0.24	0.00	0.42	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	1.031	3.093	0.038	0.077	0.000	0.135	0.166	0.000

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	248	94	83	80	59	59	0	107	59	0
N.S.	1	0.38	0.33	0.32	0.24	0.24	0.00	0.43	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	1.026	5.523	0.033	0.067	0.000	0.130	0.169	0.000

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	81	67	64	95	45	0	79	73	0
N.S.	1	0.48	0.40	0.38	0.56	0.27	0.00	0.47	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.237	1.036	0.122	0.034	0.068	0.000	0.115	0.182	0.000

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	68	167	47	36	33	0	59	61	0
N.S.	1	0.54	1.31	0.37	0.28	0.26	0.00	0.46	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	0.575	0.128	0.035	0.067	0.000	0.124	0.172	0.000

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	74	113	34	42	22	0	33	48	64
N.S.	1	0.99	1.51	0.45	0.56	0.29	0.00	0.44	0.64	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	0.499	0.102	0.035	0.067	0.000	0.124	0.175	19.846

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	51	22	15	13	0	22	37	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.16	0.50	0.34	0.30	0.00	0.50	0.84	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.178	0.186	0.098	0.034	0.067	0.000	0.145	0.171	19.948

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	55	134	31	43	18	0	32	45	48
N.S.	1	0.69	1.68	0.39	0.54	0.22	0.00	0.40	0.56	0.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.285	0.105	0.036	0.071	0.000	0.112	0.173	20.192

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	65	175	44	73	33	0	50	61	75
N.S.	1	0.52	1.40	0.35	0.58	0.26	0.00	0.40	0.49	0.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	0.307	0.108	0.037	0.085	0.000	0.130	0.178	20.168

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	79	162	58	104	45	0	65	78	0
N.S.	1	0.48	0.98	0.35	0.63	0.27	0.00	0.39	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	0.589	0.119	0.040	0.080	0.000	0.125	0.180	0.000

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	93	192	71	135	58	0	78	89	0
N.S.	1	0.45	0.92	0.34	0.65	0.28	0.00	0.38	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.738	0.144	0.051	0.069	0.000	0.118	0.172	0.000

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	277	162	140	86	122	108	0	169	88	0
N.S.	1	0.58	0.51	0.31	0.44	0.39	0.00	0.61	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	1.079	3.038	0.130	0.075	0.000	0.124	0.179	0.000

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	163	131	77	109	123	0	146	81	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.55	0.32	0.45	0.51	0.00	0.61	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	1.043	2.164	0.120	0.089	0.000	0.135	0.167	0.000

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	235	153	128	74	106	106	0	143	78	0
N.S.	1	0.65	0.54	0.31	0.45	0.45	0.00	0.61	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	1.047	1.808	0.129	0.080	0.000	0.132	0.186	0.000

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	202	146	109	47	98	304	0	124	65	0
N.S.	1	0.72	0.54	0.23	0.49	1.50	0.00	0.61	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	1.031	1.277	0.131	0.116	0.000	0.145	0.165	0.000

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	202	143	109	47	98	299	0	122	67	0
N.S.	1	0.71	0.54	0.23	0.49	1.48	0.00	0.60	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	1.029	1.076	0.118	0.093	0.000	0.116	0.166	0.000

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	161	133	93	106	103	0	131	84	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.56	0.39	0.45	0.43	0.00	0.55	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	1.037	1.538	0.122	0.076	0.000	0.140	0.175	0.000

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	243	158	140	94	106	143	0	125	96	0
N.S.	1	0.65	0.58	0.39	0.44	0.59	0.00	0.51	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	1.042	1.862	0.118	0.075	0.000	0.133	0.166	0.000

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	278	178	151	105	119	129	0	137	107	0
N.S.	1	0.64	0.54	0.38	0.43	0.46	0.00	0.49	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	1.049	2.621	0.126	0.077	0.000	0.121	0.179	0.000

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	105	93	77	145	103	0	116	201	0
N.S.	1	0.54	0.47	0.39	0.74	0.53	0.00	0.59	1.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	1.044	0.148	0.041	0.066	0.000	0.134	0.176	0.000

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	91	81	65	114	91	0	92	187	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.53	0.42	0.74	0.59	0.00	0.60	1.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	1.042	0.106	0.044	0.072	0.000	0.129	0.167	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	80	192	54	55	69	0	62	170	0
N.S.	1	0.69	1.66	0.47	0.47	0.59	0.00	0.53	1.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.756	0.100	0.036	0.072	0.000	0.145	0.178	0.000

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	71	119	31	43	36	0	32	28	42
N.S.	1	1.73	2.90	0.76	1.05	0.88	0.00	0.78	0.68	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.212	0.502	0.090	0.037	0.070	0.000	0.122	0.167	20.120

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	143	23	16	26	0	24	25	34
N.S.	1	1.00	3.76	0.61	0.42	0.68	0.00	0.63	0.66	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	0.555	0.084	0.039	0.066	0.000	0.132	0.176	20.079

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	84	74	70	88	90	0	87	198	0
N.S.	1	0.57	0.50	0.48	0.60	0.61	0.00	0.59	1.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	1.042	0.112	0.036	0.071	0.000	0.136	0.201	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	98	97	92	117	119	0	120	228	0
N.S.	1	0.52	0.52	0.49	0.62	0.63	0.00	0.64	1.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	1.038	0.115	0.036	0.070	0.000	0.135	0.175	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	117	111	104	148	134	0	109	245	0
N.S.	1	0.51	0.48	0.45	0.64	0.58	0.00	0.47	1.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	1.046	0.126	0.043	0.073	0.000	0.119	0.186	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	275	193	235	85	137	503	0	177	278	0
N.S.	1	0.70	0.85	0.31	0.50	1.83	0.00	0.64	1.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	1.125	2.983	0.128	0.087	0.000	0.141	0.168	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	280	200	235	89	149	512	0	185	265	0
N.S.	1	0.71	0.84	0.32	0.53	1.83	0.00	0.66	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	1.103	2.203	0.114	0.088	0.000	0.144	0.172	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	276	191	235	87	146	503	0	176	278	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.85	0.32	0.53	1.82	0.00	0.64	1.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	1.070	1.861	0.118	0.087	0.000	0.142	0.172	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	277	200	237	90	147	514	0	176	267	0
N.S.	1	0.72	0.86	0.32	0.53	1.86	0.00	0.64	0.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	1.079	1.268	0.113	0.092	0.000	0.115	0.173	0.000

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	273	207	235	88	145	499	0	177	278	0
N.S.	1	0.76	0.86	0.32	0.53	1.83	0.00	0.65	1.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.392	1.074	1.080	0.121	0.110	0.000	0.146	0.181	0.000

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	316	215	260	115	148	201	0	201	290	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.82	0.36	0.47	0.64	0.00	0.64	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	1.091	1.561	0.121	0.081	0.000	0.148	0.170	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	314	212	266	116	150	242	0	184	309	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.85	0.37	0.48	0.77	0.00	0.59	0.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	1.102	1.832	0.127	0.079	0.000	0.120	0.175	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	86	206	42	53	69	0	43	68	53
N.S.	1	0.72	1.73	0.35	0.45	0.58	0.00	0.36	0.57	0.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	0.970	0.099	0.038	0.067	0.000	0.120	0.182	18.720

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	73	232	31	43	58	0	32	57	42
N.S.	1	1.06	3.36	0.45	0.62	0.84	0.00	0.46	0.83	0.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.213	0.911	0.100	0.037	0.068	0.000	0.128	0.174	19.115

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	267	23	16	48	0	24	47	34
N.S.	1	1.00	7.03	0.61	0.42	1.26	0.00	0.63	1.24	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	0.924	0.092	0.052	0.068	0.000	0.112	0.188	18.842

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	223	116	96	92	132	178	0	109	372	0
N.S.	1	0.52	0.43	0.41	0.59	0.80	0.00	0.49	1.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	1.057	0.122	0.054	0.069	0.000	0.143	0.178	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	132	119	114	163	207	0	143	404	0
N.S.	1	0.49	0.44	0.42	0.61	0.77	0.00	0.53	1.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	1.059	0.138	0.050	0.070	0.000	0.117	0.174	0.000

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	365	254	226	107	197	734	0	207	481	0
N.S.	1	0.70	0.62	0.29	0.54	2.01	0.00	0.57	1.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	1.162	4.622	0.140	0.083	0.000	0.141	0.182	0.000

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	359	243	218	105	195	723	0	205	492	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.61	0.29	0.54	2.01	0.00	0.57	1.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	1.154	3.004	0.136	0.089	0.000	0.147	0.169	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	368	254	229	109	195	734	0	207	481	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.62	0.30	0.53	1.99	0.00	0.56	1.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	1.191	2.218	0.150	0.084	0.000	0.127	0.185	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	360	241	221	107	193	723	0	199	492	0
N.S.	1	0.67	0.61	0.30	0.54	2.01	0.00	0.55	1.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	1.162	1.787	0.133	0.087	0.000	0.140	0.174	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	359	254	219	112	191	734	0	198	481	0
N.S.	1	0.71	0.61	0.31	0.53	2.04	0.00	0.55	1.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.442	1.139	1.257	0.125	0.083	0.000	0.146	0.177	0.000

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	351	269	211	110	189	719	0	199	492	0
N.S.	1	0.77	0.60	0.31	0.54	2.05	0.00	0.57	1.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.466	1.148	1.043	0.122	0.090	0.000	0.126	0.181	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	400	269	242	137	192	311	0	223	504	0
N.S.	1	0.67	0.60	0.34	0.48	0.78	0.00	0.56	1.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.483	1.160	1.570	0.125	0.076	0.000	0.145	0.174	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	394	266	234	138	194	352	0	215	523	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.59	0.35	0.49	0.89	0.00	0.55	1.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.473	1.180	1.820	0.131	0.087	0.000	0.153	0.186	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	313	159	111	453	243	369	0	900	433	0
N.S.	1	0.51	0.35	1.45	0.78	1.18	0.00	2.88	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.361	0.054	0.045	0.077	0.000	0.157	0.169	0.000

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	113	131	199	119	159	0	384	179	0
N.S.	1	0.55	0.64	0.97	0.58	0.78	0.00	1.87	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.147	0.047	0.041	0.082	0.000	0.142	0.163	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	67	53	56	35	35	0	83	36	55
N.S.	1	0.69	0.55	0.58	0.36	0.36	0.00	0.86	0.37	0.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	0.063	0.035	0.039	0.077	0.000	0.132	0.178	19.001

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	62	0	0	0	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	0.065	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.168	0.000

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	60	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	0.072	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	60	0	0	0	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	66	0	0	0	0	0	218	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.207	0.061	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	163	110	150	115	163	0	375	162	207
N.S.	1	0.95	0.64	0.87	0.67	0.95	0.00	2.18	0.94	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.159	0.162	0.036	0.079	0.000	0.142	0.173	18.918

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	128	77	96	79	108	0	235	104	137
N.S.	1	0.98	0.59	0.74	0.61	0.83	0.00	1.81	0.80	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.104	0.106	0.037	0.077	0.000	0.142	0.162	19.182

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	83	51	58	54	70	0	132	67	85
N.S.	1	1.08	0.66	0.75	0.70	0.91	0.00	1.71	0.87	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	0.077	0.082	0.035	0.076	0.000	0.143	0.173	19.009

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	51	0	0	0	0	0	304	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	51	0	0	0	0	0	300	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	45	32	31	30	37	0	58	39	46
N.S.	1	1.10	0.78	0.76	0.73	0.90	0.00	1.41	0.95	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.051	0.050	0.041	0.074	0.000	0.147	0.173	18.927

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	60	51	0	0	0	0	0	131	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	55	211	0	0	0	0	0	127	0
N.S.	1	1.04	3.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.176	0.227	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.175	0.000

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	54	0	0	0	0	0	64	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.059	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	49	0	0	0	0	0	148	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.185	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	51	0	0	0	0	0	153	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	67	55	0	0	0	0	0	69	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.211	0.055	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	51	0	0	0	0	0	153	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	80	78	83	0	254	316	75	77	1758
N.S.	1	0.99	0.96	1.02	0.00	3.14	3.90	0.93	0.95	21.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.061	0.069	0.000	0.082	1.701	0.190	0.171	20.374

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	64	62	60	0	197	223	59	42	1199
N.S.	1	1.02	0.98	0.95	0.00	3.13	3.54	0.94	0.67	19.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.027	0.048	0.000	0.078	0.846	0.204	0.171	20.175

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	42	37	0	129	131	36	20	174
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.97	0.00	3.39	3.45	0.95	0.53	4.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.013	0.038	0.000	0.079	0.394	0.202	0.178	19.919

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	73	66	65	0	223	253	66	18	1362
N.S.	1	1.06	0.96	0.94	0.00	3.23	3.67	0.96	0.26	19.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.029	0.044	0.000	0.092	4.247	0.209	0.157	20.837

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	95	92	85	0	293	345	93	20	4281
N.S.	1	1.07	1.03	0.96	0.00	3.29	3.88	1.04	0.22	48.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.036	0.057	0.000	0.114	86.389	0.196	0.161	20.240

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	636	546	70	61	0	3402	279	0	53	4069
N.S.	1	0.86	0.11	0.10	0.00	5.35	0.44	0.00	0.08	6.40
time (sec)	N/A	1.006	0.035	0.128	0.000	0.279	10.746	0.000	0.166	30.874

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	631	521	70	59	0	2882	196	0	48	2280
N.S.	1	0.83	0.11	0.09	0.00	4.57	0.31	0.00	0.08	3.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.945	0.034	0.033	0.000	0.189	5.056	0.000	0.155	22.473

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	558	516	44	43	0	2314	175	0	20	2695
N.S.	1	0.92	0.08	0.08	0.00	4.15	0.31	0.00	0.04	4.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.803	0.021	0.034	0.000	0.108	1.312	0.000	0.156	26.474

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	558	496	42	43	0	1542	122	0	20	2129
N.S.	1	0.89	0.08	0.08	0.00	2.76	0.22	0.00	0.04	3.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.788	0.019	0.034	0.000	0.087	0.984	0.000	0.168	26.254

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	558	511	43	41	0	1798	158	0	18	1543
N.S.	1	0.92	0.08	0.07	0.00	3.22	0.28	0.00	0.03	2.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.770	0.019	0.033	0.000	0.097	0.832	0.000	0.159	23.886

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	558	484	45	40	0	2206	155	0	16	2597
N.S.	1	0.87	0.08	0.07	0.00	3.95	0.28	0.00	0.03	4.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.772	0.021	0.029	0.000	0.132	2.657	0.000	0.165	26.980

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	610	532	71	61	0	3225	252	0	55	2978
N.S.	1	0.87	0.12	0.10	0.00	5.29	0.41	0.00	0.09	4.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.834	0.035	0.049	0.000	0.211	1.871	0.000	0.163	25.457

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	612	514	75	62	0	3225	241	0	58	4063
N.S.	1	0.84	0.12	0.10	0.00	5.27	0.39	0.00	0.09	6.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.825	0.036	0.052	0.000	0.221	31.650	0.000	0.162	29.848

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	37	35	28	27	27	29	29	52	27
N.S.	1	1.06	1.00	0.80	0.77	0.77	0.83	0.83	1.49	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.192	0.009	0.046	0.029	0.060	0.058	0.114	0.180	0.055

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	28	23	22	22	22	24	47	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.82	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.86	1.68	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.183	0.008	0.034	0.029	0.061	0.057	0.132	0.167	0.049

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	25	21	18	17	17	15	19	42	17
N.S.	1	1.19	1.00	0.86	0.81	0.81	0.71	0.90	2.00	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.183	0.007	0.033	0.026	0.061	0.048	0.115	0.164	0.058

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	B	B	B	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	25	21	18	17	17	15	19	42	16
N.S.	1	2.50	2.10	1.80	1.70	1.70	1.50	1.90	4.20	1.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.006	0.030	0.031	0.069	0.050	0.130	0.181	20.301

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	33	27	22	23	21	20	24	46	21
N.S.	1	1.22	1.00	0.81	0.85	0.78	0.74	0.89	1.70	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.190	0.009	0.036	0.032	0.063	0.064	0.133	0.157	0.087

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	40	34	27	28	35	29	36	67	26
N.S.	1	1.18	1.00	0.79	0.82	1.03	0.85	1.06	1.97	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.195	0.008	0.044	0.034	0.071	0.079	0.129	0.169	19.576

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	47	41	33	35	40	34	41	70	32
N.S.	1	1.15	1.00	0.80	0.85	0.98	0.83	1.00	1.71	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.007	0.048	0.040	0.070	0.096	0.127	0.168	0.044

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	141	118	64	94	104	144	96	91	124
N.S.	1	1.14	0.95	0.52	0.76	0.84	1.16	0.77	0.73	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.068	0.049	0.110	0.077	0.322	0.133	0.163	0.263

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	139	114	58	92	90	129	94	89	119
N.S.	1	1.14	0.93	0.48	0.75	0.74	1.06	0.77	0.73	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.382	0.032	0.041	0.111	0.071	0.338	0.129	0.175	19.577

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	135	111	59	89	99	134	91	86	118
N.S.	1	1.13	0.93	0.50	0.75	0.83	1.13	0.76	0.72	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.031	0.040	0.112	0.071	0.348	0.112	0.162	19.708

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	129	111	57	85	83	126	87	82	104
N.S.	1	1.14	0.98	0.50	0.75	0.73	1.12	0.77	0.73	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.030	0.040	0.111	0.074	0.338	0.114	0.162	19.428

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	129	107	60	84	84	134	86	81	114
N.S.	1	1.15	0.96	0.54	0.75	0.75	1.20	0.77	0.72	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.028	0.037	0.110	0.071	0.313	0.139	0.177	0.206

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	129	106	54	84	99	110	86	81	113
N.S.	1	1.15	0.95	0.48	0.75	0.88	0.98	0.77	0.72	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.026	0.038	0.111	0.076	0.318	0.145	0.173	19.453

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	128	108	60	84	84	119	86	81	113
N.S.	1	1.14	0.96	0.54	0.75	0.75	1.06	0.77	0.72	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.027	0.039	0.114	0.068	1.228	0.127	0.170	19.458

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	128	107	58	84	99	124	86	81	110
N.S.	1	1.14	0.96	0.52	0.75	0.88	1.11	0.77	0.72	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.026	0.037	0.127	0.077	1.190	0.134	0.175	19.656

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	140	118	65	89	95	139	91	102	119
N.S.	1	1.18	0.99	0.55	0.75	0.80	1.17	0.76	0.86	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.045	0.046	0.112	0.081	1.267	0.142	0.161	0.222

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	140	113	59	89	123	128	91	115	118
N.S.	1	1.18	0.95	0.50	0.75	1.03	1.08	0.76	0.97	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.057	0.047	0.112	0.073	1.077	0.128	0.174	19.769

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	152	118	71	96	112	141	98	123	124
N.S.	1	1.21	0.94	0.56	0.76	0.89	1.12	0.78	0.98	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.050	0.049	0.110	0.073	1.281	0.135	0.163	19.930

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	152	118	65	96	128	136	98	123	121
N.S.	1	1.21	0.94	0.52	0.76	1.02	1.08	0.78	0.98	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.394	0.070	0.049	0.110	0.074	1.068	0.135	0.171	19.776

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	412	350	59	44	0	254	26	641	36	320
N.S.	1	0.85	0.14	0.11	0.00	0.62	0.06	1.56	0.09	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.622	0.018	0.032	0.000	0.069	0.091	0.150	0.166	19.857

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	40	39	33	32	32	37	32	34	34
N.S.	1	1.03	1.00	0.85	0.82	0.82	0.95	0.82	0.87	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.210	0.014	0.033	0.107	0.068	0.061	0.137	0.156	0.054

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	411	367	41	40	0	261	26	827	18	304
N.S.	1	0.89	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.64	0.06	2.01	0.04	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.601	0.012	0.028	0.000	0.067	0.096	0.159	0.161	19.990

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	411	349	39	40	0	217	24	640	18	327
N.S.	1	0.85	0.09	0.10	0.00	0.53	0.06	1.56	0.04	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.521	0.011	0.027	0.000	0.069	0.101	0.144	0.163	20.154

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	19	18	18	27	18	18	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.83	0.78	0.78	1.17	0.78	0.78	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.170	0.007	0.029	0.107	0.068	0.057	0.141	0.155	19.872

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	375	355	40	38	0	261	26	815	16	304
N.S.	1	0.95	0.11	0.10	0.00	0.70	0.07	2.17	0.04	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.544	0.012	0.030	0.000	0.072	0.084	0.149	0.173	19.948

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	C	F	A	A	C	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	337	42	37	0	253	20	632	14	327
N.S.	1	1.81	0.23	0.20	0.00	1.36	0.11	3.40	0.08	1.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.496	0.011	0.024	0.000	0.069	0.091	0.125	0.161	19.987

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	A	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	44	55	33	38	34	41	35	14	36
N.S.	1	1.07	1.34	0.80	0.93	0.83	1.00	0.85	0.34	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.220	0.015	0.035	0.107	0.062	0.076	0.131	0.156	0.056

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	416	372	61	35	0	217	24	829	45	286
N.S.	1	0.89	0.15	0.08	0.00	0.52	0.06	1.99	0.11	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.568	0.016	0.036	0.000	0.069	0.100	0.134	0.167	20.040

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	418	356	65	38	0	291	31	645	49	324
N.S.	1	0.85	0.16	0.09	0.00	0.70	0.07	1.54	0.12	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.543	0.014	0.038	0.000	0.074	0.098	0.150	0.155	19.760

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	A	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	49	51	38	43	51	48	45	16	41
N.S.	1	1.02	1.06	0.79	0.90	1.06	1.00	0.94	0.33	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.017	0.037	0.107	0.069	0.086	0.136	0.162	0.068

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	423	379	54	46	0	306	39	839	35	318
N.S.	1	0.90	0.13	0.11	0.00	0.72	0.09	1.98	0.08	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.593	0.017	0.039	0.000	0.067	0.111	0.143	0.177	19.848

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	381	339	38	33	0	253	24	0	12	513
N.S.	1	0.89	0.10	0.09	0.00	0.66	0.06	0.00	0.03	1.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.600	0.012	0.029	0.000	0.070	0.067	0.000	0.153	20.857

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	19	18	18	27	18	16	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.83	0.78	0.78	1.17	0.78	0.70	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.174	0.012	0.032	0.106	0.068	0.049	0.179	0.155	0.057

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	399	351	37	36	0	217	24	0	16	351
N.S.	1	0.88	0.09	0.09	0.00	0.54	0.06	0.00	0.04	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.542	0.011	0.028	0.000	0.071	0.067	0.000	0.162	20.804

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	238	206	0	0	451	0	0	1104	543
N.S.	1	1.03	0.89	0.00	0.00	1.95	0.00	0.00	4.78	2.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.440	0.710	0.000	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	2.957	21.103

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	180	166	0	0	367	0	0	804	315
N.S.	1	1.05	0.97	0.00	0.00	2.15	0.00	0.00	4.70	1.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.493	0.000	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	2.132	19.844

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	163	132	0	0	303	0	0	764	193
N.S.	1	1.07	0.86	0.00	0.00	1.98	0.00	0.00	4.99	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.362	0.000	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	1.962	19.626

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	119	101	0	0	237	0	96	494	87
N.S.	1	1.10	0.94	0.00	0.00	2.19	0.00	0.89	4.57	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.368	0.000	0.000	0.082	0.000	0.119	1.476	19.394

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	87	87	0	0	197	0	74	475	72
N.S.	1	1.05	1.05	0.00	0.00	2.37	0.00	0.89	5.72	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	0.560	0.000	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.130	1.207	19.277

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	109	105	0	0	566	0	0	0	88
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	5.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.347	0.000	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	5.141	19.799

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	115	107	0	0	601	0	0	939	91
N.S.	1	1.03	0.96	0.00	0.00	5.37	0.00	0.00	8.38	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.344	0.000	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	7.636	20.296

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	92	91	0	0	215	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.03	0.00	0.00	2.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.383	0.000	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	2.104	0.000

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	127	108	0	0	259	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.93	0.00	0.00	2.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.620	0.000	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	5.146	0.000

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	171	141	0	0	325	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.88	0.00	0.00	2.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.829	0.000	0.000	0.118	0.000	0.000	17.711	0.000

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	216	176	0	0	389	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.88	0.00	0.00	1.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	1.084	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000	0.000	89.306	0.000

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	358	0	0	0	0	0	151	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	10.614	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	337	0	0	0	0	0	89	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	10.447	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.168	0.000

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	135	335	0	0	0	0	0	86	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	10.421	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.175	0.000

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	340	0	0	0	0	0	95	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	10.408	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	340	0	0	0	0	0	99	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	10.383	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	293	285	289	0	0	641	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.99	0.00	0.00	2.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.487	1.516	0.000	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	9.118	0.000

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	223	227	220	0	0	535	0	0	1168	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.99	0.00	0.00	2.40	0.00	0.00	5.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	1.109	0.000	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	4.957	0.000

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	210	194	0	0	451	0	0	1104	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.95	0.00	0.00	2.21	0.00	0.00	5.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.878	0.000	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	3.537	0.000

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	166	140	0	0	361	0	170	742	223
N.S.	1	1.11	0.93	0.00	0.00	2.41	0.00	1.13	4.95	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.562	0.000	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.154	2.477	20.740

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	134	114	0	0	297	0	133	702	115
N.S.	1	1.08	0.92	0.00	0.00	2.40	0.00	1.07	5.66	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	1.197	0.000	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.161	2.063	21.227

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	169	143	0	0	727	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.92	0.00	0.00	4.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.938	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000	0.000	15.623	0.000

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	157	131	0	0	713	0	0	1212	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.87	0.00	0.00	4.75	0.00	0.00	8.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.732	0.000	0.000	0.137	0.000	0.000	13.758	0.000

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	159	131	0	0	713	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.87	0.00	0.00	4.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.780	0.000	0.000	0.137	0.000	0.000	51.547	0.000

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	177	148	0	0	771	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.91	0.00	0.00	4.73	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	1.038	0.000	0.000	0.149	0.000	0.000	200.031	0.000

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	143	118	0	0	319	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.89	0.00	0.00	2.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.993	0.000	0.000	0.113	0.000	0.000	18.346	0.000

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	178	160	0	0	383	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.99	0.00	0.00	2.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	1.449	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000	0.000	87.697	0.000

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	222	201	0	0	473	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.93	0.00	0.00	2.19	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	2.045	0.000	0.000	0.259	0.000	0.000	200.028	0.000

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	267	244	0	0	557	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.96	0.00	0.00	2.18	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.467	2.320	0.000	0.000	0.324	0.000	0.000	200.034	0.000

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	141	453	0	0	0	0	0	323	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	10.978	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	141	410	0	0	0	0	0	238	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	10.843	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	136	408	0	0	0	0	0	232	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	10.772	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	139	379	0	0	0	0	0	177	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	10.594	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	141	379	0	0	0	0	0	183	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	10.678	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	191	138	0	0	303	0	0	764	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.81	0.00	0.00	1.77	0.00	0.00	4.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.460	0.000	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	1.716	0.000

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	133	101	0	0	241	0	0	494	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.83	0.00	0.00	1.99	0.00	0.00	4.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.350	0.000	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	1.262	0.000

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	114	91	0	0	203	0	0	476	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.88	0.00	0.00	1.95	0.00	0.00	4.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.284	0.000	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	1.227	0.000

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	69	68	0	0	161	0	59	245	55
N.S.	1	1.01	1.00	0.00	0.00	2.37	0.00	0.87	3.60	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.213	0.204	0.000	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.139	0.840	19.461

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	41	0	0	118	0	74	111	34
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	2.74	0.00	1.72	2.58	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.187	0.129	0.000	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.127	0.546	19.306

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	44	0	0	124	0	0	105	36
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	2.82	0.00	0.00	2.39	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.121	0.000	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.363	19.249

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	74	72	0	0	179	0	0	227	56
N.S.	1	1.03	1.00	0.00	0.00	2.49	0.00	0.00	3.15	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.220	0.226	0.000	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.660	19.351

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	118	91	0	0	221	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.84	0.00	0.00	2.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.362	0.000	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	1.414	0.000

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	163	110	0	0	263	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.76	0.00	0.00	1.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.573	0.000	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.000	3.445	0.000

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	192	218	141	0	0	327	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.73	0.00	0.00	1.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.445	0.782	0.000	0.000	0.127	0.000	0.000	11.300	0.000

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	168	0	0	0	0	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	10.136	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	168	0	0	0	0	0	31	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	10.106	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	135	163	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	10.107	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	343	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	10.415	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	342	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	10.391	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.168	0.000

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	206	170	0	0	591	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.87	0.00	0.00	3.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	1.048	0.000	0.000	0.152	0.000	0.000	2.704	0.000

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	150	131	0	0	459	0	0	1171	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.96	0.00	0.00	3.35	0.00	0.00	8.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.718	0.000	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	1.603	0.000

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	130	95	0	0	387	0	0	1125	84
N.S.	1	1.08	0.79	0.00	0.00	3.22	0.00	0.00	9.38	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.600	0.000	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.929	19.979

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	39	38	0	68	0	45	74	38
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.97	0.00	1.74	0.00	1.15	1.90	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	0.366	2.693	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.229	0.175	19.714

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	38	37	0	67	0	45	72	37
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.97	0.00	1.76	0.00	1.18	1.89	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.176	0.395	1.566	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.214	0.188	19.752

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	92	91	0	0	389	0	0	1086	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	4.23	0.00	0.00	11.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.758	0.000	0.000	0.116	0.000	0.000	0.761	0.000

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	155	125	0	0	485	0	0	1153	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.88	0.00	0.00	3.42	0.00	0.00	8.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.880	0.000	0.000	0.131	0.000	0.000	1.358	0.000

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	209	166	0	0	615	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.84	0.00	0.00	3.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	1.060	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000	0.000	3.453	0.000

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	256	265	210	0	0	705	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.82	0.00	0.00	2.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.529	1.384	0.000	0.000	0.246	0.000	0.000	19.161	0.000

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	143	340	0	0	0	0	0	60	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	10.404	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.233	0.000

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	143	362	0	0	0	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	10.694	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.232	0.000

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	359	0	0	0	0	0	57	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	10.573	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.255	0.000

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	141	407	0	0	0	0	0	432	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	10.905	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.261	0.000

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	143	405	0	0	0	0	0	433	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.303	10.743	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.275	0.000

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	101	70	301	110	241	1459	449	301	260
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	2.98	1.09	2.39	14.45	4.45	2.98	2.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.661	0.125	0.048	0.080	0.971	0.125	0.231	20.660

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	35	51	50	71	299	119	78	89
N.S.	1	1.00	0.67	0.98	0.96	1.37	5.75	2.29	1.50	1.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	0.068	0.051	0.048	0.079	0.370	0.120	0.214	20.638

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	173	84	0	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.358	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	315	322	78	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.620	0.613	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	158	357	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	2.348	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.254	0.000

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	157	181	0	0	0	0	0	259	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	1.914	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	157	181	0	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	2.356	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	160	221	0	0	0	0	0	64	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	10.103	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.297	0.000

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	155	179	0	0	0	0	0	473	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.390	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	222	162	0	0	0	0	0	1573	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.515	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	162	162	0	0	0	0	0	448	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.384	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	130	138	0	0	0	0	0	283	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	0.162	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	166	0	0	0	0	0	1029	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.419	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	166	0	0	0	0	0	1023	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.435	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	166	0	0	0	0	0	251	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.518	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	133	161	0	0	0	0	0	247	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.234	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	157	157	0	0	0	0	0	95	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.350	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	136	164	0	0	0	0	0	280	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.511	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	166	0	0	0	0	0	288	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.531	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	162	162	0	0	0	0	0	568	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.443	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	166	0	0	0	0	0	280	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.538	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	166	0	0	0	0	0	278	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.525	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	166	164	0	0	0	0	0	270	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.510	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [143] had the largest ratio of [.8750000000000000000]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	4	4	0.62	26	0.154
2	A	5	4	1.06	26	0.154
3	A	4	3	1.00	26	0.115
4	A	4	4	0.60	26	0.154
5	A	4	4	0.60	26	0.154
6	A	5	4	1.00	26	0.154
7	A	4	4	0.62	26	0.154
8	A	4	4	0.62	26	0.154
9	A	4	4	0.62	26	0.154
10	A	4	4	0.62	26	0.154
11	A	4	4	0.62	24	0.167
12	A	2	2	0.68	22	0.091
13	A	4	4	0.61	26	0.154
14	A	4	4	0.59	26	0.154
15	A	4	4	0.61	26	0.154
16	A	4	4	0.62	26	0.154
17	A	4	4	0.62	26	0.154
18	A	6	5	0.66	26	0.192
19	A	5	4	1.06	26	0.154
20	A	4	3	1.00	26	0.115
21	A	6	5	0.46	26	0.192

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	6	5	0.45	26	0.192
23	A	6	5	0.44	26	0.192
24	A	6	5	0.46	26	0.192
25	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
26	A	6	5	0.89	26	0.192
27	A	6	5	0.47	26	0.192
28	A	4	4	0.45	26	0.154
29	A	4	4	0.45	26	0.154
30	A	4	4	0.45	24	0.167
31	A	3	3	0.48	22	0.136
32	A	4	4	0.44	26	0.154
33	A	4	4	0.44	26	0.154
34	A	4	4	0.44	26	0.154
35	A	4	4	0.44	26	0.154
36	A	4	4	0.44	26	0.154
37	A	6	5	0.67	26	0.192
38	A	6	5	0.74	26	0.192
39	A	5	4	1.06	26	0.154
40	A	4	3	1.00	26	0.115
41	A	6	5	0.39	26	0.192
42	A	6	5	0.38	26	0.192
43	A	6	5	0.39	26	0.192
44	A	6	5	0.39	26	0.192
45	A	6	5	0.38	26	0.192
46	A	6	5	0.39	26	0.192
47	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
48	A	6	5	0.89	26	0.192
49	A	7	6	0.80	26	0.231
50	A	4	4	0.40	26	0.154
51	A	4	4	0.39	26	0.154
52	A	4	4	0.39	24	0.167
53	A	3	3	0.41	22	0.136

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	4	4	0.39	26	0.154
55	A	4	4	0.39	26	0.154
56	A	4	4	0.38	26	0.154
57	A	4	4	0.39	26	0.154
58	A	4	4	0.38	26	0.154
59	A	6	5	0.48	26	0.192
60	A	6	5	0.54	26	0.192
61	A	5	4	0.99	26	0.154
62	A	4	3	1.00	26	0.115
63	A	7	6	0.69	26	0.231
64	A	6	5	0.52	26	0.192
65	A	6	5	0.48	26	0.192
66	A	6	5	0.45	26	0.192
67	A	4	4	0.58	26	0.154
68	A	12	11	0.68	26	0.423
69	A	12	11	0.65	26	0.423
70	A	11	10	0.72	24	0.417
71	A	11	10	0.71	22	0.455
72	A	12	11	0.68	26	0.423
73	A	12	11	0.65	26	0.423
74	A	13	12	0.64	26	0.462
75	A	6	5	0.54	26	0.192
76	A	6	5	0.59	26	0.192
77	A	6	5	0.69	26	0.192
78	A	4	3	1.73	26	0.115
79	A	3	2	1.00	26	0.077
80	A	6	5	0.57	26	0.192
81	A	6	5	0.52	26	0.192
82	A	6	5	0.51	26	0.192
83	A	13	12	0.70	26	0.462
84	A	13	12	0.71	26	0.462
85	A	13	12	0.69	26	0.462

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	A	13	12	0.72	24	0.500
87	A	13	12	0.76	22	0.545
88	A	14	13	0.68	26	0.500
89	A	14	13	0.68	26	0.500
90	A	6	5	0.72	26	0.192
91	A	4	3	1.06	26	0.115
92	A	3	2	1.00	26	0.077
93	A	6	5	0.52	26	0.192
94	A	6	5	0.49	26	0.192
95	A	15	14	0.70	26	0.538
96	A	15	14	0.68	26	0.538
97	A	15	14	0.69	26	0.538
98	A	15	14	0.67	26	0.538
99	A	15	14	0.71	24	0.583
100	A	15	14	0.77	22	0.636
101	A	16	15	0.67	26	0.577
102	A	16	15	0.68	26	0.577
103	A	4	4	0.51	28	0.143
104	A	4	4	0.55	28	0.143
105	A	4	4	0.69	28	0.143
106	A	3	3	1.00	28	0.107
107	A	3	3	1.00	28	0.107
108	A	3	3	1.00	28	0.107
109	A	2	2	1.00	26	0.077
110	A	5	4	0.95	24	0.167
111	A	5	4	0.98	24	0.167
112	A	5	4	1.08	24	0.167
113	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
114	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
115	A	4	3	1.10	24	0.125
116	A	2	2	1.03	22	0.091
117	A	2	2	1.04	20	0.100

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
119	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
120	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
121	A	4	3	1.05	24	0.125
122	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
123	A	4	3	0.99	18	0.167
124	A	6	5	1.02	18	0.278
125	A	4	3	1.00	18	0.167
126	A	8	7	1.06	18	0.389
127	A	6	5	1.07	18	0.278
128	A	13	12	0.86	18	0.667
129	A	12	11	0.83	18	0.611
130	A	11	10	0.92	18	0.556
131	A	11	10	0.89	18	0.556
132	A	11	10	0.92	16	0.625
133	A	11	10	0.87	14	0.714
134	A	13	12	0.87	18	0.667
135	A	13	12	0.84	18	0.667
136	A	4	3	1.06	16	0.188
137	A	4	3	1.00	16	0.188
138	A	4	3	1.19	16	0.188
139	B	4	3	2.50	16	0.188
140	A	4	3	1.22	16	0.188
141	A	4	3	1.18	16	0.188
142	A	4	3	1.15	16	0.188
143	A	15	14	1.14	16	0.875
144	A	14	13	1.14	16	0.812
145	A	13	12	1.13	16	0.750
146	A	12	11	1.14	16	0.688
147	A	11	10	1.15	16	0.625
148	A	11	10	1.15	16	0.625
149	A	11	10	1.14	14	0.714
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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
150	A	11	10	1.14	12	0.833
151	A	13	12	1.18	16	0.750
152	A	13	12	1.18	16	0.750
153	A	14	13	1.21	16	0.812
154	A	15	14	1.21	16	0.875
155	A	10	9	0.85	16	0.562
156	A	7	6	1.03	16	0.375
157	A	9	8	0.89	16	0.500
158	A	9	8	0.85	16	0.500
159	A	4	3	1.00	16	0.188
160	A	9	8	0.95	14	0.571
161	C	9	8	1.81	12	0.667
162	A	8	7	1.07	16	0.438
163	A	10	9	0.89	16	0.562
164	A	11	10	0.85	16	0.625
165	A	5	4	1.02	16	0.250
166	A	12	11	0.90	16	0.688
167	A	9	8	0.89	10	0.800
168	A	4	3	1.00	14	0.214
169	A	9	8	0.88	14	0.571
170	A	10	9	1.03	20	0.450
171	A	8	7	1.05	20	0.350
172	A	8	7	1.07	20	0.350
173	A	6	5	1.10	20	0.250
174	A	5	4	1.05	20	0.200
175	A	9	8	1.00	20	0.400
176	A	8	7	1.03	20	0.350
177	A	5	4	1.05	20	0.200
178	A	6	5	1.09	20	0.250
179	A	8	7	1.06	20	0.350
180	A	10	9	1.09	20	0.450
181	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
182	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
183	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
184	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
185	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
186	A	11	10	0.97	20	0.500
187	A	9	8	1.02	20	0.400
188	A	9	8	1.03	20	0.400
189	A	7	6	1.11	20	0.300
190	A	6	5	1.08	20	0.250
191	A	11	10	1.09	20	0.500
192	A	11	10	1.05	20	0.500
193	A	10	9	1.05	20	0.450
194	A	10	9	1.09	20	0.450
195	A	6	5	1.08	20	0.250
196	A	7	6	1.10	20	0.300
197	A	9	8	1.03	20	0.400
198	A	11	10	1.05	20	0.500
199	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
200	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
201	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
202	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
203	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
204	A	9	8	1.12	20	0.400
205	A	7	6	1.10	20	0.300
206	A	7	6	1.10	20	0.300
207	A	5	4	1.01	20	0.200
208	A	4	3	1.00	20	0.150
209	A	4	3	1.00	20	0.150
210	A	5	4	1.03	20	0.200
211	A	7	6	1.09	20	0.300
212	A	9	8	1.12	20	0.400
213	A	11	10	1.14	20	0.500

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
214	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
215	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
216	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
217	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
218	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
219	A	9	8	1.06	20	0.400
220	A	7	6	1.09	20	0.300
221	A	6	5	1.08	20	0.250
222	A	3	2	1.00	20	0.100
223	A	3	2	1.00	20	0.100
224	A	6	5	1.00	20	0.250
225	A	7	6	1.09	20	0.300
226	A	9	8	1.06	20	0.400
227	A	11	10	1.04	20	0.500
228	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
229	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
230	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
231	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
232	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
233	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
234	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
235	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
236	A	5	5	1.02	20	0.250
237	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
238	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
239	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
240	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
241	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
242	A	6	5	0.99	18	0.278
243	A	4	3	1.01	18	0.167
244	A	3	2	1.00	18	0.111
245	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
246	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
247	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
248	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
249	A	4	3	1.00	18	0.167
250	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
251	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
252	A	4	3	0.99	18	0.167
253	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
254	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
255	A	4	3	0.99	18	0.167

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int x^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$	118
3.2	$\int x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$	124
3.3	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$	130
3.4	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x} dx$	135
3.5	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^4} dx$	141
3.6	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^7} dx$	147
3.7	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{10}} dx$	153
3.8	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{13}} dx$	159
3.9	$\int x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$	165
3.10	$\int x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$	170
3.11	$\int x \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$	175
3.12	$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$	180
3.13	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^2} dx$	185
3.14	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^3} dx$	190
3.15	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^5} dx$	195
3.16	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^6} dx$	200
3.17	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^8} dx$	205
3.18	$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$	210
3.19	$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$	216
3.20	$\int x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$	222
3.21	$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	227
3.22	$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$	233
3.23	$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$	240
3.24	$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$	246

3.25	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx$	253
3.26	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx$	259
3.27	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx$	266
3.28	$\int x^4(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$	273
3.29	$\int x^3(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$	279
3.30	$\int x(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$	284
3.31	$\int (a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$	289
3.32	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	294
3.33	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	300
3.34	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$	306
3.35	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$	312
3.36	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$	318
3.37	$\int x^{11}(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$	324
3.38	$\int x^8(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$	331
3.39	$\int x^5(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$	337
3.40	$\int x^2(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$	343
3.41	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x} dx$	349
3.42	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$	356
3.43	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$	363
3.44	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$	370
3.45	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx$	377
3.46	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{16}} dx$	384
3.47	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{19}} dx$	392
3.48	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{22}} dx$	398
3.49	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{25}} dx$	405
3.50	$\int x^4(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$	413
3.51	$\int x^3(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$	419
3.52	$\int x(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$	425
3.53	$\int (a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$	431
3.54	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$	437
3.55	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$	443
3.56	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$	449

3.57	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$	455
3.58	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$	461
3.59	$\int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	467
3.60	$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	473
3.61	$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	479
3.62	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	485
3.63	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	490
3.64	$\int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	496
3.65	$\int \frac{1}{x^7\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	502
3.66	$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	508
3.67	$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	515
3.68	$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	522
3.69	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	533
3.70	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	544
3.71	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	553
3.72	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	562
3.73	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	573
3.74	$\int \frac{1}{x^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	584
3.75	$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	599
3.76	$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	605
3.77	$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	611
3.78	$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	617
3.79	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	622
3.80	$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	627
3.81	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	633
3.82	$\int \frac{1}{x^7(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	639
3.83	$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	646
3.84	$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	659
3.85	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	670
3.86	$\int \frac{x}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	682
3.87	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	695
3.88	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	711
3.89	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	731

3.90	$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$	751
3.91	$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$	757
3.92	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$	763
3.93	$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$	768
3.94	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$	775
3.95	$\int \frac{x^7}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$	782
3.96	$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$	808
3.97	$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$	825
3.98	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$	844
3.99	$\int \frac{x}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$	865
3.100	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$	891
3.101	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$	918
3.102	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$	944
3.103	$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$	971
3.104	$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$	979
3.105	$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$	986
3.106	$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$	992
3.107	$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$	997
3.108	$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$	1002
3.109	$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$	1007
3.110	$\int x^{11}(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$	1012
3.111	$\int x^8(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$	1019
3.112	$\int x^5(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$	1026
3.113	$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$	1032
3.114	$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$	1037
3.115	$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$	1042
3.116	$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$	1047
3.117	$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$	1052
3.118	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^p}{x} dx$	1057
3.119	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^p}{x^2} dx$	1062
3.120	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^p}{x^3} dx$	1067
3.121	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^p}{x^4} dx$	1072
3.122	$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^p}{x^5} dx$	1077
3.123	$\int \frac{x^8}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1082

3.124	$\int \frac{x^5}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1088
3.125	$\int \frac{x^2}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1095
3.126	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx$	1101
3.127	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx$	1109
3.128	$\int \frac{x^7}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1117
3.129	$\int \frac{x^6}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1129
3.130	$\int \frac{x^4}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1143
3.131	$\int \frac{x^3}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1157
3.132	$\int \frac{x}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1174
3.133	$\int \frac{1}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1189
3.134	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx$	1205
3.135	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx$	1218
3.136	$\int \frac{x^{11}}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$	1232
3.137	$\int \frac{x^8}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$	1237
3.138	$\int \frac{x^5}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$	1242
3.139	$\int \frac{x^2}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$	1247
3.140	$\int \frac{1}{x(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$	1252
3.141	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$	1257
3.142	$\int \frac{1}{x^7(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$	1262
3.143	$\int \frac{x^{10}}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$	1267
3.144	$\int \frac{x^9}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$	1278
3.145	$\int \frac{x^7}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$	1288
3.146	$\int \frac{x^6}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$	1298
3.147	$\int \frac{x^4}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$	1307
3.148	$\int \frac{x^3}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$	1317
3.149	$\int \frac{x}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$	1326
3.150	$\int \frac{1}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$	1335
3.151	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$	1345
3.152	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$	1355
3.153	$\int \frac{1}{x^5(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$	1365
3.154	$\int \frac{1}{x^6(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$	1376
3.155	$\int \frac{x^6}{1-x^3+x^6} dx$	1387
3.156	$\int \frac{x^5}{1-x^3+x^6} dx$	1401
3.157	$\int \frac{x^4}{1-x^3+x^6} dx$	1407
3.158	$\int \frac{x^3}{1-x^3+x^6} dx$	1422
3.159	$\int \frac{x^2}{1-x^3+x^6} dx$	1436

3.160	$\int \frac{x}{1-x^3+x^6} dx$	1441
3.161	$\int \frac{1}{1-x^3+x^6} dx$	1455
3.162	$\int \frac{1}{x(1-x^3+x^6)} dx$	1469
3.163	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-x^3+x^6)} dx$	1475
3.164	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-x^3+x^6)} dx$	1490
3.165	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(1-x^3+x^6)} dx$	1505
3.166	$\int \frac{1}{x^5(1-x^3+x^6)} dx$	1511
3.167	$\int \frac{1}{2+x^3+x^6} dx$	1526
3.168	$\int \frac{x^2}{2+x^3+x^6} dx$	1539
3.169	$\int \frac{x^3}{2+x^3+x^6} dx$	1544
3.170	$\int x^{14} \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1557
3.171	$\int x^{11} \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1567
3.172	$\int x^8 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1575
3.173	$\int x^5 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1583
3.174	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1590
3.175	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x} dx$	1597
3.176	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^4} dx$	1605
3.177	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^7} dx$	1613
3.178	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^{10}} dx$	1619
3.179	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^{13}} dx$	1626
3.180	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^{16}} dx$	1634
3.181	$\int x^3 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1643
3.182	$\int x \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1648
3.183	$\int \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	1653
3.184	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^2} dx$	1658
3.185	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^3} dx$	1663
3.186	$\int x^{14} (a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2} dx$	1668
3.187	$\int x^{11} (a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2} dx$	1677
3.188	$\int x^8 (a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2} dx$	1686
3.189	$\int x^5 (a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2} dx$	1694
3.190	$\int x^2 (a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2} dx$	1702
3.191	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	1709
3.192	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$	1718
3.193	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$	1726
3.194	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$	1734
3.195	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx$	1742

3.196	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx$	1749
3.197	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx$	1757
3.198	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{22}} dx$	1765
3.199	$\int x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2} dx$	1774
3.200	$\int x(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2} dx$	1780
3.201	$\int (a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2} dx$	1786
3.202	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	1792
3.203	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	1797
3.204	$\int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1802
3.205	$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1810
3.206	$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1817
3.207	$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1824
3.208	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1830
3.209	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1836
3.210	$\int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1841
3.211	$\int \frac{1}{x^7\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1847
3.212	$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1854
3.213	$\int \frac{1}{x^{13}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1862
3.214	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1871
3.215	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1876
3.216	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1881
3.217	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1886
3.218	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	1891
3.219	$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1896
3.220	$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1905
3.221	$\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1912
3.222	$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1919
3.223	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1924
3.224	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1929
3.225	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1936
3.226	$\int \frac{1}{x^7(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1943
3.227	$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1951
3.228	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1960

3.229	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1965
3.230	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1970
3.231	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1975
3.232	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	1981
3.233	$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2 dx$	1987
3.234	$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6) dx$	1994
3.235	$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$	2000
3.236	$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^2} dx$	2006
3.237	$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$	2012
3.238	$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$	2018
3.239	$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$	2023
3.240	$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	2028
3.241	$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2033
3.242	$\int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2038
3.243	$\int x^5 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2045
3.244	$\int x^2 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2051
3.245	$\int x^4 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2056
3.246	$\int x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2062
3.247	$\int x (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2068
3.248	$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$	2074
3.249	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x} dx$	2079
3.250	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^2} dx$	2084
3.251	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^3} dx$	2089
3.252	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^4} dx$	2094
3.253	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^5} dx$	2100
3.254	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^6} dx$	2105
3.255	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^7} dx$	2110

3.1 $\int x^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$

Optimal result	118
Mathematica [A] (verified)	118
Rubi [A] (verified)	119
Maple [A] (verified)	120
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	121
Sympy [F(-1)]	121
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	121
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	122
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	122
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	123

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{ax^9 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9(a + bx^3)} + \frac{bx^{12} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{12(a + bx^3)}$$

output

$a*x^9*((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(9*b*x^3+9*a)+b*x^{12}*((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(12*b*x^3+12*a)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{x^9(4a + 3bx^3) \left(\sqrt{a^2}bx^3 + a \left(\sqrt{a^2} - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} \right) \right)}{36 \left(-a^2 - abx^3 + \sqrt{a^2} \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} \right)}$$

input

`Integrate[x^8*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output

$(x^9*(4*a + 3*b*x^3)*(Sqrt[a^2]*b*x^3 + a*(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])))/(36*(-a^2 - a*b*x^3 + Sqrt[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int bx^8 (bx^3 + a) dx}{b(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x^8 (bx^3 + a) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{802} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (bx^{11} + ax^8) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{ax^9}{9} + \frac{bx^{12}}{12} \right)}{a + bx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^8*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*((a*x^9)/9 + (b*x^12)/12))/(a + b*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^9(3bx^3+4a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{36bx^3+36a}$	36
default	$\frac{x^9(3bx^3+4a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{36bx^3+36a}$	36
orering	$\frac{x^9(3bx^3+4a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{36bx^3+36a}$	36
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\text{csign}(bx^3+a)(bx^3+a)^2(3b^2x^6-2ax^3b+a^2)}{36b^3}$	42
risch	$\frac{ax^9\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{9bx^3+9a} + \frac{bx^{12}\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{12bx^3+12a}$	54

input `int(x^8*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/36*x^9*(3*b*x^3+4*a)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x^3+a)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{12} bx^{12} + \frac{1}{9} ax^9$$

input `integrate(x^8*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/12*b*x^{12} + 1/9*a*x^9$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**8*((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 114 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}a^2x^3}{6b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3}{12b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}a^3}{6b^3} - \frac{5(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}a}{36b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^8*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{6}\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}a^2x^3/b^2 + \frac{1}{12}(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}x^3/b^2 + \frac{1}{6}\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}a^3/b^3 - \frac{5}{3}6(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}a/b^3$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{12} bx^{12} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{9} ax^9 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^8*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{12}bx^{12}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{9}ax^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 22.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} (a^3 - 4a^2bx^3 - 5ab^2x^6 + 3bx^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6))}{36b^3}$$

input `int(x^8*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output $\frac{((a^2 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3)^{1/2})(a^3 - 4a^2bx^3 - 5ab^2x^6 + 3bx^3(a^2 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3))}{(36b^3)}$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{x^9(3bx^3 + 4a)}{36}$$

input `int(x^8*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x**9*(4*a + 3*b*x**3))/36`

3.2 $\int x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	125
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	128
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	128
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	128
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	129

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = -\frac{a(a + bx^3) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6b^2} + \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{9b^2}$$

output

```
-1/6*a*(b*x^3+a)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2+1/9*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)
/b^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(3ax^6 + 2bx^9)}}{18(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(3*a*x^6 + 2*b*x^9))/(18*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1693, 1100, 1079, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int x^3 \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1100 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{3b^2} - \frac{a \int \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} dx^3}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1079 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{3b^2} - \frac{a \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^2x^3 + ab) dx^3}{b^2 (a + bx^3)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 17 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{3b^2} - \frac{a(a + bx^3) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2b^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output `(-1/2*(a*(a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/b^2 + (a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/(3*b^2))/3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 17 $\text{Int}[(c_.)((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*((a + b*x)^{(m + 1)})/(b*(m + 1)), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 1079 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \ \text{Int}[(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1100 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(2*c*(p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1693 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.))*((a_) + (c_.)(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\text{csgn}(bx^3+a)(bx^3+a)^2(-2bx^3+a)}{18b^2}$	31
gospers	$\frac{x^6(2bx^3+3a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{18bx^3+18a}$	36
default	$\frac{x^6(2bx^3+3a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{18bx^3+18a}$	36
orering	$\frac{x^6(2bx^3+3a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{18bx^3+18a}$	36
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}bx^9}{9bx^3+9a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}ax^6}{6bx^3+6a}$	54

input `int(x^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/18*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(b*x^3+a)^2*(-2*b*x^3+a)/b^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{9} bx^9 + \frac{1}{6} ax^6$$

input `integrate(x^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*b*x^9 + 1/6*a*x^6`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**5*((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}ax^3}{6b} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}a^2}{6b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a*x^3/b - 1/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^2/b^2 + 1/9*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)/b^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{18} (2bx^9 + 3ax^6) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/18*(2*b*x^9 + 3*a*x^6)*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 21.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} (8b^2(a^2 + b^2x^6) - 12a^2b^2 + 4ab^3x^3)}{72b^4}$$

input `int(x^5*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output $((a^2 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3)^{1/2} * (8b^2(a^2 + b^2x^6) - 12a^2b^2 + 4ab^3x^3)) / (72b^4)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{x^6(2bx^3 + 3a)}{18}$$

input `int(x^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x**6*(3*a + 2*b*x**3))/18`

3.3 $\int x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$

Optimal result	130
Mathematica [B] (verified)	130
Rubi [A] (verified)	131
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	132
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	132
Sympy [F]	133
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	133
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	133
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	134
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	134

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6b}$$

output `1/6*(b*x^3+a)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/b`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 88 vs. 2(36) = 72.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{x^3(2a + bx^3) \left(\sqrt{a^2}bx^3 + a \left(\sqrt{a^2} - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} \right) \right)}{-6a^2 - 6abx^3 + 6\sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output `(x^3*(2*a + b*x^3)*(Sqrt[a^2]*b*x^3 + a*(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])))/(-6*a^2 - 6*a*b*x^3 + 6*Sqrt[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$, Rules used = {1690, 1079, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1690$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1079$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^2x^3 + ab) dx^3}{3b(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 17$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6b}$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(6*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1079 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1690

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(bx^3+a)^2 \operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{6b}$	23
default	$\frac{(bx^3+a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{6b}$	24
risch	$\frac{(bx^3+a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{6b}$	24
gospers	$\frac{x^3(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{6bx^3+6a}$	35
orering	$\frac{x^3(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{6bx^3+6a}$	35

input

```
int(x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6*(b*x^3+a)^2*csgn(b*x^3+a)/b
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{6} bx^6 + \frac{1}{3} ax^3$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*b*x^6 + 1/3*a*x^3
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 52 vs. 2(23) = 46.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} x^3 + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} a}{6b}$$

input `integrate(x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*x^3 + 1/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{6} (bx^6 + 2ax^3) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*(b*x^6 + 2*a*x^3)*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \left(\frac{a}{6b} + \frac{x^3}{6} \right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

input `int(x^2*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(a/(6*b) + x^3/6)*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{x^3(bx^3 + 2a)}{6}$$

input `int(x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x**3*(2*a + b*x**3))/6`

3.4 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	135
Mathematica [B] (verified)	135
Rubi [A] (verified)	136
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	137
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	138
Sympy [F]	138
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	139
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	139
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	140
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	140

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x} dx = \frac{bx^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3(a + bx^3)} + \frac{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \log(x)}{a + bx^3}$$

output `b*x^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x^3+3*a)+a*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x^3+a)`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 454 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.05

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2a\sqrt{a^2}bx^3 - 2\sqrt{a^2}b^2x^6 + 2abx^3\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} - 2a\left(a^2 + abx^3 - \sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx^3}{\sqrt{a^2}-\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2}}\right)}{3(a + bx^3)^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x,x]`

output

```
(-2*a*Sqrt[a^2]*b*x^3 - 2*Sqrt[a^2]*b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]
] - 2*a*(a^2 + a*b*x^3 - Sqrt[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])*ArcTanh[(b*x^3)/(S
qrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])] - 2*((a^2)^(3/2) + a*Sqrt[a^2]*b*x^3 - a^
2*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])*Log[x^3] + (a^2)^(3/2)*Log[Sqrt[a^2] - b*x^3 - Sqrt
[(a + b*x^3)^2]] + a*Sqrt[a^2]*b*x^3*Log[Sqrt[a^2] - b*x^3 - Sqrt[(a + b*x
^3)^2]] - a^2*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*Log[Sqrt[a^2] - b*x^3 - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)
^2]] + (a^2)^(3/2)*Log[Sqrt[a^2] + b*x^3 - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]] + a*Sqrt[a
^2]*b*x^3*Log[Sqrt[a^2] + b*x^3 - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]] - a^2*Sqrt[(a + b*x
^3)^2]*Log[Sqrt[a^2] + b*x^3 - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]]/(6*(a^2 + a*b*x^3 - S
qrt[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b(bx^3+a)}{x} dx}{b(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{bx^3+a}{x} dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{802} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (bx^2 + \frac{a}{x}) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(a \log(x) + \frac{bx^3}{3} \right)}{a + bx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*((b*x^3)/3 + a*Log[x]))/(a + b*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)(bx^3+a+a\ln(bx^3))}{3}$	26
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}(bx^3+3a\ln(x))}{3bx^3+3a}$	34
risch	$\frac{bx^3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{3bx^3+3a} + \frac{a\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\ln(x)}{bx^3+a}$	52

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(b*x^3+a*a*ln(b*x^3))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3}bx^3 + a \log(x)$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*b*x^3 + a*log(x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2)/x, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3} (-1)^{2b^2x^3+2ab} a \log(2b^2x^3 + 2ab) - \frac{1}{3} (-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} a \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right) + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*(-1)^(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b)*a*log(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b) - 1/3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*a*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x))) + 1/3*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3} bx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3} - \frac{\ln\left(ab + \frac{a^2}{x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^3}\right)\sqrt{a^2}}{3} + \frac{ab \ln\left(ab + \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2\sqrt{b^2 + b^2x^3}}\right)}{3\sqrt{b^2}}$$

input `int(((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)/x,x)`output `(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2)/3 - (log(a*b + a^2/x^3 + ((a^2)^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/x^3)*(a^2)^(1/2))/3 + (a*b*log(a*b + ((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)*(b^2)^(1/2) + b^2*x^3))/(3*(b^2)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x} dx = \log(x) a + \frac{bx^3}{3}$$

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x,x)`output `(3*log(x)*a + b*x**3)/3`

3.5 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	141
Mathematica [B] (verified)	141
Rubi [A] (verified)	142
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	143
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	144
Sympy [F(-1)]	144
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	144
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	145
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	145
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	146

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^3(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \log(x)}{a + bx^3}$$

```
output -1/3*a*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x^3+a)+b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x^3+a)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 178 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^4} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a^2} - a\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} - 2abx^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx^3}{\sqrt{a^2} - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}\right) - 2\sqrt{a^2}bx^3 \log(x^3) + \sqrt{a^2}bx^3 \log\left(a\left(\sqrt{a^2} - bx^3\right)\right)}{6ax^3}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(a*Sqrt[a^2] - a*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2] - 2*a*b*x^3*ArcTanh[(b*x^3)/(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])] - 2*Sqrt[a^2]*b*x^3*Log[x^3] + Sqrt[a^2]*b*x^3*Log[a*(Sqrt[a^2] - b*x^3 - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])] + Sqrt[a^2]*b*x^3*Log[a*(Sqrt[a^2] + b*x^3 - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])])/(6*a*x^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b(bx^3+a)}{x^4} dx}{b(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{bx^3+a}{x^4} dx}{a + bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a}{x^4} + \frac{b}{x}\right) dx}{a + bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(b \log(x) - \frac{a}{3x^3}\right)}{a + bx^3}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-1/3*a/x^3 + b*Log[x]))/(a + b*x^3)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)(-\ln(bx^3)bx^3+a)}{3x^3}$	28
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}(3b\ln(x)x^3-a)}{3x^3(bx^3+a)}$	38
risch	$-\frac{a\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{3x^3(bx^3+a)} + \frac{b\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\ln(x)}{bx^3+a}$	52

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(-ln(b*x^3)*b*x^3+a)/x^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^4} dx = \frac{3bx^3 \log(x) - a}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(3*b*x^3*log(x) - a)/x^3`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^4} dx &= \frac{1}{3} (-1)^{2b^2x^3+2ab} b \log(2b^2x^3 + 2ab) \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{3} (-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} b \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right) \\ &\quad - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}}{3x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{1}{3}(-1)^{(2b^2x^3 + 2ab)} b \log(2b^2x^3 + 2ab) - \frac{1}{3}(-1)^{(2abx^3 + 2a^2)} b \log(2abx/\text{abs}(x) + 2a^2/(x^2\text{abs}(x))) - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}/x^3$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^4} dx = b \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{bx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{3x^3}$$

input

```
integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$b \log(\text{abs}(x)) * \operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) - \frac{1}{3} * (b*x^3 * \operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + a * \operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a)) / x^3$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\ln\left(ab + \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2 \sqrt{b^2 + b^2x^3}}\right) \sqrt{b^2}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^3} - \frac{ab \ln\left(ab + \frac{a^2}{x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}}{x^3}\right)}{3\sqrt{a^2}}$$

input

```
int(((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x)
```

output

$$\frac{\log(ab + ((a + b*x^3)^2)^{(1/2)} * (b^2)^{(1/2)} + b^2*x^3 * (b^2)^{(1/2)})}{3} - \left(\frac{a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3}{3*x^3}\right)^{(1/2)} / (3*x^3) - \frac{(a*b * \log(ab + a^2/x^3 + ((a^2)^{(1/2)} * (a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^{(1/2)})) / x^3)}{(3 * (a^2)^{(1/2)})}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^4} dx = \frac{3 \log(x) b x^3 - a}{3x^3}$$

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x)`

output `(3*log(x)*b*x**3 - a)/(3*x**3)`

3.6 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	147
Mathematica [A] (verified)	147
Rubi [A] (verified)	148
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	149
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	150
Sympy [F(-1)]	150
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	151
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	151
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	151
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	152

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^3) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6ax^6}$$

output `-1/6*(b*x^3+a)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/a/x^6`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(a + 2bx^3)}}{6x^6(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(a + 2*b*x^3))/(x^6*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1693, 1102, 27, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1693} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}}{x^9} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1102} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b(bx^3+a)}{x^9} dx^3}{3b(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{bx^3+a}{x^9} dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{48} \\
 & -\frac{(a + bx^3) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6ax^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*((a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(a*x^6)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1102 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)(2bx^3+a)}{6x^6}$	22
gospers	$-\frac{(2bx^3+a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{6x^6(bx^3+a)}$	34
default	$-\frac{(2bx^3+a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{6x^6(bx^3+a)}$	34
orering	$-\frac{(2bx^3+a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{6x^6(bx^3+a)}$	34
risch	$\frac{\left(-\frac{bx^3}{3}-\frac{a}{6}\right)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{x^6(bx^3+a)}$	35

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(2*b*x^3+a)/x^6`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{2bx^3 + a}{6x^6}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(2*b*x^3 + a)/x^6`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^7} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**7,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 86 vs. $2(26) = 52$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2b^2}}{6a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2b}}{6ax^3} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6a^2x^6}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^2/a^2 + 1/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b/(a*x^3) - 1/6*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)/(a^2*x^6)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{2bx^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{6x^6}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*(2*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 23.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{(2bx^3 + a)\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}}{6x^6(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `int(((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x)`

output $-\left((a + 2bx^3) \cdot (a + bx^3)^{1/2}\right) / (6x^6(a + bx^3))$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-2bx^3 - a}{6x^6}$$

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x)`

output `(- a - 2*b*x**3)/(6*x**6)`

3.7 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	153
Mathematica [A] (verified)	153
Rubi [A] (verified)	154
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	155
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	156
Sympy [F(-1)]	156
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	156
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	157
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	157
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	158

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9x^9(a + bx^3)} - \frac{b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6x^6(a + bx^3)}$$

output `-1/9*a*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^9/(b*x^3+a)-1/6*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6/(b*x^3+a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(2a + 3bx^3)}}{18x^9(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^10,x]`

output `-1/18*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(2*a + 3*b*x^3))/(x^9*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{10}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b(bx^3+a)}{x^{10}} dx}{b(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{bx^3+a}{x^{10}} dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{802} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a}{x^{10}} + \frac{b}{x^7}\right) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\left(-\frac{a}{9x^9} - \frac{b}{6x^6}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^10,x]`

output `((-1/9*a/x^9 - b/(6*x^6))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(a + b*x^3)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)(3bx^3+2a)}{18x^9}$	24
risch	$\frac{\left(-\frac{bx^3}{6}-\frac{a}{9}\right)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{x^9(bx^3+a)}$	35
gospers	$-\frac{(3bx^3+2a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{18x^9(bx^3+a)}$	36
default	$-\frac{(3bx^3+2a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{18x^9(bx^3+a)}$	36
orering	$-\frac{(3bx^3+2a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{18x^9(bx^3+a)}$	36

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-1/18*\text{csgn}(b*x^3+a)*(3*b*x^3+2*a)/x^9$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{3bx^3 + 2a}{18x^9}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/18*(3*b*x^3 + 2*a)/x^9$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{10}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**10,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 117 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2b^3}}{6a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2b^2}}{6a^2x^3} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}b}{6a^3x^6} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9a^2x^9}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^3/a^3 - 1/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^2/(a^2*x^3) + 1/6*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b/(a^3*x^6) - 1/9*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)/(a^2*x^9)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{3bx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 2a \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{18x^9}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/18*(3*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 2*a*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^9`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 23.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{(3bx^3 + 2a) \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}}{18x^9 (bx^3 + a)}$$

input `int(((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)/x^10,x)`

output `-((2*a + 3*b*x^3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2))/(18*x^9*(a + b*x^3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-3bx^3 - 2a}{18x^9}$$

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^10,x)`

output `(- 2*a - 3*b*x**3)/(18*x**9)`

3.8 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{x^{13}} dx$

Optimal result	159
Mathematica [A] (verified)	159
Rubi [A] (verified)	160
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	161
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	162
Sympy [F(-1)]	162
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	162
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	163
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	163
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	164

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{12x^{12}(a + bx^3)} - \frac{b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9x^9(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
-1/12*a*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^12/(b*x^3+a)-1/9*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^9/(b*x^3+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(3a + 4bx^3)}}{36x^{12}(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^13,x]
```

output

```
-1/36*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(3*a + 4*b*x^3))/(x^12*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{13}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b(bx^3+a)}{x^{13}} dx}{b(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{bx^3+a}{x^{13}} dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{802} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a}{x^{13}} + \frac{b}{x^{10}}\right) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\left(-\frac{a}{12x^{12}} - \frac{b}{9x^9}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^13,x]`

output `((-1/12*a/x^12 - b/(9*x^9))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(a + b*x^3)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)(4bx^3+3a)}{36x^{12}}$	24
risch	$\frac{\left(-\frac{bx^3}{9}-\frac{a}{12}\right)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{x^{12}(bx^3+a)}$	35
gospers	$-\frac{(4bx^3+3a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{36x^{12}(bx^3+a)}$	36
default	$-\frac{(4bx^3+3a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{36x^{12}(bx^3+a)}$	36
orering	$-\frac{(4bx^3+3a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{36x^{12}(bx^3+a)}$	36

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^13,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/36*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(4*b*x^3+3*a)/x^12`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{4bx^3 + 3a}{36x^{12}}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/36*(4*b*x^3 + 3*a)/x^12`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{13}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**13,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{13}} dx &= \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}b^4}{6a^4} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}b^3}{6a^3x^3} \\ &\quad - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2}{6a^4x^6} \\ &\quad + \frac{5(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}b}{36a^3x^9} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{12a^2x^{12}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^4/a^4 + 1/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^3/(a^3*x^3) - 1/6*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^2/(a^4*x^6) + 5/36*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b/(a^3*x^9) - 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)/(a^2*x^12)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{4bx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 3a \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{36x^{12}}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/36*(4*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 3*a*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^12`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{(4bx^3 + 3a) \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}}{36x^{12} (bx^3 + a)}$$

input `int(((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)/x^13,x)`

output `-((3*a + 4*b*x^3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2))/(36*x^12*(a + b*x^3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{-4bx^3 - 3a}{36x^{12}}$$

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^13,x)`

output `(- 3*a - 4*b*x**3)/(36*x**12)`

3.9 $\int x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$

Optimal result	165
Mathematica [A] (verified)	165
Rubi [A] (verified)	166
Maple [A] (verified)	167
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	168
Sympy [F(-1)]	168
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	168
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	169
Mupad [F(-1)]	169
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	169

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{ax^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{5(a + bx^3)} + \frac{bx^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{8(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
a*x^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x^3+5*a)+b*x^8*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(8*b*x^3+8*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(8ax^5 + 5bx^8)}}{40(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(8*a*x^5 + 5*b*x^8))/(40*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int bx^4 (bx^3 + a) dx}{b(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x^4 (bx^3 + a) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 802 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (bx^7 + ax^4) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{bx^8}{8} \right)}{a + bx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*((a*x^5)/5 + (b*x^8)/8))/(a + b*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^5(5bx^3+8a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{40bx^3+40a}$	36
default	$\frac{x^5(5bx^3+8a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{40bx^3+40a}$	36
orering	$\frac{x^5(5bx^3+8a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{40bx^3+40a}$	36
risch	$\frac{ax^5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{5bx^3+5a} + \frac{bx^8\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{8bx^3+8a}$	54

input `int(x^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/40*x^5*(5*b*x^3+8*a)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{8} bx^8 + \frac{1}{5} ax^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*b*x^8 + 1/5*a*x^5`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{8} bx^8 + \frac{1}{5} ax^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*b*x^8 + 1/5*a*x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{8} bx^8 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{5} ax^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*b*x^8*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 1/5*a*x^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \int x^4 \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^4*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^4*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{x^5(5bx^3 + 8a)}{40}$$

input `int(x^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x**5*(8*a + 5*b*x**3))/40`

3.10 $\int x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$

Optimal result	170
Mathematica [A] (verified)	170
Rubi [A] (verified)	171
Maple [A] (verified)	172
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	173
Sympy [F(-1)]	173
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	173
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	174
Mupad [F(-1)]	174
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	174

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{ax^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4(a + bx^3)} + \frac{bx^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{7(a + bx^3)}$$

output

$a*x^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x^3+4*a)+b*x^7*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x^3+7*a)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(7ax^4 + 4bx^7)}}{28(a + bx^3)}$$

input

`Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output

$(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(7*a*x^4 + 4*b*x^7))/(28*(a + b*x^3))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int bx^3 (bx^3 + a) dx}{b(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x^3 (bx^3 + a) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{802} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (bx^6 + ax^3) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bx^7}{7} \right)}{a + bx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*((a*x^4)/4 + (b*x^7)/7))/(a + b*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^4(4bx^3+7a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{28bx^3+28a}$	36
default	$\frac{x^4(4bx^3+7a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{28bx^3+28a}$	36
orering	$\frac{x^4(4bx^3+7a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{28bx^3+28a}$	36
risch	$\frac{ax^4\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{4bx^3+4a} + \frac{bx^7\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{7bx^3+7a}$	54

input `int(x^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/28*x^4*(4*b*x^3+7*a)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{7} bx^7 + \frac{1}{4} ax^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/7*b*x^7 + 1/4*a*x^4`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{7} bx^7 + \frac{1}{4} ax^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/7*b*x^7 + 1/4*a*x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{7} bx^7 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{4} ax^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7*b*x^7*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 1/4*a*x^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{x^4(4bx^3 + 7a)}{28}$$

input `int(x^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x**4*(7*a + 4*b*x**3))/28`

3.11 $\int x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$

Optimal result	175
Mathematica [A] (verified)	175
Rubi [A] (verified)	176
Maple [A] (verified)	177
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	178
Sympy [F]	178
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	178
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	179
Mupad [F(-1)]	179
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	179

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{ax^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2(a + bx^3)} + \frac{bx^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{5(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
a*x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^3+2*a)+b*x^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x^3+5*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(5ax^2 + 2bx^5)}}{10(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(5*a*x^2 + 2*b*x^5))/(10*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int bx(bx^3 + a) dx}{b(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x(bx^3 + a) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 802 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (bx^4 + ax) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx^5}{5}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output `((a*x^2)/2 + (b*x^5)/5)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/(a + b*x^3)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^2(2bx^3+5a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{10bx^3+10a}$	36
default	$\frac{x^2(2bx^3+5a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{10bx^3+10a}$	36
orering	$\frac{x^2(2bx^3+5a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{10bx^3+10a}$	36
risch	$\frac{ax^2\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2bx^3+2a} + \frac{bx^5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{5bx^3+5a}$	54

input `int(x*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/10*x^2*(2*b*x^3+5*a)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{5}bx^5 + \frac{1}{2}ax^2$$

input `integrate(x*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/5*b*x^5 + 1/2*a*x^2`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \int x\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x*sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{5}bx^5 + \frac{1}{2}ax^2$$

input `integrate(x*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*b*x^5 + 1/2*a*x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{5}bx^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{2}ax^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/5*b*x^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 1/2*a*x^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \int x\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int(x*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{x^2(2bx^3 + 5a)}{10}$$

input `int(x*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x**2*(5*a + 2*b*x**3))/10`

3.12 $\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$

Optimal result	180
Mathematica [A] (verified)	180
Rubi [A] (verified)	181
Maple [A] (verified)	182
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	182
Sympy [F]	183
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	183
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	183
Mupad [F(-1)]	184
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	184

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{ax\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} + \frac{bx^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
a*x*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+b*x^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x^3+4*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(4ax + bx^4)}}{4(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(4*a*x + b*x^4))/(4*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1384, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^2x^3 + ab) dx}{b(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\left(ax + \frac{b^2x^4}{4}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{b(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output `((a*b*x + (b^2*x^4)/4)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(b*(a + b*x^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x(bx^3+4a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{4bx^3+4a}$	33
default	$\frac{x(bx^3+4a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{4bx^3+4a}$	33
orering	$\frac{x(bx^3+4a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{4bx^3+4a}$	33
risch	$\frac{ax\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{bx^3+a} + \frac{bx^4\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{4bx^3+4a}$	51

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*x*(b*x^3+4*a)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{4}bx^4 + ax$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*b*x^4 + a*x`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \int \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{4} bx^4 + ax$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*b*x^4 + a*x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{1}{4} (bx^4 + 4ax) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(b*x^4 + 4*a*x)*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \int \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{x(bx^3 + 4a)}{4}$$

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(x*(4*a + b*x**3))/4`

3.13 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	185
Mathematica [A] (verified)	185
Rubi [A] (verified)	186
Maple [A] (verified)	187
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	188
Sympy [F]	188
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	188
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	189
Mupad [F(-1)]	189
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	189

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x(a + bx^3)} + \frac{bx^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2(a + bx^3)}$$

output `-a*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x^3+a)+b*x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^3+2*a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^2} dx = \frac{(-2a + bx^3)\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}{2x(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^2,x]`

output `((-2*a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])/(2*x*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b(bx^3+a)}{x^2} dx}{b(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{bx^3+a}{x^2} dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{802} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a}{x^2} + bx\right) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{2} - \frac{a}{x}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^2,x]
```

output

```
((-(a/x) + (b*x^2)/2)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(a + b*x^3)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-bx^3+2a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2x(bx^3+a)}$	36
default	$-\frac{(-bx^3+2a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2x(bx^3+a)}$	36
orering	$-\frac{(-bx^3+2a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2x(bx^3+a)}$	36
risch	$-\frac{a\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{x(bx^3+a)} + \frac{bx^2\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2bx^3+2a}$	54

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(-b*x^3+2*a)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x^3+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^2} dx = \frac{bx^3 - 2a}{2x}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b*x^3 - 2*a)/x`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^2} dx = \frac{bx^3 - 2a}{2x}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(b*x^3 - 2*a)/x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} bx^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{a \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{x}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*b*x^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a) - a*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/x`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x)`output `int(((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)/x^2, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^2} dx = \frac{bx^3 - 2a}{2x}$$

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x)`output `(- 2*a + b*x**3)/(2*x)`

3.14 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	190
Mathematica [A] (verified)	190
Rubi [A] (verified)	191
Maple [A] (verified)	192
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	193
Sympy [F(-1)]	193
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	193
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	194
Mupad [F(-1)]	194
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	194

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2x^2(a + bx^3)} + \frac{bx\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3}$$

output `-1/2*a*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x^3+a)+b*x*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(a - 2bx^3)\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}{2x^2(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((a - 2*b*x^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])/(x^2*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b(bx^3+a)}{x^3} dx}{b(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{bx^3+a}{x^3} dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{802} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a}{x^3} + b\right) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\left(bx - \frac{a}{2x^2}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^3,x]`

output `((-1/2*a/x^2 + b*x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(a + b*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{(-2bx^3+a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2x^2(bx^3+a)}$	34
default	$-\frac{(-2bx^3+a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2x^2(bx^3+a)}$	34
orering	$-\frac{(-2bx^3+a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2x^2(bx^3+a)}$	34
risch	$-\frac{a\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2x^2(bx^3+a)} + \frac{bx\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{bx^3+a}$	51

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(-2*b*x^3+a)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x^3+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2bx^3 - a}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(2*b*x^3 - a)/x^2`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**3,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2bx^3 - a}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(2*b*x^3 - a)/x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^3} dx = bx \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{a \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a) - 1/2*a*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/x^2`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2bx^3 - a}{2x^2}$$

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `(- a + 2*b*x**3)/(2*x**2)`

3.15 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	195
Mathematica [A] (verified)	195
Rubi [A] (verified)	196
Maple [A] (verified)	197
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	198
Sympy [F(-1)]	198
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	198
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	199
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	199
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	199

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4x^4(a + bx^3)} - \frac{b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x(a + bx^3)}$$

output `-1/4*a*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(b*x^3+a)-b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x^3+a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(a + 4bx^3)}}{4x^4(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(a + 4*b*x^3))/(x^4*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b(bx^3+a)}{x^5} dx}{b(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{bx^3+a}{x^5} dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{802} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a}{x^5} + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\left(-\frac{a}{4x^4} - \frac{b}{x}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^5,x]`

output `((-1/4*a/x^4 - b/x)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(a + b*x^3)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(4bx^3+a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{4x^4(bx^3+a)}$	34
default	$-\frac{(4bx^3+a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{4x^4(bx^3+a)}$	34
orering	$-\frac{(4bx^3+a)\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{4x^4(bx^3+a)}$	34
risch	$\frac{(-bx^3-\frac{a}{4})\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{x^4(bx^3+a)}$	35

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*(4*b*x^3+a)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(b*x^3+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{4bx^3 + a}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/4*(4*b*x^3 + a)/x^4`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**5,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{4bx^3 + a}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*(4*b*x^3 + a)/x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{4bx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(4*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{(4bx^3 + a) \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}}{4x^4 (bx^3 + a)}$$

input `int(((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x)`

output `-((a + 4*b*x^3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2))/(4*x^4*(a + b*x^3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^5} dx = \frac{-4bx^3 - a}{4x^4}$$

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x)`

output `(- a - 4*b*x**3)/(4*x**4)`

3.16 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	200
Mathematica [A] (verified)	200
Rubi [A] (verified)	201
Maple [A] (verified)	202
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	203
Sympy [F(-1)]	203
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	203
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	204
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	204
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	204

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{5x^5(a + bx^3)} - \frac{b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2x^2(a + bx^3)}$$

output `-1/5*a*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(b*x^3+a)-1/2*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x^3+a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(2a + 5bx^3)}}{10x^5(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^6,x]`

output `-1/10*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(2*a + 5*b*x^3))/(x^5*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b(bx^3+a)}{x^6} dx}{b(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{bx^3+a}{x^6} dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{802} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a}{x^6} + \frac{b}{x^3}\right) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\left(-\frac{a}{5x^5} - \frac{b}{2x^2}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^6,x]`

output `((-1/5*a/x^5 - b/(2*x^2))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(a + b*x^3)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\left(-\frac{b x^3}{2} - \frac{a}{5}\right) \sqrt{(b x^3 + a)^2}}{x^5 (b x^3 + a)}$	35
gospers	$-\frac{(5 b x^3 + 2 a) \sqrt{(b x^3 + a)^2}}{10 x^5 (b x^3 + a)}$	36
default	$-\frac{(5 b x^3 + 2 a) \sqrt{(b x^3 + a)^2}}{10 x^5 (b x^3 + a)}$	36
orering	$-\frac{(5 b x^3 + 2 a) \sqrt{(b x^3 + a)^2}}{10 x^5 (b x^3 + a)}$	36

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/x^5*(-1/2*b*x^3-1/5*a)/(b*x^3+a)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{5bx^3 + 2a}{10x^5}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/10*(5*b*x^3 + 2*a)/x^5`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**6,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{5bx^3 + 2a}{10x^5}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/10*(5*b*x^3 + 2*a)/x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{5bx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 2a \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{10x^5}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/10*(5*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 2*a*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{(5bx^3 + 2a) \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}}{10x^5 (bx^3 + a)}$$

input `int(((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x)`

output `-((2*a + 5*b*x^3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2))/(10*x^5*(a + b*x^3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^6} dx = \frac{-5bx^3 - 2a}{10x^5}$$

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x)`

output `(- 2*a - 5*b*x**3)/(10*x**5)`

3.17 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	205
Mathematica [A] (verified)	205
Rubi [A] (verified)	206
Maple [A] (verified)	207
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	208
Sympy [F(-1)]	208
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	208
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	209
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	209
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	209

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{7x^7(a + bx^3)} - \frac{b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4x^4(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
-1/7*a*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7/(b*x^3+a)-1/4*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(b*x^3+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(4a + 7bx^3)}}{28x^7(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^8,x]
```

output

```
-1/28*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(4*a + 7*b*x^3))/(x^7*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b(bx^3+a)}{x^8} dx}{b(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{bx^3+a}{x^8} dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{802} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a}{x^8} + \frac{b}{x^5}\right) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\left(-\frac{a}{7x^7} - \frac{b}{4x^4}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/x^8,x]`

output `((-1/7*a/x^7 - b/(4*x^4))*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(a + b*x^3)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\left(-\frac{b x^3}{4} - \frac{a}{7}\right) \sqrt{(b x^3 + a)^2}}{x^7 (b x^3 + a)}$	35
gospers	$-\frac{(7 b x^3 + 4 a) \sqrt{(b x^3 + a)^2}}{28 x^7 (b x^3 + a)}$	36
default	$-\frac{(7 b x^3 + 4 a) \sqrt{(b x^3 + a)^2}}{28 x^7 (b x^3 + a)}$	36
orering	$-\frac{(7 b x^3 + 4 a) \sqrt{(b x^3 + a)^2}}{28 x^7 (b x^3 + a)}$	36

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/x^7*(-1/4*b*x^3-1/7*a)/(b*x^3+a)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{7bx^3 + 4a}{28x^7}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/28*(7*b*x^3 + 4*a)/x^7`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^8} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2)/x**8,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{7bx^3 + 4a}{28x^7}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/28*(7*b*x^3 + 4*a)/x^7`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{7bx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 4a \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{28x^7}$$

input `integrate(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/28*(7*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 4*a*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{(7bx^3 + 4a) \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}}{28x^7 (bx^3 + a)}$$

input `int(((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)/x^8,x)`

output `-((4*a + 7*b*x^3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2))/(28*x^7*(a + b*x^3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^8} dx = \frac{-7bx^3 - 4a}{28x^7}$$

input `int(((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^8,x)`

output `(- 4*a - 7*b*x**3)/(28*x**7)`

3.18 $\int x^8(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int x^8(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^2(a + bx^3)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{12b^3} - \frac{2a(a + bx^3)^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{15b^3} + \frac{(a + bx^3)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{18b^3}$$

output

```
1/12*a^2*(b*x^3+a)^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3-2/15*a*(b*x^3+a)^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3+1/18*(b*x^3+a)^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^8(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^9(20a^3 + 45a^2bx^3 + 36ab^2x^6 + 10b^3x^9) \left(\sqrt{a^2bx^3 + a} \left(\sqrt{a^2} - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} \right) \right)}{180 \left(-a^2 - abx^3 + \sqrt{a^2} \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} \right)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^8*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$(x^9*(20*a^3 + 45*a^2*b*x^3 + 36*a*b^2*x^6 + 10*b^3*x^9)*(Sqrt[a^2]*b*x^3 + a*(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])))/(180*(-a^2 - a*b*x^3 + Sqrt[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int b^3 x^8 (bx^3 + a)^3 dx}{b^3 (a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x^8 (bx^3 + a)^3 dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x^6 (bx^3 + a)^3 dx^3}{3 (a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^3 x^{15} + 3ab^2 x^{12} + 3a^2 b x^9 + a^3 x^6) dx^3}{3 (a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{a^3 x^9}{3} + \frac{3}{4} a^2 b x^{12} + \frac{3}{5} a b^2 x^{15} + \frac{b^3 x^{18}}{6} \right)}{3 (a + bx^3)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^8*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2), x]$$

output $(\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} * ((a^3x^9)/3 + (3a^2bx^{12})/4 + (3ab^2x^{15})/5 + (b^3x^{18})/6)) / (3(a + bx^3))$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 798 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1) * (a + b*x)^p, x}, x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[(u_.) * ((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * (b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{ Int}[u * (b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n - 1)}])$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)(bx^3+a)^4(10b^2x^6-4ax^3b+a^2)}{180b^3}$	42
gosper	$\frac{x^9(10x^9b^3+36ax^6b^2+45a^2x^3b+20a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{180(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
default	$\frac{x^9(10x^9b^3+36ax^6b^2+45a^2x^3b+20a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{180(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
orering	$\frac{x^9(10x^9b^3+36ax^6b^2+45a^2x^3b+20a^3)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{180(bx^3+a)^3}$	67
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^3x^9}{9bx^3+9a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}ba^2x^{12}}{4bx^3+4a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b^2ax^{15}}{5bx^3+5a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b^3x^{18}}{18bx^3+18a}$	116

input `int(x^8*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/180*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(b*x^3+a)^4*(10*b^2*x^6-4*a*b*x^3+a^2)/b^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int x^8(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{18}b^3x^{18} + \frac{1}{5}ab^2x^{15} + \frac{1}{4}a^2bx^{12} + \frac{1}{9}a^3x^9$$

input `integrate(x^8*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/18*b^3*x^18 + 1/5*a*b^2*x^15 + 1/4*a^2*b*x^12 + 1/9*a^3*x^9`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^8 ((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**8*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**8*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 x^3}{12b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^3}{18b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^3}{12b^3} - \frac{7(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} a}{90b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^8*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*a^2*x^3/b^2 + 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*x^3/b^2 + 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*a^3/b^3 - 7/90*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*a/b^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{18} b^3 x^{18} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{5} ab^2 x^{15} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{4} a^2 b x^{12} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{9} a^3 x^9 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^8*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/18*b^3*x^18*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 1/5*a*b^2*x^15*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 1/4*a^2*b*x^12*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 1/9*a^3*x^9*sgn(b*x^3 + a)$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$$

input $\text{int}(x^8*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)$

output $\text{int}(x^8*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^9(10b^3x^9 + 36ab^2x^6 + 45a^2bx^3 + 20a^3)}{180}$$

input $\text{int}(x^8*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2), x)$

output $(x**9*(20*a**3 + 45*a**2*b*x**3 + 36*a*b**2*x**6 + 10*b**3*x**9))/180$

3.19 $\int x^5(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$

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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	220
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	221

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int x^5(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{a(a + bx^3)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{12b^2} + \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{15b^2}$$

output

$-1/12*a*(b*x^3+a)^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2+1/15*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/b^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int x^5(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^6(10a^3 + 20a^2bx^3 + 15ab^2x^6 + 4b^3x^9) \left(\sqrt{a^2}bx^3 + a \left(\sqrt{a^2} - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} \right) \right)}{60 \left(-a^2 - abx^3 + \sqrt{a^2} \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} \right)}$$

input

`Integrate[x^5*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(x^6*(10*a^3 + 20*a^2*b*x^3 + 15*a*b^2*x^6 + 4*b^3*x^9)*(Sqrt[a^2]*b*x^3 +
a*(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])))/(60*(-a^2 - a*b*x^3 + Sqrt[a^2]*Sqr
t[(a + b*x^3)^2]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1693, 1100, 1079, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int x^3 (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1100$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{5b^2} - \frac{a \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2} dx^3}{b} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1079$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{5b^2} - \frac{a\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^2x^3 + ab)^3 dx^3}{b^4(a + bx^3)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 17$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{5b^2} - \frac{a(a + bx^3)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4b^2} \right)$$

input

```
Int[x^5*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-1/4*(a*(a + b*x^3)^3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/b^2 + (a^2 + 2*a*b
*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/(5*b^2))/3
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 $\text{Int}[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^m], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*((a + b*x)^{m+1})/(b*(m+1)), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 1079 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2]^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x)^{2*\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[(b/2 + c*x)^{2*p}], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1100 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^p], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1})/(2*c*(p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1693 $\text{Int}[(x_.)^m*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^{n2_}) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{n_}]^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p], x, x^n], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\text{csgn}(bx^3+a)(bx^3+a)^4(-4bx^3+a)}{60b^2}$	31
gospers	$\frac{x^6(4x^9b^3+15ax^6b^2+20a^2x^3b+10a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{60(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
default	$\frac{x^6(4x^9b^3+15ax^6b^2+20a^2x^3b+10a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{60(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
orering	$\frac{x^6(4x^9b^3+15ax^6b^2+20a^2x^3b+10a^3)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{60(bx^3+a)^3}$	67
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^3x^6}{6bx^3+6a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}ba^2x^9}{3bx^3+3a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b^2ax^{12}}{4bx^3+4a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b^3x^{15}}{15bx^3+15a}$	116

input `int(x^5*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/60*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(b*x^3+a)^4*(-4*b*x^3+a)/b^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{15} b^3 x^{15} + \frac{1}{4} ab^2 x^{12} + \frac{1}{3} a^2 b x^9 + \frac{1}{6} a^3 x^6$$

input `integrate(x^5*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*b^3*x^15 + 1/4*a*b^2*x^12 + 1/3*a^2*b*x^9 + 1/6*a^3*x^6`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^5 \left((a + bx^3)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2} ax^3}{12b} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2} a^2}{12b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}}{15b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*a*x^3/b - 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*a^2/b^2 + 1/15*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)/b^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{60} (4b^3x^{15} + 15ab^2x^{12} + 20a^2bx^9 + 10a^3x^6) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^5*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/60*(4*b^3*x^15 + 15*a*b^2*x^12 + 20*a^2*b*x^9 + 10*a^3*x^6)*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 20.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} (-a^2 + 3abx^3 + 4b^2x^6)}{60b^2}$$

input `int(x^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`

output $((a^2 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3)^{3/2}(4b^2x^6 - a^2 + 3abx^3))/(60b^2)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^6(4b^3x^9 + 15ab^2x^6 + 20a^2bx^3 + 10a^3)}{60}$$

input `int(x^5*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output $(x^{**6}*(10*a^{**3} + 20*a^{**2}*b*x^{**3} + 15*a*b^{**2}*x^{**6} + 4*b^{**3}*x^{**9}))/60$

3.20 $\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	226

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{12b}$$

output `1/12*(b*x^3+a)^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/b`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^3 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2 (4a^3 + 6a^2bx^3 + 4ab^2x^6 + b^3x^9)}}{12(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x^3*sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(4*a^3 + 6*a^2*b*x^3 + 4*a*b^2*x^6 + b^3*x^9))/(12*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$, Rules used = {1690, 1079, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1690$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1079$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^2x^3 + ab)^3 dx^3}{3b^3(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 17$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{12b}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2), x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)^3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(12*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1079 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1690

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\text{csgn}(bx^3+a)(bx^3+a)^4}{12b}$	23
default	$\frac{\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx^3+a)}{12b}$	24
risch	$\frac{(bx^3+a)^3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{12b}$	26
gospers	$\frac{x^3(x^9b^3+4ax^6b^2+6a^2x^3b+4a^3)\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{12(bx^3+a)^3}$	57
orering	$\frac{x^3(x^9b^3+4ax^6b^2+6a^2x^3b+4a^3)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{12(bx^3+a)^3}$	66

input

```
int(x^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/12*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(b*x^3+a)^4/b
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{12} b^3 x^{12} + \frac{1}{3} ab^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 b x^6 + \frac{1}{3} a^3 x^3$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*b^3*x^12 + 1/3*a*b^2*x^9 + 1/2*a^2*b*x^6 + 1/3*a^3*x^3
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2 \left((a + bx^3)^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 52 vs. $2(25) = 50$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{12} (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} a}{12b}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*x^3 + 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*a/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{12} \left(2 (bx^6 + 2ax^3)a^2 + (bx^6 + 2ax^3)^2b \right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*(2*(b*x^6 + 2*a*x^3)*a^2 + (b*x^6 + 2*a*x^3)^2*b)*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(b^2x^3 + ab)(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{12b^2}$$

input `int(x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`output `((a*b + b^2*x^3)*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2))/(12*b^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^3(b^3x^9 + 4ab^2x^6 + 6a^2bx^3 + 4a^3)}{12}$$

input `int(x^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(x**3*(4*a**3 + 6*a**2*b*x**3 + 4*a*b**2*x**6 + b**3*x**9))/12`

$$3.21 \quad \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	231
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	231
Mupad [F(-1)]	232
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	232

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 160

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx &= \frac{a^2bx^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} \\ &+ \frac{ab^2x^6\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^3x^9\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9(a + bx^3)} \\ &+ \frac{a^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \log(x)}{a + bx^3} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
a^2*b*x^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+a*b^2*x^6*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^3+2*a)+b^3*x^9*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x^3+9*a)+a^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x^3+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(bx^3(18a^2 + 9abx^3 + 2b^2x^6) + 18a^3 \log(x))}}{18(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x,x]
```


output

```
(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(b*x^3*(18*a^2 + 9*a*b*x^3 + 2*b^2*x^6) + 18*a^3*Log[x]))/(18*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^3(bx^3+a)^3}{x} dx}{b^3(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x} dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^3} dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(b^3x^6 + 3ab^2x^3 + 3a^2b + \frac{a^3}{x^3} \right) dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(a^3 \log(x^3) + 3a^2bx^3 + \frac{3}{2}ab^2x^6 + \frac{b^3x^9}{3} \right)}{3(a + bx^3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x,x]
```

output $(\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} * (3a^2bx^3 + (3ab^2x^6)/2 + (b^3x^9)/3 + a^3 \log[x^3])) / (3(a + bx^3))$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(m_*)} * ((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + bx)^m * (c + dx)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 798 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}] * (a + bx)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[(u_*) * ((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^{(n2_*)} + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * (b/2 + cx^n)^{2 * \text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[u * (b/2 + cx^n)^{2p}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4ac, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2n - 1)}])$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\text{csgn}(bx^3+a)(2x^9b^3+9ax^6b^2+18a^2x^3b+6a^3\ln(bx^3)+11a^3)}{18}$	54
default	$\frac{\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(2x^9b^3+9ax^6b^2+18a^2x^3b+18a^3\ln(x))}{18(bx^3+a)^3}$	57
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b\left(\frac{1}{9}b^2x^9+\frac{1}{2}abx^6+a^2x^3\right)}{bx^3+a} + \frac{a^3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\ln(x)}{bx^3+a}$	73

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/18*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(2*x^9*b^3+9*a*x^6*b^2+18*a^2*x^3*b+6*a^3*ln(b*x^3)+11*a^3)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{9}b^3x^9 + \frac{1}{2}ab^2x^6 + a^2bx^3 + a^3\log(x)$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*b^3*x^9 + 1/2*a*b^2*x^6 + a^2*b*x^3 + a^3*log(x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)/x, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} abx^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (-1)^{2b^2x^3+2ab} a^3 \log(2b^2x^3 + 2ab) - \frac{1}{3} (-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} a^3 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} a^2 + \frac{1}{9} (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a*b*x^3 + 1/3*(-1)^(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b)*a^3*log(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b) - 1/3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*a^3*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x))) + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^2 + 1/9*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{9} b^3 x^9 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} ab^2 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^2 bx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^3 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/9*b^3*x^9*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 1/2*a*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a^2*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a^3*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x,x)`output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \log(x) a^3 + a^2 b x^3 + \frac{a b^2 x^6}{2} + \frac{b^3 x^9}{9}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x,x)`output `(18*log(x)*a**3 + 18*a**2*b*x**3 + 9*a*b**2*x**6 + 2*b**3*x**9)/18`

3.22 $\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$

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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	237
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	238
Mupad [F(-1)]	238
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	238

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^3 (a + bx^3)} + \frac{ab^2x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} + \frac{b^3x^6 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3a^2b \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \log(x)}{a + bx^3}$$

output

```
-1/3*a^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x^3+a)+a*b^2*x^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+b^3*x^6*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(6*b*x^3+6*a)+3*a^2*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x^3+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(-2a^3 + 6ab^2x^6 + b^3x^9 + 18a^2bx^3 \log(x))}}{6x^3 (a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(-2*a^3 + 6*a*b^2*x^6 + b^3*x^9 + 18*a^2*b*x^3*Log[x])
)/(6*x^3*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^3(bx^3+a)^3}{x^4} dx}{b^3(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^4} dx}{a + bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^6} dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a^3}{x^6} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^3} + 3b^2a + b^3x^3 \right) dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^3}{x^3} + 3a^2b \log(x^3) + 3ab^2x^3 + \frac{b^3x^6}{2} \right)}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^4, x]
```

output
$$\frac{(\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}) \cdot (-a^3/x^3) + 3ab^2x^3 + (b^3x^6)/2 + 3a^2b \cdot \text{Log}[x^3]}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 49
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(m_*)} \cdot ((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + bx)^m \cdot (c + dx)^n, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$$

rule 798
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_*)} \cdot ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1) \cdot (a + bx)^p, x], x, x^n], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$$

rule 1384
$$\text{Int}[(u_*) \cdot ((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^{(n2_*)} + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \cdot (b/2 + cx^n)^{2 \cdot \text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[u \cdot (b/2 + cx^n)^{2p}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4ac, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2n - 1)}])$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^9b^3+6ax^6b^2+18ba^2\ln(x)x^3-2a^3)}{6(bx^3+a)^3x^3}$	59
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)\left(-\frac{x^9b^3}{2}-3ax^6b^2-3\ln(bx^3)a^2bx^3-\frac{5a^2x^3b}{2}+a^3\right)}{3x^3}$	59
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b(bx^3+3a)^2}{6bx^3+6a} - \frac{a^3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{3x^3(bx^3+a)} + \frac{3a^2b\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\ln(x)}{bx^3+a}$	92

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(3/2)*(x^9*b^3+6*a*x^6*b^2+18*b*a^2*ln(x)*x^3-2*a^3)/(b*x^3+a)^3/x^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{b^3x^9 + 6ab^2x^6 + 18a^2bx^3 \log(x) - 2a^3}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(b^3*x^9 + 6*a*b^2*x^6 + 18*a^2*b*x^3*log(x) - 2*a^3)/x^3`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)/x**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx &= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} b^2x^3 \\ &+ (-1)^{2b^2x^3+2ab} a^2b \log(2b^2x^3 + 2ab) - (-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} a^2b \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right) \\ &+ \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} ab - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^2*x^3 + (-1)^(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b)*a^2
*b*log(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b) - (-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*a^2*b*log(2*a*b*x/abs
(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x))) + 3/2*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a*b - 1/3*
(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)/x^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{6} b^3 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + ab^2 x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 3a^2 b \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{3a^2 b x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*b^3*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 3*a^2*b*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x^3 + a) - 1/3*(3*a^2*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^3`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^4,x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^4, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{18 \log(x) a^2 b x^3 - 2a^3 + 6a b^2 x^6 + b^3 x^9}{6x^3}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x)`

output $(18*\log(x)*a**2*b*x**3 - 2*a**3 + 6*a*b**2*x**6 + b**3*x**9)/(6*x**3)$

3.23 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6x^6(a + bx^3)} - \frac{a^2b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^3(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^3x^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3ab^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}\log(x)}{a + bx^3}$$

output

```
-1/6*a^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6/(b*x^3+a)-a^2*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x^3+a)+b^3*x^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x^3+3*a)+3*a*b^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x^3+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(a^3 + 6a^2bx^3 - 2b^3x^9 - 18ab^2x^6 \log(x))}}{6x^6(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^7,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(a^3 + 6*a^2*b*x^3 - 2*b^3*x^9 - 18*a*b^2*x^6*Log[x]))/(x^6*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^3(bx^3+a)^3}{x^7} dx}{b^3(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^7} dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^9} dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a^3}{x^9} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^6} + \frac{3b^2a}{x^3} + b^3 \right) dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^3}{2x^6} - \frac{3a^2b}{x^3} + 3ab^2 \log(x^3) + b^3x^3 \right)}{3(a + bx^3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^7, x]
```

output
$$\frac{(\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}) \cdot (-1/2a^3/x^6 - (3a^2b)/x^3 + b^3x^3 + 3ab^2 \cdot \text{Log}[x^3])}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 49
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(m_*)} \cdot ((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + bx)^m \cdot (c + dx)^n, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$$

rule 798
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_*)} \cdot ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1) \cdot (a + bx)^p, x}, x, x^n], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$$

rule 1384
$$\text{Int}[(u_*) \cdot ((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^{(n2_*)} + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \cdot (b/2 + cx^n)^{2 \cdot \text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[u \cdot (b/2 + cx^n)^{2p}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4ac, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2n - 1)}])$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)(-2x^9b^3-6\ln(bx^3)a b^2x^6-2a x^6b^2+6a^2x^3b+a^3)}{6x^6}$	59
default	$\frac{\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(2x^9b^3+18b^2a\ln(x)x^6-6a^2x^3b-a^3)}{6(bx^3+a)^3x^6}$	60
risch	$\frac{b^3x^3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{3bx^3+3a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\left(-a^2x^3b-\frac{1}{6}a^3\right)}{(bx^3+a)x^6} + \frac{3ab^2\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\ln(x)}{bx^3+a}$	97

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/6*\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)*(-2*x^9*b^3-6*\ln(b*x^3)*a*b^2*x^6-2*a*x^6*b^2+6*a^2*x^3*b+a^3)/x^6$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{2b^3x^9 + 18ab^2x^6 \log(x) - 6a^2bx^3 - a^3}{6x^6}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/6*(2*b^3*x^9 + 18*a*b^2*x^6*\log(x) - 6*a^2*b*x^3 - a^3)/x^6$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2)/x**7,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)/x**7, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}b^3x^3}{2a} + (-1)^{2b^2x^3+2ab} ab^2 \log(2b^2x^3 + 2ab) - (-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} ab^2 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right) + \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}b^2 + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}b^2}{6a^2} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}b}{6ax^3} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}}{6a^2x^6}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^3*x^3/a + (-1)^(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b)*a*b^2*log(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b) - (-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*a*b^2*log(2*a*b*x/a bs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x))) + 3/2*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^2 + 1/6*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^2/a^2 - 1/6*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b/(a*x^3) - 1/6*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)/(a^2*x^6)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 3 ab^2 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{9 ab^2 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 6 a^2 b x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{6 x^6}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 3*a*b^2*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x^3 + a) - 1/6*(9*a*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 6*a^2*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^6`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^7,x)`output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^7, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{18 \log(x) a b^2 x^6 - a^3 - 6a^2 b x^3 + 2b^3 x^9}{6x^6}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x)`output `(18*log(x)*a*b**2*x**6 - a**3 - 6*a**2*b*x**3 + 2*b**3*x**9)/(6*x**6)`

3.24 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	246
Mathematica [A] (verified)	246
Rubi [A] (verified)	247
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	249
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	249
Sympy [F]	250
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	250
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	251
Mupad [F(-1)]	251
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	251

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9x^9(a + bx^3)} - \frac{a^2b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2x^6(a + bx^3)} - \frac{ab^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^3(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \log(x)}{a + bx^3}$$

output

```
-1/9*a^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^9/(b*x^3+a)-1/2*a^2*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6/(b*x^3+a)-a*b^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x^3+a)+b^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x^3+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{2a^3\sqrt{a^2 + 9(a^2)^{3/2}bx^3 + 18a\sqrt{a^2}b^2x^6 - 2a^3\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} - 7a^2bx^3\sqrt{(a + b^2x^6)}}{x^{10}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^10,x]
```

output

```
(2*a^3*Sqrt[a^2] + 9*(a^2)^(3/2)*b*x^3 + 18*a*Sqrt[a^2]*b^2*x^6 - 2*a^3*Sq
rt[(a + b*x^3)^2] - 7*a^2*b*x^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2] - 11*a*b^2*x^6*Sqrt[(a
+ b*x^3)^2] - 12*a*b^3*x^9*ArcTanh[(b*x^3)/(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^
2])]) - 12*Sqrt[a^2]*b^3*x^9*Log[x^3] + 6*Sqrt[a^2]*b^3*x^9*Log[a*(Sqrt[a^2
] - b*x^3 - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])] + 6*Sqrt[a^2]*b^3*x^9*Log[a*(Sqrt[a^2] +
b*x^3 - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])])/(36*a*x^9)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^3(bx^3+a)^3}{x^{10}} dx}{b^3(a + bx^3)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^{10}} dx}{a + bx^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^{12}} dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a^3}{x^{12}} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^9} + \frac{3b^2a}{x^6} + \frac{b^3}{x^3} \right) dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^3}{3x^9} - \frac{3a^2b}{2x^6} - \frac{3ab^2}{x^3} + b^3 \log(x^3) \right)}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^10,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-1/3*a^3/x^9 - (3*a^2*b)/(2*x^6) - (3*a*b^2)/x^3 + b^3*Log[x^3]))/(3*(a + b*x^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)(6\ln(bx^3)b^3x^9-18ax^6b^2-9a^2x^3b-2a^3)}{18x^9}$	52
default	$\frac{\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(18b^3\ln(x)x^9-18ax^6b^2-9a^2x^3b-2a^3)}{18(bx^3+a)^3x^9}$	60
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\left(-ax^6b^2-\frac{1}{2}a^2x^3b-\frac{1}{9}a^3\right)}{(bx^3+a)x^9} + \frac{b^3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\ln(x)}{bx^3+a}$	76

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{18} \operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a) \cdot \frac{(6 \ln(bx^3) \cdot b^3 x^9 - 18 a x^6 b^2 - 9 a^2 x^3 b - 2 a^3)}{x^9}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{18b^3x^9 \log(x) - 18ab^2x^6 - 9a^2bx^3 - 2a^3}{18x^9}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{18} \cdot \frac{(18 \cdot b^3 \cdot x^9 \cdot \log(x) - 18 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot x^6 - 9 \cdot a^2 \cdot b \cdot x^3 - 2 \cdot a^3)}{x^9}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2)/x**10,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)/x**10, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 253 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx &= \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}b^4x^3}{6a^2} \\ &+ \frac{1}{3}(-1)^{2b^2x^3+2ab}b^3 \log(2b^2x^3 + 2ab) - \frac{1}{3}(-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2}b^3 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right) \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}b^3}{2a} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}b^3}{18a^3} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}b^2}{6a^2x^3} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}b}{18a^3x^6} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}}{9a^2x^9} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^4*x^3/a^2 + 1/3*(-1)^(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b)*b^3*log(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b) - 1/3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*b^3*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x))) + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^3/a - 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^3/a^3 - 1/6*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^2/(a^2*x^3) + 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b/(a^3*x^6) - 1/9*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)/(a^2*x^9)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{b^3 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{11b^3x^9 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 18ab^2x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 9a^2bx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 2a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{18x^9}}{18x^9}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b^3*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x^3 + a) - 1/18*(11*b^3*x^9*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 18*a*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 9*a^2*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 2*a^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^9`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^10,x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^10, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{18 \log(x) b^3 x^9 - 2a^3 - 9a^2 b x^3 - 18a b^2 x^6}{18x^9}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^10,x)`

output $(18*\log(x)*b**3*x**9 - 2*a**3 - 9*a**2*b*x**3 - 18*a*b**2*x**6)/(18*x**9)$

3.25
$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx$$

Optimal result	253
Mathematica [A] (verified)	253
Rubi [A] (verified)	254
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	255
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	255
Sympy [F]	256
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	256
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	257
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	257
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	258

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^3)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{12ax^{12}}$$

output `-1/12*(b*x^3+a)^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/a/x^12`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(a^3 + 4a^2bx^3 + 6ab^2x^6 + 4b^3x^9)}}{12x^{12}(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^13,x]`

output `-1/12*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(a^3 + 4*a^2*b*x^3 + 6*a*b^2*x^6 + 4*b^3*x^9))/(x^12*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx$$

↓ 1384

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^3(bx^3+a)^3}{x^{13}} dx}{b^3(a + bx^3)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^{13}} dx}{a + bx^3}$$

↓ 796

$$-\frac{(a + bx^3)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{12ax^{12}}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^13,x]`

output `-1/12*((a + b*x^3)^3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(a*x^12)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 796 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)(2bx^3+a)(2b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)}{12x^{12}}$	41
gospers	$-\frac{(4x^9b^3+6ax^6b^2+4a^2x^3b+a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{12x^{12}(bx^3+a)^3}$	56
default	$-\frac{(4x^9b^3+6ax^6b^2+4a^2x^3b+a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{12x^{12}(bx^3+a)^3}$	56
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}(-\frac{1}{3}x^9b^3-\frac{1}{2}ax^6b^2-\frac{1}{3}a^2x^3b-\frac{1}{12}a^3)}{(bx^3+a)x^{12}}$	57
orering	$-\frac{(4x^9b^3+6ax^6b^2+4a^2x^3b+a^3)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{12x^{12}(bx^3+a)^3}$	65

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^13,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/12*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(2*b*x^3+a)*(2*b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)/x^12`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{4b^3x^9 + 6ab^2x^6 + 4a^2bx^3 + a^3}{12x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/12*(4*b^3*x^9 + 6*a*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^2*b*x^3 + a^3)/x^{12}$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{13}} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2)/x**13,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)/x**13, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs. $2(28) = 56$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4}{12a^4} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3}{12a^3x^3} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2}{12a^4x^6} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}b}{12a^3x^9} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12a^2x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^{(3/2)}*b^4/a^4 + 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^{(3/2)}*b^3/(a^3*x^3) - 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^{(5/2)}*b^2/(a^4*x^6) + 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^{(5/2)}*b/(a^3*x^9) - 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^{(5/2)}/(a^2*x^{12})$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 68 vs. $2(28) = 56$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{4b^3x^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 6ab^2x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 4a^2bx^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{12x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/12*(4*b^3*x^9*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 6*a*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 4*a^2*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^12`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{a^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{12x^{12}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^3(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{ab^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2x^6(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{a^2b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^9(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^13,x)`

output `-(a^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(12*x^12*(a + b*x^3)) - (b^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(3*x^3*(a + b*x^3)) - (a*b^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(2*x^6*(a + b*x^3)) - (a^2*b*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(3*x^9*(a + b*x^3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{-4b^3x^9 - 6ab^2x^6 - 4a^2bx^3 - a^3}{12x^{12}}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^13,x)`output `(- a**3 - 4*a**2*b*x**3 - 6*a*b**2*x**6 - 4*b**3*x**9)/(12*x**12)`

$$3.26 \quad \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx$$

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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	264
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	265

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^3)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{15ax^{15}} + \frac{b(a + bx^3)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{60a^2x^{12}}$$

output

```
-1/15*(b*x^3+a)^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/a/x^15+1/60*b*(b*x^3+a)^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x^12
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(4a^3 + 15a^2bx^3 + 20ab^2x^6 + 10b^3x^9)}}{60x^{15}(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^16,x]
```


output

```
-1/60*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(4*a^3 + 15*a^2*b*x^3 + 20*a*b^2*x^6 + 10*b^3*x^9))/(x^15*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^3(bx^3+a)^3}{x^{16}} dx}{b^3(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^{16}} dx}{a + bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^{18}} dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^{15}} dx^3}{5a} - \frac{(a+bx^3)^4}{5ax^{15}} \right)}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{b(a+bx^3)^4}{20a^2x^{12}} - \frac{(a+bx^3)^4}{5ax^{15}} \right)}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^16,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-1/5*(a + b*x^3)^4/(a*x^15) + (b*(a + b*x^3)^4)/(20*a^2*x^12)))/(3*(a + b*x^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(\frac{5}{2}x^9b^3+5ax^6b^2+\frac{15}{4}a^2x^3b+a^3)\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{15x^{15}}$	44
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2(-\frac{1}{15}a^3-\frac{1}{4}a^2x^3b-\frac{1}{3}ax^6b^2-\frac{1}{6}x^9b^3)}}{(bx^3+a)x^{15}}$	57
gosper	$-\frac{(10x^9b^3+20ax^6b^2+15a^2x^3b+4a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{60x^{15}(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
default	$-\frac{(10x^9b^3+20ax^6b^2+15a^2x^3b+4a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{60x^{15}(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
orering	$-\frac{(10x^9b^3+20ax^6b^2+15a^2x^3b+4a^3)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{60x^{15}(bx^3+a)^3}$	67

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^16,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/15*(5/2*x^9*b^3+5*a*x^6*b^2+15/4*a^2*x^3*b+a^3)*csgn(b*x^3+a)/x^15`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx = -\frac{10b^3x^9 + 20ab^2x^6 + 15a^2bx^3 + 4a^3}{60x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^16,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/60*(10*b^3*x^9 + 20*a*b^2*x^6 + 15*a^2*b*x^3 + 4*a^3)/x^15`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \int \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{16}} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2)/x**16,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)/x**16, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 179 vs. $2(58) = 116$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx &= -\frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^5}{12a^5} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4}{12a^4x^3} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3}{12a^5x^6} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2}{12a^4x^9} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}b}{12a^3x^{12}} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15a^2x^{15}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^16,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^5/a^5 - 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^4/(a^4*x^3) + 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^3/(a^5*x^6) - 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^2/(a^4*x^9) + 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b/(a^3*x^12) - 1/15*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)/(a^2*x^15)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{10b^3x^9 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 20ab^2x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 15a^2bx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 4a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{60x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^16,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/60*(10*b^3*x^9*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 20*a*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 15*a^2*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 4*a^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^15`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx = -\frac{a^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{15x^{15}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6x^6(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{ab^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^9(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{a^2b \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4x^{12}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^16,x)`

output `-(a^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(15*x^15*(a + b*x^3)) - (b^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(6*x^6*(a + b*x^3)) - (a*b^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(3*x^9*(a + b*x^3)) - (a^2*b*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(4*x^12*(a + b*x^3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{-10b^3x^9 - 20ab^2x^6 - 15a^2bx^3 - 4a^3}{60x^{15}}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^16,x)`output `(- 4*a**3 - 15*a**2*b*x**3 - 20*a*b**2*x**6 - 10*b**3*x**9)/(60*x**15)`

3.27
$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx$$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	267
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	268
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	269
Sympy [F]	270
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	270
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	271
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	271
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	272

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx = -\frac{a^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{18x^{18}(a + bx^3)} - \frac{a^2b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{5x^{15}(a + bx^3)} - \frac{ab^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4x^{12}(a + bx^3)} - \frac{b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9x^9(a + bx^3)}$$

output `-1/18*a^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^18/(b*x^3+a)-1/5*a^2*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^15/(b*x^3+a)-1/4*a*b^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^12/(b*x^3+a)-1/9*b^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^9/(b*x^3+a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(10a^3 + 36a^2bx^3 + 45ab^2x^6 + 20b^3x^9)}}{180x^{18}(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^19,x]`

output

$$-1/180*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(10*a^3 + 36*a^2*b*x^3 + 45*a*b^2*x^6 + 20*b^3*x^9))/(x^{18}*(a + b*x^3))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^3(bx^3+a)^3}{x^{19}} dx}{b^3(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^{19}} dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^{21}} dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a^3}{x^{21}} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^{18}} + \frac{3b^2a}{x^{15}} + \frac{b^3}{x^{12}} \right) dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\left(-\frac{a^3}{6x^{18}} - \frac{3a^2b}{5x^{15}} - \frac{3ab^2}{4x^{12}} - \frac{b^3}{3x^9} \right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3(a + bx^3)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^{19},x]$$

output
$$\left(\frac{-1}{6}a^3/x^{18} - \frac{3a^2b}{5x^{15}} - \frac{3ab^2}{4x^{12}} - \frac{b^3}{3x^9}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} / (3(a + bx^3))$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 53
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + bx)^m * (c + dx)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[m + n + 2, 0])$$

rule 798
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1) * (a + bx)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$$

rule 1384
$$\text{Int}[(u_.) * ((a_) + (c_.)(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * (b/2 + cx^n)^{2*\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[u * (b/2 + cx^n)^{2*p}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n - 1)}])$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.26

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(2x^9b^3 + \frac{9}{2}ax^6b^2 + \frac{18}{5}a^2x^3b + a^3) \operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{18x^{18}}$	44
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2(-\frac{1}{18}a^3 - \frac{1}{5}a^2x^3b - \frac{1}{4}ax^6b^2 - \frac{1}{9}x^9b^3)}}{(bx^3+a)x^{18}}$	57
gosper	$-\frac{(20x^9b^3 + 45ax^6b^2 + 36a^2x^3b + 10a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{180x^{18}(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
default	$-\frac{(20x^9b^3 + 45ax^6b^2 + 36a^2x^3b + 10a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{180x^{18}(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
orering	$-\frac{(20x^9b^3 + 45ax^6b^2 + 36a^2x^3b + 10a^3)(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{180x^{18}(bx^3+a)^3}$	67

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^19,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/18*(2*x^9*b^3+9/2*a*x^6*b^2+18/5*a^2*x^3*b+a^3)*csgn(b*x^3+a)/x^18`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx = -\frac{20b^3x^9 + 45ab^2x^6 + 36a^2bx^3 + 10a^3}{180x^{18}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^19,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/180*(20*b^3*x^9 + 45*a*b^2*x^6 + 36*a^2*b*x^3 + 10*a^3)/x^18`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx = \int \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{19}} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2)/x**19,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)/x**19, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx &= \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^6}{12a^6} \\ &+ \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^5}{12a^5x^3} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^4}{12a^6x^6} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3}{12a^5x^9} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2}{12a^4x^{12}} + \frac{7(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}b}{90a^3x^{15}} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{18a^2x^{18}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^19,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^6/a^6 + 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^5/(a^5*x^3) - 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^4/(a^6*x^6) + 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^3/(a^5*x^9) - 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^2/(a^4*x^12) + 7/90*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b/(a^3*x^15) - 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)/(a^2*x^18)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx = \frac{20 b^3 x^9 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 45 ab^2 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 36 a^2 bx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 10 a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{180 x^{18}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^19,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/180*(20*b^3*x^9*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 45*a*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 36*a^2*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 10*a^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^18`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx = -\frac{a^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{18x^{18}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9x^9(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{ab^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4x^{12}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{a^2 b \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{5x^{15}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^19,x)`

output `-(a^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(18*x^18*(a + b*x^3)) - (b^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(9*x^9*(a + b*x^3)) - (a*b^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(4*x^12*(a + b*x^3)) - (a^2*b*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(5*x^15*(a + b*x^3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx = \frac{-20b^3x^9 - 45ab^2x^6 - 36a^2bx^3 - 10a^3}{180x^{18}}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^19,x)`

output `(- 10*a**3 - 36*a**2*b*x**3 - 45*a*b**2*x**6 - 20*b**3*x**9)/(180*x**18)`

3.28 $\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	273
Rubi [A] (verified)	274
Maple [A] (verified)	275
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	277
Mupad [F(-1)]	277
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	278

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^3x^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{5(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3a^2bx^8\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{8(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3ab^2x^{11}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{11(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^3x^{14}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{14(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
a^3*x^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x^3+5*a)+3*a^2*b*x^8*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(8*b*x^3+8*a)+3*a*b^2*x^11*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x^3+11*a)+b^3*x^14*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(14*b*x^3+14*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^5\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(616a^3 + 1155a^2bx^3 + 840ab^2x^6 + 220b^3x^9)}}{3080(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x^5*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(616*a^3 + 1155*a^2*b*x^3 + 840*a*b^2*x^6 + 220*b^3*x^9))/(3080*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int b^3x^4 (bx^3 + a)^3 dx}{b^3 (a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x^4 (bx^3 + a)^3 dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{802} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^3x^{13} + 3ab^2x^{10} + 3a^2bx^7 + a^3x^4) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{a^3x^5}{5} + \frac{3}{8}a^2bx^8 + \frac{3}{11}ab^2x^{11} + \frac{b^3x^{14}}{14} \right)}{a + bx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output $(\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} * ((a^3x^5)/5 + (3a^2bx^8)/8 + (3ab^2x^{11})/11 + (b^3x^{14})/14)) / (a + bx^3)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 802 $\text{Int}[((c_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[(u_*) * ((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^{(n2_*)} + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * (b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{ Int}[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n-1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n-1)}])$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^5(220x^9b^3 + 840ax^6b^2 + 1155a^2x^3b + 616a^3)(bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3080(bx^3 + a)^3}$	58
default	$\frac{x^5(220x^9b^3 + 840ax^6b^2 + 1155a^2x^3b + 616a^3)(bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3080(bx^3 + a)^3}$	58
orering	$\frac{x^5(220x^9b^3 + 840ax^6b^2 + 1155a^2x^3b + 616a^3)(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3080(bx^3 + a)^3}$	67
risch	$\frac{a^3x^5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{5bx^3+5a} + \frac{3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}ba^2x^8}{8(bx^3+a)} + \frac{3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b^2ax^{11}}{11(bx^3+a)} + \frac{b^3x^{14}\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{14bx^3+14a}$	116

input `int(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3080*x^5*(220*b^3*x^9+840*a*b^2*x^6+1155*a^2*b*x^3+616*a^3)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{14}b^3x^{14} + \frac{3}{11}ab^2x^{11} + \frac{3}{8}a^2bx^8 + \frac{1}{5}a^3x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/14*b^3*x^14 + 3/11*a*b^2*x^11 + 3/8*a^2*b*x^8 + 1/5*a^3*x^5`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^4((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{14} b^3 x^{14} + \frac{3}{11} ab^2 x^{11} + \frac{3}{8} a^2 b x^8 + \frac{1}{5} a^3 x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/14*b^3*x^14 + 3/11*a*b^2*x^11 + 3/8*a^2*b*x^8 + 1/5*a^3*x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{14} b^3 x^{14} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{3}{11} ab^2 x^{11} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{3}{8} a^2 b x^8 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{5} a^3 x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/14*b^3*x^14*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 3/11*a*b^2*x^11*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 3/8*a^2*b*x^8*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 1/5*a^3*x^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^4*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^5(220b^3x^9 + 840ab^2x^6 + 1155a^2bx^3 + 616a^3)}{3080}$$

input `int(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(x**5*(616*a**3 + 1155*a**2*b*x**3 + 840*a*b**2*x**6 + 220*b**3*x**9))/3080`

3.29 $\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$

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Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	282
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	282
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	283
Mupad [F(-1)]	283
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	283

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^3x^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3a^2bx^7\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{7(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3ab^2x^{10}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{10(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^3x^{13}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{13(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
a^3*x^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x^3+4*a)+3*a^2*b*x^7*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x^3+7*a)+3*a*b^2*x^10*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(10*b*x^3+10*a)+b^3*x^13*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(13*b*x^3+13*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^4\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(455a^3 + 780a^2bx^3 + 546ab^2x^6 + 140b^3x^9)}}{1820(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output $(x^4 \sqrt{(a + b x^3)^2} (455 a^3 + 780 a^2 b x^3 + 546 a b^2 x^6 + 140 b^3 x^9)) / (1820 (a + b x^3))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int b^3 x^3 (bx^3 + a)^3 dx}{b^3 (a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x^3 (bx^3 + a)^3 dx}{a + bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^3 x^{12} + 3ab^2 x^9 + 3a^2 b x^6 + a^3 x^3) dx}{a + bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{3}{7} a^2 b x^7 + \frac{3}{10} a b^2 x^{10} + \frac{b^3 x^{13}}{13} \right)}{a + bx^3}$$

input $\text{Int}[x^3 (a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6)^{(3/2)}, x]$

output $(\sqrt{a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6} * ((a^3 x^4) / 4 + (3 a^2 b x^7) / 7 + (3 a b^2 x^{10}) / 10 + (b^3 x^{13}) / 13)) / (a + b x^3)$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^4(140x^9b^3+546ax^6b^2+780a^2x^3b+455a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{1820(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
default	$\frac{x^4(140x^9b^3+546ax^6b^2+780a^2x^3b+455a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{1820(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
orering	$\frac{x^4(140x^9b^3+546ax^6b^2+780a^2x^3b+455a^3)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{1820(bx^3+a)^3}$	67
risch	$\frac{b^3x^{13}\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{13bx^3+13a} + \frac{3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}ab^2x^{10}}{10(bx^3+a)} + \frac{3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^2bx^7}{7(bx^3+a)} + \frac{a^3x^4\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{4bx^3+4a}$	116

input `int(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/1820*x^4*(140*b^3*x^9+546*a*b^2*x^6+780*a^2*b*x^3+455*a^3)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(3/2)}/(b*x^3+a)^3$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{13} b^3 x^{13} + \frac{3}{10} ab^2 x^{10} + \frac{3}{7} a^2 b x^7 + \frac{1}{4} a^3 x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/13*b^3*x^{13} + 3/10*a*b^2*x^{10} + 3/7*a^2*b*x^7 + 1/4*a^3*x^4$

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{13} b^3 x^{13} + \frac{3}{10} ab^2 x^{10} + \frac{3}{7} a^2 b x^7 + \frac{1}{4} a^3 x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/13*b^3*x^{13} + 3/10*a*b^2*x^{10} + 3/7*a^2*b*x^7 + 1/4*a^3*x^4$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{13} b^3 x^{13} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{3}{10} ab^2 x^{10} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{3}{7} a^2 b x^7 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{4} a^3 x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/13*b^3*x^13*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 3/10*a*b^2*x^10*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 3/7*a^2*b*x^7*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 1/4*a^3*x^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^4(140b^3x^9 + 546ab^2x^6 + 780a^2bx^3 + 455a^3)}{1820}$$

input `int(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(x**4*(455*a**3 + 780*a**2*b*x**3 + 546*a*b**2*x**6 + 140*b**3*x**9))/1820`

3.30 $\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	288

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^3x^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3a^2bx^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{5(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3ab^2x^8\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{8(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^3x^{11}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{11(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
a^3*x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^3+2*a)+3*a^2*b*x^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x^3+5*a)+3*a*b^2*x^8*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(8*b*x^3+8*a)+b^3*x^11*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x^3+11*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^2\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(220a^3 + 264a^2bx^3 + 165ab^2x^6 + 40b^3x^9)}}{440(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$(x^2 \sqrt{(a + b x^3)^2} (220 a^3 + 264 a^2 b x^3 + 165 a b^2 x^6 + 40 b^3 x^9)) / (440 (a + b x^3))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int b^3 x (bx^3 + a)^3 dx}{b^3 (a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x (bx^3 + a)^3 dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 802 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^3 x^{10} + 3ab^2 x^7 + 3a^2 b x^4 + a^3 x) dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b x^5 + \frac{3}{8} a b^2 x^8 + \frac{b^3 x^{11}}{11} \right)}{a + bx^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$(\sqrt{a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6} * ((a^3*x^2)/2 + (3*a^2*b*x^5)/5 + (3*a*b^2*x^8)/8 + (b^3*x^11)/11)) / (a + b*x^3)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^2(40x^9b^3+165ax^6b^2+264a^2x^3b+220a^3)(bx^3+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{440(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
default	$\frac{x^2(40x^9b^3+165ax^6b^2+264a^2x^3b+220a^3)(bx^3+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{440(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
orering	$\frac{x^2(40x^9b^3+165ax^6b^2+264a^2x^3b+220a^3)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{440(bx^3+a)^3}$	67
risch	$\frac{b^3x^{11}\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{11bx^3+11a} + \frac{3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}ab^2x^8}{8(bx^3+a)} + \frac{3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^2bx^5}{5(bx^3+a)} + \frac{a^3x^2\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2bx^3+2a}$	116

input `int(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/440*x^2*(40*b^3*x^9+165*a*b^2*x^6+264*a^2*b*x^3+220*a^3)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a)^3$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{11}b^3x^{11} + \frac{3}{8}ab^2x^8 + \frac{3}{5}a^2bx^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^3x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/11*b^3*x^{11} + 3/8*a*b^2*x^8 + 3/5*a^2*b*x^5 + 1/2*a^3*x^2$

Sympy [F]

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{11}b^3x^{11} + \frac{3}{8}ab^2x^8 + \frac{3}{5}a^2bx^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^3x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/11*b^3*x^{11} + 3/8*a*b^2*x^8 + 3/5*a^2*b*x^5 + 1/2*a^3*x^2$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{11} b^3 x^{11} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{3}{8} ab^2 x^8 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{2} a^3 x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/11*b^3*x^11*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 3/8*a*b^2*x^8*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 3/5*a^2*b*x^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 1/2*a^3*x^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^2(40b^3x^9 + 165ab^2x^6 + 264a^2bx^3 + 220a^3)}{440}$$

input `int(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(x**2*(220*a**3 + 264*a**2*b*x**3 + 165*a*b**2*x**6 + 40*b**3*x**9))/440`

3.31 $\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$

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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	293
Mupad [F(-1)]	293
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	293

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^3x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} + \frac{3a^2bx^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3ab^2x^7\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{7(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^3x^{10}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{10(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
a^3*x*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+3*a^2*b*x^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x^3+4*a)+3*a*b^2*x^7*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x^3+7*a)+b^3*x^10*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(10*b*x^3+10*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(140a^3 + 105a^2bx^3 + 60ab^2x^6 + 14b^3x^9)}}{140(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2), x]
```

output $(x\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}*(140a^3 + 105a^2bx^3 + 60ab^2x^6 + 14b^3x^9))/(140*(a + bx^3))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {1384, 747, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^2x^3 + ab)^3 dx}{b^3(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 747$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^6x^9 + 3ab^5x^6 + 3a^2b^4x^3 + a^3b^3) dx}{b^3(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(a^3b^3x + \frac{3}{4}a^2b^4x^4 + \frac{3}{7}ab^5x^7 + \frac{b^6x^{10}}{10} \right)}{b^3(a + bx^3)}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2), x]$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(a^3*b^3*x + (3*a^2*b^4*x^4)/4 + (3*a*b^5*x^7)/7 + (b^6*x^{10}/10)))/(b^3*(a + b*x^3))$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 747 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x(14x^9b^3+60ax^6b^2+105a^2x^3b+140a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{140(bx^3+a)^3}$	56
default	$\frac{x(14x^9b^3+60ax^6b^2+105a^2x^3b+140a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{140(bx^3+a)^3}$	56
orering	$\frac{x(14x^9b^3+60ax^6b^2+105a^2x^3b+140a^3)(bx^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{140(bx^3+a)^3}$	65
risch	$\frac{b^3x^{10}\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{10bx^3+10a} + \frac{3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}ab^2x^7}{7(bx^3+a)} + \frac{3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^2bx^4}{4(bx^3+a)} + \frac{a^3x\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{bx^3+a}$	113

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/140*x*(14*b^3*x^9+60*a*b^2*x^6+105*a^2*b*x^3+140*a^3)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{10} b^3 x^{10} + \frac{3}{7} ab^2 x^7 + \frac{3}{4} a^2 b x^4 + a^3 x$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/10*b^3*x^10 + 3/7*a*b^2*x^7 + 3/4*a^2*b*x^4 + a^3*x`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**(3/2), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{10} b^3 x^{10} + \frac{3}{7} ab^2 x^7 + \frac{3}{4} a^2 b x^4 + a^3 x$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/10*b^3*x^10 + 3/7*a*b^2*x^7 + 3/4*a^2*b*x^4 + a^3*x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{10} b^3 x^{10} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{3}{7} ab^2 x^7 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{3}{4} a^2 b x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^3 x \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/10*b^3*x^10*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 3/7*a*b^2*x^7*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 3/4*a^2*b*x^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a^3*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x(14b^3x^9 + 60ab^2x^6 + 105a^2bx^3 + 140a^3)}{140}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(x*(140*a**3 + 105*a**2*b*x**3 + 60*a*b**2*x**6 + 14*b**3*x**9))/140`

3.32 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	294
Mathematica [A] (verified)	294
Rubi [A] (verified)	295
Maple [A] (verified)	296
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	297
Sympy [F]	297
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	297
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	298
Mupad [F(-1)]	298
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	299

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3a^2bx^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3ab^2x^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{5(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^3x^8\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{8(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
-a^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x^3+a)+3*a^2*b*x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^3+2*a)+3*a*b^2*x^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x^3+5*a)+b^3*x^8*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(8*b*x^3+8*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(-40a^3 + 60a^2bx^3 + 24ab^2x^6 + 5b^3x^9)}}{40x(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^2,x]
```

output $(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(-40*a^3 + 60*a^2*b*x^3 + 24*a*b^2*x^6 + 5*b^3*x^9))/(40*x*(a + b*x^3))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^3(bx^3+a)^3}{x^2} dx}{b^3(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^2} dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 802 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^3x^7 + 3ab^2x^4 + 3a^2bx + \frac{a^3}{x^2}) dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^3}{x} + \frac{3}{2}a^2bx^2 + \frac{3}{5}ab^2x^5 + \frac{b^3x^8}{8} \right)}{a + bx^3} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^2, x]$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-(a^3/x) + (3*a^2*b*x^2)/2 + (3*a*b^2*x^5)/5 + (b^3*x^8)/8))/(a + b*x^3)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-5x^9b^3 - 24ax^6b^2 - 60a^2x^3b + 40a^3)(bx^3+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{40x(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
default	$-\frac{(-5x^9b^3 - 24ax^6b^2 - 60a^2x^3b + 40a^3)(bx^3+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{40x(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
orering	$-\frac{(-5x^9b^3 - 24ax^6b^2 - 60a^2x^3b + 40a^3)(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{40x(bx^3+a)^3}$	67
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b(\frac{1}{8}b^2x^8 + \frac{3}{5}abx^5 + \frac{3}{2}a^2x^2)}{bx^3+a} - \frac{a^3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{x(bx^3+a)}$	76

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/40*(-5*b^3*x^9-24*a*b^2*x^6-60*a^2*b*x^3+40*a^3)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(3/2)/x/
(b*x^3+a)^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{5b^3x^9 + 24ab^2x^6 + 60a^2bx^3 - 40a^3}{40x}$$

input

```
integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/40*(5*b^3*x^9 + 24*a*b^2*x^6 + 60*a^2*b*x^3 - 40*a^3)/x
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2)/x**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)/x**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{5b^3x^9 + 24ab^2x^6 + 60a^2bx^3 - 40a^3}{40x}$$

input

```
integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output $1/40*(5*b^3*x^9 + 24*a*b^2*x^6 + 60*a^2*b*x^3 - 40*a^3)/x$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{8} b^3 x^8 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{3}{5} ab^2 x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{3}{2} a^2 b x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{x}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/8*b^3*x^8*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + 3/5*a*b^2*x^5*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + 3/2*a^2*b*x^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) - a^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a)/x$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{5b^3x^9 + 24ab^2x^6 + 60a^2bx^3 - 40a^3}{40x}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output `(- 40*a**3 + 60*a**2*b*x**3 + 24*a*b**2*x**6 + 5*b**3*x**9)/(40*x)`

3.33 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	300
Mathematica [A] (verified)	300
Rubi [A] (verified)	301
Maple [A] (verified)	302
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	303
Sympy [F]	303
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	303
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	304
Mupad [F(-1)]	304
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	305

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2x^2(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3a^2bx\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} + \frac{3ab^2x^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^3x^7\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{7(a + bx^3)}$$

output `-1/2*a^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x^3+a)+3*a^2*b*x*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+3*a*b^2*x^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x^3+4*a)+b^3*x^7*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x^3+7*a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(-14a^3 + 84a^2bx^3 + 21ab^2x^6 + 4b^3x^9)}}{28x^2(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(-14*a^3 + 84*a^2*b*x^3 + 21*a*b^2*x^6 + 4*b^3*x^9))}{(28*x^2*(a + b*x^3))}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^3(bx^3+a)^3}{x^3} dx}{b^3(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^3} dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{802} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(b^3x^6 + 3ab^2x^3 + 3a^2b + \frac{a^3}{x^3} \right) dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^3}{2x^2} + 3a^2bx + \frac{3}{4}ab^2x^4 + \frac{b^3x^7}{7} \right)}{a + bx^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^3, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-1/2*a^3/x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x + (3*a*b^2*x^4)/4 + (b^3*x^7)/7))/(a + b*x^3)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-4x^9b^3 - 21ax^6b^2 - 84a^2x^3b + 14a^3)(bx^3+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{28x^2(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
default	$-\frac{(-4x^9b^3 - 21ax^6b^2 - 84a^2x^3b + 14a^3)(bx^3+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{28x^2(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
orering	$-\frac{(-4x^9b^3 - 21ax^6b^2 - 84a^2x^3b + 14a^3)(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{28x^2(bx^3+a)^3}$	67
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b(\frac{1}{7}b^2x^7 + \frac{3}{4}abx^4 + 3xa^2)}{bx^3+a} - \frac{a^3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2x^2(bx^3+a)}$	74

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-1/28*(-4*b^3*x^9-21*a*b^2*x^6-84*a^2*b*x^3+14*a^3)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(3/2)/x^2/(b*x^3+a)^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{4b^3x^9 + 21ab^2x^6 + 84a^2bx^3 - 14a^3}{28x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$1/28*(4*b^3*x^9 + 21*a*b^2*x^6 + 84*a^2*b*x^3 - 14*a^3)/x^2$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2)/x**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)/x**3, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{4b^3x^9 + 21ab^2x^6 + 84a^2bx^3 - 14a^3}{28x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output $1/28*(4*b^3*x^9 + 21*a*b^2*x^6 + 84*a^2*b*x^3 - 14*a^3)/x^2$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{7} b^3 x^7 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{3}{4} ab^2 x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 3a^2 bx \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/7*b^3*x^7*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + 3/4*a*b^2*x^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + 3*a^2*b*x*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) - 1/2*a^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a)/x^2$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{4b^3x^9 + 21ab^2x^6 + 84a^2bx^3 - 14a^3}{28x^2}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output `(- 14*a**3 + 84*a**2*b*x**3 + 21*a*b**2*x**6 + 4*b**3*x**9)/(28*x**2)`

3.34 $\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	306
Mathematica [A] (verified)	306
Rubi [A] (verified)	307
Maple [A] (verified)	308
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	309
Sympy [F]	309
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	309
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	310
Mupad [F(-1)]	310
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	311

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4x^4(a + bx^3)} - \frac{3a^2b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3ab^2x^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^3x^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{5(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
-1/4*a^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(b*x^3+a)-3*a^2*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x^3+a)+3*a*b^2*x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^3+2*a)+b^3*x^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x^3+5*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}(-5a^3 - 60a^2bx^3 + 30ab^2x^6 + 4b^3x^9)}{20x^4(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^5,x]
```

output $(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(-5*a^3 - 60*a^2*b*x^3 + 30*a*b^2*x^6 + 4*b^3*x^9))/(20*x^4*(a + b*x^3))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^3(bx^3+a)^3}{x^5} dx}{b^3(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^5} dx}{a + bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(b^3x^4 + 3ab^2x + \frac{3a^2b}{x^2} + \frac{a^3}{x^5} \right) dx}{a + bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\left(-\frac{a^3}{4x^4} - \frac{3a^2b}{x} + \frac{3}{2}ab^2x^2 + \frac{b^3x^5}{5} \right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^5, x]$

output $((-1/4*a^3/x^4 - (3*a^2*b)/x + (3*a*b^2*x^2)/2 + (b^3*x^5)/5)*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(a + b*x^3)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-4x^9b^3 - 30ax^6b^2 + 60a^2x^3b + 5a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{20x^4(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
default	$-\frac{(-4x^9b^3 - 30ax^6b^2 + 60a^2x^3b + 5a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{20x^4(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
orering	$-\frac{(-4x^9b^3 - 30ax^6b^2 + 60a^2x^3b + 5a^3)(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{20x^4(bx^3+a)^3}$	67
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b^2 (\frac{1}{5}bx^5 + \frac{3}{2}ax^2)}{bx^3+a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} (-3a^2x^3b - \frac{1}{4}a^3)}{(bx^3+a)x^4}$	78

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{-1/20*(-4*b^3*x^9-30*a*b^2*x^6+60*a^2*b*x^3+5*a^3)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(3/2)}/x^4}{(b*x^3+a)^3}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{4b^3x^9 + 30ab^2x^6 - 60a^2bx^3 - 5a^3}{20x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$1/20*(4*b^3*x^9 + 30*a*b^2*x^6 - 60*a^2*b*x^3 - 5*a^3)/x^4$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2)/x**5,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)/x**5, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{4b^3x^9 + 30ab^2x^6 - 60a^2bx^3 - 5a^3}{20x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output $1/20*(4*b^3*x^9 + 30*a*b^2*x^6 - 60*a^2*b*x^3 - 5*a^3)/x^4$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{1}{5} b^3 x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{3}{2} ab^2 x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{12 a^2 b x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{4 x^4}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/5*b^3*x^5*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + 3/2*a*b^2*x^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) - 1/4*(12*a^2*b*x^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + a^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a))/x^4$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^5,x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^5, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{4b^3x^9 + 30ab^2x^6 - 60a^2bx^3 - 5a^3}{20x^4}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x)`

output `(- 5*a**3 - 60*a**2*b*x**3 + 30*a*b**2*x**6 + 4*b**3*x**9)/(20*x**4)`

3.35 $\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	313
Maple [A] (verified)	314
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Sympy [F]	315
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	315
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	316
Mupad [F(-1)]	316
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	317

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{5x^5(a + bx^3)} - \frac{3a^2b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2x^2(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3ab^2x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} + \frac{b^3x^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4(a + bx^3)}$$

output `-1/5*a^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(b*x^3+a)-3/2*a^2*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x^3+a)+3*a*b^2*x*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+b^3*x^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x^3+4*a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(-4a^3 - 30a^2bx^3 + 60ab^2x^6 + 5b^3x^9)}}{20x^5(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^6,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(-4*a^3 - 30*a^2*b*x^3 + 60*a*b^2*x^6 + 5*b^3*x^9))/(20*x^5*(a + b*x^3))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^3(bx^3+a)^3}{x^6} dx}{b^3(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^6} dx}{a + bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a^3}{x^6} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^3} + 3b^2a + b^3x^3 \right) dx}{a + bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\left(-\frac{a^3}{5x^5} - \frac{3a^2b}{2x^2} + 3ab^2x + \frac{b^3x^4}{4} \right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^6, x]$

output $((-1/5*a^3/x^5 - (3*a^2*b)/(2*x^2) + 3*a*b^2*x + (b^3*x^4)/4)*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(a + b*x^3)$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-5x^9b^3 - 60ax^6b^2 + 30a^2x^3b + 4a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{20x^5(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
default	$-\frac{(-5x^9b^3 - 60ax^6b^2 + 30a^2x^3b + 4a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{20x^5(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
orering	$-\frac{(-5x^9b^3 - 60ax^6b^2 + 30a^2x^3b + 4a^3)(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{20x^5(bx^3+a)^3}$	67
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b^2 (\frac{1}{4}bx^4 + 3xa)}{bx^3+a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} (-\frac{3}{2}a^2x^3b - \frac{1}{5}a^3)}{(bx^3+a)x^5}$	76

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{-1/20*(-5*b^3*x^9-60*a*b^2*x^6+30*a^2*b*x^3+4*a^3)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(3/2)}/x^5}{(b*x^3+a)^3}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{5b^3x^9 + 60ab^2x^6 - 30a^2bx^3 - 4a^3}{20x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$1/20*(5*b^3*x^9 + 60*a*b^2*x^6 - 30*a^2*b*x^3 - 4*a^3)/x^5$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2)/x**6,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)/x**6, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{5b^3x^9 + 60ab^2x^6 - 30a^2bx^3 - 4a^3}{20x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output $1/20*(5*b^3*x^9 + 60*a*b^2*x^6 - 30*a^2*b*x^3 - 4*a^3)/x^5$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{1}{4} b^3 x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 3 ab^2 x \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{15 a^2 b x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 2 a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{10 x^5}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/4*b^3*x^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + 3*a*b^2*x*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) - 1/10*(15*a^2*b*x^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + 2*a^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a))/x^5$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^6,x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^6, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{5b^3x^9 + 60ab^2x^6 - 30a^2bx^3 - 4a^3}{20x^5}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x)`

output `(- 4*a**3 - 30*a**2*b*x**3 + 60*a*b**2*x**6 + 5*b**3*x**9)/(20*x**5)`

3.36 $\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	319
Maple [A] (verified)	320
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Sympy [F]	321
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	321
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	322
Mupad [F(-1)]	322
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	323

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{7x^7(a + bx^3)} - \frac{3a^2b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4x^4(a + bx^3)} - \frac{3ab^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^3x^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2(a + bx^3)}$$

output `-1/7*a^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7/(b*x^3+a)-3/4*a^2*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(b*x^3+a)-3*a*b^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x^3+a)+b^3*x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^3+2*a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(4a^3 + 21a^2bx^3 + 84ab^2x^6 - 14b^3x^9)}}{28x^7(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^8,x]`

output

$$-1/28*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(4*a^3 + 21*a^2*b*x^3 + 84*a*b^2*x^6 - 14*b^3*x^9))/(x^7*(a + b*x^3))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^3(bx^3+a)^3}{x^8} dx}{b^3(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^3}{x^8} dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 802 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a^3}{x^8} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^5} + \frac{3b^2a}{x^2} + b^3x \right) dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{\left(-\frac{a^3}{7x^7} - \frac{3a^2b}{4x^4} - \frac{3ab^2}{x} + \frac{b^3x^2}{2} \right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)/x^8,x]$$

output

$$\left(\frac{-1}{7} \frac{a^3}{x^7} - \frac{3a^2b}{4x^4} - \frac{3ab^2}{x} + \frac{b^3x^2}{2} \right) \frac{\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]}{(a + b*x^3)}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-14x^9b^3+84ax^6b^2+21a^2x^3b+4a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{28x^7(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
default	$-\frac{(-14x^9b^3+84ax^6b^2+21a^2x^3b+4a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{28x^7(bx^3+a)^3}$	58
orering	$-\frac{(-14x^9b^3+84ax^6b^2+21a^2x^3b+4a^3)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{28x^7(bx^3+a)^3}$	67
risch	$\frac{b^3x^2\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2bx^3+2a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}(-3ax^6b^2-\frac{3}{4}a^2x^3b-\frac{1}{7}a^3)}{(bx^3+a)x^7}$	78

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-1/28*(-14*b^3*x^9+84*a*b^2*x^6+21*a^2*b*x^3+4*a^3)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(3/2)/x^7/(b*x^3+a)^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{14b^3x^9 - 84ab^2x^6 - 21a^2bx^3 - 4a^3}{28x^7}$$

input

```
integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$1/28*(14*b^3*x^9 - 84*a*b^2*x^6 - 21*a^2*b*x^3 - 4*a^3)/x^7$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2)/x**8,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)/x**8, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{14b^3x^9 - 84ab^2x^6 - 21a^2bx^3 - 4a^3}{28x^7}$$

input

```
integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output $1/28*(14*b^3*x^9 - 84*a*b^2*x^6 - 21*a^2*b*x^3 - 4*a^3)/x^7$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{1}{2} b^3 x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{84 ab^2 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 21 a^2 b x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 4 a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{28 x^7}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/2*b^3*x^2*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) - 1/28*(84*a*b^2*x^6*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + 21*a^2*b*x^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + 4*a^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a))/x^7$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^8,x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^8, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{14b^3x^9 - 84ab^2x^6 - 21a^2bx^3 - 4a^3}{28x^7}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x)`

output `(- 4*a**3 - 21*a**2*b*x**3 - 84*a*b**2*x**6 + 14*b**3*x**9)/(28*x**7)`

3.37 $\int x^{11}(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	324
Mathematica [A] (verified)	324
Rubi [A] (verified)	325
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	327
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	327
Sympy [F]	328
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	328
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	329
Mupad [F(-1)]	329
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	329

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int x^{11}(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{a^3(a + bx^3)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{18b^4} + \frac{a^2(a + bx^3)^6 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{7b^4} - \frac{a(a + bx^3)^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{8b^4} + \frac{(a + bx^3)^8 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{27b^4}$$

output

```
-1/18*a^3*(b*x^3+a)^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4+1/7*a^2*(b*x^3+a)^6*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4-1/8*a*(b*x^3+a)^7*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4+1/27*(b*x^3+a)^8*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int x^{11}(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^{12} \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2 (126a^5 + 504a^4bx^3 + 840a^3b^2x^6 + 720a^2b^3x^9 + 315ab^4x^{12} + 56b^5x^{15})}}{1512(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[x^11*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output $(x^{12}\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}*(126*a^5 + 504*a^4*b*x^3 + 840*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 720*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 315*a*b^4*x^{12} + 56*b^5*x^{15}))/((1512*(a + b*x^3))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{11} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int b^5 x^{11} (bx^3 + a)^5 dx}{b^5 (a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x^{11} (bx^3 + a)^5 dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x^9 (bx^3 + a)^5 dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{(bx^3+a)^8}{b^3} - \frac{3a(bx^3+a)^7}{b^3} + \frac{3a^2(bx^3+a)^6}{b^3} - \frac{a^3(bx^3+a)^5}{b^3} \right) dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^3(a+bx^3)^6}{6b^4} + \frac{3a^2(a+bx^3)^7}{7b^4} + \frac{(a+bx^3)^9}{9b^4} - \frac{3a(a+bx^3)^8}{8b^4} \right)}{3(a + bx^3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^11*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-1/6*(a^3*(a + b*x^3)^6)/b^4 + (3*a^2*(a + b*x^3)^7)/(7*b^4) - (3*a*(a + b*x^3)^8)/(8*b^4) + (a + b*x^3)^9/(9*b^4)))/(3*(a + b*x^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)(bx^3+a)^6(-56x^9b^3+21ax^6b^2-6a^2x^3b+a^3)}{1512b^4}$
gospers	$\frac{x^{12}(56b^5x^{15}+315ab^4x^{12}+720a^2b^3x^9+840a^3b^2x^6+504a^4bx^3+126a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{1512(bx^3+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{x^{12}(56b^5x^{15}+315ab^4x^{12}+720a^2b^3x^9+840a^3b^2x^6+504a^4bx^3+126a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{1512(bx^3+a)^5}$
orering	$\frac{x^{12}(56b^5x^{15}+315ab^4x^{12}+720a^2b^3x^9+840a^3b^2x^6+504a^4bx^3+126a^5)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{1512(bx^3+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}ab^4x^{24}}{24(bx^3+a)} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^5x^{12}}{12bx^3+12a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^4bx^{15}}{3bx^3+3a} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^3b^2x^{18}}{9(bx^3+a)} + \frac{10\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^2b^3x^{21}}{21(bx^3+a)}$

input `int(x^11*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/1512*\operatorname{csgn}(b*x^3+a)*(b*x^3+a)^6*(-56*b^3*x^9+21*a*b^2*x^6-6*a^2*b*x^3+a^3)/b^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int x^{11}(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{27} b^5 x^{27} + \frac{5}{24} ab^4 x^{24} + \frac{10}{21} a^2 b^3 x^{21} + \frac{5}{9} a^3 b^2 x^{18} + \frac{1}{3} a^4 b x^{15} + \frac{1}{12} a^5 x^{12}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/27*b^5*x^{27} + 5/24*a*b^4*x^{24} + 10/21*a^2*b^3*x^{21} + 5/9*a^3*b^2*x^{18} + 1/3*a^4*b*x^{15} + 1/12*a^5*x^{12}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{11} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int x^{11} \left((a + bx^3)^2 \right)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**11*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**11*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{11} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2} x^6}{27b^2} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} a^3 x^3}{18b^3} - \frac{11(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2} a x^3}{216b^3} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} a^4}{18b^4} + \frac{83(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2} a^2}{1512b^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/27*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*x^6/b^2 - 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*a^3*x^3/b^3 - 11/216*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*a*x^3/b^3 - 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*a^4/b^4 + 83/1512*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*a^2/b^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x^{11} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{27} b^5 x^{27} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{24} ab^4 x^{24} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{10}{21} a^2 b^3 x^{21} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{9} a^3 b^2 x^{18} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{3} a^4 b x^{15} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{12} a^5 x^{12} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^11*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/27*b^5*x^27*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/24*a*b^4*x^24*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 10/21*a^2*b^3*x^21*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/9*a^3*b^2*x^18*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 1/3*a^4*b*x^15*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 1/12*a^5*x^12*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{11} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int x^{11} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^11*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^11*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int x^{11} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^{12}(56b^5x^{15} + 315ab^4x^{12} + 720a^2b^3x^9 + 840a^3b^2x^6 + 504a^4bx^3 + 126a^5)}{1512}$$

input `int(x^11*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(x**12*(126*a**5 + 504*a**4*b*x**3 + 840*a**3*b**2*x**6 + 720*a**2*b**3*x**9 + 315*a*b**4*x**12 + 56*b**5*x**15))/1512`

3.38 $\int x^8(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	331
Mathematica [A] (verified)	331
Rubi [A] (verified)	332
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	333
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	334
Sympy [F]	335
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	335
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	335
Mupad [F(-1)]	336
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	336

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int x^8(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^2(a + bx^3)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{18b^3} - \frac{2a(a + bx^3)^6 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{21b^3} + \frac{(a + bx^3)^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{24b^3}$$

output $\frac{1}{18}a^2(bx^3+a)^5((bx^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3-2/21a*(bx^3+a)^6((bx^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3+1/24*(bx^3+a)^7((bx^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^8(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^9 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(56a^5 + 210a^4bx^3 + 336a^3b^2x^6 + 280a^2b^3x^9 + 120ab^4x^{12} + 21b^5x^{15})}}{504(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[x^8*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output

$$(x^9 \sqrt{(a + b x^3)^2} (56 a^5 + 210 a^4 b x^3 + 336 a^3 b^2 x^6 + 280 a^2 b^3 x^9 + 120 a b^4 x^{12} + 21 b^5 x^{15})) / (504 (a + b x^3))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int b^5 x^8 (bx^3 + a)^5 dx}{b^5 (a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x^8 (bx^3 + a)^5 dx}{a + bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x^6 (bx^3 + a)^5 dx^3}{3 (a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{(bx^3+a)^7}{b^2} - \frac{2a(bx^3+a)^6}{b^2} + \frac{a^2(bx^3+a)^5}{b^2} \right) dx^3}{3 (a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{a^2(a+bx^3)^6}{6b^3} + \frac{(a+bx^3)^8}{8b^3} - \frac{2a(a+bx^3)^7}{7b^3} \right)}{3 (a + bx^3)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^8*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}) * ((a^2(a + bx^3)^6)/(6b^3) - (2a(a + bx^3)^7)/(7b^3) + (a + bx^3)^8/(8b^3))}{3(a + bx^3)}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 49

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(m_*)} * ((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + bx)^m * (c + dx)^n, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$$

rule 798

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1) * (a + bx)^p, x}, x, x^n], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$$

rule 1384

$$\text{Int}[(u_*) * ((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^{(n2_*)} + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * (b/2 + cx^n)^{2 * \text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[u * (b/2 + cx^n)^{2p}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4ac, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2n - 1)}])$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\text{csgn}(bx^3+a)(bx^3+a)^6(21b^2x^6-6ax^3b+a^2)}{504b^3}$
gosper	$\frac{x^9(21b^5x^{15}+120ab^4x^{12}+280a^2b^3x^9+336a^3b^2x^6+210a^4bx^3+56a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{504(bx^3+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{x^9(21b^5x^{15}+120ab^4x^{12}+280a^2b^3x^9+336a^3b^2x^6+210a^4bx^3+56a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{504(bx^3+a)^5}$
oring	$\frac{x^9(21b^5x^{15}+120ab^4x^{12}+280a^2b^3x^9+336a^3b^2x^6+210a^4bx^3+56a^5)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{504(bx^3+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^2b^3x^{18}}{9(bx^3+a)} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}ab^4x^{21}}{21(bx^3+a)} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^5x^9}{9bx^3+9a} + \frac{2\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^3b^2x^{15}}{3(bx^3+a)} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^4bx^{12}}{12(bx^3+a)}$

input `int(x^8*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/504*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(b*x^3+a)^6*(21*b^2*x^6-6*a*b*x^3+a^2)/b^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int x^8(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{24} b^5 x^{24} + \frac{5}{21} ab^4 x^{21} + \frac{5}{9} a^2 b^3 x^{18} + \frac{2}{3} a^3 b^2 x^{15} + \frac{5}{12} a^4 b x^{12} + \frac{1}{9} a^5 x^9$$

input `integrate(x^8*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/24*b^5*x^24 + 5/21*a*b^4*x^21 + 5/9*a^2*b^3*x^18 + 2/3*a^3*b^2*x^15 + 5/12*a^4*b*x^12 + 1/9*a^5*x^9`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int x^8 \left((a + bx^3)^2 \right)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**8*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**8*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} a^2 x^3}{18b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2} x^3}{24b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} a^3}{18b^3} - \frac{3(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2} a}{56b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^8*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*a^2*x^3/b^2 + 1/24*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*x^3/b^2 + 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*a^3/b^3 - 3/56*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*a/b^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{24} b^5 x^{24} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{21} ab^4 x^{21} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{9} a^2 b^3 x^{18} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{2}{3} a^3 b^2 x^{15} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{12} a^4 b x^{12} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{9} a^5 x^9 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^8*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*b^5*x^24*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/21*a*b^4*x^21*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/9*a^2*b^3*x^18*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 2/3*a^3*b^2*x^15*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/12*a^4*b*x^12*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 1/9*a^5*x^9*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^8*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^8*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^9(21b^5x^{15} + 120ab^4x^{12} + 280a^2b^3x^9 + 336a^3b^2x^6 + 210a^4bx^3 + 56a^5)}{504}$$

input `int(x^8*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(x**9*(56*a**5 + 210*a**4*b*x**3 + 336*a**3*b**2*x**6 + 280*a**2*b**3*x**9 + 120*a*b**4*x**12 + 21*b**5*x**15))/504`

3.39 $\int x^5(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	337
Mathematica [A] (verified)	337
Rubi [A] (verified)	338
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	339
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	340
Sympy [F]	340
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	341
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	341
Mupad [F(-1)]	342
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	342

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int x^5(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{a(a + bx^3)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{18b^2} + \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{7/2}}{21b^2}$$

output

```
-1/18*a*(b*x^3+a)^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2+1/21*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(7/2)/b^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^5(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^6 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(21a^5 + 70a^4bx^3 + 105a^3b^2x^6 + 84a^2b^3x^9 + 35ab^4x^{12} + 6b^5x^{15})}}{126(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$(x^6 \sqrt{(a + b x^3)^2} (21 a^5 + 70 a^4 b x^3 + 105 a^3 b^2 x^6 + 84 a^2 b^3 x^9 + 35 a b^4 x^{12} + 6 b^5 x^{15})) / (126 (a + b x^3))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1693, 1100, 1079, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int x^3 (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1100$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{7/2}}{7b^2} - \frac{a \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} dx^3}{b} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1079$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{7/2}}{7b^2} - \frac{a \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^2x^3 + ab)^5 dx^3}{b^6 (a + bx^3)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 17$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{7/2}}{7b^2} - \frac{a (a + bx^3)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6b^2} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^5 (a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6)^{(5/2)}, x]$$

output

$$(-1/6 (a (a + b x^3)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6}) / b^2 + (a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6)^{(7/2)} / (7 b^2)) / 3$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 17 $\text{Int}[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{\wedge}(m_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*((a + b*x)^{\wedge}(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 1079 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{\wedge}(p_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\wedge}\text{FracPart}[p]/(c^{\wedge}\text{IntPart}[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^{\wedge}(2*\text{FracPart}[p])) \ \text{Int}[(b/2 + c*x)^{\wedge}(2*p), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1100 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{\wedge}(p_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\wedge}(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\wedge}p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1693 $\text{Int}[(x_.)^{\wedge}(m_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^{\wedge}(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{\wedge}(n_.)^{\wedge}(p_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{\wedge}(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\wedge}p, x], x, x^{\wedge}n], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\text{csgn}(bx^3+a)(bx^3+a)^6(-6bx^3+a)}{126b^2}$
gospers	$\frac{x^6(6b^5x^{15}+35ab^4x^{12}+84a^2b^3x^9+105a^3b^2x^6+70a^4bx^3+21a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{126(bx^3+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{x^6(6b^5x^{15}+35ab^4x^{12}+84a^2b^3x^9+105a^3b^2x^6+70a^4bx^3+21a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{126(bx^3+a)^5}$
orering	$\frac{x^6(6b^5x^{15}+35ab^4x^{12}+84a^2b^3x^9+105a^3b^2x^6+70a^4bx^3+21a^5)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{126(bx^3+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^5x^6}{6bx^3+6a} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^4bx^9}{9(bx^3+a)} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^3b^2x^{12}}{6(bx^3+a)} + \frac{2\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^2b^3x^{15}}{3(bx^3+a)} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}ab^4x^{18}}{18(bx^3+a)}$

input `int(x^5*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/126*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(b*x^3+a)^6*(-6*b*x^3+a)/b^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{21} b^5 x^{21} + \frac{5}{18} ab^4 x^{18} + \frac{2}{3} a^2 b^3 x^{15} + \frac{5}{6} a^3 b^2 x^{12} + \frac{5}{9} a^4 b x^9 + \frac{1}{6} a^5 x^6$$

input `integrate(x^5*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/21*b^5*x^21 + 5/18*a*b^4*x^18 + 2/3*a^2*b^3*x^15 + 5/6*a^3*b^2*x^12 + 5/9*a^4*b*x^9 + 1/6*a^5*x^6`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int x^5 \left((a + bx^3)^2 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} ax^3}{18b} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} a^2}{18b^2} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}}{21b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*a*x^3/b - 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*a^2/b^2 + 1/21*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)/b^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{126} (6b^5x^{21} + 35ab^4x^{18} + 84a^2b^3x^{15} + 105a^3b^2x^{12} + 70a^4bx^9 + 21a^5x^6) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^5*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/126*(6*b^5*x^21 + 35*a*b^4*x^18 + 84*a^2*b^3*x^15 + 105*a^3*b^2*x^12 + 70*a^4*b*x^9 + 21*a^5*x^6)*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`output `int(x^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^6(6b^5x^{15} + 35ab^4x^{12} + 84a^2b^3x^9 + 105a^3b^2x^6 + 70a^4bx^3 + 21a^5)}{126}$$

input `int(x^5*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2), x)`output `(x**6*(21*a**5 + 70*a**4*b*x**3 + 105*a**3*b**2*x**6 + 84*a**2*b**3*x**9 + 35*a*b**4*x**12 + 6*b**5*x**15))/126`

3.40 $\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	343
Mathematica [B] (verified)	343
Rubi [A] (verified)	344
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	345
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	346
Sympy [F]	346
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	346
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	347
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	347
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	348

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{18b}$$

output `1/18*(b*x^3+a)^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/b`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs. 2(38) = 76.

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^3 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2 (6a^5 + 15a^4bx^3 + 20a^3b^2x^6 + 15a^2b^3x^9 + 6ab^4x^{12} + b^5x^{15})}}{18(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(x^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(6*a^5 + 15*a^4*b*x^3 + 20*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 15*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 6*a*b^4*x^12 + b^5*x^15))/(18*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$, Rules used = {1690, 1079, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1690$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1079$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^2x^3 + ab)^5 dx^3}{3b^5 (a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 17$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{18b}$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^3)^5*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(18*b)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 17 $\text{Int}[(c_.)((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*((a + b*x)^{(m + 1})/(b*(m + 1))), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 1079 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \ \text{Int}[(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1690 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (c_.)(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m - n + 1], 0]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\text{csgn}(bx^3+a)(bx^3+a)^6}{18b}$	23
default	$\frac{\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx^3+a)}{18b}$	24
risch	$\frac{(bx^3+a)^5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{18b}$	26
gospers	$\frac{x^3(b^5x^{15}+6ab^4x^{12}+15a^2b^3x^9+20a^3b^2x^6+15a^4bx^3+6a^5)\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{18(bx^3+a)^5}$	79
orering	$\frac{x^3(b^5x^{15}+6ab^4x^{12}+15a^2b^3x^9+20a^3b^2x^6+15a^4bx^3+6a^5)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{18(bx^3+a)^5}$	88

input `int(x^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/18*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(b*x^3+a)^6/b`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 57 vs. $2(25) = 50$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{18} b^5 x^{18} + \frac{1}{3} ab^4 x^{15} + \frac{5}{6} a^2 b^3 x^{12} + \frac{10}{9} a^3 b^2 x^9 + \frac{5}{6} a^4 b x^6 + \frac{1}{3} a^5 x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/18*b^5*x^18 + 1/3*a*b^4*x^15 + 5/6*a^2*b^3*x^12 + 10/9*a^3*b^2*x^9 + 5/6*a^4*b*x^6 + 1/3*a^5*x^3`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int x^2((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 52 vs. $2(25) = 50$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{18} (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} x^3 + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} a}{18b}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{1}{18}(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}x^3 + \frac{1}{18}(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}a/b$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 66 vs. $2(25) = 50$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{18} \left(3(bx^6 + 2ax^3)a^4 + 3(bx^6 + 2ax^3)^2a^2b + (bx^6 + 2ax^3)^3b^2 \right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{18}(3*(bx^6 + 2ax^3)*a^4 + 3*(bx^6 + 2ax^3)^2*a^2*b + (bx^6 + 2ax^3)^3*b^2)*\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 22.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{(b^2x^3 + ab)(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{18b^2}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2),x)
```

output

$$((a*b + b^2*x^3)*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2))/(18*b^2)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^3(b^5x^{15} + 6ab^4x^{12} + 15a^2b^3x^9 + 20a^3b^2x^6 + 15a^4bx^3 + 6a^5)}{18}$$

input `int(x^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x)`output `(x**3*(6*a**5 + 15*a**4*b*x**3 + 20*a**3*b**2*x**6 + 15*a**2*b**3*x**9 + 6*a*b**4*x**12 + b**5*x**15))/18`

3.41
$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	349
Mathematica [A] (verified)	350
Rubi [A] (verified)	350
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	352
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	352
Sympy [F]	353
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	353
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	354
Mupad [F(-1)]	354
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	355

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 251

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x} dx &= \frac{5a^4bx^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3(a + bx^3)} \\ &+ \frac{5a^3b^2x^6\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3(a + bx^3)} + \frac{10a^2b^3x^9\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9(a + bx^3)} \\ &+ \frac{5ab^4x^{12}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{12(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^5x^{15}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{15(a + bx^3)} \\ &+ \frac{a^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \log(x)}{a + bx^3} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
5*a^4*b*x^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x^3+3*a)+5*a^3*b^2*x^6*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x^3+3*a)+10*a^2*b^3*x^9*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x^3+9*a)+5*a*b^4*x^12*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(12*b*x^3+12*a)+b^5*x^15*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(15*b*x^3+15*a)+a^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x^3+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}(bx^3(300a^4 + 300a^3bx^3 + 200a^2b^2x^6 + 75ab^3x^9 + 12b^4x^{12}) + 180(a + bx^3))}{180(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(b*x^3*(300*a^4 + 300*a^3*b*x^3 + 200*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 75*a*b^3*x^9 + 12*b^4*x^12) + 180*a^5*Log[x]))/(180*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^5(bx^3+a)^5}{x} dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x} dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^3} dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(b^5x^{12} + 5ab^4x^9 + 10a^2b^3x^6 + 10a^3b^2x^3 + 5a^4b + \frac{a^5}{x^3} \right) dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(a^5 \log(x^3) + 5a^4bx^3 + 5a^3b^2x^6 + \frac{10}{3}a^2b^3x^9 + \frac{5}{4}ab^4x^{12} + \frac{b^5x^{15}}{5} \right)}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(5*a^4*b*x^3 + 5*a^3*b^2*x^6 + (10*a^2*b^3*x^9)/3 + (5*a*b^4*x^12)/4 + (b^5*x^15)/5 + a^5*Log[x^3]))/(3*(a + b*x^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a) \left(\frac{b^5 x^{15}}{5} + \frac{5ab^4 x^{12}}{4} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^9}{3} + 5a^3 b^2 x^6 + 5a^4 b x^3 + a^5 \ln(bx^3) + \frac{137a^5}{60} \right)}{3}$	75
default	$\frac{\left((bx^3+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} (12b^5 x^{15} + 75a b^4 x^{12} + 200a^2 b^3 x^9 + 300a^3 b^2 x^6 + 300a^4 b x^3 + 180a^5 \ln(x))}{180(bx^3+a)^5}$	79
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b \left(\frac{1}{15} b^4 x^{15} + \frac{5}{12} b^3 a x^{12} + \frac{10}{9} a^2 b^2 x^9 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b x^6 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 x^3 \right)}{bx^3+a} + \frac{a^5 \sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \ln(x)}{bx^3+a}$	96

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(1/5*b^5*x^15+5/4*a*b^4*x^12+10/3*a^2*b^3*x^9+5*a^3*b^2*x^6+5*a^4*b*x^3+a^5*ln(b*x^3)+137/60*a^5)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{15} b^5 x^{15} + \frac{5}{12} ab^4 x^{12} + \frac{10}{9} a^2 b^3 x^9 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^2 x^6 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b x^3 + a^5 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*b^5*x^15 + 5/12*a*b^4*x^12 + 10/9*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 5/3*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 5/3*a^4*b*x^3 + a^5*log(x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)/x, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x} dx &= \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} a^3 bx^3 \\ &+ \frac{1}{3} (-1)^{2b^2x^3+2ab} a^5 \log(2b^2x^3 + 2ab) - \frac{1}{3} (-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} a^5 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{12} (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2} abx^3 + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} a^4 \\ &+ \frac{7}{36} (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2} a^2 + \frac{1}{15} (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^3*b*x^3 + 1/3*(-1)^(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b)*a^5*log(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b) - 1/3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*a^5*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x))) + 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*a*b*x^3 + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^4 + 7/36*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*a^2 + 1/15*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{15} b^5 x^{15} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{12} ab^4 x^{12} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{10}{9} a^2 b^3 x^9 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^2 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^5 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/15*b^5*x^15*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/12*a*b^4*x^12*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 10/9*a^2*b^3*x^9*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/3*a^3*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/3*a^4*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a^5*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x,x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \log(x) a^5 + \frac{5a^4 b x^3}{3} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^6}{3} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^9}{9} + \frac{5a b^4 x^{12}}{12} + \frac{b^5 x^{15}}{15}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x,x)`

output `(180*log(x)*a**5 + 300*a**4*b*x**3 + 300*a**3*b**2*x**6 + 200*a**2*b**3*x**9 + 75*a*b**4*x**12 + 12*b**5*x**15)/180`

3.42
$$\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	356
Mathematica [A] (verified)	357
Rubi [A] (verified)	357
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	359
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	359
Sympy [F]	360
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	360
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	361
Mupad [F(-1)]	361
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	362

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 252

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = & -\frac{a^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^3 (a + bx^3)} \\ & + \frac{10a^3b^2x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3(a + bx^3)} + \frac{5a^2b^3x^6 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3(a + bx^3)} \\ & + \frac{5ab^4x^9 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^5x^{12} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{12(a + bx^3)} \\ & + \frac{5a^4b \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \log(x)}{a + bx^3} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/3*a^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x^3+a)+10*a^3*b^2*x^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x^3+3*a)+5*a^2*b^3*x^6*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x^3+3*a)+5*a*b^4*x^9*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x^3+9*a)+b^5*x^12*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(12*b*x^3+12*a)+5*a^4*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x^3+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}(-12a^5 + 120a^3b^2x^6 + 60a^2b^3x^9 + 20ab^4x^{12} + 3b^5x^{15} + 180a^4)}{36x^3(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^4,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(-12*a^5 + 120*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 60*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 20*a*b^4*x^12 + 3*b^5*x^15 + 180*a^4*b*x^3*Log[x]))/(36*x^3*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^5(bx^3+a)^5}{x^4} dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^4} dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^6} dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 49 \\ \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(b^5x^9 + 5ab^4x^6 + 10a^2b^3x^3 + 10a^3b^2 + \frac{5a^4b}{x^3} + \frac{a^5}{x^6} \right) dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^5}{x^3} + 5a^4b \log(x^3) + 10a^3b^2x^3 + 5a^2b^3x^6 + \frac{5}{3}ab^4x^9 + \frac{b^5x^{12}}{4} \right)}{3(a + bx^3)} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^4,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-(a^5/x^3) + 10*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 5*a^2*b^3*x^6 + (5*a*b^4*x^9)/3 + (b^5*x^12)/4 + 5*a^4*b*Log[x^3]))/(3*(a + b*x^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c*IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a) \left(-\frac{b^5 x^{15}}{4} - \frac{5ab^4 x^{12}}{3} - 5a^2 b^3 x^9 - 10a^3 b^2 x^6 - 5 \ln(bx^3) a^4 b x^3 - \frac{77a^4 b x^3}{12} + a^5 \right)}{3x^3}$	81
default	$\frac{\left((bx^3+a)^2 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} (3b^5 x^{15} + 20ab^4 x^{12} + 60a^2 b^3 x^9 + 120a^3 b^2 x^6 + 180a^4 b \ln(x) x^3 - 12a^5)}{36(bx^3+a)^5 x^3}$	82
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b^2 \left(\frac{1}{12} b^3 x^{12} + \frac{5}{9} a b^2 x^9 + \frac{5}{3} a^2 b x^6 + \frac{10}{3} a^3 x^3 \right)}{bx^3+a} - \frac{a^5 \sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{3x^3(bx^3+a)} + \frac{5a^4 b \sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \ln(x)}{bx^3+a}$	117

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(-1/4*b^5*x^15-5/3*a*b^4*x^12-5*a^2*b^3*x^9-10*a^3*b^2*x^6-5*ln(b*x^3)*a^4*b*x^3-77/12*a^4*b*x^3+a^5)/x^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{3b^5x^{15} + 20ab^4x^{12} + 60a^2b^3x^9 + 120a^3b^2x^6 + 180a^4bx^3 \log(x) - 12a^5}{36x^3}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/36*(3*b^5*x^15 + 20*a*b^4*x^12 + 60*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 120*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 180*a^4*b*x^3*log(x) - 12*a^5)/x^3`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)/x**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx &= \frac{5}{6} \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} a^2 b^2 x^3 \\ &+ \frac{5}{3} (-1)^{2b^2x^3+2ab} a^4 b \log(2b^2x^3 + 2ab) \\ &- \frac{5}{3} (-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} a^4 b \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right) \\ &+ \frac{5}{12} (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2} b^2x^3 + \frac{5}{2} \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} a^3 b \\ &+ \frac{35}{36} (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2} ab - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}}{3x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `5/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^2*b^2*x^3 + 5/3*(-1)^(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b)*a^4*b*log(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b) - 5/3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*a^4*b*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x))) + 5/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^2*x^3 + 5/2*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^3*b + 35/36*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*a*b - 1/3*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)/x^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{12} b^5 x^{12} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{9} ab^4 x^9 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{3} a^2 b^3 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{10}{3} a^3 b^2 x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 5a^4 b \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{5a^4 bx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*b^5*x^12*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/9*a*b^4*x^9*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/3*a^2*b^3*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 10/3*a^3*b^2*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5*a^4*b*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x^3 + a) - 1/3*(5*a^4*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^3`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^4,x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^4, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{180 \log(x) a^4 b x^3 - 12a^5 + 120a^3 b^2 x^6 + 60a^2 b^3 x^9 + 20a b^4 x^{12} + 3b^5 x^{15}}{36x^3}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x)`

output `(180*log(x)*a**4*b*x**3 - 12*a**5 + 120*a**3*b**2*x**6 + 60*a**2*b**3*x**9 + 20*a*b**4*x**12 + 3*b**5*x**15)/(36*x**3)`

3.43 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 252

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6x^6 (a + bx^3)} - \frac{5a^4 b \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^3 (a + bx^3)} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3(a + bx^3)} + \frac{5ab^4 x^6 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^5 x^9 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9(a + bx^3)} + \frac{10a^3 b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \log(x)}{a + bx^3}$$

output

```
-1/6*a^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6/(b*x^3+a)-5/3*a^4*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x^3+a)+10*a^2*b^3*x^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x^3+3*a)+5*a*b^4*x^6*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(6*b*x^3+6*a)+b^5*x^9*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(9*b*x^3+9*a)+10*a^3*b^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x^3+a)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}(-3a^5 - 30a^4bx^3 + 60a^2b^3x^9 + 15ab^4x^{12} + 2b^5x^{15} + 180a^3b^2x^{12})}{18x^6(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^7,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(-3*a^5 - 30*a^4*b*x^3 + 60*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 15*a*b^4*x^12 + 2*b^5*x^15 + 180*a^3*b^2*x^6*Log[x]))/(18*x^6*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^5(bx^3+a)^5}{x^7} dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^7} dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^9} dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 49 \\ \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^5x^6 + 5ab^4x^3 + 10a^2b^3 + \frac{10a^3b^2}{x^3} + \frac{5a^4b}{x^6} + \frac{a^5}{x^9}) dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^5}{2x^6} - \frac{5a^4b}{x^3} + 10a^3b^2 \log(x^3) + 10a^2b^3x^3 + \frac{5}{2}ab^4x^6 + \frac{b^5x^9}{3} \right)}{3(a + bx^3)} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^7,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-1/2*a^5/x^6 - (5*a^4*b)/x^3 + 10*a^2*b^3*x^3 + (5*a*b^4*x^6)/2 + (b^5*x^9)/3 + 10*a^3*b^2*Log[x^3]))/(3*(a + b*x^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_))^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}(2b^5x^{15}+15ab^4x^{12}+60a^2b^3x^9+180a^3b^2\ln(x)x^6-30a^4bx^3-3a^5)}{18(bx^3+a)^5x^6}$	82
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)\left(-\frac{2b^5x^{15}}{3}-5ab^4x^{12}-20a^2b^3x^9-20\ln(bx^3)a^3b^2x^6-\frac{47a^3b^2x^6}{3}+10a^4bx^3+a^5\right)}{6x^6}$	83
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2b^3\left(\frac{1}{9}b^2x^9+\frac{5}{6}abx^6+\frac{10}{3}a^2x^3\right)}}{bx^3+a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2\left(-\frac{5}{3}a^4bx^3-\frac{1}{6}a^5\right)}}{(bx^3+a)x^6} + \frac{10a^3b^2\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2\ln(x)}}{bx^3+a}$	119

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{18} \frac{\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}(2b^5x^{15}+15ab^4x^{12}+60a^2b^3x^9+180a^3b^2\ln(x)x^6-30a^4bx^3-3a^5)}{x^6}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{2b^5x^{15} + 15ab^4x^{12} + 60a^2b^3x^9 + 180a^3b^2x^6 \log(x) - 30a^4bx^3 - 3a^5}{18x^6}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{18} \frac{(2b^5x^{15} + 15ab^4x^{12} + 60a^2b^3x^9 + 180a^3b^2x^6 \log(x) - 30a^4bx^3 - 3a^5)}{x^6}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2)/x**7,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)/x**7, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx &= \frac{5}{3} \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} ab^3x^3 \\ &+ \frac{10}{3} (-1)^{2b^2x^3+2ab} a^3b^2 \log(2b^2x^3 + 2ab) \\ &- \frac{10}{3} (-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} a^3b^2 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right) + \frac{5(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2} b^3x^3}{6a} \\ &+ 5\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} a^2b^2 + \frac{35}{18} (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2} b^2 \\ &+ \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} b^2}{6a^2} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} b}{2ax^3} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}}{6a^2x^6} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `5/3*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a*b^3*x^3 + 10/3*(-1)^(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b)*a^3*b^2*log(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b) - 10/3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*a^3*b^2*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x))) + 5/6*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^3*x^3/a + 5*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^2*b^2 + 35/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^2 + 1/6*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^2/a^2 - 1/2*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b/(a*x^3) - 1/6*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)/(a^2*x^6)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{1}{9} b^5 x^9 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{6} ab^4 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{10}{3} a^2 b^3 x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 10 a^3 b^2 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{30 a^3 b^2 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 10 a^4 b x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{6 x^6}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/9*b^5*x^9*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/6*a*b^4*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 10/3*a^2*b^3*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 10*a^3*b^2*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x^3 + a) - 1/6*(30*a^3*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 10*a^4*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^6`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^7,x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^7, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{180 \log(x) a^3 b^2 x^6 - 3a^5 - 30a^4 b x^3 + 60a^2 b^3 x^9 + 15a b^4 x^{12} + 2b^5 x^{15}}{18x^6}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x)`

output `(180*log(x)*a**3*b**2*x**6 - 3*a**5 - 30*a**4*b*x**3 + 60*a**2*b**3*x**9 + 15*a*b**4*x**12 + 2*b**5*x**15)/(18*x**6)`

3.44 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	371
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Mupad [F(-1)]	375
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	376

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 252

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9x^9(a + bx^3)} - \frac{5a^4b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6x^6(a + bx^3)} - \frac{10a^3b^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^3(a + bx^3)} + \frac{5ab^4x^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^5x^6\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6(a + bx^3)} + \frac{10a^2b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \log(x)}{a + bx^3}$$

output

```
-1/9*a^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^9/(b*x^3+a)-5/6*a^4*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6/(b*x^3+a)-10/3*a^3*b^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x^3+a)+5*a*b^4*x^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x^3+3*a)+b^5*x^6*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(6*b*x^3+6*a)+10*a^2*b^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x^3+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}(-2a^5 - 15a^4bx^3 - 60a^3b^2x^6 + 30ab^4x^{12} + 3b^5x^{15} + 180a^2b^3x^9)}{18x^9(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^10,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(-2*a^5 - 15*a^4*b*x^3 - 60*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 30*a*b^4*x^12 + 3*b^5*x^15 + 180*a^2*b^3*x^9*Log[x]))/(18*x^9*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^5(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{10}} dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{10}} dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{12}} dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 49 \\ \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a^5}{x^{12}} + \frac{5ba^4}{x^9} + \frac{10b^2a^3}{x^6} + \frac{10b^3a^2}{x^3} + 5b^4a + b^5x^3 \right) dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^5}{3x^9} - \frac{5a^4b}{2x^6} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{x^3} + 10a^2b^3 \log(x^3) + 5ab^4x^3 + \frac{b^5x^6}{2} \right)}{3(a + bx^3)} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^10,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-1/3*a^5/x^9 - (5*a^4*b)/(2*x^6) - (10*a^3*b^2)/x^3 + 5*a*b^4*x^3 + (b^5*x^6)/2 + 10*a^2*b^3*Log[x^3]))/(3*(a + b*x^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}(3b^5x^{15}+30ab^4x^{12}+180a^2b^3\ln(x)x^9-60a^3b^2x^6-15a^4bx^3-2a^5)}{18(bx^3+a)^5x^9}$	82
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)\left(-\frac{3b^5x^{15}}{2}-15ab^4x^{12}-30\ln(bx^3)a^2b^3x^9-\frac{27a^2b^3x^9}{2}+30a^3b^2x^6+\frac{15a^4bx^3}{2}+a^5\right)}{9x^9}$	83
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2b^3(bx^3+5a)^2}}{6bx^3+6a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\left(-\frac{10}{3}a^3b^2x^6-\frac{5}{6}a^4bx^3-\frac{1}{9}a^5\right)}{(bx^3+a)x^9} + \frac{10a^2b^3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\ln(x)}{bx^3+a}$	118

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{18} \cdot \frac{(bx^3+a)^2)^{5/2} \cdot (3b^5x^{15} + 30ab^4x^{12} + 180a^2b^3 \ln(x)x^9 - 60a^3b^2x^6 - 15a^4bx^3 - 2a^5)}{x^9}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{3b^5x^{15} + 30ab^4x^{12} + 180a^2b^3x^9 \log(x) - 60a^3b^2x^6 - 15a^4bx^3 - 2a^5}{18x^9}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{18} \cdot \frac{(3b^5x^{15} + 30ab^4x^{12} + 180a^2b^3x^9 \log(x) - 60a^3b^2x^6 - 15a^4bx^3 - 2a^5)}{x^9}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2)/x**10,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)/x**10, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx &= \frac{5}{3} \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} b^4 x^3 \\ &+ \frac{10}{3} (-1)^{2b^2x^3+2ab} a^2 b^3 \log(2b^2x^3 + 2ab) \\ &- \frac{10}{3} (-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} a^2 b^3 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right) + \frac{5(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2} b^4 x^3}{6a^2} \\ &+ 5\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} ab^3 + \frac{35(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2} b^3}{18a} \\ &+ \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} b^3}{18a^3} - \frac{11(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} b^2}{18a^2x^3} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2} b}{18a^3x^6} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}}{9a^2x^9} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
5/3*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^4*x^3 + 10/3*(-1)^(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b)
)*a^2*b^3*log(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b) - 10/3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*a^2*b^3*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x))) + 5/6*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^4*x^3/a^2 + 5*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a*b^3 + 35/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^3/a + 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^3/a^3 - 11/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^2/(a^2*x^3) - 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b/(a^3*x^6) - 1/9*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)/(a^2*x^9)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{1}{6} b^5 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{3} ab^4 x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 10 a^2 b^3 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{110 a^2 b^3 x^9 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 60 a^3 b^2 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 15 a^4 b x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 2 a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{18 x^9}$$

input

```
integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*b^5*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/3*a*b^4*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 10*a^2*b^3*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x^3 + a) - 1/18*(110*a^2*b^3*x^9*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 60*a^3*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 15*a^4*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 2*a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^9
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input

```
int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^10,x)
```

output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^10, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{180 \log(x) a^2 b^3 x^9 - 2a^5 - 15a^4 b x^3 - 60a^3 b^2 x^6 + 30a b^4 x^{12} + 3b^5 x^{15}}{18x^9}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x)`

output `(180*log(x)*a**2*b**3*x**9 - 2*a**5 - 15*a**4*b*x**3 - 60*a**3*b**2*x**6 + 30*a*b**4*x**12 + 3*b**5*x**15)/(18*x**9)`

3.45 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	378
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	380
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	380
Sympy [F]	381
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	381
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	382
Mupad [F(-1)]	382
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	383

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 252

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{a^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{12x^{12}(a + bx^3)} - \frac{5a^4b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9x^9(a + bx^3)} - \frac{5a^3b^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^6(a + bx^3)} - \frac{10a^2b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^3(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^5x^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3(a + bx^3)} + \frac{5ab^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \log(x)}{a + bx^3}$$

output

```
-1/12*a^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^12/(b*x^3+a)-5/9*a^4*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^9/(b*x^3+a)-5/3*a^3*b^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6/(b*x^3+a)-10/3*a^2*b^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x^3+a)+b^5*x^3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(3*b*x^3+3*a)+5*a*b^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x^3+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(3a^5 + 20a^4bx^3 + 60a^3b^2x^6 + 120a^2b^3x^9 - 12b^5x^{15} - 180ab^4x^{12} \log(x))}}{36x^{12}(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^13,x]
```

output

```
-1/36*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(3*a^5 + 20*a^4*b*x^3 + 60*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 120*a^2*b^3*x^9 - 12*b^5*x^15 - 180*a*b^4*x^12*Log[x]))/(x^12*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^5(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{13}} dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{13}} dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{15}} dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

↓ 49

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a^5}{x^{15}} + \frac{5ba^4}{x^{12}} + \frac{10b^2a^3}{x^9} + \frac{10b^3a^2}{x^6} + \frac{5b^4a}{x^3} + b^5 \right) dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^5}{4x^{12}} - \frac{5a^4b}{3x^9} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{x^6} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{x^3} + 5ab^4 \log(x^3) + b^5x^3 \right)}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^13,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-1/4*a^5/x^12 - (5*a^4*b)/(3*x^9) - (5*a^3*b^2)/x^6 - (10*a^2*b^3)/x^3 + b^5*x^3 + 5*a*b^4*Log[x^3]))/(3*(a + b*x^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_))}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)(-4b^5x^{15}-20\ln(bx^3)ab^4x^{12}-4ab^4x^{12}+40a^2b^3x^9+20a^3b^2x^6+\frac{20a^4bx^3}{3}+a^5)}{12x^{12}}$	81
default	$\frac{\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}(12b^5x^{15}+180ab^4\ln(x)x^{12}-120a^2b^3x^9-60a^3b^2x^6-20a^4bx^3-3a^5)}{36(bx^3+a)^5x^{12}}$	82
risch	$\frac{b^5x^3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{3bx^3+3a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\left(-\frac{10}{3}a^2b^3x^9-\frac{5}{3}a^3b^2x^6-\frac{5}{9}a^4bx^3-\frac{1}{12}a^5\right)}{(bx^3+a)x^{12}} + \frac{5ab^4\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\ln(x)}{bx^3+a}$	119

input

```
int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^13,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/12*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(-4*b^5*x^15-20*ln(b*x^3)*a*b^4*x^12-4*a*b^4*x^12+40*a
^2*b^3*x^9+20*a^3*b^2*x^6+20/3*a^4*b*x^3+a^5)/x^12
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{12b^5x^{15} + 180ab^4x^{12}\log(x) - 120a^2b^3x^9 - 60a^3b^2x^6 - 20a^4bx^3 - 3a^5}{36x^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output $1/36*(12*b^5*x^{15} + 180*a*b^4*x^{12}*\log(x) - 120*a^2*b^3*x^9 - 60*a^3*b^2*x^6 - 20*a^4*b*x^3 - 3*a^5)/x^{12}$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2)/x**13,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)/x**13, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx &= \frac{5\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}b^5x^3}{6a} \\ &+ \frac{5}{3}(-1)^{2b^2x^3+2ab}ab^4\log(2b^2x^3 + 2ab) \\ &- \frac{5}{3}(-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2}ab^4\log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right) + \frac{5(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}b^5x^3}{12a^3} \\ &+ \frac{5}{2}\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}b^4 + \frac{35(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}b^4}{36a^2} \\ &+ \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}b^4}{9a^4} - \frac{2(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}b^3}{9a^3x^3} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b^2}{9a^4x^6} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b}{36a^3x^9} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}}{12a^2x^{12}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 5/6*\sqrt{b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2}*b^5*x^3/a + 5/3*(-1)^(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b)*a*b^4*\log(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b) - 5/3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*a*b^4*\log(2 \\ & *a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x))) + 5/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^5*x^3/a^3 + 5/2*\sqrt{b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2}*b^4 + 35/36*(b^2*x^6 \\ & + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^4/a^2 + 1/9*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^4/a^4 - 2/9*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^3/(a^3*x^3) - 1/9*(b^2*x^ \\ & 6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b^2/(a^4*x^6) + 1/36*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b/(a^3*x^9) - 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)/(a^2*x^12) \end{aligned}$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{1}{3} b^5 x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 5 ab^4 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{125 ab^4 x^{12} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 120 a^2 b^3 x^9 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 60 a^3 b^2 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 20 a^4 b x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 3 a^5}{36 x^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1/3*b^5*x^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + 5*a*b^4*\log(\operatorname{abs}(x))*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) - 1/36*(125*a*b^4*x^{12}*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + 120*a^2*b^3*x^9*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + 60*a^3*b^2*x^6*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + 20*a^4*b*x^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + 3*a^5*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a))/x^{12}}$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx$$

input

```
int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^13,x)
```

output

```
int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^13, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{180 \log(x) a b^4 x^{12} - 3a^5 - 20a^4 b x^3 - 60a^3 b^2 x^6 - 120a^2 b^3 x^9 + 12b^5 x^{15}}{36x^{12}}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^13,x)`output `(180*log(x)*a*b**4*x**12 - 3*a**5 - 20*a**4*b*x**3 - 60*a**3*b**2*x**6 - 120*a**2*b**3*x**9 + 12*b**5*x**15)/(36*x**12)`

3.46 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{16}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 251

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{16}} dx =$$

$$\frac{a^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{15x^{15} (a + bx^3)} - \frac{5a^4 b \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{12x^{12} (a + bx^3)}$$

$$- \frac{10a^3 b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9x^9 (a + bx^3)} - \frac{5a^2 b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^6 (a + bx^3)}$$

$$- \frac{5ab^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^3 (a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \log(x)}{a + bx^3}$$

output

```
-1/15*a^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^15/(b*x^3+a)-5/12*a^4*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
)/x^12/(b*x^3+a)-10/9*a^3*b^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^9/(b*x^3+a)-5/3*a^2*b^
3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^6/(b*x^3+a)-5/3*a*b^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(b*x
^3+a)+b^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)*ln(x)/(b*x^3+a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{1}{360} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}(12a^4 + 63a^3bx^3 + 137a^2b^2x^6 + 163ab^3x^9 + 137b^4x^{12})}{x^{15}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{\sqrt{a^2}(12a^4 + 75a^3bx^3 + 200a^2b^2x^6 + 300ab^3x^9 + 300b^4x^{12})}{x^{15}} \right. \\ \left. - 120b^5 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{bx^3}{\sqrt{a^2} - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} \right) - \frac{120\sqrt{a^2}b^5 \log(x^3)}{a} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{60\sqrt{a^2}b^5 \log \left(a \left(\sqrt{a^2} - bx^3 - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} \right) \right)}{a} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{60\sqrt{a^2}b^5 \log \left(a \left(\sqrt{a^2} + bx^3 - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} \right) \right)}{a} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^16,x]`output `(-((Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(12*a^4 + 63*a^3*b*x^3 + 137*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 163*a*b^3*x^9 + 137*b^4*x^12))/x^15) + (Sqrt[a^2]*(12*a^4 + 75*a^3*b*x^3 + 200*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 300*a*b^3*x^9 + 300*b^4*x^12))/x^15 - 120*b^5*ArcTanh[(b*x^3)/(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])] - (120*Sqrt[a^2]*b^5*Log[x^3])/a + (60*Sqrt[a^2]*b^5*Log[a*(Sqrt[a^2] - b*x^3 - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])])/a + (60*Sqrt[a^2]*b^5*Log[a*(Sqrt[a^2] + b*x^3 - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])])/a)/360`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{16}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^5(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{16}} dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{16}} dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{18}} dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(\frac{a^5}{x^{18}} + \frac{5ba^4}{x^{15}} + \frac{10b^2a^3}{x^{12}} + \frac{10b^3a^2}{x^9} + \frac{5b^4a}{x^6} + \frac{b^5}{x^3} \right) dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^5}{5x^{15}} - \frac{5a^4b}{4x^{12}} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{3x^9} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{x^6} - \frac{5ab^4}{x^3} + b^5 \log(x^3) \right)}{3(a + bx^3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^16,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-1/5*a^5/x^15 - (5*a^4*b)/(4*x^12) - (10*a^3*b^2)/(3*x^9) - (5*a^2*b^3)/x^6 - (5*a*b^4)/x^3 + b^5*Log[x^3]))/(3*(a + b*x^3))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 798 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \ \text{Int}[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n - 1)}])$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\text{csgn}(bx^3+a)(-5 \ln(bx^3)x^{15} + a(25b^4x^{12} + 25ab^3x^9 + \frac{50}{3}b^2x^6a^2 + \frac{25}{4}bx^3a^3 + a^4))}{15x^{15}}$	72
default	$\frac{\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}(180b^5 \ln(x)x^{15} - 300ab^4x^{12} - 300a^2b^3x^9 - 200a^3b^2x^6 - 75a^4bx^3 - 12a^5)}{180(bx^3+a)^5x^{15}}$	82
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(-\frac{1}{15}a^5 - \frac{5}{12}a^4bx^3 - \frac{10}{9}a^3b^2x^6 - \frac{5}{3}a^2b^3x^9 - \frac{5}{3}ab^4x^{12}\right)}{(bx^3+a)x^{15}} + \frac{b^5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \ln(x)}{bx^3+a}$	98

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^16,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/15*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(-5*ln(b*x^3)*b^5*x^15+a*(25*b^4*x^12+25*a*b^3*x^9+50/3*b^2*x^6*a^2+25/4*b*x^3*a^3+a^4))/x^15`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{180 b^5 x^{15} \log(x) - 300 ab^4 x^{12} - 300 a^2 b^3 x^9 - 200 a^3 b^2 x^6 - 75 a^4 b x^3 - 12 a^5}{180 x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^16,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/180*(180*b^5*x^15*log(x) - 300*a*b^4*x^12 - 300*a^2*b^3*x^9 - 200*a^3*b^2*x^6 - 75*a^4*b*x^3 - 12*a^5)/x^15`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \int \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{x^{16}} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2)/x**16,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)/x**16, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 374 vs. $2(175) = 350$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}b^6x^3}{6a^2} + \frac{1}{3}(-1)^{2b^2x^3+2ab}b^5 \log(2b^2x^3+2ab) - \frac{1}{3}(-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2}b^5 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right) + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}b^6x^3}{12a^4} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}b^5}{2a} + \frac{7(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}b^5}{36a^3} - \frac{2(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}b^5}{45a^5} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}b^4}{9a^4x^3} + \frac{2(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b^3}{45a^5x^6} - \frac{11(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b^2}{180a^4x^9} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b}{20a^3x^{12}} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}}{15a^2x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^16,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^6*x^3/a^2 + 1/3*(-1)^(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b)*b^5*log(2*b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b) - 1/3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*b^5*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x))) + 1/12*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^6*x^3/a^4 + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^5/a + 7/36*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^5/a^3 - 2/45*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^5/a^5 - 1/9*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^4/(a^4*x^3) + 2/45*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b^3/(a^5*x^6) - 11/180*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b^2/(a^4*x^9) + 1/20*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b/(a^3*x^12) - 1/15*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)/(a^2*x^15)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{b^5 \log(|x|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 137 b^5 x^{15} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 300 ab^4 x^{12} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 300 a^2 b^3 x^9 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 200 a^3 b^2 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 75 a^4 b x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 12 a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{180 x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^16,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b^5*log(abs(x))*sgn(b*x^3 + a) - 1/180*(137*b^5*x^15*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 300*a*b^4*x^12*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 300*a^2*b^3*x^9*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 200*a^3*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 75*a^4*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 12*a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^15`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{16}} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^16,x)`

output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^16, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{180 \log(x) b^5 x^{15} - 12a^5 - 75a^4 b x^3 - 200a^3 b^2 x^6 - 300a^2 b^3 x^9 - 300a b^4 x^{12}}{180 x^{15}}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^16,x)`

output
$$\frac{(180 \log(x) b^5 x^{15} - 12 a^5 - 75 a^4 b x^3 - 200 a^3 b^2 x^6 - 300 a^2 b^3 x^9 - 300 a b^4 x^{12})}{(180 x^{15})}$$

3.47 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{19}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{19}} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^3)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{18ax^{18}}$$

output `-1/18*(b*x^3+a)^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/a/x^18`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{19}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(a^5 + 6a^4bx^3 + 15a^3b^2x^6 + 20a^2b^3x^9 + 15ab^4x^{12} + 6b^5x^{15})}}{18x^{18}(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^19,x]`

output `-1/18*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(a^5 + 6*a^4*b*x^3 + 15*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 20*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 15*a*b^4*x^12 + 6*b^5*x^15))/(x^18*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{19}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^5(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{19}} dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{19}} dx}{a + bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$-\frac{(a + bx^3)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{18ax^{18}}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^19,x]`

output `-1/18*((a + b*x^3)^5*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])/(a*x^18)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 796 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)(2bx^3+a)(3b^2x^6+3ax^3b+a^2)(b^2x^6+ax^3b+a^2)}{18x^{18}}$	58
gospers	$-\frac{(6b^5x^{15}+15ab^4x^{12}+20a^2b^3x^9+15a^3b^2x^6+6a^4bx^3+a^5)\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{18x^{18}(bx^3+a)^5}$	78
default	$-\frac{(6b^5x^{15}+15ab^4x^{12}+20a^2b^3x^9+15a^3b^2x^6+6a^4bx^3+a^5)\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{18x^{18}(bx^3+a)^5}$	78
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\left(-\frac{1}{18}a^5-\frac{1}{3}a^4bx^3-\frac{5}{6}a^3b^2x^6-\frac{10}{9}a^2b^3x^9-\frac{5}{6}ab^4x^{12}-\frac{1}{3}b^5x^{15}\right)}{(bx^3+a)x^{18}}$	79
orering	$-\frac{(6b^5x^{15}+15ab^4x^{12}+20a^2b^3x^9+15a^3b^2x^6+6a^4bx^3+a^5)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{18x^{18}(bx^3+a)^5}$	87

input

```
int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^19,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/18*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(2*b*x^3+a)*(3*b^2*x^6+3*a*b*x^3+a^2)*(b^2*x^6+a*b*x^3
+a^2)/x^18
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 57 vs. $2(28) = 56$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{19}} dx = -\frac{6b^5x^{15} + 15ab^4x^{12} + 20a^2b^3x^9 + 15a^3b^2x^6 + 6a^4bx^3 + a^5}{18x^{18}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^19,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/18*(6*b^5*x^15 + 15*a*b^4*x^12 + 20*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 15*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 6*a^4*b*x^3 + a^5)/x^18`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{19}} dx = \int \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{x^{19}} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2)/x**19,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)/x**19, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 210 vs. $2(28) = 56$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.12

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{19}} dx &= \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^6}{18a^6} \\ &+ \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^5}{18a^5x^3} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}b^4}{18a^6x^6} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}b^3}{18a^5x^9} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}b^2}{18a^4x^{12}} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}b}{18a^3x^{15}} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{18a^2x^{18}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^19,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{1}{18}(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} \frac{b^6}{a^6} + \frac{1}{18}(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2} \frac{b^5}{(a^5x^3)} - \frac{1}{18}(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2} \frac{b^4}{(a^6x^6)} + \frac{1}{18}(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2} \frac{b^3}{(a^5x^9)} - \frac{1}{18}(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2} \frac{b^2}{(a^4x^{12})} + \frac{1}{18}(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2} \frac{b}{(a^3x^{15})} - \frac{1}{18}(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2} \frac{1}{(a^2x^{18})}$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 106 vs. $2(28) = 56$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{19}} dx = \frac{6b^5x^{15}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 15ab^4x^{12}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 20a^2b^3x^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 15a^3b^2x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 6a^4bx^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{18x^{18}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^19,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{-1/18*(6*b^5*x^{15}*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 15*a*b^4*x^{12}*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 20*a^2*b^3*x^9*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 15*a^3*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 6*a^4*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^{18}}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.63

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{19}} dx = -\frac{a^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{18x^{18}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^3(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{5ab^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6x^6(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{a^4b \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^{15}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{10a^2b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9x^9(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{5a^3b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6x^{12}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^19,x)`output `- (a^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(18*x^18*(a + b*x^3)) - (b^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(3*x^3*(a + b*x^3)) - (5*a*b^4*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(6*x^6*(a + b*x^3)) - (a^4*b*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(3*x^15*(a + b*x^3)) - (10*a^2*b^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(9*x^9*(a + b*x^3)) - (5*a^3*b^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(6*x^12*(a + b*x^3))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{19}} dx = \frac{-6b^5x^{15} - 15ab^4x^{12} - 20a^2b^3x^9 - 15a^3b^2x^6 - 6a^4bx^3 - a^5}{18x^{18}}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^19,x)`output `(- a**5 - 6*a**4*b*x**3 - 15*a**3*b**2*x**6 - 20*a**2*b**3*x**9 - 15*a*b**4*x**12 - 6*b**5*x**15)/(18*x**18)`

3.48 $\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{22}} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	399
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	401
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	401
Sympy [F]	402
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	402
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	403
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	403
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	404

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{22}} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^3)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{21ax^{21}} + \frac{b(a + bx^3)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{126a^2x^{18}}$$

output `-1/21*(b*x^3+a)^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/a/x^21+1/126*b*(b*x^3+a)^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x^18`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{22}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(6a^5 + 35a^4bx^3 + 84a^3b^2x^6 + 105a^2b^3x^9 + 70ab^4x^{12} + 21b^5x^{15})}}{126x^{21}(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^22,x]`

output

$$-1/126*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(6*a^5 + 35*a^4*b*x^3 + 84*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 105*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 70*a*b^4*x^{12} + 21*b^5*x^{15}))/x^{21}*(a + b*x^3)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{22}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^5(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{22}} dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{22}} dx}{a + bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{24}} dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{21}} dx^3}{7a} - \frac{(a+bx^3)^6}{7ax^{21}} \right)}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{b(a+bx^3)^6}{42a^2x^{18}} - \frac{(a+bx^3)^6}{7ax^{21}} \right)}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^22,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-1/7*(a + b*x^3)^6/(a*x^21) + (b*(a + b*x^3)^6)/(42*a^2*x^18)))/(3*(a + b*x^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\text{csgn}(bx^3+a)(21b^5x^{15}+70ab^4x^{12}+105a^2b^3x^9+84a^3b^2x^6+35a^4bx^3+6a^5)}{126x^{21}}$	68
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\left(-\frac{1}{21}a^5-\frac{5}{18}a^4bx^3-\frac{2}{3}a^3b^2x^6-\frac{5}{6}a^2b^3x^9-\frac{5}{9}ab^4x^{12}-\frac{1}{6}b^5x^{15}\right)}{(bx^3+a)x^{21}}$	79
gosper	$-\frac{(21b^5x^{15}+70ab^4x^{12}+105a^2b^3x^9+84a^3b^2x^6+35a^4bx^3+6a^5)\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{126x^{21}(bx^3+a)^5}$	80
default	$-\frac{(21b^5x^{15}+70ab^4x^{12}+105a^2b^3x^9+84a^3b^2x^6+35a^4bx^3+6a^5)\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{126x^{21}(bx^3+a)^5}$	80
orering	$-\frac{(21b^5x^{15}+70ab^4x^{12}+105a^2b^3x^9+84a^3b^2x^6+35a^4bx^3+6a^5)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{126x^{21}(bx^3+a)^5}$	89

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^22,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/126*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(21*b^5*x^15+70*a*b^4*x^12+105*a^2*b^3*x^9+84*a^3*b^2*x^6+35*a^4*b*x^3+6*a^5)/x^21`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{22}} dx = -\frac{21b^5x^{15} + 70ab^4x^{12} + 105a^2b^3x^9 + 84a^3b^2x^6 + 35a^4bx^3 + 6a^5}{126x^{21}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^22,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/126*(21*b^5*x^15 + 70*a*b^4*x^12 + 105*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 84*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 35*a^4*b*x^3 + 6*a^5)/x^21`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{22}} dx = \int \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^{5/2}}{x^{22}} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2)/x**22,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)/x**22, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 241 vs. $2(58) = 116$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{22}} dx &= -\frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}b^7}{18a^7} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}b^6}{18a^6x^3} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b^5}{18a^7x^6} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b^4}{18a^6x^9} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b^3}{18a^5x^{12}} \\ &- \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b^2}{18a^4x^{15}} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b}{18a^3x^{18}} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}}{21a^2x^{21}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^22,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^7/a^7 - 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^6/(a^6*x^3) + 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b^5/(a^7*x^6) - 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b^4/(a^6*x^9) + 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b^3/(a^5*x^12) - 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b^2/(a^4*x^15) + 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b/(a^3*x^18) - 1/21*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)/(a^2*x^21)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{22}} dx = \frac{21 b^5 x^{15} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 70 ab^4 x^{12} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 105 a^2 b^3 x^9 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 84 a^3 b^2 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 35 a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 6 a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{126 x^{21}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^22,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/126*(21*b^5*x^15*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 70*a*b^4*x^12*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 105*a^2*b^3*x^9*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 84*a^3*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 35*a^4*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 6*a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^21`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{22}} dx = -\frac{a^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{21 x^{21} (bx^3 + a)} - \frac{b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6 x^6 (bx^3 + a)} - \frac{5 a b^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9 x^9 (bx^3 + a)} - \frac{5 a^4 b \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{18 x^{18} (bx^3 + a)} - \frac{5 a^2 b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6 x^{12} (bx^3 + a)} - \frac{2 a^3 b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3 x^{15} (bx^3 + a)}$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^22,x)`

output `-(a^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(21*x^21*(a + b*x^3)) - (b^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(6*x^6*(a + b*x^3)) - (5*a*b^4*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(9*x^9*(a + b*x^3)) - (5*a^4*b*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(18*x^18*(a + b*x^3)) - (5*a^2*b^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(6*x^12*(a + b*x^3)) - (2*a^3*b^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(3*x^15*(a + b*x^3))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{22}} dx = \frac{-21b^5x^{15} - 70ab^4x^{12} - 105a^2b^3x^9 - 84a^3b^2x^6 - 35a^4bx^3 - 6a^5}{126x^{21}}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^22,x)`output `(- 6*a**5 - 35*a**4*b*x**3 - 84*a**3*b**2*x**6 - 105*a**2*b**3*x**9 - 70*a*b**4*x**12 - 21*b**5*x**15)/(126*x**21)`

3.49
$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{25}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{25}} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^3)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{24ax^{24}} + \frac{b(a + bx^3)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{84a^2x^{21}} - \frac{b^2(a + bx^3)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{504a^3x^{18}}$$

output `-1/24*(b*x^3+a)^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/a/x^24+1/84*b*(b*x^3+a)^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x^21-1/504*b^2*(b*x^3+a)^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/a^3/x^18`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{25}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(21a^5 + 120a^4bx^3 + 280a^3b^2x^6 + 336a^2b^3x^9 + 210ab^4x^{12} + 56b^5x^{15})}}{504x^{24}(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^25,x]`

output

$$-1/504*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(21*a^5 + 120*a^4*b*x^3 + 280*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 336*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 210*a*b^4*x^{12} + 56*b^5*x^{15}))/ (x^{24}*(a + b*x^3))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{25}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^5(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{25}} dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{25}} dx}{a + bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{27}} dx^3}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{24}} dx^3}{4a} - \frac{(a+bx^3)^6}{8ax^{24}} \right)}{3(a + bx^3)}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^{21}} dx^3 - \frac{(a+bx^3)^6}{7ax^{21}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(a+bx^3)^6}{8ax^{24}} \right)}{3(a+bx^3)}$$

↓ 48

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{b \left(\frac{b(a+bx^3)^6}{42a^2x^{18}} - \frac{(a+bx^3)^6}{7ax^{21}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(a+bx^3)^6}{8ax^{24}} \right)}{3(a+bx^3)}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^25,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-1/8*(a + b*x^3)^6/(a*x^24) - (b*(-1/7*(a + b*x^3)^6/(a*x^21) + (b*(a + b*x^3)^6)/(42*a^2*x^18)))/(4*a)))/(3*(a + b*x^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\left(\frac{8}{3}b^5x^{15}+10ab^4x^{12}+16a^2b^3x^9+\frac{40}{3}a^3b^2x^6+\frac{40}{7}a^4bx^3+a^5\right)\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{24x^{24}}$	66
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\left(-\frac{1}{24}a^5-\frac{5}{9}a^3b^2x^6-\frac{2}{3}a^2b^3x^9-\frac{5}{12}ab^4x^{12}-\frac{1}{9}b^5x^{15}-\frac{5}{21}a^4bx^3\right)}{(bx^3+a)x^{24}}$	79
gospers	$-\frac{(56b^5x^{15}+210ab^4x^{12}+336a^2b^3x^9+280a^3b^2x^6+120a^4bx^3+21a^5)\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{504x^{24}(bx^3+a)^5}$	80
default	$-\frac{(56b^5x^{15}+210ab^4x^{12}+336a^2b^3x^9+280a^3b^2x^6+120a^4bx^3+21a^5)\left((bx^3+a)^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{504x^{24}(bx^3+a)^5}$	80
orering	$-\frac{(56b^5x^{15}+210ab^4x^{12}+336a^2b^3x^9+280a^3b^2x^6+120a^4bx^3+21a^5)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{504x^{24}(bx^3+a)^5}$	89

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^25,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/24*(8/3*b^5*x^15+10*a*b^4*x^12+16*a^2*b^3*x^9+40/3*a^3*b^2*x^6+40/7*a^4*b*x^3+a^5)*csgn(b*x^3+a)/x^24`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{25}} dx = \frac{56b^5x^{15} + 210ab^4x^{12} + 336a^2b^3x^9 + 280a^3b^2x^6 + 120a^4bx^3 + 21a^5}{504x^{24}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^25,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/504*(56*b^5*x^15 + 210*a*b^4*x^12 + 336*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 280*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 120*a^4*b*x^3 + 21*a^5)/x^24`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{25}} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}}{x^{25}} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2)/x**25,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)/x**25, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs. $2(89) = 178$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{25}} dx = \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}b^8}{18a^8} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}b^7}{18a^7x^3} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b^6}{18a^8x^6} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b^5}{18a^7x^9} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b^4}{18a^6x^{12}} + \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b^3}{18a^5x^{15}} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b^2}{18a^4x^{18}} + \frac{3(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}b}{56a^3x^{21}} - \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{7/2}}{24a^2x^{24}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^25,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^8/a^8 + 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2)*b^7/(a^7*x^3) - 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b^6/(a^8*x^6) + 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b^5/(a^7*x^9) - 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b^4/(a^6*x^12) + 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b^3/(a^5*x^15) - 1/18*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b^2/(a^4*x^18) + 3/56*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)*b/(a^3*x^21) - 1/24*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(7/2)/(a^2*x^24)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{25}} dx = \frac{56b^5x^{15}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 210ab^4x^{12}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 336a^2b^3x^9\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 280a^3b^2x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 12a^4b\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{504x^{24}}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^25,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/504*(56*b^5*x^15*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 210*a*b^4*x^12*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 336*a^2*b^3*x^9*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 280*a^3*b^2*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 120*a^4*b*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 21*a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^24
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{25}} dx = -\frac{a^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{24x^{24}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{b^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9x^9(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{5ab^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{12x^{12}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{5a^4b \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{21x^{21}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{2a^2b^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3x^{15}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{5a^3b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{9x^{18}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input

```
int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^25,x)
```

output

```
-(a^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(24*x^24*(a + b*x^3)) - (b^5*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(9*x^9*(a + b*x^3)) - (5*a*b^4*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(12*x^12*(a + b*x^3)) - (5*a^4*b*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(21*x^21*(a + b*x^3)) - (2*a^2*b^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(3*x^15*(a + b*x^3)) - (5*a^3*b^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(9*x^18*(a + b*x^3))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^{25}} dx = \frac{-56b^5x^{15} - 210ab^4x^{12} - 336a^2b^3x^9 - 280a^3b^2x^6 - 120a^4bx^3 - 21a^5}{504x^{24}}$$

input

```
int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^25,x)
```


output $(-21a^5 - 120a^4bx^3 - 280a^3b^2x^6 - 336a^2b^3x^9 - 210ab^4x^{12} - 56b^5x^{15})/(504x^{24})$

3.50 $\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	413
Mathematica [A] (verified)	414
Rubi [A] (verified)	414
Maple [A] (verified)	416
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	416
Sympy [F]	417
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	417
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	417
Mupad [F(-1)]	418
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	418

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 255

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^5x^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{5(a + bx^3)} + \frac{5a^4bx^8\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{8(a + bx^3)} + \frac{10a^3b^2x^{11}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{11(a + bx^3)} + \frac{5a^2b^3x^{14}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{7(a + bx^3)} + \frac{5ab^4x^{17}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{17(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^5x^{20}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{20(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
a^5*x^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(5*b*x^3+5*a)+5*a^4*b*x^8*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(8*b*x^3+8*a)+10*a^3*b^2*x^11*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x^3+11*a)+5*a^2*b^3*x^14*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x^3+7*a)+5*a*b^4*x^17*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(17*b*x^3+17*a)+b^5*x^20*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(20*b*x^3+20*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^5 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(10472a^5 + 32725a^4bx^3 + 47600a^3b^2x^6 + 37400a^2b^3x^9 + 15400ab^4x^{12} + 2618b^5x^{15})}}{52360(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(x^5*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(10472*a^5 + 32725*a^4*b*x^3 + 47600*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 37400*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 15400*a*b^4*x^12 + 2618*b^5*x^15))/(52360*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int b^5x^4(bx^3 + a)^5 dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x^4(bx^3 + a)^5 dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{802} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^5x^{19} + 5ab^4x^{16} + 10a^2b^3x^{13} + 10a^3b^2x^{10} + 5a^4bx^7 + a^5x^4) dx}{a + bx^3}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{a^5x^5}{5} + \frac{5}{8}a^4bx^8 + \frac{10}{11}a^3b^2x^{11} + \frac{5}{7}a^2b^3x^{14} + \frac{5}{17}ab^4x^{17} + \frac{b^5x^{20}}{20} \right)}{a + bx^3}$$

input `Int[x^4*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*((a^5*x^5)/5 + (5*a^4*b*x^8)/8 + (10*a^3*b^2*x^11)/11 + (5*a^2*b^3*x^14)/7 + (5*a*b^4*x^17)/17 + (b^5*x^20)/20))/(a + b*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^5(2618b^5x^{15}+15400ab^4x^{12}+37400a^2b^3x^9+47600a^3b^2x^6+32725a^4bx^3+10472a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{52360(bx^3+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{x^5(2618b^5x^{15}+15400ab^4x^{12}+37400a^2b^3x^9+47600a^3b^2x^6+32725a^4bx^3+10472a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{52360(bx^3+a)^5}$
orering	$\frac{x^5(2618b^5x^{15}+15400ab^4x^{12}+37400a^2b^3x^9+47600a^3b^2x^6+32725a^4bx^3+10472a^5)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{52360(bx^3+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{a^5x^5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{5bx^3+5a} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^4bx^8}{8(bx^3+a)} + \frac{10\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^3b^2x^{11}}{11(bx^3+a)} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^2b^3x^{14}}{7(bx^3+a)} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}ab^4x^{17}}{17(bx^3+a)} + \frac{b^5x^{20}}{20}$

input

```
int(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/52360*x^5*(2618*b^5*x^15+15400*a*b^4*x^12+37400*a^2*b^3*x^9+47600*a^3*b^2*x^6+32725*a^4*b*x^3+10472*a^5)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(5/2)/(b*x^3+a)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{20} b^5 x^{20} + \frac{5}{17} ab^4 x^{17} + \frac{5}{7} a^2 b^3 x^{14} + \frac{10}{11} a^3 b^2 x^{11} + \frac{5}{8} a^4 b x^8 + \frac{1}{5} a^5 x^5$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/20*b^5*x^20 + 5/17*a*b^4*x^17 + 5/7*a^2*b^3*x^14 + 10/11*a^3*b^2*x^11 + 5/8*a^4*b*x^8 + 1/5*a^5*x^5
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int x^4((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{20} b^5 x^{20} + \frac{5}{17} ab^4 x^{17} + \frac{5}{7} a^2 b^3 x^{14} + \frac{10}{11} a^3 b^2 x^{11} + \frac{5}{8} a^4 b x^8 + \frac{1}{5} a^5 x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/20*b^5*x^20 + 5/17*a*b^4*x^17 + 5/7*a^2*b^3*x^14 + 10/11*a^3*b^2*x^11 + 5/8*a^4*b*x^8 + 1/5*a^5*x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{20} b^5 x^{20} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{17} ab^4 x^{17} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{7} a^2 b^3 x^{14} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{10}{11} a^3 b^2 x^{11} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{8} a^4 b x^8 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{5} a^5 x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{20}b^5x^{20}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{17}ab^4x^{17}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{7}a^2b^3x^{14}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{10}{11}a^3b^2x^{11}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{8}a^4bx^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{5}a^5x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}(x^4*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)$$

output

$$\operatorname{int}(x^4*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^5(2618b^5x^{15} + 15400ab^4x^{12} + 37400a^2b^3x^9 + 47600a^3b^2x^6 + 32725a^4bx^3 + 10472a^5)}{52360}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2), x)$$

output

$$(x^{**5}*(10472*a^{**5} + 32725*a^{**4}*b*x^{**3} + 47600*a^{**3}*b^{**2}*x^{**6} + 37400*a^{**2}*b^{**3}*x^{**9} + 15400*a*b^{**4}*x^{**12} + 2618*b^{**5}*x^{**15}))/52360$$

3.51 $\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	419
Mathematica [A] (verified)	420
Rubi [A] (verified)	420
Maple [A] (verified)	422
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	422
Sympy [F]	423
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	423
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	423
Mupad [F(-1)]	424
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	424

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 252

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{a^5x^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4(a + bx^3)} \\ &+ \frac{5a^4bx^7\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{7(a + bx^3)} + \frac{a^3b^2x^{10}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} \\ &+ \frac{10a^2b^3x^{13}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{13(a + bx^3)} \\ &+ \frac{5ab^4x^{16}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{16(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^5x^{19}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{19(a + bx^3)} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
a^5*x^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x^3+4*a)+5*a^4*b*x^7*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/
(7*b*x^3+7*a)+a^3*b^2*x^10*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+10*a^2*b^3*x^13*
(b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(13*b*x^3+13*a)+5*a*b^4*x^16*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(16*b*
x^3+16*a)+b^5*x^19*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(19*b*x^3+19*a)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^4 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(6916a^5 + 19760a^4bx^3 + 27664a^3b^2x^6 + 21280a^2b^3x^9 + 8645ab^4x^{12} + 1456b^5x^{15})}}{27664(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(x^4*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(6916*a^5 + 19760*a^4*b*x^3 + 27664*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 21280*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 8645*a*b^4*x^12 + 1456*b^5*x^15))/(27664*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int b^5x^3(bx^3 + a)^5 dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x^3(bx^3 + a)^5 dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 802 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^5x^{18} + 5ab^4x^{15} + 10a^2b^3x^{12} + 10a^3b^2x^9 + 5a^4bx^6 + a^5x^3) dx}{a + bx^3} \end{aligned}$$

2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{a^5x^4}{4} + \frac{5}{7}a^4bx^7 + a^3b^2x^{10} + \frac{10}{13}a^2b^3x^{13} + \frac{5}{16}ab^4x^{16} + \frac{b^5x^{19}}{19} \right)}{a + bx^3}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*((a^5*x^4)/4 + (5*a^4*b*x^7)/7 + a^3*b^2*x^10 + (10*a^2*b^3*x^13)/13 + (5*a*b^4*x^16)/16 + (b^5*x^19)/19))/(a + b*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^4(1456b^5x^{15}+8645ab^4x^{12}+21280a^2b^3x^9+27664a^3b^2x^6+19760a^4bx^3+6916a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{27664(bx^3+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{x^4(1456b^5x^{15}+8645ab^4x^{12}+21280a^2b^3x^9+27664a^3b^2x^6+19760a^4bx^3+6916a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{27664(bx^3+a)^5}$
orering	$\frac{x^4(1456b^5x^{15}+8645ab^4x^{12}+21280a^2b^3x^9+27664a^3b^2x^6+19760a^4bx^3+6916a^5)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{27664(bx^3+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{a^5x^4\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{4bx^3+4a} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^4bx^7}{7(bx^3+a)} + \frac{a^3b^2x^{10}\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{bx^3+a} + \frac{10\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^2b^3x^{13}}{13(bx^3+a)} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}ab^4x^{16}}{16(bx^3+a)} + \frac{b^5x^{19}}{19}$

input

```
int(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/27664*x^4*(1456*b^5*x^15+8645*a*b^4*x^12+21280*a^2*b^3*x^9+27664*a^3*b^2*x^6+19760*a^4*b*x^3+6916*a^5)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(5/2)/(b*x^3+a)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{19} b^5 x^{19} + \frac{5}{16} ab^4 x^{16} + \frac{10}{13} a^2 b^3 x^{13} + a^3 b^2 x^{10} + \frac{5}{7} a^4 b x^7 + \frac{1}{4} a^5 x^4$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/19*b^5*x^19 + 5/16*a*b^4*x^16 + 10/13*a^2*b^3*x^13 + a^3*b^2*x^10 + 5/7*a^4*b*x^7 + 1/4*a^5*x^4
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int x^3((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{19} b^5 x^{19} + \frac{5}{16} ab^4 x^{16} + \frac{10}{13} a^2 b^3 x^{13} + a^3 b^2 x^{10} + \frac{5}{7} a^4 b x^7 + \frac{1}{4} a^5 x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/19*b^5*x^19 + 5/16*a*b^4*x^16 + 10/13*a^2*b^3*x^13 + a^3*b^2*x^10 + 5/7*a^4*b*x^7 + 1/4*a^5*x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{19} b^5 x^{19} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{16} ab^4 x^{16} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{10}{13} a^2 b^3 x^{13} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^3 b^2 x^{10} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{7} a^4 b x^7 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{4} a^5 x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/19*b^5*x^19*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/16*a*b^4*x^16*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 10/13*a^2*
b^3*x^13*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a^3*b^2*x^10*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/7*a^4*b*x^7*sgn(
b*x^3 + a) + 1/4*a^5*x^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^4(1456b^5x^{15} + 8645ab^4x^{12} + 21280a^2b^3x^9 + 27664a^3b^2x^6 + 19760a^4bx^3 + 6916a^5)}{27664}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
(x**4*(6916*a**5 + 19760*a**4*b*x**3 + 27664*a**3*b**2*x**6 + 21280*a**2*b
**3*x**9 + 8645*a*b**4*x**12 + 1456*b**5*x**15))/27664
```

3.52 $\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	425
Mathematica [A] (verified)	426
Rubi [A] (verified)	426
Maple [A] (verified)	428
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	428
Sympy [F]	429
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	429
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	429
Mupad [F(-1)]	430
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	430

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 252

$$\begin{aligned} \int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{a^5x^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2(a + bx^3)} \\ &+ \frac{a^4bx^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} + \frac{5a^3b^2x^8\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4(a + bx^3)} \\ &+ \frac{10a^2b^3x^{11}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{11(a + bx^3)} \\ &+ \frac{5ab^4x^{14}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{14(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^5x^{17}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{17(a + bx^3)} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
a^5*x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^3+2*a)+a^4*b*x^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+5*a^3*b^2*x^8*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x^3+4*a)+10*a^2*b^3*x^11*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x^3+11*a)+5*a*b^4*x^14*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(14*b*x^3+14*a)+b^5*x^17*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(17*b*x^3+17*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2 (2618a^5 + 5236a^4bx^3 + 6545a^3b^2x^6 + 4760a^2b^3x^9 + 1870ab^4x^{12} + 308b^5x^{15})}}{5236(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(x^2*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(2618*a^5 + 5236*a^4*b*x^3 + 6545*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 4760*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 1870*a*b^4*x^12 + 308*b^5*x^15))/(5236*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int b^5 x (bx^3 + a)^5 dx}{b^5 (a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int x (bx^3 + a)^5 dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 802 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^5 x^{16} + 5ab^4 x^{13} + 10a^2 b^3 x^{10} + 10a^3 b^2 x^7 + 5a^4 b x^4 + a^5 x) dx}{a + bx^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{a^5x^2}{2} + a^4bx^5 + \frac{5}{4}a^3b^2x^8 + \frac{10}{11}a^2b^3x^{11} + \frac{5}{14}ab^4x^{14} + \frac{b^5x^{17}}{17} \right)}{a + bx^3}$$

↓ 2009

input `Int[x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*((a^5*x^2)/2 + a^4*b*x^5 + (5*a^3*b^2*x^8)/4 + (10*a^2*b^3*x^11)/11 + (5*a*b^4*x^14)/14 + (b^5*x^17)/17))/(a + b*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x^2(308b^5x^{15}+1870ab^4x^{12}+4760a^2b^3x^9+6545a^3b^2x^6+5236a^4bx^3+2618a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5236(bx^3+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{x^2(308b^5x^{15}+1870ab^4x^{12}+4760a^2b^3x^9+6545a^3b^2x^6+5236a^4bx^3+2618a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5236(bx^3+a)^5}$
orering	$\frac{x^2(308b^5x^{15}+1870ab^4x^{12}+4760a^2b^3x^9+6545a^3b^2x^6+5236a^4bx^3+2618a^5)(b^2x^6+2ax^3+b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5236(bx^3+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{a^5x^2\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2bx^3+2a} + \frac{a^4bx^5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{bx^3+a} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^3b^2x^8}{4(bx^3+a)} + \frac{10\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^2b^3x^{11}}{11(bx^3+a)} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}ab^4x^{14}}{14(bx^3+a)} + \frac{b^5x^{17}}{17}$

input `int(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5236*x^2*(308*b^5*x^15+1870*a*b^4*x^12+4760*a^2*b^3*x^9+6545*a^3*b^2*x^6+5236*a^4*b*x^3+2618*a^5)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(5/2)/(b*x^3+a)^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{17} b^5 x^{17} + \frac{5}{14} ab^4 x^{14} + \frac{10}{11} a^2 b^3 x^{11} + \frac{5}{4} a^3 b^2 x^8 + a^4 b x^5 + \frac{1}{2} a^5 x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/17*b^5*x^17 + 5/14*a*b^4*x^14 + 10/11*a^2*b^3*x^11 + 5/4*a^3*b^2*x^8 + a^4*b*x^5 + 1/2*a^5*x^2`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int x((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\begin{aligned} \int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{1}{17} b^5 x^{17} + \frac{5}{14} ab^4 x^{14} \\ &+ \frac{10}{11} a^2 b^3 x^{11} + \frac{5}{4} a^3 b^2 x^8 + a^4 b x^5 + \frac{1}{2} a^5 x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/17*b^5*x^17 + 5/14*a*b^4*x^14 + 10/11*a^2*b^3*x^11 + 5/4*a^3*b^2*x^8 + a^4*b*x^5 + 1/2*a^5*x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\begin{aligned} \int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{1}{17} b^5 x^{17} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) \\ &+ \frac{5}{14} ab^4 x^{14} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{10}{11} a^2 b^3 x^{11} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) \\ &+ \frac{5}{4} a^3 b^2 x^8 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^4 b x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{2} a^5 x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/17*b^5*x^17*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/14*a*b^4*x^14*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 10/11*a^2*
b^3*x^11*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/4*a^3*b^2*x^8*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a^4*b*x^5*sgn(b
*x^3 + a) + 1/2*a^5*x^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^2(308b^5x^{15} + 1870ab^4x^{12} + 4760a^2b^3x^9 + 6545a^3b^2x^6 + 5236a^4bx^3 + 2618a^5)}{5236}$$

input

```
int(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(x**2*(2618*a**5 + 5236*a**4*b*x**3 + 6545*a**3*b**2*x**6 + 4760*a**2*b**3
*x**9 + 1870*a*b**4*x**12 + 308*b**5*x**15))/5236
```

3.53 $\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	431
Mathematica [A] (verified)	432
Rubi [A] (verified)	432
Maple [A] (verified)	433
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	434
Sympy [F]	434
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	435
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	435
Mupad [F(-1)]	436
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	436

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 247

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^5x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} + \frac{5a^4bx^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4(a + bx^3)} + \frac{10a^3b^2x^7\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{7(a + bx^3)} + \frac{a^2b^3x^{10}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} + \frac{5ab^4x^{13}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{13(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^5x^{16}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{16(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
a^5*x*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+5*a^4*b*x^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x^3+4*a)+10*a^3*b^2*x^7*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x^3+7*a)+a^2*b^3*x^10*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+5*a*b^4*x^13*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(13*b*x^3+13*a)+b^5*x^16*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(16*b*x^3+16*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(1456a^5 + 1820a^4bx^3 + 2080a^3b^2x^6 + 1456a^2b^3x^9 + 560ab^4x^{12} + 91b^5x^{15})}}{1456(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(1456*a^5 + 1820*a^4*b*x^3 + 2080*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 1456*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 560*a*b^4*x^12 + 91*b^5*x^15))/(1456*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {1384, 747, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^2x^3 + ab)^5 dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 747 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^{10}x^{15} + 5ab^9x^{12} + 10a^2b^8x^9 + 10a^3b^7x^6 + 5a^4b^6x^3 + a^5b^5) dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(a^5b^5x + \frac{5}{4}a^4b^6x^4 + \frac{10}{7}a^3b^7x^7 + a^2b^8x^{10} + \frac{5}{13}ab^9x^{13} + \frac{b^{10}x^{16}}{16} \right)}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(a^5*b^5*x + (5*a^4*b^6*x^4)/4 + (10*a^3*b^7*x^7)/7 + a^2*b^8*x^10 + (5*a*b^9*x^13)/13 + (b^10*x^16)/16))/(b^5*(a + b*x^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 747 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x(91b^5x^{15} + 560ab^4x^{12} + 1456a^2b^3x^9 + 2080a^3b^2x^6 + 1820a^4bx^3 + 1456a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{1456(bx^3+a)^5}$
default	$\frac{x(91b^5x^{15} + 560ab^4x^{12} + 1456a^2b^3x^9 + 2080a^3b^2x^6 + 1820a^4bx^3 + 1456a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{1456(bx^3+a)^5}$
orering	$\frac{x(91b^5x^{15} + 560ab^4x^{12} + 1456a^2b^3x^9 + 2080a^3b^2x^6 + 1820a^4bx^3 + 1456a^5)(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{1456(bx^3+a)^5}$
risch	$\frac{a^5x\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{bx^3+a} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^4bx^4}{4(bx^3+a)} + \frac{10\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^3b^2x^7}{7(bx^3+a)} + \frac{a^2b^3x^{10}\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{bx^3+a} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}ab^4x^{13}}{13(bx^3+a)} + \frac{b^5x^{16}\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{16b}$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/1456*x*(91*b^5*x^15+560*a*b^4*x^12+1456*a^2*b^3*x^9+2080*a^3*b^2*x^6+1820*a^4*b*x^3+1456*a^5)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(5/2)/(b*x^3+a)^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{16} b^5 x^{16} + \frac{5}{13} ab^4 x^{13} + a^2 b^3 x^{10} + \frac{10}{7} a^3 b^2 x^7 + \frac{5}{4} a^4 b x^4 + a^5 x$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*b^5*x^16 + 5/13*a*b^4*x^13 + a^2*b^3*x^10 + 10/7*a^3*b^2*x^7 + 5/4*a^4*b*x^4 + a^5*x`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{16} b^5 x^{16} + \frac{5}{13} ab^4 x^{13} + a^2 b^3 x^{10} + \frac{10}{7} a^3 b^2 x^7 + \frac{5}{4} a^4 b x^4 + a^5 x$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*b^5*x^16 + 5/13*a*b^4*x^13 + a^2*b^3*x^10 + 10/7*a^3*b^2*x^7 + 5/4*a^4*b*x^4 + a^5*x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{1}{16} b^5 x^{16} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) \\ &+ \frac{5}{13} ab^4 x^{13} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^2 b^3 x^{10} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) \\ &+ \frac{10}{7} a^3 b^2 x^7 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{4} a^4 b x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^5 x \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/16*b^5*x^16*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/13*a*b^4*x^13*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a^2*b^3*x^10*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 10/7*a^3*b^2*x^7*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/4*a^4*b*x^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + a^5*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x(91b^5x^{15} + 560ab^4x^{12} + 1456a^2b^3x^9 + 2080a^3b^2x^6 + 1820a^4bx^3 + 1456a^5)}{1456}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2), x)`output `(x*(1456*a**5 + 1820*a**4*b*x**3 + 2080*a**3*b**2*x**6 + 1456*a**2*b**3*x**9 + 560*a*b**4*x**12 + 91*b**5*x**15))/1456`

3.54 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	437
Mathematica [A] (verified)	438
Rubi [A] (verified)	438
Maple [A] (verified)	440
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	440
Sympy [F]	441
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	441
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	441
Mupad [F(-1)]	442
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	442

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 251

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x(a + bx^3)} + \frac{5a^4bx^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2(a + bx^3)} + \frac{2a^3b^2x^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} + \frac{5a^2b^3x^8\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4(a + bx^3)} + \frac{5ab^4x^{11}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{11(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^5x^{14}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{14(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
-a^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x^3+a)+5*a^4*b*x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^3+2*a)+2*a^3*b^2*x^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+5*a^2*b^3*x^8*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4*b*x^3+4*a)+5*a*b^4*x^11*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x^3+11*a)+b^5*x^14*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(14*b*x^3+14*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}(-308a^5 + 770a^4bx^3 + 616a^3b^2x^6 + 385a^2b^3x^9 + 140ab^4x^{12} + 22b^5x^{15})}{308x(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(-308*a^5 + 770*a^4*b*x^3 + 616*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 385*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 140*a*b^4*x^12 + 22*b^5*x^15))/(308*x*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^5(bx^3+a)^5}{x^2} dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^2} dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 802 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (b^5x^{13} + 5ab^4x^{10} + 10a^2b^3x^7 + 10a^3b^2x^4 + 5a^4bx + \frac{a^5}{x^2}) dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^5}{x} + \frac{5}{2}a^4bx^2 + 2a^3b^2x^5 + \frac{5}{4}a^2b^3x^8 + \frac{5}{11}ab^4x^{11} + \frac{b^5x^{14}}{14} \right)}{a + bx^3}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-(a^5/x) + (5*a^4*b*x^2)/2 + 2*a^3*b^2*x^5 + (5*a^2*b^3*x^8)/4 + (5*a*b^4*x^11)/11 + (b^5*x^14)/14))/(a + b*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-22b^5x^{15}-140ab^4x^{12}-385a^2b^3x^9-616a^3b^2x^6-770a^4bx^3+308a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{308x(bx^3+a)^5}$	80
default	$-\frac{(-22b^5x^{15}-140ab^4x^{12}-385a^2b^3x^9-616a^3b^2x^6-770a^4bx^3+308a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{308x(bx^3+a)^5}$	80
orering	$-\frac{(-22b^5x^{15}-140ab^4x^{12}-385a^2b^3x^9-616a^3b^2x^6-770a^4bx^3+308a^5)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{308x(bx^3+a)^5}$	89
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b(\frac{1}{14}b^4x^{14}+\frac{5}{11}b^3ax^{11}+\frac{5}{4}a^2b^2x^8+2a^3bx^5+\frac{5}{2}a^4x^2)}{bx^3+a} - \frac{a^5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{x(bx^3+a)}$	98

input

```
int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/308*(-22*b^5*x^15-140*a*b^4*x^12-385*a^2*b^3*x^9-616*a^3*b^2*x^6-770*a^4*b*x^3+308*a^5)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(5/2)/x/(b*x^3+a)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{22b^5x^{15} + 140ab^4x^{12} + 385a^2b^3x^9 + 616a^3b^2x^6 + 770a^4bx^3 - 308a^5}{308x}$$

input

```
integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/308*(22*b^5*x^15 + 140*a*b^4*x^12 + 385*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 616*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 770*a^4*b*x^3 - 308*a^5)/x
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{22b^5x^{15} + 140ab^4x^{12} + 385a^2b^3x^9 + 616a^3b^2x^6 + 770a^4bx^3 - 308a^5}{308x}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/308*(22*b^5*x^15 + 140*a*b^4*x^12 + 385*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 616*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 770*a^4*b*x^3 - 308*a^5)/x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{14} b^5 x^{14} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{11} ab^4 x^{11} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{4} a^2 b^3 x^8 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 2a^3 b^2 x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{2} a^4 b x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{x}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{14}b^5x^{14}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{11}ab^4x^{11}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{4}a^2b^3x^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 2a^3b^2x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{2}a^4bx^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - a^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)/x$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}((a^2 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3)^{(5/2)}/x^2, x)$$

output

$$\operatorname{int}((a^2 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3)^{(5/2)}/x^2, x)$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{22b^5x^{15} + 140ab^4x^{12} + 385a^2b^3x^9 + 616a^3b^2x^6 + 770a^4bx^3 - 308a^5}{308x}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}((b^2x^6+2abx^3+a^2)^{(5/2)}/x^2, x)$$

output

$$(-308a^5 + 770a^4bx^3 + 616a^3b^2x^6 + 385a^2b^3x^9 + 140ab^4x^{12} + 22b^5x^{15})/(308x)$$

3.55 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	443
Mathematica [A] (verified)	444
Rubi [A] (verified)	444
Maple [A] (verified)	446
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	446
Sympy [F]	447
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	447
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	447
Mupad [F(-1)]	448
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	448

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 251

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2x^2(a + bx^3)} + \frac{5a^4bx\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} + \frac{5a^3b^2x^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2(a + bx^3)} + \frac{10a^2b^3x^7\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{7(a + bx^3)} + \frac{ab^4x^{10}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^5x^{13}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{13(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
-1/2*a^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x^3+a)+5*a^4*b*x*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(
b*x^3+a)+5*a^3*b^2*x^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^3+2*a)+10*a^2*b^3*x^7*((
b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x^3+7*a)+a*b^4*x^10*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^3+2*
a)+b^5*x^13*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(13*b*x^3+13*a)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}(-91a^5 + 910a^4bx^3 + 455a^3b^2x^6 + 260a^2b^3x^9 + 91ab^4x^{12} + 14b^5x^{15})}{182x^2(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(-91*a^5 + 910*a^4*b*x^3 + 455*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 260*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 91*a*b^4*x^12 + 14*b^5*x^15))/(182*x^2*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^5(bx^3+a)^5}{x^3} dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^3} dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 802 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(b^5x^{12} + 5ab^4x^9 + 10a^2b^3x^6 + 10a^3b^2x^3 + 5a^4b + \frac{a^5}{x^3} \right) dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^5}{2x^2} + 5a^4bx + \frac{5}{2}a^3b^2x^4 + \frac{10}{7}a^2b^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2}ab^4x^{10} + \frac{b^5x^{13}}{13} \right)}{a + bx^3}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-1/2*a^5/x^2 + 5*a^4*b*x + (5*a^3*b^2*x^4)/2 + (10*a^2*b^3*x^7)/7 + (a*b^4*x^10)/2 + (b^5*x^13)/13))/(a + b*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-14b^5x^{15}-91ab^4x^{12}-260a^2b^3x^9-455a^3b^2x^6-910a^4bx^3+91a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{182x^2(bx^3+a)^5}$	80
default	$-\frac{(-14b^5x^{15}-91ab^4x^{12}-260a^2b^3x^9-455a^3b^2x^6-910a^4bx^3+91a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{182x^2(bx^3+a)^5}$	80
orering	$-\frac{(-14b^5x^{15}-91ab^4x^{12}-260a^2b^3x^9-455a^3b^2x^6-910a^4bx^3+91a^5)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{182x^2(bx^3+a)^5}$	89
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b(\frac{1}{13}b^4x^{13}+\frac{1}{2}ab^3x^{10}+\frac{10}{7}b^2x^7a^2+\frac{5}{2}bx^4a^3+5a^4x)}{bx^3+a} - \frac{a^5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2x^2(bx^3+a)}$	96

input

```
int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/182*(-14*b^5*x^15-91*a*b^4*x^12-260*a^2*b^3*x^9-455*a^3*b^2*x^6-910*a^4*b*x^3+91*a^5)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(b*x^3+a)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{14b^5x^{15} + 91ab^4x^{12} + 260a^2b^3x^9 + 455a^3b^2x^6 + 910a^4bx^3 - 91a^5}{182x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/182*(14*b^5*x^15 + 91*a*b^4*x^12 + 260*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 455*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 910*a^4*b*x^3 - 91*a^5)/x^2
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{14b^5x^{15} + 91ab^4x^{12} + 260a^2b^3x^9 + 455a^3b^2x^6 + 910a^4bx^3 - 91a^5}{182x^2}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/182*(14*b^5*x^15 + 91*a*b^4*x^12 + 260*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 455*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 910*a^4*b*x^3 - 91*a^5)/x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{13} b^5 x^{13} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{2} ab^4 x^{10} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{10}{7} a^2 b^3 x^7 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{2} a^3 b^2 x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 5 a^4 b x \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{2 x^2}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{13}b^5x^{13}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^4x^{10}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{10}{7}a^2b^3x^7\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{2}a^3b^2x^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 5a^4bx\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{1}{2}a^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)/x^2$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}((a^2 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3)^{(5/2)}/x^3, x)$$

output

$$\operatorname{int}((a^2 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3)^{(5/2)}/x^3, x)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{14b^5x^{15} + 91a^4b^4x^{12} + 260a^2b^3x^9 + 455a^3b^2x^6 + 910a^4bx^3 - 91a^5}{182x^2}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}((b^2x^6+2abx^3+a^2)^{(5/2)}/x^3, x)$$

output

$$(-91a^5 + 910a^4bx^3 + 455a^3b^2x^6 + 260a^2b^3x^9 + 91a^4bx^3 - 91a^5 + 14b^5x^{15})/(182x^2)$$

3.56 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	449
Mathematica [A] (verified)	450
Rubi [A] (verified)	450
Maple [A] (verified)	452
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	452
Sympy [F]	453
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	453
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	453
Mupad [F(-1)]	454
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	454

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 249

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx =$$

$$-\frac{a^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4x^4(a + bx^3)} - \frac{5a^4b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x(a + bx^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{5a^3b^2x^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} + \frac{2a^2b^3x^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3}$$

$$+ \frac{5ab^4x^8\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{8(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^5x^{11}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{11(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
-1/4*a^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(b*x^3+a)-5*a^4*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(
b*x^3+a)+5*a^3*b^2*x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+2*a^2*b^3*x^5*((b*x^3
+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+5*a*b^4*x^8*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(8*b*x^3+8*a)+b^5*x
^11*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(11*b*x^3+11*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}(-22a^5 - 440a^4bx^3 + 440a^3b^2x^6 + 176a^2b^3x^9 + 55ab^4x^{12} + 8b^5x^{15})}{88x^4(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^5,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(-22*a^5 - 440*a^4*b*x^3 + 440*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 176*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 55*a*b^4*x^12 + 8*b^5*x^15))/(88*x^4*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^5(bx^3+a)^5}{x^5} dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^5} dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{802} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(b^5x^{10} + 5ab^4x^7 + 10a^2b^3x^4 + 10a^3b^2x + \frac{5a^4b}{x^2} + \frac{a^5}{x^5} \right) dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^5}{4x^4} - \frac{5a^4b}{x} + 5a^3b^2x^2 + 2a^2b^3x^5 + \frac{5}{8}ab^4x^8 + \frac{b^5x^{11}}{11} \right)}{a + bx^3}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^5,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-1/4*a^5/x^4 - (5*a^4*b)/x + 5*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*b^3*x^5 + (5*a*b^4*x^8)/8 + (b^5*x^11)/11))/(a + b*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-8b^5x^{15}-55ab^4x^{12}-176a^2b^3x^9-440a^3b^2x^6+440a^4bx^3+22a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{88x^4(bx^3+a)^5}$	80
default	$-\frac{(-8b^5x^{15}-55ab^4x^{12}-176a^2b^3x^9-440a^3b^2x^6+440a^4bx^3+22a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{88x^4(bx^3+a)^5}$	80
orering	$-\frac{(-8b^5x^{15}-55ab^4x^{12}-176a^2b^3x^9-440a^3b^2x^6+440a^4bx^3+22a^5)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{88x^4(bx^3+a)^5}$	89
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b^2\left(\frac{1}{11}b^3x^{11}+\frac{5}{8}ab^2x^8+2a^2bx^5+5a^3x^2\right)}{bx^3+a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\left(-5a^4bx^3-\frac{1}{4}a^5\right)}{(bx^3+a)x^4}$	100

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/88*(-8*b^5*x^15-55*a*b^4*x^12-176*a^2*b^3*x^9-440*a^3*b^2*x^6+440*a^4*b*x^3+22*a^5)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(b*x^3+a)^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{8b^5x^{15} + 55ab^4x^{12} + 176a^2b^3x^9 + 440a^3b^2x^6 - 440a^4bx^3 - 22a^5}{88x^4}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/88*(8*b^5*x^15 + 55*a*b^4*x^12 + 176*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 440*a^3*b^2*x^6 - 440*a^4*b*x^3 - 22*a^5)/x^4`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2)/x**5,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)/x**5, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{8b^5x^{15} + 55ab^4x^{12} + 176a^2b^3x^9 + 440a^3b^2x^6 - 440a^4bx^3 - 22a^5}{88x^4}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/88*(8*b^5*x^15 + 55*a*b^4*x^12 + 176*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 440*a^3*b^2*x^6 - 440*a^4*b*x^3 - 22*a^5)/x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx &= \frac{1}{11} b^5 x^{11} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) \\ &+ \frac{5}{8} ab^4 x^8 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 2a^2 b^3 x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) \\ &+ 5a^3 b^2 x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{20a^4 bx^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{4x^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{11}b^5x^{11}\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{8}a^2b^3x^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{4}a^3b^2x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{1}{4}(20a^4bx^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + a^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a))/x^4$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}((a^2 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3)^{(5/2)}/x^5, x)$$

output

$$\operatorname{int}((a^2 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3)^{(5/2)}/x^5, x)$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{8b^5x^{15} + 55ab^4x^{12} + 176a^2b^3x^9 + 440a^3b^2x^6 - 440a^4bx^3 - 22a^5}{88x^4}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}((b^2x^6+2abx^3+a^2)^{(5/2)}/x^5, x)$$

output

$$(-22a^5 - 440a^4bx^3 + 440a^3b^2x^6 + 176a^2b^3x^9 + 55a^2b^4x^{12} + 8b^5x^{15})/(88x^4)$$

3.57 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	455
Mathematica [A] (verified)	456
Rubi [A] (verified)	456
Maple [A] (verified)	458
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	458
Sympy [F]	459
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	459
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	459
Mupad [F(-1)]	460
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	460

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 251

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx =$$

$$-\frac{a^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{5x^5(a + bx^3)} - \frac{5a^4b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2x^2(a + bx^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{10a^3b^2x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} + \frac{5a^2b^3x^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{2(a + bx^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{5ab^4x^7\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{7(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^5x^{10}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{10(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
-1/5*a^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(b*x^3+a)-5/2*a^4*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(b*x^3+a)+10*a^3*b^2*x*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+5*a^2*b^3*x^4*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*x^3+2*a)+5*a*b^4*x^7*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(7*b*x^3+7*a)+b^5*x^10*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(10*b*x^3+10*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}(-14a^5 - 175a^4bx^3 + 700a^3b^2x^6 + 175a^2b^3x^9 + 50ab^4x^{12} + 7b^5x^{15})}{70x^5(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^6,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(-14*a^5 - 175*a^4*b*x^3 + 700*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 175*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 50*a*b^4*x^12 + 7*b^5*x^15))/(70*x^5*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^5(bx^3+a)^5}{x^6} dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^6} dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 802 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(b^5x^9 + 5ab^4x^6 + 10a^2b^3x^3 + 10a^3b^2 + \frac{5a^4b}{x^3} + \frac{a^5}{x^6} \right) dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^5}{5x^5} - \frac{5a^4b}{2x^2} + 10a^3b^2x + \frac{5}{2}a^2b^3x^4 + \frac{5}{7}ab^4x^7 + \frac{b^5x^{10}}{10} \right)}{a + bx^3}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^6,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-1/5*a^5/x^5 - (5*a^4*b)/(2*x^2) + 10*a^3*b^2*x + (5*a^2*b^3*x^4)/2 + (5*a*b^4*x^7)/7 + (b^5*x^10)/10))/(a + b*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-7b^5x^{15}-50ab^4x^{12}-175a^2b^3x^9-700a^3b^2x^6+175a^4bx^3+14a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{70x^5(bx^3+a)^5}$	80
default	$-\frac{(-7b^5x^{15}-50ab^4x^{12}-175a^2b^3x^9-700a^3b^2x^6+175a^4bx^3+14a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{70x^5(bx^3+a)^5}$	80
orering	$-\frac{(-7b^5x^{15}-50ab^4x^{12}-175a^2b^3x^9-700a^3b^2x^6+175a^4bx^3+14a^5)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{70x^5(bx^3+a)^5}$	89
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b^2(\frac{1}{10}b^3x^{10}+\frac{5}{7}ab^2x^7+\frac{5}{2}a^2bx^4+10a^3x)}{bx^3+a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}(-\frac{5}{2}a^4bx^3-\frac{1}{5}a^5)}{(bx^3+a)x^5}$	98

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/70*(-7*b^5*x^15-50*a*b^4*x^12-175*a^2*b^3*x^9-700*a^3*b^2*x^6+175*a^4*b*x^3+14*a^5)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(b*x^3+a)^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{7b^5x^{15} + 50ab^4x^{12} + 175a^2b^3x^9 + 700a^3b^2x^6 - 175a^4bx^3 - 14a^5}{70x^5}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/70*(7*b^5*x^15 + 50*a*b^4*x^12 + 175*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 700*a^3*b^2*x^6 - 175*a^4*b*x^3 - 14*a^5)/x^5`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2)/x**6,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)/x**6, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{7b^5x^{15} + 50ab^4x^{12} + 175a^2b^3x^9 + 700a^3b^2x^6 - 175a^4bx^3 - 14a^5}{70x^5}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/70*(7*b^5*x^15 + 50*a*b^4*x^12 + 175*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 700*a^3*b^2*x^6 - 175*a^4*b*x^3 - 14*a^5)/x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx &= \frac{1}{10} b^5 x^{10} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) \\ &+ \frac{5}{7} ab^4 x^7 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \frac{5}{2} a^2 b^3 x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) \\ &+ 10 a^3 b^2 x \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{25 a^4 b x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 2 a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{10 x^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/10*b^5*x^10*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/7*a*b^4*x^7*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5/2*a^2*b^3*
x^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 10*a^3*b^2*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a) - 1/10*(25*a^4*b*x^3*sgn(
b*x^3 + a) + 2*a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/x^5
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^6,x)
```

output

```
int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^6, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{7b^5x^{15} + 50ab^4x^{12} + 175a^2b^3x^9 + 700a^3b^2x^6 - 175a^4bx^3 - 14a^5}{70x^5}$$

input

```
int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x)
```

output

```
( - 14*a**5 - 175*a**4*b*x**3 + 700*a**3*b**2*x**6 + 175*a**2*b**3*x**9 +
50*a*b**4*x**12 + 7*b**5*x**15)/(70*x**5)
```

3.58 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	461
Mathematica [A] (verified)	462
Rubi [A] (verified)	462
Maple [A] (verified)	464
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	464
Sympy [F]	465
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	465
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	465
Mupad [F(-1)]	466
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	466

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 248

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx =$$

$$\frac{a^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{7x^7(a + bx^3)} - \frac{5a^4b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{4x^4(a + bx^3)}$$

$$- \frac{10a^3b^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x(a + bx^3)} + \frac{5a^2b^3x^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3}$$

$$+ \frac{ab^4x^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{a + bx^3} + \frac{b^5x^8\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{8(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
-1/7*a^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^7/(b*x^3+a)-5/4*a^4*b*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(b*x^3+a)-10*a^3*b^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/x/(b*x^3+a)+5*a^2*b^3*x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+a*b^4*x^5*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)+b^5*x^8*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(8*b*x^3+8*a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}(-8a^5 - 70a^4bx^3 - 560a^3b^2x^6 + 280a^2b^3x^9 + 56ab^4x^{12} + 7b^5x^{15})}{56x^7(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^8,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(-8*a^5 - 70*a^4*b*x^3 - 560*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 280*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 56*a*b^4*x^12 + 7*b^5*x^15))/(56*x^7*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{b^5(bx^3+a)^5}{x^8} dx}{b^5(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \frac{(bx^3+a)^5}{x^8} dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 802 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(b^5x^7 + 5ab^4x^4 + 10a^2b^3x + \frac{10a^3b^2}{x^2} + \frac{5a^4b}{x^5} + \frac{a^5}{x^8} \right) dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(-\frac{a^5}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^4b}{4x^4} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{x} + 5a^2b^3x^2 + ab^4x^5 + \frac{b^5x^8}{8} \right)}{a + bx^3}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)/x^8,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*(-1/7*a^5/x^7 - (5*a^4*b)/(4*x^4) - (10*a^3*b^2)/x + 5*a^2*b^3*x^2 + a*b^4*x^5 + (b^5*x^8)/8))/(a + b*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-7b^5x^{15}-56ab^4x^{12}-280a^2b^3x^9+560a^3b^2x^6+70a^4bx^3+8a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{56x^7(bx^3+a)^5}$	80
default	$-\frac{(-7b^5x^{15}-56ab^4x^{12}-280a^2b^3x^9+560a^3b^2x^6+70a^4bx^3+8a^5)((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{56x^7(bx^3+a)^5}$	80
orering	$-\frac{(-7b^5x^{15}-56ab^4x^{12}-280a^2b^3x^9+560a^3b^2x^6+70a^4bx^3+8a^5)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{56x^7(bx^3+a)^5}$	89
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b^3(\frac{1}{8}b^2x^8+abx^5+5a^2x^2)}{bx^3+a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}(-10a^3b^2x^6-\frac{5}{4}a^4bx^3-\frac{1}{7}a^5)}{(bx^3+a)x^7}$	99

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/56*(-7*b^5*x^15-56*a*b^4*x^12-280*a^2*b^3*x^9+560*a^3*b^2*x^6+70*a^4*b*x^3+8*a^5)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(5/2)/x^7/(b*x^3+a)^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{7b^5x^{15} + 56ab^4x^{12} + 280a^2b^3x^9 - 560a^3b^2x^6 - 70a^4bx^3 - 8a^5}{56x^7}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/56*(7*b^5*x^15 + 56*a*b^4*x^12 + 280*a^2*b^3*x^9 - 560*a^3*b^2*x^6 - 70*a^4*b*x^3 - 8*a^5)/x^7`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2)/x**8,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)/x**8, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{7b^5x^{15} + 56ab^4x^{12} + 280a^2b^3x^9 - 560a^3b^2x^6 - 70a^4bx^3 - 8a^5}{56x^7}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/56*(7*b^5*x^15 + 56*a*b^4*x^12 + 280*a^2*b^3*x^9 - 560*a^3*b^2*x^6 - 70*a^4*b*x^3 - 8*a^5)/x^7`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{1}{8} b^5 x^8 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + ab^4 x^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 5 a^2 b^3 x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{280 a^3 b^2 x^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 35 a^4 b x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 4 a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{28 x^7}$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{8}b^5x^8\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + ab^4x^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 5a^2b^3x^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - \frac{1}{28}(280a^3b^2x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 35a^4bx^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 4a^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a))/x^7$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}((a^2 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3)^{(5/2)}/x^8, x)$$

output

$$\operatorname{int}((a^2 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3)^{(5/2)}/x^8, x)$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{7b^5x^{15} + 56ab^4x^{12} + 280a^2b^3x^9 - 560a^3b^2x^6 - 70a^4bx^3 - 8a^5}{56x^7}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}((b^2x^6+2abx^3+a^2)^{(5/2)}/x^8, x)$$

output

$$(-8a^5 - 70a^4bx^3 - 560a^3b^2x^6 + 280a^2b^3x^9 + 56ab^4x^{12} + 7b^5x^{15})/(56x^7)$$

3.59 $\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$

Optimal result	467
Mathematica [A] (verified)	467
Rubi [A] (verified)	468
Maple [A] (verified)	470
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	470
Sympy [F]	471
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	471
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	471
Mupad [F(-1)]	472
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	472

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{a^2x^3(a + bx^3)}{3b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{ax^6(a + bx^3)}{6b^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{x^9(a + bx^3)}{9b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{a^3(a + bx^3) \log(a + bx^3)}{3b^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
1/3*a^2*x^3*(b*x^3+a)/b^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/6*a*x^6*(b*x^3+a)/b^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/9*x^9*(b*x^3+a)/b/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*a^3*(b*x^3+a)*ln(b*x^3+a)/b^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3)(bx^3(6a^2 - 3abx^3 + 2b^2x^6) - 6a^3 \log(a + bx^3))}{18b^4\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^11/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]
```


output $((a + b*x^3)*(b*x^3*(6*a^2 - 3*a*b*x^3 + 2*b^2*x^6) - 6*a^3*\text{Log}[a + b*x^3]))/(18*b^4*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{b(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^{11}}{b(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^{11}}{bx^3+a} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^9}{bx^3+a} dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \left(\frac{x^6}{b} - \frac{ax^3}{b^2} - \frac{a^3}{b^3(bx^3+a)} + \frac{a^2}{b^3} \right) dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{a^3 \log(a+bx^3)}{b^4} + \frac{a^2 x^3}{b^3} - \frac{ax^6}{2b^2} + \frac{x^9}{3b} \right)}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[x^{11}/\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6], x]$

output
$$\frac{((a + b*x^3)*((a^2*x^3)/b^3 - (a*x^6)/(2*b^2) + x^9/(3*b) - (a^3*\text{Log}[a + b*x^3])/b^4))/(3*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] \text{ /; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 49
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$$

rule 798
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$$

rule 1384
$$\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \ \text{Int}[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*p)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n - 1)}])$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(-2x^9b^3+3ax^6b^2-6a^2x^3b+6a^3\ln(bx^3+a))}{18\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b^4}$	64
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-6a^3\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)\ln(bx^3+a)+(2x^9b^3-3ax^6b^2+6a^2x^3b+11a^3)\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{18b^4}$	69
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\left(\frac{1}{9}b^2x^9-\frac{1}{6}abx^6+\frac{1}{3}a^2x^3\right)}{(bx^3+a)b^3}-\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^3\ln(bx^3+a)}{3(bx^3+a)b^4}$	86

input `int(x^11/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/18*(b*x^3+a)*(-2*x^9*b^3+3*a*x^6*b^2-6*a^2*x^3*b+6*a^3*\ln(b*x^3+a))/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{2b^3x^9 - 3ab^2x^6 + 6a^2bx^3 - 6a^3\log(bx^3 + a)}{18b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^11/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/18*(2*b^3*x^9 - 3*a*b^2*x^6 + 6*a^2*b*x^3 - 6*a^3*\log(b*x^3 + a))/b^4$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**11/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**11/sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{5ax^6}{18b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}x^6}{9b^2} + \frac{5a^2x^3}{9b^3} - \frac{a^3 \log(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})}{3b^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}a^2}{9b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^11/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-5/18*a*x^6/b^2 + 1/9*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*x^6/b^2 + 5/9*a^2*x^3/b^3 - 1/3*a^3*log(x^3 + a/b)/b^4 - 2/9*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^2/b^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{a^3 \log(|bx^3 + a|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{3b^4} + \frac{2b^2x^9 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - 3abx^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 6a^2x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{18b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^11/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/3*a^3*\log(\text{abs}(b*x^3 + a))*\text{sgn}(b*x^3 + a)/b^4 + 1/18*(2*b^2*x^9*\text{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) - 3*a*b*x^6*\text{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) + 6*a^2*x^3*\text{sgn}(b*x^3 + a))/b^3$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input `int(x^11/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^11/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{-6 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) a^3 - 6 \log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right) a^3 + 6a^2bx^3 - 3ab^2x^6 + 2b^3x^9}{18b^4}$$

input `int(x^11/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output
$$\left(-6*\log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**3 - 6*\log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**3 + 6*a**2*b*x**3 - 3*a*b**2*x**6 + 2*b**3*x**9\right)/(18*b**4)$$

3.60 $\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$

Optimal result	473
Mathematica [A] (verified)	473
Rubi [A] (verified)	474
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	476
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	476
Sympy [F]	477
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	477
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	477
Mupad [F(-1)]	478
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	478

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{ax^3(a + bx^3)}{3b^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{x^6(a + bx^3)}{6b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{a^2(a + bx^3) \log(a + bx^3)}{3b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-1/3*a*x^3*(b*x^3+a)/b^2/((b*x^3+a)^(1/2))+1/6*x^6*(b*x^3+a)/b/((b*x^3+a)^(1/2))+1/3*a^2*(b*x^3+a)*ln(b*x^3+a)/b^3/((b*x^3+a)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{bx^3(-2a+bx^3)\left(\sqrt{a^2}bx^3+a\left(\sqrt{a^2}-\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2}\right)\right)}{a^2+abx^3-\sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2}} - 2a^2 \log\left(\sqrt{a^2} - bx^3 - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}\right) + 2a^2 \log\left(b^3\left(\sqrt{a^2} + b\right)\right)$$

$6b^3$

input

```
Integrate[x^8/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]
```

output

$$\frac{-1/6*((b*x^3*(-2*a + b*x^3))*(\text{Sqrt}[a^2]*b*x^3 + a*(\text{Sqrt}[a^2] - \text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2])))/(a^2 + a*b*x^3 - \text{Sqrt}[a^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]) - 2*a^2*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a^2] - b*x^3 - \text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]] + 2*a^2*\text{Log}[b^3*(\text{Sqrt}[a^2] + b*x^3 - \text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2])]}{b^3}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{b(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^8}{b(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^8}{bx^3+a} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^6}{bx^3+a} dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \left(\frac{x^3}{b} + \frac{a^2}{b^2(bx^3+a)} - \frac{a}{b^2} \right) dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{a^2 \log(a+bx^3)}{b^3} - \frac{ax^3}{b^2} + \frac{x^6}{2b} \right)}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^8/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-(a*x^3)/b^2) + x^6/(2*b) + (a^2*Log[a + b*x^3])/b^3)/(3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(b^2x^6 - 2ax^3b + 2a^2 \ln(bx^3 + a) - 3a^2) \operatorname{csgn}(bx^3 + a)}{6b^3}$	47
default	$\frac{(bx^3 + a)(b^2x^6 - 2ax^3b + 2a^2 \ln(bx^3 + a))}{6\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2} b^3}$	52
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2} (-bx^3 + a)^2}{6(bx^3 + a)b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2} a^2 \ln(bx^3 + a)}{3(bx^3 + a)b^3}$	73

input `int(x^8/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*(b^2*x^6-2*a*x^3*b+2*a^2*ln(b*x^3+a)-3*a^2)*csgn(b*x^3+a)/b^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.26

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{b^2x^6 - 2abx^3 + 2a^2 \log(bx^3 + a)}{6b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^8/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(b^2*x^6 - 2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2*log(b*x^3 + a))/b^3`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**8/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**8/sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{x^6}{6b} - \frac{ax^3}{3b^2} + \frac{a^2 \log(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})}{3b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^8/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*x^6/b - 1/3*a*x^3/b^2 + 1/3*a^2*log(x^3 + a/b)/b^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{a^2 \log(|bx^3 + a|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{3b^3} + \frac{bx^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - 2ax^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{6b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^8/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*a^2*log(abs(b*x^3 + a))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/b^3 + 1/6*(b*x^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a) - 2*a*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/b^2`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input `int(x^8/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^8/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) a^2 + 2 \log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right) a^2 - 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}{6b^3}$$

input `int(x^8/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2 + 2*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2 - 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)/(6*b**3)`

3.61 $\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	479
Rubi [A] (verified)	480
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	481
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	482
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	482
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	483
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	483
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	483

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{3b^2} - \frac{a(a+bx^3)\log(a+bx^3)}{3b^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

```
output 1/3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2-1/3*a*(b*x^3+a)*ln(b*x^3+a)/b^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{bx^3\left(-\sqrt{a^2}(a+bx^3)+a\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2}\right)}{a^2+abx^3-\sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2}} + 2a\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx^3}{\sqrt{a^2}-\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2}}\right) / 3b^2$$

```
input Integrate[x^5/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6], x]
```

```
output ((b*x^3*(-(Sqrt[a^2]*(a + b*x^3)) + a*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]))/(a^2 + a*b*x^3 - Sqrt[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]) + 2*a*ArcTanh[(b*x^3)/(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])])/(3*b^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1693, 1100, 1079, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1100 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{b^2} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}} dx^3}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1079 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{b^2} - \frac{a(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{b^2x^3 + ab} dx^3}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{b^2} - \frac{a(a + bx^3) \log(a + bx^3)}{b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/b^2 - (a*(a + b*x^3)*Log[a + b*x^3])/(b^2 *Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]))/3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1079 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1100 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(a \ln(bx^3+a) - bx^3 - a) \operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{3b^2}$	34
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(-bx^3+a \ln(bx^3+a))}{3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2 b^2}}$	41
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} x^3}{3(bx^3+a)b} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} a \ln(bx^3+a)}{3(bx^3+a)b^2}$	64

input `int(x^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3/b^2*(a*ln(b*x^3+a)-b*x^3-a)*csgn(b*x^3+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{bx^3 - a \log(bx^3 + a)}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(b*x^3 - a*log(b*x^3 + a))/b^2`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5/sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{a \log\left(x^3 + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{3b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*a*log(x^3 + a/b)/b^2 + 1/3*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)/b^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3}{b} - \frac{a \log(|bx^3 + a|)}{b^2} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(x^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(x^3/b - a*log(abs(b*x^3 + a))/b^2)*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3b^2} - \frac{ab \ln \left(ab + \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2 \sqrt{b^2 + b^2x^3}} \right)}{3(b^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^5/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2)/(3*b^2) - (a*b*log(a*b + ((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)*(b^2)^(1/2) + b^2*x^3))/(3*(b^2)^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{-\log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right)a - \log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right)a + bx^3}{3b^2}$$

input `int(x^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output $(- \log(a^{2/3} - b^{1/3}a^{1/3}x + b^{2/3}x^2)a - \log(a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}x)a + b^{1/3}x^3)/(3b^2)$

$$3.62 \quad \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

Optimal result	485
Mathematica [A] (verified)	485
Rubi [A] (verified)	486
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	487
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	487
Sympy [F]	488
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	488
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	488
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	489
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	489

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3) \log(a + bx^3)}{3b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output $1/3*(b*x^3+a)*\ln(b*x^3+a)/b/((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\frac{\sqrt{a^2}}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{b}}{x^3}\right)}{3b}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^2/\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6], x]$

output $(-2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[a^2]/b - \text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]/b)/x^3])/(3*b)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$, Rules used = {1690, 1079, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1690$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1079$$

$$\frac{b(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{b^2x^3 + ab} dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 16$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \log(a + bx^3)}{3b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

input `Int[x^2/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6], x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*Log[a + b*x^3])/(3*b*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1079 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1690

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\ln(bx^3+a) \operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{3b}$	22
default	$\frac{(bx^3+a) \ln(bx^3+a)}{3b\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}$	32
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \ln(bx^3+a)}{3(bx^3+a)b}$	34

input

```
int(x^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*ln(b*x^3+a)/b*csgn(b*x^3+a)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{\log(bx^3 + a)}{3b}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*log(b*x^3 + a)/b
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{\log(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})}{3b}$$

input `integrate(x^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*log(x^3 + a/b)/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{\log(|bx^3 + a|) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{3b}$$

input `integrate(x^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*log(abs(b*x^3 + a))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/b`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{\ln(b^2 x^3 + ab) \operatorname{sign}(2b^2 x^3 + 2ab)}{3\sqrt{b^2}}$$

input `int(x^2/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(log(a*b + b^2*x^3)*sign(2*a*b + 2*b^2*x^3))/(3*(b^2)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{\log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) + \log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right)}{3b}$$

input `int(x^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2) + log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x))/(3*b)`

3.63 $\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$

Optimal result	490
Mathematica [A] (verified)	490
Rubi [A] (verified)	491
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	493
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	493
Sympy [F]	494
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	494
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	494
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	495
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	495

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{(a+bx^3)\log(x)}{a\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{(a+bx^3)\log(a+bx^3)}{3a\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
(b*x^3+a)*ln(x)/a/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(b*x^3+a)*ln(b*x^3+a)/a/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{-2a \log(x^3) + (a - \sqrt{a^2}) \log\left(\sqrt{a^2} - bx^3 - \sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2}\right) + a \log\left(\sqrt{a^2} + bx^3 - \sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2}\right) + \sqrt{a^2}}{6a\sqrt{a^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]),x]
```

output

$$(-2*a*\text{Log}[x^3] + (a - \text{Sqrt}[a^2])*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a^2] - b*x^3 - \text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]] + a*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a^2] + b*x^3 - \text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]] + \text{Sqrt}[a^2]*\text{Log}[a*(\text{Sqrt}[a^2] + b*x^3 - \text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2])])/(6*a*\text{Sqrt}[a^2])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 47, 14, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{b(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{bx^3+a} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^3(bx^3+a)} dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 47 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x^3} dx^3}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^3+a} dx^3}{a} \right)}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 14 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\log(x^3)}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^3+a} dx^3}{a} \right)}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 16 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\log(x^3)}{a} - \frac{\log(a+bx^3)}{a} \right)}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

input `Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(Log[x^3]/a - Log[a + b*x^3]/a))/(3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 14 `Int[(a_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*Log[x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_.)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 47 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(-\ln(bx^3+a)+\ln(bx^3)) \operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{3a}$	31
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(\ln(bx^3+a)-3\ln(x))}{3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a}$	37
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \ln(bx^3+a)}{3(bx^3+a)a} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \ln(x)}{(bx^3+a)a}$	61

input `int(1/x/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(-ln(b*x^3+a)+ln(b*x^3))*csgn(b*x^3+a)/a`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{\log(bx^3 + a) - 3 \log(x)}{3a}$$

input `integrate(1/x/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(log(b*x^3 + a) - 3*log(x))/a`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{(-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right)}{3a}$$

input `integrate(1/x/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x)))/a`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(|bx^3 + a|)}{a} - \frac{3 \log(|x|)}{a} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(1/x/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*(log(abs(b*x^3 + a))/a - 3*log(abs(x))/a)*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{\ln\left(ab + \frac{a^2}{x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{x^3}\right)}{3\sqrt{a^2}}$$

input `int(1/(x*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `-log(a*b + a^2/x^3 + ((a^2)^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/x^3)/(3*(a^2)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{-\log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) - \log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right) + 3\log(x)}{3a}$$

input `int(1/x/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(- log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2) - log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x) + 3*log(x))/(3*a)`

3.64 $\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$

Optimal result	496
Mathematica [A] (verified)	496
Rubi [A] (verified)	497
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	499
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	499
Sympy [F]	500
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	500
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	500
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	501
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	501

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{-a - bx^3}{3ax^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{b(a + bx^3) \log(x)}{a^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{b(a + bx^3) \log(a + bx^3)}{3a^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
1/3*(-b*x^3-a)/a/x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-b*(b*x^3+a)*ln(x)/a^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*b*(b*x^3+a)*ln(b*x^3+a)/a^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{a^2 - \sqrt{a^2} \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} + 2abx^3 \log(x^3) + (-a + \sqrt{a^2}) bx^3 \log(\sqrt{a^2} - bx^3 - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}) - abx^3 \log}{6(a^2)^{3/2} x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^4*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(a^2 - \sqrt{a^2} \sqrt{(a + b x^3)^2} + 2 a b x^3 \operatorname{Log}[x^3] + (-a + \sqrt{a^2}) b x^3 \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{a^2} - b x^3 - \sqrt{(a + b x^3)^2}] - a b x^3 \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{a^2} + b x^3 - \sqrt{(a + b x^3)^2}] - \sqrt{a^2} b x^3 \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{a^2} + b x^3 - \sqrt{(a + b x^3)^2}])}{(6 (a^2)^{3/2} x^3)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{b(a + b x^3) \int \frac{1}{b x^4 (b x^3 + a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + b x^3) \int \frac{1}{x^4 (b x^3 + a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{(a + b x^3) \int \frac{1}{x^6 (b x^3 + a)} dx^3}{3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{54} \\ & \frac{(a + b x^3) \int \left(\frac{b^2}{a^2 (b x^3 + a)} - \frac{b}{a^2 x^3} + \frac{1}{a x^6} \right) dx^3}{3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{(a + b x^3) \left(-\frac{b \log(x^3)}{a^2} + \frac{b \log(a + b x^3)}{a^2} - \frac{1}{a x^3} \right)}{3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-1/(a*x^3)) - (b*Log[x^3])/a^2 + (b*Log[a + b*x^3])/a^2)/(3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !LtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(\ln(bx^3)bx^3 - b\ln(bx^3+a)x^3+a)\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{3a^2x^3}$	44
default	$\frac{(bx^3+a)(b\ln(bx^3+a)x^3 - 3b\ln(x)x^3 - a)}{3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^2x^3}$	52
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{3(bx^3+a)a^2x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b\ln(x)}{(bx^3+a)a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b\ln(-bx^3-a)}{3(bx^3+a)a^2}$	95

input `int(1/x^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*(ln(b*x^3)*b*x^3-b*ln(b*x^3+a)*x^3+a)*csgn(b*x^3+a)/a^2/x^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.26

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{bx^3 \log(bx^3 + a) - 3bx^3 \log(x) - a}{3a^2x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(b*x^3*log(b*x^3 + a) - 3*b*x^3*log(x) - a)/(a^2*x^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**4*sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{(-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} b \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}}{3a^2x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*b*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x)))/a^2 - 1/3*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)/(a^2*x^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{b \log(|bx^3 + a|)}{a^2} - \frac{3b \log(|x|)}{a^2} + \frac{bx^3 - a}{a^2x^3} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(b*log(abs(b*x^3 + a))/a^2 - 3*b*log(abs(x))/a^2 + (b*x^3 - a)/(a^2*x^3))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{ab \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^2 + bax^3}{\sqrt{a^2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}\right)}{3(a^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{3a^2x^3}$$

input `int(1/(x^4*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `(a*b*atanh((a^2 + a*b*x^3)/((a^2)^(1/2)*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2)))/((3*(a^2)^(3/2))) - (a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2)/(3*a^2*x^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{\log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right)bx^3 + \log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right)bx^3 - 3\log(x)bx^3 - a}{3a^2x^3}$$

input `int(1/x^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b*x**3 + log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b*x**3 - 3*log(x)*b*x**3 - a)/(3*a**2*x**3)`

3.65 $\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$

Optimal result	502
Mathematica [A] (verified)	502
Rubi [A] (verified)	503
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	505
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	505
Sympy [F]	506
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	506
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	506
Mupad [F(-1)]	507
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	507

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{a + bx^3}{6ax^6 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{b(a + bx^3)}{3a^2x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{b^2(a + bx^3) \log(x)}{a^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{b^2(a + bx^3) \log(a + bx^3)}{3a^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-1/6*(b*x^3+a)/a/x^6/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*b*(b*x^3+a)/a^2/x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+b^2*(b*x^3+a)*ln(x)/a^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*b^2*(b*x^3+a)*ln(b*x^3+a)/a^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{\frac{a^3(a-2bx^3)}{\sqrt{a^2x^6}} - \frac{a(a-3bx^3)\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2}}{x^6} - 4\sqrt{a^2}b^2 \log(x^3) + 2(-a + \sqrt{a^2})b^2 \log(\sqrt{a^2} - bx^3 - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2})}{12a^4} +$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^7*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a^3(a - 2bx^3))/(\sqrt{a^2}x^6) - (a(a - 3bx^3)*\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}))/x^6 - 4*\sqrt{a^2}*b^2*\text{Log}[x^3] + 2*(-a + \sqrt{a^2})*b^2*\text{Log}[\sqrt{a^2} - bx^3 - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}]] + 2*(a + \sqrt{a^2})*b^2*\text{Log}[\sqrt{a^2} + bx^3 - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}])}{(12*a^4)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{b(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{bx^7(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^7(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^9(bx^3+a)} dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{54} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \left(-\frac{b^3}{a^3(bx^3+a)} + \frac{b^2}{a^3x^3} - \frac{b}{a^2x^6} + \frac{1}{ax^9} \right) dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{b^2 \log(x^3)}{a^3} - \frac{b^2 \log(a+bx^3)}{a^3} + \frac{b}{a^2x^3} - \frac{1}{2ax^6} \right)}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^7*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-1/2*1/(a*x^6) + b/(a^2*x^3) + (b^2*Log[x^3])/a^3 - (b^2*Log[a + b*x^3])/a^3))/(3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !LtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(2b^2 \ln(bx^3+a)x^6 - 2 \ln(bx^3)b^2x^6 - 2ax^3b+a^2) \operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{6a^3x^6}$	58
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(2b^2 \ln(bx^3+a)x^6 - 6b^2 \ln(x)x^6 - 2ax^3b+a^2)}{6\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a^3x^6}$	64
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{bx^3}{3a^2} - \frac{1}{6a}\right)}{(bx^3+a)x^6} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b^2 \ln(x)}{(bx^3+a)a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b^2 \ln(bx^3+a)}{3(bx^3+a)a^3}$	106

input `int(1/x^7/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*(2*b^2*ln(b*x^3+a)*x^6-2*ln(b*x^3)*b^2*x^6-2*a*x^3*b+a^2)*csgn(b*x^3+a)/a^3/x^6`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{2b^2x^6 \log(bx^3 + a) - 6b^2x^6 \log(x) - 2abx^3 + a^2}{6a^3x^6}$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(2*b^2*x^6*log(b*x^3 + a) - 6*b^2*x^6*log(x) - 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)/(a^3*x^6)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**7/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**7*sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{(-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} b^2 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right)}{3a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}b}{2a^3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}}{6a^2x^6}$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*b^2*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x)))/a^3 + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b/(a^3*x^3) - 1/6*sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)/(a^2*x^6)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{2b^2 \log(|bx^3 + a|)}{a^3} - \frac{6b^2 \log(|x|)}{a^3} + \frac{3b^2x^6 - 2abx^3 + a^2}{a^3x^6} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*(2*b^2*log(abs(b*x^3 + a))/a^3 - 6*b^2*log(abs(x))/a^3 + (3*b^2*x^6 - 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)/(a^3*x^6))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^7*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^7*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}} a^{\frac{1}{3}} x + b^{\frac{2}{3}} x^2\right) b^2 x^6 - 2 \log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}} x\right) b^2 x^6 + 6 \log(x) b^2 x^6 - a^2 + 2abx^3}{6a^3x^6}$$

input `int(1/x^7/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 2*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**2*x**6 - 2*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**2*x**6 + 6*log(x)*b**2*x**6 - a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3)/(6*a**3*x**6)`

3.66 $\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$

Optimal result	508
Mathematica [A] (verified)	509
Rubi [A] (verified)	509
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	511
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	512
Sympy [F(-1)]	512
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	512
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	513
Mupad [F(-1)]	513
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	514

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 208

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{a+bx^3}{9ax^9\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{b(a+bx^3)}{6a^2x^6\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{b^2(a+bx^3)}{3a^3x^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{b^3(a+bx^3)\log(x)}{a^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{b^3(a+bx^3)\log(a+bx^3)}{3a^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-1/9*(b*x^3+a)/a/x^9/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/6*b*(b*x^3+a)/a^2/x^6/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*b^2*(b*x^3+a)/a^3/x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-b^3*(b*x^3+a)*ln(x)/a^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*b^3*(b*x^3+a)*ln(b*x^3+a)/a^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{1}{36} \left(\frac{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(-2a^2 + 5abx^3 - 11b^2x^6)}}{a^4x^9} + \frac{2a^2 - 3abx^3 + 6b^2x^6}{(a^2)^{3/2}x^9} + \frac{12\sqrt{a^2}b^3 \log(x^3)}{a^5} - \frac{6(-a + \sqrt{a^2})b^3 \log\left(\sqrt{a^2} - bx^3 - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}\right)}{a^5} - \frac{6(a + \sqrt{a^2})b^3 \log\left(\sqrt{a^2} + bx^3 - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}\right)}{a^5} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^10*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]),x]`

output `((Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(-2*a^2 + 5*a*b*x^3 - 11*b^2*x^6))/(a^4*x^9) + (2*a^2 - 3*a*b*x^3 + 6*b^2*x^6)/((a^2)^(3/2)*x^9) + (12*Sqrt[a^2]*b^3*Log[x^3])/a^5 - (6*(-a + Sqrt[a^2])*b^3*Log[Sqrt[a^2] - b*x^3 - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]])/a^5 - (6*(a + Sqrt[a^2])*b^3*Log[Sqrt[a^2] + b*x^3 - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]])/a^5)/36`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1384 \\
& \frac{b(a+bx^3) \int \frac{1}{bx^{10}(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{(a+bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^{10}(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} \\
& \downarrow 798 \\
& \frac{(a+bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^{12}(bx^3+a)} dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} \\
& \downarrow 54 \\
& \frac{(a+bx^3) \int \left(\frac{b^4}{a^4(bx^3+a)} - \frac{b^3}{a^4x^3} + \frac{b^2}{a^3x^6} - \frac{b}{a^2x^9} + \frac{1}{ax^{12}} \right) dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{(a+bx^3) \left(-\frac{b^3 \log(x^3)}{a^4} + \frac{b^3 \log(ax^3)}{a^4} - \frac{b^2}{a^3x^3} + \frac{b}{2a^2x^6} - \frac{1}{3ax^9} \right)}{3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^10*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-1/3*1/(a*x^9) + b/(2*a^2*x^6) - b^2/(a^3*x^3) - (b^3*Log[x^3])/a^4 + (b^3*Log[a + b*x^3])/a^4)/(3*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !LtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1]*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{ Int}[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*p)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n - 1)}])$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(6b^3 \ln(bx^3+a)x^9 - 6 \ln(bx^3) b^3 x^9 - 6a x^6 b^2 + 3a^2 x^3 b - 2a^3) \text{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{18a^4 x^9}$	71
default	$\frac{(bx^3+a)(6b^3 \ln(bx^3+a)x^9 - 18b^3 \ln(x)x^9 - 6a x^6 b^2 + 3a^2 x^3 b - 2a^3)}{18\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} a^4 x^9}$	77
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(-\frac{b^2 x^6}{3a^3} + \frac{bx^3}{6a^2} - \frac{1}{9a}\right)}{(bx^3+a)x^9} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b^3 \ln(x)}{(bx^3+a)a^4} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b^3 \ln(-bx^3-a)}{3(bx^3+a)a^4}$	121

input $\text{int}(1/x^{10}/((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/18*(6*b^3*\ln(b*x^3+a)*x^9-6*\ln(b*x^3)*b^3*x^9-6*a*x^6*b^2+3*a^2*x^3*b-2*a^3)*\text{csgn}(b*x^3+a)/a^4/x^9$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{6b^3x^9 \log(bx^3 + a) - 18b^3x^9 \log(x) - 6ab^2x^6 + 3a^2bx^3 - 2a^3}{18a^4x^9}$$

input `integrate(1/x^10/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/18*(6*b^3*x^9*log(b*x^3 + a) - 18*b^3*x^9*log(x) - 6*a*b^2*x^6 + 3*a^2*b*x^3 - 2*a^3)/(a^4*x^9)`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x**10/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{(-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} b^3 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right)}{3a^4}$$

$$- \frac{11 \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} b^2}{18a^4x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{5 \sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} b}{18a^3x^6} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}}{9a^2x^9}$$

input `integrate(1/x^10/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{3}(-1)^{(2a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*b^3*\log(2*a*b*x/\text{abs}(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*\text{abs}(x)))}/a^4 - \frac{11}{18}*\text{sqrt}(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^2/(a^4*x^3) + \frac{5}{18}*\text{sqrt}(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b/(a^3*x^6) - \frac{1}{9}*\text{sqrt}(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)/(a^2*x^9)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{18} \left(\frac{6b^3 \log(|bx^3 + a|)}{a^4} - \frac{18b^3 \log(|x|)}{a^4} + \frac{11b^3x^9 - 6ab^2x^6 + 3a^2bx^3 - 2a^3}{a^4x^9} \right) \text{sgn}(bx^3 + a)$$

input `integrate(1/x^10/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{18}*(6*b^3*\log(\text{abs}(b*x^3 + a))/a^4 - 18*b^3*\log(\text{abs}(x))/a^4 + (11*b^3*x^9 - 6*a*b^2*x^6 + 3*a^2*b*x^3 - 2*a^3)/(a^4*x^9))*\text{sgn}(b*x^3 + a)$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^10*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^10*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}} a^{\frac{1}{3}} x + b^{\frac{2}{3}} x^2\right) b^3 x^9 + 6 \log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}} x\right) b^3 x^9 - 18 \log(x) b^3 x^9 - 2a^3 + 3a^2 b x^3 - 6a b^2 x^6}{18a^4 x^9}$$

input

```
int(1/x^10/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(6*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**3*x**9 + 6*log(a
** (1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**3*x**9 - 18*log(x)*b**3*x**9 - 2*a**3 + 3*a**2*b*
x**3 - 6*a*b**2*x**6)/(18*a**4*x**9)
```

3.67 $\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$

Optimal result	515
Mathematica [A] (verified)	516
Rubi [A] (verified)	516
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	518
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	519
Sympy [F]	519
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	520
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	520
Mupad [F(-1)]	521
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	521

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 277

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{ax(a+bx^3)}{b^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{x^4(a+bx^3)}{4b\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{a^{4/3}(a+bx^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}b^{7/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{a^{4/3}(a+bx^3) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3b^{7/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{a^{4/3}(a+bx^3) \log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{6b^{7/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-a*x*(b*x^3+a)/b^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/4*x^4*(b*x^3+a)/b/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*a^(4/3)*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3)))*3^(1/2)/b^(7/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*a^(4/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/b^(7/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/6*a^(4/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/b^(7/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-12a\sqrt[3]{bx} + 3b^{4/3}x^4 - 4\sqrt{3}a^{4/3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + 4a^{4/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx} \right) - 2a^{4/3} \log \left(a^2 \right) \right)}{12b^{7/3} \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^6/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6], x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-12*a*b^(1/3)*x + 3*b^(4/3)*x^4 - 4*Sqrt[3]*a^(4/3)*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] + 4*a^(4/3)*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x] - 2*a^(4/3)*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/(12*b^(7/3)*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 831, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{b(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^6}{b(bx^3 + a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^6}{bx^3+a} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{831} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \left(\frac{x^3}{b} + \frac{a^2}{b^2(bx^3+a)} - \frac{a}{b^2} \right) dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{a^{4/3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}b^{7/3}} - \frac{a^{4/3} \log\left(a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x+b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{6b^{7/3}} + \frac{a^{4/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3b^{7/3}} - \frac{ax}{b^2} + \frac{x^4}{4b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^6/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-(a*x)/b^2) + x^4/(4*b) - (a^(4/3)*ArcTan[(a^(1/3) - 2*b^(1/3)*x)/(Sqrt[3]*a^(1/3))])/(Sqrt[3]*b^(7/3)) + (a^(4/3)*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x])/(3*b^(7/3)) - (a^(4/3)*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/(6*b^(7/3)))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 831 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialDivide[x^m, a + b*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1]`

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 3.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{1}{4}bx^4 - xa\right)}{(bx^3+a)b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} a^2 \left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-R^2} \right)}{3(bx^3+a)b^3}$
default	$\frac{(bx^3+a) \left(3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2x^4 - 12\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}abx - 4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) \sqrt{3}a^2 + 4 \ln\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)a^2 - 2 \ln\left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)a^2 \right)}{12\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b^3 \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$

input

```
int(x^6/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)*(1/4*b*x^4-x*a)/b^2+1/3*((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/
(b*x^3+a)/b^3*a^2*sum(1/_R^2*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3bx^4 + 4\sqrt{3}a\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}bx\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} - \sqrt{3}a}{3a}\right) - 2a\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + 4a\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{12b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^6/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(3*b*x^4 + 4*sqrt(3)*a*(a/b)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(2*sqrt(3)*b*x*(a/b)^(2/3) - sqrt(3)*a)/a) - 2*a*(a/b)^(1/3)*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3)) + 4*a*(a/b)^(1/3)*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3)) - 12*a*x)/b^2`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**6/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**6/sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3}a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3b^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{a^2 \log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6b^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{a^2 \log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3b^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{bx^4 - 4ax}{4b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^6/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*sqrt(3)*a^2*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(b^3*(a/b)^(2/3)) - 1/6*a^2*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(b^3*(a/b)^(2/3)) + 1/3*a^2*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(b^3*(a/b)^(2/3)) + 1/4*(b*x^4 - 4*a*x)/b^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{a\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{3b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{3b^3} + \frac{(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} a \log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{6b^3} + \frac{b^3x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - 4ab^2x \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{4b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^6/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*a*(-a/b)^(1/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/b^2 + 1/3*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*a*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/b^3 + 1/6*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*a*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/b^3 + 1/4*(b^3*x^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a) - 4*a*b^2*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/b^4`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input `int(x^6/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^6/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\frac{\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx - 4a^{\frac{4}{3}}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2b^{\frac{1}{3}}x}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) - 2a^{\frac{4}{3}}\log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) + 4a^{\frac{4}{3}}\log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right) - 12b^{\frac{1}{3}}ax + 3b^{\frac{4}{3}}x^4}{12b^{\frac{7}{3}}}$$

input `int(x^6/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 4*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a - 2*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a + 4*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a - 12*b**(1/3)*a*x + 3*b**(1/3)*b*x**4)/(12*b**(1/3)*b**2)`

3.68 $\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$

Optimal result	522
Mathematica [A] (verified)	523
Rubi [A] (verified)	523
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	529
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	529
Sympy [F]	530
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	530
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	531
Mupad [F(-1)]	531
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	532

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{x^2(a+bx^3)}{2b\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{a^{2/3}(a+bx^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}b^{5/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{a^{2/3}(a+bx^3) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3b^{5/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{a^{2/3}(a+bx^3) \log\left(a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx}+b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{6b^{5/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
1/2*x^2*(b*x^3+a)/b/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*a^(2/3)*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(
a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/b^(5/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+
1/3*a^(2/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/b^(5/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/
6*a^(2/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/b^(5/3)/((b*
x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(3b^{2/3}x^2 + 2\sqrt{3}a^{2/3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right) + 2a^{2/3} \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}) - a^{2/3} \log(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + \dots) \right)}{6b^{5/3} \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6], x]`

output
$$\frac{((a + b*x^3)*(3*b^{(2/3)}*x^2 + 2*\text{Sqrt}[3]*a^{(2/3)}*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*b^{(1/3)})*x]/a^{(1/3)})/\text{Sqrt}[3]] + 2*a^{(2/3)}*\text{Log}[a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)}*x] - a^{(2/3)}*\text{Log}[a^{(2/3)} - a^{(1/3)}*b^{(1/3)}*x + b^{(2/3)}*x^2]))/(6*b^{(5/3)}*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.423$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 843, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{b(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^4}{b(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^4}{bx^3+a} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 843 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{x^2}{2b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x}{bx^3+a} dx}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \downarrow 821 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{x^2}{2b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{x^2}{2b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \downarrow 1142 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{x^2}{2b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 25

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{x^2}{2b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}}{b} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 27

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{x^2}{2b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}}{b} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1082

$$\left((a + bx^3)^{\frac{x^2}{2b}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} dx \left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^{-3}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

217

$$\left((a + bx^3)^{\frac{x^2}{2b}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

1103

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{x^2}{2b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

input `Int[x^4/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(x^2/(2*b) - (a*(-1/3*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(a^(1/3)*b^(2/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/b^(1/3)) + Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(1/3)*b^(1/3))))/b)/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2]^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}\{a/b\} \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}\{a, 0\} \ || \ \text{LtQ}\{b, 0\})$

rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}\{a, 3\}*\text{Rt}\{b, 3\})^{-1} \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}\{a, 3\} + \text{Rt}\{b, 3\}*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}\{a, 3\}*\text{Rt}\{b, 3\}) \ \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}\{a, 3\} + \text{Rt}\{b, 3\}*x)/(\text{Rt}\{a, 3\}^2 - \text{Rt}\{a, 3\}*\text{Rt}\{b, 3\}*x + \text{Rt}\{b, 3\}^2*x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\}$

rule 843 $\text{Int}[(c_.)(x_)^m*((a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^n)^p], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n-1)}*(c*x)^{(m-n+1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1})/(b*(m+n*p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^n*((m-n+1)/(b*(m+n*p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}\{n, 0\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}\{m, n-1\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}\{m+n*p+1, 0\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}\{a, b, c, n, m, p, x\}$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2]^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = 1 - 4*S \ \text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /;$ $\text{RationalQ}\{q\} \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}\{q^2, 1\} \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}\{b^2 - 4*a*c\}) /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)/((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}\{2*c*d - b*e, 0\}$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)/((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)(x_)^{n2_.}) + (b_.)(x_)^{n_})^p], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \ \text{Int}[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}\{n2, 2*n\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}\{b^2 - 4*a*c, 0\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}\{p - 1/2\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}\{u, x^{(n-1)}\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}\{u, x^{(2*n-1)}\} \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}\{p, 1/2\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}\{u, x^{(-2*n-1)}\})$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^2 \sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2(bx^3+a)b} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} a \left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-R} \right)}{3(bx^3+a)b^2}$	77
default	$\frac{(bx^3+a) \left(3x^2 b \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \right) a + 2 \ln \left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) a - \ln \left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) a}{6 \sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b^2 \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$	113

input `int(x^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*x^2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/b-1/3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/b^2*a*sum(1/_R*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3x^2 - 2\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}bx\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - \sqrt{3}a}{3a}\right) - \left(\frac{a^2}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(ax^2 - bx\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + a\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + 2\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\dots\right)}{6b}$$

input `integrate(x^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(3*x^2 - 2*sqrt(3)*(a^2/b^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(2*sqrt(3)*b*x*(a^2/b^2)^(1/3) - sqrt(3)*a)/a) - (a^2/b^2)^(1/3)*log(a*x^2 - b*x*(a^2/b^2)^(2/3) + a*(a^2/b^2)^(1/3)) + 2*(a^2/b^2)^(1/3)*log(a*x + b*(a^2/b^2)^(2/3))/b`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{x^2}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{3}a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3b^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{a \log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6b^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{a \log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3b^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(x^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*x^2/b - 1/3*sqrt(3)*a*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(b^2*(a/b)^(1/3)) - 1/6*a*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(b^2*(a/b)^(1/3)) + 1/3*a*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(b^2*(a/b)^(1/3))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{2b} + \frac{\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{3b}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3}(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{3b^3}$$

$$- \frac{\left(-ab^2\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{6b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*x^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/b + 1/3*(-a/b)^(2/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/b + 1/3*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/b^3 - 1/6*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/b^3`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^4/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2b^{\frac{1}{3}}x}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) a + 3b^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x^2 - \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) a + 2\log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right) a}{6b^{\frac{5}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `int(x^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a + 3*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*x**2 - log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a + 2*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a)/(6*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*b)`

3.69 $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$

Optimal result	533
Mathematica [A] (verified)	534
Rubi [A] (verified)	534
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	540
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	540
Sympy [F]	541
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	541
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	542
Mupad [F(-1)]	542
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	543

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 235

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{x(a+bx^3)}{b\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(a+bx^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}b^{4/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(a+bx^3) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3b^{4/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(a+bx^3) \log\left(a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx}+b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{6b^{4/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
x*(b*x^3+a)/b/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*a^(1/3)*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/b^(4/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*a^(1/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/b^(4/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/6*a^(1/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/b^(4/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(6\sqrt[3]{bx} + 2\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right) - 2\sqrt[3]{a} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx} \right) + \sqrt[3]{a} \log \left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^2 \right) \right)}{6b^{4/3}\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6], x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^3)*(6*b^(1/3)*x + 2*Sqrt[3]*a^(1/3)*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] - 2*a^(1/3)*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x] + a^(1/3)*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/(6*b^(4/3)*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.423$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 843, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{b(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^3}{b(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^3}{bx^3+a} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 843 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{x}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{bx^3+a} dx}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \downarrow 750 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{x}{b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{\int \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x+a^{2/3}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} \right)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{x}{b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{\int \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x+a^{2/3}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \downarrow 1142 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{x}{b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x+a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x)}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x+a^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 25 \\
 (a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{x}{b} - a \left(\frac{\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a-2} \sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} \right)}{b} \right)
 \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 (a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{x}{b} - a \left(\frac{\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2} \sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}} dx} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} \right)}{b} \right)
 \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

1082

$$\left(\frac{(a + bx^3) \frac{x}{b} - a \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2 - d} d \left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) - 3}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \Bigg/ b$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

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$$\left(\frac{(a + bx^3) \frac{x}{b} - a \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \Bigg/ b$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

1103

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{x}{b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+b^{2/3}x^2}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

input `Int[x^3/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(x/b - (a*(Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(3*a^(2/3)*b^(1/3)) + (- (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])]/b^(1/3)) - Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(2/3))))/b)/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1} \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 750 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \ \text{Int}[(2 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2 \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 843 $\text{Int}[(c_ \cdot)(x_)^m \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n-1)} \cdot (c \cdot x)^{(m-n+1)} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^n)^{(p+1}) / (b \cdot (m+n \cdot p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a \cdot c^n \cdot ((m-n+1) / (b \cdot (m+n \cdot p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{(m-n)} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, n-1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n \cdot p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot S \text{implify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /;$ $\text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_)) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]] / b), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_)) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e / (2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[(u_ \cdot)((a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^{n2_}) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_})^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b \cdot x^n + c \cdot x^{(2 \cdot n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{(2 \cdot \text{FracPart}[p])}) \ \text{Int}[u \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{(2 \cdot p)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2 \cdot n-1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2 \cdot n-1)}])$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{(bx^3+a)b} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} a \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-R^2} \right)}{3(bx^3+a)b^2}$	74
default	$\frac{(bx^3+a) \left(6xb\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(-2x+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) \right) a - 2\ln\left(x+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a + \ln\left(x^2-\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) a}{6\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b^2 \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$	110

input `int(x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/b-1/3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/b^2*a*sum(1/_R^2*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{3}\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}bx\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} - \sqrt{3}a}{3a}\right) - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + 2\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{6b}$$

input `integrate(x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*sqrt(3)*(-a/b)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(2*sqrt(3)*b*x*(-a/b)^(2/3) - sqrt(3)*a)/a) - (-a/b)^(1/3)*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3)) + 2*(-a/b)^(1/3)*log(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)) + 6*x)/b`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**3/sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{x}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{3}a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3b^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{a \log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6b^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{a \log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3b^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x/b - 1/3*sqrt(3)*a*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(b^2*(a/b)^(2/3)) + 1/6*a*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(b^2*(a/b)^(2/3)) - 1/3*a*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(b^2*(a/b)^(2/3))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{3b} + \frac{x \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{b}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{3}(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{3b^2}$$

$$- \frac{\left(-ab^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{6b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(-a/b)^(1/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/b + x*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/b - 1/3*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3)))/(-a/b)^(1/3)*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/b^2 - 1/6*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/b^2`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^3/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2b^{\frac{1}{3}}x}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) + a^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) - 2a^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right) + 6b^{\frac{1}{3}}x}{6b^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input `int(x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3))) + a
(1/3)*log(a(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2) - 2*a**(1/3)*l
og(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x) + 6*b**(1/3)*x)/(6*b**(1/3)*b)`

3.70 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$

Optimal result	544
Mathematica [A] (verified)	545
Rubi [A] (verified)	545
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	549
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	550
Sympy [F]	550
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	551
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	551
Mupad [F(-1)]	552
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	552

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 202

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{(a+bx^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{ab^2/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{(a+bx^3) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^2/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{(a+bx^3) \log\left(a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx}+b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{ab^2/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3)/b^(2/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)/b^(2/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/6*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(1/3)/b^(2/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-2\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right) - 2 \log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x \right) + \log \left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2 \right) \right)}{6\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}} \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6], x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]] - 2*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x] + Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]))/(6*a^(1/3)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1384}$$

$$\frac{b(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x}{b(bx^3 + a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x}{bx^3 + a} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 821 \\
(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx + \sqrt[3]{a}}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx + a^{2/3}}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx + \sqrt[3]{a}}}}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} dx \right) \\
\hline
\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \\
\downarrow 16 \\
(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx + \sqrt[3]{a}}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx + a^{2/3}}} dx - \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
\hline
\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \\
\downarrow 1142 \\
(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx + a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx + a^{2/3}}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
\hline
\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx + a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx + a^{2/3}}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
\hline
\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx + a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx + a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
\hline
\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \\
\downarrow 1082
\end{array}$$

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} dx}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + a^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

217

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

1103

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{\log(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

input

```
Int[x/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^3)*(-1/3*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(a^(1/3)*b^(2/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])/b^(1/3)) + Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{-1} \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{ Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-R} \right)}{3(bx^3+a)b}$	47
default	$\frac{(bx^3+a) \left(2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}(-2x+(\frac{a}{b})^{\frac{1}{3}})}{3(\frac{a}{b})^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) + 2\ln\left(x+(\frac{a}{b})^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - \ln\left(x^2 - (\frac{a}{b})^{\frac{1}{3}}x + (\frac{a}{b})^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) \right)}{6\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b(\frac{a}{b})^{\frac{1}{3}}}$	97

input

```
int(x/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/b*sum(1/_R*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} ab \sqrt{\frac{(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a}} \log \left(\frac{2b^2x^3 - ab + 3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \left(abx + 2(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2 + (-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}a \right) \sqrt{\frac{(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a}} - 3(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}x}{bx^3 + a} \right) + (-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log(b^2x^2 + (-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}bx + (-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}})}{6ab^2}$$

input `integrate(x/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(3*sqrt(1/3)*a*b*sqrt((-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)*log((2*b^2*x^3 - a*b + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b*x + 2*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt((-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a) - 3*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*x)/(b*x^3 + a)) + (-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b^2*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(2/3)) - 2*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b*x - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)))/(a*b^2), 1/6*(6*sqrt(1/3)*a*b*sqrt(-(-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(1/3))*sqrt(-(-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)/b) + (-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b^2*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(2/3)) - 2*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b*x - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)))/(a*b^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{\log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{\log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(x/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(b*(a/b)^(1/3)) + 1/6*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(b*(a/b)^(1/3)) - 1/3*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(b*(a/b)^(1/3))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{3(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{\log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{6(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right) \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{3a}$$

input `integrate(x/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/(-a*b^2)^(1/3) - 1/6*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/(-a*b^2)^(1/3) - 1/3*(-a/b)^(2/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)/a
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2b^{\frac{1}{3}}x}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) + \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) - 2\log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right)}{6b^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input

```
int(x/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3))) + log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2) - 2*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x) )/(6*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3))
```

3.71 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$

Optimal result	553
Mathematica [A] (verified)	554
Rubi [A] (verified)	554
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	558
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	560
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	560
Mupad [F(-1)]	561
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	561

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 202

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{(a + bx^3) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{(a + bx^3) \log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{6a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a
^(2/3)/b^(1/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(
2/3)/b^(1/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/6*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*
x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(2/3)/b^(1/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(2\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right) - 2 \log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx} \right) + \log \left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2 \right) \right)}{6a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6], x]`

output `-1/6*((a + b*x^3)*(2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] - 2*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x] + Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]))/(a^(2/3)*b^(1/3)*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.455$, Rules used = {1384, 750, 16, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{b(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{b^2x^3 + ab} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{750} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{b(a+bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(2\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2-\sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x+\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} dx}{3a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} \\
 \downarrow 16 \\
 \frac{b(a+bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(2\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2-\sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx}{3a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{b(a+bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{4/3}x^2-\sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} \\
 \downarrow 1142 \\
 \frac{b(a+bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3}x^2-\sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{b(\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2-\sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx}{2b}}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{b(a+bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3}x^2-\sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{b(\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2-\sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx}{2b}}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} \\
 \downarrow 27
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{b(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}bx + a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}bx + a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} dx}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1082} \\
 & \frac{b(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}bx + a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{-\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^{-3}}}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & \frac{b(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}bx + a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{b}}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1103} \\
 & \frac{b(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{-\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{b}}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output $(b*(a + b*x^3)*(Log[a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)}*x]/(3*a^{(2/3)}*b^{(4/3)}) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^{(1/3)}*x)/a^{(1/3)})/Sqrt[3]])/b) - Log[a^{(2/3)} - a^{(1/3)}*b^{(1/3)}*x + b^{(2/3)}*x^2]/(2*b))/(3*a^{(2/3)}*b^{(1/3)}))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 $Int[(c_./((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]$

rule 25 $Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]$

rule 27 $Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] \&\& !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]$

rule 217 $Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] \&\& PosQ[a/b] \& \& (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])$

rule 750 $Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[1/(Rt[a, 3] + Rt[b, 3]*x), x], x] + Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[(2*Rt[a, 3] - Rt[b, 3]*x)/(Rt[a, 3]^2 - Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3]*x + Rt[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]$

rule 1082 $Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] \&\& (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]$

rule 1103 $Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] \&\& EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))/((a_) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1384

```
Int[(u._)*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^(n2._) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-R^2} \right)}{3(bx^3+a)b}$	47
default	$\frac{(bx^3+a) \left(-2\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) + 2 \ln \left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) - \ln \left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) \right)}{6\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$	97

input

```
int(1/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/b*sum(1/_R^2*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a
))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} ab \sqrt{-\frac{(a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b}} \log \left(\frac{2abx^3 - 3(a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}ax - a^2 + 3\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \left(2abx^2 + (a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}}x - (a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}a \right) \sqrt{-\frac{(a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b}}}{bx^3 + a} \right) - (a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left(abx^2 - \right)}{6a^2b}$$

input `integrate(1/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(3*sqrt(1/3)*a*b*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*log((2*a*b*x^3 - 3*(a^2*b)^(1/3)*a*x - a^2 + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(2*a*b*x^2 + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b))/(b*x^3 + a) - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x^2 - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a) + 2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x + (a^2*b)^(2/3)))/(a^2*b), 1/6*(6*sqrt(1/3)*a*b*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*x - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)/a^2 - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x^2 - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a) + 2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x + (a^2*b)^(2/3)))/(a^2*b)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{\log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{\log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(1/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(b*(a/b)^(2/3)) - 1/6*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(b*(a/b)^(2/3)) + 1/3*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(b*(a/b)^(2/3))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{2\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{a} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{ab} - \frac{(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{ab} \right) + a)$$

input `integrate(1/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*(2*(-a/b)^(1/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/a - 2*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/(a*b) - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/(a*b))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2b^{\frac{1}{3}}x}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) - \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) + 2\log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right)}{6a^{\frac{2}{3}}b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `int(1/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2), x)`output `(a**(1/3)*(-2*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3))) - log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2) + 2*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x))/(6*b**(1/3)*a)`

3.72 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$

Optimal result	562
Mathematica [A] (verified)	563
Rubi [A] (verified)	563
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	569
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	569
Sympy [F]	570
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	570
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	571
Mupad [F(-1)]	571
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	572

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{a + bx^3}{ax\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(a + bx^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}a^{4/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(a + bx^3) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3a^{4/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(a + bx^3) \log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{6a^{4/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```

-(b*x^3+a)/a/x/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*b^(1/3)*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(4/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*b^(1/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(4/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/6*b^(1/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(4/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
    
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(6\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{bx} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right) - 2\sqrt[3]{bx} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx} \right) + \sqrt[3]{bx} \log \left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} \right) \right)}{6a^{4/3}x\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]),x]`

output `-1/6*((a + b*x^3)*(6*a^(1/3) - 2*Sqrt[3]*b^(1/3)*x*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] - 2*b^(1/3)*x*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x] + b^(1/3)*x*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]))/(a^(4/3)*x*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.423$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 847, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{b(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{bx^2(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^2(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 847 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{x}{bx^3+a} dx}{a} - \frac{1}{ax} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 821 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{b \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}} dx}{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}} dx}{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{ax} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{b \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}} dx}{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{\sqrt[3]{a}b^{2/3}} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{ax} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1142
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{ax} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 25

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{ax} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 27

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{ax} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1082

$$\left(\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{{}^3\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\frac{{}^3\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} dx \left(1 - 2\frac{{}^3\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\left(1 - 2\frac{{}^3\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^{-3}} - \frac{{}^3\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{{}^3\sqrt{a} - 2{}^3\sqrt{bx}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log\left({}^3\sqrt{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{ax} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

217

$$\left(\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{{}^3\sqrt{a} - 2{}^3\sqrt{bx}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\frac{{}^3\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) - \frac{\log\left({}^3\sqrt{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{ax} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

1103

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) - \frac{1}{ax}}{a}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-1/(a*x)) - (b*(-1/3*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(a^(1/3)*b^(2/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])]/b^(1/3)) + Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(1/3)*b^(1/3))))/a)/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)} \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3])^{(-1)} \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3]) \ \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2 \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 847 $\text{Int}[(c_ \cdot (x_))^m \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^n)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1}/(a \cdot c \cdot (m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b \cdot ((m+n \cdot (p+1) + 1)/(a \cdot c^n \cdot (m+1))) \ \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m+n} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot S \ \text{implify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))/((a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))/((a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e)/(2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x)/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[(u_ \cdot ((a_ + (c_ \cdot x)^{n2_} + (b_ \cdot x)^n)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b \cdot x^n + c \cdot x^{(2 \cdot n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{(2 \cdot \text{FracPart}[p])}) \ \text{Int}[u \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{(2 \cdot p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2 \cdot n-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{!(EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2 \cdot n-1)}])$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{(bx^3+a)ax} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(a^4-Z^3-b)} -R \ln((-4-R^3 a^4+3b)x-a^3-R^2) \right)}{3bx^3+3a}$	93
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+a) \left(-2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}(-2x+(\frac{a}{b})^{\frac{1}{3}})}{3(\frac{a}{b})^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) x - 2 \ln\left(x+(\frac{a}{b})^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) x + \ln\left(x^2 - (\frac{a}{b})^{\frac{1}{3}}x + (\frac{a}{b})^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) x + 6(\frac{a}{b})^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{6\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} (\frac{a}{b})^{\frac{1}{3}} ax}$	111

input `int(1/x^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/a/x+1/3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)*sum(_R*ln((-4*_R^3*a^4+3*b)*x-a^3*_R^2),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*a^4-b))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{3}x\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{3}x\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}\right) + x\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(bx^2 - ax\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 2x\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(bx + a\right)}{6ax}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(2*sqrt(3)*x*(b/a)^(1/3)*arctan(2/3*sqrt(3)*x*(b/a)^(1/3) - 1/3*sqrt(3)) + x*(b/a)^(1/3)*log(b*x^2 - a*x*(b/a)^(2/3) + a*(b/a)^(1/3)) - 2*x*(b/a)^(1/3)*log(b*x + a*(b/a)^(2/3)) + 6)/(a*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3a\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{\log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6a\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{\log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3a\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{1}{ax}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(a*(a/b)^(1/3)) - 1/6*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(a*(a/b)^(1/3)) + 1/3*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a*(a/b)^(1/3)) - 1/(a*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left(\left| x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right| \right)}{a^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{3}(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{a^2 b} - \frac{(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left(x^2 + x \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)}{a^2 b} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(2*b*(-a/b)^(2/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/a^2 + 2*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/(a^2*b) - (-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/(a^2*b) - 6/(a*x))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2b^{\frac{1}{3}}x}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) bx - 6b^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}} - \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) bx + 2\log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right) bx}{6b^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{\frac{4}{3}}x}$$

input `int(1/x^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*b*x - 6*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3) - log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b*x + 2*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b*x)/(6*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a*x)`

3.73 $\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$

Optimal result	573
Mathematica [A] (verified)	574
Rubi [A] (verified)	574
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	580
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	580
Sympy [F]	581
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	581
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	582
Mupad [F(-1)]	582
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	583

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 243

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{-a - bx^3}{2ax^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{b^{2/3}(a + bx^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}a^{5/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{b^{2/3}(a + bx^3) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3a^{5/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{b^{2/3}(a + bx^3) \log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{6a^{5/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
1/2*(-b*x^3-a)/a/x^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*b^(2/3)*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(5/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*b^(2/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(5/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/6*b^(2/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(5/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(3a^{2/3} - 2\sqrt{3}b^{2/3}x^2 \arctan \left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right) + 2b^{2/3}x^2 \log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx} \right) - b^{2/3}x^2 \log \left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx} \right) \right)}{6a^{5/3}x^2 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]),x]`

output `-1/6*((a + b*x^3)*(3*a^(2/3) - 2*Sqrt[3]*b^(2/3)*x^2*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] + 2*b^(2/3)*x^2*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x] - b^(2/3)*x^2*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]))/(a^(5/3)*x^2*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.423$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 847, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{b(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{bx^3(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^3(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

↓ 847

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^3+a} dx}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

↓ 750

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{b \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

↓ 16

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{b \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(b \frac{\int \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a-2} \sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

25

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(b \frac{\int \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a-2} \sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

27

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(b \frac{\int \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2} \sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

↓ 1082

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left[\frac{b \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{-3} d \left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right] \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 217

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left[\frac{b \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt[3]{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right] \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) - \frac{1}{2ax^2}}{a \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-1/2*1/(a*x^2) - (b*(Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(3*a^(2/3)*b^(1/3)) + (-((sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/sqrt[3]))/b^(1/3)) - Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(2/3))))/a)/sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1}] \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 750 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \ \text{Int}[(2 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2 \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 847 $\text{Int}[(c_ \cdot x)^m \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (a \cdot c \cdot (m+1))] - \text{Simp}[b \cdot (m+n \cdot (p+1) + 1) / (a \cdot c^n \cdot (m+1))] \ \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m+n} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot \text{Simplify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /;$ $\text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))/(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))/(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e)/(2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x)/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[(u_ \cdot (a_ + (c_ \cdot x)^{n2_} + (b_ \cdot x)^{n_})^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b \cdot x^n + c \cdot x^{2 \cdot n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{2 \cdot \text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[u \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{2 \cdot p}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2 \cdot n-1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2 \cdot n-1)}])$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{2(bx^3+a)ax^2} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(a^5-Z^3+b^2)} -R \ln((-4R^3a^5-3b^2)x-a^2bR) \right)}{3bx^3+3a}$	94
default	$\frac{(bx^3+a) \left(2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(-2x+(\frac{a}{b})^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) x^2 + \ln\left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) x^2 - 2\ln\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) x^2 - 3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} ax^2 \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$	117

input `int(1/x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/a/x^2+1/3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)*sum(_R*ln((-4*_R^3*a^5-3*b^2)*x-a^2*b*_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*a^5+b^2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{3}x^2 \left(-\frac{b^2}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}ax\left(-\frac{b^2}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} - \sqrt{3}b}{3b}\right) - x^2 \left(-\frac{b^2}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(b^2x^2 + abx\left(-\frac{b^2}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^2\left(-\frac{b^2}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + 2x^2}{6ax^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*sqrt(3)*x^2*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(2*sqrt(3)*a*x*(-b^2/a^2)^(2/3) - sqrt(3)*b)/b) - x^2*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3)*log(b^2*x^2 + a*b*x*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3) + a^2*(-b^2/a^2)^(2/3)) + 2*x^2*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3)*log(b*x - a*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3)) - 3)/(a*x^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3a\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{\log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6a\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{\log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3a\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{1}{2ax^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(a*(a/b)^(2/3)) + 1/6*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(a*(a/b)^(2/3)) - 1/3*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a*(a/b)^(2/3)) - 1/2/(a*x^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(\left| x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right| \right)}{a^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(x^2 + x \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)}{a^2} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(2*b*(-a/b)^(1/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/a^2 - 2*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/a^2 - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/a^2 - 3/(a*x^2))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2b^{\frac{1}{3}}x}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) bx^2 + a^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) bx^2 - 2a^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right) bx^2 - 3b^{\frac{1}{3}}a}{6b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^2x^2}$$

input `int(1/x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*b*x**2 + a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b*x**2 - 2*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b*x**2 - 3*b**(1/3)*a)/(6*b**(1/3)*a**2*x**2)`

3.74 $\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$

Optimal result	584
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 278

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{a + bx^3}{4ax^4 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{b(a + bx^3)}{a^2x \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$-\frac{b^{4/3}(a + bx^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}a^{7/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$-\frac{b^{4/3}(a + bx^3) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3a^{7/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$+\frac{b^{4/3}(a + bx^3) \log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{6a^{7/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(b*x^3+a)/a/x^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+b*(b*x^3+a)/a^2/x/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*b^(4/3)*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3)))*3^(1/2)/a^(7/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*b^(4/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(7/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/6*b^(4/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(7/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(3a^{4/3} - 12\sqrt[3]{ab}x^3 + 4\sqrt{3}b^{4/3}x^4 \arctan \left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right) + 4b^{4/3}x^4 \log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx} \right) - 2b^{4/3}x^4 \log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{bx} \right) \right)}{12a^{7/3}x^4 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^5*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]),x]`

output `-1/12*((a + b*x^3)*(3*a^(4/3) - 12*a^(1/3)*b*x^3 + 4*Sqrt[3]*b^(4/3)*x^4*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] + 4*b^(4/3)*x^4*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x] - 2*b^(4/3)*x^4*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/(a^(7/3)*x^4*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.462$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 847, 847, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{b(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{bx^5(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^5(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 847 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^2(bx^3+a)} dx}{a} - \frac{1}{4ax^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 847 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{x}{bx^3+a} dx - \frac{1}{ax} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{4ax^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 821 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(b \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) - \frac{1}{ax} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 16
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\begin{array}{c} \left(\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \\ \frac{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}{a} \end{array} \right) - \frac{1}{ax} \\ b - \frac{\quad}{a} \end{array} \right) - \frac{1}{4ax^4} \\
 (a + bx^3) & - \frac{\quad}{a} \\
 & \frac{1}{4ax^4} \\
 & \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \\
 & \downarrow 1142
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{ax} \right) - \frac{1}{4ax^4}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 25

$$\left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{\frac{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}{2\sqrt[3]{b}}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) - \frac{1}{ax}}{(a + bx^3) - \frac{1}{4ax^4}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{3\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \\ \frac{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}{a} \end{array} \right) - \frac{1}{ax} \\ (a + bx^3) - \frac{1}{4ax^4} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1082

$$\left(\frac{
 \begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{
 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)^2} dx - \left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)
 }{
 \left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)^{-3}
 }
 }{
 \sqrt[3]{b}
 }
 - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}
 \end{aligned}
 \right)
 \frac{1}{ax}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{1}{ax} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{4ax^4}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

$$\left(\frac{b}{a} \left[\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right] - \frac{1}{ax} \right) - \frac{1}{4ax^4}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

1103

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}b^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{1}{ax}}{a} - \frac{1}{4ax^4}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

input `Int[1/(x^5*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]),x]`

output
$$\frac{((a + b*x^3)*(-1/4*1/(a*x^4) - (b*(-1/(a*x)) - (b*(-1/3*\text{Log}[a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}]*x)/(a^{1/3}*b^{2/3})) + (-((\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*b^{1/3})*x)/a^{1/3}])/\text{Sqrt}[3]))/b^{1/3})) + \text{Log}[a^{2/3} - a^{1/3}*b^{1/3}*x + b^{2/3}*x^2]/(2*b^{1/3}))/((3*a^{1/3}*b^{1/3}))/a)/a)/\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16
$$\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 25
$$\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 217
$$\text{Int}[((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])]$$

rule 821
$$\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{-1} \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{ Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$$

rule 847
$$\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^m*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*x^n)^{p+1}/(a*c*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*(m+n*(p+1)+1)/(a*c^n*(m+1)) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^{m+n}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$$

```
rule 1082 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1103 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

```
rule 1142 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

```
rule 1384 Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 2.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a^2} - \frac{1}{4a}\right)}}{(bx^3+a)x^4} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(a^7-Z^3+bx^4)} -R \ln\left((-4-R^3 a^7-3b^4)x+a^5b-R^2\right) \right)}{3bx^3+3a}$
default	$\frac{(bx^3+a) \left(4\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) bx^4+4 \ln\left(x+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) bx^4-2 \ln\left(x^2-\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) bx^4-12b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x^3+3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}a \right)}{12\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}a^2x^4}$

```
input int(1/x^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output
$$\frac{((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x^3+a)*(1/a^2*b*x^3-1/4/a)/x^4+1/3*((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x^3+a)*\text{sum}(_R*\ln((-4*_R^3*a^7-3*b^4)*x+a^5*b*_R^2), _R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^3*a^7+b^4))}{12 a^2 x^4}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{3}bx^4\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{3}x\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}\right) - 2bx^4\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(bx^2 - ax\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} - a\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + 4bx^4}{12 a^2 x^4}$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1/12*(4*\text{sqrt}(3)*b*x^4*(-b/a)^{(1/3)}*\arctan(2/3*\text{sqrt}(3)*x*(-b/a)^{(1/3)} + 1/3*\text{sqrt}(3)) - 2*b*x^4*(-b/a)^{(1/3)}*\log(b*x^2 - a*x*(-b/a)^{(2/3)} - a*(-b/a)^{(1/3)}) + 4*b*x^4*(-b/a)^{(1/3)}*\log(b*x + a*(-b/a)^{(2/3)}) + 12*b*x^3 - 3*a)/(a^2*x^4)}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**5/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**5*sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3}b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3a^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{b \log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6a^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{b \log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3a^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{4bx^3 - a}{4a^2x^4}$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*sqrt(3)*b*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(a^2*(a/b)^(1/3)) + 1/6*b*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(a^2*(a/b)^(1/3)) - 1/3*b*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a^2*(a/b)^(1/3)) + 1/4*(4*b*x^3 - a)/(a^2*x^4)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = -\frac{1}{12} \left(\frac{4b^2\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{a^3} + \frac{4\sqrt{3}(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{a^3} - \frac{2(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^2 + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{a^3} \right) + a)$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/12*(4*b^2*(-a/b)^(2/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/a^3 + 4*sqrt(3)*(-a*b
^2)^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/a^3 - 2*(-
a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/a^3 - 3*(4*b*x^3 - a
)/(a^2*x^4))*sgn(b*x^3 + a)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x^5*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x^5*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2b^{\frac{1}{3}}x}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) b^2x^4 - 3b^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{\frac{4}{3}} + 12b^{\frac{5}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x^3 + 2\log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) b^2x^4 - 4\log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right) b^2x^4}{12b^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{\frac{7}{3}}x^4}$$

input

```
int(1/x^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*b**2*x**4
- 3*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a + 12*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*b*x**3 + 2*log(a**(2/3) -
b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**2*x**4 - 4*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)
*x)*b**2*x**4)/(12*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a**2*x**4)
```

3.75 $\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	599
Mathematica [A] (verified)	599
Rubi [A] (verified)	600
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	602
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	602
Sympy [F]	603
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	603
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	603
Mupad [F(-1)]	604
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	604

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4a^3}{3b^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{a^4}{6b^5(a + bx^3)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{ax^3(a + bx^3)}{b^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{x^6(a + bx^3)}{6b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{2a^2(a + bx^3)\log(a + bx^3)}{b^5\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
4/3*a^3/b^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/6*a^4/b^5/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-
a*x^3*(b*x^3+a)/b^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/6*x^6*(b*x^3+a)/b^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+2*a^2*(b*x^3+a)*ln(b*x^3+a)/b^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{7a^4 + 2a^3bx^3 - 11a^2b^2x^6 - 4ab^3x^9 + b^4x^{12} + 12a^2(a + bx^3)^2 \log(a + bx^3)}{6b^5(a + bx^3)\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^14/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output $(7a^4 + 2a^3bx^3 - 11a^2b^2x^6 - 4ab^3x^9 + b^4x^{12} + 12a^2(a + bx^3)^2 \text{Log}[a + bx^3]) / (6b^5(a + bx^3) \text{Sqrt}[(a + bx^3)^2])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{14}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^{14}}{b^3(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^{14}}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^{12}}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \left(\frac{a^4}{b^4(bx^3+a)^3} - \frac{4a^3}{b^4(bx^3+a)^2} + \frac{6a^2}{b^4(bx^3+a)} - \frac{3a}{b^4} + \frac{x^3}{b^3} \right) dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{a^4}{2b^5(a+bx^3)^2} + \frac{4a^3}{b^5(a+bx^3)} + \frac{6a^2 \log(a+bx^3)}{b^5} - \frac{3ax^3}{b^4} + \frac{x^6}{2b^3} \right)}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^14/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*((-3*a*x^3)/b^4 + x^6/(2*b^3) - a^4/(2*b^5*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (4*a^3)/(b^5*(a + b*x^3)) + (6*a^2*Log[a + b*x^3])/b^5)/(3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result	s
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2 \operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a) \left(a^2 \ln(bx^3+a) (bx^3+a)^2 - \left(\frac{bx^3}{2} + a \right) \left(-\frac{1}{6} b^2 x^6 + a x^3 b + a^2 \right) b x^3 \right)}{b^5 (bx^3+a)^2}$	7
default	$\frac{(b^4 x^{12} - 4a b^3 x^9 + 12 \ln(bx^3+a) a^2 b^2 x^6 - 2b^2 x^6 a^2 + 24 \ln(bx^3+a) a^3 b x^3 + 20b x^3 a^3 + 12 \ln(bx^3+a) a^4 + 16a^4) (bx^3+a)}{6b^5 ((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	1
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} (-bx^3+3a)^2}{6(bx^3+a)b^5} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{4a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{7a^4}{6b} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^3 b^4} + \frac{2\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} a^2 \ln(bx^3+a)}{(bx^3+a)b^5}$	1

input `int(x^14/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(a^2*ln(b*x^3+a)*(b*x^3+a)^2-(1/2*b*x^3+a)*(-1/6*b^2*x^6+a*x^3*b+a^2)*b*x^3)/b^5/(b*x^3+a)^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b^4 x^{12} - 4ab^3 x^9 - 11a^2 b^2 x^6 + 2a^3 b x^3 + 7a^4 + 12(a^2 b^2 x^6 + 2a^3 b x^3 + a^4) \log(bx^3 + a)}{6(b^7 x^6 + 2ab^6 x^3 + a^2 b^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^14/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(b^4*x^12 - 4*a*b^3*x^9 - 11*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 2*a^3*b*x^3 + 7*a^4 + 12*(a^2*b^2*x^6 + 2*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*log(b*x^3 + a))/(b^7*x^6 + 2*a*b^6*x^3 + a^2*b^5)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{14}}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**14/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**14/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^9}{6\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2b^2}} - \frac{5ax^6}{6\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2b^2}} + \frac{4a^3x^3}{(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^2b^6} + \frac{2a^2\log(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})}{b^5} - \frac{5a^3}{3\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2b^5}} + \frac{23a^4}{6(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^2b^7}$$

input `integrate(x^14/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*x^9/(sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^2) - 5/6*a*x^6/(sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^3) + 4*a^3*x^3/((x^3 + a/b)^2*b^6) + 2*a^2*log(x^3 + a/b)/b^5 - 5/3*a^3/(sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^5) + 23/6*a^4/((x^3 + a/b)^2*b^7)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2a^2\log(|bx^3 + a|)}{b^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} + \frac{b^3x^6\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) - 6ab^2x^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{6b^6} - \frac{18a^2b^2x^6 + 28a^3bx^3 + 11a^4}{6(bx^3 + a)^2b^5\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x^14/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $2*a^2*\log(\text{abs}(b*x^3 + a))/(b^5*\text{sgn}(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/6*(b^3*x^6*\text{sgn}(b*x^3 + a) - 6*a*b^2*x^3*\text{sgn}(b*x^3 + a))/b^6 - 1/6*(18*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 28*a^3*b*x^3 + 11*a^4)/((b*x^3 + a)^2*b^5*\text{sgn}(b*x^3 + a))$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{14}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^14/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^14/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{12 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) a^4 + 24 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) a^3 b x^3 + 12 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) a^2 b^2 x^6 + 12 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) a b^3 x^9 + 12 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) b^4 x^{12}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^14/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output $(12*\log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**4 + 24*\log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**3*b*x**3 + 12*\log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 12*\log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**4 + 24*\log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**3*b*x**3 + 12*\log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 6*a**4 - 12*a**2*b**2*x**6 - 4*a*b**3*x**9 + b**4*x**12)/(6*b**5*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6))$

3.76
$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	605
Mathematica [A] (verified)	605
Rubi [A] (verified)	606
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	608
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	608
Sympy [F]	609
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	609
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	609
Mupad [F(-1)]	610
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	610

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{a^2}{b^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{a^3}{6b^4(a + bx^3)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{x^3(a + bx^3)}{3b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{a(a + bx^3)\log(a + bx^3)}{b^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-a^2/b^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/6*a^3/b^4/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*x^3*(b*x^3+a)/b^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-a*(b*x^3+a)*ln(b*x^3+a)/b^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-5a^3 - 4a^2bx^3 + 4ab^2x^6 + 2b^3x^9 - 6a(a + bx^3)^2 \log(a + bx^3)}{6b^4(a + bx^3)\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^11/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-5*a^3 - 4*a^2*b*x^3 + 4*a*b^2*x^6 + 2*b^3*x^9 - 6*a*(a + b*x^3)^2*Log[a + b*x^3])/(6*b^4*(a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{11}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^{11}}{b^3(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^{11}}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^9}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \left(-\frac{a^3}{b^3(bx^3+a)^3} + \frac{3a^2}{b^3(bx^3+a)^2} - \frac{3a}{b^3(bx^3+a)} + \frac{1}{b^3} \right) dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{a^3}{2b^4(a+bx^3)^2} - \frac{3a^2}{b^4(a+bx^3)} - \frac{3a \log(a+bx^3)}{b^4} + \frac{x^3}{b^3} \right)}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^11/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(x^3/b^3 + a^3/(2*b^4*(a + b*x^3)^2) - (3*a^2)/(b^4*(a + b*x^3)) - (3*a*Log[a + b*x^3])/b^4)/(3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)\left(\ln(bx^3+a)(bx^3+a)^2a-\frac{x^9b^3}{3}-ax^6b^2+\frac{a^3}{2}\right)}{b^4(bx^3+a)^2}$	65
default	$-\frac{(-2x^9b^3+6\ln(bx^3+a)ab^2x^6-4ax^6b^2+12\ln(bx^3+a)a^2bx^3+4a^2x^3b+6a^3\ln(bx^3+a)+5a^3)(bx^3+a)}{6b^4((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	103
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}x^3}{3(bx^3+a)b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\left(-a^2x^3-\frac{5a^3}{6b}\right)}{(bx^3+a)^3b^3} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}a\ln(bx^3+a)}{(bx^3+a)b^4}$	105

input `int(x^11/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)\left(\ln(bx^3+a)(bx^3+a)^2a-\frac{x^9b^3}{3}-ax^6b^2+\frac{a^3}{2}\right)/b^4(bx^3+a)^2$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2b^3x^9 + 4ab^2x^6 - 4a^2bx^3 - 5a^3 - 6(ab^2x^6 + 2a^2bx^3 + a^3)\log(bx^3 + a)}{6(b^6x^6 + 2ab^5x^3 + a^2b^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^11/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/6*(2*b^3*x^9 + 4*a*b^2*x^6 - 4*a^2*b*x^3 - 5*a^3 - 6*(a*b^2*x^6 + 2*a^2*b*x^3 + a^3)*\log(b*x^3 + a))/(b^6*x^6 + 2*a*b^5*x^3 + a^2*b^4)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**11/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**11/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^6}{3\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2b^2}} - \frac{2a^2x^3}{(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^2b^5}$$

$$- \frac{a \log(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})}{b^4} + \frac{2a^2}{3\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2b^4}} - \frac{11a^3}{6(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^2b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^11/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*x^6/(sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^2) - 2*a^2*x^3/((x^3 + a/b)^2*b^5) - a*log(x^3 + a/b)/b^4 + 2/3*a^2/(sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^4) - 11/6*a^3/((x^3 + a/b)^2*b^6)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^3}{3b^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{a \log(|bx^3 + a|)}{b^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} + \frac{9ab^2x^6 + 12a^2bx^3 + 4a^3}{6(bx^3 + a)^2b^4\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x^11/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*x^3/(b^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - a*log(abs(b*x^3 + a))/(b^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/6*(9*a*b^2*x^6 + 12*a^2*b*x^3 + 4*a^3)/((b*x^3 + a)^2*b^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^11/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^11/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-6 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) a^3 - 12 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) a^2 b x^3 - 6 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) a b^2 x^6 - 6 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) a^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^11/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(- 6*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**3 - 12*log(a**
*(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2*b*x**3 - 6*log(a**(2/3)
- b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b**2*x**6 - 6*log(a**(1/3) + b**
(1/3)*x)*a**3 - 12*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2*b*x**3 - 6*log(a**(1/3)
+ b**(1/3)*x)*a*b**2*x**6 - 3*a**3 + 6*a*b**2*x**6 + 2*b**3*x**9)/(6*b**4
*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6))`

3.77 $\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	611
Mathematica [A] (verified)	611
Rubi [A] (verified)	612
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	614
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	614
Sympy [F]	615
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	615
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	615
Mupad [F(-1)]	616
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	616

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2a}{3b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{a^2}{6b^3(a + bx^3)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{(a + bx^3)\log(a + bx^3)}{3b^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
2/3*a/b^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/6*a^2/b^3/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*(b*x^3+a)*ln(b*x^3+a)/b^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{bx^3 \left(a\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2(-2a^2-abx^3+b^2x^6)} + \sqrt{a^2(2a^3+3a^2bx^3+b^3x^9)} \right)}{a^2(a+bx^3) \left(a^2+abx^3-\sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2} \right)} + 2\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2-bx^3}-\sqrt{a^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{a^2-bx^3}+\sqrt{a^2+bx^3}}\right) \frac{1}{6b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^8/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```


output

$$\frac{((b^3x^3(a\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2})*(-2a^2 - abx^3 + b^2x^6) + \sqrt{a^2}(2a^3 + 3a^2bx^3 + b^3x^9)))/(a^2(a+bx^3)(a^2+abx^3 - \sqrt{a^2})\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2})) + 2\log[\sqrt{a^2} - bx^3 - \sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2}] - 2\log[b^3(\sqrt{a^2} + bx^3 - \sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2})]}{(6b^3)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^8}{b^3(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \left(\frac{a^2}{b^2(bx^3+a)^3} - \frac{2a}{b^2(bx^3+a)^2} + \frac{1}{b^2(bx^3+a)} \right) dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{a^2}{2b^3(a+bx^3)^2} + \frac{2a}{b^3(a+bx^3)} + \frac{\log(a+bx^3)}{b^3} \right)}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^8/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-1/2*a^2/(b^3*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (2*a)/(b^3*(a + b*x^3)) + Log[a + b*x^3]/b^3))/(3*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a) \left(\ln(bx^3+a) (bx^3+a)^2 + 2ax^3b + \frac{3a^2}{2} \right)}{3b^3(bx^3+a)^2}$	54
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{2ax^3}{3b^2} + \frac{a^2}{2b^3} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \ln(bx^3+a)}{3(bx^3+a)b^3}$	74
default	$\frac{(2b^2 \ln(bx^3+a)x^6 + 4 \ln(bx^3+a)abx^3 + 4ax^3b + 2a^2 \ln(bx^3+a) + 3a^2)(bx^3+a)}{6b^3(bx^3+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	81

input `int(x^8/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(ln(b*x^3+a)*(b*x^3+a)^2+2*a*x^3*b+3/2*a^2)/b^3/(b*x^3+a)^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4abx^3 + 3a^2 + 2(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2) \log(bx^3 + a)}{6(b^5x^6 + 2ab^4x^3 + a^2b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^8/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(4*a*b*x^3 + 3*a^2 + 2*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*log(b*x^3 + a))/(b^5*x^6 + 2*a*b^4*x^3 + a^2*b^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**8/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**8/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2ax^3}{3(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^2b^4} + \frac{\log(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})}{3b^3} + \frac{a^2}{2(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^2b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^8/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*a*x^3/((x^3 + a/b)^2*b^4) + 1/3*log(x^3 + a/b)/b^3 + 1/2*a^2/((x^3 + a/b)^2*b^5)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\log(|bx^3 + a|)}{3b^3\text{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{3bx^6 + 2ax^3}{6(bx^3 + a)^2b^2\text{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x^8/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*log(abs(b*x^3 + a))/(b^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 1/6*(3*b*x^6 + 2*a*x^3)/((b*x^3 + a)^2*b^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^8/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`output `int(x^8/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \log\left(a^{2/3} - b^{1/3}a^{1/3}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right) a^2 + 4 \log\left(a^{2/3} - b^{1/3}a^{1/3}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right) abx^3 + 2 \log\left(a^{2/3} - b^{1/3}a^{1/3}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right) a^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^8/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2), x)`output `(2*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2 + 4*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b*x**3 + 2*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**2*x**6 + 2*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2 + 4*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b*x**3 + 2*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**2*x**6 + a**2 - 2*b**2*x**6)/(6*b**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6))`

$$3.78 \quad \int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	617
Mathematica [B] (verified)	617
Rubi [A] (verified)	618
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	619
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	620
Sympy [F]	620
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	620
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	621
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	621
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	621

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^6}{6a(a + bx^3)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output $1/6*x^6/a/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 119 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^6 \left(a^3 + ab^2x^6 - a\sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} + \sqrt{a^2}bx^3\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} \right)}{6a^3(a + bx^3) \left(\sqrt{a^2}bx^3 + a \left(\sqrt{a^2} - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} \right) \right)}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^5/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2), x]$

output

```
-1/6*(x^6*(a^3 + a*b^2*x^6 - a*Sqrt[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2] + Sqrt[a^2]*b
*x^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]))/(a^3*(a + b*x^3)*(Sqrt[a^2]*b*x^3 + a*(Sqrt[a^2]
] - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$, Rules used = {1693, 1100, 1078}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1693

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^3}{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}} dx^3$$

↓ 1100

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{a \int \frac{1}{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}} dx^3}{b} - \frac{1}{b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \right)$$

↓ 1078

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{a}{2b^2 (a + bx^3) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{1}{b^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[x^5/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(-(1/(b^2*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])) + a/(2*b^2*(a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[a^2
+ 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]))/3
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1078

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*((a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*p + 1)*(b + 2*c*x))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] &&
EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1100

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*
e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(2bx^3+a) \operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{6b^2(bx^3+a)^2}$	31
gosper	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(2bx^3+a)}{6b^2((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	32
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(2bx^3+a)}{6b^2((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	32
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(-\frac{x^3}{3b} - \frac{a}{6b^2}\right)}{(bx^3+a)^3}$	37
orering	$-\frac{(2bx^3+a)(bx^3+a)}{6b^2(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	41

input

```
int(x^5/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output $-1/6*(2*b*x^3+a)*csgn(b*x^3+a)/b^2/(b*x^3+a)^2$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2bx^3 + a}{6(b^4x^6 + 2ab^3x^3 + a^2b^2)}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/6*(2*b*x^3 + a)/(b^4*x^6 + 2*a*b^3*x^3 + a^2*b^2)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2b^2}} + \frac{a}{6(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^2b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-1/3/(\text{sqrt}(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*b^2) + 1/6*a/((x^3 + a/b)^2*b^4)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2bx^3 + a}{6(bx^3 + a)^2 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*(2*b*x^3 + a)/((b*x^3 + a)^2*b^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(2bx^3 + a) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6b^2(bx^3 + a)^3}$$

input `int(x^5/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`

output `-((a + 2*b*x^3)*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(6*b^2*(a + b*x^3)^3)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^6}{6a(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^5/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `x**6/(6*a*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6))`

$$3.79 \quad \int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	622
Mathematica [B] (verified)	622
Rubi [A] (verified)	623
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	624
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	625
Sympy [F]	625
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	625
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	626
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	626
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	626

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{6b(a + bx^3)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

$$-1/6/b/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs. $2(38) = 76$.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.76

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^3 \left(2a^4 + a^3bx^3 - ab^3x^9 + a\sqrt{a^2}bx^3\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} - \sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}(2a^2 + b^2x^6) \right)}{6a^4(a + bx^3) \left(\sqrt{a^2}bx^3 + a \left(\sqrt{a^2} - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} \right) \right)}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^2/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2), x]$$

output

```
-1/6*(x^3*(2*a^4 + a^3*b*x^3 - a*b^3*x^9 + a*Sqrt[a^2]*b*x^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2] - Sqrt[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(2*a^2 + b^2*x^6)))/(a^4*(a + b*x^3)*(Sqrt[a^2]*b*x^3 + a*(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1690, 1078}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1690

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}} dx^3$$

↓ 1078

$$-\frac{1}{6b(a + bx^3)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

input

```
Int[x^2/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/6*1/(b*(a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1078

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*((a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*p + 1)*(b + 2*c*x))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] &&
EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1690

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{6(bx^3+a)^2b}$	23
gospers	$-\frac{bx^3+a}{6b((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	24
default	$-\frac{bx^3+a}{6b((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	24
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{6(bx^3+a)^3b}$	26
orering	$-\frac{bx^3+a}{6b(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	33

input

```
int(x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/6/(b*x^3+a)^2/b*csgn(b*x^3+a)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{6(b^3x^6 + 2ab^2x^3 + a^2b)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/6/(b^3*x^6 + 2*a*b^2*x^3 + a^2*b)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(x**2/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{6(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^2 b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6/((x^3 + a/b)^2*b^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{6(bx^3 + a)^2 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6/((b*x^3 + a)^2*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 20.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{6b(bx^3 + a)^3}$$

input `int(x^2/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`output `-(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2)/(6*b*(a + b*x^3)^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{6b(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(- 1)/(6*b*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6))`

3.80 $\int \frac{1}{x(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	627
Mathematica [A] (verified)	627
Rubi [A] (verified)	628
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	629
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	630
Sympy [F]	630
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	631
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	631
Mupad [F(-1)]	632
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	632

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{3a^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{1}{6a(a + bx^3)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{(a + bx^3)\log(x)}{a^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{(a + bx^3)\log(a + bx^3)}{3a^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

$1/3/a^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}+1/6/a/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}+(b*x^3+a)*\ln(x)/a^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}-1/3*(b*x^3+a)*\ln(b*x^3+a)/a^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a(3a + 2bx^3) + 6(a + bx^3)^2 \log(x) - 2(a + bx^3)^2 \log(a + bx^3)}{6a^3(a + bx^3)\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input

`Integrate[1/(x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output

$$\frac{(a*(3*a + 2*b*x^3) + 6*(a + b*x^3)^2*\text{Log}[x] - 2*(a + b*x^3)^2*\text{Log}[a + b*x^3])}{(6*a^3*(a + b*x^3)*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{b^3x(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^3(bx^3+a)^3} dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{54} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \left(-\frac{b}{a^3(bx^3+a)} - \frac{b}{a^2(bx^3+a)^2} - \frac{b}{a(bx^3+a)^3} + \frac{1}{a^3x^3} \right) dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{\log(a+bx^3)}{a^3} + \frac{\log(x^3)}{a^3} + \frac{1}{a^2(a+bx^3)} + \frac{1}{2a(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/(x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)), x]$$

output
$$\frac{((a + b*x^3)*(1/(2*a*(a + b*x^3)^2) + 1/(a^2*(a + b*x^3)) + \text{Log}[x^3]/a^3 - \text{Log}[a + b*x^3]/a^3))/(3*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 54
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_)*(x_)^{(m_)*}((c_*) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m + n + 2, 0])$$

rule 798
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)*}((a_*) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$$

rule 1384
$$\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_*) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_*)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{ Int}[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n - 1)}])$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(-\ln(bx^3+a)(bx^3+a)^2 + \ln(bx^3)(bx^3+a)^2 + ax^3b + \frac{3a^2}{2}) \operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{3(bx^3+a)^2 a^3}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{bx^3}{3a^2} + \frac{1}{2a}\right)}{(bx^3+a)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \ln(x)}{(bx^3+a)a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \ln(bx^3+a)}{3(bx^3+a)a^3}$
default	$-\frac{(2b^2 \ln(bx^3+a)x^6 - 6b^2 \ln(x)x^6 + 4 \ln(bx^3+a)abx^3 - 12 \ln(x)abx^3 - 2ax^3b + 2a^2 \ln(bx^3+a) - 6 \ln(x)a^2 - 3a^2)(bx^3+a)}{6a^3(bx^3+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int(1/x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{3} * (-\ln(bx^3+a) * (bx^3+a)^2 + \ln(bx^3) * (bx^3+a)^2 + ax^3b + 3/2 * a^2) * \operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a) / (bx^3+a)^2 / a^3$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2abx^3 + 3a^2 - 2(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2) \log(bx^3 + a) + 6(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)}{6(a^3b^2x^6 + 2a^4bx^3 + a^5)}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{6} * (2 * a * b * x^3 + 3 * a^2 - 2 * (b^2 * x^6 + 2 * a * b * x^3 + a^2) * \log(bx^3 + a) + 6 * (b^2 * x^6 + 2 * a * b * x^3 + a^2) * \log(x)) / (a^3 * b^2 * x^6 + 2 * a^4 * b * x^3 + a^5)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right)}{3a^3} \\ + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2a^2}} + \frac{1}{6\left(x^3 + \frac{a}{b}\right)^2 ab^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x)))/a^3
+ 1/3/(sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^2) + 1/6/((x^3 + a/b)^2*a*b^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\log(|bx^3 + a|)}{3a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} \\ + \frac{\log(|x|)}{a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} + \frac{3b^2x^6 + 8abx^3 + 6a^2}{6(bx^3 + a)^2 a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*log(abs(b*x^3 + a))/(a^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + log(abs(x))/(a^3*sgn(b*x^3
+ a)) + 1/6*(3*b^2*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 + 6*a^2)/((b*x^3 + a)^2*a^3*sgn(b*x^3
+ a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)), x)`output `int(1/(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2 \log(a^{2/3} - b^{1/3}a^{1/3}x + b^{2/3}x^2) a^2 - 4 \log(a^{2/3} - b^{1/3}a^{1/3}x + b^{2/3}x^2) abx^3 - 2 \log(a^{2/3} - b^{1/3}a^{1/3}x + b^{2/3}x^2) b^2x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2), x)`output `(- 2*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2 - 4*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b*x**3 - 2*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**2*x**6 - 2*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2 - 4*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b*x**3 - 2*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**2*x**6 + 6*log(x)*a**2 + 12*log(x)*a*b*x**3 + 6*log(x)*b**2*x**6 + 2*a**2 - b**2*x**6)/(6*a**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6))`

3.81 $\int \frac{1}{x^4(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	633
Mathematica [A] (verified)	633
Rubi [A] (verified)	634
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	636
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	636
Sympy [F]	637
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	637
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	637
Mupad [F(-1)]	638
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	638

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2b}{3a^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{b}{6a^2(a+bx^3)\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{a+bx^3}{3a^3x^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{3b(a+bx^3)\log(x)}{a^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{b(a+bx^3)\log(a+bx^3)}{a^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-2/3*b/a^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/6*b/a^2/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3
*(b*x^3+a)/a^3/x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-3*b*(b*x^3+a)*ln(x)/a^4/((b*x^3+a)^
2)^(1/2)+b*(b*x^3+a)*ln(b*x^3+a)/a^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-a(2a^2+9abx^3+6b^2x^6)-18bx^3(a+bx^3)^2\log(x)+6bx^3(a+bx^3)^2\log(a+bx^3)}{6a^4x^3(a+bx^3)\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^4*(a^2+2*a*b*x^3+b^2*x^6)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{-(a(2a^2 + 9abx^3 + 6b^2x^6)) - 18bx^3(a + bx^3)^2 \operatorname{Log}[x] + 6bx^3(a + bx^3)^2 \operatorname{Log}[a + bx^3]}{(6a^4x^3(a + bx^3) \operatorname{Sqrt}[(a + bx^3)^2])}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{b^3x^4(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^4(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^6(bx^3+a)^3} dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 54 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \left(\frac{3b^2}{a^4(bx^3+a)} + \frac{2b^2}{a^3(bx^3+a)^2} + \frac{b^2}{a^2(bx^3+a)^3} - \frac{3b}{a^4x^3} + \frac{1}{a^3x^6} \right) dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{3b \log(x^3)}{a^4} + \frac{3b \log(a+bx^3)}{a^4} - \frac{2b}{a^3(a+bx^3)} - \frac{1}{a^3x^3} - \frac{b}{2a^2(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-1/(a^3*x^3)) - b/(2*a^2*(a + b*x^3)^2) - (2*b)/(a^3*(a + b*x^3)) - (3*b*Log[x^3])/a^4 + (3*b*Log[a + b*x^3])/a^4)/(3*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !LtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(-3bx^3(bx^3+a)^2 \ln(bx^3+a) + 3bx^3(bx^3+a)^2 \ln(bx^3) + a(3b^2x^6 + \frac{9}{2}ax^3b + a^2)) \operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{3(bx^3+a)^2 a^4 x^3}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(-\frac{b^2x^6}{a^3} - \frac{3bx^3}{2a^2} - \frac{1}{3a} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^3 x^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b \ln(x)}{(bx^3+a)a^4} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b \ln(-bx^3-a)}{(bx^3+a)a^4}$
default	$\frac{(6b^3 \ln(bx^3+a)x^9 - 18b^3 \ln(x)x^9 + 12 \ln(bx^3+a)a b^2 x^6 - 36b^2 a \ln(x)x^6 - 6a x^6 b^2 + 6 \ln(bx^3+a)a^2 b x^3 - 18b a^2 \ln(x)x^3 - 9a^2)}{6x^3 a^4 (bx^3+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int(1/x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3*(-3*b*x^3*(b*x^3+a)^2*\ln(b*x^3+a)+3*b*x^3*(b*x^3+a)^2*\ln(b*x^3)+a*(3*b^2*x^6+9/2*a*x^3*b+a^2))*\operatorname{csgn}(b*x^3+a)/(b*x^3+a)^2/a^4/x^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6ab^2x^6 + 9a^2bx^3 + 2a^3 - 6(b^3x^9 + 2ab^2x^6 + a^2bx^3) \log(bx^3 + a) + 18(b^3x^9 + 2ab^2x^6 + a^2bx^3) \log(x)}{6(a^4b^2x^9 + 2a^5bx^6 + a^6x^3)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/6*(6*a*b^2*x^6 + 9*a^2*b*x^3 + 2*a^3 - 6*(b^3*x^9 + 2*a*b^2*x^6 + a^2*b*x^3)*\log(b*x^3 + a) + 18*(b^3*x^9 + 2*a*b^2*x^6 + a^2*b*x^3)*\log(x))/(a^4*b^2*x^9 + 2*a^5*b*x^6 + a^6*x^3)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 ((a + bx^3)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**4*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} b \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right)}{a^4} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}a^3} - \frac{1}{6(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^2 a^2 b} - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}a^2 x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*b*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x)))/a^4 - b/(sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^3) - 1/6/((x^3 + a/b)^2*a^2*b) - 1/3/(sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^2*x^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b \log(|bx^3 + a|)}{a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{3b \log(|x|)}{a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{9b^3x^6 + 22ab^2x^3 + 14a^2b}{6(bx^3 + a)^2 a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} + \frac{3bx^3 - a}{3a^4 x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*log(abs(b*x^3 + a))/(a^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 3*b*log(abs(x))/(a^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 1/6*(9*b^3*x^6 + 22*a*b^2*x^3 + 14*a^2*b)/((b*x^3 + a)^2*a^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/3*(3*b*x^3 - a)/(a^4*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^4*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) a^2 b x^3 + 12 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) a b^2 x^6 + \dots}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(6*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2*b*x**3 + 12*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b**2*x**6 + 6*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**3*x**9 + 6*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2*b*x**3 + 12*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b**2*x**6 + 6*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**3*x**9 - 18*log(x)*a**2*b*x**3 - 36*log(x)*a*b**2*x**6 - 18*log(x)*b**3*x**9 - 2*a**3 - 6*a**2*b*x**3 + 3*b**3*x**9)/(6*a**4*x**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6))`

3.82
$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	639
Mathematica [A] (verified)	640
Rubi [A] (verified)	640
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	642
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	642
Sympy [F]	643
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	643
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	644
Mupad [F(-1)]	644
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	644

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b^2}{a^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{b^2}{6a^3(a+bx^3)\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{a+bx^3}{6a^3x^6\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{b(a+bx^3)}{a^4x^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{6b^2(a+bx^3)\log(x)}{a^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{2b^2(a+bx^3)\log(a+bx^3)}{a^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
b^2/a^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/6*b^2/a^3/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/6*(b*x^3+a)/a^3/x^6/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+b*(b*x^3+a)/a^4/x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+6*b^2*(b*x^3+a)*ln(x)/a^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-2*b^2*(b*x^3+a)*ln(b*x^3+a)/a^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a(-a^3 + 4a^2bx^3 + 18ab^2x^6 + 12b^3x^9) + 36b^2x^6(a + bx^3)^2 \log(x) - 12b^2x^6}{6a^5x^6(a + bx^3) \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^7*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(a*(-a^3 + 4*a^2*b*x^3 + 18*a*b^2*x^6 + 12*b^3*x^9) + 36*b^2*x^6*(a + b*x^3)^2*Log[x] - 12*b^2*x^6*(a + b*x^3)^2*Log[a + b*x^3])/(6*a^5*x^6*(a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^7 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{b^3 (a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{b^3 x^7 (bx^3 + a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^7 (bx^3 + a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^9 (bx^3 + a)^3} dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 54 \\ (a + bx^3) \int \left(-\frac{6b^3}{a^5(bx^3+a)} - \frac{3b^3}{a^4(bx^3+a)^2} - \frac{b^3}{a^3(bx^3+a)^3} + \frac{6b^2}{a^5x^3} - \frac{3b}{a^4x^6} + \frac{1}{a^3x^9} \right) dx^3 \\ \hline 3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ (a + bx^3) \left(\frac{6b^2 \log(x^3)}{a^5} - \frac{6b^2 \log(ax^3)}{a^5} + \frac{3b^2}{a^4(ax^3)} + \frac{3b}{a^4x^3} + \frac{b^2}{2a^3(ax^3)^2} - \frac{1}{2a^3x^6} \right) \\ \hline 3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x^7*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-1/2*1/(a^3*x^6) + (3*b)/(a^4*x^3) + b^2/(2*a^3*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (3*b^2)/(a^4*(a + b*x^3)) + (6*b^2*Log[x^3])/a^5 - (6*b^2*Log[a + b*x^3])/a^5))/(3*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(12b^2x^6(bx^3+a)^2 \ln(bx^3+a) - 12b^2x^6(bx^3+a)^2 \ln(bx^3) + a(2bx^3+a)(-6b^2x^6 - 6ax^3b + a^2)) \operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{6(bx^3+a)^2 a^5 x^6}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{2b^3x^9}{a^4} + \frac{3b^2x^6}{a^3} + \frac{2bx^3}{3a^2} - \frac{1}{6a} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^3 x^6} + \frac{6\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b^2 \ln(x)}{(bx^3+a)a^5} - \frac{2\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} b^2 \ln(bx^3+a)}{(bx^3+a)a^5}$
default	$-\frac{(12 \ln(bx^3+a)b^4x^{12} - 36 \ln(x)b^4x^{12} + 24 \ln(bx^3+a)a b^3x^9 - 72 \ln(x)a b^3x^9 - 12a b^3x^9 + 12 \ln(bx^3+a)a^2 b^2 x^6 - 36 \ln(x)a^2 b^2 x^6)}{6x^6 a^5 (bx^3+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int(1/x^7/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{1}{6} * (12 * b^2 * x^6 * (b * x^3 + a)^2 * \ln(b * x^3 + a) - 12 * b^2 * x^6 * (b * x^3 + a)^2 * \ln(b * x^3) + a * (2 * b * x^3 + a) * (-6 * b^2 * x^6 - 6 * a * b * x^3 + a^2)) * \operatorname{csgn}(b * x^3 + a) / (b * x^3 + a)^2 / a^5 / x^6$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{12ab^3x^9 + 18a^2b^2x^6 + 4a^3bx^3 - a^4 - 12(b^4x^{12} + 2ab^3x^9 + a^2b^2x^6) \log(x)}{6(a^5b^2x^{12} + 2a^6bx^9 + a^7x^6)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{6} * (12 * a * b^3 * x^9 + 18 * a^2 * b^2 * x^6 + 4 * a^3 * b * x^3 - a^4 - 12 * (b^4 * x^{12} + 2 * a * b^3 * x^9 + a^2 * b^2 * x^6) * \log(b * x^3 + a) + 36 * (b^4 * x^{12} + 2 * a * b^3 * x^9 + a^2 * b^2 * x^6) * \log(x)) / (a^5 * b^2 * x^{12} + 2 * a^6 * b * x^9 + a^7 * x^6)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7 ((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**7/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**7*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} b^2 \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right)}{a^5}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^2}{\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2a^4}} + \frac{1}{6\left(x^3 + \frac{a}{b}\right)^2 a^3}$$

$$+ \frac{5b}{6\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2a^3x^3}} - \frac{1}{6\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2a^2x^6}}$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*b^2*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x)))/a^5 + 2*b^2/(sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^4) + 1/6/((x^3 + a/b)^2*a^3) + 5/6*b/(sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^3*x^3) - 1/6/(sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^2*x^6)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2b^2 \log(|bx^3 + a|)}{a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} + \frac{6b^2 \log(|x|)}{a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} + \frac{12b^3x^9 + 18ab^2x^6 + 4a^2bx^3 - a^3}{6(bx^6 + ax^3)^2 a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*b^2*log(abs(b*x^3 + a))/(a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 6*b^2*log(abs(x))/(a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/6*(12*b^3*x^9 + 18*a*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^2*b*x^3 - a^3)/((b*x^6 + a*x^3)^2*a^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^7*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^7*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-12 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}} a^{\frac{1}{3}} x + b^{\frac{2}{3}} x^2\right) a^2 b^2 x^6 - 24 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}} a^{\frac{1}{3}} x + b^{\frac{2}{3}} x^2\right) a b^3}{a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `int(1/x^7/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 12*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2*b**2*x**6
- 24*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b**3*x**9 - 12*
log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**4*x**12 - 12*log(a*
*(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2*b**2*x**6 - 24*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b**3
*x**9 - 12*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**4*x**12 + 36*log(x)*a**2*b**2*x**
6 + 72*log(x)*a*b**3*x**9 + 36*log(x)*b**4*x**12 - a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x**3 +
12*a**2*b**2*x**6 - 6*b**4*x**12)/(6*a**5*x**6*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x
**6))
```

3.83 $\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	646
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 275

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2x}{9b^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{x^4}{6b(a + bx^3)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{2(a + bx^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{9\sqrt{3}a^{2/3}b^{7/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{2(a + bx^3) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{27a^{2/3}b^{7/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{(a + bx^3) \log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{27a^{2/3}b^{7/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-2/9*x/b^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/6*x^4/b/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-2/27*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(2/3)/b^(7/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/27*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(2/3)/b^(7/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/27*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(2/3)/b^(7/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-12a^{5/3}\sqrt[3]{bx} - 21a^{2/3}b^{4/3}x^4 - 4\sqrt{3}(a + bx^3)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) + 4(a + bx^3)}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^6/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-12*a^(5/3)*b^(1/3)*x - 21*a^(2/3)*b^(4/3)*x^4 - 4*Sqrt[3]*(a + b*x^3)^2*
ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] + 4*(a + b*x^3)^2*Log[a^(1/3)
+ b^(1/3)*x] - 2*a^2*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2] - 4*a*
b*x^3*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2] - 2*b^2*x^6*Log[a^(2/
3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/(54*a^(2/3)*b^(7/3)*(a + b*x^3)*Sqr
t[(a + b*x^3)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.462$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 817, 817, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^6}{b^3(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^3+a)^2} dx}{3b} - \frac{x^4}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{bx^3+a} dx}{3b} - \frac{x}{3b(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3b} - \frac{x^4}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{750} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}} dx}{3a^{2/3}}}{3b} - \frac{x}{3b(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3b} - \frac{x^4}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3b} - \frac{x}{3b(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3b} - \frac{x^4}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1142

$$\left(\frac{(a + bx^3)^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{x}{3b(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3b} \right) - \frac{x^4}{6b(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 25

$$\left(\frac{(a + bx^3)^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{x}{3b(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3b} \right) - \frac{x^4}{6b(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 27

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{\frac{3a^{2/3}}{3b} - \frac{x}{3b(a+bx^3)}} \right) - \frac{x^4}{6b(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1082

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}}}{\frac{3a^{2/3}}{3b} - \frac{x}{3b(a+bx^3)}} \right)}{\frac{3a^{2/3}}{3b} - \frac{x}{3b(a+bx^3)}} \right) - \frac{x^4}{6b(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 217

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2}{3b} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{x}{3b(a+bx^3)} \right) - \frac{x^4}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{x}{3b(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3b} - \frac{x^4}{6b(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

input `Int[x^6/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-1/6*x^4/(b*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (2*(-1/3*x/(b*(a + b*x^3)) + (Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(3*a^(2/3)*b^(1/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/b^(1/3)) - Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(2/3)))/(3*b)))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 750 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 817 $\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n-1)}*(c*x)^{(m-n+1)}*((a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(b*n*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c^n*((m-n+1)/(b*n*(p+1))) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^{(m-n)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+1, n] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[(m+n*(p+1)+1)/n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*S\text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 2.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(-\frac{7x^4}{18b} - \frac{2ax}{9b^2} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-\frac{R}{b})}{-R^2} \right)}{27(bx^3+a)b^3}$
default	$-\frac{\left(4\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \right) b^2 x^6 - 4 \ln\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^2 x^6 + 2 \ln\left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^2 x^6 + 21 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^2 x^4 + 8\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) b^2 x^6}{(bx^3+a)^3}$

input

```
int(x^6/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/(b*x^3+a)^3*(-7/18/b*x^4-2/9*a/b^2*x)+2/27*((b*x^3+a)^(
2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/b^3*sum(1/_R^2*ln(x-_R), _R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 503, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{21 a^2 b^2 x^4 + 12 a^3 b x - 6 \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} (ab^3 x^6 + 2 a^2 b^2 x^3 + a^3 b) \sqrt{-\frac{(a^2 b)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b}} \log \left(\frac{2 ab}{\dots} \right) + \frac{21 a^2 b^2 x^4 + 12 a^3 b x - 12 \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} (ab^3 x^6 + 2 a^2 b^2 x^3 + a^3 b) \sqrt{\frac{(a^2 b)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} (2 (a^2 b)^{\frac{2}{3}} x - (a^2 b)^{\frac{1}{3}} a) \sqrt{\frac{(a^2 b)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b}}}{a^2} \right)}{54 (a^2 b^5 x^6 + \dots)}$$

input `integrate(x^6/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/54*(21*a^2*b^2*x^4 + 12*a^3*b*x - 6*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^3*x^6 + 2*a^2*b^2*x^3 + a^3*b)*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*log((2*a*b*x^3 - 3*(a^2*b)^(1/3)*a*x - a^2 + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(2*a*b*x^2 + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b))/(b*x^3 + a)) + 2*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x^2 - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a) - 4*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x + (a^2*b)^(2/3)))/(a^2*b^5*x^6 + 2*a^3*b^4*x^3 + a^4*b^3), -1/54*(21*a^2*b^2*x^4 + 12*a^3*b*x - 12*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^3*x^6 + 2*a^2*b^2*x^3 + a^3*b)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*x - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)/a^2) + 2*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x^2 - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a) - 4*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x + (a^2*b)^(2/3)))/(a^2*b^5*x^6 + 2*a^3*b^4*x^3 + a^4*b^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**6/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**6/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{7bx^4 + 4ax}{18(b^4x^6 + 2ab^3x^3 + a^2b^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{27b^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{\log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{27b^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{2\log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{27b^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(x^6/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/18*(7*b*x^4 + 4*a*x)/(b^4*x^6 + 2*a*b^3*x^3 + a^2*b^2) + 2/27*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(b^3*(a/b)^(2/3)) - 1/27*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(b^3*(a/b)^(2/3)) + 2/27*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(b^3*(a/b)^(2/3))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{1/3} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{2/3}\right)}{27(-ab^2)^{2/3} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{2\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{1/3} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{1/3}\right|\right)}{27ab^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} + \frac{2\sqrt{3}(-ab^2)^{1/3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{1/3}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{1/3}}\right)}{27ab^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{7bx^4 + 4ax}{18(bx^3 + a)^2 b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x^6/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/27*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/((-a*b^2)^(2/3)*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 2/27*(-a/b)^(1/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/(a*b^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 2/27*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/(a*b^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 1/18*(7*b*x^4 + 4*a*x)/(b*x^3 + a)^2*b^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^6/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^6/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-4a^{7/3}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3}-2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) - 8a^{4/3}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3}-2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) b x^3 - 4a^{1/3}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3}-2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right)}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^6/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 4*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*
a**2 - 8*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)
))*a*b*x**3 - 4*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*
sqrt(3)))*b**2*x**6 - 2*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(
2/3)*x**2)*a**2 - 4*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)
*x**2)*a*b*x**3 - 2*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)
*x**2)*b**2*x**6 + 4*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2 + 8*a**(1/3)
*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b*x**3 + 4*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*
x)*b**2*x**6 - 12*b**(1/3)*a**2*x - 21*b**(1/3)*a*b*x**4)/(54*b**(1/3)*a*b
**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6))
```

3.84
$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	659
Mathematica [A] (verified)	660
Rubi [A] (verified)	660
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	666
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	666
Sympy [F]	667
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	667
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	668
Mupad [F(-1)]	669
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	669

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 280

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^2}{9ab\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{x^2}{6b(a + bx^3)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{(a + bx^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{9\sqrt{3}a^{4/3}b^{5/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{(a + bx^3) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{27a^{4/3}b^{5/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{(a + bx^3) \log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{54a^{4/3}b^{5/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
1/9*x^2/a/b/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/6*x^2/b/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/
27*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(
4/3)/b^(5/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/27*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(4
/3)/b^(5/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/54*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*
x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(4/3)/b^(5/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-3a^{4/3}b^{2/3}x^2 + 6\sqrt[3]{ab^5/3}x^5 - 2\sqrt{3}(a + bx^3)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) - 2(a + bx^3)}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-3*a^(4/3)*b^(2/3)*x^2 + 6*a^(1/3)*b^(5/3)*x^5 - 2*Sqrt[3]*(a + b*x^3)^2*
ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] - 2*(a + b*x^3)^2*Log[a^(1/3)
+ b^(1/3)*x] + a^2*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2] + 2*a*b*
x^3*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2] + b^2*x^6*Log[a^(2/3) -
a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/(54*a^(4/3)*b^(5/3)*(a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[(a
+ b*x^3)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.462$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 817, 819, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^4}{b^3(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{x}{(bx^3+a)^2} dx}{3b} - \frac{x^2}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{x}{bx^3+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} - \frac{x^2}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{821} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx}{3a} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} - \frac{x^2}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx}{3a} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}b^{2/3}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} - \frac{x^2}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1142}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{\frac{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}} - \frac{x^2}{6b(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 25

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{\frac{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}} - \frac{x^2}{6b(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 27

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{\frac{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}} - \frac{x^2}{6b(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1082

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}b^{2/3}}}{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}{3a}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}} - \frac{x^2}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 217

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}b^{2/3}}}{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}{3a}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}} - \frac{x^2}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1103

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{\frac{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}{3a}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{\frac{3b}{3a(a+bx^3)}} - \frac{x^2}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

```
input Int[x^4/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2), x]
```

```
output ((a + b*x^3)*(-1/6*x^2/(b*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (x^2/(3*a*(a + b*x^3)) + (-1/3*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(a^(1/3)*b^(2/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/b^(1/3)) + Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)))/(3*a))/(3*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 16 Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)} \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 817 $\text{Int}[(c_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^n)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n-1)} \cdot (c \cdot x)^{(m-n+1)} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^n)^{(p+1)} / (b \cdot n \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c^n \cdot ((m-n+1) / (b \cdot n \cdot (p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{(m-n)} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+1, n] \ \&\& \ ! \ \text{ILtQ}[(m+n \cdot (p+1)+1)/n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 819 $\text{Int}[(c_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^n)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c \cdot x)^{(m+1)} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^n)^{(p+1)} / (a \cdot c \cdot n \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m+n \cdot (p+1)+1) / (a \cdot n \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 821 $\text{Int}[x / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3])^{(-1)} \ \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3]) \ \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x) / (\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2 \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\}$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot \text{Simplify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /;$ $\text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\}$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]] / b), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e / (2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\}$

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 2.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2 \left(\frac{x^5}{9a} - \frac{x^2}{18b}\right)}}{(bx^3+a)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(b_Z^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-R} \right)}{27(bx^3+a)b^2a}$
default	$\frac{\left(2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(-2x+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) b^2x^6 + 2\ln\left(x+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) b^2x^6 - \ln\left(x^2-\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) b^2x^6 - 6\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2x^5 + 4\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(-2x+\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) \right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int(x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)^3*(1/9/a*x^5-1/18*x^2/b)+1/27*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(
1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/b^2/a*sum(1/_R*ln(x-_R), _R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 512, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{6ab^3x^5 - 3a^2b^2x^2 + 3\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}(ab^3x^6 + 2a^2b^2x^3 + a^3b)\sqrt{\frac{(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a}} \log\left(\frac{2b^2x^3 - a}{\dots}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/54*(6*a*b^3*x^5 - 3*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^3*x^6 + 2*a^2*b^2*x^3 + a^3*b)*sqrt((-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)*log((2*b^2*x^3 - a*b + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b*x + 2*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt((-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a) - 3*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*x)/(b*x^3 + a)) + (b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b^2*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(2/3)) - 2*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b*x - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)))/(a^2*b^5*x^6 + 2*a^3*b^4*x^3 + a^4*b^3), 1/54*(6*a*b^3*x^5 - 3*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 6*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^3*x^6 + 2*a^2*b^2*x^3 + a^3*b)*sqrt(-(-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(1/3))*sqrt(-(-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)/b) + (b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b^2*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(2/3)) - 2*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b*x - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)))/(a^2*b^5*x^6 + 2*a^3*b^4*x^3 + a^4*b^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2bx^5 - ax^2}{18(ab^3x^6 + 2a^2b^2x^3 + a^3b)} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{27ab^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{\log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{54ab^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{\log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{27ab^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/18*(2*b*x^5 - a*x^2)/(a*b^3*x^6 + 2*a^2*b^2*x^3 + a^3*b) + 1/27*sqrt(3)*
arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(a*b^2*(a/b)^(1/3)) +
1/54*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(a*b^2*(a/b)^(1/3)) - 1/27*log
(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a*b^2*(a/b)^(1/3))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{54(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}ab\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$-\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{27a^2b\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{\sqrt{3}(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{27a^2b^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{2bx^5 - ax^2}{18(bx^3 + a)^2ab\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/54*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/((-a*b^2)^(1/3)*a*b*sgn(b*x
^3 + a)) - 1/27*(-a/b)^(2/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/(a^2*b*sgn(b*x^3 +
a)) - 1/27*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))
/(-a/b)^(1/3))/(a^2*b^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/18*(2*b*x^5 - a*x^2)/((b*x^3 +
a)^2*a*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`output `int(x^4/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3} - 2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) a^2 - 4\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3} - 2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) abx^3 - 2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3} - 2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right)}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2), x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**2 - 4*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a*b*x**3 - 2*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*b**2*x**6 - 3*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a*x**2 + 6*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*b*x**5 + log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2 + 2*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b*x**3 + log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**2*x**6 - 2*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2 - 4*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b*x**3 - 2*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**2*x**6)/(54*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a*b*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6))`

3.85
$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	670
Mathematica [A] (verified)	671
Rubi [A] (verified)	671
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	678
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	678
Sympy [F]	679
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	679
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	680
Mupad [F(-1)]	680
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	681

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 276

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{18ab\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{x}{6b(a + bx^3)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{(a + bx^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{9\sqrt{3}a^{5/3}b^{4/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{(a + bx^3) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{27a^{5/3}b^{4/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{(a + bx^3) \log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{54a^{5/3}b^{4/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
1/18*x/a/b/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/6*x/b/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/27*
(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(5/3
)/b^(4/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/27*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(5/3
)/b^(4/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/54*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b
^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(5/3)/b^(4/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-6a^{5/3}\sqrt[3]{bx} + 3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}x^4 - 2\sqrt{3}(a + bx^3)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) + 2(a + bx^3)}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-6*a^(5/3)*b^(1/3)*x + 3*a^(2/3)*b^(4/3)*x^4 - 2*Sqrt[3]*(a + b*x^3)^2*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] + 2*(a + b*x^3)^2*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x] - a^2*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2] - 2*a*b*x^3*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2] - b^2*x^6*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/(54*a^(5/3)*b^(4/3)*(a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.462$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 817, 749, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^3}{b^3(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(bx^3+a)^2} dx}{6b} - \frac{x}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{749} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{bx^3+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} - \frac{x}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{750} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} - \frac{x}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} - \frac{x}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1142}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} - \frac{x}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 25

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} - \frac{x}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 27

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) - \frac{x}{6b(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1082

$$(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} dx - \frac{d \left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{-3} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) - \frac{x}{6b(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 217

$$\left(\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} - \frac{x}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

1103

$$\left(\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{\log(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} - \frac{x}{6b(a+bx^3)^2} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

input `Int[x^3/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-1/6*x/(b*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (x/(3*a*(a + b*x^3))) + (2*(Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(3*a^(2/3)*b^(1/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])/b^(1/3)) - Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(2/3))))/(3*a)/(6*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 750 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[1/(Rt[a, 3] + Rt[b, 3]*x), x], x] + Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[(2*Rt[a, 3] - Rt[b, 3]*x)/(Rt[a, 3]^2 - Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3]*x + Rt[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 817 $\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{n-1} \cdot (c \cdot x)^{m-n+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (b \cdot n \cdot (p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[c^n \cdot ((m-n+1) / (b \cdot n \cdot (p+1))) \cdot \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m-n} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+1, n] \ \&\& \ ! \ \text{ILtQ}[(m+n \cdot (p+1)+1)/n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot \text{Simplify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /;$ $\text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x\}$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (2 \cdot c) \cdot \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e / (2 \cdot c) \cdot \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\}$

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[u \cdot (a + c \cdot x^{n2}) + b \cdot x^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b \cdot x^n + c \cdot x^{2 \cdot n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{2 \cdot \text{FracPart}[p]}) \cdot \text{Int}[u \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{2 \cdot p}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2 \cdot n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2 \cdot n - 1)}])$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{x^4}{18a} - \frac{x}{9b} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(b_Z^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-R^2} \right)}{27(bx^3+a)b^2a}$
default	$-\left(2\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) b^2x^6 - 2 \ln \left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^2x^6 + \ln \left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^2x^6 - 3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^2x^4 + 4\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \right)$

input `int(x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)^3*(1/18/a*x^4-1/9*x/b)+1/27*((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/b^2/a*sum(1/_R^2*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 503, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3a^2b^2x^4 - 6a^3bx + 3\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}(ab^3x^6 + 2a^2b^2x^3 + a^3b)}\sqrt{-\frac{(a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b}} \log \left(\frac{2abx^3 - 3a^2}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/54*(3*a^2*b^2*x^4 - 6*a^3*b*x + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^3*x^6 + 2*a^2*b^2*x^3
+ a^3*b)*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*log((2*a*b*x^3 - 3*(a^2*b)^(1/3)*a*x - a^2
+ 3*sqrt(1/3)*(2*a*b*x^2 + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt(-(a^2*
b)^(1/3)/b))/(b*x^3 + a)) - (b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(
a*b*x^2 - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a) + 2*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^
2)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x + (a^2*b)^(2/3)))/(a^3*b^4*x^6 + 2*a^4*b^3*x^3
+ a^5*b^2), 1/54*(3*a^2*b^2*x^4 - 6*a^3*b*x + 6*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^3*x^6 + 2*a
^2*b^2*x^3 + a^3*b)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)
)*x - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)/a^2) - (b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 +
a^2)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x^2 - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a) + 2*(
b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x + (a^2*b)^(2/3)))/(a^3*
b^4*x^6 + 2*a^4*b^3*x^3 + a^5*b^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{bx^4 - 2ax}{18(ab^3x^6 + 2a^2b^2x^3 + a^3b)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{27ab^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{\log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{54ab^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{\log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{27ab^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/18*(b*x^4 - 2*a*x)/(a*b^3*x^6 + 2*a^2*b^2*x^3 + a^3*b) + 1/27*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(a*b^2*(a/b)^(2/3)) - 1/54*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(a*b^2*(a/b)^(2/3)) + 1/27*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a*b^2*(a/b)^(2/3))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{27(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} \operatorname{asgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{\log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{54(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} \operatorname{asgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{27a^2b \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} + \frac{bx^4 - 2ax}{18(bx^3 + a)^2 \operatorname{absgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/27*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/((-a*b^2)^(2/3)*a*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 1/54*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/((-a*b^2)^(2/3)*a*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 1/27*(-a/b)^(1/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/(-a^2*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/18*(b*x^4 - 2*a*x)/((b*x^3 + a)^2*a*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2),x)
```

output `int(x^3/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2a^{7/3}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3}-2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) - 4a^{4/3}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3}-2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) b x^3 - 2a^{1/3}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3}-2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right)}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `(- 2*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*
a**2 - 4*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*
a*b*x**3 - 2*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*
sqrt(3)))*b**2*x**6 - a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/
3)*x**2)*a**2 - 2*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x
2)*a*b*x3 - a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**
2)*b**2*x**6 + 2*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2 + 4*a**(1/3)*log
(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b*x**3 + 2*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b
2*x6 - 6*b**(1/3)*a**2*x + 3*b**(1/3)*a*b*x**4)/(54*b**(1/3)*a**2*b*(a
2 + 2*a*b*x3 + b**2*x**6))`

3.86 $\int \frac{x}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 277

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2}{9a^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{x^2}{6a(a + bx^3)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{2(a + bx^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{9\sqrt{3}a^{7/3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$- \frac{2(a + bx^3) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{27a^{7/3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{(a + bx^3) \log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{27a^{7/3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
2/9*x^2/a^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/6*x^2/a/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-2/
27*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(
7/3)/b^(2/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-2/27*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(7
/3)/b^(2/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/27*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*
x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(7/3)/b^(2/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{21a^{4/3}b^{2/3}x^2 + 12\sqrt[3]{ab^{5/3}}x^5 - 4\sqrt{3}(a + bx^3)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) - 4(a + b}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(21*a^(4/3)*b^(2/3)*x^2 + 12*a^(1/3)*b^(5/3)*x^5 - 4*Sqrt[3]*(a + b*x^3)^2
*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] - 4*(a + b*x^3)^2*Log[a^(1/3)
+ b^(1/3)*x] + 2*a^2*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2] + 4*a
*b*x^3*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2] + 2*b^2*x^6*Log[a^(2
/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/(54*a^(7/3)*b^(2/3)*(a + b*x^3)*Sq
rt[(a + b*x^3)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 819, 819, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x}{b^3(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x}{(bx^3+a)^2} dx}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{x}{bx^3+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{821} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 25

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{2\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 27

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1082

$$\left(\frac{
 \begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right) \\
 & - \frac{\left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)^{-3}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}b^{2/3}}
 \end{aligned}
 }{
 \begin{aligned}
 & 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}
 \end{aligned}
 } \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 217

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2}{3a} \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}b^{2/3}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

\downarrow 1103

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

input `Int[x/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(x^2/(6*a*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (2*(x^2/(3*a*(a + b*x^3))) + (-1/3*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(a^(1/3)*b^(2/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]])/b^(1/3)) + Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)))/(3*a)))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 819 $\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^m*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c*x)^{m+1}*((a+b*x^n)^{p+1}/(a*c*n*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m+n*(p+1)+1)/(a*n*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$
- rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{-1} \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{ Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

```
rule 1142 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

```
rule 1384 Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{2bx^5}{9a^2} + \frac{7x^2}{18a} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(b-Z^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-R} \right)}{27(bx^3+a)ba^2}$
default	$\left(-4\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \right) b^2 x^6 - 4 \ln \left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^2 x^6 + 2 \ln \left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^2 x^6 + 12 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^2 x^5 - 8\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)$

```
input int(x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)^3*(2/9/a^2*b*x^5+7/18/a*x^2)+2/27*((b*x^3+a)
^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/b/a^2*sum(1/_R*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a))
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 514, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{12ab^3x^5 + 21a^2b^2x^2 + 6\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}(ab^3x^6 + 2a^2b^2x^3 + a^3b)\sqrt{\frac{(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a}} \log\left(\frac{2b^2x^3 - a^3b + 3\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}(ab^3x^6 + 2a^2b^2x^3 + a^3b)}{b^2x^3 + a}\right)}{(a^3b^4x^6 + 2a^4b^3x^3 + a^5b^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/54*(12*a*b^3*x^5 + 21*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 6*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^3*x^6 + 2*a^2*b^2*x^3 + a^3*b)*sqrt((-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)*log((2*b^2*x^3 - a*b + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b*x + 2*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt((-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a) - 3*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*x)/(b*x^3 + a)) + 2*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b^2*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(2/3)) - 4*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b*x - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)))/(a^3*b^4*x^6 + 2*a^4*b^3*x^3 + a^5*b^2), 1/54*(12*a*b^3*x^5 + 21*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 12*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^3*x^6 + 2*a^2*b^2*x^3 + a^3*b)*sqrt(-(-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(1/3))*sqrt(-(-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)/b) + 2*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b^2*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(2/3)) - 4*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b*x - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)))/(a^3*b^4*x^6 + 2*a^4*b^3*x^3 + a^5*b^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4bx^5 + 7ax^2}{18(a^2b^2x^6 + 2a^3bx^3 + a^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{27a^2b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{\log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{27a^2b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{2\log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{27a^2b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/18*(4*b*x^5 + 7*a*x^2)/(a^2*b^2*x^6 + 2*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4) + 2/27*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(a^2*b*(a/b)^(1/3)) + 1/27*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(a^2*b*(a/b)^(1/3)) - 2/27*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a^2*b*(a/b)^(1/3))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{27(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}a^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{2\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{27a^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{27a^3b^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{4bx^5 + 7ax^2}{18(bx^3 + a)^2a^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/27*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/((-a*b^2)^(1/3)*a^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 2/27*(-a/b)^(2/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/(a^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 2/27*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/(a^3*b^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/18*(4*b*x^5 + 7*a*x^2)/((b*x^3 + a)^2*a^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3} - 2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) a^2 - 8\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3} - 2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) abx^3 - 4\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3} - 2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right)}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**2 - 8*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a*b*x**3 - 4*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*b**2*x**6 + 21*b**2/3*a**(1/3)*a*x**2 + 12*b**2/3*a**(1/3)*b*x**5 + 2*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2 + 4*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b*x**3 + 2*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**2*x**6 - 4*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2 - 8*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b*x**3 - 4*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**2*x**6)/(54*b**2/3*a**(1/3)*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6))
```

3.87 $\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	695
Mathematica [A] (verified)	696
Rubi [A] (verified)	696
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	706
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	707
Sympy [F]	707
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	708
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	708
Mupad [F(-1)]	709
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	709

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 273

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5x}{18a^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{5(a+bx^3)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{9\sqrt{3}a^{8/3}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{5(a+bx^3)\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{27a^{8/3}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{5(a+bx^3)\log\left(a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx}+b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{54a^{8/3}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
5/18*x/a^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/6*x/a/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-5/27*
(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(8/3
)/b^(1/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+5/27*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(8/3
)/b^(1/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-5/54*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b
^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(8/3)/b^(1/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{24a^{5/3}\sqrt[3]{bx} + 15a^{2/3}b^{4/3}x^4 - 10\sqrt{3}(a + bx^3)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{b}}}\right) + 10(a +$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(-3/2), x]
```

output

```
(24*a^(5/3)*b^(1/3)*x + 15*a^(2/3)*b^(4/3)*x^4 - 10*Sqrt[3]*(a + b*x^3)^2*
ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] + 10*(a + b*x^3)^2*Log[a^(1/3)
+ b^(1/3)*x] - 5*a^2*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2] - 10*
a*b*x^3*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2] - 5*b^2*x^6*Log[a^(
2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/(54*a^(8/3)*b^(1/3)*(a + b*x^3)*S
qrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.545$, Rules used = {1384, 749, 749, 750, 16, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{(b^2x^3 + ab)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 749$$

$$\frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{(b^2x^3+ab)^2} dx}{6ab} + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

749

$$\frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{b^2x^3+ab} dx}{3ab} + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)} \right)}{6ab} + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

750

$$\frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (2 \sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} \int \frac{1}{b^4/3x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}bx + a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{3a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x + \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} dx \right)}{3ab} + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)} \right)}{6ab} + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

16

$$b^3(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}}}{3ab} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)}}{6ab} \right) + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 27

$$b^3(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}}}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)}}{6ab} \right) + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1142

$$\left(\frac{b^3(a+bx^3)}{6ab} \left(\frac{2}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{b(\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{b}x)}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx}{2b} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)} \right) \right) + \frac{x^2}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 25

$$\left(\frac{b^3(a+bx^3)}{5} \left(\frac{2}{3a^2/3 \sqrt[3]{b}} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}bx+a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{b(\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{b}x)}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}bx+a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} dx}{2b} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 27

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} b^3(a + bx^3) \end{array} \right\} \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3b^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-x} \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3b^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right)}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1082

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1-2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1-2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) - \left(1-2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^{-3}}{b} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \\
 & \frac{5}{3ab} + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \frac{b^3(a+bx^3)}{6ab} + \frac{x}{6ab^2(a+bx^3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 217

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{b} \right) \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x \right)}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}}$$

$$\frac{5}{3ab} + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)}$$

$$\frac{b^3(a+bx^3)}{6ab} + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{b^3(a + bx^3)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{b} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right)}{3ab} + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a + bx^3)}$$

input

```
Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(-3/2), x]
```

output

```
(b^3*(a + b*x^3)*(x/(6*a*b^3*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (5*(x/(3*a*b^2*(a + b*x^3)) + (2*(Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(3*a^(2/3)*b^(4/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/b) - Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b))/(3*a^(2/3)*b^(1/3)))/(3*a*b)))/(6*a*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 749 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^{p+1}/(a*n*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n*(p+1)+1)/(a*n*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^n)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \parallel \text{Denominator}[p + 1/n] < \text{Denominator}[p])$
- rule 750 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \parallel \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{5bx^4}{18a^2} + \frac{4x}{9a} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-\frac{R}{b})}{-R^2} \right)}{27(bx^3+a)ba^2}$
default	$\left(-10\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \right) b^2 x^6 + 10 \ln \left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^2 x^6 - 5 \ln \left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^2 x^6 + 15 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^2 x^4 - 20\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\dots \right)$

input

```
int(1/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/(b*x^3+a)^3*(5/18/a^2*b*x^4+4/9/a*x)+5/27*((b*x^3+a)^2
)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/b/a^2*sum(1/_R^2*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{15a^2b^2x^4 + 24a^3bx + 15\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}(ab^3x^6 + 2a^2b^2x^3 + a^3b)\sqrt{-\frac{(a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b}} \log\left(\frac{2abx^3 + a^2 + 3\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}(2a^2b^2x^3 + (a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}}x - (a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}a)\sqrt{-(a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}/b}}{(b^2x^6 + 2a^2bx^3 + a^2)(a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right) - 5(b^2x^6 + 2a^2bx^3 + a^2)(a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log(a^2bx^2 - (a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}}x + (a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}a) + 10(b^2x^6 + 2a^2bx^3 + a^2)(a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log(a^2bx + (a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}})}{(a^4b^3x^6 + 2a^5b^2x^3 + a^6b)}, \frac{1}{54}(15a^2b^2x^4 + 24a^3bx + 30\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}(ab^3x^6 + 2a^2b^2x^3 + a^3b)\sqrt{((a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}/b)\arctan(\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}(2(a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}}x - (a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}a)\sqrt{(a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}/b}/a^2) - 5(b^2x^6 + 2a^2bx^3 + a^2)(a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log(a^2bx^2 - (a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}}x + (a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}a) + 10(b^2x^6 + 2a^2bx^3 + a^2)(a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log(a^2bx + (a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}})}}{(a^4b^3x^6 + 2a^5b^2x^3 + a^6b)} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/54*(15*a^2*b^2*x^4 + 24*a^3*b*x + 15*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^3*x^6 + 2*a^2*b^2*x^3 + a^3*b)*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*log((2*a*b*x^3 - 3*(a^2*b)^(1/3)*a*x - a^2 + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(2*a*b*x^2 + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b))/(b*x^3 + a) - 5*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x^2 - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a) + 10*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x + (a^2*b)^(2/3)))/(a^4*b^3*x^6 + 2*a^5*b^2*x^3 + a^6*b), 1/54*(15*a^2*b^2*x^4 + 24*a^3*b*x + 30*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^3*x^6 + 2*a^2*b^2*x^3 + a^3*b)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*x - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)/a^2) - 5*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x^2 - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a) + 10*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x + (a^2*b)^(2/3)))/(a^4*b^3*x^6 + 2*a^5*b^2*x^3 + a^6*b)]`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**(-3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5bx^4 + 8ax}{18(a^2b^2x^6 + 2a^3bx^3 + a^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{27a^2b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{5 \log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{54a^2b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{5 \log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{27a^2b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(1/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/18*(5*b*x^4 + 8*a*x)/(a^2*b^2*x^6 + 2*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4) + 5/27*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(a^2*b*(a/b)^(2/3)) - 5/54*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(a^2*b*(a/b)^(2/3)) + 5/27*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a^2*b*(a/b)^(2/3))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{5\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{27a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt{3}(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{27a^3b \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{5\left(-ab^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{54a^3b \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} + \frac{5bx^4 + 8ax}{18(bx^3 + a)^2 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(1/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-5/27*(-a/b)^(1/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/(a^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 5/27*
sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3
))/ (a^3*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 5/54*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) +
(-a/b)^(2/3))/(a^3*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/18*(5*b*x^4 + 8*a*x)/((b*x^3 + a
)^2*a^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-10a^{7/3}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3}-2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) - 20a^{4/3}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3}-2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) bx^3 - 10a^{1/3}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3}-2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right)}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(1/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 10*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))
*a**2 - 20*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(
3)))*a*b*x**3 - 10*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/
3)*sqrt(3)))*b**2*x**6 - 5*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b
**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2 - 10*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(
2/3)*x**2)*a*b*x**3 - 5*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(
2/3)*x**2)*b**2*x**6 + 10*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2 + 20*a*
*(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b*x**3 + 10*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b*
*(1/3)*x)*b**2*x**6 + 24*b**(1/3)*a**2*x + 15*b**(1/3)*a*b*x**4)/(54*b**(1
/3)*a**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6))
```

3.88 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	711
Mathematica [A] (verified)	712
Rubi [A] (verified)	712
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	727
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	727
Sympy [F]	728
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	728
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	729
Mupad [F(-1)]	730
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	730

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 316

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{5bx^2}{9a^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{bx^2}{6a^2(a+bx^3)\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{a+bx^3}{a^3x\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{14\sqrt[3]{b}(a+bx^3)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{9\sqrt{3}a^{10/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{14\sqrt[3]{b}(a+bx^3)\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{27a^{10/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{7\sqrt[3]{b}(a+bx^3)\log\left(a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx}+b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{27a^{10/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-5/9*b*x^2/a^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/6*b*x^2/a^2/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-(b*x^3+a)/a^3/x/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+14/27*b^(1/3)*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(10/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+14/27*b^(1/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(10/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-7/27*b^(1/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(10/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-54a^{7/3} - 147a^{4/3}bx^3 - 84\sqrt[3]{ab^2}x^6 + 28\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}x(a + bx^3)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{1-2\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-54*a^(7/3) - 147*a^(4/3)*b*x^3 - 84*a^(1/3)*b^2*x^6 + 28*Sqrt[3]*b^(1/3)*x*(a + b*x^3)^2*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] + 28*b^(1/3)*x*(a + b*x^3)^2*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x] - 14*a^2*b^(1/3)*x*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2] - 28*a*b^(4/3)*x^4*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2] - 14*b^(7/3)*x^7*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/(54*a^(10/3)*x*(a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 819, 819, 847, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{b^3x^2(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^2(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
& \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{x^2(bx^3+a)^2} dx}{6a} + \frac{1}{6ax(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
& \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{1}{x^2(bx^3+a)} dx}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{6ax(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
& \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{4 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{x}{bx^3+a} dx}{a} - \frac{1}{ax} \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{6ax(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{821}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{b \left(\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx + \sqrt[3]{a}}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx + a^{2/3}}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx + \sqrt[3]{a}}} dx \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{ax} \right) + \frac{1}{3ax(a + bx^3)} \right) + \frac{1}{6ax(a + bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 16

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{ax} \right)}{a} \right) \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{7}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{6a} + \frac{1}{6ax(a+bx^3)^2} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1142

$$\left(\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} b^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{1}{ax}$$

$$\left(\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right) - \frac{1}{ax}$$

$$\left(\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)}$$

$$\left(\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{1}{6a}$$

$(a + bx^3)$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} b^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{b}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right) - \frac{1}{ax} \\
 & \left(\frac{4}{3a} \right) + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \left(\frac{7}{6a} \right) + \frac{1}{6a} \\
 & (a + bx^3)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 27

$$\left(\frac{
 \left(\frac{
 \left(\frac{
 \frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}
 }{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}}
 \right)
 }{a}
 \right)
 }{3a}
 \right)
 + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)}
 }{6a}
 + \frac{1}{6}$$

$(a + bx^3)$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1082

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\frac{{}_3f \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)^2} d \left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)}{-\left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)^{-3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx}}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\left(\left(\left(\frac{{}_3f \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)^2} d \left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)}{-\left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)^{-3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx}}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{ax} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\left(\left(\left(\frac{{}_3f \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)^2} d \left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)}{-\left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)^{-3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx}}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\left(\left(\left(\frac{{}_3f \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)^2} d \left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)}{-\left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)^{-3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx}}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 217

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{4}{a} - \frac{1}{ax} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{7}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(a+bx^3)}{6a} + \frac{1}{6ax(a+bx^3)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1103

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\log \left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + b^{2/3} x^2 \right)}{2 \sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} b^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \frac{4}{a} - \frac{1}{ax} \\
 & \frac{7}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^3)}{6a} + \frac{1}{6ax(a+bx^3)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[1/(x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^{(3/2)}),x]$

output $((a + b*x^3)*(1/(6*a*x*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (7*(1/(3*a*x*(a + b*x^3)) + (4*(-(1/(a*x)) - (b*(-1/3*\text{Log}[a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)}*x]/(a^{(1/3)}*b^{(2/3)})) + (-((\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*b^{(1/3)}*x)/a^{(1/3)}])/(\text{Sqrt}[3]))/b^{(1/3)})) + \text{Log}[a^{(2/3)} - a^{(1/3)}*b^{(1/3)}*x + b^{(2/3)}*x^2]/(2*b^{(1/3)}))/((3*a^{(1/3)}*b^{(1/3)}))/a))/((3*a))))/(\text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 217 $\text{Int}[((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 819 $\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-((c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(a*c*n*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{-1} \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{ Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 847 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(-\frac{14b^2x^6}{9a^3} - \frac{49bx^3}{18a^2} - \frac{1}{a} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^3 x} + \frac{14\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(a^{10}-Z^3-b)} -R \ln((-4-R^3 a^{10}+3b)x-a^7-R^2) \right)}{27(bx^3+a)}$
default	$-\frac{\left(-28\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \right) b^2 x^7 - 28 \ln\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^2 x^7 + 14 \ln\left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^2 x^7 + 84 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^2 x^6 - 56\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) b^2 x^7}{54(a^3 b^2 x^7 + 2 a^2 b x^4 + a^2 x^2)}$

input `int(1/x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)^3*(-14/9/a^3*b^2*x^6-49/18/a^2*b*x^3-1/a)/x+14/27*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)*sum(_R*ln((-4*_R^3*a^10+3*b)*x-a^7*_R^2),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*a^10-b))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{84 b^2 x^6 + 147 abx^3 + 28 \sqrt{3}(b^2 x^7 + 2 abx^4 + a^2 x) \left(\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{2}{3} \sqrt{3} x \left(\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} \right) + 14 (b^2 x^7 + 2 abx^4 + a^2 x)}{54 (a^3 b^2 x^7 + 2 a^2 b x^4 + a^2 x^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/54*(84*b^2*x^6 + 147*a*b*x^3 + 28*sqrt(3)*(b^2*x^7 + 2*a*b*x^4 + a^2*x)
*(b/a)^(1/3)*arctan(2/3*sqrt(3)*x*(b/a)^(1/3) - 1/3*sqrt(3)) + 14*(b^2*x^7
+ 2*a*b*x^4 + a^2*x)*(b/a)^(1/3)*log(b*x^2 - a*x*(b/a)^(2/3) + a*(b/a)^(1
/3)) - 28*(b^2*x^7 + 2*a*b*x^4 + a^2*x)*(b/a)^(1/3)*log(b*x + a*(b/a)^(2/3
)) + 54*a^2)/(a^3*b^2*x^7 + 2*a^4*b*x^4 + a^5*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 ((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**2/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**2*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{28b^2x^6 + 49abx^3 + 18a^2}{18(a^3b^2x^7 + 2a^4bx^4 + a^5x)} - \frac{14\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{27a^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

$$- \frac{7 \log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{27a^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{14 \log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{27a^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/18*(28*b^2*x^6 + 49*a*b*x^3 + 18*a^2)/(a^3*b^2*x^7 + 2*a^4*b*x^4 + a^5*x) - 14/27*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(a^3*(a/b)^(1/3)) - 7/27*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(a^3*(a/b)^(1/3)) + 14/27*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a^3*(a/b)^(1/3))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{14b\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{27a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{14\sqrt{3}(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{27a^4 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{7(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{27a^4 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{10b^2x^5 + 13abx^2}{18(bx^3 + a)^2 a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{1}{a^3 x \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
14/27*b*(-a/b)^(2/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/(a^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 14/27*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/(a^4*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 7/27*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/(a^4*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 1/18*(10*b^2*x^5 + 13*a*b*x^2)/((b*x^3 + a)^2*a^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 1/(a^3*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{28\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3} - 2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) a^2bx + 56\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3} - 2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) a b^2x^4 + 28\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3} - 2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) b^3x^7 - 54b^{2/3}a^{1/3}a^{**2} - 147b^{2/3}a^{1/3}a*b*x^{**3} - 84b^{2/3}a^{1/3}b^{**2}x^{**6} - 14\log(a^{**2/3} - b^{**1/3}a^{**1/3}x + b^{**2/3}x^{**2})a^{**2}b*x - 28\log(a^{**2/3} - b^{**1/3}a^{**1/3}x + b^{**2/3}x^{**2})a*b^{**2}x^{**4} - 14\log(a^{**2/3} - b^{**1/3}a^{**1/3}x + b^{**2/3}x^{**2})b^{**3}x^{**7} + 28\log(a^{**1/3} + b^{**1/3}x)a^{**2}b*x + 56\log(a^{**1/3} + b^{**1/3}x)a*b^{**2}x^{**4} + 28\log(a^{**1/3} + b^{**1/3}x)b^{**3}x^{**7}}{(54b^{**2/3}a^{**1/3})*a^{**3}x*(a^{**2} + 2*a*b*x^{**3} + b^{**2}x^{**6})}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(28*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**2*b*x + 56*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a*b**2*x**4 + 28*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*b**3*x**7 - 54*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a**2 - 147*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a*b*x**3 - 84*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*b**2*x**6 - 14*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2*b*x - 28*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b**2*x**4 - 14*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**3*x**7 + 28*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2*b*x + 56*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b**2*x**4 + 28*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**3*x**7)/(54*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a**3*x*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6))`

3.89 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	731
Mathematica [A] (verified)	732
Rubi [A] (verified)	732
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	747
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	747
Sympy [F]	748
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	748
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	749
Mupad [F(-1)]	749
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	750

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 314

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{11bx}{18a^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{bx}{6a^2(a+bx^3)\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{a+bx^3}{2a^3x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{20b^{2/3}(a+bx^3)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{9\sqrt{3}a^{11/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{20b^{2/3}(a+bx^3)\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{27a^{11/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{10b^{2/3}(a+bx^3)\log\left(a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx}+b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{27a^{11/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-11/18*b*x/a^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/6*b*x/a^2/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(b*x^3+a)/a^3/x^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+20/27*b^(2/3)*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(11/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-20/27*b^(2/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(11/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+10/27*b^(2/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(11/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-27a^{8/3} - 96a^{5/3}bx^3 - 60a^{2/3}b^2x^6 + 40\sqrt{3}b^{2/3}x^2(a + bx^3)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{1-2bx^3}{a+bx^3}\right)}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^3*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-27*a^(8/3) - 96*a^(5/3)*b*x^3 - 60*a^(2/3)*b^2*x^6 + 40*Sqrt[3]*b^(2/3)*
x^2*(a + b*x^3)^2*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] - 40*b^(2/3)
*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^2*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x] + 20*a^2*b^(2/3)*x^2*Log[a^(2/
3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2] + 40*a*b^(5/3)*x^5*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(
1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2] + 20*b^(8/3)*x^8*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/
3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/(54*a^(11/3)*x^2*(a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 819, 819, 847, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{b^3x^3(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^3(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{1}{x^3(bx^3+a)^2} dx}{3a} + \frac{1}{6ax^2(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^3(bx^3+a)} dx}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{6ax^2(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{5 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^3+a} dx}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{6ax^2(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{750}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{b \left(\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}} dx \right)}{3a^{2/3}} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3a} \right) + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} + \frac{1}{6ax^2(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 16

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{b \left(\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x) \right)}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} + \frac{1}{6ax^2(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1142

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{ \dots}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{ \dots}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{ \dots}{3a} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$(a + bx^3)$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3 a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{b}{a} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2 a x^2} \\
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{4}{3 a} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{3 a x^2 (a + b x^3)} \\
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{(a + b x^3)}{3 a} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) +
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 27

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{4}{3a} \right) + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1082

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx}{a}}\right)^2} dx \right) - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{1}{3a} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{1}{3a} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$(a + bx^3)$

↓ 217

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \\
 & \left(\frac{b}{3a^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{1}{3a} \right) - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \\
 & \left(\frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \left(\frac{1}{3a} \right) + \frac{1}{6ax^2(a+bx^3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1103

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{b}{3a^{2/3}} \frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
 & \quad - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad - \frac{1}{3a} \\
 & \quad + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \quad + \frac{1}{6ax^2(a+bx^3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(1/(6*a*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (4*(1/(3*a*x^2*(a + b*x^3)) + (5*(-1/2*1/(a*x^2) - (b*(Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(3*a^(2/3)*b^(1/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/b^(1/3)) - Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(2/3))))/a))/(3*a)))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 750 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[1/(Rt[a, 3] + Rt[b, 3]*x), x], x] + Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[(2*Rt[a, 3] - Rt[b, 3]*x)/(Rt[a, 3]^2 - Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3]*x + Rt[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 819 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 847 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(-\frac{10b^2x^6}{9a^3} - \frac{16bx^3}{9a^2} - \frac{1}{2a} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^3 x^2} + \frac{20\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(a^{11}Z^3+b^2)} -R \ln \left((-4R^3 a^{11} - 3b^2)x - a^4 b R \right) \right)}{27(bx^3+a)}$
default	$-\frac{\left(-40\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \right) b^2 x^8 + 40 \ln \left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^2 x^8 - 20 \ln \left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^2 x^8 + 60 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^2 x^6 - 80\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) b^2 x^8}{(bx^3+a)^3 x^2}$

```
input int(1/x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)^3*(-10/9/a^3*b^2*x^6-16/9/a^2*b*x^3-1/2/a)/x^2+20/27*((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)*sum(_R*ln((-4*_R^3*a^11-3*b^2)*x-a^4*b*_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*a^11+b^2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{60 b^2 x^6 + 96 abx^3 - 40 \sqrt{3} (b^2 x^8 + 2 abx^5 + a^2 x^2) \left(-\frac{b^2}{a^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{2 \sqrt{3} ax \left(-\frac{b^2}{a^2} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} - \sqrt{3} b}{3b} \right) + 20 (b^2 x^8 + 2 abx^5 + a^2 x^2)}{(bx^3+a)^3 x^2}$$

```
input integrate(1/x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
-1/54*(60*b^2*x^6 + 96*a*b*x^3 - 40*sqrt(3)*(b^2*x^8 + 2*a*b*x^5 + a^2*x^2)
)*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(2*sqrt(3)*a*x*(-b^2/a^2)^(2/3) - sqrt(3)*b
)/b) + 20*(b^2*x^8 + 2*a*b*x^5 + a^2*x^2)*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3)*log(b^2*x^2 + a*
b*x*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3) + a^2*(-b^2/a^2)^(2/3)) - 40*(b^2*x^8 + 2*a*b*x^5 + a
^2*x^2)*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3)*log(b*x - a*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3)) + 27*a^2/(a^3*b^2*
x^8 + 2*a^4*b*x^5 + a^5*x^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 ((a + bx^3)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**3/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**3*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{20b^2x^6 + 32abx^3 + 9a^2}{18(a^3b^2x^8 + 2a^4bx^5 + a^5x^2)}$$

$$- \frac{20\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{27a^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$+ \frac{10 \log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{27a^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{20 \log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{27a^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$-1/18*(20*b^2*x^6 + 32*a*b*x^3 + 9*a^2)/(a^3*b^2*x^8 + 2*a^4*b*x^5 + a^5*x^2) - 20/27*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(a^3*(a/b)^(2/3)) + 10/27*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(a^3*(a/b)^(2/3)) - 20/27*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a^3*(a/b)^(2/3))$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{20 b \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(\left| x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right| \right)}{27 a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{20 \sqrt{3} (-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{27 a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{10 (-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(x^2 + x \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)}{27 a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{20 b^2 x^6 + 32 abx^3 + 9 a^2}{18 (bx^4 + ax)^2 a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$20/27*b*\left(-a/b\right)^{(1/3)}*\log(\operatorname{abs}(x - \left(-a/b\right)^{(1/3)}))/(a^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a)) - 20/27*sqrt(3)*\left(-a*b^2\right)^{(1/3)}*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + \left(-a/b\right)^{(1/3)})/\left(-a/b\right)^{(1/3)})/(a^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a)) - 10/27*\left(-a*b^2\right)^{(1/3)}*\log(x^2 + x*\left(-a/b\right)^{(1/3)} + \left(-a/b\right)^{(2/3)})/(a^4*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a)) - 1/18*(20*b^2*x^6 + 32*a*b*x^3 + 9*a^2)/((b*x^4 + a*x)^2*a^3*\operatorname{sgn}(b*x^3 + a))$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)),x)
```

output `int(1/(x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{40a^{7/3}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3}-2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) bx^2 + 80a^{4/3}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3}-2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) b^2x^5 + 40a^{1/3}\sqrt{3} a}{\dots}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(40*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**2*b*x**2 + 80*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a*b**2*x**5 + 40*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*b**3*x**8 + 20*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2*b*x**2 + 40*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b**2*x**5 + 20*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**3*x**8 - 40*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2*b*x**2 - 80*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b**2*x**5 - 40*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**3*x**8 - 27*b**(1/3)*a**3 - 96*b**(1/3)*a**2*b*x**3 - 60*b**(1/3)*a*b**2*x**6)/(54*b**(1/3)*a**4*x**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6))`

3.90 $\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	751
Mathematica [A] (verified)	751
Rubi [A] (verified)	752
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	754
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	754
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{a^2}{12b^3 (a + bx^3)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{2a}{9b^3 (a + bx^3)^2 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{1}{6b^3 (a + bx^3) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output `-1/12*a^2/b^3/(b*x^3+a)^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/9*a/b^3/(b*x^3+a)^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/6/b^3/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^9 \left(-4a^6 - a^5bx^3 + 4a^4\sqrt{a^2}\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} - 3a^3\sqrt{a^2}bx^3\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} + 3\sqrt{a^2}bx^6 \right)}{36a^6 (a + bx^3)^3 \left(\sqrt{a^2}bx^3 + a \right)}$$

input `Integrate[x^8/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(x^9*(-4*a^6 - a^5*b*x^3 + 4*a^4*Sqrt[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2] - 3*a^3*Sqr
t[a^2]*b*x^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2] + 3*Sqrt[a^2]*b^2*x^6*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]
*(a^2 + b^2*x^6) + 3*a*b^3*x^9*(b^2*x^6 - Sqrt[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]))
/(36*a^6*(a + b*x^3)^3*(Sqrt[a^2]*b*x^3 + a*(Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^
2])))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{b^5(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^8}{b^5(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^3+a)^5} dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \left(\frac{a^2}{b^2(bx^3+a)^5} - \frac{2a}{b^2(bx^3+a)^4} + \frac{1}{b^2(bx^3+a)^3} \right) dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{a^2}{4b^3(a+bx^3)^4} + \frac{2a}{3b^3(a+bx^3)^3} - \frac{1}{2b^3(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^8/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2), x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-1/4*a^2/(b^3*(a + b*x^3)^4) + (2*a)/(3*b^3*(a + b*x^3)^3) - 1/(2*b^3*(a + b*x^3)^2)))/(3*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(6b^2x^6+4ax^3b+a^2)\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{36(bx^3+a)^4b^3}$	42
gospers	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(6b^2x^6+4ax^3b+a^2)}{36b^3(bx^3+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	43
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(6b^2x^6+4ax^3b+a^2)}{36b^3(bx^3+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	43
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2\left(-\frac{x^6}{6b}-\frac{ax^3}{9b^2}-\frac{a^2}{36b^3}\right)}}{(bx^3+a)^5}$	48
orering	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(6b^2x^6+4ax^3b+a^2)}{36b^3(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	52

input `int(x^8/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/36/(b*x^3+a)^4*(6*b^2*x^6+4*a*b*x^3+a^2)/b^3*csgn(b*x^3+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{6b^2x^6 + 4abx^3 + a^2}{36(b^7x^{12} + 4ab^6x^9 + 6a^2b^5x^6 + 4a^3b^4x^3 + a^4b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^8/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/36*(6*b^2*x^6 + 4*a*b*x^3 + a^2)/(b^7*x^12 + 4*a*b^6*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^5*x^6 + 4*a^3*b^4*x^3 + a^4*b^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**8/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**8/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{6(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^2 b^5} + \frac{2a}{9(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^3 b^6} - \frac{a^2}{12(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^4 b^7}$$

input `integrate(x^8/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6/((x^3 + a/b)^2*b^5) + 2/9*a/((x^3 + a/b)^3*b^6) - 1/12*a^2/((x^3 + a/b)^4*b^7)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{6b^2x^6 + 4abx^3 + a^2}{36(bx^3 + a)^4 b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x^8/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/36*(6*b^2*x^6 + 4*a*b*x^3 + a^2)/((b*x^3 + a)^4*b^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} (a^2 + 4abx^3 + 6b^2x^6)}{36b^3 (bx^3 + a)^5}$$

input `int(x^8/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`output `-((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2)*(a^2 + 6*b^2*x^6 + 4*a*b*x^3))/(36*b^3*(a + b*x^3)^5)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-6b^2x^6 - 4abx^3 - a^2}{36b^3 (b^4x^{12} + 4ab^3x^9 + 6a^2b^2x^6 + 4a^3bx^3 + a^4)}$$

input `int(x^8/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x)`output `(- a**2 - 4*a*b*x**3 - 6*b**2*x**6)/(36*b**3*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x**3 + 6*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 4*a*b**3*x**9 + b**4*x**12))`

3.91
$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	757
Mathematica [B] (verified)	757
Rubi [A] (verified)	758
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	759
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	760
Sympy [F]	760
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	761
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	761
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	761
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	762

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{9b^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{a}{12b^2 (a + bx^3)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-1/9/b^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2)+1/12*a/b^2/(b*x^3+a)^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 232 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^6 \left(3\sqrt{a^2}b^6x^{18} + 3a^3b^3x^9\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} - 3a^2b^4x^{12}\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} + 3ab^5x^{15}\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} + a^4b^2x^6 \left(\sqrt{a^2} - 3 \right) \right)}{36a^7 (a + bx^3)^3 \left(a^2 + abx^3 - \sqrt{a^2} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \right)}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$-1/36*(x^6*(3*\text{Sqrt}[a^2]*b^6*x^{18} + 3*a^3*b^3*x^9*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2] - 3*a^2*b^4*x^{12}*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2] + 3*a*b^5*x^{15}*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2] + a^4*b^2*x^6*(\text{Sqrt}[a^2] - 3*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]) + 6*a^6*(\text{Sqrt}[a^2] - \text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]) + 2*a^5*b*x^3*(2*\text{Sqrt}[a^2] + \text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]))) / (a^7*(a + b*x^3)^3*(a^2 + a*b*x^3 - \text{Sqrt}[a^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^3)^2]))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$, Rules used = {1693, 1100, 1078}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^3}{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1100$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{a \int \frac{1}{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}} dx^3}{b} - \frac{1}{3b^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1078$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{a}{4b^2 (a + bx^3) (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{3b^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[x^5/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{(-1/3*1/(b^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)) + a/(4*b^2*(a + b*x^3)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2)))/3}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1078
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[2*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*p + 1)*(b + 2*c*x))), x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 1100
$$\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_))*((a_ + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)), x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$$

rule 1693
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^(m_)*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]$$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(4bx^3+a) \text{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{36b^2(bx^3+a)^4}$	31
gospers	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(4bx^3+a)}{36b^2((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	32
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+a)(4bx^3+a)}{36b^2((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	32
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(-\frac{x^3}{9b} - \frac{a}{36b^2}\right)}{(bx^3+a)^5}$	37
orering	$-\frac{(4bx^3+a)(bx^3+a)}{36b^2(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	41

input `int(x^5/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/36*(4*b*x^3+a)*csgn(b*x^3+a)/b^2/(b*x^3+a)^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4bx^3 + a}{36(b^6x^{12} + 4ab^5x^9 + 6a^2b^4x^6 + 4a^3b^3x^3 + a^4b^2)}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/36*(4*b*x^3 + a)/(b^6*x^12 + 4*a*b^5*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^4*x^6 + 4*a^3*b^3*x^3 + a^4*b^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{9(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}b^2} + \frac{a}{12(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^4b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/9/((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*b^2) + 1/12*a/((x^3 + a/b)^4*b^6)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4bx^3 + a}{36(bx^3 + a)^4b^2\text{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/36*(4*b*x^3 + a)/((b*x^3 + a)^4*b^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(4bx^3 + a)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{36b^2(bx^3 + a)^5}$$

input `int(x^5/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`output `-((a + 4*b*x^3)*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2))/(36*b^2*(a + b*x^3)^5)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-4bx^3 - a}{36b^2(b^4x^{12} + 4ab^3x^9 + 6a^2b^2x^6 + 4a^3bx^3 + a^4)}$$

input `int(x^5/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x)`output `(-a-4*b*x**3)/(36*b**2*(a**4+4*a**3*b*x**3+6*a**2*b**2*x**6+4*a*b**3*x**9+b**4*x**12))`

3.92
$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	763
Mathematica [B] (verified)	763
Rubi [A] (verified)	764
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	765
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	766
Sympy [F]	766
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	766
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	767
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	767
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	767

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{12b(a + bx^3)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output -1/12/b/(b*x^3+a)^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 267 vs. 2(38) = 76.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.03

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^3 \left(-\sqrt{a^2} b^7 x^{21} - a^3 b^4 x^{12} \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} + a^2 b^5 x^{15} \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} - ab^6 x^{18} \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} + 4a^7 \left(\sqrt{a^2} - \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} \right) \right)}{12a^8 (a + bx^3)^3 \left(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6 \right)^{3/2}}$$

input Integrate[x^2/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]

output

```
-1/12*(x^3*(-(Sqrt[a^2]*b^7*x^21) - a^3*b^4*x^12*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2] + a^2
*b^5*x^15*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2] - a*b^6*x^18*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2] + 4*a^7*(Sqr
rt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]) + 2*a^5*b^2*x^6*(2*Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*
x^3)^2]) + 2*a^6*b*x^3*(3*Sqrt[a^2] - Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]) + a^4*b^3*x^9*(
Sqrt[a^2] + Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]))) / (a^8*(a + b*x^3)^3*(a^2 + a*b*x^3 - Sqr
t[a^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1690, 1078}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1690

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}} dx^3$$

↓ 1078

$$\frac{1}{12b(a + bx^3)(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[x^2/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
-1/12*1/(b*(a + b*x^3)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1078

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*((a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*p + 1)*(b + 2*c*x))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] &&
EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1690

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(bx^3+a)}{12(bx^3+a)^4b}$	23
gospers	$-\frac{bx^3+a}{12b((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	24
default	$-\frac{bx^3+a}{12b((bx^3+a)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	24
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{12(bx^3+a)^5b}$	26
orering	$-\frac{bx^3+a}{12b(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	33

input

```
int(x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/12/(b*x^3+a)^4/b*csgn(b*x^3+a)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{12(b^5x^{12} + 4ab^4x^9 + 6a^2b^3x^6 + 4a^3b^2x^3 + a^4b)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/12/(b^5*x^12 + 4*a*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^3*b^2*x^3 + a^4*b)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)`output `Integral(x**2/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{12(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^4 b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/12/((x^3 + a/b)^4*b^5)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{12(bx^3 + a)^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/12/((b*x^3 + a)^4*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{12b(bx^3 + a)^5}$$

input `int(x^2/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`output `-(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(1/2)/(12*b*(a + b*x^3)^5)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{12b(b^4x^{12} + 4ab^3x^9 + 6a^2b^2x^6 + 4a^3bx^3 + a^4)}$$

input `int(x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x)`output `(- 1)/(12*b*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x**3 + 6*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 4*a*b**3*x**9 + b**4*x**12))`

3.93 $\int \frac{1}{x(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	768
Mathematica [A] (verified)	769
Rubi [A] (verified)	769
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	771
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	771
Sympy [F]	772
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	772
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	773
Mupad [F(-1)]	773
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	773

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 223

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{3a^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{1}{12a(a+bx^3)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{1}{9a^2(a+bx^3)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{1}{6a^3(a+bx^3)\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{(a+bx^3)\log(x)}{a^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{(a+bx^3)\log(a+bx^3)}{3a^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
1/3/a^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/12/a/(b*x^3+a)^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/9/a^2/(b*x^3+a)^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/6/a^3/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+(b*x^3+a)*ln(x)/a^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(b*x^3+a)*ln(b*x^3+a)/a^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{a(25a^3 + 52a^2bx^3 + 42ab^2x^6 + 12b^3x^9) + 36(a + bx^3)^4 \log(x) - 12(a + bx^3)^4}{36a^5(a + bx^3)^3 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(a*(25*a^3 + 52*a^2*b*x^3 + 42*a*b^2*x^6 + 12*b^3*x^9) + 36*(a + b*x^3)^4*
Log[x] - 12*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a + b*x^3])/(36*a^5*(a + b*x^3)^3*Sqrt[(a +
b*x^3)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{b^5(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{b^5x(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^3(bx^3+a)^5} dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 54 \\ (a + bx^3) \int \left(-\frac{b}{a^5(bx^3+a)} - \frac{b}{a^4(bx^3+a)^2} - \frac{b}{a^3(bx^3+a)^3} - \frac{b}{a^2(bx^3+a)^4} - \frac{b}{a(bx^3+a)^5} + \frac{1}{a^5x^3} \right) dx^3 \\ \hline 3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ (a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{\log(a+bx^3)}{a^5} + \frac{\log(x^3)}{a^5} + \frac{1}{a^4(a+bx^3)} + \frac{1}{2a^3(a+bx^3)^2} + \frac{1}{3a^2(a+bx^3)^3} + \frac{1}{4a(a+bx^3)^4} \right) \\ \hline 3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(1/(4*a*(a + b*x^3)^4) + 1/(3*a^2*(a + b*x^3)^3) + 1/(2*a^3*(a + b*x^3)^2) + 1/(a^4*(a + b*x^3)) + Log[x^3]/a^5 - Log[a + b*x^3]/a^5))/(3*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\text{csgn}(bx^3+a) \left(-\ln(bx^3+a)(bx^3+a)^4 + \ln(bx^3)(bx^3+a)^4 + a b^3 x^9 + \frac{7b^2 x^6 a^2}{2} + \frac{13b x^3 a^3}{3} + \frac{25a^4}{12} \right)}{3(bx^3+a)^4 a^5}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{b^3 x^9}{3a^4} + \frac{7b^2 x^6}{6a^3} + \frac{13b x^3}{9a^2} + \frac{25}{36a} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^5} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \ln(x)}{(bx^3+a)a^5} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \ln(bx^3+a)}{3(bx^3+a)a^5}$
default	$\frac{(12 \ln(bx^3+a)b^4 x^{12} - 36 \ln(x)b^4 x^{12} + 48 \ln(bx^3+a) a b^3 x^9 - 144 \ln(x) a b^3 x^9 - 12 a b^3 x^9 + 72 \ln(bx^3+a) a^2 b^2 x^6 - 216 \ln(x) a^2 b^2 x^6 - 36 a^5) \sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{36 a^5 \left((bx^3+a)^4 a^5 \right)}$

input

$$\text{int}(1/x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

$$\frac{1}{3} \text{csgn}(b*x^3+a) * (-\ln(b*x^3+a) * (b*x^3+a)^4 + \ln(b*x^3) * (b*x^3+a)^4 + a*b^3*x^9 + 7/2*b^2*x^6*a^2 + 13/3*b*x^3*a^3 + 25/12*a^4) / (b*x^3+a)^4/a^5$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{12ab^3x^9 + 42a^2b^2x^6 + 52a^3bx^3 + 25a^4 - 12(b^4x^{12} + 4ab^3x^9 + 6a^2b^2x^6)}{36(a^5b^4x^{12} + 4a^6b)}$$

input

$$\text{integrate}(1/x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2), x, \text{algorithm}=\text{"fricas"})$$

output

$$\frac{1}{36} * (12*a*b^3*x^9 + 42*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 52*a^3*b*x^3 + 25*a^4 - 12*(b^4*x^{12} + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4) * \log(b*x^3 + a) + 36*(b^4*x^{12} + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4) * \log(x)) / (a^5*b^4*x^{12} + 4*a^6*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^7*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^8*b*x^3 + a^9)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx &= -\frac{(-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right)}{3a^5} \\ &+ \frac{1}{9(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}a^2} + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}a^4} \\ &+ \frac{1}{6(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^2a^3b^2} + \frac{1}{12(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^4ab^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x)))/a^5 + 1/9/((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*a^2) + 1/3/(sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^4) + 1/6/((x^3 + a/b)^2*a^3*b^2) + 1/12/((x^3 + a/b)^4*a*b^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\log(|bx^3 + a|)}{3a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} + \frac{\log(|x|)}{a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} + \frac{25b^4x^{12} + 112ab^3x^9 + 192a^2b^2x^6 + 152a^3bx^3 + 50a^4}{36(bx^3 + a)^4 a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*log(abs(b*x^3 + a))/(a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + log(abs(x))/(a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/36*(25*b^4*x^12 + 112*a*b^3*x^9 + 192*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 152*a^3*b*x^3 + 50*a^4)/((b*x^3 + a)^4*a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-12 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) a^4 - 48 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) a^3 b x^3 - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int(1/x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 12*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**4 - 48*log(a
**2/3 - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**3*b*x**3 - 72*log(a**(2/
3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2*b**2*x**6 - 48*log(a**(2/3)
- b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b**3*x**9 - 12*log(a**(2/3) - b*
*(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**4*x**12 - 12*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)
*x)*a**4 - 48*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**3*b*x**3 - 72*log(a**(1/3) + b
**(1/3)*x)*a**2*b**2*x**6 - 48*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b**3*x**9 - 12
*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**4*x**12 + 36*log(x)*a**4 + 144*log(x)*a**3*
b*x**3 + 216*log(x)*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 144*log(x)*a*b**3*x**9 + 36*log(x)*b*
**4*x**12 + 22*a**4 + 40*a**3*b*x**3 + 24*a**2*b**2*x**6 - 3*b**4*x**12)/(3
6*a**5*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x**3 + 6*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 4*a*b**3*x**9 + b**4*x**
12))
```

3.94 $\int \frac{1}{x^4(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	775
Mathematica [A] (verified)	776
Rubi [A] (verified)	776
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	778
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	779
Sympy [F]	779
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	780
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	780
Mupad [F(-1)]	781
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	781

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4b}{3a^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{2b}{12a^2(a+bx^3)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{2b}{9a^3(a+bx^3)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{2a^4(a+bx^3)\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{3a^5x^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{5b(a+bx^3)\log(x)}{a^6\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{5b(a+bx^3)\log(a+bx^3)}{3a^6\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-4/3*b/a^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/12*b/a^2/(b*x^3+a)^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-
2/9*b/a^3/(b*x^3+a)^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*b/a^4/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(b*x^3+a)/a^5/x^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-5*b*(b*x^3+a)*ln(x)/a^6/
((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+5/3*b*(b*x^3+a)*ln(b*x^3+a)/a^6/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-a(12a^4 + 125a^3bx^3 + 260a^2b^2x^6 + 210ab^3x^9 + 60b^4x^{12}) - 180bx^3(a + b^2x^3)}{36a^6x^3 (a + bx^3)^3 \sqrt{(a + bx^3)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^4*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-(a*(12*a^4 + 125*a^3*b*x^3 + 260*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 210*a*b^3*x^9 + 60*b^4*x^12)) - 180*b*x^3*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[x] + 60*b*x^3*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a + b*x^3])/((36*a^6*x^3*(a + b*x^3)^3*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{b^5 (a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{b^5 x^4 (bx^3 + a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^3 + a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^3 + a)^5} dx^3}{3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 54 \\ (a + bx^3) \int \left(\frac{5b^2}{a^6(bx^3+a)} + \frac{4b^2}{a^5(bx^3+a)^2} + \frac{3b^2}{a^4(bx^3+a)^3} + \frac{2b^2}{a^3(bx^3+a)^4} + \frac{b^2}{a^2(bx^3+a)^5} - \frac{5b}{a^6x^3} + \frac{1}{a^5x^6} \right) dx^3 \\ \hline 3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ (a + bx^3) \left(-\frac{5b \log(x^3)}{a^6} + \frac{5b \log(a+bx^3)}{a^6} - \frac{4b}{a^5(a+bx^3)} - \frac{1}{a^5x^3} - \frac{3b}{2a^4(a+bx^3)^2} - \frac{2b}{3a^3(a+bx^3)^3} - \frac{b}{4a^2(a+bx^3)^4} \right) \\ \hline 3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-1/(a^5*x^3)) - b/(4*a^2*(a + b*x^3)^4) - (2*b)/(3*a^3*(a + b*x^3)^3) - (3*b)/(2*a^4*(a + b*x^3)^2) - (4*b)/(a^5*(a + b*x^3)) - (5*b*Log[x^3])/a^6 + (5*b*Log[a + b*x^3])/a^6)/(3*sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\text{csgn}(bx^3+a)\left(-5bx^3(bx^3+a)^4 \ln(bx^3+a)+5bx^3(bx^3+a)^4 \ln(bx^3)+a(5b^4x^{12}+\frac{35}{2}ab^3x^9+\frac{65}{3}b^2x^6a^2+\frac{125}{12}bx^3a^3+a^4)\right)}{3(bx^3+a)^4a^6x^3}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}\left(-\frac{1}{3a}-\frac{125bx^3}{36a^2}-\frac{65b^2x^6}{9a^3}-\frac{35b^3x^9}{6a^4}-\frac{5b^4x^{12}}{3a^5}\right)}{(bx^3+a)^5x^3} - \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b \ln(x)}{(bx^3+a)a^6} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}b \ln(-bx^3-a)}{3(bx^3+a)a^6}$
default	$(60 \ln(bx^3+a)b^5x^{15}-180b^5 \ln(x)x^{15}+240 \ln(bx^3+a)ab^4x^{12}-720ab^4 \ln(x)x^{12}-60ab^4x^{12}+360 \ln(bx^3+a)a^2b^3x^9-1080a^2b^3x^9)/a^6x^3$

input

```
int(1/x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3*csgn(b*x^3+a)*(-5*b*x^3*(b*x^3+a)^4*ln(b*x^3+a)+5*b*x^3*(b*x^3+a)^4*ln(b*x^3)+a*(5*b^4*x^12+35/2*a*b^3*x^9+65/3*b^2*x^6*a^2+125/12*b*x^3*a^3+a^4))/(b*x^3+a)^4/a^6/x^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{60 ab^4 x^{12} + 210 a^2 b^3 x^9 + 260 a^3 b^2 x^6 + 125 a^4 b x^3 + 12 a^5 - 60 (b^5 x^{15} + 4 ab^4 x^{12} + 6 a^2 b^3 x^9 + 4 a^3 b^2 x^6 + a^4 b x^3) \log(bx^3 + a) + 180 (b^5 x^{15} + 4 a^2 b^3 x^9 + 4 a^3 b^2 x^6 + a^4 b x^3) \log(x)}{36 (a^6 b^4 x^{15} + 4 a^7 b^3 x^{12} + 6 a^8 b^2 x^9 + 4 a^9 b x^6 + a^{10} x^3)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/36*(60*a*b^4*x^12 + 210*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 260*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 125*a^4*b*x^3 + 12*a^5 - 60*(b^5*x^15 + 4*a*b^4*x^12 + 6*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 4*a^3*b^2*x^6 + a^4*b*x^3)*log(b*x^3 + a) + 180*(b^5*x^15 + 4*a*b^4*x^12 + 6*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 4*a^3*b^2*x^6 + a^4*b*x^3)*log(x))/(a^6*b^4*x^15 + 4*a^7*b^3*x^12 + 6*a^8*b^2*x^9 + 4*a^9*b*x^6 + a^10*x^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 ((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**4*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5(-1)^{2abx^3+2a^2} b \log\left(\frac{2abx}{|x|} + \frac{2a^2}{x^2|x|}\right)}{3a^6}$$

$$- \frac{5b}{9(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}a^3} - \frac{5b}{3\sqrt{b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2}a^5}$$

$$- \frac{1}{3(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{3/2}a^2x^3} - \frac{5}{6(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^2a^4b} - \frac{1}{12(x^3 + \frac{a}{b})^4a^2b^3}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `5/3*(-1)^(2*a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2)*b*log(2*a*b*x/abs(x) + 2*a^2/(x^2*abs(x)))/a^6 - 5/9*b/((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*a^3) - 5/3*b/(sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*a^5) - 1/3/((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2)*a^2*x^3) - 5/6/((x^3 + a/b)^2*a^4*b) - 1/12/((x^3 + a/b)^4*a^2*b^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5b \log(|bx^3 + a|)}{3a^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{5b \log(|x|)}{a^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{5bx^3 - a}{3a^6x^3 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{125b^5x^{12} + 548ab^4x^9 + 912a^2b^3x^6 + 688a^3b^2x^3 + 202a^4b}{36(bx^3 + a)^4a^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `5/3*b*log(abs(b*x^3 + a))/(a^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 5*b*log(abs(x))/(a^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/3*(5*b*x^3 - a)/(a^6*x^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 1/36*(125*b^5*x^12 + 548*a*b^4*x^9 + 912*a^2*b^3*x^6 + 688*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 202*a^4*b)/((b*x^3 + a)^4*a^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^4*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{60 \log\left(a^{2/3} - b^{1/3}a^{1/3}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right) a^4 b x^3 + 240 \log\left(a^{2/3} - b^{1/3}a^{1/3}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right) a^3 b^2 x^2}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(1/x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(60*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**4*b*x**3 + 240*
log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**3*b**2*x**6 + 360*1
og(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2*b**3*x**9 + 240*lo
g(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b**4*x**12 + 60*log(a*
*(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**5*x**15 + 60*log(a**(1/3)
+ b**(1/3)*x)*a**4*b*x**3 + 240*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**3*b**2*x**6
+ 360*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2*b**3*x**9 + 240*log(a**(1/3) + b**(
1/3)*x)*a*b**4*x**12 + 60*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**5*x**15 - 180*log(
x)*a**4*b*x**3 - 720*log(x)*a**3*b**2*x**6 - 1080*log(x)*a**2*b**3*x**9 -
720*log(x)*a*b**4*x**12 - 180*log(x)*b**5*x**15 - 12*a**5 - 110*a**4*b*x**
3 - 200*a**3*b**2*x**6 - 120*a**2*b**3*x**9 + 15*b**5*x**15)/(36*a**6*x**3
*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x**3 + 6*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 4*a*b**3*x**9 + b**4*x**12))
```

3.95 $\int \frac{x^7}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	782
Mathematica [A] (verified)	783
Rubi [A] (verified)	783
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	803
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	803
Sympy [F]	804
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	805
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	805
Mupad [F(-1)]	806
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	806

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 365

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5x^2}{243a^2b^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{5x^2}{12b(a + bx^3)^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{5x^2}{108b^2(a + bx^3)^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{5x^2}{324ab^2(a + bx^3)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{5(a + bx^3)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{243\sqrt{3}a^{7/3}b^{8/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{5(a + bx^3)\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{729a^{7/3}b^{8/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{5(a + bx^3)\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{1458a^{7/3}b^{8/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
5/243*x^2/a^2/b^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/12*x^5/b/(b*x^3+a)^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-5/108*x^2/b^2/(b*x^3+a)^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+5/324*x^2/a/b^2/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-5/729*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(7/3)/b^(8/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-5/729*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(7/3)/b^(8/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+5/1458*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(7/3)/b^(8/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(243ab^{2/3}x^2 - 378b^{2/3}x^2(a + bx^3) + \frac{45b^{2/3}x^2(a+bx^3)^2}{a} + \frac{60b^{2/3}x^2(a+bx^3)^3}{a^2} \right)}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^7/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^3)*(243*a*b^(2/3)*x^2 - 378*b^(2/3)*x^2*(a + b*x^3) + (45*b^(2/3)
)*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^2)/a + (60*b^(2/3)*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^3)/a^2 + (20*sqrt[3]*
(a + b*x^3)^4*ArcTan[(-a^(1/3) + 2*b^(1/3)*x)/(sqrt[3]*a^(1/3))])/a^(7/3)
- (20*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x])/a^(7/3) + (10*(a + b*x^3)^4*
Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/a^(7/3))/(2916*b^(8/3)*((
a + b*x^3)^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.538$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 817, 817, 819, 819, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1384}$$

$$\frac{b^5(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^7}{b^5(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^7}{(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^3+a)^4} dx}{12b} - \frac{x^5}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{9b} - \frac{x^2}{9b(a+bx^3)^3} \right)}{12b} - \frac{x^5}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x}{(bx^3+a)^2} dx}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{9b} - \frac{x^2}{9b(a+bx^3)^3} \right)}{12b} - \frac{x^5}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left[\frac{5 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{x}{bx^3+a} dx + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{9b} - \frac{x^2}{9b(a+bx^3)^3} \right] - \frac{x^5}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 821

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right) - \frac{x^2}{9b(a+bx^3)^3} \right) - \frac{x^5}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 16

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right)}{2} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right) - \frac{x^2}{9b(a+bx^3)^3} \right) - \frac{x^5}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1142

$$\left(\frac{\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}}}{2 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} b^{2/3}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}$$

5 9b

(a + bx³) 12b

↓ 25

$$\left(\frac{\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x+a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2\sqrt[3]{b}}}{{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}$$

5 9b

(a + bx³) 12b

↓ 27

$$\left(\frac{\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}}{9b}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}}{12b}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

↓ 1082

$$\left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx} + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}$$

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx} + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx} + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{9b}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx} + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{12b}$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \Bigg) - \frac{x^2}{9b(a+bx^3)}$$

$$\frac{1}{12b} (a + bx^3)$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{
 \left(
 \frac{
 \frac{
 \log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}
 }{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}
 }{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}
 \right)
 }{9b} - \frac{x^2}{9b(a+bx^3)^3}$$

$(a + bx^3)$

$12b$

input `Int[x^7/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a + b*x^3)*(-1/12*x^5/(b*(a + b*x^3)^4) + (5*(-1/9*x^2/(b*(a + b*x^3)^3) \\ & + (2*(x^2/(6*a*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (2*(x^2/(3*a*(a + b*x^3)) + (-1/3*\text{Log}[a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}*x]/(a^{1/3}*b^{2/3})) + (-((\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*b^{1/3}*x)/a^{1/3}))/\text{Sqrt}[3]])/b^{1/3})) + \text{Log}[a^{2/3} - a^{1/3}*b^{1/3}*x + b^{2/3}*x^2]/(2*b^{1/3}))/ (3*a^{1/3}*b^{1/3}))/ (3*a))/ (3*a))/ (9*b))/ (12*b))/ \text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6] \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 817 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && !ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 819 $\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (a \cdot c \cdot n \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(m + n \cdot (p+1) + 1) / (a \cdot n \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 821 $\text{Int}[x / (a + b \cdot x^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3])^{-1} \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x) / (\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2 \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot \text{Simplify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /;$ $\text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (2 \cdot c) \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e / (2 \cdot c) \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[u \cdot (a + c \cdot x^{n2}) + b \cdot x^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b \cdot x^n + c \cdot x^{2 \cdot n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{2 \cdot \text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[u \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{2 \cdot p}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2 \cdot n-1)}] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2 \cdot n-1)}])]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 4.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{5bx^{11}}{243a^2} + \frac{25x^8}{324a} - \frac{x^5}{27b} - \frac{5ax^2}{486b^2} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^5} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-R} \right)}{729(bx^3+a)a^2b^3}$
default	$-\frac{\left(20\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \right) b^4 x^{12} + 20 \ln \left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^4 x^{12} - 10 \ln \left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^4 x^{12} - 60 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^{11} + 80\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) b^4 x^{12}}{\dots}$

input `int(x^7/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)^5*(5/243/a^2*b*x^11+25/324/a*x^8-1/27/b*x^5-5/486*a/b^2*x^2)+5/729*((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/a^2/b^3*sum(1/_R*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 734, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^7/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2916*(60*a*b^5*x^11 + 225*a^2*b^4*x^8 - 108*a^3*b^3*x^5 - 30*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 30*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^5*x^12 + 4*a^2*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^3*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^4*b^2*x^3 + a^5*b)*sqrt((-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)*log((2*b^2*x^3 - a*b + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b*x + 2*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt((-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a) - 3*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*x)/(b*x^3 + a)) + 10*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b^2*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(2/3)) - 20*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b*x - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)))/(a^3*b^8*x^12 + 4*a^4*b^7*x^9 + 6*a^5*b^6*x^6 + 4*a^6*b^5*x^3 + a^7*b^4), 1/2916*(60*a*b^5*x^11 + 225*a^2*b^4*x^8 - 108*a^3*b^3*x^5 - 30*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 60*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^5*x^12 + 4*a^2*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^3*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^4*b^2*x^3 + a^5*b)*sqrt(-(-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(1/3))*sqrt(-(-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)/b) + 10*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b^2*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(2/3)) - 20*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b*x - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)))/(a^3*b^8*x^12 + 4*a^4*b^7*x^9 + 6*a^5*b^6*x^6 + 4*a^6*b^5*x^3 + a^7*b^4)]
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^7}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**7/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**7/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{20b^3x^{11} + 75ab^2x^8 - 36a^2bx^5 - 10a^3x^2}{972(a^2b^6x^{12} + 4a^3b^5x^9 + 6a^4b^4x^6 + 4a^5b^3x^3 + a^6b^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{729a^2b^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{5 \log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{1458a^2b^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{5 \log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{729a^2b^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(x^7/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/972*(20*b^3*x^11 + 75*a*b^2*x^8 - 36*a^2*b*x^5 - 10*a^3*x^2)/(a^2*b^6*x^12 + 4*a^3*b^5*x^9 + 6*a^4*b^4*x^6 + 4*a^5*b^3*x^3 + a^6*b^2) + 5/729*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(a^2*b^3*(a/b)^(1/3)) + 5/1458*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(a^2*b^3*(a/b)^(1/3)) - 5/729*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a^2*b^3*(a/b)^(1/3))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{729(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}a^2b^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{5 \log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{1458(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}a^2b^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{5\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{729a^3b^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{20b^3x^{11} + 75ab^2x^8 - 36a^2bx^5 - 10a^3x^2}{972(bx^3 + a)^4a^2b^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x^7/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
5/729*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/((-a*b
^2)^(1/3)*a^2*b^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 5/1458*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/
b)^(2/3))/((-a*b^2)^(1/3)*a^2*b^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 5/729*(-a/b)^(2/3)*log
(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/(a^3*b^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/972*(20*b^3*x^11 + 75
*a*b^2*x^8 - 36*a^2*b*x^5 - 10*a^3*x^2)/((b*x^3 + a)^4*a^2*b^2*sgn(b*x^3 +
a))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^7}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^7/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^7/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-20\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2b^{\frac{1}{3}}x}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) a^4 - 80\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2b^{\frac{1}{3}}x}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) a^3 b x^3 - 120\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2b^{\frac{1}{3}}x}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) a^2 b^2 x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int(x^7/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 20*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**4 - 8
0*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**3*b*x**3 -
120*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**2*b**2*
x**6 - 80*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a*b**
3*x**9 - 20*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*b**
4*x**12 - 30*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a**3*x**2 - 108*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a**2*b*x*
*5 + 225*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a*b**2*x**8 + 60*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*b**3*x**11 +
10*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**4 + 40*log(a**(
2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**3*b*x**3 + 60*log(a**(2/3)
- b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 40*log(a**(2/3) -
b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b**3*x**9 + 10*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1
/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**4*x**12 - 20*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)
*a**4 - 80*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**3*b*x**3 - 120*log(a**(1/3) + b**
(1/3)*x)*a**2*b**2*x**6 - 80*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b**3*x**9 - 20*1
og(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**4*x**12)/(2916*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a**2*b**2*(a
**4 + 4*a**3*b*x**3 + 6*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 4*a*b**3*x**9 + b**4*x**12))
```

3.96 $\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	808
Mathematica [A] (verified)	809
Rubi [A] (verified)	809
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	820
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	820
Sympy [F]	821
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	822
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	822
Mupad [F(-1)]	823
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	823

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 359

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5x}{486a^2b^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{x^4}{12b(a + bx^3)^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{x}{27b^2(a + bx^3)^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{x}{162ab^2(a + bx^3)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{5(a + bx^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{243\sqrt{3}a^{8/3}b^{7/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{5(a + bx^3) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{729a^{8/3}b^{7/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{5(a + bx^3) \log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{1458a^{8/3}b^{7/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
5/486*x/a^2/b^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/12*x^4/b/(b*x^3+a)^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/27*x/b^2/(b*x^3+a)^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/162*x/a/b^2/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-5/729*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(8/3)/b^(7/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+5/729*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(8/3)/b^(7/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-5/1458*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(8/3)/b^(7/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(243a\sqrt[3]{bx} - 351\sqrt[3]{bx}(a + bx^3) + \frac{18\sqrt[3]{bx}(a+bx^3)^2}{a} + \frac{30\sqrt[3]{bx}(a+bx^3)^3}{a^2} \right)}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^6/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^3)*(243*a*b^(1/3)*x - 351*b^(1/3)*x*(a + b*x^3) + (18*b^(1/3)*x*(a + b*x^3)^2)/a + (30*b^(1/3)*x*(a + b*x^3)^3)/a^2 + (20*Sqrt[3]*(a + b*x^3)^4*ArcTan[(-a^(1/3) + 2*b^(1/3)*x)/(Sqrt[3]*a^(1/3))])/a^(8/3) + (20*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x])/a^(8/3) - (10*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/a^(8/3))/(2916*b^(7/3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.538$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 817, 817, 749, 749, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1384}$$

$$\frac{b^5(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^6}{b^5(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{x^3}{(bx^3+a)^4} dx}{3b} - \frac{x^4}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{9b} - \frac{x}{9b(a+bx^3)^3} - \frac{x^4}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{749} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{(bx^3+a)^2} dx}{6a} + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} - \frac{x}{9b(a+bx^3)^3} - \frac{x^4}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{749} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{bx^3+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} - \frac{x}{9b(a+bx^3)^3} - \frac{x^4}{12b(a+bx^3)^4}}{9b} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{750}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{(a + bx^3)^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) \frac{1}{6a} + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} - \frac{x}{9b(a+bx^3)^3} - \frac{x^4}{12b(a+bx^3)^4}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 16

$$\left(\frac{(a + bx^3)^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) \frac{1}{6a} + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} - \frac{x}{9b(a+bx^3)^3} - \frac{x^4}{12b(a+bx^3)^4}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1142

$$\left(\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\int - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3 a^{2/3}}}{3 a}}{5} + \frac{x}{3 a (a + b x^3)}}{6 a} + \frac{x}{6 a (a + b x^3)^2} \right) \frac{1}{9 b} - \frac{1}{9 b}$$

$(a + bx^3)$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 25

$$\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}})}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} - \frac{9b}{9b}$$

$(a + bx^3)$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 27

$$\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b x + a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b x + a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b x})}{3 a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3 a} + \frac{x}{3 a (a + b x^3)} \right)$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b x + a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b x + a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b x})}{3 a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3 a} + \frac{x}{3 a (a + b x^3)} \right)}{6 a} + \frac{x}{6 a (a + b x^3)^2}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b x + a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b x + a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b x})}{3 a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3 a} + \frac{x}{3 a (a + b x^3)} \right)}{9 b}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b x + a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b x + a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b x})}{3 a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3 a} + \frac{x}{3 a (a + b x^3)} \right)}{3 b}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6}$$

↓ 1082

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) - 3}{\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)}$$

$$\frac{6a}{9b} + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\frac{3b}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$(a + bx^3)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-x} \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x \right)}{3 a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
 & \frac{5}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \frac{6a}{9b} + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} - \frac{x}{9b(a+bx^3)^3} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^3)}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1103

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) \\
 & \frac{6a}{9b} + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} - \frac{x}{9b(a+bx^3)^3} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^3)}{3b} \\
 & \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^6/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a + b*x^3)*(-1/12*x^4/(b*(a + b*x^3)^4) + (-1/9*x/(b*(a + b*x^3)^3) + (x \\ & / (6*a*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (5*(x/(3*a*(a + b*x^3)) + (2*(\text{Log}[a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}] \\ & *x)/(3*a^{2/3}*b^{1/3})) + (-((\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*b^{1/3}*x)/a^{1/3}))/\text{S} \\ & \text{qrt}[3]])/b^{1/3}) - \text{Log}[a^{2/3} - a^{1/3}*b^{1/3}*x + b^{2/3}*x^2]/(2*b^{1 \\ & /3}))/ (3*a^{2/3}))) / (3*a))) / (6*a)) / (9*b)) / (3*b)) / \text{Sqrt}[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b \\ & ^2*x^6] \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16
$$\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 25
$$\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 217
$$\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 749
$$\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \parallel \text{Denominator}[p + 1/n] < \text{Denominator}[p])$$

rule 750
$$\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \quad \text{Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$$

rule 817 $\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + (b \cdot x)^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{n-1} \cdot (c \cdot x)^{m-n+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (b \cdot n \cdot (p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[c^n \cdot ((m-n+1) / (b \cdot n \cdot (p+1))) \cdot \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m-n} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+1, n] \ \&\& \ \text{!ILtQ}[(m+n \cdot (p+1)+1)/n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot \text{Simplify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /;$ $\text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ \|\ \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x\}$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d + (e \cdot x)) / (a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]] / b), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d + (e \cdot x)) / (a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (2 \cdot c) \cdot \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e / (2 \cdot c) \cdot \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\}$

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[u \cdot (a + (c \cdot x)^{n2} + (b \cdot x)^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b \cdot x^n + c \cdot x^{2 \cdot n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{2 \cdot \text{FracPart}[p]}) \cdot \text{Int}[u \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{2 \cdot p}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2 \cdot n - 1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{!(EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2 \cdot n - 1)}])$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 3.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{5bx^{10}}{486a^2} + \frac{x^7}{27a} - \frac{25x^4}{324b} - \frac{5ax}{243b^2} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^5} + \frac{5\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-R^2} \right)}{729(bx^3+a)a^2b^3}$
default	$-\frac{\left(20\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \right) b^4 x^{12} - 20 \ln \left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^4 x^{12} + 10 \ln \left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^4 x^{12} - 30 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4 x^{10} + 80\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) b^4 x^{12}}{\dots}$

```
input int(x^6/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)^5*(5/486/a^2*b*x^10+1/27/a*x^7-25/324/b*x^4-5/243*a/b^2*x)+5/729*((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/a^2/b^3*sum(1/_R^2*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 723, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x^6/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2916*(30*a^2*b^4*x^10 + 108*a^3*b^3*x^7 - 225*a^4*b^2*x^4 - 60*a^5*b*x
+ 30*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^5*x^12 + 4*a^2*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^3*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^4*b^2*x^3
+ a^5*b)*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*log((2*a*b*x^3 - 3*(a^2*b)^(1/3)*a*x - a^
2 + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(2*a*b*x^2 + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt(-(a^2
*b)^(1/3)/b))/(b*x^3 + a)) - 10*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 +
4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x^2 - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x + (a^2*b)^(
1/3)*a) + 20*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*
(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x + (a^2*b)^(2/3)))/(a^4*b^7*x^12 + 4*a^5*b^6*x^9 +
6*a^6*b^5*x^6 + 4*a^7*b^4*x^3 + a^8*b^3), 1/2916*(30*a^2*b^4*x^10 + 108*a^
3*b^3*x^7 - 225*a^4*b^2*x^4 - 60*a^5*b*x + 60*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^5*x^12 + 4*a^
2*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^3*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^4*b^2*x^3 + a^5*b)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*
rctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*x - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b
)/a^2) - 10*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(
a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x^2 - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a) + 20*(b^4*x^
12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*
b*x + (a^2*b)^(2/3)))/(a^4*b^7*x^12 + 4*a^5*b^6*x^9 + 6*a^6*b^5*x^6 + 4*a^
7*b^4*x^3 + a^8*b^3)]
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**6/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**6/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{10b^3x^{10} + 36ab^2x^7 - 75a^2bx^4 - 20a^3x}{972(a^2b^6x^{12} + 4a^3b^5x^9 + 6a^4b^4x^6 + 4a^5b^3x^3 + a^6b^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{729a^2b^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{5 \log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{1458a^2b^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{5 \log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{729a^2b^3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(x^6/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/972*(10*b^3*x^10 + 36*a*b^2*x^7 - 75*a^2*b*x^4 - 20*a^3*x)/(a^2*b^6*x^12 + 4*a^3*b^5*x^9 + 6*a^4*b^4*x^6 + 4*a^5*b^3*x^3 + a^6*b^2) + 5/729*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(a^2*b^3*(a/b)^(2/3)) - 5/1458*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(a^2*b^3*(a/b)^(2/3)) + 5/729*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a^2*b^3*(a/b)^(2/3))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{5 \log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{1458(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{5\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{729a^3b^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} + \frac{5\sqrt{3}(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{729a^3b^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{10b^3x^{10} + 36ab^2x^7 - 75a^2bx^4 - 20a^3x}{972(bx^3 + a)^4a^2b^2\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x^6/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-5/1458*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/((-a*b^2)^(2/3)*a^2*b*sgn
(b*x^3 + a) - 5/729*(-a/b)^(1/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/(a^3*b^2*sgn(
b*x^3 + a) + 5/729*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b
)^(1/3)))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/(a^3*b^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/972*(10*b^3*x^10 + 36*
a*b^2*x^7 - 75*a^2*b*x^4 - 20*a^3*x)/((b*x^3 + a)^4*a^2*b^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a)
)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^6/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^6/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 492, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(x^6/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 20*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))
*a**4 - 80*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(
3)))*a**3*b*x**3 - 120*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a*
*(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**2*b**2*x**6 - 80*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b
**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a*b**3*x**9 - 20*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**
(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*b**4*x**12 - 10*a**(1/3)*log(a**
(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**4 - 40*a**(1/3)*log(a**
(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**3*b*x**3 - 60*a**(1/3)*log(a
*(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2*b**2*x**6 - 40*a**(1/3)
*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b**3*x**9 - 10*a**
(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**4*x**12 + 20*a
**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**4 + 80*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1
/3)*x)*a**3*b*x**3 + 120*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2*b**2*x**
6 + 80*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b**3*x**9 + 20*a**(1/3)*log(a
**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**4*x**12 - 60*b**(1/3)*a**4*x - 225*b**(1/3)*a**3*
b*x**4 + 108*b**(1/3)*a**2*b**2*x**7 + 30*b**(1/3)*a*b**3*x**10)/(2916*b**
(1/3)*a**3*b**2*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x**3 + 6*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 4*a*b**3*x**9 +
b**4*x**12))
```

3.97 $\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	825
Mathematica [A] (verified)	826
Rubi [A] (verified)	826
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	839
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	839
Sympy [F]	840
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	841
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	841
Mupad [F(-1)]	842
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	842

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 368

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{7x^2}{243a^3b\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{x^2}{12b(a+bx^3)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{x^2}{54ab(a+bx^3)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{7x^2}{324a^2b(a+bx^3)\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{7(a+bx^3)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{243\sqrt{3}a^{10/3}b^{5/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{7(a+bx^3)\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{729a^{10/3}b^{5/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{7(a+bx^3)\log\left(a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx}+b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{1458a^{10/3}b^{5/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
7/243*x^2/a^3/b/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/12*x^2/b/(b*x^3+a)^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/54*x^2/a/b/(b*x^3+a)^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+7/324*x^2/a^2/b/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-7/729*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(10/3)/b^(5/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-7/729*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(10/3)/b^(5/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+7/1458*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(10/3)/b^(5/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-243a^{10/3}b^{2/3}x^2 + 54a^{7/3}b^{2/3}x^2(a + bx^3) + 63a^{4/3}b^{2/3}x^2(a + bx^3) \right)}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2), x]`

output

```
((a + b*x^3)*(-243*a^(10/3)*b^(2/3)*x^2 + 54*a^(7/3)*b^(2/3)*x^2*(a + b*x^3) + 63*a^(4/3)*b^(2/3)*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^2 + 84*a^(1/3)*b^(2/3)*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^3 + 28*sqrt(3)*(a + b*x^3)^4*ArcTan[-a^(1/3) + 2*b^(1/3)*x]/(sqrt(3)*a^(1/3))) - 28*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x] + 14*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]))/(2916*a^(10/3)*b^(5/3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.538$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 817, 819, 819, 819, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{b^5(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^4}{b^5(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 817 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{x}{(bx^3+a)^4} dx}{6b} - \frac{x^2}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \downarrow 819 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\frac{7 \int \frac{x}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{9a} + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3}}{6b} - \frac{x^2}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \downarrow 819 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x}{(bx^3+a)^2} dx}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{9a} + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} - \frac{x^2}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \downarrow 819 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{x}{bx^3+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{9a} + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} - \frac{x^2}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \downarrow 821
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2}{7} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right) + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} - \frac{x^2}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{9a} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 16

$$\left(\frac{(a + bx^3)^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{9a} + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} - \frac{x^2}{12b(a+bx^3)^4}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1142

$$\left(\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b x + a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\int - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b x})}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b x + a^{2/3}}} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b x})}{3 \sqrt[3]{a b^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3 a (a + b x^3)}}{3 a} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6 a (a + b x^3)^2} + \frac{9 a}{6 b}$$

$(a + bx^3)$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

$$\left(\frac{\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{b}}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} b^{2/3}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}}{3a}} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$(a + bx^3)$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

$$\left(\frac{\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3)}{9a} + \frac{9a}{6b}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1082

$$\left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} dx - \frac{d \left(1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx} + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} b^{2/3}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right)$$

$$\frac{7 \left(\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}}{9a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^3)}{6b}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3)^7 \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}b^{2/3}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3}}{6b \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} }{6b\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

input `Int[x^4/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-1/12*x^2/(b*(a + b*x^3)^4) + (x^2/(9*a*(a + b*x^3)^3) + (7*(x^2/(6*a*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (2*(x^2/(3*a*(a + b*x^3)) + (-1/3*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(a^(1/3)*b^(2/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]])/b^(1/3)) + Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)))/(3*a)))/(3*a)))/(9*a))/(6*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 817 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && !ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 819 $\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (a \cdot c \cdot n \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(m + n \cdot (p+1) + 1) / (a \cdot n \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x$ && $\text{IGtQ}[n, 0]$ && $\text{LtQ}[p, -1]$ && $\text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 821 $\text{Int}[x / (a + b \cdot x^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3])^{-1} \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x) / (\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2 \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot \text{Simplify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /;$ $\text{RationalQ}[q]$ && $(\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \parallel \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x$ && $\text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (2 \cdot c) \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e / (2 \cdot c) \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x$

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[u \cdot (a + c \cdot x^{n2}) + b \cdot x^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b \cdot x^n + c \cdot x^{2n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{2 \cdot \text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[u \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{2 \cdot p}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x$ && $\text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n]$ && $\text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0]$ && $\text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2]$ && $\text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n-1)}]$ && $\text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2 \cdot n - 1)}]$ && $(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \&\& \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2 \cdot n - 1)}])$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{7b^2x^{11}}{243a^3} + \frac{35bx^8}{324a^2} + \frac{4x^5}{27a} - \frac{7x^2}{486b} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^5} + \frac{7\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-R} \right)}{729(bx^3+a)a^3b^2}$
default	$-\frac{\left(28\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \right) b^4x^{12} + 28 \ln \left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^4x^{12} - 14 \ln \left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^4x^{12} - 84 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4x^{11} + 112\sqrt{3} b^4x^{10} - 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4x^9 + 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4x^8 - 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4x^7 + 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4x^6 - 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4x^5 + 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4x^4 - 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4x^3 + 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4x^2 - 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4x + 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4}{b^4x^{12} + 28 \ln \left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^4x^{12} - 14 \ln \left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^4x^{12} - 84 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4x^{11} + 112\sqrt{3} b^4x^{10} - 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4x^9 + 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4x^8 - 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4x^7 + 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4x^6 - 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4x^5 + 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4x^4 - 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4x^3 + 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4x^2 - 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4x + 112\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4}$

```
input int(x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)^5*(7/243/a^3*b^2*x^11+35/324/a^2*b*x^8+4/27/a*x^5-7/486*x^2/b)+7/729*((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/a^3/b^2*sum(1/_R*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 734, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2916*(84*a*b^5*x^11 + 315*a^2*b^4*x^8 + 432*a^3*b^3*x^5 - 42*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 42*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^5*x^12 + 4*a^2*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^3*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^4*b^2*x^3 + a^5*b)*sqrt((-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)*log((2*b^2*x^3 - a*b + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b*x + 2*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt((-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a) - 3*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*x)/(b*x^3 + a)) + 14*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b^2*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(2/3)) - 28*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b*x - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)))/(a^4*b^7*x^12 + 4*a^5*b^6*x^9 + 6*a^6*b^5*x^6 + 4*a^7*b^4*x^3 + a^8*b^3), 1/2916*(84*a*b^5*x^11 + 315*a^2*b^4*x^8 + 432*a^3*b^3*x^5 - 42*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 84*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^5*x^12 + 4*a^2*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^3*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^4*b^2*x^3 + a^5*b)*sqrt(-(-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(1/3))*sqrt(-(-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)/b) + 14*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b^2*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(2/3)) - 28*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b*x - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)))/(a^4*b^7*x^12 + 4*a^5*b^6*x^9 + 6*a^6*b^5*x^6 + 4*a^7*b^4*x^3 + a^8*b^3)]
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**4/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**4/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{28b^3x^{11} + 105ab^2x^8 + 144a^2bx^5 - 14a^3x^2}{972(a^3b^5x^{12} + 4a^4b^4x^9 + 6a^5b^3x^6 + 4a^6b^2x^3 + a^7b)}$$

$$+ \frac{7\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{729a^3b^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{7 \log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{1458a^3b^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{7 \log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{729a^3b^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/972*(28*b^3*x^11 + 105*a*b^2*x^8 + 144*a^2*b*x^5 - 14*a^3*x^2)/(a^3*b^5*x^12 + 4*a^4*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^5*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^6*b^2*x^3 + a^7*b) + 7/729*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(a^3*b^2*(a/b)^(1/3)) + 7/1458*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(a^3*b^2*(a/b)^(1/3)) - 7/729*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a^3*b^2*(a/b)^(1/3))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{7 \log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{1458\left(-ab^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}a^3b\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{7\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{729a^4b\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{7\sqrt{3}\left(-ab^2\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{729a^4b^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{28b^3x^{11} + 105ab^2x^8 + 144a^2bx^5 - 14a^3x^2}{972(bx^3 + a)^4a^3b\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-7/1458*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/((-a*b^2)^(1/3)*a^3*b*sgn
(b*x^3 + a)) - 7/729*(-a/b)^(2/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/(a^4*b*sgn(b*
x^3 + a)) - 7/729*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(
1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/(a^4*b^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/972*(28*b^3*x^11 + 105*a
*b^2*x^8 + 144*a^2*b*x^5 - 14*a^3*x^2)/((b*x^3 + a)^4*a^3*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a)
)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^4/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^4/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-28\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2b^{\frac{1}{3}}x}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) a^4 - 112\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2b^{\frac{1}{3}}x}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) a^3 b x^3 - 168\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2b^{\frac{1}{3}}x}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) a^2 b^2 x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int(x^4/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 28*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**4 - 1
12*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**3*b*x**3
- 168*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**2*b**2
*x**6 - 112*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a*b
**3*x**9 - 28*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*b
**4*x**12 - 42*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a**3*x**2 + 432*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a**2*b*
x**5 + 315*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a*b**2*x**8 + 84*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*b**3*x**11
+ 14*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**4 + 56*log(a*
*(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**3*b*x**3 + 84*log(a**(2/3)
) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 56*log(a**(2/3)
- b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b**3*x**9 + 14*log(a**(2/3) - b**
(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**4*x**12 - 28*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*
x)*a**4 - 112*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**3*b*x**3 - 168*log(a**(1/3) +
b**(1/3)*x)*a**2*b**2*x**6 - 112*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b**3*x**9 -
28*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**4*x**12)/(2916*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a**3*b*(
a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x**3 + 6*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 4*a*b**3*x**9 + b**4*x**12))
```


3.98 $\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	844
Mathematica [A] (verified)	845
Rubi [A] (verified)	845
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	860
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	860
Sympy [F]	861
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	862
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	862
Mupad [F(-1)]	863
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	863

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 360

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5x}{243a^3b\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{x}{12b(a+bx^3)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{x}{108ab(a+bx^3)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{x}{81a^2b(a+bx^3)\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{10(a+bx^3)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{243\sqrt{3}a^{11/3}b^{4/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{10(a+bx^3)\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{729a^{11/3}b^{4/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{5(a+bx^3)\log\left(a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx}+b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{729a^{11/3}b^{4/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
5/243*x/a^3/b/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/12*x/b/(b*x^3+a)^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
+1/108*x/a/b/(b*x^3+a)^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/81*x/a^2/b/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^
3+a)^2)^(1/2)-10/729*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^
(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(11/3)/b^(4/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+10/729*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^
(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(11/3)/b^(4/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-5/729*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a
^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(11/3)/b^(4/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-243a^{11/3} \sqrt[3]{bx} + 27a^{8/3} \sqrt[3]{bx}(a + bx^3) + 36a^{5/3} \sqrt[3]{bx}(a + bx^3)^2 + \dots \right)}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^3)*(-243*a^(11/3)*b^(1/3)*x + 27*a^(8/3)*b^(1/3)*x*(a + b*x^3) +
36*a^(5/3)*b^(1/3)*x*(a + b*x^3)^2 + 60*a^(2/3)*b^(1/3)*x*(a + b*x^3)^3 +
40*sqrt[3]*(a + b*x^3)^4*ArcTan[(-a^(1/3) + 2*b^(1/3)*x)/(sqrt[3]*a^(1/3)
)] + 40*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x] - 20*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a^(2
/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]))/(2916*a^(11/3)*b^(4/3)*((a + b*x^
3)^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.538$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 817, 749, 749, 749, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{b^5(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^3}{b^5(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 817 \\
 \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(bx^3+a)^4} dx}{12b} - \frac{x}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 \downarrow 749 \\
 \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{8 \int \frac{1}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{9a} + \frac{x}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} - \frac{x}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 \downarrow 749 \\
 \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{(bx^3+a)^2} dx}{6a} + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{9a} + \frac{x}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} - \frac{x}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 \downarrow 749 \\
 \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{bx^3+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right)}{6a} + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{9a} + \frac{x}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} - \frac{x}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 \downarrow 750
 \end{array}$$

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) \right. \\
 \left. \frac{8}{6a} + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right) \\
 \left. \frac{9a}{12b} + \frac{x}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} - \frac{x}{12b(a+bx^3)^4} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 16

$$\left(\frac{(a + bx^3)^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right)$$

$$\frac{8 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{6a} + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{9a} + \frac{x}{9a(a+bx^3)^3}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^3)^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{12b} - \frac{x}{12b(a+bx^3)^4}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1142

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}}}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}}}{6a} + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}}}{9a} \right) \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3)}{12b}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3 a^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3 a} \right) + \frac{x}{3 a (a + b x^3)} \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{6 a} \right) + \frac{x}{6 a (a + b x^3)^2} \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{9 a} \right) + \frac{x}{9 a (a + b x^3)^3} \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{12 b} \right) + \frac{x}{12 b (a + b x^3)^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$(a + bx^3)$

↓ 27

$$\left(\left(\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3 a^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{x}{3 a (a + b x^3)} \right) + \frac{x}{6 a (a + b x^3)^2} \right) + \frac{x}{6 a (a + b x^3)^2}$$

$(a + bx^3)$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1082

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) - 3}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
 & \quad + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \quad + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \\
 & \quad + \frac{x}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} \\
 & \quad + \frac{x}{12b(a+bx^3)^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$(a + bx^3)$

↓ 217

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
 & \frac{5}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \frac{8}{6a} + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \\
 & \frac{9a}{9a} + \frac{x}{9a(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \frac{12b}{12b} + \frac{x}{9a(a+bx^3)} \\
 & (a + bx^3)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1103

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \left(\frac{8}{9a} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \\
 & \left(\frac{12b}{9a} \left(\frac{8}{9a} \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{x}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{x}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right) + \frac{x}{9a(a+bx^3)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$(a + bx^3)$

input `Int[x^3/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(-1/12*x/(b*(a + b*x^3)^4) + (x/(9*a*(a + b*x^3)^3) + (8*(x/(6*a*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (5*(x/(3*a*(a + b*x^3))) + (2*(Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(3*a^(2/3)*b^(1/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])))/b^(1/3)) - Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b^(1/3))))/(3*a^(2/3))))/(3*a))/(6*a))/(9*a))/(12*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 750 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[1/(Rt[a, 3] + Rt[b, 3]*x), x], x] + Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[(2*Rt[a, 3] - Rt[b, 3]*x)/(Rt[a, 3]^2 - Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3]*x + Rt[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 817 $\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + (b \cdot x)^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{n-1} \cdot (c \cdot x)^{m-n+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (b \cdot n \cdot (p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[c^n \cdot ((m-n+1)/(b \cdot n \cdot (p+1))) \cdot \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m-n} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m+1, n] && ! ILtQ[(m+n*(p+1)+1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[q = 1 - 4 \cdot S\text{implify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]], \text{Simp}[-2/b \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /;$ RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d + (e \cdot x)) / (a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d + (e \cdot x)) / (a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (2 \cdot c) \cdot \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e / (2 \cdot c) \cdot \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[u \cdot (a + (c \cdot x)^{n2} + (b \cdot x)^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b \cdot x^n + c \cdot x^{2 \cdot n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (c^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{2 \cdot \text{FracPart}[p]}) \cdot \text{Int}[u \cdot (b/2 + c \cdot x^n)^{2 \cdot p}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n-1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n-1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n-1)])

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{5b^2x^{10}}{243a^3} + \frac{2bx^7}{27a^2} + \frac{31x^4}{324a} - \frac{10x}{243b} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^5} + \frac{10\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-R^2} \right)}{729(bx^3+a)a^3b^2}$
default	$-\frac{\left(40\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \right) b^4 x^{12} - 40 \ln \left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^4 x^{12} + 20 \ln \left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^4 x^{12} - 60 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4 x^{10} + 160\sqrt{3} \dots}{\dots}$

input `int(x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)^5*(5/243/a^3*b^2*x^10+2/27/a^2*b*x^7+31/324/a*x^4-10/243*x/b)+10/729*((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/a^3/b^2*sum(1/_R^2*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 723, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2916*(60*a^2*b^4*x^10 + 216*a^3*b^3*x^7 + 279*a^4*b^2*x^4 - 120*a^5*b*x
+ 60*sqrt(1/3)*(a^2*b^5*x^12 + 4*a^2*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^3*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^4*b^2*x^
3 + a^5*b)*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*log((2*a*b*x^3 - 3*(a^2*b)^(1/3)*a*x - a
^2 + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(2*a*b*x^2 + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt(-(a^
2*b)^(1/3)/b))/(b*x^3 + a)) - 20*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 +
4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x^2 - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x + (a^2*b)^(
1/3)*a) + 40*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)
*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x + (a^2*b)^(2/3)))/(a^5*b^6*x^12 + 4*a^6*b^5*x^9 +
6*a^7*b^4*x^6 + 4*a^8*b^3*x^3 + a^9*b^2), 1/2916*(60*a^2*b^4*x^10 + 216*a
^3*b^3*x^7 + 279*a^4*b^2*x^4 - 120*a^5*b*x + 120*sqrt(1/3)*(a^2*b^5*x^12 + 4
*a^2*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^3*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^4*b^2*x^3 + a^5*b)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b
)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*x - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3
)/b)/a^2) - 20*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4
)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x^2 - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a) + 40*(b^4
*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log
(a*b*x + (a^2*b)^(2/3)))/(a^5*b^6*x^12 + 4*a^6*b^5*x^9 + 6*a^7*b^4*x^6 + 4
*a^8*b^3*x^3 + a^9*b^2)]
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{20b^3x^{10} + 72ab^2x^7 + 93a^2bx^4 - 40a^3x}{972(a^3b^5x^{12} + 4a^4b^4x^9 + 6a^5b^3x^6 + 4a^6b^2x^3 + a^7b)}$$

$$+ \frac{10\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{729a^3b^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{5 \log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{729a^3b^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{10 \log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{729a^3b^2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/972*(20*b^3*x^10 + 72*a*b^2*x^7 + 93*a^2*b*x^4 - 40*a^3*x)/(a^3*b^5*x^12 + 4*a^4*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^5*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^6*b^2*x^3 + a^7*b) + 10/729*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(a^3*b^2*(a/b)^(2/3)) - 5/729*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(a^3*b^2*(a/b)^(2/3)) + 10/729*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a^3*b^2*(a/b)^(2/3))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{10\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{729(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}a^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{5 \log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{729(-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}a^3\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{10\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{729a^4b\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{20b^3x^{10} + 72ab^2x^7 + 93a^2bx^4 - 40a^3x}{972(bx^3 + a)^4a^3b\operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-10/729*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/((-a
*b^2)^(2/3)*a^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 5/729*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(
2/3))/((-a*b^2)^(2/3)*a^3*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 10/729*(-a/b)^(1/3)*log(abs(x
- (-a/b)^(1/3)))/(a^4*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/972*(20*b^3*x^10 + 72*a*b^2*x
^7 + 93*a^2*b*x^4 - 40*a^3*x)/(b*x^3 + a)^4*a^3*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^3/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 492, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 40*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))
*a**4 - 160*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt
(3)))*a**3*b*x**3 - 240*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a
**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**2*b**2*x**6 - 160*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2
*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a*b**3*x**9 - 40*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a
**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*b**4*x**12 - 20*a**(1/3)*log(a
**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**4 - 80*a**(1/3)*log(a**(
2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**3*b*x**3 - 120*a**(1/3)*log
(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2*b**2*x**6 - 80*a**(1
/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b**3*x**9 - 20*a
**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**4*x**12 + 4
0*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**4 + 160*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b
**(1/3)*x)*a**3*b*x**3 + 240*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2*b**2
*x**6 + 160*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b**3*x**9 + 40*a**(1/3)*
log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**4*x**12 - 120*b**(1/3)*a**4*x + 279*b**(1/3)
*a**3*b*x**4 + 216*b**(1/3)*a**2*b**2*x**7 + 60*b**(1/3)*a*b**3*x**10)/(29
16*b**(1/3)*a**4*b*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x**3 + 6*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 4*a*b**3*x**
9 + b**4*x**12))
```

3.99 $\int \frac{x}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	865
Mathematica [A] (verified)	866
Rubi [A] (verified)	866
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	885
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	886
Sympy [F]	887
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	888
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	888
Mupad [F(-1)]	889
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	889

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 359

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{35x^2}{243a^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{x^2}{12a(a + bx^3)^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{5x^2}{54a^2(a + bx^3)^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{35x^2}{324a^3(a + bx^3)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{35(a + bx^3)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{243\sqrt{3}a^{13/3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{35(a + bx^3)\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{729a^{13/3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{35(a + bx^3)\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{1458a^{13/3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
35/243*x^2/a^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/12*x^2/a/(b*x^3+a)^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+5/54*x^2/a^2/(b*x^3+a)^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+35/324*x^2/a^3/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-35/729*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(13/3)/b^(2/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-35/729*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(13/3)/b^(2/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+35/1458*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(13/3)/b^(2/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(243a^{10/3}x^2 + 270a^{7/3}x^2(a + bx^3) + 315a^{4/3}x^2(a + bx^3)^2 + 420a^{1/3}x^2(a + bx^3)^3 + 140\sqrt{3}a^{1/3}(a + bx^3)^4 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-a^{1/3} + 2b^{1/3}x}{\sqrt{3}a^{1/3}}\right] \right)}{b^{2/3} - (140(a + bx^3)^4 \operatorname{Log}[a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}x]) / b^{2/3} + (70(a + bx^3)^4 \operatorname{Log}[a^{2/3} - a^{1/3}b^{1/3}x + b^{2/3}x^2]) / b^{2/3}}}{(2916a^{13/3}((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2})}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^3)*(243*a^(10/3)*x^2 + 270*a^(7/3)*x^2*(a + b*x^3) + 315*a^(4/3)*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^2 + 420*a^(1/3)*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^3 + (140*sqrt(3)*(a + b*x^3)^4*ArcTan[(-a^(1/3) + 2*b^(1/3)*x)/(sqrt(3)*a^(1/3))])/b^(2/3) - (140*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x])/b^(2/3) + (70*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/b^(2/3))/(2916*a^(13/3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.583$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 819, 819, 819, 819, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{b^5(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x}{b^5(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{x}{(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x}{(bx^3+a)^4} dx}{6a} + \frac{x^2}{12a(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{x}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{9a} + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} \right)}{6a} + \frac{x^2}{12a(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x}{(bx^3+a)^2} dx}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{9a} + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} \right)}{6a} + \frac{x^2}{12a(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left[\frac{5 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{x}{bx^3+a} dx + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{9a} + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} \right)}{6a} + \frac{x^2}{12a(a+bx^3)^4} \right] \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 821

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right) + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} + \frac{x^2}{12a(a+bx^3)^4}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 16

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} dx \right) \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} dx \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} dx \right)}{9a} + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} dx \right)}{6a} + \frac{x^2}{12a(a+bx^3)^4} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 1142

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}}}{\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}}{3a} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} b^{2/3}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}} \right) \\
 & \frac{7}{9a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \\
 & \frac{5}{9a} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^3)}{6a}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{2\sqrt[3]{b}}}{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}{2\sqrt[3]{b}}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}} \right) \\
 & \frac{7}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \\
 & \frac{5}{9a} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^3)}{6a}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \\
 & \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}}{9a} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)}}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2}}{6a} \right) \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1082

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx} + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \frac{7}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \\
 & \frac{5}{9a} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^3)}{6a}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 217

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x+a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{\frac{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}{3a}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x+a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}}}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x+a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}}}{9a} + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x+a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}}}{6a} + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$(a + bx^3)$

↓ 1103

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{x^2}{3a(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \frac{7}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{6a(a+bx^3)^2} \\
 & \frac{5}{9a} + \frac{x^2}{9a(a+bx^3)^3} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^3)}{6a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(x^2/(12*a*(a + b*x^3)^4) + (5*(x^2/(9*a*(a + b*x^3)^3) + (7*(x^2/(6*a*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (2*(x^2/(3*a*(a + b*x^3)) + (-1/3*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(a^(1/3)*b^(2/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]])/b^(1/3)) + Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)))/(3*a)))/(3*a)))/(9*a)))/(6*a))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 819 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{(-1)} \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2 *x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = 1 - 4*S \text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \|\| \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{Int}[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \&\& \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n - 1)}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n - 1)}] \&\& \text{!(EqQ}[p, 1/2] \&\& \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n - 1)}])]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{35b^3x^{11}}{243a^4} + \frac{175b^2x^8}{324a^3} + \frac{20bx^5}{27a^2} + \frac{104x^2}{243a} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^5} + \frac{35\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(b_Z^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-_R)}{-R} \right)}{729(bx^3+a)a^4b}$
default	$\frac{\left(-140\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \right) b^4 x^{12} - 140 \ln\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^4 x^{12} + 70 \ln\left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^4 x^{12} + 420 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^{11} - 560 \sqrt{3} \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^{10} + 280 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^9 - 140 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^8 + 70 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^7 - 14 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^6 + 14 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^5 - 14 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^4 + 14 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^3 - 14 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^2 + 14 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x - 14 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4}{(bx^3+a)^5}$

input `int(x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)^5*(35/243/a^4*b^3*x^11+175/324/a^3*b^2*x^8+10/27/a^2*b*x^5+104/243/a*x^2)+35/729*((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/a^4/b*sum(1/_R*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 734, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2916*(420*a*b^5*x^11 + 1575*a^2*b^4*x^8 + 2160*a^3*b^3*x^5 + 1248*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 210*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^5*x^12 + 4*a^2*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^3*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^4*b^2*x^3 + a^5*b)*sqrt((-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)*log((2*b^2*x^3 - a*b + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b*x + 2*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt((-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a) - 3*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*x)/(b*x^3 + a)) + 70*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b^2*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(2/3)) - 140*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b*x - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)))/(a^5*b^6*x^12 + 4*a^6*b^5*x^9 + 6*a^7*b^4*x^6 + 4*a^8*b^3*x^3 + a^9*b^2), 1/2916*(420*a*b^5*x^11 + 1575*a^2*b^4*x^8 + 2160*a^3*b^3*x^5 + 1248*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 420*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^5*x^12 + 4*a^2*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^3*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^4*b^2*x^3 + a^5*b)*sqrt(-(-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(1/3))*sqrt(-(-a*b^2)^(1/3)/a)/b) + 70*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b^2*x^2 + (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*b*x + (-a*b^2)^(2/3)) - 140*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(b*x - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)))/(a^5*b^6*x^12 + 4*a^6*b^5*x^9 + 6*a^7*b^4*x^6 + 4*a^8*b^3*x^3 + a^9*b^2)]
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{140b^3x^{11} + 525ab^2x^8 + 720a^2bx^5 + 416a^3x^2}{972(a^4b^4x^{12} + 4a^5b^3x^9 + 6a^6b^2x^6 + 4a^7bx^3 + a^8)}$$

$$+ \frac{35\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{729a^4b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{35 \log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{1458a^4b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{35 \log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{729a^4b\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output
$$\frac{1}{972} \cdot \frac{(140 \cdot b^3 \cdot x^{11} + 525 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot x^8 + 720 \cdot a^2 \cdot b \cdot x^5 + 416 \cdot a^3 \cdot x^2)}{(a^4 \cdot b^4 \cdot x^{12} + 4 \cdot a^5 \cdot b^3 \cdot x^9 + 6 \cdot a^6 \cdot b^2 \cdot x^6 + 4 \cdot a^7 \cdot b \cdot x^3 + a^8)} + \frac{35}{729} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3} \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3} \cdot (2x - (a/b)^{1/3})}{(a/b)^{1/3}}\right)}{a^4 \cdot b \cdot (a/b)^{1/3}} + \frac{35}{1458} \cdot \frac{\log(x^2 - x \cdot (a/b)^{1/3} + (a/b)^{2/3})}{a^4 \cdot b \cdot (a/b)^{1/3}} - \frac{35}{729} \cdot \frac{\log(x + (a/b)^{1/3})}{a^4 \cdot b \cdot (a/b)^{1/3}}$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{35 \log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{1458 \left(-ab^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{35 \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{729 a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{35 \sqrt{3} \left(-ab^2\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{729 a^5 b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{140b^3x^{11} + 525ab^2x^8 + 720a^2bx^5 + 416a^3x^2}{972(bx^3 + a)^4 a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-35/1458*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/((-a*b^2)^(1/3)*a^4*sgn(
b*x^3 + a)) - 35/729*(-a/b)^(2/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/(a^5*sgn(b*x^
3 + a)) - 35/729*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(
1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/(a^5*b^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/972*(140*b^3*x^11 + 525*a
*b^2*x^8 + 720*a^2*b*x^5 + 416*a^3*x^2)/((b*x^3 + a)^4*a^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{x}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-140\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3} - 2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) a^4 - 560\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3} - 2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) a^3 b x^3 - 840\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{1/3} - 2b^{1/3}x}{a^{1/3}\sqrt{3}}\right) a^2 b^2 x^6}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int(x/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 140*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**4 -
560*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**3*b*x**3
- 840*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**2*b**
2*x**6 - 560*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a*
b**3*x**9 - 140*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))
*b**4*x**12 + 1248*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a**3*x**2 + 2160*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a*
*2*b*x**5 + 1575*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a*b**2*x**8 + 420*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*b**
3*x**11 + 70*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**4 + 28
0*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**3*b*x**3 + 420*lo
g(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 280*log
(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b**3*x**9 + 70*log(a**(
2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**4*x**12 - 140*log(a**(1/3)
+ b**(1/3)*x)*a**4 - 560*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**3*b*x**3 - 840*log(
a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2*b**2*x**6 - 560*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b
**3*x**9 - 140*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**4*x**12)/(2916*b**(2/3)*a**(1
/3)*a**4*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x**3 + 6*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 4*a*b**3*x**9 + b**4*x
**12))
```

3.100 $\int \frac{1}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	891
Mathematica [A] (verified)	892
Rubi [A] (verified)	892
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	913
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	914
Sympy [F]	915
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	915
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	916
Mupad [F(-1)]	916
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	917

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 351

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{55x}{243a^4\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{x}{12a(a + bx^3)^3\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{11x}{108a^2(a + bx^3)^2\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{11x}{81a^3(a + bx^3)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{110(a + bx^3)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a}}\right)}{243\sqrt{3}a^{14/3}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} + \frac{110(a + bx^3)\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{729a^{14/3}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} - \frac{55(a + bx^3)\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{729a^{14/3}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
55/243*x/a^4/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/12*x/a/(b*x^3+a)^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+
11/108*x/a^2/(b*x^3+a)^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+11/81*x/a^3/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3
+a)^2)^(1/2)-110/729*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(
1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(14/3)/b^(1/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+110/729*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a
^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(14/3)/b^(1/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-55/729*(b*x^3+a)*ln
(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(14/3)/b^(1/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/
2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(243a^{11/3}x + 297a^{8/3}x(a + bx^3) + 396a^{5/3}x(a + bx^3)^2 + 660a^{2/3}x(a + bx^3)^3 + 660a^{2/3}x^4 + 440\sqrt{3}a^{1/3}x^5 + 440\sqrt{3}a^{1/3}x^6 + 220a^{2/3}x^7 + 220a^{2/3}x^8 \right)}{(a + bx^3)^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(-5/2), x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^3)*(243*a^(11/3)*x + 297*a^(8/3)*x*(a + b*x^3) + 396*a^(5/3)*x*(a + b*x^3)^2 + 660*a^(2/3)*x*(a + b*x^3)^3 + (440*sqrt(3)*(a + b*x^3)^4*ArcTan[(-a^(1/3) + 2*b^(1/3)*x)/(sqrt(3)*a^(1/3))])/b^(1/3) + (440*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x])/b^(1/3) - (220*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/b^(1/3))/(2916*a^(14/3)*(a + b*x^3)^2^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.636$, Rules used = {1384, 749, 749, 749, 749, 750, 16, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1384$$

$$\frac{b^5(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{(b^2x^3 + ab)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 749$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{b^5(a+bx^3) \left(\frac{11 \int \frac{1}{(b^2x^3+ab)^4} dx}{12ab} + \frac{x}{12ab^5(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 749 \\
 & \frac{b^5(a+bx^3) \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{8 \int \frac{1}{(b^2x^3+ab)^3} dx}{9ab} + \frac{x}{9ab^4(a+bx^3)^3} \right)}{12ab} + \frac{x}{12ab^5(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 749 \\
 & \frac{b^5(a+bx^3) \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{(b^2x^3+ab)^2} dx}{6ab} + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{9ab} + \frac{x}{9ab^4(a+bx^3)^3} \right)}{12ab} + \frac{x}{12ab^5(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 749 \\
 & \frac{b^5(a+bx^3) \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{b^2x^3+ab} dx}{3ab} + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)} \right)}{6ab} + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{9ab} + \frac{x}{9ab^4(a+bx^3)^3} \right)}{12ab} + \frac{x}{12ab^5(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 750

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(2\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2-\sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x+\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} dx}{3a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(2\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2-\sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x+\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} dx}{3a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)}}{6ab} + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)^2} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(2\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2-\sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x+\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} dx}{3a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)}}{9ab} + \frac{x}{9ab^4(a+bx^3)^3} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(2\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2-\sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x+\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} dx}{3a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)}}{12ab} + \frac{x}{12ab^5(a+bx^3)^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 16

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}b^{2/3} + 3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}b^{2/3} + 3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)}}{6ab} \right) + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)^2} \\
 & \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}b^{2/3} + 3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)}}{6ab} \right) + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)^2}}{9ab} \right) + \frac{x}{9ab^4(a+bx^3)^3} \\
 & \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\left(\frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}b^{2/3} + 3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)}}{6ab} \right) + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)^2}}{9ab} \right) + \frac{x}{9ab^4(a+bx^3)^3}}{12ab} \right) + \frac{x}{12ab^5(a+bx^3)^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}bx + a^{2/3}b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}}}{3ab} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)} \right) \\
 & \frac{8}{6ab} \left(\frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{11}{9ab} \left(\frac{x}{9ab^4(a+bx^3)^3} \right) \\
 & \frac{b^5(a+bx^3)}{12ab} + \frac{x}{12ab^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1142

2	$\frac{\int \frac{b(\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}}$	
5	$\frac{\int \frac{b(\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx}{3ab} + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)}$	
8	$\frac{\int \frac{b(\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx}{6ab} + \frac{x}{6ab^2(a+bx^3)}$	6ab
11	$\frac{\int \frac{b(\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx}{9ab} + \frac{x}{9ab^2(a+bx^3)}$	9ab
	$\frac{\int \frac{b(\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx}{12ab} + \frac{x}{12ab^2(a+bx^3)}$	12ab

↓ 25

$$\left(\frac{\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} b x + a^{2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{b(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x)}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} b x + a^{2/3} b^{2/3}} dx}{2b} \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3} b^{4/3}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} b x + a^{2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{b(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x)}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} b x + a^{2/3} b^{2/3}} dx}{2b} \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3} b^{4/3}} \right)}{3ab} + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} b x + a^{2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{b(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x)}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} b x + a^{2/3} b^{2/3}} dx}{2b} \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3} b^{4/3}} \right)}{6ab} + \frac{x}{6ab^3}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} b x + a^{2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{b(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x)}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} b x + a^{2/3} b^{2/3}} dx}{2b} \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3} b^{4/3}} \right)}{9ab}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} b x + a^{2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{b(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x)}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} b x + a^{2/3} b^{2/3}} dx}{2b} \log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x)}{3a^{2/3} b^{4/3}} \right)}{12ab}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} b^{4/3}}}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\left(\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} b^{4/3}} \right)}}{3ab} + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\left(\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} b^{4/3}} \right)}}{6ab} + \frac{\phantom{\left(\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} b^{4/3}} \right)}}{6ab} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\left(\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} b^{4/3}} \right)}}{9ab} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\left(\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{4/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3} b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3} b^{4/3}} \right)}}{12ab} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$b^5(a + bx^3)$

↓ 1082

$$\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}bx + a^2/3b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2 - d} \left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) - 3}{b} dx + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}}}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}bx + a^2/3b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2 - d} \left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) - 3}{b} dx + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}}}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)}}{6ab} + \frac{x}{6a}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}bx + a^2/3b^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2 - d} \left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) - 3}{b} dx + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}}}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)}}{9ab}$$

↓ 217

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{4/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{abx+a^2/3}b^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx} \right)}{3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}}{3ab} \right) + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \left(\frac{6ab}{6ab} \right) + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)^2} \\
 & \left(\frac{9ab}{9ab} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1103

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \left[\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + b^{2/3} x^2\right)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{b} \right] + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3} b^{4/3}} \right) \\
 & \frac{5}{3ab} + \frac{x}{3ab^2(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \frac{8}{6ab} + \frac{x}{6ab^3(a+bx^3)^2} \\
 & \frac{11}{9ab}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(-5/2), x]`

output `(b^5*(a + b*x^3)*(x/(12*a*b^5*(a + b*x^3)^4) + (11*(x/(9*a*b^4*(a + b*x^3)^3) + (8*(x/(6*a*b^3*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (5*(x/(3*a*b^2*(a + b*x^3))) + (2*(Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(3*a^(2/3)*b^(4/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/b) - Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b))/(3*a^(2/3)*b^(1/3))))/(3*a*b)))/(6*a*b)))/(9*a*b)))/(12*a*b))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 750 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[1/(Rt[a, 3] + Rt[b, 3]*x), x], x] + Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[(2*Rt[a, 3] - Rt[b, 3]*x)/(Rt[a, 3]^2 - Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3]*x + Rt[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

```
rule 1082 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*S
  simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b
  )], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; Fre
  eQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1103 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
  imp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
  e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

```
rule 1142 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
  imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
  Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

```
rule 1384 Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
  imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
  Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
  && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
  - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\frac{55b^3x^{10}}{243a^4} + \frac{22b^2x^7}{27a^3} + \frac{341bx^4}{324a^2} + \frac{133x}{243a} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^5} + \frac{110\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-R^2} \right)}{729(bx^3+a)a^4b}$
default	$\frac{\left(-440\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \right) b^4 x^{12} + 440 \ln\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^4 x^{12} - 220 \ln\left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^4 x^{12} + 660 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4 x^{10} - 1760 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^8 + 176 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4 x^6 - 176 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^4 + 176 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4 x^2 - 176 b^4 x}{b^4 x^{12} + 440 \ln\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^4 x^{12} - 220 \ln\left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^4 x^{12} + 660 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4 x^{10} - 1760 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^8 + 176 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4 x^6 - 176 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^4 + 176 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4 x^2 - 176 b^4 x}$

```
input int(1/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)^5*(55/243/a^4*b^3*x^10+22/27/a^3*b^2*x^7+341/324/a^2*b*x^4+133/243/a*x)+110/729*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)/a^4/b*sum(1/_R^2*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*b+a))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 719, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2916*(660*a^2*b^4*x^10 + 2376*a^3*b^3*x^7 + 3069*a^4*b^2*x^4 + 1596*a^5*b*x + 660*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^5*x^12 + 4*a^2*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^3*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^4*b^2*x^3 + a^5*b)*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*log((2*a*b*x^3 - 3*(a^2*b)^(1/3)*a*x - a^2 + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(2*a*b*x^2 + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b))/(b*x^3 + a)) - 220*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x^2 - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a) + 440*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x + (a^2*b)^(2/3)))/(a^6*b^5*x^12 + 4*a^7*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^8*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^9*b^2*x^3 + a^10*b), 1/2916*(660*a^2*b^4*x^10 + 2376*a^3*b^3*x^7 + 3069*a^4*b^2*x^4 + 1596*a^5*b*x + 1320*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^5*x^12 + 4*a^2*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^3*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^4*b^2*x^3 + a^5*b)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*x - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)/a^2) - 220*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x^2 - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a) + 440*(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4)*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log(a*b*x + (a^2*b)^(2/3)))/(a^6*b^5*x^12 + 4*a^7*b^4*x^9 + 6*a^8*b^3*x^6 + 4*a^9*b^2*x^3 + a^10*b)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**(-5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{220 b^3 x^{10} + 792 ab^2 x^7 + 1023 a^2 b x^4 + 532 a^3 x}{972 (a^4 b^4 x^{12} + 4 a^5 b^3 x^9 + 6 a^6 b^2 x^6 + 4 a^7 b x^3 + a^8)}$$

$$+ \frac{110 \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{729 a^4 b \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$- \frac{55 \log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{729 a^4 b \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{110 \log\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{729 a^4 b \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(1/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/972*(220*b^3*x^10 + 792*a*b^2*x^7 + 1023*a^2*b*x^4 + 532*a^3*x)/(a^4*b^4*x^12 + 4*a^5*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^6*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^7*b*x^3 + a^8) + 110/729*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/3))/(a^4*b*(a/b)^(2/3)) - 55/729*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(a^4*b*(a/b)^(2/3)) + 110/729*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a^4*b*(a/b)^(2/3))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{110 \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(\left| x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right| \right)}{729 a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{110 \sqrt{3} (-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{729 a^5 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{55 (-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(x^2 + x \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)}{729 a^5 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{220 b^3 x^{10} + 792 ab^2 x^7 + 1023 a^2 b x^4 + 532 a^3 x}{972 (bx^3 + a)^4 a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input `integrate(1/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-110/729*(-a/b)^(1/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/(a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 110/729*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/(a^5*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 55/729*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/(a^5*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 1/972*(220*b^3*x^10 + 792*a*b^2*x^7 + 1023*a^2*b*x^4 + 532*a^3*x)/((b*x^3 + a)^4*a^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 492, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 440*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3))
)*a**4 - 1760*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3))
)*a**3*b*x**3 - 2640*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)
/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**2*b**2*x**6 - 1760*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3)
- 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a*b**3*x**9 - 440*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*at
an((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*b**4*x**12 - 220*a**(1/3)
*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**4 - 880*a**(1/3)*l
og(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**3*b*x**3 - 1320*a**(
1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2*b**2*x**6 -
880*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b**3*x
**9 - 220*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**4
*x**12 + 440*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**4 + 1760*a**(1/3)*log(
a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**3*b*x**3 + 2640*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)
*x)*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 1760*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b**3*x**9
+ 440*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**4*x**12 + 1596*b**(1/3)*a**4*
x + 3069*b**(1/3)*a**3*b*x**4 + 2376*b**(1/3)*a**2*b**2*x**7 + 660*b**(1/3)
)*a*b**3*x**10)/(2916*b**(1/3)*a**5*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x**3 + 6*a**2*b**2*x
**6 + 4*a*b**3*x**9 + b**4*x**12))
```

3.101 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	918
Mathematica [A] (verified)	919
Rubi [A] (verified)	919
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	940
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	940
Sympy [F]	941
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	941
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	942
Mupad [F(-1)]	943
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	943

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 400

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{212bx^2}{243a^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{11bx^2}{12a^2(a+bx^3)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{54a^3(a+bx^3)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{131bx^2} - \frac{324a^4(a+bx^3)\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{a^5x\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{455\sqrt[3]{b}(a+bx^3)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{243\sqrt{3}a^{16/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{455\sqrt[3]{b}(a+bx^3)\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx}\right)}{729a^{16/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{455\sqrt[3]{b}(a+bx^3)\log\left(a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx}+b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{1458a^{16/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-212/243*b*x^2/a^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/12*b*x^2/a^2/(b*x^3+a)^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-11/54*b*x^2/a^3/(b*x^3+a)^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-131/324*b*x^2/a^4/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-(b*x^3+a)/a^5/x/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+455/729*b^(1/3)*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(16/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+455/729*b^(1/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(16/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-455/1458*b^(1/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(16/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-243a^{10/3}bx^2 - 594a^{7/3}bx^2(a + bx^3) - 1179a^{4/3}bx^2(a + bx^3) \right)}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output

```
((a + b*x^3)*(-243*a^(10/3)*b*x^2 - 594*a^(7/3)*b*x^2*(a + b*x^3) - 1179*a^(4/3)*b*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^2 - 2544*a^(1/3)*b*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^3 - (2916*a^(1/3)*(a + b*x^3)^4)/x - 1820*Sqrt[3]*b^(1/3)*(a + b*x^3)^4*ArcTan[(-a^(1/3) + 2*b^(1/3)*x)/(Sqrt[3]*a^(1/3))] + 1820*b^(1/3)*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x] - 910*b^(1/3)*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/(2916*a^(16/3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.577$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 819, 819, 819, 819, 847, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{b^5 (a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{b^5 x^2 (bx^3 + a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^3 + a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 819 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{13 \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^3 + a)^4} dx}{12a} + \frac{1}{12ax(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \downarrow 819 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{13 \left(\frac{10 \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^3 + a)^3} dx}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax(a+bx^3)^3} \right)}{12a} + \frac{1}{12ax(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \downarrow 819 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{13 \left(\frac{10 \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^3 + a)^2} dx}{6a} + \frac{1}{6ax(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax(a+bx^3)^3} \right)}{12a} + \frac{1}{12ax(a+bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \downarrow 819
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{10 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{1}{x^2(bx^3+a)} dx}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{6ax(a+bx^3)^2} \right)}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax(a+bx^3)^3} \right) \right. \\
 & \left. + \frac{1}{12ax(a+bx^3)^4} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 847
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{4 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{x}{bx^3+a} dx}{a} - \frac{1}{ax} \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{6ax(a+bx^3)^2} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{13}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax(a+bx^3)^3} \right) + \frac{1}{12ax(a+bx^3)^4}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 821

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx+\sqrt[3]{a}}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx+\sqrt[3]{a}}} dx \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) - \frac{1}{ax} \\
 & \left(\frac{ \dots}{3a} \right) + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \left(\frac{ \dots}{6a} \right) + \frac{1}{6ax(a+bx^3)^2} \\
 & \left(\frac{ \dots}{9a} \right) + \frac{1}{9ax(a+bx^3)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 16

$$\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}}} dx \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{1}{ax} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{1}{6ax(a+bx^3)^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{1}{9ax(a+bx^3)^3} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 1142

			$\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}}}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} b^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{1}{ax}$	
	4		$\frac{1}{a}$	
	7		$\frac{1}{3a}$	$+ \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)}$
10			$\frac{1}{6a}$	

↓ 25

4	$\frac{b}{a} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} b^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{1}{ax}$
7	$\frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)} + \left(\dots \right)$
10	$\frac{1}{6a}$

↓ 27

4	$\left(\frac{b}{a} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} b^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{1}{ax} \right)$
7	$+ \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)}$
10	$6a$
13	$9a$

↓ 1082

4	$\frac{b \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2 dx \left(1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx}}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx} + a^{2/3}} dx \log \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{1}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} b^{2/3}} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{ax}$
7	$3a + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx)^5}$
10	$6a$

↓ 217

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx}}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx} + a^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{\frac{b}{3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}} \right) - \frac{1}{ax} \\
 & \frac{4}{a} \\
 & \frac{7}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \frac{10}{6a} + \frac{1}{6ax(a+bx^3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1103

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) \\
 & \quad - \frac{1}{ax} \\
 & \quad + \frac{1}{3ax(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \quad + \frac{1}{6ax(a+b^2x^3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(1/(12*a*x*(a + b*x^3)^4) + (13*(1/(9*a*x*(a + b*x^3)^3) + (10*(1/(6*a*x*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (7*(1/(3*a*x*(a + b*x^3)) + (4*(-(1/(a*x)) - (b*(-1/3*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(a^(1/3)*b^(2/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/b^(1/3)) + Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)))/a)/(3*a)))/(6*a)))/(9*a)))/(12*a)))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 819 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{(-1)} \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2 *x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 847 $\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^m*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*x^n)^{p+1}/(a*c*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((m+n*(p+1)+1)/(a*c^n*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(c*x)^{m+n}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2]^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*S \text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \|\ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1384 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_)+(c_)*(x_)^{n2_}) + (b_)*(x_)^n]^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^n + c*x^{2*n})^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{2*\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^{2*p}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \&\& \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(n-1)}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[u, x^{(2*n-1)}] \&\& !(\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \&\& \text{EqQ}[u, x^{(-2*n-1)}])$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(-\frac{455b^4x^{12}}{243a^5} - \frac{2275b^3x^9}{324a^4} - \frac{260b^2x^6}{27a^3} - \frac{1352bx^3}{243a^2} - \frac{1}{a} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^5 x} + \frac{455\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(a^{16}_Z^3-b)} -R \ln((-4_R^3 a^{16} + 3b x^{11} R^2)) \right)}{729(bx^3+a)}$
default	$-\frac{\left(-1820\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \right) b^4 x^{13} - 1820 \ln\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^4 x^{13} + 910 \ln\left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^4 x^{13} + 5460 \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} b^4 x^{12}}{\dots}$

```
input int(1/x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)^5*(-455/243/a^5*b^4*x^12-2275/324/a^4*b^3*x^9-260/27/a^3*b^2*x^6-1352/243/a^2*b*x^3-1/a)/x+455/729*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)*sum(_R*ln((-4*_R^3*a^16+3*b)*x-a^11*_R^2),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*a^16-b))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5460 b^4 x^{12} + 20475 ab^3 x^9 + 28080 a^2 b^2 x^6 + 16224 a^3 b x^3 + 2916 a^4 + 1820 \sqrt{3} (b^4 x^{13} + 4 ab^3 x^{10} + 6 a^2 b^2 x^7)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(1/x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2916*(5460*b^4*x^12 + 20475*a*b^3*x^9 + 28080*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 16224*a^3*b
*x^3 + 2916*a^4 + 1820*sqrt(3)*(b^4*x^13 + 4*a*b^3*x^10 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^7 +
4*a^3*b*x^4 + a^4*x)*(b/a)^(1/3)*arctan(2/3*sqrt(3)*x*(b/a)^(1/3) - 1/3*sq
rt(3)) + 910*(b^4*x^13 + 4*a*b^3*x^10 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^7 + 4*a^3*b*x^4 + a^4*x
)*(b/a)^(1/3)*log(b*x^2 - a*x*(b/a)^(2/3) + a*(b/a)^(1/3)) - 1820*(b^4*x^
13 + 4*a*b^3*x^10 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^7 + 4*a^3*b*x^4 + a^4*x)*(b/a)^(1/3)*log(b
*x + a*(b/a)^(2/3)))/(a^5*b^4*x^13 + 4*a^6*b^3*x^10 + 6*a^7*b^2*x^7 + 4*a^
8*b*x^4 + a^9*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 ((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**2/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**2*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \\ & \frac{1820 b^4 x^{12} + 6825 ab^3 x^9 + 9360 a^2 b^2 x^6 + 5408 a^3 b x^3 + 972 a^4}{972 (a^5 b^4 x^{13} + 4 a^6 b^3 x^{10} + 6 a^7 b^2 x^7 + 4 a^8 b x^4 + a^9 x)} \\ & - \frac{455 \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{729 a^5 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \\ & - \frac{455 \log \left(x^2 - x \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)}{1458 a^5 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{455 \log \left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{729 a^5 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/972*(1820*b^4*x^12 + 6825*a*b^3*x^9 + 9360*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 5408*a^3*b*x^3
+ 972*a^4)/(a^5*b^4*x^13 + 4*a^6*b^3*x^10 + 6*a^7*b^2*x^7 + 4*a^8*b*x^4 +
a^9*x) - 455/729*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(1/
3))/(a^5*(a/b)^(1/3)) - 455/1458*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(a
^5*(a/b)^(1/3)) + 455/729*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a^5*(a/b)^(1/3))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{455 b \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left(\left| x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right| \right)}{729 a^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$+ \frac{455 \sqrt{3} (-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{729 a^6 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{455 (-ab^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left(x^2 + x \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)}{1458 a^6 b \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{1}{a^5 x \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{848 b^4 x^{11} + 2937 ab^3 x^8 + 3528 a^2 b^2 x^5 + 1520 a^3 b x^2}{972 (bx^3 + a)^4 a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
455/729*b*(-a/b)^(2/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/(a^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) + 4
55/729*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/
b)^(1/3))/(a^6*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 455/1458*(-a*b^2)^(2/3)*log(x^2 + x*(-a
/b)^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/(a^6*b*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 1/(a^5*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a
)) - 1/972*(848*b^4*x^11 + 2937*a*b^3*x^8 + 3528*a^2*b^2*x^5 + 1520*a^3*b*x
^2)/((b*x^3 + a)^4*a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 504, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(1820*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**4*b*x
+ 7280*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**3*b**
2*x**4 + 10920*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*
a**2*b**3*x**7 + 7280*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sq
r(3)))*a*b**4*x**10 + 1820*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3
)*sqrt(3)))*b**5*x**13 - 2916*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a**4 - 16224*b**(2/3)*a**
(1/3)*a**3*b*x**3 - 28080*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*a**2*b**2*x**6 - 20475*b**(2/3)
*a**(1/3)*a*b**3*x**9 - 5460*b**(2/3)*a**(1/3)*b**4*x**12 - 910*log(a**(2/
3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**4*b*x - 3640*log(a**(2/3) - b
**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**3*b**2*x**4 - 5460*log(a**(2/3) - b
**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**2*b**3*x**7 - 3640*log(a**(2/3) - b
**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b**4*x**10 - 910*log(a**(2/3) - b**
(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**5*x**13 + 1820*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)
*x)*a**4*b*x + 7280*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**3*b**2*x**4 + 10920*log(
a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2*b**3*x**7 + 7280*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*
b**4*x**10 + 1820*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*b**5*x**13)/(2916*b**(2/3)*a*
*(1/3)*a**5*x*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x**3 + 6*a**2*b**2*x**6 + 4*a*b**3*x**9 + b
**4*x**12))
```

3.102 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	944
Mathematica [A] (verified)	945
Rubi [A] (verified)	945
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	966
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	966
Sympy [F]	967
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	967
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	968
Mupad [F(-1)]	969
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	969

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 394

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{527bx}{486a^5\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{23bx}{12a^2(a+bx^3)^3\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{108a^3(a+bx^3)^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{73bx(a+bx^3)} - \frac{162a^4(a+bx^3)\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}{2a^5x^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{770b^{2/3}(a+bx^3)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{243\sqrt{3}a^{17/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} - \frac{770b^{2/3}(a+bx^3)\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{729a^{17/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} + \frac{385b^{2/3}(a+bx^3)\log\left(a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x+b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{729a^{17/3}\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output

```
-527/486*b*x/a^5/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/12*b*x/a^2/(b*x^3+a)^3/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-23/108*b*x/a^3/(b*x^3+a)^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-73/162*b*x/a^4/(b*x^3+a)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(b*x^3+a)/a^5/x^2/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+770/729*b^(2/3)*(b*x^3+a)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(17/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)-770/729*b^(2/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x)/a^(17/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)+385/729*b^(2/3)*(b*x^3+a)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x+b^(2/3)*x^2)/a^(17/3)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(-243a^{11/3}bx - 621a^{8/3}bx(a + bx^3) - 1314a^{5/3}bx(a + bx^3)^2 - \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output

```
((a + b*x^3)*(-243*a^(11/3)*b*x - 621*a^(8/3)*b*x*(a + b*x^3) - 1314*a^(5/3)*b*x*(a + b*x^3)^2 - 3162*a^(2/3)*b*x*(a + b*x^3)^3 - (1458*a^(2/3)*(a + b*x^3)^4)/x^2 - 3080*sqrt(3)*b^(2/3)*(a + b*x^3)^4*ArcTan[(-a^(1/3) + 2*b^(1/3)*x)/(sqrt(3)*a^(1/3))] - 3080*b^(2/3)*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x] + 1540*b^(2/3)*(a + b*x^3)^4*Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2])/(2916*a^(17/3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.577$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 819, 819, 819, 819, 847, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\ & \frac{b^5 (a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{b^5 x^3 (bx^3 + a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^3 + a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 819 \\
 \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^3 + a)^4} dx}{6a} + \frac{1}{12ax^2 (a + bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 \downarrow 819 \\
 \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{11 \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^3 + a)^3} dx}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax^2 (a + bx^3)^3} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{12ax^2 (a + bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 \downarrow 819 \\
 \frac{(a + bx^3) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^3 + a)^2} dx}{3a} + \frac{1}{6ax^2 (a + bx^3)^2} \right)}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax^2 (a + bx^3)^3} \right)}{6a} + \frac{1}{12ax^2 (a + bx^3)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 \downarrow 819
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{11}{7} \left(\frac{4}{3a} \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^3(bx^3+a)} dx}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{1}{6ax^2(a+bx^3)^2} \right) + \frac{1}{9ax^2(a+bx^3)^3} \right) + \frac{1}{12ax^2(a+bx^3)^4} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 847
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left((a + bx^3) \left(\frac{11}{7} \left(\frac{4}{3a} \left(\frac{5}{3a} \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^3+a} dx - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{1}{6ax^2(a+bx^3)^2} \right) + \frac{1}{9ax^2(a+bx^3)^3} \right) + \frac{1}{12ax^2(a+bx^3)^4} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}$$

↓ 750

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\left(\left(\left(\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b}x + \sqrt[3]{a}} dx \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 \left. \begin{array}{l}
 \left(\frac{\quad}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right) \\
 \left(\frac{\quad}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} \right) \\
 \left(\frac{\quad}{3a} + \frac{1}{6ax^2(a+bx^3)^2} \right) \\
 \left(\frac{\quad}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax^2(a+bx^3)^3} \right)
 \end{array} \right)
 \end{array}$$

↓ 16

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{b}x}{b^{2/3}x^2-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x+a^{2/3}} dx \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{b}x\right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \left(\frac{b}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
 & \quad \left(\frac{\left(\frac{b}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \left(\frac{\left(\frac{b}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} \right) \\
 & \quad \left(\frac{\left(\frac{b}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{6ax^2(a+bx^3)^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \left(\frac{\left(\frac{b}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax^2(a+bx^3)^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1142

$$\left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{4}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{11}{3a}$$

↓ 25

$$\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx})}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx+a^{2/3}}} \frac{dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3 a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx})}{3 a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right)$$

5 $\frac{1}{2ax^2}$

4 $3a$ $3ax^2 \left(\frac{1}{a+bx^3} \right)$

11 $3a$

↓ 27

$$\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{b} x}{b^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x + a^{2/3}} dx}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} x)}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{3a} \right) + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx)}$$

7

11

4

5

↓ 1082

		$\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + a^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) - \left(1 - 2\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)^{-3}}{3a^{2/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)$	
	5	$-\frac{1}{2ax^2}$	
	4	$3a$	$+\frac{1}{3ax^2(a+b)}$
11		$3a$	

↓ 217

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{b_x}}{b^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b_x+a^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b_x}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b_x}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \\
 & \frac{b}{3a^{2/3}} \\
 & 5 - \frac{a}{2ax^2} \\
 & 4 - \frac{3a}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} \\
 & 11 - \frac{3a}{6ax^2(a+bx^3)} + \frac{1}{6ax^2(a+bx^3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1103

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x + b^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
 & \frac{b}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \\
 & \frac{3a}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax^2(a+bx^3)} \\
 & \frac{3a}{6ax^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((a + b*x^3)*(1/(12*a*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^4) + (7*(1/(9*a*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^3) + (11*(1/(6*a*x^2*(a + b*x^3)^2) + (4*(1/(3*a*x^2*(a + b*x^3)) + (5*(-1/2*1/(a*x^2) - (b*(Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x]/(3*a^(2/3)*b^(1/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/b^(1/3)) - Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x + b^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(2/3))))/a)/(3*a)))/(9*a)))/(6*a)))/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 750 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[1/(Rt[a, 3] + Rt[b, 3]*x), x], x] + Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[(2*Rt[a, 3] - Rt[b, 3]*x)/(Rt[a, 3]^2 - Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3]*x + Rt[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 819 $\text{Int}[\left((c_)(x_)\right)^{(m_)}\left((a_)+(b_)(x_)^{(n_)}\right)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}\left[\left(-\left(cx\right)^{(m+1)}\left(\left(a+bx^n\right)^{(p+1)}\right)/\left(a^n(m+1)\right)\right), x\right] + \text{Simp}\left[\left(m+n(p+1)+1\right)/\left(a^n(m+1)\right) \text{Int}\left[\left(cx\right)^m\left(a+bx^n\right)^{(p+1)}, x\right], x\right] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]

rule 847 $\text{Int}[\left((c_)(x_)\right)^{(m_)}\left((a_)+(b_)(x_)^{(n_)}\right)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}\left[\left(cx\right)^{(m+1)}\left(\left(a+bx^n\right)^{(p+1)}\right)/\left(a^n(m+1)\right), x\right] - \text{Simp}\left[b\left(m+n(p+1)+1\right)/\left(a^n(m+1)\right) \text{Int}\left[\left(cx\right)^{(m+n)}\left(a+bx^n\right)^p, x\right], x\right] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]

rule 1082 $\text{Int}\left[\left((a_)+(b_)(x_)+(c_)(x_)^2\right)^{-1}, x_Symbol\right] \rightarrow \text{With}\left[\left\{q=1-4\text{Simplify}\left[a\left(c/b^2\right)\right]\right\}, \text{Simp}\left[-2/b \text{Subst}\left[\text{Int}\left[1/\left(q-x^2\right), x\right], x, 1+2c(x/b)\right], x\right] /;\right.$ RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4a*c]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]

rule 1103 $\text{Int}\left[\left((d_)+(e_)(x_)\right)/\left((a_)+(b_)(x_)+(c_)(x_)^2\right), x_Symbol\right] \rightarrow \text{Simp}\left[d\left(\text{Log}\left[\text{RemoveContent}\left[a+bx+cx^2, x\right]\right)/b\right), x\right] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]

rule 1142 $\text{Int}\left[\left((d_)+(e_)(x_)\right)/\left((a_)+(b_)(x_)+(c_)(x_)^2\right), x_Symbol\right] \rightarrow \text{Simp}\left[\left(2cd-b^2e\right)/\left(2c\right) \text{Int}\left[1/\left(a+bx+cx^2\right), x\right], x\right] + \text{Simp}\left[e/\left(2c\right) \text{Int}\left[\left(b+2cx\right)/\left(a+bx+cx^2\right), x\right], x\right] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]

rule 1384 $\text{Int}\left[\left(u_)\left((a_)+(c_)(x_)^{(n2_)}+(b_)(x_)^{(n_)}\right)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol\right] \rightarrow \text{Simp}\left[\left(a+bx^n+cx^{2n}\right)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/\left(c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}\left(b/2+cx^n\right)^{2\text{FracPart}[p]}\right) \text{Int}\left[u\left(b/2+cx^n\right)^{(2p)}, x\right], x\right] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(-\frac{385b^4x^{12}}{243a^5} - \frac{154b^3x^9}{27a^4} - \frac{2387b^2x^6}{324a^3} - \frac{931bx^3}{243a^2} - \frac{1}{2a} \right)}{(bx^3+a)^5x^2} + \frac{770\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(a^{17}Z^3+b^2)} -R \ln((-4-R^3a^{17}-3b^2)x-a^6bR) \right)}{729(bx^3+a)}$
default	$-\frac{\left(-3080\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-2x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \right) b^4x^{14} + 3080 \ln\left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) b^4x^{14} - 1540 \ln\left(x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) b^4x^{14} + 4620 \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^4x^{14}}{729(bx^3+a)}$

input `int(1/x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)^5*(-385/243/a^5*b^4*x^12-154/27/a^4*b^3*x^9-2387/324/a^3*b^2*x^6-931/243/a^2*b*x^3-1/2/a)/x^2+770/729*((b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a)*sum(_R*ln((-4*_R^3*a^17-3*b^2)*x-a^6*b*_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*a^17+b^2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4620 b^4 x^{12} + 16632 ab^3 x^9 + 21483 a^2 b^2 x^6 + 11172 a^3 b x^3 + 1458 a^4 - 3080 \sqrt{3} (b^4 x^{14} + 4 ab^3 x^{11} + 6 a^2 b^2 x^8)}{729 (bx^3+a)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2916*(4620*b^4*x^12 + 16632*a*b^3*x^9 + 21483*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 11172*a^3*b*x^3 + 1458*a^4 - 3080*sqrt(3)*(b^4*x^14 + 4*a*b^3*x^11 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^8 + 4*a^3*b*x^5 + a^4*x^2)*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(2*sqrt(3)*a*x*(-b^2/a^2)^(2/3) - sqrt(3)*b)/b) + 1540*(b^4*x^14 + 4*a*b^3*x^11 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^8 + 4*a^3*b*x^5 + a^4*x^2)*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3)*log(b^2*x^2 + a*b*x*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3) + a^2*(-b^2/a^2)^(2/3)) - 3080*(b^4*x^14 + 4*a*b^3*x^11 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^8 + 4*a^3*b*x^5 + a^4*x^2)*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3)*log(b*x - a*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3)))/(a^5*b^4*x^14 + 4*a^6*b^3*x^11 + 6*a^7*b^2*x^8 + 4*a^8*b*x^5 + a^9*x^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 ((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**3/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**3*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \\ & \frac{1540 b^4 x^{12} + 5544 ab^3 x^9 + 7161 a^2 b^2 x^6 + 3724 a^3 b x^3 + 486 a^4}{972 (a^5 b^4 x^{14} + 4 a^6 b^3 x^{11} + 6 a^7 b^2 x^8 + 4 a^8 b x^5 + a^9 x^2)} \\ & - \frac{770 \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(2x - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{729 a^5 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} \\ & + \frac{385 \log \left(x^2 - x \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)}{729 a^5 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{770 \log \left(x + \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{729 a^5 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/972*(1540*b^4*x^12 + 5544*a*b^3*x^9 + 7161*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 3724*a^3*b*x^3
+ 486*a^4)/(a^5*b^4*x^14 + 4*a^6*b^3*x^11 + 6*a^7*b^2*x^8 + 4*a^8*b*x^5 +
a^9*x^2) - 770/729*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (a/b)^(1/3))/(a/b)^(
1/3))/(a^5*(a/b)^(2/3)) + 385/729*log(x^2 - x*(a/b)^(1/3) + (a/b)^(2/3))/(
a^5*(a/b)^(2/3)) - 770/729*log(x + (a/b)^(1/3))/(a^5*(a/b)^(2/3))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{770 b \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(\left| x - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right| \right)}{729 a^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{770 \sqrt{3} (-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(2x + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{3 \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{729 a^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{385 (-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(x^2 + x \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)}{729 a^6 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)} - \frac{1}{2 a^5 x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

$$- \frac{1054 b^4 x^{10} + 3600 ab^3 x^7 + 4245 a^2 b^2 x^4 + 1780 a^3 bx}{972 (bx^3 + a)^4 a^5 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
770/729*b*(-a/b)^(1/3)*log(abs(x - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/(a^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 7
70/729*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/
b)^(1/3))/(a^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 385/729*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*log(x^2 + x*(-a/b)
^(1/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/(a^6*sgn(b*x^3 + a)) - 1/2/(a^5*x^2*sgn(b*x^3 + a))
- 1/972*(1054*b^4*x^10 + 3600*a*b^3*x^7 + 4245*a^2*b^2*x^4 + 1780*a^3*b*x
)/((b*x^3 + a)^4*a^5*sgn(b*x^3 + a))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(3080*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*
a**4*b*x**2 + 12320*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1
/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**3*b**2*x**5 + 18480*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b
**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a**2*b**3*x**8 + 12320*a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*ata
n((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*a*b**4*x**11 + 3080*a**(1/
3)*sqrt(3)*atan((a**(1/3) - 2*b**(1/3)*x)/(a**(1/3)*sqrt(3)))*b**5*x**14 +
1540*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a**4*b*
x**2 + 6160*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*a
**3*b**2*x**5 + 9240*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3
)*x**2)*a**2*b**3*x**8 + 6160*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x
+ b**(2/3)*x**2)*a*b**4*x**11 + 1540*a**(1/3)*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(
1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2)*b**5*x**14 - 3080*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)
*x)*a**4*b*x**2 - 12320*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**3*b**2*x**5
- 18480*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a**2*b**3*x**8 - 12320*a**(1/
3)*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*x)*a*b**4*x**11 - 3080*a**(1/3)*log(a**(1/3) +
b**(1/3)*x)*b**5*x**14 - 1458*b**(1/3)*a**5 - 11172*b**(1/3)*a**4*b*x**3 -
21483*b**(1/3)*a**3*b**2*x**6 - 16632*b**(1/3)*a**2*b**3*x**9 - 4620*b**(
1/3)*a*b**4*x**12)/(2916*b**(1/3)*a**6*x**2*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x**3 + 6*a**2
*b**2*x**6 + 4*a*b**3*x**9 + b**4*x**12))
```

3.103 $\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	971
Mathematica [A] (verified)	972
Rubi [A] (verified)	972
Maple [A] (verified)	974
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	974
Sympy [F]	975
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	975
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	976
Mupad [F(-1)]	977
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	978

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 313

$$\begin{aligned} \int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{a^5(dx)^{1+m}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{d(1+m)(a + bx^3)} \\ &+ \frac{5a^4b(dx)^{4+m}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{d^4(4+m)(a + bx^3)} + \frac{10a^3b^2(dx)^{7+m}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{d^7(7+m)(a + bx^3)} \\ &+ \frac{10a^2b^3(dx)^{10+m}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{d^{10}(10+m)(a + bx^3)} \\ &+ \frac{5ab^4(dx)^{13+m}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{d^{13}(13+m)(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^5(dx)^{16+m}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{d^{16}(16+m)(a + bx^3)} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
a^5*(d*x)^(1+m)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/d/(1+m)/(b*x^3+a)+5*a^4*b*(d*x)^(4+m)*
((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/d^4/(4+m)/(b*x^3+a)+10*a^3*b^2*(d*x)^(7+m)*((b*x^3+a)^
2)^(1/2)/d^7/(7+m)/(b*x^3+a)+10*a^2*b^3*(d*x)^(10+m)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/d
^10/(10+m)/(b*x^3+a)+5*a*b^4*(d*x)^(13+m)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/d^13/(13+m)/
(b*x^3+a)+b^5*(d*x)^(16+m)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/d^16/(16+m)/(b*x^3+a)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x(dx)^m \left((a + bx^3)^2 \right)^{5/2} \left(\frac{a^5}{1+m} + \frac{5a^4bx^3}{4+m} + \frac{10a^3b^2x^6}{7+m} + \frac{10a^2b^3x^9}{10+m} + \frac{5ab^4x^{12}}{13+m} + \frac{b^5x^{15}}{16+m} \right)}{(a + bx^3)^5}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*(d*x)^m*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(5/2)*(a^5/(1 + m) + (5*a^4*b*x^3)/(4 + m) + (10*a^3*b^2*x^6)/(7 + m) + (10*a^2*b^3*x^9)/(10 + m) + (5*a*b^4*x^12)/(13 + m) + (b^5*x^15)/(16 + m)))/(a + b*x^3)^5`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} (dx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int b^5 (dx)^m (bx^3 + a)^5 dx}{b^5 (a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (dx)^m (bx^3 + a)^5 dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 802 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(a^5(dx)^m + \frac{5a^4b(dx)^{m+3}}{d^3} + \frac{10a^3b^2(dx)^{m+6}}{d^6} + \frac{10a^2b^3(dx)^{m+9}}{d^9} + \frac{5ab^4(dx)^{m+12}}{d^{12}} + \frac{b^5(dx)^{m+15}}{d^{15}} \right) dx}{a + bx^3}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{a^5(dx)^{m+1}}{d(m+1)} + \frac{5a^4b(dx)^{m+4}}{d^4(m+4)} + \frac{10a^3b^2(dx)^{m+7}}{d^7(m+7)} + \frac{10a^2b^3(dx)^{m+10}}{d^{10}(m+10)} + \frac{5ab^4(dx)^{m+13}}{d^{13}(m+13)} + \frac{b^5(dx)^{m+16}}{d^{16}(m+16)} \right)}{a + bx^3}$$

input

```
Int[(d*x)^m*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*((a^5*(d*x)^(1 + m))/(d*(1 + m)) + (5*a^4
*b*(d*x)^(4 + m))/(d^4*(4 + m)) + (10*a^3*b^2*(d*x)^(7 + m))/(d^7*(7 + m))
+ (10*a^2*b^3*(d*x)^(10 + m))/(d^10*(10 + m)) + (5*a*b^4*(d*x)^(13 + m))/
(d^13*(13 + m)) + (b^5*(d*x)^(16 + m))/(d^16*(16 + m))))/(a + b*x^3)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 802

```
Int[(((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 1384

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*Frac
Part[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n
- 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 453, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x(b^5 m^5 x^{15} + 35 b^5 m^4 x^{15} + 445 b^5 m^3 x^{15} + 5 a b^4 m^5 x^{12} + 2485 b^5 m^2 x^{15} + 190 a b^4 m^4 x^{12} + 5714 m x^{15} b^5 + 2555 a b^4 m^3 x^{12} + 3640 b^5 x^{15} + 10 a^2 b^3 m^5 x^9 + 14810 a b^4 m^2 x^{12} + 410 a^2 b^3 m^4 x^9 + 34840 a b^4 m^3 x^{12} + 5950 a^2 b^3 m^3 x^9 + 22400 a b^4 m^2 x^{12} + 10 a^3 b^2 m^5 x^6 + 36550 a^2 b^3 m^2 x^9 + 440 a^3 b^2 m^4 x^6 + 89240 a^2 b^3 m^3 x^9 + 6970 a^3 b^2 m^3 x^6 + 58240 a^2 b^3 m^3 x^9 + 5 a^4 b^2 m^5 x^3 + 47260 a^3 b^2 m^2 x^6 + 235 a^4 b^2 m^4 x^3 + 123920 a^3 b^2 m^2 x^6 + 4085 a^4 b^2 m^3 x^3 + 83200 a^3 b^2 m^2 x^6 + a^5 m^5 + 31685 a^4 b^2 m^2 x^3 + 50 a^5 m^4 + 100630 a^4 b^2 m^3 x^3 + 955 a^5 m^3 + 72800 a^4 b^2 m^3 x^3 + 8650 a^5 m^2 + 36824 a^5 m + 58240 a^5) (d x)^m (b x^3 + a)^2)^{5/2} / (1+m) / (4+m) / (7+m) / (10+m) / (13+m) / (16+m) / (b x^3 + a)^5$
risch	$\sqrt{(b x^3 + a)^2} (b^5 m^5 x^{15} + 35 b^5 m^4 x^{15} + 445 b^5 m^3 x^{15} + 5 a b^4 m^5 x^{12} + 2485 b^5 m^2 x^{15} + 190 a b^4 m^4 x^{12} + 5714 m x^{15} b^5 + 2555 a b^4 m^3 x^{12} + 3640 b^5 x^{15} + 10 a^2 b^3 m^5 x^9 + 14810 a b^4 m^2 x^{12} + 410 a^2 b^3 m^4 x^9 + 34840 a b^4 m^3 x^{12} + 5950 a^2 b^3 m^3 x^9 + 22400 a b^4 m^2 x^{12} + 10 a^3 b^2 m^5 x^6 + 36550 a^2 b^3 m^2 x^9 + 440 a^3 b^2 m^4 x^6 + 89240 a^2 b^3 m^3 x^9 + 6970 a^3 b^2 m^3 x^6 + 58240 a^2 b^3 m^3 x^9 + 5 a^4 b^2 m^5 x^3 + 47260 a^3 b^2 m^2 x^6 + 235 a^4 b^2 m^4 x^3 + 123920 a^3 b^2 m^2 x^6 + 4085 a^4 b^2 m^3 x^3 + 83200 a^3 b^2 m^2 x^6 + a^5 m^5 + 31685 a^4 b^2 m^2 x^3 + 50 a^5 m^4 + 100630 a^4 b^2 m^3 x^3 + 955 a^5 m^3 + 72800 a^4 b^2 m^3 x^3 + 8650 a^5 m^2 + 36824 a^5 m + 58240 a^5) (d x)^m (b x^3 + a)^2)^{5/2} / (1+m) / (4+m) / (7+m) / (10+m) / (13+m) / (16+m) / (b x^3 + a)^5$
orering	$\frac{(b^5 m^5 x^{15} + 35 b^5 m^4 x^{15} + 445 b^5 m^3 x^{15} + 5 a b^4 m^5 x^{12} + 2485 b^5 m^2 x^{15} + 190 a b^4 m^4 x^{12} + 5714 m x^{15} b^5 + 2555 a b^4 m^3 x^{12} + 3640 b^5 x^{15} + 10 a^2 b^3 m^5 x^9 + 14810 a b^4 m^2 x^{12} + 410 a^2 b^3 m^4 x^9 + 34840 a b^4 m^3 x^{12} + 5950 a^2 b^3 m^3 x^9 + 22400 a b^4 m^2 x^{12} + 10 a^3 b^2 m^5 x^6 + 36550 a^2 b^3 m^2 x^9 + 440 a^3 b^2 m^4 x^6 + 89240 a^2 b^3 m^3 x^9 + 6970 a^3 b^2 m^3 x^6 + 58240 a^2 b^3 m^3 x^9 + 5 a^4 b^2 m^5 x^3 + 47260 a^3 b^2 m^2 x^6 + 235 a^4 b^2 m^4 x^3 + 123920 a^3 b^2 m^2 x^6 + 4085 a^4 b^2 m^3 x^3 + 83200 a^3 b^2 m^2 x^6 + a^5 m^5 + 31685 a^4 b^2 m^2 x^3 + 50 a^5 m^4 + 100630 a^4 b^2 m^3 x^3 + 955 a^5 m^3 + 72800 a^4 b^2 m^3 x^3 + 8650 a^5 m^2 + 36824 a^5 m + 58240 a^5) (d x)^m (b x^3 + a)^2)^{5/2} / (1+m) / (4+m) / (7+m) / (10+m) / (13+m) / (16+m) / (b x^3 + a)^5$

input `int((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$x(b^5 m^5 x^{15} + 35 b^5 m^4 x^{15} + 445 b^5 m^3 x^{15} + 5 a b^4 m^5 x^{12} + 2485 b^5 m^2 x^{15} + 190 a b^4 m^4 x^{12} + 5714 m x^{15} b^5 + 2555 a b^4 m^3 x^{12} + 3640 b^5 x^{15} + 10 a^2 b^3 m^5 x^9 + 14810 a b^4 m^2 x^{12} + 410 a^2 b^3 m^4 x^9 + 34840 a b^4 m^3 x^{12} + 5950 a^2 b^3 m^3 x^9 + 22400 a b^4 m^2 x^{12} + 10 a^3 b^2 m^5 x^6 + 36550 a^2 b^3 m^2 x^9 + 440 a^3 b^2 m^4 x^6 + 89240 a^2 b^3 m^3 x^9 + 6970 a^3 b^2 m^3 x^6 + 58240 a^2 b^3 m^3 x^9 + 5 a^4 b^2 m^5 x^3 + 47260 a^3 b^2 m^2 x^6 + 235 a^4 b^2 m^4 x^3 + 123920 a^3 b^2 m^2 x^6 + 4085 a^4 b^2 m^3 x^3 + 83200 a^3 b^2 m^2 x^6 + a^5 m^5 + 31685 a^4 b^2 m^2 x^3 + 50 a^5 m^4 + 100630 a^4 b^2 m^3 x^3 + 955 a^5 m^3 + 72800 a^4 b^2 m^3 x^3 + 8650 a^5 m^2 + 36824 a^5 m + 58240 a^5) (d x)^m (b x^3 + a)^2)^{5/2} / (1+m) / (4+m) / (7+m) / (10+m) / (13+m) / (16+m) / (b x^3 + a)^5$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{((b^5 m^5 + 35 b^5 m^4 + 445 b^5 m^3 + 2485 b^5 m^2 + 5714 b^5 m + 3640 b^5) x^{16} + 5 (ab^4 m^5 + 38 ab^4 m^4 + 36824 a^5 m + 58240 a^5) (d x)^m (b x^3 + a)^2)^{5/2}}{(1+m) (4+m) (7+m) (10+m) (13+m) (16+m) (b x^3 + a)^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
((b^5*m^5 + 35*b^5*m^4 + 445*b^5*m^3 + 2485*b^5*m^2 + 5714*b^5*m + 3640*b^5)*x^16 + 5*(a*b^4*m^5 + 38*a*b^4*m^4 + 511*a*b^4*m^3 + 2962*a*b^4*m^2 + 6968*a*b^4*m + 4480*a*b^4)*x^13 + 10*(a^2*b^3*m^5 + 41*a^2*b^3*m^4 + 595*a^2*b^3*m^3 + 3655*a^2*b^3*m^2 + 8924*a^2*b^3*m + 5824*a^2*b^3)*x^10 + 10*(a^3*b^2*m^5 + 44*a^3*b^2*m^4 + 697*a^3*b^2*m^3 + 4726*a^3*b^2*m^2 + 12392*a^3*b^2*m + 8320*a^3*b^2)*x^7 + 5*(a^4*b*m^5 + 47*a^4*b*m^4 + 817*a^4*b*m^3 + 6337*a^4*b*m^2 + 20126*a^4*b*m + 14560*a^4*b)*x^4 + (a^5*m^5 + 50*a^5*m^4 + 955*a^5*m^3 + 8650*a^5*m^2 + 36824*a^5*m + 58240*a^5)*x)*(d*x)^m/(m^6 + 51*m^5 + 1005*m^4 + 9605*m^3 + 45474*m^2 + 95064*m + 58240)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int (dx)^m \left((a + bx^3)^2 \right)^{5/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)**m*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((d*x)**m*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{((m^5 + 35m^4 + 445m^3 + 2485m^2 + 5714m + 3640)b^5d^m x^{16} + 5(m^5 + 38m^4 + 511m^3 +$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
((m^5 + 35*m^4 + 445*m^3 + 2485*m^2 + 5714*m + 3640)*b^5*d^m*x^16 + 5*(m^5
+ 38*m^4 + 511*m^3 + 2962*m^2 + 6968*m + 4480)*a*b^4*d^m*x^13 + 10*(m^5 +
41*m^4 + 595*m^3 + 3655*m^2 + 8924*m + 5824)*a^2*b^3*d^m*x^10 + 10*(m^5 +
44*m^4 + 697*m^3 + 4726*m^2 + 12392*m + 8320)*a^3*b^2*d^m*x^7 + 5*(m^5 +
47*m^4 + 817*m^3 + 6337*m^2 + 20126*m + 14560)*a^4*b*d^m*x^4 + (m^5 + 50*m
^4 + 955*m^3 + 8650*m^2 + 36824*m + 58240)*a^5*d^m*x)*x^m/(m^6 + 51*m^5 +
1005*m^4 + 9605*m^3 + 45474*m^2 + 95064*m + 58240)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 900 vs. $2(247) = 494$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 900, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
((dx)^m*b^5*m^5*x^16*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 35*(dx)^m*b^5*m^4*x^16*sgn(b*x^3 +
a) + 445*(dx)^m*b^5*m^3*x^16*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5*(dx)^m*a*b^4*m^5*x^13*sgn
(b*x^3 + a) + 2485*(dx)^m*b^5*m^2*x^16*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 190*(dx)^m*a*b
^4*m^4*x^13*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5714*(dx)^m*b^5*m*x^16*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 2555
*(dx)^m*a*b^4*m^3*x^13*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 3640*(dx)^m*b^5*x^16*sgn(b*x^3 +
a) + 10*(dx)^m*a^2*b^3*m^5*x^10*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 14810*(dx)^m*a*b^4*m^2
*x^13*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 410*(dx)^m*a^2*b^3*m^4*x^10*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 34840
*(dx)^m*a*b^4*m*x^13*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5950*(dx)^m*a^2*b^3*m^3*x^10*sgn(b
*x^3 + a) + 22400*(dx)^m*a*b^4*x^13*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 10*(dx)^m*a^3*b^2*m
^5*x^7*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 36550*(dx)^m*a^2*b^3*m^2*x^10*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 44
0*(dx)^m*a^3*b^2*m^4*x^7*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 89240*(dx)^m*a^2*b^3*m*x^10*sg
n(b*x^3 + a) + 6970*(dx)^m*a^3*b^2*m^3*x^7*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 58240*(dx)^m
*a^2*b^3*x^10*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 5*(dx)^m*a^4*b*m^5*x^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 47
260*(dx)^m*a^3*b^2*m^2*x^7*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 235*(dx)^m*a^4*b*m^4*x^4*sgn
(b*x^3 + a) + 123920*(dx)^m*a^3*b^2*m*x^7*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 4085*(dx)^m*a
^4*b*m^3*x^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 83200*(dx)^m*a^3*b^2*x^7*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + (
dx)^m*a^5*m^5*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 31685*(dx)^m*a^4*b*m^2*x^4*sgn(b*x^3 +
a) + 50*(dx)^m*a^5*m^4*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 100630*(dx)^m*a^4*b*m*x^4*sgn(
b*x^3 + a) + 955*(dx)^m*a^5*m^3*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 72800*(dx)^m*a^4*b*x^
4*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 8650*(dx)^m*a^5*m^2*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 36824*(dx)^...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx$$

input

```
int((dx)^m*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int((dx)^m*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^m d^m x (b^5 m^5 x^{15} + 35b^5 m^4 x^{15} + 445b^5 m^3 x^{15} + 5ab^4 m^5 x^{12} + 2485b^5 m^2 x^{15} + 190ab^4 m^4 x^{12})}{m^6 + 51m^5 + 1005m^4 + 9605m^3 + 45474m^2 + 95064m + 58240}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(x**m*d**m*x*(a**5*m**5 + 50*a**5*m**4 + 955*a**5*m**3 + 8650*a**5*m**2 +
36824*a**5*m + 58240*a**5 + 5*a**4*b*m**5*x**3 + 235*a**4*b*m**4*x**3 + 40
85*a**4*b*m**3*x**3 + 31685*a**4*b*m**2*x**3 + 100630*a**4*b*m*x**3 + 7280
0*a**4*b*x**3 + 10*a**3*b**2*m**5*x**6 + 440*a**3*b**2*m**4*x**6 + 6970*a*
*3*b**2*m**3*x**6 + 47260*a**3*b**2*m**2*x**6 + 123920*a**3*b**2*m*x**6 +
83200*a**3*b**2*x**6 + 10*a**2*b**3*m**5*x**9 + 410*a**2*b**3*m**4*x**9 +
5950*a**2*b**3*m**3*x**9 + 36550*a**2*b**3*m**2*x**9 + 89240*a**2*b**3*m*x
**9 + 58240*a**2*b**3*x**9 + 5*a*b**4*m**5*x**12 + 190*a*b**4*m**4*x**12 +
2555*a*b**4*m**3*x**12 + 14810*a*b**4*m**2*x**12 + 34840*a*b**4*m*x**12 +
22400*a*b**4*x**12 + b**5*m**5*x**15 + 35*b**5*m**4*x**15 + 445*b**5*m**3
*x**15 + 2485*b**5*m**2*x**15 + 5714*b**5*m*x**15 + 3640*b**5*x**15))/(m**
6 + 51*m**5 + 1005*m**4 + 9605*m**3 + 45474*m**2 + 95064*m + 58240)
```

3.104 $\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	979
Mathematica [A] (verified)	980
Rubi [A] (verified)	980
Maple [A] (verified)	982
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	982
Sympy [F]	983
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	983
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	983
Mupad [F(-1)]	984
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	984

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^3(dx)^{1+m}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{d(1+m)(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3a^2b(dx)^{4+m}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{d^4(4+m)(a + bx^3)} + \frac{3ab^2(dx)^{7+m}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{d^7(7+m)(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b^3(dx)^{10+m}\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{d^{10}(10+m)(a + bx^3)}$$

output

```
a^3*(d*x)^(1+m)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/d/(1+m)/(b*x^3+a)+3*a^2*b*(d*x)^(4+m)*
((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/d^4/(4+m)/(b*x^3+a)+3*a*b^2*(d*x)^(7+m)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(
1/2)/d^7/(7+m)/(b*x^3+a)+b^3*(d*x)^(10+m)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/d^10/(10+m)
/(b*x^3+a)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x(dx)^m \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2} (a^3(280 + 138m + 21m^2 + m^3) + 3a^2b(70 + 87m + 18m^2 + m^3)x^3 + 3ab^2(40 + 54m + 15m^2 + m^3)x^6 + b^3(28 + 39m + 12m^2 + m^3)x^9)}{(1 + m)(4 + m)(7 + m)(10 + m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(d*x)^m*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(a^3*(280 + 138*m + 21*m^2 + m^3) + 3*a^2*b*(70 + 87*m + 18*m^2 + m^3)*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*(40 + 54*m + 15*m^2 + m^3)*x^6 + b^3*(28 + 39*m + 12*m^2 + m^3)*x^9))/((1 + m)*(4 + m)*(7 + m)*(10 + m)*(a + b*x^3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} (dx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int b^3(dx)^m (bx^3 + a)^3 dx}{b^3(a + bx^3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (dx)^m (bx^3 + a)^3 dx}{a + bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 802 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(a^3(dx)^m + \frac{3a^2b(dx)^{m+3}}{d^3} + \frac{3ab^2(dx)^{m+6}}{d^6} + \frac{b^3(dx)^{m+9}}{d^9} \right) dx}{a + bx^3}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{a^3(dx)^{m+1}}{d(m+1)} + \frac{3a^2b(dx)^{m+4}}{d^4(m+4)} + \frac{3ab^2(dx)^{m+7}}{d^7(m+7)} + \frac{b^3(dx)^{m+10}}{d^{10}(m+10)} \right)}{a + bx^3}$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*((a^3*(d*x)^(1 + m))/(d*(1 + m)) + (3*a^2*b*(d*x)^(4 + m))/(d^4*(4 + m)) + (3*a*b^2*(d*x)^(7 + m))/(d^7*(7 + m)) + (b^3*(d*x)^(10 + m))/(d^10*(10 + m)))/(a + b*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x(b^3m^3x^9+12b^3m^2x^9+39mx^9b^3+3ab^2m^3x^6+28x^9b^3+45ab^2m^2x^6+162mx^6b^2a+3a^2bm^3x^3+120ax^6b^2+54a^2bm^2x^3+261mx^3+261m^3x^3)}{(10+m)(7+m)(4+m)(1+m)(bx^3+a)^3}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2} (b^3m^3x^9+12b^3m^2x^9+39mx^9b^3+3ab^2m^3x^6+28x^9b^3+45ab^2m^2x^6+162mx^6b^2a+3a^2bm^3x^3+120ax^6b^2+54a^2bm^2x^3+261mx^3+261m^3x^3)}{(bx^3+a)(10+m)(7+m)(4+m)(1+m)}$
orering	$\frac{(b^3m^3x^9+12b^3m^2x^9+39mx^9b^3+3ab^2m^3x^6+28x^9b^3+45ab^2m^2x^6+162mx^6b^2a+3a^2bm^3x^3+120ax^6b^2+54a^2bm^2x^3+261mx^3+261m^3x^3)}{(10+m)(7+m)(4+m)(1+m)(bx^3+a)^3}$

input `int((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*(b^3*m^3*x^9+12*b^3*m^2*x^9+39*b^3*m*x^9+3*a*b^2*m^3*x^6+28*b^3*x^9+45*a*b^2*m^2*x^6+162*a*b^2*m*x^6+3*a^2*b*m^3*x^3+120*a*b^2*x^6+54*a^2*b*m^2*x^3+261*a^2*b*m*x^3+a^3*m^3+210*a^2*b*x^3+21*a^3*m^2+138*a^3*m+280*a^3)*(d*x)^m*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(3/2)/(10+m)/(7+m)/(4+m)/(1+m)/(b*x^3+a)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{((b^3m^3 + 12b^3m^2 + 39b^3m + 28b^3)x^{10} + 3(ab^2m^3 + 15ab^2m^2 + 54ab^2m + 40ab^2)x^7 + 3(a^2b^2m^3 + 15a^2b^2m^2 + 87a^2b^2m + 70a^2b^2)x^4 + (a^3m^3 + 21a^3m^2 + 138a^3m + 280a^3)x)(d*x)^m}{m^4 + 22m^3 + 159m^2 + 418m + 280}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((b^3*m^3 + 12*b^3*m^2 + 39*b^3*m + 28*b^3)*x^10 + 3*(a*b^2*m^3 + 15*a*b^2*m^2 + 54*a*b^2*m + 40*a*b^2)*x^7 + 3*(a^2*b*m^3 + 15*a^2*b*m^2 + 87*a^2*b*m + 70*a^2*b)*x^4 + (a^3*m^3 + 21*a^3*m^2 + 138*a^3*m + 280*a^3)*x)*(d*x)^m/(m^4 + 22*m^3 + 159*m^2 + 418*m + 280)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (dx)^m \left((a + bx^3)^2 \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m*((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{((m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28)b^3d^m x^{10} + 3(m^3 + 15m^2 + 54m + 40)ab^2d^m x^7 + 3(m^3 + 18m^2 + 87m + 70)a^2bd^m x^4 + (m^3 + 21m^2 + 138m + 280)a^3d^m x)x^m}{m^4 + 22m^3 + 159m^2 + 418m + 280}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((m^3 + 12*m^2 + 39*m + 28)*b^3*d^m*x^10 + 3*(m^3 + 15*m^2 + 54*m + 40)*a*b^2*d^m*x^7 + 3*(m^3 + 18*m^2 + 87*m + 70)*a^2*b*d^m*x^4 + (m^3 + 21*m^2 + 138*m + 280)*a^3*d^m*x)*x^m/(m^4 + 22*m^3 + 159*m^2 + 418*m + 280)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 384 vs. 2(161) = 322.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(dx)^m b^3 m^3 x^{10} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 12 (dx)^m b^3 m^2 x^{10} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 39 (dx)^m b^3 m x^{10} \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + \dots}{m^4 + 22m^3 + 159m^2 + 418m + 280}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{((d*x)^m*b^3*m^3*x^{10}*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 12*(d*x)^m*b^3*m^2*x^{10}*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 39*(d*x)^m*b^3*m*x^{10}*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 3*(d*x)^m*a*b^2*m^3*x^7*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 28*(d*x)^m*b^3*x^{10}*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 45*(d*x)^m*a*b^2*m^2*x^7*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 162*(d*x)^m*a*b^2*m*x^7*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 3*(d*x)^m*a^2*b*m^3*x^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 120*(d*x)^m*a*b^2*x^7*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 54*(d*x)^m*a^2*b*m^2*x^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 261*(d*x)^m*a^2*b*m*x^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + (d*x)^m*a^3*m^3*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 210*(d*x)^m*a^2*b*x^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 21*(d*x)^m*a^3*m^2*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 138*(d*x)^m*a^3*m*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 280*(d*x)^m*a^3*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/(m^4 + 22*m^3 + 159*m^2 + 418*m + 280)}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d*x)^m*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^m d^m x (b^3 m^3 x^9 + 12b^3 m^2 x^9 + 39b^3 m x^9 + 3a b^2 m^3 x^6 + 28b^3 x^9 + 45a b^2 m^2 x^6 + 162a b^2 m x^6 + 280a^3 x^3)}{m^4 + 22m^3 + 159m^2 + 418m + 280}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(x**m*d**m*x*(a**3*m**3 + 21*a**3*m**2 + 138*a**3*m + 280*a**3 + 3*a**2*b*
m**3*x**3 + 54*a**2*b*m**2*x**3 + 261*a**2*b*m*x**3 + 210*a**2*b*x**3 + 3*
a*b**2*m**3*x**6 + 45*a*b**2*m**2*x**6 + 162*a*b**2*m*x**6 + 120*a*b**2*x*
*6 + b**3*m**3*x**9 + 12*b**3*m**2*x**9 + 39*b**3*m*x**9 + 28*b**3*x**9))/
(m**4 + 22*m**3 + 159*m**2 + 418*m + 280)
```

3.105 $\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx$

Optimal result	986
Mathematica [A] (verified)	986
Rubi [A] (verified)	987
Maple [A] (verified)	988
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	989
Sympy [F(-1)]	989
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	989
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	990
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	990
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	990

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{a(dx)^{1+m} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{d(1+m)(a + bx^3)} + \frac{b(dx)^{4+m} \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}{d^4(4+m)(a + bx^3)}$$

output `a*(d*x)^(1+m)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/d/(1+m)/(b*x^3+a)+b*(d*x)^(4+m)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/d^4/(4+m)/(b*x^3+a)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{x(dx)^m \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2(a(4 + m) + b(1 + m)x^3)}}{(1 + m)(4 + m)(a + bx^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output `(x*(d*x)^m*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2]*(a*(4 + m) + b*(1 + m)*x^3))/((1 + m)*(4 + m)*(a + b*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} (dx)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int b(dx)^m (bx^3 + a) dx}{b(a + bx^3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int (dx)^m (bx^3 + a) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 802 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \int \left(a(dx)^m + \frac{b(dx)^{m+3}}{d^3} \right) dx}{a + bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} \left(\frac{a(dx)^{m+1}}{d^{m+1}} + \frac{b(dx)^{m+4}}{d^4(m+4)} \right)}{a + bx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6]*((a*(d*x)^(1 + m))/(d*(1 + m)) + (b*(d*x)^(4 + m))/(d^4*(4 + m)))/(a + b*x^3)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 802 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n - 1)])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x(bmx^3+bx^3+am+4a)(dx)^m\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{(4+m)(1+m)(bx^3+a)}$	56
risch	$\frac{x(bmx^3+bx^3+am+4a)(dx)^m\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{(4+m)(1+m)(bx^3+a)}$	56
orering	$\frac{x(bmx^3+bx^3+am+4a)(dx)^m\sqrt{(bx^3+a)^2}}{(4+m)(1+m)(bx^3+a)}$	56

input `int((d*x)^m*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*(b*m*x^3+b*x^3+a*m+4*a)*(d*x)^m*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)/(4+m)/(1+m)/(b*x^3+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{((bm + b)x^4 + (am + 4a)x)(dx)^m}{m^2 + 5m + 4}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((b*m + b)*x^4 + (a*m + 4*a)*x)*(d*x)^m/(m^2 + 5*m + 4)`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{(bd^m(m + 1)x^4 + ad^m(m + 4)x)x^m}{m^2 + 5m + 4}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(b*d^m*(m + 1)*x^4 + a*d^m*(m + 4)*x)*x^m/(m^2 + 5*m + 4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{(dx)^m bmx^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + (dx)^m bx^4 \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + (dx)^m amx \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a) + 4(dx)^m ax \operatorname{sgn}(bx^3 + a)}{m^2 + 5m + 4}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((d*x)^m*b*m*x^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + (d*x)^m*b*x^4*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + (d*x)^m*a*m*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a) + 4*(d*x)^m*a*x*sgn(b*x^3 + a))/(m^2 + 5*m + 4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{x (dx)^m \sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2} (4a + am + bx^3 + bmx^3)}{(bx^3 + a) (m^2 + 5m + 4)}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x*(d*x)^m*((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2)*(4*a + a*m + b*x^3 + b*m*x^3))/((a + b*x^3)*(5*m + m^2 + 4))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6} dx = \frac{x^m d^m x (bmx^3 + bx^3 + am + 4a)}{m^2 + 5m + 4}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output $(x^{m+1} d^m x (a^m + 4a + b^m x^3 + b x^3)) / (m^2 + 5m + 4)$

3.106 $\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx$

Optimal result	992
Mathematica [A] (verified)	992
Rubi [A] (verified)	993
Maple [F]	994
Fricas [F]	994
Sympy [F]	995
Maxima [F]	995
Giac [F]	995
Mupad [F(-1)]	996
Reduce [F]	996

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx = \frac{(dx)^{1+m} (a+bx^3) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{3}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{ad(1+m)\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}}$$

output `(d*x)^(1+m)*(b*x^3+a)*hypergeom([1, 1/3+1/3*m], [4/3+1/3*m], -b*x^3/a)/a/d/(1+m)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6}} dx \\ &= \frac{x(dx)^m (a+bx^3) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{3}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{a(1+m)\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6],x]`

output

```
(x*(d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/3, 1 + (1 + m)/3, -((b
*x^3)/a)]/(a*(1 + m)*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1384 \\
 & \frac{b(a + bx^3) \int \frac{(dx)^m}{b(bx^3+a)} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{(dx)^m}{bx^3+a} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 888 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) (dx)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+1}{3}, \frac{m+4}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{ad(m+1)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d*x)^m/Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6], x]
```

output

```
((d*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/3, (4 + m)/3, -((b
*x^3)/a)]/(a*d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m+1)/(c*(m+1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n-1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n-1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n-1)])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d*x)^m/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x)^m/sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m/((b*x**3+a)**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m/sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/sqrt((b*x^3 + a)^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/sqrt((b*x^3 + a)^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{(bx^3 + a)^2}} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((d*x)^m/((a + b*x^3)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} dx = d^m \left(\int \frac{x^m}{bx^3 + a} dx \right)$$

input `int((d*x)^m/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `d**m*int(x**m/(a + b*x**3),x)`

3.107 $\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	997
Mathematica [A] (verified)	997
Rubi [A] (verified)	998
Maple [F]	999
Fricas [F]	999
Sympy [F]	1000
Maxima [F]	1000
Giac [F]	1000
Mupad [F(-1)]	1001
Reduce [F]	1001

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(dx)^{1+m} (a + bx^3) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1+m}{3}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{a^3 d(1+m) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output `(d*x)^(1+m)*(b*x^3+a)*hypergeom([3, 1/3+1/3*m], [4/3+1/3*m], -b*x^3/a)/a^3/d/(1+m)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(dx)^m (a + bx^3) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1+m}{3}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{a^3(1+m) \sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (1 + m)/3, (4 + m)/3, -(b*x^3/a)]/(a^3*(1 + m)*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{b^3(a + bx^3) \int \frac{(dx)^m}{b^3(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(bx^3+a)^3} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) (dx)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{m+1}{3}, \frac{m+4}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{a^3 d(m+1) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d*x)^m/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((d*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^3)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (1 + m)/3, (4 + m)/3, -((b*x^3)/a)]/(a^3*d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m+1)/(c*(m+1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n-1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n-1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n-1)])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(d*x)^m/(b^4*x^12 + 4*a*b^3*x^9 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^6 + 4*a^3*b*x^3 + a^4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`output `int((d*x)^m/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{3/2}} dx = d^m \left(\int \frac{x^m}{b^3x^9 + 3ab^2x^6 + 3a^2bx^3 + a^3} dx \right)$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(3/2),x)`output `d**m*int(x**m/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**3 + 3*a*b**2*x**6 + b**3*x**9),x)`

3.108
$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1002
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1002
Rubi [A] (verified)	1003
Maple [F]	1004
Fricas [F]	1004
Sympy [F]	1005
Maxima [F]	1005
Giac [F]	1005
Mupad [F(-1)]	1006
Reduce [F]	1006

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(dx)^{1+m} (a + bx^3) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(5, \frac{1+m}{3}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{a^5 d(1+m)\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}$$

output `(d*x)^(1+m)*(b*x^3+a)*hypergeom([5, 1/3+1/3*m], [4/3+1/3*m], -b*x^3/a)/a^5/d/(1+m)/((b*x^3+a)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(dx)^m (a + bx^3) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(5, \frac{1+m}{3}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{a^5(1+m)\sqrt{(a + bx^3)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*(d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3)*Hypergeometric2F1[5, (1 + m)/3, (4 + m)/3, -(b*x^3/a)]/(a^5*(1 + m)*Sqrt[(a + b*x^3)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$, Rules used = {1384, 27, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1384} \\
 & \frac{b^5(a + bx^3) \int \frac{(dx)^m}{b^5(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(bx^3+a)^5} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^3) (dx)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(5, \frac{m+1}{3}, \frac{m+4}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{a^5 d(m+1) \sqrt{a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d*x)^m/(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
((d*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^3)*Hypergeometric2F1[5, (1 + m)/3, (4 + m)/3, -((b*x^3)/a)]/(a^5*d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6])
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m+1)/(c*(m+1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1384 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(b/2 + c*x^n)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && NeQ[u, x^(n-1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n-1)] && !(EqQ[p, 1/2] && EqQ[u, x^(-2*n-1)])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
integral(sqrt(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)*(d*x)^m/(b^6*x^18 + 6*a*b^5*x^15
+ 15*a^2*b^4*x^12 + 20*a^3*b^3*x^9 + 15*a^4*b^2*x^6 + 6*a^5*b*x^3 + a^6),
x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{((a + bx^3)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)**m/(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((d*x)**m/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((d*x)^m/(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{5/2}} dx = d^m \left(\int \frac{x^m}{b^5x^{15} + 5ab^4x^{12} + 10a^2b^3x^9 + 10a^3b^2x^6 + 5a^4bx^3 + a^5} dx \right)$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `d**m*int(x**m/(a**5 + 5*a**4*b*x**3 + 10*a**3*b**2*x**6 + 10*a**2*b**3*x**9 + 5*a*b**4*x**12 + b**5*x**15), x)`

3.109 $\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	1007
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1007
Rubi [A] (verified)	1008
Maple [F]	1009
Fricas [F]	1009
Sympy [F]	1010
Maxima [F]	1010
Giac [F]	1010
Mupad [F(-1)]	1011
Reduce [F]	1011

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(dx)^{1+m} \left(1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{3}, -2p, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{d(1+m)}$$

output `(d*x)^(1+m)*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p*hypergeom([-2*p, 1/3+1/3*m],[4/3+1/3*m],-b*x^3/a)/d/(1+m)/((1+b*x^3/a)^(2*p))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x(dx)^m \left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{-2p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{3}, -2p, 1 + \frac{1+m}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{1+m}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p,x]`

output

```
(x*(d*x)^m*((a + b*x^3)^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/3, -2*p, 1 + (1 + m)/3, -((b*x^3)/a)]/((1 + m)*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(2*p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1385, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1385$$

$$\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int (dx)^m \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(dx)^{m+1} \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+1}{3}, -2p, \frac{m+4}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{d(m+1)}$$

input

```
Int[(d*x)^m*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p,x]
```

output

```
((d*x)^(1 + m)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/3, -2*p, (4 + m)/3, -((b*x^3)/a)]/(d*(1 + m)*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(2*p))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1385 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^p dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`

output `int((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*(d*x)^m, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (dx)^m \left((a + bx^3)^2 \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m*((a + b*x**3)**2)**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*(d*x)^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*(d*x)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p,x)`

output `int((d*x)^m*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{d^m \left(x^m (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p x + 6 \left(\int \frac{x^m (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{bm x^3 + 6bp x^3 + b x^3 + am + 6ap + a} dx \right) amp + 36 \left(\int \frac{x^m (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{bm x^3 + 6bp x^3 + b x^3 + am + 6ap + a} dx \right) }{m + 6p + 1}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`

output `(d**m*(x**m*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*x + 6*int((x**m*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p)/(a*m + 6*a*p + a + b*m*x**3 + 6*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3),x)*a*m*p + 36*int((x**m*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p)/(a*m + 6*a*p + a + b*m*x**3 + 6*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3),x)*a*p**2 + 6*int((x**m*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p)/(a*m + 6*a*p + a + b*m*x**3 + 6*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3),x)*a*p))/(m + 6*p + 1)`

3.110 $\int x^{11}(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	1012
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1013
Rubi [A] (verified)	1013
Maple [A] (verified)	1015
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1015
Sympy [F]	1016
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1017
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1017
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1018
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1018

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int x^{11}(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = -\frac{a^3(a + bx^3)(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{3b^4(1 + 2p)} + \frac{a^2(a + bx^3)^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{2b^4(1 + p)} - \frac{a(a + bx^3)^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{b^4(3 + 2p)} + \frac{(a + bx^3)^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{6b^4(2 + p)}$$

output

$$-1/3*a^3*(b*x^3+a)*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/b^4/(1+2*p)+1/2*a^2*(b*x^3+a)^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/b^4/(p+1)-a*(b*x^3+a)^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/b^4/(3+2*p)+1/6*(b*x^3+a)^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/b^4/(2+p)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x^{11}(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx^3) \left((a + bx^3)^2 \right)^p (-3a^3 + 3a^2b(1 + 2p)x^3 - 3ab^2(1 + 3p + 2p^2)x^6 + b^3(3 + 11p + 12p^2 + 4p^3)x^9)}{6b^4(1 + p)(2 + p)(1 + 2p)(3 + 2p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^11*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p,x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^p*(-3*a^3 + 3*a^2*b*(1 + 2*p)*x^3 - 3*a*b^2*(1 + 3*p + 2*p^2)*x^6 + b^3*(3 + 11*p + 12*p^2 + 4*p^3)*x^9))/(6*b^4*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(1 + 2*p)*(3 + 2*p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1385, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{11}(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1385$$

$$\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int x^{11} \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int x^9 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1 \right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int \left(-\frac{a^3 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1 \right)^{2p}}{b^3} + \frac{3a^3 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1 \right)^{2p+1}}{b^3} - \frac{3a^3 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1 \right)^{2p+2}}{b^3} + \frac{a^3 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1 \right)^{2p+3}}{b^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1 \right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \left(\frac{3a^4 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1 \right)^{2(p+1)}}{2b^4(p+1)} + \frac{a^4 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1 \right)^{2(p+2)}}{2b^4(p+2)} - \frac{a^4 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1 \right)^{2p+1}}{b^4(2p+1)} - \frac{3a^4 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1 \right)^{2p}}{b^4(2p)} \right)$$

input `Int[x^11*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p,x]`

output `((a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p*((3*a^4*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(2*(1 + p)))/(2*b^4*(1 + p)) + (a^4*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(2*(2 + p)))/(2*b^4*(2 + p)) - (a^4*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(1 + 2*p))/(b^4*(1 + 2*p)) - (3*a^4*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(3 + 2*p))/(b^4*(3 + 2*p)))/(3*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(2*p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1385 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)]`

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^p(-4b^3p^3x^9-12b^3p^2x^9-11b^3px^9-3x^9b^3+6ab^2p^2x^6+9ab^2px^6+3ax^6b^2-6a^2bpx^3-3a^2x^3b+3a^3)(b^4(4p^4+20p^3+35p^2+25p+6))}{6b^4(4p^4+20p^3+35p^2+25p+6)}$
orering	$\frac{(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^p(-4b^3p^3x^9-12b^3p^2x^9-11b^3px^9-3x^9b^3+6ab^2p^2x^6+9ab^2px^6+3ax^6b^2-6a^2bpx^3-3a^2x^3b+3a^3)(b^4(4p^4+20p^3+35p^2+25p+6))}{6b^4(4p^4+20p^3+35p^2+25p+6)}$
risch	$\frac{(-4b^4p^3x^{12}-12b^4p^2x^{12}-11b^4px^{12}-4ab^3p^3x^9-3b^4x^{12}-6ab^3p^2x^9-2apx^9b^3+6a^2b^2p^2x^6+3a^2px^6b^2-6a^3px^3b+3a^4)(b^4(4p^4+20p^3+35p^2+25p+6))}{6(3+2p)(2+p)(p+1)(1+2p)b^4}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{4x^{12}(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^pb^4p^3+12x^{12}(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^pb^4p^2+11x^{12}(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^pb^4p+3x^{12}(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^pb^4}{6(3+2p)(2+p)(p+1)(1+2p)b^4}$

input

```
int(x^11*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/6*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p*(-4*b^3*p^3*x^9-12*b^3*p^2*x^9-11*b^3*p*x^9-3*b^3*x^9+6*a*b^2*p^2*x^6+9*a*b^2*p*x^6+3*a*b^2*x^6-6*a^2*b*p*x^3-3*a^2*b*x^3+3*a^3)*(b*x^3+a)/b^4/(4*p^4+20*p^3+35*p^2+25*p+6)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^{11}(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{((4b^4p^3 + 12b^4p^2 + 11b^4p + 3b^4)x^{12} + 2(2ab^3p^3 + 3ab^3p^2 + ab^3p)x^9 + 6a^3bpx^3 - 3(2a^2b^2p^2 + a^2b^2p)x^3 + 3a^3)(b^4(4p^4 + 20p^3 + 35p^2 + 25p + 6))}{6(4b^4p^4 + 20b^4p^3 + 35b^4p^2 + 25b^4p + 6b^4)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^11*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*((4*b^4*p^3 + 12*b^4*p^2 + 11*b^4*p + 3*b^4)*x^12 + 2*(2*a*b^3*p^3 + 3
*a*b^3*p^2 + a*b^3*p)*x^9 + 6*a^3*b*p*x^3 - 3*(2*a^2*b^2*p^2 + a^2*b^2*p)*
x^6 - 3*a^4)*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/(4*b^4*p^4 + 20*b^4*p^3 + 35*b^
4*p^2 + 25*b^4*p + 6*b^4)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{11}(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**11*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**p,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((x**12*(a**2)**p/12, Eq(b, 0)), (6*a**3*log(x - (-a/b)**(1/3))/(
18*a**3*b**4 + 54*a**2*b**5*x**3 + 54*a*b**6*x**6 + 18*b**7*x**9) + 6*a**3
*log(4*x**2 + 4*x*(-a/b)**(1/3) + 4*(-a/b)**(2/3))/(18*a**3*b**4 + 54*a**2
*b**5*x**3 + 54*a*b**6*x**6 + 18*b**7*x**9) - 12*a**3*log(2)/(18*a**3*b**4
+ 54*a**2*b**5*x**3 + 54*a*b**6*x**6 + 18*b**7*x**9) + 11*a**3/(18*a**3*b
**4 + 54*a**2*b**5*x**3 + 54*a*b**6*x**6 + 18*b**7*x**9) + 18*a**2*b*x**3*
log(x - (-a/b)**(1/3))/(18*a**3*b**4 + 54*a**2*b**5*x**3 + 54*a*b**6*x**6
+ 18*b**7*x**9) + 18*a**2*b*x**3*log(4*x**2 + 4*x*(-a/b)**(1/3) + 4*(-a/b)
**(2/3))/(18*a**3*b**4 + 54*a**2*b**5*x**3 + 54*a*b**6*x**6 + 18*b**7*x**9
) - 36*a**2*b*x**3*log(2)/(18*a**3*b**4 + 54*a**2*b**5*x**3 + 54*a*b**6*x
**6 + 18*b**7*x**9) + 27*a**2*b*x**3/(18*a**3*b**4 + 54*a**2*b**5*x**3 + 54
*a*b**6*x**6 + 18*b**7*x**9) + 18*a*b**2*x**6*log(x - (-a/b)**(1/3))/(18*a
**3*b**4 + 54*a**2*b**5*x**3 + 54*a*b**6*x**6 + 18*b**7*x**9) + 18*a*b**2*
x**6*log(4*x**2 + 4*x*(-a/b)**(1/3) + 4*(-a/b)**(2/3))/(18*a**3*b**4 + 54*
a**2*b**5*x**3 + 54*a*b**6*x**6 + 18*b**7*x**9) - 36*a*b**2*x**6*log(2)/(1
8*a**3*b**4 + 54*a**2*b**5*x**3 + 54*a*b**6*x**6 + 18*b**7*x**9) + 18*a*b
**2*x**6/(18*a**3*b**4 + 54*a**2*b**5*x**3 + 54*a*b**6*x**6 + 18*b**7*x**9)
+ 6*b**3*x**9*log(x - (-a/b)**(1/3))/(18*a**3*b**4 + 54*a**2*b**5*x**3 +
54*a*b**6*x**6 + 18*b**7*x**9) + 6*b**3*x**9*log(4*x**2 + 4*x*(-a/b)**(1/3
) + 4*(-a/b)**(2/3))/(18*a**3*b**4 + 54*a**2*b**5*x**3 + 54*a*b**6*x**6...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^{11}(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{((4p^3 + 12p^2 + 11p + 3)b^4x^{12} + 2(2p^3 + 3p^2 + p)ab^3x^9 - 3(2p^2 + p)a^2b^2x^6 + 6a^3bpx^3 - 3a^4)(bx^3 + a)^{2p}}{6(4p^4 + 20p^3 + 35p^2 + 25p + 6)b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{((4p^3 + 12p^2 + 11p + 3)b^4x^{12} + 2(2p^3 + 3p^2 + p)ab^3x^9 - 3(2p^2 + p)a^2b^2x^6 + 6a^3bpx^3 - 3a^4)(bx^3 + a)^{2p}}{(4p^4 + 20p^3 + 35p^2 + 25p + 6)b^4}$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 375 vs. 2(166) = 332.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int x^{11}(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{4(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^4 p^3 x^{12} + 12(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^4 p^2 x^{12} + 11(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^4 p x^{12} + 4(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^4}{6(4p^4 + 20p^3 + 35p^2 + 25p + 6)b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{4(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^4 p^3 x^{12} + 12(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^4 p^2 x^{12} + 11(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^4 p x^{12} + 4(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^4}{6(4p^4 + 20p^3 + 35p^2 + 25p + 6)b^4}$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^{11}(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \left(\frac{x^{12}(4p^3 + 12p^2 + 11p + 3)}{6(4p^4 + 20p^3 + 35p^2 + 25p + 6)} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{a^4}{2b^4(4p^4 + 20p^3 + 35p^2 + 25p + 6)} + \frac{a^3px^3}{b^3(4p^4 + 20p^3 + 35p^2 + 25p + 6)} \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{apx^9(2p^2 + 3p + 1)}{3b(4p^4 + 20p^3 + 35p^2 + 25p + 6)} - \frac{a^2px^6(2p + 1)}{2b^2(4p^4 + 20p^3 + 35p^2 + 25p + 6)} \right)$$

input `int(x^11*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p,x)`output `((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p*((x^12*(11*p + 12*p^2 + 4*p^3 + 3))/(6*(25*p + 35*p^2 + 20*p^3 + 4*p^4 + 6)) - a^4/(2*b^4*(25*p + 35*p^2 + 20*p^3 + 4*p^4 + 6)) + (a^3*p*x^3)/(b^3*(25*p + 35*p^2 + 20*p^3 + 4*p^4 + 6)) + (a*p*x^9*(3*p + 2*p^2 + 1))/(3*b*(25*p + 35*p^2 + 20*p^3 + 4*p^4 + 6)) - (a^2*p*x^6*(2*p + 1))/(2*b^2*(25*p + 35*p^2 + 20*p^3 + 4*p^4 + 6)))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{11}(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p (4b^4p^3x^{12} + 12b^4p^2x^{12} + 11b^4px^{12} + 4ab^3p^3x^9 + 3b^4x^{12} + 6ab^3p^2x^9 + 2ab^3px^9 - 6b^4(4p^4 + 20p^3 + 35p^2 + 25p + 6))}{6b^4(4p^4 + 20p^3 + 35p^2 + 25p + 6)}$$

input `int(x^11*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`output `((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*(- 3*a**4 + 6*a**3*b*p*x**3 - 6*a**2*b**2*p**2*x**6 - 3*a**2*b**2*p*x**6 + 4*a*b**3*p**3*x**9 + 6*a*b**3*p**2*x**9 + 2*a*b**3*p*x**9 + 4*b**4*p**3*x**12 + 12*b**4*p**2*x**12 + 11*b**4*p*x**12 + 3*b**4*x**12))/(6*b**4*(4*p**4 + 20*p**3 + 35*p**2 + 25*p + 6))`

3.111 $\int x^8(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	1019
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1019
Rubi [A] (verified)	1020
Maple [A] (verified)	1022
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1022
Sympy [F]	1023
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1024
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1024
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1025
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1025

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int x^8(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{a^2(a + bx^3)(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{3b^3(1 + 2p)} - \frac{a(a + bx^3)^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{3b^3(1 + p)} + \frac{(a + bx^3)^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{3b^3(3 + 2p)}$$

output

```
1/3*a^2*(b*x^3+a)*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/b^3/(1+2*p)-1/3*a*(b*x^3+a)^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/b^3/(p+1)+1/3*(b*x^3+a)^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/b^3/(3+2*p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int x^8(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^3) \left((a + bx^3)^2 \right)^p (a^2 - ab(1 + 2p)x^3 + b^2(1 + 3p + 2p^2)x^6)}{3b^3(1 + p)(1 + 2p)(3 + 2p)}$$

input `Integrate[x^8*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p,x]`

output $((a + b*x^3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^p*(a^2 - a*b*(1 + 2*p)*x^3 + b^2*(1 + 3*p + 2*p^2)*x^6))/(3*b^3*(1 + p)*(1 + 2*p)*(3 + 2*p))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1385, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1385$$

$$\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int x^8 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int x^6 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int \left(\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p}}{b^2} - \frac{2a^2 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \left(-\frac{a^3 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2(p+1)}}{b^3(p+1)} + \frac{a^3 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p+1}}{b^3(2p+1)} + \frac{a^3 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p+3}}{b^3(2p+3)} \right)$$

input `Int[x^8*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p,x]`

output `((a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p*(-((a^3*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(2*(1 + p)))/(b^3*(1 + p))) + (a^3*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(1 + 2*p))/(b^3*(1 + 2*p)) + (a^3*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(3 + 2*p))/(b^3*(3 + 2*p)))/(3*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(2*p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1385 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(bx^3+a)(2b^2p^2x^6+3b^2px^6+b^2x^6-2abpx^3-ax^3b+a^2)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^p}{3b^3(4p^3+12p^2+11p+3)}$
orering	$\frac{(bx^3+a)(2b^2p^2x^6+3b^2px^6+b^2x^6-2abpx^3-ax^3b+a^2)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^p}{3b^3(4p^3+12p^2+11p+3)}$
risch	$\frac{(2b^3p^2x^9+3b^3px^9+x^9b^3+2ab^2p^2x^6+ab^2px^6-2a^2bpx^3+a^3)((bx^3+a)^2)^p}{3(p+1)(3+2p)(1+2p)b^3}$
paralelrisch	$\frac{2x^9(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^p ab^3p^2+3x^9(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^p ab^3p+x^9(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^p ab^3+2x^6(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^p a^2b^2p^2}{3(3+2p)(p+1)a(1+2p)b^3}$

input `int(x^8*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(b*x^3+a)*(2*b^2*p^2*x^6+3*b^2*p*x^6+b^2*x^6-2*a*b*p*x^3-a*b*x^3+a^2)*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/b^3/(4*p^3+12*p^2+11*p+3)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{((2b^3p^2 + 3b^3p + b^3)x^9 - 2a^2bpx^3 + (2ab^2p^2 + ab^2p)x^6 + a^3)(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{3(4b^3p^3 + 12b^3p^2 + 11b^3p + 3b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^8*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*((2*b^3*p^2 + 3*b^3*p + b^3)*x^9 - 2*a^2*b*p*x^3 + (2*a*b^2*p^2 + a*b^2*p)*x^6 + a^3)*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/(4*b^3*p^3 + 12*b^3*p^2 + 11*b^3*p + 3*b^3)`

SymPy [F]

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x^9 (a^2)^p}{9} \\ \int \frac{x^8}{((a+bx^3)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx \\ \frac{2a^2 \log\left(x - \sqrt[3]{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{3ab^3 + 3b^4x^3} - \frac{2a^2 \log\left(4x^2 + 4x\sqrt[3]{-\frac{a}{b}} + 4\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{3ab^3 + 3b^4x^3} - \frac{2a^2}{3ab^3 + 3b^4x^3} + \frac{4a^2 \log(2)}{3ab^3 + 3b^4x^3} - \frac{2abx^3 \log\left(x - \sqrt[3]{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{3ab^3 + 3b^4x^3} - \frac{2abx^3}{3ab^3 + 3b^4x^3} \\ \int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2}} dx \\ \frac{a^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{12b^3p^3 + 36b^3p^2 + 33b^3p + 9b^3} - \frac{2a^2bx^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{12b^3p^3 + 36b^3p^2 + 33b^3p + 9b^3} + \frac{2ab^2p^2x^6 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{12b^3p^3 + 36b^3p^2 + 33b^3p + 9b^3} + \frac{ab^2px^6 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{12b^3p^3 + 36b^3p^2 + 33b^3p + 9b^3} + \frac{2b^3p^2x^9}{12b^3p^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**8*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**p,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((x**9*(a**2)**p/9, Eq(b, 0)), (Integral(x**8/((a + b*x**3)**2)**(3/2), x), Eq(p, -3/2)), (-2*a**2*log(x - (-a/b)**(1/3))/(3*a*b**3 + 3*b**4*x**3) - 2*a**2*log(4*x**2 + 4*x*(-a/b)**(1/3) + 4*(-a/b)**(2/3))/(3*a*b**3 + 3*b**4*x**3) - 2*a**2/(3*a*b**3 + 3*b**4*x**3) + 4*a**2*log(2)/(3*a*b**3 + 3*b**4*x**3) - 2*a*b*x**3*log(x - (-a/b)**(1/3))/(3*a*b**3 + 3*b**4*x**3) - 2*a*b*x**3*log(4*x**2 + 4*x*(-a/b)**(1/3) + 4*(-a/b)**(2/3))/(3*a*b**3 + 3*b**4*x**3) + 4*a*b*x**3*log(2)/(3*a*b**3 + 3*b**4*x**3) + b**2*x**6/(3*a*b**3 + 3*b**4*x**3), Eq(p, -1)), (Integral(x**8/sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x), Eq(p, -1/2)), (a**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(12*b**3*p**3 + 36*b**3*p**2 + 33*b**3*p + 9*b**3) - 2*a**2*b*p*x**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(12*b**3*p**3 + 36*b**3*p**2 + 33*b**3*p + 9*b**3) + 2*a*b**2*p**2*x**6*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(12*b**3*p**3 + 36*b**3*p**2 + 33*b**3*p + 9*b**3) + a*b**2*p*x**6*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(12*b**3*p**3 + 36*b**3*p**2 + 33*b**3*p + 9*b**3) + 2*b**3*p**2*x**9*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(12*b**3*p**3 + 36*b**3*p**2 + 33*b**3*p + 9*b**3) + 3*b**3*p*x**9*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(12*b**3*p**3 + 36*b**3*p**2 + 33*b**3*p + 9*b**3) + b**3*x**9*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(12*b**3*p**3 + 36*b**3*p**2 + 33*b**3*p + 9*b**3), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{((2p^2 + 3p + 1)b^3x^9 + (2p^2 + p)ab^2x^6 - 2a^2bpx^3 + a^3)(bx^3 + a)^{2p}}{3(4p^3 + 12p^2 + 11p + 3)b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^8*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*((2*p^2 + 3*p + 1)*b^3*x^9 + (2*p^2 + p)*a*b^2*x^6 - 2*a^2*b*p*x^3 + a^3)*(b*x^3 + a)^(2*p)/((4*p^3 + 12*p^2 + 11*p + 3)*b^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{2(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^3 p^2 x^9 + 3(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^3 p x^9 + (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^3 x^9 + 2(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^3 p x^9 + 3(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^3 p^2 x^9 + 3(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^3 p x^9 + (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^3 x^9 + 2(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^3 p x^9 + 3(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^3 p^2 x^9}{3(4b^3p^3 + 12b^3p^2 + 11b^3p + 3b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^8*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(2*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*b^3*p^2*x^9 + 3*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*b^3*p*x^9 + (b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*b^3*x^9 + 2*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*a*b^2*p^2*x^6 + (b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*a*b^2*p*x^6 - 2*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*a^2*b*p*x^3 + (b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*a^3)/(4*b^3*p^3 + 12*b^3*p^2 + 11*b^3*p + 3*b^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \left(\frac{x^9 \left(\frac{2p^2}{3} + p + \frac{1}{3} \right)}{4p^3 + 12p^2 + 11p + 3} + \frac{a^3}{3b^3 (4p^3 + 12p^2 + 11p + 3)} - \frac{2a^2px^3}{3b^2 (4p^3 + 12p^2 + 11p + 3)} + \frac{apx^6(2p+1)}{3b (4p^3 + 12p^2 + 11p + 3)} \right)$$

input `int(x^8*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p,x)`output `(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p*((x^9*(p + (2*p^2)/3 + 1/3))/(11*p + 12*p^2 + 4*p^3 + 3) + a^3/(3*b^3*(11*p + 12*p^2 + 4*p^3 + 3)) - (2*a^2*p*x^3)/(3*b^2*(11*p + 12*p^2 + 4*p^3 + 3)) + (a*p*x^6*(2*p + 1))/(3*b*(11*p + 12*p^2 + 4*p^3 + 3)))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^8 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p (2b^3p^2x^9 + 3b^3px^9 + b^3x^9 + 2ab^2p^2x^6 + ab^2px^6 - 2a^2bpx^3 + a^3)}{3b^3 (4p^3 + 12p^2 + 11p + 3)}$$

input `int(x^8*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`output `((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*(a**3 - 2*a**2*b*p*x**3 + 2*a*b**2*p**2*x**6 + a*b**2*p*x**6 + 2*b**3*p**2*x**9 + 3*b**3*p*x**9 + b**3*x**9))/(3*b**3*(4*p**3 + 12*p**2 + 11*p + 3))`

3.112 $\int x^5(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	1026
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1026
Rubi [A] (verified)	1027
Maple [A] (verified)	1028
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1029
Sympy [F]	1029
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1030
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1030
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1031
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1031

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int x^5(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = -\frac{a(a + bx^3)(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{3b^2(1 + 2p)} + \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{1+p}}{6b^2(1 + p)}$$

output

```
-1/3*a*(b*x^3+a)*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/b^2/(1+2*p)+1/6*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^(p+1)/b^2/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x^5(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^3) \left((a + bx^3)^2 \right)^p (-a + b(1 + 2p)x^3)}{6b^2(1 + p)(1 + 2p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p,x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^p*(-a + b*(1 + 2*p)*x^3))/(6*b^2*(1 + p)*(1 + 2*p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1693, 1100, 1079, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1693} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int x^3 (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1100} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{p+1}}{2b^2(p+1)} - \frac{a \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p dx^3}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1079} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{p+1}}{2b^2(p+1)} - \frac{a(ab + b^2x^3)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int (b^2x^3 + ab)^{2p} dx^3}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{17} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^{p+1}}{2b^2(p+1)} - \frac{a(ab + b^2x^3) (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{b^3(2p+1)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p,x]`

output `((-(a*(a*b + b^2*x^3)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p)/(b^3*(1 + 2*p))) + (a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^(1 + p)/(2*b^2*(1 + p)))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 $\text{Int}[(c_)*(a_)+(b_)*(x_)]^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*((a + b*x)^{(m + 1)})/(b*(m + 1)), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 1079 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(c^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \ \text{Int}[(b/2 + c*x)^{(2*p)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1100 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)]*(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(2*c*(p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

rule 1693 $\text{Int}[(x_)]^{(m_)}*((a_)+(c_)*(x_)]^{(n2_)}+(b_)*(x_)]^{(n_)]^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{(-2b^2px^6 - b^2x^6 - 2abpx^3 + a^2)(bx^3 + a)^p}{6b^2(p+1)(1+2p)}$	58
gosper	$-\frac{(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^p(-2pbx^3 - bx^3 + a)(bx^3 + a)}{6b^2(2p^2 + 3p + 1)}$	60
orering	$-\frac{(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^p(-2pbx^3 - bx^3 + a)(bx^3 + a)}{6b^2(2p^2 + 3p + 1)}$	60
norman	$\frac{x^6 e^{p \ln(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)}}{6p+6} - \frac{a^2 e^{p \ln(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)}}{6b^2(2p^2 + 3p + 1)} + \frac{pax^3 e^{p \ln(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)}}{3b(2p^2 + 3p + 1)}$	120
paralelrisch	$\frac{2x^6(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^p b^2 p + x^6(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^p b^2 + 2x^3(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^p abp - (b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^p a^2}{6b^2(2p^2 + 3p + 1)}$	128

input $\text{int}(x^5*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

$$-1/6*(-2*b^2*p*x^6-b^2*x^6-2*a*b*p*x^3+a^2)/b^2/(p+1)/(1+2*p)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^p$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^5(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{((2b^2p + b^2)x^6 + 2abpx^3 - a^2)(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{6(2b^2p^2 + 3b^2p + b^2)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$1/6*((2*b^2*p + b^2)*x^6 + 2*a*b*p*x^3 - a^2)*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/(2*b^2*p^2 + 3*b^2*p + b^2)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^5(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x^6(a^2)^p}{6} \\ \frac{a \log\left(x - \sqrt[3]{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{3ab^2 + 3b^3x^3} + \frac{a \log\left(4x^2 + 4x\sqrt[3]{-\frac{a}{b}} + 4\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{3ab^2 + 3b^3x^3} - \frac{2a \log(2)}{3ab^2 + 3b^3x^3} + \frac{a}{3ab^2 + 3b^3x^3} + \frac{bx^3 \log\left(x - \sqrt[3]{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{3ab^2 + 3b^3x^3} + \frac{bx^3 \log\left(4x^2 + 4x\sqrt[3]{-\frac{a}{b}} + 4\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{3ab^2 + 3b^3x^3} \\ \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2}} dx \\ -\frac{a^2(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^p}{12b^2p^2+18b^2p+6b^2} + \frac{2abpx^3(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^p}{12b^2p^2+18b^2p+6b^2} + \frac{2b^2px^6(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^p}{12b^2p^2+18b^2p+6b^2} + \frac{b^2x^6(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^p}{12b^2p^2+18b^2p+6b^2} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**5*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**p,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((x**6*(a**2)**p/6, Eq(b, 0)), (a*log(x - (-a/b)**(1/3))/(3*a*b**2 + 3*b**3*x**3) + a*log(4*x**2 + 4*x*(-a/b)**(1/3) + 4*(-a/b)**(2/3))/(3*a*b**2 + 3*b**3*x**3) - 2*a*log(2)/(3*a*b**2 + 3*b**3*x**3) + a/(3*a*b**2 + 3*b**3*x**3) + b*x**3*log(x - (-a/b)**(1/3))/(3*a*b**2 + 3*b**3*x**3) + b*x**3*log(4*x**2 + 4*x*(-a/b)**(1/3) + 4*(-a/b)**(2/3))/(3*a*b**2 + 3*b**3*x**3) - 2*b*x**3*log(2)/(3*a*b**2 + 3*b**3*x**3), Eq(p, -1)), (Integral(x**5/sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x), Eq(p, -1/2)), (-a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(12*b**2*p**2 + 18*b**2*p + 6*b**2) + 2*a*b*p*x**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(12*b**2*p**2 + 18*b**2*p + 6*b**2) + 2*b**2*p*x**6*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(12*b**2*p**2 + 18*b**2*p + 6*b**2), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{(b^2(2p+1)x^6 + 2abpx^3 - a^2)(bx^3 + a)^{2p}}{6(2p^2 + 3p + 1)b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*(b^2*(2*p + 1)*x^6 + 2*a*b*p*x^3 - a^2)*(b*x^3 + a)^(2*p)/((2*p^2 + 3*p + 1)*b^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{2(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^2 p x^6 + (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b^2 x^6 + 2(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p ab p x^3 - (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p a^2}{6(2b^2p^2 + 3b^2p + b^2)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{6} \cdot (2 \cdot (b^2 x^6 + 2 a b x^3 + a^2)^p \cdot b^2 p x^6 + (b^2 x^6 + 2 a b x^3 + a^2)^p \cdot b^2 x^6 + 2 \cdot (b^2 x^6 + 2 a b x^3 + a^2)^p \cdot a b p x^3 - (b^2 x^6 + 2 a b x^3 + a^2)^p \cdot a^2) / (2 b^2 p^2 + 3 b^2 p + b^2)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6)^p dx = (a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6)^p \left(\frac{x^6 (2 p + 1)}{6 (2 p^2 + 3 p + 1)} - \frac{a^2}{6 b^2 (2 p^2 + 3 p + 1)} + \frac{a p x^3}{3 b (2 p^2 + 3 p + 1)} \right)$$

input

$$\text{int}(x^5 \cdot (a^2 + b^2 x^6 + 2 a b x^3)^p, x)$$

output

$$(a^2 + b^2 x^6 + 2 a b x^3)^p \cdot ((x^6 \cdot (2 p + 1)) / (6 \cdot (3 p + 2 p^2 + 1)) - a^2 / (6 \cdot b^2 \cdot (3 p + 2 p^2 + 1)) + (a p x^3) / (3 \cdot b \cdot (3 p + 2 p^2 + 1)))$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^5 (a^2 + 2 a b x^3 + b^2 x^6)^p dx = \frac{(b^2 x^6 + 2 a b x^3 + a^2)^p (2 b^2 p x^6 + b^2 x^6 + 2 a b p x^3 - a^2)}{6 b^2 (2 p^2 + 3 p + 1)}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x^5 \cdot (b^2 x^6 + 2 a b x^3 + a^2)^p, x)$$

output

$$((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p * (- a**2 + 2*a*b*p*x**3 + 2*b**2*p*x**6 + b**2*x**6)) / (6*b**2*(2*p**2 + 3*p + 1))$$

3.113 $\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	1032
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1032
Rubi [A] (verified)	1033
Maple [F]	1034
Fricas [F]	1034
Sympy [F]	1035
Maxima [F]	1035
Giac [F]	1035
Mupad [F(-1)]	1036
Reduce [F]	1036

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{1}{5}x^5 \left(1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{3}, -2p, \frac{8}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)$$

output `1/5*x^5*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p*hypergeom([5/3, -2*p],[8/3],-b*x^3/a)/((1+b*x^3/a)^(2*p))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{1}{5}x^5 \left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{-2p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{3}, -2p, \frac{8}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p,x]`

output $(x^5((a + bx^3)^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/3, -2p, 8/3, -(bx^3/a)]) / (5 * (1 + (bx^3/a)^{(2p)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1385, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1385$$

$$\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int x^4 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{1}{5} x^5 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{3}, -2p, \frac{8}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)$$

input $\text{Int}[x^4*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p, x]$

output $(x^5*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/3, -2p, 8/3, -(bx^3/a)]) / (5*(1 + (bx^3/a)^{(2p)})$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1385 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^4 (b^2 x^6 + 2a x^3 b + a^2)^p dx$$

input `int(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*x^4, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int x^4((a + bx^3)^2)^p dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral(x**4*((a + b*x**3)**2)**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*x^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^4(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p,x)`output `int(x^4*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^4 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{3(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p apx^2 + 3(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p bpx^5 + (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p bx^5 - 108 \left(\int \frac{1}{18bp^2x^3} \right)}{1}$$

input `int(x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`output `(3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*a*p*x**2 + 3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*b*p*x**5 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*b*x**5 - 108*int(((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*x)/(18*a*p**2 + 21*a*p + 5*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 21*b*p*x**3 + 5*b*x**3),x)*a**2*p**3 - 126*int(((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*x)/(18*a*p**2 + 21*a*p + 5*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 21*b*p*x**3 + 5*b*x**3),x)*a**2*p**2 - 30*int(((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*x)/(18*a*p**2 + 21*a*p + 5*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 21*b*p*x**3 + 5*b*x**3),x)*a**2*p)/(b*(18*p**2 + 21*p + 5))`

3.114 $\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	1037
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1037
Rubi [A] (verified)	1038
Maple [F]	1039
Fricas [F]	1039
Sympy [F]	1040
Maxima [F]	1040
Giac [F]	1040
Mupad [F(-1)]	1041
Reduce [F]	1041

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{1}{4}x^4 \left(1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, -2p, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)$$

output `1/4*x^4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p*hypergeom([4/3, -2*p],[7/3],-b*x^3/a)/((1+b*x^3/a)^(2*p))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{1}{4}x^4 \left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{-2p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, -2p, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p,x]`

output $(x^4((a + bx^3)^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[4/3, -2p, 7/3, -(bx^3/a)]) / (4 * (1 + (bx^3)/a)^{(2p)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1385, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1385$$

$$\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int x^3 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{1}{4} x^4 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, -2p, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)$$

input $\text{Int}[x^3(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p, x]$

output $(x^4*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[4/3, -2p, 7/3, -(bx^3/a)]) / (4*(1 + (bx^3)/a)^{(2p)})$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1385 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 (b^2 x^6 + 2a x^3 b + a^2)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*x^3, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int x^3((a + bx^3)^2)^p dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*((a + b*x**3)**2)**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^3(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p,x)`output `int(x^3*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{6(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p apx + 6(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p bp x^4 + (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p b x^4 - 108 \left(\int \frac{1}{18bp^2x^3+1} \right)}{1}$$

input `int(x^3*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`output `(6*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*a*p*x + 6*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*b*p*x**4 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*b*x**4 - 108*int((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(18*a*p**2 + 15*a*p + 2*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 15*b*p*x**3 + 2*b*x**3),x)*a**2*p**3 - 90*int((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(18*a*p**2 + 15*a*p + 2*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 15*b*p*x**3 + 2*b*x**3),x)*a**2*p**2 - 12*int((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(18*a*p**2 + 15*a*p + 2*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 15*b*p*x**3 + 2*b*x**3),x)*a**2*p)/(2*b*(18*p**2 + 15*p + 2))`

3.115 $\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	1042
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1042
Rubi [A] (verified)	1043
Maple [A] (verified)	1044
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1044
Sympy [F]	1045
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1045
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1046
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1046
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1046

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^3)(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{3b(1 + 2p)}$$

output $1/3*(b*x^3+a)*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/b/(1+2*p)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^3) \left((a + bx^3)^2 \right)^p}{3b(1 + 2p)}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p,x]$

output $((a + b*x^3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^p)/(3*b*(1 + 2*p))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1690, 1079, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1690 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow 1079 \\ & \frac{1}{3} (ab + b^2x^3)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int (b^2x^3 + ab)^{2p} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow 17 \\ & \frac{(ab + b^2x^3) (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{3b^2(2p + 1)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p,x]`

output `((a*b + b^2*x^3)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p)/(3*b^2*(1 + 2*p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1079 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2 + c*x)^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[(b/2 + c*x)^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1690

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(bx^3+a)((bx^3+a)^2)^p}{3b(1+2p)}$	31
gospers	$\frac{(bx^3+a)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^p}{3b(1+2p)}$	40
orering	$\frac{(bx^3+a)(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^p}{3b(1+2p)}$	40
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^3(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^p ab + (b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)^p a^2}{3ab(1+2p)}$	67
norman	$\frac{x^3 e^{p \ln(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)}}{6p+3} + \frac{a e^{p \ln(b^2x^6+2ax^3b+a^2)}}{3b(1+2p)}$	71

input

```
int(x^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*(b*x^3+a)/b/(1+2*p)*((b*x^3+a)^2)^p
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{(bx^3 + a)(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{3(2bp + b)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*(b*x^3 + a)*(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/(2*b*p + b)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x^3}{3\sqrt{a^2}} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge p = -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{x^3(a^2)^p}{3} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{(a+bx^3)^2}} dx & \text{for } p = -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{a(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^p}{6bp+3b} + \frac{bx^3(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^p}{6bp+3b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**p,x)`

output `Piecewise((x**3/(3*sqrt(a**2)), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(p, -1/2)), (x**3*(a**2)**p/3, Eq(b, 0)), (Integral(x**2/sqrt((a + b*x**3)**2), x), Eq(p, -1/2)), (a*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(6*b*p + 3*b) + b*x**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(6*b*p + 3*b), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^2 (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{(bx^3 + a)(bx^3 + a)^{2p}}{3b(2p + 1)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + a)^(2*p)/(b*(2*p + 1))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p bx^3 + (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p a}{3(2bp + b)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*b*x^3 + (b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*a)/(2*b*p + b)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \left(\frac{x^3}{3(2p+1)} + \frac{a}{3b(2p+1)} \right) (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p$$

input `int(x^2*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p,x)`

output `(x^3/(3*(2*p + 1)) + a/(3*b*(2*p + 1)))*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^2(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p (bx^3 + a)}{3b(2p+1)}$$

input `int(x^2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`

output `((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*(a + b*x**3))/(3*b*(2*p + 1))`

3.116 $\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	1047
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1047
Rubi [A] (verified)	1048
Maple [F]	1049
Fricas [F]	1049
Sympy [F]	1050
Maxima [F]	1050
Giac [F]	1050
Mupad [F(-1)]	1051
Reduce [F]	1051

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{x^2(a + bx^3)(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5}{3} + 2p, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{2a}$$

output

$1/2*x^2*(b*x^3+a)*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, 5/3+2*p], [5/3], -b*x^3/a)/a$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^p\left(1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{-2p}\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, -2p, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)$$

input

$\operatorname{Integrate}[x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p,x]$

output

$$(x^2((a + bx^3)^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2/3, -2p, 5/3, -((bx^3)/a)]) / (2 * (1 + (bx^3)/a)^{(2p)})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1385, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1385$$

$$\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int x \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x^2 \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{2}{3}, -2p, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p, x]$$

output

$$(x^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2/3, -2p, 5/3, -((bx^3)/a)]) / (2*(1 + (bx^3)/a)^{(2p)})$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1385 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*x, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int x((a + bx^3)^2)^p dx$$

input `integrate(x*(b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral(x*((a + b*x**3)**2)**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p*x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p,x)`output `int(x*(a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p x^2 + 18 \left(\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p x}{3bx^3 + b^2x^3 + 3ap + a} dx \right) ap^2 + 6 \left(\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p x}{3bx^3 + b^2x^3 + 3ap + a} dx \right) ap}{6p + 2}$$

input `int(x*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`output `((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*x**2 + 18*int(((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*x)/(3*a*p + a + 3*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3),x)*a*p**2 + 6*int(((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*x)/(3*a*p + a + 3*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3),x)*a*p)/(2*(3*p + 1))`

3.117 $\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	1052
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1052
Rubi [A] (verified)	1053
Maple [F]	1054
Fricas [F]	1054
Sympy [F]	1055
Maxima [F]	1055
Giac [F]	1055
Mupad [F(-1)]	1056
Reduce [F]	1056

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{x(a + bx^3)(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{4}{3} + 2p, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{a}$$

output

`x*(b*x^3+a)*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p*hypergeom([1, 4/3+2*p], [4/3], -b*x^3/a)/a`

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.98

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \frac{4^{-p} \left((-1)^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} + (-1)^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{bx}}{(1 + \sqrt[3]{-1}) \sqrt[3]{a}} \right)^{-2p} \left(\frac{i \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right)^{-2p} \left((a + bx^3)^2 \right)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + 2p, -2p, \dots \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}(1 + 2p)}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p,x]`

output `(((-1)^(2/3)*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^p*AppellF1[1 + 2*p, -2*p, -2*p, 2*(1 + p), -(((1)^(2/3)*((-1)^(2/3)*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x))/((1 + (-1)^(1/3))*a^(1/3))], (I + Sqrt[3] - ((2*I)*b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/(4^p*b^(1/3)*(1 + 2*p)*((a^(1/3) + (-1)^(2/3)*b^(1/3)*x)/((1 + (-1)^(1/3))*a^(1/3)))^(2*p)*((I*(1 + (b^(1/3)*x)/a^(1/3)))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]))^(2*p))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1385, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1385$$

$$\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$x \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, -2p, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)$$

input `Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, -2*p, 4/3, -((b*x^3)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(2*p)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1385 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^p dx$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`

output `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx = \int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p,x)`output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p x + 36 \left(\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{6bp^2x^3 + b^2x^3 + 6ap + a} dx \right) ap^2 + 6 \left(\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{6bp^2x^3 + b^2x^3 + 6ap + a} dx \right) ap}{6p + 1}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p,x)`output `((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p*x + 36*int((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(6*a*p + a + 6*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3),x)*a*p**2 + 6*int((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(6*a*p + a + 6*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3),x)*a*p)/(6*p + 1)`

3.118 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^p}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1057
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1057
Rubi [A] (verified)	1058
Maple [F]	1059
Fricas [F]	1059
Sympy [F]	1060
Maxima [F]	1060
Giac [F]	1060
Mupad [F(-1)]	1061
Reduce [F]	1061

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^3)(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + 2p, 2(1 + p), 1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{3a(1 + 2p)}$$

output

```
-1/3*(b*x^3+a)*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p*hypergeom([1, 1+2*p], [2*p+2], 1+b*x^3/a)/a/(1+2*p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^3)\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + 2p, 2 + 2p, 1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{3a(1 + 2p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p/x,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*((a + b*x^3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + 2*p, 2 + 2*p,
1 + (b*x^3)/a])/(a*(1 + 2*p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1385, 798, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x} dx$$

↓ 1385

$$\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p}}{x} dx$$

↓ 798

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p}}{x^3} dx^3$$

↓ 75

$$-\frac{\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right) (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2p + 1, 2(p + 1), \frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)}{3(2p + 1)}$$

input

```
Int[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p/x,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*((1 + (b*x^3)/a)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1
+ 2*p, 2*(1 + p), 1 + (b*x^3)/a])/(1 + 2*p)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1385 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x,x)`

output `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/x, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**p/x, x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**p/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p/x, x)`output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p/x, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x} dx = \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p + 6 \left(\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{bx^4 + ax} dx \right) ap}{6p}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x, x)`output `((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p + 6*int((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)
)**p/(a*x + b*x**4), x)*a*p)/(6*p)`

3.119 $\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1062
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1062
Rubi [A] (verified)	1063
Maple [F]	1064
Fricas [F]	1064
Sympy [F]	1065
Maxima [F]	1065
Giac [F]	1065
Mupad [F(-1)]	1066
Reduce [F]	1066

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^2} dx = - \frac{\left(1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -2p, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{x}$$

output

```
-(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/3, -2*p], [2/3], -b*x^3/a)/x/((1+b*x^3/a)^(2*p))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^2} dx = - \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{-2p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -2p, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{x}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p/x^2,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\left(\left(a + b x^3\right)^2\right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{3}, -2p, \frac{2}{3}, -\left(\frac{b x^3}{a}\right)\right]\right) / \left(x \left(1 + \left(\frac{b x^3}{a}\right)^{2p}\right)\right)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1385, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1385}$$

$$\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -2p, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{x}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[\left(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6\right)^p / x^2, x\right]$$

output

$$-\left(\left(\left(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6\right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{3}, -2p, \frac{2}{3}, -\left(\frac{b x^3}{a}\right)\right]\right)\right) / \left(x \left(1 + \left(\frac{b x^3}{a}\right)^{2p}\right)\right)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1385 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**p/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**p/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p/x^2,x)`output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p/x^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p + 36 \left(\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{6bx^5 - bx^5 + 6apx^2 - ax^2} dx \right) ap^2x - 6 \left(\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{6bx^5 - bx^5 + 6apx^2 - ax^2} dx \right) apx}{x(6p - 1)}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^2,x)`output `((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p + 36*int((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(6*a*p*x**2 - a*x**2 + 6*b*p*x**5 - b*x**5),x)*a*p**2*x - 6*int((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(6*a*p*x**2 - a*x**2 + 6*b*p*x**5 - b*x**5),x)*a*p*x)/(x*(6*p - 1))`

3.120 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^p}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1067
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1067
Rubi [A] (verified)	1068
Maple [F]	1069
Fricas [F]	1069
Sympy [F]	1070
Maxima [F]	1070
Giac [F]	1070
Mupad [F(-1)]	1071
Reduce [F]	1071

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\left(1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -2p, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{2x^2}$$

output `-1/2*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p*hypergeom([-2/3, -2*p], [1/3], -b*x^3/a)/x^2/((1+b*x^3/a)^(2*p))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{-2p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -2p, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{2x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p/x^3,x]`

output
$$-1/2*((a + b*x^3)^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, -2*p, 1/3, -((b*x^3)/a)]/(x^2*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(2*p))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1385, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 1385

$$\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -2p, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{2x^2}$$

input
$$\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p/x^3, x]$$

output
$$-1/2*((a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, -2*p, 1/3, -((b*x^3)/a)]/(x^2*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(2*p))$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1385 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**p/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**p/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p/x^3,x)`output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p/x^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p + 18 \left(\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{3bp x^6 - b x^6 + 3ap x^3 - a x^3} dx \right) a p^2 x^2 - 6 \left(\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{3bp x^6 - b x^6 + 3ap x^3 - a x^3} dx \right) a p x^2}{2x^2 (3p - 1)}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^3,x)`output `((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p + 18*int((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(3*a*p*x**3 - a*x**3 + 3*b*p*x**6 - b*x**6),x)*a*p**2*x**2 - 6*int((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(3*a*p*x**3 - a*x**3 + 3*b*p*x**6 - b*x**6),x)*a*p*x**2)/(2*x**2*(3*p - 1))`

3.121 $\int \frac{(a^2+2abx^3+b^2x^6)^p}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1072
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1072
Rubi [A] (verified)	1073
Maple [F]	1074
Fricas [F]	1074
Sympy [F]	1075
Maxima [F]	1075
Giac [F]	1075
Mupad [F(-1)]	1076
Reduce [F]	1076

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \frac{b(a + bx^3)(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + 2p, 2(1 + p), 1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{3a^2(1 + 2p)}$$

output

```
1/3*b*(b*x^3+a)*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p*hypergeom([2, 1+2*p], [2*p+2], 1+b*x^3/a)/a^2/(1+2*p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \frac{b(a + bx^3) \left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + 2p, 2 + 2p, 1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{3a^2(1 + 2p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p/x^4,x]
```

output

$$(b*(a + b*x^3)*((a + b*x^3)^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + 2*p, 2 + 2*p, 1 + (b*x^3)/a])/(3*a^2*(1 + 2*p))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1385, 798, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1385} \\ & \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p}}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p}}{x^6} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\ & \frac{b\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right) (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 2p + 1, 2(p + 1), \frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)}{3a(2p + 1)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p/x^4, x]$$

output

$$(b*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + 2*p, 2*(1 + p), 1 + (b*x^3)/a])/(3*a*(1 + 2*p))$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1385 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^4,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**p/x**4,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**p/x**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/x^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p/x^4, x)`output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p/x^4, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \frac{-(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p + 6 \left(\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{bx^4 + ax} dx \right) bp x^3}{3x^3}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^4, x)`output `(- (a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p + 6*int((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(a*x + b*x**4), x)*b*p*x**3)/(3*x**3)`

$$3.122 \quad \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^5} dx$$

Optimal result	1077
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1077
Rubi [A] (verified)	1078
Maple [F]	1079
Fricas [F]	1079
Sympy [F]	1080
Maxima [F]	1080
Giac [F]	1080
Mupad [F(-1)]	1081
Reduce [F]	1081

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^5} dx = -\frac{\left(1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{4}{3}, -2p, -\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{4x^4}$$

output
$$-1/4*(b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p*\operatorname{hypergeom}\left(-\frac{4}{3}, -2*p\right), [-1/3], -b*x^3/a)/x^4 /((1+b*x^3/a)^(2*p))$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^5} dx = -\frac{\left((a + bx^3)^2\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{-2p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{4}{3}, -2p, -\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{4x^4}$$

input
$$\operatorname{Integrate}\left[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p/x^5, x\right]$$

output
$$-1/4*((a + b*x^3)^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-4/3, -2*p, -1/3, -((b*x^3)/a)]/(x^4*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(2*p))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1385, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 1385

$$\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{2p}}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{\left(\frac{bx^3}{a} + 1\right)^{-2p} (a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{4}{3}, -2p, -\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{4x^4}$$

input
$$\text{Int}[(a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p/x^5, x]$$

output
$$-1/4*((a^2 + 2*a*b*x^3 + b^2*x^6)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-4/3, -2*p, -1/3, -((b*x^3)/a)]/(x^4*(1 + (b*x^3)/a)^(2*p))$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1385 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/b))^(2*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && NeQ[u, x^(n - 1)] && NeQ[u, x^(2*n - 1)]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2ax^3b + a^2)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^5,x)`

output `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^5,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/x^5, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{((a + bx^3)^2)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((b**2*x**6+2*a*b*x**3+a**2)**p/x**5,x)`

output `Integral(((a + b*x**3)**2)**p/x**5, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/x^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2)^p/x^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p/x^5,x)`output `int((a^2 + b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3)^p/x^5, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2x^6)^p}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p + 18 \left(\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{3bp x^8 - 2b x^8 + 3ap x^5 - 2a x^5} dx \right) a p^2 x^4 - 12 \left(\int \frac{(b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2)^p}{3bp x^8 - 2b x^8 + 3ap x^5 - 2a x^5} dx \right) a p x^4}{2x^4 (3p - 2)}$$

input `int((b^2*x^6+2*a*b*x^3+a^2)^p/x^5,x)`output `((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p + 18*int((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(3*a*p*x**5 - 2*a*x**5 + 3*b*p*x**8 - 2*b*x**8),x)*a*p**2*x**4 - 12*int((a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + b**2*x**6)**p/(3*a*p*x**5 - 2*a*x**5 + 3*b*p*x**8 - 2*b*x**8),x)*a*p*x**4)/(2*x**4*(3*p - 2))`

3.123 $\int \frac{x^8}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1082
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1082
Rubi [A] (verified)	1083
Maple [A] (verified)	1084
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1084
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1085
Maxima [F(-2)]	1086
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1086
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1086
Reduce [F]	1087

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{x^8}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{x^3}{3c} - \frac{(b^2 - 2ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{3c^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{b \log(a + bx^3 + cx^6)}{6c^2}$$

output `1/3*x^3/c-1/3*(-2*a*c+b^2)*arctanh((2*c*x^3+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-1/6*b*ln(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)/c^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^8}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{2cx^3 + \frac{2(b^2-2ac) \arctan\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}} - b \log(a + bx^3 + cx^6)}{6c^2}$$

input `Integrate[x^8/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]`

output `(2*c*x^3 + (2*(b^2 - 2*a*c)*ArcTan[(b + 2*c*x^3)/Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]])/Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c] - b*Log[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(6*c^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1693, 1143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^8}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^6}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1143$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \left(\frac{1}{c} - \frac{bx^3 + a}{c(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)} \right) dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{(b^2 - 2ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{c^2 \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \frac{b \log(a + bx^3 + cx^6)}{2c^2} + \frac{x^3}{c} \right)$$

input `Int[x^8/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]`

output `(x^3/c - ((b^2 - 2*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])/(c^2*Sqr
t[b^2 - 4*a*c]) - (b*Log[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(2*c^2))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1143 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol]
:> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1]`

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
default	$\frac{x^3}{3c} + \frac{-\frac{b \ln(cx^6+bx^3+a)}{2c} + \frac{2(-a+\frac{b^2}{2c}) \arctan(\frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}})}{3c}}{3c}$
risch	$\frac{x^3}{3c} - \frac{2 \ln\left(\left(-8a^2c^2+6ab^2c-b^4+\sqrt{-(4ac-b^2)(2ac-b^2)^2b}\right)x^3+2\sqrt{-(4ac-b^2)(2ac-b^2)^2a}\right)ab}{3c(4ac-b^2)} + \frac{\ln\left(\left(-8a^2c^2+6ab^2c-b^4+\sqrt{-(4ac-b^2)(2ac-b^2)^2b}\right)x^3+2\sqrt{-(4ac-b^2)(2ac-b^2)^2a}\right)}{3c(4ac-b^2)}$

input

```
int(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*x^3/c+1/3/c*(-1/2*b/c*ln(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)+2*(-a+1/2*b^2/c)/(4*a*c-b^2)^(
1/2)*arctan((2*c*x^3+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.14

$$\int \frac{x^8}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[2(b^2c - 4ac^2)x^3 - (b^2 - 2ac)\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \log\left(\frac{2c^2x^6 + 2bcx^3 + b^2 - 2ac + (2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}\right) - (b^3 - 4abc) \log(cx^6 + bx^3 + a) \right]}{6(b^2c^2 - 4ac^3)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*(2*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*x^3 - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*log((2*c^2*x^6 + 2*b*c*x^3 + b^2 - 2*a*c + (2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)) - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*log(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3) , 1/6*(2*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*x^3 - 2*(b^2 - 2*a*c)*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*arctan(-(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)) - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*log(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 316 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.90

$$\int \frac{x^8}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \left(-\frac{b}{6c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-4ac + b^2} \cdot (2ac - b^2)}{6c^2 \cdot (4ac - b^2)} \right) \log \left(x^3 + \frac{-ab - 12ac^2 \left(-\frac{b}{6c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-4ac + b^2} \cdot (2ac - b^2)}{6c^2 \cdot (4ac - b^2)} \right) + 3b^2c \left(-\frac{b}{6c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-4ac + b^2} \cdot (2ac - b^2)}{6c^2 \cdot (4ac - b^2)} \right)}{2ac - b^2} \right) + \left(-\frac{b}{6c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-4ac + b^2} \cdot (2ac - b^2)}{6c^2 \cdot (4ac - b^2)} \right) \log \left(x^3 + \frac{-ab - 12ac^2 \left(-\frac{b}{6c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-4ac + b^2} \cdot (2ac - b^2)}{6c^2 \cdot (4ac - b^2)} \right) + 3b^2c \left(-\frac{b}{6c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-4ac + b^2} \cdot (2ac - b^2)}{6c^2 \cdot (4ac - b^2)} \right)}{2ac - b^2} \right) + \frac{x^3}{3c}$$

input

```
integrate(x**8/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a),x)
```

output

```
(-b/(6*c**2) - sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)*(2*a*c - b**2)/(6*c**2*(4*a*c - b**2))) *log(x**3 + (-a*b - 12*a*c**2*(-b/(6*c**2) - sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)*(2*a*c - b**2)/(6*c**2*(4*a*c - b**2))) + 3*b**2*c*(-b/(6*c**2) - sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)*(2*a*c - b**2)/(6*c**2*(4*a*c - b**2))))/(2*a*c - b**2)) + (-b/(6*c**2) + sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)*(2*a*c - b**2)/(6*c**2*(4*a*c - b**2))) *log(x**3 + (-a*b - 12*a*c**2*(-b/(6*c**2) + sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)*(2*a*c - b**2)/(6*c**2*(4*a*c - b**2))) + 3*b**2*c*(-b/(6*c**2) + sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)*(2*a*c - b**2)/(6*c**2*(4*a*c - b**2))))/(2*a*c - b**2)) + x**3/(3*c)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^8}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^8}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{x^3}{3c} - \frac{b \log(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)}{6c^2} + \frac{(b^2 - 2ac) \arctan\left(\frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}c^2}$$

input `integrate(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*x^3/c - 1/6*b*log(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/c^2 + 1/3*(b^2 - 2*a*c)*arctan((2*c*x^3 + b)/sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c))/(sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*c^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1758, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.70

$$\int \frac{x^8}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^8/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x)`

output

```

x^3/(3*c) + (log(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)*(3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c))/(2*(36*a*c^3 - 9*b
^2*c^2)) + (atan((4*c^3*x^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^(3/2)*((b*((b^5 + a^2*b*c^2 - 2*
a*b^3*c)/c^3 + ((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*(6*a^2*c^4 + 12*b^4*c^2 - 18*a*b^2*c^3
)/c^3 + ((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*((45*b^3*c^4 - 36*a*b*c^5)/c^3 + (27*b^2*c^3*(
3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c))/(36*a*c^3 - 9*b^2*c^2)))/(2*(36*a*c^3 - 9*b^2*c^2))))/(
2*(36*a*c^3 - 9*b^2*c^2)) - (((2*a*c - b^2)*((45*b^3*c^4 - 36*a*b*c^5)/c^
3 + (27*b^2*c^3*(3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c))/(36*a*c^3 - 9*b^2*c^2)))/(6*c^2*(4*a*c
- b^2)^(1/2)) + (9*b^2*c*(3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*(2*a*c - b^2))/(2*(4*a*c - b^
2)^(1/2)*(36*a*c^3 - 9*b^2*c^2)))*(2*a*c - b^2)/(6*c^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2
)) - (3*b^2*(3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*(2*a*c - b^2)^2)/(4*c*(4*a*c - b^2)*(36*a*c
^3 - 9*b^2*c^2)))/(4*a^2*c) + ((2*a*c - b^2)*((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*((2*a*
c - b^2)*((45*b^3*c^4 - 36*a*b*c^5)/c^3 + (27*b^2*c^3*(3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c))/
(36*a*c^3 - 9*b^2*c^2)))/(6*c^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) + (9*b^2*c*(3*b^3 - 1
2*a*b*c)*(2*a*c - b^2))/(2*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)*(36*a*c^3 - 9*b^2*c^2))))/(
2*(36*a*c^3 - 9*b^2*c^2)) - (b^2*(2*a*c - b^2)^3)/(4*c^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^(3/
2)) + (((6*a^2*c^4 + 12*b^4*c^2 - 18*a*b^2*c^3)/c^3 + ((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*
((45*b^3*c^4 - 36*a*b*c^5)/c^3 + (27*b^2*c^3*(3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c))/(36*a*c^3
- 9*b^2*c^2)))/(2*(36*a*c^3 - 9*b^2*c^2)))*(2*a*c - b^2))/(6*c^2*(4*a*c -
b^2)^(1/2)))/(4*a^2*c*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)))/(b^6 - 8*a^3*c^3 + 12*a^2*b
^2*c^2 - 6*a*b^4*c) - (c^2*(2*a*c - b^2)*(4*a*c - b^2)*((3*b^3 - 12*a*...

```

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^8}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx \\
&= \frac{-6 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx \right) ac + 3 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx \right) b^2 - \log(cx^6 + bx^3 + a) b + 2cx^3}{6c^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)
```

output

```
( - 6*int(x**2/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a*c + 3*int(x**2/(a + b*x**3 + c*x
**6),x)*b**2 - log(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b + 2*c*x**3)/(6*c**2)
```

3.124 $\int \frac{x^5}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1088
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1088
Rubi [A] (verified)	1089
Maple [A] (verified)	1090
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1091
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1092
Maxima [F(-2)]	1092
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1093
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1093
Reduce [F]	1094

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{3c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \frac{\log(a+bx^3+cx^6)}{6c}$$

output

```
1/3*b*arctanh((2*c*x^3+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+1/6*ln(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)/c
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx = -\frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}} + \frac{\log(a+bx^3+cx^6)}{6c}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]
```

output

```
((-2*b*ArcTan[(b + 2*c*x^3)/Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]])/Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c] + Log[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(6*c)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {1693, 1142, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^3}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1142 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\int \frac{2cx^3 + b}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx^3 - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx^3}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1083 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{-x^6 + b^2 - 4ac} d(2cx^3 + b)}{c} + \frac{\int \frac{2cx^3 + b}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx^3}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2cx^3 + b}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx^3}{2c} + \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{c\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1103 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{c\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \frac{\log(a + bx^3 + cx^6)}{2c} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]`

output `((b*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])/(c*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]) + Log[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/(2*c))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2\}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1083 $\text{Int}[\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\}$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\}$

rule 1693 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)*\{(a_)+(c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)+(b_)*(x_)^{(n_)}\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$\frac{\ln(cx^6+bx^3+a)}{6c} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right)}{3c\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}$
risch	$\frac{2 \ln\left(\left(-4abc+b^3+\sqrt{-b^2(4ac-b^2)}\right)b x^3+2\sqrt{-b^2(4ac-b^2)}a\right)}{3(4ac-b^2)} - \frac{\ln\left(\left(-4abc+b^3+\sqrt{-b^2(4ac-b^2)}\right)b x^3+2\sqrt{-b^2(4ac-b^2)}a\right)b^2}{6c(4ac-b^2)}$

input `int(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/6*\ln(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)/c-1/3*b/c/(4*a*c-b^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((2*c*x^3+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)^{(1/2)})$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} b \log\left(\frac{2c^2x^6 + 2bcx^3 + b^2 - 2ac + (2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}\right) + (b^2 - 4ac) \log(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)}{6(b^2c - 4ac^2)}, \frac{2\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}b}{6(b^2c - 4ac^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*log((2*c^2*x^6 + 2*b*c*x^3 + b^2 - 2*a*c + (2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)) + (b^2 - 4*a*c)*log(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2), 1/6*(2*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*b*arctan(-(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)) + (b^2 - 4*a*c)*log(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 223 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \left(-\frac{b\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{6c(4ac - b^2)} + \frac{1}{6c} \right) \log \left(x^3 + \frac{-12ac \left(-\frac{b\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{6c(4ac - b^2)} + \frac{1}{6c} \right) + 2a + 3b^2 \left(-\frac{b\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{6c(4ac - b^2)} + \frac{1}{6c} \right)}{b} \right)$$

$$+ \left(\frac{b\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{6c(4ac - b^2)} + \frac{1}{6c} \right) \log \left(x^3 + \frac{-12ac \left(\frac{b\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{6c(4ac - b^2)} + \frac{1}{6c} \right) + 2a + 3b^2 \left(\frac{b\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{6c(4ac - b^2)} + \frac{1}{6c} \right)}{b} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**5/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a),x)`

output `(-b*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(6*c*(4*a*c - b**2)) + 1/(6*c))*log(x**3 + (-12*a*c*(-b*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(6*c*(4*a*c - b**2)) + 1/(6*c)) + 2*a + 3*b**2*(-b*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(6*c*(4*a*c - b**2)) + 1/(6*c)))/b) + (b*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(6*c*(4*a*c - b**2)) + 1/(6*c))*log(x**3 + (-12*a*c*(b*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(6*c*(4*a*c - b**2)) + 1/(6*c)) + 2*a + 3*b**2*(b*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(6*c*(4*a*c - b**2)) + 1/(6*c)))/b)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = -\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}} + \frac{\log(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)}{6c}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/3*b*arctan((2*c*x^3 + b)/sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c))/(sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*c) + 1
/6*log(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/c
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1199, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.03

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(x^5/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x)
```

output

```
(log(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(2*(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c)) + (b*atan((4*x^3*((b*(b^2 - ((12*b^2*c - ((45*b^2*c^2 - (27*b^2*c^3*(12*a*c - 3*b^2)))/(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c))*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(2*(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c)))*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(2*(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c)) - (b*((b*(45*b^2*c^2 - (27*b^2*c^3*(12*a*c - 3*b^2)))/(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c)))/(6*c*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) - (9*b^3*c^2*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(2*(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)))))/(6*c*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) + (3*b^4*c*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(4*(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)))/(4*a^2*c) + ((2*a*c - b^2)*(b^5/(4*(4*a*c - b^2)^(3/2))) + ((12*a*c - 3*b^2)*((b*(45*b^2*c^2 - (27*b^2*c^3*(12*a*c - 3*b^2)))/(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c)))/(6*c*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) - (9*b^3*c^2*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(2*(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2))))/(2*(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c)) - (b*(12*b^2*c - ((45*b^2*c^2 - (27*b^2*c^3*(12*a*c - 3*b^2)))/(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c))*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(2*(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c)))/(6*c*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)))/(4*a^2*c*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2))*((4*a*c - b^2)^(3/2))/b^3 + ((4*a*c - b^2)^(3/2)*(a*b + (((72*a*b*c^2 - (54*a*b*c^3*(12*a*c - 3*b^2)))/(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c))*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(2*(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c)) - 15*a*b*c)*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(2*(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c)) - (b*((b*(72*a*b*c^2 - (54*a*b*c^3*(12*a*c - 3*b^2)))/(36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c)))/(6*c*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) - (9*a*b^2*c^2*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/((36*a*c^2 - 9*b^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)))/(6*c*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) + (3*a*b^3*c*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(2*(36*a*c^2 - 9...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{-3 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx \right) b + \log(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)}{6c}$$

input

```
int(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)
```

output

```
( - 3*int(x**2/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*b + log(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6))/(6*c)
```

3.125 $\int \frac{x^2}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1095
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1095
Rubi [A] (verified)	1096
Maple [A] (verified)	1097
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1097
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1098
Maxima [F(-2)]	1098
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1099
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1099
Reduce [F]	1100

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx = -\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{3\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}$$

output $-2/3*\operatorname{arctanh}((2*c*x^3+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx = \frac{2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[x^2/(a+b*x^3+c*x^6),x]$

output $(2*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(b+2*c*x^3)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2+4*a*c]])/(3*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2+4*a*c])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1690, 1083, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1690$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1083$$

$$-\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{-x^6 + b^2 - 4ac} d(2cx^3 + b)$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$-\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{3\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]`

output `(-2*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])/(3*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1083

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1690

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p_., x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}$	37
risch	$-\frac{\ln\left(\left(-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}\right)x^3-2a\right)}{3\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}} + \frac{\ln\left(\left(b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}\right)x^3+2a\right)}{3\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}$	70

input

```
int(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3/(4*a*c-b^2)^(1/2)*arctan((2*c*x^3+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \left[\frac{\log\left(\frac{2c^2x^6 + 2bcx^3 + b^2 - 2ac - (2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}\right)}{3\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac} \arctan\left(-\frac{(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}}{b^2 - 4ac}\right)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/3*log((2*c^2*x^6 + 2*b*c*x^3 + b^2 - 2*a*c - (2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c), -2/3*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*arc
tan(-(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. $2(37) = 74$.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{4ac-b^2}} \log\left(x^3 + \frac{-4ac\sqrt{-\frac{1}{4ac-b^2}} + b^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{4ac-b^2}} + b}{2c}\right)}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{4ac-b^2}} \log\left(x^3 + \frac{4ac\sqrt{-\frac{1}{4ac-b^2}} - b^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{4ac-b^2}} + b}{2c}\right)}{3}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a),x)
```

output

```
-sqrt(-1/(4*a*c - b**2))*log(x**3 + (-4*a*c*sqrt(-1/(4*a*c - b**2)) + b**2
*sqrt(-1/(4*a*c - b**2)) + b)/(2*c))/3 + sqrt(-1/(4*a*c - b**2))*log(x**3
+ (4*a*c*sqrt(-1/(4*a*c - b**2)) - b**2*sqrt(-1/(4*a*c - b**2)) + b)/(2*c)
)/3
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/3*arctan((2*c*x^3 + b)/sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c))/sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.58

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\frac{x^3(4ac-b^2)^4}{2} + ab(4ac-b^2)^3 + ab^3(4ac-b^2)^2 + b^2x^3(4ac-b^2)^3 + \frac{b^4x^3(4ac-b^2)^2}{2}}{b^2(32a^3c^2\sqrt{4ac-b^2} - 4a^2b^2c\sqrt{4ac-b^2}) - 64a^4c^3\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}$$

input

```
int(x^2/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x)
```

output

```
-(2*atan(((x^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^4)/2 + a*b*(4*a*c - b^2)^3 + a*b^3*(4*a*c - b
^2)^2 + b^2*x^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^3 + (b^4*x^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^2)/2)/(b^2*(32*a^
3*c^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2) - 4*a^2*b^2*c*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) - 64*a^4*c^3*
(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2))))/(3*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2))
```


Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)`

output `int(x**2/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)`

3.126 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx$

Optimal result	1101
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1101
Rubi [A] (verified)	1102
Maple [A] (verified)	1104
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1105
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1105
Maxima [F(-2)]	1106
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1106
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1107
Reduce [F]	1108

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{3a\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(a+bx^3+cx^6)}{6a}$$

output

```
1/3*b*arctanh((2*c*x^3+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+ln(x)/a
-1/6*ln(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)/a
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx = \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\operatorname{RootSum}\left[a+b\#1^3+c\#1^6\&, \frac{b\log(x-\#1)+c\log(x-\#1)\#1^3}{b+2c\#1^3}\&\right]}{3a}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)),x]
```

output

```
Log[x]/a - RootSum[a + b*#1^3 + c*#1^6 & , (b*Log[x - #1] + c*Log[x - #1]*
#1^3)/(b + 2*c*#1^3) & ]/(3*a)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {1693, 1144, 25, 1142, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^3(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1144 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{cx^3+b}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx^3}{a} + \frac{\log(x^3)}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(x^3)}{a} - \frac{\int \frac{cx^3+b}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx^3}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1142 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(x^3)}{a} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx^3 + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2cx^3+b}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx^3}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1083 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(x^3)}{a} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2cx^3+b}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx^3 - b \int \frac{1}{-x^6+b^2-4ac} d(2cx^3 + b)}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(x^3)}{a} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2cx^3+b}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx^3 - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{a} \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(x^3)}{a} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \log(a + bx^3 + cx^6) - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{a} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)),x]`

output `(Log[x^3]/a - ((b*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]) + Log[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/2)/a/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

```

rule 1142 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]

rule 1144 Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[e*(Log[RemoveContent[d + e*x, x]]/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)), x] + S
imp[1/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) Int[(c*d - b*e - c*e*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]

rule 1693 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
    
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\ln(cx^6+bx^3+a)}{2} + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right)}{3a} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a}$	65
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a} + \frac{\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}((4a^2c-b^2a)-Z^2+(4ac-b^2)-Z+c)} -R \ln\left(\left((-14ac+4b^2)-R-7c\right)x^3+_Rab-3b\right) \right)}{3}$	76

```
input int(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3/a*(1/2*ln(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)+b/(4*a*c-b^2)^(1/2)*arctan((2*c*x^3+b)/(4*a*
c-b^2)^(1/2)))+ln(x)/a
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}b \log\left(\frac{2c^2x^6+2bcx^3+b^2-2ac+(2cx^3+b)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{cx^6+bx^3+a}\right) - (b^2-4ac)\log(cx^6+bx^3+a) + 6(b^2-4ac)\log(x)}{6(ab^2-4a^2c)}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*log((2*c^2*x^6 + 2*b*c*x^3 + b^2 - 2*a*c + (2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)) - (b^2 - 4*a*c)*log(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a) + 6*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*log(x))/(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c), 1/6*(2*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*b*arctan(-(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)) - (b^2 - 4*a*c)*log(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a) + 6*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*log(x))/(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 253 vs. 2(60) = 120.

Time = 4.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx = \left(-\frac{b\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{6a(4ac-b^2)} - \frac{1}{6a} \right) \log\left(x^3 + \frac{-12a^2c\left(-\frac{b\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{6a(4ac-b^2)} - \frac{1}{6a}\right) + 3ab^2\left(-\frac{b\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{6a(4ac-b^2)} - \frac{1}{6a}\right) - 2ac + b^2}{bc} \right) + \left(\frac{b\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{6a(4ac-b^2)} - \frac{1}{6a} \right) \log\left(x^3 + \frac{-12a^2c\left(\frac{b\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{6a(4ac-b^2)} - \frac{1}{6a}\right) + 3ab^2\left(\frac{b\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{6a(4ac-b^2)} - \frac{1}{6a}\right) - 2ac + b^2}{bc} \right) + \frac{\log(x)}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a),x)`

output `(-b*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(6*a*(4*a*c - b**2)) - 1/(6*a))*log(x**3 + (-12*a*
*2*c*(-b*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(6*a*(4*a*c - b**2)) - 1/(6*a)) + 3*a*b**2*(-
b*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(6*a*(4*a*c - b**2)) - 1/(6*a)) - 2*a*c + b**2)/(b*c
) + (b*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(6*a*(4*a*c - b**2)) - 1/(6*a))*log(x**3 + (-1
2*a**2*c*(b*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(6*a*(4*a*c - b**2)) - 1/(6*a)) + 3*a*b**2
*(b*sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)/(6*a*(4*a*c - b**2)) - 1/(6*a)) - 2*a*c + b**2)/(b
*c)) + log(x)/a`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx = -\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{-b^2+4aca}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b^2+4aca}} - \frac{\log(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)}{6a} + \frac{\log(|x|)}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-1/3*b*\arctan((2*c*x^3 + b)/\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c})/(\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}*a) - 1/6*\log(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/a + \log(\text{abs}(x))/a$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1362, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.74

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)),x)
```

output

```
log(x)/a + (log(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(2*(9*a*b^2 - 36*a^2*c)) - (b*atan((3*(4*a*c - b^2)^2*(4*b^4 + 7*a^2*c^2 - 15*a*b^2*c)*((b^3*(2*7*b^3*c^3 - (27*a*b^3*c^3*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(2*(9*a*b^2 - 36*a^2*c)))))/(21*6*a^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^(3/2)) + (9*b^4*c^3*(12*a*c - 3*b^2)^3)/(16*(9*a*b^2 - 36*a^2*c)^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) - (3*b^6*c^3*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(16*a^2*(9*a*b^2 - 36*a^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^(3/2)) - (b*(12*a*c - 3*b^2)^2*(27*b^3*c^3 - (27*a*b^3*c^3*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(2*(9*a*b^2 - 36*a^2*c))))/(8*a*(9*a*b^2 - 36*a^2*c)^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)))/(b^3*c^6*(49*a*c - 12*b^2)) - (3*(4*a*c - b^2)^(3/2)*(4*b^5 + 29*a^2*b*c^2 - 23*a*b^3*c)*(((12*a*c - 3*b^2)^3*(27*b^3*c^3 - (27*a*b^3*c^3*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(2*(9*a*b^2 - 36*a^2*c)))))/(8*(9*a*b^2 - 36*a^2*c)^3) - (b^7*c^3)/(48*a^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^2) - (b^2*(12*a*c - 3*b^2)*(27*b^3*c^3 - (27*a*b^3*c^3*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(2*(9*a*b^2 - 36*a^2*c))))/(24*a^2*(9*a*b^2 - 36*a^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)) + (9*b^5*c^3*(12*a*c - 3*b^2)^2)/(16*a*(9*a*b^2 - 36*a^2*c)^2*(4*a*c - b^2)))/(b^3*c^6*(49*a*c - 12*b^2)) + (48*a^4*x^3*((4*b^4 + 7*a^2*c^2 - 15*a*b^2*c)*((b^3*(63*b^2*c^4 - ((108*b^4*c^3 - 378*a*b^2*c^4)*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(2*(9*a*b^2 - 36*a^2*c)))))/(216*a^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^(3/2)) + (b*(108*b^4*c^3 - 378*a*b^2*c^4)*(12*a*c - 3*b^2)^3)/(48*a*(9*a*b^2 - 36*a^2*c)^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) - (b^3*(108*b^4*c^3 - 378*a*b^2*c^4)*(12*a*c - 3*b^2))/(144*a^3*(9*a*b^2 - 36*a^2*c)*(4*a*c - b^2)^(3/2)) - (b*(63*b^2*c^4 - ((108*b^4*c^3 - 37...
```


Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx = \int \frac{1}{cx^7 + bx^4 + ax} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)`

output `int(1/(a*x + b*x**4 + c*x**7),x)`

3.127 $\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx$

Optimal result	1109
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1109
Rubi [A] (verified)	1110
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{3ax^3} - \frac{(b^2 - 2ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{3a^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{b \log(x)}{a^2} + \frac{b \log(a+bx^3+cx^6)}{6a^2}$$

output

```
-1/3/a/x^3-1/3*(-2*a*c+b^2)*arctanh((2*c*x^3+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-b*ln(x)/a^2+1/6*b*ln(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)/a^2
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{3ax^3} - \frac{b \log(x)}{a^2} + \frac{\operatorname{RootSum}\left[a+b\#1^3+c\#1^6 \&, \frac{b^2 \log(x-\#1)-ac \log(x-\#1)+bc \log(x-\#1)\#1^3}{b+2c\#1^3} \&\right]}{3a^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)),x]`

output `-1/3*1/(a*x^3) - (b*Log[x])/a^2 + RootSum[a + b*#1^3 + c*#1^6 & , (b^2*Log[x - #1] - a*c*Log[x - #1] + b*c*Log[x - #1]*#1^3)/(b + 2*c*#1^3) &]/(3*a^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {1693, 1145, 25, 1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^4(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^6(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1145 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{cx^3+b}{x^3(cx^6+bx^3+a)} dx^3}{a} - \frac{1}{ax^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{cx^3+b}{x^3(cx^6+bx^3+a)} dx^3}{a} - \frac{1}{ax^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1200 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \left(\frac{b}{ax^3} + \frac{-bcx^3-b^2+ac}{a(cx^6+bx^3+a)} \right) dx^3}{a} - \frac{1}{ax^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\frac{(b^2-2ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{a\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{b\log(ax^3+cx^6)}{2a} + \frac{b\log(x^3)}{a}}{a} - \frac{1}{ax^3} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)),x]`

output `(-1/(a*x^3)) - (((b^2 - 2*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])/(a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]) + (b*Log[x^3])/a - (b*Log[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(2*a))/a)/3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 1145 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((d + e*x)^(m + 1))/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))], x] + Simp[1/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(Simp[c*d - b*e - c*e*x, x]/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1]`

rule 1200 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$-\frac{b \ln(cx^6+bx^3+a)}{2} + \frac{2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{2}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right)}{3a^2} - \frac{1}{3ax^3} - \frac{b \ln(x)}{a^2}$
risch	$-\frac{1}{3ax^3} - \frac{b \ln(x)}{a^2} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}((4a^3c-a^2b^2)Z^2+(-4abc+b^3)Z+c^2)} -R \ln\left(\frac{(-14a^3c+4a^2b^2)R^2+6Rabc-3c^2}{(4a^3c-a^2b^2)Z^2+(-4abc+b^3)Z+c^2}\right)}{3}$

input `int(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3/a^2*(-1/2*b*\ln(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)+2*(a*c-1/2*b^2)/(4*a*c-b^2)^(1/2)*\arctan((2*c*x^3+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)^(1/2)))-1/3/a/x^3-b*\ln(x)/a^2$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(b^2-2ac)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}x^3 \log\left(\frac{2c^2x^6+2bcx^3+b^2-2ac+(2cx^3+b)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{cx^6+bx^3+a}\right) - (b^3-4abc)x^3 \log(cx^6+bx^3+a)}{6(a^2b^2-4a^3c)x^3} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2(b^2-2ac)\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}x^3 \arctan\left(-\frac{(2cx^3+b)\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}{b^2-4ac}\right) - (b^3-4abc)x^3 \log(cx^6+bx^3+a) + 6(b^3-4abc)x^3}{6(a^2b^2-4a^3c)x^3} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/6*((b^2 - 2*a*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*x^3*log((2*c^2*x^6 + 2*b*c*x^3 + b^2 - 2*a*c + (2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)) - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*x^3*log(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a) + 6*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*x^3*log(x) + 2*a*b^2 - 8*a^2*c)/((a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*x^3), -1/6*(2*(b^2 - 2*a*c)*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^3*arctan(-(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)) - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*x^3*log(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a) + 6*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*x^3*log(x) + 2*a*b^2 - 8*a^2*c)/((a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*x^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 345 vs. $2(85) = 170$.

Time = 86.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx = \left(\frac{b}{6a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2} \cdot (2ac-b^2)}{6a^2 \cdot (4ac-b^2)} \right) \log \left(x^3 + \frac{-12a^3c \left(\frac{b}{6a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2} \cdot (2ac-b^2)}{6a^2 \cdot (4ac-b^2)} \right) + 3a^2b^2 \left(\frac{b}{6a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2} \cdot (2ac-b^2)}{6a^2 \cdot (4ac-b^2)} \right)}{2ac^2 - b^2c} \right) + \left(\frac{b}{6a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2} \cdot (2ac-b^2)}{6a^2 \cdot (4ac-b^2)} \right) \log \left(x^3 + \frac{-12a^3c \left(\frac{b}{6a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2} \cdot (2ac-b^2)}{6a^2 \cdot (4ac-b^2)} \right) + 3a^2b^2 \left(\frac{b}{6a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2} \cdot (2ac-b^2)}{6a^2 \cdot (4ac-b^2)} \right)}{2ac^2 - b^2c} \right) - \frac{1}{3ax^3} - \frac{b \log(x)}{a^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**4/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a), x)
```

output

```
(b/(6*a**2) - sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)*(2*a*c - b**2)/(6*a**2*(4*a*c - b**2)))*
log(x**3 + (-12*a**3*c*(b/(6*a**2) - sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)*(2*a*c - b**2)/(6
*a**2*(4*a*c - b**2))) + 3*a**2*b**2*(b/(6*a**2) - sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)*(2*
a*c - b**2)/(6*a**2*(4*a*c - b**2))) + 3*a*b*c - b**3)/(2*a*c**2 - b**2*c
) + (b/(6*a**2) + sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)*(2*a*c - b**2)/(6*a**2*(4*a*c - b**2
)))*log(x**3 + (-12*a**3*c*(b/(6*a**2) + sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)*(2*a*c - b**2
)/(6*a**2*(4*a*c - b**2))) + 3*a**2*b**2*(b/(6*a**2) + sqrt(-4*a*c + b**2)
*(2*a*c - b**2)/(6*a**2*(4*a*c - b**2))) + 3*a*b*c - b**3)/(2*a*c**2 - b**
2*c)) - 1/(3*a*x**3) - b*log(x)/a**2
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx = \frac{b \log(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)}{6a^2} - \frac{b \log(|x|)}{a^2} + \frac{(b^2 - 2ac) \arctan\left(\frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}a^2} + \frac{bx^3 - a}{3a^2x^3}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{6}b \log(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)/a^2 - b \log(\text{abs}(x))/a^2 + \frac{1}{3}(b^2 - 2ac) \arctan\left(\frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}}\right) / (\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac} a^2) + \frac{1}{3}(bx^3 - a)/(a^2 x^3)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4281, normalized size of antiderivative = 48.10

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)),x)
```

output

```
(atan((48*a^8*x^3*((4*b^5 + 9*a^2*b*c^2 - 16*a*b^3*c)*((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*((2*a*c - b^2)*(252*a^4*b*c^5 - 18*a^3*b^3*c^4)/a^4 - ((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*(108*a^4*b^4*c^3 - 378*a^5*b^2*c^4))/(2*a^4*(36*a^3*c - 9*a^2*b^2)))))/(6*a^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) - ((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*(2*a*c - b^2)*(108*a^4*b^4*c^3 - 378*a^5*b^2*c^4))/(12*a^6*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)*(36*a^3*c - 9*a^2*b^2))))/(2*(36*a^3*c - 9*a^2*b^2)) + (((42*a^3*c^6 + 33*a^2*b^2*c^5)/a^4 + ((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*((252*a^4*b*c^5 - 18*a^3*b^3*c^4)/a^4 - ((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*(108*a^4*b^4*c^3 - 378*a^5*b^2*c^4))/(2*a^4*(36*a^3*c - 9*a^2*b^2)))))/(2*(36*a^3*c - 9*a^2*b^2)) - (((((2*a*c - b^2)*((252*a^4*b*c^5 - 18*a^3*b^3*c^4)/a^4 - ((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*(108*a^4*b^4*c^3 - 378*a^5*b^2*c^4))/(2*a^4*(36*a^3*c - 9*a^2*b^2)))))/(6*a^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) - ((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*(2*a*c - b^2)*(108*a^4*b^4*c^3 - 378*a^5*b^2*c^4))/(12*a^6*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)*(36*a^3*c - 9*a^2*b^2)))*(2*a*c - b^2))/(6*a^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) - ((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*(2*a*c - b^2)^2*(108*a^4*b^4*c^3 - 378*a^5*b^2*c^4))/(72*a^8*(4*a*c - b^2)*(36*a^3*c - 9*a^2*b^2)))*(2*a*c - b^2))/(6*a^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^(1/2)) + ((2*a*c - b^2)*((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*((42*a^3*c^6 + 33*a^2*b^2*c^5)/a^4 + ((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*((252*a^4*b*c^5 - 18*a^3*b^3*c^4)/a^4 - ((3*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*(108*a^4*b^4*c^3 - 378*a^5*b^2*c^4))/(2*a^4*(36*a^3*c - 9*a^2*b^2)))))/(2*(36*a^3*c - 9*a^2*b^2)...
```


Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx = \int \frac{1}{cx^{10} + bx^7 + ax^4} dx$$

input `int(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)`

output `int(1/(a*x**4 + b*x**7 + c*x**10),x)`

3.128 $\int \frac{x^7}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1118
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1119
Rubi [A] (verified)	1120
Maple [C] (verified)	1125
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1126
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1126
Maxima [F]	1127
Giac [F]	1127
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1127
Reduce [F]	1128

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 636

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^7}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx \\
&= \frac{x^2}{2c} + \frac{\left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}c^{5/3}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \\
&+ \frac{\left(b + \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}c^{5/3}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \\
&+ \frac{\left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \log \left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}c^{5/3}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \\
&+ \frac{\left(b + \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \log \left(\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}c^{5/3}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \\
&- \frac{\left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \log \left((b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 \right)}{6 \cdot 2^{2/3}c^{5/3}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \\
&- \frac{\left(b + \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \log \left((b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 \right)}{6 \cdot 2^{2/3}c^{5/3}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/2*x^2/c+1/6*(b-(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctan(1/3*(1-2*2^(1/3)*
c^(1/3)*x/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)/c^(5/3)/(
b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+1/6*(b+(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctan
(1/3*(1-2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(1/3)
*3^(1/2)/c^(5/3)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+1/6*(b-(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+
b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)*2^(1/3)/c^(
5/3)/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+1/6*(b+(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*
ln((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)*2^(1/3)/c^(5/3)/(b+(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)-1/12*(b-(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b-(-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)-2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3
))*c^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(1/3)/c^(5/3)/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)-1/12*(b+(-2*a*
c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)-2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)
*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(1/3)/c^(5/3)/(b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{x^7}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{3x^2 - 2\text{RootSum}\left[a + b\#1^3 + c\#1^6 \&, \frac{a \log(x - \#1) + b \log(x - \#1)\#1^3}{b\#1 + 2c\#1^4} \& \right]}{6c}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^7/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]
```

output

```

(3*x^2 - 2*RootSum[a + b*#1^3 + c*#1^6 & , (a*Log[x - #1] + b*Log[x - #1]*
#1^3)/(b*#1 + 2*c*#1^4) & ])/(6*c)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 546, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {1703, 27, 1834, 27, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^7}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1703} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{2c} - \frac{\int \frac{2x(bx^3+a)}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{2c} - \frac{\int \frac{x(bx^3+a)}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1834} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{2c} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \int \frac{2x}{2cx^3+b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + b \right) \int \frac{2x}{2cx^3+b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{2c} - \frac{\left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \int \frac{x}{2cx^3+b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx + \left(\frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + b \right) \int \frac{x}{2cx^3+b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{821} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{2c} - \left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x + \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x + \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right) + \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\frac{x^2}{2c} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right) + ($$

c

1142

$$\left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\frac{x^2}{2c} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)$$

25

$$\left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\frac{x^2}{2c} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)$$

27

$$\left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{x^2}{2c} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}}}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx \right)$$

1082

$$\left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{x^2}{2c} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)^2} dx - \int \frac{1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 2 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)$$

217

$$\left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{x^2}{2c} - \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 2 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx - \sqrt[3]{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt[3]{3}} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c}} - \log \left(\dots \right) \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1103 \\
 \frac{x^2}{2c} - \\
 \left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 \right)}{2 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c}} \right) - \frac{\log \left(\dots \right)}{3}
 \end{array}$$

```
input Int[x^7/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]
```

```
output x^2/(2*c) - ((b - (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(-1/3*Log[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3) + 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x]/(2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]])/(2^(1/3)*c^(1/3))) + Log[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3) - 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)))/(3*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3))) + (b + (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(-1/3*Log[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3) + 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x]/(2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]])/(2^(1/3)*c^(1/3))) + Log[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3) - 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)))/(3*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3))))/c
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{-1} \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{ Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1703

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[d^(2*n - 1)*(d*x)^(m - 2*n + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n)/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1)) Int[(d*x)^(m - 2*n)*Simp[a*(m - 2*n + 1) + b*(m + n*(p - 1) + 1)*x^n, x]*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 1834

```
Int((((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_)), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x^2}{2c} - \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6 c+b_Z^3+a)} \frac{(-R^4 b + R a) \ln(x - R)}{2 R^5 c + R^2 b}}{3c}$	61
risch	$\frac{x^2}{2c} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6 c+b_Z^3+a)} \frac{(-R^4 b - R a) \ln(x - R)}{2 R^5 c + R^2 b}}{3c}$	63

input

```
int(x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*x^2/c-1/3/c*sum((R^4*b+R*a)/(2*R^5*c+R^2*b)*ln(x-R),R=RootOf(_Z^6*c+_Z^3*b+a))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3402 vs. $2(498) = 996$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3402, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.35

$$\int \frac{x^7}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{x^7}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(t^6 \cdot (46656a^3c^8 - 34992a^2b^2c^7 + 8748ab^4c^6 - 729b^6c^5) + t^3 \cdot (432a^4c^4 - 1512a^3b^2c^3 + 1107a^2b^4c^2 - 297ab^6c + 27b^8) + a^5, \text{Lambda}(t, t \cdot \log(x + (-15552t^5a^4c^9 + 27216t^5a^3b^2c^8 - 14580t^5a^2b^4c^7 + 3159t^5ab^6c^6 - 243t^5b^8c^5 - 72t^2a^5c^5 + 594t^2a^4b^2c^4 - 864t^2a^3b^4c^3 + 468t^2a^2b^6c^2 - 108t^2ab^8c + 9t^2b^{10}) / (5a^5b^2c^2 - 5a^4b^3c + a^3b^5))) \right) + x^2 / (2c)$$

input `integrate(x**7/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a),x)`

output `RootSum(_t**6*(46656*a**3*c**8 - 34992*a**2*b**2*c**7 + 8748*a*b**4*c**6 - 729*b**6*c**5) + _t**3*(432*a**4*c**4 - 1512*a**3*b**2*c**3 + 1107*a**2*b**4*c**2 - 297*a*b**6*c + 27*b**8) + a**5, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (-15552*_t**5*a**4*c**9 + 27216*_t**5*a**3*b**2*c**8 - 14580*_t**5*a**2*b**4*c**7 + 3159*_t**5*a*b**6*c**6 - 243*_t**5*b**8*c**5 - 72*_t**2*a**5*c**5 + 594*_t**2*a**4*b**2*c**4 - 864*_t**2*a**3*b**4*c**3 + 468*_t**2*a**2*b**6*c**2 - 108*_t**2*a*b**8*c + 9*_t**2*b**10)/(5*a**5*b**2*c**2 - 5*a**4*b**3*c + a**3*b**5)))) + x**2/(2*c)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^7}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{x^7}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*x^2/c - integrate((b*x^4 + a*x)/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)/c`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^7}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{x^7}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^7/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 30.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4069, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.40

$$\int \frac{x^7}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^7/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x)`

output

```

log((2^(1/3))*((2^(2/3))*(27*a^2*c*x*(b^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 - 6*a*b^2*c) + (27*2^(1/3)*a*b*c^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^2*(-(b^8 + 16*a^4*c^4 + b^5*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 41*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 56*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 11*a*b^6*c + 5*a^2*b*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 5*a*b^3*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^5*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(2/3))/2)*(-(b^8 + 16*a^4*c^4 + b^5*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 41*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 56*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 11*a*b^6*c + 5*a^2*b*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 5*a*b^3*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^5*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(1/3))/6 - (9*a*b*(b^6 - 12*a^3*c^3 + 19*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^4*c))/c^2)*(-(b^8 + 16*a^4*c^4 + b^5*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 41*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 56*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 11*a*b^6*c + 5*a^2*b*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 5*a*b^3*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^5*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(2/3))/18 + (a^4*x*(a*c - b^2))/c^2)*(-(b^8 + 16*a^4*c^4 + b^5*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 41*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 56*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 11*a*b^6*c + 5*a^2*b*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 5*a*b^3*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(54*(64*a^3*c^8 - b^6*c^5 + 12*a*b^4*c^6 - 48*a^2*b^2*c^7)))^(1/3) + log((2^(1/3))*((2^(2/3))*(27*a^2*c*x*(b^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 - 6*a*b^2*c) + (27*2^(1/3)*a*b*c^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^2*(-(b^8 + 16*a^4*c^4 - b^5*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 41*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 56*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 11*a*b^6*c - 5*a^2*b*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 5*a*b^3*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^5*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(2/3))/2)*(-(b^8 + 16*a^4*c^4 - b^5*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 41*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 56*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 11*a*b^6*c - 5*a^2*...

```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^7}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{-2 \left(\int \frac{x^4}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx \right) b - 2 \left(\int \frac{x}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx \right) a + x^2}{2c}$$

input

```
int(x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)
```

output

```
(-2*int(x**4/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*b - 2*int(x/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a + x**2)/(2*c)
```

3.129 $\int \frac{x^6}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1130
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1131
Rubi [A] (verified)	1132
Maple [C] (verified)	1138
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1139
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1140
Maxima [F]	1140
Giac [F]	1141
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1141
Reduce [F]	1142

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 631

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^6}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx \\
&= \frac{x}{c} + \frac{\left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{{}_2^3\sqrt{2}^3\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{{}_3^3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}c^{4/3} (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \\
&+ \frac{\left(b + \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{{}_2^3\sqrt{2}^3\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{{}_3^3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}c^{4/3} (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \\
&- \frac{\left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2}c^{4/3} (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \\
&- \frac{\left(b + \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2}c^{4/3} (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \\
&+ \frac{\left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \log\left((b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}c^{4/3} (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \\
&+ \frac{\left(b + \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \log\left((b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}c^{4/3} (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
x/c+1/6*(b-(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctan(1/3*(1-2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)
)*x/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(2/3)*3^(1/2)/c^(4/3)/(b-(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/6*(b+(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctan(1/3*(
1-2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(2/3)*3^(1/
2)/c^(4/3)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)-1/6*(b-(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))*ln((b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/c^(4/3)/(
b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)-1/6*(b+(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b+
(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/c^(4/3)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/12*(b-(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b-(-4*a*c+b^2
)^(1/2))^(2/3)-2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*c^(2
/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3)/c^(4/3)/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/12*(b+(-2*a*c+b^2
)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)-2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3)/c^(4/3)/(b+(-4*a*c+
b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\text{RootSum}\left[a + b\#1^3 + c\#1^6 \&, \frac{a \log(x - \#1) + b \log(x - \#1)\#1^3}{b\#1^2 + 2c\#1^5} \&\right]}{3c}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^6/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]
```

output

```
x/c - RootSum[a + b*#1^3 + c*#1^6 & , (a*Log[x - #1] + b*Log[x - #1]*#1^3)
/(b*#1^2 + 2*c*#1^5) & ]/(3*c)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 521, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.611$, Rules used = {1703, 1752, 750, 16, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^6}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1703} \\
 & \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{bx^3+a}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1752} \\
 & \frac{x}{c} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \int \frac{1}{cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})} dx + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + b \right) \int \frac{1}{cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{750} \\
 & \frac{x}{c} - \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - \sqrt[3]{cx}}}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}^{2/3}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{cx} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{\frac{x}{c} - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{c} x}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{c} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{\frac{x}{c} - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{c} x}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{c} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{\frac{x}{c} - \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{2 \sqrt[3]{2}} \int \frac{1}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{x}{c} - \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{2^{3/2}}} \int \frac{dx}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{2^{3/2}}} \right) \frac{1}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{x}{c} - \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{4}} \int \frac{dx}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{4}} \right) \frac{1}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}$$

↓ 1082

$$\frac{x}{c} - \frac{1}{2} \left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left[\frac{2^{2/3}}{4} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 4 \sqrt[3]{cx}}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} x + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)^2} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{c}} \right] \frac{1}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}$$

217
↓
 $\frac{x}{c}$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left[\frac{2^{2/3}}{4} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 4 \sqrt[3]{cx}}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} x + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)}{2 \sqrt[3]{c}} \right] \frac{1}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1103 \\
 \frac{x}{c} - \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{2^{2/3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt{2} \sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2^{3/3} \sqrt[3]{c}} \right) - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 \right)}{4^{3/3} \sqrt[3]{c}}} \\
 \frac{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}
 \end{array}$$

```
input Int[x^6/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]
```

```
output x/c - (((b - (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*((2^(2/3)*Log[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3) + 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x])/(3*c^(1/3)*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3)) + (2*2^(2/3)*(-1/2*(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/c^(1/3) - Log[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3) - 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2]/(4*c^(1/3)))/((3*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3)))))/2 + ((b + (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*((2^(2/3)*Log[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3) + 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x])/(3*c^(1/3)*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3)) + (2*2^(2/3)*(-1/2*(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/c^(1/3) - Log[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3) - 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2]/(4*c^(1/3)))/((3*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3)))))/2)/c
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \& \& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 750 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*S\text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \parallel \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1703

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[d^(2*n - 1)*(d*x)^(m - 2*n + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(
p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n)/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1)) Int[(d
*x)^(m - 2*n)*Simp[a*(m - 2*n + 1) + b*(m + n*(p - 1) + 1)*x^n, x]*(a + b*x
^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && N
eQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0
] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 1752

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_)), x
_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q))
Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) I
nt[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[n2
, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (PosQ[b^2
- 4*a*c] || !IGtQ[n/2, 0])
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x}{c} + \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6 c+b_Z^3+a)} \frac{(-_R^3 b-a) \ln(x-_R)}{2_R^5 c+_R^2 b}}{3c}$	59
risch	$\frac{x}{c} + \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6 c+b_Z^3+a)} \frac{(-_R^3 b-a) \ln(x-_R)}{2_R^5 c+_R^2 b}}{3c}$	59

input

```
int(x^6/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x/c+1/3/c*sum((-_R^3*b-a)/(2*_R^5*c+_R^2*b)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(\_Z^6*c+_Z^3
*b+a))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2882 vs. $2(495) = 990$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2882, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.57

$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^6/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/6*((1/2)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3)*c + c)*(-(b^3 - 2*a*b*c + (b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5)*
sqrt((b^8 - 8*a*b^6*c + 20*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 16*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^4*c^4)/(b^6*c
c^8 - 12*a*b^4*c^9 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^10 - 64*a^3*c^11)))/(b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5))
^(1/3)*log(4*(a*b^4 - 4*a^2*b^2*c + 2*a^3*c^2)*x - (1/2)^(1/3)*(b^6 - 8*a*
b^4*c + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^3*c^3 + sqrt(-3)*(b^6 - 8*a*b^4*c + 18*a^2*b^
2*c^2 - 8*a^3*c^3) - (b^5*c^4 - 8*a*b^3*c^5 + 16*a^2*b*c^6 + sqrt(-3)*(b^5
*c^4 - 8*a*b^3*c^5 + 16*a^2*b*c^6))*sqrt((b^8 - 8*a*b^6*c + 20*a^2*b^4*c^2
- 16*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^4*c^4)/(b^6*c^8 - 12*a*b^4*c^9 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^10 -
64*a^3*c^11)))*(-(b^3 - 2*a*b*c + (b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5)*sqrt((b^8 - 8*a*b^6
*c + 20*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 16*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^4*c^4)/(b^6*c^8 - 12*a*b^4*c^9
+ 48*a^2*b^2*c^10 - 64*a^3*c^11)))/(b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5))^(1/3)) - (1/2)^(1/
3)*(sqrt(-3)*c - c)*(-(b^3 - 2*a*b*c + (b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5)*sqrt((b^8 - 8*a
*b^6*c + 20*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 16*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^4*c^4)/(b^6*c^8 - 12*a*b^4*
c^9 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^10 - 64*a^3*c^11)))/(b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5))^(1/3)*log(4*(a
*b^4 - 4*a^2*b^2*c + 2*a^3*c^2)*x - (1/2)^(1/3)*(b^6 - 8*a*b^4*c + 18*a^2*
b^2*c^2 - 8*a^3*c^3 - sqrt(-3)*(b^6 - 8*a*b^4*c + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^3*c
^3) - (b^5*c^4 - 8*a*b^3*c^5 + 16*a^2*b*c^6 - sqrt(-3)*(b^5*c^4 - 8*a*b^3*
c^5 + 16*a^2*b*c^6))*sqrt((b^8 - 8*a*b^6*c + 20*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 16*a^3*b^2*c
^3 + 4*a^4*c^4)/(b^6*c^8 - 12*a*b^4*c^9 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^10 - 64*a^3*c^11)))
*(-(b^3 - 2*a*b*c + (b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5)*sqrt((b^8 - 8*a*b^6*c + 20*a^2*...
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(t^6 \cdot (46656a^3c^7 - 34992a^2b^2c^6 + 8748ab^4c^5 - 729b^6c^4) + t^3 \cdot (864a^3bc^3 - 864a^2b^3c^2 + 270ab^5c) + \frac{x}{c} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**6/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a),x)`output `RootSum(_t**6*(46656*a**3*c**7 - 34992*a**2*b**2*c**6 + 8748*a*b**4*c**5 - 729*b**6*c**4) + _t**3*(864*a**3*b*c**3 - 864*a**2*b**3*c**2 + 270*a*b**5*c - 27*b**7) + a**4, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (1296*_t**4*a**2*b*c**6 - 648*_t**4*a*b**3*c**5 + 81*_t**4*b**5*c**4 - 12*_t*a**3*c**3 + 39*_t*a**2*b**2*c**2 - 21*_t*a*b**4*c + 3*_t*b**6)/(2*a**3*c**2 - 4*a**2*b**2*c + a*b**4)))) + x/c`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `x/c - integrate((b*x^3 + a)/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)/c`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^6/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 22.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2280, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^6/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x)`

output

```

log((3*a^2*x*(b^4 + 2*a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c))/c - (3*2^(2/3))*a*(-(b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^7 + 32*a^3*b*c^3 - 32*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 10*a*b^5*c - 4*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^4*(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/3)*(b^4 + 2*a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c)*(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c))/(4*c*(4*a*c - b^2)))*(-(b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^7 + 32*a^3*b*c^3 - 32*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 10*a*b^5*c - 4*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(54*(64*a^3*c^7 - b^6*c^4 + 12*a*b^4*c^5 - 48*a^2*b^2*c^6)))^(1/3) + x/c +
log((3*a^2*x*(b^4 + 2*a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c))/c + (3*2^(2/3))*a*((b^7 + b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 32*a^3*b*c^3 + 32*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*b^5*c - 4*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^4*(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/3)*(b^4 + 2*a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c)*(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^4 - 16*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b^2*c))/(4*c*(4*a*c - b^2)))*((b^7 + b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 32*a^3*b*c^3 + 32*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*b^5*c - 4*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(54*(64*a^3*c^7 - b^6*c^4 + 12*a*b^4*c^5 - 48*a^2*b^2*c^6)))^(1/3) + log((3*a^2*x*(b^4 + 2*a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c))/c + (3*2^(2/3))*a*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1)*((b^7 + b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 32*a^3*b*c^3 + 32*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*b^5*c - 4*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^4*(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/3)*(b^4 + 2*a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c)*(b*(-...

```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{-\left(\int \frac{x^3}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx\right) b - \left(\int \frac{1}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx\right) a + x}{c}$$

input

```
int(x^6/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)
```

output

```
(-int(x**3/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*b - int(1/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a + x)/c
```

3.130 $\int \frac{x^4}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1144
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1145
Rubi [A] (verified)	1145
Maple [C] (verified)	1153
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1153
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1154
Maxima [F]	1155
Giac [F]	1155
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1155
Reduce [F]	1156

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 558

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^4}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = & \frac{(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}c^{2/3}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \\
& - \frac{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}c^{2/3}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \\
& + \frac{(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \\
& - \frac{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \\
& - \frac{(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} \log \left((b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 \right)}{6 \cdot 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \\
& + \frac{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} \log \left((b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 \right)}{6 \cdot 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{6} (b - (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} (1 - 2 \cdot 2^{1/3}) c^{1/3} x / (b - (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})\right)^{1/3} \cdot 3^{1/2} \cdot 2^{1/3} \cdot 3^{1/2} / c^{2/3} / (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2} \\ & - \frac{1}{6} (b + (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} (1 - 2 \cdot 2^{1/3}) c^{1/3} x / (b + (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})\right)^{1/3} \cdot 3^{1/2} \cdot 2^{1/3} \cdot 3^{1/2} / c^{2/3} / (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2} \\ & + \frac{1}{6} (b - (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})^{2/3} \ln\left(\frac{(b - (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} c^{1/3} x}{(b + (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})^{1/3} - 2^{1/3} c^{1/3} x}\right) \cdot 2^{1/3} / c^{2/3} / (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2} \\ & - \frac{1}{6} (b + (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})^{2/3} \ln\left(\frac{(b + (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} c^{1/3} x}{(b - (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})^{1/3} - 2^{1/3} c^{1/3} x}\right) \cdot 2^{1/3} / c^{2/3} / (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2} \\ & - \frac{1}{12} (b - (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})^{2/3} \ln\left(\frac{(b - (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} c^{1/3} x}{(b + (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})^{1/3} - 2^{1/3} c^{1/3} x}\right) \cdot 2^{1/3} / c^{2/3} / (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2} \\ & + \frac{1}{12} (b + (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})^{2/3} \ln\left(\frac{(b + (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})^{1/3} - 2^{1/3} c^{1/3} x}{(b - (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2})^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} c^{1/3} x}\right) \cdot 2^{1/3} / c^{2/3} / (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum}\left[a + b\#1^3 + c\#1^6 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)\#1^2}{b + 2c\#1^3} \& \right]$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]
```

output

```
RootSum[a + b*#1^3 + c*#1^6 & , (Log[x - #1]*#1^2)/(b + 2*c*#1^3) & ]/3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 516, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules used = {1710, 27, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1710} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \int \frac{2x}{2cx^3 + b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} dx + \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \int \frac{2x}{2cx^3 + b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \int \frac{x}{2cx^3 + b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} dx + \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \int \frac{x}{2cx^3 + b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{821} \\
 & \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{cx} + \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{cx} + \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{cx} + \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{cx} + \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{cx} + \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} - \frac{\log \left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} c^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{cx} + \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} - \frac{\log \left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} c^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1142

$$\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}$$

$$\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}}$$

↓ 25

$$\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} \right)$$

↓ 1082

$$\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \left\{ \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)^2} dx}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right.$$

$$\left. \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right) \left\{ \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)^2} dx}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} \right. \right.$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \left\{ \begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt[3]{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) \\ & \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right) \left\{ \begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} \sqrt[3]{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}}}}{\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) \end{aligned} \right. \end{aligned} \right.$$

↓ 1103

$$\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}}$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}}$$

$$\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right) \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}}$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}}$$

input

```
Int[x^4/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]
```

output

```
(1 - b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(-1/3*Log[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3) + 2^(1/3)
)*c^(1/3)*x]/(2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]
)*ArcTan[(1 - (2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]]
)/(2^(1/3)*c^(1/3))) + Log[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3) - 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)
*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)
))/(3*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3))) + (1 + b/Sqrt[b^2 -
4*a*c])*(-1/3*Log[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3) + 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x]/(2^(2
/3)*c^(2/3)*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*2^
(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]])/(2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)
)) + Log[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3) - 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4
*a*c])^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)))/(3*2^(1/3)*c^(1
/3)*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])]$
- rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{-1} \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{ Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1710

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbo
l] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d^n/2)*(b/q + 1) Int[(d*x)^(m
- n)/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] - Simp[(d^n/2)*(b/q - 1) Int[(d*x)^(m -
n)/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] &
& NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GeQ[m, n]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

method	result	size
default	$\left(\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6 c + b _Z^3 + a)} \frac{-R^4 \ln(x - R)}{2 _R^5 c + _R^2 b}}{3} \right)$	43
risch	$\left(\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6 c + b _Z^3 + a)} \frac{-R^4 \ln(x - R)}{2 _R^5 c + _R^2 b}}{3} \right)$	43

input

```
int(x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*sum(_R^4/(2*_R^5*c+_R^2*b)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^6*c+_Z^3*b+a))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2314 vs. $2(421) = 842$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2314, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.15

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/6*(1/2)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*(-((b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*sqrt((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c
c + 4*a^2*c^2)/(b^6*c^4 - 12*a*b^4*c^5 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^6 - 64*a^3*c^7)) + b
)/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3))^(1/3)*log((1/2)^(2/3)*(b^5 - 6*a*b^3*c + 8*a^2*b*c^
2 + sqrt(-3)*(b^5 - 6*a*b^3*c + 8*a^2*b*c^2) - (b^6*c^2 - 12*a*b^4*c^3 + 4
8*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 64*a^3*c^5 + sqrt(-3)*(b^6*c^2 - 12*a*b^4*c^3 + 48*a^2*b^2
*c^4 - 64*a^3*c^5))*sqrt((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)/(b^6*c^4 - 12*a*b^4
*c^5 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^6 - 64*a^3*c^7)))*(-((b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*sqrt((b^4 - 4
*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)/(b^6*c^4 - 12*a*b^4*c^5 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^6 - 64*a^3*c^
7)) + b)/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3))^(2/3) - 4*(a*b^2 - 2*a^2*c)*x) - 1/6*(1/2)^(
1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*(-((b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*sqrt((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c
^2)/(b^6*c^4 - 12*a*b^4*c^5 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^6 - 64*a^3*c^7)) + b)/(b^2*c^2
- 4*a*c^3))^(1/3)*log((1/2)^(2/3)*(b^5 - 6*a*b^3*c + 8*a^2*b*c^2 - sqrt(-3
)*(b^5 - 6*a*b^3*c + 8*a^2*b*c^2) - (b^6*c^2 - 12*a*b^4*c^3 + 48*a^2*b^2*c
^4 - 64*a^3*c^5 - sqrt(-3)*(b^6*c^2 - 12*a*b^4*c^3 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 64*a
^3*c^5))*sqrt((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)/(b^6*c^4 - 12*a*b^4*c^5 + 48*a
^2*b^2*c^6 - 64*a^3*c^7)))*(-((b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*sqrt((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c +
4*a^2*c^2)/(b^6*c^4 - 12*a*b^4*c^5 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^6 - 64*a^3*c^7)) + b)/(b
^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3))^(2/3) - 4*(a*b^2 - 2*a^2*c)*x) + 1/6*(1/2)^(1/3)*(sqrt(
-3) - 1)*(((b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*sqrt((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)/(b^6*c^4
- 12*a*b^4*c^5 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^6 - 64*a^3*c^7)) - b)/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3...

```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(t^6 \cdot (46656a^3c^5 - 34992a^2b^2c^4 + 8748ab^4c^3 - 729b^6c^2) + t^3(-432a^2bc^2 + 216ab^3c - 27b^5) + \dots \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**4/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a),x)
```

output

```

RootSum(_t**6*(46656*a**3*c**5 - 34992*a**2*b**2*c**4 + 8748*a*b**4*c**3 -
729*b**6*c**2) + _t**3*(-432*a**2*b*c**2 + 216*a*b**3*c - 27*b**5) + a**2
, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (15552*_t**5*a**3*c**5 - 11664*_t**5*a**2*b**2*c**
4 + 2916*_t**5*a*b**4*c**3 - 243*_t**5*b**6*c**2 - 108*_t**2*a**2*b*c**2 +
63*_t**2*a*b**3*c - 9*_t**2*b**5)/(2*a**2*c - a*b**2))))

```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^4/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^4/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 26.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2695, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.83

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^4/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x)`

output

```

log((2^(1/3)*((b^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c - 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(2/3)*(36*a^3*c^3 - (2^(2/3)*(54*a^2*c^3*x*(4*a*c - b^2) - (27*2^(1/3)*a*b*c^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^2*((b^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c - 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))/2)*((b^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c - 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(1/3))/6 - 45*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 9*a*b^4*c))/18 + a^2*b*c*x*((b^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c - 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(54*(64*a^3*c^5 - b^6*c^2 + 12*a*b^4*c^3 - 48*a^2*b^2*c^4)))^(1/3) + log((2^(1/3)*((b^5 - b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c + 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(2/3)*(36*a^3*c^3 - (2^(2/3)*(54*a^2*c^3*x*(4*a*c - b^2) - (27*2^(1/3)*a*b*c^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^2*((b^5 - b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c + 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))/2)*((b^5 - b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c + 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(c^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(1/3))/6 - 45*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 9*a*b^4*c))/18 + a^2*b*c*x*((b^5 - b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c + 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(54*(64*a^3*c^5 - b^6*c^2 + 12*a*b^4*c^3 - 48*a^2*b^2*c^4)))^(1/3) - log((2^(1/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1)*((b^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + ...

```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input

```
int(x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)
```

output

```
int(x**4/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)
```

3.131 $\int \frac{x^3}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1158
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1159
Rubi [A] (verified)	1159
Maple [C] (verified)	1169
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1170
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1171
Maxima [F]	1171
Giac [F]	1171
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1172
Reduce [F]	1172

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 558

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^3}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = & \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \log \left((b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 \right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \log \left((b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 \right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/6*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(1-2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x/(b-(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(2/3)*3^(1/2)/c^(1/3)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
-1/6*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(1-2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x/(b+(-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(2/3)*3^(1/2)/c^(1/3)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)-1/6*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*ln((b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+2^(1/3)
*c^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/c^(1/3)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+1/6*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(
1/3)*ln((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/c^(1/3)/(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+1/12*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*ln((b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/
2))^(2/3)-2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x
^2)*2^(2/3)/c^(1/3)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-1/12*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*l
n((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)-2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)
)*x+2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3)/c^(1/3)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum} \left[a + b\#1^3 + c\#1^6 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)\#1}{b + 2c\#1^3} \& \right]$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]
```

output

```
RootSum[a + b*#1^3 + c*#1^6 & , (Log[x - #1]*#1)/(b + 2*c*#1^3) & ]/3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 496, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules used = {1710, 750, 16, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

↓ 1710

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \int \frac{1}{cx^3 + \frac{1}{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \int \frac{1}{cx^3 + \frac{1}{2} (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} dx$$

↓ 750

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{2 \left(2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3 (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{cx} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}} dx}{3 (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{2 \left(2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3 (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{cx} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}} dx}{3 (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^2} \right)$$

↓ 16

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{2 \left(2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3 (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{c} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{2 \left(2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3 (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{c} (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{cx}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3 (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{c} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{cx}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3 (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{c} (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)} \right)$$

↓ 1142

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right)
 \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2}{3} \frac{2^{2/3}}{2^{3/2}} \left(\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} \right) dx - \frac{f}{2c^2} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \frac{2^{2/3}}{2^{3/2}} \left(\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} \right) dx - \frac{f}{2c^2} \\
 & 3 \left(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \right)^{2/3} \\
 & 3 \left(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b \right)^{2/3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{3 \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx + \frac{f}{2c^{2/3}}}{2 \sqrt[3]{2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{3 \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + \sqrt[3]{2} (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx + \frac{f}{2c^{2/3}}}{2 \sqrt[3]{2}} \right)
 \end{aligned} \right\} \frac{3 (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}{3 (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l}
 \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \\
 \\
 \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right)
 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l}
 2^{2/3} \left(\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \int \frac{1}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{dx}{2c^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{2}}} \right) \\
 \\
 2^{2/3} \left(\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} \int \frac{1}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + \sqrt[3]{2} (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{dx}{2c^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{2}}} \right)
 \end{array} \\
 \\
 3 \left(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \right)^{2/3} \\
 \\
 3 \left(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b \right)^{2/3}
 \end{array}$$

↓ 1082

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left(2^{2/3} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 4\sqrt[3]{cx}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)}}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \left(2^{2/3} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 4\sqrt[3]{cx}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)}}{3(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}} \right)
 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left\{ \begin{aligned}
 & 2^{2/3} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 4\sqrt[3]{cx}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{c}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt[3]{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt[3]{c}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3 (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}{3 (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}
 \end{aligned} \right\} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \left\{ \begin{aligned}
 & 2^{2/3} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 4\sqrt[3]{cx}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{c}}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt[3]{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt[3]{c}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3 (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}}{3 (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}}
 \end{aligned} \right\}
 \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \left[\frac{2^{2/3}}{2^{3\sqrt{c}}} \left(\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2^{3/2} \sqrt{3} \sqrt{c} x}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^2 \right)}{4 \sqrt[3]{c}} \right) \right] \\
 \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \left[\frac{2^{2/3}}{2^{3\sqrt{c}}} \left(\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2^{3/2} \sqrt{3} \sqrt{c} x}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^2 \right)}{4 \sqrt[3]{c}} \right) \right] \\
 3 (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} \\
 3 (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}$$

input `Int[x^3/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]`

output

$$\frac{\left((1 - b/\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) \left(2^{2/3} \log\left[(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} c^{1/3} x \right] / (3c^{1/3} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}) + (2 \cdot 2^{2/3}) \left(-1/2 (\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[(1 - (2 \cdot 2^{1/3}) c^{1/3} x) / (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) \right]^{1/3}) / \sqrt{3} \right) / c^{1/3} - \log\left[(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} - 2^{1/3} c^{1/3} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{1/3} x + 2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 / (4c^{1/3}) \right] \right) / (3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}) \right) / 2 + \left((1 + b/\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) \left(2^{2/3} \log\left[(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} c^{1/3} x \right] / (3c^{1/3} (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}) + (2 \cdot 2^{2/3}) \left(-1/2 (\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[(1 - (2 \cdot 2^{1/3}) c^{1/3} x) / (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) \right]^{1/3}) / \sqrt{3} \right) / c^{1/3} - \log\left[(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} - 2^{1/3} c^{1/3} (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{1/3} x + 2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 / (4c^{1/3}) \right] \right) / (3(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}) \right) / 2$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 16

$$\operatorname{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[c*(\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 25

$$\operatorname{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 217

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-\operatorname{Rt}[-a, 2]*\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\operatorname{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& (\operatorname{LtQ}[a, 0] \mid \mid \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 750

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1/(3*\operatorname{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \operatorname{Int}[1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 3] + \operatorname{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1/(3*\operatorname{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \operatorname{Int}[(2*\operatorname{Rt}[a, 3] - \operatorname{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \operatorname{Rt}[a, 3]*\operatorname{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \operatorname{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$$

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])]; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1710 `Int[((d_)*(x_)^m)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d^n/2)*(b/q + 1) Int[(d*x)^(m - n)/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] - Simp[(d^n/2)*(b/q - 1) Int[(d*x)^(m - n)/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GeQ[m, n]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(-Z^6+c+b-Z^3+a)} \frac{-R^3 \ln(x-R)}{2-R^5+R^2 b} \right)}{3}$	43
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(-Z^6+c+b-Z^3+a)} \frac{-R^3 \ln(x-R)}{2-R^5+R^2 b} \right)}{3}$	43

input `int(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*sum(_R^3/(2*_R^5*c+_R^2*b)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^6*c+_Z^3*b+a))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1542 vs. $2(421) = 842$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1542, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/6*(1/2)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*(((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(b^2/(b^6*c^2 - 12
*a*b^4*c^3 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 64*a^3*c^5)) + 1)/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))^(1/3)*1
og(-(1/2)^(1/3)*(b^4*c - 8*a*b^2*c^2 + 16*a^2*c^3 + sqrt(-3)*(b^4*c - 8*a*
b^2*c^2 + 16*a^2*c^3))*sqrt(b^2/(b^6*c^2 - 12*a*b^4*c^3 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^4 -
64*a^3*c^5)))*((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(b^2/(b^6*c^2 - 12*a*b^4*c^3 + 48*a^
2*b^2*c^4 - 64*a^3*c^5)) + 1)/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))^(1/3) + 2*b*x) + 1/6*(1/2
)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*(((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(b^2/(b^6*c^2 - 12*a*b^4*c^
3 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 64*a^3*c^5)) + 1)/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))^(1/3)*log(-(1/2)
^(1/3)*(b^4*c - 8*a*b^2*c^2 + 16*a^2*c^3 - sqrt(-3)*(b^4*c - 8*a*b^2*c^2 +
16*a^2*c^3))*sqrt(b^2/(b^6*c^2 - 12*a*b^4*c^3 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 64*a^3*c
^5)))*((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(b^2/(b^6*c^2 - 12*a*b^4*c^3 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^4
- 64*a^3*c^5)) + 1)/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))^(1/3) + 2*b*x) - 1/6*(1/2)^(1/3)*(
sqrt(-3) + 1)*(-((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(b^2/(b^6*c^2 - 12*a*b^4*c^3 + 48*a
^2*b^2*c^4 - 64*a^3*c^5)) - 1)/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))^(1/3)*log((1/2)^(1/3)*(b
^4*c - 8*a*b^2*c^2 + 16*a^2*c^3 + sqrt(-3)*(b^4*c - 8*a*b^2*c^2 + 16*a^2*c
^3))*sqrt(b^2/(b^6*c^2 - 12*a*b^4*c^3 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 64*a^3*c^5)))*(-((
b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(b^2/(b^6*c^2 - 12*a*b^4*c^3 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 64*a^
3*c^5)) - 1)/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))^(1/3) + 2*b*x) + 1/6*(1/2)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3)
- 1)*(-((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(b^2/(b^6*c^2 - 12*a*b^4*c^3 + 48*a^2*b^2*c
^4 - 64*a^3*c^5)) - 1)/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))^(1/3)*log((1/2)^(1/3)*(b^4*c ...
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(t^6 \cdot (46656a^3c^4 - 34992a^2b^2c^3 + 8748ab^4c^2 - 729b^6c) + t^3 \cdot (432a^2c^2 - 216ab^2c + 27b^4) + a, \right.$$

input `integrate(x**3/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a),x)`output `RootSum(_t**6*(46656*a**3*c**4 - 34992*a**2*b**2*c**3 + 8748*a*b**4*c**2 - 729*b**6*c) + _t**3*(432*a**2*c**2 - 216*a*b**2*c + 27*b**4) + a, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (2592*_t**4*a**2*c**3 - 1296*_t**4*a*b**2*c**2 + 162*_t**4*b**4*c + 12*_t*a*c - 3*_t*b**2)/b)))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(x^3/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^3/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 26.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2129, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.82

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x)`

output

```
log((2^(2/3)*(-(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c)
/(c*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(1/3)*(9*a*b^3*c^2 - 36*a^2*b*c^3 + (9*2^(1/3)*a*c^3
*(4*a*c - b^2)^2*(x - (2^(2/3)*b*(-(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*
a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c)/(c*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))/2)*(-(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)
)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c)/(c*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))/2))/6
+ 3*a*c^2*x*(2*a*c - b^2))*((b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2
- 8*a*b^2*c)/(54*(b^6*c - 64*a^3*c^4 - 12*a*b^4*c^2 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^3)))^(
1/3) + log((2^(2/3)*(9*a*b^3*c^2 - 36*a^2*b*c^3 + (9*2^(1/3)*a*c^3*(x - (2
^(2/3)*b*((b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^4 - 16*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b^2*c)/(c*(
4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(1/3))/2)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2*((b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) -
b^4 - 16*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b^2*c)/(c*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(2/3))/2)*((b*(-(4*a*c
- b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^4 - 16*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b^2*c)/(c*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(1/3)
)/6 + 3*a*c^2*x*(2*a*c - b^2))*(-(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^4 - 16*a^
2*c^2 + 8*a*b^2*c)/(54*(b^6*c - 64*a^3*c^4 - 12*a*b^4*c^2 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^3
)))^(1/3) + log((2^(2/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1)*(36*a^2*b*c^3 - 9*a*b^3*c^2 + (2
^(1/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 1)*(81*a*c^3*x*(4*a*c - b^2)^2 - (81*2^(2/3)*a*b*c^3*
(3^(1/2)*1i - 1)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2*(-(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*
a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c)/(c*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(1/3))/4)*(-(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)
)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c)/(c*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))/36)*(-
(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c)/(c*(4*a*c - ...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)`

output `int(x**3/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)`

3.132 $\int \frac{x}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1175
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1176
Rubi [A] (verified)	1176
Maple [C] (verified)	1184
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1185
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1186
Maxima [F]	1186
Giac [F]	1186
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1187
Reduce [F]	1188

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 558

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}\right)}{3\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}\right)}{3\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[3]{c} \log\left((b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[3]{c} \log\left((b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}$$

output

```
-1/3*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(1-2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+1/3*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(1-2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)-1/3*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*ln((b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+1/3*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*ln((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+1/6*c^(1/3)*ln((b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)-2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(1/3)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)-1/6*c^(1/3)*ln((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)-2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(1/3)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum} \left[a + b\#1^3 + c\#1^6 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)}{b\#1 + 2c\#1^4} \& \right]$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]`

output `RootSum[a + b*#1^3 + c*#1^6 & , Log[x - #1]/(b*#1 + 2*c*#1^4) &]/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 511, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {1711, 27, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1711 \\ & \frac{c \int \frac{2x}{2cx^3 + b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \frac{c \int \frac{2x}{2cx^3 + b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{2c \int \frac{x}{2cx^3 + b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \frac{2c \int \frac{x}{2cx^3 + b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 821 \end{aligned}$$

$$2c \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)$$

$$2c \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$$

↓ 16

$$2c \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} - \frac{\log \left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)$$

$$2c \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} - \frac{\log \left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$$

↓ 1142

$$2c \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} \right)$$

$$2c \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \left(\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$

$$2c \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)$$

$$2c \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \left(\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$

↓ 27

$$2c \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)$$

$$2c \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$

↓ 1082

$$2c \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)^2} dx - \int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)^3} dx}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$

$$2c \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)^2} dx - \int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)^3} dx}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$

$$2c \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c} \left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} - \frac{\log \left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)$$

$$2c \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c} \left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} - \frac{\log \left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$

↓ 1103

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}+2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}\arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{3^{2/3}c^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2c}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \\
 & \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b}+(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)^{2/3}+2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}\arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b}}}}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{3^{2/3}c^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2c}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b}} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*c*(-1/3*\text{Log}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{(1/3)} + 2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)}*x]/(2^{(2/3)} \\ & *c^{(2/3)}*(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{(1/3)}) + (-((\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*2^{(1/3)} \\ &)*c^{(1/3)}*x)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{(1/3)})/\text{Sqrt}[3]])/(2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)))) \\ & + \text{Log}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{(2/3)} - 2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)}*(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]) \\ &]^{(1/3)}*x + 2^{(2/3)}*c^{(2/3)}*x^2]/(2*2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)})))/(3*2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)} \\ & *(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{(1/3)})))/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*(-1/3*\text{Log}[(b + \\ & \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{(1/3)} + 2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)}*x]/(2^{(2/3)}*c^{(2/3)}*(b + \text{Sqrt}[b \\ & ^2 - 4*a*c])^{(1/3)}) + (-((\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)}*x)/(b + \text{S} \\ & \text{qrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{(1/3)})/\text{Sqrt}[3]])/(2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)))) + \text{Log}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 \\ & - 4*a*c])^{(2/3)} - 2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)}*(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{(1/3)}*x + 2^{(2/3)} \\ &)*c^{(2/3)}*x^2]/(2*2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)})))/(3*2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)}*(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a \\ & *c])^{(1/3)})))/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16

$$\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 217

$$\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \& \& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 821

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{(-1)} \\ & \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \\ & \quad \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2 \\ & *x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1711 `Int[((d_)*(x_)^(m_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[c/q Int[(d*x)^m/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] - Simp[c/q Int[(d*x)^m/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.07

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(-Z^6 c + b Z^3 + a)} \frac{-R \ln(x - R)}{2 R^5 c + R^2 b} \right)}{3}$	41
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(-Z^6 c + b Z^3 + a)} \frac{-R \ln(x - R)}{2 R^5 c + R^2 b} \right)}{3}$	41

input `int(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*sum(_R/(2*_R^5*c+_R^2*b)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^6*c+_Z^3*b+a))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1798 vs. $2(421) = 842$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1798, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(1/2)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*(-(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*sqrt(b^2/(a^2*b^6 - 12*a^3*b^4*c + 48*a^4*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^5*c^3)) + 1)/(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c))^(1/3)*log(4*b*c*x - (1/2)^(2/3)*(b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + sqrt(-3)*(b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c) - (a*b^6 - 12*a^2*b^4*c + 48*a^3*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^4*c^3 + sqrt(-3)*(a*b^6 - 12*a^2*b^4*c + 48*a^3*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^4*c^3))*sqrt(b^2/(a^2*b^6 - 12*a^3*b^4*c + 48*a^4*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^5*c^3)))*(-(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*sqrt(b^2/(a^2*b^6 - 12*a^3*b^4*c + 48*a^4*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^5*c^3)) + 1)/(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c))^(2/3)) - 1/6*(1/2)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*(-(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*sqrt(b^2/(a^2*b^6 - 12*a^3*b^4*c + 48*a^4*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^5*c^3)) + 1)/(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c))^(1/3)*log(4*b*c*x - (1/2)^(2/3)*(b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c - sqrt(-3)*(b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c) - (a*b^6 - 12*a^2*b^4*c + 48*a^3*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^4*c^3 - sqrt(-3)*(a*b^6 - 12*a^2*b^4*c + 48*a^3*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^4*c^3))*sqrt(b^2/(a^2*b^6 - 12*a^3*b^4*c + 48*a^4*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^5*c^3)))*(-(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*sqrt(b^2/(a^2*b^6 - 12*a^3*b^4*c + 48*a^4*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^5*c^3)) + 1)/(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c))^(2/3)) + 1/6*(1/2)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*(((a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*sqrt(b^2/(a^2*b^6 - 12*a^3*b^4*c + 48*a^4*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^5*c^3)) - 1)/(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c))^(1/3)*log(4*b*c*x - (1/2)^(2/3)*(b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + sqrt(-3)*(b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c) + (a*b^6 - 12*a^2*b^4*c + 48*a^3*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^4*c^3 + sqrt(-3)*(a*b^6 - 12*a^2*b^4*c + 48*a^3*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^4*c^3))*sqrt(b^2/(a^2*b^6 - 12*a^3*b^4*c + 48*a^4*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^5*c^3)))*(((a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*sqrt(b^2...`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(t^6 \cdot (46656a^4c^3 - 34992a^3b^2c^2 + 8748a^2b^4c - 729ab^6) + t^3(-432a^2c^2 + 216ab^2c - 27b^4) + c \right)$$

input `integrate(x/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a),x)`

output `RootSum(_t**6*(46656*a**4*c**3 - 34992*a**3*b**2*c**2 + 8748*a**2*b**4*c - 729*a*b**6) + _t**3*(-432*a**2*c**2 + 216*a*b**2*c - 27*b**4) + c, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (-15552*_t**5*a**4*c**3 + 11664*_t**5*a**3*b**2*c**2 - 2916*_t**5*a**2*b**4*c + 243*_t**5*a*b**6 + 72*_t**2*a**2*c**2 - 54*_t**2*a*b**2*c + 9*_t**2*b**4)/(b*c))))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{x}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{x}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 23.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1543, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x)`

output

```
log(c^4*x - ((27*c^3*x*(b^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 - 6*a*b^2*c) + (27*2^(1/3)*a*b*c^3
*(4*a*c - b^2)^2*((b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2
*c)/(a*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(2/3))/2)*(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*
a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c)/(54*a*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))*(-(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)
) + b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c)/(54*(a*b^6 - 64*a^4*c^3 - 12*a^2*b^4*c +
48*a^3*b^2*c^2)))^(1/3) + log(c^4*x + ((27*c^3*x*(b^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 - 6*a*b
^2*c) + (27*2^(1/3)*a*b*c^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^2*(-(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)
- b^4 - 16*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b^2*c)/(a*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(2/3))/2)*(b*(-(4*a*c
- b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^4 - 16*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b^2*c)/(54*a*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))*
((b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^4 - 16*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b^2*c)/(54*(a*b^6 -
64*a^4*c^3 - 12*a^2*b^4*c + 48*a^3*b^2*c^2)))^(1/3) - log(c^4*x - ((27*c^3
*x*(b^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 - 6*a*b^2*c) + (27*2^(1/3)*a*b*c^3*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1)*(4
*a*c - b^2)^2*((b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c)
/(a*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(2/3))/4)*(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*a^2
*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c)/(54*a*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))*((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 + 1/2)*(-(b*(-(
4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c)/(54*(a*b^6 - 64*a^4*
c^3 - 12*a^2*b^4*c + 48*a^3*b^2*c^2)))^(1/3) + log(c^4*x - ((27*c^3*x*(b^4
+ 8*a^2*c^2 - 6*a*b^2*c) - (27*2^(1/3)*a*b*c^3*(3^(1/2)*1i + 1)*(4*a*c -
b^2)^2*((b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^2*c)/(a*(4*
a*c - b^2)^3))^(2/3))/4)*(b*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^4 + 16*a^2*c^2...
```


Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{x}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `int(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)`

output `int(x/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)`

3.133 $\int \frac{1}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1189
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1190
Rubi [A] (verified)	1190
Maple [C] (verified)	1200
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1201
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1202
Maxima [F]	1202
Giac [F]	1202
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1203
Reduce [F]	1204

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 558

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx \\
 &= -\frac{2^{2/3}c^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3}c^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \\
 &+ \frac{2^{2/3}c^{2/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}\right)}{3\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \\
 &- \frac{2^{2/3}c^{2/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}\right)}{3\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \\
 &- \frac{c^{2/3} \log\left((b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \\
 &+ \frac{c^{2/3} \log\left((b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/3*2^{(2/3)}*c^{(2/3)}*\arctan(1/3*(1-2*2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)}*x/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)}))^{(1/2)}*3^{(1/2)}/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(2/3)} \\
& +1/3*2^{(2/3)}*c^{(2/3)}*\arctan(1/3*(1-2*2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)}*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)}))^{(1/2)}*3^{(1/2)}/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(2/3)} \\
& +1/3*2^{(2/3)}*c^{(2/3)}*\ln((b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)}+2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)}*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(2/3)}-1/3*2^{(2/3)}*c^{(2/3)}*\ln((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)}+2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)}*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(2/3)} \\
& -1/6*c^{(2/3)}*\ln((b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(2/3)}-2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)}*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)}*x+2^{(2/3)}*c^{(2/3)}*x^2)*2^{(2/3)}/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(2/3)}+1/6*c^{(2/3)}*\ln((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(2/3)}-2^{(1/3)}*c^{(1/3)}*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)}*x+2^{(2/3)}*c^{(2/3)}*x^2)*2^{(2/3)}/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(2/3)}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum} \left[a + b\#1^3 + c\#1^6 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)}{b\#1^2 + 2c\#1^5} \& \right]$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(-1), x]`

output

`RootSum[a + b*#1^3 + c*#1^6 & , Log[x - #1]/(b*#1^2 + 2*c*#1^5) &]/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 484, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$, Rules used = {1685, 750, 16, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1685} \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{1}{cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} dx}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} dx}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{750} \\
 & c \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{2 \left(2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{cx} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \\
 & c \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{2 \left(2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{cx} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}} dx}{3(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{16}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$c \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{2 \left(2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{c} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right)$$

$$c \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{2 \left(2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}{3(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}} dx}{3(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + b + \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{c} (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$
↓ 27

$$c \left(\frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{cx}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{c} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right)$$

$$c \left(\frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{cx}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}{3(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}} dx}{3(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + b + \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{c} (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$
↓ 1142

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} 2^{2/3} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c} \left(2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} \\ \hline c \int \frac{1}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} 2^{2/3} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c} \left(2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} \\ \hline c \int \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{3(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}} \end{array} \right)$$

$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} 2^{2/3} \\ c \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx + \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c}\left(2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{c}\left(2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{4\sqrt[3]{c}} \\ \hline 3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} 2^{2/3} \\ c \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx + \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c}\left(2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{c}\left(2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{4\sqrt[3]{c}} \\ \hline 3(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3} \end{array} \right)$$

$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$

$$c \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx \right)$$

$$c \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx \right)$$

$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$

↓ 1082

$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 4\sqrt[3]{c}x}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)^2} d \left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)^{-3}}{2\sqrt[3]{c}} \end{array} \right) \frac{c}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 4\sqrt[3]{c}x}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)^2} d \left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)^{-3}}{2\sqrt[3]{c}} \end{array} \right) \frac{c}{3(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}}$$

$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$

$$\left(\frac{2^{2/3}}{c} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 4\sqrt[3]{c}x}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2\sqrt[3]{c}} \right) + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{\dots} \right)}{3} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{2^{2/3}}{c} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 4\sqrt[3]{c}x}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2\sqrt[3]{c}} \right) + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{\dots} \right)}{3} \right)$$

$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$

$$\left(\frac{2^{2/3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2^3 \sqrt{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2 \sqrt[3]{c}} \right) - \log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 \right)}{4 \sqrt[3]{c}} \right)}{3 (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

$$\left(\frac{2^{2/3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2^3 \sqrt{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2 \sqrt[3]{c}} \right) - \log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 \right)}{4 \sqrt[3]{c}} \right)}{3 (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{2^{2/3} \log \left(\sqrt[3]{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

$\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$

input `Int[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(-1),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (c*((2^{2/3})\text{Log}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{1/3} + 2^{1/3}*c^{1/3}*x])/(3*c^{1/3} \\ & (1/3)*(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{2/3}) + (2*2^{2/3})*(-1/2*(\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 \\ & - (2*2^{1/3})*c^{1/3}*x)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{1/3}]/\text{Sqrt}[3]))/c^{1/3} \\ & - \text{Log}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{2/3} - 2^{1/3}*c^{1/3}*(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a* \\ & c])^{1/3}*x + 2^{2/3}*c^{2/3}*x^2]/(4*c^{1/3}))) / (3*(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] \\ &)^{2/3}))/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (c*((2^{2/3})\text{Log}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{1/3} \\ & + 2^{1/3}*c^{1/3}*x])/(3*c^{1/3}*(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{2/3}) + (2*2^{2/3}) \\ & (-1/2*(\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*2^{1/3})*c^{1/3}*x)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4* \\ & a*c])^{1/3}]/\text{Sqrt}[3]))/c^{1/3} - \text{Log}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{2/3} - 2^{1/3} \\ & *c^{1/3}*(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{1/3}*x + 2^{2/3}*c^{2/3}*x^2]/(4*c^{1/3} \\ & 3)))) / (3*(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{2/3}))/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 750 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[1/(Rt[a, 3] + Rt[b, 3]*x), x], x] + Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[(2*Rt[a, 3] - Rt[b, 3]*x)/(Rt[a, 3]^2 - Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3]*x + Rt[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 1082

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*S
 implify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b
)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]) /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1103

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

rule 1142

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1685

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(n_+1), x_Symbol] := With[{q
= Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[c/q Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] - Simp[
c/q Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && EqQ[n2,
2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.07

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6 c+b_Z^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x_R)}{2_R^5 c+_R^2 b} \right)}{3}$	40
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6 c+b_Z^3+a)} \frac{\ln(x_R)}{2_R^5 c+_R^2 b} \right)}{3}$	40

input

```
int(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `1/3*sum(1/(2*_R^5*c+_R^2*b)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^6*c+_Z^3*b+a))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2206 vs. $2(421) = 842$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2206, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.95

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/6*(1/2)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*(((a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*sqrt((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)/(a^4*b^6 - 12*a^5*b^4*c + 48*a^6*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^7*c^3)) + b)/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c))^(1/3)*log(-4*(b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*x - (1/2)^(1/3)*(b^4 - 6*a*b^2*c + 8*a^2*c^2 + sqrt(-3)*(b^4 - 6*a*b^2*c + 8*a^2*c^2) - (a^2*b^5 - 8*a^3*b^3*c + 16*a^4*b*c^2 + sqrt(-3)*(a^2*b^5 - 8*a^3*b^3*c + 16*a^4*b*c^2))*sqrt((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)/(a^4*b^6 - 12*a^5*b^4*c + 48*a^6*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^7*c^3)))*(((a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*sqrt((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)/(a^4*b^6 - 12*a^5*b^4*c + 48*a^6*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^7*c^3)) + b)/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c))^(1/3)) + 1/6*(1/2)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*(((a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*sqrt((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)/(a^4*b^6 - 12*a^5*b^4*c + 48*a^6*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^7*c^3)) + b)/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c))^(1/3)*log(-4*(b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*x - (1/2)^(1/3)*(b^4 - 6*a*b^2*c + 8*a^2*c^2 - sqrt(-3)*(b^4 - 6*a*b^2*c + 8*a^2*c^2) - (a^2*b^5 - 8*a^3*b^3*c + 16*a^4*b*c^2 - sqrt(-3)*(a^2*b^5 - 8*a^3*b^3*c + 16*a^4*b*c^2))*sqrt((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)/(a^4*b^6 - 12*a^5*b^4*c + 48*a^6*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^7*c^3)))*(((a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*sqrt((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)/(a^4*b^6 - 12*a^5*b^4*c + 48*a^6*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^7*c^3)) + b)/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c))^(1/3)) - 1/6*(1/2)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*(-((a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*sqrt((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)/(a^4*b^6 - 12*a^5*b^4*c + 48*a^6*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^7*c^3)) - b)/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c))^(1/3)*log(-4*(b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*x - (1/2)^(1/3)*(b^4 - 6*a*b^2*c + 8*a...
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(t^6 \cdot (46656a^5c^3 - 34992a^4b^2c^2 + 8748a^3b^4c - 729a^2b^6) + t^3 \cdot (432a^2bc^2 - 216ab^3c + 27b^5) + \dots \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a),x)`output `RootSum(_t**6*(46656*a**5*c**3 - 34992*a**4*b**2*c**2 + 8748*a**3*b**4*c - 729*a**2*b**6) + _t**3*(432*a**2*b*c**2 - 216*a*b**3*c + 27*b**5) + c**2, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (-1296*_t**4*a**4*b*c**2 + 648*_t**4*a**3*b**3*c - 81*_t**4*a**2*b**5 + 12*_t*a**2*c**2 - 15*_t*a*b**2*c + 3*_t*b**4)/(2*a*c**2 - b**2*c))))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{1}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{1}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 26.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2597, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.65

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x)`

output

```
log(6*c^5*x + (2^(2/3))*(-(b^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c - 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(a^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/3))*(36*a*c^5 - 9*b^2*c^4 + (9*2^(1/3))*b*c^3*(x + (2^(2/3))*a*(-(b^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c - 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(a^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(1/3))/2)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2*(-(b^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c - 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(a^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(2/3))/2)/6)*((b^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c - 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(5*4*(a^2*b^6 - 64*a^5*c^3 - 12*a^3*b^4*c + 48*a^4*b^2*c^2)))^(1/3) + log(6*c^5*x + (2^(2/3))*(-(b^5 - b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c + 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(a^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/3))*(36*a*c^5 - 9*b^2*c^4 + (9*2^(1/3))*b*c^3*(x + (2^(2/3))*a*(-(b^5 - b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c + 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(a^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(1/3))/2)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2*(-(b^5 - b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c + 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(a^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(2/3))/2)/6)*((b^5 - b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c + 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(54*(a^2*b^6 - 64*a^5*c^3 - 12*a^3*b^4*c + 48*a^4*b^2*c^2)))^(1/3) + log(6*c^5*x - (2^(2/3))*((3^(1/2)*i - 1))*(-(b^5 + b^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 16*a^2*b*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c - 2*a*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)))/(a^2*(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/3))...
```


Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{1}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)`

3.134
$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx$$

Optimal result	1206
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1207
Rubi [A] (verified)	1208
Maple [C] (verified)	1213
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1214
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1214
Maxima [F]	1215
Giac [F]	1215
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1216
Reduce [F]	1216

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 610

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx = & -\frac{1}{ax} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{c}\left(1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}a\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt[3]{c}\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}a\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt[3]{c}\left(1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}a\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt[3]{c}\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}a\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt[3]{c}\left(1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \log\left((b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}x + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2\right)}{6 \cdot 2^{2/3}a\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt[3]{c}\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \log\left((b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}x + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2\right)}{6 \cdot 2^{2/3}a\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/a/x+1/6*c^(1/3)*(1+b/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctan(1/3*(1-2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)
)*x/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)/a/(b-(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+1/6*c^(1/3)*(1-b/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctan(1/3*(1-2*2^(1/
3)*c^(1/3)*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)/a/(b+(
-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+1/6*c^(1/3)*(1+b/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b-(-4*a*
c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)*2^(1/3)/a/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1
/3)+1/6*c^(1/3)*(1-b/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)+2
^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)*2^(1/3)/a/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)-1/12*c^(1/3)*(1+b
/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(2/3)-2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b-(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(1/3)/a/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))^(1/3)-1/12*c^(1/3)*(1-b/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)^(2/3)-2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2
)*2^(1/3)/a/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/3)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.12

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{ax} - \frac{\text{RootSum}\left[a + b\#1^3 + c\#1^6 \&, \frac{b \log(x - \#1) + c \log(x - \#1)\#1^3}{b\#1 + 2c\#1^4} \&\right]}{3a}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)),x]
```

output

```

-(1/(a*x)) - RootSum[a + b*#1^3 + c*#1^6 & , (b*Log[x - #1] + c*Log[x - #1
]*#1^3)/(b*#1 + 2*c*#1^4) & ]/(3*a)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 532, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {1704, 25, 1834, 27, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1704 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{x(cx^3+b)}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx}{a} - \frac{1}{ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{x(cx^3+b)}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx}{a} - \frac{1}{ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1834 \\
 & -\frac{\frac{1}{2}c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+1\right)\int \frac{2x}{2cx^3+b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx + \frac{1}{2}c\left(1-\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)\int \frac{2x}{2cx^3+b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx}{a} - \frac{1}{ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+1\right)\int \frac{x}{2cx^3+b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx + c\left(1-\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)\int \frac{x}{2cx^3+b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx}{a} - \frac{1}{ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 821 \\
 & -\frac{c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+1\right)\left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx+\sqrt{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2-\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}x+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx+\sqrt{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} dx\right)}{a} + \frac{1}{ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{1}{ax}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx} + \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)$$

$\frac{1}{ax}$
↓ 1142

$$c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}\right)}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}$$

$\frac{1}{ax}$
↓ 25

$$c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}\right)}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}$$

$\frac{1}{ax}$
↓ 27

$$c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)$$

$\frac{1}{ax}$
↓ 1082

$$c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)^2} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 2 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{2^{2/3} c^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx}{3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right)$$

$\frac{1}{ax}$
↓ 217

$$c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}x + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}} \right)$$

$\frac{1}{ax}$
↓ 1103

$$c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{-\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}x\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2}{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}} \right)$$

$\frac{1}{ax}$

input Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)),x]

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{(a*x)} - (c*(1 + b/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(-1/3*\text{Log}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{1/3} + 2^{1/3}*c^{1/3}*x]/(2^{2/3}*c^{2/3}*(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{1/3})) \\
& + (-((\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*2^{1/3}*c^{1/3}*x)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{1/3}]/\text{Sqrt}[3])]/(2^{1/3}*c^{1/3})) + \text{Log}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{2/3} - \\
& 2^{1/3}*c^{1/3}*(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{1/3}*x + 2^{2/3}*c^{2/3}*x^2]/(2*2^{1/3}*c^{1/3}))) / (3*2^{1/3}*c^{1/3}*(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{1/3})) + c* \\
& (1 - b/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(-1/3*\text{Log}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{1/3} + 2^{1/3}*c^{1/3}*x]/(2^{2/3}*c^{2/3}*(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{1/3})) + (-((\text{Sqrt}[3] \\
& *\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*2^{1/3}*c^{1/3}*x)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{1/3}]/\text{Sqrt}[3])]/(2^{1/3}*c^{1/3})) + \text{Log}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{2/3} - 2^{1/3}*c^{1/3} \\
& *(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{1/3}*x + 2^{2/3}*c^{2/3}*x^2]/(2*2^{1/3}*c^{1/3}))) / (3*2^{1/3}*c^{1/3}*(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])^{1/3}))) / a
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16

$$\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 217

$$\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 821

$$\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{-1} \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$$

rule 1082

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*S
implify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b
)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1103

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

rule 1142

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1704

```
Int[((d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(a*d*(m + 1)
)), x] - Simp[1/(a*d^n*(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^(m + n)*(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)
+ c*(m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)*x^n*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] &&
LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 1834

```
Int[((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_) +
(c_)*(x_)^(n2_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 +
(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2
- (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n
, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6c+b_Z^3+a)} \frac{(-R^4c+Rb)\ln(x-R)}{2R^5c+R^2b}}{3a} - \frac{1}{ax}$
risch	$-\frac{1}{ax} + \left(\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}((64a^7c^3-48b^2c^2a^6+12b^4ca^5-a^4b^6))} \sum_{Z^6+(-32a^3bc^3+32a^2b^3c^2-10ab^5c+b^7)} _Z^3+c^4}{\dots} - R \ln\left(\left(224a^7c^3-1\right)\dots\right) \right)$

```
input int(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3/a*sum((_R^4*c+_R*b)/(2*_R^5*c+_R^2*b)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^6*c+_Z^3*b+a))-1/a/x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3225 vs. 2(471) = 942.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3225, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.29

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Too large to include
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(t^6 \cdot (46656a^7c^3 - 34992a^6b^2c^2 + 8748a^5b^4c - 729a^4b^6) + t^3(-864a^3bc^3 + 864a^2b^3c^2 - 270ab) - \frac{1}{ax} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a),x)`

output `RootSum(_t**6*(46656*a**7*c**3 - 34992*a**6*b**2*c**2 + 8748*a**5*b**4*c - 729*a**4*b**6) + _t**3*(-864*a**3*b*c**3 + 864*a**2*b**3*c**2 - 270*a*b**5*c + 27*b**7) + c**4, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (-15552*_t**5*a**8*c**4 + 27216*_t**5*a**7*b**2*c**3 - 14580*_t**5*a**6*b**4*c**2 + 3159*_t**5*a**5*b**6*c - 243*_t**5*a**4*b**8 + 252*_t**2*a**4*b*c**4 - 567*_t**2*a**3*b**3*c**3 + 378*_t**2*a**2*b**5*c**2 - 99*_t**2*a*b**7*c + 9*_t**2*b**9)/(2*a**2*c**5 - 4*a*b**2*c**4 + b**4*c**3)))) - 1/(a*x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((c*x^4 + b*x)/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)/a - 1/(a*x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2978, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)),x)`

output

```
log(36*a^9*c^6 + 9*a^7*b^4*c^4 - 45*a^8*b^2*c^5 - (2^(2/3))*(27*a^7*c^3*x*(
b^6 - 8*a^3*c^3 + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^4*c) + (27*2^(1/3))*a^10*b*c^3*(4*
a*c - b^2)^2*(-(b^7 + b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 32*a^3*b*c^3 + 32*a^2
*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*b^5*c - 4*a*b^2*c*(-(
4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(a^4*(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(2/3))/2)*(-(b^7 + b^4*(-(4*
a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 32*a^3*b*c^3 + 32*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c -
b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*b^5*c - 4*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(a^4*(4*
a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/3))/6)*((b^7 + b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 32*a^3*b*c
^3 + 32*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*b^5*c - 4*
a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(54*(a^4*b^6 - 64*a^7*c^3 - 12*a^5*b^4*c
+ 48*a^6*b^2*c^2)))^(1/3) + log(36*a^9*c^6 + 9*a^7*b^4*c^4 - 45*a^8*b^2*c
^5 - (2^(2/3))*(27*a^7*c^3*x*(b^6 - 8*a^3*c^3 + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^4*c)
+ (27*2^(1/3))*a^10*b*c^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^2*((b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) -
b^7 + 32*a^3*b*c^3 - 32*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2)
+ 10*a*b^5*c - 4*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(a^4*(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(
2/3))/2)*((b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^7 + 32*a^3*b*c^3 - 32*a^2*b^3
*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 10*a*b^5*c - 4*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*
c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(a^4*(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/3))/6)*(-(b^4*(-(4*a*c - b^2)
^3)^(1/2) - b^7 + 32*a^3*b*c^3 - 32*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2
)^3)^(1/2) + 10*a*b^5*c - 4*a*b^2*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(54*(a^4*...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx = \frac{-\left(\int \frac{x^4}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx\right) cx - \left(\int \frac{x}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx\right) bx - 1}{ax}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)`

output `(- (int(x**4/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*c*x + int(x/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*b*x + 1))/(a*x)`

3.135
$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx$$

Optimal result	1219
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1220
Rubi [A] (verified)	1221
Maple [C] (verified)	1228
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1229
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1229
Maxima [F]	1230
Giac [F]	1230
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1230
Reduce [F]	1231

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 612

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx = & -\frac{1}{2ax^2} + \frac{c^{2/3} \left(1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{{}_3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}a(b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \\
& + \frac{c^{2/3} \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{{}_3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}a(b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \\
& - \frac{c^{2/3} \left(1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \log \left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2}a(b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \\
& - \frac{c^{2/3} \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \log \left(\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{cx} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2}a(b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \\
& + \frac{c^{2/3} \left(1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \log \left((b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 \right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}a(b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \\
& + \frac{c^{2/3} \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \log \left((b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac}x} + 2^{2/3}c^{2/3}x^2 \right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}a(b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/2/a/x^2+1/6*c^(2/3)*(1+b/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctan(1/3*(1-2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^3^(1/2))*2^(2/3)*3^(1/2)/a/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2/3+1/6*c^(2/3)*(1-b/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*arctan(1/3*(1-2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^3^(1/2))*2^(2/3)*3^(1/2)/a/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2/3-1/6*c^(2/3)*(1+b/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^1/3+2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/a/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2/3-1/6*c^(2/3)*(1-b/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^1/3+2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/a/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2/3+1/12*c^(2/3)*(1+b/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2/3-2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^1/3*x+2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3)/a/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2/3+1/12*c^(2/3)*(1-b/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*ln((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2/3-2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^1/3*x+2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3)/a/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2/3

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.12

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2ax^2} - \frac{\text{RootSum}\left[a + b\#1^3 + c\#1^6 \&, \frac{b \log(x - \#1) + c \log(x - \#1)\#1^3}{b\#1^2 + 2c\#1^5} \&\right]}{3a}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)),x]
```

output

```

-1/2*1/(a*x^2) - RootSum[a + b*#1^3 + c*#1^6 & , (b*Log[x - #1] + c*Log[x - #1]*#1^3)/(b*#1^2 + 2*c*#1^5) & ]/(3*a)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 514, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {1704, 27, 1752, 750, 16, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1704 \\
 & \int \frac{-\frac{2(cx^3+b)}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx}{2a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{cx^3+b}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1752 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2}c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) \int \frac{1}{cx^3+\frac{1}{2}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} dx + \frac{1}{2}c\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \int \frac{1}{cx^3+\frac{1}{2}(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} dx}{a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 750 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2}c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)}{\left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{cx}}{2c^{2/3}x^2-2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}x + \sqrt[3]{2}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{cx} + \sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} dx}{3(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \right)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{1}{2ax^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{c}x}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{c}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2ax^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2}c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \sqrt[3]{c}x}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{c}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2ax^2}$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{1}{2}c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \int \frac{1}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{2}}}{3(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2ax^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2}c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{2c^{2/3}x^2-2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}x+\sqrt[3]{2}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt[3]{2}}} dx}{3(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \right)$$

$\frac{1}{2ax^2}$
↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2}c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{2c^{2/3}x^2-2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}x+\sqrt[3]{2}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{4}} dx}{3(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \right)$$

$\frac{1}{2ax^2}$
↓ 1082

$$\frac{1}{2}c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) \left[\frac{2^{2/3}}{4} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 4 \sqrt[3]{c} x}{2c^{2/3} x^2 - 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\right)^2} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right]$$

$\frac{1}{2ax^2}$
 \downarrow 217

$$\frac{1}{2}c \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1 \right) \left[\frac{2^{2/3}}{2c^{2/3}x^2 - 2^{2/3}} \int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - 4\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \sqrt[3]{2}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{\sqrt[3]{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right]$$

$\frac{1}{2ax^2}$
 \downarrow 1103

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)}{3(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3}} \left(\frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2^3 \sqrt{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2^3 \sqrt[3]{c}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{c} x \sqrt[3]{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + (b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} c^{2/3}\right)}{4 \sqrt[3]{c}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2ax^2}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)),x]`

output `-1/2*1/(a*x^2) - ((c*(1 + b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))*((2^(2/3)*Log[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3) + 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x]/(3*c^(1/3)*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3)) + (2*2^(2/3)*(-1/2*(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/c^(1/3) - Log[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3) - 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2]/(4*c^(1/3)))/(3*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3))))/2 + (c*(1 - b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))*((2^(2/3)*Log[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3) + 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x]/(3*c^(1/3)*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3)) + (2*2^(2/3)*(-1/2*(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*x)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/c^(1/3) - Log[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3) - 2^(1/3)*c^(1/3)*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*x^2]/(4*c^(1/3)))/(3*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])^(2/3))))/2)/a`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 750 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1704

```
Int[((d._)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_
_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(a*d*(m + 1)
)), x] - Simp[1/(a*d^n*(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^(m + n)*(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)
+ c*(m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)*x^n)*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] &&
LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 1752

```
Int[((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_) + (c._)*(x_)^(n2_)), x
_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q))
Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) I
nt[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[n2
, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (PosQ[b^2
- 4*a*c] || !IGtQ[n/2, 0])
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

method	result
default	$\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6 c + b_Z^3 + a)} \frac{(-R^3 c - b) \ln(x - R)}{2 R^5 c + R^2 b}}{3a} - \frac{1}{2a x^2}$
risch	$-\frac{1}{2a x^2} + \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}((64c^3 a^8 - 48a^7 b^2 c^2 + 12a^6 b^4 c - a^5 b^6))} \frac{1}{R} + \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}((-16c^4 a^4 + 56b^2 c^3 a^3 - 41b^4 c^2 a^2 + 11b^6 c a - b^8))} \frac{1}{R} \right) \ln((2$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3/a*sum((-R^3*c-b)/(2*_R^5*c+_R^2*b)*ln(x-R),_R=RootOf(_Z^6*c+_Z^3*b+a
))-1/2/a/x^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3225 vs. $2(471) = 942$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3225, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.27

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 31.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(t^6 \cdot (46656a^8c^3 - 34992a^7b^2c^2 + 8748a^6b^4c - 729a^5b^6) + t^3(-432a^4c^4 + 1512a^3b^2c^3 - 1107a^2b^4c^2 + 297ab^6c - 27b^8) + c^5, \text{Lambda}(t, t \cdot \log(x + (-2592t^4a^8c^3 + 2592t^4a^7b^2c^2 - 810t^4a^6b^4c + 81t^4a^5b^6 + 12t^4a^4c^4 - 75t^4a^3b^2c^3 + 78t^4a^2b^4c^2 - 27t^4ab^6c + 3t^4b^8)/(5a^2b^2c^4 - 5ab^3c^3 + b^5c^2))) \right) - \frac{1}{2ax^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a),x)`

output `RootSum(_t**6*(46656*a**8*c**3 - 34992*a**7*b**2*c**2 + 8748*a**6*b**4*c - 729*a**5*b**6) + _t**3*(-432*a**4*c**4 + 1512*a**3*b**2*c**3 - 1107*a**2*b**4*c**2 + 297*a*b**6*c - 27*b**8) + c**5, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (-2592*_t**4*a**8*c**3 + 2592*_t**4*a**7*b**2*c**2 - 810*_t**4*a**6*b**4*c + 81*_t**4*a**5*b**6 + 12*_t**4*a**4*c**4 - 75*_t**4*a**3*b**2*c**3 + 78*_t**4*a**2*b**4*c**2 - 27*_t**4*a*b**6*c + 3*_t**4*b**8)/(5*a**2*b**2*c**4 - 5*a*b**3*c**3 + b**5*c**2)))) - 1/(2*a*x**2)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6+bx^3+a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((c*x^3 + b)/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)/a - 1/2/(a*x^2)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6+bx^3+a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^3), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 29.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4063, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.64

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)),x)`

output

```

log((2^(2/3)*((b^8 + 16*a^4*c^4 + b^5*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 41*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 56*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 11*a*b^6*c + 5*a^2*b*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 5*a*b^3*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(a^5*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(1/3)*(72*a^8*b*c^6 + (2^(1/3)*(81*a^8*c^3*x*(a*c - b^2)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2 + (81*2^(2/3)*a^10*b*c^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^2*((b^8 + 16*a^4*c^4 + b^5*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 41*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 56*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 11*a*b^6*c + 5*a^2*b*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 5*a*b^3*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(a^5*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(1/3))/2)*((b^8 + 16*a^4*c^4 + b^5*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 41*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 56*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 11*a*b^6*c + 5*a^2*b*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 5*a*b^3*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(a^5*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(2/3))/18 + 9*a^6*b^5*c^4 - 54*a^7*b^3*c^5)/6 - 3*a^6*c^6*x*(2*a*c - b^2))*(-(b^8 + 16*a^4*c^4 + b^5*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 41*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 56*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 11*a*b^6*c + 5*a^2*b*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 5*a*b^3*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(54*(a^5*b^6 - 64*a^8*c^3 - 12*a^6*b^4*c + 48*a^7*b^2*c^2)))^(1/3) + log((2^(2/3)*((b^8 + 16*a^4*c^4 - b^5*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 41*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 56*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 11*a*b^6*c - 5*a^2*b*c^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 5*a*b^3*c*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(a^5*(4*a*c - b^2)^3))^(1/3)*(72*a^8*b*c^6 + (2^(1/3)*(81*a^8*c^3*x*(a*c - b^2)*(4*a*c - b^2)^2 + (81*2^(2/3)*a^10*b*c^3*(4*a*c - b^2)^2*((b^8 + 16*a^4*c^4 - b^5*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 41*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 56*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 11*a*b^6*c - 5*a^2*...

```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} dx = \frac{-2 \left(\int \frac{x^3}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx \right) cx^2 - 2 \left(\int \frac{1}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx \right) bx^2 - 1}{2ax^2}$$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)
```

output

```
(-2*int(x**3/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*c*x**2 - 2*int(1/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*b*x**2 - 1)/(2*a*x**2)
```

3.136 $\int \frac{x^{11}}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1232
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1232
Rubi [A] (verified)	1233
Maple [A] (verified)	1234
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1234
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1235
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1235
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1235
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1236
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1236

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = -\frac{4x^3}{3} + \frac{x^6}{6} - \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x^3) + \frac{9}{2} \log(3+x^3)$$

output

```
-4/3*x^3+1/6*x^6-1/6*ln(x^3+1)+9/2*ln(x^3+3)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = -\frac{4x^3}{3} + \frac{x^6}{6} - \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x^3) + \frac{9}{2} \log(3+x^3)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^11/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]
```

output

```
(-4*x^3)/3 + x^6/6 - Log[1 + x^3]/6 + (9*Log[3 + x^3])/2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {1693, 1141, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx$$

↓ 1693

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^9}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx^3$$

↓ 1141

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \left(x^3 - \frac{1}{2(x^3 + 1)} + \frac{27}{2(x^3 + 3)} - 4 \right) dx^3$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6}{2} - 4x^3 - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^3 + 1) + \frac{27}{2} \log(x^3 + 3) \right)$$

input `Int[x^11/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `(-4*x^3 + x^6/2 - Log[1 + x^3]/2 + (27*Log[3 + x^3])/2)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1141

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[
(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x] /; EqQ[p, -
1] || !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && ILtQ[p,
0] && IntegerQ[m] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{4x^3}{3} + \frac{x^6}{6} - \frac{\ln(x^3+1)}{6} + \frac{9\ln(x^3+3)}{2}$	28
risch	$\frac{x^6}{6} - \frac{4x^3}{3} + \frac{8}{3} - \frac{\ln(x^3+1)}{6} + \frac{9\ln(x^3+3)}{2}$	29
norman	$-\frac{4x^3}{3} + \frac{x^6}{6} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} + \frac{9\ln(x^3+3)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6}$	37
parallelrisch	$-\frac{4x^3}{3} + \frac{x^6}{6} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} + \frac{9\ln(x^3+3)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6}$	37

input `int(x^11/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-4/3*x^3+1/6*x^6-1/6*ln(x^3+1)+9/2*ln(x^3+3)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{6}x^6 - \frac{4}{3}x^3 + \frac{9}{2}\log(x^3 + 3) - \frac{1}{6}\log(x^3 + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^11/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*x^6 - 4/3*x^3 + 9/2*log(x^3 + 3) - 1/6*log(x^3 + 1)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{x^6}{6} - \frac{4x^3}{3} - \frac{\log(x^3 + 1)}{6} + \frac{9 \log(x^3 + 3)}{2}$$

input `integrate(x**11/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)`output `x**6/6 - 4*x**3/3 - log(x**3 + 1)/6 + 9*log(x**3 + 3)/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{6} x^6 - \frac{4}{3} x^3 + \frac{9}{2} \log(x^3 + 3) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^3 + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^11/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*x^6 - 4/3*x^3 + 9/2*log(x^3 + 3) - 1/6*log(x^3 + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{6} x^6 - \frac{4}{3} x^3 + \frac{9}{2} \log(|x^3 + 3|) - \frac{1}{6} \log(|x^3 + 1|)$$

input `integrate(x^11/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*x^6 - 4/3*x^3 + 9/2*log(abs(x^3 + 3)) - 1/6*log(abs(x^3 + 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{9 \ln(x^3 + 3)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x^3 + 1)}{6} - \frac{4x^3}{3} + \frac{x^6}{6}$$

input `int(x^11/(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3),x)`output `(9*log(x^3 + 3))/2 - log(x^3 + 1)/6 - (4*x^3)/3 + x^6/6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{\log(x^2 - x + 1)}{6} + \frac{9 \log\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + x^2\right)}{2} \\ + \frac{9 \log\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}} + x\right)}{2} - \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6} + \frac{x^6}{6} - \frac{4x^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^11/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`output `(- log(x**2 - x + 1) + 27*log(3**(2/3) - 3**(1/3)*x + x**2) + 27*log(3**(1/3) + x) - log(x + 1) + x**6 - 8*x**3)/6`

3.137 $\int \frac{x^8}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1237
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1237
Rubi [A] (verified)	1238
Maple [A] (verified)	1239
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1239
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1240
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1240
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1240
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1241
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1241

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{x^8}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x^3) - \frac{3}{2} \log(3+x^3)$$

output `1/3*x^3+1/6*ln(x^3+1)-3/2*ln(x^3+3)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^8}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x^3) - \frac{3}{2} \log(3+x^3)$$

input `Integrate[x^8/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `x^3/3 + Log[1 + x^3]/6 - (3*Log[3 + x^3])/2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {1693, 1141, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^8}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1693} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^6}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1141} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \left(-\frac{9}{2(x^3 + 3)} + 1 + \frac{1}{2(x^3 + 1)} \right) dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(x^3 + \frac{1}{2} \log(x^3 + 1) - \frac{9}{2} \log(x^3 + 3) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^8/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `(x^3 + Log[1 + x^3])/2 - (9*Log[3 + x^3])/2)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1141

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[
(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x] /; EqQ[p, -
1] || !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && ILtQ[p,
0] && IntegerQ[m] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{\ln(x^3+1)}{6} - \frac{3\ln(x^3+3)}{2}$	23
risch	$\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{\ln(x^3+1)}{6} - \frac{3\ln(x^3+3)}{2}$	23
norman	$\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{3\ln(x^3+3)}{2} + \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6}$	32
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{3\ln(x^3+3)}{2} + \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6}$	32

input

```
int(x^8/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*x^3+1/6*ln(x^3+1)-3/2*ln(x^3+3)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^8}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 - \frac{3}{2} \log(x^3 + 3) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x^3 + 1)$$

input

```
integrate(x^8/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*x^3 - 3/2*log(x^3 + 3) + 1/6*log(x^3 + 1)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^8}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{\log(x^3 + 1)}{6} - \frac{3 \log(x^3 + 3)}{2}$$

input `integrate(x**8/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)`output `x**3/3 + log(x**3 + 1)/6 - 3*log(x**3 + 3)/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^8}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 - \frac{3}{2} \log(x^3 + 3) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x^3 + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^8/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*x^3 - 3/2*log(x^3 + 3) + 1/6*log(x^3 + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^8}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 - \frac{3}{2} \log(|x^3 + 3|) + \frac{1}{6} \log(|x^3 + 1|)$$

input `integrate(x^8/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*x^3 - 3/2*log(abs(x^3 + 3)) + 1/6*log(abs(x^3 + 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^8}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{\ln(x^3 + 1)}{6} - \frac{3 \ln(x^3 + 3)}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^8/(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3),x)`output `log(x^3 + 1)/6 - (3*log(x^3 + 3))/2 + x^3/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{x^8}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{\log(x^2 - x + 1)}{6} - \frac{3 \log\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + x^2\right)}{2} - \frac{3 \log\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}} + x\right)}{2} + \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6} + \frac{x^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^8/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`output `(log(x**2 - x + 1) - 9*log(3**(2/3) - 3**(1/3)*x + x**2) - 9*log(3**(1/3) + x) + log(x + 1) + 2*x**3)/6`

3.138 $\int \frac{x^5}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1242
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1242
Rubi [A] (verified)	1243
Maple [A] (verified)	1244
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1244
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1245
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1245
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1245
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1246
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1246

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{x^5}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{6} \log(1+x^3) + \frac{1}{2} \log(3+x^3)$$

output

```
-1/6*ln(x^3+1)+1/2*ln(x^3+3)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^5}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{6} \log(1+x^3) + \frac{1}{2} \log(3+x^3)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]
```

output

```
-1/6*Log[1 + x^3] + Log[3 + x^3]/2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {1693, 1141, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^5}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1693} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^3}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1141} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \left(\frac{3}{2(x^3 + 3)} - \frac{1}{2(x^3 + 1)} \right) dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \log(x^3 + 3) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^3 + 1) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `(-1/2*Log[1 + x^3] + (3*Log[3 + x^3])/2)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1141

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[
(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x] /; EqQ[p, -
1] || !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && ILtQ[p,
0] && IntegerQ[m] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```


rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] -> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\ln(x^3+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{2}$	18
risch	$-\frac{\ln(x^3+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{2}$	18
norman	$-\frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6}$	27
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6}$	27

input `int(x^5/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*ln(x^3+1)+1/2*ln(x^3+3)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^5}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{2} \log(x^3 + 3) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^3 + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^5/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*log(x^3 + 3) - 1/6*log(x^3 + 1)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x^5}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{\log(x^3 + 1)}{6} + \frac{\log(x^3 + 3)}{2}$$

input `integrate(x**5/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)`

output `-log(x**3 + 1)/6 + log(x**3 + 3)/2`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^5}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{2} \log(x^3 + 3) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^3 + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^5/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*log(x^3 + 3) - 1/6*log(x^3 + 1)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^5}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{2} \log(|x^3 + 3|) - \frac{1}{6} \log(|x^3 + 1|)$$

input `integrate(x^5/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*log(abs(x^3 + 3)) - 1/6*log(abs(x^3 + 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^5}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{\ln(x^3 + 3)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x^3 + 1)}{6}$$

input `int(x^5/(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3),x)`output `log(x^3 + 3)/2 - log(x^3 + 1)/6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{x^5}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{\log(x^2 - x + 1)}{6} + \frac{\log\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + x^2\right)}{2} + \frac{\log\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}} + x\right)}{2} - \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6}$$

input `int(x^5/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`output `(- log(x**2 - x + 1) + 3*log(3**(2/3) - 3**(1/3)*x + x**2) + 3*log(3**(1/3) + x) - log(x + 1))/6`

3.139 $\int \frac{x^2}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1247
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1247
Rubi [B] (verified)	1248
Maple [B] (verified)	1249
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1249
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1250
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1250
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1250
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1251
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1251

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{x^2}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \operatorname{arctanh}(2+x^3)$$

output

```
-1/3*arctanh(x^3+2)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 21 vs. 2(10) = 20.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{x^2}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x^3) - \frac{1}{6} \log(3+x^3)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]
```

output

```
Log[1 + x^3]/6 - Log[3 + x^3]/6
```

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 25 vs. $2(10) = 20$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {1690, 1081, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1690 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow 1081 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \left(\frac{1}{2(x^3 + 1)} - \frac{1}{2(x^3 + 3)} \right) dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \log(x^3 + 1) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^3 + 3) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `(Log[1 + x^3]/2 - Log[3 + x^3]/2)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1081 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[c Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/((b/2 - q/2 + c*x)*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

rule 1690

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x]
  && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 17 vs. $2(8) = 16$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\ln(x^3+1)}{6} - \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{6}$	18
risch	$\frac{\ln(x^3+1)}{6} - \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{6}$	18
norman	$\frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6}$	27
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6}$	27

input

```
int(x^2/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6*ln(x^3+1)-1/6*ln(x^3+3)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 17 vs. $2(8) = 16$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{x^2}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{6} \log(x^3 + 3) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x^3 + 1)$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `-1/6*log(x^3 + 3) + 1/6*log(x^3 + 1)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{x^2}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{\log(x^3 + 1)}{6} - \frac{\log(x^3 + 3)}{6}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)`

output `log(x**3 + 1)/6 - log(x**3 + 3)/6`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 17 vs. 2(8) = 16.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{x^2}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{6} \log(x^3 + 3) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x^3 + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*log(x^3 + 3) + 1/6*log(x^3 + 1)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 19 vs. 2(8) = 16.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{x^2}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{6} \log(|x^3 + 3|) + \frac{1}{6} \log(|x^3 + 1|)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*log(abs(x^3 + 3)) + 1/6*log(abs(x^3 + 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{x^2}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{9}{2(8x^3+6)} + \frac{5}{4}\right)}{3}$$

input `int(x^2/(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3),x)`

output `atanh(9/(2*(8*x^3 + 6)) + 5/4)/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.20

$$\int \frac{x^2}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{\log(x^2 - x + 1)}{6} - \frac{\log\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + x^2\right)}{6} - \frac{\log\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}} + x\right)}{6} + \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6}$$

input `int(x^2/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`

output `(log(x**2 - x + 1) - log(3**(2/3) - 3**(1/3)*x + x**2) - log(3**(1/3) + x) + log(x + 1))/6`

$$3.140 \quad \int \frac{1}{x(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$$

Optimal result	1252
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1252
Rubi [A] (verified)	1253
Maple [A] (verified)	1254
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1254
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1255
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1255
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1255
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1256
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1256

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{1}{x(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{\log(x)}{3} - \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x^3) + \frac{1}{18} \log(3+x^3)$$

output `1/3*ln(x)-1/6*ln(x^3+1)+1/18*ln(x^3+3)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{\log(x)}{3} - \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x^3) + \frac{1}{18} \log(3+x^3)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output `Log[x]/3 - Log[1 + x^3]/6 + Log[3 + x^3]/18`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {1693, 1141, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(x^6 + 4x^3 + 3)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^3(x^6 + 4x^3 + 3)} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1141$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \left(\frac{1}{6(x^3 + 3)} + \frac{1}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{2(x^3 + 1)} \right) dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(x^3)}{3} - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^3 + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x^3 + 3) \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x*(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output `(Log[x^3]/3 - Log[1 + x^3]/2 + Log[3 + x^3]/6)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1141

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[
(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x], x] /; EqQ[p, -
1] || !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && ILtQ[p,
0] && IntegerQ[m] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{3} - \frac{\ln(x^3+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{18}$	22
default	$-\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{18} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x)}{3}$	31
norman	$-\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{18} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x)}{3}$	31
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{18} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x)}{3}$	31

input `int(1/x/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*ln(x)-1/6*ln(x^3+1)+1/18*ln(x^3+3)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{1}{18} \log(x^3+3) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^3+1) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x)$$

input `integrate(1/x/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/18*log(x^3 + 3) - 1/6*log(x^3 + 1) + 1/3*log(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1}{x(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{\log(x)}{3} - \frac{\log(x^3+1)}{6} + \frac{\log(x^3+3)}{18}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)`output `log(x)/3 - log(x**3 + 1)/6 + log(x**3 + 3)/18`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{x(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{1}{18} \log(x^3+3) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^3+1) + \frac{1}{9} \log(x^3)$$

input `integrate(1/x/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/18*log(x^3 + 3) - 1/6*log(x^3 + 1) + 1/9*log(x^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{1}{18} \log(|x^3+3|) - \frac{1}{6} \log(|x^3+1|) + \frac{1}{3} \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate(1/x/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/18*log(abs(x^3 + 3)) - 1/6*log(abs(x^3 + 1)) + 1/3*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x(3 + 4x^3 + x^6)} dx = \frac{\ln(x^3 + 3)}{18} - \frac{\ln(x^3 + 1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x)}{3}$$

input `int(1/(x*(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3)),x)`output `log(x^3 + 3)/18 - log(x^3 + 1)/6 + log(x)/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{1}{x(3 + 4x^3 + x^6)} dx = -\frac{\log(x^2 - x + 1)}{6} + \frac{\log\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + x^2\right)}{18} + \frac{\log\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}} + x\right)}{18} - \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6} + \frac{\log(x)}{3}$$

input `int(1/x/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`output `(- 3*log(x**2 - x + 1) + log(3**(2/3) - 3**(1/3)*x + x**2) + log(3**(1/3) + x) - 3*log(x + 1) + 6*log(x))/18`

$$3.141 \quad \int \frac{1}{x^4(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$$

Optimal result	1257
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1257
Rubi [A] (verified)	1258
Maple [A] (verified)	1259
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1259
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1260
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1260
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1260
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1261
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1261

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{9x^3} - \frac{4\log(x)}{9} + \frac{1}{6}\log(1+x^3) - \frac{1}{54}\log(3+x^3)$$

output `-1/9/x^3-4/9*ln(x)+1/6*ln(x^3+1)-1/54*ln(x^3+3)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{9x^3} - \frac{4\log(x)}{9} + \frac{1}{6}\log(1+x^3) - \frac{1}{54}\log(3+x^3)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^4*(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output `-1/9*1/x^3 - (4*Log[x])/9 + Log[1 + x^3]/6 - Log[3 + x^3]/54`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {1693, 1141, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (x^6 + 4x^3 + 3)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^6 (x^6 + 4x^3 + 3)} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1141$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \left(-\frac{1}{18(x^3 + 3)} - \frac{4}{9x^3} + \frac{1}{3x^6} + \frac{1}{2(x^3 + 1)} \right) dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{3x^3} - \frac{4}{9} \log(x^3) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x^3 + 1) - \frac{1}{18} \log(x^3 + 3) \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output `(-1/3*1/x^3 - (4*Log[x^3])/9 + Log[1 + x^3]/2 - Log[3 + x^3]/18)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1141

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[
(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x], x] /; EqQ[p, -
1] || !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && ILtQ[p,
0] && IntegerQ[m] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{1}{9x^3} - \frac{4\ln(x)}{9} + \frac{\ln(x^3+1)}{6} - \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{54}$	27
default	$\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6} - \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{54} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{1}{9x^3} - \frac{4\ln(x)}{9}$	36
norman	$\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6} - \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{54} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{1}{9x^3} - \frac{4\ln(x)}{9}$	36
parallelrisch	$-\frac{24\ln(x)x^3 - 9\ln(x+1)x^3 + \ln(x^3+3)x^3 - 9\ln(x^2-x+1)x^3 + 6}{54x^3}$	48

input

```
int(1/x^4/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/9/x^3-4/9*ln(x)+1/6*ln(x^3+1)-1/54*ln(x^3+3)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{x^3 \log(x^3+3) - 9x^3 \log(x^3+1) + 24x^3 \log(x) + 6}{54x^3}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^4/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/54*(x^3*log(x^3 + 3) - 9*x^3*log(x^3 + 1) + 24*x^3*log(x) + 6)/x^3
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{4 \log(x)}{9} + \frac{\log(x^3+1)}{6} - \frac{\log(x^3+3)}{54} - \frac{1}{9x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)`output `-4*log(x)/9 + log(x**3 + 1)/6 - log(x**3 + 3)/54 - 1/(9*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{9x^3} - \frac{1}{54} \log(x^3+3) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x^3+1) - \frac{4}{27} \log(x^3)$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/9/x^3 - 1/54*log(x^3 + 3) + 1/6*log(x^3 + 1) - 4/27*log(x^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{4x^3-3}{27x^3} - \frac{1}{54} \log(|x^3+3|) + \frac{1}{6} \log(|x^3+1|) - \frac{4}{9} \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/27*(4*x^3 - 3)/x^3 - 1/54*log(abs(x^3 + 3)) + 1/6*log(abs(x^3 + 1)) - 4/9*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (3 + 4x^3 + x^6)} dx = \frac{\ln(x^3 + 1)}{6} - \frac{\ln(x^3 + 3)}{54} - \frac{4 \ln(x)}{9} - \frac{1}{9x^3}$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3)),x)`output `log(x^3 + 1)/6 - log(x^3 + 3)/54 - (4*log(x))/9 - 1/(9*x^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (3 + 4x^3 + x^6)} dx$$

$$= \frac{9 \log(x^2 - x + 1) x^3 - \log\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + x^2\right) x^3 - \log\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}} + x\right) x^3 + 9 \log(x + 1) x^3 - 24 \log(x) x^3 - 6}{54x^3}$$

input `int(1/x^4/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`output `(9*log(x**2 - x + 1)*x**3 - log(3**(2/3) - 3**(1/3)*x + x**2)*x**3 - log(3**(1/3) + x)*x**3 + 9*log(x + 1)*x**3 - 24*log(x)*x**3 - 6)/(54*x**3)`

$$3.142 \quad \int \frac{1}{x^7(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$$

Optimal result	1262
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1262
Rubi [A] (verified)	1263
Maple [A] (verified)	1264
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1264
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1265
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1265
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1265
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1266
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1266

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{18x^6} + \frac{4}{27x^3} + \frac{13 \log(x)}{27} - \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x^3) + \frac{1}{162} \log(3+x^3)$$

output
$$-1/18/x^6+4/27/x^3+13/27*\ln(x)-1/6*\ln(x^3+1)+1/162*\ln(x^3+3)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{18x^6} + \frac{4}{27x^3} + \frac{13 \log(x)}{27} - \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x^3) + \frac{1}{162} \log(3+x^3)$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[1/(x^7*(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)), x]$$

output
$$-1/18*1/x^6 + 4/(27*x^3) + (13*\text{Log}[x])/27 - \text{Log}[1 + x^3]/6 + \text{Log}[3 + x^3]/162$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {1693, 1141, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(x^6 + 4x^3 + 3)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^9(x^6 + 4x^3 + 3)} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1141$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \left(\frac{1}{54(x^3 + 3)} + \frac{13}{27x^3} - \frac{4}{9x^6} + \frac{1}{3x^9} - \frac{1}{2(x^3 + 1)} \right) dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{6x^6} + \frac{4}{9x^3} + \frac{13 \log(x^3)}{27} - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^3 + 1) + \frac{1}{54} \log(x^3 + 3) \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^7*(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output `(-1/6*1/x^6 + 4/(9*x^3) + (13*Log[x^3])/27 - Log[1 + x^3]/2 + Log[3 + x^3]/54)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1141

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[
(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x], x] /; EqQ[p, -
1] || !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && ILtQ[p,
0] && IntegerQ[m] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{1}{18} + \frac{4x^3}{27} + \frac{13 \ln(x)}{27} - \frac{\ln(x^3+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{162}$	33
default	$-\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{162} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{1}{18x^6} + \frac{4}{27x^3} + \frac{13 \ln(x)}{27}$	41
norman	$-\frac{1}{18} + \frac{4x^3}{27} + \frac{13 \ln(x)}{27} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{162} - \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6}$	42
parallelrisch	$\frac{78 \ln(x)x^6 - 27 \ln(x+1)x^6 + \ln(x^3+3)x^6 - 27 \ln(x^2-x+1)x^6 - 9 + 24x^3}{162x^6}$	53

input

```
int(1/x^7/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-1/18+4/27*x^3)/x^6+13/27*ln(x)-1/6*ln(x^3+1)+1/162*ln(x^3+3)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{x^6 \log(x^3+3) - 27x^6 \log(x^3+1) + 78x^6 \log(x) + 24x^3 - 9}{162x^6}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^7/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/162*(x^6*log(x^3 + 3) - 27*x^6*log(x^3 + 1) + 78*x^6*log(x) + 24*x^3 - 9
)/x^6
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{13 \log(x)}{27} - \frac{\log(x^3+1)}{6} + \frac{\log(x^3+3)}{162} + \frac{8x^3-3}{54x^6}$$

input `integrate(1/x**7/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)`output `13*log(x)/27 - log(x**3 + 1)/6 + log(x**3 + 3)/162 + (8*x**3 - 3)/(54*x**6)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{8x^3-3}{54x^6} + \frac{1}{162} \log(x^3+3) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^3+1) + \frac{13}{81} \log(x^3)$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/54*(8*x^3 - 3)/x^6 + 1/162*log(x^3 + 3) - 1/6*log(x^3 + 1) + 13/81*log(x^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{13x^6-8x^3+3}{54x^6} + \frac{1}{162} \log(|x^3+3|) - \frac{1}{6} \log(|x^3+1|) + \frac{13}{27} \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/54*(13*x^6 - 8*x^3 + 3)/x^6 + 1/162*log(abs(x^3 + 3)) - 1/6*log(abs(x^3 + 1)) + 13/27*log(abs(x))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{\ln(x^3+3)}{162} - \frac{\ln(x^3+1)}{6} + \frac{13 \ln(x)}{27} + \frac{\frac{4x^3}{27} - \frac{1}{18}}{x^6}$$

input

```
int(1/(x^7*(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3)),x)
```

output

```
log(x^3 + 3)/162 - log(x^3 + 1)/6 + (13*log(x))/27 + ((4*x^3)/27 - 1/18)/x^6
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{-27 \log(x^2 - x + 1) x^6 + \log\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + x^2\right) x^6 + \log\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}} + x\right) x^6 - 27 \log(x + 1) x^6 + 78 \log(x) x^6 + 1}{162x^6}$$

input

```
int(1/x^7/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)
```

output

```
( - 27*log(x**2 - x + 1)*x**6 + log(3**(2/3) - 3**(1/3)*x + x**2)*x**6 + 1
log(3**(1/3) + x)*x**6 - 27*log(x + 1)*x**6 + 78*log(x)*x**6 + 24*x**3 - 9)
/(162*x**6)
```

3.143 $\int \frac{x^{10}}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1267
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1268
Rubi [A] (verified)	1268
Maple [C] (verified)	1273
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1273
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1274
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1275
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1275
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1276
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1276

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = -2x^2 + \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{9}{2}\sqrt[6]{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) + \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x) - \frac{3}{2}3^{2/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{3}+x\right) - \frac{1}{12} \log(1-x+x^2) + \frac{3}{4}3^{2/3} \log\left(3^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{3}x+x^2\right)$$

output

```
-2*x^2+1/5*x^5+1/6*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)-9/2*3^(1/6)*arctan(
1/3*(3^(1/3)-2*x)*3^(1/6))+1/6*ln(1+x)-3/2*3^(2/3)*ln(3^(1/3)+x)-1/12*ln(x
^2-x+1)+3/4*3^(2/3)*ln(3^(2/3)-3^(1/3)*x+x^2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{60} \left(-120x^2 + 12x^5 \right. \\ \left. - 270\sqrt[6]{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{3^{5/6}} \right) - 10\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{-1 + 2x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + 10 \log(1 + x) \right. \\ \left. - 90 \cdot 3^{2/3} \log(3 + 3^{2/3}x) - 5 \log(1 - x + x^2) + 45 \cdot 3^{2/3} \log(3 - 3^{2/3}x + \sqrt[3]{3}x^2) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^10/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]
```

output

```
(-120*x^2 + 12*x^5 - 270*3^(1/6)*ArcTan[(3^(1/3) - 2*x)/3^(5/6)] - 10*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] + 10*Log[1 + x] - 90*3^(2/3)*Log[3 + 3^(2/3)*x] - 5*Log[1 - x + x^2] + 45*3^(2/3)*Log[3 - 3^(2/3)*x + 3^(1/3)*x^2])/60
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.875$, Rules used = {1703, 27, 1826, 27, 1834, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 1082, 217, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1703$$

$$\frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{5x^4(4x^3 + 3)}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x^5}{5} - \int \frac{x^4(4x^3 + 3)}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 1826 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x(13x^3 + 12)}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx + \frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \int \frac{x(13x^3 + 12)}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx + \frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 1834 \\
& -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x}{x^3 + 1} dx + \frac{27}{2} \int \frac{x}{x^3 + 3} dx + \frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 821 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x+1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x+1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) + \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{x+\sqrt[3]{3}}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{x+\sqrt[3]{3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 16 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x+1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) + \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{x+\sqrt[3]{3}}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 1142 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \\
& \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \\
& \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 1082
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + 3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)^2-3} d\left(1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2$$

↓ 1083

$$\frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx + 3 \int \frac{1}{-(2x-1)^2-3} d(2x-1) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 - x + 1) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}) - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2$$

input `Int[x^10/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `-2*x^2 + x^5/5 + (Log[1 + x]/3 + (-Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]]) - Log[1 - x + x^2]/2)/3)/2 + (27*(-1/3*Log[3^(1/3) + x]/3^(1/3) + (-Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*x)/3^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]]) + Log[3^(2/3) - 3^(1/3)*x + x^2]/2)/(3*3^(1/3)))/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 821 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(3*Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3])^(-1) Int[1/(Rt[a, 3] + Rt[b, 3]*x), x], x] + Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3]) Int[(Rt[a, 3] + Rt[b, 3]*x)/(Rt[a, 3]^2 - Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3]*x + Rt[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1703 `Int[((d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(2*n - 1)*(d*x)^(m - 2*n + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n)/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1)) Int[(d*x)^(m - 2*n)*Simp[a*(m - 2*n + 1) + b*(m + n*(p - 1) + 1)*x^n, x]*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 1826 `Int[((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*f^(n - 1)*(f*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(c*(m + n*(2*p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[f^n/(c*(m + n*(2*p + 1) + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p*Simp[a*e*(m - n + 1) + (b*e*(m + n*p + 1) - c*d*(m + n*(2*p + 1) + 1))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*(2*p + 1) + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 1834

```
Int[(((f._)*(x._))^(m._)*((d._) + (e._)*(x._)^(n._)))/((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._) +
(c._)*(x._)^(n2._)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 +
(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2
- (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n
, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
risch	$\frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2 + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2(x-\frac{1}{2})\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} + \frac{3 \left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(-Z^3+9)} -R \ln(-R^2+3x) \right)}{2}$
default	$\frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2 - \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} - \frac{3 \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \ln(3^{\frac{1}{3}}+x)}{2} + \frac{3 \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \ln(3^{\frac{2}{3}}-3^{\frac{1}{3}}x+x^2)}{4} + \frac{9 \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x-\frac{1}{2}\right)}{3}\right)}{2}$

input

```
int(x^10/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/5*x^5-2*x^2+1/6*ln(x+1)-1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)-1/6*3^(1/2)*arctan(2/3*(x-1/2)*
3^(1/2))+3/2*sum(_R*ln(_R^2+3*x),_R=RootOf(_Z^3+9))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{5} x^5 - 2x^2 + \frac{3}{2} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2}{9} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{3} x - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}\right) - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) + \frac{3}{4} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(3x^2 - 9^{\frac{2}{3}}x + 3 \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - \frac{3}{2} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(3x + 9^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^10/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{5}x^5 - 2x^2 + \frac{3}{2}9^{1/3}\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{2}{9}9^{1/3}\sqrt{3}x - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}\right) - \frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) + \frac{3}{4}9^{1/3}\log(3x^2 - 9^{2/3}x + 39^{1/3}) - \frac{3}{2}9^{1/3}\log(3x + 9^{2/3}) - \frac{1}{12}\log(x^2 - x + 1) + \frac{1}{6}\log(x + 1)$

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2 + \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6} + \left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x + \frac{3872\left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^5}{3281} + \frac{3188648\left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^2}{88587}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x + \frac{3188648\left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^2}{88587} + \frac{3872\left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^5}{3281}\right) + \text{RootSum}\left(8t^3 + 243, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(\frac{3872t^5}{3281} + \frac{3188648t^2}{88587} + x\right)\right)\right)$$

input `integrate(x**10/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)`

output $x^{**5}/5 - 2*x^{**2} + \log(x + 1)/6 + (-1/12 - \sqrt{3}*I/12)*\log(x + 3872*(-1/12 - \sqrt{3}*I/12)**5/3281 + 3188648*(-1/12 - \sqrt{3}*I/12)**2/88587) + (-1/12 + \sqrt{3}*I/12)*\log(x + 3188648*(-1/12 + \sqrt{3}*I/12)**2/88587 + 3872*(-1/12 + \sqrt{3}*I/12)**5/3281) + \text{RootSum}(8*_t^{**3} + 243, \text{Lambda}(_t, _t*\log(3872*_t^{**5}/3281 + 3188648*_t^{**2}/88587 + x))$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{5}x^5 - 2x^2 + \frac{3}{4} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - \frac{3}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) + \frac{9}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x-3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) - \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2-x+1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x+1)$$

input `integrate(x^10/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*x^5 - 2*x^2 + 3/4*3^(2/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 3/2*3^(2/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)) - 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 9/2*3^(1/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) - 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 1/6*log(x + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{5}x^5 - 2x^2 + \frac{3}{4} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - \frac{3}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(\left|x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right) - \frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) + \frac{9}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x-3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) - \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2-x+1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(|x+1|)$$

input `integrate(x^10/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*x^5 - 2*x^2 + 3/4*3^(2/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 3/2*3^(2/3)*log(abs(x + 3^(1/3))) - 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 9/2*3^(1/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) - 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 1/6*log(abs(x + 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{3 \cdot 3^{2/3} \ln(x+3^{1/3})}{2}$$

$$+ \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{12}\right)$$

$$- \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{12}\right) - 2x^2 + \frac{x^5}{5}$$

$$- \frac{3(-1)^{1/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{(-1)^{1/3} 3^{1/3}}{2} - \frac{(-1)^{1/6} 3^{5/6}}{2} + \frac{3^{1/3}}{2}\right) (3^{2/3} + 3^{1/6} 3i)}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{3(-1)^{1/3} 3^{2/3} \ln\left(x + (-1)^{2/3} 3^{1/3}\right)}{2}$$

input `int(x^10/(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3),x)`output `log(x + 1)/6 - (3*3^(2/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)))/2 + log(x - (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/12 - 1/12) - log(x + (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/12 + 1/12) - 2*x^2 + x^5/5 - (3*(-1)^(1/3)*log(x - ((-1)^(1/3)*3^(1/3))/2 - ((-1)^(1/6)*3^(5/6))/2 + 3^(1/3)/2)*(3^(2/3) + 3^(1/6)*3i))/4 + (3*(-1)^(1/3)*3^(2/3)*log(x + (-1)^(2/3)*3^(1/3)))/2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = -\frac{9 \cdot 3^{1/6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(3^{1/3}-2x)3^{1/6}}{3}\right)}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6}$$

$$+ \frac{3 \cdot 3^{2/3} \log\left(3^{2/3} - 3^{1/3}x + x^2\right)}{4} - \frac{3 \cdot 3^{2/3} \log\left(3^{1/3} + x\right)}{2}$$

$$- \frac{\log(x^2 - x + 1)}{12} + \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6} + \frac{x^5}{5} - 2x^2$$

input `int(x^10/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`

output

```
( - 270*3**(1/6)*atan((3**(1/3) - 2*x)/(3**(2/3)*3**(1/6))) - 10*sqrt(3)*a  
tan((2*x - 1)/sqrt(3)) + 45*3**(2/3)*log(3**(2/3) - 3**(1/3)*x + x**2) - 9  
0*3**(2/3)*log(3**(1/3) + x) - 5*log(x**2 - x + 1) + 10*log(x + 1) + 12*x*  
*5 - 120*x**2)/60
```

3.144 $\int \frac{x^9}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1278
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1278
Rubi [A] (verified)	1279
Maple [C] (verified)	1284
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1284
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1285
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1285
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1286
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1286
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1287

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{x^9}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = -4x + \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{3}{2} 3^{5/6} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) - \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x) + \frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \log(\sqrt[3]{3}+x) + \frac{1}{12} \log(1-x+x^2) - \frac{3}{4} \sqrt[3]{3} \log(3^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{3}x+x^2)$$

output

```
-4*x+1/4*x^4+1/6*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)-3/2*3^(5/6)*arctan(1/3*(3^(1/3)-2*x)*3^(1/6))-1/6*ln(1+x)+3/2*3^(1/3)*ln(3^(1/3)+x)+1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)-3/4*3^(1/3)*ln(3^(2/3)-3^(1/3)*x+x^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^9}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{12} \left(-48x + 3x^4 - 18 \cdot 3^{5/6} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) - 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{-1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - 2 \log(1+x) + 18\sqrt[3]{3} \log(3+3^{2/3}x) + \log(1-x) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^9/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output $(-48*x + 3*x^4 - 18*3^{(5/6)}*ArcTan[(3^{(1/3)} - 2*x)/3^{(5/6)}] - 2*sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/sqrt[3]] - 2*Log[1 + x] + 18*3^{(1/3)}*Log[3 + 3^{(2/3)}*x] + Log[1 - x + x^2] - 9*3^{(1/3)}*Log[3 - 3^{(2/3)}*x + 3^{(1/3)}*x^2])/12$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.812$, Rules used = {1703, 27, 1826, 1752, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 1082, 217, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^9}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1703 \\
 & \frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{4x^3(4x^3 + 3)}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x^4}{4} - \int \frac{x^3(4x^3 + 3)}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1826 \\
 & \int \frac{13x^3 + 12}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx + \frac{x^4}{4} - 4x \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1752 \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^3 + 1} dx + \frac{27}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^3 + 3} dx + \frac{x^4}{4} - 4x \\
 & \quad \downarrow 750 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x+1} dx \right) + \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{3}-x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x+\sqrt[3]{3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{x^4}{4} - 4x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{3}-x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{x^4}{4} - 4x$$

↓ 16

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{x^4}{4} - 4x$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{x^4}{4} - 4x$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)^2} d\left(1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{x^4}{4} - 4x$$

↓ 1082

$$\frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) +$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{x^4}{4} - 4x$$

↓ 1083

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(3 \int \frac{1}{-(2x-1)^2-3} d(2x-1) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{x^4}{4} - 4x \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \\
& \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{x^4}{4} - 4x \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1103} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-x+1) - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \\
& \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}) + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{x^4}{4} - 4x
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^9/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `-4*x + x^4/4 + (-1/3*Log[1 + x] + (-(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]])) + Log[1 - x + x^2]/2)/3 + (27*(Log[3^(1/3) + x]/(3*3^(2/3)) + (-(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*x)/3^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])) - Log[3^(2/3) - 3^(1/3)*x + x^2]/2)/(3*3^(2/3))))/2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])]$
- rule 750 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*S\text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1083 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1703

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[d^(2*n - 1)*(d*x)^(m - 2*n + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(
p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n)/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1)) Int[(d
*x)^(m - 2*n)*Simp[a*(m - 2*n + 1) + b*(m + n*(p - 1) + 1)*x^n, x]*(a + b*x
^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && N
eQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0
] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 1752

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_)), x
_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q))
Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) I
nt[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[n2
, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (PosQ[b^2
- 4*a*c] || !IGtQ[n/2, 0])
```

rule 1826

```
Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_) + (
c_.)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*f^(n - 1)*(f*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a
+ b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(c*(m + n*(2*p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[f^n/(c*(
m + n*(2*p + 1) + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p*Simp[a*
e*(m - n + 1) + (b*e*(m + n*p + 1) - c*d*(m + n*(2*p + 1) + 1))*x^n, x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c,
0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*(2*p + 1) + 1, 0] && Intege
rQ[p]
```


Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result
risch	$\frac{x^4}{4} - 4x + \frac{3 \left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^3-3)} -R \ln(x+_R) \right)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2(x-\frac{1}{2})\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6}$
default	$\frac{x^4}{4} - 4x + \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} + \frac{3 \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}}+x\right)}{2} - \frac{3 \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}}-3^{\frac{1}{3}}x+x^2\right)}{4} + \frac{3 \cdot 3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{2x-1}{3}\right)}{3}\right)}{2}$

input `int(x^9/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*x^4-4*x+3/2*sum(_R*ln(x+_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3-3))-1/6*ln(x+1)+1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)-1/6*3^(1/2)*arctan(2/3*(x-1/2)*3^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^9}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{4}x^4 + \frac{3}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}x - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}\right) - \frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) - \frac{3}{4} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + \frac{3}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 4x + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^9/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*x^4 + 3/2*3^(5/6)*arctan(2/3*3^(1/6)*x - 1/3*sqrt(3)) - 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) - 3/4*3^(1/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) + 3/2*3^(1/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)) - 4*x + 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/6*log(x + 1)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^9}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{x^4}{4} - 4x - \frac{\log(x+1)}{6} + \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x - \frac{9841}{19692} - \frac{9841\sqrt{3}i}{19692} + \frac{360\left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^4}{547}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x - \frac{9841}{19692} + \frac{360\left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^4}{547} + \frac{9841\sqrt{3}i}{19692}\right) + \text{RootSum}\left(8t^3 - 81, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(\frac{360t^4}{547} - \frac{9841t}{1641} + x\right)\right)\right)$$

input `integrate(x**9/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)`

output `x**4/4 - 4*x - log(x + 1)/6 + (1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x - 9841/19692 - 9841*sqrt(3)*I/19692 + 360*(1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**4/547) + (1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x - 9841/19692 + 360*(1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)**4/547 + 9841*sqrt(3)*I/19692) + RootSum(8*_t**3 - 81, Lambda(_t, _t*log(360*_t**4/547 - 9841*_t/1641 + x)))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^9}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{4}x^4 + \frac{3}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) - \frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) - \frac{3}{4} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + \frac{3}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 4x + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^9/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/4*x^4 + 3/2*3^(5/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) - 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) - 3/4*3^(1/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) + 3/2*3^(1/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)) - 4*x + 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/6*log(x + 1)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^9}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{4}x^4 + \frac{3}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) - \frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) - \frac{3}{4} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + \frac{3}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(|x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}|\right) - 4x + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(|x + 1|)$$

input

```
integrate(x^9/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/4*x^4 + 3/2*3^(5/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) - 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) - 3/4*3^(1/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) + 3/2*3^(1/3)*log(abs(x + 3^(1/3))) - 4*x + 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/6*log(abs(x + 1))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^9}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{3 \cdot 3^{1/3} \ln(x + 3^{1/3})}{2} - \frac{\ln(x + 1)}{6} - 4x + \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{12}\right) - \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{12}\right) + \frac{x^4}{4} - \ln\left(x - \frac{3^{1/3}}{2} - \frac{3^{5/6} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{3 \cdot 3^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{3^{5/6} \text{li}}{4}\right) + 3^{1/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{3^{1/3}}{2} + \frac{3^{5/6} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{3}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{4}\right)$$

input

```
int(x^9/(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3),x)
```

output

```
(3*3^(1/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)))/2 - log(x + 1)/6 - 4*x + log(x - (3^(1/2)*1i)
/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/12 + 1/12) - log(x + (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/
2)*1i)/12 - 1/12) + x^4/4 - log(x - 3^(1/3)/2 - (3^(5/6)*1i)/2)*((3*3^(1/3
))/4 + (3^(5/6)*3i)/4) + 3^(1/3)*log(x - 3^(1/3)/2 + (3^(5/6)*1i)/2)*((3^(
1/2)*3i)/4 - 3/4)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^9}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{33^{\frac{5}{6}} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(3^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2x)3^{\frac{1}{6}}}{3}\right)}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6}$$

$$- \frac{33^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + x^2\right)}{4} + \frac{33^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}} + x\right)}{2}$$

$$+ \frac{\log(x^2 - x + 1)}{12} - \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6} + \frac{x^4}{4} - 4x$$

input

```
int(x^9/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)
```

output

```
( - 18*3**(2/3)*3**(1/6)*atan((3**(1/3) - 2*x)/(3**(2/3)*3**(1/6))) - 2*sq
rt(3)*atan((2*x - 1)/sqrt(3)) - 9*3**(1/3)*log(3**(2/3) - 3**(1/3)*x + x**
2) + 18*3**(1/3)*log(3**(1/3) + x) + log(x**2 - x + 1) - 2*log(x + 1) + 3*
x**4 - 48*x)/12
```

3.145 $\int \frac{x^7}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1288
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1289
Rubi [A] (verified)	1289
Maple [C] (verified)	1293
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1294
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1295
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1295
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1296
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1296
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1297

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{x^7}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt[6]{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) - \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x) + \frac{1}{2}3^{2/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{3}+x\right) + \frac{1}{12} \log(1-x+x^2) - \frac{1}{4}3^{2/3} \log\left(3^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{3}x+x^2\right)$$

output

```
1/2*x^2-1/6*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)+3/2*3^(1/6)*arctan(1/3*(3^(1/3)-2*x)*3^(1/6))-1/6*ln(1+x)+1/2*3^(2/3)*ln(3^(1/3)+x)+1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)-1/4*3^(2/3)*ln(3^(2/3)-3^(1/3)*x+x^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^7}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} \left(6x^2 + 18\sqrt[6]{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) + 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{-1 + 2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - 2\log(1 + x) \right. \\ \left. + 6 \cdot 3^{2/3} \log(3 + 3^{2/3}x) + \log(1 - x + x^2) - 3 \cdot 3^{2/3} \log(3 - 3^{2/3}x + \sqrt[3]{3}x^2) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^7/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]
```

output

```
(6*x^2 + 18*3^(1/6)*ArcTan[(3^(1/3) - 2*x)/3^(5/6)] + 2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] - 2*Log[1 + x] + 6*3^(2/3)*Log[3 + 3^(2/3)*x] + Log[1 - x + x^2] - 3*3^(2/3)*Log[3 - 3^(2/3)*x + 3^(1/3)*x^2])/12
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {1703, 27, 1834, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 1082, 217, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^7}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1703}$$

$$\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x(4x^3 + 3)}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{x^2}{2} - \int \frac{x(4x^3 + 3)}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1834 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x}{x^3+1} dx - \frac{9}{2} \int \frac{x}{x^3+3} dx + \frac{x^2}{2} \\ & \downarrow 821 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x+1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x+1} dx \right) - \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{x+\sqrt[3]{3}}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{x+\sqrt[3]{3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{x^2}{2} \\ & \downarrow 16 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x+1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) - \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{x+\sqrt[3]{3}}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{x^2}{2} \\ & \downarrow 1142 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) - \\ & \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{x^2}{2} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) - \\ & \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{x^2}{2} \\ & \downarrow 1082 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) - \\ & \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)^2} d\left(1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{x^2}{2} \\ & \downarrow 217 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{x^2}{2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1083} \\
& -\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{-(2x-1)^2-3} d(2x-1) \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{x^2}{2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) - \\
& \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{x^2}{2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1103} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-x+1) \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) - \\
& \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}) - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{x^2}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^7/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output $x^2/2 + (-1/3*\text{Log}[1 + x] + (\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(-1 + 2*x)/\text{Sqrt}[3]] + \text{Log}[1 - x + x^2/2]/3)/2 - (9*(-1/3*\text{Log}[3^{1/3} + x]/3^{1/3} + (-\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*x)/3^{1/3})/\text{Sqrt}[3]])) + \text{Log}[3^{2/3} - 3^{1/3}*x + x^2/2]/(3*3^{1/3}))) / 2$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \& \& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{(-1)} \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \parallel \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1083 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1703 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(2*n - 1)*(d*x)^(m - 2*n + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n)/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1)) Int[(d*x)^(m - 2*n)*Simp[a*(m - 2*n + 1) + b*(m + n*(p - 1) + 1)*x^n, x]*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 1834 `Int[(((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result
risch	$\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^3-9)} -R \ln(-R^2+3x) \right)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2(x-\frac{1}{2})\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6}$
default	$\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} + \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}}+x\right)}{2} - \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}}-3^{\frac{1}{3}}x+x^2\right)}{4} - \frac{3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{2}{3}x-1\right)}{3}\right)}{2}$

input `int(x^7/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*x^2+1/2*sum(_R*ln(_R^2+3*x),_R=RootOf(_Z^3-9))-1/6*ln(x+1)+1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)+1/6*3^(1/2)*arctan(2/3*(x-1/2)*3^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^7}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2}{9} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}x - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}\right) + \frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) - \frac{1}{4} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(3x^2 - 9^{\frac{2}{3}}x + 3 \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(3x + 9^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^7/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*x^2 - 1/2*9^(1/3)*sqrt(3)*arctan(2/9*9^(1/3)*sqrt(3)*x - 1/3*sqrt(3)) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) - 1/4*9^(1/3)*log(3*x^2 - 9^(2/3)*x + 3*9^(1/3)) + 1/2*9^(1/3)*log(3*x + 9^(2/3)) + 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/6*log(x + 1)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x^7}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{\log(x+1)}{6} + \left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x + \frac{6562\left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^2}{183} - \frac{1872\left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^5}{61}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x - \frac{1872\left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^5}{61} + \frac{6562\left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^2}{183}\right) + \text{RootSum}\left(8t^3 - 9, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(-\frac{1872t^5}{61} + \frac{6562t^2}{183} + x\right)\right)\right)$$

input `integrate(x**7/(x**6+4*x**3+3), x)`

output `x**2/2 - log(x + 1)/6 + (1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x + 6562*(1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)**2/183 - 1872*(1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)**5/61) + (1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x - 1872*(1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**5/61 + 6562*(1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**2/183) + RootSum(8*_t**3 - 9, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-1872*_t**5/61 + 6562*_t**2/183 + x))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^7}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) - \frac{3}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^7/(x^6+4*x^3+3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*x^2 - 1/4*3^(2/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) + 1/2*3^(2/3)*log(x +
3^(1/3)) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) - 3/2*3^(1/6)*arctan
(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) + 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/6*log(x + 1)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^7}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(|x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}|\right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) - \frac{3}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(|x + 1|)$$

input

```
integrate(x^7/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*x^2 - 1/4*3^(2/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) + 1/2*3^(2/3)*log(abs
(x + 3^(1/3))) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) - 3/2*3^(1/6)*a
rctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) + 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/6*log(abs(x
+ 1))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^7}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{3^{2/3} \ln(x + 3^{1/3})}{2} - \frac{\ln(x + 1)}{6} - \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{12}\right) + \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{12}\right) + \frac{x^2}{2} - \ln\left(x - \frac{3^{1/3}}{2} - \frac{3^{5/6} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{3^{2/3}}{4} - \frac{3^{1/6} \text{li}}{4}\right) - \ln\left(x - \frac{3^{1/3}}{2} + \frac{3^{5/6} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{3^{2/3}}{4} + \frac{3^{1/6} \text{li}}{4}\right)$$

input `int(x^7/(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3),x)`

output $(3^{2/3} \log(x + 3^{1/3}))/2 - \log(x + 1)/6 - \log(x - (3^{1/2} * i))/2 - 1/2) * ((3^{1/2} * i)/12 - 1/12) + \log(x + (3^{1/2} * i)/2 - 1/2) * ((3^{1/2} * i)/12 + 1/12) + x^2/2 - \log(x - 3^{1/3})/2 - (3^{5/6} * i)/2 * (3^{2/3}/4 - (3^{1/6} * 3i)/4) - \log(x - 3^{1/3})/2 + (3^{5/6} * i)/2 * (3^{2/3}/4 + (3^{1/6} * 3i)/4)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^7}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{3 \cdot 3^{1/6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(3^{1/3} - 2x)3^{1/6}}{3}\right)}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6} - \frac{3^{2/3} \log\left(3^{2/3} - 3^{1/3}x + x^2\right)}{4} + \frac{3^{2/3} \log\left(3^{1/3} + x\right)}{2} + \frac{\log(x^2 - x + 1)}{12} - \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6} + \frac{x^2}{2}$$

input `int(x^7/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`

output $(18 \cdot 3^{1/6} \operatorname{atan}((3^{1/3} - 2x)/(3^{2/3} \cdot 3^{1/6})) + 2 \cdot \sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}((2x - 1)/\sqrt{3}) - 3 \cdot 3^{2/3} \log(3^{2/3} - 3^{1/3}x + x^2) + 6 \cdot 3^{2/3} \log(3^{1/3} + x) + \log(x^2 - x + 1) - 2 \cdot \log(x + 1) + 6 \cdot x^2)/12$

3.146 $\int \frac{x^6}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1298
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1298
Rubi [A] (verified)	1299
Maple [C] (verified)	1303
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1303
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1304
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1305
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1305
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1306
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1306

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{x^6}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = x - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2}3^{5/6} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) + \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[3]{3} \log(\sqrt[3]{3}+x) - \frac{1}{12} \log(1-x+x^2) + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt[3]{3} \log(3^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{3}x+x^2)$$

output

```
x-1/6*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)+1/2*3^(5/6)*arctan(1/3*(3^(1/3)-2*x)*3^(1/6))+1/6*ln(1+x)-1/2*3^(1/3)*ln(3^(1/3)+x)-1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)+1/4*3^(1/3)*ln(3^(2/3)-3^(1/3)*x+x^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^6}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{12} \left(12x + 6 \cdot 3^{5/6} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) + 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{-1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + 2 \log(1+x) - 6\sqrt[3]{3} \log(3+3^{2/3}x) - \log(1-x+x^2) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^6/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `(12*x + 6*3^(5/6)*ArcTan[(3^(1/3) - 2*x)/3^(5/6)] + 2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] + 2*Log[1 + x] - 6*3^(1/3)*Log[3 + 3^(2/3)*x] - Log[1 - x + x^2] + 3*3^(1/3)*Log[3 - 3^(2/3)*x + 3^(1/3)*x^2])/12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.688$, Rules used = {1703, 1752, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 1082, 217, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^6}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1703 \\
 & x - \int \frac{4x^3 + 3}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1752 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^3 + 1} dx - \frac{9}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^3 + 3} dx + x \\
 & \quad \downarrow 750 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x+1} dx \right) - \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{3}-x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x+\sqrt[3]{3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + x \\
 & \quad \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) - \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{3}-x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + x \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1142
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) - \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + x$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) - \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + x$$

↓ 1082

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) - \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + x$$

↓ 217

$$-\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) + x$$

↓ 1083

$$-\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{-(2x - 1)^2 - 3} d(2x - 1) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) + x$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx + \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) -$$

$$\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + x$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) -$$

$$\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}) + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + x$$

input `Int[x^6/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `x + (Log[1 + x]/3 + (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] - Log[1 - x + x^2]/2)/3)/2 - (9*(Log[3^(1/3) + x]/(3*3^(2/3)) + (-(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*x)/3^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])) - Log[3^(2/3) - 3^(1/3)*x + x^2]/2)/(3*3^(2/3))))/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] & & (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 750 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[1/(Rt[a, 3] + Rt[b, 3]*x), x], x] + Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[(2*Rt[a, 3] - Rt[b, 3]*x)/(Rt[a, 3]^2 - Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3]*x + Rt[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1703 `Int[((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(-p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(2*n - 1)*(d*x)^(m - 2*n + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n)/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1)) Int[(d*x)^(m - 2*n)*Simp[a*(m - 2*n + 1) + b*(m + n*(p - 1) + 1)*x^n, x]*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 1752

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)), x
_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q))
  Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) I
nt[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[n2
, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (PosQ[b^2
 - 4*a*c] || !IGtQ[n/2, 0])
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result
risch	$x - \frac{\ln(4x^2-4x+4)}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} + \frac{\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(-Z^3+3)} -R \ln(x-R)\right)}{2} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6}$
default	$x - \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} - \frac{3^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}}+x\right)}{2} + \frac{3^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}}-3^{\frac{1}{3}}x+x^2\right)}{4} - \frac{3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{23^{\frac{2}{3}}x-1}{3}\right)}{3}\right)}{2} +$

input

```
int(x^6/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x-1/12*ln(4*x^2-4*x+4)+1/6*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(2*x-1)*3^(1/2))+1/2*sum(_R*
ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3+3))+1/6*ln(x+1)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^6}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}x - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}\right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + x - \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^6/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*3^(5/6)*arctan(2/3*3^(1/6)*x - 1/3*sqrt(3)) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 1/4*3^(1/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 1/2*3^(1/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)) + x - 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 1/6*log(x + 1)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^6}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = x + \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6} + \left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x - \frac{121}{246} - \frac{121\sqrt{3}i}{246} + \frac{864\left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^4}{41}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x - \frac{121}{246} + \frac{864\left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^4}{41} + \frac{121\sqrt{3}i}{246}\right) + \text{RootSum}\left(8t^3 + 3, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(\frac{864t^4}{41} + \frac{242t}{41} + x\right)\right)\right)$$

input `integrate(x**6/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)`

output `x + log(x + 1)/6 + (-1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x - 121/246 - 121*sqrt(3)*I/246 + 864*(-1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)**4/41) + (-1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x - 121/246 + 864*(-1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**4/41 + 121*sqrt(3)*I/246) + RootSum(8*_t**3 + 3, Lambda(_t, _t*log(864*_t**4/41 + 242*_t/41 + x)))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^6}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + x - \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^6/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*3^(5/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 1/4*3^(1/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 1/2*3^(1/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)) + x - 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 1/6*log(x + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^6}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right) + x - \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(|x + 1|)$$

input `integrate(x^6/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*3^(5/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 1/4*3^(1/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 1/2*3^(1/3)*log(abs(x + 3^(1/3))) + x - 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 1/6*log(abs(x + 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^6}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx$$

$$= x + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{3^{1/3} \ln(x+3^{1/3})}{2}$$

$$- \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{12}\right) + \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{12}\right)$$

$$+ \ln\left(x - \frac{3^{1/3}}{2} + \frac{3^{5/6} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{3^{1/3}}{4} - \frac{3^{5/6} \text{li}}{4}\right) + \frac{(-1)^{1/3} 3^{1/3} \ln\left(x - (-1)^{1/3} 3^{1/3}\right)}{2}$$

input `int(x^6/(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3),x)`output `x + log(x + 1)/6 - (3^(1/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)))/2 - log(x - (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/12 + 1/12) + log(x + (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/12 - 1/12) + log(x - 3^(1/3)/2 + (3^(5/6)*1i)/2)*(3^(1/3)/4 - (3^(5/6)*1i)/4) + ((-1)^(1/3)*3^(1/3)*log(x - (-1)^(1/3)*3^(1/3)))/2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^6}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{3^{5/6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(3^{1/3}-2x)3^{1/6}}{3}\right)}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6} + \frac{3^{1/3} \log\left(3^{2/3} - 3^{1/3}x + x^2\right)}{4}$$

$$- \frac{3^{1/3} \log\left(3^{1/3} + x\right)}{2} - \frac{\log(x^2 - x + 1)}{12} + \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6} + x$$

input `int(x^6/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`output `(6*3**(2/3)*3**(1/6)*atan((3**(1/3) - 2*x)/(3**(2/3)*3**(1/6))) + 2*sqrt(3)*atan((2*x - 1)/sqrt(3)) + 3*3**(1/3)*log(3**(2/3) - 3**(1/3)*x + x**2) - 6*3**(1/3)*log(3**(1/3) + x) - log(x**2 - x + 1) + 2*log(x + 1) + 12*x)/12`

3.147 $\int \frac{x^4}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1307
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1307
Rubi [A] (verified)	1308
Maple [C] (verified)	1312
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1312
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1313
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1314
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1314
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1315
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1315

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{x^4}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[6]{3}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) + \frac{1}{6}\log(1+x) - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{3}+x\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{1}{12}\log(1-x+x^2) + \frac{\log\left(3^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{3}x+x^2\right)}{4\sqrt[3]{3}}$$

output

```
1/6*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)-1/2*3^(1/6)*arctan(1/3*(3^(1/3)-2*x)*3^(1/6))+1/6*ln(1+x)-1/6*3^(2/3)*ln(3^(1/3)+x)-1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)+1/12*3^(2/3)*ln(3^(2/3)-3^(1/3)*x+x^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^4}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{12}\left(-6\sqrt[6]{3}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) - 2\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{-1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + 2\log(1+x) - 2\cdot 3^{2/3}\log(3+3^{2/3}x) - \log(1-x+x^2) + 3^{2/3}\log\left(3-3^{2/3}x+\sqrt[3]{3}x^2\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[x^4/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `(-6*3^(1/6)*ArcTan[(3^(1/3) - 2*x)/3^(5/6)] - 2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] + 2*Log[1 + x] - 2*3^(2/3)*Log[3 + 3^(2/3)*x] - Log[1 - x + x^2] + 3^(2/3)*Log[3 - 3^(2/3)*x + 3^(1/3)*x^2])/12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {1710, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 1082, 217, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1710$$

$$\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{x}{x^3 + 3} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x}{x^3 + 1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 821$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x+1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x+1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{x+\sqrt[3]{3}}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{x+\sqrt[3]{3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 16$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x+1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{x+\sqrt[3]{3}}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1142$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) + \\
& \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) + \\
& \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1082 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) + \\
& \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 217 \\
& \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1083 \\
& \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx + 3 \int \frac{1}{-(2x - 1)^2 - 3} d(2x - 1) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 217
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}) - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right)$$

input `Int[x^4/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `(Log[1 + x]/3 + (-Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]]) - Log[1 - x + x^2]/2)/3)/2 + (3*(-1/3*Log[3^(1/3) + x]/3^(1/3) + (-Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*x)/3^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]]) + Log[3^(2/3) - 3^(1/3)*x + x^2]/2)/(3*3^(1/3)))/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] & & (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{(-1)} \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2 *x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*S \text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \|\| \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1083 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1710 $\text{Int}(((d_)*(x_))^{(m)}/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n)}), x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(d^n/2)*(b/q + 1) \text{Int}[(d*x)^{(m-n)}/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d^n/2)*(b/q - 1) \text{Int}[(d*x)^{(m-n)}/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{GeQ}[m, n]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\ln(4x^2-4x+4)}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} + \frac{\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(3_Z^3+1)} -R \ln(3_R^2+x)\right)}{2}$
default	$-\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} - \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}}+x\right)}{6} + \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}}-3^{\frac{1}{3}}x+x^2\right)}{12} + \frac{3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{23^{\frac{2}{3}}x-1}{3}\right)}{3}\right)}{2} + \ln$

input `int(x^4/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/12*ln(4*x^2-4*x+4)-1/6*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(2*x-1)*3^(1/2))+1/6*ln(x+1)+1/2*sum(_R*ln(3*_R^2+x),_R=RootOf(3*_Z^3+1))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^4}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{12} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{6} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(-\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x-3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) - \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2-x+1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x+1)$$

input `integrate(x^4/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/12*3^(2/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 1/6*3^(2/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3))
- 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) - 1/2*3^(1/6)*arctan(-1/3*3^(
1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) - 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 1/6*log(x + 1)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^4}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6} + \left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x + \frac{2592\left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^5}{5} + \frac{168\left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^2}{5}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x + \frac{168\left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^2}{5} + \frac{2592\left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^5}{5}\right) + \text{RootSum}\left(24t^3 + 1, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(\frac{2592t^5}{5} + \frac{168t^2}{5} + x\right)\right)\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**4/(x**6+4*x**3+3), x)
```

output

```
log(x + 1)/6 + (-1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x + 2592*(-1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)*
*5/5 + 168*(-1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)**2/5) + (-1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x + 1
68*(-1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**2/5 + 2592*(-1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**5/5) + RootS
um(24*_t**3 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(2592*_t**5/5 + 168*_t**2/5 + x)))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^4}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{12} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{6} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \\ - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \\ \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \left(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{12} \log (x^2 - x + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log (x + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^4/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/12*3^(2/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 1/6*3^(2/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)) \\ - 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 1/2*3^(1/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) - 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 1/6*log(x + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^4}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{12} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{6} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left(\left| x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \right| \right) \\ - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1) \right) \\ + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \left(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \right) \\ - \frac{1}{12} \log (x^2 - x + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log (|x + 1|)$$

input `integrate(x^4/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/12*3^(2/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 1/6*3^(2/3)*log(abs(x + 3^(1/3))) - 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 1/2*3^(1/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) - 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 1/6*log(abs(x + 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^4}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{3^{2/3} \ln(x + 3^{1/3})}{6} + \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) - \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) - \frac{(-1)^{1/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{(-1)^{1/3} 3^{1/3}}{2} - \frac{(-1)^{1/6} 3^{5/6}}{2} + \frac{3^{1/3}}{2}\right) (3^{2/3} + 3^{1/6} 3i)}{12} + \frac{(-1)^{1/3} 3^{2/3} \ln\left(x + (-1)^{2/3} 3^{1/3}\right)}{6}$$

input `int(x^4/(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3),x)`output `log(x + 1)/6 - (3^(2/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)))/6 + log(x - (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/12 - 1/12) - log(x + (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/12 + 1/12) - ((-1)^(1/3)*log(x - ((-1)^(1/3)*3^(1/3))/2 - ((-1)^(1/6)*3^(5/6))/2 + 3^(1/3)/2)*(3^(2/3) + 3^(1/6)*3i)/12 + ((-1)^(1/3)*3^(2/3)*log(x + (-1)^(2/3)*3^(1/3)))/6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^4}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{3^{1/6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(3^{1/3}-2x)3^{1/6}}{3}\right)}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6} + \frac{3^{2/3} \log\left(3^{2/3} - 3^{1/3}x + x^2\right)}{12} - \frac{3^{2/3} \log\left(3^{1/3} + x\right)}{6} - \frac{\log(x^2 - x + 1)}{12} + \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6}$$

input `int(x^4/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`

output

```
( - 6*3**(1/6)*atan((3**(1/3) - 2*x)/(3**(2/3)*3**(1/6))) - 2*sqrt(3)*atan
((2*x - 1)/sqrt(3)) + 3**(2/3)*log(3**(2/3) - 3**(1/3)*x + x**2) - 2*3**(2
/3)*log(3**(1/3) + x) - log(x**2 - x + 1) + 2*log(x + 1))/12
```

3.148 $\int \frac{x^3}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1317
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1317
Rubi [A] (verified)	1318
Maple [C] (verified)	1322
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1322
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1323
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1323
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1324
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1324
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1325

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{x^3}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right)}{2\sqrt[6]{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x) + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{3}+x)}{2 \cdot 3^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{12} \log(1-x+x^2) - \frac{\log(3^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{3}x+x^2)}{4 \cdot 3^{2/3}}$$

output

```
1/6*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)-1/6*3^(5/6)*arctan(1/3*(3^(1/3)-2*x)*3^(1/6))-1/6*ln(1+x)+1/6*3^(1/3)*ln(3^(1/3)+x)+1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)-1/12*3^(1/3)*ln(3^(2/3)-3^(1/3)*x+x^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^3}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{12} \left(-2 \cdot 3^{5/6} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) - 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{-1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - 2 \log(1+x) + 2\sqrt[3]{3} \log(3+3^{2/3}x) + \log(1-x) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^3/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `(-2*3^(5/6)*ArcTan[(3^(1/3) - 2*x)/3^(5/6)] - 2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] - 2*Log[1 + x] + 2*3^(1/3)*Log[3 + 3^(2/3)*x] + Log[1 - x + x^2] - 3^(1/3)*Log[3 - 3^(2/3)*x + 3^(1/3)*x^2])/12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {1710, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 1082, 217, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1710 \\
 & \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^3 + 3} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^3 + 1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 750 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x+1} dx \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{3}-x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x+\sqrt[3]{3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{3}-x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1142
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 1082

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1}{-\left(1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)^2-3} d\left(1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right) + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right)$$

↓ 1083

$$\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(3 \int \frac{1}{-(2x-1)^2-3} d(2x-1) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right)$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-x+1) - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}) + \log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right)$$

input `Int[x^3/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `(-1/3*Log[1 + x] + (-Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]]) + Log[1 - x + x^2]/2)/3 + (3*(Log[3^(1/3) + x]/(3*3^(2/3)) + (-Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*x)/3^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]]) - Log[3^(2/3) - 3^(1/3)*x + x^2]/2)/(3*3^(2/3)))/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] & & (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 750 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{Int}[(2 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2 \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot \text{Simplify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /;$
 $\text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1083 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x], x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))/(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))/(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e)/(2 \cdot c) \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2 \cdot c) \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x)/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1710 $\text{Int}[(d_ \cdot x)^m / (a_ + (c_ \cdot x)^{n2_} + (b_ \cdot x)^{n_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(d^{n/2} \cdot (b/q + 1) \text{Int}[(d \cdot x)^{m-n} / (b/2 + q/2 + c \cdot x^n), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d^{n/2} \cdot (b/q - 1) \text{Int}[(d \cdot x)^{m-n} / (b/2 - q/2 + c \cdot x^n), x], x)] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GeQ}[m, n]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2(x-\frac{1}{2})\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(9Z^3-1)} -R \ln(x+3-R)\right)}{2}$
default	$\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} + \frac{3^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}}+x\right)}{6} - \frac{3^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}}-3^{\frac{1}{3}}x+x^2\right)}{12} + \frac{3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{2\sqrt[3]{3}x-1}{3}\right)}{3}\right)}{6} - \frac{\ln(x)}{6}$

input `int(x^3/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*ln(x+1)+1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)-1/6*3^(1/2)*arctan(2/3*(x-1/2)*3^(1/2))+1/2*sum(_R*ln(x+3*_R),_R=RootOf(9*_Z^3-1))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^3}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{9} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} (2 \cdot 9^{\frac{2}{3}} x - 3 \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) - \frac{1}{36} \cdot 9^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(3x^2 - 9^{\frac{2}{3}}x + 3 \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{18} \cdot 9^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(3x + 9^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2-x+1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x+1)$$

input `integrate(x^3/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2*9^(1/6)*sqrt(1/3)*arctan(1/9*9^(1/6)*sqrt(1/3)*(2*9^(2/3)*x - 3*9^(1/3))) - 1/36*9^(2/3)*log(3*x^2 - 9^(2/3)*x + 3*9^(1/3)) + 1/18*9^(2/3)*log(3*x + 9^(2/3)) - 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/6*log(x + 1)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^3}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{\log(x+1)}{6} + \left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x - \frac{1}{4} + 648\left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^4 + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{4}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x - \frac{1}{4} + 648\left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^4 - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{4}\right) + \text{RootSum}(72t^3 - 1, (t \mapsto t \log(648t^4 - 3t + x)))$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)
```

output

```
-log(x + 1)/6 + (1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x - 1/4 + 648*(1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)**4 + sqrt(3)*I/4) + (1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x - 1/4 + 648*(1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**4 - sqrt(3)*I/4) + RootSum(72*_t**3 - 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(648*_t**4 - 3*_t + x)))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^3}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{6} \cdot 3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) - \frac{1}{12} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{6} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^3/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{6} \cdot 3^{5/6} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{1/6} (2x - 3^{1/3})\right) - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (2x - 1)\right) - \frac{1}{12} \cdot 3^{1/3} \log(x^2 - 3^{1/3}x + 3^{2/3}) + \frac{1}{6} \cdot 3^{1/3} \log(x + 3^{1/3}) + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^3}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{6} \cdot 3^{5/6} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{1/6} (2x - 3^{1/3})\right) - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (2x - 1)\right) - \frac{1}{12} \cdot 3^{1/3} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{1/3}x + 3^{2/3}\right) + \frac{1}{6} \cdot 3^{1/3} \log\left(|x + 3^{1/3}|\right) + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(|x + 1|)$$

input `integrate(x^3/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{6} \cdot 3^{5/6} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{1/6} (2x - 3^{1/3})\right) - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (2x - 1)\right) - \frac{1}{12} \cdot 3^{1/3} \log(x^2 - 3^{1/3}x + 3^{2/3}) + \frac{1}{6} \cdot 3^{1/3} \log(\text{abs}(x + 3^{1/3})) + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(\text{abs}(x + 1))$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^3}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{3^{1/3} \ln(x + 3^{1/3})}{6} - \frac{\ln(x + 1)}{6} + \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{12}\right) - \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{12}\right) - \ln\left(x - \frac{3^{1/3}}{2} - \frac{3^{5/6} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{3^{1/3}}{12} + \frac{3^{5/6} \text{li}}{12}\right) - \ln\left(x - \frac{3^{1/3}}{2} + \frac{3^{5/6} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{3^{1/3}}{12} - \frac{3^{5/6} \text{li}}{12}\right)$$

input `int(x^3/(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3),x)`

output $(3^{1/3} \log(x + 3^{1/3}))/6 - \log(x + 1)/6 + \log(x - (3^{1/2} * 1i)/2 - 1/2) * ((3^{1/2} * 1i)/12 + 1/12) - \log(x + (3^{1/2} * 1i)/2 - 1/2) * ((3^{1/2} * 1i)/12 - 1/12) - \log(x - 3^{1/3}/2 - (3^{5/6} * 1i)/2) * (3^{1/3}/12 + (3^{5/6} * 1i)/12) - \log(x - 3^{1/3}/2 + (3^{5/6} * 1i)/2) * (3^{1/3}/12 - (3^{5/6} * 1i)/12)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^3}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{3^{5/6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(3^{1/3} - 2x)3^{1/6}}{3}\right)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6} - \frac{3^{1/3} \log\left(3^{2/3} - 3^{1/3}x + x^2\right)}{12} + \frac{3^{1/3} \log\left(3^{1/3} + x\right)}{6} + \frac{\log(x^2 - x + 1)}{12} - \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6}$$

input `int(x^3/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`

output $(-2 * 3^{2/3} * 3^{1/6} * \operatorname{atan}((3^{1/3} - 2 * x) / (3^{2/3} * 3^{1/6}))) - 2 * \operatorname{sqrt}(3) * \operatorname{atan}((2 * x - 1) / \operatorname{sqrt}(3)) - 3^{1/3} * \log(3^{2/3} - 3^{1/3} * x + x^2) + 2 * 3^{1/3} * \log(3^{1/3} + x) + \log(x^2 - x + 1) - 2 * \log(x + 1)) / 12$

3.149 $\int \frac{x}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1326
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1326
Rubi [A] (verified)	1327
Maple [C] (verified)	1331
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1331
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1332
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1332
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1333
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1333
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1334

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{x}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right)}{2 \cdot 3^{5/6}} - \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x) + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{3}+x\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{3}} + \frac{1}{12} \log(1-x+x^2) - \frac{\log\left(3^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{3}x+x^2\right)}{12\sqrt[3]{3}}$$

output

```
-1/6*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)+1/6*3^(1/6)*arctan(1/3*(3^(1/3)-2*x)*3^(1/6))-1/6*ln(1+x)+1/18*3^(2/3)*ln(3^(1/3)+x)+1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)-1/36*3^(2/3)*ln(3^(2/3)-3^(1/3)*x+x^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{36} \left(6\sqrt[6]{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) + 6\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{-1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - 6 \log(1+x) + 2 \cdot 3^{2/3} \log(3+3^{2/3}x) + 3 \log(1-x+x^2) - 3^{2/3} \log(3-3^{2/3}x+\sqrt[3]{3}x^2) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `(6*3^(1/6)*ArcTan[(3^(1/3) - 2*x)/3^(5/6)] + 6*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] - 6*Log[1 + x] + 2*3^(2/3)*Log[3 + 3^(2/3)*x] + 3*Log[1 - x + x^2] - 3^(2/3)*Log[3 - 3^(2/3)*x + 3^(1/3)*x^2])/36`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$, Rules used = {1711, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 1082, 217, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1711$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x}{x^3 + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x}{x^3 + 3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 821$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x+1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x + \sqrt[3]{3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\int \frac{x + \sqrt[3]{3}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 16$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x+1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\int \frac{x + \sqrt[3]{3}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1142$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1-2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right)$$

↓ 1082

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right)$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right)$$

↓ 1083

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{-(2x-1)^2 - 3} d(2x-1) \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right)$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-x+1) \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}) - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right)$$

input `Int[x/(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `(-1/3*Log[1 + x] + (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] + Log[1 - x + x^2]/2)/3)/2 + (Log[3^(1/3) + x]/(3*3^(1/3)) - (-(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*x)/3^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]]) + Log[3^(2/3) - 3^(1/3)*x + x^2]/2)/(3*3^(1/3)))/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] & & (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{(-1)} \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2 *x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = 1 - 4*S \text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \|\| \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1083 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1711 $\text{Int}(((d_)*(x_))^{(m_)} / ((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[c/q \text{Int}[(d*x)^m/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] - \text{Simp}[c/q \text{Int}[(d*x)^m/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(3Z^3-1)} -R \ln(3-R^2+x) \right)}{6} + \frac{\ln(4x^2-4x+4)}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6}$
default	$\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} + \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}}+x\right)}{18} - \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}}-3^{\frac{1}{3}}x+x^2\right)}{36} - \frac{3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{2\cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}}x-1}{3}\right)}{3}\right)}{6} - \frac{\ln(x)}{6}$

input `int(x/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*sum(_R*ln(3*_R^2+x),_R=RootOf(3*_Z^3-1))+1/12*ln(4*x^2-4*x+4)+1/6*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(2*x-1)*3^(1/2))-1/6*ln(x+1)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{36} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{18} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) + \frac{1}{6} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(-\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x-3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2-x+1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x+1)$$

input `integrate(x/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/36*3^(2/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) + 1/18*3^(2/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 1/6*3^(1/6)*arctan(-1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) + 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/6*log(x + 1)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{\log(x+1)}{6} + \left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12} \right) \log \left(x + 90 \left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12} \right)^2 + 11664 \left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12} \right)^5 \right) + \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12} \right) \log \left(x + 11664 \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12} \right)^5 + 90 \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12} \right)^2 \right) + \text{RootSum}(648t^3 - 1, (t \mapsto t \log(11664t^5 + 90t^2 + x)))$$

input `integrate(x/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)`

output `-log(x + 1)/6 + (1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x + 90*(1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)**2 + 11664*(1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)**5) + (1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x + 11664*(1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**5 + 90*(1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**2) + RootSum(648*_t**3 - 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(11664*_t**5 + 90*_t**2 + x)))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{36} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{18} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1) \right) - \frac{1}{6} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} (2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}) \right) + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$$

input `integrate(x/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/36*3^(2/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) + 1/18*3^(2/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3))
+ 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) - 1/6*3^(1/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)
(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) + 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/6*log(x + 1)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{36} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{18} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left(\left| x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \right| \right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (2x - 1) \right) - \frac{1}{6} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} (2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}) \right) + \frac{1}{12} \log (x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log (|x + 1|)$$

input

```
integrate(x/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/36*3^(2/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) + 1/18*3^(2/3)*log(abs(x + 3^(1/3)))
+ 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) - 1/6*3^(1/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)
(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) + 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/6*log(abs(x + 1))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{3^{2/3} \ln(x + 3^{1/3})}{18} - \frac{\ln(x + 1)}{6} - \ln \left(x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{li}}{2} \right) \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{li}}{12} \right) + \ln \left(x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{li}}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{li}}{12} \right) - \ln \left(x - \frac{3^{1/3}}{2} - \frac{3^{5/6} \operatorname{li}}{2} \right) \left(\frac{3^{2/3}}{36} - \frac{3^{1/6} \operatorname{li}}{12} \right) - \ln \left(x - \frac{3^{1/3}}{2} + \frac{3^{5/6} \operatorname{li}}{2} \right) \left(\frac{3^{2/3}}{36} + \frac{3^{1/6} \operatorname{li}}{12} \right)$$

input `int(x/(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3),x)`

output `(3^(2/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)))/18 - log(x + 1)/6 - log(x - (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/12 - 1/12) + log(x + (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/12 + 1/12) - log(x - 3^(1/3)/2 - (3^(5/6)*1i)/2)*(3^(2/3)/36 - (3^(1/6)*1i)/12) - log(x - 3^(1/3)/2 + (3^(5/6)*1i)/2)*(3^(2/3)/36 + (3^(1/6)*1i)/12)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{3^{\frac{1}{6}} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(3^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2x)3^{\frac{1}{6}}}{3}\right)}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6} - \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + x^2\right)}{36} \\ + \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}} + x\right)}{18} + \frac{\log(x^2 - x + 1)}{12} - \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6}$$

input `int(x/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`

output `(6*3**(1/6)*atan((3**(1/3) - 2*x)/(3**(2/3)*3**(1/6))) + 6*sqrt(3)*atan((2*x - 1)/sqrt(3)) - 3**(2/3)*log(3**(2/3) - 3**(1/3)*x + x**2) + 2*3**(2/3)*log(3**(1/3) + x) + 3*log(x**2 - x + 1) - 6*log(x + 1))/36`

3.150 $\int \frac{1}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1335
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1335
Rubi [A] (verified)	1336
Maple [C] (verified)	1340
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1340
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1341
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1342
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1342
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1343
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1343

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{1}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right)}{6\sqrt[6]{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x) - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{3}+x\right)}{6 \cdot 3^{2/3}} - \frac{1}{12} \log(1-x+x^2) + \frac{\log\left(3^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{3}x+x^2\right)}{12 \cdot 3^{2/3}}$$

output

```
-1/6*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)+1/18*3^(5/6)*arctan(1/3*(3^(1/3)-2*x)*3^(1/6))+1/6*ln(1+x)-1/18*3^(1/3)*ln(3^(1/3)+x)-1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)+1/36*3^(1/3)*ln(3^(2/3)-3^(1/3)*x+x^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{36} \left(2 \cdot 3^{5/6} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) + 6\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{-1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + 6 \log(1+x) - 2\sqrt[3]{3} \log(3+3^{2/3}x) - 3 \log(1-x) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)^(-1),x]`

output `(2*3^(5/6)*ArcTan[(3^(1/3) - 2*x)/3^(5/6)] + 6*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] + 6*Log[1 + x] - 2*3^(1/3)*Log[3 + 3^(2/3)*x] - 3*Log[1 - x + x^2] + 3^(1/3)*Log[3 - 3^(2/3)*x + 3^(1/3)*x^2])/36`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$, Rules used = {1685, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 1082, 217, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1685 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^3 + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^3 + 3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 750 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{3}-x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{x+\sqrt[3]{3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{3}-x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1142
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1082 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1}{-\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)^2 - 3} d\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right) - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 217 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1083 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{-(2x - 1)^2 - 3} d(2x - 1) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 217
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx + \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right)$$

input `Int[(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)^(-1),x]`

output `(Log[1 + x]/3 + (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] - Log[1 - x + x^2]/2)/3)/2 + (-1/3*Log[3^(1/3) + x]/3^(2/3) - (-(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*x)/3^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]])) - Log[3^(2/3) - 3^(1/3)*x + x^2]/2)/(3*3^(2/3)))/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] & & (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 750 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{Int}[(2 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2 \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot \text{Simplify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /;$
 $\text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1083 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x], x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x_))/((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x_))/((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e)/(2 \cdot c) \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2 \cdot c) \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x)/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1685 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^{n_} + (c_ \cdot x_)^{n2_})^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[c/q \text{Int}[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c \cdot x^n), x], x] - \text{Simp}[c/q \text{Int}[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c \cdot x^n), x], x]] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(9_Z^3+1)} -R \ln(x-3_R) \right)}{6} - \frac{\ln(4x^2-4x+4)}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6}$
default	$-\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} - \frac{3^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}}+x\right)}{18} + \frac{3^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}}-3^{\frac{1}{3}}x+x^2\right)}{36} - \frac{3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{23^{\frac{2}{3}}x-1}{3}\right)}{3}\right)}{18} + \ln$

input `int(1/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*sum(_R*ln(x-3*_R),_R=RootOf(9*_Z^3+1))-1/12*ln(4*x^2-4*x+4)+1/6*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(2*x-1)*3^(1/2))+1/6*ln(x+1)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{6} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{9} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \left(2 \cdot 9^{\frac{2}{3}}x - 3 \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{108} \cdot 9^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(3x^2 - 9^{\frac{2}{3}}x + 3 \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{54} \cdot 9^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(3x + 9^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) - \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x+1)$$

input `integrate(1/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/6*9^(1/6)*sqrt(1/3)*arctan(1/9*9^(1/6)*sqrt(1/3)*(2*9^(2/3)*x - 3*9^(1/3))) + 1/108*9^(2/3)*log(3*x^2 - 9^(2/3)*x + 3*9^(1/3)) - 1/54*9^(2/3)*log(3*x + 9^(2/3)) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) - 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 1/6*log(x + 1)
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6} + \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x + \frac{13}{10} - \frac{13\sqrt{3}i}{10} + \frac{23328\left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^4}{5}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x + \frac{13}{10} + \frac{23328\left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^4}{5} + \frac{13\sqrt{3}i}{10}\right) + \text{RootSum}\left(1944t^3 + 1, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(\frac{23328t^4}{5} - \frac{78t}{5} + x\right)\right)\right)$$

input

```
integrate(1/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)
```

output

```
log(x + 1)/6 + (-1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x + 13/10 - 13*sqrt(3)*I/10 + 23328*(-1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**4/5) + (-1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x + 13/10 + 23328*(-1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)**4/5 + 13*sqrt(3)*I/10) + RootSum(1944*_t**3 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(23328*_t**4/5 - 78*_t/5 + x)))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{18} \cdot 3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) + \frac{1}{36} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{18} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$$

input `integrate(1/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/18*3^(5/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 1/36*3^(1/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 1/18*3^(1/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)) - 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 1/6*log(x + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{3 + 4x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{18} \cdot 3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) + \frac{1}{36} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{18} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right) - \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(|x + 1|)$$

input `integrate(1/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/18*3^(5/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 1/36*3^(1/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 1/18*3^(1/3)*log(abs(x + 3^(1/3))) - 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 1/6*log(abs(x + 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{3^{1/3} \ln(x+3^{1/3})}{18}$$

$$- \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{12}\right)$$

$$+ \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{12}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{(-1)^{1/3} 3^{1/3} \ln\left(x - (-1)^{1/3} 3^{1/3}\right)}{18}$$

$$- \frac{(-1)^{1/3} \ln\left(x + \frac{(-1)^{1/3} 3^{1/3}}{2} + \frac{(-1)^{1/3} 3^{5/6} \text{li}}{2}\right) (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6} \text{li})}{36}$$

input `int(1/(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3),x)`output `log(x + 1)/6 - (3^(1/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)))/18 - log(x - (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/12 + 1/12) + log(x + (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/12 - 1/12) + ((-1)^(1/3)*3^(1/3)*log(x - (-1)^(1/3)*3^(1/3)))/18 - ((-1)^(1/3)*log(x + ((-1)^(1/3)*3^(1/3))/2 + ((-1)^(1/3)*3^(5/6)*1i)/2)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))/36`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{3+4x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{3^{5/6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(3^{1/3}-2x)3^{1/6}}{3}\right)}{18} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6} + \frac{3^{1/3} \log\left(3^{2/3} - 3^{1/3}x + x^2\right)}{36}$$

$$- \frac{3^{1/3} \log\left(3^{1/3} + x\right)}{18} - \frac{\log(x^2 - x + 1)}{12} + \frac{\log(x + 1)}{6}$$

input `int(1/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`

output

```
(2*3**(2/3)*3**(1/6)*atan((3**(1/3) - 2*x)/(3**(2/3)*3**(1/6))) + 6*sqrt(3)
)*atan((2*x - 1)/sqrt(3)) + 3**(1/3)*log(3**(2/3) - 3**(1/3)*x + x**2) - 2
*3**(1/3)*log(3**(1/3) + x) - 3*log(x**2 - x + 1) + 6*log(x + 1))/36
```

3.151 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$

Optimal result	1345
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1345
Rubi [A] (verified)	1346
Maple [C] (verified)	1350
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1351
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1351
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1352
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1352
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1353
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1354

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{3x} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right)}{6 \cdot 3^{5/6}} + \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x) - \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{3}+x)}{18\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{1}{12} \log(1-x+x^2) + \frac{\log(3^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{3}x+x^2)}{36\sqrt[3]{3}}$$

output

```
-1/3/x+1/6*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)-1/18*3^(1/6)*arctan(1/3*(3^(1/3)-2*x)*3^(1/6))+1/6*ln(1+x)-1/54*3^(2/3)*ln(3^(1/3)+x)-1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)+1/108*3^(2/3)*ln(3^(2/3)-3^(1/3)*x+x^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{36 + 6\sqrt[6]{3}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) + 18\sqrt{3}x \arctan\left(\frac{-1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - 18x \log(1+x) + 2 \cdot 3^{2/3}x \log(3+3^{2/3}x) + \dots}{108x}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output `-1/108*(36 + 6*3^(1/6)*x*ArcTan[(3^(1/3) - 2*x)/3^(5/6)] + 18*sqrt[3]*x*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/sqrt[3]] - 18*x*Log[1 + x] + 2*3^(2/3)*x*Log[3 + 3^(2/3)*x] + 9*x*Log[1 - x + x^2] - 3^(2/3)*x*Log[3 - 3^(2/3)*x + 3^(1/3)*x^2])/x`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {1704, 25, 1834, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 1082, 217, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2(x^6 + 4x^3 + 3)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1704 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{x(x^3 + 4)}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx - \frac{1}{3x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x(x^3 + 4)}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx - \frac{1}{3x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1834 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x}{x^3 + 3} dx - \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{x}{x^3 + 1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 821 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{x + \sqrt[3]{3}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{x + \sqrt[3]{3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x + 1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x + 1} dx \right) \right) - \frac{1}{3x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 16
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{x + \sqrt[3]{3}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x+1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) \right) - \frac{1}{3x} \right)$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) \right) \right)$$

$\frac{1}{3x}$
↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) \right) \right)$$

$\frac{1}{3x}$
↓ 1082

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) \right) \right)$$

$\frac{1}{3x}$
↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) \right) \right)$$

$\frac{1}{3x}$
↓ 1083

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) \right) \right)$$

$\frac{1}{3x}$
↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) \right) \right)$$

$\frac{1}{3x}$
↓ 1103

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}) - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) \right) \right)$$

$\frac{1}{3x}$

input

`Int[1/(x^2*(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output

`-1/3*1/x + ((-3*(-1/3*Log[1 + x] + (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] + Log[1 - x + x^2]/2)/3))/2 + (-1/3*Log[3^(1/3) + x]/3^(1/3) + (-Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*x)/3^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]]) + Log[3^(2/3) - 3^(1/3)*x + x^2]/2)/(3*3^(1/3))/2)/3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \& \& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])]$
- rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{-1} \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{ Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*S \text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \parallel \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1083 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1704

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(a*d*(m + 1)
)), x] - Simp[1/(a*d^n*(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^(m + n)*(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)
+ c*(m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)*x^n)*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p, x)], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] &&
LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 1834

```
Int[(((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_) +
(c_)*(x_)^(n2_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 +
(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2
- (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n
, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
risch	$-\frac{1}{3x} + \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(3Z^3+1)} -R \ln(3-R^2+x)}{18} - \frac{\ln(4x^2-4x+4)}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6}$
default	$-\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} - \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}}+x\right)}{54} + \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}}-3^{\frac{1}{3}}x+x^2\right)}{108} + \frac{3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{23^{\frac{2}{3}}x-1}{3}\right)}{3}\right)}{18} + \ln$

```
input int(1/x^2/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3/x+1/18*sum(_R*ln(3*_R^2+x),_R=RootOf(3*_Z^3+1))-1/12*ln(4*x^2-4*x+4)-
1/6*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(2*x-1)*3^(1/2))+1/6*ln(x+1)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}}x \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - 2 \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}}x \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 18\sqrt{3}x \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) - 6 \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}x \arctan\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)}{108x}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/108*(3^(2/3)*x*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 2*3^(2/3)*x*log(x + 3^(1/3)) - 18*sqrt(3)*x*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) - 6*3^(1/6)*x*arctan(-1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) - 9*x*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 18*x*log(x + 1) - 36)/x
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log(x+1)}{6}$$

$$+ \left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x - \frac{8188128\left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^5 + 39384\left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^2}{41} + \frac{39384\left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^2}{41}\right)$$

$$+ \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x + \frac{39384\left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^2}{41} - \frac{8188128\left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^5}{41}\right)$$

$$+ \text{RootSum}\left(17496t^3 + 1, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(-\frac{8188128t^5}{41} + \frac{39384t^2}{41} + x\right)\right)\right) - \frac{1}{3x}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**2/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)
```

output

```
log(x + 1)/6 + (-1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x - 8188128*(-1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)**5/41 + 39384*(-1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)**2/41) + (-1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x + 39384*(-1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**2/41 - 8188128*(-1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**5/41) + RootSum(17496*_t**3 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-8188128*_t**5/41 + 39384*_t**2/41 + x))) - 1/(3*x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{1}{108} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{54} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) + \frac{1}{18} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) - \frac{1}{3x} - \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/108*3^(2/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 1/54*3^(2/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)) - 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 1/18*3^(1/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) - 1/3/x - 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 1/6*log(x + 1)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{1}{108} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{54} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(\left|x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right) - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) + \frac{1}{18} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) - \frac{1}{3x} - \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(|x + 1|)$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/108*3^(2/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 1/54*3^(2/3)*log(abs(x + 3^(1/3))) - 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 1/18*3^(1/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) - 1/3/x - 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 1/6*log(abs(x + 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{3^{2/3} \ln(x+3^{1/3})}{54}$$

$$+ \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}1i}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}1i}{12}\right) - \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}1i}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}1i}{12}\right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{3x} - \frac{(-1)^{1/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{(-1)^{1/3}3^{1/3}}{2} - \frac{(-1)^{1/6}3^{5/6}}{2} + \frac{3^{1/3}}{2}\right) (3^{2/3} + 3^{1/6}3i)}{108}$$

$$+ \frac{(-1)^{1/3}3^{2/3} \ln\left(x + (-1)^{2/3}3^{1/3}\right)}{54}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3)),x)`

output `log(x + 1)/6 - (3^(2/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)))/54 + log(x - (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/12 - 1/12) - log(x + (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/12 + 1/12) - 1/(3*x) - ((-1)^(1/3)*log(x - ((-1)^(1/3)*3^(1/3))/2 - ((-1)^(1/6)*3^(5/6))/2 + 3^(1/3)/2)*(3^(2/3) + 3^(1/6)*3i)/108 + ((-1)^(1/3)*3^(2/3)*log(x + (-1)^(2/3)*3^(1/3)))/54`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(-2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(3^{\frac{1}{3}}-2x)^{\frac{1}{6}}}{3}\right) x - 6\sqrt{3} 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) x - 3 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log(x^2-x+1) x + 6 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log(x+1) x - 12 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{108x}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`output `(- 2*3**(1/3)*3**(1/6)*atan((3**(1/3) - 2*x)/(3**(2/3)*3**(1/6)))*x - 6*sqrt(3)*3**(1/3)*atan((2*x - 1)/sqrt(3))*x - 3*3**(1/3)*log(x**2 - x + 1)*x + 6*3**(1/3)*log(x + 1)*x - 12*3**(1/3) + log(3**(2/3) - 3**(1/3)*x + x**2)*x - 2*log(3**(1/3) + x)*x)/(36*3**(1/3)*x)`

3.152 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$

Optimal result	1355
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1356
Rubi [A] (verified)	1356
Maple [C] (verified)	1360
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1361
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1362
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1362
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1363
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1364
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1364

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{6x^2} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right)}{18\sqrt[6]{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x) + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{3}+x)}{18 \cdot 3^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{12} \log(1-x+x^2) - \frac{\log(3^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{3}x+x^2)}{36 \cdot 3^{2/3}}$$

output

```
-1/6/x^2+1/6*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)-1/54*3^(5/6)*arctan(1/3*(3^(1/3)-2*x)*3^(1/6))-1/6*ln(1+x)+1/54*3^(1/3)*ln(3^(1/3)+x)+1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)-1/108*3^(1/3)*ln(3^(2/3)-3^(1/3)*x+x^2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{1}{108} \left(-\frac{18}{x^2} - 2 \cdot 3^{5/6} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) - 18\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{-1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - 18 \log(1+x) + 2\sqrt[3]{3} \log(3+3^{2/3}x) + 9 \log(1-x+x^2) - 3^{1/3} \log[3-3^{2/3}x+3^{1/3}x^2] \right) / 108$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^3*(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)),x]
```

output

```
(-18/x^2 - 2*3^(5/6)*ArcTan[(3^(1/3) - 2*x)/3^(5/6)] - 18*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] - 18*Log[1 + x] + 2*3^(1/3)*Log[3 + 3^(2/3)*x] + 9*Log[1 - x + x^2] - 3^(1/3)*Log[3 - 3^(2/3)*x + 3^(1/3)*x^2])/108
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {1704, 27, 1752, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 1082, 217, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^3(x^6+4x^3+3)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1704 \\ & \frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{2(x^3+4)}{x^6+4x^3+3} dx - \frac{1}{6x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & -\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^3+4}{x^6+4x^3+3} dx - \frac{1}{6x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1752 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^3+3} dx - \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^3+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{6x^2}$$

↓ 750

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{3}-x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x+\sqrt[3]{3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x+1} dx \right) \right) - \frac{1}{6x^2}$$

↓ 16

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{3}-x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) \right) - \frac{1}{6x^2}$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int - \right. \right. \right.$$

$\left. \left. \frac{1}{6x^2} \right) \right)$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-} \right. \right. \right.$$

$\left. \left. \frac{1}{6x^2} \right) \right)$

↓ 1082

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1}{-\left(1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)^2-3} d\left(1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right) + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-} \right. \right. \right.$$

$\left. \left. \frac{1}{6x^2} \right) \right)$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6x^2}$$

↓ 1083

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{-(2x} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6x^2}$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx + \sqrt{3} \arctan \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6x^2}$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}) + \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6x^2}$$

input `Int [1/(x^3*(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output

$$-1/6*1/x^2 + ((-3*(\text{Log}[1 + x]/3 + (\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(-1 + 2*x)/\text{Sqrt}[3]] - \text{Log}[1 - x + x^2]/2)/3))/2 + (\text{Log}[3^{1/3} + x]/(3*3^{2/3})) + (-\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*x)/3^{1/3})/\text{Sqrt}[3]]) - \text{Log}[3^{2/3} - 3^{1/3}*x + x^2]/(3*3^{2/3}))/2)/3$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16

$$\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 217

$$\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 750

$$\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$$

rule 1082

$$\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] \text{ ; RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1083

$$\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

- rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`
- rule 1142 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`
- rule 1704 `Int[((d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(a*d*(m + 1)
)), x] - Simp[1/(a*d^n*(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^(m + n)*(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)
+ c*(m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)*x^n*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] &&
LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[p]`
- rule 1752 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)), x
_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q))
Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) I
nt[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[n2
, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (PosQ[b^2
- 4*a*c] || !IGtQ[n/2, 0])`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result
risch	$-\frac{1}{6x^2} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} + \frac{\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(9-Z^3-1)} -R \ln(x+3-R) \right)}{18} + \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2(x-\frac{1}{2})\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6}$
default	$\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} + \frac{3^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}}+x\right)}{54} - \frac{3^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}}-3^{\frac{1}{3}}x+x^2\right)}{108} + \frac{3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{2}{3}x-1\right)}{3}\right)}{54} - \frac{\ln(x)}{6}$

input `int(1/x^3/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6/x^2-1/6*ln(x+1)+1/18*sum(_R*ln(x+3*_R),_R=RootOf(9*_Z^3-1))+1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)-1/6*3^(1/2)*arctan(2/3*(x-1/2)*3^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= \frac{18 \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} x^2 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{9} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \left(2 \cdot 9^{\frac{2}{3}} x - 3 \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\right) - 9^{\frac{2}{3}} x^2 \log\left(3x^2 - 9^{\frac{2}{3}} x + 3 \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + 2 \cdot 9^{\frac{2}{3}} x^2 \log\left(3x^2 - x + 1\right) - 54x^2 \log(x + 1) - 54}{324 x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/324*(18*9^(1/6)*sqrt(1/3)*x^2*arctan(1/9*9^(1/6)*sqrt(1/3)*(2*9^(2/3)*x - 3*9^(1/3))) - 9^(2/3)*x^2*log(3*x^2 - 9^(2/3)*x + 3*9^(1/3)) + 2*9^(2/3)*x^2*log(3*x + 9^(2/3)) - 54*sqrt(3)*x^2*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 2*7*x^2*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 54*x^2*log(x + 1) - 54)/x^2`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\log(x+1)}{6} + \left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x + \frac{1093}{244} - \frac{1093\sqrt{3}i}{244} + \frac{787320\left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^4}{61}\right)$$

$$+ \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x + \frac{1093}{244} + \frac{787320\left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^4}{61} + \frac{1093\sqrt{3}i}{244}\right)$$

$$+ \text{RootSum}\left(52488t^3 - 1, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(\frac{787320t^4}{61} + \frac{3279t}{61} + x\right)\right)\right) - \frac{1}{6x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(x**6+4*x**3+3), x)`

output `-log(x + 1)/6 + (1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x + 1093/244 - 1093*sqrt(3)*I/244 + 787320*(1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)**4/61) + (1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x + 1093/244 + 787320*(1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**4/61 + 1093*sqrt(3)*I/244) + RootSum(52488*_t**3 - 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(787320*_t**4/61 + 3279*_t/61 + x))) - 1/(6*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{1}{54} \cdot 3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) - \frac{1}{108}$$

$$\cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{54} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{6x^2} + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{54} \cdot 3^{5/6} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{1/6} (2x - 3^{1/3})\right) - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (2x - 1)\right) - \frac{1}{108} 3^{1/3} \log(x^2 - 3^{1/3}x + 3^{2/3}) + \frac{1}{54} 3^{1/3} \log(x + 3^{1/3}) - \frac{1}{6x^2} + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{1}{54} \cdot 3^{5/6} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{1/6} (2x - 3^{1/3})\right) - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (2x - 1)\right) - \frac{1}{108} \cdot 3^{1/3} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{1/3}x + 3^{2/3}\right) + \frac{1}{54} \cdot 3^{1/3} \log\left(|x + 3^{1/3}|\right) - \frac{1}{6x^2} + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(|x + 1|)$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{54} \cdot 3^{5/6} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{1/6} (2x - 3^{1/3})\right) - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (2x - 1)\right) - \frac{1}{108} 3^{1/3} \log(x^2 - 3^{1/3}x + 3^{2/3}) + \frac{1}{54} 3^{1/3} \log(\text{abs}(x + 3^{1/3})) - \frac{1}{6x^2} + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(\text{abs}(x + 1))$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3^{1/3} \ln(x+3^{1/3})}{54} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6}$$

$$+ \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}1i}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}1i}{12}\right) - \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}1i}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}1i}{12}\right) - \frac{1}{6x^2}$$

$$- \ln\left(x - \frac{3^{1/3}}{2} - \frac{3^{5/6}1i}{2}\right) \left(\frac{3^{1/3}}{108} + \frac{3^{5/6}1i}{108}\right) - \ln\left(x - \frac{3^{1/3}}{2} + \frac{3^{5/6}1i}{2}\right) \left(\frac{3^{1/3}}{108} - \frac{3^{5/6}1i}{108}\right)$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3)),x)`output $(3^{(1/3)}*\log(x + 3^{(1/3)}))/54 - \log(x + 1)/6 + \log(x - (3^{(1/2)}*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^{(1/2)}*1i)/12 + 1/12) - \log(x + (3^{(1/2)}*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^{(1/2)}*1i)/12 - 1/12) - 1/(6*x^2) - \log(x - 3^{(1/3)}/2 - (3^{(5/6)}*1i)/2)*(3^{(1/3)}/108 + (3^{(5/6)}*1i)/108) - \log(x - 3^{(1/3)}/2 + (3^{(5/6)}*1i)/2)*(3^{(1/3)}/108 - (3^{(5/6)}*1i)/108)$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(-2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(3^{\frac{1}{3}}-2x)^{\frac{1}{6}}}{3}\right) x^2 - 6\sqrt{3}3^{\frac{2}{3}} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) x^2 + 33^{\frac{2}{3}} \log(x^2 - x + 1) x^2 - 63^{\frac{2}{3}} \log(x+1) x^2 - 6}{108x^2}\right)}{108x^2}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`output $(-2*3^{(1/3)}*3^{(1/6)}*\operatorname{atan}((3^{(1/3)} - 2*x)/(3^{(2/3)}*3^{(1/6)}))*x^{**2} - 6*\operatorname{sqrt}(3)*3^{(2/3)}*\operatorname{atan}((2*x - 1)/\operatorname{sqrt}(3))*x^{**2} + 3*3^{(2/3)}*\log(x^{**2} - x + 1)*x^{**2} - 6*3^{(2/3)}*\log(x + 1)*x^{**2} - 6*3^{(2/3)} - \log(3^{(2/3)} - 3^{(1/3)})*x + x^{**2})*x^{**2} + 2*\log(3^{(1/3)} + x)*x^{**2}/(36*3^{(2/3)}*x^{**2})$

3.153 $\int \frac{1}{x^5(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$

Optimal result	1365
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1366
Rubi [A] (verified)	1366
Maple [C] (verified)	1371
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1372
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1372
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1373
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1374
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1374
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1375

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{12x^4} + \frac{4}{9x} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right)}{18 \cdot 3^{5/6}} - \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x) + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{3}+x)}{54\sqrt[3]{3}} + \frac{1}{12} \log(1-x+x^2) - \frac{\log(3^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{3}x+x^2)}{108\sqrt[3]{3}}$$

output

```
-1/12/x^4+4/9/x-1/6*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)+1/54*3^(1/6)*arctan(1/3*(3^(1/3)-2*x)*3^(1/6))-1/6*ln(1+x)+1/162*3^(2/3)*ln(3^(1/3)+x)+1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)-1/324*3^(2/3)*ln(3^(2/3)-3^(1/3)*x+x^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{324} \left(-\frac{27}{x^4} + \frac{144}{x} + 6\sqrt[6]{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) + 54\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{-1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - 54 \log(1+x) + 2 \cdot 3^{2/3} \log(3+3^{2/3}x) + 27 \log(1-x+x^2) - 3^{2/3} \log(3-3^{2/3}x+\sqrt[3]{3}x^2) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^5*(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)),x]
```

output

```
(-27/x^4 + 144/x + 6*3^(1/6)*ArcTan[(3^(1/3) - 2*x)/3^(5/6)] + 54*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] - 54*Log[1 + x] + 2*3^(2/3)*Log[3 + 3^(2/3)*x] + 27*Log[1 - x + x^2] - 3^(2/3)*Log[3 - 3^(2/3)*x + 3^(1/3)*x^2])/324
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.812$, Rules used = {1704, 27, 1828, 1834, 821, 16, 1142, 25, 1082, 217, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(x^6+4x^3+3)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1704$$

$$\frac{1}{12} \int -\frac{4(x^3+4)}{x^2(x^6+4x^3+3)} dx - \frac{1}{12x^4}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^3 + 4}{x^2(x^6 + 4x^3 + 3)} dx - \frac{1}{12x^4}$$

↓ 1828

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x(4x^3 + 13)}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx + \frac{4}{3x} \right) - \frac{1}{12x^4}$$

↓ 1834

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \int \frac{x}{x^3 + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x}{x^3 + 3} dx \right) + \frac{4}{3x} \right) - \frac{1}{12x^4}$$

↓ 821

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x+1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x+\sqrt[3]{3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\int \frac{x+\sqrt[3]{3}}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) \right) + \frac{4}{3x} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{12x^4}$$

↓ 16

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x+1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\int \frac{x+\sqrt[3]{3}}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) \right) + \frac{4}{3x} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{12x^4}$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) \right) + \frac{4}{3x} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{12x^4}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x}}{\dots} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{12x^4}$$

↓ 1082

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}})^2}}{\dots} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{12x^4}$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \dots \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{12x^4}$$

↓ 1083

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) + \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - 3 \int \dots \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{12x^4}$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{12x^4}$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-x+1) \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-\sqrt[3]{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{12x^4}$$

input `Int[1/(x^5*(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output `-1/12*1/x^4 + (4/(3*x) + ((9*(-1/3*Log[1 + x] + (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] + Log[1 - x + x^2]/2)/3))/2 + (Log[3^(1/3) + x]/(3*3^(1/3)) - ((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*x)/3^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])) + Log[3^(2/3) - 3^(1/3)*x + x^2]/2)/(3*3^(1/3)))/2)/3/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)} \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3])^{(-1)} \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3]) \ \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2 \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot \text{Simplify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1083 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_)]/((a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_ \cdot) + (e_ \cdot)(x_)]/((a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e)/(2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x)/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1704 $\text{Int}[(d_ \cdot)(x_)^m \cdot ((a_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^{n2_ \cdot}) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_ \cdot})^{(p_ \cdot)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^n + c \cdot x^{(2 \cdot n)})^{(p+1)}/(a \cdot d^{(m+1)})), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a \cdot d^n \cdot (m+1)) \ \text{Int}[(d \cdot x)^{m+n} \cdot (b \cdot (m+n \cdot (p+1) + 1) + c \cdot (m+2 \cdot n \cdot (p+1) + 1) \cdot x^n) \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n + c \cdot x^{(2 \cdot n)})^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 1828

```
Int[((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(f*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(a*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*f^n*(m + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p*Simp[a*e*(m + 1) - b*d*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1) - c*d*(m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 1834

```
Int((((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result
risch	$\frac{\frac{4x^3}{9} - \frac{1}{12}}{x^4} + \frac{\ln(4x^2 - 4x + 4)}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(3Z^3-1)} -R \ln(3-R^2+x)\right)}{54}$
default	$\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} + \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}}+x\right)}{162} - \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}}-3^{\frac{1}{3}}x+x^2\right)}{324} - \frac{3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x-1}{3}\right)}{3}\right)}{54} - \frac{\ln(x)}{6}$

input

```
int(1/x^5/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(4/9*x^3-1/12)/x^4+1/12*ln(4*x^2-4*x+4)+1/6*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(2*x-1)*3^(1/2))-1/6*ln(x+1)+1/54*sum(_R*ln(3*_R^2+x),_R=RootOf(3*_Z^3-1))
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}}x^4 \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - 2 \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}}x^4 \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 54\sqrt{3}x^4 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) - 6 \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}x^4 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right)}{324x^4}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^5/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/324*(3^(2/3)*x^4*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 2*3^(2/3)*x^4*log(x + 3^(1/3)) - 54*sqrt(3)*x^4*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) - 6*3^(1/6)*x^4*arctan(-1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) - 27*x^4*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 54*x^4*log(x + 1) - 144*x^3 + 27)/x^4
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{\log(x+1)}{6} + \left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x + \frac{4782978\left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^2}{547} + \frac{1028869776\left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^5}{547}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x + \frac{1028869776\left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^5}{547} + \frac{4782978\left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^2}{547}\right) + \text{RootSum}\left(472392t^3 - 1, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(\frac{1028869776t^5}{547} + \frac{4782978t^2}{547} + x\right)\right)\right) + \frac{16x^3 - 3}{36x^4}$$

input `integrate(1/x**5/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)`

output `-log(x + 1)/6 + (1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x + 4782978*(1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)**2/547 + 1028869776*(1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)**5/547) + (1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x + 1028869776*(1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**2/547 + 4782978*(1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**5/547) + RootSum(472392*_t**3 - 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(1028869776*_t**5/547 + 4782978*_t**2/547 + x))) + (16*x**3 - 3)/(36*x**4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{324} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{162} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) - \frac{1}{54} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) + \frac{16x^3 - 3}{36x^4} + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/324*3^(2/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) + 1/162*3^(2/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) - 1/54*3^(1/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) + 1/36*(16*x^3 - 3)/x^4 + 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/6*log(x + 1)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{324} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{162} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(|x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}|\right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) - \frac{1}{54} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) + \frac{16x^3 - 3}{36x^4} + \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{6} \log(|x + 1|)$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/324*3^(2/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) + 1/162*3^(2/3)*log(abs(x + 3^(1/3))) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) - 1/54*3^(1/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) + 1/36*(16*x^3 - 3)/x^4 + 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/6*log(abs(x + 1))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{3^{2/3} \ln(x + 3^{1/3})}{162} - \frac{\ln(x + 1)}{6} - \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{12}\right) + \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{12}\right) + \frac{4x^3 - \frac{1}{12}}{x^4} - \ln\left(x - \frac{3^{1/3}}{2} - \frac{3^{5/6} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{3^{2/3}}{324} - \frac{3^{1/6} \text{li}}{108}\right) - \ln\left(x - \frac{3^{1/3}}{2} + \frac{3^{5/6} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{3^{2/3}}{324} + \frac{3^{1/6} \text{li}}{108}\right)$$

input `int(1/(x^5*(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3)),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (3^{2/3} \log(x + 3^{1/3}))/162 - \log(x + 1)/6 - \log(x - (3^{1/2} * 1i)/2 - 1 \\ & /2) * ((3^{1/2} * 1i)/12 - 1/12) + \log(x + (3^{1/2} * 1i)/2 - 1/2) * ((3^{1/2} * 1i) \\ & /12 + 1/12) + ((4 * x^3)/9 - 1/12)/x^4 - \log(x - 3^{1/3}/2 - (3^{5/6} * 1i)/2) \\ & * (3^{2/3}/324 - (3^{1/6} * 1i)/108) - \log(x - 3^{1/3}/2 + (3^{5/6} * 1i)/2) * (3 \\ & ^{2/3}/324 + (3^{1/6} * 1i)/108) \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(3 + 4x^3 + x^6)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(3^{1/3}-2x)^{3^{1/6}}}{3}\right) x^4 + 18\sqrt{3} 3^{1/3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) x^4 + 9 3^{1/3} \log(x^2 - x + 1) x^4 - 18 3^{1/3} \log(x + 1) x^4 + 4 \right)}{324x^4}$$

input

```
int(1/x^5/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2 * 3^{1/3} * 3^{1/6} * \operatorname{atan}((3^{1/3} - 2 * x) / (3^{2/3} * 3^{1/6}))) * x^{**4} + 18 * \\ & \operatorname{sqrt}(3) * 3^{1/3} * \operatorname{atan}((2 * x - 1) / \operatorname{sqrt}(3)) * x^{**4} + 9 * 3^{1/3} * \log(x^{**2} - x + \\ & 1) * x^{**4} - 18 * 3^{1/3} * \log(x + 1) * x^{**4} + 48 * 3^{1/3} * x^{**3} - 9 * 3^{1/3} - \log \\ & (3^{2/3} - 3^{1/3} * x + x^{**2}) * x^{**4} + 2 * \log(3^{1/3} + x) * x^{**4} / (108 * 3^{1/3} * \\ & x^{**4}) \end{aligned}$$

3.154 $\int \frac{1}{x^6(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$

Optimal result	1376
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1377
Rubi [A] (verified)	1377
Maple [C] (verified)	1382
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1383
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1383
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1384
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1385
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1385
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1386

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{15x^5} + \frac{2}{9x^2} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right)}{54\sqrt[6]{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} \log(1+x) - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{3}+x\right)}{54 \cdot 3^{2/3}}$$

$$- \frac{1}{12} \log(1-x+x^2) + \frac{\log\left(3^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{3}x+x^2\right)}{108 \cdot 3^{2/3}}$$

output

```
-1/15/x^5+2/9/x^2-1/6*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)+1/162*3^(5/6)*arctan(1/3*(3^(1/3)-2*x)*3^(1/6))+1/6*ln(1+x)-1/162*3^(1/3)*ln(3^(1/3)+x)-1/12*ln(x^2-x+1)+1/324*3^(1/3)*ln(3^(2/3)-3^(1/3)*x+x^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{108}{x^5} + \frac{360}{x^2} + 10 \cdot 3^{5/6} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{3^{5/6}}\right) + 270\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{-1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + 270 \log(1+x) - 10\sqrt[3]{3} \log(3+3^{2/3}x)$$

1620

input `Integrate[1/(x^6*(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output `(-108/x^5 + 360/x^2 + 10*3^(5/6)*ArcTan[(3^(1/3) - 2*x)/3^(5/6)] + 270*sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/sqrt[3]] + 270*Log[1 + x] - 10*3^(1/3)*Log[3 + 3^(2/3)*x] - 135*Log[1 - x + x^2] + 5*3^(1/3)*Log[3 - 3^(2/3)*x + 3^(1/3)*x^2])/1620`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.875$, Rules used = {1704, 27, 1828, 27, 1752, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 1082, 217, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6(x^6+4x^3+3)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1704$$

$$\frac{1}{15} \int -\frac{5(x^3+4)}{x^3(x^6+4x^3+3)} dx - \frac{1}{15x^5}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^3+4}{x^3(x^6+4x^3+3)} dx - \frac{1}{15x^5}$$

$$\downarrow 1828$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{2(4x^3 + 13)}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx + \frac{2}{3x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{15x^5}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{4x^3 + 13}{x^6 + 4x^3 + 3} dx + \frac{2}{3x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{15x^5}$$

↓ 1752

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^3 + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^3 + 3} dx \right) + \frac{2}{3x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{15x^5}$$

↓ 750

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{3}-x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{x+\sqrt[3]{3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3x^2} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{15x^5}$$

↓ 16

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{3}-x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(x+\sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3x^2} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{15x^5}$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x+\sqrt[3]{3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3x^2} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{15x^5}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{15x^5}$$

↓ 1082

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{15x^5}$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{15x^5}$$

↓ 1083

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} - 2x}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{3}x + 3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt[3]{3})}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}}}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) + \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{15x^5}$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx + \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{3}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{3}x+3^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x+1)}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{15x^5}$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1-\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x+1)}{3 \cdot 3^{2/3}} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{15x^5}$$

input `Int[1/(x^6*(3 + 4*x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output `-1/15*1/x^5 + (2/(3*x^2) + ((9*(Log[1 + x]/3 + (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] - Log[1 - x + x^2]/2)/3))/2 + (-1/3*Log[3^(1/3) + x]/3^(2/3) - (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*x)/3^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]]) - Log[3^(2/3) - 3^(1/3)*x + x^2]/2)/(3*3^(2/3)))/2)/3/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1} \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 750 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \ \text{Int}[(2 \cdot \text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 3] \cdot x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2 \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\}$

rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot \text{Simplify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /;$ $\text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\}$

rule 1083 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\}$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))/(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))/(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e)/(2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x)/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\}$

rule 1704 $\text{Int}[(d_ \cdot x)^m \cdot ((a_ + (c_ \cdot x)^{n2_}) + (b_ \cdot x)^{n_})^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^n + c \cdot x^{2 \cdot n})^p)^{p+1} / (a \cdot d^{m+1}), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a \cdot d^{n \cdot (m+1)}) \ \text{Int}[(d \cdot x)^{m+n} \cdot (b \cdot (m+n \cdot (p+1) + 1) + c \cdot (m+2 \cdot n \cdot (p+1) + 1) \cdot x^n) \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n + c \cdot x^{2 \cdot n})^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 \cdot n] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 1752

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)), x
_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q))
  Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q))
  Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[n2
, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (PosQ[b^2
- 4*a*c] || !IGtQ[n/2, 0])
```

rule 1828

```
Int[((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_) + (
c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(f*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^
(2*n))^(p+1)/(a*f*(m+1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*f^n*(m+1)) Int[(f*x)^(m+
n)*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p*Simp[a*e*(m+1) - b*d*(m+n*(p+1)+1) -
c*d*(m+2*n*(p+1)+1)*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x
] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && Int
egerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
risch	$\frac{2x^3 - \frac{1}{15}}{x^5} + \frac{\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(9Z^3+1)} -R \ln(x-3R) \right)}{54} - \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2(x-\frac{1}{2})\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6}$
default	$-\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{6} - \frac{3^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}}+x\right)}{162} + \frac{3^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln\left(3^{\frac{2}{3}}-3^{\frac{1}{3}}x+x^2\right)}{324} - \frac{3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{23^{\frac{2}{3}}x-1}{3}\right)}{3}\right)}{162} + \ln$

input

```
int(1/x^6/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(2/9*x^3-1/15)/x^5+1/54*sum(_R*ln(x-3*_R),_R=RootOf(9*_Z^3+1))-1/12*ln(x^2
-x+1)+1/6*3^(1/2)*arctan(2/3*(x-1/2)*3^(1/2))+1/6*ln(x+1)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx =$$

$$90 \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} x^5 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{9} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \left(2 \cdot 9^{\frac{2}{3}} x - 3 \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\right) - 5 \cdot 9^{\frac{2}{3}} x^5 \log\left(3x^2 - 9^{\frac{2}{3}} x + 3 \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + 10 \cdot 9^{\frac{2}{3}} x^5 \log$$

input `integrate(1/x^6/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/4860*(90*9^(1/6)*sqrt(1/3)*x^5*arctan(1/9*9^(1/6)*sqrt(1/3)*(2*9^(2/3)*
x - 3*9^(1/3))) - 5*9^(2/3)*x^5*log(3*x^2 - 9^(2/3)*x + 3*9^(1/3)) + 10*9^(
(2/3)*x^5*log(3*x + 9^(2/3)) - 810*sqrt(3)*x^5*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1
)) + 405*x^5*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 810*x^5*log(x + 1) - 1080*x^3 + 324)/x^5
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log(x+1)}{6}$$

$$+ \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x + \frac{88573}{6562} - \frac{88573\sqrt{3}i}{6562} + \frac{119042784\left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^4}{3281}\right)$$

$$+ \left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right) \log\left(x + \frac{88573}{6562} + \frac{119042784\left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{12}\right)^4}{3281} + \frac{88573\sqrt{3}i}{6562}\right)$$

$$+ \text{RootSum}\left(1417176t^3 + 1, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(\frac{119042784t^4}{3281} - \frac{531438t}{3281} + x\right)\right)\right)$$

$$+ \frac{10x^3 - 3}{45x^5}$$

input `integrate(1/x**6/(x**6+4*x**3+3),x)`

output `log(x + 1)/6 + (-1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x + 88573/6562 - 88573*sqrt(3)*I/6562 + 119042784*(-1/12 + sqrt(3)*I/12)**4/3281) + (-1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)*log(x + 88573/6562 + 119042784*(-1/12 - sqrt(3)*I/12)**4/3281 + 88573*sqrt(3)*I/6562) + RootSum(1417176*_t**3 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(119042784*_t**4/3281 - 531438*_t/3281 + x))) + (10*x**3 - 3)/(45*x**5)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{162} \cdot 3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) + \frac{1}{324} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{162} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + \frac{10x^3 - 3}{45x^5} - \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x + 1)$$

input `integrate(1/x^6/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/162*3^(5/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 1/324*3^(1/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 1/162*3^(1/3)*log(x + 3^(1/3)) + 1/45*(10*x^3 - 3)/x^5 - 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 1/6*log(x + 1)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{162} \cdot 3^{\frac{5}{6}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{6}}(2x - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})\right) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x - 1)\right) + \frac{1}{324} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^2 - 3^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{162} \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(|x + 3^{\frac{1}{3}}|\right) + \frac{10x^3 - 3}{45x^5} - \frac{1}{12} \log(x^2 - x + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(|x + 1|)$$

input `integrate(1/x^6/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/162*3^(5/6)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/6)*(2*x - 3^(1/3))) + 1/6*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 1/324*3^(1/3)*log(x^2 - 3^(1/3)*x + 3^(2/3)) - 1/162*3^(1/3)*log(abs(x + 3^(1/3))) + 1/45*(10*x^3 - 3)/x^5 - 1/12*log(x^2 - x + 1) + 1/6*log(abs(x + 1))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6(3+4x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{\ln(x+1)}{6} - \frac{3^{1/3} \ln(x+3^{1/3})}{162} - \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{li}}{12}\right) + \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{li}}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{li}}{12}\right) + \frac{\frac{2x^3}{9} - \frac{1}{15}}{x^5} + \frac{(-1)^{1/3} 3^{1/3} \ln\left(x - (-1)^{1/3} 3^{1/3}\right)}{162} - \frac{(-1)^{1/3} \ln\left(x + \frac{(-1)^{1/3} 3^{1/3}}{2} + \frac{(-1)^{1/3} 3^{5/6} \operatorname{li}}{2}\right) (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6} \operatorname{li})}{324}$$

input `int(1/(x^6*(4*x^3 + x^6 + 3)),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \log(x + 1)/6 - (3^{(1/3)} \cdot \log(x + 3^{(1/3)}))/162 - \log(x - (3^{(1/2)} \cdot 1i)/2 - 1/2) \cdot ((3^{(1/2)} \cdot 1i)/12 + 1/12) \\ & + \log(x + (3^{(1/2)} \cdot 1i)/2 - 1/2) \cdot ((3^{(1/2)} \cdot 1i)/12 - 1/12) + ((2 \cdot x^3)/9 - 1/15)/x^5 \\ & + ((-1)^{(1/3)} \cdot 3^{(1/3)} \cdot \log(x - (-1)^{(1/3)} \cdot 3^{(1/3)}))/162 - ((-1)^{(1/3)} \cdot \log(x + ((-1)^{(1/3)} \cdot 3^{(1/3)}))/2 \\ & + ((-1)^{(1/3)} \cdot 3^{(5/6)} \cdot 1i)/2) \cdot (3^{(1/3)} + 3^{(5/6)} \cdot 1i)/324 \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6(3 + 4x^3 + x^6)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(10\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(3^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2x)^{\frac{1}{6}}}{3}\right) x^5 + 90\sqrt{3} 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) x^5 - 45 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log(x^2 - x + 1) x^5 + 90 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \log(x + 1) x^5 - 1620x^5}{1620x^5}\right.}$$

input

`int(1/x^6/(x^6+4*x^3+3),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (10 \cdot 3^{(1/3)} \cdot 3^{(1/6)} \cdot \operatorname{atan}((3^{(1/3)} - 2x)/(3^{(2/3)} \cdot 3^{(1/6)})) \cdot x^{**5} + 90 \\ & \cdot \sqrt{3} \cdot 3^{(2/3)} \cdot \operatorname{atan}((2x - 1)/\sqrt{3}) \cdot x^{**5} - 45 \cdot 3^{(2/3)} \cdot \log(x^{**2} - x \\ & + 1) \cdot x^{**5} + 90 \cdot 3^{(2/3)} \cdot \log(x + 1) \cdot x^{**5} + 120 \cdot 3^{(2/3)} \cdot x^{**3} - 36 \cdot 3^{(2/3)} \\ & + 5 \cdot \log(3^{(2/3)} - 3^{(1/3)} \cdot x + x^{**2}) \cdot x^{**5} - 10 \cdot \log(3^{(1/3)} + x) \cdot x^{**5}) / (5 \\ & 40 \cdot 3^{(2/3)} \cdot x^{**5}) \end{aligned}$$

3.155 $\int \frac{x^6}{1-x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1388
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1389
Rubi [A] (verified)	1389
Maple [C] (verified)	1395
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1396
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1397
Maxima [F]	1397
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1398
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1399
Reduce [F]	1400

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 412

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x^6}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = & x + \frac{(i-\sqrt{3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{1+\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} \\
 & - \frac{(i+\sqrt{3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{1+\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} \\
 & + \frac{(3-i\sqrt{3}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt[3]{2}x\right)}{9\sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} \\
 & + \frac{(3+i\sqrt{3}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt[3]{2}x\right)}{9\sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} \\
 & - \frac{(3-i\sqrt{3}) \log\left((1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})x + 2^{2/3}x^2\right)}{18\sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} \\
 & - \frac{(3+i\sqrt{3}) \log\left((1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})x + 2^{2/3}x^2\right)}{18\sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

x+1/6*(I-3^(1/2))*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x/(1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(
(2/3)/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)-1/6*(3^(1/2)+I)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x/(1/2+1/2*I*3^(
1/2)))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(2/3)/(1+I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/18*(3-I*3^(1/2))*ln((1
-I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/18*(3+I*3^(1/2)
)*ln((1+I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/(1+I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)-1/36*(3-I*
3^(1/2))*ln((1-I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+(2-2*I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(2/
3)/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)-1/36*(3+I*3^(1/2))*ln((1+I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+(2+2*I*3^(
1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3)/(1+I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{x^6}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = x + \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum} \left[1 - \#1^3 + \#1^6 \&, \frac{-\log(x - \#1) + \log(x - \#1)\#1^3}{-\#1^2 + 2\#1^5} \& \right]$$

input `Integrate[x^6/(1 - x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `x + RootSum[1 - #1^3 + #1^6 & , (-Log[x - #1] + Log[x - #1]*#1^3)/(-#1^2 + 2*#1^5) &]/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.562$, Rules used = {1703, 1752, 750, 16, 25, 1142, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^6}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1703 \\ & x - \int \frac{1 - x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1752 \\ & \frac{1}{6} (3 + i\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(-1 - i\sqrt{3})} dx + \frac{1}{6} (3 - i\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(-1 + i\sqrt{3})} dx + x \\ & \quad \downarrow 750 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{6}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{x+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x+(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}}dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) + \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{x+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x+(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}}dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) + x \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{x+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x+(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}}dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) + \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{x+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x+(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}}dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) + x \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\int \frac{x+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{6}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\int \frac{x+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) + x$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{1}{6}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})} \int \frac{1}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{6}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})} \int \frac{1}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) +$$

x

↓ 1082

$$\left(\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{1}{6}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left[\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})} - 2x}}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right. \\
 \\
 \frac{1}{6}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left[\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})} - 2x}}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right.
 \end{array} \right.$$

x

↓ 217

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{6}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx + \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) \\ \frac{1}{6}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx + \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

x
↓ 1103

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{6}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \log\left(2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) \\ \frac{1}{6}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \log\left(2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

x

input `Int[x^6/(1 - x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `x + ((3 - I*Sqrt[3])*(Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(3*((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3)) - (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x)/((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(1/3))]/Sqrt[3]) + Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 - I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/2)/(3*((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3)))/6 + ((3 + I*Sqrt[3])*(Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(3*((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3)) - (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x)/((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(1/3))]/Sqrt[3]) + Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 + I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/2)/(3*((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3)))/6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 750 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[1/(Rt[a, 3] + Rt[b, 3]*x), x], x] + Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[(2*Rt[a, 3] - Rt[b, 3]*x)/(Rt[a, 3]^2 - Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3]*x + Rt[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[\frac{(d_.) + (e_.)x}{(a_.) + (b_.)x + (c_.)x^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot \text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + bx + cx^2, x]]/b, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2cd - b^2e, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[\frac{(d_.) + (e_.)x}{(a_.) + (b_.)x + (c_.)x^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2cd - b^2e)/(2c) \text{Int}[1/(a + bx + cx^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2c) \text{Int}[(b + 2cx)/(a + bx + cx^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1703 $\text{Int}[\frac{(d_.)x^{m_.)}((a_.) + (c_.)x^{n2_.)} + (b_.)x^{n_.)}^{p_.)}}{x_Symbol} \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^{2n-1}(dx)^{m-2n+1}((a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^{p+1}/(c(m+2n*p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d^{2n}/(c(m+2n*p+1)) \text{Int}[(dx)^{m-2n} \text{Simp}[a(m-2n+1) + b(m+n(p-1)+1)x^n, x] \cdot (a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2n] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4ac, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2n-1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+2n*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 1752 $\text{Int}[\frac{(d_.) + (e_.)x^{n_.)}}{(a_.) + (b_.)x^{n_.)} + (c_.)x^{n2_.)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4ac, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(e/2 + (2cd - b^2e)/(2q)) \text{Int}[1/(b/2 - q/2 + cx^n), x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e/2 - (2cd - b^2e)/(2q)) \text{Int}[1/(b/2 + q/2 + cx^n), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2n] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4ac, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[cd^2 - bde + ae^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[b^2 - 4ac] \ || \ !\text{IGtQ}[n/2, 0])$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

method	result	size
default	$x + \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(-Z^6-Z^3+1)} \frac{(-R^3-1) \ln(x-R)}{2R^5-R^2}}{3}$	44
risch	$x + \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(-Z^6-Z^3+1)} \frac{(-R^3-1) \ln(x-R)}{2R^5-R^2}}{3}$	44

input `int(x^6/(x^6-x^3+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x+1/3*sum((_R^3-1)/(2*_R^5-_R^2)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^6-_Z^3+1))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^6}{1-x^3+x^6} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} + 1) \log \left(-3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} + 1) - \sqrt{-3} - 1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 4x \right)$$

$$+\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} - 1) \log \left(3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} - 1) - \sqrt{-3} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 4x \right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} + 1) \log \left(3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} + 1) + \sqrt{-3} + 1 \right) \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 4x \right)$$

$$+\frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} - 1) \log \left(-3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} - 1) + \sqrt{-3} - 1 \right) \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 4x \right) + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - 1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2x \right)$$

$$+\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(-3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + 1 \right) \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2x \right) + x$$

input `integrate(x^6/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/6*(1/6*\sqrt{-1/3} + 1/6)^{(1/3)}*(\sqrt{-3} + 1)*\log(-3*(\sqrt{-1/3})*(\sqrt{-3} + 1) - \sqrt{-3} - 1)*(1/6*\sqrt{-1/3} + 1/6)^{(1/3)} + 4*x) + 1/6*(1/6*\sqrt{-1/3} + 1/6)^{(1/3)}*(\sqrt{-3} - 1)*\log(3*(\sqrt{-1/3})*(\sqrt{-3} - 1) - \sqrt{-3} + 1)*(1/6*\sqrt{-1/3} + 1/6)^{(1/3)} + 4*x) - 1/6*(-1/6*\sqrt{-1/3} + 1/6)^{(1/3)}*(\sqrt{-3} + 1)*\log(3*(\sqrt{-1/3})*(\sqrt{-3} + 1) + \sqrt{-3} + 1)*(-1/6*\sqrt{-1/3} + 1/6)^{(1/3)} + 4*x) + 1/6*(-1/6*\sqrt{-1/3} + 1/6)^{(1/3)}*(\sqrt{-3} - 1)*\log(-3*(\sqrt{-1/3})*(\sqrt{-3} - 1) + \sqrt{-3} - 1)*(-1/6*\sqrt{-1/3} + 1/6)^{(1/3)} + 4*x) + 1/3*(1/6*\sqrt{-1/3} + 1/6)^{(1/3)}*\log(3*(\sqrt{-1/3} - 1)*(1/6*\sqrt{-1/3} + 1/6)^{(1/3)} + 2*x) + 1/3*(-1/6*\sqrt{-1/3} + 1/6)^{(1/3)}*\log(-3*(\sqrt{-1/3} + 1)*(-1/6*\sqrt{-1/3} + 1/6)^{(1/3)} + 2*x) + x \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{x^6}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = x + \text{RootSum}(19683t^6 - 243t^3 + 1, (t \mapsto t \log(729t^4 - 9t + x)))$$

input `integrate(x**6/(x**6-x**3+1),x)`

output `x + RootSum(19683*_t**6 - 243*_t**3 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(729*_t**4 - 9*_t + x)))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x + integrate((x^3 - 1)/(x^6 - x^3 + 1), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 641 vs. $2(256) = 512$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 641, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{x^6}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^6/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/9*(sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^4 - 6*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^2*sin(4/9*pi)^2 + sqrt
(3)*sin(4/9*pi)^4 + 4*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi) - 4*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi
)^3 + 2*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi) + 2*sin(4/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*
cos(4/9*pi) + 2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(4/9*pi))) - 1/9*(sqrt(3)*cos
(2/9*pi)^4 - 6*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^2*sin(2/9*pi)^2 + sqrt(3)*sin(2/9*pi)^4
+ 4*cos(2/9*pi)^3*sin(2/9*pi) - 4*cos(2/9*pi)*sin(2/9*pi)^3 + 2*sqrt(3)*c
os(2/9*pi) + 2*sin(2/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(2/9*pi) + 2*x
)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(2/9*pi))) - 1/9*(sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^4 - 6*sq
rt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^2*sin(1/9*pi)^2 + sqrt(3)*sin(1/9*pi)^4 - 4*cos(1/9*pi)^
3*sin(1/9*pi) + 4*cos(1/9*pi)*sin(1/9*pi)^3 - 2*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi) + 2*si
n(1/9*pi))*arctan(-1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(1/9*pi) - 2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3
) + 1/2)*sin(1/9*pi))) - 1/18*(4*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi) - 4*sq
rt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi)^3 - cos(4/9*pi)^4 + 6*cos(4/9*pi)^2*sin(4/9*p
i)^2 - sin(4/9*pi)^4 + 2*sqrt(3)*sin(4/9*pi) - 2*cos(4/9*pi))*log((-I*sqrt
(3)*cos(4/9*pi) - cos(4/9*pi))*x + x^2 + 1) - 1/18*(4*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^
3*sin(2/9*pi) - 4*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)*sin(2/9*pi)^3 - cos(2/9*pi)^4 + 6*co
s(2/9*pi)^2*sin(2/9*pi)^2 - sin(2/9*pi)^4 + 2*sqrt(3)*sin(2/9*pi) - 2*cos(
2/9*pi))*log((-I*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi) - cos(2/9*pi))*x + x^2 + 1) + 1/18*(4
*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^3*sin(1/9*pi) - 4*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)*sin(1/9*pi)^3 +
cos(1/9*pi)^4 - 6*cos(1/9*pi)^2*sin(1/9*pi)^2 + sin(1/9*pi)^4 - 2*sqrt...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^6}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = & x + \frac{\ln\left(x + \frac{\left(-\frac{27}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}9i}{2}\right)(36+\sqrt{3}12i)^{1/3}}{54}\right) (36 + \sqrt{3} 12i)^{1/3}}{18} \\
& + \frac{\ln\left(x - \frac{\left(\frac{27}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}9i}{2}\right)(36-\sqrt{3}12i)^{1/3}}{54}\right) (36 - \sqrt{3} 12i)^{1/3}}{18} \\
& - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{2^{2/3} (3-\sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3}-3^{5/6}1i) \left(\frac{3(-3+\sqrt{3}1i)(3^{1/3}-3^{5/6}1i)^3}{16} - 27\right)}{108}\right) (3 - \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36} \\
& - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x + \frac{2^{2/3} (3+\sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3}+3^{5/6}1i) \left(\frac{3(3+\sqrt{3}1i)(3^{1/3}+3^{5/6}1i)^3}{16} + 27\right)}{108}\right) (3 + \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36} \\
& - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x + \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{5/6} (3-\sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} 1i}{6}\right) (3 - \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36} \\
& - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{5/6} (3+\sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} 1i}{6}\right) (3 + \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^6/(x^6 - x^3 + 1),x)`

output

```
x + (log(x + (((3^(1/2)*9i)/2 - 27/2)*(3^(1/2)*12i + 36)^(1/3)))/54)*(3^(1/2)*12i + 36)^(1/3)/18 + (log(x - (((3^(1/2)*9i)/2 + 27/2)*(36 - 3^(1/2)*12i)^(1/3)))/54)*(36 - 3^(1/2)*12i)^(1/3)/18 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(2/3)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i)*((3*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i)^3)/16 - 27))/108)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x + (2^(2/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i)*((3*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i)^3)/16 + 27))/108)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x + (2^(2/3)*3^(5/6)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(1/3)*1i)/6)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(2/3)*3^(5/6)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(1/3)*1i)/6)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{x^6-x^3+1} dx - \left(\int \frac{1}{x^6-x^3+1} dx \right) + x$$

input

```
int(x^6/(x^6-x^3+1),x)
```

output

```
int(x**3/(x**6 - x**3 + 1),x) - int(1/(x**6 - x**3 + 1),x) + x
```

3.156 $\int \frac{x^5}{1-x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1401
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1401
Rubi [A] (verified)	1402
Maple [A] (verified)	1404
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1404
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1404
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1405
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1405
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1405
Reduce [F]	1406

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{x^5}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x^3}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \log(1-x^3+x^6)$$

output `-1/9*arctan(1/3*(-2*x^3+1)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)+1/6*ln(x^6-x^3+1)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^5}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{-1+2x^3}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \log(1-x^3+x^6)$$

input `Integrate[x^5/(1 - x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^3)/Sqrt[3]]/(3*Sqrt[3]) + Log[1 - x^3 + x^6]/6`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {1693, 1142, 25, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1693} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1142} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx^3 + \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1 - 2x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx^3 \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx^3 - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx^3 \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1083} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\int \frac{1}{-x^6 - 3} d(2x^3 - 1) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx^3 \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2x^3 - 1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx^3 \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1103} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2x^3 - 1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} \log(x^6 - x^3 + 1) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5/(1 - x^3 + x^6),x]`

output $(\text{ArcTan}[-1 + 2x^3]/\sqrt{3})/\sqrt{3} + \text{Log}[1 - x^3 + x^6]/2)/3$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$

rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1083 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_ + (c_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4ac - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2cx], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)(x_))/(a_ + (b_)(x_ + (c_)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + bx + cx^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2cd - be, 0]$

rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)(x_))/(a_ + (b_)(x_ + (c_)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2cd - be)/(2c) \quad \text{Int}[1/(a + bx + cx^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2c) \quad \text{Int}[(b + 2cx)/(a + bx + cx^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1693 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_}*(a_ + (c_)(x_)^{n2_} + (b_)(x_)^{n_})^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + bx + cx^2)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\ln(x^6-x^3+1)}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x^3-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{9}$	33
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x^3-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{9} + \frac{\ln(4x^6-4x^3+4)}{6}$	35

input `int(x^5/(x^6-x^3+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/6*ln(x^6-x^3+1)+1/9*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(2*x^3-1)*3^(1/2))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^5}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{9} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x^3-1)\right) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x^6-x^3+1)$$

input `integrate(x^5/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/9*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x^3 - 1)) + 1/6*log(x^6 - x^3 + 1)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^5}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{\log(x^6-x^3+1)}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x^3}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{9}$$

input `integrate(x**5/(x**6-x**3+1),x)`

output `log(x**6 - x**3 + 1)/6 + sqrt(3)*atan(2*sqrt(3)*x**3/3 - sqrt(3)/3)/9`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^5}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{9} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (2x^3 - 1) \right) + \frac{1}{6} \log (x^6 - x^3 + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^5/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x^3 - 1)) + 1/6*log(x^6 - x^3 + 1)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^5}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{9} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (2x^3 - 1) \right) + \frac{1}{6} \log (x^6 - x^3 + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^5/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/9*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x^3 - 1)) + 1/6*log(x^6 - x^3 + 1)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^5}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{\ln (x^6 - x^3 + 1)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}x^3}{3} \right)}{9}$$

input `int(x^5/(x^6 - x^3 + 1),x)`

output $\log(x^6 - x^3 + 1)/6 - (3^{(1/2)} \cdot \operatorname{atan}(3^{(1/2)}/3 - (2 \cdot 3^{(1/2)} \cdot x^3)/3))/9$

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{\left(\int \frac{x^2}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx \right)}{2} + \frac{\log(x^6 - x^3 + 1)}{6}$$

input `int(x^5/(x^6-x^3+1),x)`

output `(3*int(x**2/(x**6 - x**3 + 1),x) + log(x**6 - x**3 + 1))/6`

3.157 $\int \frac{x^4}{1-x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1408
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1409
Rubi [A] (verified)	1409
Maple [C] (verified)	1416
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1417
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1418
Maxima [F]	1418
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1419
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1420
Reduce [F]	1421

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 411

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^4}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = & \frac{(i+\sqrt{3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{1+\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}}}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& - \frac{(i-\sqrt{3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{1+\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}}}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& + \frac{(3+i\sqrt{3}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt[3]{2}x\right)}{9 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& + \frac{(3-i\sqrt{3}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt[3]{2}x\right)}{9 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& - \frac{(3+i\sqrt{3}) \log\left((1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}x + 2^{2/3}x^2\right)}{18 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& - \frac{(3-i\sqrt{3}) \log\left((1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}x + 2^{2/3}x^2\right)}{18 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/6*(3^(1/2)+I)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x/(1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(1/3)/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-1/6*(I-3^(1/2))*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x/(1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(1/3)/(1+I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)+1/18*(3+I*3^(1/2))*ln((1-I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*x)*2^(1/3)/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)+1/18*(3-I*3^(1/2))*ln((1+I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*x)*2^(1/3)/(1+I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-1/36*(3+I*3^(1/2))*ln((1-I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+(2-2*I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(1/3)/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-1/36*(3-I*3^(1/2))*ln((1+I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+(2+2*I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(1/3)/(1+I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

$$\int \frac{x^4}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum} \left[1 - \#1^3 + \#1^6 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)\#1^2}{-1 + 2\#1^3} \& \right]$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/(1 - x^3 + x^6),x]
```

output

```
RootSum[1 - #1^3 + #1^6 & , (Log[x - #1]*#1^2)/(-1 + 2*#1^3) & ]/3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1710, 27, 821, 16, 1142, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx$$

↓ 1710

$$\frac{1}{6} (3 + i\sqrt{3}) \int -\frac{2x}{-2x^3 - i\sqrt{3} + 1} dx + \frac{1}{6} (3 - i\sqrt{3}) \int -\frac{2x}{-2x^3 + i\sqrt{3} + 1} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{1}{3}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{x}{-2x^3-i\sqrt{3}+1} dx - \frac{1}{3}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{x}{-2x^3+i\sqrt{3}+1} dx \\
& \downarrow 821 \\
& -\frac{1}{3}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}}{2^{2/3}x^2+\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})x+(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} \right) - \\
& \frac{1}{3}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}}{2^{2/3}x^2+\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})x+(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 16 \\
& -\frac{1}{3}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(-\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}}{2^{2/3}x^2+\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})x+(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x+\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}} \right) - \\
& \frac{1}{3}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(-\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}}{2^{2/3}x^2+\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})x+(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x+\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 1142
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left. \begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{3}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})x+(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{{}_2 2^{2/3}x + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})x+(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{3}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})x+(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{{}_2 2^{2/3}x + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})x+(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} \right)
 \end{aligned} \right.
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1082

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{3}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3}x + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}x + (1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})} + 1\right)^2} d\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})} + 1\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{3}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3}x + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}x + (1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})} + 1\right)^2} d\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})} + 1\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\begin{array}{l}
 \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \\
 \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} x + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})} x + (1 - i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx \\
 \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} x + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})} x + (1 + i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx
 \end{array} \right) \\
 -\frac{1}{3}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) & \left(\frac{\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}}}{3 \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\int \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} x + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})} x + (1 - i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{2}} \right) - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}} \\
 \frac{1}{3}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) & \left(\frac{\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}}}{3 \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\int \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} x + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})} x + (1 + i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{2}} \right) - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1103

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{3}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\log \left(2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}x + (1 - i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} \right)}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{3}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\log \left(2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}x + (1 + i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} \right)}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x^4/(1 - x^3 + x^6),x]
```

output

```
-1/3*((3 + I*Sqrt[3])*(-1/3*Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(2^(2/3)
)*(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3)) - ((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x)/((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)
^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]]/2^(1/3) - Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 - I*Sqrt[3])
)^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*2^(1/3)))/(3*(2*(1 - I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)))) - ((
3 - I*Sqrt[3])*(-1/3*Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(2^(2/3)*(1 +
I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3)) - ((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x)/((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(1/3)
)/Sqrt[3]]/2^(1/3) - Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 + I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)
*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*2^(1/3)))/(3*(2*(1 + I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)))))/3
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{(-1)} \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{ Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \parallel \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1710

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbo
l] :-> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d^n/2)*(b/q + 1) Int[(d*x)^(m
- n)/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] - Simp[(d^n/2)*(b/q - 1) Int[(d*x)^(m -
n)/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] &
& NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GeQ[m, n]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6-_Z^3+1)} \frac{-R^4 \ln(x-R)}{2R^5 - R^2} \right)}{3}$	40
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6-_Z^3+1)} \frac{-R^4 \ln(x-R)}{2R^5 - R^2} \right)}{3}$	40

input

```
int(x^4/(x^6-x^3+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*sum(_R^4/(2*_R^5-_R^2)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^6-_Z^3+1))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^4}{1-x^3+x^6} dx \\
&= \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) \log \left(-3 \left(3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) + \sqrt{-3}+1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 4x \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) \log \left(3 \left(3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) + \sqrt{-3}-1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 4x \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) \log \left(3 \left(3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) - \sqrt{-3}-1 \right) \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 4x \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) \log \left(-3 \left(3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) - \sqrt{-3}+1 \right) \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 4x \right) + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(3 \left(3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2x \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(-3 \left(3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - 1 \right) \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2x \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/6*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*log(-3*(3*sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt
(-3) + 1) + sqrt(-3) + 1)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(2/3) + 4*x) - 1/6*(1/6*s
qrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*log(3*(3*sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) +
sqrt(-3) - 1)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(2/3) + 4*x) + 1/6*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3)
- 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*log(3*(3*sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) - sqrt(-3)
- 1)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(2/3) + 4*x) - 1/6*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1
/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*log(-3*(3*sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) - sqrt(-3) + 1)*(-1
/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(2/3) + 4*x) + 1/3*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(3
*(3*sqrt(-1/3) + 1)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(2/3) + 2*x) + 1/3*(-1/6*sqrt(-
1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(-3*(3*sqrt(-1/3) - 1)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(2/3)
+ 2*x)

```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{x^4}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \text{RootSum}(19683t^6 + 243t^3 + 1, (t \mapsto t \log(6561t^5 + 54t^2 + x)))$$

input

```

integrate(x**4/(x**6-x**3+1),x)

```

output

```

RootSum(19683*_t**6 + 243*_t**3 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(6561*_t**5 + 54*_t*
*2 + x)))

```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{x^6-x^3+1} dx$$

input

```

integrate(x^4/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="maxima")

```

output

```

integrate(x^4/(x^6 - x^3 + 1), x)

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 827 vs. $2(255) = 510$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 827, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{x^4}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/9*(2*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^5 - 20*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi)^2 + 1
0*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi)^4 - 10*cos(4/9*pi)^4*sin(4/9*pi) + 20*co
s(4/9*pi)^2*sin(4/9*pi)^3 - 2*sin(4/9*pi)^5 + sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^2 - sqrt
(3)*sin(4/9*pi)^2 - 2*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1
)*cos(4/9*pi) + 2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(4/9*pi))) - 1/9*(2*sqrt(3)
*cos(2/9*pi)^5 - 20*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^3*sin(2/9*pi)^2 + 10*sqrt(3)*cos(2
/9*pi)*sin(2/9*pi)^4 - 10*cos(2/9*pi)^4*sin(2/9*pi) + 20*cos(2/9*pi)^2*sin
(2/9*pi)^3 - 2*sin(2/9*pi)^5 + sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^2 - sqrt(3)*sin(2/9*pi)
^2 - 2*cos(2/9*pi)*sin(2/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(2/9*pi) +
2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(2/9*pi))) + 1/9*(2*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^5
- 20*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^3*sin(1/9*pi)^2 + 10*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)*sin(1/9*
pi)^4 + 10*cos(1/9*pi)^4*sin(1/9*pi) - 20*cos(1/9*pi)^2*sin(1/9*pi)^3 + 2*
sin(1/9*pi)^5 - sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^2 + sqrt(3)*sin(1/9*pi)^2 - 2*cos(1/9*
pi)*sin(1/9*pi))*arctan(-1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(1/9*pi) - 2*x)/((1/2*I*
sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(1/9*pi))) - 1/18*(10*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^4*sin(4/9*pi)
- 20*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^2*sin(4/9*pi)^3 + 2*sqrt(3)*sin(4/9*pi)^5 + 2*cos
(4/9*pi)^5 - 20*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi)^2 + 10*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi)^4
+ 2*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi) + cos(4/9*pi)^2 - sin(4/9*pi)^2)*log(
(-I*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi) - cos(4/9*pi))*x + x^2 + 1) - 1/18*(10*sqrt(3)*cos
(2/9*pi)^4*sin(2/9*pi) - 20*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^2*sin(2/9*pi)^3 + 2*sqr...
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^4}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx \\
&= \frac{\ln \left(x + \left(162x + \frac{27(-36 + \sqrt{3}12i)^{2/3}}{4} \right) \left(-\frac{1}{162} + \frac{\sqrt{3}1i}{486} \right) \right) (-36 + \sqrt{3}12i)^{1/3}}{18} \\
&+ \frac{\ln \left(x - \left(162x + \frac{27(-36 - \sqrt{3}12i)^{2/3}}{4} \right) \left(\frac{1}{162} + \frac{\sqrt{3}1i}{486} \right) \right) (-36 - \sqrt{3}12i)^{1/3}}{18} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln \left(x + \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{2/3} (-3 - \sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3}}{12} + \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{1/6} (-3 - \sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3} 1i}{4} \right) (-3 - \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln \left(x + \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{2/3} (-3 + \sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3}}{12} - \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{1/6} (-3 + \sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3} 1i}{4} \right) (-3 + \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln \left(x - \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{2/3} (-3 - \sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3}}{6} \right) (-3 - \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln \left(x - \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{2/3} (-3 + \sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3}}{6} \right) (-3 + \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^4/(x^6 - x^3 + 1),x)`

output

```
(log(x + (162*x + (27*(3^(1/2)*12i - 36)^(2/3))/4)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/486 - 1/162))*3^(1/2)*12i - 36)^(1/3))/18 + (log(x - (162*x + (27*(- 3^(1/2)*12i - 36)^(2/3))/4)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/486 + 1/162))*(- 3^(1/2)*12i - 36)^(1/3))/18 - (2^(2/3)*log(x + (2^(1/3)*3^(2/3)*(- 3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(2/3))/12 + (2^(1/3)*3^(1/6)*(- 3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(2/3)*1i)/4)*(- 3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x + (2^(1/3)*3^(2/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(2/3))/12 - (2^(1/3)*3^(1/6)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(2/3)*1i)/4)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(1/3)*3^(2/3)*(- 3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(2/3))/6)*(- 3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(1/3)*3^(2/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(2/3))/6)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))/36
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx$$

input

```
int(x^4/(x^6-x^3+1),x)
```

output

```
int(x**4/(x**6 - x**3 + 1),x)
```

3.158 $\int \frac{x^3}{1-x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1423
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1424
Rubi [A] (verified)	1424
Maple [C] (verified)	1430
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1431
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1432
Maxima [F]	1432
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1433
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1434
Reduce [F]	1435

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 411

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x^3}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = & -\frac{(i+\sqrt{3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}}(1-i\sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{1+\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} \\
 & + \frac{(i-\sqrt{3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}}(1+i\sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{1+\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} \\
 & + \frac{(3+i\sqrt{3}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}-\sqrt[3]{2x}\right)}{9\sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} \\
 & + \frac{(3-i\sqrt{3}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}-\sqrt[3]{2x}\right)}{9\sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} \\
 & - \frac{(3+i\sqrt{3}) \log\left((1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})x + 2^{2/3}x^2\right)}{18\sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} \\
 & - \frac{(3-i\sqrt{3}) \log\left((1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})x + 2^{2/3}x^2\right)}{18\sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/6*(3^(1/2)+I)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x/(1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/3))*3^(1/2)*2^(
2/3)/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/6*(I-3^(1/2))*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x/(1/2+1/2*I*3^(1
/2)))^(1/3))*3^(1/2)*2^(2/3)/(1+I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/18*(3+I*3^(1/2))*ln((1-
I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/18*(3-I*3^(1/2))
*ln(((1+I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/(1+I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)-1/36*(3+I*3
^(1/2))*ln((1-I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+(2-2*I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3
))/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)-1/36*(3-I*3^(1/2))*ln(((1+I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+(2+2*I*3^(
1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3)/(1+I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

$$\int \frac{x^3}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum} \left[1 - \#1^3 + \#1^6 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)\#1}{-1 + 2\#1^3} \& \right]$$

input `Integrate[x^3/(1 - x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `RootSum[1 - #1^3 + #1^6 & , (Log[x - #1]*#1)/(-1 + 2*#1^3) &]/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1710, 750, 16, 25, 1142, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1710$$

$$\frac{1}{6}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(-1 - i\sqrt{3})} dx + \frac{1}{6}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(-1 + i\sqrt{3})} dx$$

$$\downarrow 750$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{6}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{x+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x+(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}}dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) + \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{x+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x+(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}}dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{x+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x+(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}}dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x+\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) + \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{x+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x+(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}}dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x+\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\int \frac{x+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x+\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{6}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\int \frac{x+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x+\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{1}{6}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})} \int \frac{1}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x+\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x+\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{6}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})} \int \frac{1}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x+\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x+\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 1082

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{6}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left[\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})} - 2x}}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{6}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left[\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})} - 2x}}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right] \right. \end{array} \right.$$

↓ 217

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{6}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx + \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{1+}}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right. \\ \\ \frac{1}{6}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx + \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{1+}}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right. \end{array} \right.$$

↓ 1103

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{6}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{1+\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}} + \frac{1}{2} \log\left(2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right. \\ \\ \frac{1}{6}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{1+\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}} + \frac{1}{2} \log\left(2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right. \end{array} \right.$$

input `Int[x^3/(1 - x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `((3 + I*Sqrt[3])*(Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(3*((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3)) - (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x)/((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] + Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 - I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/2)/(3*((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3))))/6 + ((3 - I*Sqrt[3])*(Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(3*((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3)) - (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x)/((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] + Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 + I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/2)/(3*((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3))))/6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 750 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[1/(Rt[a, 3] + Rt[b, 3]*x), x], x] + Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[(2*Rt[a, 3] - Rt[b, 3]*x)/(Rt[a, 3]^2 - Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3]*x + Rt[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1710 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d^n/2)*(b/q + 1) Int[(d*x)^(m - n)/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] - Simp[(d^n/2)*(b/q - 1) Int[(d*x)^(m - n)/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GeQ[m, n]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(\sum_{_R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6-_Z^3+1)} \frac{-R^3 \ln(x-_R)}{2_R^5 - _R^2} \right)}{3}$	40
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{_R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6-_Z^3+1)} \frac{-R^3 \ln(x-_R)}{2_R^5 - _R^2} \right)}{3}$	40

input `int(x^3/(x^6-x^3+1), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*sum(_R^3/(2*_R^5-_R^2)*ln(x-_R), _R=RootOf(_Z^6-_Z^3+1))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{1-x^3+x^6} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} + 1) \log \left(3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} + 1) + 2x \right) \\ & \quad - \frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} + 1) \log \left(-3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} + 1) \right. \\ & \qquad \left. + 2x \right) \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} - 1) \log \left(-3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} - 1) \right. \\ & \qquad \left. + 2x \right) \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} - 1) \log \left(3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} - 1) \right. \\ & \qquad \left. + 2x \right) + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(x - 3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(x + 3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/6*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*log(3*sqrt(-1/3)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) + 2*x) - 1/6*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*log(-3*sqrt(-1/3)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) + 2*x) + 1/6*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*log(-3*sqrt(-1/3)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) + 2*x) + 1/6*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*log(3*sqrt(-1/3)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) + 2*x) + 1/3*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(x - 3*sqrt(-1/3)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)) + 1/3*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(x + 3*sqrt(-1/3)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3))
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{x^3}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \text{RootSum}(19683t^6 + 243t^3 + 1, (t \mapsto t \log(-1458t^4 - 9t + x)))$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(x**6-x**3+1),x)
```

output

```
RootSum(19683*_t**6 + 243*_t**3 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-1458*_t**4 - 9*_t + x)))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^3/(x^6 - x^3 + 1), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 640 vs. $2(255) = 510$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 640, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{x^3}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/9*(2*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^4 - 12*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^2*sin(4/9*pi)^2 + 2
*sqrt(3)*sin(4/9*pi)^4 + 8*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi) - 8*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4
/9*pi)^3 + sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi) + sin(4/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)
*cos(4/9*pi) + 2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(4/9*pi))) - 1/9*(2*sqrt(3)*
cos(2/9*pi)^4 - 12*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^2*sin(2/9*pi)^2 + 2*sqrt(3)*sin(2/9
*pi)^4 + 8*cos(2/9*pi)^3*sin(2/9*pi) - 8*cos(2/9*pi)*sin(2/9*pi)^3 + sqrt(
3)*cos(2/9*pi) + sin(2/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(2/9*pi) + 2
*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(2/9*pi))) - 1/9*(2*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^4 -
12*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^2*sin(1/9*pi)^2 + 2*sqrt(3)*sin(1/9*pi)^4 - 8*cos(1
/9*pi)^3*sin(1/9*pi) + 8*cos(1/9*pi)*sin(1/9*pi)^3 - sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi) +
sin(1/9*pi))*arctan(-1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(1/9*pi) - 2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt
(3) + 1/2)*sin(1/9*pi))) - 1/18*(8*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi) - 8*
sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi)^3 - 2*cos(4/9*pi)^4 + 12*cos(4/9*pi)^2*sin
(4/9*pi)^2 - 2*sin(4/9*pi)^4 + sqrt(3)*sin(4/9*pi) - cos(4/9*pi))*log((-I*
sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi) - cos(4/9*pi))*x + x^2 + 1) - 1/18*(8*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*
pi)^3*sin(2/9*pi) - 8*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)*sin(2/9*pi)^3 - 2*cos(2/9*pi)^4
+ 12*cos(2/9*pi)^2*sin(2/9*pi)^2 - 2*sin(2/9*pi)^4 + sqrt(3)*sin(2/9*pi) -
cos(2/9*pi))*log((-I*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi) - cos(2/9*pi))*x + x^2 + 1) + 1/
18*(8*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^3*sin(1/9*pi) - 8*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)*sin(1/9*pi
)^3 + 2*cos(1/9*pi)^4 - 12*cos(1/9*pi)^2*sin(1/9*pi)^2 + 2*sin(1/9*pi)^...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^3}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{\ln\left(x + \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{5/6} (-3-\sqrt{3} \text{li})^{1/3}}{6}\right) (-36 - \sqrt{3} 12i)^{1/3}}{18} + \frac{\ln\left(x - \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{5/6} (-3+\sqrt{3} \text{li})^{1/3}}{6}\right) (-36 + \sqrt{3} 12i)^{1/3}}{18} - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x + \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{1/3} (-3-\sqrt{3} \text{li})^{1/3}}{2} + \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{1/3} (-3-\sqrt{3} \text{li})^{4/3}}{12}\right) (-3 - \sqrt{3} \text{li})^{1/3} (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6} \text{li})}{36} - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x + \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{1/3} (-3+\sqrt{3} \text{li})^{1/3}}{2} + \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{1/3} (-3+\sqrt{3} \text{li})^{4/3}}{12}\right) (-3 + \sqrt{3} \text{li})^{1/3} (3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6} \text{li})}{36} - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{1/3} (-3-\sqrt{3} \text{li})^{1/3}}{4} - \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{5/6} (-3-\sqrt{3} \text{li})^{1/3}}{12}\right) (-3 - \sqrt{3} \text{li})^{1/3} (3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6} \text{li})}{36} - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{1/3} (-3+\sqrt{3} \text{li})^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{5/6} (-3+\sqrt{3} \text{li})^{1/3}}{12}\right) (-3 + \sqrt{3} \text{li})^{1/3} (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6} \text{li})}{36}$$

input `int(x^3/(x^6 - x^3 + 1),x)`

output

```
(log(x + (2^(2/3)*3^(5/6)*(-3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*1i)/6)*(-3^(1/2)*12i - 36)^(1/3))/18 + (log(x - (2^(2/3)*3^(5/6)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*1i)/6)*(3^(1/2)*12i - 36)^(1/3))/18 - (2^(2/3)*log(x + (2^(2/3)*3^(1/3)*(-3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3))/2 + (2^(2/3)*3^(1/3)*(-3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(4/3))/12)*(-3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x + (2^(2/3)*3^(1/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3))/2 + (2^(2/3)*3^(1/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(4/3))/12)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(2/3)*3^(1/3)*(-3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3))/4 - (2^(2/3)*3^(5/6)*(-3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*1i)/12)*(-3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(2/3)*3^(1/3)*(-3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3))/4 + (2^(2/3)*3^(5/6)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*1i)/12)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))/36
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(x^6-x^3+1),x)`

output `int(x**3/(x**6 - x**3 + 1),x)`

3.159 $\int \frac{x^2}{1-x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1436
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1436
Rubi [A] (verified)	1437
Maple [A] (verified)	1438
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1438
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1439
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1439
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1439
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1440
Reduce [F]	1440

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = -\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{1-2x^3}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

output `-2/9*arctan(1/3*(-2*x^3+1)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{-1+2x^3}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(1 - x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `(2*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^3)/Sqrt[3]])/(3*Sqrt[3])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {1690, 1083, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1690} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1083} \\ & -\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{-x^6 - 3} d(2x^3 - 1) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\ & \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{2x^3 - 1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt{3}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/(1 - x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `(2*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^3)/Sqrt[3]])/(3*Sqrt[3])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] & & (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1083

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1690

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x^3-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{9}$	19
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x^3-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{9}$	19

input

```
int(x^2/(x^6-x^3+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/9*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(2*x^3-1)*3^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{2}{9} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x^3 - 1)\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/9*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x^3 - 1))
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x^3}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{9}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(x**6-x**3+1),x)`output `2*sqrt(3)*atan(2*sqrt(3)*x**3/3 - sqrt(3)/3)/9`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{2}{9} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x^3 - 1)\right)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/9*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x^3 - 1))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{2}{9} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x^3 - 1)\right)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/9*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x^3 - 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}x^3}{3}\right)}{9}$$

input `int(x^2/(x^6 - x^3 + 1),x)`

output `-(2*3^(1/2)*atan(3^(1/2)/3 - (2*3^(1/2)*x^3)/3))/9`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(x^6-x^3+1),x)`

output `int(x**2/(x**6 - x**3 + 1),x)`

3.160 $\int \frac{x}{1-x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1441
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1442
Rubi [A] (verified)	1442
Maple [C] (verified)	1449
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1450
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1451
Maxima [F]	1451
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1452
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1453
Reduce [F]	1454

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 375

$$\int \frac{x}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{i \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{i \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}$$

$$+ \frac{i \log \left(\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt[3]{2}x \right)}{3\sqrt{3} \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{i \log \left(\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt[3]{2}x \right)}{3\sqrt{3} \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}$$

$$- \frac{i \log \left((1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})x + 2^{2/3}x^2 \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}}$$

$$+ \frac{i \log \left((1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})x + 2^{2/3}x^2 \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}}$$

output

```

1/3*I*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x/(1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))/(1/2-1/2*I*3^(
1/2))^(1/3)-1/3*I*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x/(1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))/(1
/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)+1/9*I*ln((1-I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/(1
/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-1/9*I*ln((1+I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/(1
/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-1/18*I*ln((1-I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+(2-2*I*3^(1/2))^(1/3
))*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)+1/18*I*ln((1+I*3^(1/2
))^(2/3)+(2+2*I*3^(1/2))^(1/3))*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)/(1+I*3^(1/2
))^(1/3)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{x}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum} \left[1 - \#1^3 + \#1^6 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)}{-\#1 + 2\#1^4} \& \right]$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(1 - x^3 + x^6),x]
```

output

```
RootSum[1 - #1^3 + #1^6 & , Log[x - #1]/(-#1 + 2*#1^4) & ]/3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {1711, 27, 821, 16, 1142, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx$$

↓ 1711

$$\frac{i \int -\frac{2x}{-2x^3 - i\sqrt{3} + 1} dx}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{i \int -\frac{2x}{-2x^3 + i\sqrt{3} + 1} dx}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{2i \int \frac{x}{-2x^3+i\sqrt{3}+1} dx}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2i \int \frac{x}{-2x^3-i\sqrt{3}+1} dx}{\sqrt{3}} \\
 \downarrow 821 \\
 \frac{2i \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}}{2^{2/3}x^2+\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})x+(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}} \\
 \frac{2i \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}}{2^{2/3}x^2+\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})x+(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}} \\
 \downarrow 16 \\
 \frac{2i \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}}{2^{2/3}x^2+\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})x+(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x+\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} \\
 \frac{2i \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}}{2^{2/3}x^2+\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})x+(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x+\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} \\
 \downarrow 1142
 \end{array}$$

$$2i \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})x+(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3}x + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})x+(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}} \right)$$

$$2i \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})x+(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3}x + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})x+(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{3}$

↓ 1082

$$2i \left(\frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} x + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})} x + (1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}\right)^2 + 1} dx}{\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{d \left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \right) - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1}}$$

$$2i \left(\frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} x + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})} x + (1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}\right)^2 + 1} dx}{\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{d \left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \right) - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} x + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})} x + (1 + i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2} x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2i}{3 \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3 \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}} \\
 & \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} x + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})} x + (1 - i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2} x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2i}{3 \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3 \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3 \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}} \\
 & \downarrow 1103
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2i \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{2x}{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\log \left(2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})} x + (1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} \right)}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2} x + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\frac{2i \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{2x}{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\log \left(2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})} x + (1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} \right)}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2} x + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Int[x/(1 - x^3 + x^6), x]`

output `((-2*I)*(-1/3*Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(2^(2/3)*(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3)) - ((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x)/((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]])/2^(1/3) - Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 - I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*2^(1/3)))/(3*(2*(1 - I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)))/Sqrt[3] + ((2*I)*(-1/3*Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(2^(2/3)*(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3)) - ((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x)/((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]])/2^(1/3) - Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 + I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*2^(1/3)))/(3*(2*(1 + I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)))/Sqrt[3]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{(-1)} \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*S\text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1711

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol]
:=> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[c/q Int[(d*x)^m/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] - Simp[c/q Int[(d*x)^m/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(-Z^6-Z^3+1)} \frac{-R \ln(x-R)}{2R^5 - R^2} \right)}{3}$	38
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(-Z^6-Z^3+1)} \frac{-R \ln(x-R)}{2R^5 - R^2} \right)}{3}$	38

input

```
int(x/(x^6-x^3+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*sum(_R/(2*_R^5-_R^2)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(-Z^6-Z^3+1))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x}{1-x^3+x^6} dx \\
&= \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) \log \left(-3 \left(3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) + \sqrt{-3}+1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 4x \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) \log \left(3 \left(3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) + \sqrt{-3}-1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 4x \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) \log \left(3 \left(3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) - \sqrt{-3}-1 \right) \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 4x \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) \log \left(-3 \left(3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) - \sqrt{-3}+1 \right) \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 4x \right) + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(3 \left(3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2x \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(-3 \left(3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - 1 \right) \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2x \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/6*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*log(-3*(3*sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) + sqrt(-3) + 1)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(2/3) + 4*x) - 1/6*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*log(3*(3*sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) + sqrt(-3) - 1)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(2/3) + 4*x) + 1/6*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*log(3*(3*sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) - sqrt(-3) - 1)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(2/3) + 4*x) - 1/6*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*log(-3*(3*sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) - sqrt(-3) + 1)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(2/3) + 4*x) + 1/3*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*log(3*(3*sqrt(-1/3) + 1)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(2/3) + 2*x) + 1/3*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*log(-3*(3*sqrt(-1/3) - 1)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(2/3) + 2*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.07

$$\int \frac{x}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \text{RootSum}(19683t^6 - 243t^3 + 1, (t \mapsto t \log(6561t^5 - 27t^2 + x)))$$

input

```
integrate(x/(x**6-x**3+1),x)
```

output

```
RootSum(19683*_t**6 - 243*_t**3 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(6561*_t**5 - 27*_t**2 + x)))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \int \frac{x}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x/(x^6 - x^3 + 1), x)
```


Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 815 vs. $2(217) = 434$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 815, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{x}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/9*(sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^5 - 10*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi)^2 + 5*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi)^4 - 5*cos(4/9*pi)^4*sin(4/9*pi) + 10*cos(4/9*pi)^2*sin(4/9*pi)^3 - sin(4/9*pi)^5 - sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^2 + sqrt(3)*sin(4/9*pi)^2 + 2*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(4/9*pi) + 2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(4/9*pi))) - 1/9*(sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^5 - 10*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^3*sin(2/9*pi)^2 + 5*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)*sin(2/9*pi)^4 - 5*cos(2/9*pi)^4*sin(2/9*pi) + 10*cos(2/9*pi)^2*sin(2/9*pi)^3 - sin(2/9*pi)^5 - sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^2 + sqrt(3)*sin(2/9*pi)^2 + 2*cos(2/9*pi)*sin(2/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(2/9*pi) + 2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(2/9*pi))) + 1/9*(sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^5 - 10*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^3*sin(1/9*pi)^2 + 5*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)*sin(1/9*pi)^4 + 5*cos(1/9*pi)^4*sin(1/9*pi) - 10*cos(1/9*pi)^2*sin(1/9*pi)^3 + sin(1/9*pi)^5 + sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^2 - sqrt(3)*sin(1/9*pi)^2 + 2*cos(1/9*pi)*sin(1/9*pi))*arctan(-1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(1/9*pi) - 2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(1/9*pi))) - 1/18*(5*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^4*sin(4/9*pi) - 10*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^2*sin(4/9*pi)^3 + sqrt(3)*sin(4/9*pi)^5 + cos(4/9*pi)^5 - 10*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi)^2 + 5*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi)^4 - 2*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi) - cos(4/9*pi)^2 + sin(4/9*pi)^2)*log((-I*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi) - cos(4/9*pi))*x + x^2 + 1) - 1/18*(5*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^4*sin(2/9*pi) - 10*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^2*sin(2/9*pi)^3 + sqrt(3)*sin(2/9*pi)^5 + cos(2/...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx \\
&= \frac{\ln \left(x + \left(81x - \frac{27(36 - \sqrt{3}12i)^{2/3}}{4} \right) \left(-\frac{1}{162} + \frac{\sqrt{3}1i}{486} \right) \right) (36 - \sqrt{3}12i)^{1/3}}{18} \\
&+ \frac{\ln \left(x - \left(81x - \frac{27(36 + \sqrt{3}12i)^{2/3}}{4} \right) \left(\frac{1}{162} + \frac{\sqrt{3}1i}{486} \right) \right) (36 + \sqrt{3}12i)^{1/3}}{18} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln \left(x + \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{2/3} (3 - \sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3}}{12} + \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{1/6} (3 - \sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3} 1i}{4} \right) (3 - \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln \left(x + \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{2/3} (3 + \sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3}}{12} - \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{1/6} (3 + \sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3} 1i}{4} \right) (3 + \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln \left(x - \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{2/3} (3 - \sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3}}{6} \right) (3 - \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln \left(x - \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{2/3} (3 + \sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3}}{6} \right) (3 + \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(x/(x^6 - x^3 + 1),x)`

output

```
(log(x + (81*x - (27*(36 - 3^(1/2)*12i)^(2/3))/4)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/486 - 1/16
2))*((36 - 3^(1/2)*12i)^(1/3))/18 + (log(x - (81*x - (27*(3^(1/2)*12i + 36)
^(2/3))/4)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/486 + 1/162))*((3^(1/2)*12i + 36)^(1/3))/18 - (2^(
2/3)*log(x + (2^(1/3)*3^(2/3)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(2/3))/12 + (2^(1/3)*3^(1/6
)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(2/3)*1i)/4)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*
1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x + (2^(1/3)*3^(2/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(2/3))/12 - (
2^(1/3)*3^(1/6)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(2/3)*1i)/4)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1
/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(1/3)*3^(2/3)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)
^(2/3))/6)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*lo
g(x - (2^(1/3)*3^(2/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(2/3))/6)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(1/3)*(
3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))/36
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \int \frac{x}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx$$

input

```
int(x/(x^6-x^3+1),x)
```

output

```
int(x/(x**6 - x**3 + 1),x)
```

3.161 $\int \frac{1}{1-x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1455
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1455
Rubi [C] (verified)	1456
Maple [C] (verified)	1463
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1464
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1465
Maxima [F]	1465
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	1466
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1467
Reduce [F]	1468

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int \frac{1}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{3}(-1)^{13/18} \arctan\left(\frac{1+2\sqrt[9]{-1}x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{3}(-1)^{5/18} \arctan\left(\frac{1-2(-1)^{8/9}x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{(-1)^{5/18}(\log(2)+3\log(\sqrt[9]{-1}-x))}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{(-1)^{13/18}\log(-\sqrt[3]{2}((-1)^{1/9}-x))}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-1)^(13/18)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*(-1)^(1/9)*x)*3^(1/2))+1/3*(-1)^(5/18)*arctan(1/3*(1-2*(-1)^(8/9)*x)*3^(1/2))-1/27*(-1)^(5/18)*(ln(2)+3*ln((-1)^(1/9)-x))*3^(1/2)+1/9*(-1)^(13/18)*ln(-2^(1/3)*((-1)^(8/9)+x))*3^(1/2)-1/18*(-1)^(13/18)*ln(-2^(2/3)*((-1)^(7/9)+((-1)^(8/9)-x)*x))*3^(1/2)+1/18*(-1)^(5/18)*ln(2^(2/3)*((-1)^(2/9)+x*((-1)^(1/9)+x)))*3^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{1}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum}\left[1 - \#1^3 + \#1^6 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)}{-\#1^2 + 2\#1^5} \&\right]$$

input `Integrate[(1 - x^3 + x^6)^(-1),x]`

output `RootSum[1 - #1^3 + #1^6 & , Log[x - #1]/(-#1^2 + 2*#1^5) &]/3`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {1685, 750, 16, 25, 1142, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1685 \\
 & \frac{i \int \frac{1}{x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(-1+i\sqrt{3})} dx}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{i \int \frac{1}{x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(-1-i\sqrt{3})} dx}{\sqrt{3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 750 \\
 & \frac{i \left(\int \frac{x + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})} x + (\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \int \frac{1}{x - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{i \left(\int \frac{x + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})} x + (\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \int \frac{1}{x - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 16 \\
 i \left(\frac{\int \frac{x+2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})} x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{3} \\
 i \left(\frac{\int \frac{x+2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})} x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{3} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 i \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} - \frac{\int \frac{x+2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})} x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{3} \\
 i \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} - \frac{\int \frac{x+2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})} x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \sqrt{3} \\
 \downarrow 1142
 \end{array}$$

$$i \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2x+\sqrt{1-i\sqrt{3}}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})} \int \frac{1}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x+(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x+(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} dx}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{3}$

$$i \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2x+\sqrt{1+i\sqrt{3}}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})} \int \frac{1}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x+(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x+(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} dx}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{3}$

↓ 1082

$$i \left(\frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2x} + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} (1 - i\sqrt{3}) \right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2} (1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2} (1 - i\sqrt{3})} x + \left(\frac{1}{2} (1 - i\sqrt{3}) \right)^{2/3}} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2} (1 - i\sqrt{3})} \right)^2 + 1} dx}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} (1 - i\sqrt{3}) \right)^{2/3}} - \frac{d \left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2} (1 - i\sqrt{3})}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} (1 - i\sqrt{3}) \right)^{2/3}} \right)$$

$$i \left(\frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2x} + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} (1 + i\sqrt{3}) \right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2} (1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2} (1 + i\sqrt{3})} x + \left(\frac{1}{2} (1 + i\sqrt{3}) \right)^{2/3}} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2} (1 + i\sqrt{3})} \right)^2 + 1} dx}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} (1 + i\sqrt{3}) \right)^{2/3}} - \frac{d \left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2} (1 + i\sqrt{3})}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} (1 + i\sqrt{3}) \right)^{2/3}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{3}$

$$i \left(\frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} (1 - i\sqrt{3}) \right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2} (1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2} (1 - i\sqrt{3})} x + \left(\frac{1}{2} (1 - i\sqrt{3}) \right)^{2/3}} dx + \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2} (1 - i\sqrt{3})}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} (1 - i\sqrt{3}) \right)^{2/3}} \right)$$

$$i \left(\frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} (1 + i\sqrt{3}) \right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2} (1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2} (1 + i\sqrt{3})} x + \left(\frac{1}{2} (1 + i\sqrt{3}) \right)^{2/3}} dx + \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2} (1 + i\sqrt{3})}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} (1 + i\sqrt{3}) \right)^{2/3}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{3}$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{i \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{1+\frac{2x}{\sqrt{3}}} + \frac{1}{2} \log\left(2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}x + (1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\frac{i \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{1+\frac{2x}{\sqrt{3}}} + \frac{1}{2} \log\left(2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}x + (1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}}$$

input `Int[(1 - x^3 + x^6)^(-1),x]`

output `(I*(Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(3*((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3)) - (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x)/((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(1/3))]/Sqrt[3] + Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 - I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/2)/(3*((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3))))/Sqrt[3] - (I*(Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(3*((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3)) - (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x)/((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(1/3))]/Sqrt[3] + Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 + I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/2)/(3*((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3))))/Sqrt[3]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \& \& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])]$
- rule 750 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*S \text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \parallel \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$
- rule 1685 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^{(n_)}+(c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[c/q \text{ Int}[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] - \text{Simp}[c/q \text{ Int}[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6-_Z^3+1)} \frac{\ln(x-_R)}{2_R^5-_R^2} \right)}{3}$	37
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6-_Z^3+1)} \frac{\ln(x-_R)}{2_R^5-_R^2} \right)}{3}$	37

input `int(1/(x^6-x^3+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*sum(1/(2*_R^5-_R^2)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^6-_Z^3+1))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \\
& -\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) \log \left(-3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}}(\sqrt{-3}+1) + \sqrt{-3}+1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 4x \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) \log \left(3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}}(\sqrt{-3}-1) + \sqrt{-3}-1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 4x \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) \log \left(3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}}(\sqrt{-3}+1) - \sqrt{-3}-1 \right) \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 4x \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) \log \left(-3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}}(\sqrt{-3}-1) - \sqrt{-3}+1 \right) \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 4x \right) + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}}+1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2x \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(-3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}}-1 \right) \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2x \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/6*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*log(-3*(sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) + sqrt(-3) + 1)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3) + 4*x) + 1/6*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*log(3*(sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) + sqrt(-3) - 1)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3) + 4*x) - 1/6*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*log(3*(sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) - sqrt(-3) - 1)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3) + 4*x) + 1/6*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*log(-3*(sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) - sqrt(-3) + 1)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3) + 4*x) + 1/3*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*log(3*(sqrt(-1/3) + 1)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3) + 2*x) + 1/3*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*log(-3*(sqrt(-1/3) - 1)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3) + 2*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{1}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \text{RootSum}(19683t^6 - 243t^3 + 1, (t \mapsto t \log(729t^4 + x)))$$

input

```
integrate(1/(x**6-x**3+1),x)
```

output

```
RootSum(19683*_t**6 - 243*_t**3 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(729*_t**4 + x)))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{1-x^3+x^6} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^6-x^3+1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/(x^6 - x^3 + 1), x)
```

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 632, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int \frac{1}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/9*(sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^4 - 6*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^2*sin(4/9*pi)^2 + sqrt
(3)*sin(4/9*pi)^4 + 4*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi) - 4*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi
)^3 - sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi) - sin(4/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(
4/9*pi) + 2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(4/9*pi))) - 1/9*(sqrt(3)*cos(2/9
*pi)^4 - 6*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^2*sin(2/9*pi)^2 + sqrt(3)*sin(2/9*pi)^4 + 4
*cos(2/9*pi)^3*sin(2/9*pi) - 4*cos(2/9*pi)*sin(2/9*pi)^3 - sqrt(3)*cos(2/9
*pi) - sin(2/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(2/9*pi) + 2*x)/((1/2*
I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(2/9*pi))) - 1/9*(sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^4 - 6*sqrt(3)*co
s(1/9*pi)^2*sin(1/9*pi)^2 + sqrt(3)*sin(1/9*pi)^4 - 4*cos(1/9*pi)^3*sin(1/
9*pi) + 4*cos(1/9*pi)*sin(1/9*pi)^3 + sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi) - sin(1/9*pi))*a
rctan(-1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(1/9*pi) - 2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin
(1/9*pi))) - 1/18*(4*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi) - 4*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9
*pi)*sin(4/9*pi)^3 - cos(4/9*pi)^4 + 6*cos(4/9*pi)^2*sin(4/9*pi)^2 - sin(4
/9*pi)^4 - sqrt(3)*sin(4/9*pi) + cos(4/9*pi))*log((-I*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)
- cos(4/9*pi))*x + x^2 + 1) - 1/18*(4*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^3*sin(2/9*pi) -
4*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)*sin(2/9*pi)^3 - cos(2/9*pi)^4 + 6*cos(2/9*pi)^2*sin(
2/9*pi)^2 - sin(2/9*pi)^4 - sqrt(3)*sin(2/9*pi) + cos(2/9*pi))*log((-I*sqr
t(3)*cos(2/9*pi) - cos(2/9*pi))*x + x^2 + 1) + 1/18*(4*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)
^3*sin(1/9*pi) - 4*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)*sin(1/9*pi)^3 + cos(1/9*pi)^4 - 6*c
os(1/9*pi)^2*sin(1/9*pi)^2 + sin(1/9*pi)^4 + sqrt(3)*sin(1/9*pi) + cos(...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx \\
&= \frac{\ln \left(x + \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{1/3} (3 - \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3}}{4} - \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{5/6} (3 - \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3} 1i}{12} \right) (36 - \sqrt{3} 12i)^{1/3}}{18} \\
&+ \frac{\ln \left(x + \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{1/3} (3 + \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{5/6} (3 + \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3} 1i}{12} \right) (36 + \sqrt{3} 12i)^{1/3}}{18} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln \left(x - \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{1/3} (3 - \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3}}{2} + \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{1/3} (3 - \sqrt{3} 1i)^{4/3}}{12} \right) (3 - \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln \left(x - \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{1/3} (3 + \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3}}{2} + \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{1/3} (3 + \sqrt{3} 1i)^{4/3}}{12} \right) (3 + \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln \left(x + \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{5/6} (3 - \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3} 1i}{6} \right) (3 - \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln \left(x - \frac{2^{2/3} 3^{5/6} (3 + \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3} 1i}{6} \right) (3 + \sqrt{3} 1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/(x^6 - x^3 + 1),x)`

output

```
(log(x + (2^(2/3)*3^(1/3)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(1/3))/4 - (2^(2/3)*3^(5/6)*(3
- 3^(1/2)*1i)^(1/3)*1i)/12)*(36 - 3^(1/2)*12i)^(1/3))/18 + (log(x + (2^(2/
3)*3^(1/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(1/3))/4 + (2^(2/3)*3^(5/6)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(
1/3)*1i)/12)*(3^(1/2)*12i + 36)^(1/3))/18 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(2/3)*3^(1
/3)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(1/3))/2 + (2^(2/3)*3^(1/3)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(4/3))/1
2)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2
^(2/3)*3^(1/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(1/3))/2 + (2^(2/3)*3^(1/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i +
3)^(4/3))/12)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)
*log(x + (2^(2/3)*3^(5/6)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(1/3)*1i)/6)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(
1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(2/3)*3^(5/6)*(3^(1/
2)*1i + 3)^(1/3)*1i)/6)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))/36
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{1 - x^3 + x^6} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x^6-x^3+1),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x**6 - x**3 + 1),x)
```

3.162 $\int \frac{1}{x(1-x^3+x^6)} dx$

Optimal result	1469
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1469
Rubi [A] (verified)	1470
Maple [A] (verified)	1472
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1472
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1473
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1473
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1474
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1474
Reduce [F]	1474

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x^3}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt{3}} + \log(x) - \frac{1}{6} \log(1-x^3+x^6)$$

output -1/9*arctan(1/3*(-2*x^3+1)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)+ln(x)-1/6*ln(x^6-x^3+1)

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \log(x) - \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum} \left[1 - \#1^3 + \#1^6 \&, \frac{-\log(x - \#1) + \log(x - \#1)\#1^3}{-1 + 2\#1^3} \& \right]$$

input Integrate[1/(x*(1 - x^3 + x^6)),x]

output

$$\text{Log}[x] - \text{RootSum}[1 - \#1^3 + \#1^6 \& , (-\text{Log}[x - \#1] + \text{Log}[x - \#1]*\#1^3)/(-1 + 2*\#1^3) \&]/3$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used = {1693, 1144, 1142, 25, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x(x^6 - x^3 + 1)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1693} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^3(x^6 - x^3 + 1)} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1144} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\int \frac{1 - x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx^3 + \log(x^3) \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1142} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx^3 - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx^3 + \log(x^3) \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx^3 + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx^3 + \log(x^3) \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1083} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(- \int \frac{1}{-x^6 - 3} d(2x^3 - 1) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx^3 + \log(x^3) \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - 2x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx^3 + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2x^3 - 1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \log(x^3) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2x^3-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \log(x^3) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^6 - x^3 + 1) \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x*(1 - x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output `(ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^3)/Sqrt[3]]/Sqrt[3] + Log[x^3] - Log[1 - x^3 + x^6]/2)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1144

```
Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol]
  => Simp[e*(Log[RemoveContent[d + e*x, x]]/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)), x] + S
imp[1/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) Int[(c*d - b*e - c*e*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
  => Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
risch	$\ln(x) + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2(x^3 - \frac{1}{2})\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{9} - \frac{\ln(x^6 - x^3 + 1)}{6}$	33
default	$-\frac{\ln(x^6 - x^3 + 1)}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x^3 - 1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{9} + \ln(x)$	35

input

```
int(1/x/(x^6-x^3+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
ln(x)+1/9*3^(1/2)*arctan(2/3*(x^3-1/2)*3^(1/2))-1/6*ln(x^6-x^3+1)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{1}{9} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x^3-1)\right) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^6-x^3+1) + \log(x)$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output $1/9*\sqrt{3}*\arctan(1/3*\sqrt{3}*(2*x^3 - 1)) - 1/6*\log(x^6 - x^3 + 1) + \log(x)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \log(x) - \frac{\log(x^6 - x^3 + 1)}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x^3}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{9}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(x**6-x**3+1),x)`

output $\log(x) - \log(x**6 - x**3 + 1)/6 + \sqrt{3}*\operatorname{atan}(2*\sqrt{3}*x**3/3 - \sqrt{3}/3)/9$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{1}{9} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x^3 - 1)\right) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^6 - x^3 + 1) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x^3)$$

input `integrate(1/x/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/9*\sqrt{3}*\arctan(1/3*\sqrt{3}*(2*x^3 - 1)) - 1/6*\log(x^6 - x^3 + 1) + 1/3*\log(x^3)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{1}{9} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x^3-1)\right) - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^6-x^3+1) + \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate(1/x/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/9*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x^3 - 1)) - 1/6*log(x^6 - x^3 + 1) + log(abs(x))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \ln(x) - \frac{\ln(x^6-x^3+1)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}x^3}{3}\right)}{9}$$

input `int(1/(x*(x^6 - x^3 + 1)),x)`output `log(x) - log(x^6 - x^3 + 1)/6 - (3^(1/2)*atan(3^(1/2)/3 - (2*3^(1/2)*x^3)/3))/9`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7-x^4+x} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(x^6-x^3+1),x)`output `int(1/(x**7 - x**4 + x),x)`

3.163
$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-x^3+x^6)} dx$$

Optimal result	1476
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1477
Rubi [A] (verified)	1477
Maple [C] (verified)	1484
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1485
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1485
Maxima [F]	1486
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1486
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1488
Reduce [F]	1489

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 416

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = & -\frac{1}{x} + \frac{(i-\sqrt{3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& - \frac{(i+\sqrt{3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& - \frac{(3-i\sqrt{3}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt[3]{2}x\right)}{9 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& - \frac{(3+i\sqrt{3}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt[3]{2}x\right)}{9 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& + \frac{(3-i\sqrt{3}) \log\left((1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}x + 2^{2/3}x^2\right)}{18 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& + \frac{(3+i\sqrt{3}) \log\left((1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}x + 2^{2/3}x^2\right)}{18 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/x+1/6*(I-3^(1/2))*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x/(1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^3^(1/2))
*2^(1/3)/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-1/6*(3^(1/2)+I)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x/(1/2+1/2*I*
3^(1/2)))^3^(1/2))*2^(1/3)/(1+I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-1/18*(3-I*3^(1/2))*ln
((1-I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*x)*2^(1/3)/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-1/18*(3+I*3^(1
/2))*ln((1+I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*x)*2^(1/3)/(1+I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)+1/36*(3
-I*3^(1/2))*ln((1-I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+(2-2*I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^
(1/3)/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)+1/36*(3+I*3^(1/2))*ln((1+I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+(2+2*I
*3^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(1/3)/(1+I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum} \left[1 - \#1^3 \right. \\ \left. + \#1^6 \&, \frac{-\log(x - \#1) + \log(x - \#1)\#1^3}{-\#1 + 2\#1^4} \& \right]$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(1 - x^3 + x^6)),x]
```

output

```
-x^(-1) - RootSum[1 - #1^3 + #1^6 & , (-Log[x - #1] + Log[x - #1]*#1^3)/(-
#1 + 2*#1^4) & ]/3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.562$, Rules used = {1704, 1834, 27, 821, 16, 1142, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(x^6 - x^3 + 1)} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x(1-x^3)}{x^6-x^3+1} dx - \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1704} \\
& -\frac{1}{6}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \int -\frac{2x}{-2x^3-i\sqrt{3}+1} dx - \frac{1}{6}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \int -\frac{2x}{-2x^3+i\sqrt{3}+1} dx - \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1834} \\
& \frac{1}{3}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{x}{-2x^3-i\sqrt{3}+1} dx + \frac{1}{3}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{x}{-2x^3+i\sqrt{3}+1} dx - \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{3}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})x + (1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{3}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})x + (1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} \right) - \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{821} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{16}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt[3]{2}x}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}x + (1 - i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt[3]{2}x}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}x + (1 + i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}} \right) - \frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{1}{3}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}x + (1 - i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{{}_2 2^{2/3}x + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}x + (1 - i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}x + (1 + i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{{}_2 2^{2/3}x + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}x + (1 + i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}} \right) - \frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 1082

$$\frac{1}{3}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left\{ \frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} x + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})} x + (1 - i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}} + 1\right)^2} d\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \right\}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left\{ \frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} x + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})} x + (1 + i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}} + 1\right)^2} d\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \right\}$$

$\frac{1}{x}$
↓ 217

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left. \begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{3} (3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} x + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})} x + (1 - i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} (3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} x + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})} x + (1 + i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}}
 \end{aligned} \right.
 \end{aligned}$$

$\frac{1}{x}$
 \downarrow 1103

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\log \left(2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})} x + (1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} \right)}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2} x + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}} \right) - \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\log \left(2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})} x + (1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} \right)}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2} x + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}} \right) - \frac{1}{x}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(1 - x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output `-x^(-1) + ((3 - I*Sqrt[3])*(-1/3*Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(2^(2/3)*(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3)) - ((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x))/((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])/2^(1/3) - Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 - I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*2^(1/3)))/(3*(2*(1 - I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3))))/3 + ((3 + I*Sqrt[3])*(-1/3*Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(2^(2/3)*(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3)) - ((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x))/((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])/2^(1/3) - Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 + I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*2^(1/3)))/(3*(2*(1 + I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3))))/3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{(-1)} \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*S\text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1704

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(a*d*(m + 1)
)), x] - Simp[1/(a*d^n*(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^(m + n)*(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)
+ c*(m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)*x^n)*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] &&
LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 1834

```
Int[(((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_) +
(c_.)*(x_)^(n2_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 +
(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2
- (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n
, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{1}{x} + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(27Z^6+9Z^3+1)} -R \ln(-3R^2+x) \right)}{3}$	35
default	$-\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(Z^6-Z^3+1)} \frac{(-R^4-R) \ln(x-R)}{2R^5-R^2} \right)}{3} - \frac{1}{x}$	50

input

```
int(1/x^2/(x^6-x^3+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/x+1/3*sum(_R*ln(-3*_R^2+x),_R=RootOf(27*_Z^6+9*_Z^3+1))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(\sqrt{-3}x - x) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(3 \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} + 1) + 2x\right) + (\sqrt{-3}x - x) \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(3 \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} - 1) + 2x\right) - (\sqrt{-3}x + x) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(-3 \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} - 1) + 2x\right) - (\sqrt{-3}x + x) \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(-3 \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} (\sqrt{-3} - 1) + 2x\right) + 2x \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x - 3 \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) + 2x \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x - 3 \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - 6}{x}}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*((sqrt(-3)*x - x)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(3*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(2/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) + 2*x) + (sqrt(-3)*x - x)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(3*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(2/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) + 2*x) - (sqrt(-3)*x + x)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(-3*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(2/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) + 2*x) - (sqrt(-3)*x + x)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(-3*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(2/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) + 2*x) + 2*x*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(x - 3*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(2/3)) + 2*x*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(x - 3*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(2/3)) - 6)/x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \text{RootSum}(19683t^6 + 243t^3 + 1, (t \mapsto t \log(-27t^2 + x))) - \frac{1}{x}$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(x**6-x**3+1),x)`output `RootSum(19683*_t**6 + 243*_t**3 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-27*_t**2 + x))) - 1/x`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^6-x^3+1)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/x - integrate((x^4 - x)/(x^6 - x^3 + 1), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 829 vs. $2(260) = 520$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 829, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/9*(sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^5 - 10*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi)^2 + 5*sq
rt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi)^4 - 5*cos(4/9*pi)^4*sin(4/9*pi) + 10*cos(4/9
*pi)^2*sin(4/9*pi)^3 - sin(4/9*pi)^5 + 2*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^2 - 2*sqrt(3)
*sin(4/9*pi)^2 - 4*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*c
os(4/9*pi) + 2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(4/9*pi))) + 1/9*(sqrt(3)*cos(
2/9*pi)^5 - 10*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^3*sin(2/9*pi)^2 + 5*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)
*sin(2/9*pi)^4 - 5*cos(2/9*pi)^4*sin(2/9*pi) + 10*cos(2/9*pi)^2*sin(2/9*pi)
)^3 - sin(2/9*pi)^5 + 2*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^2 - 2*sqrt(3)*sin(2/9*pi)^2 -
4*cos(2/9*pi)*sin(2/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(2/9*pi) + 2*x)
/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(2/9*pi))) - 1/9*(sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^5 - 10*sq
rt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^3*sin(1/9*pi)^2 + 5*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)*sin(1/9*pi)^4 +
5*cos(1/9*pi)^4*sin(1/9*pi) - 10*cos(1/9*pi)^2*sin(1/9*pi)^3 + sin(1/9*pi)
^5 - 2*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^2 + 2*sqrt(3)*sin(1/9*pi)^2 - 4*cos(1/9*pi)*sin
(1/9*pi))*arctan(-1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(1/9*pi) - 2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3)
+ 1/2)*sin(1/9*pi))) + 1/18*(5*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^4*sin(4/9*pi) - 10*sq
rt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^2*sin(4/9*pi)^3 + sqrt(3)*sin(4/9*pi)^5 + cos(4/9*pi)^5 -
10*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi)^2 + 5*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi)^4 + 4*sqrt(3)*
cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi) + 2*cos(4/9*pi)^2 - 2*sin(4/9*pi)^2)*log((-I*sqrt(
3)*cos(4/9*pi) - cos(4/9*pi))*x + x^2 + 1) + 1/18*(5*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^4
*sin(2/9*pi) - 10*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^2*sin(2/9*pi)^3 + sqrt(3)*sin(2/9...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{x^2(1-x^3+x^6)} dx \\
&= \frac{\ln\left(x - \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{2/3} (-3+\sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3}}{6}\right) (-36 + \sqrt{3}12i)^{1/3}}{18} \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{\ln\left(x - \frac{(-36-\sqrt{3}12i)^{2/3}}{12}\right) (-36 - \sqrt{3}12i)^{1/3}}{18} \\
&\quad - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{2^{1/3} (-3-\sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3} (3^{1/3}-3^{5/6}1i)^2}{24}\right) (-3 - \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6}1i)}{36} \\
&\quad - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{2^{1/3} (-3-\sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3} (3^{1/3}+3^{5/6}1i)^2}{24}\right) (-3 - \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6}1i)}{36} \\
&\quad - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{2^{1/3} (-3+\sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3} (3^{1/3}-3^{5/6}1i)^2}{24}\right) (-3 + \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6}1i)}{36} \\
&\quad - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{2^{1/3} (-3+\sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3} (3^{1/3}+3^{5/6}1i)^2}{24}\right) (-3 + \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6}1i)}{36}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(x^6 - x^3 + 1)),x)`

output

```

(log(x - (2^(1/3)*3^(2/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(2/3))/6)*(3^(1/2)*12i - 36)^(1/3))/18 - 1/x + (log(x - (-3^(1/2)*12i - 36)^(2/3)/12)*(-3^(1/2)*12i - 36)^(1/3))/18 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(1/3)*(-3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(2/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i)^2)/24)*(-3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(1/3)*(-3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(2/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i)^2)/24)*(-3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(1/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(2/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i)^2)/24)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(1/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(2/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i)^2)/24)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))/36

```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{-\left(\int \frac{x^4}{x^6-x^3+1} dx\right) x + \left(\int \frac{x}{x^6-x^3+1} dx\right) x - 1}{x}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(x^6-x^3+1),x)`

output `(- int(x**4/(x**6 - x**3 + 1),x)*x + int(x/(x**6 - x**3 + 1),x)*x - 1)/x`

3.164
$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-x^3+x^6)} dx$$

Optimal result	1491
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1492
Rubi [A] (verified)	1492
Maple [C] (verified)	1499
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1500
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1500
Maxima [F]	1501
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1501
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1503
Reduce [F]	1504

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 418

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{(i-\sqrt{3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} + \frac{(i+\sqrt{3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} - \frac{(3-i\sqrt{3}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt[3]{2}x\right)}{9\sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} - \frac{(3+i\sqrt{3}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt[3]{2}x\right)}{9\sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} + \frac{(3-i\sqrt{3}) \log\left((1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})x + 2^{2/3}x^2\right)}{18\sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} + \frac{(3+i\sqrt{3}) \log\left((1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})x + 2^{2/3}x^2\right)}{18\sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}$$

output

```
-1/2/x^2-1/6*(I*3^(1/2))*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x/(1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(2/3)/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/6*(3^(1/2)+I)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x/(1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*2^(2/3)/(1+I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)-1/18*(3-I*3^(1/2))*ln((1-I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)-1/18*(3+I*3^(1/2))*ln((1+I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/(1+I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/36*(3-I*3^(1/2))*ln((1-I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+(2-2*I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3)/(1-I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/36*(3+I*3^(1/2))*ln((1+I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)+(2+2*I*3^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3)/(1+I*3^(1/2))^(2/3)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum} \left[1 - \#1^3 + \#1^6 \&, \frac{-\log(x - \#1) + \log(x - \#1)\#1^3}{-\#1^2 + 2\#1^5} \& \right]$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(1 - x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output `-1/2*1/x^2 - RootSum[1 - #1^3 + #1^6 & , (-Log[x - #1] + Log[x - #1]*#1^3)/(-#1^2 + 2*#1^5) &]/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {1704, 27, 1752, 750, 16, 25, 1142, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^3(x^6 - x^3 + 1)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1704 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2(1-x^3)}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{1-x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1752 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{6}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(-1-i\sqrt{3})} dx - \frac{1}{6}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(-1+i\sqrt{3})} dx - \frac{1}{2x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{750} \\
& -\frac{1}{6}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{x+2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) - \\
& \frac{1}{6}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{x+2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
& -\frac{1}{6}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{x+2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) - \\
& \frac{1}{6}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{x+2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3}))^{2/3}} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{6}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\int \frac{x+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x+\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) - \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\int \frac{x+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x+\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1142

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{6}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})} \int \frac{1}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x+\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}x+\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) - \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})} \int \frac{1}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x+\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}x+\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) -
 \end{aligned}$$

$\frac{1}{2x^2}$
 ↓ 1082

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{6}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})} - 2x}}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})} - 2x}}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$\frac{1}{2x^2}$
 \downarrow 217

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{6}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx + \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{x^2 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}x + \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} dx + \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2x^2}$$

↓ 1103

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{6}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \log\left(2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \log\left(2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})\right)^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(1 - x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output `-1/2*1/x^2 - ((3 - I*Sqrt[3])*(Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(3*((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3)) - (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x)/((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] + Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 - I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/2)/(3*((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3))))/6 - ((3 + I*Sqrt[3])*(Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(3*((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3)) - (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x)/((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] + Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 + I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/2)/(3*((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(2/3))))/6`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])]$
- rule 750 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1704

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_
_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(a*d*(m + 1)
)), x] - Simp[1/(a*d^n*(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^(m + n)*(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)
+ c*(m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)*x^n)*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] &&
LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 1752

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_)), x
_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q))
Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) I
nt[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[n2
, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (PosQ[b^2
- 4*a*c] || !IGtQ[n/2, 0])
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{1}{2x^2} + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(27Z^6+9Z^3+1)} \frac{-R \ln(9R^4+3R+x)}{3} \right)}{3}$	38
default	$\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(Z^6-Z^3+1)} \frac{(-R^3+1) \ln(x-R)}{2R^5-R^2} \right)}{3} - \frac{1}{2x^2}$	50

input

```
int(1/x^3/(x^6-x^3+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2/x^2+1/3*sum(_R*ln(9*_R^4+3*_R+x),_R=RootOf(27*_Z^6+9*_Z^3+1))
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^2 \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2x \right) + 2x^2 \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(-3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - 1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2x \right) - (\sqrt{-3}x^2 + x^2) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log(-3(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}})(\sqrt{-3} + 1) + \sqrt{-3} + 1) + (\sqrt{-3}x^2 - x^2) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log(3(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}})(\sqrt{-3} - 1) + \sqrt{-3} - 1) - (\sqrt{-3}x^2 + x^2) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log(3(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}})(\sqrt{-3} + 1) - \sqrt{-3} - 1) + (\sqrt{-3}x^2 - x^2) \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log(-3(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}})(\sqrt{-3} - 1) - \sqrt{-3} + 1) - 3}{x^2}}$$

```
input integrate(1/x^3/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*(2*x^2*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(3*(sqrt(-1/3) + 1)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3) + 2*x) + 2*x^2*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(-3*(sqrt(-1/3) - 1)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3) + 2*x) - (sqrt(-3)*x^2 + x^2)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(-3*(sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) + sqrt(-3) + 1)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3) + 4*x) + (sqrt(-3)*x^2 - x^2)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(3*(sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) + sqrt(-3) - 1)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3) + 4*x) - (sqrt(-3)*x^2 + x^2)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(3*(sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) - sqrt(-3) - 1)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3) + 4*x) + (sqrt(-3)*x^2 - x^2)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3)*log(-3*(sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) - sqrt(-3) + 1)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) - 1/6)^(1/3) + 4*x) - 3)/x^2
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \text{RootSum}(19683t^6 + 243t^3 + 1, (t \mapsto t \log(729t^4 + 9t + x))) - \frac{1}{2x^2}$$

```
input integrate(1/x**3/(x**6-x**3+1),x)
```

output

```
RootSum(19683*_t**6 + 243*_t**3 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(729*_t**4 + 9*_t + x))) - 1/(2*x**2)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^6-x^3+1)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2/x^2 - integrate((x^3 - 1)/(x^6 - x^3 + 1), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 645 vs. $2(260) = 520$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 645, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/9*(sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^4 - 6*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^2*sin(4/9*pi)^2 + sqrt(
3)*sin(4/9*pi)^4 + 4*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi) - 4*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi)
^3 + 2*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi) + 2*sin(4/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*c
os(4/9*pi) + 2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(4/9*pi))) + 1/9*(sqrt(3)*cos(
2/9*pi)^4 - 6*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^2*sin(2/9*pi)^2 + sqrt(3)*sin(2/9*pi)^4
+ 4*cos(2/9*pi)^3*sin(2/9*pi) - 4*cos(2/9*pi)*sin(2/9*pi)^3 + 2*sqrt(3)*c
os(2/9*pi) + 2*sin(2/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(2/9*pi) + 2*x)
/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(2/9*pi))) + 1/9*(sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^4 - 6*sq
rt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^2*sin(1/9*pi)^2 + sqrt(3)*sin(1/9*pi)^4 - 4*cos(1/9*pi)^3
*sin(1/9*pi) + 4*cos(1/9*pi)*sin(1/9*pi)^3 - 2*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi) + 2*sin
(1/9*pi))*arctan(-1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(1/9*pi) - 2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3)
+ 1/2)*sin(1/9*pi))) + 1/18*(4*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi) - 4*sqrt
(3)*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi)^3 - cos(4/9*pi)^4 + 6*cos(4/9*pi)^2*sin(4/9*pi)
^2 - sin(4/9*pi)^4 + 2*sqrt(3)*sin(4/9*pi) - 2*cos(4/9*pi))*log((-I*sqrt(
3)*cos(4/9*pi) - cos(4/9*pi))*x + x^2 + 1) + 1/18*(4*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^3
*sin(2/9*pi) - 4*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)*sin(2/9*pi)^3 - cos(2/9*pi)^4 + 6*cos
(2/9*pi)^2*sin(2/9*pi)^2 - sin(2/9*pi)^4 + 2*sqrt(3)*sin(2/9*pi) - 2*cos(2
/9*pi))*log((-I*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi) - cos(2/9*pi))*x + x^2 + 1) - 1/18*(4*
sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^3*sin(1/9*pi) - 4*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)*sin(1/9*pi)^3 +
cos(1/9*pi)^4 - 6*cos(1/9*pi)^2*sin(1/9*pi)^2 + sin(1/9*pi)^4 - 2*sqrt(...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = & \frac{\ln\left(x - \frac{\left(-\frac{27}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}9i}{2}\right)\left(-36 - \sqrt{3}12i\right)^{1/3}}{54}\right)\left(-36 - \sqrt{3}12i\right)^{1/3}}{18} \\
& + \frac{\ln\left(x + \frac{\left(\frac{27}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}9i}{2}\right)\left(-36 + \sqrt{3}12i\right)^{1/3}}{54}\right)\left(-36 + \sqrt{3}12i\right)^{1/3}}{18} - \frac{1}{2x^2} \\
& - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{2^{2/3}\left(-3 - \sqrt{3}1i\right)^{1/3}\left(3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6}1i\right)\left(\frac{3\left(3 + \sqrt{3}1i\right)\left(3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6}1i\right)^3}{16} + 27\right)}{108}\right)\left(-3 - \sqrt{3}1i\right)^{1/3}\left(3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6}1i\right)}{36} \\
& - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x + \frac{2^{2/3}\left(-3 + \sqrt{3}1i\right)^{1/3}\left(3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6}1i\right)\left(\frac{3\left(-3 + \sqrt{3}1i\right)\left(3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6}1i\right)^3}{16} - 27\right)}{108}\right)\left(-3 + \sqrt{3}1i\right)^{1/3}\left(3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6}1i\right)}{36} \\
& - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x + \frac{2^{2/3}3^{5/6}\left(-3 - \sqrt{3}1i\right)^{1/3}1i}{6}\right)\left(-3 - \sqrt{3}1i\right)^{1/3}\left(3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6}1i\right)}{36} \\
& - \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{2^{2/3}3^{5/6}\left(-3 + \sqrt{3}1i\right)^{1/3}1i}{6}\right)\left(-3 + \sqrt{3}1i\right)^{1/3}\left(3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6}1i\right)}{36}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(x^6 - x^3 + 1)),x)`

output

```
(log(x - (((3^(1/2)*9i)/2 - 27/2)*(- 3^(1/2)*12i - 36)^(1/3))/54)*(- 3^(1/2)*12i - 36)^(1/3))/18 + (log(x + (((3^(1/2)*9i)/2 + 27/2)*(3^(1/2)*12i - 36)^(1/3))/54)*(3^(1/2)*12i - 36)^(1/3))/18 - 1/(2*x^2) - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(2/3)*(- 3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))*((3*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i)^3)/16 + 27))/108)*(- 3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x + (2^(2/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))*((3*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i)^3)/16 - 27))/108)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x + (2^(2/3)*3^(5/6)*(- 3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*1i)/6)*(- 3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(2/3)*3^(5/6)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*1i)/6)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))/36
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{-2\left(\int \frac{x^3}{x^6-x^3+1} dx\right) x^2 + 2\left(\int \frac{1}{x^6-x^3+1} dx\right) x^2 - 1}{2x^2}$$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(x^6-x^3+1),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*int(x**3/(x**6 - x**3 + 1),x)*x**2 + 2*int(1/(x**6 - x**3 + 1),x)*x**2 - 1)/(2*x**2)
```

3.165 $\int \frac{1}{x^4(1-x^3+x^6)} dx$

Optimal result	1505
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1505
Rubi [A] (verified)	1506
Maple [A] (verified)	1507
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1508
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1508
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1508
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1509
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1509
Reduce [F]	1510

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{3x^3} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x^3}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt{3}} + \log(x) - \frac{1}{6} \log(1-x^3+x^6)$$

```
output -1/3/x^3+1/9*arctan(1/3*(-2*x^3+1)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)+ln(x)-1/6*ln(x^6-x^3+1)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{3x^3} + \log(x) - \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum}\left[1 - \#1^3 + \#1^6 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)\#1^3}{-1 + 2\#1^3} \&\right]$$

```
input Integrate[1/(x^4*(1 - x^3 + x^6)),x]
```

output

$$-1/3*1/x^3 + \text{Log}[x] - \text{RootSum}[1 - \#1^3 + \#1^6 \& , (\text{Log}[x - \#1]*\#1^3)/(-1 + 2*\#1^3) \&]/3$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1693, 1145, 1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^4 (x^6 - x^3 + 1)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^6 (x^6 - x^3 + 1)} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow 1145 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\int \frac{1 - x^3}{x^3 (x^6 - x^3 + 1)} dx^3 - \frac{1}{x^3} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1200 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\int \left(\frac{1}{x^3} - \frac{x^3}{x^6 - x^3 + 1} \right) dx^3 - \frac{1}{x^3} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x^3}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{x^3} + \log(x^3) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^6 - x^3 + 1) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/(x^4*(1 - x^3 + x^6)),x]$$

output

$$(-x^{(-3)} + \text{ArcTan}[(1 - 2*x^3)/\text{Sqrt}[3]]/\text{Sqrt}[3] + \text{Log}[x^3] - \text{Log}[1 - x^3 + x^6])/2)/3$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1145

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp
[1/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(Simp[c*d - b*e - c*e*x,
x]/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 1200

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*
(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*
x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && In
tegersQ[n]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{1}{3x^3} + \ln(x) - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2(x^3 - \frac{1}{2})\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{9} - \frac{\ln(x^6 - x^3 + 1)}{6}$	38
default	$-\frac{\ln(x^6 - x^3 + 1)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x^3 - 1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{9} - \frac{1}{3x^3} + \ln(x)$	40

```
input int(1/x^4/(x^6-x^3+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3/x^3+ln(x)-1/9*3^(1/2)*arctan(2/3*(x^3-1/2)*3^(1/2))-1/6*ln(x^6-x^3+1)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(1-x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2\sqrt{3}x^3 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x^3-1)\right) + 3x^3 \log(x^6-x^3+1) - 18x^3 \log(x) + 6}{18x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/18*(2*sqrt(3)*x^3*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x^3 - 1)) + 3*x^3*log(x^6 - x^3 + 1) - 18*x^3*log(x) + 6)/x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \log(x) - \frac{\log(x^6-x^3+1)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x^3}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{9} - \frac{1}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(x**6-x**3+1),x)`output `log(x) - log(x**6 - x**3 + 1)/6 - sqrt(3)*atan(2*sqrt(3)*x**3/3 - sqrt(3)/3)/9 - 1/(3*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{9}\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x^3-1)\right) - \frac{1}{3x^3}$$

$$- \frac{1}{6} \log(x^6-x^3+1) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x^3)$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/9*\sqrt{3}*\arctan(1/3*\sqrt{3}*(2*x^3 - 1)) - 1/3/x^3 - 1/6*\log(x^6 - x^3 + 1) + 1/3*\log(x^3)$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{9}\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x^3-1)\right) - \frac{x^3+1}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{6}\log(x^6-x^3+1) + \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/9*\sqrt{3}*\arctan(1/3*\sqrt{3}*(2*x^3 - 1)) - 1/3*(x^3 + 1)/x^3 - 1/6*\log(x^6 - x^3 + 1) + \log(\text{abs}(x))$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \ln(x) - \frac{\ln(x^6-x^3+1)}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}x^3}{3}\right)}{9} - \frac{1}{3x^3}$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(x^6 - x^3 + 1)),x)`

output
$$\log(x) - \log(x^6 - x^3 + 1)/6 + (3^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{atan}(3^{(1/2)}/3 - (2*3^{(1/2)}*x^3)/3))/9 - 1/(3*x^3)$$

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{10}-x^7+x^4} dx$$

input `int(1/x^4/(x^6-x^3+1),x)`

output `int(1/(x**10 - x**7 + x**4),x)`

3.166
$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(1-x^3+x^6)} dx$$

Optimal result	1512
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1513
Rubi [A] (verified)	1513
Maple [C] (verified)	1520
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1521
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1521
Maxima [F]	1522
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1522
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1524
Reduce [F]	1525

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 423

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{1}{x^5(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = & -\frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{1}{x} - \frac{(i+\sqrt{3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& + \frac{(i-\sqrt{3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& - \frac{(3+i\sqrt{3}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt[3]{2x}\right)}{9 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& - \frac{(3-i\sqrt{3}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt[3]{2x}\right)}{9 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& + \frac{(3+i\sqrt{3}) \log\left((1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}x + 2^{2/3}x^2\right)}{18 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& + \frac{(3-i\sqrt{3}) \log\left((1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}x + 2^{2/3}x^2\right)}{18 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/4/x^4 - 1/x - 1/6*(3^{(1/2)+I})*\arctan(1/3*(1+2*x/(1/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)}) * \\
& 3^{(1/2)}) * 2^{(1/3)} / (1-I*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)} + 1/6*(I-3^{(1/2)}) * \arctan(1/3*(1+2*x/(1/ \\
& 2+1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)}) * 3^{(1/2)}) * 2^{(1/3)} / (1+I*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)} - 1/18*(3+I*3^{(\\
& 1/2)}) * \ln((1-I*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)} - 2^{(1/3)} * x) * 2^{(1/3)} / (1-I*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)} - 1/18*(\\
& 3-I*3^{(1/2)}) * \ln((1+I*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)} - 2^{(1/3)} * x) * 2^{(1/3)} / (1+I*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)} \\
& + 1/36*(3+I*3^{(1/2)}) * \ln((1-I*3^{(1/2)})^{(2/3)} + (2-2*I*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)} * x + 2^{(2/3)} \\
& * x^2) * 2^{(1/3)} / (1-I*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)} + 1/36*(3-I*3^{(1/2)}) * \ln((1+I*3^{(1/2)})^{(2/3)} \\
&) + (2+2*I*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)} * x + 2^{(2/3)} * x^2) * 2^{(1/3)} / (1+I*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/3)}
\end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum} \left[1 - \#1^3 + \#1^6 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)\#1^2}{-1 + 2\#1^3} \& \right]$$

input

`Integrate[1/(x^5*(1 - x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output

`-1/4*1/x^4 - x^(-1) - RootSum[1 - #1^3 + #1^6 & , (Log[x - #1]*#1^2)/(-1 + 2*#1^3) &]/3`
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.688$, Rules used = {1704, 27, 1828, 1710, 27, 821, 16, 1142, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(x^6 - x^3 + 1)} dx$$

↓ 1704

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{4(1-x^3)}{x^2(x^6-x^3+1)} dx - \frac{1}{4x^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \int \frac{1-x^3}{x^2(x^6-x^3+1)} dx - \frac{1}{4x^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1828 \\
& - \int \frac{x^4}{x^6-x^3+1} dx - \frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1710 \\
& -\frac{1}{6}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \int -\frac{2x}{-2x^3-i\sqrt{3}+1} dx - \frac{1}{6}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \int -\frac{2x}{-2x^3+i\sqrt{3}+1} dx - \frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{3}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{x}{-2x^3-i\sqrt{3}+1} dx + \frac{1}{3}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{x}{-2x^3+i\sqrt{3}+1} dx - \frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 821 \\
& \frac{1}{3}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})x + (1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{3}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})x + (1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} \right) - \frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 16
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}{2^{2/3}x^2+\sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})x+(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\log(-\sqrt[3]{2}x+\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}})}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}-\sqrt[3]{2}x}{2^{2/3}x^2+\sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})x+(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} - \frac{\log(-\sqrt[3]{2}x+\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}})}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}}} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{1}{3}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{3}} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3}x^2+\sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})x+(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3}x+\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3}x^2+\sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})x+(1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{3}} \int \frac{1}{2^{2/3}x^2+\sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})x+(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3}x+\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3}x^2+\sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})x+(1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 1082

$$\frac{1}{3}(3+i\sqrt{3}) \left\{ \frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3}x + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}x + (1-i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})} + 1}\right)^2} d\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})} + 1}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}}}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} \right.$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(3-i\sqrt{3}) \left\{ \frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3}x + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}x + (1+i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})} + 1}\right)^2} d\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})} + 1}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}}}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} \right.$$

$\frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{1}{x}$
↓ 217

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{3} (3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} x + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})} x + (1 - i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{3} (3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} x + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{2^{2/3} x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})} x + (1 + i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} \right)
 \end{aligned} \right\} \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}} - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{1}{3}(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\log \left(2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{3})x + (1 - i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} \right)}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{3}}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\log \left(2^{2/3}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})x + (1 + i\sqrt{3})^{2/3}} \right)}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\log \left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{3}}} \right) - \frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{1}{x}$$

input `Int[1/(x^5*(1 - x^3 + x^6)),x]`

output `-1/4*1/x^4 - x^(-1) + ((3 + I*Sqrt[3])*(-1/3*Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(2^(2/3)*(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3)) - ((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x)/((1 - I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/2^(1/3) - Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 - I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*2^(1/3)))/(3*(2*(1 - I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)))/3 + ((3 - I*Sqrt[3])*(-1/3*Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*x]/(2^(2/3)*(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(1/3)) - ((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*x)/((1 + I*Sqrt[3])/2)^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/2^(1/3) - Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[3])^(2/3) + (2*(1 + I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*2^(1/3)))/(3*(2*(1 + I*Sqrt[3]))^(1/3)))/3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 821 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3])^{(-1)} \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]) \text{Int}[(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*S\text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1704

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(a*d*(m + 1)
)), x] - Simp[1/(a*d^n*(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^(m + n)*(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)
+ c*(m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)*x^n*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] &&
LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 1710

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol]
:= With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d^n/2)*(b/q + 1) Int[(d*x)^(m
- n)/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] - Simp[(d^n/2)*(b/q - 1) Int[(d*x)^(m -
n)/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] &
& NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GeQ[m, n]
```

rule 1828

```
Int(((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_) + (
c_.)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(f*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^
(2*n))^(p + 1)/(a*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*f^n*(m + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m +
n)*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p*Simp[a*e*(m + 1) - b*d*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1) -
c*d*(m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x
] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && Int
egerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{-x^3 - \frac{1}{4}}{x^4} + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(27Z^6 - 9Z^3 + 1)} -R \ln(-27R^5 + 6R^2 + x) \right)}{3}$	46
default	$-\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(Z^6 - Z^3 + 1)} \frac{-R^4 \ln(x - R)}{2R^5 - R^2} \right)}{3} - \frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{1}{x}$	51

input

```
int(1/x^5/(x^6-x^3+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `(-x^3-1/4)/x^4+1/3*sum(_R*ln(-27*_R^5+6*_R^2+x),_R=RootOf(27*_Z^6-9*_Z^3+1))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(1-x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4x^4 \left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(-3\left(3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} - 1\right)\left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2x\right) + 4x^4 \left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(3\left(3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + 1\right)\left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2x\right)}{3}$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(4*x^4*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*log(-3*(3*sqrt(-1/3) - 1)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(2/3) + 2*x) + 4*x^4*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*log(3*(3*sqrt(-1/3) + 1)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(2/3) + 2*x) - 12*x^3 + 2*(sqrt(-3)*x^4 - x^4)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*log(3*(3*sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) - sqrt(-3) - 1)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(2/3) + 4*x) - 2*(sqrt(-3)*x^4 + x^4)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*log(-3*(3*sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) - sqrt(-3) + 1)*(1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(2/3) + 4*x) + 2*(sqrt(-3)*x^4 - x^4)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*log(-3*(3*sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) + sqrt(-3) + 1)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(2/3) + 4*x) - 2*(sqrt(-3)*x^4 + x^4)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(1/3)*log(3*(3*sqrt(-1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) + sqrt(-3) - 1)*(-1/6*sqrt(-1/3) + 1/6)^(2/3) + 4*x) - 3)/x^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(1-x^3+x^6)} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum}\left(19683t^6 - 243t^3 + 1, (t \mapsto t \log(-6561t^5 + 54t^2 + x))\right) + \frac{-4x^3 - 1}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate(1/x**5/(x**6-x**3+1),x)`

output `RootSum(19683*_t**6 - 243*_t**3 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-6561*_t**5 + 54*_t**2 + x))) + (-4*x**3 - 1)/(4*x**4)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^6-x^3+1)x^5} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(4*x^3 + 1)/x^4 - integrate(x^4/(x^6 - x^3 + 1), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 839 vs. $2(265) = 530$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 839, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(x^6-x^3+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/9*(2*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^5 - 20*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi)^2 + 10
*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi)^4 - 10*cos(4/9*pi)^4*sin(4/9*pi) + 20*cos
(4/9*pi)^2*sin(4/9*pi)^3 - 2*sin(4/9*pi)^5 + sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^2 - sqrt(
3)*sin(4/9*pi)^2 - 2*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)
*cos(4/9*pi) + 2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(4/9*pi))) + 1/9*(2*sqrt(3)*
cos(2/9*pi)^5 - 20*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^3*sin(2/9*pi)^2 + 10*sqrt(3)*cos(2/
9*pi)*sin(2/9*pi)^4 - 10*cos(2/9*pi)^4*sin(2/9*pi) + 20*cos(2/9*pi)^2*sin(
2/9*pi)^3 - 2*sin(2/9*pi)^5 + sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^2 - sqrt(3)*sin(2/9*pi)^
2 - 2*cos(2/9*pi)*sin(2/9*pi))*arctan(1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(2/9*pi) +
2*x)/((1/2*I*sqrt(3) + 1/2)*sin(2/9*pi))) - 1/9*(2*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^5 -
20*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^3*sin(1/9*pi)^2 + 10*sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)*sin(1/9*pi)
^4 + 10*cos(1/9*pi)^4*sin(1/9*pi) - 20*cos(1/9*pi)^2*sin(1/9*pi)^3 + 2*si
n(1/9*pi)^5 - sqrt(3)*cos(1/9*pi)^2 + sqrt(3)*sin(1/9*pi)^2 - 2*cos(1/9*pi)
*sin(1/9*pi))*arctan(-1/2*((-I*sqrt(3) - 1)*cos(1/9*pi) - 2*x)/((1/2*I*sq
rt(3) + 1/2)*sin(1/9*pi))) + 1/18*(10*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^4*sin(4/9*pi) -
20*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)^2*sin(4/9*pi)^3 + 2*sqrt(3)*sin(4/9*pi)^5 + 2*cos(
4/9*pi)^5 - 20*cos(4/9*pi)^3*sin(4/9*pi)^2 + 10*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi)^4
+ 2*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi)*sin(4/9*pi) + cos(4/9*pi)^2 - sin(4/9*pi)^2)*log((
-I*sqrt(3)*cos(4/9*pi) - cos(4/9*pi))*x + x^2 + 1) + 1/18*(10*sqrt(3)*cos(
2/9*pi)^4*sin(2/9*pi) - 20*sqrt(3)*cos(2/9*pi)^2*sin(2/9*pi)^3 + 2*sqrt...

```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{x^5(1-x^3+x^6)} dx \\
&= \frac{\ln\left(-x + \left(162x + \frac{27(36+\sqrt{3}12i)^{2/3}}{4}\right) \left(\frac{1}{162} + \frac{\sqrt{3}1i}{486}\right)\right) (36 + \sqrt{3}12i)^{1/3}}{18} \\
&+ \frac{\ln\left(-x - \left(162x + \frac{27(36-\sqrt{3}12i)^{2/3}}{4}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{162} + \frac{\sqrt{3}1i}{486}\right)\right) (36 - \sqrt{3}12i)^{1/3}}{18} - \frac{x^3 + \frac{1}{4}}{x^4} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x + \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{2/3} (3-\sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3}}{12} - \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{1/6} (3-\sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3} 1i}{4}\right) (3 - \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x + \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{2/3} (3+\sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3}}{12} + \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{1/6} (3+\sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3} 1i}{4}\right) (3 + \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{2/3} (3-\sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3}}{6}\right) (3 - \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} + 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36} \\
&- \frac{2^{2/3} \ln\left(x - \frac{2^{1/3} 3^{2/3} (3+\sqrt{3}1i)^{2/3}}{6}\right) (3 + \sqrt{3}1i)^{1/3} (3^{1/3} - 3^{5/6} 1i)}{36}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/(x^5*(x^6 - x^3 + 1)),x)`

output

```
(log((162*x + (27*(3^(1/2)*12i + 36)^(2/3))/4)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/486 + 1/162)
- x)*(3^(1/2)*12i + 36)^(1/3))/18 + (log(- x - (162*x + (27*(36 - 3^(1/2)*
12i)^(2/3))/4)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/486 - 1/162))*(36 - 3^(1/2)*12i)^(1/3))/18 -
(x^3 + 1/4)/x^4 - (2^(2/3)*log(x + (2^(1/3)*3^(2/3)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(2/3)
)/12 - (2^(1/3)*3^(1/6)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(2/3)*1i)/4)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(1/
3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x + (2^(1/3)*3^(2/3)*(3^(1/2)
*1i + 3)^(2/3))/12 + (2^(1/3)*3^(1/6)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(2/3)*1i)/4)*(3^(1/
2)*1i + 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(1/3)*3^(
2/3)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(2/3))/6)*(3 - 3^(1/2)*1i)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) + 3^(5/6)
*1i))/36 - (2^(2/3)*log(x - (2^(1/3)*3^(2/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(2/3))/6)*(3
^(1/2)*1i + 3)^(1/3)*(3^(1/3) - 3^(5/6)*1i))/36
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(1-x^3+x^6)} dx = \frac{-4 \left(\int \frac{x^4}{x^6-x^3+1} dx \right) x^4 - 4x^3 - 1}{4x^4}$$

input

```
int(1/x^5/(x^6-x^3+1),x)
```

output

```
( - 4*int(x**4/(x**6 - x**3 + 1),x)*x**4 - 4*x**3 - 1)/(4*x**4)
```

3.167 $\int \frac{1}{2+x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1526
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1527
Rubi [A] (verified)	1527
Maple [C] (verified)	1534
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1535
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1536
Maxima [F]	1536
Giac [F(-2)]	1537
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1537
Reduce [F]	1538

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 381

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{1}{2+x^3+x^6} dx = & \frac{i \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt{21} \left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{i \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt{21} \left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})\right)^{2/3}} \\
 & - \frac{i \log \left(\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{7}} + \sqrt[3]{2x} \right)}{3\sqrt{7} \left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})\right)^{2/3}} + \frac{i \log \left(\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{7}} + \sqrt[3]{2x} \right)}{3\sqrt{7} \left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})\right)^{2/3}} \\
 & + \frac{i \log \left((1-i\sqrt{7})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{7})x + 2^{2/3}x^2} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{7} (1-i\sqrt{7})^{2/3}} \\
 & - \frac{i \log \left((1+i\sqrt{7})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{7})x + 2^{2/3}x^2} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{7} (1+i\sqrt{7})^{2/3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/21*I*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x/(1/2-1/2*I*7^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*21^(1/2)/(1/2
-1/2*I*7^(1/2))^(2/3)-1/21*I*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x/(1/2+1/2*I*7^(1/2))^(1/3))*
3^(1/2))*21^(1/2)/(1/2+1/2*I*7^(1/2))^(2/3)-1/21*I*ln((1-I*7^(1/2))^(1/3)+
2^(1/3)*x)*7^(1/2)/(1/2-1/2*I*7^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/21*I*ln((1+I*7^(1/2))^(1/3)
+2^(1/3)*x)*7^(1/2)/(1/2+1/2*I*7^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/42*I*ln((1-I*7^(1/2))^(2/3)
)-(2-2*I*7^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3)*7^(1/2)/(1-I*7^(1/2))^(2/3)
-1/42*I*ln((1+I*7^(1/2))^(2/3)-(2+2*I*7^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3)
)*7^(1/2)/(1+I*7^(1/2))^(2/3)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

$$\int \frac{1}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum} \left[2 + \#1^3 + \#1^6 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)}{\#1^2 + 2\#1^5} \& \right]$$

input

```
Integrate[(2 + x^3 + x^6)^(-1),x]
```

output

```
RootSum[2 + #1^3 + #1^6 & , Log[x - #1]/(#1^2 + 2*#1^5) & ]/3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$, Rules used = {1685, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 + x^3 + 2} dx$$

↓ 1685

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{i \int \frac{1}{x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})} dx}{\sqrt{7}} - \frac{i \int \frac{1}{x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})} dx}{\sqrt{7}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 750 \\
 & \frac{i \left(\frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{7}-x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})} x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{7}} \\
 & \frac{i \left(\frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{7}-x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})} x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{7}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{i \left(\frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{7}-x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})} x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{2x} + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{7}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{7}} \\
 & \frac{i \left(\frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{7}-x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})} x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{2x} + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{7}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{7}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1142
 \end{aligned}$$

$$i \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}^{-2x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{7}}{i \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}^{-2x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right)}$$

25

$$i \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}^{-2x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{7}}{i \left(\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}^{-2x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right)}$$

1082

$$i \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})^{-2x}}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}\right)^2} d\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}\right)}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})\right)^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{2x} + \sqrt[3]{1 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})\right)^{2/3}} \right)$$

$$i \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})^{-2x}}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}\right)^2} d\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}\right)}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})\right)^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{2x} + \sqrt[3]{1 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}\right)}{3\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})\right)^{2/3}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{7}$

↓ 217

$$i \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}^{-2x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)^{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}}} + \frac{\log \left(\sqrt[3]{2x} + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{7}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}) \right)^{2/3}}}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}) \right)^{2/3}} \right)$$

$$i \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}^{-2x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)^{1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}}} + \frac{\log \left(\sqrt[3]{2x} + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{7}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}) \right)^{2/3}}}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}) \right)^{2/3}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{7}$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{i \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{\frac{2x}{1 + i\sqrt{7}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{7})}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(2^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2(1 + i\sqrt{7})} x + (1 + i\sqrt{7})^{2/3} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{7}) \right)^{2/3}} + \frac{\log \left(\sqrt[3]{2x} + \sqrt[3]{1 + i\sqrt{7}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{7}) \right)^{2/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{7}}$$

$$\frac{i \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{\frac{2x}{1 - i\sqrt{7}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{7})}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(2^{2/3} x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2(1 - i\sqrt{7})} x + (1 - i\sqrt{7})^{2/3} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{7}) \right)^{2/3}} + \frac{\log \left(\sqrt[3]{2x} + \sqrt[3]{1 - i\sqrt{7}} \right)}{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{7}) \right)^{2/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{7}}$$

input `Int[(2 + x^3 + x^6)^(-1),x]`

output `((-I)*(Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[7])^(1/3) + 2^(1/3)*x]/(3*((1 - I*Sqrt[7])/2)^(2/3)) + (-Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*x)/((1 - I*Sqrt[7])/2)^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]]) - Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[7])^(2/3) - (2*(1 - I*Sqrt[7]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/2)/(3*((1 - I*Sqrt[7])/2)^(2/3)))/Sqrt[7] + (I*(Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[7])^(1/3) + 2^(1/3)*x]/(3*((1 + I*Sqrt[7])/2)^(2/3)) + (-Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*x)/((1 + I*Sqrt[7])/2)^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]]) - Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[7])^(2/3) - (2*(1 + I*Sqrt[7]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/2)/(3*((1 + I*Sqrt[7])/2)^(2/3)))/Sqrt[7]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \& \& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])]$
- rule 750 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*S \text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \parallel \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$
- rule 1685 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^{(n_)}+(c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[c/q \text{ Int}[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] - \text{Simp}[c/q \text{ Int}[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(\sum_{_R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6+_Z^3+2)} \frac{\ln(x-_R)}{2_R^5+_R^2} \right)}{3}$	33
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{_R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6+_Z^3+2)} \frac{\ln(x-_R)}{2_R^5+_R^2} \right)}{3}$	33

input `int(1/(x^6+x^3+2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*sum(1/(2*_R^5+_R^2)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^6+_Z^3+2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{2+x^3+x^6} dx = \\
& -\frac{1}{12} \left(\frac{3}{7} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{7} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) \log \left(7 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}}(\sqrt{-3}+1) - \sqrt{-3}-1 \right) \left(\frac{3}{7} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{7} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 8x \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{12} \left(\frac{3}{7} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{7} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) \log \left(-7 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}}(\sqrt{-3}-1) - \sqrt{-3}+1 \right) \left(\frac{3}{7} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{7} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 8x \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{12} \left(-\frac{3}{7} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{7} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) \log \left(-7 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}}(\sqrt{-3}+1) + \sqrt{-3}+1 \right) \left(-\frac{3}{7} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{7} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 8x \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{12} \left(-\frac{3}{7} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{7} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) \log \left(7 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}}(\sqrt{-3}-1) + \sqrt{-3}-1 \right) \left(-\frac{3}{7} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{7} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 8x \right) + \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{7} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{7} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(-7 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - 1 \right) \left(\frac{3}{7} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{7} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 4x \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{3}{7} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{7} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(7 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} + 1 \right) \left(-\frac{3}{7} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{7} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 4x \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(x^6+x^3+2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/12*(3/7*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/7)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*log(7*(sqrt(-1/7)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) - sqrt(-3) - 1)*(3/7*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/7)^(1/3) + 8*x) + 1/12*(3/7*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/7)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*log(-7*(sqrt(-1/7)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) - sqrt(-3) + 1)*(3/7*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/7)^(1/3) + 8*x) - 1/12*(-3/7*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/7)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*log(-7*(sqrt(-1/7)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) + sqrt(-3) + 1)*(-3/7*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/7)^(1/3) + 8*x) + 1/12*(-3/7*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/7)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*log(7*(sqrt(-1/7)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) + sqrt(-3) - 1)*(-3/7*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/7)^(1/3) + 8*x) + 1/6*(3/7*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/7)^(1/3)*log(-7*(sqrt(-1/7) - 1)*(3/7*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/7)^(1/3) + 4*x) + 1/6*(-3/7*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/7)^(1/3)*log(7*(sqrt(-1/7) + 1)*(-3/7*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/7)^(1/3) + 4*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{1}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \text{RootSum}(1000188t^6 + 1323t^3 + 1, (t \mapsto t \log(-5292t^4 + 7t + x)))$$

input

```
integrate(1/(x**6+x**3+2),x)
```

output

```
RootSum(1000188*_t**6 + 1323*_t**3 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-5292*_t**4 + 7*_t + x)))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^6 + x^3 + 2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(x^6+x^3+2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/(x^6 + x^3 + 2), x)
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(x^6+x^3+2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:Invalid _EXT in replace_ext Error: Bad Argument Value in
tegrate(1/(sageVARx^6+sageVARx^3+2),sageVARx)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(x^3 + x^6 + 2),x)`

output

```
(log(x + (7^(1/3))*(- 7^(1/2)*3i - 7)^(1/3))/4 + (7^(5/6))*(- 7^(1/2)*3i - 7)^(1/3)*1i)/28)*(- 7^(1/2)*21i - 49)^(1/3))/42 + (log(x + (7^(1/3))*(7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(1/3))/4 - (7^(5/6))*(7^(1/2)*3i - 7)^(1/3)*1i)/28)*(7^(1/2)*21i - 49)^(1/3))/42 + (7^(1/3))*log(6*x + (7^(1/3))*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1)*(- 7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(1/3))*((7^(2/3))*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1)^2*(- 7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(2/3)*(3969*x + (567*7^(1/3))*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1)*(- 7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(1/3))/2)/7056 + 63)/84)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1)*(- 7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(1/3))/84 + (7^(1/3))*log(6*x + (7^(1/3))*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1)*(7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(1/3))*((7^(2/3))*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1)^2*(7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(2/3)*(3969*x + (567*7^(1/3))*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1)*(7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(1/3))/2)/7056 + 63)/84)*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1)*(7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(1/3))/84 - (7^(1/3))*log(6*x - (7^(1/3))*(3^(1/2)*1i + 1)*(- 7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(1/3))*((7^(2/3))*(3^(1/2)*1i + 1)^2*(- 7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(2/3)*(3969*x - (567*7^(1/3))*(3^(1/2)*1i + 1)*(- 7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(1/3))/2)/7056 + 63)/84)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 1)*(- 7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(1/3))/84 - (7^(1/3))*log(6*x - (7^(1/3))*(3^(1/2)*1i + 1)*(7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(1/3))*((7^(2/3))*(3^(1/2)*1i + 1)^2*(7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(2/3)*(3969*x - (567*7^(1/3))*(3^(1/2)*1i + 1)*(7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(1/3))/2)/7056 + 63)/84)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 1)*(7^(1/2))*3i - 7)^(1/3))/84
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^6 + x^3 + 2} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x^6+x^3+2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x**6 + x**3 + 2),x)
```

3.168 $\int \frac{x^2}{2+x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1539
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1539
Rubi [A] (verified)	1540
Maple [A] (verified)	1541
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1541
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1542
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1542
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1542
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1543
Reduce [F]	1543

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^2}{2+x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{1+2x^3}{\sqrt{7}}\right)}{3\sqrt{7}}$$

output `2/21*arctan(1/7*(2*x^3+1)*7^(1/2))*7^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{2+x^3+x^6} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{1+2x^3}{\sqrt{7}}\right)}{3\sqrt{7}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(2 + x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `(2*ArcTan[(1 + 2*x^3)/Sqrt[7]])/(3*Sqrt[7])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {1690, 1083, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{x^6 + x^3 + 2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1690} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^6 + x^3 + 2} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1083} \\ & -\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{-x^6 - 7} d(2x^3 + 1) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\ & \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{2x^3+1}{\sqrt{7}}\right)}{3\sqrt{7}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/(2 + x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `(2*ArcTan[(1 + 2*x^3)/Sqrt[7]])/(3*Sqrt[7])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] & & (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1690 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{(2x^3+1)\sqrt{7}}{7}\right)\sqrt{7}}{21}$	19
risch	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{(2x^3+1)\sqrt{7}}{7}\right)\sqrt{7}}{21}$	19

input `int(x^2/(x^6+x^3+2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/21*arctan(1/7*(2*x^3+1)*7^(1/2))*7^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^2}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{2}{21} \sqrt{7} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{7} \sqrt{7}(2x^3 + 1)\right)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(x^6+x^3+2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/21*sqrt(7)*arctan(1/7*sqrt(7)*(2*x^3 + 1))`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{7} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{7}x^3}{7} + \frac{\sqrt{7}}{7}\right)}{21}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(x**6+x**3+2),x)`output `2*sqrt(7)*atan(2*sqrt(7)*x**3/7 + sqrt(7)/7)/21`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^2}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{2}{21} \sqrt{7} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{7} \sqrt{7}(2x^3 + 1)\right)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(x^6+x^3+2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/21*sqrt(7)*arctan(1/7*sqrt(7)*(2*x^3 + 1))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^2}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{2}{21} \sqrt{7} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{7} \sqrt{7}(2x^3 + 1)\right)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(x^6+x^3+2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/21*sqrt(7)*arctan(1/7*sqrt(7)*(2*x^3 + 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^2}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{7} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{7}x^3}{7} + \frac{\sqrt{7}}{7}\right)}{21}$$

input `int(x^2/(x^3 + x^6 + 2),x)`

output `(2*7^(1/2)*atan(7^(1/2)/7 + (2*7^(1/2)*x^3)/7))/21`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{x^6 + x^3 + 2} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(x^6+x^3+2),x)`

output `int(x**2/(x**6 + x**3 + 2),x)`

3.169 $\int \frac{x^3}{2+x^3+x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1545
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1546
Rubi [A] (verified)	1546
Maple [C] (verified)	1552
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1553
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1554
Maxima [F]	1554
Giac [F(-2)]	1555
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1555
Reduce [F]	1556

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 399

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^3}{2+x^3+x^6} dx = & -\frac{i\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{21}} \\
& + \frac{i\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{21}} \\
& + \frac{(7+i\sqrt{7}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{7}} + \sqrt[3]{2x}\right)}{21\sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})^{2/3}} \\
& + \frac{(7-i\sqrt{7}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{7}} + \sqrt[3]{2x}\right)}{21\sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})^{2/3}} \\
& - \frac{(7+i\sqrt{7}) \log\left((1-i\sqrt{7})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{7})x + 2^{2/3}x^2}\right)}{42\sqrt[3]{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})^{2/3}} \\
& - \frac{(7-i\sqrt{7}) \log\left((1+i\sqrt{7})^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{7})x + 2^{2/3}x^2}\right)}{42\sqrt[3]{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})^{2/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/21*I*(1/2-1/2*I*7^(1/2))^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x/(1/2-1/2*I*7^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*21^(1/2)+1/21*I*(1/2+1/2*I*7^(1/2))^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x/(1/2+1/2*I*7^(1/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*21^(1/2)+1/42*(7+I*7^(1/2))*ln((1-I*7^(1/2))^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/(1-I*7^(1/2))^(2/3)+1/42*(7-I*7^(1/2))*ln((1+I*7^(1/2))^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*x)*2^(2/3)/(1+I*7^(1/2))^(2/3)-1/84*(7+I*7^(1/2))*ln((1-I*7^(1/2))^(2/3)-(2-2*I*7^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3)/(1-I*7^(1/2))^(2/3)-1/84*(7-I*7^(1/2))*ln((1+I*7^(1/2))^(2/3)-(2+2*I*7^(1/2))^(1/3)*x+2^(2/3)*x^2)*2^(2/3)/(1+I*7^(1/2))^(2/3)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

$$\int \frac{x^3}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{1}{3} \text{RootSum} \left[2 + \#1^3 + \#1^6 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)\#1}{1 + 2\#1^3} \& \right]$$

input `Integrate[x^3/(2 + x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `RootSum[2 + #1^3 + #1^6 & , (Log[x - #1]*#1)/(1 + 2*#1^3) &]/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {1710, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{x^6 + x^3 + 2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1710$$

$$\frac{1}{14} (7 + i\sqrt{7}) \int \frac{1}{x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{7})} dx + \frac{1}{14} (7 - i\sqrt{7}) \int \frac{1}{x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{7})} dx$$

$$\downarrow 750$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{14}(7+i\sqrt{7}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{7}-x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{14}(7-i\sqrt{7}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{7}-x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 16 \\
& \frac{1}{14}(7+i\sqrt{7}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{7}-x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{2x} + \sqrt[3]{1-i\sqrt{7}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{14}(7-i\sqrt{7}) \left(\frac{\int \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{7}-x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{2x} + \sqrt[3]{1+i\sqrt{7}}\right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1142
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{14}(7+i\sqrt{7}) \\ \frac{1}{14}(7-i\sqrt{7}) \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})x+(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})-2x}}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})x+(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \\ \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})x+(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})-2x}}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})x+(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \end{array}$$

↓ 25

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{14}(7+i\sqrt{7}) \\ \frac{1}{14}(7-i\sqrt{7}) \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})x+(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})-2x}}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})x+(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \\ \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})x+(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})-2x}}{x^2-\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})x+(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}}} dx}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \end{array}$$

↓ 1082

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{14}(7+i\sqrt{7}) \\ \frac{1}{14}(7-i\sqrt{7}) \end{array} \right\} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}^{-2x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}}\right)^{-3} \\ \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}^{-2x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}}\right)^2} d\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}}\right)^{-3} \end{array} \right)$$

↓ 217

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{14}(7+i\sqrt{7}) \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}^{-2x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}^{2x}}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}} \right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}})}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right)}{\frac{1}{14}(7-i\sqrt{7}) \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}^{-2x}}{x^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}x + (\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}^{2x}}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}} \right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}})}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right)} \right.$$

↓ 1103

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{14}(7+i\sqrt{7}) \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}^{2x}}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(2^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2(1-i\sqrt{7})}x + (1-i\sqrt{7})^{2/3} \right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}})}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right)}{\frac{1}{14}(7-i\sqrt{7}) \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{1 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}^{2x}}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(2^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{2(1+i\sqrt{7})}x + (1+i\sqrt{7})^{2/3} \right)}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{2x + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}})}{3(\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7}))^{2/3}} \right)} \right.$$

input `Int[x^3/(2 + x^3 + x^6),x]`

output `((7 + I*Sqrt[7])*(Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[7])^(1/3) + 2^(1/3)*x]/(3*((1 - I*Sqrt[7])/2)^(2/3)) + (-Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*x)/((1 - I*Sqrt[7])/2)^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]]) - Log[(1 - I*Sqrt[7])^(2/3) - (2*(1 - I*Sqrt[7]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/2)/(3*((1 - I*Sqrt[7])/2)^(2/3)))/14 + ((7 - I*Sqrt[7])*(Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[7])^(1/3) + 2^(1/3)*x]/(3*((1 + I*Sqrt[7])/2)^(2/3)) + (-Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*x)/((1 + I*Sqrt[7])/2)^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]]) - Log[(1 + I*Sqrt[7])^(2/3) - (2*(1 + I*Sqrt[7]))^(1/3)*x + 2^(2/3)*x^2]/2)/(3*((1 + I*Sqrt[7])/2)^(2/3)))/14`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 750 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[1/(Rt[a, 3] + Rt[b, 3]*x), x], x] + Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[(2*Rt[a, 3] - Rt[b, 3]*x)/(Rt[a, 3]^2 - Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3]*x + Rt[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1710 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d^n/2)*(b/q + 1) Int[(d*x)^(m - n)/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] - Simp[(d^n/2)*(b/q - 1) Int[(d*x)^(m - n)/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GeQ[m, n]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(\sum_{_R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6+_Z^3+2)} \frac{-R^3 \ln(x-_R)}{2_R^5+_R^2} \right)}{3}$	36
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{_R=\text{RootOf}(_Z^6+_Z^3+2)} \frac{-R^3 \ln(x-_R)}{2_R^5+_R^2} \right)}{3}$	36

input `int(x^3/(x^6+x^3+2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*sum(_R^3/(2*_R^5+_R^2)*ln(x-_R), _R=RootOf(_Z^6+_Z^3+2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^3}{2+x^3+x^6} dx \\
&= -\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{14} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{14} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) \log \left(-7 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} \left(\frac{1}{14} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{14} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 2x \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{1}{14} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{14} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) \log \left(7 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} \left(-\frac{1}{14} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{14} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}+1) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 2x \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{14} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{14} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) \log \left(7 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} \left(\frac{1}{14} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{14} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 2x \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{1}{14} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{14} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) \log \left(-7 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} \left(-\frac{1}{14} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{14} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{-3}-1) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 2x \right) + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{14} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{14} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(x + 7 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} \left(\frac{1}{14} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{14} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{14} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{14} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(x - 7 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} \left(-\frac{1}{14} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{7}} - \frac{1}{14} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(x^6+x^3+2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/6*(1/14*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/14)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*log(-7*sqrt(-1/7)*(1/14
*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/14)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) + 2*x) - 1/6*(-1/14*sqrt(-1/7) -
1/14)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*log(7*sqrt(-1/7)*(-1/14*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/14)^(1/3
)*(sqrt(-3) + 1) + 2*x) + 1/6*(1/14*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/14)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1
)*log(7*sqrt(-1/7)*(1/14*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/14)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) + 2*x) +
1/6*(-1/14*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/14)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*log(-7*sqrt(-1/7)*(-1/1
4*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/14)^(1/3)*(sqrt(-3) - 1) + 2*x) + 1/3*(1/14*sqrt(-1/7) -
1/14)^(1/3)*log(x + 7*sqrt(-1/7)*(1/14*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/14)^(1/3)) + 1/3*(-1
/14*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/14)^(1/3)*log(x - 7*sqrt(-1/7)*(-1/14*sqrt(-1/7) - 1/14
)^(1/3))
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{x^3}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \text{RootSum}(250047t^6 + 1323t^3 + 2, (t \mapsto t \log(7938t^4 + 21t + x)))$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(x**6+x**3+2),x)
```

output

```
RootSum(250047*_t**6 + 1323*_t**3 + 2, Lambda(_t, _t*log(7938*_t**4 + 21*_
t + x)))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{x^6 + x^3 + 2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(x^6+x^3+2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^3/(x^6 + x^3 + 2), x)
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(x^6+x^3+2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Invalid _EXT in replace_ext Error:
Bad Argument ValueDone`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^3}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \frac{\ln \left(x - \frac{2^{2/3} 7^{5/6} (-7 - \sqrt{7} \text{li})^{1/3}}{14} \right) (-196 - \sqrt{7} 28i)^{1/3}}{42}$$

$$+ \frac{2^{2/3} 7^{1/3} \ln \left(x + \frac{2^{2/3} 7^{5/6} (-7 + \sqrt{7} \text{li})^{1/3}}{14} \right) (-7 + \sqrt{7} \text{li})^{1/3}}{42}$$

$$- \frac{2^{2/3} 7^{1/3} \ln \left(x + \frac{2^{2/3} 7^{5/6} (-7 - \sqrt{7} \text{li})^{1/3}}{28} - \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} 7^{5/6} (-7 - \sqrt{7} \text{li})^{1/3}}{28} \right) (1 + \sqrt{3} \text{li}) (-7 - \sqrt{7} \text{li})^{1/3}}{84}$$

$$+ \frac{2^{2/3} 7^{1/3} \ln \left(x + \frac{2^{2/3} 7^{5/6} (-7 - \sqrt{7} \text{li})^{1/3}}{28} + \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} 7^{5/6} (-7 - \sqrt{7} \text{li})^{1/3}}{28} \right) (-1 + \sqrt{3} \text{li}) (-7 - \sqrt{7} \text{li})^{1/3}}{84}$$

$$+ \frac{2^{2/3} 7^{1/3} \ln \left(x - \frac{2^{2/3} 7^{5/6} (-7 + \sqrt{7} \text{li})^{1/3}}{28} - \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} 7^{5/6} (-7 + \sqrt{7} \text{li})^{1/3}}{28} \right) (-1 + \sqrt{3} \text{li}) (-7 + \sqrt{7} \text{li})^{1/3}}{84}$$

$$- \frac{2^{2/3} 7^{1/3} \ln \left(x - \frac{2^{2/3} 7^{5/6} (-7 + \sqrt{7} \text{li})^{1/3}}{28} + \frac{2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} 7^{5/6} (-7 + \sqrt{7} \text{li})^{1/3}}{28} \right) (1 + \sqrt{3} \text{li}) (-7 + \sqrt{7} \text{li})^{1/3}}{84}$$

input `int(x^3/(x^3 + x^6 + 2),x)`

output $(\log(x - (2^{2/3})7^{5/6})(-7^{1/2})1i - 7^{1/3})1i)/14)(-7^{1/2})28i - 196)^{1/3})/42 + (2^{2/3})7^{1/3})\log(x + (2^{2/3})7^{5/6})(7^{1/2})1i - 7^{1/3})1i)/14)(7^{1/2})1i - 7^{1/3})/42 - (2^{2/3})7^{1/3})\log(x + (2^{2/3})7^{5/6})(-7^{1/2})1i - 7^{1/3})1i)/28 - (2^{2/3})3^{1/2})7^{5/6})(-7^{1/2})1i - 7^{1/3})/28)(3^{1/2})1i + 1)(-7^{1/2})1i - 7^{1/3})/84 + (2^{2/3})7^{1/3})\log(x + (2^{2/3})7^{5/6})(-7^{1/2})1i - 7^{1/3})1i)/28 + (2^{2/3})3^{1/2})7^{5/6})(-7^{1/2})1i - 7^{1/3})/28)(3^{1/2})1i - 1)(-7^{1/2})1i - 7^{1/3})/84 + (2^{2/3})7^{1/3})\log(x - (2^{2/3})7^{5/6})(7^{1/2})1i - 7^{1/3})1i)/28 - (2^{2/3})3^{1/2})7^{5/6})(7^{1/2})1i - 7^{1/3})/28)(3^{1/2})1i - 1)(7^{1/2})1i - 7^{1/3})/84 - (2^{2/3})7^{1/3})\log(x - (2^{2/3})7^{5/6})(7^{1/2})1i - 7^{1/3})1i)/28 + (2^{2/3})3^{1/2})7^{5/6})(7^{1/2})1i - 7^{1/3})/28)(3^{1/2})1i + 1)(7^{1/2})1i - 7^{1/3})/84$

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{2 + x^3 + x^6} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{x^6 + x^3 + 2} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(x^6+x^3+2),x)`

output `int(x**3/(x**6 + x**3 + 2),x)`

3.170 $\int x^{14} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1557
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1558
Rubi [A] (verified)	1558
Maple [F]	1562
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1562
Sympy [F]	1563
Maxima [F(-2)]	1563
Giac [F]	1563
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1564
Reduce [F]	1565

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 231

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{14} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx \\
 &= \frac{(21b^4 - 56ab^2c + 16a^2c^2)(b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{1536c^5} - \frac{bx^6(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{20c^2} \\
 &+ \frac{x^9(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{18c} - \frac{(7b(15b^2 - 28ac) - 6c(21b^2 - 20ac)x^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{2880c^4} \\
 &- \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)(21b^4 - 56ab^2c + 16a^2c^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{3072c^{11/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/1536*(16*a^2*c^2-56*a*b^2*c+21*b^4)*(2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c^
5-1/20*b*x^6*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/c^2+1/18*x^9*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/c-1/
2880*(7*b*(-28*a*c+15*b^2)-6*c*(-20*a*c+21*b^2)*x^3)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)
/c^4-1/3072*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(16*a^2*c^2-56*a*b^2*c+21*b^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x
^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(11/2)

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{14} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(315b^5 - 210b^4cx^3 + 16b^2c^2x^3(56a - 9cx^6) + 168b^3c(-10a + cx^6) + 16bc^2(113a^2 - 34a$$

input `Integrate[x^14*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output $(2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(315b^5 - 210b^4cx^3 + 16b^2c^2x^3(56a - 9cx^6) + 168b^3c(-10a + cx^6) + 16bc^2(113a^2 - 34a$
 $*cx^6 + 8c^2x^{12}) + 160c^3x^3(-3a^2 + 2acx^6 + 8c^2x^{12})) + 15$
 $*(21b^6 - 140ab^4c + 240a^2b^2c^2 - 64a^3c^3)*\text{Log}[b + 2cx^3 - 2$
 $*\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}]/(46080c^{11/2}))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$, Rules used = {1693, 1166, 27, 1236, 27, 1225, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{14} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int x^{12} \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + adx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1166$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{3}{2}x^6(3bx^3 + 2a) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + adx^3}}{6c} + \frac{x^9(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{6c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{6c} - \frac{\int x^6(3bx^3+2a)\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+adx^3}}{4c} \right)$$

↓ 1236

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{6c} - \frac{\int -\frac{1}{2}x^3((21b^2-20ac)x^3+12ab)\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+adx^3}}{5c} + \frac{3bx^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5c} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{6c} - \frac{3bx^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{\int x^3((21b^2-20ac)x^3+12ab)\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+adx^3}}{10c} \right)$$

↓ 1225

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{6c} - \frac{3bx^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{\frac{5(16a^2c^2-56ab^2c+21b^4)}{16c^2} \int \sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+adx^3} - \frac{(7b(15b^2-28ac)-6cx^3(21b^2-20ac))(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{24c^2}}{4c} \right)$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{6c} - \frac{3bx^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{\frac{5(16a^2c^2-56ab^2c+21b^4)}{16c^2} \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3 \right)}{4c} \right)$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{6c} - \frac{3bx^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{\frac{5(16a^2c^2-56ab^2c+21b^4)}{16c^2} \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c-x^6} d \frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}}{4c} \right)}{4c} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{6c} - \frac{3bx^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{5(16a^2c^2-56ab^2c+21b^4) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right)}{16c^2} \right) \frac{10c}{4c}$$

input `Int[x^14*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output `((x^9*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(6*c) - ((3*b*x^6*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(5*c) - (-1/24*((7*b*(15*b^2 - 28*a*c) - 6*c*(21*b^2 - 20*a*c)*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/c^2 + (5*(21*b^4 - 56*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*((b + 2*c*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(4*c) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(8*c^(3/2))))/(16*c^2))/(10*c))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1166 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1225 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1236 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[m*(c*d*f - a*e*g) + d*(2*c*f - b*g)*(p + 1) + (m*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^{14} \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `int(x^14*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^14*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 451, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int x^{14} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{15(21b^6 - 140ab^4c + 240a^2b^2c^2 - 64a^3c^3)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 - 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 -$$

input `integrate(x^14*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/92160*(15*(21*b^6 - 140*a*b^4*c + 240*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 4*(1280*c^6*x^15 + 128*b*c^5*x^12 - 16*(9*b^2*c^4 - 20*a*c^5)*x^9 + 8*(21*b^3*c^3 - 68*a*b*c^4)*x^6 + 315*b^5*c - 1680*a*b^3*c^2 + 1808*a^2*b*c^3 - 2*(105*b^4*c^2 - 448*a*b^2*c^3 + 240*a^2*c^4)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^6, 1/46080*(15*(21*b^6 - 140*a*b^4*c + 240*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 2*(1280*c^6*x^15 + 128*b*c^5*x^12 - 16*(9*b^2*c^4 - 20*a*c^5)*x^9 + 8*(21*b^3*c^3 - 68*a*b*c^4)*x^6 + 315*b^5*c - 1680*a*b^3*c^2 + 1808*a^2*b*c^3 - 2*(105*b^4*c^2 - 448*a*b^2*c^3 + 240*a^2*c^4)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^6]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{14} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int x^{14} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

input `integrate(x**14*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**14*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{14} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^14*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{14} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^{14}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^14*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^14, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 543, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int x^{14} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{x^9 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{18c}$$

$$b \left(\frac{x^6 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{5c} + \frac{7b \left(\frac{a \left(\left(\frac{b}{4c} + \frac{x^3}{2} \right) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{\ln \left(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)}{2c^{3/2}} \right)}{4c} - \frac{x^3 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{4c} + \frac{5b \left(\frac{8c \left(cx^6 + bx^3 + a \right) - 3b^2 + 2bcx^3}{24c^2} \right)}{10c} \right)}{10c} \right)$$

$$a \left(\frac{a \left(\left(\frac{b}{4c} + \frac{x^3}{2} \right) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{\ln \left(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)}{2c^{3/2}} \right)}{4c} - \frac{x^3 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{4c} + \frac{5b \left(\frac{8c \left(cx^6 + a \right) - 3b^2 + 2bcx^3}{24c^2} \right)}{6c} \right)$$

input `int(x^14*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(x^9*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(18*c) - (b*((x^6*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)))/(5*c) + (7*b*((a*((b/(4*c) + x^3/2)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (log((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b/2 + c*x^3)/c^(1/2))*(a*c - b^2/4)))/(2*c^(3/2)))))/(4*c) - (x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(4*c) + (5*b*(((8*c*(a + c*x^6) - 3*b^2 + 2*b*c*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2))/(24*c^2) + (log(2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b + 2*c*x^3)/c^(1/2))*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c))/(16*c^(5/2)))))/(8*c)))/(10*c) - (2*a*(((8*c*(a + c*x^6) - 3*b^2 + 2*b*c*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2))/(24*c^2) + (log(2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b + 2*c*x^3)/c^(1/2))*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c))/(16*c^(5/2)))))/(5*c)))/(4*c) + (a*((a*((b/(4*c) + x^3/2)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (log((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b/2 + c*x^3)/c^(1/2))*(a*c - b^2/4)))/(2*c^(3/2)))))/(4*c) - (x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(4*c) + (5*b*(((8*c*(a + c*x^6) - 3*b^2 + 2*b*c*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2))/(24*c^2) + (log(2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b + 2*c*x^3)/c^(1/2))*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c))/(16*c^(5/2)))))/(8*c)))/(6*c)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{14} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(x^14*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 1920*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*c**4 + 10816*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x
**6)*a**2*b**2*c**3 - 960*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b*c**4*x**3 - 756
0*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**4*c**2 + 1792*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a
*b**3*c**3*x**3 - 1088*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**2*c**4*x**6 + 640*sq
rt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b*c**5*x**9 + 1260*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**
6*c - 420*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**5*c**2*x**3 + 336*sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6)*b**4*c**3*x**6 - 288*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**3*c**4*x**9 + 2
56*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*c**5*x**12 + 2560*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x*
*6)*b*c**6*x**15 - 960*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**
3)*a**3*b*c**3 + 3600*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3
)*a**2*b**3*c**2 - 2100*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x*
*3)*a*b**5*c + 315*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b
**7 + 960*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**3*b*c**
3 - 3600*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b**3*c
**2 + 2100*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**5*c
- 315*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**7 + 5760*in
t((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x*
*6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**3*b*c**5 - 21600*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)
/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**2*b**3*c**4 +
12600*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6...
```

3.171 $\int x^{11} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1567
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1568
Rubi [A] (verified)	1568
Maple [F]	1571
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1571
Sympy [F]	1572
Maxima [F(-2)]	1572
Giac [F]	1573
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1573
Reduce [F]	1574

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int x^{11} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = -\frac{b(7b^2 - 12ac)(b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{384c^4} + \frac{x^6(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{15c} + \frac{(35b^2 - 32ac - 42bcx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{720c^3} + \frac{b(7b^2 - 12ac)(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{768c^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/384*b*(-12*a*c+7*b^2)*(2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c^4+1/15*x^6*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/c+1/720*(-42*b*c*x^3-32*a*c+35*b^2)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/c^3+1/768*b*(-12*a*c+7*b^2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2))/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^{11} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(-105b^4 + 70b^3cx^3 + 4b^2c(115a - 14cx^6) + 8bc^2x^3(-29a + 6cx^6) + 128c^2(-2a^2 + acx^6) + 5760c^4)}{768c^{9/2}} - \frac{(7b^5 - 40ab^3c + 48a^2bc^2) \log(c^4(b + 2cx^3 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}))}{768c^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^11*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(-105*b^4 + 70*b^3*c*x^3 + 4*b^2*c*(115*a - 14*c*x^6) + 8*b*c^2*x^3*(-29*a + 6*c*x^6) + 128*c^2*(-2*a^2 + a*c*x^6 + 3*c^2*x^12)))/(5760*c^4) - ((7*b^5 - 40*a*b^3*c + 48*a^2*b*c^2)*Log[c^4*(b + 2*c*x^3 - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]))]/(768*c^(9/2)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {1693, 1166, 27, 1225, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{11} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int x^9 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + adx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1166$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{1}{2}x^3(7bx^3 + 4a) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + adx^3}}{5c} + \frac{x^6(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{5c} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{\int x^3(7bx^3+4a)\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+adx^3}}{10c} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1225 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{5b(7b^2-12ac)\int\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+adx^3}}{16c^2} - \frac{(-32ac+35b^2-42bcx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{24c^2} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{5b(7b^2-12ac)\left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}dx^3}{8c}\right)}{16c^2} - \frac{(-32ac+35b^2-42bcx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{24c^2} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{5b(7b^2-12ac)\left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac)\int\frac{1}{4c-x^6}d\frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}}{4c}\right)}{16c^2} - \frac{(-32ac+35b^2-42bcx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{24c^2} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{5b(7b^2-12ac)\left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}}\right)}{16c^2} - \frac{(-32ac+35b^2-42bcx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{24c^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x^11*sqrt [a + b*x^3 + c*x^6] ,x]`

output

$$\frac{((x^6(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2})/(5c) - (-1/24*((35b^2 - 32ac - 42b^2c^2)x^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2})/c^2 + (5b(7b^2 - 12ac)((b + 2cx^3)^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})/(4c) - ((b^2 - 4ac)\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2cx^3)/(2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}]])/(8c^{3/2}))/((16c^2)/(10c))}{3}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2]*\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \operatorname{||} \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1087

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(b + 2cx) * ((a + bx + cx^2)^p / (2c(2p + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[p * ((b^2 - 4ac) / (2c(2p + 1))) \operatorname{Int}[(a + bx + cx^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[4p] \operatorname{||} \operatorname{IntegerQ}[3p])$$

rule 1092

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(4c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2cx)/\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1166

$$\operatorname{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{m_} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[e * (d + ex)^{m-1} * ((a + bx + cx^2)^{p+1} / (c(m + 2p + 1))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1 / (c(m + 2p + 1)) \operatorname{Int}[(d + ex)^{m-2} * \operatorname{Simp}[c * d^{2(m + 2p + 1) - e * (a * e * (m - 1) + b * d * (p + 1)) + e * (2 * c * d - b * e) * (m + p) * x], x] * (a + bx + cx^2)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{If}[\operatorname{RationalQ}[m], \operatorname{GtQ}[m, 1], \operatorname{SumSimplerQ}[m, -2]] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[m + 2p + 1, 0] \&\& \operatorname{IntQuadraticQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]$$

rule 1225

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^{11} \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `int(x^11*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^11*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int x^{11} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{15(7b^5 - 40ab^3c + 48a^2bc^2)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 - 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{c} - 4ac) + 15(7b^5 - 40ab^3c + 48a^2bc^2)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{-c}}{2(c^2x^6 + bcx^3 + ac)}\right) - 2(384c^5x^{12} + 48bc^4x^9 - 8(7b^2c^5 - 11520c^5))}{11520c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/23040*(15*(7*b^5 - 40*a*b^3*c + 48*a^2*b*c^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 -
8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c)
+ 4*(384*c^5*x^12 + 48*b*c^4*x^9 - 8*(7*b^2*c^3 - 16*a*c^4)*x^6 - 105*b^4
*c + 460*a*b^2*c^2 - 256*a^2*c^3 + 2*(35*b^3*c^2 - 116*a*b*c^3)*x^3)*sqrt(
c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^5, -1/11520*(15*(7*b^5 - 40*a*b^3*c + 48*a^2*b*c^2)*
sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^
6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) - 2*(384*c^5*x^12 + 48*b*c^4*x^9 - 8*(7*b^2*c^3 - 16*a
*c^4)*x^6 - 105*b^4*c + 460*a*b^2*c^2 - 256*a^2*c^3 + 2*(35*b^3*c^2 - 116*
a*b*c^3)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^5]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{11} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int x^{11} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**11*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**11*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{11} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^11*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{11} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^{11}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^11*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^11, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int x^{11} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{x^6 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{15c} + \frac{7b \left(a \left(\frac{b}{4c} + \frac{x^3}{2} \right) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{\ln \left(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{cx^3 + \frac{b}{2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)}{2c^{3/2}} \right)}{4c} - \frac{x^3 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{4c} + \frac{5b \left(\frac{8c(cx^6 + a) - 3b^2 + 2bcx^3}{24c^2} \right)}{24c^2} + \frac{30c}{15c} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{8c(cx^6 + a) - 3b^2 + 2bcx^3}{24c^2} \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{\ln \left(2\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{c}} \right) (b^3 - 4abc)}{16c^{5/2}} \right)}{15c}$$

input `int(x^11*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x^6*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(15*c) + (7*b*((a*((b/(4*c) + x^3/2)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (log((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b/2 + c*x^3)/c^(1/2)))*(a*c - b^2/4))/(2*c^(3/2))))/(4*c) - (x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(4*c) + (5*b*((8*c*(a + c*x^6) - 3*b^2 + 2*b*c*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2))/(24*c^2) + (log(2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b + 2*c*x^3)/c^(1/2)))*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c))/(16*c^(5/2)))/(8*c))/(30*c) - (2*a*((8*c*(a + c*x^6) - 3*b^2 + 2*b*c*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2))/(24*c^2) + (log(2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b + 2*c*x^3)/c^(1/2)))*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c))/(16*c^(5/2)))/(15*c)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{11} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^11*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 1952*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*c**3 + 2120*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**2*c**2 - 464*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b*c**3*x**3 + 256*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*c**4*x**6 - 420*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**4*c + 140*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**3*c**2*x**3 - 112*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*c**3*x**6 + 96*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c**4*x**9 + 768*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*c**5*x**12 - 720*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b*c**2 + 600*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**3*c - 105*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**5 + 720*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b*c**2 - 600*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**3*c + 105*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**5 + 4320*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**2*b*c**4 - 3600*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*b**3*c**3 + 630*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*b**5*c**2 + 4320*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**3*c**4 - 1440*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**2*b**2*c**3 - 1170*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a...
```

3.172 $\int x^8 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1575
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1575
Rubi [A] (verified)	1576
Maple [F]	1579
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1579
Sympy [F]	1580
Maxima [F(-2)]	1580
Giac [F]	1580
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1581
Reduce [F]	1581

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{(5b^2 - 4ac)(b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{192c^3} - \frac{5b(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{72c^2} + \frac{x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{12c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)(5b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{384c^{7/2}}$$

output

```
1/192*(-4*a*c+5*b^2)*(2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c^3-5/72*b*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/c^2+1/12*x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/c-1/384*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(-4*a*c+5*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(15b^3 - 52abc - 10b^2cx^3 + 24ac^2x^3 + 8bc^2x^6 + 48c^3x^9)}{576c^3} + \frac{(5b^4 - 24ab^2c + 16a^2c^2) \log(b + 2cx^3 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})}{384c^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^8*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(15*b^3 - 52*a*b*c - 10*b^2*c*x^3 + 24*a*c^2*x^3 + 8*b*c^2*x^6 + 48*c^3*x^9))/(576*c^3) + ((5*b^4 - 24*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*\text{Log}[b + 2*c*x^3 - 2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/(384*c^{(7/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {1693, 1166, 27, 1160, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^8 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int x^6 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + adx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1166 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{1}{2}(5bx^3 + 2a) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + adx^3}}{4c} + \frac{x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{4c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{\int (5bx^3 + 2a) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + adx^3}}{8c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{5b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(5b^2-4ac) \int \sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+adx^3}}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{5b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(5b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8c} \right)}{8c} \right)$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{5b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(5b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c-x^6} d\frac{2cx^3+b}{4c}}{4c} \right)}{8c} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{5b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(5b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right)}{8c} \right)$$

input

```
Int[x^8*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]
```

output

```
((x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(4*c) - ((5*b*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(3*c) - ((5*b^2 - 4*a*c)*(((b + 2*c*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(4*c) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(8*c^(3/2))))/(2*c))/(8*c))/3
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 1087 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x) * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p / (2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c) / (2*c*(2*p + 1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$
- rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1160 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)} / (2*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e) / (2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 1166 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)} / (c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 2)}*\text{Simp}[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x] * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[m], \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1], \ \text{SumSimplerQ}[m, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]$

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p_.), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input

```
int(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(5b^4 - 24ab^2c + 16a^2c^2)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 + 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{c} - 4ac) + 4}{2304c^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2304*(3*(5*b^4 - 24*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*
c*x^3 - b^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4
*(48*c^4*x^9 + 8*b*c^3*x^6 + 15*b^3*c - 52*a*b*c^2 - 2*(5*b^2*c^2 - 12*a*c
^3)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^4, 1/1152*(3*(5*b^4 - 24*a*b^2*c + 16*
a^2*c^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c
)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 2*(48*c^4*x^9 + 8*b*c^3*x^6 + 15*b^3*c - 52
*a*b*c^2 - 2*(5*b^2*c^2 - 12*a*c^3)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^4]
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int x^8 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

input `integrate(x**8*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**8*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^8} dx$$

input `integrate(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^8, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^3 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{12c}$$

$$+ \frac{a \left(\left(\frac{b}{4c} + \frac{x^3}{2} \right) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{\ln \left(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{cx^3 + \frac{b}{2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) (ac - \frac{b^2}{4})}{2c^{3/2}} \right)}{12c}$$

$$- \frac{5b \left(\frac{(8c(cx^6 + a) - 3b^2 + 2bcx^3) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{24c^2} + \frac{\ln \left(2\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{c}} \right) (b^3 - 4abc)}{16c^{5/2}} \right)}{24c}$$

input `int(x^8*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`output
$$\frac{(x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2})/(12c) - (a((b/(4c) + x^3/2)*(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{1/2} + (\log((a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{1/2} + (b/2 + cx^3)/c^{1/2}))* (ac - b^2/4))/(2c^{3/2})))/(12c) - (5*b*((8*c*(a + cx^6) - 3*b^2 + 2*b*c*x^3)*(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{1/2})/(24*c^2) + (\log(2*(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{1/2} + (b + 2*c*x^3)/c^{1/2})*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c))/(16*c^{5/2})))/(24*c)}$$
Reduce [F]

$$\int x^8 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{96\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}a^2c^3 - 248\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}ab^2c^2 + 48\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}abc^3x^3 + 60\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{24c}$$

input `int(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```

(96*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*c**3 - 248*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*
b**2*c**2 + 48*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b*c**3*x**3 + 60*sqrt(a + b*x**
3 + c*x**6)*b**4*c - 20*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 16*sqrt
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*c**3*x**6 + 96*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c**4
*x**9 + 48*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b*c*
*2 - 72*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**3*c + 1
5*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**5 - 48*sqrt(c)*
log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b*c**2 + 72*sqrt(c)*log
(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**3*c - 15*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(
a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**5 - 288*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x
**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**2*b
*c**4 + 432*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*
x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*b**3*c**3 - 90*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*
x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*b**5*
c**2 - 288*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x
**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**3*c**4 + 288*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x*
*6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**2*b*
*2*c**3 + 126*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*
c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*b**4*c**2 - 45*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*...

```

3.173 $\int x^5 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1583
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1583
Rubi [A] (verified)	1584
Maple [F]	1586
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1586
Sympy [F]	1587
Maxima [F(-2)]	1587
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1587
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1588
Reduce [F]	1588

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = -\frac{b(b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{24c^2} + \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{9c} + \frac{b(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{48c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/24*b*(2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c^2+1/9*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/c+
1/48*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))
/c^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(-3b^2 + 2bcx^3 + 8c(a + cx^6))}{72c^2} - \frac{(b^3 - 4abc) \log(c^2(b + 2cx^3 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}))}{48c^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(-3*b^2 + 2*b*c*x^3 + 8*c*(a + c*x^6)))/(72*c^2) - ((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*\text{Log}[c^2*(b + 2*c*x^3 - 2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(48*c^(5/2))}{1}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1693, 1160, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^3} dx}{2c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1092$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c-x^6} d \frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}}{4c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

input `Int[x^5*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output `((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/(3*c) - (b*((b + 2*c*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(4*c) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(8*c^(3/2))))/(2*c))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input

```
int(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(b^3 - 4abc)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 + 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{c} - 4ac) - 4(8c^3x^6 + 2bc^2x^3 - 3b^2c + 8ac^2)\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{288c^3} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(b^3 - 4abc)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{-c}}{2(c^2x^6 + bcx^3 + ac)}\right) - 2(8c^3x^6 + 2bc^2x^3 - 3b^2c + 8ac^2)\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{144c^3} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/288*(3*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 + 4*sq
rt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 4*(8*c^3*x^6 + 2*b*
c^2*x^3 - 3*b^2*c + 8*a*c^2)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^3, -1/144*(3*(b^3
- 4*a*b*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(
-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) - 2*(8*c^3*x^6 + 2*b*c^2*x^3 - 3*b^2*c + 8*
a*c^2)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^3]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int x^5 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{1}{72} \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} \left(2 \left(4x^3 + \frac{b}{c} \right) x^3 - \frac{3b^2 - 8ac}{c^2} \right) - \frac{(b^3 - 4abc) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx^3} - \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{48c^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{72}\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2(4x^3 + b/c)x^3 - (3b^2 - 8ac)/c^2) - \frac{1}{48}(b^3 - 4abc)\log(\text{abs}(2(\sqrt{c}x^3 - \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}))\sqrt{c} + b)/c^{5/2}$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{(8c(cx^6 + a) - 3b^2 + 2bcx^3) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{72c^2} + \frac{\ln\left(2\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{c}}\right) (b^3 - 4abc)}{48c^{5/2}}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x^5*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2), x)$$

output

$$\frac{((8c*(a + cx^6) - 3b^2 + 2b*cx^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2))/(72*c^2) + (\log(2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b + 2*c*x^3)/c^(1/2)))*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c))/(48*c^(5/2))$$
Reduce [F]

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{40\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}ac^2 - 12\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}b^2c + 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}bc^2x^3 + 16\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}c^3x^6 + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2), x)$$

output

```

(40*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*c**2 - 12*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*c
+ 4*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c**2*x**3 + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*
c**3*x**6 + 12*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b*c
- 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**3 - 12*sqrt(
c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b*c + 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**3 - 72*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*
x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*b*c
**3 + 18*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**
6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*b**3*c**2 - 72*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**2*c**3
- 18*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 +
b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*b**2*c**2 + 9*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x*
*5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*b**4*c)/(144*
c**3)

```

3.174 $\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1590
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1590
Rubi [A] (verified)	1591
Maple [F]	1592
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1593
Sympy [F]	1593
Maxima [F(-2)]	1594
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1594
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1595
Reduce [F]	1595

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{(b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{12c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{24c^{3/2}}$$

output $1/12*(2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(1/2)}/c-1/24*(-4*a*c+b^2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^{(1/2)}/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(1/2)})/c^{(3/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{(b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{12c} + \frac{(-b^2 + 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3}}{-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{12c^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output

$$\frac{(b + 2cx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{12c} + \frac{(-b^2 + 4ac)\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c}x^3}{-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}\right]}{12c^{3/2}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1690, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1690 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{8c} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c - x^6} d \frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}}{4c} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 219 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((b + 2cx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})/(4c) - ((b^2 - 4ac)\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2cx^3)/(2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}]))/(8c^{3/2})}{3}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1690 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 - 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{c} - 4ac) - 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{48c^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/48*((b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c^2*x^3 + b*c))/c^2, 1/24*((b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c^2*x^3 + b*c))/c^2]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} \left(2x^3 + \frac{b}{c} \right) + \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \log \left(\left| 2 \left(\sqrt{cx^3} - \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} \right) \sqrt{c} + b \right| \right)}{24 c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*x^3 + b/c) + 1/24*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x^3 - sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{b}{4c} + \frac{x^3}{2}\right) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{3} + \frac{\ln\left(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{cx^3 + \frac{b}{2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4}\right)}{6c^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`output `((b/(4*c) + x^3/2)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2))/3 + (log((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b/2 + c*x^3)/c^(1/2))*(a*c - b^2/4))/(6*c^(3/2))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-8\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}ac^2 + 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}b^2c + 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}bc^2x^3 - 4\sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{cx^3 + \frac{b}{2}}{\sqrt{c}})}{6c^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 8*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*c**2 + 4*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*
c + 4*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c**2*x**3 - 4*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**
3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b*c + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
- sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**3 + 4*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x
**3)*a*b*c - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**3 +
24*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b*
*2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*b*c**3 - 6*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(
a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*b**3*c**2 + 24*int
((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**
6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**2*c**3 + 6*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2
+ 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*b**2*c**2 - 3*int((sq
rt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 +
b*c*x**9),x)*b**4*c)/(24*b*c**2)
```

3.175 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1597
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1597
Rubi [A] (verified)	1598
Maple [F]	1600
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1601
Sympy [F]	1601
Maxima [F(-2)]	1602
Giac [F]	1602
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1603
Reduce [F]	1603

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right) + \frac{b\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
1/3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)-1/3*a^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))+1/6*b*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{6}\left(2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} + 4\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x^3 - \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{b\log(b+2cx^3 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6})}{\sqrt{c}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x,x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6] + 4*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x^3 - Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/Sqrt[a]] - (b*Log[b + 2*c*x^3 - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/Sqrt[c])/6`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {1693, 1162, 25, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^3} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1162 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{bx^3 + 2a}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{bx^3 + 2a}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 + \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 + 2a \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 \right) + \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(2b \int \frac{1}{4c - x^6} d\frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} + 2a \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 \right) + \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(2a \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh} \left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \right)$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{barctanh} \left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 4a \int \frac{1}{4a - x^6} d \frac{bx^3 + 2a}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} \right) + \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{barctanh} \left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{2a + bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right) \right) + \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6] + (-2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]]) + (b*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/Sqrt[c])/2)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1162 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[m] || LtQ[m, 1]) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x} dx$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 566, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{b\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 - 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{c} - 4ac) + 2\sqrt{ac} \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6+8abc}{12c}\right)}{6c} - \frac{b\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(2cx^3+b)\sqrt{-c}}{2(c^2x^6+bcx^3+ac)}\right) - \sqrt{ac} \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6+8abc-4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{a+8a^2}}{x^6}\right) - 2\sqrt{ac}}{6c}$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(b*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 2*sqrt(a)*c*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*c)/c, -1/6*(b*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) - sqrt(a)*c*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) - 2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*c)/c, 1/12*(4*sqrt(-a)*c*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + b*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*c)/c, 1/6*(2*sqrt(-a)*c*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) - b*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*c)/c]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/x, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/x, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \ln\left(\frac{b}{2} + \frac{a}{x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^3}\right)}{3} + \frac{b \ln\left(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{cx^3 + \frac{b}{2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{6\sqrt{c}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/3 - (a^(1/2)*log(b/2 + a/x^3 + (a^(1/2)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2))/x^3))/3 + (b*log((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b/2 + c*x^3)/c^(1/2)))/(6*c^(1/2))`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x,x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*c + 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*c**2 + 2*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*b**2*c - 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a*c**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*b**2*c - 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b*c - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**3 + 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b*c + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**3 + 54*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**11)/(3*a**3*b*c + 3*a**3*c**2*x**3 + a**2*b**3 + 7*a**2*b**2*c*x**3 + 9*a**2*b*c**2*x**6 + 3*a**2*c**3*x**9 + 2*a*b**4*x**3 + 6*a*b**3*c*x**6 + 7*a*b**2*c**2*x**9 + 3*a*b*c**3*x**12 + b**5*x**6 + 2*b**4*c*x**9 + b**3*c**2*x**12),x)*a**2*b*c**5 + 18*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**11)/(3*a**3*b*c + 3*a**3*c**2*x**3 + a**2*b**3 + 7*a**2*b**2*c*x**3 + 9*a**2*b*c**2*x**6 + 3*a**2*c**3*x**9 + 2*a*b**4*x**3 + 6*a*b**3*c*x**6 + 7*a*b**2*c**2*x**9 + 3*a*b*c**3*x**12 + b**5*x**6 + 2*b**4*c*x**9 + b**3*c**2*x**12),x)*a*b**3*c**4 + 54*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(3*a**3*b*c + 3*a**3*c**2*x**3 + a**2*b**3 + 7*a**2*b**2*c*x**3 + 9*a**2*b*c**2*x**6 + 3*a**2*c**3*x**9 + 2*a*b**4*x**3 + 6*a*b**3*c*x**6 + 7*a*b**2*c**2*x**9 + 3*a*b*c**3*x**12 + b**5*x**6 + 2*b**4*c*x**9 + b**3*c**2*x**12),x)*a**3*c**5 + 99*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(3*a**3*b*c + 3*a**3*c**2*x**3 + a**2*b**3 + 7*a**2*b**2*c*x**3...
```

3.176 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1605
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1605
Rubi [A] (verified)	1606
Maple [F]	1608
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1609
Sympy [F]	1610
Maxima [F(-2)]	1610
Giac [F]	1610
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1611
Reduce [F]	1611

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3x^3} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{6\sqrt{a}} + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)$$

output

```
-1/3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^3-1/6*b*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+1/3*c^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^3} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3-\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \sqrt{c} \log\left(b+2cx^3-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^4,x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^3) + (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x^3 - Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[c]*Log[b + 2*c*x^3 - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]))/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {1693, 1161, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^6} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1161 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2cx^3 + b}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(2c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 + b \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(4c \int \frac{1}{4c - x^6} d \frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} + b \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(b \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 + 2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} \right)$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right) - 2b \int \frac{1}{4a - x^6} d \frac{bx^3 + 2a}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right) - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh} \left(\frac{2a + bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^4,x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^3) + (-((b*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/Sqrt[a]) + 2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])]))/2)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1161

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[p/(e*(m + 1))
  Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(b + 2*c*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x]
&& GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || LtQ[m, -1]) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^4,x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 601, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a\sqrt{cx^3} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 - 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{c} - 4ac) + \sqrt{ab}x^3 \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6}{12ax^3}\right)}{12ax^3} - \frac{4a\sqrt{-cx^3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(2cx^3+b)\sqrt{-c}}{2(c^2x^6+bcx^3+ac)}\right) - \sqrt{ab}x^3 \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6+8abx^3-4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{a+8a^2}}{x^6}\right)}{12ax^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/12*(2*a*sqrt(c)*x^3*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + sqrt(a)*b*x^3*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*a)/(a*x^3), -1/12*(4*a*sqrt(-c)*x^3*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) - sqrt(a)*b*x^3*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*a)/(a*x^3), 1/6*(sqrt(-a)*b*x^3*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + a*sqrt(c)*x^3*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*a)/(a*x^3), 1/6*(sqrt(-a)*b*x^3*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) - 2*a*sqrt(-c)*x^3*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) - 2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*a)/(a*x^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/x**4, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/x^4, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \ln \left(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{cx^3 + \frac{b}{2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{3x^3} - \frac{b \ln \left(\frac{b}{2} + \frac{a}{x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^3} \right)}{6\sqrt{a}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/x^4,x)`output `(c^(1/2)*log((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b/2 + c*x^3)/c^(1/2)))/3 - (a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/(3*x^3) - (b*log(b/2 + a/x^3 + (a^(1/2)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2))/x^3))/(6*a^(1/2))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^4,x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a + sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
- sqrt(a))*b*x**3 - sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*b*x**
3 - 2*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*x**3 + 2*sqr
t(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*x**3 - 18*int((sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(3*a**3*b*c + 3*a**3*c**2*x**3 + a**2*b**3 + 7*a
**2*b**2*c*x**3 + 9*a**2*b*c**2*x**6 + 3*a**2*c**3*x**9 + 2*a*b**4*x**3 +
6*a*b**3*c*x**6 + 7*a*b**2*c**2*x**9 + 3*a*b*c**3*x**12 + b**5*x**6 + 2*b*
**4*c*x**9 + b**3*c**2*x**12),x)*a**3*c**3*x**3 - 15*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6)*x**5)/(3*a**3*b*c + 3*a**3*c**2*x**3 + a**2*b**3 + 7*a**2*b**2*c*
x**3 + 9*a**2*b*c**2*x**6 + 3*a**2*c**3*x**9 + 2*a*b**4*x**3 + 6*a*b**3*c*
x**6 + 7*a*b**2*c**2*x**9 + 3*a*b*c**3*x**12 + b**5*x**6 + 2*b**4*c*x**9 +
b**3*c**2*x**12),x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 3*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6
)*x**5)/(3*a**3*b*c + 3*a**3*c**2*x**3 + a**2*b**3 + 7*a**2*b**2*c*x**3 +
9*a**2*b*c**2*x**6 + 3*a**2*c**3*x**9 + 2*a*b**4*x**3 + 6*a*b**3*c*x**6 +
7*a*b**2*c**2*x**9 + 3*a*b*c**3*x**12 + b**5*x**6 + 2*b**4*c*x**9 + b**3*c
**2*x**12),x)*a*b**4*c*x**3 - 27*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**2)/(3*a
**3*b*c + 3*a**3*c**2*x**3 + a**2*b**3 + 7*a**2*b**2*c*x**3 + 9*a**2*b*c**
2*x**6 + 3*a**2*c**3*x**9 + 2*a*b**4*x**3 + 6*a*b**3*c*x**6 + 7*a*b**2*c**
2*x**9 + 3*a*b*c**3*x**12 + b**5*x**6 + 2*b**4*c*x**9 + b**3*c**2*x**12),x
)*a**3*b*c**2*x**3 - 9*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**2)/(3*a**3*b*c...
```

3.177 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	1613
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1613
Rubi [A] (verified)	1614
Maple [F]	1615
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1616
Sympy [F]	1616
Maxima [F(-2)]	1617
Giac [F]	1617
Mupad [F(-1)]	1617
Reduce [F]	1618

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{(2a + bx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{12ax^6} + \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{24a^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/12*(b*x^3+2*a)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a/x^6+1/24*(-4*a*c+b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^7} dx = \frac{(-2a - bx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{12ax^6} + \frac{(-b^2 + 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3 - \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{12a^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^7,x]
```

output $((-2*a - b*x^3)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(12*a*x^6) + ((-b^2 + 4*a*c)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x^3 - \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(12*a^{(3/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1693, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^9} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1152$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{(2a + bx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1154$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{4a - x^6} d \frac{bx^3 + 2a}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}}{4a} - \frac{(2a + bx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a + bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}} - \frac{(2a + bx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)$$

input $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^7, x]$

output $(-1/4*((2*a + b*x^3)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(a*x^6) + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*\text{ArcTanh}[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(8*a^{(3/2)}))/3$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1152

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b
*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a
*c)/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
&& GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 1154

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (
2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^7} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^7,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^7,x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a}x^6 \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6+8abx^3-4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{a+8a^2}}{x^6}\right) + 4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(abx^3+2a^2)}{48a^2x^6} - \frac{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{-a}x^6 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{-a}}{2(acx^6+abx^3+a^2)}\right) + 2\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(abx^3+2a^2)}{24a^2x^6} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/48*((b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(a)*x^6*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2))/(a^2*x^6), -1/24*((b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(-a)*x^6*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(a*b*x^3 + 2*a^2))/(a^2*x^6)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2)/x**7,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/x**7, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^7} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/x^7, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^7} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/x^7,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/x^7, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^7} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^7,x)`

output

```
(64*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b*c**3*x**3 + 64*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*c**4*x**6 - 24*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**4*c - 16*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**3*c**2*x**3 - 64*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**2*c**3*x**6 - 12*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**6 + 12*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**5*c*x**3 + 12*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**4*c**2*x**6 - 12*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**7*x**3 + 24*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**2*b**4*c**2*x**6 + 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b**6*c*x**6 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*b**8*x**6 - 24*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a**2*b**4*c**2*x**6 - 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a*b**6*c*x**6 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*b**8*x**6 + 192*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a*b*x + a*c*x**4 + b**2*x**4 + 2*b*c*x**7 + c**2*x**10),x)*a**5*b*c**4*x**6 + 48*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a*b*x + a*c*x**4 + b**2*x**4 + 2*b*c*x**7 + c**2*x**10),x)*a**3*b**5*c**2*x**6 + 18*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a*b*x + a*c*x**4 + b**2*x**4 + 2*b*c*x**7 + c**2*x**10),x)*a**2*b**7*c*x**6 - 9*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a*b*x + a*c*x**4 + b**2*x**4 + 2*b*c*x**7 + c**2*x**10),x)*a*b**9*x**6 + 384*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(2*a**2*b*c*x**4 + 2*a**2*c**2*x**7 + a*b**3*x**4 + ...
```

3.178 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	1619
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1619
Rubi [A] (verified)	1620
Maple [F]	1622
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1622
Sympy [F]	1623
Maxima [F(-2)]	1623
Giac [F]	1624
Mupad [F(-1)]	1624
Reduce [F]	1624

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{b(2a+bx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{24a^2x^6} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{9ax^9} - \frac{b(b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{48a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/24*b*(b*x^3+2*a)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^6-1/9*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)
/a/x^9-1/48*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)
^(1/2))/a^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(-8a^2-2abx^3+3b^2x^6-8acx^6)}{72a^2x^9} + \frac{(b^3-4abc)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3-\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{24a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^10,x]
```


output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}) * (-8a^2 - 2abx^3 + 3b^2x^6 - 8acx^6)}{(72a^2x^9) + ((b^3 - 4abc) * \text{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}x^3 - \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}])}{(24a^{(5/2)})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1693, 1157, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^{12}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1157$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^9} dx^3}{2a} - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{3ax^9} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1152$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{b \left(-\frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{(2a + bx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{3ax^9} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1154$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{b \left(\frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{4a - x^6} d \frac{bx^3 + 2a}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}}{4a} - \frac{(2a + bx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{3ax^9} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{2a + bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right) - \frac{(2a + bx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4ax^6}}{8a^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{3ax^9}}{2a} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^10,x]`

output `(-1/3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/(a*x^9) - (b*(-1/4*((2*a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(a*x^6) + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/(8*a^(3/2))))/(2*a))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1152 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1157 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))], x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^10,x)`

output `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^10,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3(b^3 - 4abc)\sqrt{a}x^9 \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6+8abx^3+4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{a+8a^2}}{x^6}\right) - 4((3ab^2 - 8a^2c)x^6 - 2a^2bx^3 + a^2)}{288a^3x^9} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/288*(3*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*sqrt(a)*x^9*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) - 4*((3*a*b^2 - 8*a^2*c)*x^6 - 2*a^2*b*x^3 - 8*a^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^3*x^9), 1/144*(3*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*sqrt(-a)*x^9*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*((3*a*b^2 - 8*a^2*c)*x^6 - 2*a^2*b*x^3 - 8*a^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^3*x^9)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2)/x**10,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/x**10, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{10}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/x^10, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/x^10,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/x^10, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{10}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^10,x)`

output

```
( - 256*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*c**3 - 192*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
)*a**4*b**2*c**2 + 128*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b*c**3*x**3 - 640*sq
rt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*c**4*x**6 + 160*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**
3*b**4*c - 160*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**3*c**2*x**3 - 160*sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**2*c**3*x**6 - 24*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2
*b**5*c*x**3 + 528*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**4*c**2*x**6 + 20*sqrt
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**7*x**3 - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**6*c*x
**6 - 30*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**8*x**6 - 192*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x
**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c**4*x**9 - 96*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**
3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**2*b**3*c**3*x**9 + 156*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x*
**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b**5*c**2*x**9 - 30*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3
+ c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*b**7*c*x**9 + 192*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**
6) + sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c**4*x**9 + 96*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
+ sqrt(a))*a**2*b**3*c**3*x**9 - 156*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
+ sqrt(a))*a*b**5*c**2*x**9 + 30*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) +
sqrt(a))*b**7*c*x**9 + 9216*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(8*a**3*b*c**2*x
**7 + 8*a**3*c**3*x**10 + 6*a**2*b**3*c*x**7 + 14*a**2*b**2*c**2*x**10 + 1
6*a**2*b*c**3*x**13 + 8*a**2*c**4*x**16 - 5*a*b**5*x**7 + a*b**4*c*x**10 +
12*a*b**3*c**2*x**13 + 6*a*b**2*c**3*x**16 - 5*b**6*x**10 - 10*b**5*c*x**
13 - 5*b**4*c**2*x**16),x)*a**7*b**2*c**5*x**9 + 1536*int(sqrt(a + b*x**...
```

3.179 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^{13}} dx$

Optimal result	1626
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1627
Rubi [A] (verified)	1627
Maple [F]	1630
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1630
Sympy [F]	1631
Maxima [F(-2)]	1631
Giac [F]	1632
Mupad [F(-1)]	1632
Reduce [F]	1632

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{(5b^2-4ac)(2a+bx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{192a^3x^6} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{12ax^{12}} + \frac{5b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{72a^2x^9} + \frac{(b^2-4ac)(5b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{384a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/192*(-4*a*c+5*b^2)*(b*x^3+2*a)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^6-1/12*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/a/x^12+5/72*b*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/a^2/x^9+1/384*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(-4*a*c+5*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{13}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(-48a^3 - 8a^2bx^3 + 10ab^2x^6 - 24a^2cx^6 - 15b^3x^9 + 52abcx^9)}{576a^3x^{12}} + \frac{(-5b^4 + 24ab^2c - 16a^2c^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3 - \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{192a^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^13,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(-48*a^3 - 8*a^2*b*x^3 + 10*a*b^2*x^6 - 24*a^2*c*x^6 - 15*b^3*x^9 + 52*a*b*c*x^9))/(576*a^3*x^12) + ((-5*b^4 + 24*a*b^2*c - 16*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x^3 - Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/Sqrt[a]])/(192*a^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {1693, 1167, 27, 1228, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{13}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^{15}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1167$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{(2cx^3+5b)\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}{2x^{12}} dx^3}{4a} - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{4ax^{12}} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{\int \frac{(2cx^3+5b)\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}{x^{12}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{4ax^{12}} \right) \\
 \downarrow 1228 \\
 \frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{\frac{(5b^2-4ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}{x^9} dx^3}{2a} - \frac{5b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{3ax^9}}{8a} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{4ax^{12}} \right) \\
 \downarrow 1152 \\
 \frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{(5b^2-4ac) \left(- \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right) - \frac{5b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{3ax^9}}{8a} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{4ax^{12}} \right) \\
 \downarrow 1154 \\
 \frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{(5b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4a-x^6} d \frac{bx^3+2a}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right) - \frac{5b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{3ax^9}}{8a} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{4ax^{12}} \right) \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{(5b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right) - \frac{(2a+bx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right) - \frac{5b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{3ax^9}}{8a} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{4ax^{12}} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^13,x]`

output

$$\frac{(-1/4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^{(3/2)}/(a*x^{12}) - ((-5*b*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^{(3/2)})/(3*a*x^9) - ((5*b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-1/4*((2*a + b*x^3)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/ (a*x^6) + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*\text{ArcTanh}[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])]))/(8*a^{(3/2)})))/(2*a))/(8*a))/3$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1152

$$\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^m)((a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))) \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 1154

$$\text{Int}[1/(((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$$

rule 1167

$$\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^m)((a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}/((m+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*\text{Simp}[c*d*(m+1) - b*e*(m+p+2) - c*e*(m+2*p+3)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ ((\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]) \ || \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p])) \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2*p + 3], 0])$$

rule 1228

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a +
b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e
*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(
m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x
] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^{13}} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^13,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^13,x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{13}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(5b^4 - 24ab^2c + 16a^2c^2)\sqrt{a}x^{12} \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6+8abr^3+4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{a+8a^2}}{x^6}\right) - 4((15ab^3 - 52a^2bc)x^9 + 8a^3ba^2)}{2304a^4x^{12}} + \frac{3(5b^4 - 24ab^2c + 16a^2c^2)\sqrt{-a}x^{12} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{-a}}{2(acx^6+abx^3+a^2)}\right) + 2((15ab^3 - 52a^2bc)x^9 + 8a^3ba^2)}{1152a^4x^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2304*(3*(5*b^4 - 24*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(a)*x^12*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) - 4*((15*a*b^3 - 52*a^2*b*c)*x^9 + 8*a^3*b*x^3 - 2*(5*a^2*b^2 - 12*a^3*c)*x^6 + 48*a^4)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^4*x^12), -1/1152*(3*(5*b^4 - 24*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(-a)*x^12*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*((15*a*b^3 - 52*a^2*b*c)*x^9 + 8*a^3*b*x^3 - 2*(5*a^2*b^2 - 12*a^3*c)*x^6 + 48*a^4)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^4*x^12)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{13}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{13}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2)/x**13,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/x**13, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{13}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{13}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^{13}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/x^13, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{13}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^{13}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/x^13,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/x^13, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{13}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^13,x)`

output

```
( - 294912*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b**4*c**7 + 131072*sqrt(a + b*x*
*3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b**3*c**8*x**3 - 196608*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b
**2*c**9*x**6 - 393216*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*c**11*x**12 - 860160
*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**6*c**6 - 180224*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**
6)*a**8*b**5*c**7*x**3 - 114688*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**4*c**8*x
**6 + 229376*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**3*c**9*x**9 + 589824*sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**2*c**10*x**12 - 325632*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**
6)*a**7*b**8*c**5 + 12288*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**7*c**6*x**3 -
438272*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**6*c**7*x**6 + 385024*sqrt(a + b*x
**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**5*c**8*x**9 + 344064*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*
b**4*c**9*x**12 + 483840*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**10*c**4 - 31846
4*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**9*c**5*x**3 + 218112*sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6)*a**6*b**8*c**6*x**6 + 669696*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**7*
c**7*x**9 - 638976*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**6*c**8*x**12 + 99840*
sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**12*c**3 + 120576*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**
6)*a**5*b**11*c**4*x**3 + 580096*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**10*c**5
*x**6 + 193024*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**9*c**6*x**9 - 53760*sqrt(
a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**8*c**7*x**12 - 67200*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6
)*a**4*b**14*c**2 - 7040*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**13*c**3*x**3 -
65280*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**12*c**4*x**6 - 1436160*sqrt(a +...
```

3.180 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^{16}} dx$

Optimal result	1634
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1635
Rubi [A] (verified)	1635
Maple [F]	1639
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1639
Sympy [F]	1640
Maxima [F(-2)]	1640
Giac [F]	1641
Mupad [F(-1)]	1641
Reduce [F]	1641

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{b(7b^2-12ac)(2a+bx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{384a^4x^6} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{15ax^{15}} + \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{120a^2x^{12}} - \frac{(35b^2-32ac)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{720a^3x^9} - \frac{b(7b^2-12ac)(b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{768a^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/384*b*(-12*a*c+7*b^2)*(b*x^3+2*a)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^4/x^6-1/15*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/a/x^15+7/120*b*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/a^2/x^12-1/720*(-32*a*c+35*b^2)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/a^3/x^9-1/768*b*(-12*a*c+7*b^2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{16}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(-384a^4 - 48a^3bx^3 + 56a^2b^2x^6 - 128a^3cx^6 - 70ab^3x^9 + 232a^2bcx^9 + 105b^4x^{12} - 460ab^2c^2 + 256a^2c^2x^{12})}{5760a^4x^{15}} + \frac{(7b^5 - 40ab^3c + 48a^2bc^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3 - \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{384a^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^16,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(-384*a^4 - 48*a^3*b*x^3 + 56*a^2*b^2*x^6 - 128*a^3*c*x^6 - 70*a*b^3*x^9 + 232*a^2*b*c*x^9 + 105*b^4*x^12 - 460*a*b^2*c*x^12 + 256*a^2*c^2*x^12))/(5760*a^4*x^15) + ((7*b^5 - 40*a*b^3*c + 48*a^2*b*c^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x^3 - Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/Sqrt[a]])/(384*a^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$, Rules used = {1693, 1167, 27, 1237, 27, 1228, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{16}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^{18}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1167$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{\int \frac{(4cx^3+7b)\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}{2x^{15}} dx^3}{5a} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5ax^{15}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{\int \frac{(4cx^3+7b)\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}{x^{15}} dx^3}{10a} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5ax^{15}} \right)$$

↓ 1237

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{\int \frac{(14bcx^3+35b^2-32ac)\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}{2x^{12}} dx^3}{4a} - \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{4ax^{12}} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5ax^{15}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{\int \frac{(14bcx^3+35b^2-32ac)\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}{x^{12}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{4ax^{12}} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5ax^{15}} \right)$$

↓ 1228

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{\frac{5b(7b^2-12ac)\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}{x^9} dx^3}{2a} - \frac{(35b^2-32ac)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{3ax^9}}{8a} - \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{4ax^{12}} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{5ax^{15}} \right)$$

↓ 1152

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{5b(7b^2-12ac) \left(- \frac{(b^2-4ac)\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)}{2a}}{8a} - \frac{(35b^2-32ac)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{3ax^9} - \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{4ax^{12}} \right)$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5b(7b^2-12ac) \left(\frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4a-x^6} dx - \frac{bx^3+2a}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(35b^2-32ac)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{3ax^9} - \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{4ax^{12}} \right) \frac{1}{10a}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5b(7b^2-12ac) \left(\frac{(b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right) - \frac{(2a+bx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^6}}{8a^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(35b^2-32ac)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{3ax^9} - \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{4ax^{12}} \right) \frac{1}{10a}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^16,x]`

output `(-1/5*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/(a*x^15) - ((-7*b*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(4*a*x^12) - (-1/3*((35*b^2 - 32*a*c)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(a*x^9) - (5*b*(7*b^2 - 12*a*c)*(-1/4*((2*a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]))/(a*x^6) + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(8*a^(3/2))))/(2*a))/(8*a))/(10*a))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1152 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1167 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Simp[c*d*(m + 1) - b*e*(m + p + 2) - c*e*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0])`

rule 1228 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 1237 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^{16}} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^16,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^16,x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{16}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{15(7b^5 - 40ab^3c + 48a^2bc^2)\sqrt{a}x^{15} \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6+8abx^3-4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{a+8a^2}}{x^6}\right) + 4((105ab^4 - 2$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^16,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/23040*(15*(7*b^5 - 40*a*b^3*c + 48*a^2*b*c^2)*sqrt(a)*x^15*log(-((b^2 +
4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a)
+ 8*a^2)/x^6) + 4*((105*a*b^4 - 460*a^2*b^2*c + 256*a^3*c^2)*x^12 - 2*(35*
a^2*b^3 - 116*a^3*b*c)*x^9 - 48*a^4*b*x^3 + 8*(7*a^3*b^2 - 16*a^4*c)*x^6 -
384*a^5)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^5*x^15), 1/11520*(15*(7*b^5 - 40*a*b
^3*c + 48*a^2*b*c^2)*sqrt(-a)*x^15*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x
^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*((105*a*b^4 - 460*a^2*b^
2*c + 256*a^3*c^2)*x^12 - 2*(35*a^2*b^3 - 116*a^3*b*c)*x^9 - 48*a^4*b*x^3
+ 8*(7*a^3*b^2 - 16*a^4*c)*x^6 - 384*a^5)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^5*x^
15)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{16}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{16}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2)/x**16,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/x**16, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{16}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^16,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{16}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^{16}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^16,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/x^16, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{16}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^{16}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/x^16,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/x^16, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^{16}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^16,x)`

output

```
( - 7077888*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**10*b**2*c**8 - 11796480*sqrt(a +
b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b**4*c**7 - 5308416*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b
**3*c**8*x**3 + 3538944*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b**2*c**9*x**6 - 17
694720*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b*c**10*x**9 + 35389440*sqrt(a + b*x
**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*c**11*x**12 + 20643840*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b
**6*c**6 + 5898240*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**5*c**7*x**3 - 7569408
*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**4*c**8*x**6 - 3833856*sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6)*a**8*b**3*c**9*x**9 + 34209792*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**
2*c**10*x**12 + 21159936*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**8*c**5 - 915456
0*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**7*c**6*x**3 + 15646720*sqrt(a + b*x**3
+ c*x**6)*a**7*b**6*c**7*x**6 + 44974080*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b
**5*c**8*x**9 - 67829760*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**4*c**9*x**12 -
19031040*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**10*c**4 + 10002432*sqrt(a + b*x
**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**9*c**5*x**3 + 7923712*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6
*b**8*c**6*x**6 - 38184960*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**7*c**7*x**9 -
34037760*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**6*c**8*x**12 + 3386880*sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**12*c**3 + 1117440*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**
5*b**11*c**4*x**3 - 22674944*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**10*c**5*x**
6 - 18344448*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**9*c**6*x**9 + 28302336*sqrt
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**8*c**7*x**12 - 7653120*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + ...
```

3.181 $\int x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1643
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1643
Rubi [A] (verified)	1644
Maple [F]	1645
Fricas [F]	1646
Sympy [F]	1646
Maxima [F]	1646
Giac [F]	1647
Mupad [F(-1)]	1647
Reduce [F]	1647

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{4 \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}$$

output

```
1/4*x^4*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)*AppellF1(4/3,-1/2,-1/2,7/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 358 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 10.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 358, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{x \left(8(3b + 8cx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6) - 24ab \sqrt{\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \right)}{4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output
$$\frac{(x*(8*(3*b + 8*c*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6) - 24*a*b*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] + 3*(-5*b^2 + 16*a*c)*x^3*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]))/(448*c*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \int x^3 \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{4 \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

input `Int[x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output

```
(x^4*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*AppellF1[4/3, -1/2, -1/2, 7/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(4*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^3, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}bx + 16\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}cx^4 - 6\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx\right)ab + 48\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}x^3}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx\right)ac - 15\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}x^3}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6),x} dx}{112c}$$

input `int(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `(6*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*x + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*c*x**4 - 6*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a*b + 48*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a*c - 15*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*b**2)/(112*c)`

3.182 $\int x\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1648
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1648
Rubi [A] (verified)	1649
Maple [F]	1650
Fricas [F]	1651
Sympy [F]	1651
Maxima [F]	1651
Giac [F]	1652
Mupad [F(-1)]	1652
Reduce [F]	1652

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int x\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{x^2\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}$$

output

```
1/2*x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)*AppellF1(2/3,-1/2,-1/2,5/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 337 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 10.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int x\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{x^2\left(10(a + bx^3 + cx^6) + 15a\sqrt{\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)\right)}{50\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output
$$\frac{(x^2(10(a + bx^3 + cx^6) + 15a\sqrt{(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3}) / (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}))\sqrt{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3} / (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})\text{AppellF1}[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (-2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})], (2cx^3)/(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})] + 3bx^3\sqrt{(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3} / (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})\sqrt{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3} / (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})\text{AppellF1}[5/3, 1/2, 1/2, 8/3, (-2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})], (2cx^3)/(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})])}{50\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \int x\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^2\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output

```
(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*AppellF1[2/3, -1/2, -1/2, 5/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(2*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}dx$$

input

```
int(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+ax} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx = \int x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+ax} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+ax} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx = \int x\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}x^2}{5} + \frac{3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+ax^4}}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx\right)b}{10} + \frac{3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+ax}}{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx\right)a}{5}$$

input `int(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**2 + 3*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**4)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*b + 6*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a)/10`

3.183 $\int \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	1653
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1653
Rubi [A] (verified)	1654
Maple [F]	1655
Fricas [F]	1656
Sympy [F]	1656
Maxima [F]	1656
Giac [F]	1657
Mupad [F(-1)]	1657
Reduce [F]	1657

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}$$

output

```
x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/3,-1/2,-1/2,4/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 335 vs. 2(135) = 270.

Time = 10.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{x\left(8(a + bx^3 + cx^6) + 24a\sqrt{\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)\right)}{32\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output
$$\frac{(x(8(a + bx^3 + cx^6) + 24a\sqrt{(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3}/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})})\sqrt{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3}/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})\text{AppellF1}[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (-2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})], (2cx^3)/(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})] + 3bx^3\sqrt{(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3}/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})\sqrt{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3}/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})\text{AppellF1}[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (-2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})], (2cx^3)/(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})])}{32\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1686, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1686$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \int \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 936$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output

```
(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*AppellF1[1/3, -1/2, -1/2, 4/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b -
Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^
3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 936

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1686

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^
IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2
- 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPar
t[p])) Int[(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - S
qrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
&& NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} x}{4} + \frac{3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx \right) a}{4} + \frac{3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} x^3}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx \right) b}{8}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x + 6*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a + 3*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*b)/8`

3.184 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1658
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1658
Rubi [A] (verified)	1659
Maple [F]	1660
Fricas [F]	1661
Sympy [F]	1661
Maxima [F]	1661
Giac [F]	1662
Mupad [F(-1)]	1662
Reduce [F]	1662

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}$$

output

$$-(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{AppellF1}(-1/3,-1/2,-1/2,2/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}),-2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/x/(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 340 vs. 2(138) = 276.

Time = 10.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^2} dx = \frac{-20(a + bx^3 + cx^6) + 15bx^3 \sqrt{\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{20x\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} + \dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^2,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-20*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6) + 15*b*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3) \\ & / (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] * \text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3) / (b + \text{Sqrt} \\ & [b^2 - 4*a*c])] * \text{AppellF1}[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4* \\ & a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] + 12*c*x^6*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - \\ & 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3) / (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] * \text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + \\ & 2*c*x^3) / (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] * \text{AppellF1}[5/3, 1/2, 1/2, 8/3, (-2*c*x^3) / \\ & (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]) / (20*x*\text{Sqrt}[a \\ & + b*x^3 + c*x^6]) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1721 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1}}{x^2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1012 \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{x \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^2,x]`

output

```

-((Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*AppellF1[-1/3, -1/2, -1/2, 2/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b -
Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(x*Sqrt[1 + (2*
*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])
))

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```

Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_
))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
+ 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
- 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])

```

rule 1721

```

Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*
c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4
*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c
])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]

```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^2,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{cx^8 + bx^5 + ax^2} dx\right) ax - 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} x^4}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx\right) cx}{x}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + 3*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a*x**2 + b*x**5 + c*x**8),x)*a*x - 3*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**4)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*c*x)/x`

3.185 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1663
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1663
Rubi [A] (verified)	1664
Maple [F]	1665
Fricas [F]	1666
Sympy [F]	1666
Maxima [F]	1666
Giac [F]	1667
Mupad [F(-1)]	1667
Reduce [F]	1667

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}$$

output

$$-1/2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)*\operatorname{AppellF1}(-2/3,-1/2,-1/2,1/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/x^2/(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)$$

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 340 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 10.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-4(a+bx^3+cx^6) + 6bx^3 \sqrt{\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{8x^2 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^3,x]`

output
$$\frac{(-4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6) + 6*b*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{AppellF1}[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] + 3*c*x^6*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{AppellF1}[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(8*x^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1}}{x^3} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/x^3,x]`

output

```
-1/2*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*AppellF1[-2/3, -1/2, -1/2, 1/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^3,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} - 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{cx^9 + bx^6 + ax^3} dx\right) ax^2 + 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} x^3}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx\right) cx^2}{x^2}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - 3*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a*x**3 + b*x**6 + c*x**9),x)*a*x**2 + 3*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*c*x**2)/x**2`

3.186 $\int x^{14}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1668
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1669
Rubi [A] (verified)	1669
Maple [F]	1673
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1673
Sympy [F]	1674
Maxima [F(-2)]	1674
Giac [F]	1675
Mupad [F(-1)]	1675
Reduce [F]	1675

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 293

$$\int x^{14}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{(b^2 - 4ac)(33b^4 - 72ab^2c + 16a^2c^2)(b + 2cx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{16384c^6}$$

$$+ \frac{(33b^4 - 72ab^2c + 16a^2c^2)(b + 2cx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{6144c^5}$$

$$- \frac{11bx^6(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{336c^2} + \frac{x^9(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{24c}$$

$$- \frac{(3b(77b^2 - 124ac) - 10c(33b^2 - 28ac)x^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{13440c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)^2(33b^4 - 72ab^2c + 16a^2c^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{32768c^{13/2}}$$

output

```
-1/16384*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(16*a^2*c^2-72*a*b^2*c+33*b^4)*(2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c^6+1/6144*(16*a^2*c^2-72*a*b^2*c+33*b^4)*(2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/c^5-11/336*b*x^6*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(5/2)/c^2+1/24*x^9*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(5/2)/c-1/13440*(3*b*(-124*a*c+77*b^2)-10*c*(-28*a*c+33*b^2)*x^3)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(5/2)/c^4+1/32768*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*(16*a^2*c^2-72*a*b^2*c+33*b^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(13/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^{14}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(-3465b^7 + 2310b^6cx^3 + 84b^5c(365a - 22cx^6) + 24b^4c^2x^3(-749a + 66c$$

input `Integrate[x^14*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output $(2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(-3465b^7 + 2310b^6cx^3 + 84b^5c(365a - 22cx^6) + 24b^4c^2x^3(-749a + 66cx^6) + 32b^2c^3x^3(1181a^2 - 284acx^6 + 40c^2x^{12}) - 16b^3c^2(5103a^2 - 780acx^6 + 88c^2x^{12}) + 4480c^4x^3(-3a^3 + 2a^2cx^6 + 24ac^2x^{12} + 16c^3x^{18}) + 64b^3c^3(919a^3 - 302a^2cx^6 + 104ac^2x^{12} + 1360c^3x^{18})) - 105(b^2 - 4ac)^2(33b^4 - 72ab^2c + 16a^2c^2)\text{Log}[b + 2cx^3 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}])/(3440640c^{13/2})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1693, 1166, 27, 1236, 27, 1225, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{14}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int x^{12}(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1166$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{1}{2}x^6(11bx^3 + 6a)(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx^3}{8c} + \frac{x^9(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{8c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{8c} - \frac{\int x^6(11bx^3+6a)(cx^6+bx^3+a)^{3/2} dx^3}{16c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1236$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{8c} - \frac{\int -\frac{1}{2}x^3(3(33b^2-28ac)x^3+44ab)(cx^6+bx^3+a)^{3/2} dx^3}{7c} + \frac{11bx^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{7c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{8c} - \frac{11bx^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{\int x^3(3(33b^2-28ac)x^3+44ab)(cx^6+bx^3+a)^{3/2} dx^3}{14c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1225$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{8c} - \frac{11bx^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{7(16a^2c^2-72ab^2c+33b^4) \int (cx^6+bx^3+a)^{3/2} dx^3}{8c^2} - \frac{(3b(77b^2-124ac)-10cx^3(33b^2-28ac))}{14c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{8c} - \frac{11bx^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{7(16a^2c^2-72ab^2c+33b^4) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \int \sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx}{16c} \right)}{8c^2} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{8c} - \frac{11bx^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{7(16a^2c^2-72ab^2c+33b^4) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{8c^2} \right)$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{8c} - \frac{11bx^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{7(16a^2c^2 - 72ab^2c + 33b^4) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} \right)}{8c^2} \right)}{16c} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{8c} - \frac{11bx^6(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{7(16a^2c^2 - 72ab^2c + 33b^4) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} \right)}{8c^2} \right)}{16c} \right)$$

input

Int[x^14*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]

output

```
((x^9*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(5/2))/(8*c) - ((11*b*x^6*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(5/2))/(7*c) - (-1/20*((3*b*(77*b^2 - 124*a*c) - 10*c*(33*b^2 - 28*a*c))*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(5/2))/c^2 + (7*(33*b^4 - 72*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*((b + 2*c*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(8*c) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*((b + 2*c*x^3)*sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]))/(4*c) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(8*c^(3/2))))/(16*c))/(8*c^2))/(14*c))/(16*c))/3
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 1087 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$
- rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1166 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 2)}*\text{Simp}[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[m], \text{GtQ}[m, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[m, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]$
- rule 1225 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + \text{Simp}[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1236

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p +
1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1
)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[m*(c*d*f - a*e*g) + d*(2*c*f - b*g)*(p + 1) + (m
*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^{14}(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x^14*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^14*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 641, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int x^{14}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \left[\frac{105(33b^8 - 336ab^6c + 1120a^2b^4c^2 - 1280a^3b^2c^3 + 256a^4c^4)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2)}{105(33b^8 - 336ab^6c + 1120a^2b^4c^2 - 1280a^3b^2c^3 + 256a^4c^4)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(2cx^3+b)\sqrt{-c}}{2(c^2x^6+bcx^3+ac)}\right)} - 2 \right]$$

input `integrate(x^14*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/6881280*(105*(33*b^8 - 336*a*b^6*c + 1120*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 1280*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 256*a^4*c^4)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(71680*c^8*x^21 + 87040*b*c^7*x^18 + 1280*(b^2*c^6 + 84*a*c^7)*x^15 - 128*(11*b^3*c^5 - 52*a*b*c^6)*x^12 + 16*(99*b^4*c^4 - 568*a*b^2*c^5 + 560*a^2*c^6)*x^9 - 3465*b^7*c + 30660*a*b^5*c^2 - 81648*a^2*b^3*c^3 + 58816*a^3*b*c^4 - 8*(231*b^5*c^3 - 1560*a*b^3*c^4 + 2416*a^2*b*c^5)*x^6 + 2*(1155*b^6*c^2 - 8988*a*b^4*c^3 + 18896*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 6720*a^3*c^5)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^7, -1/3440640*(105*(33*b^8 - 336*a*b^6*c + 1120*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 1280*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 256*a^4*c^4)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) - 2*(71680*c^8*x^21 + 87040*b*c^7*x^18 + 1280*(b^2*c^6 + 84*a*c^7)*x^15 - 128*(11*b^3*c^5 - 52*a*b*c^6)*x^12 + 16*(99*b^4*c^4 - 568*a*b^2*c^5 + 560*a^2*c^6)*x^9 - 3465*b^7*c + 30660*a*b^5*c^2 - 81648*a^2*b^3*c^3 + 58816*a^3*b*c^4 - 8*(231*b^5*c^3 - 1560*a*b^3*c^4 + 2416*a^2*b*c^5)*x^6 + 2*(1155*b^6*c^2 - 8988*a*b^4*c^3 + 18896*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 6720*a^3*c^5)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^7]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{14}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^{14}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**14*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**14*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{14}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^14*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{14}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{14} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^14*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*x^14, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{14}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^{14}(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^14*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^14*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{14}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input

```
int(x^14*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```


output

```
( - 53760*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*c**5 + 386432*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c
*x**6)*a**3*b**2*c**4 - 26880*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b*c**5*x**3 -
398496*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**4*c**3 + 75584*sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6)*a**2*b**3*c**4*x**3 - 38656*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**2*c
**5*x**6 + 17920*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b*c**6*x**9 + 131880*sqrt(
a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**6*c**2 - 35952*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**5*
c**3*x**3 + 24960*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**4*c**4*x**6 - 18176*sqrt(
a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**3*c**5*x**9 + 13312*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*
b**2*c**6*x**12 + 215040*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b*c**7*x**15 - 13860*
sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**8*c + 4620*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**7*c**
2*x**3 - 3696*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**6*c**3*x**6 + 3168*sqrt(a + b*x
**3 + c*x**6)*b**5*c**4*x**9 - 2816*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**4*c**5*x*
*12 + 2560*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**3*c**6*x**15 + 174080*sqrt(a + b*x
**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*c**7*x**18 + 143360*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c**8*x*
*21 - 26880*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**4*b*c
**4 + 134400*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**3*b*
*3*c**3 - 117600*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**
2*b**5*c**2 + 35280*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*
a*b**7*c - 3465*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**9
+ 26880*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**4*b*c...
```

3.187 $\int x^{11}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1677
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1678
Rubi [A] (verified)	1678
Maple [F]	1682
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1682
Sympy [F]	1683
Maxima [F(-2)]	1683
Giac [F]	1684
Mupad [F(-1)]	1684
Reduce [F]	1684

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 223

$$\int x^{11}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{b(b^2 - 4ac)(3b^2 - 4ac)(b + 2cx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{1024c^5} - \frac{b(3b^2 - 4ac)(b + 2cx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{384c^4} + \frac{x^6(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{21c} + \frac{(21b^2 - 16ac - 30bcx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{840c^3} - \frac{b(b^2 - 4ac)^2(3b^2 - 4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{2048c^{11/2}}$$

output

```
1/1024*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(-4*a*c+3*b^2)*(2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c^5
-1/384*b*(-4*a*c+3*b^2)*(2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/c^4+1/21*x^6*(c*
x^6+b*x^3+a)^(5/2)/c+1/840*(-30*b*c*x^3-16*a*c+21*b^2)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(5/
2)/c^3-1/2048*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*(-4*a*c+3*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1
/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^{11}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \left(315b^6 - 210b^5cx^3 + 16b^3c^2x^3(91a - 9cx^6) + 168b^4c(-15a + cx^6) + 1024c^3 \right)}{2048c^{11/2}} + \frac{b(b^2 - 4ac)^2(3b^2 - 4ac) \log(b + 2cx^3 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})}{2048c^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^11*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(315*b^6 - 210*b^5*c*x^3 + 16*b^3*c^2*x^3*(91*a - 9*c*x^6) + 168*b^4*c*(-15*a + c*x^6) + 1024*c^3*(a + c*x^6)^2*(-2*a + 5*c*x^6) + 16*b^2*c^2*(343*a^2 - 62*a*c*x^6 + 8*c^2*x^12) + 32*b*c^3*x^3*(-73*a^2 + 22*a*c*x^6 + 200*c^2*x^12)))/(107520*c^5) + (b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*(3*b^2 - 4*a*c)*Log[b + 2*c*x^3 - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/(2048*c^(11/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {1693, 1166, 27, 1225, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{11}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int x^9(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1166$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{1}{2}x^3(9bx^3 + 4a)(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx^3}{7c} + \frac{x^6(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{7c} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{\int x^3(9bx^3 + 4a)(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx^3}{14c} \right)$$

↓ 1225

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{\frac{7b(3b^2 - 4ac) \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx^3}{8c^2} - \frac{(-16ac + 21b^2 - 30bcx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{20c^2}}{14c} \right)$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{7b(3b^2 - 4ac) \left(\frac{(b + 2cx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx^3}{16c} \right)}{8c^2} - \frac{(-16ac + 21b^2 - 30bcx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{20c^2}}{14c} \right)$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{7b(3b^2 - 4ac) \left(\frac{(b + 2cx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \left(\frac{(b + 2cx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{8c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{8c^2} - \frac{(-16ac + 21b^2 - 30bcx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{20c^2}}{14c} \right)$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{7b(3b^2 - 4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac)}{4c} \int \frac{1}{4c-x^6} dx - \frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} \right)}{16c} \right)}{8c^2} \right) \frac{1}{14c}$$

219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{7b(3b^2 - 4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right)}{16c} \right)}{8c^2} \right) \frac{1}{14c}$$

input `Int[x^11*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `((x^6*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(5/2))/(7*c) - (-1/20*((21*b^2 - 16*a*c - 30*b*c*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(5/2))/c^2 + (7*b*(3*b^2 - 4*a*c)*((b + 2*c*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(8*c) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*((b + 2*c*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(4*c) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/(8*c^(3/2)))/(16*c)))/(8*c^2))/(14*c))/3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 1087 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x) * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p / (2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c) / (2*c*(2*p + 1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$
- rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1166 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)} / (c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 2)}*\text{Simp}[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[m], \text{GtQ}[m, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[m, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]$
- rule 1225 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)} / (2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + \text{Simp}[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3)) / (2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^{11} (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x^11*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^11*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 535, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int x^{11} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \left[-\frac{105 (3b^7 - 28ab^5c + 80a^2b^3c^2 - 64a^3bc^3)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 - 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a})}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^11*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/430080*(105*(3*b^7 - 28*a*b^5*c + 80*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 64*a^3*b*c^3)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 4*(5120*c^7*x^18 + 6400*b*c^6*x^15 + 128*(b^2*c^5 + 64*a*c^6)*x^12 - 16*(9*b^3*c^4 - 44*a*b*c^5)*x^9 + 315*b^6*c - 2520*a*b^4*c^2 + 5488*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 2048*a^3*c^4 + 8*(21*b^4*c^3 - 124*a*b^2*c^4 + 128*a^2*c^5)*x^6 - 2*(105*b^5*c^2 - 728*a*b^3*c^3 + 1168*a^2*b*c^4)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^6, 1/215040*(105*(3*b^7 - 28*a*b^5*c + 80*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 64*a^3*b*c^3)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 2*(5120*c^7*x^18 + 6400*b*c^6*x^15 + 128*(b^2*c^5 + 64*a*c^6)*x^12 - 16*(9*b^3*c^4 - 44*a*b*c^5)*x^9 + 315*b^6*c - 2520*a*b^4*c^2 + 5488*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 2048*a^3*c^4 + 8*(21*b^4*c^3 - 124*a*b^2*c^4 + 128*a^2*c^5)*x^6 - 2*(105*b^5*c^2 - 728*a*b^3*c^3 + 1168*a^2*b*c^4)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^6]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{11}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^{11}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**11*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**11*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{11}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^11*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{11}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{11} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^11*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*x^11, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{11}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^{11}(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^11*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^11*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{11}(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(x^11*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 17536*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*c**4 + 27776*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*
x**6)*a**2*b**2*c**3 - 4672*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b*c**4*x**3 + 2
048*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*c**5*x**6 - 10920*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x
**6)*a*b**4*c**2 + 2912*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**3*c**3*x**3 - 1984*
sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**2*c**4*x**6 + 1408*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6
)*a*b*c**5*x**9 + 16384*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*c**6*x**12 + 1260*sqrt
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**6*c - 420*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**5*c**2*x**
3 + 336*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**4*c**3*x**6 - 288*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c
*x**6)*b**3*c**4*x**9 + 256*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*c**5*x**12 + 12
800*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c**6*x**15 + 10240*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**
6)*c**7*x**18 - 6720*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)
*a**3*b*c**3 + 8400*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*
a**2*b**3*c**2 - 2940*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3
)*a*b**5*c + 315*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**
7 + 6720*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**3*b*c**3
- 8400*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b**3*c*
**2 + 2940*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**5*c -
315*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**7 + 40320*in
t((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x*
**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**3*b*c**5 - 50400*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**...
```

3.188 $\int x^8(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1686
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1687
Rubi [A] (verified)	1687
Maple [F]	1690
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1691
Sympy [F]	1691
Maxima [F(-2)]	1692
Giac [F]	1692
Mupad [F(-1)]	1692
Reduce [F]	1693

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int x^8(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{(b^2 - 4ac)(7b^2 - 4ac)(b + 2cx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{1536c^4} + \frac{(7b^2 - 4ac)(b + 2cx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{576c^3} - \frac{7b(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{180c^2} + \frac{x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{18c} + \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)^2(7b^2 - 4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{3072c^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/1536*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(-4*a*c+7*b^2)*(2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c^4+
1/576*(-4*a*c+7*b^2)*(2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/c^3-7/180*b*(c*x^6+
b*x^3+a)^(5/2)/c^2+1/18*x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(5/2)/c+1/3072*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*
(-4*a*c+7*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(9
/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(-105b^5 + 70b^4cx^3 + 8b^3c(95a - 7cx^6) + 48b^2c^2x^3(-9a + cx^6) + 160c^3x^6)}{46080c^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^8*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(-105*b^5 + 70*b^4*c*x^3 + 8*b^3*c*(95*a - 7*c*x^6) + 48*b^2*c^2*x^3*(-9*a + c*x^6) + 160*c^3*x^3*(3*a^2 + 14*a*c*x^6 + 8*c^2*x^12) + 16*b*c^2*(-81*a^2 + 18*a*c*x^6 + 104*c^2*x^12)) - 15*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*(7*b^2 - 4*a*c)*Log[b + 2*c*x^3 - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/(46080*c^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {1693, 1166, 27, 1160, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int x^6 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow 1166 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{1}{2}(7bx^3 + 2a) (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx^3}{6c} + \frac{x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{6c} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{\int (7bx^3+2a)(cx^6+bx^3+a)^{3/2} dx^3}{12c} \right)$$

↓ 1160

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7b^2-4ac) \int (cx^6+bx^3+a)^{3/2} dx^3}{12c} \right)$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \int \sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a} dx^3}{16c} \right)}{12c} \right)$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac)}{16c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{12c} \right)$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac)}{16c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{12c} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4a)}{16c} \right)}{12c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

```
input Int[x^8*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

```
output ((x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(5/2))/(6*c) - ((7*b*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(5/2))/(5*c) - ((7*b^2 - 4*a*c)*((b + 2*c*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(8*c) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*((b + 2*c*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(4*c) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(8*c^(3/2))))/(16*c))/(2*c)/(12*c))/3
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1087 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1166 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int x^8 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 451, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \left[-\frac{15(7b^6 - 60ab^4c + 144a^2b^2c^2 - 64a^3c^3)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 + 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a})}{15(7b^6 - 60ab^4c + 144a^2b^2c^2 - 64a^3c^3)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{-c}}{2(c^2x^6 + bcx^3 + ac)}\right) - 2(1280c^6x^{15} + 1664bc^5x^{12} + 16(3b^2c^4 + 140ac^5)x^9 - 8(7b^3c^3 - 36abc^4)x^6 - 105b^5c + 760a^2b^3c^2 - 1296a^2bc^3 + 2(35b^4c^2 - 216a^2b^2c^3 + 240a^2c^4)x^3)\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{c^5} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/92160*(15*(7*b^6 - 60*a*b^4*c + 144*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 4*(1280*c^6*x^15 + 1664*b*c^5*x^12 + 16*(3*b^2*c^4 + 140*a*c^5)*x^9 - 8*(7*b^3*c^3 - 36*a*b*c^4)*x^6 - 105*b^5*c + 760*a*b^3*c^2 - 1296*a^2*b*c^3 + 2*(35*b^4*c^2 - 216*a*b^2*c^3 + 240*a^2*c^4)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^5, -1/46080*(15*(7*b^6 - 60*a*b^4*c + 144*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) - 2*(1280*c^6*x^15 + 1664*b*c^5*x^12 + 16*(3*b^2*c^4 + 140*a*c^5)*x^9 - 8*(7*b^3*c^3 - 36*a*b*c^4)*x^6 - 105*b^5*c + 760*a*b^3*c^2 - 1296*a^2*b*c^3 + 2*(35*b^4*c^2 - 216*a*b^2*c^3 + 240*a^2*c^4)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^5]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**8*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**8*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

Giac [F]

$$\int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^8 dx$$

input `integrate(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*x^8, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^8 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^8*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^8*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(1920*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*c**4 - 6912*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
*a**2*b**2*c**3 + 960*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b*c**4*x**3 + 3320*sq
rt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**4*c**2 - 864*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**3
*c**3*x**3 + 576*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**2*c**4*x**6 + 4480*sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b*c**5*x**9 - 420*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**6*c +
140*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**5*c**2*x**3 - 112*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**
6)*b**4*c**3*x**6 + 96*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**3*c**4*x**9 + 3328*sq
rt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*c**5*x**12 + 2560*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*
c**6*x**15 + 960*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**
3*b*c**3 - 2160*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2
*b**3*c**2 + 900*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b
**5*c - 105*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**7 - 9
60*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**3*b*c**3 + 216
0*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b**3*c**2 - 9
00*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**5*c + 105*sq
rt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**7 - 5760*int((sqrt(
a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c
*x**9),x)*a**3*b*c**5 + 12960*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 +
2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**2*b**3*c**4 - 5400*in
t((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2...
```

3.189 $\int x^5(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1694
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1694
Rubi [A] (verified)	1695
Maple [F]	1698
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1698
Sympy [F]	1699
Maxima [F(-2)]	1699
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1699
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1700
Reduce [F]	1700

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int x^5(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{b(b^2 - 4ac)(b + 2cx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{128c^3} - \frac{b(b + 2cx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{48c^2} + \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{15c} - \frac{b(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{256c^{7/2}}$$

output

```
1/128*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c^3-1/48*b*(2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/c^2+1/15*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(5/2)/c-1/256*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^5(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \left(15b^4 - 10b^3cx^3 + 128c^2(a + cx^6)^2 + 4b^2c(-25a + 2cx^6) + 8bc^2x^3(7a + 22cx^3) \right)}{1920c^3} + \frac{b(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \log(b + 2cx^3 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})}{256c^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^5*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(15*b^4 - 10*b^3*c*x^3 + 128*c^2*(a + c*x^6)^2 + 4*b^2*c*(-25*a + 2*c*x^6) + 8*b*c^2*x^3*(7*a + 22*c*x^6)))/(1920*c^3) + (b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*Log[b + 2*c*x^3 - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/(256*c^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {1693, 1160, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^5 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1693} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int x^3 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx^3}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1087} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \int \sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+ax^3}}{16c} \right)}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1087}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3 \right)}{16c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c-x^6} d \frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} \right)}{16c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right)}{16c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

input

```
Int [x^5*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{\left(\left(a + b x^3 + c x^6\right)^{5/2} / \left(5 c\right) - \left(b \left(\left(b + 2 c x^3\right) \left(a + b x^3 + c x^6\right)^{3/2}\right) / \left(8 c\right) - \left(3 \left(b^2 - 4 a c\right) \left(\left(b + 2 c x^3\right) \sqrt{a + b x^3 + c x^6}\right) / \left(4 c\right) - \left(\left(b^2 - 4 a c\right) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\left(b + 2 c x^3\right) / \left(2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + b x^3 + c x^6}\right)\right]\right) / \left(8 c^{3/2}\right)\right) / \left(16 c\right)\right) / \left(2 c\right) / 3$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[\left(a_{.}\right) + \left(b_{.}\right) \left(x_{.}\right)^2\right]^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[\left(1 / \left(\operatorname{Rt}\left[a, 2\right] \operatorname{Rt}\left[-b, 2\right]\right)\right) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\operatorname{Rt}\left[-b, 2\right] \left(x / \operatorname{Rt}\left[a, 2\right]\right)\right], x\right] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}\left[\left\{a, b\right\}, x\right] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}\left[a / b\right] \&\& \left(\operatorname{GtQ}\left[a, 0\right] \mid \mid \operatorname{LtQ}\left[b, 0\right]\right)$$

rule 1087

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[\left(a_{.}\right) + \left(b_{.}\right) \left(x_{.}\right) + \left(c_{.}\right) \left(x_{.}\right)^2\right]^{\left(p_{.}\right)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[\left(b + 2 c x\right) * \left(\left(a + b x + c x^2\right)^p / \left(2 c * \left(2 p + 1\right)\right)\right), x\right] - \operatorname{Simp}\left[p * \left(b^2 - 4 a c\right) / \left(2 c * \left(2 p + 1\right)\right)\right] \operatorname{Int}\left[\left(a + b x + c x^2\right)^{\left(p - 1\right)}, x\right], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}\left[\left\{a, b, c\right\}, x\right] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}\left[p, 0\right] \&\& \left(\operatorname{IntegerQ}\left[4 p\right] \mid \mid \operatorname{IntegerQ}\left[3 p\right]\right)$$

rule 1092

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[1 / \sqrt{\left(a_{.}\right) + \left(b_{.}\right) \left(x_{.}\right) + \left(c_{.}\right) \left(x_{.}\right)^2}\right], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[2 \operatorname{Subst}\left[\operatorname{Int}\left[1 / \left(4 c - x^2\right), x\right], x, \left(b + 2 c x\right) / \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}\right], x\right] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}\left[\left\{a, b, c\right\}, x\right]$$

rule 1160

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[\left(d_{.}\right) + \left(e_{.}\right) \left(x_{.}\right)\right] * \left[\left(a_{.}\right) + \left(b_{.}\right) \left(x_{.}\right) + \left(c_{.}\right) \left(x_{.}\right)^2\right]^{\left(p_{.}\right)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[e * \left(\left(a + b x + c x^2\right)^{\left(p + 1\right)} / \left(2 c * \left(p + 1\right)\right)\right), x\right] + \operatorname{Simp}\left[\left(2 c d - b * e\right) / \left(2 c\right) \operatorname{Int}\left[\left(a + b x + c x^2\right)^p, x\right], x\right] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}\left[\left\{a, b, c, d, e, p\right\}, x\right] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}\left[p, -1\right]$$

rule 1693

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[\left(x_{.}\right)^{\left(m_{.}\right)} * \left[\left(a_{.}\right) + \left(c_{.}\right) \left(x_{.}\right)^{\left(n2_{.}\right)} + \left(b_{.}\right) \left(x_{.}\right)^{\left(n_{.}\right)}\right]^{\left(p_{.}\right)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[1 / n \operatorname{Subst}\left[\operatorname{Int}\left[x^{\left(\operatorname{Simplify}\left[\left(m + 1\right) / n\right] - 1\right)} * \left(a + b x + c x^2\right)^p, x\right], x, x^n\right], x\right] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}\left[\left\{a, b, c, m, n, p\right\}, x\right] \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}\left[n2, 2 * n\right] \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}\left[\operatorname{Simplify}\left[\left(m + 1\right) / n\right]\right]$$

Maple [F]

$$\int x^5 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int x^5 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \left[\frac{15(b^5 - 8ab^3c + 16a^2bc^2)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 + 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{c}}{1} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/7680*(15*(b^5 - 8*a*b^3*c + 16*a^2*b*c^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(128*c^5*x^12 + 176*b*c^4*x^9 + 8*(b^2*c^3 + 32*a*c^4)*x^6 + 15*b^4*c - 100*a*b^2*c^2 + 128*a^2*c^3 - 2*(5*b^3*c^2 - 28*a*b*c^3)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^4, 1/3840*(15*(b^5 - 8*a*b^3*c + 16*a^2*b*c^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 2*(128*c^5*x^12 + 176*b*c^4*x^9 + 8*(b^2*c^3 + 32*a*c^4)*x^6 + 15*b^4*c - 100*a*b^2*c^2 + 128*a^2*c^3 - 2*(5*b^3*c^2 - 28*a*b*c^3)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^4]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^5(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^5(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^5(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^5(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{1920} \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2(8cx^3 + 11b)x^3 + \frac{b^2c^3 + 32ac^4}{c^4} \right) x^3 - \frac{5b^3c^2 - 28abc^3}{c^4} \right) x^3 + \frac{(b^5 - 8ab^3c + 16a^2bc^2) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx^3} - \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{256c^{\frac{7}{2}}} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/1920*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*(4*(2*(8*c*x^3 + 11*b)*x^3 + (b^2*c^3 + 32*a*c^4)/c^4)*x^3 - (5*b^3*c^2 - 28*a*b*c^3)/c^4)*x^3 + (15*b^4*c - 100*a*b^2*c^2 + 128*a^2*c^3)/c^4) + 1/256*(b^5 - 8*a*b^3*c + 16*a^2*b*c^2)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x^3 - sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(7/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int x^5 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{5/2}}{15c} + \frac{3a \left(\ln \left(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \left(\frac{a}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{b^2}{8c^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{4c} \right)}{4} + \frac{x^3 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{4} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\ln \left(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right)}{6c}$$

input `int(x^5*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`

output `(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(5/2)/(15*c) - (b*((3*a*(log((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b/2 + c*x^3)/c^(1/2)))*(a/(2*c^(1/2)) - b^2/(8*c^(3/2))) + ((b + 2*c*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2))/(4*c)))/4 + (x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/4 - (3*b^2*(log((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b/2 + c*x^3)/c^(1/2)))*(a/(2*c^(1/2)) - b^2/(8*c^(3/2))) + ((b + 2*c*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2))/(4*c)))/(16*c) + (b*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(8*c))/(6*c)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^5 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{736\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}a^2c^3 - 440\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}ab^2c^2 + 112\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}abc^3x^3 + 512\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}a^2c^3x^3 + 512\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}ab^2c^2x^3 + 512\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}abc^3x^3 + 512\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}a^2c^3x^3}{60c^2}$$

input `int(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(736*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*c**3 - 440*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a
*b**2*c**2 + 112*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b*c**3*x**3 + 512*sqrt(a + b
*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*c**4*x**6 + 60*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**4*c - 20*sqrt
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*c
**3*x**6 + 352*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c**4*x**9 + 256*sqrt(a + b*x**3
+ c*x**6)*c**5*x**12 + 240*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)
)*x**3)*a**2*b*c**2 - 120*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*
x**3)*a*b**3*c + 15*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*
b**5 - 240*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b*c
**2 + 120*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**3*c -
15*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**5 - 1440*int((
sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6
+ b*c*x**9),x)*a**2*b*c**4 + 720*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**
2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*b**3*c**3 - 90*int(
(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6
+ b*c*x**9),x)*b**5*c**2 - 1440*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**
2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**3*c**4 + 270*int((
sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6
+ b*c*x**9),x)*a*b**4*c**2 - 45*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2
+ 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*b**6*c)/(3840*c**4)
```

3.190 $\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1702
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1702
Rubi [A] (verified)	1703
Maple [F]	1705
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1705
Sympy [F]	1706
Maxima [F(-2)]	1706
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1706
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1707
Reduce [F]	1707

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{(b^2 - 4ac)(b + 2cx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{64c^2} + \frac{(b + 2cx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{24c} + \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{128c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/64*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c^2+1/24*(2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/c+1/128*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(b + 2cx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(-3b^2 + 20ac + 8bcx^3 + 8c^2x^6)}{192c^2} + \frac{(-b^2 + 4ac)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3}}{-\sqrt{a+\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}}\right)}{64c^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output $((b + 2cx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(-3b^2 + 20ac + 8b^2cx^3 + 8c^2x^6))/(192c^2) + ((-b^2 + 4ac)^2\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{c}x^3/(-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})])/(64c^{5/2})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1690, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1690 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(b + 2cx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx^3}{16c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(b + 2cx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \left(\frac{(b + 2cx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{8c} \right)}{16c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(b + 2cx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c-x^6} d \frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}}{4c} \right)}{16c} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(b + 2cx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{(b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right)}{16c} \right)$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `((((b + 2*c*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(8*c) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*((b + 2*c*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(4*c) - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(8*c^(3/2))))/(16*c))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*(b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1690

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int x^2 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 - 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{c} - 768c^3)}{384c^3} - \frac{3(b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{-c}}{2(c^2x^6 + bcx^3 + ac)}\right) - 2(16c^4x^9 + 24bc^3x^6 - 3b^3c + 20abc^2 + 2(b^2c^2 + 20a^2c^3)x^3)\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{384c^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/768*(3*(b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(16*c^4*x^9 + 24*b*c^3*x^6 - 3*b^3*c + 20*a*b*c^2 + 2*(b^2*c^2 + 20*a*c^3)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^3, -1/384*(3*(b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) - 2*(16*c^4*x^9 + 24*b*c^3*x^6 - 3*b^3*c + 20*a*b*c^2 + 2*(b^2*c^2 + 20*a*c^3)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^3]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{192} \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} \left(2 \left(4(2cx^3 + 3b)x^3 + \frac{b^2c^2 + 20ac^3}{c^3} \right) x^3 - \frac{3b^3c - 20abc^2}{c^3} \right) - \frac{(b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx^3} - \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{128c^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{192}\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} \cdot (2 \cdot (4 \cdot (2cx^3 + 3b)x^3 + (b^2c^2 + 20ac^3)/c^3)x^3 - (3b^3c - 20ab^2c^2)/c^3) - \frac{1}{128} \cdot (b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2) \cdot \log(\text{abs}(2 \cdot (\sqrt{c}x^3 - \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}) \cdot \sqrt{c} + b)) / c^{5/2}$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(cx^3 + \frac{b}{2})(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{12c} + \frac{\left(3ac - \frac{3b^2}{4}\right) \left(\left(\frac{b}{4c} + \frac{x^3}{2}\right) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{\ln\left(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{cx^3 + \frac{b}{2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4}\right)}{2c^{3/2}} \right)}{12c}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`

output $\frac{((b/2 + cx^3) \cdot (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}) / (12c) + ((3ac - (3b^2)/4) \cdot ((b/(4c) + x^3/2) \cdot (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{1/2} + (\log((a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{1/2}) + (b/2 + cx^3)/c^{1/2}) \cdot (ac - b^2/4)) / (2c^{3/2}))}{12c}$

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{-96\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}a^2c^3 + 88\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}ab^2c^2 + 80\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}abc^3x^3 - 12\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}a^2c^3}{12c}$$

input `int(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 96*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*c**3 + 88*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*
a*b**2*c**2 + 80*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b*c**3*x**3 - 12*sqrt(a + b*x
**3 + c*x**6)*b**4*c + 4*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 48*sq
rt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*c**3*x**6 + 32*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c**
4*x**9 - 48*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b*c
**2 + 24*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**3*c -
3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**5 + 48*sqrt(c)*
log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b*c**2 - 24*sqrt(c)*log
(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**3*c + 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**5 + 288*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x*
**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**2*b*
c**4 - 144*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x
**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*b**3*c**3 + 18*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x
**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*b**5*c
**2 + 288*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x*
**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**3*c**4 - 54*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6
)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*b**4*c*
**2 + 9*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6
+ b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*b**6*c)/(384*b*c**3)
```

3.191 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1709
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1710
Rubi [A] (verified)	1710
Maple [F]	1714
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1714
Sympy [F]	1715
Maxima [F(-2)]	1715
Giac [F]	1715
Mupad [F(-1)]	1716
Reduce [F]	1716

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{(b^2 + 8ac + 2bcx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{24c} + \frac{1}{9} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{3} a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a + bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}\right) - \frac{b(b^2 - 12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{48c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/24*(2*b*c*x^3+8*a*c+b^2)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c+1/9*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)-1/3*a^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))-1/48*b*(-12*a*c+b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{144} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(3b^2 + 14bcx^3 + 8c(4a + cx^6))}{c} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(b^3 - 12abc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right) \\ + 96a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3} - \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(3*b^2 + 14*b*c*x^3 + 8*c*(4*a + c*x^6)))/c - (3*(b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]]))/c^(3/2) + 96*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x^3 - Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/Sqrt[a]]/144`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1693, 1162, 25, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx \\ \downarrow 1693 \\ \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx^3 \\ \downarrow 1162$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{(bx^3 + 2a) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^3} dx^3 \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(bx^3 + 2a) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^3} dx^3 + \frac{1}{3} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} \right)$$

↓ 1231

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(8ac + b^2 + 2bcx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{\int -\frac{16a^2c - b(b^2 - 12ac)x^3}{2x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{4c} \right) + \frac{1}{3} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{16a^2c - b(b^2 - 12ac)x^3}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{8c} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} (8ac + b^2 + 2bcx^3)}{4c} \right) + \frac{1}{3} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} \right)$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{16a^2c \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 - b(b^2 - 12ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{8c} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} (8ac + b^2 + 2bcx^3)}{4c} \right) + \frac{1}{3} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} \right)$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{16a^2c \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 - 2b(b^2 - 12ac) \int \frac{1}{4c - x^6} d\frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}}{8c} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} (8ac + b^2 + 2bcx^3)}{4c} \right) + \frac{1}{3} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{16a^2c \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 - \frac{b(b^2 - 12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{8c} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} (8ac + b^2 + 2bcx^3)}{4c} \right) + \frac{1}{3} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} \right)$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-32a^2c \int \frac{1}{4a-x^6} d \frac{bx^3+2a}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} - \frac{b(b^2-12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{8c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(8ac+b^2+2bcx^3)}{4c} \right) \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-16a^{3/2} \operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right) - \frac{b(b^2-12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{8c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(8ac+b^2+2bcx^3)}{4c} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/3 + (((b^2 + 8*a*c + 2*b*c*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(4*c) + (-16*a^(3/2)*c*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]]) - (b*(b^2 - 12*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/Sqrt[c])/(8*c))/2)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154

```
Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1162

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[m] || LtQ[m, 1]) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1231

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x,x)`

output `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 727, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.69

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/288*(48*a^(3/2)*c^2*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) - 3*(b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(8*c^3*x^6 + 14*b*c^2*x^3 + 3*b^2*c + 32*a*c^2)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/c^2, 1/144*(24*a^(3/2)*c^2*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) + 3*(b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 2*(8*c^3*x^6 + 14*b*c^2*x^3 + 3*b^2*c + 32*a*c^2)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/c^2, 1/288*(96*sqrt(-a)*a*c^2*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) - 3*(b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(8*c^3*x^6 + 14*b*c^2*x^3 + 3*b^2*c + 32*a*c^2)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/c^2, 1/144*(48*sqrt(-a)*a*c^2*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 3*(b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 2*(8*c^3*x^6 + 14*b*c^2*x^3 + 3*b^2*c + 32*a*c^2)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/c^2]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)/x, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x,x)`output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x,x)`

output

```

(24*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*c**3 + 88*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b
**2*c**2 + 84*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b*c**3*x**3 + 48*sqrt(a + b*x**3
+ c*x**6)*a*c**4*x**6 + 6*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**4*c + 28*sqrt(a +
b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*c**3*x
**6 + 144*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**2*c**3 + 48*
sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c**2 - 144*sqrt(a)
*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a**2*c**3 - 48*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(
a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c**2 - 108*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x
**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b*c**2 - 27*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3
+ c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**3*c + 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x
**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**5 + 108*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqr
t(c)*x**3)*a**2*b*c**2 + 27*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c
)*x**3)*a*b**3*c - 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)
*b**5 + 1512*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**11)/(3*a**3*b*c + 3*a**3*c*
**2*x**3 + a**2*b**3 + 7*a**2*b**2*c*x**3 + 9*a**2*b*c**2*x**6 + 3*a**2*c**
3*x**9 + 2*a*b**4*x**3 + 6*a*b**3*c*x**6 + 7*a*b**2*c**2*x**9 + 3*a*b*c**3
*x**12 + b**5*x**6 + 2*b**4*c*x**9 + b**3*c**2*x**12),x)*a**3*b*c**6 + 450
*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**11)/(3*a**3*b*c + 3*a**3*c**2*x**3 + a
**2*b**3 + 7*a**2*b**2*c*x**3 + 9*a**2*b*c**2*x**6 + 3*a**2*c**3*x**9 + 2*a
*b**4*x**3 + 6*a*b**3*c*x**6 + 7*a*b**2*c**2*x**9 + 3*a*b*c**3*x**12 + ...

```

3.192 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1718
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1718
Rubi [A] (verified)	1719
Maple [F]	1722
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1723
Sympy [F]	1723
Maxima [F(-2)]	1724
Giac [F]	1724
Mupad [F(-1)]	1724
Reduce [F]	1725

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{4}(3b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{a}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a + bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}\right) + \frac{(b^2 + 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
1/4*(2*c*x^3+3*b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)-1/3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^3-1/2*a^(1/2)*b*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))+1/8*(4*a*c+b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(-4a + 5bx^3 + 2cx^6)}{12x^3} + \sqrt{a}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x^3 - \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{(b^2 + 4ac) \log(b + 2cx^3 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})}{8\sqrt{c}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^4,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(-4*a + 5*b*x^3 + 2*c*x^6))/(12*x^3) + Sqrt[a]*b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x^3 - Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/Sqrt[a]] - ((b^2 + 4*a*c)*Log[b + 2*c*x^3 - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/(8*Sqrt[c])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1693, 1161, 1231, 25, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1161 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{(2cx^3 + b) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^3} dx^3 - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1231 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} (3b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} - \frac{\int -\frac{c((b^2+4ac)x^3+4ab)}{x^3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{4c} \right) - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{c((b^2+4ac)x^3+4ab)}{x^3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{4c} + \frac{1}{2} (3b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \right) - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(b^2 + 4ac)x^3 + 4ab}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 + \frac{1}{2} (3b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \right) - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} \right)$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left((4ac + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 + 4ab \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 \right) + \frac{1}{2} (3b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(2(4ac + b^2) \int \frac{1}{4c - x^6} d \frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} + 4ab \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 \right) + \frac{1}{2} (3b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \right) \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(4ab \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 + \frac{(4ac + b^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} (3b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(4ac + b^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 8ab \int \frac{1}{4a - x^6} d \frac{bx^3 + 2a}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} (3b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \right) \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(4ac + b^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 4\sqrt{ab} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{2a + bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} (3b + 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^4,x]`

output `(-((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^3) + (3*(((3*b + 2*c*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/2 + (-4*Sqrt[a]*b*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])) + ((b^2 + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])))/Sqrt[c])/4))/2)/3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`
- rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`
- rule 1161 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[p/(e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(b + 2*c*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || LtQ[m, -1]) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1231

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)
- g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/
(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m +
2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*
a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*
c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c
^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x]
]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !R
ationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Integer
Q[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^4,x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 713, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.75

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/48*(12*sqrt(a)*b*c*x^3*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) + 3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*sqrt(c)*x^3*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(2*c^2*x^6 + 5*b*c*x^3 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(c*x^3), 1/24*(6*sqrt(a)*b*c*x^3*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) - 3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*sqrt(-c)*x^3*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 2*(2*c^2*x^6 + 5*b*c*x^3 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(c*x^3), 1/48*(24*sqrt(-a)*b*c*x^3*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*sqrt(c)*x^3*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(2*c^2*x^6 + 5*b*c*x^3 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(c*x^3), 1/24*(12*sqrt(-a)*b*c*x^3*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) - 3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*sqrt(-c)*x^3*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 2*(2*c^2*x^6 + 5*b*c*x^3 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(c*x^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2)/x**4,x)`

output

`Integral((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)/x**4, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^4,x)`

output `(- 8*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*c + 10*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c*x**3 + 4*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*c**2*x**6 + 12*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*b*c*x**3 - 12*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*b*c*x**3 - 12*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*c*x**3 - 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**2*x**3 + 12*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*c*x**3 + 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**2*x**3 - 108*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(3*a**3*b*c + 3*a**3*c**2*x**3 + a**2*b**3 + 7*a**2*b**2*c*x**3 + 9*a**2*b*c**2*x**6 + 3*a**2*c**3*x**9 + 2*a*b**4*x**3 + 6*a*b**3*c*x**6 + 7*a*b**2*c**2*x**9 + 3*a*b*c**3*x**12 + b**5*x**6 + 2*b**4*c*x**9 + b**3*c**2*x**12),x)*a**3*c**4*x**3 - 171*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(3*a**3*b*c + 3*a**3*c**2*x**3 + a**2*b**3 + 7*a**2*b**2*c*x**3 + 9*a**2*b*c**2*x**6 + 3*a**2*c**3*x**9 + 2*a*b**4*x**3 + 6*a*b**3*c*x**6 + 7*a*b**2*c**2*x**9 + 3*a*b*c**3*x**12 + b**5*x**6 + 2*b**4*c*x**9 + b**3*c**2*x**12),x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*x**3 - 45*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(3*a**3*b*c + 3*a**3*c**2*x**3 + a**2*b**3 + 7*a**2*b**2*c*x**3 + 9*a**2*b*c**2*x**6 + 3*a**2*c**3*x**9 + 2*a*b**4*x**3 + 6*a*b**3*c*x**6 + 7*a*b**2*c**2*x**9 + 3*a*b*c**3*x**12 + b**5*x**6 + 2*b**4*c*x**9 + b**3*c**2*x**12),x)*a*b**4*c**2*x**3 - 216*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**2)/(3*a**3*b*c + 3*a**3*c**2*x**3 + a**2*b**3 + 7*a**2*b**2...`

3.193 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	1726
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1727
Rubi [A] (verified)	1727
Maple [F]	1730
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1731
Sympy [F]	1731
Maxima [F(-2)]	1732
Giac [F]	1732
Mupad [F(-1)]	1732
Reduce [F]	1733

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{(b - 2cx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4x^3} - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{6x^6} - \frac{(b^2 + 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a}} + \frac{1}{2}b\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}\right)$$

output

```
-1/4*(-2*c*x^3+b)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/x^3-1/6*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^6-
1/8*(4*a*c+b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(
1/2)+1/2*b*c^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{1}{12} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(-2a - 5bx^3 + 4cx^6)}{x^6} + \frac{3(b^2 + 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3 - \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - 6b\sqrt{c} \log\left(b + 2cx^3 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^7,x]`

output `((Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(-2*a - 5*b*x^3 + 4*c*x^6))/x^6 + (3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x^3 - Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] - 6*b*Sqrt[c]*Log[b + 2*c*x^3 - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$, Rules used = {1693, 1161, 1230, 25, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

↓ 1693

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx^3$$

↓ 1161

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(2cx^3 + b) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^6} dx^3 - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{2x^6} \right)$$

↓ 1230

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{4bcx^3 + b^2 + 4ac}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 - \frac{(b - 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} \right) - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{2x^6} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{4bcx^3 + b^2 + 4ac}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 - \frac{(b - 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} \right) - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{2x^6} \right)$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left((4ac + b^2) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 + 4bc \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 \right) - \frac{(b - 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left((4ac + b^2) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 + 8bc \int \frac{1}{4c - x^6} d \frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} \right) - \frac{(b - 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left((4ac + b^2) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 + 4b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right) \right) - \frac{(b - 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(4b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right) - 2(4ac + b^2) \int \frac{1}{4a - x^6} d \frac{bx^3 + 2a}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} \right) - \frac{(b - 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(4b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right) - \frac{(4ac + b^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{2a + bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right) - \frac{(b - 2cx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{x^3} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^7,x]`

output

$$\frac{(-1/2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^{(3/2)}/x^6 + (3*(-(((b - 2*c*x^3)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/x^3) + (-(((b^2 + 4*a*c)*\text{ArcTanh}[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/ \text{Sqrt}[a]) + 4*b*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])]))/2))/4)/3$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[\left(\frac{a}{x} + b\right) \cdot x^{-2}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}\left[\frac{1}{\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2]} \cdot \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot x}{\text{Rt}[a, 2]}\right], \text{x}\right] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, \text{x} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1092

$$\text{Int}\left[\frac{1}{\text{Sqrt}\left[\frac{a}{x} + b + c \cdot x\right]}, \text{x_Symbol}\right] \rightarrow \text{Simp}\left[2 \quad \text{Subst}\left[\text{Int}\left[\frac{1}{4c - x^2}, \text{x}\right], \text{x}, \frac{b + 2cx}{\text{Sqrt}[a + bx + cx^2]}\right], \text{x}\right] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, \text{x}$$

rule 1154

$$\text{Int}\left[\frac{1}{\left(\frac{d}{x} + e\right) \cdot \text{Sqrt}\left[\frac{a}{x} + b + c \cdot x\right]}, \text{x_Symbol}\right] \rightarrow \text{Simp}\left[-2 \quad \text{Subst}\left[\text{Int}\left[\frac{1}{4c \cdot d^2 - 4bd \cdot e + 4ae^2 - x^2}, \text{x}\right], \text{x}, \frac{2ae - bd - (2cd - be) \cdot x}{\text{Sqrt}[a + bx + cx^2]}\right], \text{x}\right] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, \text{x}$$

rule 1161

$$\text{Int}\left[\left(\frac{d}{x} + e\right)^m \cdot \left(\frac{a}{x} + b + c \cdot x\right)^p, \text{x_Symbol}\right] \rightarrow \text{Simp}\left[\left(d + e \cdot x\right)^{m+1} \cdot \left(\frac{a + bx + cx^2}{e \cdot (m+1)}\right)^p, \text{x}\right] - \text{Simp}\left[\frac{p}{e \cdot (m+1)} \quad \text{Int}\left[\left(d + e \cdot x\right)^{m+1} \cdot (b + 2cx) \cdot \left(\frac{a + bx + cx^2}{e \cdot (m+1)}\right)^{p-1}, \text{x}\right], \text{x}\right] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, \text{x} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m + 2p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, \text{x}]$$

rule 1230

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[g*(b*d + 2*a*e + 2*a*e*m + 2*b*d*p) - f*b*e*(m + 2*p + 2) + (g*(2*c*d + b*e + b*e*m + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^7} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^7,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^7,x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 713, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.72

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/48*(12*a*b*sqrt(c)*x^6*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6
+ b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*sqrt(a)*x^6*
log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2
*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) + 4*(4*a*c*x^6 - 5*a*b*x^3 - 2*a^2)*sqrt(c*x^6 +
b*x^3 + a))/(a*x^6), -1/48*(24*a*b*sqrt(-c)*x^6*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b
*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) - 3*(b^2 + 4*a
*c)*sqrt(a)*x^6*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3
+ a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) - 4*(4*a*c*x^6 - 5*a*b*x^3 - 2*a
^2)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a*x^6), 1/24*(6*a*b*sqrt(c)*x^6*log(-8*c^2*x
^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4
*a*c) + 3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*sqrt(-a)*x^6*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b
*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*(4*a*c*x^6 - 5*a*b*x^3
- 2*a^2)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a*x^6), -1/24*(12*a*b*sqrt(-c)*x^6*arc
tan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3
+ a*c)) - 3*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*sqrt(-a)*x^6*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*
(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) - 2*(4*a*c*x^6 - 5*a*b*x
^3 - 2*a^2)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a*x^6)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2)/x**7,x)`

output

`Integral((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)/x**7, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)/x^7, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^7,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^7, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^7,x)`

output

```
( - 96*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b*c**3 - 768*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**
6)*a**5*c**4*x**3 + 40*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**3*c**2 - 2928*sq
rt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**2*c**3*x**3 + 192*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
*a**4*b*c**4*x**6 + 96*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**5*c - 3056*sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**4*c**2*x**3 - 80*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**
3*b**3*c**3*x**6 + 24*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**7 - 1122*sqrt(a +
b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**6*c*x**3 - 192*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**
5*c**2*x**6 - 66*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**8*x**3 - 48*sqrt(a + b*x**
3 + c*x**6)*a*b**7*c*x**6 + 288*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sq
rt(a))*a**4*b*c**4*x**6 - 48*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(
a))*a**3*b**3*c**3*x**6 - 318*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt
(a))*a**2*b**5*c**2*x**6 - 144*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqr
t(a))*a*b**7*c*x**6 - 18*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*
b**9*x**6 - 288*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a**4*b*c*
**4*x**6 + 48*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a**3*b**3*c*
**3*x**6 + 318*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a**2*b**5*c
**2*x**6 + 144*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a*b**7*c*x
**6 + 18*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*b**9*x**6 - 288*
sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c))*x**3)*a**4*b**2*c**3*x**6
+ 120*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c))*x**3)*a**3*b**4*c...
```

$$3.194 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$$

Optimal result	1734
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1735
Rubi [A] (verified)	1735
Maple [F]	1738
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1739
Sympy [F]	1739
Maxima [F(-2)]	1740
Giac [F]	1740
Mupad [F(-1)]	1740
Reduce [F]	1741

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{(2ab+(b^2+8ac)x^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{24ax^6} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{9x^9} + \frac{b(b^2-12ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{48a^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{3}c^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)$$

output

```
-1/24*(2*a*b+(8*a*c+b^2)*x^3)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a/x^6-1/9*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^9+1/48*b*(-12*a*c+b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)+1/3*c^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(-8a^2 - 14abx^3 - 3b^2x^6 - 32acx^6)}{72ax^9} + \frac{(b^3 - 12abc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-\sqrt{cx^3 + \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{24a^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{3}c^{3/2} \log\left(b + 2cx^3 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^10,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(-8*a^2 - 14*a*b*x^3 - 3*b^2*x^6 - 32*a*c*x^6))/(72*a*x^9) + ((b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*ArcTanh[(-(Sqrt[c]*x^3) + Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/Sqrt[a]])/(24*a^(3/2)) - (c^(3/2)*Log[b + 2*c*x^3 - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$, Rules used = {1693, 1161, 1229, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$$

↓ 1693

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{12}} dx^3$$

↓ 1161

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(2cx^3 + b) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^9} dx^3 - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{3x^9} \right)$$

↓ 1229

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{b(b^2-12ac)-16ac^2x^3}{2x^3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(x^3(8ac+b^2)+2ab)}{4ax^6} \right) - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{3x^9} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{b(b^2-12ac)-16ac^2x^3}{x^3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(x^3(8ac+b^2)+2ab)}{4ax^6} \right) - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{3x^9} \right)$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{b(b^2-12ac) \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3 - 16ac^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(x^3(8ac+b^2)+2ab)}{4ax^6} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{b(b^2-12ac) \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3 - 32ac^2 \int \frac{1}{4c-x^6} d\frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(x^3(8ac+b^2)+2ab)}{4ax^6} \right) \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{b(b^2-12ac) \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3 - 16ac^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(x^3(8ac+b^2)+2ab)}{4ax^6} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{-2b(b^2-12ac) \int \frac{1}{4a-x^6} d\frac{bx^3+2a}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} - 16ac^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(x^3(8ac+b^2)+2ab)}{4ax^6} \right) \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\frac{b(b^2-12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - 16ac^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(x^3(8ac+b^2)+2ab)}{4ax^6} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^10,x]`

output `(-1/3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^9 + (-1/4*((2*a*b + (b^2 + 8*a*c)*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(a*x^6) - ((b*(b^2 - 12*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/Sqrt[a]) - 16*a*c^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(8*a))/2)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1161 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[p/(e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(b + 2*c*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || LtQ[m, -1]) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1229

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) - d*p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) + p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) + b^2*e*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + p + 2)) + b*(a*e^2*g*(m + 1) - c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)))] - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)) - e*(2*a*e*g*(m + 1) - b*(d*g*(m - 2*p) + e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^10,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^10,x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 771, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.73

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/288*(48*a^2*c^(3/2)*x^9*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 3*(b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*sqrt(a)*x^9*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) - 4*((3*a*b^2 + 32*a^2*c)*x^6 + 14*a^2*b*x^3 + 8*a^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/(a^2*x^9), -1/288*(96*a^2*sqrt(-c)*c*x^9*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 3*(b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*sqrt(a)*x^9*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) + 4*((3*a*b^2 + 32*a^2*c)*x^6 + 14*a^2*b*x^3 + 8*a^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^2*x^9), 1/144*(24*a^2*c^(3/2)*x^9*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 3*(b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*sqrt(-a)*x^9*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) - 2*((3*a*b^2 + 32*a^2*c)*x^6 + 14*a^2*b*x^3 + 8*a^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^2*x^9), -1/144*(48*a^2*sqrt(-c)*c*x^9*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 3*(b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*sqrt(-a)*x^9*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*((3*a*b^2 + 32*a^2*c)*x^6 + 14*a^2*b*x^3 + 8*a^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^2*x^9)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2)/x**10,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)/x**10, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)/x^10, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^10,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^10, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^10,x)`

output `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^10,x)`

3.195 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx$

Optimal result	1742
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1742
Rubi [A] (verified)	1743
Maple [F]	1745
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1745
Sympy [F]	1746
Maxima [F(-2)]	1746
Giac [F]	1747
Mupad [F(-1)]	1747
Reduce [F]	1747

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)(2a + bx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{64a^2x^6} - \frac{(2a + bx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{24ax^{12}} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{128a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/64*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(b*x^3+2*a)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^6-1/24*(b*x^3+2*a)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/a/x^12-1/128*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{(2a + bx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(8a^2 + 8abx^3 - 3b^2x^6 + 20acx^6)}{192a^2x^{12}} + \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3 - \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^13,x]`

output `-1/192*((2*a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(8*a^2 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 3*b^2*x^6 + 20*a*c*x^6))/(a^2*x^12) + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x^3 - Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/Sqrt[a]])/(64*a^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1693, 1152, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{15}} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1152 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{x^9} dx^3}{16a} - \frac{(2a + bx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1152 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \left(-\frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{(2a + bx^3) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(2a + bx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1154
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \left(\frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{4a - x^6} d \frac{bx^3 + 2a}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} - \frac{(2a + bx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(2a + bx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \left(\frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{2a + bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right) - \frac{(2a + bx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(2a + bx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^13,x]`

output `(-1/8*((2*a + b*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))/(a*x^12) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-1/4*((2*a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(a*x^6) + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/(8*a^(3/2))))/(16*a))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1152 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{13}} dx$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^13,x)`

output `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^13,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \left[\frac{3(b^4 - 8ab^2c + 16a^2c^2)\sqrt{a}x^{12} \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6+8abx^3-4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{a}+8}{x^6}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/768*(3*(b^4 - 8*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(a)*x^12*log(-(b^2 + 4*a*c)*
x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)
/x^6) + 4*((3*a*b^3 - 20*a^2*b*c)*x^9 - 24*a^3*b*x^3 - 2*(a^2*b^2 + 20*a^3
*c)*x^6 - 16*a^4)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^3*x^12), 1/384*(3*(b^4 - 8*a
*b^2*c + 16*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(-a)*x^12*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x
^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*((3*a*b^3 - 20*a^2*b*c)*
x^9 - 24*a^3*b*x^3 - 2*(a^2*b^2 + 20*a^3*c)*x^6 - 16*a^4)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x
^3 + a))/(a^3*x^12)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{13}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2)/x**13,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)/x**13, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^13,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)/x^13, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^13,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^13, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{13}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^13,x)`

output

```
( - 98304*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b**4*c**7 - 131072*sqrt(a + b*x**
3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b**3*c**8*x**3 + 196608*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b*
**2*c**9*x**6 + 393216*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*c**11*x**12 - 286720*
sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**6*c**6 - 147456*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6
)*a**8*b**5*c**7*x**3 - 81920*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**4*c**8*x**
6 - 229376*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**3*c**9*x**9 - 196608*sqrt(a +
b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**2*c**10*x**12 - 108544*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
*a**7*b**8*c**5 - 618496*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**7*c**6*x**3 - 4
46464*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**6*c**7*x**6 - 417792*sqrt(a + b*x*
**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**5*c**8*x**9 - 442368*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b
**4*c**9*x**12 + 161280*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**10*c**4 - 95232*
sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**9*c**5*x**3 - 173056*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c
*x**6)*a**6*b**8*c**6*x**6 - 522240*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**7*c
**7*x**9 + 172032*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**6*c**8*x**12 + 33280*sq
rt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**12*c**3 + 220416*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
*a**5*b**11*c**4*x**3 + 337408*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**10*c**5*x
**6 - 461312*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**9*c**6*x**9 + 109056*sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**8*c**7*x**12 - 22400*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
*a**4*b**14*c**2 + 56704*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**13*c**3*x**3 +
120064*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**12*c**4*x**6 + 585216*sqrt(a + ...
```

3.196 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx$

Optimal result	1749
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1750
Rubi [A] (verified)	1750
Maple [F]	1753
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1753
Sympy [F]	1754
Maxima [F(-2)]	1754
Giac [F]	1755
Mupad [F(-1)]	1755
Reduce [F]	1755

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx = -\frac{b(b^2 - 4ac)(2a + bx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{128a^3x^6} + \frac{b(2a + bx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{48a^2x^{12}} - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{15ax^{15}} + \frac{b(b^2 - 4ac)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{256a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/128*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(b*x^3+2*a)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^6+1/48*b*(b*x^3+2*a)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/a^2/x^12-1/15*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(5/2)/a/x^15+1/256*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(128a^4+15b^4x^{12}-10ab^2x^9(b+10cx^3)+16a^3(11bx^3+16cx^6)+8a^2x^6(b^2+7bcx^3+16c^2x^6))}{x^{15}} + \frac{15b(b^2-4ac)\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x^3 - \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1920a^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^16,x]`

output `(-((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(128*a^4 + 15*b^4*x^12 - 10*a*b^2*x^9*(b + 10*c*x^3) + 16*a^3*(11*b*x^3 + 16*c*x^6) + 8*a^2*x^6*(b^2 + 7*b*c*x^3 + 16*c^2*x^6)))/x^15) - 15*b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x^3 - Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/Sqrt[a]])/(1920*a^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {1693, 1157, 1152, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1693} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{18}} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1157} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{15}} dx^3}{2a} - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{5ax^{15}} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1152} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{3(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}{x^9} dx^3}{16a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5ax^{15}} \right)$$

↓ 1152

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(-\frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3) \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5ax^{15}} \right)$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4a-x^6} d \frac{bx^3+2a}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}}{4a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3) \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5ax^{15}} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right)}{8a^{3/2}} - \frac{(2a+bx^3) \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5ax^{15}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^16,x]`

output `(-1/5*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(5/2)/(a*x^15) - (b*(-1/8*((2*a + b*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)))/(a*x^12) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-1/4*((2*a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]))/(a*x^6) + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]]))/(8*a^(3/2)))/(16*a))/(2*a))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1152 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1157 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p_.), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{16}} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^16,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^16,x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{15(b^5 - 8ab^3c + 16a^2bc^2)\sqrt{a}x^{15} \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6+8abx^3+4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{a}}{x^6}\right) + 15(b^5 - 8ab^3c + 16a^2bc^2)\sqrt{-a}x^{15} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{-a}}{2(acx^6+abx^3+a^2)}\right) + 2((15ab^4 - 100a^2b^2c + 128a^3c^2)x}{3840a^4x^{15}}}{3840a^4x^{15}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^16,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/7680*(15*(b^5 - 8*a*b^3*c + 16*a^2*b*c^2)*sqrt(a)*x^15*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) - 4*((15*a*b^4 - 100*a^2*b^2*c + 128*a^3*c^2)*x^12 - 2*(5*a^2*b^3 - 28*a^3*b*c)*x^9 + 176*a^4*b*x^3 + 8*(a^3*b^2 + 32*a^4*c)*x^6 + 128*a^5)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^4*x^15), -1/3840*(15*(b^5 - 8*a*b^3*c + 16*a^2*b*c^2)*sqrt(-a)*x^15*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*((15*a*b^4 - 100*a^2*b^2*c + 128*a^3*c^2)*x^12 - 2*(5*a^2*b^3 - 28*a^3*b*c)*x^9 + 176*a^4*b*x^3 + 8*(a^3*b^2 + 32*a^4*c)*x^6 + 128*a^5)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^4*x^15)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{16}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2)/x**16,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)/x**16, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^16,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^16,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)/x^16, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^16,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^16, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{16}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^16,x)`

output

```
( - 2359296*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**10*b**2*c**8 - 3932160*sqrt(a + b
*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b**4*c**7 - 1769472*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b*
*3*c**8*x**3 - 6684672*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b**2*c**9*x**6 + 589
8240*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b*c**10*x**9 - 11796480*sqrt(a + b*x**
3 + c*x**6)*a**9*c**11*x**12 + 6881280*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**6
*c**6 - 7372800*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**5*c**7*x**3 - 7110656*sq
rt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**4*c**8*x**6 + 3637248*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*
x**6)*a**8*b**3*c**9*x**9 - 16121856*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**2*c
**10*x**12 + 7053312*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**8*c**5 + 12840960*s
qrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**7*c**6*x**3 + 11304960*sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6)*a**7*b**6*c**7*x**6 - 12533760*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**5
*c**8*x**9 + 14745600*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**4*c**9*x**12 - 634
3680*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**10*c**4 + 8239104*sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6)*a**6*b**9*c**5*x**3 + 12539904*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**
8*c**6*x**6 + 8017920*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**7*c**7*x**9 + 1658
8800*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**6*c**8*x**12 + 1128960*sqrt(a + b*x
**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**12*c**3 - 10126080*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b*
*11*c**4*x**3 - 8672768*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**10*c**5*x**6 + 6
434304*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**9*c**6*x**9 - 242688*sqrt(a + b*x
**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**8*c**7*x**12 + 3717120*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*...
```

3.197 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx$

Optimal result	1757
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1758
Rubi [A] (verified)	1758
Maple [F]	1762
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1762
Sympy [F]	1763
Maxima [F(-2)]	1763
Giac [F]	1763
Mupad [F(-1)]	1764
Reduce [F]	1764

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx = \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)(7b^2 - 4ac)(2a + bx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{1536a^4x^6} - \frac{(7b^2 - 4ac)(2a + bx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{576a^3x^{12}} - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{18ax^{18}} + \frac{7b(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{180a^2x^{15}} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)^2(7b^2 - 4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{3072a^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/1536*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(-4*a*c+7*b^2)*(b*x^3+2*a)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^4/x^6-1/576*(-4*a*c+7*b^2)*(b*x^3+2*a)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/a^3/x^12-1/18*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(5/2)/a/x^18+7/180*b*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(5/2)/a^2/x^15-1/3072*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*(-4*a*c+7*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(1280a^5-105b^5x^{15}+10ab^3x^{12}(7b+76cx^3)+64a^4(26bx^3+35cx^6)+48a^3x^6(b^2+6bcx^3+10c^2x^6))}{x^{18}} + \frac{15(b^2-4ac)^2(7b^2-4ac)\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c}x^3 - \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right]}{(23040a^{9/2})}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^19,x]`

output `(-((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(1280*a^5 - 105*b^5*x^15 + 10*a*b^3*x^12*(7*b + 76*c*x^3) + 64*a^4*(26*b*x^3 + 35*c*x^6) + 48*a^3*x^6*(b^2 + 6*b*c*x^3 + 10*c^2*x^6) - 8*a^2*b*x^9*(7*b^2 + 54*b*c*x^3 + 162*c^2*x^6)))/x^18) + 15*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*(7*b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x^3 - Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/Sqrt[a]]/(23040*a^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {1693, 1167, 27, 1228, 1152, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{21}} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow 1167 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{\int \frac{(2cx^3+7b)(cx^6+bx^3+a)^{3/2}}{2x^{18}} dx^3}{6a} - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{6ax^{18}} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{\int \frac{(2cx^3+7b)(cx^6+bx^3+a)^{3/2}}{x^{18}} dx^3}{12a} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{6ax^{18}} \right)$$

↓ 1228

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{(7b^2-4ac) \int \frac{(cx^6+bx^3+a)^{3/2}}{x^{15}} dx^3}{12a} - \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5ax^{15}} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{6ax^{18}} \right)$$

↓ 1152

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{(7b^2-4ac) \left(- \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}{x^9} dx^3}{16a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right)}{12a} - \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5ax^{15}} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{6ax^{18}} \right)$$

↓ 1152

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{(7b^2-4ac) \left(- \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(- \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right)}{12a} - \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5ax^{15}} \right)$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{(7b^2-4ac) \left(- \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4a-x^6} d \frac{bx^3+2a}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right)}{12a} - \frac{7b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5ax^{15}} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(7b^2 - 4ac) \left(\frac{3(b^2 - 4ac) \left(\frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a + bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}\right) - \frac{(2a + bx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4ax^6}}{8a^{3/2}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(2a + bx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{7b(a + b^2x^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{12a} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^19,x]`

output `(-1/6*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(5/2)/(a*x^18) - ((-7*b*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(5/2))/(5*a*x^15) - ((7*b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-1/8*((2*a + b*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)))/(a*x^12) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-1/4*((2*a + b*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]))/(a*x^6) + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(8*a^(3/2))))/(16*a))/(2*a))/(12*a))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1152

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 1154

```
Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1167

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Simp[c*d*(m + 1) - b*e*(m + p + 2) - c*e*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0])
```

rule 1228

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{19}} dx$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^19,x)`

output `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^19,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(7b^6 - 60ab^4c + 144a^2b^2c^2 - 64a^3c^3)\sqrt{a}x^{18} \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6+8abx^3+4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}{x}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^19,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/92160*(15*(7*b^6 - 60*a*b^4*c + 144*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3)*sqrt(a)*x^18*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) - 4*((105*a*b^5 - 760*a^2*b^3*c + 1296*a^3*b*c^2)*x^15 - 2*(35*a^2*b^4 - 216*a^3*b^2*c + 240*a^4*c^2)*x^12 + 8*(7*a^3*b^3 - 36*a^4*b*c)*x^9 - 1664*a^5*b*x^3 - 16*(3*a^4*b^2 + 140*a^5*c)*x^6 - 1280*a^6)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^5*x^18), 1/46080*(15*(7*b^6 - 60*a*b^4*c + 144*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3)*sqrt(-a)*x^18*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*((105*a*b^5 - 760*a^2*b^3*c + 1296*a^3*b*c^2)*x^15 - 2*(35*a^2*b^4 - 216*a^3*b^2*c + 240*a^4*c^2)*x^12 + 8*(7*a^3*b^3 - 36*a^4*b*c)*x^9 - 1664*a^5*b*x^3 - 16*(3*a^4*b^2 + 140*a^5*c)*x^6 - 1280*a^6)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^5*x^18)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{19}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2)/x**19,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)/x**19, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^19,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{19}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^19,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)/x^19, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^19,x)`output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^19, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{19}} dx$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^19,x)`output `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^19,x)`

3.198 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{22}} dx$

Optimal result	1765
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1766
Rubi [A] (verified)	1766
Maple [F]	1770
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1771
Sympy [F]	1772
Maxima [F(-2)]	1772
Giac [F]	1772
Mupad [F(-1)]	1773
Reduce [F]	1773

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 255

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{22}} dx = -\frac{b(b^2 - 4ac)(3b^2 - 4ac)(2a + bx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{1024a^5x^6} + \frac{b(3b^2 - 4ac)(2a + bx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{384a^4x^{12}} - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{21ax^{21}} + \frac{b(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{28a^2x^{18}} - \frac{(21b^2 - 16ac)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{840a^3x^{15}} + \frac{b(b^2 - 4ac)^2(3b^2 - 4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{2048a^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-1/1024*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)*(-4*a*c+3*b^2)*(b*x^3+2*a)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^5/x^6+1/384*b*(-4*a*c+3*b^2)*(b*x^3+2*a)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/a^4/x^12-1/21*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(5/2)/a/x^21+1/28*b*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(5/2)/a^2/x^18-1/840*(-16*a*c+21*b^2)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(5/2)/a^3/x^15+1/2048*b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^2*(-4*a*c+3*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{22}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(5120a^6+315b^6x^{18}-210ab^4x^{15}(b+12cx^3)+256a^5(25bx^3+32cx^6)+64a^4x^6(2b^2+11bcx^3))}{x^{21}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^22,x]`

output `(-((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(5120*a^6 + 315*b^6*x^18 - 210*a*b^4*x^15*(b + 12*c*x^3) + 256*a^5*(25*b*x^3 + 32*c*x^6) + 64*a^4*x^6*(2*b^2 + 11*b*c*x^3 + 16*c^2*x^6) + 56*a^2*b^2*x^12*(3*b^2 + 26*b*c*x^3 + 98*c^2*x^6) - 16*a^3*x^9*(9*b^3 + 62*b^2*c*x^3 + 146*b*c^2*x^6 + 128*c^3*x^9)))/x^21) - 105*b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2*(3*b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x^3 - Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/Sqrt[a]])/(107520*a^(11/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1693, 1167, 27, 1237, 27, 1228, 1152, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{22}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1693} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{24}} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1167} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\int \frac{(4cx^3+9b)(cx^6+bx^3+a)^{3/2}}{2x^{21}} dx^3 - \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{5/2}}{7ax^{21}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{\int \frac{(4cx^3+9b)(cx^6+bx^3+a)^{3/2}}{x^{21}} dx^3}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{7ax^{21}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{\int \frac{3(6bcx^3+21b^2-16ac)(cx^6+bx^3+a)^{3/2}}{2x^{18}} dx^3}{14a} - \frac{3b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{2ax^{18}} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{7ax^{21}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{\int \frac{(6bcx^3+21b^2-16ac)(cx^6+bx^3+a)^{3/2}}{x^{18}} dx^3}{4a} - \frac{3b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{2ax^{18}} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{7ax^{21}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{\frac{7b(3b^2-4ac) \int \frac{(cx^6+bx^3+a)^{3/2}}{x^{15}} dx^3}{2a} - \frac{(21b^2-16ac)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5ax^{15}}}{14a} - \frac{3b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{2ax^{18}} - \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{7ax^{21}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{\frac{7b(3b^2-4ac) \left(- \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}{x^9} dx^3}{16a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right)}{2a}}{4a} - \frac{(21b^2-16ac)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5ax^{15}} - \frac{3b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{2ax^{18}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(- \frac{7b(3b^2-4ac) \left(- \frac{3(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}{x^9} dx^3}{16a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(21b^2-16ac)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{5ax^{15}} - \frac{3b(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{5/2}}{2ax^{18}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{7b(3b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(-\frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3) \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(21b^2-16ac)(a+bx^3)}{5ax} \right)}{4a} \right) \frac{1}{14a}$$

1154

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{7b(3b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4a-x^6} d \frac{bx^3+2a}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} - \frac{(2a+bx^3) \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(21b^2-16ac)(a+bx^3)}{5ax} \right)}{4a} \right) \frac{1}{14a}$$

219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{7b(3b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{3(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{(b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right)}{8a^{3/2}} - \frac{(2a+bx^3) \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^6} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(2a+bx^3)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{8ax^{12}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(21b^2-16ac)(a+bx^3)}{5ax} \right)}{4a} \right) \frac{1}{14a}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^22,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-1/7*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^{(5/2)}/(a*x^{21}) - ((-3*b*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^{(5/2)})/(2*a*x^{18}) - (-1/5*((21*b^2 - 16*a*c)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^{(5/2)})/(a*x^{15}) - (7*b*(3*b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-1/8*((2*a + b*x^3)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^{(3/2)})/(a*x^{12}) - (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-1/4*((2*a + b*x^3)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]))/(a*x^6) + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*\text{ArcTanh}[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]))]/(8*a^{(3/2)})))/(16*a)))/(2*a))/(4*a))/(14*a))/3 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] \text{ /; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1152

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_)*(x_))^m*((a_*) + (b_)*(x_*) + (c_)*(x_*)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(d + e*x)^{m+1})*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))) \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+2}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \end{aligned}$$

rule 1154

$$\text{Int}[1/(((d_*) + (e_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_)*(x_*) + (c_)*(x_*)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$$

rule 1167

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x]
+ Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Simp[c*d*(m + 1) - b*e*(m + p + 2) - c*e*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0])
```

rule 1228

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

rule 1237

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{22}} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^22,x)
```

output `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^22,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 557, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{22}} dx = \left[-\frac{105(3b^7 - 28ab^5c + 80a^2b^3c^2 - 64a^3bc^3)\sqrt{ax}^{21} \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6+8abx^3-4\sqrt{c}}{\dots}\right)}{\dots} \right. \\ \left. -\frac{105(3b^7 - 28ab^5c + 80a^2b^3c^2 - 64a^3bc^3)\sqrt{-ax}^{21} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{-a}}{2(acx^6+abx^3+a^2)}\right) + 2((315ab^6 - 2520a^2b^4c + 5488a^3b^2c^2 - 2048a^4c^3)x^{18} - 2(105a^2b^5 - 728a^3b^3c + 1168a^4b^2c^2)x^{15} + 8(21a^3b^4 - 124a^4b^2c + 128a^5c^2)x^{12} + 6400a^6b^2x^9 - 16(9a^4b^3 - 44a^5b^2c)x^9 + 5120a^7 + 128(a^5b^2 + 64a^6c)x^6)}{a^6x^{21}} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^22,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/430080*(105*(3*b^7 - 28*a*b^5*c + 80*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 64*a^3*b*c^3)*sqrt(a)*x^21*log(-(b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) + 4*((315*a*b^6 - 2520*a^2*b^4*c + 5488*a^3*b^2*c^2 - 2048*a^4*c^3)*x^18 - 2*(105*a^2*b^5 - 728*a^3*b^3*c + 1168*a^4*b^2*c^2)*x^15 + 8*(21*a^3*b^4 - 124*a^4*b^2*c + 128*a^5*c^2)*x^12 + 6400*a^6*b*x^3 - 16*(9*a^4*b^3 - 44*a^5*b*c)*x^9 + 5120*a^7 + 128*(a^5*b^2 + 64*a^6*c)*x^6)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^6*x^21), -1/215040*(105*(3*b^7 - 28*a*b^5*c + 80*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 64*a^3*b*c^3)*sqrt(-a)*x^21*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*((315*a*b^6 - 2520*a^2*b^4*c + 5488*a^3*b^2*c^2 - 2048*a^4*c^3)*x^18 - 2*(105*a^2*b^5 - 728*a^3*b^3*c + 1168*a^4*b^2*c^2)*x^15 + 8*(21*a^3*b^4 - 124*a^4*b^2*c + 128*a^5*c^2)*x^12 + 6400*a^6*b*x^3 - 16*(9*a^4*b^3 - 44*a^5*b*c)*x^9 + 5120*a^7 + 128*(a^5*b^2 + 64*a^6*c)*x^6)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^6*x^21)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{22}} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{22}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2)/x**22,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)/x**22, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{22}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^22,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{22}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{22}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^22,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)/x^22, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{22}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{22}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^22,x)`output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^22, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^{22}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^{22}} dx$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^22,x)`output `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^22,x)`

3.199 $\int x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1774
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1774
Rubi [A] (verified)	1775
Maple [F]	1776
Fricas [F]	1777
Sympy [F]	1777
Maxima [F]	1777
Giac [F]	1778
Mupad [F(-1)]	1778
Reduce [F]	1778

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{ax^4\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{4\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{4}ax^4(c^2x^6 + b^2x^3 + a)^{1/2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2}}\right) / (1 + 2cx^3 / (b - (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2}))^{1/2} / (1 + 2cx^3 / (b + (-4ac + b^2)^{1/2}))^{1/2}$$

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 453 vs. 2(141) = 282.

Time = 10.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 453, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x \left(8(-297b^4x^3 - 81b^3cx^6 + 3464b^2c^2x^9 + 5488bc^3x^{12} + 2240c^4x^{15} + 4a^2c(459b + 1280cx^3) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (x*(8*(-297*b^4*x^3 - 81*b^3*c*x^6 + 3464*b^2*c^2*x^9 + 5488*b*c^3*x^{12} + \\ & 2240*c^4*x^{15} + 4*a^2*c*(459*b + 1280*c*x^3) + a*(-297*b^3 + 2052*b^2*c*x^3 \\ & + 10204*b*c^2*x^6 + 7360*c^3*x^9)) + 216*a*b*(11*b^2 - 68*a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \\ & \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 \\ & - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{AppellF1}[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, \\ & (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] + \\ & 27*(55*b^4 - 404*a*b^2*c + 640*a^2*c^2)*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + \\ & 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(\\ & b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{AppellF1}[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[\\ & b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]))/(232960*c^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + \\ & b*x^3 + c*x^6]) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1721 \\ & \frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \int x^3 \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1012 \\ & \frac{ax^4 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{4\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(a*x^4*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*AppellF1[4/3, -3/2, -3/2, 7/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(4*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^9 + b*x^6 + a*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3672\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}abcx + 10240\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}ac^2x^4 - 594\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}b^3x + 432}{432}$$

input `int(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(3672*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b*c*x + 10240*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*
a*c**2*x**4 - 594*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**3*x + 432*sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6)*b**2*c*x**4 + 6496*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c**2*x**7 + 4480*sq
qrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*c**3*x**10 - 3672*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(
a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a**2*b*c + 594*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a +
b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a*b**3 + 17280*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a**2*c**2 - 10908*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x*
*3)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a*b**2*c + 1485*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6
)*x**3)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*b**4)/(58240*c**2)
```


3.200 $\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1780
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1780
Rubi [A] (verified)	1781
Maple [F]	1782
Fricas [F]	1783
Sympy [F]	1783
Maxima [F]	1783
Giac [F]	1784
Mupad [F(-1)]	1784
Reduce [F]	1784

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{ax^2\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}$$

output

$$\frac{1/2*a*x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(1/2)*\operatorname{AppellF1}(2/3, -3/2, -3/2, 5/3, -2*c*x^3/(b - (-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}), -2*c*x^3/(b + (-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(1+2*c*x^3/(b - (-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/(1+2*c*x^3/(b + (-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}}{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}$$

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 410 vs. 2(141) = 282.

Time = 10.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^2 \left(10(27ab^2 + 448a^2c + 27b^3x^3 + 698abcx^3 + 277b^2cx^6 + 608ac^2x^6 + 410bc^2x^9 + 160c^3x^{12}) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output $(x^2*(10*(27*a*b^2 + 448*a^2*c + 27*b^3*x^3 + 698*a*b*c*x^3 + 277*b^2*c*x^6 + 608*a*c^2*x^6 + 410*b*c^2*x^9 + 160*c^3*x^{12}) - 270*a*(b^2 - 16*a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{AppellF1}[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] - 27*b*(7*b^2 - 52*a*c)*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{AppellF1}[5/3, 1/2, 1/2, 8/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]))/(17600*c*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \int x \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{ax^2\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(a*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*AppellF1[2/3, -3/2, -3/2, 5/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(2*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^7 + b*x^4 + a*x)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int x (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{896\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}acx^2 + 54\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}b^2x^2 + 500\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}bcx^5 + 320\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}c^2x^5}{15}$$

input `int(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(896*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*c*x**2 + 54*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*x**2 + 500*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c*x**5 + 320*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*c**2*x**8 + 1404*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**4)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a*b*c - 189*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**4)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*b**3 + 1728*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a**2*c - 108*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a*b**2)/(3520*c)
```

3.201 $\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1786
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1786
Rubi [A] (verified)	1787
Maple [F]	1788
Fricas [F]	1789
Sympy [F]	1789
Maxima [F]	1789
Giac [F]	1790
Mupad [F(-1)]	1790
Reduce [F]	1790

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{ax\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}$$

output

$$a*x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)*\operatorname{AppellF1}(1/3, -3/2, -3/2, 4/3, -2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)$$

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 408 vs. 2(136) = 272.

Time = 10.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x \left(8(27ab^2 + 364a^2c + 27b^3x^3 + 548abcx^3 + 211b^2cx^6 + 476ac^2x^6 + 296bc^2x^9 + 112c^3x^{12}) - \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output $(x*(8*(27*a*b^2 + 364*a^2*c + 27*b^3*x^3 + 548*a*b*c*x^3 + 211*b^2*c*x^6 + 476*a*c^2*x^6 + 296*b*c^2*x^9 + 112*c^3*x^{12}) - 216*a*(b^2 - 28*a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{AppellF1}[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] - 27*b*(5*b^2 - 44*a*c)*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{AppellF1}[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]))/(8960*c*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1686, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1686$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \int \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 936$$

$$\frac{ax\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output $(a*x*\sqrt{a + b*x^3 + c*x^6}*\text{AppellF1}[1/3, -3/2, -3/2, 4/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c})]) / (\sqrt{1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c})}) * \sqrt{1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c})})$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 936 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*c^q*x*\text{AppellF1}[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])

rule 1686 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / ((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c})))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c})))^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]

Maple [F]

$$\int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input $\text{int}((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(3/2)},x)$

output $\text{int}((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(3/2)},x)$

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{728\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}acx + 54\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}b^2x + 368\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}bcx^4 + 224\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}c^2x^7}{105}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(728*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*c*x + 54*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*x
+ 368*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c*x**4 + 224*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*
c**2*x**7 + 1512*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a*
*2*c - 54*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a*b**2 +
1188*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a*b*c -
135*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*b**3)/(
2240*c)
```

3.202 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1792
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1792
Rubi [A] (verified)	1793
Maple [F]	1794
Fricas [F]	1795
Sympy [F]	1795
Maxima [F]	1795
Giac [F]	1796
Mupad [F(-1)]	1796
Reduce [F]	1796

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{x\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}$$

output

```
-a*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)*AppellF1(-1/3,-3/2,-3/2,2/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/x/(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 379 vs. 2(139) = 278.

Time = 10.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{10(-80a^2 - 61abx^3 + 19b^2x^6 - 70acx^6 + 29bcx^9 + 10c^2x^{12}) + 810abx^3\sqrt{\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^2,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (10*(-80*a^2 - 61*a*b*x^3 + 19*b^2*x^6 - 70*a*c*x^6 + 29*b*c*x^9 + 10*c^2*x^{12}) \\ & + 810*a*b*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] \\ & *\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]* \\ & \text{AppellF1}[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3) \\ & /(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] + 27*(b^2 + 20*a*c)*x^6*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] \\ & + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c \\ & *x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{AppellF1}[5/3, 1/2, 1/2, 8/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b \\ & + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(800*x*\text{Sqrt}[a + \\ & b*x^3 + c*x^6]) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1721 \\ & \frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \int \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1012 \\ & \frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{x \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^2,x]`

output

```

-((a*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*AppellF1[-1/3, -3/2, -3/2, 2/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b
- Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(x*Sqrt[1 + (2
*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c
]))))

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```

Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_
))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
+ 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
- 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])

```

rule 1721

```

Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*
c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4
*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c
])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]

```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^2,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{488\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}a + 38\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}bx^3 + 20\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}cx^6 + 64}{160x}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output `(488*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a + 38*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*x**3 + 20*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*c*x**6 + 64*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a*x**2 + b*x**5 + c*x**8),x)*a**2*x - 756*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**4)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a*c*x + 27*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**4)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*b**2*x)/(160*x)`

3.203 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1797
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1797
Rubi [A] (verified)	1798
Maple [F]	1799
Fricas [F]	1800
Sympy [F]	1800
Maxima [F]	1800
Giac [F]	1801
Mupad [F(-1)]	1801
Reduce [F]	1801

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}$$

output

```
-1/2*a*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)*AppellF1(-2/3,-3/2,-3/2,1/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/x^2/(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 379 vs. 2(141) = 282.

Time = 10.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{8(-28a^2 - 11abx^3 + 17b^2x^6 - 20acx^6 + 25bcx^9 + 8c^2x^{12}) + 648abx^3 \sqrt{\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}}{x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output $(8*(-28*a^2 - 11*a*b*x^3 + 17*b^2*x^6 - 20*a*c*x^6 + 25*b*c*x^9 + 8*c^2*x^{12}) + 648*a*b*x^3*\sqrt{(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}) + 2*c*x^3}/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}))*\sqrt{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}) + 2*c*x^3}/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}))*\text{AppellF1}[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c})] + 27*(b^2 + 8*a*c)*x^6*\sqrt{(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}) + 2*c*x^3}/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}))*\sqrt{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}) + 2*c*x^3}/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}))*\text{AppellF1}[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c})])/(448*x^2*\sqrt{a + b*x^3 + c*x^6})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \int \frac{\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output

```
-1/2*(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*AppellF1[-2/3, -3/2, -3/2, 1/3, (-2*c*x^3)
/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(x^2*Sqrt[1
+ (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4
*a*c])])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_
))^q_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
+ 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
- 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*
c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4
*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c
])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^3,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-380\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}a + 34\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}bx^3 + 16\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}cx^6 - 648\int(\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})/(a*x^3 + b*x^6 + c*x^9),x) + 540\int((\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})*x^3)/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x) + a*c*x^2 + 27\int((\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})*x^3)/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x)*b^2*x^2)/(112*x^2)}{112}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output `(- 380*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a + 34*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*x**3 + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*c*x**6 - 648*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a*x**3 + b*x**6 + c*x**9),x)*a**2*x**2 + 540*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*a*c*x**2 + 27*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*b**2*x**2)/(112*x**2)`

3.204 $\int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	1802
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1803
Rubi [A] (verified)	1803
Maple [F]	1806
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1806
Sympy [F]	1807
Maxima [F(-2)]	1807
Giac [F]	1808
Mupad [F(-1)]	1808
Reduce [F]	1808

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = -\frac{7bx^6\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{72c^2} + \frac{x^9\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{12c} - \frac{(5b(21b^2-44ac) - 2c(35b^2-36ac)x^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{576c^4} + \frac{(35b^4 - 120ab^2c + 48a^2c^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{384c^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-7/72*b*x^6*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c^2+1/12*x^9*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c-1/576*(5*b*(-44*a*c+21*b^2)-2*c*(-36*a*c+35*b^2)*x^3)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c^4+1/384*(48*a^2*c^2-120*a*b^2*c+35*b^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}(-105b^3 + 220abc + 70b^2cx^3 - 72ac^2x^3 - 56bc^2x^6 + 48c^3x^9)}{576c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(-35b^4 + 120ab^2c - 48a^2c^2) \log(bc^4 + 2c^5x^3 - 2c^{9/2}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})}{384c^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^14/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(-105*b^3 + 220*a*b*c + 70*b^2*c*x^3 - 72*a*c^2*x^3 - 56*b*c^2*x^6 + 48*c^3*x^9))/(576*c^4) + ((-35*b^4 + 120*a*b^2*c - 48*a^2*c^2)*Log[b*c^4 + 2*c^5*x^3 - 2*c^(9/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/(384*c^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {1693, 1166, 27, 1236, 27, 1225, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^{12}}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1166$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{x^6(7bx^3+6a)}{2\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{4c} + \frac{x^9\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{\int \frac{x^6(7bx^3+6a)}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8c} \right) \\ & \downarrow 1236 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{\int -\frac{x^3((35b^2-36ac)x^3+28ab)}{2\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8c} + \frac{7bx^6 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3c} \right) \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{7bx^6 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3c} - \frac{\int \frac{x^3((35b^2-36ac)x^3+28ab)}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8c} \right) \\ & \downarrow 1225 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{7bx^6 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3c} - \frac{3(48a^2c^2-120ab^2c+35b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8c^2} - \frac{(5b(21b^2-44ac)-2cx^3(35b^2-36ac))\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{6c} \right) \\ & \downarrow 1092 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{7bx^6 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3c} - \frac{3(48a^2c^2-120ab^2c+35b^4) \int \frac{1}{4c-x^6} d \frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}}{4c^2} - \frac{(5b(21b^2-44ac)-2cx^3(35b^2-36ac))\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{6c} \right) \\ & \downarrow 219 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^9 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c} - \frac{7bx^6 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3c} - \frac{3(48a^2c^2-120ab^2c+35b^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}} - \frac{(5b(21b^2-44ac)-2cx^3(35b^2-36ac))\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{6c} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^14/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output
$$\frac{((x^9 \sqrt{a + b x^3 + c x^6}) / (4c) - ((7 b x^6 \sqrt{a + b x^3 + c x^6}) / (3c) - (-1/4 * ((5 b (21 b^2 - 44 a c) - 2 c (35 b^2 - 36 a c) x^3) \sqrt{a + b x^3 + c x^6}) / c^2 + (3 * (35 b^4 - 120 a b^2 c + 48 a^2 c^2) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2 c x^3) / (2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + b x^3 + c x^6})])) / (8 c^{5/2})) / (6 c)) / (8 c)}{3}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[F x, (b_*)(G x_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1 / (\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x / \operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \operatorname{||} \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1092
$$\operatorname{Int}[1 / \sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1 / (4c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2cx) / \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1166
$$\operatorname{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)} ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[e * (d + e x)^{(m-1)} * ((a + b x + c x^2)^{(p+1)} / (c * (m + 2p + 1))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1 / (c * (m + 2p + 1)) \operatorname{Int}[(d + e x)^{(m-2)} * \operatorname{Simp}[c d^2 * (m + 2p + 1) - e * (a e * (m-1) + b d * (p+1)) + e * (2 c d - b e) * (m + p) x, x] * (a + b x + c x^2)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{If}[\operatorname{RationalQ}[m], \operatorname{GtQ}[m, 1], \operatorname{SumSimplerQ}[m, -2]] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[m + 2p + 1, 0] \&\& \operatorname{IntQuadraticQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]$$

rule 1225
$$\operatorname{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_)] * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_)] * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-b * e * g * (p + 2) - c * (e * f + d * g) * (2 * p + 3) - 2 * c * e * g * (p + 1) * x) * ((a + b x + c x^2)^{(p+1)} / (2 * c^2 * (p + 1) * (2 * p + 3))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(b^2 * e * g * (p + 2) - 2 * a * c * e * g + c * (2 * c * d * f - b * (e * f + d * g))) * (2 * p + 3) / (2 * c^2 * (2 * p + 3)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b x + c x^2)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!LeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 1236

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p +
1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1
)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[m*(c*d*f - a*e*g) + d*(2*c*f - b*g)*(p + 1) + (m
*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^14/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^14/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(35b^4 - 120ab^2c + 48a^2c^2)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 - 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{c} - 4ac)}{2304c^5} + \frac{3(35b^4 - 120ab^2c + 48a^2c^2)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{-c}}{2(c^2x^6 + bcx^3 + ac)}\right) - 2(48c^4x^9 - 56bc^3x^6 - 105b^3c + \dots)}{1152c^5} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^14/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2304*(3*(35*b^4 - 120*a*b^2*c + 48*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*(48*c^4*x^9 - 56*b*c^3*x^6 - 105*b^3*c + 220*a*b*c^2 + 2*(35*b^2*c^2 - 36*a*c^3)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^5, -1/1152*(3*(35*b^4 - 120*a*b^2*c + 48*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) - 2*(48*c^4*x^9 - 56*b*c^3*x^6 - 105*b^3*c + 220*a*b*c^2 + 2*(35*b^2*c^2 - 36*a*c^3)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^5]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**14/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**14/sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^14/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^14/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^14/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int(x^14/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^14/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-288\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}a^2c^3 + 1160\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}ab^2c^2 - 144\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}abc^3x^3 - 420\sqrt{cx^6 + b}}{\dots}$$

input `int(x^14/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 288*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*c**3 + 1160*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**
6)*a*b**2*c**2 - 144*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b*c**3*x**3 - 420*sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**4*c + 140*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**3*c**2*x**3 -
112*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*c**3*x**6 + 96*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**
6)*b*c**4*x**9 - 144*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)
*a**2*b*c**2 + 360*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a
*b**3*c - 105*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**5 +
144*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b*c**2 - 3
60*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**3*c + 105*sq
rt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**5 + 864*int((sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*
x**9),x)*a**2*b*c**4 - 2160*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2
*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*b**3*c**3 + 630*int((sq
rt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b
*c*x**9),x)*b**5*c**2 + 864*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2
*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**3*c**4 - 1728*int((sqrt
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*
c*x**9),x)*a**2*b**2*c**3 - 450*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2
+ 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*b**4*c**2 + 315*int(
(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x...
```

3.205 $\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	1810
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1810
Rubi [A] (verified)	1811
Maple [F]	1813
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1813
Sympy [F]	1814
Maxima [F(-2)]	1814
Giac [F]	1815
Mupad [F(-1)]	1815
Reduce [F]	1815

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{x^6\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{9c} + \frac{(15b^2 - 16ac - 10bcx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{72c^3} - \frac{b(5b^2 - 12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{48c^{7/2}}$$

output

```
1/9*x^6*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c+1/72*(-10*b*c*x^3-16*a*c+15*b^2)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c^3-1/48*b*(-12*a*c+5*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(15b^2 - 16ac - 10bcx^3 + 8c^2x^6)}{72c^3} + \frac{(5b^3 - 12abc) \log(b + 2cx^3 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6})}{48c^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^11/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6], x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})(15b^2 - 16ac - 10bcx^3 + 8c^2x^6)}{(72c^3) + ((5b^3 - 12ab^2c) \cdot \text{Log}[b + 2cx^3 - 2\sqrt{c} \cdot \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}])}{(48c^{7/2})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {1693, 1166, 27, 1225, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^9}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1166$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{x^3(5bx^3+4a)}{2\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{3c} + \frac{x^6 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{3c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{3c} - \frac{\int \frac{x^3(5bx^3+4a)}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{6c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1225$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{3c} - \frac{3b(5b^2-12ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8c^2} - \frac{(-16ac+15b^2-10bcx^3) \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c^2} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1092$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{3c} - \frac{3b(5b^2-12ac) \int \frac{1}{4c-x^6} d \frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}}{4c^2} - \frac{(-16ac+15b^2-10bcx^3) \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c^2} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^6 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{3c} - \frac{3b(5b^2 - 12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}} - \frac{(-16ac + 15b^2 - 10bcx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c^2} \right)$$

input `Int[x^11/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output `((x^6*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(3*c) - (-1/4*((15*b^2 - 16*a*c - 10*b*c*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/c^2 + (3*b*(5*b^2 - 12*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/(8*c^(5/2)))/(6*c))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1166 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1225

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(
x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) -
2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x))*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))),
x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p
+ 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^11/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^11/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3(5b^3 - 12abc)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 - 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{c} - 4ac) - 4(8c^3x^6 -$$

input

```
integrate(x^11/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/288*(3*(5*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4
*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 4*(8*c^3*x^6 - 1
0*b*c^2*x^3 + 15*b^2*c - 16*a*c^2)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^4, 1/144*(3*
(5*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 +
b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 2*(8*c^3*x^6 - 10*b*c^2*x^3 + 15*
b^2*c - 16*a*c^2)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/c^4]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**11/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**11/sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^11/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^11/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^11/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int(x^11/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^11/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-104\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}ac^2 + 60\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}b^2c - 20\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}bc^2x^3 + 16\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}c^3x^6}{\dots}$$

input `int(x^11/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 104*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*c**2 + 60*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*
*2*c - 20*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c**2*x**3 + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x
**6)*c**3*x**6 - 36*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*
a*b*c + 15*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**3 + 36
*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b*c - 15*sqrt(c)*
log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**3 + 216*int((sqrt(a + b*x
**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),
x)*a*b*c**3 - 90*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 +
a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*b**3*c**2 + 216*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3
+ c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a
**2*c**3 + 18*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*
c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*b**2*c**2 - 45*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*b**
4*c)/(144*c**4)
```

3.206 $\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	1817
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1817
Rubi [A] (verified)	1818
Maple [F]	1820
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1820
Sympy [F]	1821
Maxima [F(-2)]	1821
Giac [F]	1822
Mupad [F(-1)]	1822
Reduce [F]	1822

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4c^2} + \frac{x^3\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{6c} + \frac{(3b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{24c^{5/2}}$$

output
$$-1/4*b*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(1/2)}/c^2+1/6*x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(1/2)}/c+1/24*(-4*a*c+3*b^2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^{(1/2)}/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(1/2)})/c^{(5/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{(-3b+2cx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{12c^2} + \frac{(-3b^2+4ac) \log(bc^2+2c^3x^3-2c^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6})}{24c^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^8/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output

$$\frac{((-3*b + 2*c*x^3)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])}{(12*c^2)} + \frac{((-3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*\text{Log}[b*c^2 + 2*c^3*x^3 - 2*c^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])}{(24*c^{(5/2)})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {1693, 1166, 27, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow 1166 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{3bx^3+2a}{2\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{2c} + \frac{x^3\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2c} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2c} - \frac{\int \frac{3bx^3+2a}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{4c} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2c} - \frac{\frac{3b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{c} - \frac{(3b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{2c}}{4c} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2c} - \frac{\frac{3b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{c} - \frac{(3b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c-x^6} d\frac{2cx^3+b}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}}{c}}{4c} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 219 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{2c} - \frac{3b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{c} - \frac{(3b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{4c} \right)$$

input `Int[x^8/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output `((x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(2*c) - ((3*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/c - ((3*b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(2*c^(3/2)))/(4*c))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1166

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \left[\frac{(3b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 + 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{c} - 4ac) - 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3}}{48c^3} - \frac{(3b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{-c}}{2(c^2x^6 + bcx^3 + ac)}\right) - 2\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2c^2x^3 - 3bc)}{24c^3} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/48*((3*b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c^2*x^3 - 3*b*c))/c^3, -1/24*((3*b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) - 2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c^2*x^3 - 3*b*c))/c^3]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**8/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**8/sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^8/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int(x^8/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^8/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{8\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}ac^2 - 12\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}b^2c + 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}bc^2x^3 + 4\sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} -$$

input `int(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```

(8*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*c**2 - 12*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*c
+ 4*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c**2*x**3 + 4*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3
+ c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b*c - 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
- sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**3 - 4*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x
**3)*a*b*c + 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**3
- 24*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 +
b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*b*c**3 + 18*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8
)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*b**3*c**2 - 24*
int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*
x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a**2*c**3 + 6*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a*
**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*b**2*c**2 + 9*int(
(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6
+ b*c*x**9),x)*b**4*c)/(24*b*c**3)

```

3.207 $\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	1824
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1824
Rubi [A] (verified)	1825
Maple [F]	1826
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1827
Sympy [F]	1827
Maxima [F(-2)]	1827
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1828
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1828
Reduce [F]	1829

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3c} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{6c^{3/2}}$$

output $1/3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(1/2)}/c-1/6*b*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^{(1/2)})/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(1/2)}/c^{(3/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3c} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{6c^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output $\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/(3*c) - (b*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/(6*c^{(3/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1693, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1693} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1092} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{4c - x^6} d \frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}}{c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{c} - \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/c - (b*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(2*c^(3/2)))/3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{b\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 + 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{c} - 4ac) + 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}c}{12c^2}, \frac{b\sqrt{-ca}}{c^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(b*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*c)/c^2, 1/6*(b*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*c)/c^2]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5/sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \frac{b \log(|2(\sqrt{cx^3} - \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{6c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{3c}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*b*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x^3 - sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(3
/2) + 1/3*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/c
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{3c} - \frac{b \ln\left(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{cx^3 + \frac{b}{2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{6c^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(x^5/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)/(3*c) - (b*log((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b/2
+ c*x^3)/c^(1/2)))/(6*c^(3/2))
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}c + \sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} - \sqrt{c}x^3)b - \sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \sqrt{c}x^3)b - 6\left(\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx\right)}{6c}$$

input `int(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(4*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*c + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - s
qrt(c)*x**3)*b - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b -
6*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**8)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b*
*2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*b*c**2 - 6*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a*
*2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*c**2 - 3*int((sqrt
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*
c*x**9),x)*b**2*c)/(6*c**2)
```

$$3.208 \quad \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$$

Optimal result	1830
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1830
Rubi [A] (verified)	1831
Maple [F]	1832
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1832
Sympy [F]	1833
Maxima [F(-2)]	1833
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1834
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1834
Reduce [F]	1835

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{3\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
1/3*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = -\frac{\log(b+2cx^3-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6})}{3\sqrt{c}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]
```

output

```
-1/3*Log[b + 2*c*x^3 - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]]/Sqrt[c]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {1690, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1690} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1092} \\ & \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{4c - x^6} d \frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\ & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{3\sqrt{c}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output `ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])]/(3*Sqrt[c])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1690 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \left[\frac{\log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 - 4\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{c} - 4ac)}{6\sqrt{c}}, -\frac{\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)\sqrt{-c}}{2(c^2x^6 + bcx^3 + ac)}\right)}{3c} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/6*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c)/sqrt(c), -1/3*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c))/c]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2/sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 74 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} \left(2x^3 + \frac{b}{c} \right) + \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \log \left(\left| 2 \left(\sqrt{cx^3} - \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} \right) \sqrt{c} + b \right| \right)}{24c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*x^3 + b/c) + 1/24*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x^3 - sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \frac{\ln \left(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{cx^3 + \frac{b}{2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{3\sqrt{c}}$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`

output `log((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b/2 + c*x^3)/c^(1/2))/(3*c^(1/2))`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} - \sqrt{cx^3}) + \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \sqrt{cx^3}) - 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} x^2}{bcx^9 + acx^6 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} dx \right)}{3c}$$

input

```
int(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3) + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3) - 3*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**2)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + b*c*x**9),x)*a*c)/(3*c)
```


3.209 $\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	1836
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1836
Rubi [A] (verified)	1837
Maple [F]	1838
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1838
Sympy [F]	1839
Maxima [F(-2)]	1839
Giac [F]	1839
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1840
Reduce [F]	1840

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{3\sqrt{a}}$$

output `-1/3*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3-\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]),x]`

output `(2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x^3 - Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/Sqrt[a]])/(3*Sqrt[a])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {1693, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1693} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1154} \\
 & -\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{4a-x^6} d\frac{bx^3+2a}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{3\sqrt{a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]),x]`

output `-1/3*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])]/Sqrt[a]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154

```
Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \left[\frac{\log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6+8abx^3-4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{a+8a^2}}{x^6}\right)}{6\sqrt{a}}, \frac{\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{-a}}{2(acx^6+abx^3+a^2)}\right)}{3a} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6)/sqrt(a), 1/3*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2))/a]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+ax}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = -\frac{\ln\left(\frac{b}{2} + \frac{a}{x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}{x^3}\right)}{3\sqrt{a}}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `-log(b/2 + a/x^3 + (a^(1/2)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2))/x^3)/(3*a^(1/2))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a} - \sqrt{a}) - \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a} + \sqrt{a}) - 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a} x^2}{c^2 x^9 + 2bcx^6 + acx^3 + b^2 x^3 + ab} dx \right) ac}{3a}$$

input `int(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a)) - sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a)) - 3*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**2)/(a*b + a*c*x**3 + b**2*x**3 + 2*b*c*x**6 + c**2*x**9),x)*a*c)/(3*a)`

3.210 $\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	1841
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1841
Rubi [A] (verified)	1842
Maple [F]	1843
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1844
Sympy [F]	1844
Maxima [F(-2)]	1845
Giac [F]	1845
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1845
Reduce [F]	1846

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^3} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}}$$

output

$$-1/3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(1/2)}/a/x^3+1/6*b*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^{(1/2)})/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(3/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^3} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3-\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3a^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[1/(x^4*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]),x]`

output

$$-1/3*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/(a*x^3) - (b*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*x^3 - \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/ \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]])/(3*a^{(3/2)})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1693, 1157, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1157 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{ax^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1154 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{4a - x^6} d \frac{bx^3 + 2a}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{ax^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\text{barctanh} \left(\frac{2a + bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right)}{2a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{ax^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^4*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]),x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/(a*x^3)) + (b*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]]))/(2*a^(3/2)))/3
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1157 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{abx^3} \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6 + 8abx^3 + 4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{a+8a^2}}{x^6}\right) - 4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+aa}}{12a^2x^3}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{\sqrt{-abx^3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{-a}}{2(acx^6+abx^3+a^2)}\right) + 2\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+aa}}{6a^2x^3} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(sqrt(a)*b*x^3*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a))*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*a)/(a^2*x^3), -1/6*(sqrt(-a)*b*x^3*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*a)/(a^2*x^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**4*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^4), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \frac{b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\frac{bx^3 + a}{2}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}\right)}{6 a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{3 a x^3}$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output

$$\frac{(b \operatorname{atanh}((a + (b x^3)/2)/(a^{1/2}(a + b x^3 + c x^6)^{1/2})))}{(6 a^{3/2})} - (a + b x^3 + c x^6)^{1/2} / (3 a x^3)$$

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + b x^3 + c x^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{c x^6 + b x^3 + a} a b + 2\sqrt{c x^6 + b x^3 + a} a c x^3 - \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{c x^6 + b x^3 + a} - \sqrt{a}) b^2 x^3 + \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{c x^6 + b x^3 + a} + \sqrt{a}) b^2 x^3}{6 a^2}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(1/2)},x)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2\sqrt{a + b x^3 + c x^6}) a b + 2\sqrt{a + b x^3 + c x^6} a c x^3 \\ & - \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{a + b x^3 + c x^6} - \sqrt{a}) b^2 x^3 + \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{a + b x^3 + c x^6} + \sqrt{a}) b^2 x^3 \\ & - 6 \operatorname{int}((\sqrt{a + b x^3 + c x^6}) x^8) / (a b + a c x^3 + b^2 x^3 + 2 b c x^6 + c^2 x^9), x) a \\ & * c^3 x^3 - 9 \operatorname{int}((\sqrt{a + b x^3 + c x^6}) x^5) / (a b + a c x^3 + b^2 x^3 + 2 b c x^6 + c^2 x^9), x) a b c^2 x^3 / (6 a^2 b x^3) \end{aligned}$$

3.211 $\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	1847
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1847
Rubi [A] (verified)	1848
Maple [F]	1850
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1850
Sympy [F]	1851
Maxima [F(-2)]	1851
Giac [F]	1852
Mupad [F(-1)]	1852
Reduce [F]	1852

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{6ax^6} + \frac{b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4a^2x^3} - \frac{(3b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{24a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/6*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a/x^6+1/4*b*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^3-1/24*
(-4*a*c+3*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(5
/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{(-2a+3bx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{12a^2x^6} + \frac{(3b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3-\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{12a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^7*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((-2*a + 3*b*x^3)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(12*a^2*x^6) + ((3*b^2 - 4*a*c)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x^3 - \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(12*a^{(5/2)})}{1}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {1693, 1167, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^9 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow 1167 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{2cx^3 + 3b}{2x^6 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{2ax^6} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{2cx^3 + 3b}{x^6 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{2ax^6} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1228 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{(3b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{4a} - \frac{3b\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{ax^3} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{2ax^6} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1154 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{(3b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{4a - x^6} d\frac{bx^3 + 2a}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}}{4a} - \frac{3b\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{ax^3} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{2ax^6} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 219 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{(3b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}} - \frac{3b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{ax^3} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^7*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]),x]`

output `(-1/2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/(a*x^6) - ((-3*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(a*x^3) + ((3*b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(2*a^(3/2)))/(4*a))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1167 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Simp[c*d*(m + 1) - b*e*(m + p + 2) - c*e*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0])`

rule 1228

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(- (e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(3b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{ax^6} \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6+8abx^3+4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{a+8a^2}}{x^6}\right) - 4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(3abx^3-2a)}{48a^3x^6} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/48*((3*b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt(a)*x^6*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 +
4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) - 4*sqrt(c*x
^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(3*a*b*x^3 - 2*a^2))/(a^3*x^6), 1/24*((3*b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt
(-a)*x^6*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^
6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(3*a*b*x^3 - 2*a^2))/(a^3*
x^6)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**7/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**7*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```


Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^7}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^7), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^7*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^7*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 64*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b*c**3*x**3 - 64*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c
*x**6)*a**4*c**4*x**6 - 24*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**4*c + 48*sqrt
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 96*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a
**3*b**2*c**3*x**6 - 12*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**6 + 12*sqrt(a +
b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**5*c*x**3 - 36*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**4
*c**2*x**6 + 36*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**7*x**3 - 24*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**2*b**4*c**2*x**6 + 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b**6*c*x**6 + 9*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*
x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*b**8*x**6 + 24*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x
**6) + sqrt(a))*a**2*b**4*c**2*x**6 - 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x*
**6) + sqrt(a))*a*b**6*c*x**6 - 9*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + s
qrt(a))*b**8*x**6 - 192*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a*b*x + a*c*x**4 +
b**2*x**4 + 2*b*c*x**7 + c**2*x**10),x)*a**5*b*c**4*x**6 + 48*int(sqrt(a +
b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a*b*x + a*c*x**4 + b**2*x**4 + 2*b*c*x**7 + c**2*x**10)
,x)*a**4*b**3*c**3*x**6 + 18*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a*b*x + a*c*x*
**4 + b**2*x**4 + 2*b*c*x**7 + c**2*x**10),x)*a**2*b**7*c*x**6 + 27*int(sqrt
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a*b*x + a*c*x**4 + b**2*x**4 + 2*b*c*x**7 + c**2*x
**10),x)*a*b**9*x**6 - 384*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(2*a**2*b*c*x**4
+ 2*a**2*c**2*x**7 + a*b**3*x**4 + 3*a*b**2*c*x**7 + 4*a*b*c**2*x**10 + 2*
a*c**3*x**13 + b**4*x**7 + 2*b**3*c*x**10 + b**2*c**2*x**13),x)*a**6*b...
```

3.212 $\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	1854
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1854
Rubi [A] (verified)	1855
Maple [F]	1858
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1858
Sympy [F]	1859
Maxima [F(-2)]	1859
Giac [F]	1860
Mupad [F(-1)]	1860
Reduce [F]	1860

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{9ax^9} + \frac{5b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{36a^2x^6} - \frac{(15b^2-16ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{72a^3x^3} + \frac{b(5b^2-12ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{48a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/9*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a/x^9+5/36*b*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^6-1/72
*(-16*a*c+15*b^2)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^3+1/48*b*(-12*a*c+5*b^2)*arc
tanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(-8a^2+10abx^3-15b^2x^6+16acx^6)}{72a^3x^9} + \frac{(-5b^3+12abc)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3-\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{24a^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^10*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]),x]`

output
$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(-8*a^2 + 10*a*b*x^3 - 15*b^2*x^6 + 16*a*c*x^6))/ (72*a^3*x^9) + ((-5*b^3 + 12*a*b*c)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x^3 - \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/ \text{Sqrt}[a]])/(24*a^{(7/2)})}{1}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {1693, 1167, 27, 1237, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^{10} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^{12} \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow 1167 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{4cx^3 + 5b}{2x^9 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{3a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{3ax^9} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{4cx^3 + 5b}{x^9 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{3ax^9} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1237 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{10bcx^3 + 15b^2 - 16ac}{2x^6 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{6a} - \frac{5b\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{2ax^6} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{3ax^9} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{10bcx^3 + 15b^2 - 16ac}{x^6 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{6a} - \frac{5b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} \right)$$

↓ 1228

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\frac{3b(5b^2-12ac) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{2a} - \frac{(15b^2-16ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{ax^3}}{6a} - \frac{5b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} \right)$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\frac{3b(5b^2-12ac) \int \frac{1}{4a-x^6} d \frac{bx^3+2a}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}}{a}}{6a} - \frac{(15b^2-16ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{ax^3} - \frac{5b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\frac{3b(5b^2-12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}}}{6a} - \frac{(15b^2-16ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{ax^3} - \frac{5b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^10*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]),x]`

output `(-1/3*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/(a*x^9) - ((-5*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(2*a*x^6) - (-(((15*b^2 - 16*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(a*x^3)) + (3*b*(5*b^2 - 12*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(2*a^(3/2)))/(4*a))/(6*a))/3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 1154 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$
- rule 1167 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))}], x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)*\text{Simp}[c*d*(m + 1) - b*e*(m + p + 2) - c*e*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ ((\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]) \ || \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]) \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2*p + 3], 0])$
- rule 1228 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))}], x] - \text{Simp}[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2*p + 3], 0]$

rule 1237

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*
x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)
*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[
(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1
] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^10/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^10/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(5b^3 - 12abc)\sqrt{ax^9} \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6+8abx^3-4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{a+8a^2}}{x^6}\right) + 4((15ab^2 - 16a^2c)x^6 - 10a^2bx^3 + 8a^3)\sqrt{ax^9}}{288a^4x^9} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(5b^3 - 12abc)\sqrt{-ax^9} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{-a}}{2(acx^6+abx^3+a^2)}\right) + 2((15ab^2 - 16a^2c)x^6 - 10a^2bx^3 + 8a^3)\sqrt{-ax^9}}{144a^4x^9} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x^10/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/288*(3*(5*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*sqrt(a)*x^9*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) + 4*((15*a*b^2 - 16*a^2*c)*x^6 - 10*a^2*b*x^3 + 8*a^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^4*x^9), -1/144*(3*(5*b^3 - 12*a*b*c)*sqrt(-a)*x^9*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*((15*a*b^2 - 16*a^2*c)*x^6 - 10*a^2*b*x^3 + 8*a^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^4*x^9)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**10/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**10*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^10/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+ax^{10}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^10/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^10), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^10*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^10*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^10/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 256*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*c**3 - 192*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
)*a**4*b**2*c**2 - 256*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b*c**3*x**3 + 1664*s
qrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*c**4*x**6 + 160*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a
**3*b**4*c + 672*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**3*c**2*x**3 - 96*sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**2*c**3*x**6 - 40*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2
*b**5*c*x**3 - 1648*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**4*c**2*x**6 - 100*sq
rt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**7*x**3 + 260*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**6
*c*x**6 + 150*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**8*x**6 + 576*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c**4*x**9 + 192*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a +
b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**2*b**3*c**3*x**9 - 540*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b**5*c**2*x**9 + 150*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a +
b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*b**7*c*x**9 - 576*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3
+ c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c**4*x**9 - 192*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a**2*b**3*c**3*x**9 + 540*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a*b**5*c**2*x**9 - 150*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c
*x**6) + sqrt(a))*b**7*c*x**9 - 27648*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(8*a**
3*b*c**2*x**7 + 8*a**3*c**3*x**10 + 6*a**2*b**3*c*x**7 + 14*a**2*b**2*c**2
*x**10 + 16*a**2*b*c**3*x**13 + 8*a**2*c**4*x**16 - 5*a*b**5*x**7 + a*b**4
*c*x**10 + 12*a*b**3*c**2*x**13 + 6*a*b**2*c**3*x**16 - 5*b**6*x**10 - 10*
b**5*c*x**13 - 5*b**4*c**2*x**16),x)*a**7*b**2*c**5*x**9 + 40512*int(sq...
```

3.213 $\int \frac{1}{x^{13}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	1862
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1863
Rubi [A] (verified)	1863
Maple [F]	1867
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1867
Sympy [F]	1868
Maxima [F(-2)]	1868
Giac [F]	1868
Mupad [F(-1)]	1869
Reduce [F]	1869

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 192

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{12ax^{12}} + \frac{7b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{72a^2x^9} - \frac{(35b^2-36ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{288a^3x^6} + \frac{5b(21b^2-44ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{576a^4x^3} - \frac{(35b^4-120ab^2c+48a^2c^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{384a^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/12*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a/x^12+7/72*b*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^9-1/288*(-36*a*c+35*b^2)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^6+5/576*b*(-44*a*c+21*b^2)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^4/x^3-1/384*(48*a^2*c^2-120*a*b^2*c+35*b^4)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}(-48a^3+56a^2bx^3-70ab^2x^6+72a^2cx^6+105b^3x^9-220abcx^9)}{576a^4x^{12}} + \frac{(35b^4-120ab^2c+48a^2c^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3-\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{192a^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^13*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(-48*a^3 + 56*a^2*b*x^3 - 70*a*b^2*x^6 + 72*a^2*c*x^6 + 105*b^3*x^9 - 220*a*b*c*x^9))/(576*a^4*x^12) + ((35*b^4 - 120*a*b^2*c + 48*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x^3 - Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/Sqrt[a]])/(192*a^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1693, 1167, 27, 1237, 27, 1237, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^{15}\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1167$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{6cx^3+7b}{2x^{12}\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^{12}} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{6cx^3+7b}{x^{12}\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^{12}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1237 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{28bcx^3+35b^2-36ac}{2x^9\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{7b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^{12}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{28bcx^3+35b^2-36ac}{x^9\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{7b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^{12}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1237 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{2c(35b^2-36ac)x^3+5b(21b^2-44ac)}{2x^6\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{(35b^2-36ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6} - \frac{7b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^{12}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{2c(35b^2-36ac)x^3+5b(21b^2-44ac)}{x^6\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{8a} - \frac{(35b^2-36ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6} - \frac{7b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^{12}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1228 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\frac{3(48a^2c^2-120ab^2c+35b^4)}{2a} \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3 - \frac{5b(21b^2-44ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{ax^3} - \frac{(35b^2-36ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6} - \frac{7b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{4ax^{12}}}{8a} - \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1154
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{3(48a^2c^2 - 120ab^2c + 35b^4)}{a} \frac{1}{4a-x^6} d \frac{bx^3+2a}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} - \frac{5b(21b^2-44ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{ax^3} - \frac{(35b^2-36ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6} - \frac{7b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} - \sqrt{\dots} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{3(48a^2c^2 - 120ab^2c + 35b^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}} \frac{1}{4a} - \frac{5b(21b^2-44ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{ax^3} - \frac{(35b^2-36ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6} - \frac{7b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} - \sqrt{\dots} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^13*sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]),x]`

output `(-1/4*sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]/(a*x^12) - ((-7*b*sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]))/(3*a*x^9) - (-1/2*((35*b^2 - 36*a*c)*sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]))/(a*x^6) - ((-5*b*(21*b^2 - 44*a*c)*sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]))/(a*x^3) + (3*(35*b^4 - 120*a*b^2*c + 48*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*sqrt[a]*sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(2*a^(3/2)))/(4*a)/(6*a)/(8*a)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1167 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Simp[c*d*(m + 1) - b*e*(m + p + 2) - c*e*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0])`

rule 1228 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 1237 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^13/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^13/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(35b^4 - 120ab^2c + 48a^2c^2)\sqrt{a}x^{12} \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^6+8abx^3-4\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{a+8a^2}}{x^6}\right) + 4(5(21ab^3 - 48a^2c^2)\sqrt{a}x^{12} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{cx^6+bx^3+a}{a}}\right) + 2(5(21ab^3 - 44a^2bc)x^9 + 56a^3bx^3 - 2(35a^2b^2 - 36a^3c)x^6 - 48a^4)\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a})}{2304a^5x^{12}} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x^13/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2304*(3*(35*b^4 - 120*a*b^2*c + 48*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(a)*x^12*log(-(b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) + 4*(5*(21*a*b^3 - 44*a^2*b*c)*x^9 + 56*a^3*b*x^3 - 2*(35*a^2*b^2 - 36*a^3*c)*x^6 - 48*a^4)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^5*x^12), 1/1152*(3*(35*b^4 - 120*a*b^2*c + 48*a^2*c^2)*sqrt(-a)*x^12*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*(5*(21*a*b^3 - 44*a^2*b*c)*x^9 + 56*a^3*b*x^3 - 2*(35*a^2*b^2 - 36*a^3*c)*x^6 - 48*a^4)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a^5*x^12)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{13}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**13/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**13*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^13/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+ax^{13}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^13/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^13), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{13}\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^13*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^13*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^13/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 294912*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b**4*c**7 - 393216*sqrt(a + b*x*
*3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b**3*c**8*x**3 + 589824*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*b
**2*c**9*x**6 + 1179648*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**9*c**11*x**12 - 86016
0*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**6*c**6 + 1130496*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x
**6)*a**8*b**5*c**7*x**3 - 245760*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**4*c**8
*x**6 - 688128*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**3*c**9*x**9 - 2949120*sqr
t(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**8*b**2*c**10*x**12 - 325632*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*
x**6)*a**7*b**8*c**5 + 569344*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**7*c**6*x**
3 + 528384*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**6*c**7*x**6 - 860160*sqrt(a +
b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*b**5*c**8*x**9 - 540672*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a
**7*b**4*c**9*x**12 + 483840*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**10*c**4 + 1
729536*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**9*c**5*x**3 - 2247680*sqrt(a + b*
x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**8*c**6*x**6 - 1845248*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**
6*b**7*c**7*x**9 + 3317760*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**6*c**8*x**12
+ 99840*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**12*c**3 - 846080*sqrt(a + b*x**3
+ c*x**6)*a**5*b**11*c**4*x**3 - 2465280*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b
**10*c**5*x**6 + 668160*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**9*c**6*x**9 - 23
8080*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**8*c**7*x**12 - 67200*sqrt(a + b*x**
3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**14*c**2 - 12160*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**13*c
**3*x**3 + 751360*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**12*c**4*x**6 + 6515...
```

3.214 $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	1871
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1871
Rubi [A] (verified)	1872
Maple [F]	1873
Fricas [F]	1873
Sympy [F]	1874
Maxima [F]	1874
Giac [F]	1874
Mupad [F(-1)]	1875
Reduce [F]	1875

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

output

```
1/4*x^4*(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*AppellF1(4/3,1/2,1/2,7/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6], x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^4 \sqrt{(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3)/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}) \sqrt{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} \operatorname{AppellF1}[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (-2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}), (2cx^3)/(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})])}{4 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} + 1 \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} + 1 \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} + 1} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} + 1 \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b}} + 1 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{4 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input

```
Int[x^3/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^4 \sqrt{1 + (2cx^3)/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}) \sqrt{1 + (2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} \operatorname{AppellF1}[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (-2cx^3)/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}), (-2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})])}{4 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(x^3/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^3/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} x^3}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)`

3.215 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	1876
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1876
Rubi [A] (verified)	1877
Maple [F]	1878
Fricas [F]	1878
Sympy [F]	1879
Maxima [F]	1879
Giac [F]	1879
Mupad [F(-1)]	1880
Reduce [F]	1880

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

output

```
1/2*x^2*(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*AppellF1(2/3,1/2,1/2,5/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),-2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^2 \sqrt{(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3)/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}) \sqrt{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} \operatorname{AppellF1}[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (-2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}), (2cx^3)/(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})])}{(2\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input

```
Int[x/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^2 \sqrt{1 + (2cx^3)/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}) \sqrt{1 + (2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} \operatorname{AppellF1}[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (-2cx^3)/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}), (-2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})])}{(2\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(x/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} x}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `int(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)`

3.216 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	1881
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1881
Rubi [A] (verified)	1882
Maple [F]	1883
Fricas [F]	1883
Sympy [F]	1884
Maxima [F]	1884
Giac [F]	1884
Mupad [F(-1)]	1885
Reduce [F]	1885

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

output

```
x*(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/3,1/2,1/2,4/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6], x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x\sqrt{(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3})/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})\sqrt{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3})/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})\text{AppellF1}[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (-2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}), (2cx^3)/(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})])}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1686, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1686$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 936$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{a + b*x^3 + c*x^6}, x]$$

output

$$(x\sqrt{1 + (2cx^3)/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}\sqrt{1 + (2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})})\text{AppellF1}[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (-2cx^3)/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}), (-2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})]/\sqrt{a + b*x^3 + c*x^6}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1686 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^
IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2
- 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPar
t[p])) Int[(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - S
qrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
&& NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)`

3.217 $\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	1886
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1886
Rubi [A] (verified)	1887
Maple [F]	1888
Fricas [F]	1889
Sympy [F]	1889
Maxima [F]	1889
Giac [F]	1890
Mupad [F(-1)]	1890
Reduce [F]	1890

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{x\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

output

$$-(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*\text{AppellF1}(-1/3,1/2,1/2,2/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)$$

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs. 2(138) = 276.

Time = 10.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{-20(a+bx^3+cx^6)+5bx^3\sqrt{\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{20ax\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]),x]`

output
$$\frac{(-20*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6) + 5*b*x^3*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] + 8*c*x^6*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*AppellF1[5/3, 1/2, 1/2, 8/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])}{(20*a*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{x \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]),x]`

output

```

-((Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqr
t[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[-1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 2/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 -
4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]))

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```

Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_
))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
+ 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
- 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])

```

rule 1721

```

Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*
c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4
*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c
])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]

```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/(c*x^8 + b*x^5 + a*x^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{cx^8 + bx^5 + ax^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a*x**2 + b*x**5 + c*x**8),x)`

3.218 $\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	1891
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1891
Rubi [A] (verified)	1892
Maple [F]	1893
Fricas [F]	1894
Sympy [F]	1894
Maxima [F]	1894
Giac [F]	1895
Mupad [F(-1)]	1895
Reduce [F]	1895

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

output

$$-1/2*(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*\text{AppellF1}(-2/3,1/2,1/2,1/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)$$

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 342 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 10.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{-4(a+bx^3+cx^6) - 2bx^3 \sqrt{\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{8ax^2 \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]),x]`

output
$$\frac{(-4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6) - 2*b*x^3*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] + c*x^6*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])}{8*a*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]),x]`

output

```
-1/2*(Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b +
Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 1/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x
^6])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_
))^q_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
+ 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
- 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*
c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4
*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c
])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{c x^6 + b x^3 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/(c*x^9 + b*x^6 + a*x^3), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + ax^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{cx^9 + bx^6 + ax^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a*x**3 + b*x**6 + c*x**9),x)`

3.219 $\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1896
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1897
Rubi [A] (verified)	1897
Maple [F]	1900
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1901
Sympy [F]	1902
Maxima [F(-2)]	1902
Giac [F]	1902
Mupad [F(-1)]	1903
Reduce [F]	1903

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^9(2a+bx^3)}{3(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} - \frac{2bx^6\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3c(b^2-4ac)}$$

$$- \frac{(b(15b^2-52ac)-2c(5b^2-12ac)x^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{12c^3(b^2-4ac)}$$

$$+ \frac{(5b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{8c^{7/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*x^9*(b*x^3+2*a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)-2/3*b*x^6*(c*x^6+b*
x^3+a)^(1/2)/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)-1/12*(b*(-52*a*c+15*b^2)-2*c*(-12*a*c+5*b^2)*x
^3)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c^3/(-4*a*c+b^2)+1/8*(-4*a*c+5*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*
(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4a^2c(-13b + 6cx^3) + b^2x^3(15b^2 + 5bcx^3 - 2c^2x^6) + a(15b^3 - 62b^2cx^3 - 20bc^2x^6)}{12c^3(-b^2 + 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} + \frac{(-5b^2 + 4ac)\log(c^3(b + 2cx^3 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}))}{8c^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^14/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `(4*a^2*c*(-13*b + 6*c*x^3) + b^2*x^3*(15*b^2 + 5*b*c*x^3 - 2*c^2*x^6) + a*(15*b^3 - 62*b^2*c*x^3 - 20*b*c^2*x^6 + 8*c^3*x^9))/(12*c^3*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]) + ((-5*b^2 + 4*a*c)*Log[c^3*(b + 2*c*x^3 - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(8*c^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {1693, 1164, 27, 1236, 27, 1225, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^{12}}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow 1164 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^9(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{3x^6(bx^3 + 2a)}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{b^2 - 4ac} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^9(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^6(bx^3 + 2a)}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

↓ 1236

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^9(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{6 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{x^3((5b^2 - 12ac)x^3 + 4ab)}{2\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{3c} + \frac{bx^6\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{3c} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^9(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{6 \left(\frac{bx^6\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{3c} - \frac{\int \frac{x^3((5b^2 - 12ac)x^3 + 4ab)}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{6c} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

↓ 1225

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^9(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{6 \left(\frac{bx^6\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{3c} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac)(5b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{8c^2} - \frac{(b(15b^2 - 52ac) - 2cx^3(5b^2 - 12ac))\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c^2} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^9(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{6 \left(\frac{bx^6\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{3c} - \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac)(5b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c - x^6} d\frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}}{4c^2} - \frac{(b(15b^2 - 52ac) - 2cx^3(5b^2 - 12ac))\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c^2} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^9(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{6 \left(\frac{bx^6\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3c} - \frac{3(b^2-4ac)(5b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}} - \frac{(b(15b^2-52ac)-2cx^3(5b^2-12ac))\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{6c} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

```
input Int[x^14/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

```
output ((2*x^9*(2*a + b*x^3))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]) - (6*((b*x^6*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(3*c) - (-1/4*((b*(15*b^2 - 52*a*c) - 2*c*(5*b^2 - 12*a*c))*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/c^2 + (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(5*b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(8*c^(5/2)))/(6*c)))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))/3
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```


rule 1164 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[e*(2*a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(2*p - m + 4)) - 2*c*d^2*(2*p + 3) + e*(b*e - 2*d*c)*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1225 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1236 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[m*(c*d*f - a*e*g) + d*(2*c*f - b*g)*(p + 1) + (m*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^14/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^14/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 591, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3((5b^4c - 24ab^2c^2 + 16a^2c^3)x^6 + 5ab^4 - 24a^2b^2c + 16a^3c^2 + (5b^5 - 24ab^3c + 16a^2bc^2)x^3)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{3((5b^4c - 24ab^2c^2 + 16a^2c^3)x^6 + 5ab^4 - 24a^2b^2c + 16a^3c^2 + (5b^5 - 24ab^3c + 16a^2bc^2)x^3)\sqrt{-c}}{24(ab^2c^4 - \dots)}\right)}{24(ab^2c^4 - \dots)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^14/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/48*(3*((5*b^4*c - 24*a*b^2*c^2 + 16*a^2*c^3)*x^6 + 5*a*b^4 - 24*a^2*b^2*c + 16*a^3*c^2 + (5*b^5 - 24*a*b^3*c + 16*a^2*b*c^2)*x^3)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 4*(2*(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*x^9 - 5*(b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*x^6 - 15*a*b^3*c + 52*a^2*b*c^2 - (15*b^4*c - 62*a*b^2*c^2 + 24*a^2*c^3)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a*b^2*c^4 - 4*a^2*c^5 + (b^2*c^5 - 4*a*c^6)*x^6 + (b^3*c^4 - 4*a*b*c^5)*x^3), -1/24*(3*((5*b^4*c - 24*a*b^2*c^2 + 16*a^2*c^3)*x^6 + 5*a*b^4 - 24*a^2*b^2*c + 16*a^3*c^2 + (5*b^5 - 24*a*b^3*c + 16*a^2*b*c^2)*x^3)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) - 2*(2*(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*x^9 - 5*(b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*x^6 - 15*a*b^3*c + 52*a^2*b*c^2 - (15*b^4*c - 62*a*b^2*c^2 + 24*a^2*c^3)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/(a*b^2*c^4 - 4*a^2*c^5 + (b^2*c^5 - 4*a*c^6)*x^6 + (b^3*c^4 - 4*a*b*c^5)*x^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**14/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**14/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^14/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{14}}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^14/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^14/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{14}}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^14/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^14/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^14/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 48*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*c**3 - 20*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*
a**2*b**2*c**2 + 72*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b*c**3*x**3 - 154*sqrt(
a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**3*c**2*x**3 - 40*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**
2*c**3*x**6 + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b*c**4*x**9 + 30*sqrt(a + b*x
**3 + c*x**6)*b**5*c*x**3 + 10*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**4*c**2*x**6 -
4*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**3*c**3*x**9 + 48*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**
3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**3*b*c**2 - 72*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b**3*c + 48*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*
x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 48*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3
+ c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b*c**3*x**6 + 15*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x*
*3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**5 - 72*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x
**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**4*c*x**3 - 72*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x*
*6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**3*c**2*x**6 + 15*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*
x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**6*x**3 + 15*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
- sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**5*c*x**6 - 48*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) +
sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**3*b*c**2 + 72*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqr
t(c)*x**3)*a**2*b**3*c - 48*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c
)*x**3)*a**2*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 48*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + s
qrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b*c**3*x**6 - 15*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) +
sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**5 + 72*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt...
```

3.220 $\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1905
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1905
Rubi [A] (verified)	1906
Maple [F]	1908
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1909
Sympy [F]	1909
Maxima [F(-2)]	1910
Giac [F]	1910
Mupad [F(-1)]	1910
Reduce [F]	1911

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^6(2a+bx^3)}{3(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} + \frac{(3b^2-8ac-2bcx^3)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3c^2(b^2-4ac)} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{2c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*x^6*(b*x^3+2*a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)+1/3*(-2*b*c*x^3-8*a*c+3*b^2)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)-1/2*b*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-3ab^2+8a^2c-3b^3x^3+10abcx^3-b^2cx^6+4ac^2x^6}{3c^2(-b^2+4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} + \frac{b \log(bc^2+2c^3x^3-2c^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6})}{2c^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^11/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-3ab^2 + 8a^2c - 3b^3x^3 + 10abcx^3 - b^2cx^6 + 4a^2cx^6)/(3c^2(-b^2 + 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}) + (b\text{Log}[bc^2 + 2c^3x^3 - 2c^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}])/(2c^{5/2})}{1}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {1693, 1164, 27, 1225, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^9}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1164$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^6(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{2x^3(bx^3 + 2a)}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^6(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{4 \int \frac{x^3(bx^3 + 2a)}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1225$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^6(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{3b(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{8c^2} - \frac{(-8ac + 3b^2 - 2bcx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c^2} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1092$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^6(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{3b(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c - x^6} d \frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} - \frac{(-8ac + 3b^2 - 2bcx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c^2} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^6(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{3b(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right)}{8c^{5/2}} - \frac{(-8ac + 3b^2 - 2bcx^3)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{4c^2} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

input `Int[x^11/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `((2*x^6*(2*a + b*x^3))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]) - (4*(-1/4*((3*b^2 - 8*a*c - 2*b*c*x^3)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/c^2 + (3*b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])]))/(8*c^(5/2))))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1164

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[e*(2*a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(2*p - m + 4)) - 2*c*d^2*(2*p + 3) + e*(b*e - 2*d*c)*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1225

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-(b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^11/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^11/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3((b^3c - 4abc^2)x^6 + ab^3 - 4a^2bc + (b^4 - 4ab^2c)x^3)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3)}{12((b$$

input `integrate(x^11/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(3*((b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*x^6 + a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c + (b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c)*x^3)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 4*((b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*x^6 + 3*a*b^2*c - 8*a^2*c^2 + (3*b^3*c - 10*a*b*c^2)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/((b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5)*x^6 + a*b^2*c^3 - 4*a^2*c^4 + (b^3*c^3 - 4*a*b*c^4)*x^3), 1/6*(3*((b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*x^6 + a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c + (b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c)*x^3)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 2*((b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*x^6 + 3*a*b^2*c - 8*a^2*c^2 + (3*b^3*c - 10*a*b*c^2)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/((b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5)*x^6 + a*b^2*c^3 - 4*a^2*c^4 + (b^3*c^3 - 4*a*b*c^4)*x^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**11/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**11/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^11/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^11/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^11/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^11/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^11/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^11/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(4*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*c**2 + 26*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b*
c**2*x**3 + 8*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*c**3*x**6 - 6*sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6)*b**3*c*x**3 - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*c**2*x**6 + 12*sqrt
(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b*c - 3*sqrt(c)*log
(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**3 + 12*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**2*c*x**3 + 12*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a +
b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b*c**2*x**6 - 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b
*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**4*x**3 - 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3
+ c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**3*c*x**6 - 12*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c
*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b*c + 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
+ sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**3 - 12*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)
)*x**3)*a*b**2*c*x**3 - 12*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)
)*x**3)*a*b*c**2*x**6 + 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x
**3)*b**4*x**3 + 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b
**3*c*x**6 - 36*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**3
+ 2*a**2*c*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**6 + 4*a*b*c*x**9 + a*c**2*x**12 + b**3*x**9
+ 2*b**2*c*x**12 + b*c**2*x**15),x)*a**4*c**3 + 9*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**3 + 2*a**2*c*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**6 + 4*a*
b*c*x**9 + a*c**2*x**12 + b**3*x**9 + 2*b**2*c*x**12 + b*c**2*x**15),x)*a*
*3*b**2*c**2 - 36*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b...
```

$$3.221 \quad \int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1912
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1912
Rubi [A] (verified)	1913
Maple [F]	1915
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1915
Sympy [F]	1916
Maxima [F(-2)]	1916
Giac [F]	1917
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1917
Reduce [F]	1917

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^3(2a+bx^3)}{3(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3c(b^2-4ac)} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{3c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*x^3*(b*x^3+2*a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)-2/3*b*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)+1/3*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x^3+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{c}(b^2x^3+a(b-2cx^3))}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{3c^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^8/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\left((-2\sqrt{c}(b^2x^3 + a(b - 2cx^3))) / ((b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}) + \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2cx^3)/(2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})] \right) / (3c^{3/2})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1693, 1164, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^6}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1164$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^3(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{bx^3 + 2a}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^3(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{b\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{2c} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1092$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^3(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{b\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{4c - x^6} d \frac{2cx^3 + b}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}}{c} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^3(2a + bx^3)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{b\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{c} - \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}} \right)}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)$$

input `Int[x^8/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `((2*x^3*(2*a + b*x^3))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]) - (2*((b*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/c - ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])]))/(2*c^(3/2))))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1164 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[e*(2*a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(2*p - m + 4)) - 2*c*d^2*(2*p + 3) + e*(b*e - 2*d*c)*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left((b^2c - 4ac^2)x^6 + (b^3 - 4abc)x^3 + ab^2 - 4a^2c \right) \sqrt{c} \log \left(-8c^2x^6 - 8bcx^3 - b^2 \right)}{6 \left((b^2c^3 - 4ac^4)x^6 + ab^2 \right)} - \frac{\left((b^2c - 4ac^2)x^6 + (b^3 - 4abc)x^3 + ab^2 - 4a^2c \right) \sqrt{-c} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} (2cx^3 + b) \sqrt{-c}}{2(c^2x^6 + bcx^3 + ac)} \right) + 2\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{3 \left((b^2c^3 - 4ac^4)x^6 + ab^2c^2 - 4a^2c^3 + (b^3c^2 - 4abc^3)x^3 \right)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
[1/6*(((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*x^6 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*x^3 + a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*sqrt
(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^6 - 8*b*c*x^3 - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3
+ b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*((b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*x^3 +
a*b*c))/((b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*x^6 + a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*c^3 + (b^3*c^2 - 4*a
*b*c^3)*x^3), -1/3*(((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*x^6 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*x^3 + a*b^2 -
4*a^2*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)*sqrt(-
c)/(c^2*x^6 + b*c*x^3 + a*c)) + 2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*((b^2*c - 2*a*c^
2)*x^3 + a*b*c))/((b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*x^6 + a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*c^3 + (b^3*c
^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*x^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**8/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**8/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for
more deta
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^8/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\ln\left(\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} + \frac{cx^3 + \frac{b}{2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{3c^{3/2}} + \frac{\frac{ab}{2} - x^3\left(ac - \frac{b^2}{2}\right)}{3c\left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4}\right)\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}$$

input `int(x^8/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`

output `log((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2) + (b/2 + c*x^3)/c^(1/2))/(3*c^(3/2)) + ((a*b)/2 - x^3*(a*c - b^2/2))/(3*c*(a*c - b^2/4)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2))`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^8/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(4*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*c**2 - 6*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b*c
**2*x**3 + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**3*c*x**3 - 4*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a**2*b*c + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3
+ c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**3 - 4*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
- sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**2*c*x**3 - 4*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) -
sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b*c**2*x**6 + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqr
t(c)*x**3)*b**4*x**3 + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(c)*x**
3)*b**3*c*x**6 + 4*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a
**2*b*c - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**3 + 4
*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b**2*c*x**3 + 4*s
qrt(c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*a*b*c**2*x**6 - sqrt(
c)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**4*x**3 - sqrt(c)*log(s
qrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(c)*x**3)*b**3*c*x**6 + 12*int((sqrt(a + b*
x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**3 + 2*a**2*c*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**6
+ 4*a*b*c*x**9 + a*c**2*x**12 + b**3*x**9 + 2*b**2*c*x**12 + b*c**2*x**15
),x)*a**4*c**3 - 3*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x
**3 + 2*a**2*c*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**6 + 4*a*b*c*x**9 + a*c**2*x**12 + b**3*x
**9 + 2*b**2*c*x**12 + b*c**2*x**15),x)*a**3*b**2*c**2 + 12*int((sqrt(a +
b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**3 + 2*a**2*c*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x*
*6 + 4*a*b*c*x**9 + a*c**2*x**12 + b**3*x**9 + 2*b**2*c*x**12 + b*c**2*...
```

$$3.222 \quad \int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1919
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1919
Rubi [A] (verified)	1920
Maple [A] (verified)	1921
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1921
Sympy [F]	1921
Maxima [F(-2)]	1922
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1922
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1923
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1923

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(2a+bx^3)}{3(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

output $2/3*(b*x^3+2*a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(2a+bx^3)}{3(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output $(2*(2*a + b*x^3))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1693, 1158}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1693

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^3}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx^3$$

↓ 1158

$$\frac{2(2a + bx^3)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input `Int[x^5/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(2*a + b*x^3))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1158 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))/((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m._)*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^(n2._) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p._), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{2(bx^3+2a)}{3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(4ac-b^2)}$	38
trager	$-\frac{2(bx^3+2a)}{3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(4ac-b^2)}$	38
orering	$-\frac{2(bx^3+2a)}{3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(4ac-b^2)}$	38

input `int(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-2/3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+2*a)/(4*a*c-b^2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)}{3((b^2c-4ac^2)x^6+(b^3-4abc)x^3+ab^2-4a^2c)}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)/((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*x^6 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*x^3 + a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{bx^3}{b^2 - 4ac} + \frac{2a}{b^2 - 4ac} \right)}{3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(b*x^3/(b^2 - 4*a*c) + 2*a/(b^2 - 4*a*c))/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2bx^3 + 4a}{(12ac - 3b^2)\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}$$

input `int(x^5/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`output `-(4*a + 2*b*x^3)/((12*a*c - 3*b^2)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(-bx^3 - 2a)}{12ac^2x^6 - 3b^2cx^6 + 12abcx^3 - 3b^3x^3 + 12a^2c - 3ab^2}$$

input `int(x^5/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*(- 2*a - b*x**3))/(3*(4*a**2*c - a*b**2 + 4*a*b*c*x**3 + 4*a*c**2*x**6 - b**3*x**3 - b**2*c*x**6))`

$$3.223 \quad \int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1924
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1924
Rubi [A] (verified)	1925
Maple [A] (verified)	1926
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1926
Sympy [F]	1927
Maxima [F(-2)]	1927
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1927
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1928
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1928

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(b+2cx^3)}{3(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

output $1/3*(-4*c*x^3-2*b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(b+2cx^3)}{3(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output $(-2*(b+2*c*x^3))/(3*(b^2-4*a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x^3+c*x^6])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1690, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1690$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1088$$

$$-\frac{2(b + 2cx^3)}{3(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(b + 2*c*x^3))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1088 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1690 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p_.], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{\frac{4cx^3}{3} + \frac{2b}{3}}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(4ac - b^2)}$	37
trager	$\frac{\frac{4cx^3}{3} + \frac{2b}{3}}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(4ac - b^2)}$	37
orering	$\frac{\frac{4cx^3}{3} + \frac{2b}{3}}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(4ac - b^2)}$	37

input `int(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)*(2*c*x^3+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)}{3((b^2c - 4ac^2)x^6 + (b^3 - 4abc)x^3 + ab^2 - 4a^2c)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(2*c*x^3 + b)/((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*x^6 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*x^3 + a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b^2-4ac} + \frac{b}{b^2-4ac} \right)}{3\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/3*(2*c*x^3/(b^2 - 4*a*c) + b/(b^2 - 4*a*c))/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4cx^3 + 2b}{(12ac - 3b^2) \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*b + 4*c*x^3)/((12*a*c - 3*b^2)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(2cx^3 + b)}{12ac^2x^6 - 3b^2cx^6 + 12abcx^3 - 3b^3x^3 + 12a^2c - 3ab^2}$$

input `int(x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*(b + 2*c*x**3))/(3*(4*a**2*c - a*b**2 + 4*a*b*c*x**3 + 4*a*c**2*x**6 - b**3*x**3 - b**2*c*x**6))`

$$3.224 \quad \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1929
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1929
Rubi [A] (verified)	1930
Maple [F]	1932
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1932
Sympy [F]	1933
Maxima [F(-2)]	1933
Giac [F]	1933
Mupad [F(-1)]	1934
Reduce [F]	1934

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(b^2-2ac+bcx^3)}{3a(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{3a^{3/2}}$$

output $\frac{2}{3} * (b * c * x^3 - 2 * a * c + b^2) / a / (-4 * a * c + b^2) / (c * x^6 + b * x^3 + a)^{(1/2)} - 1/3 * \operatorname{arctanh}(1 / 2 * (b * x^3 + 2 * a) / a^{(1/2)} / (c * x^6 + b * x^3 + a)^{(1/2)}) / a^{(3/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(b^2-2ac+bcx^3)}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3-\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{3a^{3/2}}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[1/(x*(a+b*x^3+c*x^6)^(3/2)),x]$

output

```
(2*((Sqrt[a]*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x^3))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]) + ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x^3 - Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/Sqrt[a]])/(3*a^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1693, 1165, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1693} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^3(cx^6+bx^3+a)^{3/2}} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1165} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{a(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{b^2-4ac}{2x^3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{a(b^2-4ac)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{a} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{a(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1154} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{a(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{4a-x^6} d\frac{bx^3+2a}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{a(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x^3))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]) - ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]])/a^(3/2))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1165 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(m + p + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c x^6 + b x^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 190 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.23

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b x^3 + c x^6)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{((b^2 c - 4 a c^2) x^6 + (b^3 - 4 a b c) x^3 + a b^2 - 4 a^2 c) \sqrt{a} \log\left(-\frac{(b^2 + 4 a c) x^6 + 8 a b x^3 - 4 a^2}{6((a^2 b^2 c - 4 a^3 c^2) x^6 + a^3 b^2 - 4 a^2 b^3 - 4 a^3 b^2 c) x^3}\right)}{6((a^2 b^2 c - 4 a^3 c^2) x^6 + a^3 b^2 - 4 a^2 b^3 - 4 a^3 b^2 c) x^3}, \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{((b^2 c - 4 a c^2) x^6 + (b^3 - 4 a b c) x^3 + a b^2 - 4 a^2 c) \sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{c x^6 + b x^3 + a} (b x^3 + 2 a) \sqrt{-a} / (a c x^6 + a b x^3 + a^2)\right) + 2 \sqrt{c x^6 + b x^3 + a} (a b c x^3 + a b^2 - 2 a^2 c)}{(a^2 b^2 c - 4 a^3 c^2) x^6 + a^3 b^2 - 4 a^4 c + (a^2 b^3 - 4 a^3 b^2 c) x^3} \right) \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*x^6 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*x^3 + a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*sqrt(a)*log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(a*b*c*x^3 + a*b^2 - 2*a^2*c))/((a^2*b^2*c - 4*a^3*c^2)*x^6 + a^3*b^2 - 4*a^4*c + (a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*x^3), 1/3*(((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*x^6 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*x^3 + a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(a*b*c*x^3 + a*b^2 - 2*a^2*c))/((a^2*b^2*c - 4*a^3*c^2)*x^6 + a^3*b^2 - 4*a^4*c + (a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*x^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(6*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b*c - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*c
**2*x**3 - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**3 + 4*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x
**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c - sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)
- sqrt(a))*a*b**3 + 4*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b
**2*c*x**3 + 4*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b*c**2*x
**6 - sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*b**4*x**3 - sqrt(a)
*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**6 - 4*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c + sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a*b**3 - 4*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt
(a))*a*b**2*c*x**3 - 4*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a*
b*c**2*x**6 + sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*b**4*x**3 +
sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**6 + 12*int((sq
rt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2*b + a**2*c*x**3 + 2*a*b**2*x**3 + 4*a*
b*c*x**6 + 2*a*c**2*x**9 + b**3*x**6 + 3*b**2*c*x**9 + 3*b*c**2*x**12 + c
**3*x**15),x)*a**4*c**3 - 3*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2*b +
a**2*c*x**3 + 2*a*b**2*x**3 + 4*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*c**2*x**9 + b**3*x**6 + 3
*b**2*c*x**9 + 3*b*c**2*x**12 + c**3*x**15),x)*a**3*b**2*c**2 + 12*int((sq
rt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2*b + a**2*c*x**3 + 2*a*b**2*x**3 + 4*a*
b*c*x**6 + 2*a*c**2*x**9 + b**3*x**6 + 3*b**2*c*x**9 + 3*b*c**2*x**12 + c
**3*x**15),x)*a**3*b*c**3*x**3 + 12*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**5)...
```

3.225 $\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1936
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1936
Rubi [A] (verified)	1937
Maple [F]	1939
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1940
Sympy [F]	1940
Maxima [F(-2)]	1941
Giac [F]	1941
Mupad [F(-1)]	1941
Reduce [F]	1942

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(b^2 - 2ac + bcx^3)}{3a(b^2 - 4ac)x^3\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} - \frac{(3b^2 - 8ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3a^2(b^2 - 4ac)x^3} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}}$$

output `2/3*(b*c*x^3-2*a*c+b^2)/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)-1/3*(-8*a*c+3*b^2)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)/x^3+1/2*b*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-4a^2c + 3b^2x^3(b+cx^3) + a(b^2 - 10bcx^3 - 8c^2x^6)}{3a^2(-b^2 + 4ac)x^3\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3-\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output $(-4a^2c + 3b^2x^3(b + cx^3) + a(b^2 - 10b^2cx^3 - 8c^2x^6))/(3a^2(-b^2 + 4ac)x^3\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}) - (b\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{c}x^3 - \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}]/\sqrt{a}))/a^{5/2}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {1693, 1165, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^6 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1165$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(-2ac + b^2 + bcx^3)}{ax^3 (b^2 - 4ac) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2bcx^3 + 3b^2 - 8ac}{2x^6 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{a(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2bcx^3 + 3b^2 - 8ac}{x^6 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{a(b^2 - 4ac)} + \frac{2(-2ac + b^2 + bcx^3)}{ax^3 (b^2 - 4ac) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1228$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{-\frac{3b(b^2 - 4ac) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{2a} - \frac{(3b^2 - 8ac) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}{ax^3}}{a(b^2 - 4ac)} + \frac{2(-2ac + b^2 + bcx^3)}{ax^3 (b^2 - 4ac) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1154$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\frac{3b(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{1}{4a-x^6} d \frac{bx^3+2a}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}}}{a} - \frac{(3b^2-8ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{ax^3}}{a(b^2-4ac)} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{ax^3(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\frac{3b(b^2-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}} - \frac{(3b^2-8ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{ax^3}}{a(b^2-4ac)} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{ax^3(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x^3))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]) + (-(((3*b^2 - 8*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(a*x^3)) + (3*b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(2*a^(3/2)))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1165

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x]
+ Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(m + p + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1228

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 485, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.42

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left[3((b^3c - 4abc^2)x^9 + (b^4 - 4ab^2c)x^6 + (ab^3 - 4a^2bc)x^3)\sqrt{a} \log\left(-\frac{(b^2+4ac)x^3}{12((a^3b^2c - 3((b^3c - 4abc^2)x^9 + (b^4 - 4ab^2c)x^6 + (ab^3 - 4a^2bc)x^3)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{-a}}{2(acx^6+abx^3+a^2)}\right)}\right)} + 2((3ab^2c - 6((a^3b^2c - 4a^4c^2)x^9 + (a^3b^3 - 4a^4bc)x^6 + (a^4b^2 - 4a^5c)x^3)\right)} \right]}{12((a^3b^2c - 3((b^3c - 4abc^2)x^9 + (b^4 - 4ab^2c)x^6 + (ab^3 - 4a^2bc)x^3)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}(bx^3+2a)\sqrt{-a}}{2(acx^6+abx^3+a^2)}\right)} + 2((3ab^2c - 6((a^3b^2c - 4a^4c^2)x^9 + (a^3b^3 - 4a^4bc)x^6 + (a^4b^2 - 4a^5c)x^3)\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/12*(3*((b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*x^9 + (b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c)*x^6 + (a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*x^3)*sqrt(a)*log(-(b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) - 4*((3*a*b^2*c - 8*a^2*c^2)*x^6 + a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c + (3*a*b^3 - 10*a^2*b*c)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/((a^3*b^2*c - 4*a^4*c^2)*x^9 + (a^3*b^3 - 4*a^4*b*c)*x^6 + (a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)*x^3), -1/6*(3*((b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*x^9 + (b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c)*x^6 + (a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*x^3)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*((3*a*b^2*c - 8*a^2*c^2)*x^6 + a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c + (3*a*b^3 - 10*a^2*b*c)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/((a^3*b^2*c - 4*a^4*c^2)*x^9 + (a^3*b^3 - 4*a^4*b*c)*x^6 + (a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)*x^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Integral(1/(x**4*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*x^4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/x^4/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 8*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*c + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*
b**2 - 32*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b*c*x**3 - 16*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c
*x**6)*a**2*c**2*x**6 + 6*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**3*x**3 - 12*sqrt(
a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c*x**3 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(
sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b**3*x**3 - 12*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a +
b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c*x**6 - 12*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**
3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b*c**2*x**9 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x
**6) - sqrt(a))*b**4*x**6 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt
(a))*b**3*c*x**9 + 12*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a**
2*b*c*x**3 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a*b**3*x**
3 + 12*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c*x**6 + 12
*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a*b*c**2*x**9 - 3*sqrt(a
)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*b**4*x**6 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(
a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) + sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**9 + 36*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*
x**6)*x**2)/(a**2*b + a**2*c*x**3 + 2*a*b**2*x**3 + 4*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*c**
2*x**9 + b**3*x**6 + 3*b**2*c*x**9 + 3*b*c**2*x**12 + c**3*x**15),x)*a**4*
b*c**2*x**3 - 9*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**2)/(a**2*b + a**2*c*x**3
+ 2*a*b**2*x**3 + 4*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*c**2*x**9 + b**3*x**6 + 3*b**2*c*x**
9 + 3*b*c**2*x**12 + c**3*x**15),x)*a**3*b**3*c*x**3 + 36*int((sqrt(a + b*
x**3 + c*x**6)*x**2)/(a**2*b + a**2*c*x**3 + 2*a*b**2*x**3 + 4*a*b*c*x**...
```

3.226 $\int \frac{1}{x^7(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1943
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1944
Rubi [A] (verified)	1944
Maple [F]	1947
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1948
Sympy [F]	1948
Maxima [F(-2)]	1949
Giac [F]	1949
Mupad [F(-1)]	1949
Reduce [F]	1950

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(b^2 - 2ac + bcx^3)}{3a(b^2 - 4ac)x^6\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} - \frac{(5b^2 - 12ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{6a^2(b^2 - 4ac)x^6} + \frac{b(15b^2 - 52ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{12a^3(b^2 - 4ac)x^3} - \frac{(5b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}}$$

output

$2/3*(b*c*x^3-2*a*c+b^2)/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/x^6/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)-1/6*(-12*a*c+5*b^2)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)/x^6+1/12*b*(-52*a*c+15*b^2)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^3/(-4*a*c+b^2)/x^3-1/8*(-4*a*c+5*b^2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-8a^3c - 15b^3x^6(b + cx^3) + 2a^2(b^2 + 10bcx^3 - 12c^2x^6) + abx^3(-5b^2 + 62bcx^3 + 52c^2x^6)}{12a^3(-b^2 + 4ac)x^6\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} + \frac{(5b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3 - \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^7*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output $(-8a^3c - 15b^3x^6(b + cx^3) + 2a^2(b^2 + 10b^2cx^3 - 12c^2x^6) + a^2bx^3(-5b^2 + 62b^2cx^3 + 52c^2x^6))/(12a^3(-b^2 + 4ac)x^6\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}) + ((5b^2 - 4ac)\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{c}x^3 - \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6})/\sqrt{a}])/(4a^{7/2})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {1693, 1165, 27, 1237, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1693} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^9 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1165} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(-2ac + b^2 + bcx^3)}{ax^6 (b^2 - 4ac) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{4bcx^3 + 5b^2 - 12ac}{2x^9 \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{a (b^2 - 4ac)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int \frac{4bcx^3+5b^2-12ac}{x^9\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{a(b^2-4ac)} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{ax^6(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right)$$

↓ 1237

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2c(5b^2-12ac)x^3+b(15b^2-52ac)}{2x^6\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3 - \frac{(5b^2-12ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6}}{a(b^2-4ac)} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{ax^6(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2c(5b^2-12ac)x^3+b(15b^2-52ac)}{x^6\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3 - \frac{(5b^2-12ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6}}{a(b^2-4ac)} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{ax^6(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right)$$

↓ 1228

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{-\frac{3(b^2-4ac)(5b^2-4ac)}{2a} \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3 - \frac{b(15b^2-52ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{ax^3} - \frac{(5b^2-12ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6}}{a(b^2-4ac)} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{ax^6(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right)$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{-\frac{3(b^2-4ac)(5b^2-4ac)}{a} \int \frac{1}{4a-x^6} d\frac{bx^3+2a}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} - \frac{b(15b^2-52ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{ax^3} - \frac{(5b^2-12ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6}}{a(b^2-4ac)} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{ax^6(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{-\frac{3(b^2-4ac)(5b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}} - \frac{b(15b^2-52ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{ax^3} - \frac{(5b^2-12ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6}}{a(b^2-4ac)} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{ax^6(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^7*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output
$$\frac{((2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x^3))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*x^6*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]) + (-1/2*((5*b^2 - 12*a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(a*x^6) - ((b*(15*b^2 - 52*a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(a*x^3)) + (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(5*b^2 - 4*a*c)*\text{ArcTanh}[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(2*a^(3/2)))/(4*a))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))/3$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 219
$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1154
$$\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$$

rule 1165
$$\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)})/((p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*\text{Simp}[b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(m + p + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]$$

rule 1228 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 1237 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3((5b^4c - 24ab^2c^2 + 16a^2c^3)x^{12} + (5b^5 - 24ab^3c + 16a^2bc^2)x^9 + (5ab^4c + 16a^2b^2c^2)x^6 + (5a^3b^4 - 24a^2b^2c + 16a^3c^2)x^3 + 5a^4c)x^3 + 5a^5c}{(a^4b^2c - 4a^5c^2)x^{12} + (a^4b^3 - 4a^5b^2c)x^9 + (a^5b^2 - 4a^6c)x^6} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/48*(3*((5*b^4*c - 24*a*b^2*c^2 + 16*a^2*c^3)*x^12 + (5*b^5 - 24*a*b^3*c + 16*a^2*b^2*c^2)*x^9 + (5*a*b^4 - 24*a^2*b^2*c + 16*a^3*c^2)*x^6)*sqrt(a) *log(-((b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 + 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) - 4*((15*a*b^3*c - 52*a^2*b*c^2)*x^9 + (15*a*b^4 - 62*a^2*b^2*c + 24*a^3*c^2)*x^6 - 2*a^3*b^2 + 8*a^4*c + 5*(a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/((a^4*b^2*c - 4*a^5*c^2)*x^12 + (a^4*b^3 - 4*a^5*b^2*c)*x^9 + (a^5*b^2 - 4*a^6*c)*x^6), 1/24*(3*((5*b^4*c - 24*a*b^2*c^2 + 16*a^2*c^3)*x^12 + (5*b^5 - 24*a*b^3*c + 16*a^2*b^2*c^2)*x^9 + (5*a*b^4 - 24*a^2*b^2*c + 16*a^3*c^2)*x^6)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*((15*a*b^3*c - 52*a^2*b*c^2)*x^9 + (15*a*b^4 - 62*a^2*b^2*c + 24*a^3*c^2)*x^6 - 2*a^3*b^2 + 8*a^4*c + 5*(a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/((a^4*b^2*c - 4*a^5*c^2)*x^12 + (a^4*b^3 - 4*a^5*b^2*c)*x^9 + (a^5*b^2 - 4*a^6*c)*x^6)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**7/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**7*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^7} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*x^7), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^7*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^7*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^7/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 256*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*c**4*x**3 - 160*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c
*x**6)*a**5*b**3*c**2 + 384*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**2*c**3*x**3
- 256*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b*c**4*x**6 - 512*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c
*x**6)*a**5*c**5*x**9 - 200*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**5*c - 160*sq
rt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**4*c**2*x**3 - 640*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6
)*a**4*b**3*c**3*x**6 + 640*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**2*c**4*x**9
+ 60*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**7 + 1220*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*
a**3*b**6*c*x**3 - 80*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**5*c**2*x**6 - 160*
sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**4*c**3*x**9 - 300*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x*
**6)*a**2*b**8*x**3 + 3060*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**7*c*x**6 + 240
0*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**6*c**2*x**9 - 450*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*
*x**6)*a*b**9*x**6 - 480*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*
**4*b**3*c**3*x**6 - 480*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*
a**3*b**4*c**3*x**9 - 480*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))
*a**3*b**3*c**4*x**12 + 930*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a
))*a**2*b**7*c*x**6 - 225*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))
*a*b**9*x**6 + 930*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b**8
*c*x**9 + 930*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b**7*c**2
*x**12 - 225*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*b**10*x**9 -
225*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*b**9*c*x**12 + 48...
```

3.227 $\int \frac{1}{x^{10}(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1951
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1952
Rubi [A] (verified)	1952
Maple [F]	1956
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1956
Sympy [F]	1957
Maxima [F(-2)]	1957
Giac [F]	1957
Mupad [F(-1)]	1958
Reduce [F]	1958

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 256

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(b^2 - 2ac + bcx^3)}{3a(b^2 - 4ac)x^9\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} - \frac{(7b^2 - 16ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{9a^2(b^2 - 4ac)x^9} + \frac{b(35b^2 - 116ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{36a^3(b^2 - 4ac)x^6} - \frac{(105b^4 - 460ab^2c + 256a^2c^2)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{72a^4(b^2 - 4ac)x^3} + \frac{5b(7b^2 - 12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{48a^{9/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(b*c*x^3-2*a*c+b^2)/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/x^9/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)-1/9*(-16*
a*c+7*b^2)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)/x^9+1/36*b*(-116*a*c+35*
b^2)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^3/(-4*a*c+b^2)/x^6-1/72*(256*a^2*c^2-460*a*b^
2*c+105*b^4)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)/a^4/(-4*a*c+b^2)/x^3+5/48*b*(-12*a*c+7*
b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*x^3+2*a)/a^(1/2)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2))/a^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-32a^4c + 105b^4x^9(b + cx^3) + 5ab^2x^6(7b^2 - 106bcx^3 - 92c^2x^6) + 8a^3(b^2 + 7c^2x^6)}{72a^4(-b^2 + 4ac)x^9\sqrt{a}} + \frac{5b(-7b^2 + 12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^3 - \sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{24a^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^10*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
(-32*a^4*c + 105*b^4*x^9*(b + c*x^3) + 5*a*b^2*x^6*(7*b^2 - 106*b*c*x^3 - 92*c^2*x^6) + 8*a^3*(b^2 + 7*b*c*x^3 + 16*c^2*x^6) + 2*a^2*x^3*(-7*b^3 - 86*b^2*c*x^3 + 244*b*c^2*x^6 + 128*c^3*x^9))/(72*a^4*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^9*sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]) + (5*b*(-7*b^2 + 12*a*c)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*x^3 - sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/sqrt[a]])/(24*a^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {1693, 1165, 27, 1237, 27, 1237, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1693

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^{12} (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx^3$$

↓ 1165

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(-2ac + b^2 + bcx^3)}{ax^9 (b^2 - 4ac) \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{6bcx^3 + 7b^2 - 16ac}{2x^{12} \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx^3}{a(b^2 - 4ac)} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int \frac{6bcx^3+7b^2-16ac}{x^{12}\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{a(b^2-4ac)} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{ax^9(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1237 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int \frac{4c(7b^2-16ac)x^3+b(35b^2-116ac)}{2x^9\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{a(b^2-4ac)} - \frac{(7b^2-16ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{ax^9(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int \frac{4c(7b^2-16ac)x^3+b(35b^2-116ac)}{x^9\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{a(b^2-4ac)} - \frac{(7b^2-16ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{ax^9(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1237 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int \frac{105b^4-460acb^2+2c(35b^2-116ac)x^3b+256a^2c^2}{2x^6\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{a(b^2-4ac)} - \frac{b(35b^2-116ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6} - \frac{(7b^2-16ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{ax^9(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int \frac{105b^4-460acb^2+2c(35b^2-116ac)x^3b+256a^2c^2}{x^6\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3}{a(b^2-4ac)} - \frac{b(35b^2-116ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6} - \frac{(7b^2-16ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{ax^9(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1228 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{-\frac{15b(7b^2-12ac)(b^2-4ac)}{2a} \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} dx^3 - \frac{(256a^2c^2-460ab^2c+105b^4)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{ax^3} - \frac{b(35b^2-116ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6} - \frac{(7b^2-16ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9}}{a(b^2-4ac)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1154
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{15b(7b^2-12ac)(b^2-4ac)}{a} \int \frac{1}{4a-x^6} d\frac{bx^3+2a}{\sqrt{cx^6+bx^3+a}} - \frac{(256a^2c^2-460ab^2c+105b^4)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{ax^3} - \frac{b(35b^2-116ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6} - \frac{(7b^2-16ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} \right) / a(b^2-4ac)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{15b(7b^2-12ac)(b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+bx^3}{2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}} - \frac{(256a^2c^2-460ab^2c+105b^4)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{ax^3} - \frac{b(35b^2-116ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{2ax^6} - \frac{(7b^2-16ac)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}{3ax^9} \right) / a(b^2-4ac)$$

input `Int[1/(x^10*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x^3))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c))*x^9*sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]) + (-1/3*((7*b^2 - 16*a*c)*sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(a*x^9) - (-1/2*(b*(35*b^2 - 116*a*c)*sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(a*x^6) - (-((105*b^4 - 460*a*b^2*c + 256*a^2*c^2)*sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])/(a*x^3)) + (15*b*(7*b^2 - 12*a*c)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*x^3)/(2*sqrt[a]*sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])])/(2*a^(3/2))))/(4*a))/(6*a))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 $\text{Int}[1/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1165 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)]^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*\text{Simp}[b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(m + p + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]$

rule 1228 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)]^{(m_.)}*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)), x] - \text{Simp}[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2*p + 3], 0]$

rule 1237 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)]^{(m_.)}*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

rule 1693 $\text{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^{(n2_.)} + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^10/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^10/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 705, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^10/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/288*(15*((7*b^5*c - 40*a*b^3*c^2 + 48*a^2*b*c^3)*x^15 + (7*b^6 - 40*a*b^4*c + 48*a^2*b^2*c^2)*x^12 + (7*a*b^5 - 40*a^2*b^3*c + 48*a^3*b*c^2)*x^9)*sqrt(a)*log(-(b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^6 + 8*a*b*x^3 - 4*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(a) + 8*a^2)/x^6) + 4*((105*a*b^4*c - 460*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 256*a^3*c^3)*x^12 + (105*a*b^5 - 530*a^2*b^3*c + 488*a^3*b*c^2)*x^9 + (35*a^2*b^4 - 172*a^3*b^2*c + 128*a^4*c^2)*x^6 + 8*a^4*b^2 - 32*a^5*c - 14*(a^3*b^3 - 4*a^4*b*c)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/((a^5*b^2*c - 4*a^6*c^2)*x^15 + (a^5*b^3 - 4*a^6*b*c)*x^12 + (a^6*b^2 - 4*a^7*c)*x^9), -1/144*(15*((7*b^5*c - 40*a*b^3*c^2 + 48*a^2*b*c^3)*x^15 + (7*b^6 - 40*a*b^4*c + 48*a^2*b^2*c^2)*x^12 + (7*a*b^5 - 40*a^2*b^3*c + 48*a^3*b*c^2)*x^9)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(b*x^3 + 2*a)*sqrt(-a)/(a*c*x^6 + a*b*x^3 + a^2)) + 2*((105*a*b^4*c - 460*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 256*a^3*c^3)*x^12 + (105*a*b^5 - 530*a^2*b^3*c + 488*a^3*b*c^2)*x^9 + (35*a^2*b^4 - 172*a^3*b^2*c + 128*a^4*c^2)*x^6 + 8*a^4*b^2 - 32*a^5*c - 14*(a^3*b^3 - 4*a^4*b*c)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a))/((a^5*b^2*c - 4*a^6*c^2)*x^15 + (a^5*b^3 - 4*a^6*b*c)*x^12 + (a^6*b^2 - 4*a^7*c)*x^9)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**10/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**10*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^10/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{10}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^10/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*x^10), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{10} (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^10*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^10*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^10/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 3072*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**7*c**4 - 3072*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b**2*c**3 - 6144*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*b*c**4*x**3 + 35328*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**6*c**5*x**6 + 5440*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**4*c**2 + 11136*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**3*c**3*x**3 + 16128*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b**2*c**4*x**6 + 87168*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*b*c**5*x**9 + 36096*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**5*c**6*x**12 - 1120*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**6*c + 12160*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**5*c**2*x**3 - 92960*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**4*c**3*x**6 + 63840*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**3*c**4*x**9 + 70080*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**4*b**2*c**5*x**12 - 15400*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**7*c*x**3 + 8800*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**6*c**2*x**6 - 217040*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**5*c**3*x**9 - 108640*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**3*b**4*c**4*x**12 + 2940*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**9*x**3 + 32620*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**8*c*x**6 + 27020*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**7*c**2*x**9 - 139160*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a**2*b**6*c**3*x**12 - 7350*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**10*x**6 + 36750*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**9*c*x**9 + 102900*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*b**8*c**2*x**12 + 34560*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**5*b*c**5*x**9 + 14400*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**4*b**3*c**4*x**9 + 34560*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)...
```

3.228 $\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1960
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1960
Rubi [A] (verified)	1961
Maple [F]	1962
Fricas [F]	1962
Sympy [F]	1963
Maxima [F]	1963
Giac [F]	1963
Mupad [F(-1)]	1964
Reduce [F]	1964

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{4a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

output

```
1/4*x^4*(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*AppellF1(4/3,3/2,3/2,7/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 340 vs. 2(143) = 286.

Time = 10.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(-2(b + 2cx^3) + 2b \sqrt{\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \right) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(-2*(b + 2*c*x^3) + 2*b*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] + c*x^3*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]))/(3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1721}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \int \frac{x^3}{\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1012}$$

$$\frac{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{4a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input

```
Int[x^3/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x^4*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[4/3, 3/2, 3/2, 7/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(4*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x^3/(c^2*x^12 + 2*b*c*x^9 + (b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^3/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} x^3}{c^2 x^{12} + 2bcx^9 + 2acx^6 + b^2 x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c**2*x**12),x)`

3.229 $\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1965
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1965
Rubi [A] (verified)	1966
Maple [F]	1967
Fricas [F]	1967
Sympy [F]	1968
Maxima [F]	1968
Giac [F]	1968
Mupad [F(-1)]	1969
Reduce [F]	1969

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

output

```
1/2*x^2*(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*AppellF1(2/3,3/2,3/2,5/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),-2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 362 vs. 2(143) = 286.

Time = 10.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \left(-20(b^2 - 2ac + bcx^3) + 5(b^2 + 4ac) \right) \sqrt{\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (x^2*(-20*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x^3) + 5*(b^2 + 4*a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{AppellF1}[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]) + 8*b*c*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{AppellF1}[5/3, 1/2, 1/2, 8/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])])))/(30*a*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]) \end{aligned}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1721} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1}\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b}} + 1 \int \frac{x}{\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\ & \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b}} + 1 \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$(x^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*\text{AppellF1}[2/3, 3/2, 3/2, 5/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(2*a*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*x/(c^2*x^12 + 2*b*c*x^9 + (b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} x}{c^2x^{12} + 2bcx^9 + 2acx^6 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} dx$$

input `int(x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c**2*x**12),x)`

3.230 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1970
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1970
Rubi [A] (verified)	1971
Maple [F]	1972
Fricas [F]	1972
Sympy [F]	1973
Maxima [F]	1973
Giac [F]	1973
Mupad [F(-1)]	1974
Reduce [F]	1974

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{a \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

output

```
x*(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/3,3/2,3/2,4/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),-2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 359 vs. 2(138) = 276.

Time = 10.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(-4(b^2 - 2ac + bcx^3) - 2(b^2 - 8ac) \sqrt{\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \right)}{a \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(-3/2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (x*(-4*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x^3) - 2*(b^2 - 8*a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] \\ & + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x \\ & ^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{AppellF1}[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \\ & \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] + b*c*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[(b \\ & - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 \\ & - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{AppellF1}[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, \\ & (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]) \\ & / (6*a*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1686, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1686} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1}\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b}} + 1 \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{936} \\ & \frac{x\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1}\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b}} + 1 \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^{-3/2}, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (x*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqr} \\ & t[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{AppellF1}[1/3, 3/2, 3/2, 4/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4 \\ & *a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(a*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]) \end{aligned}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1686 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^
IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2
- 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPar
t[p])) Int[(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - S
qrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
&& NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/(c^2*x^12 + 2*b*c*x^9 + (b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^6
+ 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(-3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(-3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(-3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`output `int(1/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{c^2x^{12} + 2bcx^9 + 2acx^6 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c**2*x**12),x)`

3.231 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1975
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1975
Rubi [A] (verified)	1976
Maple [F]	1977
Fricas [F]	1978
Sympy [F]	1978
Maxima [F]	1978
Giac [F]	1979
Mupad [F(-1)]	1979
Reduce [F]	1979

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{ax\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

output

```
-(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*AppellF1(-1/3,3/2,3/2,2/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),-2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a/x/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 407 vs. 2(141) = 282.

Time = 10.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 407, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5b(-5b^2+12ac)x^3 \sqrt{\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac+2cx^3}}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac+2cx^3}}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) - 4 \left(\dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/60*(5*b*(-5*b^2 + 12*a*c)*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{AppellF1}[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])], (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] - 4*(60*a^2*c - 25*b^2*x^3*(b + c*x^3) + 5*a*(-3*b^2 + 18*b*c*x^3 + 16*c^2*x^6) + 2*c*(5*b^2 - 16*a*c)*x^6*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*\text{AppellF1}[5/3, 1/2, 1/2, 8/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])])])/(a^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1721

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

↓ 1012

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{ax\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output

```

-((Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqr
t[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[-1/3, 3/2, 3/2, 2/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 -
4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(a*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]
))

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```

Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_
))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
+ 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
- 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])

```

rule 1721

```

Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*
c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4
*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c
])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]

```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/(c^2*x^14 + 2*b*c*x^11 + (b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^8 + 2*a*b*x^5 + a^2*x^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} - 8 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} x^4}{c^2 x^{12} + 2bcx^9 + 2acx^6 + b^2 x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} dx \right) acx - 8 \left(\int \frac{1}{c^2 x^6} dx \right)}{c^2 x^6}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - 8*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**4)/(
a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c**2*x**12),x)*a
*c*x - 8*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**4)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x
**6 + b**2*x**6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c**2*x**12),x)*b*c*x**4 - 8*int((sqrt(a + b
*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**4)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + 2*b*c*
x**9 + c**2*x**12),x)*c**2*x**7 - 5*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x)/(a**
2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c**2*x**12),x)*a*b*
x - 5*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x**6 +
b**2*x**6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c**2*x**12),x)*b**2*x**4 - 5*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3
+ c*x**6)*x)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c
**2*x**12),x)*b*c*x**7)/(2*a*x*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6))
```

3.232 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1981
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1981
Rubi [A] (verified)	1982
Maple [F]	1983
Fricas [F]	1984
Sympy [F]	1984
Maxima [F]	1984
Giac [F]	1985
Mupad [F(-1)]	1985
Reduce [F]	1985

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{2ax^2\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

```
output -1/2*(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*AppellF1(-2/3,3/2,3/2,1/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),-2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a/x^2/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 405 vs. 2(143) = 286.

Time = 10.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-48a^2c + 28b^2x^3(b+cx^3) + 4a(3b^2 - 24bcx^3 - 20c^2x^6) + 2b(7b^2 - 36ac)x^3}{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-48*a^2*c + 28*b^2*x^3*(b + c*x^3) + 4*a*(3*b^2 - 24*b*c*x^3 - 20*c^2*x^6) + 2*b*(7*b^2 - 36*a*c)*x^3*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] * Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] * AppellF1[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] + c*(-7*b^2 + 20*a*c)*x^6*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] * Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])] * AppellF1[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])]/(24*a^2*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{2ax^2\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)), x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b +
Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*AppellF1[-2/3, 3/2, 3/2, 1/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(a*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c
*x^6])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_
))^q_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
+ 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
- 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*
c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4
*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c
])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)/(c^2*x^15 + 2*b*c*x^12 + (b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^9 + 2*a*b*x^6 + a^2*x^3), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*x^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} - 7 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{c^2x^{12} + 2bcx^9 + 2acx^6 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} dx \right)}{abx^2 - 7 \left(\int \frac{1}{c^2x^6 + 2bcx^3 + 2ac + b^2} dx \right)}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6) - 7*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a**2 +
2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c**2*x**12),x)*a*b*x**2
- 7*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x**6 + b**2*
x**6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c**2*x**12),x)*b**2*x**5 - 7*int(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x
**6)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c**2*x**12
),x)*b*c*x**8 - 10*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3
+ 2*a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c**2*x**12),x)*a*c*x**2 - 10*int(
(sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x**6 + b**2*x*
*6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c**2*x**12),x)*b*c*x**5 - 10*int((sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x*
*6)*x**3)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c**2*
x**12),x)*c**2*x**8)/(4*a*x**2*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6))
```

3.233 $\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2 dx$

Optimal result	1987
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1987
Rubi [A] (verified)	1988
Maple [B] (verified)	1989
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1990
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1990
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1991
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1992
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1992
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1993

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2 dx = \frac{a^2(dx)^{1+m}}{d(1+m)} + \frac{2ab(dx)^{4+m}}{d^4(4+m)} + \frac{(b^2 + 2ac)(dx)^{7+m}}{d^7(7+m)} + \frac{2bc(dx)^{10+m}}{d^{10}(10+m)} + \frac{c^2(dx)^{13+m}}{d^{13}(13+m)}$$

output

```
a^2*(d*x)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+2*a*b*(d*x)^(4+m)/d^4/(4+m)+(2*a*c+b^2)*(d*x)^(7+m)/d^7/(7+m)+2*b*c*(d*x)^(10+m)/d^10/(10+m)+c^2*(d*x)^(13+m)/d^13/(13+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2 dx = x(dx)^m \left(\frac{a^2}{1+m} + \frac{2abx^3}{4+m} + \frac{(b^2 + 2ac)x^6}{7+m} + \frac{2bcx^9}{10+m} + \frac{c^2x^{12}}{13+m} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^2,x]
```


output

$$x*(d*x)^m*(a^2/(1+m) + (2*a*b*x^3)/(4+m) + ((b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^6)/(7+m) + (2*b*c*x^9)/(10+m) + (c^2*x^12)/(13+m))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1691, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1691$$

$$\int \left(a^2(dx)^m + \frac{(2ac + b^2)(dx)^{m+6}}{d^6} + \frac{2ab(dx)^{m+3}}{d^3} + \frac{2bc(dx)^{m+9}}{d^9} + \frac{c^2(dx)^{m+12}}{d^{12}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2(dx)^{m+1}}{d(m+1)} + \frac{(2ac + b^2)(dx)^{m+7}}{d^7(m+7)} + \frac{2ab(dx)^{m+4}}{d^4(m+4)} + \frac{2bc(dx)^{m+10}}{d^{10}(m+10)} + \frac{c^2(dx)^{m+13}}{d^{13}(m+13)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^2,x]$$

output

$$(a^2*(d*x)^(1+m))/(d*(1+m)) + (2*a*b*(d*x)^(4+m))/(d^4*(4+m)) + ((b^2 + 2*a*c)*(d*x)^(7+m))/(d^7*(7+m)) + (2*b*c*(d*x)^(10+m))/(d^10*(10+m)) + (c^2*(d*x)^(13+m))/(d^13*(13+m))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1691

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d*x)^m*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 300 vs. 2(101) = 202.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

method	result
gospers	$x(c^2m^4x^{12} + 22c^2m^3x^{12} + 159c^2m^2x^{12} + 2bcm^4x^9 + 418mx^{12}c^2 + 50bcm^3x^9 + 280c^2x^{12} + 390bcm^2x^9 + 2acm^4x^6 + b^2m^4x^6 + \dots)$
risch	$x(c^2m^4x^{12} + 22c^2m^3x^{12} + 159c^2m^2x^{12} + 2bcm^4x^9 + 418mx^{12}c^2 + 50bcm^3x^9 + 280c^2x^{12} + 390bcm^2x^9 + 2acm^4x^6 + b^2m^4x^6 + \dots)$
oring	$x(c^2m^4x^{12} + 22c^2m^3x^{12} + 159c^2m^2x^{12} + 2bcm^4x^9 + 418mx^{12}c^2 + 50bcm^3x^9 + 280c^2x^{12} + 390bcm^2x^9 + 2acm^4x^6 + b^2m^4x^6 + \dots)$
parallelrisch	$2x^{10}(dx)^m bcm^4 + 50x^{10}(dx)^m bcm^3 + 390x^{10}(dx)^m bcm^2 + 1070x^{10}(dx)^m bcm + 2x^7(dx)^m acm^4 + 56x^7(dx)^m acm^3 + 498x^7(dx)^m acm^2 + \dots)$

input

```
int((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x*(c^2*m^4*x^12+22*c^2*m^3*x^12+159*c^2*m^2*x^12+2*b*c*m^4*x^9+418*c^2*m*x^12+50*b*c*m^3*x^9+280*c^2*x^12+390*b*c*m^2*x^9+2*a*c*m^4*x^6+b^2*m^4*x^6+1070*b*c*m*x^9+56*a*c*m^3*x^6+28*b^2*m^3*x^6+728*b*c*x^9+498*a*c*m^2*x^6+2*49*b^2*m^2*x^6+2*a*b*m^4*x^3+1484*a*c*m*x^6+742*b^2*m*x^6+62*a*b*m^3*x^3+1040*a*c*x^6+520*b^2*x^6+642*a*b*m^2*x^3+a^2*m^4+2402*a*b*m*x^3+34*a^2*m^3+1820*a*b*x^3+411*a^2*m^2+2074*a^2*m+3640*a^2)*(d*x)^m/(13+m)/(10+m)/(7+m)/(4+m)/(1+m)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 241 vs. $2(101) = 202$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{((c^2m^4 + 22c^2m^3 + 159c^2m^2 + 418c^2m + 280c^2)x^{13} + 2(bcm^4 + 25bcm^3 + 195bcm^2 + 535bcm + 3640))}{(m^5 + 35m^4 + 445m^3 + 2485m^2 + 5714m + 3640)}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((c^2*m^4 + 22*c^2*m^3 + 159*c^2*m^2 + 418*c^2*m + 280*c^2)*x^13 + 2*(b*c*m^4 + 25*b*c*m^3 + 195*b*c*m^2 + 535*b*c*m + 364*b*c)*x^10 + ((b^2 + 2*a*c)*m^4 + 28*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*m^3 + 249*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*m^2 + 520*b^2 + 1040*a*c + 742*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*m)*x^7 + 2*(a*b*m^4 + 31*a*b*m^3 + 321*a*b*m^2 + 1201*a*b*m + 910*a*b)*x^4 + (a^2*m^4 + 34*a^2*m^3 + 411*a^2*m^2 + 2074*a^2*m + 3640*a^2)*x)*(d*x)^m/(m^5 + 35*m^4 + 445*m^3 + 2485*m^2 + 5714*m + 3640)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1459 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1459, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.45

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise(((a**2/(12*x**12) - 2*a*b/(9*x**9) - a*c/(3*x**6) - b**2/(6*x**6) - 2*b*c/(3*x**3) + c**2*log(x))/d**13, Eq(m, -13)), ((-a**2/(9*x**9) - a*b/(3*x**6) - 2*a*c/(3*x**3) - b**2/(3*x**3) + 2*b*c*log(x) + c**2*x**3/3)/d**10, Eq(m, -10)), ((-a**2/(6*x**6) - 2*a*b/(3*x**3) + 2*a*c*log(x) + b**2*log(x) + 2*b*c*x**3/3 + c**2*x**6/6)/d**7, Eq(m, -7)), ((-a**2/(3*x**3) + 2*a*b*log(x) + 2*a*c*x**3/3 + b**2*x**3/3 + b*c*x**6/3 + c**2*x**9/9)/d**4, Eq(m, -4)), ((a**2*log(x) + 2*a*b*x**3/3 + a*c*x**6/3 + b**2*x**6/6 + 2*b*c*x**9/9 + c**2*x**12/12)/d, Eq(m, -1)), (a**2*m**4*x*(d*x)**m/(m**5 + 35*m**4 + 445*m**3 + 2485*m**2 + 5714*m + 3640) + 34*a**2*m**3*x*(d*x)**m/(m**5 + 35*m**4 + 445*m**3 + 2485*m**2 + 5714*m + 3640) + 411*a**2*m**2*x*(d*x)**m/(m**5 + 35*m**4 + 445*m**3 + 2485*m**2 + 5714*m + 3640) + 2074*a**2*m*x*(d*x)**m/(m**5 + 35*m**4 + 445*m**3 + 2485*m**2 + 5714*m + 3640) + 3640*a**2*x*(d*x)**m/(m**5 + 35*m**4 + 445*m**3 + 2485*m**2 + 5714*m + 3640) + 2*a*b*m**4*x**4*(d*x)**m/(m**5 + 35*m**4 + 445*m**3 + 2485*m**2 + 5714*m + 3640) + 62*a*b*m**3*x**4*(d*x)**m/(m**5 + 35*m**4 + 445*m**3 + 2485*m**2 + 5714*m + 3640) + 642*a*b*m**2*x**4*(d*x)**m/(m**5 + 35*m**4 + 445*m**3 + 2485*m**2 + 5714*m + 3640) + 2402*a*b*m*x**4*(d*x)**m/(m**5 + 35*m**4 + 445*m**3 + 2485*m**2 + 5714*m + 3640) + 1820*a*b*x**4*(d*x)**m/(m**5 + 35*m**4 + 445*m**3 + 2485*m**2 + 5714*m + 3640) + 2*a*c*m**4*x**7*(d*x)**m/(m**5 + 35*m**4 + 445*m**3 + 2485*m**2 + 5714*m + 3640) + 56*a*c*m...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2 dx = \frac{c^2 d^m x^{13} x^m}{m + 13} + \frac{2 b c d^m x^{10} x^m}{m + 10} + \frac{b^2 d^m x^7 x^m}{m + 7} + \frac{2 a c d^m x^7 x^m}{m + 7} + \frac{2 a b d^m x^4 x^m}{m + 4} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} a^2}{d(m + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
c^2*d^m*x^13*x^m/(m + 13) + 2*b*c*d^m*x^10*x^m/(m + 10) + b^2*d^m*x^7*x^m/(m + 7) + 2*a*c*d^m*x^7*x^m/(m + 7) + 2*a*b*d^m*x^4*x^m/(m + 4) + (d*x)^(m + 1)*a^2/(d*(m + 1))
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 449 vs. $2(101) = 202$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 449, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.45

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(dx)^m c^2 m^4 x^{13} + 22 (dx)^m c^2 m^3 x^{13} + 159 (dx)^m c^2 m^2 x^{13} + 2 (dx)^m b c m^4 x^{10} + 418 (dx)^m c^2 m x^{13} + 50 (d$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
((d*x)^m*c^2*m^4*x^13 + 22*(d*x)^m*c^2*m^3*x^13 + 159*(d*x)^m*c^2*m^2*x^13
+ 2*(d*x)^m*b*c*m^4*x^10 + 418*(d*x)^m*c^2*m*x^13 + 50*(d*x)^m*b*c*m^3*x^
10 + 280*(d*x)^m*c^2*x^13 + 390*(d*x)^m*b*c*m^2*x^10 + (d*x)^m*b^2*m^4*x^7
+ 2*(d*x)^m*a*c*m^4*x^7 + 1070*(d*x)^m*b*c*m*x^10 + 28*(d*x)^m*b^2*m^3*x^
7 + 56*(d*x)^m*a*c*m^3*x^7 + 728*(d*x)^m*b*c*x^10 + 249*(d*x)^m*b^2*m^2*x^
7 + 498*(d*x)^m*a*c*m^2*x^7 + 2*(d*x)^m*a*b*m^4*x^4 + 742*(d*x)^m*b^2*m*x^
7 + 1484*(d*x)^m*a*c*m*x^7 + 62*(d*x)^m*a*b*m^3*x^4 + 520*(d*x)^m*b^2*x^7
+ 1040*(d*x)^m*a*c*x^7 + 642*(d*x)^m*a*b*m^2*x^4 + (d*x)^m*a^2*m^4*x + 240
2*(d*x)^m*a*b*m*x^4 + 34*(d*x)^m*a^2*m^3*x + 1820*(d*x)^m*a*b*x^4 + 411*(d
*x)^m*a^2*m^2*x + 2074*(d*x)^m*a^2*m*x + 3640*(d*x)^m*a^2*x)/(m^5 + 35*m^4
+ 445*m^3 + 2485*m^2 + 5714*m + 3640)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2 dx = (dx)^m \left(\frac{c^2 x^{13} (m^4 + 22 m^3 + 159 m^2 + 418 m + 280)}{m^5 + 35 m^4 + 445 m^3 + 2485 m^2 + 5714 m + 3640} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{x^7 (b^2 + 2 a c) (m^4 + 28 m^3 + 249 m^2 + 742 m + 520)}{m^5 + 35 m^4 + 445 m^3 + 2485 m^2 + 5714 m + 3640}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 x (m^4 + 34 m^3 + 411 m^2 + 2074 m + 3640)}{m^5 + 35 m^4 + 445 m^3 + 2485 m^2 + 5714 m + 3640}$$

$$+ \frac{2 a b x^4 (m^4 + 31 m^3 + 321 m^2 + 1201 m + 910)}{m^5 + 35 m^4 + 445 m^3 + 2485 m^2 + 5714 m + 3640}$$

$$\left. + \frac{2 b c x^{10} (m^4 + 25 m^3 + 195 m^2 + 535 m + 364)}{m^5 + 35 m^4 + 445 m^3 + 2485 m^2 + 5714 m + 3640} \right)$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^2,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (d*x)^m*((c^2*x^{13}(418*m + 159*m^2 + 22*m^3 + m^4 + 280))/(5714*m + 2485* \\ & m^2 + 445*m^3 + 35*m^4 + m^5 + 3640) + (x^7*(2*a*c + b^2)*(742*m + 249*m^2 \\ & + 28*m^3 + m^4 + 520))/(5714*m + 2485*m^2 + 445*m^3 + 35*m^4 + m^5 + 3640 \\ &) + (a^2*x*(2074*m + 411*m^2 + 34*m^3 + m^4 + 3640))/(5714*m + 2485*m^2 + \\ & 445*m^3 + 35*m^4 + m^5 + 3640) + (2*a*b*x^4*(1201*m + 321*m^2 + 31*m^3 + m \\ & ^4 + 910))/(5714*m + 2485*m^2 + 445*m^3 + 35*m^4 + m^5 + 3640) + (2*b*c*x^ \\ & 10*(535*m + 195*m^2 + 25*m^3 + m^4 + 364))/(5714*m + 2485*m^2 + 445*m^3 + \\ & 35*m^4 + m^5 + 3640)) \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m d^m x (c^2 m^4 x^{12} + 22c^2 m^3 x^{12} + 159c^2 m^2 x^{12} + 2bcm^4 x^9 + 418c^2 m x^{12} + 50bcm^3 x^9 + 280c^2 x^{12} + 390bc$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^2,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (x^{**m}d^{**m}x*(a^{**2}m^{**4} + 34*a^{**2}m^{**3} + 411*a^{**2}m^{**2} + 2074*a^{**2}m + 364 \\ & 0*a^{**2} + 2*a*b*m^{**4}*x^{**3} + 62*a*b*m^{**3}*x^{**3} + 642*a*b*m^{**2}*x^{**3} + 2402*a*b \\ & *m*x^{**3} + 1820*a*b*x^{**3} + 2*a*c*m^{**4}*x^{**6} + 56*a*c*m^{**3}*x^{**6} + 498*a*c*m^{** \\ & 2}*x^{**6} + 1484*a*c*m*x^{**6} + 1040*a*c*x^{**6} + b^{**2}m^{**4}*x^{**6} + 28*b^{**2}m^{**3}*x \\ & **6 + 249*b^{**2}m^{**2}*x^{**6} + 742*b^{**2}m*x^{**6} + 520*b^{**2}*x^{**6} + 2*b*c*m^{**4}*x \\ & *9 + 50*b*c*m^{**3}*x^{**9} + 390*b*c*m^{**2}*x^{**9} + 1070*b*c*m*x^{**9} + 728*b*c*x^{**9} \\ & + c^{**2}m^{**4}*x^{**12} + 22*c^{**2}m^{**3}*x^{**12} + 159*c^{**2}m^{**2}*x^{**12} + 418*c^{**2}m \\ & *x^{**12} + 280*c^{**2}*x^{**12}))/ (m^{**5} + 35*m^{**4} + 445*m^{**3} + 2485*m^{**2} + 5714*m \\ & + 3640) \end{aligned}$$

3.234 $\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6) dx$

Optimal result	1994
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1994
Rubi [A] (verified)	1995
Maple [A] (verified)	1996
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1996
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1997
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1997
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1998
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1998
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1999

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6) dx = \frac{a(dx)^{1+m}}{d(1+m)} + \frac{b(dx)^{4+m}}{d^4(4+m)} + \frac{c(dx)^{7+m}}{d^7(7+m)}$$

output

```
a*(d*x)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+b*(d*x)^(4+m)/d^4/(4+m)+c*(d*x)^(7+m)/d^7/(7+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6) dx = x(dx)^m \left(\frac{a}{1+m} + \frac{bx^3}{4+m} + \frac{cx^6}{7+m} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]
```

output

```
x*(d*x)^m*(a/(1 + m) + (b*x^3)/(4 + m) + (c*x^6)/(7 + m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1691, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1691$$

$$\int \left(a(dx)^m + \frac{b(dx)^{m+3}}{d^3} + \frac{c(dx)^{m+6}}{d^6} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a(dx)^{m+1}}{d(m+1)} + \frac{b(dx)^{m+4}}{d^4(m+4)} + \frac{c(dx)^{m+7}}{d^7(m+7)}$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]`

output `(a*(d*x)^(1 + m))/(d*(1 + m)) + (b*(d*x)^(4 + m))/(d^4*(4 + m)) + (c*(d*x)^(7 + m))/(d^7*(7 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1691 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d*x)^m*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
norman	$\frac{ax e^{m \ln(dx)}}{1+m} + \frac{bx^4 e^{m \ln(dx)}}{4+m} + \frac{cx^7 e^{m \ln(dx)}}{7+m}$
gospers	$\frac{x(cm^2x^6+5cmx^6+4cx^6+bm^2x^3+8bm x^3+7bx^3+am^2+11am+28a)(dx)^m}{(7+m)(4+m)(1+m)}$
risch	$\frac{x(cm^2x^6+5cmx^6+4cx^6+bm^2x^3+8bm x^3+7bx^3+am^2+11am+28a)(dx)^m}{(7+m)(4+m)(1+m)}$
orering	$\frac{x(cm^2x^6+5cmx^6+4cx^6+bm^2x^3+8bm x^3+7bx^3+am^2+11am+28a)(dx)^m}{(7+m)(4+m)(1+m)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^7(dx)^m cm^2+5x^7(dx)^m cm+4x^7(dx)^m c+x^4(dx)^m b m^2+8x^4(dx)^m bm+7x^4(dx)^m b+x(dx)^m a m^2+11x(dx)^m am+28x(dx)^m}{(7+m)(4+m)(1+m)}$

input `int((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a/(1+m)*x*exp(m*ln(d*x))+b/(4+m)*x^4*exp(m*ln(d*x))+c/(7+m)*x^7*exp(m*ln(d*x))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6) dx$$

$$= \frac{((cm^2 + 5cm + 4c)x^7 + (bm^2 + 8bm + 7b)x^4 + (am^2 + 11am + 28a)x)(dx)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((c*m^2 + 5*c*m + 4*c)*x^7 + (b*m^2 + 8*b*m + 7*b)*x^4 + (a*m^2 + 11*a*m + 28*a)*x)*(d*x)^m/(m^3 + 12*m^2 + 39*m + 28)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 299 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.75

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{-\frac{a}{6x^6} - \frac{b}{3x^3} + c \log(x)}{d^7} \\ \frac{-\frac{a}{3x^3} + b \log(x) + \frac{cx^3}{3}}{d^4} \\ \frac{a \log(x) + \frac{bx^3}{3} + \frac{cx^6}{6}}{d} \\ \frac{am^2 x(dx)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28} + \frac{11amx(dx)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28} + \frac{28ax(dx)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28} + \frac{bm^2 x^4(dx)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28} + \frac{8bm x^4(dx)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28} + \frac{7bx^4(dx)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a),x)`

output `Piecewise(((-a/(6*x**6) - b/(3*x**3) + c*log(x))/d**7, Eq(m, -7)), ((-a/(3*x**3) + b*log(x) + c*x**3/3)/d**4, Eq(m, -4)), ((a*log(x) + b*x**3/3 + c*x**6/6)/d, Eq(m, -1)), (a*m**2*x*(d*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + 11*a*m*x*(d*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + 28*a*x*(d*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + b*m**2*x**4*(d*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + 8*b*m*x**4*(d*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + 7*b*x**4*(d*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + c*m**2*x**7*(d*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + 5*c*m*x**7*(d*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + 4*c*x**7*(d*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6) dx = \frac{cd^m x^7 x^m}{m+7} + \frac{bd^m x^4 x^m}{m+4} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} a}{d(m+1)}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $c*d^m*x^7*x^m/(m + 7) + b*d^m*x^4*x^m/(m + 4) + (d*x)^{(m + 1)}*a/(d*(m + 1))$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 119 vs. $2(52) = 104$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6) dx$$

$$= \frac{(dx)^m cm^2x^7 + 5(dx)^m cmx^7 + 4(dx)^m cx^7 + (dx)^m bm^2x^4 + 8(dx)^m bmx^4 + 7(dx)^m bx^4 + (dx)^m am^2}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $((d*x)^m*c*m^2*x^7 + 5*(d*x)^m*c*m*x^7 + 4*(d*x)^m*c*x^7 + (d*x)^m*b*m^2*x^4 + 8*(d*x)^m*b*m*x^4 + 7*(d*x)^m*b*x^4 + (d*x)^m*a*m^2*x + 11*(d*x)^m*a*m*x + 28*(d*x)^m*a*x)/(m^3 + 12*m^2 + 39*m + 28)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6) dx = (dx)^m \left(\frac{bx^4(m^2 + 8m + 7)}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28} + \frac{cx^7(m^2 + 5m + 4)}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28} + \frac{ax(m^2 + 11m + 28)}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28} \right)$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x)`

output $(d*x)^m*((b*x^4*(8*m + m^2 + 7))/(39*m + 12*m^2 + m^3 + 28) + (c*x^7*(5*m + m^2 + 4))/(39*m + 12*m^2 + m^3 + 28) + (a*x*(11*m + m^2 + 28))/(39*m + 12*m^2 + m^3 + 28))$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m d^m x (c m^2 x^6 + 5c m x^6 + 4c x^6 + b m^2 x^3 + 8b m x^3 + 7b x^3 + a m^2 + 11a m + 28a)}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)`output `(x**m*d**m*x*(a*m**2 + 11*a*m + 28*a + b*m**2*x**3 + 8*b*m*x**3 + 7*b*x**3 + c*m**2*x**6 + 5*c*m*x**6 + 4*c*x**6))/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28)`

3.235 $\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a+bx^3+cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	2000
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2000
Rubi [A] (verified)	2001
Maple [F]	2003
Fricas [F]	2003
Sympy [F(-1)]	2003
Maxima [F]	2004
Giac [F]	2004
Mupad [F(-1)]	2004
Reduce [F]	2005

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{2c(dx)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{3}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d(1+m)} - \frac{2c(dx)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{3}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d(1+m)}$$

output

```
2*c*(d*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1/3+1/3*m], [4/3+1/3*m], -2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/d/(1+m)-2*c*(d*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1/3+1/3*m], [4/3+1/3*m], -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/d/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{(dx)^m \text{RootSum} \left[a + b\#1^3 + c\#1^6 \&, \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-m, -m, 1-m, -\frac{\#1}{x-\#1} \right) \left(\frac{x}{x-\#1} \right)^{-m}}{b\#1^2 + 2c\#1^5} \& \right]}{3m}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]`

output `((d*x)^m*RootSum[a + b*#1^3 + c*#1^6 & , Hypergeometric2F1[-m, -m, 1 - m, -(#1/(x - #1))]]/((x/(x - #1))^m*(b*#1^2 + 2*c*#1^5)) &])/(3*m)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {1711, 27, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1711$$

$$\frac{c \int \frac{2(dx)^m}{2cx^3+b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{c \int \frac{2(dx)^m}{2cx^3+b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2c \int \frac{(dx)^m}{2cx^3+b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{2c \int \frac{(dx)^m}{2cx^3+b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{2c(dx)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+1}{3}, \frac{m+4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{d(m+1)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\left(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\right)} - \frac{2c(dx)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+1}{3}, \frac{m+4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{d(m+1)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\left(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b\right)}$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x]`

output `(2*c*(d*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/3, (4 + m)/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d*(1 + m)) - (2*c*(d*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/3, (4 + m)/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d*(1 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1711 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[c/q Int[(d*x)^m/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] - Simp[c/q Int[(d*x)^m/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)`

output `int((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x)^m/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6),x)`

output `int((d*x)^m/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = d^m \left(\int \frac{x^m}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx \right)$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a),x)`

output `d**m*int(x**m/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)`

3.236 $\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2006
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2007
Rubi [A] (verified)	2007
Maple [F]	2009
Fricas [F]	2010
Sympy [F(-1)]	2010
Maxima [F]	2010
Giac [F]	2011
Mupad [F(-1)]	2011
Reduce [F]	2011

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 315

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^2} dx = \frac{(dx)^{1+m} (b^2 - 2ac + bcx^3)}{3a (b^2 - 4ac) d (a + bx^3 + cx^6)}$$

$$+ \frac{c(b^2(2-m) + b\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(2-m) - 4ac(5-m)) (dx)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{3}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{3a (b^2 - 4ac)^{3/2} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) d(1+m)}$$

$$- \frac{c(b^2(2-m) - b\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(2-m) - 4ac(5-m)) (dx)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{3}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{3a (b^2 - 4ac)^{3/2} (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) d(1+m)}$$

output

```
1/3*(d*x)^(1+m)*(b*c*x^3-2*a*c+b^2)/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/d/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)+1/3*c
*(b^2*(2-m)+b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(2-m)-4*a*c*(5-m))*(d*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom(
[1, 1/3+1/3*m], [4/3+1/3*m], -2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(3/2)/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/d/(1+m)-1/3*c*(b^2*(2-m)-b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)*(2-m)-4*a*c*(5-m))*(d*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1/3+1/3*m], [4/3+1/3*m], -2*c
*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(3/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/d
/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2} dx = \frac{x(dx)^m \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{3}, 2, 2, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{a^2(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^2,x]`

output `(x*(d*x)^m*AppellF1[(1 + m)/3, 2, 2, (4 + m)/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(a^2*(1 + m))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1702, 25, 1834, 27, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1702} \\ & \frac{(dx)^{m+1} (-2ac + b^2 + bcx^3)}{3ad(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(dx)^m (bc(2-m)x^3 + b^2(2-m) - 2ac(5-m))}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx}{3a(b^2 - 4ac)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(dx)^m (bc(2-m)x^3 + b^2(2-m) - 2ac(5-m))}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx}{3a(b^2 - 4ac)} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} (-2ac + b^2 + bcx^3)}{3ad(b^2 - 4ac)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1834} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{c(b(2-m)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-4ac(5-m)+b^2(2-m)) \int \frac{2(dx)^m}{2cx^3+b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{c(-b(2-m)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-4ac(5-m)+b^2(2-m)) \int \frac{2(dx)^m}{2cx^3+b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \\
 & \frac{3a(b^2-4ac)(dx)^{m+1}(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{3ad(b^2-4ac)(a+bx^3+cx^6)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{c(b(2-m)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-4ac(5-m)+b^2(2-m)) \int \frac{(dx)^m}{2cx^3+b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{c(-b(2-m)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-4ac(5-m)+b^2(2-m)) \int \frac{(dx)^m}{2cx^3+b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \\
 & \frac{3a(b^2-4ac)(dx)^{m+1}(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{3ad(b^2-4ac)(a+bx^3+cx^6)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 888 \\
 & \frac{c(dx)^{m+1}(b(2-m)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-4ac(5-m)+b^2(2-m)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+1}{3}, \frac{m+4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{d(m+1)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} - \frac{c(dx)^{m+1}(-b(2-m)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-4ac(5-m)+b^2(2-m)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+1}{3}, \frac{m+4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{d(m+1)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} + \\
 & \frac{3a(b^2-4ac)(dx)^{m+1}(-2ac+b^2+bcx^3)}{3ad(b^2-4ac)(a+bx^3+cx^6)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^2,x]`

output `((d*x)^(1+m)*(b^2-2*a*c+b*c*x^3))/(3*a*(b^2-4*a*c)*d*(a+b*x^3+c*x^6)) + ((c*(b^2*(2-m)+b*Sqrt[b^2-4*a*c]*(2-m)-4*a*c*(5-m))*(d*x)^(1+m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1,(1+m)/3,(4+m)/3,(-2*c*x^3)/(b-Sqrt[b^2-4*a*c]])/(Sqrt[b^2-4*a*c]*(b-Sqrt[b^2-4*a*c])*d*(1+m)) - (c*(b^2*(2-m)-b*Sqrt[b^2-4*a*c]*(2-m)-4*a*c*(5-m))*(d*x)^(1+m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1,(1+m)/3,(4+m)/3,(-2*c*x^3)/(b+Sqrt[b^2-4*a*c]])/(Sqrt[b^2-4*a*c]*(b+Sqrt[b^2-4*a*c])*d*(1+m)))/(3*a*(b^2-4*a*c))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))) * Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1702 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d*x)^(m + 1))*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x^n)*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)/(a*d*n*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^(p + 1)*Simp[b^2*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1) - 2*a*c*(m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1) + b*c*(m + n*(2*p + 3) + 1)*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 1834 `Int((((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^n), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^n), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^2,x)`

output `int((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x)^m/(c^2*x^12 + 2*b*c*x^9 + (b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^2,x)`

output `int((d*x)^m/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^2} dx = d^m \left(\int \frac{x^m}{c^2 x^{12} + 2bcx^9 + 2acx^6 + b^2x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} dx \right)$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^2,x)`

output `d**m*int(x**m/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c**2*x**12), x)`

3.237 $\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2012
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2012
Rubi [A] (verified)	2013
Maple [F]	2014
Fricas [F]	2015
Sympy [F]	2015
Maxima [F]	2015
Giac [F]	2016
Mupad [F(-1)]	2016
Reduce [F]	2016

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a(dx)^{1+m} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{3}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{d(1+m) \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}$$

output

```
a*(d*x)^(1+m)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/3+1/3*m,-3/2,-3/2,4/3+1/3*m
,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),-2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/d/(1+m)/
(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))
)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 357 vs. 2(158) = 316.

Time = 2.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x(dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \left(a(28 + 11m + m^2) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output $(x*(d*x)^m*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*(a*(28 + 11*m + m^2)*\text{AppellF1}[(1 + m)/3, -1/2, -1/2, (4 + m)/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]) + (1 + m)*x^3*(b*(7 + m)*\text{AppellF1}[(4 + m)/3, -1/2, -1/2, (7 + m)/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]) + c*(4 + m)*x^3*\text{AppellF1}[(7 + m)/3, -1/2, -1/2, (10 + m)/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]) / (((1 + m)*(4 + m)*(7 + m)*\text{Sqrt}[(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]) + 2*c*x^3]/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))*\text{Sqrt}[(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]) + 2*c*x^3]/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \int (dx)^m \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{a(dx)^{m+1}\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{m+1}{3}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m+4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{d(m+1)\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(a*(d*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*AppellF1[(1 + m)/3, -3/2, -3/2, (
4 + m)/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4
*a*c])]/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[1 + (
2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_
))^q_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
+ 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
- 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*
c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4
*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c
])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*(d*x)^m, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*(d*x)^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2)*(d*x)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \int (dx)^m (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(d**m*(8*x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*c*m**2*x + 160*x**m*sqrt(a + b*x
**3 + c*x**6)*a*c*m*x + 728*x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*a*c*x + 54*x**m
*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b**2*x + 8*x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c*m
**2*x**4 + 124*x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c*m*x**4 + 368*x**m*sqrt(a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6)*b*c*x**4 + 8*x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*c**2*m**2*
x**7 + 88*x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*c**2*m*x**7 + 224*x**m*sqrt(a + b
*x**3 + c*x**6)*c**2*x**7 + 216*int((x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/
(a*m**3 + 21*a*m**2 + 138*a*m + 280*a + b*m**3*x**3 + 21*b*m**2*x**3 + 138
*b*m*x**3 + 280*b*x**3 + c*m**3*x**6 + 21*c*m**2*x**6 + 138*c*m*x**6 + 280
*c*x**6),x)*a*b*c*m**4 + 5724*int((x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a
*m**3 + 21*a*m**2 + 138*a*m + 280*a + b*m**3*x**3 + 21*b*m**2*x**3 + 138*b
*m*x**3 + 280*b*x**3 + c*m**3*x**6 + 21*c*m**2*x**6 + 138*c*m*x**6 + 280*c
*x**6),x)*a*b*c*m**3 + 54756*int((x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a*
m**3 + 21*a*m**2 + 138*a*m + 280*a + b*m**3*x**3 + 21*b*m**2*x**3 + 138*b*
m*x**3 + 280*b*x**3 + c*m**3*x**6 + 21*c*m**2*x**6 + 138*c*m*x**6 + 280*c*
x**6),x)*a*b*c*m**2 + 224424*int((x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a*
m**3 + 21*a*m**2 + 138*a*m + 280*a + b*m**3*x**3 + 21*b*m**2*x**3 + 138*b*
m*x**3 + 280*b*x**3 + c*m**3*x**6 + 21*c*m**2*x**6 + 138*c*m*x**6 + 280*c*
x**6),x)*a*b*c*m + 332640*int((x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a*m**
3 + 21*a*m**2 + 138*a*m + 280*a + b*m**3*x**3 + 21*b*m**2*x**3 + 138*b*...
```

3.238 $\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$

Optimal result	2018
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2018
Rubi [A] (verified)	2019
Maple [F]	2020
Fricas [F]	2020
Sympy [F]	2021
Maxima [F]	2021
Giac [F]	2021
Mupad [F(-1)]	2022
Reduce [F]	2022

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{(dx)^{1+m} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{d(1+m) \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}$$

output

```
(d*x)^(1+m)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/3+1/3*m,-1/2,-1/2,4/3+1/3*m,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/d/(1+m)/(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \frac{x(dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{(1+m) \sqrt{\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output `(x*(d*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*AppellF1[(1 + m)/3, -1/2, -1/2, (4 + m)/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/((1 + m)*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \int (dx)^m \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{(dx)^{m+1} \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{m+1}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{d(m+1) \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output `((d*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6]*AppellF1[(1 + m)/3, -1/2, -1/2, (4 + m)/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/((d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} (dx)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(d*x)^m, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int (dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(d*x)^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}(dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(d*x)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx = \int (dx)^m \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`output `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{d^m \left(2x^m \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} x + 3 \left(\int \frac{x^m \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} x^3}{cmx^6 + 4cx^6 + bmx^3 + 4bx^3 + am + 4a} dx \right) bm + 12 \left(\int \frac{x^m \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} x^3}{cmx^6 + 4cx^6 + bmx^3 + 4bx^3 + am + 4a} dx \right) \right)}{2m + 8}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(d**m*(2*x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x + 3*int((x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a*m + 4*a + b*m*x**3 + 4*b*x**3 + c*m*x**6 + 4*c*x**6),x)*b*m + 12*int((x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)*x**3)/(a*m + 4*a + b*m*x**3 + 4*b*x**3 + c*m*x**6 + 4*c*x**6),x)*b + 6*int((x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6))/(a*m + 4*a + b*m*x**3 + 4*b*x**3 + c*m*x**6 + 4*c*x**6),x)*a*m + 24*int((x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6))/(a*m + 4*a + b*m*x**3 + 4*b*x**3 + c*m*x**6 + 4*c*x**6),x)*a))/(2*(m + 4))`

3.239 $\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	2023
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2023
Rubi [A] (verified)	2024
Maple [F]	2025
Fricas [F]	2025
Sympy [F]	2026
Maxima [F]	2026
Giac [F]	2026
Mupad [F(-1)]	2027
Reduce [F]	2027

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{(dx)^{1+m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{d(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

output

```
(d*x)^(1+m)*(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/3+1/3*m,1/2,1/2,4/3+1/3*m,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),-2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/d/(1+m)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}} dx = \frac{x(dx)^m \sqrt{\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx^3+cx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output `(x*(d*x)^m*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])*Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*AppellF1[(1 + m)/3, 1/2, 1/2, (4 + m)/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/((1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1}}}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{(dx)^{m+1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{m+1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{d(m+1)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6],x]`

output `((d*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*AppellF1[(1 + m)/3, 1/2, 1/2, (4 + m)/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d*x)^m/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m/sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2),x)`output `int((d*x)^m/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}} dx = d^m \left(\int \frac{x^m \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx \right)$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2),x)`output `d**m*int((x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6))/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)`

3.240 $\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2028
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2028
Rubi [A] (verified)	2029
Maple [F]	2030
Fricas [F]	2030
Sympy [F]	2031
Maxima [F]	2031
Giac [F]	2031
Mupad [F(-1)]	2032
Reduce [F]	2032

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(dx)^{1+m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{ad(1+m)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

output

```
(d*x)^(1+m)*(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/3+1/3*m,3/2,3/2,4/3+1/3*m,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),-2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a/d/(1+m)/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 10.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(dx)^m (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - 2cx^3) \sqrt{\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{3/2} \operatorname{AppellF1}}{(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})(1+m)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d*x)^m/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(d*x)^m*(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - 2*c*x^3)*Sqrt[(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]
+ 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*((b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b
+ Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^(3/2)*AppellF1[(1 + m)/3, 3/2, 3/2, (4 + m)/3, (-2*c
*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/((-b +
Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(1 + m)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \int \frac{(dx)^m}{\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{(dx)^{m+1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{m+1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{m+4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{ad(m+1)\sqrt{a + bx^3 + cx^6}}$$

input

```
Int[(d*x)^m/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
((d*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*Sqrt[1 + (2*c*x
^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*AppellF1[(1 + m)/3, 3/2, 3/2, (4 + m)/3, (-2*
c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(a*d*
(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^3 + c*x^6])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)*(d*x)^m/(c^2*x^12 + 2*b*c*x^9 + (b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m/(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/(c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2),x)`output `int((d*x)^m/(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{3/2}} dx = d^m \left(\int \frac{x^m \sqrt{cx^6 + bx^3 + a}}{c^2 x^{12} + 2bcx^9 + 2acx^6 + b^2 x^6 + 2abx^3 + a^2} dx \right)$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(3/2),x)`output `d**m*int((x**m*sqrt(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6))/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**3 + 2*a*c*x**6 + b**2*x**6 + 2*b*c*x**9 + c**2*x**12),x)`

3.241 $\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	2033
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2033
Rubi [A] (verified)	2034
Maple [F]	2035
Fricas [F]	2035
Sympy [F(-1)]	2036
Maxima [F]	2036
Giac [F]	2036
Mupad [F(-1)]	2037
Reduce [F]	2037

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(dx)^{1+m} \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{d(1+m)}$$

output

$$\frac{(d*x)^{(1+m)}*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p*\operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{3}m,-p,-p,\frac{4}{3}+\frac{1}{3}m,-\frac{2*c*x^3}{b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}}\right)}{d*(1+m)}/\left(\frac{(1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^p}{(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^p}\right)$$

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x(dx)^m \left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{4+m}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{1+m}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x]$$

output

```
(x*(d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[(1 + m)/3, -p, -p, (4 + m)/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/((1 + m)*((b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p*((b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

↓ 1721

$$\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \int (dx)^m \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p dx$$

↓ 1012

$$\frac{(dx)^{m+1} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{m+1}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{m+4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{d(m+1)}$$

input

```
Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x]
```

output

```
((d*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[(1 + m)/3, -p, -p, (4 + m)/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]/(d*(1 + m)*(1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p*(1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p (dx)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*(d*x)^m, x)
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*(d*x)^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*(d*x)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (dx)^m (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x)`output `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \frac{d^m \left(x^m (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x + 3 \left(\int \frac{x^m (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^3}{cm x^6 + 6cp x^6 + cx^6 + bm x^3 + 6bp x^3 + bx^3 + am + 6ap + a} dx \right) bmp + 18 \left(\int \frac{x^m (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^3}{cm x^6 + 6cp x^6 + cx^6 + bm x^3 + 6bp x^3 + bx^3 + am + 6ap + a} dx \right) bmp + 18 \left(\int \frac{x^m (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^3}{cm x^6 + 6cp x^6 + cx^6 + bm x^3 + 6bp x^3 + bx^3 + am + 6ap + a} dx \right) bmp + 18 \left(\int \frac{x^m (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^3}{cm x^6 + 6cp x^6 + cx^6 + bm x^3 + 6bp x^3 + bx^3 + am + 6ap + a} dx \right) bmp + \dots}{(a^m + 6a^p + a + b^m x^3 + 6b^p x^3 + bx^3 + c^m x^6 + 6c^p x^6 + cx^6), x) * b^m * p + 18 * \int ((x^m * (a + b * x^3 + c * x^6))^{p * x^3} / (a^m + 6 * a^p + a + b^m * x^3 + 6 * b^p * x^3 + b * x^3 + c^m * x^6 + 6 * c^p * x^6 + c * x^6), x) * b^p * p + 3 * \int ((x^m * (a + b * x^3 + c * x^6))^{p * x^3} / (a^m + 6 * a^p + a + b^m * x^3 + 6 * b^p * x^3 + b * x^3 + c^m * x^6 + 6 * c^p * x^6 + c * x^6), x) * b^p * p + 6 * \int ((x^m * (a + b * x^3 + c * x^6))^{p * x^3} / (a^m + 6 * a^p + a + b^m * x^3 + 6 * b^p * x^3 + b * x^3 + c^m * x^6 + 6 * c^p * x^6 + c * x^6), x) * a^m * p + 36 * \int ((x^m * (a + b * x^3 + c * x^6))^{p * x^3} / (a^m + 6 * a^p + a + b^m * x^3 + 6 * b^p * x^3 + b * x^3 + c^m * x^6 + 6 * c^p * x^6 + c * x^6), x) * a^p * p + 6 * \int ((x^m * (a + b * x^3 + c * x^6))^{p * x^3} / (a^m + 6 * a^p + a + b^m * x^3 + 6 * b^p * x^3 + b * x^3 + c^m * x^6 + 6 * c^p * x^6 + c * x^6), x) * a^p * p) / (m + 6 * p + 1)$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`output `(d**m*(x**m*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x + 3*int((x**m*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**3)/(a*m + 6*a*p + a + b*m*x**3 + 6*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + c*m*x**6 + 6*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*b*m*p + 18*int((x**m*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**3)/(a*m + 6*a*p + a + b*m*x**3 + 6*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + c*m*x**6 + 6*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*b*p**2 + 3*int((x**m*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**3)/(a*m + 6*a*p + a + b*m*x**3 + 6*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + c*m*x**6 + 6*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*b*p + 6*int((x**m*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p)/(a*m + 6*a*p + a + b*m*x**3 + 6*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + c*m*x**6 + 6*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*a*m*p + 36*int((x**m*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p)/(a*m + 6*a*p + a + b*m*x**3 + 6*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + c*m*x**6 + 6*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*a*p**2 + 6*int((x**m*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p)/(a*m + 6*a*p + a + b*m*x**3 + 6*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + c*m*x**6 + 6*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*a*p)))/(m + 6*p + 1)`

3.242 $\int x^8(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	2038
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2038
Rubi [A] (verified)	2039
Maple [F]	2041
Fricas [F]	2041
Sympy [F(-1)]	2042
Maxima [F]	2042
Giac [F]	2042
Mupad [F(-1)]	2043
Reduce [F]	2043

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int x^8(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = -\frac{b(2+p)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{1+p}}{6c^2(1+p)(3+2p)} + \frac{x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{1+p}}{3c(3+2p)} + \frac{2^p(2ac - b^2(2+p)) \left(-\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-1-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{3c^2\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(1+p)(3+2p)}$$

output

```
-1/6*b*(2+p)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(p+1)/c^2/(p+1)/(3+2*p)+1/3*x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(p+1)/c/(3+2*p)+1/3*2^p*(2*a*c-b^2*(2+p))*(-b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+2*c*x^3)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(-1-p)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([-p, p+1], [2+p], 1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+2*c*x^3)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(p+1)/(3+2*p)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{9} x^9 \left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(3, -p, -p, 4, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^8*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x]`

output `(x^9*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[3, -p, -p, 4, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(9*((b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p*((b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {1693, 1166, 25, 1160, 1096}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int x^6 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1166$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int -((b(p+2)x^3 + a)(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p) dx^3}{c(2p+3)} + \frac{x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{p+1}}{c(2p+3)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{p+1}}{c(2p+3)} - \frac{\int (b(p+2)x^3+a)(cx^6+bx^3+a)^p dx^3}{c(2p+3)} \right)$$

↓ 1160

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{p+1}}{c(2p+3)} - \frac{\frac{(2ac-b^2(p+2)) \int (cx^6+bx^3+a)^p dx^3}{2c} + \frac{b(p+2)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{p+1}}{2c(p+1)}}{c(2p+3)} \right)$$

↓ 1096

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x^3(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{p+1}}{c(2p+3)} - \frac{\frac{b(p+2)(a+bx^3+cx^6)^{p+1}}{2c(p+1)} - \frac{2^p(2ac-b^2(p+2)) \left(\frac{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac+b+2cx^3}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right)^{-p-1} (a+bx^3+cx^6)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeom}}{c(p+1)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{c(2p+3)} \right)$$

input `Int[x^8*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x]`

output `((x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1 + p))/(c*(3 + 2*p)) - ((b*(2 + p)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1 + p))/(2*c*(1 + p)) - (2^p*(2*a*c - b^2*(2 + p))*(-(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^(-1 - p)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))]/(c*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(1 + p)))/(c*(3 + 2*p)))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 1096 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(-(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(q*(p + 1))*((q - b - 2*c*x)/(2*q))^(p + 1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, p + 1, p + 2, (b + q + 2*c*x)/(2*q)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[4*p] && !IntegerQ[3*p]`

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1166

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m
+ 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[Ration
alQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadrat
icQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^8 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^8 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x^8, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^8(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**8*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^8(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^8 dx$$

input `integrate(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x^8, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^8(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^8 dx$$

input `integrate(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x^8, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int x^8 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^8*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x)`output `int(x^8*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^8 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^8*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`

output

```
( - 4*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*a**2*c*p - 4*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*a**2*
c + (a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*a*b**2*p + 2*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*a*b**2
+ 4*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*a*b*c*p**2*x**3 + 4*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*
a*b*c*p*x**3 - (a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*b**3*p**2*x**3 - 2*(a + b*x**3 + c
*x**6)**p*b**3*p*x**3 + 2*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*b**2*c*p**2*x**6 + (a +
b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*b**2*c*p*x**6 + 4*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*b*c**2*p**
2*x**9 + 6*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*b*c**2*p*x**9 + 2*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6
)**p*b*c**2*x**9 + 96*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*
p + 3*a + 4*b*p**2*x**3 + 8*b*p*x**3 + 3*b*x**3 + 4*c*p**2*x**6 + 8*c*p*x
**6 + 3*c*x**6),x)*a**2*c**2*p**4 + 288*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)
/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*b*p**2*x**3 + 8*b*p*x**3 + 3*b*x**3 + 4*c*p**
2*x**6 + 8*c*p*x**6 + 3*c*x**6),x)*a**2*c**2*p**3 + 264*int(((a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*b*p**2*x**3 + 8*b*p*x**3 + 3
*b*x**3 + 4*c*p**2*x**6 + 8*c*p*x**6 + 3*c*x**6),x)*a**2*c**2*p**2 + 72*in
t(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*b*p**2*x**3
+ 8*b*p*x**3 + 3*b*x**3 + 4*c*p**2*x**6 + 8*c*p*x**6 + 3*c*x**6),x)*a**2*c
**2*p - 48*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4
*b*p**2*x**3 + 8*b*p*x**3 + 3*b*x**3 + 4*c*p**2*x**6 + 8*c*p*x**6 + 3*c*x
**6),x)*a*b**2*c*p**5 - 264*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(4*a*p**2 +
8*a*p + 3*a + 4*b*p**2*x**3 + 8*b*p*x**3 + 3*b*x**3 + 4*c*p**2*x**6 + ...
```

3.243 $\int x^5(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	2045
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2045
Rubi [A] (verified)	2046
Maple [F]	2048
Fricas [F]	2048
Sympy [F(-1)]	2048
Maxima [F]	2049
Giac [F]	2049
Mupad [F(-1)]	2049
Reduce [F]	2050

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int x^5(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{1+p}}{6c(1+p)} + \frac{2^p b \left(-\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)^{-1-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{3c\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(1+p)}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{6} * (c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^{(p+1)} / c / (p+1) + \frac{1}{3} * 2^p * b * (- (b - (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)} + 2*c*x^3) / (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(-1-p)} * (c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^{(p+1)} * \text{hypergeom}([-p, p+1], [2+p], 1/2 * (b + (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)} + 2*c*x^3) / (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)}) / c / (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)} / (p+1)$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^5 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} x^6 \left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(2, -p, -p, 3, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^5*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x]`

output `(x^6*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[2, -p, -p, 3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(6*((b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p*((b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1693, 1160, 1096}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int x^3 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{p+1}}{2c(p+1)} - \frac{b \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx^3}{2c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1096$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{b2^p (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{p+1} \left(-\frac{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right)^{-p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-p, p+1, p+2, \frac{2cx^3+b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right)}{c(p+1)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) +$$

input `Int[x^5*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x]`

output `((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1 + p)/(2*c*(1 + p)) + (2^p*b*(-((b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^(-1 - p)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(c*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(1 + p)))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1096 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(-(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(q*(p + 1)*((q - b - 2*c*x)/(2*q))^(p + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, p + 1, p + 2, (b + q + 2*c*x)/(2*q)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[4*p] && !IntegerQ[3*p]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^5 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`

output `int(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^5 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x^5, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^5 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^5 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int x^5 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^5*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x)`

output `int(x^5*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^5 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{-(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p a + (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p bp x^3 + 2(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p cp x^6 + (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p cx^6 + 24 \int \dots}{1}$$

input `int(x^5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`

output `(- (a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*a + (a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*b*p*x**3 + 2*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*c*p*x**6 + (a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*c*x**6 + 24*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(2*a*p + a + 2*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 2*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*a*c*p**3 + 36*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(2*a*p + a + 2*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 2*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*a*c*p**2 + 12*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(2*a*p + a + 2*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 2*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*a*c*p - 6*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(2*a*p + a + 2*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 2*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*b**2*p**3 - 9*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(2*a*p + a + 2*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 2*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*b**2*p**2 - 3*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(2*a*p + a + 2*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 2*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*b**2*p)/(6*c*(2*p**2 + 3*p + 1))`

3.244 $\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	2051
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2051
Rubi [A] (verified)	2052
Maple [F]	2053
Fricas [F]	2053
Sympy [F(-1)]	2054
Maxima [F]	2054
Giac [F]	2054
Mupad [F(-1)]	2055
Reduce [F]	2055

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \frac{2^{1+p} \left(-\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)^{-1-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{2\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{3\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(1 + p)}$$

output

$$-1/3*2^{(p+1)}*(-(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}+2*c*x^3)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2}))^{(-1-p)}*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^{(p+1)}*hypergeom([-p, p+1], [2+p], 1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}+2*c*x^3)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(p+1)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \frac{2^{-1+p} (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3) \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{3c(1 + p)}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p, x]$$

output

$$(2^{(-1+p)}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3)(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 1+p, 2+p, (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - 2cx^3)/(2\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})]/(3c(1+p)((b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3)/\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^p)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1690, 1096}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1690$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1096$$

$$\frac{2^{p+1} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right)^{-p-1} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-p, p+1, p+2, \frac{2cx^3+b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right)}{3(p+1)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p, x]$$

output

$$-1/3*(2^{(1+p)}*(-((b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3)/\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}))^{(-1-p)}*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^{(1+p)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 1+p, 2+p, (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3)/(2\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})]/(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}*(1+p))$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1096 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(-(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(q*(p + 1)*((q - b - 2*c*x)/(2*q))^(p + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, p + 1, p + 2, (b + q + 2*c*x)/(2*q)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[4*p] && !IntegerQ[3*p]`

rule 1690 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`

output `int(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int x^2(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x)`output `int(x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{2(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p a + (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p bx^3 - 24 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^5}{2cp x^6 + cx^6 + 2bp x^3 + bx^3 + 2ap + a} dx \right) ac p^2 - 12 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^5}{2cp x^6 + cx^6 + 2bp x^3 + bx^3 + 2ap + a} dx \right) 3b p^2}{3b p^2}$$

input `int(x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`output `(2*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*a + (a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*b*x**3 - 24*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(2*a*p + a + 2*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 2*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*a*c*p**2 - 12*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(2*a*p + a + 2*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 2*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*a*c*p + 6*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(2*a*p + a + 2*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 2*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*b**2*p**2 + 3*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(2*a*p + a + 2*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 2*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*b**2*p)/(3*b*(2*p + 1))`

3.245 $\int x^4(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	2056
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2056
Rubi [A] (verified)	2057
Maple [F]	2058
Fricas [F]	2058
Sympy [F(-1)]	2059
Maxima [F]	2059
Giac [F]	2059
Mupad [F(-1)]	2060
Reduce [F]	2060

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int x^4(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \frac{1}{5}x^5 \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(a + bx^3 + cx^6\right)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{8}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)$$

output

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{8}{3}, -\frac{2*c*x^3}{(b - (-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})}, -\frac{2*c*x^3}{(b + (-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})}\right) / \left(\left(1 + \frac{2*c*x^3}{(b - (-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{2*c*x^3}{(b + (-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})}\right)^{-p}\right)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^4(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \frac{1}{5}x^5 \left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{8}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x]`

output $(x^5(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}[5/3, -p, -p, 8/3, (-2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}), (2cx^3)/(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})]) / (5((b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3)/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}))^p ((b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}))^p$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \int x^4 \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{1}{5} x^5 \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{8}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)$$

input `Int[x^4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x]`

output $(x^5(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}[5/3, -p, -p, 8/3, (-2cx^3)/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}), (-2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})]) / (5(1 + (2cx^3)/(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}))^p (1 + (2cx^3)/(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}))^p)$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^4 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^4*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^4*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^4 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^4 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x^4, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**p,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^4(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x^4, x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^4(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int x^4(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x)`output `int(x^4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^4(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^4*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`

output

```

(3*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*b*p*x**2 + 6*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*c*p*x**5
+ 2*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*c*x**5 + 648*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x
**4)/(18*a*p**2 + 21*a*p + 5*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 21*b*p*x**3 + 5*b*x**3 +
18*c*p**2*x**6 + 21*c*p*x**6 + 5*c*x**6),x)*a*c*p**4 + 972*int(((a + b*x*
*3 + c*x**6)**p*x**4)/(18*a*p**2 + 21*a*p + 5*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 21*b*p*
x**3 + 5*b*x**3 + 18*c*p**2*x**6 + 21*c*p*x**6 + 5*c*x**6),x)*a*c*p**3 + 4
32*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**4)/(18*a*p**2 + 21*a*p + 5*a + 18*b*p*
*2*x**3 + 21*b*p*x**3 + 5*b*x**3 + 18*c*p**2*x**6 + 21*c*p*x**6 + 5*c*x**6
),x)*a*c*p**2 + 60*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**4)/(18*a*p**2 + 21*a*p
+ 5*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 21*b*p*x**3 + 5*b*x**3 + 18*c*p**2*x**6 + 21*c*p
*x**6 + 5*c*x**6),x)*a*c*p - 162*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**4)/(18*a
*p**2 + 21*a*p + 5*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 21*b*p*x**3 + 5*b*x**3 + 18*c*p**2
*x**6 + 21*c*p*x**6 + 5*c*x**6),x)*b**2*p**4 - 297*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x*
*6)**p*x**4)/(18*a*p**2 + 21*a*p + 5*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 21*b*p*x**3 + 5*
b*x**3 + 18*c*p**2*x**6 + 21*c*p*x**6 + 5*c*x**6),x)*b**2*p**3 - 171*int((
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**4)/(18*a*p**2 + 21*a*p + 5*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3
+ 21*b*p*x**3 + 5*b*x**3 + 18*c*p**2*x**6 + 21*c*p*x**6 + 5*c*x**6),x)*b**
2*p**2 - 30*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**4)/(18*a*p**2 + 21*a*p + 5*a
+ 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 21*b*p*x**3 + 5*b*x**3 + 18*c*p**2*x**6 + 21*c*p*x**6 +
5*c*x**6),x)*b**2*p - 108*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x)/(18*a*p**2 ...

```

3.246 $\int x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	2062
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2062
Rubi [A] (verified)	2063
Maple [F]	2064
Fricas [F]	2064
Sympy [F(-1)]	2065
Maxima [F]	2065
Giac [F]	2065
Mupad [F(-1)]	2066
Reduce [F]	2066

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \frac{1}{4}x^4 \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(a + bx^3 + cx^6\right)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)$$

output

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2*c*x^3}{(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})}, -\frac{2*c*x^3}{(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})}\right) / \left(\left(1+\frac{2*c*x^3}{(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})}\right)^{-p} / \left(\left(1+\frac{2*c*x^3}{(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})}\right)^{-p}\right)\right)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \frac{1}{4}x^4 \left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x]`

output $(x^4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[4/3, -p, -p, 7/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(4*((b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p*((b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \int x^3 \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x]`

output $(x^4*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[4/3, -p, -p, 7/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(4*(1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p*(1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3 (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x^3, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**p,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x^3, x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int x^3(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x)`output `int(x^3*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^3*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`

output

```

(3*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*b*p*x + 6*(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*c*p*x**4 +
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*c*x**4 - 54*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(18*a*p*
*2 + 15*a*p + 2*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 15*b*p*x**3 + 2*b*x**3 + 18*c*p**2*x*
*6 + 15*c*p*x**6 + 2*c*x**6),x)*a*b*p**3 - 45*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p
/(18*a*p**2 + 15*a*p + 2*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 15*b*p*x**3 + 2*b*x**3 + 18*
c*p**2*x**6 + 15*c*p*x**6 + 2*c*x**6),x)*a*b*p**2 - 6*int((a + b*x**3 + c*
x**6)**p/(18*a*p**2 + 15*a*p + 2*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 15*b*p*x**3 + 2*b*x*
*3 + 18*c*p**2*x**6 + 15*c*p*x**6 + 2*c*x**6),x)*a*b*p + 648*int(((a + b*x
**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**3)/(18*a*p**2 + 15*a*p + 2*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 15*b*p
*x**3 + 2*b*x**3 + 18*c*p**2*x**6 + 15*c*p*x**6 + 2*c*x**6),x)*a*c*p**4 +
648*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**3)/(18*a*p**2 + 15*a*p + 2*a + 18*b*p
**2*x**3 + 15*b*p*x**3 + 2*b*x**3 + 18*c*p**2*x**6 + 15*c*p*x**6 + 2*c*x**
6),x)*a*c*p**3 + 162*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**3)/(18*a*p**2 + 15*a
*p + 2*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 15*b*p*x**3 + 2*b*x**3 + 18*c*p**2*x**6 + 15*c
*p*x**6 + 2*c*x**6),x)*a*c*p**2 + 12*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**3)/(
18*a*p**2 + 15*a*p + 2*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 15*b*p*x**3 + 2*b*x**3 + 18*c*
p**2*x**6 + 15*c*p*x**6 + 2*c*x**6),x)*a*c*p - 162*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x*
*6)**p*x**3)/(18*a*p**2 + 15*a*p + 2*a + 18*b*p**2*x**3 + 15*b*p*x**3 + 2*
b*x**3 + 18*c*p**2*x**6 + 15*c*p*x**6 + 2*c*x**6),x)*b**2*p**4 - 189*int((
(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**3)/(18*a*p**2 + 15*a*p + 2*a + 18*b*p**2*x*...

```


3.247 $\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	2068
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2069
Rubi [A] (verified)	2069
Maple [F]	2070
Fricas [F]	2071
Sympy [F(-1)]	2071
Maxima [F]	2071
Giac [F]	2072
Mupad [F(-1)]	2072
Reduce [F]	2072

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2 \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(a + bx^3 + cx^6\right)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)$$

output

```
1/2*x^2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p*AppellF1(2/3,-p,-p,5/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),-2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/((1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^p)/((1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}x^2 \left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)^{-p} \left(a + bx^3 + cx^6 \right)^p \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{2}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x]`

output `(x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[2/3, -p, -p, 5/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(2*((b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p*((b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \int x \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right)^p \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2 \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{2}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x]`

output `(x^2*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[2/3, -p, -p, 5/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(2*(1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p*(1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1721 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`

output `int(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p*x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int x (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^2 + 9 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^4}{3cx^6 + cx^6 + 3bx^3 + bx^3 + 3ap + a} dx \right) bp^2 + 3 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^4}{3cx^6 + cx^6 + 3bx^3 + bx^3 + 3ap + a} dx \right) bp + \dots}{6p + 2}$$

input `int(x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`

output

```
((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**2 + 9*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**4)/(3*
a*p + a + 3*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 3*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*b*p**2 + 3*int(((a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**4)/(3*a*p + a + 3*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 3*c*p*x**6
+ c*x**6),x)*b*p + 18*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x)/(3*a*p + a + 3*b*p
*x**3 + b*x**3 + 3*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*a*p**2 + 6*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x
**6)**p*x)/(3*a*p + a + 3*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 3*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*a*p)
/(2*(3*p + 1))
```

3.248 $\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$

Optimal result	2074
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2074
Rubi [A] (verified)	2075
Maple [F]	2076
Fricas [F]	2076
Sympy [F(-1)]	2077
Maxima [F]	2077
Giac [F]	2077
Mupad [F(-1)]	2078
Reduce [F]	2078

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = x \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)$$

output

```
x*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p*AppellF1(1/3,-p,-p,4/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),
-2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/((1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^p)/
(1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = x \left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[1/3, -p, -p, 4/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/((b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p*((b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1686, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1686$$

$$\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \int \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 936$$

$$x \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[1/3, -p, -p, 4/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/((1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p*(1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1686 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^
IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2
- 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPar
t[p])) Int[(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - S
qrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
&& NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`

output `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**p,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p, x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \int (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p,x)`output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p dx = \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x + 36 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{6cx^6 + cx^6 + 6bx^3 + bx^3 + 6ap + a} dx \right) ap^2 + 6 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{6cx^6 + cx^6 + 6bx^3 + bx^3 + 6ap + a} dx \right) ap + 1}{6p + 1}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p,x)`output `((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x + 36*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(6*a*p + a + 6*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 6*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*a*p**2 + 6*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(6*a*p + a + 6*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 6*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*a*p + 18*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**3)/(6*a*p + a + 6*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 6*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*b*p**2 + 3*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**3)/(6*a*p + a + 6*b*p*x**3 + b*x**3 + 6*c*p*x**6 + c*x**6),x)*b*p)/(6*p + 1)`

3.249 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2079
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2079
Rubi [A] (verified)	2080
Maple [F]	2081
Fricas [F]	2082
Sympy [F(-1)]	2082
Maxima [F]	2082
Giac [F]	2083
Mupad [F(-1)]	2083
Reduce [F]	2083

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x} dx = \frac{2^{-1+2p} \left(\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac+2cx^3}}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac+2cx^3}}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, -\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac+2cx^3}}{2cx^3}\right)}{3p}$$

output

```
1/3*2^(-1+2*p)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p*AppellF1(-2*p,-p,-p,1-2*p,-1/2*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/x^3,-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/x^3)/p/(((b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+2*c*x^3)/c/x^3)^p)/(((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+2*c*x^3)/c/x^3)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x} dx = \frac{2^{-1+2p} \left(\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac+2cx^3}}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac+2cx^3}}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, -\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac+2cx^3}}{2cx^3}\right)}{3p}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x,x]
```

output

$$(2^{(-1 + 2*p)}*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, -1/2*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(c*x^3), (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(2*c*x^3)])/((3*p*((b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(c*x^3))^p*((b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(c*x^3))^p)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1693, 1178, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^3} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1178$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} 4^p \left(\frac{1}{x^3}\right)^{2p} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \int \left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2cx^3} + \dots\right)$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{2^{2p-1} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, -\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2cx^3}, \dots\right)}{3p}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x, x]$$

output

```
(2^(-1 + 2*p)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, -1/2*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(c*x^3), -1/2*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(c*x^3)]/(3*p*((b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(c*x^3))^p*((b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(c*x^3))^p)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]
  := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 1178

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(-1/(d + e*x))^(2*p))*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(e*((b - q + 2*c*x)/(2*c*(d + e*x))))^p*(e*((b + q + 2*c*x)/(2*c*(d + e*x))))^p)) Subst[Int[x^(-m - 2*(p + 1))*Simp[1 - (d - e*((b - q)/(2*c)))*x, x]^p*Simp[1 - (d - e*((b + q)/(2*c)))*x, x]^p, x], x, 1/(d + e*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**p/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x} dx = \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p + 3 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{cx^7 + bx^4 + ax} dx \right) ap - 3 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p x^5}{cx^6 + bx^3 + a} dx \right) cp}{3p}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x,x)`

output `((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p + 3*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(a*x + b*x**4 + c*x**7),x)*a*p - 3*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(a + b*x**3 + c*x**6),x)*c*p)/(3*p)`

3.250 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2084
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2084
Rubi [A] (verified)	2085
Maple [F]	2086
Fricas [F]	2086
Sympy [F(-1)]	2087
Maxima [F]	2087
Giac [F]	2087
Mupad [F(-1)]	2088
Reduce [F]	2088

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^2} dx = \frac{\left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{x}$$

output

```
-(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p*AppellF1(-1/3,-p,-p,2/3,-2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)),
-2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/x/((1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^p)
/((1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^2} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{x}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^2,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\left(a + bx^3 + cx^6\right)^p \text{AppellF1}\left[-\frac{1}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{-2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right], \frac{2cx^3}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) / \left(x \left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^p \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^p\right)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1721$$

$$\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{x}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p/x^2, x]$$

output

$$-\left(\left(a + bx^3 + cx^6\right)^p \text{AppellF1}\left[-\frac{1}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{-2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right], \frac{-2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) / \left(x \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^p\right)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^2,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^2, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**p/x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^2,x)`output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p + 9 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{3cp x^8 - cx^8 + 3bp x^5 - bx^5 + 3ap x^2 - ax^2} dx \right) ap^2 x - 3 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{3cp x^8 - cx^8 + 3bp x^5 - bx^5 + 3ap x^2 - ax^2} dx \right)}{x(3p - 1)}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^2,x)`

output `((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p + 9*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(3*a*p*x**2 - a*x**2 + 3*b*p*x**5 - b*x**5 + 3*c*p*x**8 - c*x**8),x)*a*p**2*x - 3*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(3*a*p*x**2 - a*x**2 + 3*b*p*x**5 - b*x**5 + 3*c*p*x**8 - c*x**8),x)*a*p*x - 9*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**4)/(3*a*p - a + 3*b*p*x**3 - b*x**3 + 3*c*p*x**6 - c*x**6),x)*c*p**2*x + 3*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**4)/(3*a*p - a + 3*b*p*x**3 - b*x**3 + 3*c*p*x**6 - c*x**6),x)*c*p*x)/(x*(3*p - 1))`

3.251 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2089
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2089
Rubi [A] (verified)	2090
Maple [F]	2091
Fricas [F]	2091
Sympy [F(-1)]	2092
Maxima [F]	2092
Giac [F]	2092
Mupad [F(-1)]	2093
Reduce [F]	2093

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^3} dx = \frac{\left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2x^2}$$

output `-1/2*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p*AppellF1(-2/3, -p, -p, 1/3, -2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/x^2/((1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^p)/((1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^p)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^3} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^3,x]`

output

$$-1/2*((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p * \text{AppellF1}[-2/3, -p, -p, 1/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]) / (x^2 * ((b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p * ((b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 1721

$$\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 1012

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{2x^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^3, x]$$

output

$$-1/2*((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p * \text{AppellF1}[-2/3, -p, -p, 1/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])]) / (x^2 * (1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p * (1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^3,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^3, x)
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**p/x**3,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^3, x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^3,x)`output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p + 9 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{3cx^9 - 2cx^9 + 3bx^6 - 2bx^6 + 3apx^3 - 2ax^3} dx \right) ap^2x^2 - 6 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{3cx^9 - 2cx^9 + 3bx^6 - 2bx^6 + 3apx^3 - 2ax^3} dx \right) x^2 (3p - 2)}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^3,x)`output `((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p + 9*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(3*a*p*x**3 - 2*a*x**3 + 3*b*p*x**6 - 2*b*x**6 + 3*c*p*x**9 - 2*c*x**9),x)*a*p**2*x**2 - 6*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(3*a*p*x**3 - 2*a*x**3 + 3*b*p*x**6 - 2*b*x**6 + 3*c*p*x**9 - 2*c*x**9),x)*a*p*x**2 - 9*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**3)/(3*a*p - 2*a + 3*b*p*x**3 - 2*b*x**3 + 3*c*p*x**6 - 2*c*x**6),x)*c*p**2*x**2 + 6*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**3)/(3*a*p - 2*a + 3*b*p*x**3 - 2*b*x**3 + 3*c*p*x**6 - 2*c*x**6),x)*c*p*x**2)/(x**2*(3*p - 2))`

3.252 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2094
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2094
Rubi [A] (verified)	2095
Maple [F]	2096
Fricas [F]	2097
Sympy [F(-1)]	2097
Maxima [F]	2097
Giac [F]	2098
Mupad [F(-1)]	2098
Reduce [F]	2098

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \frac{4^p \left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2(1 - p), -\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2c}\right)}{3(1 - 2p)x^3}$$

output

```
-1/3*4^p*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p*AppellF1(1-2*p,-p,-p,2-2*p,-1/2*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/x^3,-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/x^3)/(1-2*p)/x^3/(((b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+2*c*x^3)/c/x^3)^p)/(((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+2*c*x^3)/c/x^3)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \frac{4^p \left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, -\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2cx^3}\right)}{3(-1 + 2p)x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^4,x]`

output `(4^p*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, -1/2*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(c*x^3), (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(2*c*x^3)]/(3*(-1 + 2*p)*x^3*((b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(c*x^3))^p*((b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(c*x^3))^p)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1693, 1178, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^6} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1178$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} 4^p \left(\frac{1}{x^3}\right)^{2p} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \int \left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2cx^3} + \dots\right)$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{4^p \left(\frac{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, -\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2cx^3}, \dots\right)}{3(1 - 2p)x^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^4,x]`

output

```
-1/3*(4^p*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, -1/2*(b
- Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(c*x^3), -1/2*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(c*x^3)]/((1
- 2*p)*x^3*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(c*x^3))^p*(b + Sqrt[b^2 -
4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(c*x^3))^p)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_
] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2
, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 1178

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(-1/(d + e*x))^(2*p))*((a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(e*((b - q + 2*c*x)/(2*c*(d + e*x))))^p*(e*((b + q + 2*c*
x)/(2*c*(d + e*x))))^p)) Subst[Int[x^(-m - 2*(p + 1))*Simp[1 - (d - e*((b
- q)/(2*c)))*x, x]^p*Simp[1 - (d - e*((b + q)/(2*c)))*x, x]^p, x], x, 1/(d
+ e*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^4,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**p/x**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^4} dx = \frac{-(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p bp + (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p b - (cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p cx^3 + 3 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{cx^7 - cx^7 + bp x^4 - bx^4 + apx - ax} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^4,x)`

output

```
( - (a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*b*p + (a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*b - (a + b*x**
3 + c*x**6)**p*c*x**3 + 3*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(a*p*x - a*x + b*p*
x**4 - b*x**4 + c*p*x**7 - c*x**7),x)*b**2*p**3*x**3 - 6*int((a + b*x**3 +
c*x**6)**p/(a*p*x - a*x + b*p*x**4 - b*x**4 + c*p*x**7 - c*x**7),x)*b**2*
p**2*x**3 + 3*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(a*p*x - a*x + b*p*x**4 - b*x**
4 + c*p*x**7 - c*x**7),x)*b**2*p*x**3 + 6*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x*
*5)/(a*p - a + b*p*x**3 - b*x**3 + c*p*x**6 - c*x**6),x)*c**2*p**2*x**3 -
6*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**5)/(a*p - a + b*p*x**3 - b*x**3 + c*p*x
**6 - c*x**6),x)*c**2*p*x**3 + 6*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**2)/(a*p
- a + b*p*x**3 - b*x**3 + c*p*x**6 - c*x**6),x)*b*c*p**3*x**3 - 9*int(((a
+ b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**2)/(a*p - a + b*p*x**3 - b*x**3 + c*p*x**6 - c*x*
*6),x)*b*c*p**2*x**3 + 3*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x**2)/(a*p - a + b*
p*x**3 - b*x**3 + c*p*x**6 - c*x**6),x)*b*c*p*x**3)/(3*b*x**3*(p - 1))
```


3.253 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	2100
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2100
Rubi [A] (verified)	2101
Maple [F]	2102
Fricas [F]	2102
Sympy [F(-1)]	2103
Maxima [F]	2103
Giac [F]	2103
Mupad [F(-1)]	2104
Reduce [F]	2104

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^5} dx = \frac{\left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{4}{3}, -p, -p, -\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{4x^4}$$

output

```
-1/4*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p*AppellF1(-4/3, -p, -p, -1/3, -2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/x^4/((1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^p)/((1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^5} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{4}{3}, -p, -p, -\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{4x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^5, x]
```

output

$$-1/4*((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[-4/3, -p, -p, -1/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(x^4*((b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p*((b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 1721

$$\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 1012

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{4}{3}, -p, -p, -\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{4x^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^5, x]$$

output

$$-1/4*((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[-4/3, -p, -p, -1/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(x^4*(1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p*(1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^5,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^5,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^5, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**p/x**5,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^5,x)`output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^5, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p + 9 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{3cx^8 - 4cx^5 + 3bp^2x^5 - 4bx^5 + 3apx^2 - 4ax^2} dx \right) bp^2x^4 - 12 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{3cx^8 - 4cx^5 + 3bp^2x^5 - 4bx^5 + 3apx^2 - 4ax^2} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^5,x)`

output

```
( - (a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p + 9*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(3*a*p*x**2
- 4*a*x**2 + 3*b*p*x**5 - 4*b*x**5 + 3*c*p*x**8 - 4*c*x**8),x)*b*p**2*x**4
- 12*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(3*a*p*x**2 - 4*a*x**2 + 3*b*p*x**5 - 4
*b*x**5 + 3*c*p*x**8 - 4*c*x**8),x)*b*p*x**4 + 18*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**
6)**p*x)/(3*a*p - 4*a + 3*b*p*x**3 - 4*b*x**3 + 3*c*p*x**6 - 4*c*x**6),x)*
c*p**2*x**4 - 24*int(((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p*x)/(3*a*p - 4*a + 3*b*p*x**
3 - 4*b*x**3 + 3*c*p*x**6 - 4*c*x**6),x)*c*p*x**4)/(4*x**4)
```

3.254 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	2105
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2105
Rubi [A] (verified)	2106
Maple [F]	2107
Fricas [F]	2107
Sympy [F(-1)]	2108
Maxima [F]	2108
Giac [F]	2108
Mupad [F(-1)]	2109
Reduce [F]	2109

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^6} dx = \frac{\left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{5}{3}, -p, -p, -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{5x^5}$$

output `-1/5*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p*AppellF1(-5/3, -p, -p, -2/3, -2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/x^5/((1+2*c*x^3/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^p)/((1+2*c*x^3/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^p)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^6} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{5}{3}, -p, -p, -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, \frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{5x^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^6, x]`

output

$$-1/5*((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[-5/3, -p, -p, -2/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (2*c*x^3)/(-b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(x^5*((b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p*((b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1721, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 1721

$$\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^p}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 1012

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2cx^3}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b} + 1\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{5}{3}, -p, -p, -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}, -\frac{2cx^3}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{5x^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^6, x]$$

output

$$-1/5*((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[-5/3, -p, -p, -2/3, (-2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]), (-2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])])/(x^5*(1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p*(1 + (2*c*x^3)/(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]))^p)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1721

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/((1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p]*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^FracPart[p])) Int[(d*x)^m*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p*(1 + 2*c*(x^n/(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^6,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^6,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^6, x)
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**p/x**6,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^6} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^6,x)`output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^6, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p + 9 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{3cx^9 - 5cx^9 + 3bx^6 - 5bx^6 + 3ax^3 - 5ax^3} dx \right) bp^2x^5 - 15 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{3cx^9 - 5cx^9 + 3bx^6 - 5bx^6 + 3ax^3 - 5ax^3} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^6,x)`output `(- (a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p + 9*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(3*a*p*x**3 - 5*a*x**3 + 3*b*p*x**6 - 5*b*x**6 + 3*c*p*x**9 - 5*c*x**9),x)*b*p**2*x**5 - 15*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(3*a*p*x**3 - 5*a*x**3 + 3*b*p*x**6 - 5*b*x**6 + 3*c*p*x**9 - 5*c*x**9),x)*b*p*x**5 + 18*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(3*a*p - 5*a + 3*b*p*x**3 - 5*b*x**3 + 3*c*p*x**6 - 5*c*x**6),x)*c*p**2*x**5 - 30*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(3*a*p - 5*a + 3*b*p*x**3 - 5*b*x**3 + 3*c*p*x**6 - 5*c*x**6),x)*c*p*x**5)/(5*x**5)`

3.255 $\int \frac{(a+bx^3+cx^6)^p}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	2110
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2110
Rubi [A] (verified)	2111
Maple [F]	2112
Fricas [F]	2113
Sympy [F(-1)]	2113
Maxima [F]	2113
Giac [F]	2114
Mupad [F(-1)]	2114
Reduce [F]	2114

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^7} dx = \frac{2^{-1+2p} \left(\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac+2cx^3}}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac+2cx^3}}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(2(1-p), -p, -p, 3-2p, -\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac+2cx^3}}{2c}\right)}{3(1-p)x^6}$$

output

```
-1/3*2^(-1+2*p)*(c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p*AppellF1(2-2*p,-p,-p,3-2*p,-1/2*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/x^3,-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/x^3)/(1-p)/x^6/(((b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+2*c*x^3)/c/x^3)^p)/(((b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+2*c*x^3)/c/x^3)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^7} dx = \frac{2^{-1+2p} \left(\frac{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac+2cx^3}}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac+2cx^3}}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(2-2p, -p, -p, 3-2p, -\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac+2cx^3}}{2c}\right)}{3(-1+p)x^6}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^7,x]`

output $(2^{-1 + 2p})(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}[2 - 2p, -p, -p, 3 - 2p, -1/2(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})/(cx^3), (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})/(2cx^3)] / (3 * (-1 + p) * x^6 * ((b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3)/(cx^3))^p * ((b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2cx^3)/(cx^3))^p$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1693, 1178, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^9} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 1178$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} 4^p \left(\frac{1}{x^3}\right)^{2p} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \int \left(\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2cx^3} + \dots\right)$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{2^{2p-1} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx^3}{cx^3}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(2 - 2p, -p, -p, 3 - 2p, -\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2cx^3}, \dots\right)}{3(1 - p)x^6}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^7,x]`

output

```
-1/3*(2^(-1 + 2*p)*(a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p,
, -1/2*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(c*x^3), -1/2*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])/(c*x^
3)])/((1 - p)*x^6*((b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(c*x^3))^p*((b + Sqrt
[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x^3)/(c*x^3))^p)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_
] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2
, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 1178

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(-1/(d + e*x))^(2*p))*((a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(e*((b - q + 2*c*x)/(2*c*(d + e*x))))^p*(e*((b + q + 2*c*
x)/(2*c*(d + e*x))))^p)) Subst[Int[x^(-m - 2*(p + 1))*Simp[1 - (d - e*((b
- q)/(2*c)))*x, x]^p*Simp[1 - (d - e*((b + q)/(2*c)))*x, x]^p, x], x, 1/(d
+ e*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol
] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ
[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^7} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^7,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^7,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^7, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^7} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**6+b*x**3+a)**p/x**7,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^7, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^6 + b*x^3 + a)^p/x^7, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{x^7} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^7,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^3 + c*x^6)^p/x^7, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3 + cx^6)^p}{x^7} dx = \frac{-(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p + 3 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{cx^{10} - 2cx^{10} + bp x^7 - 2b x^7 + ap x^4 - 2a x^4} dx \right) b p^2 x^6 - 6 \left(\int \frac{(cx^6 + bx^3 + a)^p}{cx^{10} - 2cx^{10} + bp x^7 - 2b x^7 + ap x^4 - 2a x^4} dx \right) 6x^6}{6x^6}$$

input `int((c*x^6+b*x^3+a)^p/x^7,x)`

output

```
( - (a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p + 3*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(a*p*x**4 -
2*a*x**4 + b*p*x**7 - 2*b*x**7 + c*p*x**10 - 2*c*x**10),x)*b*p**2*x**6 - 6
*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(a*p*x**4 - 2*a*x**4 + b*p*x**7 - 2*b*x**7 +
c*p*x**10 - 2*c*x**10),x)*b*p*x**6 + 6*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(a*p*
x - 2*a*x + b*p*x**4 - 2*b*x**4 + c*p*x**7 - 2*c*x**7),x)*c*p**2*x**6 - 12
*int((a + b*x**3 + c*x**6)**p/(a*p*x - 2*a*x + b*p*x**4 - 2*b*x**4 + c*p*x
**7 - 2*c*x**7),x)*c*p*x**6)/(6*x**6)
```


CHAPTER 4

APPENDIX

4.1	Listing of Grading functions	2116
4.2	Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS .	2134

4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
          ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
        ]
      ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
          ]
        ]
      ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
        If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
          finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
          ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]==Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]==Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]==Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]==Plus || Head[expn]==Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```

```

    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 5]],
    If [AppellFunctionQ [Head [expn]],
        Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 6]],
        If [Head [expn] === RootSum,
            Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 7]],
            If [Head [expn] === Integrate || Head [expn] === Int,
                Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 8]],
                9]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

```

```

HypergeometricFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

```

```

AppellFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{AppellF1}, func]

```

Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#                    if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#                    see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```
    if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
      if debug then
        print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
      fi;
      return "A"," ";
    else
      if debug then
        print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
      fi;
      return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                    convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                    convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
      fi;
    fi;
  else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
    if debug then
      print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
    fi;
    return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                  convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                  convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
  fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
  return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function
```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
    9

```



```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc;
```

Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']  #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```



```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file